

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

10000/100/996

PUBLIC SAFETY
FILE NO. 320
NOV. 1943 - JAN. 1944

44

320

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 394

24 January 1944

SUBJECT: Confirmation of Death Sentences
Di Noto and La Monica

TO : G.O.C.-in-C., ACHF - Military Governor

1. Attached is the record in the case of the above defendants which was tried by a General Military Court at Riesi, Province of Caltanissetta, Sicily, on December 3, 1943 together with the petitions for review and grounds of appeal. Also attached is the memorandum of the Chief Judicial Officer, who has reviewed the case.

2. On the basis of the foregoing it is recommended that the death sentences be confirmed.

CHARLES M. SPOFFORD
Colonel, G.S.C.
D.C.G.A.O., AMG HQ

Encls - 2

DB
320
Confirmation

1485

SECRET
EQUALS BRITISH MOST SECRET AND SECRET

INCOMING MESSAGE

NR: 10694

SECRET

ADDRESSED FOR ACTION TO :
FOR INFORMATION TO :
FROM :
IN REPLY REFER TO :

FATIMA FOR JOYCE
FILPOT, FARGO, & **
G2 FREEDOM, SGD CIRC
10694, FEGBI

IBS NUMBER :
TIME SENT : 5072
TIME REC'D : 071411A
PRECEDENCE : 080829A
PRIORITY

** GSDIC EAST DIST 2 FOR HODD.

(PARAPHRASE BY FREEDOM OF OUR 10694)

- EDITED LITERAL TEXT -

Completed between this sections representatives GSDIC and Italian SIM
are plans for establishing Italian interrogation centers at Bari and Naples.
Please issue official request to Italian Supreme Command requesting authorization
for Italian Establishment for these centers. From HODD GSDIC EAST NUMBER 2
DISTRICT and CAVG advanced G2 Brindisi necessary details may be procured.

(info) lead Young.

DISTRIBUTION :

ACC (ACTION)

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SECRET
EQUALS BRITISH MOST SECRET AND SECRET

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486K

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
AFC 394

25 January 1944

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT : Reestablishment of "Confino"

Reference the attached memoranda: I discussed the reestablishment of "confino" with Col. Poletti during his visit to this headquarters on 22 January 1944.

Col. Poletti stated that this step had been taken upon the advice of prefects who felt it would be a most useful device for checking lawlessness incident to the disturbed conditions in the island. "Confino" was originally put into Italian penal system before the Fascist regime and, as a matter of fact, according to Col. Poletti, was sponsored by a group of liberals in the pre-Fascist parliament. It has been used by the Italians as a type of parole, which requires the individual concerned to report at specified times to authorities and to maintain his residence in a particular locality.

Poletti pointed out that the procedure for imposing "confino", under the order, provides certain safeguards of a judicial character, such as the right to be heard and appeal, and accordingly was not purely an administrative matter. He made a further point that it will undoubtedly be reinvoked by the Italian Government and that he felt that we should ~~give~~ *get* the ~~prefects orders~~ *benefit of the* as to procedure before the turn over.

The criticism of "confino" arises mainly from the fact that it was abused under the Fascist regime. These abuses in administration have, it is thought, been eliminated.

C.S.
CHARLES M. SPOFFORD
Colonel, G.S.C.

(For files)

Col Spofford

I think we had better leave it as it is. I am told that the validity of Proclamations, Orders, etc., in the hands of

anyhow -

26 1 44

Plausible
VP adms
867

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394

AMG/4415/L

Subject:- Reestablishment of "confino" and "Armonizione"

To :- Administrative Directorate

18th January 1944

1. Apparently Region I does not intend to pursue the form of order prepared by Dr. Modica in view of the fact that it has now issued "Official Order" No. 2 under date of 1st January 1944 copies of which have just been received and a copy of which is attached.

2. The use of the power of "confino" and "armonizione" as it wished in the Italian system prior to the advent of Fascism does not violate the provisions of Proclamation No. 13.

Richard H. Wilmer
RICHARD H. WILMER,

Lt. Col. C.A.C.
Deputy Chief Legal Officer.

RHW/eap

ADM. L. 12356	
STAFF O 1	<i>[initials]</i>
STAFF O 2	
STAFF O 3	
CHIEF CLERK	
DATE	<i>18 Jan '44</i>

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division

10 January 1944.

MEMO: To Admin. Directorate.

The proposal for the reestablishment (modified) of the confino and admonition measures ~~submitted~~ prepared by Doctor Modica of Region I, and submitted by the Public Safety Chief of that region is returned herewith, together with memorandum stating views of Lt. Col. Spicer, Acting Director of Interior Sub-Commission.

Some brief research was conducted by this sub-commission for the purpose of providing background for consideration of the measure. The summary of the result is appended hereto as Appendix A.

It is my view that the proposal has considerable merit; and I recommend its adoption; in substance; subject to such revision as the legal sub-commission may consider advisable; and for the following reasons:-

1. The proposal eliminates those provisions which were incorporated into the system during the Fascist regime, and which are therefore prima facie considered obnoxious.
2. The proposal does not introduce a new or foreign concept of police or judicial procedure into Italy, but restores one which had the sanction of many years and which was apparently quite acceptable to the state as well as to the people as a law-enforcement device. I submit that it is not our purpose or mission to attempt to establish the probation system as it exists in the United States or the license system as exists in Great Britain. Certainly there is no time to set up such vast administrative machinery.
3. The proposal should materially strengthen the existing law enforcement agencies of Italy in the suppression of crime, and in the surveillance of habitual criminals and of those reasonably considered suspect by such agencies. In Sicily, at least, it may be said that the crime problem is one of growing concern. If the Dodd survey in Sicily is to be credited at all, as well as the statements of CCRP commanders and others in posts of responsibility, there is a fixed desire on the part of the people themselves for the adoption of firmer measures in dealing with the criminal element.
4. It is my view that the proposal can be so phrased that it will not conflict with Proclamation No. 13 (Legal Rights of the Italian People) published by General Alexander on 17 August 1943. It should be noted that Article II of that proclamation abrogates "the power to sentence any person to fine or imprisonment without trial vested in any Italian official or official organization by the Law of Public Safety of 18 June 1931, or by any amendment thereto, or by any law whatsoever issued under the Fascist regime." It is submitted

-2-

that compulsory domicile and admonition do not constitute fine or imprisonment. Furthermore, if the legal staff should be satisfied that the proposal does not exceed practices followed in the prefascist era, it is likewise not objectionable from the point of view of the proclamation. In this connection whether breach of the conditions of compulsory domicile is to be considered grounds for arrest and sentence, a special study should be made to determine if this provision conforms to the practice which existed prior to the Fascist regime.

5. Finally, as Lt. Col. Snook recommends, the matter should be discussed with the Minister of Justice or some other responsible official of the government recognized by us, with the object of establishing such a scheme under military government conditions as will not have to be radically revised when the Italian Government resumes its sovereign powers in the areas.

Paul G. Kirk

PAUL G. KIRK,
Colonel, Infantry,
Chief, Public Safety
Division.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division

10 January 1944

MEMORANDUM

TO : Col. P. G. Kirk, Chief, Public Safety Division.

I expect to be able to spell this out at great length.

In the old Penal Code of 1888 (Codice Zannardelli), Article 11, the following penalties were listed: Penitentiary, Reclusion, Detention, Compulsory Domicile (Confino), Fine, Admonition, and Interdiction to Public Office.

According to Article 18 of the same code Confino was defined as the compulsory domicile of the convict for a period not less than a month and not more than three years in a commune designated by the sentence at a distance not less than 60 Kms. from where the crime has been committed or from the residence of the convicted person.

The new Penal Code of 1930 does not include the Compulsory Domicile (Confino) and in Article 21 establishes the following penalties: Death, Penitentiary, Reclusion, Fine, and Admonition.

The Compulsory Domicile (Confino) appears instead in the "Testo Unico" of the laws of "Pubblica Sicurezza" approved by a Royal Decree November 6, 1926.

Article 184 of the above-mentioned Text provides that the following categories of persons can be assigned to the Compulsory Domicile (Confino di Polizia) with sentence to work providing they are dangerous to Public Safety:

1. Those who have been warned (ammoniti).
2. Those who have committed or deliberately intended to commit acts tending to overthrow violently all national, social, and economic ordinances established by the State or to undermine the security, i.e. to oppose the authority of the State in such a way as to bring harm to the national interests in relation to the internal or international situation of the State.

Article 185 of the same Text states: The Compulsory Domicile (Confino di Polizia) is given for a period from one to five years in a colony or commune of the Kingdom other than the one where the convict has been residing.

Article 186. The assignment to the Confino and its duration is determined by a Commission thus formed: The Prefetto, the Procuratore del Re, the Questore, the Commander of the C.C.R.R., and one high official of the M.V.S.N. of the Zone. The Prefetto is the head of the Commission.

The accused was invited to appear for his own defence. After his case has been heard, the Commission pronounced the sentence.

-2-

COMMENT

The penalty of the Confino di Polizia was pronounced by the Pubblica Sicurezza and not by the ordinary Court as stated in the old Penal Code for obvious political reasons. With such a procedure the chances of the accused were reduced to a minimum.

Orizzonte G. A. Mastroianni
ORIZZONTE G. A. MASTROIANNI,
1st Lt., Infantry.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
INTERIOR SUB-COMMISSION

January 6, 1944

SUBJECT: Re-establishment of Confine & Compulsory Domicile.

TO : Chief Public Safety Division.

1. In the first place, I must record that since the R.C.A.O. Region I is also designate Director of Interior and designate Administrative Director my position in this matter is fought with hazard.
2. My reaction to this proposal is definitely negative and appears to me to be a measure entirely against all modern principles of justice.
3. To confine any man without legal trial is in my opinion unthinkable. To arrest him without adequate grounds is again another instance of the violation of most of what we are fighting for.
4. It is a matter which should be met in many points in broad principle by the License system operating in regard to convicts in Britain. By, if necessary, the stricter enforcement of the travel permit system. In regard to crimes generally by the enforcement of legislation designed to meet the purpose, but above all by the Courts of Justice as legally constituted, who have every power to deal with a person convicted of a crime. To introduce a substitution for the Courts of Justice for criminal matters whether of a pre-fascist origin or not it is a matter to which we should not be party in any state or form.
5. To advise and encourage a Bostal project might be considered advisable. So might the classification of prisons with the introduction into them of industry education, but I feel it that I cannot agree with the suggestion in this draft.

R.G.B. Spicer

R. G. B. SPICER
Lt. Col.
Deputy Director
Interior Sub-Commission

To Chief P.S.

From Adm. District

Subject: The Establishment of Empire & Compulsory Domestic

Date: 2 June 1944

- ① The Attached is forwarded for your remarks.
- ② It will seem that Committee will be necessary with regard to the same.
- ③ Indian are also to some extent affected.
- ④ It may therefore be necessary to hold a conference at a later stage. When all have considered the matter.

R. P. Chippey
for Adm. District.

36 *Adm. Div.*
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
SICILY REGION HEADQUARTERS

FILE: RPS 014.1

APG 394

9/12
23/12/43

SUBJECT: Proclamation n° 13

TO : Chief Public Safety Division
AMG Headquarters

1. With reference to the provisions of proclamation n° 13 which have previously been considered in consultation with Legal Branch, it is recommended that the attached proposal prepared by Dr. MODICA, Director Public Safety, Region I be considered in consultation with Italian government.

2. The proposed system is a modification of the old system which included preventive and repressive measures. It is so designed as to retain the former powers protected from possible abuses and permit rehabilitation.

for *Charles Foletti*
CHARLES FOLETTI
Lt. Colonel
Regional Civil Affairs Officer

Encl. 1

1. Dr. Modica proposal

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Project for re-establishment of Admonition and
Confine under form of Compulsory domicile

The recent crime phenomena render the adoption of measures necessary to make more effective the means at the disposal of police, and to adopt the police powers to the peculiar problems involved.

It is therefore opportune to re-establish the provisions for admonition and confine, under form (the latter) of compulsory domicile.

The reluctance against these does not appear justified, for they existed before Fascism. In 1926 Fascism extended them into political field.

With the change of political situation, it should be desirable to return to the old traditions limiting them to the field of crime, adapting them to the changed conditions so as to achieve the aims set up without the danger of abuses and arbitrary measures. An excessive indulgence would do greater harm to the social structure and greatly alarm the public.

Limited to criminals and particularly to those whose penal record, mode of life, criminal contacts and anti-social conduct are a grave danger to public safety, these measures cannot but win general approval by honest people.

Under the present project changes are proposed in the present P.S. law - changes of a fundamental nature designed to clearly define the powers and prevent abuse.

Above all the composition of the Commission - Prefect is left as president as supreme organ of Prov. with 2 magistrates. The prefect is given power to call Questore and CC.RP. commander in serious cases - in a consultative capacity. These latter have no vote.

Confine - which it has been thought should be more aptly termed "compulsory domicile" - the essential character is changed; the criminal is to be re-educated and re-adapted to society.

With the abolition of the Colonies - too often a school for crime, a heavy financial burden on the State will be lifted.

This model may serve as an experiment which, if successful, will contribute significantly to the improvement of P.S. conditions without those harmful results which have brought the measures into public dislike.

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This model may serve as an experiment which, if successful, will contribute significantly to the improvement of P.S. conditions without those harmful results which have brought the measures into public dislike.

Art. I

The admonition and police confine measures are re-established in latter under form of compulsory domicile. They are limited to those with penal records. Confine consists of a compulsory domicile in a commune different from that in which subject has resided.

Art. II

Admonition, subject to it are: the habitually idle and variant able to work and not have means of livelihood and suspected of living with ill-gotten money; persons who within 5 years have been twice or more sentenced to imprisonment for crimes committed with means real or criminal intent, (the last of which within a year) and who are deemed dangerous to public safety and are 18 years of age or over.

Also those of bad reputation (see Art III) and those habitually engaged in contraband.

- 2 -

Art. III

Persons are to be considered of ill repute when they are designated by public opinion as habitually guilty of:-

1. crimes of threats, violence or resistance to Public Authorities;
2. crimes involving illegal or fraudulent commerce in drugs and alcoholic beverage;
3. counter-feiting, forgery;
4. pimping, running of white slavery organizations, corruption of minors;
5. deliberate crimes - murder, arson, personal injuries;
6. theft, robbery, cattle crimes, black-mail, kidnapping, swindling, property damages crimes, usury, taking advantage of persons mentally or otherwise incapable of independent action.

When, within 3 years, the subject has twice been tried but acquitted for insufficiency of proof.

Art. IV

Admonition and compulsory domicile shall last from 6 months to 2 years. No new change may be made until 6 months shall have lapsed from the first provision.

Art. V

Compulsory Dom. - subject to it:-

1. those admonished, where, because of environmental conditions or new factors, the admonition should have proven ineffective;
2. those subject to admonition but against whom admonition is useless.

Art. VI

The denunciation for admonition or comp. dom. issued by Questore after consultation with CC.RR. and must relate the reasons. When available, a copy of the life history of the person shall be attached.

Art. VII

Composition of Commission which issue admonition and com. dom:-

1. prefect - president
- (2. judge of Public Ministry from the court
3. judge from Investigative branch of judiciary (also from the court)

Sec'y - a P.S. functionary or police employee, whose office

857

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1. prefect - president
2. judge of Public Ministry from the court
3. judge from Investigative branch of judiciary (also from the court)

Sec'y - a P.S. functionary or police employee, whose office shall be in Prefettura.

Questore and CC.RR. commander of Prov. may be called to sit in at meeting - without a vote.

Art. VIII

When denunciation reaches Sec'y's office, a succinct statement of facts on which denunciation is based shall be made up. This statement shall be furnished the individual, after signature, by member of the Commission, through a police agent who shall make the complaint in duplicate.

The time within which the accused shall present himself may not be less than 3 days nor over 10 days. When ever the person without good cause, fails to appear, the Commission shall have him brought in by a police agent. It can also order the arrest of persons proposed for comp. dom. when there is reason to believe they may escape. In such cases the Comm'n. must consider the case

- 3 -

within 10 days of the arrest and may have him taken to the new domicile by the CC.RR. Unless the Commission dispose otherwise, the period of arrest shall expire at the end of the period and the person shall be set free if no decision has been reached. In no case shall the arrest extend for more than 30 days. The Commission, after interrogation and examination of evidence, shall pronounce on merits of the case. When the interrogation is not possible because the individual is not available, the Commission if it has sufficient proof, may issue its decree.

All deliberations are to be communicated to the Questore for execution. There shall be no recourse from the Commission's decision.

Art. IX

In the cases of idle persons, vagrants, those living or ill gotten gains, the Commission - in issuing admonitions - will order subject to engage in useful labor to fix his domicile and notify P.S. authorities (local) of his address and not to leave it without notifying the local authorities.

If the subject is of ill repute as in Art III, the Commission will order him to live honestly, respect laws, to conduct himself so as to be above suspicion, and to notify authorities of P.S. when he leaves domicile.

Commission will also order the admonished not to habitually frequent suspects or those with penal records, to return home at night before a fixed hour and not to leave in the morning before a fixed time, not to carry arms; not to frequent inns, etc. and houses of prostitution and not to participate in public meetings.

He must present himself to the P.S. every Sunday and whenever called upon.

Art. X

Whoever violates the admonition is punishable by fine or arrest or both. In minor infractions, the Pretore may simply issue a warning. In habitual cases the violator may be arrested.

Art. XI

Admonition begins to run as of date of the decree and ends on date fixed by Commission. Where the person is not available the admonition runs from the date of arrest or date he was freed from prison. Decree may be revoked or suspended on petition of person or request of Questore or CC.RR.

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Art. XII

Comp. Dom. is spent in the commune of a Prov. different from that in which the person habitually resides. When particular motives permit, the Commission may also invite the person to leave his domicile and select another one out of the Province and admonished not to return even temporarily without prior assent of P.S. See art. X for violations of comp. domicile restrictions.

Art. XIII

The designations of communes in which persons may be assigned to comp. dom. will be made by Regional Directorate of P.S. on the basis of information it has before it and, when possible, with the approval of the prefecture interested.

Art. XIV

Following prescriptions are set out for those in comp. dom. in designated communes:-

1. fix domicile, and not to leave it without approval of provincial

- 4 -

P.S. authorities' approval.

2. To return to and leave home - night and morning- within certain hours.
3. Carry no arms or other instruments which could be used to inflict injuries.
4. Not to frequent inns and other public places.
5. Not to frequent public re-unions, and public entertainments.
6. Present himself on certain days and whenever called.
7. He shall be subject to any other particular restriction the Commission may think fit to impose.

Art. XV

Infractions and refusal to accept work without good reason are deemed to constitute failure to abide by the duties of comp. dom. and the person may be arrested for sentence by the Pretore, to whom detailed denunciation shall be made.

Time spent in prison (as preventive measure) followed by sentence of imprisonment, even though it be in substitution of payment of fine, is not computed in length of comp. dom.

If the person in comp. dom. is subject to supervised liberty, latter shall begin after comp. dom.

In cases of arbitrary separation from domicile, the person, after serving penalty, shall be taken by CC.RR. to commune assigned.

Art. XVI

The person sent to comp. dom. is sent to the designated commune with necessary papers and transportation means. If there is reason to believe he will not go to the new domicile, he may be taken there by CC.RR. On arrival the mayor will assist him in search for a home and job, providing for his aid when person is unable to maintain himself and until he has found work. Expenses to be reimbursed by Prefecture under rules to be issued. On approval by interested authorities, person may have his family come to live with him.

Art. XVII

The comp. dom. begins to run from date of decree if person has not fled, in which latter case it begins on date of arrest. Whatever the time elapsed, when a person in comp. dom. has given proof of re-habilitation, or when the original reasons for his being assigned new domicile no longer exist, the Commission, on petition of interested person, the proposal by police organs or on its own initiative may consider the granting of freedom.

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Art. XVIII

Except in so far as they conflict with these rules, the provisions, of P.S. RD Regulations 6/5/40, n° 635 re admonition and police confine are applicable.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 394

Ref/AMG/ 320.

ET/AMG/mrd
18 January 1944

SUBJECT: Juvenile Delinquents

TO : R.C.A.O., Region II (Attention Lt. Col. Conrins)

1. With reference to Capt. Talbot's conversation with Lt. Col. Conrins on the question of Juvenile Delinquents in Region II, a copy of a memorandum from the Legal Subcommittee is enclosed.
2. The form of punishment referred to in paragraph 1 of the memorandum enclosed is not authorized by these Headquarters.
3. In view of this decision, until additional institutional space can be acquired in the Regions, it is suggested that the "Same designated authority" mentioned in paragraph 3 of the memorandum could be the CC.RII. and the procedure outlined in that paragraph might be adopted for convictions of a minor character.
4. For convictions of a more serious character, the segregation of juveniles in adult prisons should be adopted.

CHARLES M. SPOFFORD
Colonel, G.S.C.
D.C.G.A.O., AMG, HQ.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 394
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION

RSW/rfp
17 January 1944.

AMG/4098/L.

SUBJECT : Juvenile Delinquents in Region II.

MEMORANDUM TO: Colonel Spofford.

1. The question has been raised in Region II whether in the absence of adequate institutions in that region Allied Military Courts may sentence minors to report daily to the nearest office of the Carabinieri and be compelled to do certain manual work such as working on streets, cleaning public buildings, etc., over some set period, it being understood that in the absence of such institutions serious offenders will have to be lodged in penal institutions for adults.

2. Proclamation No. 2 provides for fine and imprisonment and in certain cases for forfeiture of goods. The suggested form of punishment is not specifically or inferentially provided for in any proclamation, and therefore is not permissible. There appears to be no precedent in Allied Military Government or in Italian law along these lines of suggested forced work.

3. Sentences may be suspended during good behavior and in conjunction with a suspension there is no reason why the sentenced person may not be required to report to some designated authority at fixed times. Such procedure may serve as a stop gap pending the acquisition of physical facilities so far as minor juvenile offenders are concerned.

4. From a social point of view, Public Welfare advises strongly against enforced work as was suggested.

5. Were the suggestion carried out, it would likely be the source of adverse comment in the United States and Great Britain.

6. It is further suggested that Public Safety, Region II be requested to make further efforts to find additional institutional space for sentenced juveniles and that, in the absence of success, efforts be made to have juveniles who have committed serious offences segregated in adult prisons.

RICHARD H. WILMER,
Lt. Col., CAC,
Deputy Chief Legal Officer
1853

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 532

DD/AGC/ard
14 January 1944

Ref/AGC/320.

SUBJECT: Discipline, Allied Troops

TO : A.C.A.G., Allied Military Government, Sicily Region Hq.,
APO 394

1. Instructions contained in our letter, AGC/T/1017/98, dated 16 September 1943 in which it was requested that reports regarding discipline of Allied Troops should be forwarded to Headquarters, Allied Military Government, should be amended to permit similar reports to go, at discretion, direct to I.B.S. in the future, with copy to this Headquarters.

[Signature]
CHARLES E. STOPFORD
Colonel, G.S.C.
D.C.C.A.G., AGC, Hq.

Copy to:
I.B.S.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Legal Subcommittee

GHU/gmf

PA

16 January 1944.

In reply
refer to: ACC/I/343/4.

SUBJECT: Prisons.

TO : Captain Stone, U.S.N.R.

Ref our conversation this morning. In fairness to Public Safety Subcommittee I forward to you Memo by Col. Kirk, Chief of Public Safety Subcommittee, received midday ~~today~~ I remain of opinion that the Prisons Division of Public Safety should remain in its present place but if you differ I should value the opportunity of discussing the matter with you before you reach any decision. Please return attached Memo.

→ *G. H. Upjohn*
G. H. UPJOHN, Colonel
Chief Legal Officer, ACC.

Enclosures:

1 Memo from Col. Kirk.

4851

I concur with your views.

W

1/20/44

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT

PGE/nd

13 January 1944

AMG/14204/PS

MEMO: To Admin. Directorate.

1. From the immediate practical standpoint, the views advanced by Col Upjohn have substantial merit. Nevertheless, I am of the opinion, that the sooner ACC organization is established to correspond to, or to parallel the Italian frame of government, the less likelihood there will be of duplication of effort or working at cross purposes when ACC conditions become operative.
2. It is true that Public Safety personnel has been in close touch with prison administration for several months, but this has largely been accomplished through the efforts of the Regional and Provincial CAPO's who were assigned the task in addition to their other duties. Insofar as they may remain in the field, there is no reason why they, or CAO's for that matter, cannot carry out instructions issued by the Superintendent of Prisons of ACC operating under the general supervision of the Chief, Legal Sub-Commission, who presumably will correspond to the Italian Minister of Justice. It is reasonable to expect that under ACC conditions, the number of officers in the field will be reduced, and that those who remain will perform multiple supervisory duties anyway.
3. While there may be a closer relation between prison and police services than between the prison service and law, the fact remains that the Italian national scheme of government provides otherwise administratively. In this connection it may be mentioned that the Administration of Federal Prisons in the United States comes under the general supervision of the Attorney General.
4. I accordingly recommend that the Prison Division of the Public Safety Sub-Commission be transferred to the Legal Sub-Commission, and that Capt John C. Burke and Capt Henry Young Jr. be transferred as Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of Prisons, respectively, in the Legal Sub-Commission.
5. I concur most heartily in Col. Upjohn's suggestion that an officer should contact the Italian Director of Prisons as soon as possible and recommend that Capt Burke be so dispatched.
6. It is likewise recommended that as soon as facilities permit, arrangements be made for the establishment of direct liaison by other divisions with their corresponding functionaries in the Italian Government.

Paul G. Kirk

PAUL G. KIRK
Colonel, Infantry
Chief Public Safety

Copy to: Col Upjohn

Brindisi.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
FINANCE SUB-COMMISSION
APO 542

13035/F

8 January, 1944.

SUBJECT: Formation of Special Service Battalions, Carabinieri

TO:- C.G. - A.M.G.
(Attention Major W. Driffeld-White)

After discussing the matter with Col. Kirk and Col. Meany we understand it is intended to form two special service Battalions of Carabinieri particularly for dangerous work.

In view of this, we raise no objection to the suggested special additional indemnity of 9 lire per day.

RAH/rha.

R. A. HAMLEN,
Brigadier,
Chief Finance Officer.

Ref/AMO/320

1st Ind.

WDH/mrd

D.C.C.A.O., Headquarters, Allied Military Government. 14 January 1944.

TO: Administrative Directorate, A.M.G., HQ.

1. See remarks by Chief, Headquarters, A.M.G. of 12/10/43, on last page of basic document (Italian) and note by Chief Finance Officer, 8th January 1944.

2. The proposals contained in paragraphs 1 to 5 inclusive are hereby approved.

3. The necessary letters should be written.

4. Please draft request ^{on para 6} in consultation with Interior Subcommission.

5. Progress reports should be called for.

W. Driffeld White Major
for CHARLES E. SPOFFORD
Colonel, C.G.
D.C.C.A.O., AMG, HQ.

4844

080415A

N-989

RAD

593

Signal Corps, United States Army
Telegram

Received at

320

GPO 8-10583

19

RESTRICTED

PENINSULAR BASE SECTION
 SIGNAL MESSAGE CENTER

8 JANUARY 1944

. RESTRICTED

. ROUTINE

TO (ACTION) : CG PBS (FARGO FOR SPOFFORD), IBS RPTD FREEDOM FOR MGS

(INFORMATION) : NONE

FROM : FATIMA FROM HAMMER SIGNED JOYCE

DATE TIME SIGNED: 071212A

DATE TIME REC'D : 080115A

REFERENCE NR. : 1868

CITE : NONE

HEADQUARTERS

8 JAN 1944

AMG.

DC of S(051)

Cal Stifford Sak 233

PBS 3887 OF 31 DECEMBER REFERS. AMENDMENT TO PUBLIC SAFETY DIRECTIVE WILL BE CONSIDERED ON RECEIPT OF BASIC DOCUMENT.

Info AMAG Hq
 sec
 (10)

copy (Hq) Adm Div

RESTRICTED

CRYPTO

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8315

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
SICILY REGION HEADQUARTERS
APO 394

1 January 1944

OFFICIAL ORDER:

NO. 2:

Whereas, difficulties have arisen in the interpretation of Proclamation 13, and whereas, an authoritative interpretation is required for the uniform application of the said Proclamation, and whereas certain temporary provisions are required for the effective exercise of the powers of the authorities charged with maintaining public order:

By virtue of the powers conferred on me, I, Charles Poletti Lieutenant Colonel, Regional Civil Affairs Officer

ORDER

1. Proclamation 13 shall be construed in accordance with the spirit of the prefascist law of 30 June 1889, as not preventing the modified exercise of the powers contained in Title VI, Chapters III and V of the law of Public Security of 18 June 1931, except as herein provided.
2. The above titles of the law of 18 June 1931 shall not be applied with respect to political offenses or activity.
3. The Provincial Commission provided in Article 166 of the law of 18 June 1931 shall be composed of three Magistrates not below the grade of Judge, who shall be appointed by the President of the Court of Appeal of the District in which the Province is located. The Senator Magistrate appointed shall be President of the Commission.
4. Persons denounced for application of the measures of public security provided in the above titles of the law of 18 June 1931 shall have the right to representation by counsel at all stages of the proceedings.

Charles Poletti

CHARLES POLETTI

4847

of the powers of the authorities charged with maintaining public order.

By virtue of the powers conferred on me, I, Charles Poletti Lieutenant Colonel, Regional Civil Affairs Officer

ORDER

1. Proclamation 13 shall be construed in accordance with the spirit of the prefascist law of 30 June 1889, as not preventing the modified exercise of the powers contained in Title VI, Chapters III and V of the law of Public Security of 18 June 1931, except as herein provided.
2. The above titles of the law of 18 June 1931 shall not be applied with respect to political offenses or activity.
3. The Provincial Commission provided in Article 166 of the law of 18 June 1931 shall be composed of three Magistrates not below the grade of Judge, who shall be appointed by the President of the Court of Appeal of the District in which the Province is located. The Senior Magistrate appointed shall be President of the Commission.
4. Persons denounced for application of the measures of public security provided in the above titles of the law of 18 June 1931 shall have the right to representation by counsel at all stages of the proceedings.

Charles Poletti

CHARLES POLETTI,
Lt. Colonel,
Regional Civil Affairs Officer.

jd

Distribution:

"A"

2 Copies S.C.A.O.s.

GOVERNO MILITARE ALLEATO
QUARTIERE GENERALE REGIONALE
DELLA SICILIA

ORDINE UFFICIALE:
NO. 2:

1 Gennaio 1944

Visto che sono sorte delle difficoltà nella interpretazione del Proclama N.13; e visto che occorre una interpretazione autentica per la uniforme applicazione di detto proclama; e visto che occorrono certi provvedimenti temporanei per l'esercizio effettivo dei poteri delle autorità incaricate di mantenere l'ordine pubblico:

Io, Charles Poletti, Capo Ufficiale Regionale addetto agli Affari Civili, in virtù dei poteri conferitimi

ORDINO

1. Il Proclama N. 13 sarà interpretato, in accordo con lo spirito della Legge prefascista del 30 giugno 1889, come di non impedire l'esercizio modificato dei poteri preveduti nel titolo VI, Cap. III, e V della Legge di P.S. del 18 giugno 1931, eccetto come con questo ordine previsto.
2. I titoli soprascritti della legge 18 giugno 1931 non si applicheranno in riguardo ad offese o ad attività politiche.
3. La Commissione Provinciale prevista dall'art. 166 della Legge 18 giugno 1931 si costituirà di tre magistrati di grado non inferiore a giudice, i quali saranno nominati dal Primo Presidente della Corte di Appello del distretto nel quale si trova la provincia. Il magistrato più anziano dei nominati sarà il presidente della commissione.
4. Le persone denunziate per applicazione delle misure di pubblica sicurezza, previste nei titoli sopradetti della legge 18 giugno 1931, avranno diritto di farsi difendere ed assistere da avvocati in ogni stadio del procedimento.

Charles Poletti

CHARLES POLETTI,
Ten. Colonnello,

Io, Charles Poletti, Capo Ufficiale Regionale addetto agli Affari Civili, in virtù dei poteri conferitimi

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Charles Poletti

CHARLES POLETTI,
Ten. Colonnello,
Ufficiale Regionale addetto
agli Affari Civili.

DISTRIBUTION:
"A"

2 Copies S.C.A.O.S.

jd

8
SECRET

HEADQUARTERS
ARMED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 512

AMS/320.

WD/AMS/mrd
14 January 1944

SUBJECT: Threatened Reprials for Treatment of Fascists

TO : H.C.A.O., Region I
H.C.A.O., Region II

1. Attached is a copy of a letter forwarded by Civil Affairs Office, A.F.M.C.

2. The view therein presented is brought to your attention in order that it may be given such weight as seems proper in situations to which it applies.

3. For your information the representations have been made by U. S. and British diplomatic representatives at the Vatican.

for Dipella White
for CHARLES H. SPURFORD
Colonel, G.S.C.
D.C.C.S.O., AMS, HQ.

Major

Dst:

Col. Young (Sec. Int.)
Lt. Col. Gayre (Education)

SECRET

4846

88 SECRET
ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Military Government Section

Code 3 (0151)
87
JCH/CH/eg

26 December 1943.

SUBJECT: Threatened Reprisals for Treatment of Fascists

TO : General Officer Commanding in Chief, 15 Army Group
Acting Deputy President, Allied Control Commission
✓ Chief,
Headquarters Allied Military Government.

Attached is a letter of 23 December, from the Civil Affairs Office AFHQ, transmitting a paraphrase of a message from the United States and British diplomatic representatives at the Vatican on the subject of threatened reprisals for the treatment of Fascists in areas under Allied control. The view therein presented is brought to your attention in order that it may be given such weight as seems proper in situations to which it applies.



J. C. Holmes
J. C. HOLMES
Brigadier General, G.S.C.
Chief, Military Government Section.

Copy to
Acting Chief Civil Administrator, AFHQ.

U. S. SECRET
ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS

845
136

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Civil Affairs Office

December 23, 1943

SECRET

MEMORANDUM TO: Military Government Section,
Allied Force Headquarters.

SUBJECT : Threatened Reprisals for Treatment of Fascists.

1. For your information and such action as you may consider proper, a paraphrase of the State Department's telegram No. 147, dated December 16, transmitting a message received from Tittmann at the Vatican City is cited below:

"My British colleague and I have been requested by the Cardinal Secretary of State to recommend to our respective Governments that in dealing with Fascists in liberated areas of Italy circumspection be used, since the Fascist Government may take reprisals against anti-Fascists held as hostages in Northern Italy. The threat of such reprisals has been presented rather forcefully to the Cardinal Secretary of State."

2. The Civil Affairs Section would appreciate receiving an indication of your reaction on this subject.

H. J. L'Heureux
Acting Chief Civil Administrator

U. S. SECRET
Eugene H. L'Heureux

2844 136

320
HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 394

4 January 1944

MEMORANDUM:

TO : Headquarters, 15 Army Group A.M.G.

1. The bearer, Col. Emanuel Bolles, Inf., O.I. Card No. 112961, has been directed by the D.C.G.A.G. to gather certain information and data concerning Public Safety in Italy.

2. I should be glad if you would permit him to prosecute his inquiries in the area under your command by issue of the necessary request for facilities to your civil affairs officers.

CHARLES W. SPAFFORD,
Colonel, G.S.C.
D.C.G.A.G., AGC, HQ.

4843

271025A

N-3283

TWX

66

Signal Corps, United States Army
Telegram

Received at

PENINSULAR BASE SECTION
SIGNAL MESSAGE CENTER

CONFIDENTIAL **PRIORITY**

19

27 DECEMBER 1943

• CONFIDENTIAL

• PRIORITY

TO (ACTION) : FILPOT FOR AMG REPEATED FARGO FOR SPOFFORD

(INFORMATION) : NONE

FROM : SIGNED EISENHOWER

DATE TIME SIGNED: 271025A

DATE TIME REC'D : 271525A

REFERENCE NR. : 19629

CITE : FHMGS

HEADQUARTERS
28 DEC 1943

*was signed for by
Maj. Driffeld white.*

SUGGESTIONS CONTAINED (REFERENCE YOUR 223 OF 24 DECEMBER) ARE
APPROVED.

*Action - Aug. 14
Info - C. H. Secy*

FORM #18-A

CONFIDENTIAL

CRYPTO

4842 798

J. E. Eubank

6689

241536A
Form 18-A

N-2930

1082 - 0855-12/25 TWX

Signal Corps, United States Army

SECRET

Telegram

PRIORITY

Received at

19

PENINSULAR BASE SECTION
SIGNAL MESSAGE CENTER

24 DECEMBER 1943

. SECRET

. OPERATIONAL PRIORITY

TO (ACTION) : FREEDOM FOR MGS
 (INFORMATION) : CG PBS FOR AMG FOR SPOFFORD
 FROM : AMG 15 ARMY GROUP
 DATE TIME SIGNED: 241300A
 DATE TIME REC'D : 241536A
 REFERENCE NR. : 223
 CITE : FA 621

241300A

POLICE ARRANGEMENTS IN CONNECTION ROME PLANNING HAVE BEEN DISCUSSED FLAMBO 5 ARMY BRIG GEN WOLFE COMMANDER DESIGNATE ROME AND GEN PIECHE GOC CCPDRR ITALY. APPROVAL IN PRINCIPLE REACHED BUT OWING REPORT GERMANS HAVE DISBANDED CCPDRR IN ROME 2500 CCPDRR AND 600 GUARDIA FINANZA WILL BE REQUIRED FOR POLICING CITY AND SUBJECT YOUR APPROVAL CAN BE OBTAINED AS FOLLOWS. FROM SARDINIA CCPDRR 1600 WHO ARE SURPLUS EX CORSICA. FROM REGIONS 2 AND 3 EXCLUDING NAPLES CCPDRR 900 AND GUARDIA FINANZA 600. ON RECEIPT YOUR APPROVAL FLAMBO WILL BE ASKED TO ARRANGE COLLECTION AND TRANSPORT TO ROME.

Info - AMG HQ

*cc
Secy*

4841

Declassif

U. S. SECRET
Eguals British SECRET

DSJ/DW/irt 31

D. Cy. (opv. d.)

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Military Government Section

MGS 014.12

5 December 1943.

SUBJECT: Italian Police organisations.

TO : HQ, AMG, CMF ✓
HQ AMG, 15 Army Group
HQ Allied Control Commission, Region 6, B.N.A.F.

- ✓
1. The attached is a translation of an ITALIAN document furnished by the Commando Supreme.
 2. The translation has kept to the ITALIAN form as far as possible.
 3. It must be realised that this document has been written by the ITALIAN authorities for our information.

Incls - as above

D. S. Jackling
D. S. JACKLING
Lt. Colonel.

Copy to:- (with enclosure) M.G. Centre

U. S. SECRET
Eguals British SECRET

4849 134
40

U.S. SECRET
(Eq. s British Secret)

LA MILIZIA VOLONTARIA PER LA SICUREZZA NAZIONALE
(Black Shirt Militia)

The status of the Militia was defined on the 25th July last by Marshal BADOGLIO as forming an integral part of the armed forces of the State.

This was done in order to avoid any resistance to the BADOGLIO government by the Militia when the Fascist regime fell, and above all, possible dangerous acts of violence in view of the War.

Measures were taken on the 25th July by His Excellency ARMELLINI (Army Corps Commander) who was then head of the Militia, for the dissolution of the Militia.

All the territorial organizations were to be abolished and the special Militia disbanded.

At the same time, in the month of August, under the directive of Marshal BADOGLIO, various measures were taken to accelerate the process of dissolving these formations.

a) 106 Generals and 38 Colonels of the Militia were removed from their posts.

b) The present situation is as follows:- Steps were taken that all Militia should be disbanded (whether ordinary or special).

The preparations for the disbandment are now being prepared and will appear shortly. The final administrative side is under discussion.

a) Soldiers, if belonging to the classes actually serving, will be absorbed by the Army following a close examination of their political views.

b) Those belonging to the regional divisions will constitute reserved regiments for Infantry divisions.

c) The duties of the special Militia will be brought under the jurisdiction and administration of the State or the Carabinieri.

A few elements of the Militia, however, after careful choice will be entitled to carry out their duties under the above administrations.

In the month of August when the question was discussed as to how the permanent members of the Militia should be dealt with a special commission was formed by the divisional general of the ITALIAN ARMY BELLOMO in conjunction with the Militia Consuls Generals MOSCATO and GRILLO and the following allocations were made. Members were to be dealt with under the following 3 categories:-

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 - a) Soldiers, if belonging to the classes actually serving, will be absorbed by the Army following a close examination of their political views.
 - b) Those belonging to the regional divisions will constitute reserved regiments for Infantry divisions.
 - c) The duties of the special Militia will be brought under the jurisdiction and administration of the State or the Carabinieri.

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1. To be placed at once in the reserve.
2. To be sent on leave on pension.
3. To be incorporated in the Army with the same rank after close discrimination.

The above mentioned commission was to provide for all the 11 and 12 zones of the Militia (Southern ITALY) when the first meeting was to take place on the 9th September. On this day however, Consul General GRILLO disappeared and the Consul General MOSCATO was apprehended by the Allied Forces.

The functions of this commission of the ITALIAN ARMY are now being scrupulously filled by the general staff of the ITALIAN ARMY and in a much more vigorous manner than the measures adopted by the above mentioned commission, which came into existence following deliberations taken last August.

November 1943

SUBJECT: Screening of Italian Officials

TO : Regional Civil Affairs Officers (Regions 1 and 2)

1. This directive indicates the policy for "screening" Italian officials which will be carried out by all Regions.

2. The screening will be the responsibility of the S.C.A.O. and will be designed to eliminate officials of the following categories:

- (a) Fascist and Nazi sympathizers;
- (b) Those who have actively helped the enemy;
- (c) Those potentially dangerous to the security of the Allied armed forces or to Allied Government administration;
- (d) Passive resisters;

3. Unless such officials have already been investigated to the satisfaction of the S.C.A.O., the following measures will be adopted.

4. The S.C.A.O. will prepare a list "A" classifying the Major Officials and a list "B" classifying the Minor Officials who are to be "screened". A guide to classification is attached (Appendix I) which may be adapted according to any special regional requirements.

5. The S.C.A.O. will distribute, through his S.C.A.O. and C.A.O.s, Schedule in the approved form (Appendix II) to be completed by the Italian officials concerned and returned by them to the issuing C.A.O. Supplies of Schedule are continuously on request from this HQ. or may be printed by Regions, provided that no alteration is made to the standard form.

6. The completed forms will be forwarded to the S.C.A.O. who, after consultation with the C.A.O. and local Security Services such as S.C.A.O. or S.C.A.O. will endorse his recommendation and forward the form to the S.C.A.O. who will act as follows:

- (a) In the case of the Minor Officials (List "B") who are not members of a National Agency such as the S.C.A.O. Postal Services, S.C.A.O. 4838 Services, decide whether or not they remain in office.
- (b) In the case of Minor Officials who are members of a National Agency, the S.C.A.O. may decide to retain them in office, but, if in his opinion they should be dismissed, the consent of the head of the appropriate specialist or Technical Division at Regional HQ. must be obtained (i.e. if the S.C.A.O. is of the opinion that an Italian

signed to eliminate officials of the following categories:

- (a) Fascist and Nazi sympathizers;
- (b) Those who have actively helped the enemy;
- (c) Those potentially dangerous to the security of the Allied armed forces or to Allied Government administration;
- (d) Passive resisters;

3. Unless such officials have already been investigated to the satisfaction of the S.C.A.C., the following measures will be adopted:

4. The S.C.A.C. will prepare a list "A" classifying the Major Officials and a list "B" classifying the Minor Officials who are to be "screened". A guide to classification is attached (Appendix I) which may be adapted according to any special Regional requirements.

5. The S.C.A.C. will distribute, through his S. A.C. and C.A.C. A. A. schedule in the approved form (Appendix II) to be completed by the Italian officials concerned and returned by them to the issuing C.A.C. Supplies of forms are obtainable on request from this HQ. or may be printed by Regions, provided that no alteration is made to the standard form.

6. The completed forms will be forwarded to the C.A.C., who, after consultation with the C.A.C. and local Security Services such as S.A.C. or P.C.C., will endorse his recommendation and forward the form to the S.C.A.C., who will act as follows:

- (a) In the case of the Minor Officials (list "B") who are not members of a National Agency such as the C.O.A.C. Postal Services, S.A.C. or P.C.C., will Services, decide whether or not they remain in office.
- (b) In the case of Minor Officials who are members of a National Agency, the S.C.A.C. may decide to retain them in office, but, if in his opinion they should be dismissed, the consent of the head of the appropriate specialist or technical Division at Regional HQ. must be obtained (i.e. if the S.C.A.C. is of the opinion that an Italian Transport Official should be removed for any of the reasons specified above, he should obtain the consent of the Chief Transport Officer at Regional HQ., before taking steps to dismiss the official.) In the event of disagreement between the S.C.A.C. and the head of the Division, or in the absence of such an officer, the final decision will be made by the S.C.A.C.
- (c) In the case of Major Officials (list "A"), the S.C.A.C. will add his recommendation as a further endorsement on the schedule already endorsed by the S.A.C. and C.A.C. A. A. and will forward it to the S.C.A.C. at Regional HQ., the Chief Public Safety Officer, in conjunction with the Supt. of Special Police, such as the S.A.C. Intelligence services as may be available and with the Regional head of the technical division concerned will recommend to the S.C.A.C., whether the official ought to be retained.

CONFIDENTIAL

SECRET (Cont'd)

However possible, an S.C.I. (Security Intelligence) officer will be detailed from this HQ. to co-operate with Regional HQ. in the screening of such Major Officials as an advisor to the Chief Regional Officer of Public Safety.

(d) In any case of complication or difficulty, the S.C.I. should refer the matter to the S.C.I.O., who will proceed as outlined in (c).

7. The most senior Italian Officials such as those who have more than a Provincial responsibility, for example, Regional Officials, General Officers of the Carabinieri and Guardia Finanza, may be dismissed by the S.C.I.O. only after such a decision has been confirmed by A.C. - HQ. In such instances the records together with the S.C.I.O.'s recommendation should be submitted for consideration. No reference need be made should the S.C.I.O. decide to retain such officials in office.

8. Accredited members of the recognized Central Italian Government posted in Regions are exempted from these requirements and will not therefore be subject to Regional "screening".

9. The records of "A" officials should be retained for filing at the Regional HQ., and those of "B" officials by the S.C.I.O. The files of any individual or class of official will be forwarded to this HQ. upon request.

10. S.C.I.O.'s will inform this HQ.

- (a) data on which this "screening" plan is conducted;
- (b) date of conclusion;
- (c) the result of the "screening", including the final number and categories of officials with "A" and "B" who have been confirmed in office or dismissed.

By command of Brigadier General ROBERTSON:

CHARLES L. ROBERTSON
Colonel, G.S.C.
Deputy Chief of Staff
(G.S.C.)

Appendix 1. Classification of Officials

II. Schedule

III. Guide to use of Schedule

DISTRIBUTION:

A.P.M.C.	25
M.S.S., A.P.M.C.	2
C.C. 15th Army Group	12
AS Region 1	15
HC Region 2	15

accounted for by the recognized Central Italian Government posted in regions are exempted from these requirements and will not therefore be subject to Regional "screening".

8. The Source of "a" officials should be retained for filling at the Regional HQ., and those of "b" officials by the S.O.-O. The files of any individual or class of official will be forwarded to this HQ. upon request.

9. S.O.-O.'s will inform this HQ.

- (a) Date on which this "screening" plan is commenced;
 (b) Date of termination;
 (c) The result of the "screening", including the total number and categorization of officials both "a" and "b" who have been confirmed in office or dismissed.

By command of Brigadier General deSILVER:

CHARLES R. SPOTFORD,
 Colonel, U.S.C.,
 Deputy Chief of Staff
 (O.A.S.T.)

Appendix 2. Classification of Officials

II. Scheds.

III. Guide to use of Scheds.

DISTRIBUTION:

A.P.H.C.	25
S.O.S., A.T.H.C.	2
C.G. 15th Army Group	12
HQ Region 1	15
HQ Region 2	15
Brig. Gen. Lindberry	2
Deputy President	2
Chief of Staff	2
Secretariat	1
Brac. Off. Admin.	2
Adjutant Gen. 1	1
A.G. Files	1
Boys of Committee	2
Internal Security	2
Deputy C/S O.A.S.T.	2
All Sections, Directorates and Subcommittees:	1 each
Spares	25

ANNEX I
List A

1. Prefect:
2. Vice-Prefect:
3. Masters:
4. Vice-Masters:
5. Director of Food Supply:
6. Director of Transport:
7. Assistant Director (Port Commandante):
8. Chamber of Commerce Director:
9. Employment Director:
10. Provincial Carabinieri and Guardia Finanza Chief:
11. Provincial Director Post Office:
12. Inspector General Post Office:
13. Doctor and heads of University Departments.

List "B"

1. All Italian civilian employees of COG and AID offices.
2. Prefecture:
 - (a) Chief of Cabinet (Capo di Gabinetto).
 - (b) Secretary (Segretario).
 - (c) Councilors of the Prefecture (Consiglieri di Prefettura).
 - (d) Secretaries of the Prefecture (Segretari di Prefettura).
3. Camera
 - (a) Commissioners of Public Safety (Commissionari di Pubblica Sicurezza).
 - (b) All Agents (Agenti Tutta).
4. Carabinieri
 - (a) All Officers and Under-Officers other than those in List "A" (Ufficiali e Sottoufficiali).
5. Guardia Finanza
 - (a) All Officers and Under-Officers other than those in List "A" (Ufficiali e Sottoufficiali).
6. Magistrato (Magistrati)
 - (a) Court of Appeal (Corte di Appello).
 - (b) Prosecutors of the Tribunal and King's Attorneys (Procuratori del Re, Sostituti Procuratori, Pretori).
 - (c) Chancellors and Sec. Chiefs of Superior Office. (Cancellieri e Segretari di Ufficio Superiori).
7. Comuni (Comuni).
 - (a) Mayor and Vice-Mayor (Sindaco e Vice Sindaco).
8. Social Insurance Office (Ufficio di Previdenza Sociale).
 - (a) Directors and Assistant Directors (Direttori ed assistenti).

List "B"

1. All Italian civilian employees of US and AG offices.
Prefecture
2. (a) Chief of Cabinet (Capo di Gabinetto).
(b) Secretary (Segretario).
(c) Councilors of the Prefecture (Consiglieri di Prefettura).
(d) Secretaries of the Prefecture (Segretari di Prefettura).
3. Carabinieri
(a) Commanders of Public Safety (Comandanti di Pubblica Sicurezza).
(b) All Agents (Agenti Pubblici).
4. Carabinieri
(a) All Officers and Under-Officers other than those in List "A" (Ufficiali e Sotto-ufficiali).
5. Guardia Finanza
(a) All Officers and Under-Officers other than those in List "A" (Ufficiali e Sotto-ufficiali).
6. Magistrato (Magistrato)
(a) Court of Appeal (Corte di Appello).
(b) Prosecutors of the Tribunal and King's Attorneys (Procuratori del Re, Sostituti Procuratori, Dottori).
(c) Chamberlains and Secretaries of Superior Office. (Cancellieri e Segretari di Ufficio superiori).
7. Comuni (Comuni)
(a) Mayor and Vice-Mayor (Sindaco - Vice Sindaco).
8. Social Insurance Offices (Uffici di Previdenza Sociale)
(a) Directors and Assistant Directors (Direttori ed assistenti).
9. Universities (Università)
Professors.
10. Banks and Credit Institutions
Directors and Members of Administrative Councils.
11. Transportation and Communications
Chief Technicians.
Post: Postmasters, Chiefs of Telegraph and Telephone Offices.
12. All persons being considered for appointment to public offices.

A. These lists have been framed as minimum requirements and should be extended by other officials according to regional "existing" resources available.

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EXEMPT FROM GDS

THE FASCIST PARTY IN ITALY

The SCIA, however, has been designed to obtain specific and significant data concerning the background of Italian public officials and any other individuals whose duties or activities are likely to affect the military and political security of Allied Governments, G.C. 100 and all employees.

To assist arriving at a proper judgment as to the desirability of obtaining of the person concerned, some points of guidance are set out below. It should, however, be borne in mind at all times that each case must be judged on its individual merits and that the guiding principles set out below are merely of an informative nature and not absolute rules.

WHAT TO LOOK FOR IN A COMPLETED FORM

1. Party membership (Item 10. 4)

Membership in the Fascist Party (NFI) is not in itself of great significance. Public officials, whether ministerial appointments or career civil servants and people otherwise holding jobs of any responsibility were practically forced to belong to the Party. The same is true of prominent business and professional men who had to make their own way to the Party in order to exist.

The time of joining the Party and the length of membership are, of importance. If, for instance, it is shown that membership began in 1922, or before, and was uninterrupted until Allied occupation, it is one indication of an "Old Fascist". Membership at later dates is proportionately of less significance depending, of course, on the age of the individual and the other factors shown on the form.

2. Mussolini "Originals" and "March-on-Rome" Fascists (Item 5(a) and (b))

The founders of the Fascist Party--Mussolini's "Old Guard"--were known as "Sansepolcristi". They were relatively few in number. Consequently there will be few "Sis" answers to this question. But if one is found the significance is obvious.

The Blackshirts who were in the "March on Rome", October 28, 1922, or were subsequently so considered, were known as "Squadristi". They constituted the strong core and "cannon-fodder" of the Fascist movement. They pressed opposition to Fascism and who formed the nucleus of the Fascist government throughout Italy. Unless there be overwhelming evidence to the contrary, any person who was a "Squadrista" may be considered as a leading, active and probably influential Fascist.

3. Fascist Militia (VSI), Item 5 (c) and (d)

The Fascist Militia (Milizia Volontaria Sicurezza Nazionale) was created by Mussolini first as a volunteer police force and then as a Party army--separate from the regular armed forces and police forces--to maintain the power of the

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WHAT TO LOOK FOR IN A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE

1. Party membership (Item 10, b)

Membership in the Fascist Party (ITF) is not in itself of great significance. Public officials, whether ministerial appointees or career civil servants and people otherwise holding jobs of any responsibility were practically forced to belong to the Party. The same is true of prominent business and professional men who had to make their obsequiance to the Party in order to exist.

The time of joining the Party and the length of membership are, of importance. If, for instance, it is shown that membership began in 1922, or before, and was uninterrupted until allied occupation, it is an indication of an "old Fascist". Membership at later dates is proportionately of less significance depending, of course, on the age of the individual and the other factors shown on the sketch.

2. Mussolini "Originals" and "March-on-Rome" Fascists (Item 5(a) and (b))

The founders of the Fascist Party--Mussolini's "Old Guard"--were known as "Sausagepolieristi". They were relatively few in number. Consequently there will be few "Si" answers to this question. But if one is found the significance is obvious.

The Blackshirts who were in the "March on Rome", October 28, 1922, or were subsequently so considered, were known as "Squadristi". They constituted the strong-arm and "custer-oid" squads who violently repressed opposition to Fascism and who formed the nucleus of the Fascist government throughout Italy. Unless there be overwhelming evidence to the contrary, any person who was a "Squadrista" may be considered as a leading, active and probably dangerous Fascist.

3. Fascist Militia (VSA), Item 9 (c) and (d)

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The Fascist Militia (Milizia Volontaria per la Sicurezza Nazionale) was created by Mussolini first as a volunteer police force and then as a Party army--separate from the regular armed forces and police forces--to maintain the power of the dictatorship.

Membership in the Militia has to be gauged from the point of view of the type of Militia unit to which the individual belonged and the period of service with each unit. For instance service in the "Milizia Ordinaria"--the basic, regular type of volunteer Blackshirts--if performed during peace time is proof that the individual was a mainstay of the party but if performed only during war time, and a result of being drafted for that service should not be held against the individual.

The same is true for the other types of militia, except for the "Moscettieri del Duce" (The Duce's Musketeers) who were Mussolini's personal bodyguard and picked Fascists in any event.

The least significant of the Militia units were the anti-aircraft Militia.

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and the Civil Liberties Unit which were so close to ordinary military units that it was well known that membership in these units was not much more than regular military service.

4. Party Jobs (Items 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000)

The importance of these positions. The jobs listed are arranged generally in order of their significance but all are important in indicating the degree to which the individual occupied positions of responsibility in the Party itself. The general rule should be that a person who held any one of these jobs in the Party should be regarded as of early prominence in Fascist ranks and as a Party leader, at least on a local level. The positions should be indicated, however, by the consideration of the nature of service in any one or more of these positions. For instance, the most minor positions is held only for a few months preceding Allied occupation might indicate that a man in these positions was left behind the bag by the more prominent fascists in the Party and that before Allied arrival. Of major significance are indications that the individual held progressively greater responsibilities in the Party.

5. OVA and other secret-police activities (Items 7 through 9)

The OVA (German Volunteer Organizations Anti-Fascists) was a voluntary secret police system. Each person who belonged to this system was part of a web of spies and informants who reported on activities or sympathies regarded by the Fascists as subversive. Every unit of the government, of private business, of the professional world, of the police and even of the army had its OVA. The OVA itself had an inside OVA.

Since it was virtually impossible for Italians themselves to know the OVA members were, it is unlikely that persons will admit their activities of this type on the record. But some instances have been found in which the admission was made. Moreover, other intelligence agencies of the Allied forces have been able to get lists of OVA members which can be checked against the records.

Any individual who was a member of the OVA should be regarded as a dangerous and undesirable person.

Individuals who were part of the "political office" of the Chamberlain or of the Public Circles (Nationalist Police) should be similarly regarded.

6. Corporative and syndical positions (Items 10)

For the questions in this section ask whether the individual was a functionary in a Corporation, syndicate, or Corporate Circle. Any person who was or employed under the Fascist syndicate, had to belong to some kind of organization. Consequently, each individual indicated nothing as to the political character of the individual. The positions of official authority in the administration of such organizations were usually given to Italian Fascists. However, the period of service and the nature of the duties have a higher importance.

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5. OVRs and other secret-police activities (Items 7 through 9)

The OVRs (Organ Voluntary Repressions Anti-Fascists) was a voluntary secret police system. Each person who belonged to this system was part of a unit of three and "antichairs" who reported on activities or evaluations regarding the fascists as subversive. Every unit of the government, of private business, of the professional world, of the police and even of the army had its OVRs. The OVR itself had an inside OVR.

Since it was virtually impossible for Italians themselves to know the OVR members were, it is unlikely that persons will admit their activities of this type on the secret. But some instances have been found in which the admission was made. Moreover, other intelligence agencies of the allied forces have been able to see lists of OVR members which can be checked against the secret.

Any individual who was a member of the OVR should be regarded as a dangerous and untrustworthy person.

Individuals who were part of the "political office" of the Carabinieri or of the Public Security (Antipolitical police) should be similarly regarded.

6. Corporative and syndical positions (Item 10)

Also the questions in this section ask whether the individual was a functionary in a corporation, syndicate, or Consorzio Agrario. Every cardholder or employee under the Fascist corporative and to belong to some such organization. Consequently such membership indicated nothing as to the fascist character of the individual. But positions of official authority in the administration of such organizations were usually given to individuals. Finally, the period of service and the nature of the duties have a highly important bearing.

7. Governmental or quasi-governmental positions (Item 11)

The most important issue in this section, of governmental or "parastatal" positions occupied by the individual is the method by which he was appointed. If by regular civil service examination, the fact that the person held a government job under the Fascist system is of no significance. But if the appointment was made by decree-administrative or prefectural--the probabilities are that the individual attained his position not by merit but as a political reward for being a good Fascist.

8. Source of Income (Item 12)

The ratings in this section are significant if they show (a) that the major source of income was from the Fascist Party or from Corporative or Governmental

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SECRET

Fascist Officials who Fled or Were Removed in Sicily for Political Reasons

A. Sicily

A very large number of Fascist officials, many of whom were personally appointed by Benito Mussolini, were replaced by AMG.

The important details can be summarized as follows:

1. Important Officials covering more than Province.

- (a) One Director of the Ent. Colonnasini e di Litifondo Siciliano removed.
- (b) All seven Directors of the Sicilian Postal System fled.
- (c) The Director of the Repettorata Corporativa fled and his assistant was removed.
- (d) Sixty-seven of the seventy-two Directors of the Provincial Unions and employers associations fled and the remaining five were removed. Employees in these organizations totalling approximately 400 persons either fled or were removed.
- (e) The nine Directors of the Ministry of Corporations fled and the Sub-Director for Palermo was arrested.
- (f) The Vice Director of the Associazioni Nazionale per gli Enti Economico dell' Agricoltura was removed.
- (g) 90 persons consisting of the entire paid staff of the Dapo Lavoros were removed.
- (h) 100 employees in the Enti Comunale di Assistenza were removed, representing between 5% to 10% of the total employees.
- (i) 50 persons from the Giovento Italiano del Littoria were removed representing nearly 10% of the total employees.
- (j) Eight high officers of the Carabinieri (Majors and Captains) were removed and one fled.
- (k) 21 agenti di Pubblica Sicurezza were removed, including four provincial Questori, five Commissari, one vice-Commissari, four Commissari, and six Commissari Agg.

2. Provincial and Municipal Officials

(a) Palermo Province

- (1) The First Presidents of the Court of Appeal in Palermo together

1. Important Officials covering more than Province.

- (a) One Director of the Ent. Colomazzini e di Litterando Siciliano removed.
- (b) All seven Directors of the Sicilian Postal System fled.
- (c) The Director of the Repetitorata Corporativa fled and his assistant was removed.
- (d) Sixty-seven of the seventy-two Directors of the Provincial Unions and employers associations fled and the remaining five were removed. Employees in these organizations totalling approximately 400 persons either fled or were removed.
- (e) The nine Directors of the Ministry of Corporations fled and the Sub-Director for Palermo was arrested.
- (f) The Vice Director of the Associazione Nazionali per gli Enti Economici dell' Agricoltura was removed.
- (g) 90 persons consisting of the entire paid staff of the Dego Lavoros were removed.
- (h) 100 employees in the Enti Comunale di Assistenza were removed, representing between 5% to 10% of the total employees.
- (i) 50 persons from the Gioventu Italiano del Littoria were removed representing nearly 10% of the total employees.
- (j) Eight high officers of the Carabinieri (Majors and Captains) were removed and one fled.
- (k) 21 agenti di Pubblica Sicurezza were removed, including four provincial Questori, five Commissari, one vice-Commissari, four Commissari, and six Commissari AGG.

2. Provincial and Communal Officials

(a) Palermo Province

- (i) The Primo Presidente of the Court of Appeal in Palermo, together with the President of the first session of the Court of Appeal and the Procuratore Generale all fled.
- (ii) The Prefect fled and one of the three Vice-Prefects was removed.
- (iii) The Superintendent of the Jail at Ustica was arrested and the Supply Officer on the same island was removed.
- (iv) The Federal Secretary was removed.

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(v) The Podesta and Deputy Podesta of Palermo as well as the Federal Inspector, the Commissioner of Public Safety, the Director of Schools, and the Ossimare Commune were all removed. The members of the Provincial Giunta were removed.

(vi) The Podestas of the following Communes were removed:

Giardinello (also the Vice Podesta)
 San Cipirello (also the Vice Podesta)
 San Giuseppe (also the Vice Podesta)
 Roccamena (also the Vice Podesta)
 Corleone
 Palanzo
 Primi
 Bisacquistino
 Partinico
 Termini (also the Vice Podesta, city Engineer, and chief city electrician)
 Campo Felice
 Altavilla
 Casteldecima
 Collesano
 Caltavuturo
 Leroux

A total of 70 important public officials were replaced because of their prior Fascist activities, and 24 university professors.

- (vii) The Commissioner of Public Safety in Poltralia was removed.
- (viii) The Communal Secretary at Monreale was interned.
- (ix) The Federal Inspector at Corleone was removed.
- (x) The Municipal Registrar at Baucina was removed.
- (xi) The Head of the Sicurrelle Alimenvariano Provinciale was removed.
- (xii) The Federal Inspector and Grain Controller in Bisacquistino were removed.

(b) Agrigento Province

- (i) The Prefect was removed.
- (ii) The Questore was arrested and sent to North Africa.
- (iii) The Podestas of 14 out of 40 communes were removed, including the Podesta of Agrigento. Since there were 12 vacancies at the time of the occupation only 12 out of the 40 communes had the same pre-invasion Podestas.
- (iv) The Provinciale Director of Education fled.
- (v) The Municipal Secretary of Agriculture was arrested.
- (vi) The Municipal Secretary at Licata was removed.
- (vii) The Municipal Director of Agrigento was removed.
- (viii) The Federal Inspector and Grain Controller in Bisacquistino were removed.

Trimi
 Bisacquino
 Partinico
 Termini (also the Vice Podesta, city Engineer, and chief city electrician)
 Campo Felice
 Altevilla
 Casteldecchia
 Collesano
 Caltavuturo
 Lercara

A total of 70 important public officials were replaced because of their prior Fascist activities, and 24 university professors.

- (vii) The Commissioner of Public Safety in Petralia was removed.
- (viii) The Communal Secretary at Monreale was interned.
- (ix) The Federal Inspector at Corleone was removed.
- (x) The Municipal Registrar at Baucina was removed.
- (xi) The Head of the Siorresie Alimassione Provinciale was removed.
- (xii) The Federal Inspector and Grain Controller in Bisacquino were removed.

(b) Agrigento Province

- (i) The Prefect was removed.
- (ii) The Questora was arrested and sent to North Africa.
- (iii) The Podestas of 14 out of 40 communes were removed, including the Podesta of Agrigento. Since there were 12 vacancies at the time of the occupation only 12 out of the 40 communes had the same pre-invasion Podestas.
- (iv) The Provinciale Director of Education fled.
- (v) The Municipal Secretary of Agriculture was arrested.
- (vi) The Municipal Secretary at Licata was removed.
- (vii) The Municipal Director of Agrigento was removed.
- (viii) The Federal Inspector and grain controller at Bisacquino were removed.

A total of 27 important officials in the province were replaced because of their prior Fascist activities.

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6) Caltanissetta Province

- (i) The Primo Presidente of the Tribunale was removed.
- (ii) The Prefect was arrested and removed.
- (iii) The Podestats of 17 of the 22 communes were removed.
- (iv) 20 officials in the Prefettura were removed.
- (v) The Federal Secretary of Caltanissetta was interned.

A total of 12 important public officials were replaced because of of their prior Fascist activities.

(c) Catania Province

- (i) The Procuratore Generale and the Sostituto Procuratore Generale fled.
- (ii) The Prefect was removed. M.B. This man had been appointed by Mussolini a week before the invasion by telephone. His predecessor, Gratiolo Amelio, a very ardent and unscrupulous Fascist had fled.
- (iii) The Director of the Agriculture Section was removed.
- (iv) The Ossimario degli Affari Economici was removed.
- (v) The Pretore of Adrano was removed.
- (vi) Out of communes Podestats were removed, including the Podestats of Linguaglossa and Acireale and Aci Castello.
- (vii) The Political Secretary at Bronte was interned.
- (viii) The Municipal Guard at Adrano was interned, and the municipal clerk.
- (ix) The Municipal Inspector at Catania was interned.
- (x) The Municipal Engineer at Mineo was interned.

(e) Enna Province

- (i) The Prefect was removed.
- (ii) The Federale was removed.
- (iii) The Questora was removed.
- (iv) The Director of Assistance was removed.
- (v) The collector of Customs was removed.
- (vi) The President of the Commission for the Investigation of Grain Production was removed.
- (vii) The Assistant bookkeeper of the Water Supply Department was removed.
- (viii) The Marshall di Pubblica Sicurezza was removed.
- (ix) The Podestats of 7 out of the communes were removed, including the Podestats of Enna, Calanabotta, Sperlinga, Troina, Valguarnera and Mazzanti Scutina.
- (x) In Piazza di Enna the Commander and 6 members of the Corps degli Sicurezza were removed.
- (xi) The Provincial Commandante was removed.
- (xii) The Secretary of the Municipio at Enna was removed.
- (xiii) The Municipal Treasurer at Agira was interned.

(f) Mazara Province

(d) Gatania Province

- (i) The Procuratore Generale and the Sostituto Procuratore Generale fled.
- (ii) The Prefect was removed. N.B. This man had been appointed by Mussolini a week before the invasion by telephone. His predecessor, Graziolo Amelio, a very ardent and unscrupulous Fascist had fled.
- (iii) The Director of the Agriculture Section was removed.
- (iv) The Ossimario degli Affari Economici was removed.
- (v) The Pretore of Adrano was removed.
- (vi) Out of communes Podestars were removed, including the Podestas of Linguaglossa and Adireale and Aci Castello.
- (vii) The Political Secretary at Bronte was interned.
- (viii) The Municipal Guard at Adrano was interned, and the municipal clerk.
- (ix) The Municipal Inspector at Catania was interned.
- (x) The Municipal Engineer at Mineo was interned.

(e) Mazza Province

- (i) The Prefect was removed.
- (ii) The Podestale was removed.
- (iii) The Questore was removed.
- (iv) The Director of Assistance was removed.
- (v) The collector of Customs was removed.
- (vi) The President of the Commission for the Investigation of Grain Production was removed.
- (vii) The Assistant bookkeeper of the Water Supply Department was removed.
- (viii) The Marshall di Pubblica Sicurezza was removed.
- (ix) The Podestars of 7 out of the communes were removed, including the Podestars of Mazza, Calascibetta, Sperlinga, Troina, Valquarone and Piana di Aserina.
- (x) In Mazza di Erice the Commander and 6 members of the Corps degli Sicurezza were removed.
- (xi) The Provincial Commandante was removed.
- (xii) The Secretary of the Municipio at Mazza was removed.
- (xiii) The Municipal Treasurer at Agira was interned.

(f) Mazara Province

- (i) The Prefect fled.
- (ii) Out of Communes Podesta of Mazara
- (iii) The Communal Secretary, the Engineer, the Surveyor and the Municipal Clerk were all interned at Patti.
- (iv) The Communal Secretary at Ficosa was removed.
- (v) The Tax Inspector at Milazzo was interned.

(g) Ragusa Province

- (i) The Prefect was removed.
- (ii) Out of Communes Podestas were removed, including the Podesta of Modica.
- (iii) The ex-Mayor of Ragusa was interned.
- (iv) The Municipal Clerk of Modica was removed.
- (v) The Municipal Clerk of Ragusa was interned.
- (vi) The Political Secretary at Modico was interned.
- (vii) The Head of the Municipal Guard at Comiso was interned.
- (viii) Communal Secretary and Federal Inspector were removed at Vittoria.

(h) Siracusa Province

- (i) The Prefect was arrested and removed.
- (ii) The Squadrista of Siracusa was interned.
- (iii) The Political Secretary and Municipal Clerk at Avola were removed.
- (iv) The Political Secretary and the Communal Engineer at Lentini were interned.
- (v) The Political Secretary at Melilli was arrested and removed.
- (vi) The Podestas of 12 out of 19 Communes were removed, 10 of them being arrested. These included Podestas of Siracusa, Noto, Floridia, Lentini, and Melilli.
- (vii) The Communal Secretary at Buccheri was removed.
- (viii) The Head of the Municipal Guard and the Political Secretary Buscemi was removed.
- (ix) The Communal Secretary at Francofonte was interned.
- (x) The Tax Collector at Noto.
- (xi) The Municipal Accountant at Floridia.

(i) Trapani Province

- (i) The Prefect fled.
- (ii) Podestas of 10 out of the 18 Communes were removed, including the Podestas of Trapani.
- (iii) In Trapani the Chief of the Fire Brigade was removed.
- (iv) The Commisario, his assistant and 4 delegate ariche were removed.
- (v) The Federal Inspector of Trapani was interned.

A total of 25 important public officials were replaced because of their prior Fascist activities.

3. Many minor public officials were removed because of their Fascist activities.

4. In addition, a very considerable number of Fascist organizations together with their entire personnel were eliminated from the administrative structure, including all the various labor and employer organizations. A list of these follows:

Genio Militare di Palermo
Commissione Provinciale di Appello per i soccorsi giornalieri alle
famiglie dei militari richiamati alle armi
Ufficio Stampa della Prefettura
Ufficio Provinciale della Protezione Antiaerea
Commissione Provinciale di censura Postale e Telegrafica
Consiglio di Amministrazione del Consorzio Agrario Provinciale di Palermo
Consorzio Provinciale dei Macellai
Società Anonima dettaglianti latte e derivati (Sedled)
Ufficio Controllo Foraggi
Ufficio Consumi per la Sicilia
Consorzio Provinciale Obbligatorie per Macellai e per le Pelli
Società Anonima Dettaglianti Acquisti Collettivi
Aeroporto Civile di Bocca di Falco
Comando Sezione Staccata di Artiglieria
Comando Distretto Militare
Comandante di Leva
Divisione Commissariato della Sicilia
Direzione di Sanità
Commissione Medica - Ferimenti di Guerra
Delegazione Trasporti Militari
Ispettorato Provinciale Tiro a Segno Nazionale
Ufficio Revisione Contabilità della Sicilia
Sesta Delegazione Interprovinciale per le Fabbricazioni di Guerra
Azienda Autonoma per l'amministrazione della Stazione di Turin di Palermo
e Maresale
Ente Provinciale per il Turismo di Palermo
Ente "Primavera Siciliana"
Consiglio di Amministrazione dell'Istituto per le case Popolari della Provincia
Unione Prov. Fascista degli Agricoltori
Unione Prov. Fascista degli Industriali
Unione Prov. Fascista degli Aziende del Credito e della Assicurazione
Unione Prov. Fascista dei Professionisti ed Artisti
Unione Prov. Fascista dei Lavoratori dell'Agricoltura
Unione Prov. Fascista dei Lavoratori dell'Industria
Unione Prov. Fascista dei Lavoratori del Commercio
Unione Prov. Fascista dei Lavoratori dell'Azienda Credito e Assicurazione
Consiglio Provinciale delle Corporazioni

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division

FILE:

DATE; 3 Dec. 1943

SUBJECT: Directive to Public Safety Personnel.

Fill in each column, initial action, and draw a line across the sheet just below initials. Number each memo consecutively in first column. Use entire width of sheet for long memoranda.

NO.	FROM	TO	DATE
1	Chief P.S.	Br. S. Opn. vsn Adm. Dir.	

The attached directive, less forms, is submitted for comment. (Forms are being translated into Italian). As stated orally, our original plan had to be revised in the light of G. A. #8 AMA Reg. I do not believe that it will attract any material attention in the structural organization within regions, except in some cases, as to Regional P.S. Staffs. In general, then, it may be described as a declaratory directive. Distribution of the directive at this time, in view of the imminence of conversion to ACC, reduces its value considerably. Nevertheless, it provides a general pattern of organization which should make the transition from AMG to ACC somewhat easier + uniform. The forms I believe will be particularly useful, even under ACC conditions. I'll be pleased to receive any suggestions.

P. G. Kirk, Chief
Public Affs

±824

456.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division

28 November 1943.

DIRECTIVE FOR PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL UNDER AMG CONDITIONS

References:- G.C No. 8, Hq. AMG, 23 Nov. 1943.

1. This directive is for the guidance of R.C.A.C's and Public Safety Officers under Allied Military Government conditions.

2. MISSION

The mission of the Public Safety Division, AMG, is to supervise the various Italian Departments responsible for the administration of all branches of Public Safety and to ensure that all such services continue to function to the maximum interests of the Allied Forces, the maintenance of public law and order and civilian morale, and the enforcement of all Proclamations, Regulations and Orders that may be issued.

3. MAJOR FUNCTIONS.

(a) The Public Safety Division, AMG Hq., will perform the following Staff functions:-

- (i) Advise the Allied Military Government on all technical and specialist matters pertaining to Public Safety.
- (ii) Formulate policies and plans for the administration of all matters within the scope of Public Safety and keep necessary statistical records.
- (iii) Establish close liaison with the Military Intelligence Services and with the Provost Branch.
- (iv) Establish close liaison with the Chief of Security Intelligence, with the Political Section on Security matters, and with the following Divisions - Interior, Labour, Transportation, Finance, Public Works, Utilities, Legal, Public Health, Communications, Internees and Displaced Persons.
- (v) Make recommendations to the Allied Military Government with respect to the foregoing.

(b) The Public Safety Division will perform the following operating functions:-

- (1) Supervise the appropriate Italian Authorities in:-
 - (1) The operation of the uniform branches of the existing national police forces, and such branches of the Special Security Police as it may be retained.

-2-

(2) The allocation and maintenance of equipment, the recruitment and training of personnel for Fire and Civil Defense duties.

(3) The maintenance of proper standards of administration in prisons and prison services.

(4) The administration of all forms of licensing and registration.

(11) Ensure the dis-establishment of C.V.R.A. and the Fascist Militia Organizations.

(11i) Supervise the execution by the appropriate Italian Authorities of instructions issued by the Allied Military Government.

4. ORGANIZATION

(a) AMG Headquarters

The Public Safety Division, AMG Hq., is organized and established as follows:-

Chief of Public Safety

Deputy Chief of Public Safety

and five sub-divisions, each in charge of a Superintendent:-

1. Civil Police
2. Special Police
3. Fire and Civil Defense.
4. Prisons.
5. Licensing and Registration.

(b) Regions

Within each region a Chief Public Safety Officer will be designated by the R.G.A.C. The officer so designated will organize his regional staff, less deputy, to correspond with that established at AMG Hq. If, due to shortage of personnel individual assignments cannot be made, multiple functions, except Civil Police and Special Police may be performed by a single officer. The names of officers with their assignments will be submitted to the Chief of Public Safety AMG, through channels, at the earliest practicable date.

(c) Below Regions

Officers allocated to Regions as Public Safety Officers, or C.A.P.C.'s will receive their individual assignments, below regional

-3-

level, by the R.C.A.C. acting through the Regional Chief Public Safety Officer. Names and assignments will be forwarded as directed in paragraph 4 (b) above.

(c) General

Assignments will be made in conformity with para. 2 of General Order No. 8, AMG Hq. dated 23 November 1943. Public Safety Personnel will be considered specialist personnel as the term is used in that paragraph.

5. Channels of Communications.

See para. 3, General Order No. 8, AMG Hq. Recommendations and enquiries regarding policies or operating procedure of Public Safety will be submitted to the Chief of Public Safety AMG, through regular channels.

6. Specialist Functions.

Appended hereto as supplements are instructions which will be complied with by Regional personnel under the directions of the R. C. A. C.

Civil Police.	Supplement A, with forms C.P. 1 and 2
Special Police	Supplement B, with forms S.P. 1, 2, 2A and 3.
Fire & Civil Defense	Supplement C, with forms F. & C.D. 1, 1A, 2, & 2A;
Prisons.	Supplement D, with form P-1
Licensing & Registration.	Supplement E.

7. Reports.

It is the policy of the Chief of Public Safety to reduce to the minimum the number of required reports, in order that the efforts of officers in the field may be directed to their principal operating tasks. The difficulties of communications and other exigences are fully appreciated. It will be noted that the forms appended to the supplements fall mainly into two classes:-

(1) Initial Reports, which should give a comprehensive picture as to personnel, equipment and armament, and other generally non-variable items. These reports, once accurately submitted, need not be repeated unless expressly called for.

(2) Periodic Reports, which will be submitted monthly unless otherwise directed.

The requirement of the foregoing reports is not to be construed as precluding special reports regarding unusual events or important developments, especially those relating to public order, discipline and morale. Commensurate with the urgency of the subject matter, such reports will be forwarded to the Chief of Public Safety AMG, by the most expeditious means.

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SUPPLEMENT A.

CIVIL POLICE.

1. General.

The following Italian Civil Police Agencies will operate within each Region, under the immediate direction of the Civil Police Superintendent of the Region, subject to the general supervision of the Chief Public Safety Officer in the performance of the duties named.

2. Duties of each Organization.

(a) Carabinieri Reali.

The enforcement of all laws, proclamations and General Orders, the maintenance of public order, and necessary special guard duty.

(b) Municipal Police.

Traffic control and enforcement of local Regulations and the maintenance of public order.

(c) Guardia di Finanza.

Investigation of revenue offences; prevention, detection and repression of smuggling and tax evasion.

3. Method of Exercising Control.

Responsibility for the efficient operation, administration and discipline of the Civil Police Agencies will normally be delegated by the Chief Public Safety Officer or, in appropriate cases, by C.A.C.'s or C.A.P.C.'s as follows:-

(a) Carabinieri Reali:- The senior Commanding Officer within the area of jurisdiction.

(b) Municipal Police:- Podesta' or Sindaco.

(c) Guardia di Finanza:- The senior Commanding Officer within the area of jurisdiction.

4. Liaison.

The Chief Public Safety Officer of the Region will be responsible for the establishment and maintenance of liaison between Civil and Special Police, with the Military Police, and the military security and Intelligence services.

5. Reports.

The Chief Public Safety Officer of each Region will cause the following

1825

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reports to be submitted through channels to the Chief of Public Safety,
AMG Hq:

(a) Initial report, as per form No. 1 to be forwarded as soon as possible;

(b) Periodic report, as per form No. 2, to be submitted monthly, the first report to cover the month of December 1943.

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SUPPLEMENT B
SPECIAL POLICE

1. General.

The Agenti di Pubblica Sicurezza Pubblica will operate within each Region under the immediate direction of the Special Police Superintendent of the Region, subject to the supervision of the Chief Public Safety Officer. Included within this agency are such of the five subsidiary branches as may be operating within a given Region:-

- (1) Agenti di Marina (Port Police)
- (2) Agenti di Polizia Ferroviaria (Railway Police)
- (3) Agenti di Frontiera (Frontier Police)
- (4) Metropolitani (Rome Metropolitan Police)
- (5) Distaccamento di Pubblica Sicurezza dell'Urbe (Public Safety Detachment of Rome)

2. Duties.

Officers assigned to the Special Police Division will supervise the above agencies in the performance of their normal duties, and, in addition and in particular supervise the measures taken for the suppression of the C.V.R.A., the Fascist Militia. They will likewise act in the prevention and detection of sabotage, subversive activities, industrial agitation and Black Market operations and in conjunction with other agencies, the screening of AMG civilian employees. *Officers of this Division will normally sit on Regional Boards to review cases of Civilian Internees.*

3. Method of Exercising Control.

Responsibility for the efficient operation, administration and discipline of the above agencies will normally ^{be delegated to} the Chief Public Safety Officer, or, in appropriate cases, ~~with~~ C.A.C.'s and C.A.P.C.'s and with the senior officer of each of the above agencies within his respective area of jurisdiction.

4. Liaison.

The Chief Public Safety Officer of the Region will be responsible for the establishment and maintenance of liaison between the Special and Civil Police and with the military police and such military security and intelligence services as may be located or operating within the Region.

5. Reports.

The Chief Public Safety Officer of each Region will cause the following reports to be submitted through channels to the Chief of Public Safety AMG Hq.

Situation Report, Form S.P. No. 1, to be submitted initially as soon as

4823

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

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practicable after end of month.

Monthly report re: Sabotage, Form S.P. No. 2.

Monthly report re: Subversive Activities, Form S.P. No. 3.

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SUPPLEMENT C.

FIRE & CIVIL DEFENSE

1. General.

It will be the responsibility of C.A.C's and S.A.P.C's charged with Fire and Civil Defense duties by the Chief Public Safety Officer of the Region, to direct and supervise the administration, discipline, recruitment and training of personnel, and the allocation and maintenance of equipment, of the Fire and Civil Defense agencies within their respective areas of jurisdiction.

2. Reports.

The Chief Public Safety Officer of each Region will cause the following reports to be submitted through channels to the Chief of Public Safety, AMG Hqs:-

(a) Initial Report as per form F/CD No. 1 and No. 1A, to be submitted as soon as possible.

(b) Periodic Report, as per form No. F/CD No. 2 and No. 2A, first report to cover the month of December 1943.

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PRISONS

SUPPLEMENT D.

The appropriate Italian Authorities will administer all prisons within the area of their jurisdiction, subject to certain standards as of safety, health, administration, etc., ~~as may be found necessary under AMG conditions.~~

A Situation Report, as Prison Form No. 1, will be forwarded to Chief, Public Safety, AMG Hq., as soon as possible.

Thereafter, a report on the same form will be forwarded monthly as soon as possible after the end of each Calendar month.

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SUPPLEMENT B.

LICENSING & REGISTRATION

1. General.

This Sub-Division will supervise administration of all forms of licensing and registration, having regard not only to the normal national requirements, but also to the emergency necessities of Military Government.

2. Duties.

This Sub-Division will have an overall responsibility for:

- (a) restricting the circulation of civilian motor vehicles,
- (b) the control of Aliens, and
- (c) the issue of licenses to possess firearms, and for co-ordinating policy relating to these matters with other Division.

3. Italian Agencies.

The established Italian Agencies will be used, and specific instructions covering these matters will be issued to Regions when necessary.

4819

gwb

CONFIDENTIAL

HR: 132



ADDRESSED FOR ACTION TO: AMG FIFTH ARMY, FARGO, FREEDOM FOR MGS, IBS# : 4381
INFORMATION TO : COPY FATIMA
FROM : FILPOT FROM AMG
IN REPLY REFER TO : FA 255
TIME SENT : 7117
TIME RECD : 280842A
PRECEDENCE: PRIORITY

1. Have agreed proposal by GOC Carabinieri to place General Sanino in command Carabinieri Naples Division with primary function reorganize and take in hand Naples, Avellino and Benevento Provinces. GOC also considers that more energetic officer Colonel Guercia should take over Naples city from Present commander. Have also agreed this.

2. General Sanino was formerly in command carabinieri Sicily where his work was much appreciated. Command in Sicily will be assumed by General Branch now at Palermo.

DISTRIBUTION:

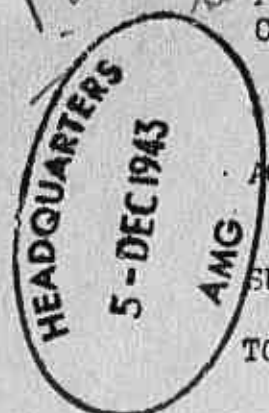
ACC(ACTION)

CO

CONFIDENTIAL
FORMALS BRITISH CONFIDENTIAL

4818

359.



SECRET

HEADQUARTERS
ISLAND BASE SECTION
A.P.O. 550

D. Coy S (Ops & Sec)

SECRET 1396
Auth: CO, IBS
Initial: *alt*
3 Dec 1943

3 December 1943

AG 371.2 (IBSGC) -

SUBJECT: Security Plan for Palermo Area

TO : See Distribution

1. The following amendments are made in the "Security Plan for the Palermo Area", dated 26 November 1943:

a. Page #1, par 4.

Amend assembly area 119th Inf. Brigade to read "Mondello Staging Area".

b. Page #2, par 6.

Delete 63d Chemical Co (Depot)
3408th Ord Co (MM)
55th QM Bn (Trk)

Amend assembly area of 301st QM Bn, Company "C" to read "Signal Depot".

Insert 225th QM Co (SalvRep), Assembly Area "Signal Depot", initial force fifty (50), reserve force fifty (50), total force one hundred (100).

*Dist: - D. Coy (adv)
Capt. Brand
Lt. Col. PS*

c. Page #3, par 6.

Amend assembly area of 119th Inf Brigade to read "Mondello Staging Area".

d. Page #3, par 10b.

Insert 11th Evac Hospital, Mondello Staging Area.

By order of Colonel SPARS:

E. G. Hoyt
E. G. HOYT
Lt. Col., A.G.D.
Asst Adj General.

DISTRIBUTION:

"B" plus: CG, Seventh Army 15; CG, No. 1 District 5; CG, 34th F.A. Brig 5; CO, Navy Operating Base 5; CO, AFCD #3 5; CO, 119th Inf Brig 5; AMGOT 5; CO, 11th Evac Hosp 3;

SECRET

4817

PK - 40354
Copy #

SECRET

HEADQUARTERS
ISLAND BASE SECTION
A.P.O. 550

IS 045 (over)
1156
.....
SECRET
Auth: CO, IBG
Initial: *WJ*
26 Nov 1943
.....
26 November 1943

AG 371.2 (IBSCG)

SUBJECT: Security Plan for Palermo Area
TO : See Distribution

HEADQUARTERS
28 NOV 1943
AMG

1. Transmitted herewith is one copy of the Security Plan for Palermo Area. This plan supersedes the plan issued by the Palermo Military Area. (Destroy old plan by burning).
2. This plan goes into effect at 0800 hrs on 27 November 1943.
3. Units leaving the Palermo Area shall hand in their copies of the Security Plan to the Operations & Security Division of this Headquarters.

For the Commanding Officer:

E. B. Hoyt
E. G. HOYT,
Lt. Col., AGD,
Ass't Adj General.

DISTRIBUTION:

"B" plus: CG, Seventh Army 15; CG, No. 1 District 5; CG, 34th F.A.
Brig. 5; CO, Navy Operating Base 5; CO, AFCD #3 5; CO, 119th Inf
Brig. 5; AMGOT 5;

SECRET

SECRET
HEADQUARTERS
ISLAND BASE SECTION
A.P.O. 550

26 Nov 1943

SECURITY PLAN FOR PALERMO AREA

REF. MAP - TOWN PLAN OF PALERMO.

1. MISSION. The purpose of this plan is to provide protection to military personnel, equipment and supplies in the event of an emergency, such as an amphibian landing, attack by parachutists and civil disorders.

2. RESPONSIBILITY. No. 1 District is responsible for the ground defense and general security of the whole of Sicily, including the Island Base Section Area. In the event of civil disorders, it is the responsibility of the Carabinieri to maintain law and order. If they are unable to deal with the situation, then the military may be called to restore control. Troops will be withdrawn when the civil administration has regained control.

3. CONTROL. The Commanding Officer, Island Base Section, will command all troops, including the 119th Infantry Brigade, 46th Infantry Regiment of the Sabauda Division and all American Troops, except those used to guard Seventh Army Headquarters Installations.

4. COMMUNICATIONS. In the event of an alert or warning order, each unit included in the plan will immediately send a messenger mounted in a jeep or on a motorcycle to their respective assembly area. The following units will send a liaison officer and a messenger to Headquarters, Island Base Section (Map Ref. B 439-467) upon an alert or warning order. The commanding officers of the units listed below will command all troops assembling in their respective areas and all unit messengers will report to them.

<u>UNIT</u>	<u>ASSEMBLY AREA</u>	<u>MAP REF.</u>
43rd Ordnance Bn	Artillery Barracks	B 438500
528th QM Bn	Race Track (Favorita Park)	B 425507
339th Ordnance Co	Ordnance Depot #1	B 420468
206th Signal Co	Signal Depot	B 423453
175th Engr Regt	Mondello Staging Area	B 400550
119th Inf. Brigade	#8 Via Catania	B 433480

*Copies to Ex Off (Adm)
" " Capt Evans (Int Sec)
Adm Div (for P. S.)
file 1 4815*

SECRET

HQ, IBS, SECURITY PLAN FOR PALIRMO AREA - Cont'd - dated 26 Nov 43

5. NOTIFICATION. In the event of an alert, the following will be notified immediately:

<u>ORGANIZATION</u>	<u>INDIVIDUAL</u>	<u>PHONE NO.</u>
Seventh Army Headquarters	Chief of Staff	Cadet 105
Air Corps	Duty Officer (at nights)	Cadet 155
Navy	Major Coles, Exec	Owl North
34th F.A. Brigade	Sector Operations Room	Gin Fizz
	Commander Rebel, Exec	Navy
	Lt. Col. Persons, S-3	Chipmunk
Island Base Section	Commanding Officer,	
" " "	Colonel R. Sears	Clover 5 or 6
" " "	P.A. D. Operator (who	
" " "	will control the sound-	Clover Green
" " "	ing of sirens)	
" " "	Provost Marshal,	Clover 27
" " "	Lt. Col. J.J. Shy	
" " "	Dispatcher	Clover 35

The IBS Dispatcher shall notify the Motor Pool and call ten (10) C & R vehicles or jeeps to IBS Headquarters for use during the emergency.

6. DISPOSITION OF TROOPS. Troops in the number listed in the column entitled "Initial Force", will be moved to and held in readiness at the assembly area listed opposite the name of the unit, upon the sounding of an alert or upon receiving orders to do so. In no event will starting the movement to the assembly area be delayed more than 30 minutes after the alert or designated time for starting the movement. The "Reserve Force" will be alerted, but will not move from their bivouac area until ordered to do so by the assembly area commander or higher authority.

<u>Assembly Area</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Initial Force</u>	<u>Reserve Force</u>	<u>Total Force</u>
Ordnance Depot	63d Chemical Co (Depot)	0	50	50
" "	339th Ord Co (MTS)	50	50	100
" "	201st Ord Co (Depot)	50	50	100
Artillery Bks	3rd Ord Co (MM)	50	50	100
" "	9th Ord Co (MM)	60	40	100
" "	3408th Ord Co (MM)	50	50	100
" "	396th Port Bn	200	150	350
Race Track	78th Ord Co (Depot)	40	40	80
" "	255th QM Bn (Serv) (Cld)	100	100	200
" "	301st QM Bn, Co "C" (Sterl)	50	50	100
" "	305th QM Co (Rhd) (Cld)	0	30	30
" "	246th QM Bn (Serv)	200	100	300
" "	55th QM Bn (Trk)	100	200	300

SECRET

HQ, IBS, SECURITY PLAN FOR PALERMO AREA - Cont'd - 26 Nov 43

<u>Assembly Area</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Initial Force</u>	<u>Reserve Force</u>	<u>Total Force</u>
Signal Depot	232nd QM Co (Salv Coll)	50	50	100
" "	206th Signal Co (Depot)	50	50	100
" "	177th Sig Rep Co, 3 Dets	0	0	0
Unit Bivouac	Hq & Hq Co, Island Base Sec.	100	50	150
" "	184th QM Co (Dep Sup)	0	50	50
" "	498th QM Co (Ldy)(Cld)	50	50	100
" "	549th QM Co (Ldy)(Cld)	100	80	180
Airport	54th QM Bn (Trk)	100	200	300
Staging Area #3	175th Engr Regt	400	100	500
Artillery Bks	3405th Ord Co (MM)	50	50	100
TOTAL IBS TROOPS		1850	1640	3490
#8 Via Catania	119th Infantry Brigade (Br)	100	100	200
Staging Area #3	46th Inf Regt, Sabauda Div (I)	300	200	500
TOTAL TROOPS		2250	1940	4190

Seventh Army units will protect Seventh Army Installations. Headquarters, Seventh Army will be contacted for any assistance necessary.

7. SPECIAL UNITS. Eight (8) light tanks and twenty four (24) half tracks will be combat loaded and manned by the 83rd Ord Co (HM) upon call from the Commanding Officer, Island Base Section.

8. ALERT SIGNAL. The Alert Signal will be an undulating note sounded on the air raid sirens or notification to assembly area commanders by telephone or by messenger. (The undulating note will be produced by turning the electric current to the sirens off and on at short intervals, depending on the characteristics of each siren).

9. AMMUNITION. All units will have full TBA allowance of ammunition on hand, ready for any emergency. Ammunition may be obtained at the Ordnance Base Depot near Piazza Olivuzza (Map Ref. B 422468). The use of grenades, gas and smoke against civilians is prohibited.

10. MEDICAL. a First Aid Stations are located at: Map Ref.

1. 10th P of E Dispensary, 404 Via Roma (old #52) 438474
2. Navy Dispensary, 19 Via Florestano Pepe 433480
3. Navy Dispensary, Via Aquasanta, 1 block N. of Via Cantieri 446490
4. 56th Medical - Mondello Staging Area
5. Between Red Cross Rec. & Bank of Italy on Via Cavour between Via Roma and Via Maqueda 438472

b Hospitals are located at:

1. 34th Station Hospital) Corner Via Dei Vesperi 441453
2. 59th Evac Hospital) & Via Filiciussa
3. 56th Medical Bn - Mondello Staging Area 415550

SECRET

HQ, IES, SECURITY PLAN FOR PALERMO AREA, dated 26 Nov 43 - Cont'd

11. UNIFORM: The following uniform will be worn by American Troops:

Wool O.D. Uniform
Steel helmet and liner
Leggings
Canteen (filled)
Web belt
First Aid Pack

NOTE: Officers will
carry carbines or wear
side arms.

British and Italian Soldiers will wear the uniforms prescribed by their commanding officers.
Troops will be armed with basic weapons.

R. SEARS
R. SEARS
Colonel, Ordnance
Commanding

1268

PA

ps

HEADQUARTER
2-DEC 1943
AMG.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL
EQUALS BRITISH CONFIDENTIAL

NR 269

(Note) DC/S (0431)

ADDRESSED FOR ACTION TO : FREEDOM HPTD FATIMA FOR INFO : 4668
FARGO
INFORMATION TO :
FROM : FILBOT FROM AMG TIME SENT : 011920A
IN REPLY REFER TO : FA-351 TIME RECD : 020847A
PRECEDENCE : PRIORITY

Reference FATIMA 1208 of 30 November F. No objection provided uniform pass issued and specimens forwarded. Grateful lists of all persons issued with passes which hope will be restricted as much as possible.

DISTRIBUTION

ADC (ATTENTION)

CC

(Info) Helmut L.

CONFIDENTIAL
EQUALS BRITISH CONFIDENTIAL

4813

AA
HEADQUARTERS
2-DEC-1943
AMG.

SECRET
EQUALS BRITISH FRONT SECRET AND SECRET

1265

SECRET
HRS 049

(Action) De v S (or SI)

ADDRESSED FOR ACTION TO: PATINA FOR JOYCE NOT PADOO : 4666
NOT FILED FOR AMG
INFORMATION TO :
FROM : EISENHOWER
IN REPLY REFER TO : 8249, PHOS
TIME SENT : 011000A
TIME RVD : 020000A
PRECEDENCE: PRIORITY

Authority is granted to issue passes to permit free circulation,
(Reference your 1208 dated 30th November.) of the Ministers and Undersec-
retaries of the Italian Government in Sicily and Sardinia.

DIST:

AMG

CO

QVS & SBO

BN

(Info) Adm Thin

SECRET
EQUALS BRITISH FRONT SECRET AND SECRET

4812

RECEIVED IN CODE

P.A.

ORIGINAL

RECEIVED AT
SLAND BASE SECTION



ccys (0131)

1216

MSG NR 1208
MSG CEN NR
TO FARGO

Secret

SECRET
CLASSIFICATION PRIORITY
TIME OF ORIGIN 301422
TIME OF RECEIPT 301820
TIME DECODED 302340

AUTHORITY \$S REQUESTED TO ISSUE PASSES TO PERMIT THE FREE CIRCULATION
OF THE MINISTERS AND UNDERSECRETARIES OF THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT
IN SICILY AND IN SARDINIA (D PAREN TO FREEDOM REPEAT FARGO REPEAT
FILPUT FROM FATIMA SIGNED JOYCE PAREN PD) THIS IS CONSIDERED
NECESSARY TO PERMIT PREPARATIONS FOR TURNING BACK THIS TERRITORY
TO ITALIAN JURISTDICTION PD A SIMILAR REQUEST HAS BEEN SENT FIFTEENTH
ARMY GROUP FOR REGION TWO AND CITY OF NAPLES

(ONE COPY ONLY RECD)

SECRET

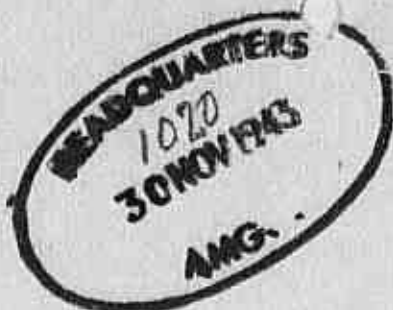
RECEIVED IN CODE

4811

ORIGINAL COPY 11-1055

ps

PA



CONFIDENTIAL
EQUALS BRITISH CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

HR-6477

1187

SC 28 (gnd)

ADDRESSED FOR ACTION TO : FATIMA FOR JOYCE
INFORMATION TO : FILIPOT, FARGO
FROM : CINO
IN REPLY REFER TO : HR-6477, PHOCT

IBOP : 1460
TIME SENT : 272030A
TIME RECD : 290915A
PRECEDENCE: ROUTINE

You are authorized to issue passes to Italian Officers to circulate in areas and for purposes stated your 1116 dated 25th November and with exception of Sicily in which all Italian equipment and supplies are already allotted.

DISTRIBUTION:

ACC (INFO)

GO

FM

CINCPAC

SAS

CONFIDENTIAL
EQUALS BRITISH CONFIDENTIAL

581

SECRET

IBS # : 4207
TIME SENT : 251153A
TIME RCVD : 260802A
PRECEDENCE: PRIORITY

4809

SECRET

AUTH ROAD
INITIALS E.E.V.
DATE 30 NOV. 1943.

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
SICILY REGION HEADQUARTERS
APO 394

29 November 1943.

MEMORANDUM:

NO 38:

SECURITY REPORTS

- (1) The following is a copy of communication received from Major General G. Clark, Commanding No. 1 District;

"This Headquarters is responsible for the general security of the whole of SICILY. To carry out this duty efficiently it is essential that reports on incidents and general conditions as a whole be sent direct to this Headquarters by S.C.A.O.'s of Provinces. At present such reports are sent either to your Headquarters or to I.B.S., and it is only when a situation is thought to be grave that this Headquarters is informed.

In order to assess the gravity of a situation, it is essential to know first the circumstances which ascertained before the crisis arose. This cannot be done on the present system.

Will you therefore please instruct the S.C.A.O.'s of all Provinces to forward direct to this Headquarters on 10th and 25th of each month, a report on conditions generally in their Provinces. This will be supplemented as necessary by reports of particular incidents, of which this Headquarters must know, if it is to carry out its role.

This is not to be confused with the Military Security Reports which are the responsibility of the C.I.C. and P.S. Section who work in close touch with S.C.A.P.O.'s and whose reports are forwarded direct to 7 Army, I.B.S. and No. 1 District."

- 2) A report will be submitted by each S.C.A.O. direct to Commanding General No. 1 District on 10th and 25th of each month a copy *4808* will be furnished Sicily Region Headquarters.

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CHARLES POLETTI
Lt. Colonel
Regional Civil Affairs Officer

DISTRIBUTION
"B"
Reg FS Div. 2
Reg HQ 3

SECRET

4435

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 512.

100/50

28 November 1943.

SUBJECT: Licensing of Motor Vehicles.

TO: Commanding General, Advanced Command Post,
Allied Control Commission,
Rome.

1. It is requested that this H.Q. be furnished with information regarding the existing system of licensing for motor vehicles in provinces now under the direct control of the Italian Government.
2. In order that licensing of motor vehicles may be uniform in all provinces it is necessary that certain points be clarified. The following questions are therefore put:
 - (a) Is the Italian system of motor vehicle registration and licensing in full operation throughout the territory under control of the Italian Government?
 - (b) Have any changes been made to the system?
 - (c) Is the Government in a position to supply this H.Q. with bollardini (motor vehicle tax receipts issued by the Italia Automobile Club d'Italia) for the year 1944 for use in the area under A.M.G. control?
 - (d) Can the bollardini be made available, if so, where and when?
 - (e) In what manner is the circulation of motor vehicles restricted?
 - (f) What system of motor fuel rationing is in operation?
3. May this H.Q. please be furnished with a specimen of the bollardini for the year 1944.
4. In view of the short time available for planning the licensing of motor vehicles for 1944, may the matter please be treated as urgent.

Per Brigadier General Mackay.

3807

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

2. In order that licensing of motor vehicles may be uniform in all provinces it is necessary that certain points be clarified. The following questions are therefore put:-

- (a) Is the Italian system of motor vehicle registration and licensing in full operation throughout the territory under control of the Italian Government?
- (b) Have any changes been made to the system?
- (c) Is the Government in a position to supply this H.Q. with bollettari (motor vehicle tax receipts issued by the small automobile club d'Italia) for the year 1944 for use in the area under A.M.C. control?
- (d) Can the bollettari be made available, if so, where and when?
- (e) In what manner is the circulation of motor vehicles restricted?
- (f) What system of motor fuel rationing is in operation?

3. May this H.Q. please be furnished with a specimen of the bollettari for the year 1944.

4. In view of the short time available for planning the licensing of motor vehicles for 1944, may the matter please be treated as urgent.

The Brigadier General Secretary.

CHARLES H. HUMPHREY, Colonel,
Deputy Chief of Staff.

Copy to: Public Safety Sub-Commission,
Interior Sub-Commission.

807

P.S. file

370,111



781

*P.R.O.
Pub. Safety
D.C.S.O.
Adm. Dir*

171155A NR 757 3693

SECRET ROUTINE IDR 3711

FROM: 5th ARMY AMM

171535A

TO : CG SEVENTH ARMY

Held press conference, at 3 PM 13 November attended by about 25 correspondents also public relations officers of AFHQ and 5th Army. Subject, Dismissal of prominent Fascist Officer Bearers. A mimeographed list by name of those removed was given out together with questionnaire. Conference considered highly successful by public relations officers. Copies of release forwarded to you today.

(FIVE COPIES AND TO FILMOT FOR AMM RPT TO IDR FOR PARCH RPT FOR FREEDOM FOR AMM)

DIST:

AMM

CG

FOR

SECRET
EQUALS BRITISH MOST SECRET AND SECRET

4806

Brig Quarterback!
In a point I forgot to
give you this before

This is the note about the CARABINIERI which I
showed to you & Col. Stafford Friday. It is a draft
(the 6 you) which will come from me in 95 in
due course; it contains the substance
of the matter, but not taking the

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS

DSJ/DGW/cags

Military Government Section

form of the letter I sent it

back to be redrafted - 93

asked that a personal approach
should be made to G.O.C. 1 District
by Amg H.Q. on the matter.

18th November, 1943 *W. Jolly*

WGS 014.12

SUBJECT: Control and Direction of the Carabinieri Reali.

TO : H.Q., A.G.C. (A.M.G.) C.M.F.

1. A suggestion has been received at this Headquarters, from No. 1 District, that the Carabinieri should be placed under military control. In replying to the appropriate branch at this Headquarters, who had referred the matter to this section for consideration, it was stated that the proposal was unacceptable for the following reasons:-

(a) AMG has been set up with the object of relieving the armies of the responsibilities of government of occupied territories. To govern, decisions must be enforced by some power.

(b) The Carabinieri are the only force available to AMG for the enforcement of their laws and proclamations.

2. The proposal put forward by No. 1 District, was based upon six points which are tabulated hereunder, together with our recommendations for suggested action to remedy the alleged shortcomings of the situation.

(a) The Carabinieri now operate entirely separate to the Allied Military police.

In order to remove any possible justification that there may be in this statement, you are requested to issue instructions to promote the closest liaison between C.P.O's and Provost Officers.

(b) Lack of proper direction by AMG to ensure compliance with minor regulations.

No instances of lack of direction were quoted, and action taken under sub-paragraph (a) will doubtless remove any cause for complaint.

(c) Meagre pay and connivance in black marketing.

No record of rates of pay for the Carabinieri are available, but it is requested that you should consider

- 2 -

arranging a higher ration scale for members of this force in order to remove a possible inducement to dealings in the black market.

- (d) Carabinieri units will shortly arrive in Sicily on a higher rate of pay.

It is understood that Carabinieri units will shortly arrive in Sicily with an Italian Field Division. It seems illogical that there should be two rates of pay within the same force, and that members of the Carabinieri when serving with the Army should receive greater remuneration than when performing their duties with the civilian population. Details of rates of pay will be known to your H.Q.'s, and you are asked to inform this H.Q. should you consider it advisable to revise the existing scales.

- (e) Aversion of British Commanders to employ Italian troops as guards.

In certain cases divisional troops might not prove satisfactory as guards, and it is requested, therefore, that you should be prepared to provide Carabinieri for this purpose after investigation of specific instances.

- (f) Scarcity of food and threat of riots.

Details of arrangements for the supply of food are known, and it is considered that should there be riots the need will be for an efficient Carabinieri working closely with the military, but not necessarily under military direction.

3. The progress achieved in re-forming the Carabinieri, and in helping the force to regain its morale and efficiency is well appreciated. The settlement of the above points in regard to liaison and co-operation with the military should receive early attention in order to ensure harmonious relations in all dealings with the force.

D. S. JACKLING,
Lt. Colonel,
Military Government Section.

1586