

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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10000/109/226
(VOL. I)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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VOL. I)

MINUTES, VP'S MEETINGS
OCT. 1944 - SEPT. 1945

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

113

P.G. to E. Com

Date 11/6/80 a.m. 11/6/80

3
10/10/80

11/9

120

11/6-11/8 seen by E. Com

11/5/80

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

551

6-7

102

to Com

Thru for 101

51

103

101 sent by Ex Com

to 9

107

Gen. P. Russell

106 for information

to 1/8

108

to be examined

101 seen by Ex Com
to 9

107

Gen. P. Russell

106 for information

to 1/8

108

105, 106 seen by Executive Commissioner.

to 9/8

109
109-110 seen

110/111

112

113-114 seen by Ex Com

to 10/9

115

Ex. Com

To see folio 23

74

W. B. 11/13/35
10 May

81

80 seen by Ex. Com. 13/6.

84

83 seen by Ex. Com. 21/6.

92

90 seen by E.C. 18/6

96

9495 seen by Executive Committee.

98

Executive Com.

folio 97 for information

92

90 seen by E.C. $\frac{19}{6}$

96

9695 seen by Executive Committee.

$\frac{27}{5}$

98

Executive Com.

7010 97 /a separator

257

80 to CC

99

CSO

1007 115

There are three 50 in the minutes

172 (2617)

Noted LB

549

See Please note page 97
Jan 24/7

Executive Confidential:

30.

At 53 please see history of the meeting of 15 February.

21 February 45.

See 4/3/22/5

For U.S.C.

55

Excom

Meeting 22/2 - 24/2

Seen by Excom
24/2

✓

61.

A/Excom

W.P.S. meeting - very

interesting Meeting 28/3

(Note to Excom)

26/3 Meeting 2

63

Seen by ExCom
24/2

61

A/Selene

V.P.S. meeting
Wednesday starting 28/3
(see to appear)

36/3 Noted. 2 37 28/3

63

A/Selene

V.P.S. meeting, in which, 28/3, 28/2

30/3 Noted. 2 31 30/2

68

Seen to 67 — 11/25/4

11

To seen by ExCom. 28/3 29/4

28 Jan 88 39
 22 Jan 88

32

31 Jan 88 by COS #3 Jan 88
 32 Jan 88 by COS #3 Jan 88

37
 COS 16 Jan 86 (minutes of last VP meeting)

31 Jan 88 31/12

41

COS 16 Jan 40 6/1 MS/61

42

COS Minutes of V.P. meeting 18/6

22/11 Seen by COS 18/12

43

COS Minutes of V.P. meeting 25/1 18/12
 22/11

MS/61

42

Cos Minutes of V.P.'s meeting 18/6

22/11. Seen by 03. 100

41

Cos Minutes of V.P.'s meeting 25/1

27/11. 100

48 51

Cos 49 in minutes of V.P.'s meeting

9 Feb 1. 100

Refined character
Conduct

NW. 100

Study
Study
Study
New

547

10P.A. to COS

will be placed in the COS

P.A. action is required in

pp ~~7-8~~ 8-9.

S. 24/10.

8.0.2.11

I have already reminded COS, and marked appropriate paragraphs on copy of the minutes submitted to Gen. Clark about the closing of the C.O.S. regarding the closing of the C.O.S. explanation of the troops and the C.O.S. civilian restaurants. Col. Clough shd. be appointed & Col. Yonjot decided. P.A. to COS 24/10.

L.O. to Gen Nails

12 Dec 24/10

20

S.O.2.

II

I have already reminded COS and marked appropriate paragraphs on copy of the minutes submitted to Gen. Clark about the willful blunder. He spoke regarding the closing of explanation of the troops regarding the COS. civilian restaurants. Col. Clough 8hd. be appointed & Col. Yonjot decided P.R. 24/10. L.O. to Gen Nares. P.A. to C.D.S.

12 Jan 28/10/11

20

COS

Minutes of last V.P.'s meeting at 19

27/10

12 Jan 28/10/11 MS/24/11

26.

COS. Minutes of last V.P.'s meeting at 28. 54
Sgt. 24/10

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APC 394

CC 559

4 September 1945

VICE PRESIDENTS' MEETING

The next Vice Presidents' Meeting will be held in the Chief Commissioner's Conference Room at 1000 hours on Wednesday 5 September 1945.

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VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section
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Political Adviser (A)
Political Adviser (S)
Naval Subcommittee
Land Forces Subcommittee (MHA)
Air Forces Subcommittee
Liaison Office (SO)
French Representative, AC
Russian Representative, AC
Public Relations Branch.

545 See 118-120

SEP 1945

29 August 1945

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
AFG 394

CG 554/20

MINUTE

Vice President's Meeting, 1000 hours 29 August 1945, Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, 51 Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Brigadier Bush, Brigadier Anderson, Colonel Denmore, Brigadier Carr, Colonel Parkin, Mr. Jones, Mr. Hopkins, Air Vice Marshal Brodie, Colonel Kerr, Rear Admiral Warren, Major General Kienbo, Captain Mueller, Mr. Brown, Colonel Menapace, Colonel Walton.

1. Formation of U.S. Army Officers

With reference to para 1 of Minutes of 22 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that a revised American T/O had been received which, although not granting all that was asked, will permit certain provisions in U.S. Army field grades.

2. Financial Responsibility for Civilian Supplies

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 22 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that he, Brigadier Bush, and Colonel Denmore recently had met with Mr. Kenny, Chief of UNRRA Italian Mission, to discuss civil supply and other relief responsibilities. The amount of money involved in the UNRRA program is believed to be approximately 450 million dollars, and UNRRA is proceeding on the presumption that the U.S. Congress will appropriate additional UNRRA funds. Although FEA's responsibility in connection with civilian supplies for Italy is through 1945 only, there is a possibility that FEA might act as the procuring agency in Washington when UNRRA takes over. To carry out its work in Italy, it will be necessary for UNRRA to augment its present limited staff and they will be looking for additional personnel, some of whom could well come from AC, which possibility Mr. Kenny is investigating. It will be necessary for the Economic Section to work in close coordination with the UNRRA Italian Mission and for the AC to do everything in its power to get UNRRA off to a good start.

3. Future of the Commission

The Chief Commissioner stated that no information has been received as to the future of the AC, although it might be expected to continue until the formal peace treaty, which possibly will not be completed before Christmas.

Continuation of Discussions in Italian Government

With reference to para 1 of Minutes of 22 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that a revised American W/O had been received which, although not granting all that was asked, will permit certain promotions in U.S. Army field grades.

2. Financial Responsibility for Civilian Supplies

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 22 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that he, Brigadier Cash, and Colonel Demaree recently had met with Mr. Kenny, Chief of UNRRA Italian Mission, to discuss civil supply and other relief responsibilities. The amount of money involved in the UNRRA program is believed to be approximately 450 million dollars, and UNRRA is proceeding on the presumption that the U.S. Congress will appropriate additional UNRRA funds. Although FEA's responsibility in connection with civilian supplies for Italy is through 1945 only, there is a possibility that FEA might act as the procuring agency in Washington when UNRRA takes over. To carry out its work in Italy, it will be necessary for UNRRA to augment its present limited staff and they will be looking for additional personnel, some of whom could well come from AC, which possibility Mr. Kenny is investigating. It will be necessary for the Economic Section to work in close coordination with the UNRRA Italian Mission and for the AC to do everything in its power to get UNRRA off to a good start.

3. Future of the Commission

The Chief Commissioner stated that no information has been received as to the future of the AC, although it might be expected to continue until the formal peace treaty, which possibly will not be completed before Christmas.

4. Restoration of Provinces to Italian Government

With reference to para 3 of Minutes of 22 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that recent information reveals that the U.S. Government is sympathetic to the Italian Government's request that UNRRA be returned at the same time as the other northern provinces. The U.S. Government also feels that if ROZZANO is returned at the present time, it should be made clear that the handback is made without prejudice to the final disposition of that province by the peace treaty. No reply has yet been received from the Combined Chiefs of Staff as to the actual date of the handback, however the Chief Commissioner stated that every effort should be made to effect the turnover on 15 September. Brigadier Cash was directed to start work on the turnover, considering 15 September as the date.

5. Shift Within Folgore Division

With reference to para 4 of Minutes of 22 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that the Folgore Division was not being shifted as a unit, but

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that the shift involved certain regiments within the division. Colonel Kerr stated that a Security Brigade was being formed in Bari to relieve the 8th Marine Regiment, which should be completely assembled there before 3 September. The Chief Commissioner stated that Admiral Leardini, Italian Minister of Marine, had requested that the Bari Marine Regiment be returned to the Italian Navy jurisdiction and that this should be arranged as soon as possible.

6. Political Parties

Mr. Tordella gave a brief review of the general political situation. At a meeting of the Executive Council of the Socialist Party a motion was passed unanimously criticizing Moschella's attack on the policy of fusion with the Communists. The Council of Ministers heard a report on political and economic conditions in Sicily given by the High Commissioner for Sicily and discussed a program of public works to be undertaken there. The first calculation on the probable representation in the Assembly are as follows: 75 Socialists, 74 Christian Democrats, 65 Liberals, 62 Communists, 5 Action Party, 44 Labor Democrats, 27 Independents, 11 Monarchists, and 1 Christian Left. The Office of the President of the Council has issued a communication providing for the election of a prefect and other local authorities in the Val d'Aosta, and adding that the Government intended to make the same provision for the other frontier regions. At a press conference Professor Barbi expressed the hope that a peace treaty or a new international status would be achieved before the national elections were held. He added that it was the Government's intention to hold elections for the Constituent Assembly as soon as possible, although the following conditions were necessary for the summoning of the Constituent Assembly: (1) completion of complex technical details; (2) public security must be such as to permit of elections being held; and (3) a "plebiscite" must be held between the political parties. The Prime Minister added that even if public order were generally satisfactory it would be difficult to hold elections unless the political parties were pledged to construct a free, legal, and honest fight, a condition which certainly would have to be met when the time came.

7. Handover of Non-Fascist POW's

With reference to para 6 of minutes of 13 August 1945, Brigadier Kerr stated that the arrangements made to transfer Italian non-fascist POW's from civil prisons to the POW Camp at MUDRIA have fallen through in the MUDRIA case, through some mis-ops, has been disrupted. Attached are being sent to the over station case. Brigadier Kerr reported that the Italian War Minister had to have taken over operation of the POW camp at MUDRIA on 26 August. The Italian Army is taking over all U.S. equipment at the camp and a U.S. Italian Detachment is continuing to operate the equipment.

on the probable representation in the councils are as follows: 75 Socialists, 74 Christian Democrats, 62 Liberals, 62 Communists, 50 Action Party, 44 Labor Democrats, 27 Independents, 11 Democrats, and 1 Christian Left. The failure of the President of the Council has issued a communique providing for the election of a prefect and other local authorities in the Via d'Acate, and adding that the Government intended to raise the same provisions for the other Southern regions. At a press conference Professor Paris expressed the hope that a peace treaty or a new international status would be achieved before the national elections were held. He added that it was the Government's intention to hold elections for the Constituent Assembly as soon as possible, although the following conditions were necessary for the organizing of the Constituent Assembly: (1) completion of complex technical details; (2) public security must be such as to permit of elections being held; and (3) a system of justice must be made between the political parties. The Prime Minister added that even if public order were generally satisfactory it would be difficult to hold elections unless the political parties were pledged to conduct a free, legal, and honest fight, a condition which certainly would have to be met when the time came.

7. Handover of Ince-fascist POW's

With reference to para 6 of Summary of 15 August 1945, Brigadier Court stated that the arrangements made to transfer Italian non-fascist POW's from civil prisons to the POW Camp at MURBIA have fallen through as the SS have been dismantled. Attempts are being made to take over another camp. Colonel Kerr reported that the Italian War Ministry was to have taken over operation of the POW camp at MURBIA on 20 August. The Italian Army is taking over all U.S. equipment at the camp and a U.S. liaison detachment is coming to operate the equipment.

8. Wheat Situation

With reference to para 13 of Summary of 22 August 1945, Colonel Williams reported that 42% of the target has been reached. Target figures for the North are being reviewed. He added that because of storm damage to the northern corn crop, the wheat requirements would have to be increased by 225,000 tons, requiring monthly imports of 137,000 tons. Colonel Williams suggested that this figure possibly might have to be raised to 250,000 tons. The Chief Commissioner requested that strongest representations be made to the Ministry of Agriculture, the Prime Minister's Office, and to all Regional Commissioners to exert every effort toward obtaining wheat supplies. Colonel Williams reported that an officer from the Economic Section was being sent to the North for the sole purpose of expediting this program.

9. Directive for Air Force's Examination

Air-Vice Marshal Leslie reported that with the dissolving of the RAF into two separate units, RAF/India and RAF/AFRO, a new directive has been issued for the Air Force's examination requiring it to report directly to the

SECRET

116
SECRET
Secretariat of the newly-formed Mediterranean Allied Air Committee on military matters and to the Chief Commissioner AG on policy matters.

10. Italian Civil Aviation

Air Vice Marshal Brodie states that SALMON has made recommendations to the Combined Chiefs in connection with Italian civil aviation, and he requested that when a reply is received, no information be released to the press until it had been cleared properly through AG and the Italian Air Ministry had been informed. The Chief Commissioner concurred in this recommendation.

11. Law and Order in the North

Brigadier Lush gave a brief report on his trip to the North. While there was an increasing feeling of confidence with respect to general law and order, there is still a great deal of banditry going on in the mountainous frontier provinces. Some local Allied commanders are taking excellent action on their own initiative to train Carabinieri to take care of these bandit groups.

Next Vice Presidents' Meeting - Wednesday, 5 September 1945.

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VI, Establishment Section (2)
Political Advisor (4)
Political Advisor (2)
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Land Forces Subcommittee (AGCA)
Air Forces Subcommittee
French Representative, AC
Soviet Representative, AC
Italian Office (DI)

L. H. STANLEY
Major, AG
Staff Officer to OC

...there is still a great deal of banditry going on in the mountainous frontier provinces. Some local Allied commanders are taking excellent action on their own initiative to train Guatemalans to take care of these bandit groups.

Next Vice President's Meeting - Wednesday, 5 September 1945.

W. L. Sullivan
W. L. Sullivan
Major, AGO
Staff Officer to CG

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- Air Forces Subcommittee
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- Soviet Representative, AG
- Liaison Office (BI)
- Public Relations Branch
- American Ambassador
- British Ambassador
- G-2, AFHQ (5)
- Chief Financial Advisor

- 3 -
SECRET

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

Ex C

114

29 AUG 1945

CG 552

28 August 1945

VICE PRESIDENTS' MEETING

AUG 28 1945

The next Vice Presidents' Meeting will be held in the Chief Commissioner's Conference Room at 1000 hours on Wednesday 29 August 1945.

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- Political Adviser (B)
- Naval Subcommittee
- Land Forces Subcommittee (RMIA)
- Air Forces Subcommittee
- Liaison Office (2C)
- French Representative, AC
- Russian Representative, AC
- Public Relations Branch

(E.C.)

ACK [Signature] 3425
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Executive Council

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner

APR 394

02 551/27

22 August 1945

M I N D 2 3 5

AUG 28 1945

Vice President's Meeting, 1000 hours 22 August 1945, Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, HQ Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Colonel Fiore, Colonel Demetrio, Brigadier Carr, Colonel Parola, Mr. Jones, Air Vice Marshal Bradie, Major General Brown, Major General Warren, Major General Eleanco, Colonel Keri, Lieutenant d'Arenas, Captain Moulet, Major Bergh.

1. Promotion of U.S. Army Officer.

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 15 August 1945, Colonel Fiore reported that to reply has been received to the T/O and promotion letter sent to MIOUSA on the 13th of August. The Chief Commissioner said that he would make this up at Caserta on 29 August.

2. Financial Responsibility for Civilian Supplies.

The Chief Commissioner stated that the morning's press reported that the USRA meeting in London had approved a program that USRA finance relief in Italy, beginning probably 1 January 1946. It was reported that U.S. had taken the position that they would not contribute further to USRA if USRA was not going to include Italy as one of the countries receiving full relief. The Chief Commissioner said that FEA is understood to have an appropriation of \$100,000,000 to cover the rest of 1945, and with USRA taking over for 1946, the question of financial responsibility for civilian supplies for Italy now appears to be settled, subject to action by Congress on further U.S. financing of USRA. The USRA meeting also approved the proposal to feed displaced persons, regardless of political beliefs and whether or not they desire to return to their native countries.

3. Restoration of Provinces to Italian Government.

With reference to para 5 of Minutes of 15 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that he had recommended to AMG that the northern provinces should be transferred to the Italian Government on 15 September, with the exception of UBINE which it is proposed to turn back 1 December. Venezia Giulia is to be maintained under AMG, as instructed by OCS, until the disposition of that territory is determined at the Peace Conference.

... to inform him in

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 15 August 1945, Colonel Fiske reported that no reply has been received to the T/O and promotion letter sent to MTOUSA on the 15th of August. The Chief Commissioner will that he would take this up at Deseris on 23 August.

2. Financial Responsibility for Civilian Supplies.

The Chief Commissioner stated that the morning's press reported that the UNRRA meeting in London had approved a proposal that UNRRA finances called in Italy, beginning probably 1 January 1946. It was reported that U.S. had taken the position that they would not contribute further to UNRRA if UNRRA was not going to include Italy as one of the countries receiving full relief. The Chief Commissioner said that UNRRA is understood to have an appropriation of \$10,000,000 to cover the rest of 1945, and with UNRRA taking over for 1946, the question of financial responsibility for civilian supplies for Italy now appears to be settled, subject to action by Congress on further U.S. financing of UNRRA. The UNRRA meeting also approved the proposal to feed displaced and placed persons, regardless of political beliefs and whether or not they desire to return to their native countries.

3. Restoration of Provinces to Italian Government.

With reference to para 8 of Minutes of 15 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that he had recommended to AMT that the northern provinces should be transferred to the Italian Government on 15 September, with the exception of UMBRIA which is proposed to turn back 1 December. Venezia Giulia is to be maintained under AMT, as instructed by COS, until the disposition of that territory is determined at the Peace Conference.

The Chief Commissioner called on Prime Minister Parri to inform him in general of the foregoing, and the Prime Minister voiced no objection to the 15 September date. Prof. Parri would like UMBRIA to be returned with the other northern provinces, with full reservations to the Allied military authorities to protect their lines of communication. SALMER has been so informed. The Chief Commissioner told Prof. Parri that at the time of the handover of the northern provinces announcement would be made that UMBRIA would be definitely returned by 1 December, which was a compromise date.

At the moment the Combined Chiefs have directed that Bolzano is not to be returned to the Italian Government, but it is believed that that position may be altered permitting Bolzano to be turned back with the provision that such action should not prejudice the ultimate disposition of the province.

4. Disturbances in Trieste Province.

With reference to para 9 of Minutes of 15 August 1945, Colonel Fiske reported

SECRET

541

(Exc)

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that the predicted disturbances in the Province of Taranto had not materialized.

5. Peace Conference.

The Chief Commissioner reported that Signor Turchiani, the Italian Ambassador to Washington, had called on him in Rome and had expressed his opinion that in the U.S. there was an increased understanding of the Italian problem. Ambassador Turchiani is going to stop in London on his way back to the U.S. The Chief Commissioner is of the opinion that his stop there has reference to the preliminary discussions in London in connection with the peace treaty. The Italian press has named several high Italian officials as delegates in the Italian representation at London. The Chief Commissioner was of the opinion that in view of the action at Potsdam where Polish delegates were authorized to discuss their frontier problems, the Italians would also be requested to send delegates to discuss Italian treaty problems.

6. Visit of Congressional Party.

The Chief Commissioner reported that a Congressional group had held hearings at AC HQ on 20 August with members of the Commission, PW, UNRRA, USIS, and the Army-Navy Liquidation Board present.

7. Political Rumors.

Mr. Jones gave a brief resume of the general political situation. Prime Minister Parri held a press conference on 18 August and stated that while he was not satisfied with the present state of internal security and public law and order, neither was he alarmed as he saw signs of improvement. He stated that many of the press reports of disturbances were exaggerated. The Prime Minister emphasized that an efficient police force was necessary to restore public law and order, and that the Carabinieri and the Italian police force would be rejuvenated. He also said that the transfer of Allied material and equipment, particularly trucks, would be very helpful to the Italian economy. When asked why the Government rejected the proposal to grant the right to vote to 18 year olds, the Prime Minister explained that the Government had not sufficient time to prepare electoral lists including them. He also stated that the Government had not yet expressed its official opinion as to the holding of local elections before national elections. Regarding Spain, the Prime Minister stated that Italy would follow the line of the United Nations. The press reported that the Italian and Swiss Governments had made arrangements to settle old debts, to take up again commercial exchanges, and to determine what part Switzerland can play in the reconstruction of Italy. Plans made will involve an annual exchange valued at 140,000,000 Swiss francs. Switzerland has made a loan to Italy of 80,000,000 francs for reconstruction. In this connection, the Chief Commissioner stated that while the Combined

6. Visit of Congressional Party.

The Chief Commissioner reported that a Congressional group had held hearings at AC HQ on 20 August with members of the Commission, NSA, INRPA, USIS, and the Army-Navy Liquidation Board present.

7. Political Remarks.

Mr. Jones gave a brief resume of the general political situation. Prime Minister Barri held a press conference on 18 August and stated that while he was not satisfied with the present state of internal security and public law and order, neither was he alarmed as he saw signs of improvement. He stated that many of the press reports of disturbances were exaggerated. The Prime Minister emphasized that an efficient police force was necessary to restore public law and order, and that the Carabinieri and the Italian police force would be reorganized. He also said that the transfer of allied material and equipment, particularly trucks, would be very helpful to the Italian security. When asked why the Government rejected the proposal to grant the right to vote to 18 year olds, the Prime Minister explained that the Government had not sufficient time to prepare electoral lists including them. He also stated that the Government had not yet expressed its official opinion as to the holding of local elections before national elections. Regarding Spain, the Prime Minister stated that Italy would follow the line of the United Nations. The press reported that the Italian and Swiss Governments had made arrangements to settle old debts, to take up again commercial exchanges, and to determine what part Switzerland can play in the reconstruction of Italy. Plans made will involve an annual exchange valued at 180,000,000 Swiss francs. Switzerland has made a loan to Italy of 80,000,000 francs for reconstruction. In this connection, the Chief Commissioner stated that while the Combined Chiefs of Staff permitted the Italian Government to negotiate with foreign governments with a minimum of scrutiny on the part of AC, the Italian Government should have informed AC of such negotiations pursuant to the American ACP Memoirs, and he therefore directed the Executive Commissioner to prepare a letter to Foreign Minister De Gasperi stating the Commission's objections to the procedure followed.

8. Distribution of Civilian Supplies.

Brigadier Carrastated that while full responsibility for the distribution of civilian medical supplies passed to the Italian Government on 25 August, they had not taken over fully due to inefficiency of the distributing agency, ENTIMA. To help correct this situation a letter to the Prime Minister pointing out the deficiencies has been prepared for the Chief Commissioner's approval.

112

9. Election Lists in Venezia Giulia.

Brigadier Carr reported that a cable had been received stating that AFHQ now considers that the holding of local elections in Venezia Giulia would not be expedient at this time. Brigadier Carr stated that in view of that, the question now arose as to whether or not the compilation of electoral lists should be continued. The Chief Commissioner requested Brigadier Carr to review previous cables and if the answer was not found, to ask AFHQ for a decision.

10. Italian Electoral Law.

Brigadier Carr stated that no answer has yet been received to the Chief Commissioner's letter to the Prime Minister calling attention to the many bad features in the electoral law of 1931, under which the elections will be held. Prime Minister Parri had told Brigadier Carr that this matter would be given his personal attention and that a reply would be made in a few days. The Chief Commissioner requested Brigadier Carr to prepare a tracer to the Prime Minister.

11. Shift of Folgore Division.

General Browning reported that the shift of the Folgore Division was proceeding satisfactorily and would be completed in December. The San Marco Regiment was extremely well received in Bari, and the General expressed the opinion that the advance reports on the Nemo Regiment were greatly exaggerated. The 5th Army has requested AFHQ to furnish specific instances of the charges made against this Regiment, and in this connection the Chief Commissioner directed the Executive Commissioner to check the file to see if the 15th Air Intelligence reports made the charges. In response to a question by the Chief Commissioner, General Browning and Admiral Warren stated that the problem of retraining the San Marco (Marina) Regiment to the jurisdiction of the Italian Navy would be taken up in September or October, after the move of the Regiment had been completed.

12. Return of Italian Ports.

Admiral Warren gave a brief report on his trip North and stated that it was expected that the port of Genoa would return to Italian control 1 September. It is hoped that Venice also may be returned 1 September, but that is not certain as General Harding informed Admiral Warren that Venice should be kept as a standby for Trieste.

13. Wheat Harvesting.

With reference to para 7 of Minutes of 15 August 1945, Colonel Pennington reported that the target figure for all of Italy was set at 1,150,000 metric tons, as compared to last year's collections of 1,114,000 in central and

11. Shift of Folgore Division.

General Browning reported that the shift of the Folgore Division was proceeding satisfactorily and would be completed in September. The San Marco Regiment was extremely well received in Bari, and the General expressed the opinion that the division reports on the San Marco Regiment were greatly overstated. The 3rd Army has requested AMB to furnish specific instances of the charges made against this regiment, and in this connection the Chief Commissioner directed the Executive Commissioner to check the file to see if the main intelligence reports made the charges. In response to a question by the Chief Commissioner, General Browning and Admiral Warren stated that the problem of re-arming the San Marco (Marino) Regiment to the jurisdiction of the Italian Navy would be taken up in September or October, after the move of the Regiment has been completed.

12. Return of Italian Ports.

Admiral Warren gave a brief report on his trip North and stated that it was expected that the port of Genoa would return to Italian control 1 September. It is hoped that Venice also may be returned 1 September, but that is not certain as General Hertling informed Admiral Warren that Venice should be kept as a standby for Trieste.

13. Must Amassing.

With reference to para 7 of Minutes of 15 August 1945, Colonel Danvers reported that the target figure for all of Italy was set at 1,150,000 metric tons, as compared to last year's collections of 1,144,000 in central and southern Italy only. This would call for imports of 111,000 tons monthly, on a 3 month basis. To date approximately 35% of the target has been amassed, which compares favorably with the percentage last year at this time. In the AMB territory in the North, 30% has been amassed. In Italian Government territory, 32% has been amassed. Present amassings in areas that were AMB-controlled a year ago are running well below last year's, while amassings in territory that was enemy-occupied last year are in certain cases running up to 100% of the target figures. The Chief Commissioner therefore questioned the validity of the target figures in the North and requested that they be revisited. Colonel Danvers stated that cables have been sent to the regional commissioners requesting reports and emphasizing the necessity of amassing.

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14. Appointments.

Colonel Fiske reported that there have been a number of new senior appointments in the Commission and that they would be announced by Executive Order within a few days. The Chief Commissioner stated that for the first time in the Commission history there is now an equal number of American and British heads of the sub-commissions.

Next Vice-Presidents' Meeting - Wednesday, 29 August 1945.

• • • • •

L. W. Sturges
L. W. STURGES,
Major, AGO,
Staff Officer to CC.

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- Land Forces Sub-Commission (M&IA)
- Air Forces Sub-Commission
- Liaison Office (25)
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- Soviet Representative, AG
- Public Relations Branch
- American Ambassador
- British Ambassador
- G-5, AHR (5)
- SOAG, Venetia Giulia Region
- Chief Financial Advisor

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

L. W. STALPNE,

Major, JOD,

Staff Officer to EC.

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- 4 -
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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

OC 559

14 August 1945.

VICE PRESIDENTS' MEETING

AUG 14 1945

The next Vice Presidents' Meeting will be held in the Chief Commissioner's Conference Room at 1000 hours on Wednesday, 15 August 1945.

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CC 552/5

8 August 1945

MINUTES

Vice President's Meeting, 1000 hours, 8 August 1945, Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, Hq Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Brigadier Lush, Colonel Bennet, Brigadier Upton, Colonel Parkin, Mr. Jones, Mr. Halford, Colonel Kerr, Air Vice Marshal Brodie, Comodoro Ziroli, General Kislenco, Lieutenant Diavenzo, Mr. Brown.

1. Situation

With reference to para 4 of Minutes of 1 August 1945, Brigadier Upton stated that the defendant was in the witness chair in an AMU court, and when he made certain derogatory remarks about the Carabinieri, one of the Carabinieri took immediate offense and shot him.

2. Restoration of Additional Provinces to Italian Government

With reference to para 6 of Minutes of 1 August 1945, Brigadier Lush advised that early reports indicated that the takeover was going smoothly.

3. Promotions of U.S. Army Officers

With reference to para 8 of Minutes of 1 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner said that while the freeze of promotions of U.S. Army officers had been lifted, AFMUSA, without consulting the Commission, had revised the essential Table of Organization. Under the new T/O, Colonel Parkin stated that the Commission could promote one lieutenant to the rank of Captain. The Chief Commissioner desired to protest such arbitrary action on the part of AFMUSA, and directed Colonel Parkin to prepare a strong formal letter of protest.

4. Awards to U.S. Army Officers

The Chief Commissioner reported that AFMUSA has modified the policy on foreign awards to permit A.C. American personnel to accept such awards, subject to AFMUSA approval, while still on duty with A.C.

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1. Duration

With reference to para 4 of Minutes of 1 August 1945, Brigadier Upton stated that the detainee was in the witness chair in an AG court, and when he made certain derogatory remarks about the Carabinieri, one of the Carabinieri took immediate offense and shot him.

2. Restoration of Additional Privileges to Italian Government

With reference to para 6 of Minutes of 1 August 1945, Brigadier Lush advised that early reports indicated that the turnover was going smoothly.

3. Promotions of U.S. Army Officers

With reference to para 8 of Minutes of 1 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner said that while the process of promotions of U.S. Army officers had been initiated, MGUSA, without consulting the Commission, had revised the General Table of Organization. Under the new T/O, Colonel Perkins stated that the Commission could promote and lieutenant to the rank of Captain. The Chief Commissioner desired to protest such arbitrary action on the part of MGUSA and directed Colonel Perkins to prepare a strong formal letter of protest.

4. Awards to U.S. Army Officers

The Chief Commissioner reported that MGUSA has modified the policy on foreign awards to permit U.S. American personnel to accept such awards, subject to MGUSA approval, while still on duty with U.S.

5. Financial Responsibility for Civilian Supplies

With reference to para 9 of Minutes of 1 August 1945, the Chief Commissioner said that as a result of protests to MGUSA, a strong cable has been sent to the S.O.S. pointing out the gravity of the situation and expressing his concern over the lack of procurement of civilian supplies this month for arrival here in October. There is a difference of opinion between the British and U.S. Governments as to who should take responsibility, not that military responsibility is to MGUSA. The British Government puts its faith in MGUSA, while the U.S. Government expects MGUSA to take over, although as yet, at the end of July, T.O.S. and the War Department had not agreed on the procedure. In the meantime, the problem is being examined at the current meeting of MGUSA in London. Unless the question is solved quickly the Italian Civil Supply situation will be in bad shape, beginning in October. It is hoped that MGUSA's telegram will have reached, permitting the military agencies to continue procurement until such time as agreement is reached. This question has affected the proposed turnover of administration of the Italian Army to the Italian Government, commencing in October. Inasmuch as there is no agreement on the

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soliving supplies for the civil population, the Italian Government could not be expected to feed the Italian Army until this matter is cleared.

6. Changes in the Commission.

The Chief Commissioner stated that Mr. McCloy, Assistant Secretary of War, had been in Rome the past few days on his way home from the Potsdam Conference. Mr. McCloy informed the Chief Commissioner that there are no immediate changes contemplated in either the Commission or its personnel. The Chief Commissioner and the U.S. Ambassador emphasized the advisability of filling as soon as possible the American position vacancy of Vice President of the Economic Section.

7. Political Resume.

Mr. Melford gave a brief resume of the general political situation. There has been considerable speculation in the press on the Potsdam Conference. The Prime Minister has stated that he is most satisfied with the Potsdam communiqué for two reasons: First, for the tribute paid to the Italian contribution to the war effort; and secondly, and more important, the promise that Italy would be able to state her case at the peace conference. The Socialist and Communist parties have appointed a committee to have the sole function of running the pact of party unity. The Italian Government is taking increasing interest in the Venezia Giulia problem and is about to request permission to send observers there.

8. Wheat Harvesting.

Colonel Deans gave a brief report on the wheat harvesting situation. He said that the revised estimate of the total crop of this year is now 4,189,000 metric tons, which is a drop of approximately one-third from last year's actual crop of 5,436,000 metric tons. Good harvesting progress is being made in all territory. Agriculture officers are touring all provinces and the press and radio campaign is going well. In the Italian Government territory, the Minister of Agriculture has a good publicity program working. The Chief Commissioner stated that the new Government has been much more energetic in assisting the program in all territory than the Government was last year.

9. Recovery of Stolen Automotive Parts.

Colonel Parkin reported that as a result of orders issued to crack down on black market dealings in gasoline, officers of the A.C. Supergraze uncovered evidence leading to the recovery of automotive parts, jeeps, and motorcycles, mostly of British make and stolen from various Allied organizations, valued at approximately 10,000,000 lire. The Chief Commissioner said that the officers of the Supergraze were to be commended on their initiative.

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6. Wheat Harvesting.

Colonel Denimoro gave a brief report on the wheat harvesting situation. He said that the revised estimate of the total crop of this year is now 1,185,000 metric tons, which is a drop of approximately one-third from last year's actual crop of 5,436,000 metric tons. Good harvesting progress is being made in all territory. Agriculture officers are touring all provinces and the press and radio campaign is going well. In the Italian Government territory, the Minister of Agriculture has a good publicity program working. The Chief Commissioner stated that the new Government has been much more energetic in assisting the program in all territory than the Government was last year.

9. Recovery of Stolen Automotive Parts.

Colonel Parkin reported that as a result of orders issued to break down on black market dealings in gasoline, officers of the A.S. Supercharge uncovered evidence leading to the recovery of automotive parts, lamps, and motorcycles, mostly of British make and stolen from various Allied organizations, valued at approximately 10,500,000 lire. The Chief Commissioner said that the officers of the Supercharge were to be commended on their initiative.

10. Refugee Situation.

Brigadier Upjohn reported that arrangements have been made and facilities established in the North to care for sick and wounded Italians being repatriated from Germany. Considerable difficulty had been experienced when the first train bearing sick and wounded repatriates arrived without prior notification. With the facilities now established, up to five trainloads of patients can be accommodated, though they arrive without warning.

11. Disposition of A.S. Personnel.

Brigadier Upjohn stated that on his recent trip through the North, the question of personnel in the hands of officers there was what was going to happen to them when the North is turned over to the Italian Government. The Executive Commissioner stated that this question would be discussed at the forthcoming meeting of the Regional Commissioners, and that after discussion with them it is

hoped that a plan can be worked out for submission to the Commission.

12. Transfer of Archives.

Brigadier Upjohn reported that after a great deal of negotiation, agreement has been reached on the transfer to Rome of Italian Government archives moved North by the Fascists. The archives are to be moved under a coordinated plan, so Brigadier Upjohn requested that the Economic Section and independent sub-commissions not permit lesser Italian officials to move their archives on an independent basis. This transfer should assist expatriation by putting the archives in the hands of ministers. Brigadier Upjohn stated that a representative of the Minister, Smeary, whose job it is to track down fascist accounts had requested that certain of these archives be delivered to him for examination. The Chief Commissioner stated that while under the armistice terms he had every right to examine Italian files for military reasons, this raised another question. The Chief Commissioner is to discuss this matter with the political advisors and Brigadier Upjohn in order to prepare a report to AFHQ.

13. Disposition of Commission Archives.

Brigadier Lusk stated that now that the Commission is drafting its plans, a committee has been set up to draw up plans for the disposition of the archives and records of the Commission. It is expected that the recommendations will be presented to the Chief Commissioner for approval shortly. Colonel Kerr advised that in accordance with instructions received from AFHQ, AFHQ has been preparing to forward closed files to the Central Records Library for microfilming in duplicate, one copy each to London and Washington. The Chief Commissioner directed Colonel Kerr not to forward closed files to AFHQ until an overall policy for disposal of the Commission's archives has been worked out.

14. National Commissioner's Meeting.

Brigadier Lusk reported that a two-day meeting of the National Commissioners will be held at Headquarters commencing Monday, 13 August. It is expected that the future of the North will be discussed at both morning meetings, leaving the afternoon open for any special problems that may be brought up.

15. Handover of Neofascist POW's.

Brigadier Lusk reported that arrangements have been made with the Italian Ministry of War to turn over to the Italian Government the neofascist POW's held by the allies. Colonel Kerr added that the Minister of War would accept responsibility for these POW's held at Pisa, but felt that the neofascist POW's who had surrendered to the Partisans and are now held in jails, should continue to be administered by the Minister of Justice if they are moved to the con-

109

to AFHQ. Political advisors and Brigadier Upjohn in order to prepare a report to AFHQ.

13. Disposition of Commission archives.

Brigadier Iush stated that now that the Commission is drawing to a close, a committee has been set up to draw up plans for the disposition of the archives and records of the Commission. It is expected that the recommendations will be presented to the Chief Commissioner for approval shortly. Colonel Iush advised that in accordance with instructions received from AFHQ, GIL has been preparing to forward closed files to the Central Records Library for microfilming in duplicate, one copy each to London and Washington. The Chief Commissioner directed Colonel Iush not to forward closed files to AFHQ until an overall policy for dispersal of the Commission's archives has been worked out.

14. Regional Commissioner's Meeting.

Brigadier Iush reported that a two-day meeting of the Regional Commissioners will be held at Headquarters commencing Monday, 13 August. It is expected that the future of the North will be discussed at both morning meetings, leaving the afternoon open for any special problems that may be brought up.

15. Restored of Macofascist POW's.

Brigadier Iush reported that arrangements have been made with the Italian Ministry of War to turn over to the Italian Government the Macofascist POW's held by the Allies. Colonel Iush added that the Minister of War would accept responsibility for these POW's held at Pisa, but felt that the Macofascist POW's who had surrendered to the Partisans and are now held in jails, should continue to be administered by the Ministry of Justice if they are moved to the concentration camp at Modena, although the Ministry of War would furnish the necessary guard details.

16. German POW's.

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 11 July 1945, Brigadier Iush stated that from the latest information it appeared that no U.S.-held German POW's would be made available to the Italian Government, although there was still a possibility that some British-held German POW's might be turned over to the Italians.

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Next Vice President's Meeting - Wednesday, 15 August 1965.

L. W. Stearns

L. W. STEARNS,
Major, AGO
Staff Officer to SO

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
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7 August 1945
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VICE PRESIDENTS' MEETING

The next Vice Presidents' meeting will be held in the Chief Commissioner's Conference Room at 1600 hours on Wednesday, 8 August 1945.

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538

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CONFIDENTIAL
ALLIED COMMISSION
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APR 194

DD FORM 1

1 August 1945

MEMORANDUM

Vice Presidents' Meeting, 1000 hours, 1 August 1945, Chief Commission's Conference Room, HQ Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Brigadier Bush, Brigadier General McKinley, Lieutenant Colonel Shannon-Carter, Colonel Parkin, Mr. Jones, Mr. Hepkinson, Major General Browning, Group Captain Larnan, Rear Admiral Warren, Major General Kislenko, Lieutenant d'Avenas, Mr. Brown.

1. Press Reports of Commission's Attitude toward Elections.

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 25 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that following the last meeting a letter was drafted to the Prime Minister giving the Commission's position relative to the election, namely, that the Commission, in furtherance of the policy of the Allied Governments, is desirous of seeing the elections held in Italy as soon as possible. The letter added that the spokesmen for the Commission had not stated what the subject or date of the election should be. The Commission felt it important that the Prime Minister should understand that the dispatch referred to went far beyond anything the Commission's spokesman had said. The letter was read to the Council of Ministers and was commented on in the daily press. The Prime Minister personally thanked the Chief Commissioner for the letter. The matter is considered settled.

2. Transportation between Italy and Sardinia.

With reference to para 6 of Minutes of 25 July 1945, General Browning stated that courier service between Italy and Sardinia had been renewed, with the assistance of Admiral Warren, an attempt is being made to have a destroyer, plus schooners, assigned to handle essential military traffic. General McKinley reported that a service schedule for civilians has been drawn up by the Transportation Sub-Commission.

3. Macchi's Speech on Institutional Question.

In reference to Macchi's speech as noted in para 7 of

1. Press Reports of Commission's Attitude toward Elections.

With reference to para 5 of Minutes of 25 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that following the last meeting a letter was drafted to the Prime Minister advising the Commission's position relative to the election. Namely, that the Commission, in furtherance of the policy of the Allied Governments, is desirous of seeing the elections held in Italy as soon as possible. The letter added that the spokesman for the Commission had not stated that the subject or date of the election should be. The Commission felt it important that the Prime Minister should understand that the dispatch referred to went far beyond anything the Commission's spokesman had said. The letter was read to the Council of Ministers and was commented on in the daily press. The Prime Minister personally thanked the Chief Commissioner for the letter. The matter is considered settled.

2. Transportation between Italy and Sardinia.

With reference to para 6 of Minutes of 25 July 1945, General Browning stated that courier service between Italy and Sardinia had been conceived, with the assistance of Admiral Warren, an attempt is being made to have a destroyer, plus gunboats, assigned to handle essential military traffic. General McKinley reported that a service schedule for civilians has been drawn up by the Transportation Sub-Commission.

3. Nenni's Speech on Institutional Question.

In reference to Nenni's Milan speech, as noted in para 7 of 25 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that on the Supreme Allied Commander's instructions he had personally informed the Prime Minister that while this speech was not in our opinion a violation of the commitment given the Allies by the Italian Government, it did constitute an infraction of the oath taken by each of the Ministers in accordance with the Decree of June 1944. The Supreme Allied Commander feels that such oath violations by the Ministers do not inspire the confidence of the Allied Governments in the Italian Government. For the moment the incident is closed. The Prime Minister agreed to take up the matter with Nenni. The Chief Commissioner also told the Prime Minister that there was a report of a similar, though more moderate, speech on the institutional question given by Togliatti, and the Prime Minister promised to investigate.

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4. Exoneration.

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that he had been shocked to read in the STARS AND STRIPES a report of a member of the Carabinieri shooting a defendant in court. The Executive Commissioner was requested to get a complete report.

5. Prime Minister's Visits to North Italy.

The Chief Commissioner reported that the Prime Minister while in Turin for Minister Spierli's funeral, with the Regional Commissioner's cooperation had met with the prefects and strongly urged them to do all in their power to maintain law and order. On Sunday the Prime Minister held a similar meeting in Milan. The Chief Commissioner said that Parri deserves all the support the Commission can give him because of his continual sincere effort to do a good job.

6. Restoration of Additional Provinces to Italian Government.

With reference to para 2 of minutes of 18 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that final authority had been received from the Supreme Allied Commander for the return of the provinces of Apulia and Lecce, Emilia Region, and Ancona Commune to the jurisdiction of the Italian Government on August 4th. The return of the Commune of Ancona will not affect the military operation of the port.

7. Captured Materials of Civilian Origin.

The Chief Commissioner stated that a signal had been received stating that the Allied Commission would have neither authority nor responsibility in connection with captured materials of civilian origin until notified by ARHC.

8. Promotion of U.S. Army Officers.

With respect to the recent policy permitting the promotion of U.S. Army officers in certain categories, the Chief Commissioner stated that he had discussed this at ARHC where it was felt that this policy would apply to the U.S. Army officers in the Commission. The Chief Commissioner directed Colonel Perkins to look into the matter.

9. Financial Responsibility for Civilian Supplies.

The Chief Commissioner stated that he was also dealing with the

6. Restoration of Additional Provinces to Italian Government.

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 18 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that final authority had been received from the Supreme Allied Commander for the return of the provinces of Apulia and Lucania, Basilicata Region, and Ancona Province to the jurisdiction of the Italian Government on August 4th. The return of the Province of Ancona will not affect the military operation of the port.

7. Captured Materials of Civilian Origin.

The Chief Commissioner stated that a signal has been received stating that the Allied Commission would have neither authority nor responsibility in connection with captured materials of civilian origin until notified by AFHQ.

8. Provision of U.S. Army Officers.

With respect to the recent policy permitting the provision of U.S. Army officers in certain categories, the Chief Commissioner stated that he had discussed this at AFHQ where it was felt that this policy would apply to the U.S. Army officers in the Commission. The Chief Commissioner directed Colonel Perkins to look into the matter.

9. Financial Responsibility for Civilian Supplies.

The Chief Commissioner stated that MAT 820, dealing with the shift in the financial responsibility for civilian supplies, had been received from AFHQ. General McKinley said that the matter had not been definitely settled as yet and could not be settled until international decisions on the highest level have been made. At the present time, General McKinley fears that the shift might interfere with the September loadings, which should be purchased now. The Chief Commissioner stated that this seemed to be covered in the Supreme Allied Commander's message which stressed the need for an uninterrupted flow of food, coal and other items essential for rehabilitation.

10. Political Resume.

Mr. Jones gave a brief resume of the general political situation. In connection with the British elections, generally speaking the local press reflected the belief of the Italian poli-

104

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political parties that the new Government would pursue an even more friendly policy toward Italy. The National Council of the Socialist Party met in Rome, and on Nenni's urging and despite the opposition of other Socialist leaders, the Council approved, with approximately 75 per cent in favor, a measure indicating a desire for the ultimate union of the Socialist and Communist parties. At another political meeting De Gasperi asked for strong governmental supervision of the elections and favored the holding of local, or administrative, elections before the national elections were held.

11. Opening of Ports.

The Chief Commissioner read a report received from Admiral Garron on the opening of ports in Northern Italy. It was revealed that at Savona the channel had been swept and the port is working. However, at Genoa the port is still encumbered by magnetic-acoustic mines of the most deadly type. A swept channel to Genoa has been prepared and the fueling dock is cleared and in working order. It is expected that by 15 August the expected daily turnover of 8000 tons will be realized.

12. Italian Civil Aviation.

The Chief Commissioner stated that he considered it unfortunate that the Italians should have learned that the Commission has recommended resumption of civil aviation on a minor scale, and directed that if any requests for further information was received, the reply should state that the Commission is seeking to set the frozen status of civil aviation changed as a result of the termination of hostilities.

13. Outbreaks in the North.

Colonel Bonham-Carter stated that contrary to reports in the Rome press of serious jail breaks in Milan, the actual situation was that three prisoners made an unsuccessful attempt to escape and that the whole affair was treated as a very minor incident. The Chief Commissioner directed that Colonel Bonham-Carter discuss this with Mr. Brown to determine whether a statement should be released.

Next Vice President's Meeting - Wednesday, 5 August

and in working order. It is expected that by 15 August the expected daily turnover of 5000 tons will be realized.

10. Italian Civil Aviation.

The Chief Commissioner stated that he considered it unfortunate that the Italians should have learned that the Commission has recommended resumption of civil aviation on a minor scale, and directed that if any requests for further information was received, the reply should state that the Commission is seeking to get the frozen status of civil aviation changed as a result of the termination of hostilities.

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* * * * *

1945. Next Vice Presidents' Meeting - Wednesday, 3 August

L. M. Stearns

L. M. STEARNS,
Major, AGO.
Staff Officer to CG

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

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25 July 1945

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MINUTES

Vice Presidents' Meeting, 1000 hours, 25 July 1945, Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, Hq Allied Commission, Room.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Brigadier Lush, Brigadier General McKinlay, Colonel Bachas-Carter, Colonel Parkin, Mr. Jones, Mr. Hopkinson, Colonel Kerr, Air Vice Marshal Brodie, Rear Admiral Warren, Major General Kishenko, Lieutenant d'Aronas, Mr. Brown, Colonel Walton.

1. Relief of Chief Commissioner.

With reference to para 1 of Minutes of 18 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that from recent information it appears that Mr. Douglas will not arrive in the near future. It is hoped that the entire matter will be clarified shortly.

2. Civilian Use of Gasoline.

With reference to para 3 of Minutes of 18 July 1945, Brigadier Lush suggested that the Commission request the military authorities to exercise stricter control over military gasoline distribution points, from which most gasoline is getting into the black market. Economic Section was directed to follow-up this point.

3. Derequisitioning of Hotels.

With reference to para 13 of Minutes of 18 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner said that G-3 AFHQ is supporting strongly the Commission's recommendations. At the request of AFHQ there is being prepared a list of hotels that should be derequisitioned in certain cities, including as well, the needs of the Italian Government.

4. Italian Naval Units in Combat Against Japan.

Referring to para 15 of Minutes of 18 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that at the request of CINCPAC, he had sent a letter to the Prime Minister, with a copy to the Minister of the Navy, categorically denying the reports that Italian naval units had been engaged in combat against Japan prior to Italy's declaration of war against Japan.

5. Press Reports of Commission's Attitude toward Elections.

1. Relief of Chief Commissioner.

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5. Press Reports of Commission's Attitude Toward Elections.

The Chief Commissioner reported that the morning's newspapers carried the false statement that the Allied Commission was in favor of holding early elections for a Constituent Assembly which would decide the institutional question. It appears that original press dispatches on Norini's Milan speech indicated that political meetings were forbidden in the North. In an attempt to correct that error further error resulted. The DCS of AFHQ feels that an attempt to make another public correction will result in even more confusion. The Chief Commissioner requested that the Executive Commissioner, the political advisers, and Mr. Brown discuss this question with him after the meeting.

6. Transportation between Italy and Sardinia.

The Chief Commissioner directed that representatives of the Economic Section confer with Admiral Warren and Air Vice Marshal Brodie on the question of arranging for additional transportation between the mainland and Sardinia and Sicily.

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7. Political Rumors.

Mr. Hopkinson gave a brief resume of the general political situation. The week had been one of political speeches. In apparent violation of his oath, Grand gave a speech in Milan strongly attacking the monarchy. Togliatti also spoke in favor of a republic as one of the requisites for a democratic Italy. In Palermo, Parri gave a speech, apparently well received, in which he recognized the grievances of the Sicilians and promised to rectify that insofar as he was able. Soleri, Ministry of the Treasury, died on Monday. A successor has not yet been appointed. In the last week there have been a number of strikes, perhaps more of a political character than economic.

8. Allied Publications Board.

Mr. Brown reported that AFM has agreed to allow representatives of the three major Italian news agencies to go to Trieste. The trouble over the reappearance of LA STAMPA in Paris has been settled after Allied negotiations with representatives of all parties. The paper is now appearing under the new title of LA NOVA STAMPA. The Chief Commissioner complimented the Public Relations Director and Colonel Harshbarger on having done an excellent job in settling the dispute. Mr. Brown said that pro-Fascist papers have now reappeared in all cities in the North with the exception of Genoa and Bologna, where there is no popular demand for such publication.

9. Increase in Price of Bread.

With reference to para 11 of Minutes of 18 July 1945, General McKinley said that an economic price on bread had now been set in the North.

10. Italian Port Parties.

Admiral Warren reported that the Minister of the Navy is taking up the question of organizing port parties who will take over operation of certain ports as fast as the Allied relinquish control.

11. Evacuation in Venice.

The Chief Commissioner stated that there had been reports from Venice of members of the Italian Espionage Committee accepting bribes in return for the release of prisoners. Two members known to have accepted bribes were removed from office, but when the CIB was requested to furnish two replacements, they proposed the names of the two men who had been removed. Brig. Darlow, Regional Commissioner, is reported to have straightened the situation out.

12. Remittances from the U.S.

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of LA STAMPA in Turin has been settled after Allied negotiations with representatives of all parties. The paper is now appearing under the new title of LA MIAVA STAMPA. The Chief Commissioner complimented the Public Relations Director and Colonel Marshall on having done an excellent job in settling the dispute. Mr. Brown said that pro-Fascist papers have now reappeared in all cities in the North with the exception of Genoa and Bologna, where there is no popular demand for such publication.

9. Increase in Price of Bread.

With reference to para 11 of Minutes of 18 July 1945, General McKinley said that an economic price on bread had now been set in the North.

10. Italian Port Parties.

Admiral Warren reported that the Minister of the Navy is taking up the question of organizing port parties who will take over operation of certain ports as fast as the Allied relinquish control.

11. Expatriation in Venice.

The Chief Commissioner stated that there had been reports from Venice of members of the Italian Expatriation Committee accepting bribes in return for the release of prisoners. Two members known to have accepted bribes were removed from office, but when the CLN was requested to furnish two replacements, they proposed the names of the two men who had been removed. Brig. Darlow, Regional Commissioner, is reported to have straightened the situation out.

12. Remittances from the U.S.

The Chief Commissioner reported that remittances, limited to \$1,000 a month, may now be sent from America to Italy. Erroneously, North Italy had been announced as possibly exempted from this service as Washington thought that the remittances could not be handled there. As the Banca d'Italia in the North could handle these remittances, the Chief Commissioner has requested the Chief Financial Advisor to straighten the matter out.

13. Local Elections.

With reference to para 12 of Minutes of 18 July 1945, the Executive Commissioner reported that all POW's will be registered as electors in absence. However, it is unlikely that they will have the right to vote as most of them are not of officer rank. The whole question is under consideration.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

14. Venezia Giulia.

Brigadier Lush gave a brief report on his visit to Venezia Giulia. Although difficulty had been encountered in initially setting up local government, the matter is now being well handled. A general strike was called last week and passed off without incident. Steps are being taken to train a special police force of 3500 to take over from the military police. A serious shortage of food developed last week, due to the failure on the part of the 8th Army to follow up their bid. Sufficient food is now on hand and steps are being taken to build up a reserve. Fain is in great need of public utility officers because of the heavy damage sustained there. In connection with the restoration of shipbuilding facilities in Venezia Giulia, the Chief Commissioner stated that he is opposed to their resuming operations unless similar activities on the mainland are permitted. The Chief Commissioner expressed his desire to quickly settle the question of returning the Italian deportees from Yugoslavia to Venezia Giulia.

COMMISSION TO MINUTES OF 18 JULY 1945.

At the request of Brigadier General McKinley, the Chief Commissioner directed that the following correction be made to the minutes of 18 July 1945: Para 10, change last sentence to read - "After agreement in the morning, in the afternoon session the President of the CLNAl apparently reversed himself and refused to accept that the new scale of wages in the North included the increased cost occasioned by the introduction of the economic price for bread".

Next Vice Presidents' Meeting - Wednesday, 2 August 1945.

DISTRIBUTION:

Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section (5)
VP, Establishment Section
Political Advisor (A)
Political Advisor (B)

L. W. STEARNS,

Major, AGD

Staff Officer to GC

CONTINUATION TO MINUTES OF 18 JULY 1945.

At the request of Brigadier General McKinley, the Chief Commissioner directed that the following correction be made to the Minutes of 18 July 1945: Para 10, change last sentence to read - "After agreement in the morning, in the afternoon session, the President of the CINAIR apparently reversed himself and refused to accept that the new scale of wages in the North included the increased cost occasioned by the introduction of the economic price for bread".

Next Vice President's Meeting - Wednesday, 1 August 1945.

L. W. Stearns

L. W. STEARNS,
Major, AGC
Staff Officer to CC

DISTRIBUTION:

Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section (5)
VP, Establishment Section
Political Advisor (A)
Political Advisor (B)
Naval Sub-Commission (3)
Land Forces Sub-Commission (LSEA)
Air Forces Sub-Commission
Liaison Office (EC)
French Representative, AC
Soviet Representative, AC
Public Relations Branch
American Ambassador
British Ambassador
G-5, AFHQ (5)
SCAG, Venezia Giulia Region
Colonel Piske

-3-
SECRET

532

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES
APO 594
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

25 July 45

JUL 24 1945

SUBJECT : Recent trials in Milan

TO : Executive Commissioner —

1. At the Chief Commissioner's Conference this morning I stated that the persons recently sentenced in Milan were being tried under AM Proclamations.
2. You will recall that Mr. Hopkinson stated that appeal would go to the Minister of Grace and Justice.
3. My statement was only partially correct. These persons were charged both under AM Proclamations and under Italian law. It is not yet known under which they were sentenced.
4. I much regret this misstatement. You may think that it is ^{worth} making a correction in the Minutes.

A. D. Buchanan

A. D. BUCHANAN, Lt. Col.
CSO CA Section

COPY to : ~~Field (A)~~
~~Field (B)~~
cc to Chief Commissioner

See M 9899

1647

8

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

95

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

CC 559

24 July 1945

VICE PRESIDENTS' MEETING

The next Vice Presidents' Meeting will be held in the Chief Commissioner's Conference Room at 1000 hours on Wednesday, 25 July 1945.

DISTRIBUTION:

Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VI, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section
VT, Establishment Section
Political Adviser (A)
Political Adviser (B)
Naval Subcommission
Land Forces Subcommission
Air Forces Subcommission
Liaison Office (B)
French Representative, AC
Soviet Representative, AC
Public Relations Branch

Ex. Commr. 94

537

Office of the Chief Commissioner

Headquarters Allied Commission
Office of the Chief Commissioner
April 24

19 July 1945

OS 551/22

JUL 24 1945

24 JUL 1945

First President's Meeting, 1945. 18 July 1945. Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Snow, President (absent), Commander (absent), Mr. Miller (absent), Colonel Parker, Mr. Snow, Mr. Watkins, Colonel Dr., Air Vice Marshal Beale, four British women, several Americans, Lieutenant Evans, Major Lawrence, Major Anderson.

1. Relief of Chief Commissioner.

Admiral Snow stated that while there have been a number of near items reporting the possibility of his being relieved as Chief Commissioner, there has been no official confirmation of Mr. Longdon's arrival, of his joining the Commission, or of the vacancy in which he will serve. Apparently Mr. Longdon is arriving shortly and it is thought that the Commission is replaced by whatever subsequent organization remains, possibly in the form of separate U. S. and British Economic Relations. It will have the American delegation. The Admiral stated that he had received no word of his being relieved at an early date, but an official announcement might be expected before long.

2. Recommendation of Additional Provisions to Italian Government.

With reference to para 2 of minutes of 11 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that he has been informed that the Combined Chiefs of Staff are about to issue a directive that Albania and Epirus Region would be returned to the Italian Government of August 15th but that certain Italian ports, such as Naples, are to be retained under U.S. The Fifth Army has protested against the former, but it appears that they may be controlled.

3. Civilian Use of Gasoline.

With reference to para 3 of minutes of 11 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner said the Italian Government apparently is making a real effort to tighten up on rationing of gasoline, particularly by exercising stricter control of circulation permits. It was reported that instructions have been issued to the North to guard against the sale of gasoline by Italian drivers of Allied vehicles.

4. Coal Situation.

Chief Commissioner

1. Beliefs of Chief Commissioner

General Stone stated that while there have been a number of news items reporting the possibility of his being relieved as Chief Commissioner, there has been no official confirmation of Mr. Douglas' arrival, of his joining the Commission, or of his capacity in which he will serve. Apparently Mr. Douglas is arriving shortly and it is thought that when the Commission is replaced by whatever subsequent organization succeeds, possibly in the form of separate U. S. and British Economic Delegations, he would head the American delegation. The Admiral stated that he had received no word of his being relieved at an early date, but an official announcement might be expected before long.

2. Substitution of additional Personnel to Italian Government

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 11 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that he had been informed that the combined Chiefs of Staff are about to issue a directive that American and British forces would be returned to the Italian Government on August 15th but that certain Italian parts, such as Naples, are to be retained under A.M. The Fifth Army has protested against this plan, but it appears that they may be overruled.

3. Civilian Use of Gasoline

With reference to para 5 of Minutes of 11 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner said the Italian Government apparently is making a real effort to tightening on civilian use of gasoline, particularly by exercising stricter control of circulation passes. It was reported that instructions have been issued to the North to guard against the sale of gasoline by Italian drivers of Allied vehicles.

4. Coal Situation

Referring to para 6 of Minutes of 11 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that the U.S. Embassy has made, and the British Embassy is about to make, representations to permit the Italian Government to be represented at the European Coal Organization meetings in London. The Executive Commissioner recommended that Brigadier Anderson also attend at this the Chief Commissioner concurred.

5. See Financial Directive

The Chief Commissioner reported that the new financial directive issued as a result of decisions taken at the Quebec Conference ten months ago has at last been received. The directive does not appear to follow the line of FAW 487 in certain respects and is still quite restrictive, implying the continuation of the Allied Dominions or its equivalent. It is proposed to deliver this directive to the Prime Minister in the form of a letter along

Ref. Summary
530

The Chief Commissioner told the meeting that he had taken a very serious view of the recent criticism by the public concerning the alleged lack of prime attention to the people. He stated that he was personally involved in the situation under review. He stated that he was personally involved in the situation under review. He stated that he was personally involved in the situation under review.

Political Parties

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93

Committee for Reconstruction, the Special Commissioner, and Economic Section representatives was held 13 July. After the meeting in the morning, in the afternoon session the President of the CMLAI apparently reviewed himself and referred to accept the new scale of wages in the North.

11. Increase in Price of Sugar.

General Kefauver stated that he had informed representatives of the Italian Government that the Commission would maintain the current political price of bread in the North until such time as it requests that the price be increased. The Italian Government is preparing a letter requesting that the price be increased. The Italian Government is in the North, with the understanding that there is to be no increase in the price.

12. Local Elections.

With reference to paragraph of minutes of 11 July 1945, Brigadier H. J. H. reported that he had had a long talk with Brocato relative to the preliminary work of the Committee. Brocato has sent instructions to the field as to the election of members to serve on the Committee, and desires that all nominations be made by the end of this month. He expects to spend next month preparing for the meeting and to convene the Committee in September. Mr. H. J. H. realized the question as to whether arrangements would be made to permit abundant Italian POW's to vote. In this connection, it was stated that under present law officers are permitted to vote, but enlisted men of the service do not have the privilege of voting, although the Allied Commission has made suggestions to the Italian Government with a view to modifying this law. The Chief Commissioner asked Mr. H. J. H. to investigate the question of permitting the POW's to vote, and said that if they thought it advisable, he would be willing to submit the question to higher authority.

13. Requisitioning of Hotels.

In connection with the entry of civilians from the U.S. and U.K. into Italy and with the reopening of the Consulate in the near future, the Chief Commissioner stated that it would be necessary for military units to decontaminate hotels in order that these civilian groups may be properly accommodated. Although some hotels are being turned back to the North, the military are taking over others for rest centers, etc. The Executive Commissioner was directed to press this matter very strongly with ASHQ in order that a much more restrictive policy on requisitioning may be issued.

14. Murders in Italian Army.

Colonel West reported that the recent article in the STARS and STRIPS concerning Italian troops of Yugoslav origin contained a number of statements

with reference to June 1 of Minutes of 11 July 1943. Exchanges took place that he had had a long talk with Brodas relative to the preliminary report on the Commission. Brodas has been instructed to the field as to the election of nominees to serve on the Committee, and desires that all nominations be made by the end of this month. He expects to spend next month preparing for the meeting and to convene the Committee in September. If, however, the question as to whether arrangements could be made to permit attendance Italian voters to vote. In this connection, it was stated that under present law citizens are permitted to vote, but enlistment of the services do not have the privileges of voting, although the Italian Commission has made representations to the Italian Government with a view to modifying this law. The Chief Commissioner asked if Hopkins and Mr. Jones to investigate the question of permitting the vote to vote, and said that if they thought it advisable, he would be willing to submit the question to higher authority.

13. Intelligence of hotels.

In connection with the entry of civilians from the U.S. and U.S. into Italy and with the convening of the Committee in the near future, the Chief Commissioner states that it would be necessary for military units to deregulation hotels in order that those civilian groups may be properly accommodated. Although some hotels are being turned back, in the North, the military are taking over others for rest centers, etc. The Executive Commissioner was directed to press this matter very strongly with Army in order that a much more restrictive policy on requisitioning may be issued.

14. Proposals in Italian Army.

Colonel four reported that the recent article in the STARS and STRIPES regarding Italian troops of Napoleon origin contained a number of statements that were completely false. The article in general was unfair to the Italian Government, and Colonel four considered it unfortunate that the report had been printed without verification. At present, the troops referred to are in the Italian Army Section, and the latest information from MOORE is that the political advisors do not want these troops in Italy at this time.

15. Italian Naval Unit in Dardanelles.

Admiral Turner stated that the morning paper reported, falsely, that Italian naval units had directly been engaged in combat against Japan. There were then two Italian submarines engaged in training operations in the Indian Ocean but they have not been in combat.

SECRET

NSC 5412, Presidential Directive - February 23, 1954

[Signature]

Major, USA
Staff Officer in BG

MEMORANDUM

Chief, Directorate
Security, Department
Mr. David A. Smith, Director
Mr. Eugene A. Smith, Jr.
Mr. William A. Smith
Mr. William A. Smith
Political Director (A)
Political Director (B)
Political Director (C)
Political Director (D)
Political Director (E)
Political Director (F)
Political Director (G)
Political Director (H)
Political Director (I)
Political Director (J)
Political Director (K)
Political Director (L)
Political Director (M)
Political Director (N)
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Political Director (R)
Political Director (S)
Political Director (T)
Political Director (U)
Political Director (V)
Political Director (W)
Political Director (X)
Political Director (Y)
Political Director (Z)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

REMARKS:

Chief Clerk/Secretary
Executive Committee
V2. April 1944-1945
V2. Sample Section 1
V2. Supplemental Section
Political Section (A)
Political Section (B)
Social Sub-Committee (C)
Social Section (D)
Social Section (E)
Social Section (F)
Social Section (G)
Social Section (H)
Social Section (I)
Social Section (J)
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Social Section (V)
Social Section (W)
Social Section (X)
Social Section (Y)
Social Section (Z)

1656
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

CC 559

17 July 1945

VICE PRESIDENTS' MEETING

The next Vice Presidents' Meeting will be held in the Chief Commissioner's Conference Room at 1000 hours on Wednesday, 18 July 1945.

DISTRIBUTION:

Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section
VP, Establishment Section
Political Adviser (A)
Political Adviser (B)
Naval Subcommittee
Land Forces Subcommittee (MMA)
Air Forces Subcommittee
Liaison Office (EO)
French Representative, AC
Soviet Representative, AC
Public Relations Branch

P/H 18/7
528

02-531/21

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Vice President, West, is, this hour, 11 July 1945. Chief Commissioner's
Confidence Room, 11 July 1945. Chief Commissioner's

President, West, is, this hour, 11 July 1945. Chief Commissioner's
Confidence Room, 11 July 1945. Chief Commissioner's

1. Registration of Additional Evidence in Italian Government

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 6 July 1945, a short discussion
was held on the return of additional evidence in the Italian Government. It
is proposed to return in two lots of July has provision of Admin and items
and the entire return in July. Some other provisions are also in that
area when the turnover is accomplished. However, this should not affect the
action as it may better prepare the Italian Government for the shift turnover
planned for the rest of September. The Chief Commissioner stated that
Executive Commissioner and Brigadier Ughetto discuss the question with the
Public Safety Sub-Commission and plan accordingly. However, officers should be
able to reflect the turnover of all three lots in that area. Brigadier Ughetto
stated that this question will be discussed with the Regional Commissioners
this week after they attend the special economic meeting to be held on the 15
July.

2. German POWs.

With reference to para 4 of Minutes of 6 July 1945, General LeMay
stated that 1945 had been passed again, without success, for an answer to
the actual number of POWs to be made available to the Italian Government.

1200-1200-1200

With reference to para 5 of Minutes of 6 July 1945, the Chief Commissioner
reported that he had received a letter from Major Hertz relative to the pro-
cessing work on the Committee. Brigadier Ughetto was requested to coordinate
with Major Hertz on this question.

Refugee Situation

785017

Quercus sp.

Costa Rica, 1990-1991

CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

Definition of Population:

SECRET

4. Domestic Situation.

The Chief Commissioner reported that he had received a letter from Minister D. Gaspari requesting that the Italian Government be included as a member of the Dominican Civil Commission meeting in London. This letter has been referred to the General Secretariat, but because of the international aspects, the Chief Commissioner requested that it be discussed with the political advisers. The Chief Commissioner pointed out that the American and British Governments had already invited the Italian Government to participate in the conference on European Indian Transport, so he felt that it was worth in order for the Commission to support the Italian request for membership in this commission.

7. Economic Factors.

The Chief Commissioner indicated that he was disturbed to find, from certain newspaper articles as well as from a report of the Dominican Republic Commission, that there was an erroneous belief that the Economic Barrier was still in operation. This belief was probably fostered by the fact that certain consumer goods are still frozen and permits required for the shipment of others. General Maginley stated that an order on the movement of goods had been put out and should be in the hands of the Regional Commissioners within three days. General Maginley was directed to clear up this matter with Colonel Rolletti immediately by telephone.

8. Plans for Italian Government Officials.

The Chief Commissioner reported that he had received a complaint from one of the Ministers that on a recent trip from Tegucigalpa to some he had been stopped at a road block and had been badly treated by American Military Police. The Chief Commissioner requested that some form of identification be put out and be shown to Military Police, Motor-Guardians and the Chiefs of Staff of the Army and Air Force by the Commission or other appropriate local authorities, in keeping with the Allied code. Examples of this was directed to take the matter in hand.

9. Political Situation.

Mr. Bertrando gave a brief review of the general political situation. He stated that the Government was expected to grant autonomy to the Yel Yel, providing collective assembly and the use of Italian and French as the official national languages. D. Gaspari is expected to leave shortly a statement on the subject of Yel Yel's territory which should prove very helpful in the matter. It is believed that today's (11th July) meeting of the Cabinet is the proposal to grant a Ministry of the Constitution which would give them a more formal organization for dealing with the

785017

appeared unfair that the removal of these papers should go along with the
 Rights issues should benefit by the survival of their papers by the Allies.
 of the AFD meeting at that time the issue of interest to the Allies was based
 on a misunderstanding of the original plan which called for the appointment of
 a Committee to AFD, and after operation, the paper would appear, although
 all profits were to be frozen. Disposition of the profits and the profits
 was to be made by the Italian Government after the liberation, and had returned
 to the Government. It was decided that AFD would receive that to proceed
 with the original plan in their own order, that was a popular demand for
 the particular paper to be published. Adams knew that this project policy
 was contrary to that intention and the Allies refused to allow publication of
 the paper in Rome, but Mr. Adams replied that it was not a deal.
 The pro-Nazi paper was over its prominence and popularity directly to its
 sympathy with the Italian cause.

Next Vice President of the United States - Theodore Roosevelt, 12 July 1945.

W. S. S. S.

Colonel, AFD
 Staff Officer to CG

INTERVIEW:

- Chief Commissioner
- Executive Commissioner
- Mr. Civil Affairs Section
- Mr. Economic Section (2)
- Mr. Intelligence Section
- Political Affairs (2)
- Political Affairs (1)
- Naval Sub-Commission (3)
- Land Forces Sub-Commission (3)
- Air Forces Sub-Commission
- Liaison Office (2)
- French Representative, AF
- Soviet Representative, AF
- Public Relations Branch

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

2010-2011
2011-2012
2012-2013

TABLE 1

21

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CHANDLER'S REPORT
Office of the Chief of Staff

APG 324

CG 551/20

6 July 1945

JUL 11 1945

MEMORANDUM

Vice President's Meeting, 0900 hours, 6 July 1945, Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, HQ Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Colonel Fiske, Brigadier Anderson, Brigadier General McKinley, Brigadier Upjohn, Colonel Purkin, Mr. McBride, Mr. Hopkins, Colonel Kerr, Group Captain Jarman, Rear Admiral Warren, Major General Kislenko, and Mr. Brown.

1. Regional Commissioners' Meeting.

The Chief Commissioner briefly reviewed the proceedings of the Regional Commissioners' Meeting and indicated that he felt that a great deal had been accomplished.

2. Constitution of New Italian Government.

The Chief Commissioner reported that, from all accounts, Signor Parri, by his own hard work, has given a new lift to the Government so that now an air of competence and general efficiency exists at the Viminale. Even former members of the Bonomi Government who have been retained say they are impressed with the energy of the new Prime Minister and his staff. The question of heads of service ministries, which was the primary responsibility of the Commission, was settled very satisfactorily. The set-up of the Cabinet as a whole appears to be well organized.

3. Restoration of Additional Provinces to Italian Government.

The Acting Executive Commissioner was directed to take up with the Vice Presidents the question of return of additional provinces to the Italian Government. Such action should be taken in two steps: the first return on 23 July, and the final one, with certain exceptions, on 1 September. Venetia Giulia, and possibly certain small areas which may be on the Line of Communications to Austria, will remain under AMU until the Peace Conference. Colonel Fiske is to re-examine the question of the Comune of Naples to see if the Commission is justified in asking the Military authorities to return the Port of Naples to the Italian Government.

4. German POW's.

Regional Commissioners' Meeting.

The Chief Commissioner briefly reviewed the proceedings of the Regional Commissioners' Meeting and indicated that he felt that a great deal had been accomplished.

2. Constitution of New Italian Government.

The Chief Commissioner reported that, from all accounts, Signor Perri, by his own hard work, has given a new lift to the Government so that now an air of competence and general efficiency exists at the Viminale. Even former members of the former Government who have been retained say they are impressed with the energy of the new Prime Minister and his staff. The question of heads of service ministries, which was the primary responsibility of the Commission, was settled very satisfactorily. The set-up of the Cabinet as a whole appears to be well organized.

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4. German POW's.

Referring to para 3 of Minutes of 13 June 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that when German POW's were initially employed there was an unemployment problem caused by the replacement of certain Italian workers with the POW's. However, that situation has now been corrected. With regard to the actual number of POW's that will be made available to the Italian Government, this matter is still held up at AFHQ, although they have been pressed for an answer.

5. Venezia Giulia.

With reference to para 4 of Minutes of 13 June 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that after a conference at AFHQ, which both he and the Executive Commissioner attended, a directive had been issued to the AMG XIII Corps in regard to Venezia Giulia which was entirely satisfactory from the viewpoint of the Commission. Colonel Mosfert, now acting as SCAG in Venezia Giulia, is being relieved at his own request. Colonel Bonan, Regional Commissioner of Bologna, will replace him, and Colonel Thomas, now Provincial Commissioner at Bologna, will take over from Colonel Bonan.

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6. Local Elections.

The Chief Commissioner reported, in reference to para 7 of Minutes of 13 June 1945, that the new Government setup under which Signor Nenni and Signor Brocchi are charged with convening the Constituent and Consultative respectively may facilitate the holding of elections. At the Regional Commissioner's meeting 15 July was set as the starting date for completion of electoral lists. Since under Italian law 110 days are required for the completion, the elections could not be held until late in the year. With winter snow and all transportation difficulties, the actual election would probably not take place before next spring, this is Nenni's view. While the Allied Governments are anxious that the elections be held as soon as possible, it is not believed that anything can be done at the moment by the Commission to speed up the electoral process.

7. Future of the Commission.

The Executive Commissioner has gone to London with the British Ambassador, at the latter's request, to discuss with both the Foreign and the War Offices the question of the probable future role of the Allied Commission. The Chief Commissioner has already submitted his views on this question to SACREX and it is believed that the question of the status of Italy will be on the agenda at the 'Big Three' meeting to take place shortly in the Berlin area.

8. Wage Increases.

The Chief Commissioner revealed that negotiations had been conducted in Milan between representatives of the employers and workers, resulting in agreement on certain wage increases. In addition it was proposed that the Government increase certain workers' subsidies. The Regional Commissioner took the position, correctly, that he could not commit the Italian Government but would submit the question to the proper Governmental authorities. The principals in the dispute, however, decided to submit the question themselves and came to Rome for that purpose. Since the Commission would be responsible for the implementation of any such agreement, the Chief Commissioner arranged with the Prime Minister to have Commission representatives present at the meeting as observers, and, if requested, as advisers. At the meeting yesterday an agreement was reached whereby the Italian Government will provide additional subsidy funds. Brig. Gen. McKinley reported that Minister Brocchi had given his approval to the plan and that the Economic Section would now issue instructions as to its implementation. The Chief Commissioner observed that granting these increases in the area would lead to demands for similar increases in other areas in the North. Accordingly, arrangements have been made to have a meeting, Sunday, July 29th, in Milan and to have representatives from other cities attend.

9. Political Forum.

Mr. McBride said that there was very little to report at the present time. However,

The Executive Commissioner has gone to London with the British Ambassador, at the latter's request, to discuss with both the Foreign and the War Offices the question of the probable future role of the Allied Commission. The Chief Commissioner has already submitted his views on this question to SACLEM and it is believed that the question of the status of Italy will be on the agenda at the 'Big Three' meeting to take place shortly in the Berlin area.

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9. Political Program.

Mr. McBride said that there was very little to report at the present time as the new administration was just settling down into its routine. However, the Government did not with considerable dispatch in settling the Bari disturbance although it was observed that some of the methods employed might be open to question.

10. Sale of Treasury Bonds.

The Chief Commissioner stated that the Minister of the Treasury now has the agreement of his colleagues to extend the offering of the current issue of treasury bonds to the North. They now have subscriptions from Central and Southern Italy amounting to 23 billion lire, and by opening the issue to the North the Minister expects, from advance subscriptions received, that the sale will reach 100 billion lire.

11. Refugee Situation.

With reference to para 10 of Minutes of 13 June 1943, Brigadier Wyden reported that 5,000 refugees daily are coming through the Brenner Pass and an additional 1,000 through Switzerland.

12. Italian ex-POW's.

Colonel Karr reported that as of 1 July the Italians in the prisoner of War units in Italy came to the POW's. They are being transferred to the Italian Government as fast as possible. All told, there are about 45,000 prisoners involved. The Italian Ministry of War is working well on this problem.

13. Allied Publications Board.

Mr. Brown stated that on 15 July the private news organizations will take over from PWB. PWB has had difficulty in getting independent pre-warist papers to start in certain Northern cities. Mr. Hopkins expressed the opinion that the great mass of people in the North wanted these independent papers printed but that the political papers wanted them suppressed. The Commission is primarily interested in getting independent non-political papers in operation. Mr. Brown stated that there would be another meeting of the Allied Publications Board on Monday at which the question would be covered.

14. Wheat Harvest.

Colonel Pike stated that he had received a disturbing report from the Bari liaison officer that the wheat harvest in that area this year was estimated to be but 50 percent of last year's crop. The North has not been so badly hit by the drought. Altogether the wheat harvest is now estimated at 4.4 million tons or 31 percent below last year's figure of 6.4 million tons.

15. Chief Commissioner's Representative in North Italy.

Colonel Pike reported that the Miller office was functioning. The billeting situation at present is not good, but it is expected that when the IV Corps leaves, about 15 July, AC will take over the Continental Hotel, where rooms for use of headquarters officers will be reserved. Brigadier Wyden stated that there had been a number of complaints about the transportation available to HQ personnel on operation missions in the North. Colonel Pike is to investigate this. Brigadier Anderson advised that the Industry Subcommittee would open an office on the 10th to help in the implementation of the Italian Government industrial plan.

16. Civilian Use of Gasoline.

The Chief Commissioner stated that almost without exception, the members of the Italian Government and other U.S. officials who have visited Italy and particularly

...expressed the opinion that the great mass of people in the North wanted more independent papers printed but that the political papers wanted them suppressed. The Commission is primarily interested in getting independent non-political papers in operation. Mr. Brown stated that there would be another meeting of the Allied Publications Board on Monday at which the question would be covered.

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15. Chief Commissioner's Representative in North Italy.

Colonel Fiske reported that the Milan office was functioning. The billeting situation at present is not good, but it is expected that when the IV Corps leaves, about 15 July, AC will take over the Continental Hotel, where rooms for use of headquarters officers will be reserved. Brigadier Upjohn stated that there had been a number of complaints about the transportation available to HQ personnel on operational lines in the North. Colonel Fiske is to investigate this. Brigadier Anderson advised that the Industry Subcommittee would open an office on the 10th to help in the implementation of the Italian Government's industrial plan.

16. Civilian Use of Gasoline.

The Chief Commissioner stated that almost without exception, the members of Congress and other U.S. officials who have visited Italy and particularly Rome, complain about what appears to them to be excessive non-essential use of gasoline by civilians. It is in sharp contrast to the strict gasoline rationing back in the States where most of the gasoline used here comes from. The Chief Commissioner directed that the entire matter be thoroughly investigated and appropriate representations be made to the Italian Government.

Next Vice Presidents' Meeting - Wednesday, 21 July 1945.

L. W. Stelaris
L. W. STELARIS
Major, AGP
Staff Officer to CC

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SECRET

DISTRIBUTION

Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section (5)
VP, Establishment Section
Political Advisor (A)
Political Advisor (B)
Naval Sub-Commission (3)
Land Forces Sub-Commission (1967.)
Air Forces Sub-Commission
Liaison Office (20)
French Representative, AC
Soviet Representative, AC
Public Relations Branch
American Ambassador
British Ambassador
G-5, AFHQ (5)
SMAO, AMG XII Corps

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

American Ambassador
British Ambassador
G-5, APO (5)
S240, APO Kili Camp

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

CC 239

JUL 10 1945

10 July 1945

VICE PRESIDENTS' MEETING

The next Vice Presidents' Meeting will be held in the Chief Commissioner's Conference Room at 1000 hours on Wednesday, 11 July 1945.

ATTENDANCE:

Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
Vr. Civil Affairs Section
Vr. Economic Section
Vr. Establishment Section
Political Adviser (A)
Political Adviser (B)
Naval Subcommission
Land Forces Subcommission (MIA)
Air Forces Subcommission
Liaison Office (M)
French Representative, AC
Soviet Representative, AC
Public Relations Branch

CSO James

(B)

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 994

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3 July 1945

POSTPONEMENT OF VP MEETING

JUL 4 1945

Vice Presidents' Meeting originally scheduled for 1000 hours 4 July, is hereby postponed until 0900 hours, Friday 6 July 1945, Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, HQ Allied Commission, Rome.

DISTRIBUTION:

- Chief Commissioner
- Executive Commissioner
- VP, Civil Affairs Section
- VP, Economic Section
- VP, Establishment Section
- Political Adviser (A)
- Political Adviser (B)
- Naval Subcommittee
- Land Forces Subcommittee (LAFIA)
- Air Forces Subcommittee
- Liaison Office (LO)
- French Representative, AC
- Soviet Representative, AC
- Public Relations Branch

*Noted by Secy
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13 JUN 1945

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

CC 501/17

13 June 1945

MEMORANDUM

Vice President's Meeting, 1000 Hours, 13 June 1945, Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, HQ Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Brigadier Lush, Brigadier Anderson, Brigadier General McKinley, Lt. Col. Dundas-Carter, Colonel Parkin, 12th Airborne, Major Helford, Major General Brooking, Air Vice Marshal Brodie, Rear Admiral Green, Major General Talenke, Lieutenant de Roux, Mr. Brown.

Political Crisis

The Executive Commissioner presiding, informed the meeting that the Chief Commissioner regretted he could be unable to be present. The political crisis which had arisen with the resignation of Prime Minister Bonomi necessitated the Chief Commissioner's immediate attention. There have been meetings of the political parties and today the Lieutenant General of the Italian Republic called to other the leaders with the hope that a new Government may be formed without delay.

2. Restoration of Additional Provinces to Italian Government

Referring to para 1 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, the Executive Commissioner reported that this matter will be placed before the Advisory Council within the next few days. It is expected to return to the Italian Government the administrative of Toscana Region, excepting Lucca and Apuania provinces which will then come under Liguria Region.

3. Certain Points

With reference to para 2 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, latest information received from the Prime Minister, indicates the estimate of the number of German POW's that could be used to 10,000. The Executive Commissioner indicated the possibility that the Italian Government might wish to employ on reconstruction work POW's in groups as small as a hundred in various cities throughout Italy. Brigadier Anderson stated that if he provided transport and got them over to the island, many POW's could be usefully employed in Sardinia.

4. Venezia Giulia

With reference to para 3 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, The Executive Com-

The Executive Committee is providing information that the Chief Commissioner requested that he could be useful to be present. The political crisis which has arisen with the resignation of Prime Minister De Gasperi, has caused the Chief Commissioner to be in a difficult position. There have been meetings of the political parties and today the Lieutenant General of the Carabinieri called for the leaders with the hope that a new Government may be formed without delay.

4. Restoration of Additional Provisions to Italian Government

Referring to para 4 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, the Deputative Commissioner reported that this matter will be placed before the Advisory Council within the next few days. It is expected to refer to the Italian Government for administration of Economic Region, excepting Lucca and Lunigiana provinces which will be under Ligurian Region.

5. German POWs

In reference to para 4 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, latest information received from the Prison Minister, indicated the estimate of the number of German POWs that could be used to 15,000. The Deputative Commissioner indicated the possibility that the Italian Government might wish to employ on reconstruction work POWs in groups as small as a hundred in various cities throughout Italy. Brigadier Anderson stated that if we provide transport and get the POWs over to the island, many POWs could be usefully employed in Sardinia.

6. Venezia Giulia

With reference to para 3 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, The Deputative Commissioner stated that AGS was set up in Venezia Giulia on the morning of the 10th June and expected to be established in Trieste this morning. General Morgan, with representatives of AMHQ and AG, is now conferring with Yugoslav authorities on the implementation of the agreements signed by the three governments. A dispatch from Brigadier Upjohn reveals that: (a) there will be an open frontier at the border line, free telephone, telegraph, and mail facilities and a joint economic control agency to deal with industrial and commercial problems; (b) the setting up of AGS yesterday at Trieste was without incident. Plans were replaced and the administration seems to be going along well.

Although Venezia Giulia will be eventually set up as a separate region with Colonel Moschetti as Regional Commissioner, at present his position is SCAG XIII Corps. Communications should be addressed to AGS XIII Corps.

5. Economic Barrier

Referring to para 5 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, General Vercellotti reported on his trip North. The list of items which AG now controls will be out immediately.

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521

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in a few days to about ten. However, after a lift in restrictions, it is possible that the Italian Government will maintain control in an effort to effect an equitable nation-wide distribution of low cost.

6. Chief Commissioner's Representative in North Italy

With reference to para 6 of minutes of 6 June 1965, the Executive Committee stated that Colonel Pica is now in office at Milan. The Lombard Regional Commissioner has placed a number of men at the disposal of officers of AS who in South, on official business.

7. Local Elections

Colonel Bonini-Gatti reported that the completion of the electoral lists can be started directly. The Italian Electoral Register will have been completed for military government territory in the Democratic Region by 7th July. It is anticipated electoral lists will be ready by the middle of July. For example in the Province of Bergamo which are to be turned over on the 15th June, they did not implement Executive Order 39 until a few days ago, and are now starting to compile the lists.

The Executive Commissioner directed that a telegram be sent to the regions urging them to start with all haste the compilation of these lists. The Executive Commissioner would like to have the date of completion of electoral lists to be moved up to 1 July, which would be the target date. This is considered a matter of great urgency. When the forms are ready, Colonel Bonini-Gatti was directed to contact Air Vice Marshal Wolfe who offered the use of planes in getting the 30 tons of forms to the North.

8. Dissemination

With reference to para 13 of minutes of 6 June 1965, Admiral Warren, Air Vice Marshal Brooke and General Browning stated that the dissemination was going along as rapidly as can be expected.

9. Political Groups

Mr. Bedford gave a brief review on the general political situation. The crisis has now broken open. For sometime, the running for Prime Minister seemed to be between De Gaulle and De Gaulle's former ally, but now appears to be the compromise leader. It seemed that agreement had been reached that the President of the Council should be Christian De Gaulle and the Vice President of the Council Socialist. However, the Socialists refused to agree, insisting on a Socialist for President of the Council, which resulted in the crisis.

10. Refugee Situation

...will be ready by the middle of July. For ex-
ample, in the provision of the same which are to be turned over to the High Court.
They did not in January Executive Order 9811 until a few days ago, and any more
starting to compile the lists.

The Executive Committee directed that a telegram be sent to the regions
urging them to start with all haste the compilation of these lists. The
Executive Committee would like to have the date of completion of all regional
lists to be moved up to 1 July, which would be the target date. This is done
in a matter of great urgency. When the forms are ready, a total return-
out is directed to be sent to Air Vice Marshal Treble who affirms the use of
planes in getting the 25 tons of forms to the High.

9. Dissemination

With reference to para 15 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, Admiral Horton, Air
Vice Marshal Treble and General Treble stated that the dissemination was
going along as rapidly as can be expected.

10. Political Situation

Mr. Treble gave a brief review of the general political situation. The
situation had now broken open. For some time the running for Prime Minister seemed
to be between Mr. De Gaulle and Mr. De Gaulle. However, Mr. De Gaulle is the
leader. It seems that agreement had been reached that the President of the
Council should be Christian De Gaulle and the Vice President of the Council,
Socialist. However, the Socialist refused to accept, insisting on a Socialist
for President of the Council, which resulted in the crisis.

11. Refugee Situation

With reference to para 16 of Minutes of 6 June 1945, the Executive Com-
missioner stated that 25,000 refugees a week are definitely coming down from
North to South. Statements of those representing General De Gaulle stated that
40,000 of French refugees, 2,000 approximately, in North Italy is much
smaller than was anticipated. The Bolzano Conference being held today should
materially help in solving the refugee problem. It is estimated by SHAW that
the number of Italians in Germany, Austria, and France was now 350,000.

12. Allied Publications Board

Mr. Brown stated that on Monday there was an Allied Publications Board
meeting regarding the revision of the in the North but at which proposals
were made for use of the press officers who will take over. PMS wants to
get out 1 July, although this will depend on early approval of the proposal by
AFHQ. Press officers will represent the Allied Publications Board and will
work with Regional Commissioners.

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12. Civilianization of Commission

The Executive Commissioner advised the War Office in London had released details on the civilianization of British officers of the Commission. Colonel Parkin is to follow this up.

13. Wages Increased

The Executive Commissioner stated that he has been informed that AGO 5th AGO, through the Labor Officer, has indicated increase over and above the terms laid down by words agreement of the Local Resources Board. General Maginley reported that he understood that a 50% increase had been allowed only for personnel employed by the AGO and not by AGO. General Maginley is to check further on this.

CORRECTION TO MINUTES OF 4 JUNE 1945

At the request of Brigadier Anderson, the Executive Commissioner directed that the following change be made in paragraph 12 of the minutes of 4 June 1945: Line 4. delete the phrase "and are to come under AGO."

Next Vice Presidential Meeting - Wednesday, 20 June 1945.

W. Stearns
W. STEARNS
Major, A.D.C.
Staff Officer to CE

DISTRIBUTION:

Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VI. Civil Affairs Section
VP. Economic Section (1)
VP. Establishment Section
Political Advisor (A)
Political Advisor (B)
Naval Subcommission (1)
Land Forces Subcommission (AGO)
Air Forces Subcommission
Liaison Office (1)
French Representative, AG
Soviet Representative, AG
Public Relations Branch
American Ambassador
British Ambassador
MACG. HQ 15th Army Group
G-7, AFHQ (5)
MACG. AGO XIII Corps

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OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER

APC 134

6 June 1945

JUN 13 1945

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Vice President's Meeting, 1000 Bouth, 6 June 1945, Chief Commissioner's Conference Room, the Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Jr. Dealing, Mr. Balford, Brigadier Admonson, Brigadier Upson, Major General de Veyth, Major General Kieleson, Major General Brownie, Air Vice Marshal Brodie, Rear Admiral Warren, Major Warren, Colonel Parkin, Lt. Col. Talbot.

1. Continuation of Additional Provision to Italian Government

Referring to para 2 of Minutes of 23 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that the 14th Army Group withdrew their objections to the transfer of additional areas to Italian Government. The matter is now under consideration by APC and it is expected that BACME will decide that the provisions of Florence, Fiesole, Fiume, and Leghorn will be turned over to the Italian Government shortly, probably 19th June, with the possibility of retaining the Osmung of Leghorn under 215. The Chief Commissioner requested Brigadier Upson to prepare a suitable letter to the Secretary of the Advisory Council advising the Council of this matter before the meeting to be held 24 June.

2. General Policy

With reference to paragraph 4 of Minutes of 23 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner asked if any further information had been obtained from the Italian Government. Brigadier Anderson stated that the matter was being handled between the various members of the Government and the service authorities. It appears that the Italian Government does not appear to use more than 1,000, with 10,000 to be used on mine clearance and 6,000 in the formation of mines. The latter figure being considered sufficient for the transport available. Brigadier Anderson further stated that some information has already been passed on to APC. Admiral Stone therefore requested that a concise statement, tentative if necessary, be submitted to the Italian Government so that the inclusive report could be submitted to APC. It was agreed that Brigadier Anderson would ask the Italian Government to submit an interim estimate of 16,000, with provision that perhaps an additional number will be necessary.

3. General Policy

With reference to para 5 of Minutes of 23 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner

stated that the 15th Army Group withdrew their objections to the formation of individual areas to Italian Government. The matter is now under consideration as APN and it is expected that SACRED will indicate that the provisions of the law, Article 1, and perhaps will be turned over to the Italian Government. The Chief Commissioner requested information regarding the formation of the Italian Government. The Chief Commissioner requested information regarding the formation of the Italian Government. The Chief Commissioner requested information regarding the formation of the Italian Government.

2. General Policy

With reference to paragraph 1 of minutes of 23 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner asked if any further information had been obtained from the Italian Government. Brigadier Anderson stated that the matter was being handled between the various institutions of the Government and the various institutions of the Government. It appears that the Italian Government had not yet decided to use more than 10,000, with 10,000 to be used on mine clearance and 6,000 in the Italian coal mining. The latter figure being considered sufficient for the transport available. Brigadier Anderson further stated that some information has already been passed on to APN. Admiral Steno therefore requested that a special statement, tentative if necessary, be obtained from the Italian Government so that one inclusive report could be submitted to APN. It was agreed that Brigadier Anderson would ask the Italian Government to submit an interim estimate of 10,000, with provision that perhaps an additional number will be necessary.

3. Venezia Giulia

With reference to para 5 of minutes of 23 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner reported that in agreement with General McClellan of the 8th Army and General Harding of the VIII Corps he has sent to the VIII Corps his Deputy Chief Civil Affairs Officer, Colonel BOWEN, who will be the Regional Commissioner for Venezia Giulia, which will be detached from Venezia Region and become a separate region. It is hoped, the Chief Commissioner stated, that APN will be established in Trieste and other parts of Venezia Giulia at an early date.

4. Italian Industrial Advisory Board

With reference to para 6 of minutes of 23 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that a telegram to the Combined Chiefs of Staff has been prepared at APN upon the decision of SACRED to report the Commission's final recommendations to the Combined Chiefs of Staff before making up the proposed Italian Production Board with the Italian Government. Nothing further is to be done pending receipt of reply from the Combined Chiefs.

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6. Ecological Barrier

Each reference to the covered subjects of page 5 of document of 23 May 1961, the Chief Commissioner reported that all restrictions against civilian travel up in the State were removed the 15th May. The Chief Commissioner further stated that on all points by 15th, in accordance with the Imperial Council, a letter and 15 Oct., the majority was straddled for working out in the future to solve the problem of access between the State and the South. This was a considerable request because the 15th, it had not been adequately employed by subsequent restrictions as provided. Mr. Antolini and others are in the State to solve this now.

6. Chief Commissioner's Representative in North Italy

The Chief Commissioner advised the meeting that Colonel Pinks is going to Milan to be his representative in the North. It is not certain whether he has a setup which would make the Imperial Commission aware that they have removed from direct contact with the Commission. Colonel Pinks is to discuss the Commission's role to the Commission, Imperial, 15th May and 15 Corps and his health is able to adjust problems that require coordination between the three branches of the Commission. This is a necessary move with such time a phase II move into effect, and will continue in effect while the Army remains in contact. Adjustments were made to permit the Deputy Head of 15 Corps, Colonel Pinks, to be in contact with the Imperial, to be in contact with the Imperial Commission's under authority of the Army and their relations. All the letters to the State of the Imperial Commission, that is, they will be under the military command of the Army commander and under the functional control of the Commission. In terms of communication will be direct between the Commission and the 15 Corps and 15 Corps and 15 Corps. No difficulty is expected and the Imperial Commission's cooperation direct, has been received from the Army General.

7. Coordination of Imperial Property Bureau

The Chief Commissioner reported that the Coordination of Imperial Property Bureau has been forwarded to the Commission for their comment.

8. Political Bureau

Mr. Hafford gave a brief review on the general political situation. The training for Imperial at present seems to be between Imperial and the Imperial. They both appear confident that they will be acceptable to the Imperial. However, it is not yet out of the training, however. In his last meeting, General went to the other parties reminding them that he had kept his promise not to participate a crisis while they on it. Other hand had accomplished little

...which would mean the Russian Communist Party would find that they had removed from their list of enemies with the Communists. General Blake is to interview the Commission's relative to the Commission's 5th Army and IV Corps and he should be able to adjust problems that require coordination between the three Russian Commissioners. This is a temporary move until such time as it can be effected, and will continue to effect while the Russian remain in contact. Administrative measures to permit the Deputy Head of IV Corps, Colonel Polovinski, to transfer their own Voluntary, available, to replace the Russian as required. General Blake is under authority of the Army and their rules. They will be similar to the 11th of the Army themselves; that is, they will be under the military command of the Army Commander and under the functional command of the Commission. A channel of communication will be direct between the Commission and the IV Corps and Fifth Army. The difficulty of expected and the Soviet position in operation already has been the cause for the Army command.

7. Confirmation of Russian Fifth Army Order

The Chief Commission reported that the Confirmation of Russian property group had been for the IV Corps and the Commission for their contact.

8. Russian Position

Mr. Redford gave a brief review of the Russian military situation. The Russian for Prime Minister at present seems to be between them and the Russian. The, both appear confident that they will be acceptable to the allies. However, is not out of the Russian, however. In his last report, he noted a letter to the other Russian Commission that that he had kept his place not to participate in a crisis with them or the other and had accomplished little towards forming the new government. Accordingly, it was necessary now for him to be sitting on with the work of the government.

9. Russian Position

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11. Local elections.

The Chief Commissioner expressed concern over the delay in compiling electoral lists in the territory. This work must be pursued with all possible speed because the holding of local elections here is a very necessary measure as a safety valve to relieve the political tension. Brigadier Upjohn is to follow this up.

12. Local Situation

The case of the 6,000 German POWs may cause the situation so far as the German situation is concerned, Brigadier Anderson states. Mr. Haykinen, political adviser, is looking into the German mining problem. These mines are said to produce a million tons of coal a year, and are to come under RSG, although they are east of the so-called "German line."

13. Defaenistization

The Chief Commissioner brought the discussion of dealing with officers of the Republican Fascist Army. Officers are required three after the Armistice. He stated that it may be that a substantial effort is being employed by either the Italians or the Allied Army of Occupation. It was stated that the members of the Italian Republican Army are being treated as prisoners of war, although the people in the North are anxious to get them before People's Courts. The Chief Commissioner expressed his concern over finding that high generals of the Air Force who went North with the Fascist Government were able to be at large. Air Vice Marshal Dwyer stated that the officers there were not as well discussed previously by with the Chief Commissioner was now in hand and that action was being taken. Near Admiral Harwood stated that as far as the Navy was concerned certain people were being sought, but they are getting away by using some sort of a patrol's certification, although now they get those certifications in not known. Admiral Harwood went on to say that most of the Italian Fascist Navy personnel had been captured but many of the leaders had not yet been captured. Prevention of war crimes for Fascist servicemen were being set up at Milan.

The Chief Commissioner stated that it was the duty of the Allies under the Armistice to apprehend these people and that he would come under criticism if the Commission, as an enforcing agency of the Armistice, does not do everything possible in collaboration with the intelligence services to see that these people are apprehended. Some patriot certifications must be detected.

It is the Commission's responsibility to forward Fascist lists to the provost marshals and other military police authorities in the North to enable them to get on with picking up these people.

The Chief Commissioner requested the three service information heads to get in touch with the minister of the Italian Government on this matter, bringing to their attention our joint responsibility for that under the

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MAY 29 1945

Vice President's Meeting, 1870 hours, 25 May 1945, Office of the Chief Commissioner, the Allied Occupation, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Mr. Dowling, Mr. Halford, Brigadier General McKinley, Lt. Col. Graham-Carter, Lt. D'Avenna, Major General McIntosh, Major General Downing, Air Vice Marshal Smith, Rear Admiral Warren, Mr. Stewart Brown, Colonel Parkin, Brigadier Lusk, Lt. Astor.

1. Civilianization of Allied Commissions

Referring to para 2 of minutes of 18 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner briefly reviewed the civilianization of AC and stated that applications of interested officers had been reviewed and approximately 37 had been found to possess qualifications acceptable to USA. The Assistant Secretary had been consulted with reference to interviewing possible applicants for State Department Foreign Service posts. The plan now being undertaken to civilianize American officers of the Commission has been sent forward to London with the recommendation that a similar arrangement be worked out for British officers. Mr. Astor reported that of the 37 qualified applicants only six were available for interview in headquarters; the rest are in the field. The Chief Commissioner suggested that Mr. Lehman be sent at once to the field to complete the necessary interviews. The progress of the entire program has to be reported as soon as possible to Washington.

2. Restoration of Additional Provinces to Italian Government

Referring to para 3 of minutes of 18 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that the views of the US 15th Army Group had been received on this matter; they were not favorable. 15th Army Group objected that by reason of extensive military installations throughout the North that turnover of additional areas to Italian Government should be delayed. The Chief Commissioner expressed the view that, since much of the present area in Italian Government territory was turned back while it still contained large military installations, USAGM would undoubtedly approve the early restoration of five or six additional provinces. Subject to AGM's final approval, it is hoped that such an announcement would be made at an early date.

3. Visit of Italian Government Party to North

Referring to para 4 of minutes of 18 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that the CIMAF Delegation which had been brought to Rome from Milan had returned, and that a representative group of the Italian Government was

13. Visits of Italian Government Delegation to North

Downloaded from <http://ajphaphysiol.physiology.org/> at University of California, San Diego on September 11, 2015

b. The Allied proposal to take available to the Italian Government 331

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ties to the Greek and there had been some representations from the U.S. and British authorities relative to the responsibility for administration of these areas. U.S. and British authorities would retain full control. The Italian Government is to report on any readjustment of areas and members of AFHQ that can be usefully employed.

5. General Situation

The Chief Commissioner stated that there had been some improvement in the general situation in North Africa. There is an indication that Allied Military Government would be established in Tunisia. This would resolve the situation at least for the present. This is understood to have a good effect on the withdrawal of troops from the western sections of the liberated territory.

6. Air Meeting - General Situation

The Chief Commissioner reported that he, together with General Eisenhower and Mr. Arnold had had a conference with General Robertson, Chief Administrative Officer to AFHQ. One of the principal points under discussion was the establishment of an Industrial Advisory Board to be set up by the Italian Government by Legislative Decree. The powers of this board would be similar to those now held by the War Production Board in the United States and correspond to those now held by the War Production Board in Italy. This is mainly to determine and control industrial production, priorities, etc. Both the Allied Forces Local Resources Section and AFHQ would have representation on the board. These representatives would act solely in an advisory capacity and would accordingly be non-voting. It is felt that this policy is in accord with the general intent of FAR 487. Under the main board there would be several subsidiary boards organized to cover specific industries such as mining, textiles, etc. and would not have the same factor too subsidiary industry boards would be set up by the Italian Government and AFHQ (for A.G. territory) at once and would not wait the formal establishment of the Industrial Advisory Board which will be created by legislative decree. These proposed production control agencies have received the overall approval of CAB, G-5, and other sections at AFHQ and will be submitted to SACAFHQ for final approval.

The formal lifting of the economic barrier between the North and the South is expected to take place on Monday the 28th. It is hoped that the question of civilian travel will be cleared up at about the same time. AFHQ has accepted the proposal that civilians be allowed circulation in the North on quarters issues. AFHQ on the other hand is objecting to this procedure. AFHQ has not sympathetic to AFHQ's objections, particularly in view of the fact that SACAFHQ wants to allow free travel throughout Italy as soon as possible.

At the same time (Monday the 28th) the AFHQ will start its functioning in the North and should have a good effect on the inevitable requisitioning of civilian property by military establishments.

five officers to SACED. One of the principal matters under discussion was the establishment of an Industrial Advisory Board to be set up by the Italian Government to regulate industry. The purpose of this board would be similar to those now held by the war production board in the United States and covering pending activity in Britain; that is, solely to determine and control industrial production, priorities, etc. Both the Allied Forces Council Executive Section and AC would have representatives on the board. These representatives would act solely in an advisory capacity and would accordingly be non-voting. It is felt that this policy is in accord with the general intent of the 457. Under the main board there would be several subsidiary boards required to cover specific industries such as mining, textiles, and steel production. One of the basic factors the subsidiary industry boards would set up by the Italian Government and AC (for A.C. territory) as once and would not await the formal establishment of the industrial advisory board which will be created by legislative decree. These proposed production control agencies were received the overall approval of GAO, G-5, and other sections at AFHQ and will be submitted to SACED for final approval.

The formal lifting of the economic barrier between the North and the South is expected to take place on Monday the 26th. It is hoped that the location of civilian travel will be cleared up at about the same time. The Army has accepted the proposal that civilians be allowed circulation to the North on quarters passes. The Army on the other hand is objecting to this procedure. AFHQ has not sympathetic to the Army's objections, particularly in view of the fact that SACED wants to allow free travel throughout Italy as soon as possible.

At the same time (Monday the 26th) the AFHQ will start its functioning in the North and should give a good effort in the inevitable requisitioning of civilian property by military establishments.

7. Political aspects

Mr. Bowdler gave a brief review on the general political situation with emphasis on the discussions which were now going on in regard to the North. It was thought that the representatives of the Communist party in the North had publicly announced that they would not support the Prime Minister in any new government formation. It was observed in and about the Milan area that the CLMPT was still attempting to function as a recognized government agency and was not proceeding through the officially agreed channels. The chief Commissioner directed that a signal should be sent to IV Corps pointing out that isolation of this procedure was entirely contrary to the agreed policy. Executive Commissioner together with Mr. Bowdler was directed to draft an appropriate signal.

8. Economic position in North

Mr. Lottolingo gave a brief review of the economic conditions in the North that were observed on his recent trip. In general the economic picture was

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Fig. 1. Geological structure of the study area

25. Trichostema

13. Subjects in North

11. Canadian Army

General Brown brought out the fact that the patrols were refusing to accept the authority of the Canadian Ministry of War. Air Force Sub-Commissioner reported that likewise they were questioning the sub-division, even on the extent that one group was considering the establishment of an air force in the north.

12. The Executive Commission was a brief review of the situation in the region stating that all the projects had been properly installed. He referred to the location of public services, particularly in connection with personnel services, medical, etc., which was broken out. He believed that the recent addition of some 1500 D.C. in the area would help the situation. In the region he stated the public safety problem was generally better. The projects in that region were going well established, however not all of the requirements had been confirmed.

In regard to displaced persons, the initial work on the border around the area had been initiated. The Chief Commissioner instructed that UNIC should be consulted relative to employing potential staff in moving displaced persons.

13. Projects in North

The Chief Commissioner directed that the reports being continually submitted in the situation in the north should be given wide circulation to the Section and Sub-Commissioner, including the Service Sub-Commissioners.

Least Also Presidents' Meeting - Wednesday, 21 May 1952.

W. H. STEAD
Major, M.C.D.
Staff Officer to DC

511

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British Ambassador
McGuire, HQ 15th Army Group
1-5, AFHQ (5)

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 Office of the Chief Commissioner
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18 May 1945
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Vice Presidential Meeting, 1000 hours, 18 May 1945, Office of the Chief Commissioner, Hq Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Mr. Dowling, Mr. Halford, Brigadier General McKinley, Brigadier Upson, Major General Co Servo, Major General Stalder, Major General Browning, Air Vice Marshal Brodie, Rear Admiral Warren, Mr. Stewart Brown, Colonel Parkin, Brigadier Luch.

1. C.I.P.

Referring to paragraph 2 of Minutes of 2 May 1945, Admiral Stone informed the meeting that a satisfactory letter had been received from Sig. Bonomi supplementing the C.I.P. decree. According had been left with the Italian Government, Admiral Stone said, by the U.S. and British Governments looking to future claims for compensation for Allied petroleum interests confiscated by the Fascist Government.

2. Civilianization of AC Personnel

In connection with para 3 of Minutes of 2 May, Colonel Parkin informed the Admiral that in Mr. Amelini's absence little progress was being made in interviewing prospective FSA employees.

3. Restoration of Provinces to Italian Government

Referring to para 4 of Minutes of 2 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that in addition to the 9 Provinces which had been turned back to the Italian Government on May 10, it was further proposed to restore to them an additional five or six Provinces in the near future. Nothing definite, however, would be done in this matter until the views of the Commanding General, 15th Army Group, had been obtained.

4. Visit of CLNAI Delegation

The Chief Commissioner reported that representatives of the Central Committee of the CLNAI had been brought to Rome from Milan and had held talks with the Italian Government and with local CLNAs. They had now returned to Milan. While in Rome the CLNAI and the Government had agreed that two representatives of each governmental party and two representatives from the two political parties out of office should shortly go North. This trip was expected to take place very shortly.

Italian Government, Admiral Stone said, by the U.S. and British Governments looking to future claims for compensation for Allied petroleum interests confiscated by the Fascist Government.

2. Civilianization of AM Personnel

In connection with para 3 of Minutes of 2 May, Colonel Parkin informed the Admiral that in Lt. Antolini's absence little progress was being made in interviewing prospective PEA employees.

3. Anticipation of Provinces to Italian Government

Referring to para 4 of Minutes of 2 May 1945, the Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that in addition to the 9 Provinces which had been turned back to the Italian Government on May 10, it was further proposed to restore to them an additional five or six Provinces in the near future. Nothing definite, however, would be fixed in this matter until the views of the Commanding General, 15th Army Group, had been obtained.

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5. Pledges to be undertaken by Italian Government

Admiral Stone reported that he had sought instruction from the Supreme Allied Commander as to whether in the event of a change in Government he was to follow the former procedure of securing from the Government before its establishment assurance that they would adhere to the terms of the Armistice, refrain from reopening the institutional question, and follow the terms of FAI 437 regarding the approval of service ministers and appointments by the Supreme Allied Commander. The Chief Commissioner said that the reply which he had received from AFHQ was in the affirmative on each of these three points but that it would be made clear to the Government that the Allies would not necessarily enforce their rights under the Armistice Terms but would hold them in reserve in the matter of day-to-day administration, subject to overriding military needs, in accordance with the Macmillan statement of last February.

6. German Plans

a. The Chief Commissioner reported that a plan was in existence and shortly to be implemented whereby large numbers of German POWs would be utilized

513

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in the vicinity of Rimini thereby enabling the evictor of some 10,000 Italians. It was the Chief Commissioner's hope that this eviction and consequent damage to crops and dislocation of life could be avoided.

5. The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that the Allied authorities were proposing to make available to the Italian Government between 100,000 and 200,000 German POWs to assist in rehabilitation. These Germans would continue to be prisoners of the U.S. and the U.K. armies and would continue to be fed and be maintained by them. On work projects they would be guarded by the Italians who would also furnish materials, tools, etc., for their work.

6. A reply had as yet been received from the Italian Government to this proposal.

7. Verona-Juila

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that Allied Military Government had not been set up east of the Isonzo.

8. Political Committee

Mr. Helford gave a resume of recent political events with particular emphasis to the impressions he had gained during his recent trip to the North.

9. Olive Oil

Brigadier General McKinley reported that the total of olive oil now assessed was 19,000 tons.

10. Combined Industrial Board

Brigadier General McKinley referred to para 12 of Minutes of 2 May 1945 and stated that the plan approved at AFHQ for the setting up of a Combined Industrial Board had as yet not been accepted by the Italian Government.

11. Travel Restrictions

The Chief Commissioner stated that the Supreme Allied Commander was anxious to permit the resumption of legitimate civilian travel and his own feeling was that the restrictions must be removed at an early date.

A signal was then discussed which it was proposed to send to Fifth and Ninth Armies in order to clear up the present anomalous position on civilian travel restrictions.

12. Appendix

8. Political Issues

Mr. Belford gave a review of recent political events with particular emphasis to the impressions he had gained during his recent trip to the North.

9. Italian Oil

Brigadier General McKinley reported that the total of olive oil now stored was 18,000 tons.

10. Combined Industrial Board

Brigadier General McKinley referred to para 12 of minutes of 2 July 1945 and stated that the plan approved at ARA for the setting up of a Combined Industrial Board had as yet not been accepted by the Italian Government.

11. Travel Restrictions

The Chief Commissioner stated that the Supreme Allied Commander was anxious to permit the resumption of legitimate civilian travel and his own feeling was that the restrictions must be removed at an early date.

A signal was then discussed which it was proposed to send to Fifth and Eighth Armies in order to draw up the present anomalous position on civilian travel restrictions.

12. Amnesty

The Vice President, Civil Affairs Section, informed the Chief Commissioner that the Minister for Justice proposes to grant an amnesty, on the occasion of the liberation of the North, to many categories of civil offenders including those who have offended the grain hoarding laws. Brigadier Whelan suggested that such a measure would only encourage the Italians to break the law in the forthcoming harvest. Admiral Stone ordered that the matter be held up and the matter be referred to 1-5 for a ruling.

The Chief Commissioner asked what the prospects were for this year's harvest and was informed that they were not good owing to drought. The Executive Commissioner urged that it was vital to settle during the month of May what price was to be paid for wheat during the forthcoming grain season. The Chief Commissioner agreed and directed that top priority be given to deciding this question.

13. Radio

Mr. Stewart Brown informed the Chief Commissioner that he had secured permission for a party of Italian correspondents to go North, a move which had given great satisfaction to the Italian press.

75

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14. The Executive Commission gave an outline of progress and movements of the Regional Commissioners in the North.

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Next Vice President's Meeting - 1000 hours, 23 May 1945

[Signature]
J. A. QUAYLE
Major, R. A.
Staff Officer to GS

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Office of the Director of Intelligence

Mr. [Name], [Address], [City], [State], [Office of the Director of Intelligence]

1. [Text of the memorandum]

2. [Section Header]

Referring to [Text of the memorandum]

3. [Section Header]

Referring to [Text of the memorandum]

4. [Section Header]

Referring to [Text of the memorandum]

Referring to [Text of the memorandum]

5. [Section Header]

Referring to [Text of the memorandum]

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Dissemination: Sub-Committee to Study and Report on the problem.

7. Vice President, Civil Liberties Union, informed the meeting that:

a. Over the time mentioned in the North for the publication of

Excluded:

b. The disclosure of evidence and other facts;

c. USA's alleged to have a representative (former with Colonel Finkel) of the Italian National Anti-Submarine. The Chief Commissioner said that he would see no objection to this.

8. Dissemination: Sub-Committee

addition further to the subject that it might be possible to use certain data to the Italian Air Force or emergency plans to the Italian military. The Chief Commissioner took note of the offer and suggested that details for carrying out flight and passenger should be worked out between the Executive Commissioner and the Air Force Sub-Committee.

9. Italy and Italy

The Executive Commissioner pointed out that in the North there was a central administration for Italy and this might not be used as a chief Commissioner if it was any objection to continuing such a central administration. The Chief Commissioner replied that he was not.

10. Government to the North

The Chief Commissioner stated that the political situation must stabilize since a libel before he permit the representatives of Italian Government to represent, and that for the time being, the movement of Italian should be strictly to create communications and transportation.

11. Public Relations: North

In reply to a question of the Executive Committee Mr. Dr. Brown said that as private Italian information was not allowed to go to the North but that he was going to make arrangements for dissemination of Italian information to the North.

In reply to a question of the Executive Committee Mr. Dr. Brown said that he considered that if/and if/and if/and will represented in the Italian press but not sufficiently well in Italian newspaper.

12. Dissemination: North

2. Public and Industrial

The Executive Department pointed out that in 1950 there was a direct administration for public and industrial purposes and that it was not any objection to continuing with a central administration. The latter continued to require that he say this.

10. Statement by the Board

The Chief Commissioner stated that the public administration was not a separate entity in public and industrial purposes of Italian Governmental structure, and that for the time being the concept of Italian public administration was strictly to public administration and administration.

11. Public Relations Branch

In reply to a question of the Secretary General, Mr. B. B. Smith said that the public relations branch was not intended to be a public but that for the time being the public relations branch was intended to be a public.

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12. Confidential Industrial Group

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With the Executive Department, 1950 Report, 1950 Report.

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T.H. Dwyer

A. A. GALT
Major, P. A.
Staff Officer in CC

1. INSTRUCTIONS
2. PROSECUTION, AC
3. Chief Counsel, AC
4. Executive Commission
5. Legal Affairs Section
6. Technical Section, (2)
7. Patent Section
8. Patent Section
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536
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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
OFFICE of the Chief Commissioner
APO 354
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DO 551/14

Vice, Presidential Meeting, 1000 hours, 25 April 1945, Office of the Chief Commissioner, HQ Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Mr. Admiral Stone, Mr. Dowling, Mr. Halford, Brigadier Anderson, Brigadier General McKinley, Mr. Antolini, Major General de Guvin, Major General Kleider, S.M.B. Brodie, Colonel Baldrige, Rear Admiral Warren, Colonel Pike, Brigadier Lush, Mr. Stewart Brown, Lt. Col. William Carter, Colonel Parson.

1. Italianate

The Chief Commissioner announced that a satisfactory agreement had been reached between the Italian Government and representatives of the American and British Governments on the question of the resumption of electrical communications between Italy, America, and the British Empire. The service was expected to begin on May 4th.

2. Approved broadcasts to Northern Italy

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that a request from the Minister of Occupied Italy that he be permitted to make daily broadcasts to the North had been submitted to the Supreme Allied Commander. Field Marshal Alexander had ruled that the broadcasts might take place but that all members of the Government should speak as well as the Minister for Occupied Italy. Further, that the series should be inaugurated by the Prime Minister. Owing to the military implication which such broadcasts might have, the Supreme Allied Commander had charged FMB and the Allied Commission jointly with the screening of the scripts.

This decision, Admiral Stone said, had been communicated to the Prime Minister and to the Minister for Occupied Italy.

3. Appointment of FMB

The Chief Commissioner said that as a result of a suggestion by the Co-ordinated Chiefs of Staff an order had been given by Field Marshal Alexander that patriots working in the North were to wear a distinctive armband, thereby complying with the Hague Convention.

At the same time it had been recommended that the Italian Government

The Chief Commissioner announced that a satisfactory agreement has been reached between the Italian Government and representatives of the American and British Governments on the question of the resumption of official communications between Italy, America, and the British Empire. The survivors who expected to begin on May 4th.

2. Proposed broadcasts to Northern Italy

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This decision, Admiral Steno said, had been communicated to the Prime Minister and to the Minister for Occupied Italy.

3. Treatment of POW

The Chief Commissioner said that as a result of a suggestion by the Combined Chiefs of Staff an order had been given by Field Marshal Alexander that Prisoners working in the North were to wear a distinctive emblem, thereby complying with the Hague Convention.

At the same time it had been recommended to the Italian Government that a statement be prepared demanding for Patriotic treatment to Prisoners of War in the event of capture by the enemy.

4. Import Program

Referring to part 2 of the Minutes of 12 April, Mr. Alexander confirmed that the Corps Italian members of the Mission had still not left the country as a visa for one of them was being withheld. Mr. Dowling undertook to press the State Department for clearance on this map.

5. Induction of Italian Air Force

Referring to part 3 of the Minutes of 12 April, Air Vice Marshal Broad confirmed that agreement had been reached at a RAF conference whereby the proposed reduction of machines in the Italian Air Force would be made less drastic. On new plan, the Air Vice Marshal said, was expected to prove entirely satisfactory to the Italian Government.

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6. Restaurants

Referring to para 5 of the Minutes of 12 April, the Chief Commissioner asked Colonel Fiske what action had been taken to issue an order prohibiting troops from entering civilian restaurants in the Northern cities in their liberation.

Colonel Fiske replied that a letter had come from the Commission to the effect that the attention of all troops be called to the orders already existing and which had been issued subsequent to the depletion of food-stuffs in Rome after the liberation of that city.

7. C.I.P. Decree

In reply to a question of the Chief Commissioner's in which he referred to para 6 of the Minutes of 12 April, Mr. Antolini confirmed that the new C.I.P. decree was published and in effect. He pointed out however that a supplementary letter was expected today from the Prime Minister. He explained that this letter might be regarded as a step in the implementation of the C.I.P. decree rather than a part of the decree itself.

8. Ministry of Occupied Italy

Referring to para 12 of the Minutes of 12 April, the Chief Commissioner or informed the meeting that the Italian Government had officially disavowed responsibility for the distribution of the pamphlet and disseminated themselves from the views expressed therein. Admiral Stone stated that the question of its further distribution was being handled further.

9. USAID

Mr. Antolini, in reply to Admiral Stone, stated that USAID had received approximately 1,000 tons of food stuffs in this country. There was no record that they had received any medical supplies. Three ships were now en route for Italy.

10. Evacuation of AC Personnel

Referring to para 9 of the Minutes of 12 April, Admiral Stone asked Colonel Parkin what response had been received from American officers of the Commission to the circular informing them of the possibility of working up civilians for FIA or the State Department.

Colonel Parkin replied that out of a total of 500 officers, 200 had shown interest, and that steps were being taken to interview those individually. The Chief Commissioner urged Mr. Antolini to pursue this matter vigorously as Washington was anxious to proceed with "civilianization".

the U.S.S.R. decree was published and in effect. He pointed out however that a supplementary letter was expected today from the Prime Minister. He explained that this letter might be regarded as a step in the implementation of the G.I.S. decree rather than a part of the decree itself.

8. Ministry of Occupied Italy

Referring to para 12 of the minutes of 18 April, the Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that the Italian government had officially disavowed responsibility for the distribution of the pamphlet and disseminated thousands from the views expressed therein. Admiral Stone stated that the question of its further distribution was being handled further.

9. USSR

Mr. Antelmi, in reply to Admiral Stone, stated that Russia had received approximately 10,000 tons of food stuffs in this country. There was no reason that they had received any medical supplies. These supplies were now en route for Italy.

10. Civilianization of AF Personnel

Referring to para 6 of the Minutes of 11 April, Admiral Stone asked Colonel Z. Parkin what response had been received from American officers of the Commission to the question regarding the possibility of working as civilians for the AF or the State Department.

Colonel Parkin replied that out of a total of 500 officers, 200 had shown interest, and that 100 were being taken to interview teams individually. The Chief Commissioner urged Mr. Antelmi to pursue this matter vigorously as Washington was anxious to get on with civilianization.

Brigadier Lush said that the War Office in London, from which he had recently returned, showed little interest in this subject.

11. Political Issues

Mr. Dowling made the following points:

a. Considerable discussion was taking place in the Italian press on the subject of Trieste. The matter had been discussed at a recent meeting of the Council of Ministers and it was apparent that all political parties, including the Communist-Unionists, their attitude was not absolutely clear cut, were united on the policy of Trieste for the Italians.

b. The recent Separatist Congress in Palermo had also given rise to much press comment. Several papers, not only those of the left but also independent organs, had been advocating suppression of the Separatist movement in Sicily if necessary by force.

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10. Speculation and interest continued to focus on the San Francisco Conference.

11. Italian Relations with Russia

Referring to paragraph 7c of the minutes of the 10th of April, Mr. Belford told the Chief Commissioner that he had been informed by the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs that fascists had been put out by the Italian Government by way of restoring relations with the Russian Government, but that no further had been learned by Mr. Stoddard.

The Italian, Mr. Belford said, had now issued instructions to their representative in Moscow that he was to attempt to resume friendly relations with his Yugoslav counterpart in Russia.

12. Change of Status of Italian Rye in Italy

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that a general formula of agreement had been reached by the interested Allied organizations whereby the status of Italian prisoners of war now working in this country would be changed but their services remain available to the Allied Forces. A proposal based on this agreement had been forwarded to the Italian Government whose acceptance was expected.

13. Olive Oil Rationing

Mr. Antolini presented the missing figures and drew attention to the fact that 45,000 tons had been unused; that, he said, was the target for the minimum ration in the part of Italy that was now liberated. Mr. Antolini did not know what olive oil he should find in the North, but he expected little. In reply to a question of the Chief Commissioner he stated that 45,000 tons would not provide a minimum ration in the North as well as the South.

14. Economic Plan for the North

The Acting Vice President of the Economic Section presented to the meeting a synopsis of the plan which had been prepared by the Economic Section and whereby it was hoped that the economy, with their totally different standard of wages and prices, could be united without causing grave inflation in the North. Mr. Antolini stated that this would be done by establishing strong trade controls; and by a combination of increasing and cutting back to the same and price level of April 3rd.

Brigadier Lush asked if the proposed read blocks would not put Mr. Antolini

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that a general formula of agreement had been reached by the interested Allied Commissions whereby the status of Italian Prisoners of War now working in their country would be changed but their services remain available to the Allied Forces. A proposal based on this agreement had been forwarded to the Italian Government whose acceptance was expected.

14. Slave oil, Ammunition

Mr. Antolini presented the amazing figures and drew attention to the fact that 45,000 tons had been consumed; that, in effect, was the target for the minimum ration in the part of Italy that was not liberated. Mr. Antolini did not know what olive oil we should find in the North, but he expected little. In reply to a question of the Chief Commissioner's he stated that 45,000 tons would not provide a minimum ration in the North or half as the South.

15. Economic Plan for the North

The Acting Vice President of the Economic Section presented to the meeting a synopsis of the plan which had been prepared by the Economic Section and whereby it was hoped that the two zones, with their totally different standard of wages and prices, could be united without causing grave inflation in the North. Mr. Antolini stated that this could be done by establishing strong road controls, and by a combination of "freezing" and cutting back to the wage and price level of April 3rd.

Brigadier Lush asked if the proposed road blocks would not put an embargo on the movement of commodities from North to South. Mr. Antolini replied that this was the case. When the Chief Commissioner pointed out that if the embargo was maintained for too long the desired deflation in the South would be retarded and there would be a considerable outcry in this part of the country, Mr. Antolini replied that the period of control was only envisaged as lasting for a fortnight or so.

In closing up, the Chief Commissioner pointed out that the proposed controls could only hope to take up some of the shock of the inflation that was bound to come, but that to any extent that the plan was successful it would be something gained, and he commended the energy of the Economic Section in approaching this problem.

16. Italian Civil Aviation

Air Vice Marshal Brodie said that he would shortly submit to the Chief Commissioner an interim report on the subject of Italian civil aviation. He said that discussion of this subject with the Italian Air Ministry had

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Public Relations Branch, 10
Island Road, 781-1000
British Columbia
CCF, 10 25th Ave. Group,
Vancouver, B.C.

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02 APR 1945

18 APR 1945

APR 20 1945

MEMORANDUM

Vice Consul General William T. Brown, 18 April 1945, Office of the
Chief Consul General, Big Apple Commission, New York.

Present: Admiral Stone, Mr. Dooling, Mr. Hallford, Mr. Kordell,
Colonel General McKinley, Brigadier Anderson, Brigadier Flynn, Major
General de Levin, Major General Williams, Colonel Furlan, Colonel G. P. H.
Jensen, Mr. Stewart Brown, Mr. Robert Warren, Colonel Bert, Colonel Thoms.

1. San Italian Draft Report

Referring to para 1 of minutes of 11 April 1945, Brigadier Flynn
said that he would furnish some data for the period of the Chief Consul General
on entirely restricted basis, which had been received from the Italian Govern-
ment.

2. Import Program

Referring to para 2 of minutes of 11 April 1945, Mr. Antolini said
that the Italian members of the Mission had not yet left this country due to
delay in the issuance of visas by the U.S. Consul. The solution was in the
hands of the State Department.

3. Requestion of Italian Air Force

Referring to para 4 of minutes of 11 April 1945, Gen. Captain
Jensen, in reply to a question of Mr. Chief Consul General, said that
discussions were still going on at AFHQ with respect to the proposed reduc-
tion of the Italian Air Force equipment.

4. U.S. Army and Navy Identification Board

Referring to para 10 of minutes of 11 April 1945, Mr. Chief Con-
sul General said that the U.S. Army and Navy Identification Board submitted
a workable and practical plan for the identification of Italian military
personnel of our own Army and Navy material in this country, the result of which
the Admiral also said would be of great benefit to Italy. Mr. Antolini asked
if this identification was possible and Admiral Stone agreed to turn it in
him.

According to reports of Mueller on 13 April 1945, the Soviet agents state that he was taken together with several other persons for the purpose of the Chief of German Intelligence, military intelligence and German which had been established since the Italian Government.

• **Prevalence** is the proportion of the population with a disease at a particular point in time.

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5. Mathematical models

Page 10

General Stone asked the two residents, David and Mrs. S. H. Jones, if they would like to give up the right of the cemetery to the cemetery.

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American and British Embassies were expressing anxiety over the passage. Mr. Antolini stated that it was at present held up in the Ministry of Justice. Admiral Stone directed Brigadier Upjohn to put pressure on the Ministry so that the matter could be issued quickly.

7. Political Measures

Mr. Hailford stated that the news of the death of the President of the United States had been received by the Italian Government and people with a sense of very deep and sincere loss, and that this news had reverberated all over the world in Italy. Mr. Hailford drew attention to the points which had emerged from the last meeting of the Council of Ministers.

a. The Minister of Foreign Affairs had deplored the anti-Italian campaign which was being conducted by the Yugoslavians and a resolution was passed at the end of the meeting expressing the Italian Government's desire to resume friendly relations with Yugoslavia.

Mr. Hailford did not know if this resolution was being implemented by negotiations.

b. A letter had been passed thereby the presidents of questions commissions were no longer required to be registered.

This measure would have the effect of greatly speeding up operations.

5. Kuest for Italy

Mr. Hailford commented on the offer which was reported to have been made by Argentina to give to Italy 100,000 tons of wheat.

Mr. Antolini stated that this offer, through probably true, had only appeared in the press. The Council of Ministers had discussed it but with no more official information than they had themselves read in the papers.

Mr. Dealing said that a similar offer made many months ago had been attributed by the Combined Chiefs of Staff, since at that time it had been considered undesirable to give publicity to an offer of assistance from a somewhat pro-Axis neutral, and C-in-C Mediterranean had been opposed to the presence of Argentine ships in the Mediterranean. These objections, Mr. Dealing considered, would no longer obtain.

Admiral Stone said that if this wheat was to be brought to Italy in allied ships, the Combined Chiefs of Staff would undoubtedly curtail allied shipments of wheat to a proportionate degree. If Italy were to obtain the benefit of this Argentine offer, over and above the present allied

13. Holmes did not know if this resolution was being replicated by negotiations.

14. A decree had been passed whereby the presidents of corporations were no longer required to be registered.

This measure would have the effect of greatly speeding up operation.

8. Notes for Italy

Mr. Ballard commented on the offer which was reported to have been made by Argentina to give to Italy 100,000 tons of wheat.

Mr. Ascolini stated that this offer, though probably true, had only appeared in the press. The Council of Ministers had discussed it but with no more official information than they had themselves read in the papers.

Mr. Devlin said that a similar offer made many months ago had been sidetracked by the Combined Chiefs of Staff, since at that time it had been considered undesirable to give publicity to an offer of assistance from a communist pro-Axis neutral, and D-15-C Mediterranean had been opposed to the presence of Argentine ships in the Mediterranean. These objections, Mr. Devlin considered, would no longer obtain.

Admiral Stone said that if this wheat were to be brought to Italy in allied ships, the Combined Chiefs of Staff would undoubtedly curtail allied shipments of wheat to a proportionate degree. If Italy were to obtain the benefit of this Argentine offer, over and above the present allied wheat import program, the wheat would probably have to be brought over in Argentine ships. Admiral Stone directed Mr. Ascolini to take active steps to attempt to effect this method of transport.

9. Finance Subcommittee

The Chief Commissioner announced with regard to the departure of Commissioner J. J. Davis, March, the American Joint Director of the Finance Subcommittee had stated that though his successor had not yet been appointed it was hoped that it would be possible to make a nomination within a few days. Mr. Ascolini drew the Chief Commissioner's attention to an extract from the 22 Weekly Bulletin from which it might be deduced that Commissioner Davis's successor had in fact already been appointed.

10. Employment of Italian Troops

In reply to a question of Admiral Kerr's the Admiral stated that a decision had been taken by Field Marshal Alexander at his last Political Conference.

forces that Italian troops could not be deployed outside Italy, except in most exceptional cases and only when required by urgent military necessity. It was also to military force alone implementing this decision would no doubt issue shortly.

11. General Basso reported:

a. That his headquarters had been directed by AFHQ to prepare a report on the progress in the implementation of this decision. A reply was given ready for the Chief Commissioner's signature.

b. That 5th Army was preparing to turn over Florence to AFHQ control.

c. Arrangements had been made for 21, antiaircraft and other support members of the Economic Section to hold meetings with offices receiving of this Corps and 15 Army Group into this week.

12. Ministry of Occupied Italy

The Chief Commissioner drew the attention of the members to a pamphlet on C.I.S.I.'s which had been circulated by the Ministry of Occupied Italy, containing expressions of policy and proposed treatment and administration in the Northern Regions when they should be liberated. The Chief Commissioner stated that the Prime Minister had informed him that this pamphlet did not reflect the views of the Italian Government and that it would very probably be suppressed.

• • • • •

Next Vice Presidential Meeting - Wednesday, April 25, 1945, 1000 hours.

J. A. QUAYE
Major, R. C.
Staff Officer in CC

DISTRIBUTION:

- Chief Commissioner
- Executive Commissioner
- VI, Civil Affairs Section
- VI, Economic Section (3)
- VI, Establishment Section
- Political Advisor (4)

Ministry of Colonial Italy

The Chief Commissioner from the situation of the members to a committee of C.I.M. is which had been circulated by the Ministry of Colonial Italy, containing expressions of policy and proposed conduct and administration in the Northern Regions than they should be liberated. The Chief Commissioner stated that the Prime Minister had informed him that this Committee did not reflect the views of the Italian Government and that it should very probably be suppressed.

Next Vice-Præsident's Meeting - Wednesday, April 23, 1938, 10:00 hours.

DISTRIBUTION:

- President, 1
- Chief Commissioner
- Executive Commissioner
- V. Civil Affairs Section
- V. Economic Section (3)
- V. Establishment Section
- Political adviser (1)
- Political adviser (2)
- Naval Subcommission (3)
- Land Forces Subcommission (MIA)
- Air Forces Subcommission
- French Representatives, 10
- Russian Representative, 10
- Public Relations Branch, 10
- American representative
- British representative
- DOIC, 10 15th Army Group
- G-5, AFHQ (5)

T. P. Quigley
J. A. QUIGLEY
Major, R. A. C.
Staff Officer to CG

SECRET

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COTTON

Bullitt

APR 16 1960

• *Journal of Management Education* 32(1): 10-12

1. Background

Reference is made to the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], and the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name].

2. Discussion

Referring to the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], and the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name].

3. Recommendation

Referring to the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], and the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name].

4. Conclusion

Referring to the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], and the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name].

5. Distribution

It is recommended that the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], and the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name].

The Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], is requested to take the necessary action to ensure that the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], and the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name].

6. Signature

In a review of the above information, Mr. [Name], and the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], have agreed that the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], and the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name].

1. The letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], and the letter of 23 March 1965, from the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name], to the Chief of Communications, Mr. [Name].

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Journal of Interpersonal Violence 27(12)

Reduction of Demand for the Russian Request 1946

The Chief Commissioner indicated the feeling that the Soviet Union had not yet received the full measure of the United States' aid. He stated that the Soviet Union had been very cooperative in the past, but that it was now feeling that it was being treated unfairly. He stated that the Soviet Union was now feeling that it was being treated unfairly.

U.S. and Soviet Negotiations 1946

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U.S. ARMY
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WASHINGTON, D.C.

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2. The information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your agency without the express approval of the source of the information.

3. The information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your agency without the express approval of the source of the information.

4. The information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your agency without the express approval of the source of the information.

5. The information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your agency without the express approval of the source of the information.

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7. The information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your agency without the express approval of the source of the information.

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9. The information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your agency without the express approval of the source of the information.

10. The information is being furnished to you for your information and use only. It is not to be distributed outside your agency without the express approval of the source of the information.

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1. The following information was obtained from the files of the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, and the Bureau of Reclamation, and is being furnished to you for your information. It is not to be used for any other purpose without the express written consent of the Bureau of Land Management.

2. The following information was obtained from the files of the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, and the Bureau of Reclamation, and is being furnished to you for your information. It is not to be used for any other purpose without the express written consent of the Bureau of Land Management.

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10. The following information was obtained from the files of the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, and the Bureau of Reclamation, and is being furnished to you for your information. It is not to be used for any other purpose without the express written consent of the Bureau of Land Management.

CC 551/11

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

26 March 1945
MAR 1945

MINUTES

Vice Presidents' Meeting, 190 hours, 26 March 1945, Office of the Chief Commissioner, HQ Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Mr. Hopkinson, Brigadier General McKinley, Mr. Antolini, Brigadier Ufford, Major General Kienlen, Lieut. de Nova, Col. Perkin, Mr. Brown, Rear Admiral Warren, Lt. Col. Baldrige, Colonel Kerr, Colonel Fiske.

1. New Italian Draft Decree

Referring to Para 3 of Minutes of 19 March 1945, the Chief Commissioner stated that he had been informed by Sig. Bonomi that Minister Perotti had withdrawn from his draft decree all reference to "corporations". Written confirmation of this withdrawal had been asked for, but not yet received.

2. Import Program

Referring to para 5 of Minutes of 19 March 1945, the Chief Commissioner expressed his congratulations to the Economic Section for having completed the working of "A" and "B" programs--the "A" Program having been dispatched to AFHQ and the "B" Program now being taken to Washington by Mr. Harlan Cleveland.

Mr. Antolini drew the attention of the Chief Commissioner to the fact that no notification had yet been obtained from the Combined Chiefs of Staff for the Italians to accompany the Mission which was taking the import program to Washington.

3. Carabiniere

Refer now para 9c of the Minutes of 19 March 1945, Brigadier Ufford reported that as yet the Italian Government had still not appointed General Taddei as Deputy Commander of the CC,RR., and undertook to follow through on this point.

4. Reduction of Italian Air Force

Reference para 11 of the Minutes of 19 March 1945, Lt. Col. Baldrige reported that no definite answer had yet been received from AFHQ on the subject of the reduction of the Italian Air Force but he believed that the probable answer would be quite acceptable.

2. Import Program

Referring to para 6 of Minutes of 19 March 1945, the Chief Commissioner expressed his congratulations to the Economic Section for having completed the screening of "A" and "B" programs--the "A" Program having been dispatched to AFHQ and the "B" Program now being taken to Washington by Mr. Harlan Cleveland.

Mr. Antolini drew the attention of the Chief Commissioner to the fact that no permission had yet been obtained from the Combined Chiefs of Staff for the Italians to accompany the Mission which was taking the import program to Washington.

3. Carabinieri

Refer now para 9c of the Minutes of 19 March 1945, Brigadier Upjohn reported that as yet the Italian Government had still not appointed General Teddei as Deputy Commander of the CC.RR., and undertook to follow through on this point.

4. Reduction of Italian Air Force

Reference para 11 of the Minutes of 19 March 1945, Lt. Col. Bal-ringo reported that no definite answer had yet been received from AFHQ on the subject of the reduction of the Italian Air Force but he believed that the problem had been solved by a compromise, which was accepted to be quite acceptable to the Italians.

5. Trucking Charges

The Chief Commissioner directed Mr. Antolini and Brigadier Upjohn to look into the allegation of exorbitant trucking charges contained in the Administrative Staff of March 26th. It was stated that 23,000 lire were charged for the transportation of school books from Rome to Macedonia.

6. Political Registry

Mr. Hopkinson stated that beyond the appointment of a number of advisors there was nothing new in the political field.

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Mr. Antolini produced the latest olive oil amassing figures and the Chief Commissioner presented his ruling (para 6c of the Minutes of 19 March 1945) that the olive oil "venues" were not to be withdrawn from Southern Italy so long as they were doing useful work.

8. Miscellaneous Points from Civil Affairs Section

Brigadier Upton reported:

- a. That the proceeds of the Art Exhibition at the Palazzo Venezia had amounted to 1,600,000 lire and that this sum had been handed to the Italian Government as a contribution to the restoration of damaged monuments.
- b. That the Royal Yugoslav Mission in Rome had been closed on Monday, 26 March 1945, and that other Royal Yugoslav Missions in Italy were to be closed shortly.

9. Press Plan for Northern Italy

The Director of the Public Relations Branch informed the meeting that agreement had been reached by the Psychological Warfare Branch, the Allied Commission, and the Italian Government on the proposed press plan for Northern Italy and that this plan had now been submitted to AFHQ.

10. Deserters

Colonel Kerr reported that there still were complaints from the Italian Government against the alleged enticement of Italian soldiers by the Yugoslav Military (Partisan) Mission in Rome. The two were alleged to have been sent to Bari, but it had been impossible, Col. Kerr said, to apprehend any of these alleged deserters.

11. The A/Executive Commissioner stated:

- a. That the withdrawal from the South was proceeding smoothly.
- b. That Umbria-Marche Region had been established, and
- c. That the SOG IV Corps had been requested to give permission for the moving forward of the Northern Regional teams.

* * * * *

Next Vice Presidential Meeting - Wednesday, 4 April 1945, 1000 hours.

785017

9. Press Plan for Northern Italy

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- a. That the withdrawal from the South was proceeding smoothly,
- b. That the Paris-Marche Region had been established, and
- c. That the GOC IV Corps had been requested to give permission for the moving forward of the Northern Regional teams.

Next Vice Presidential Meeting - Wednesday, 4 April 1945, 1000 hours.

J. A. QUAYLE
Major, R. A.
Staff Officer to CC

DISTRIBUTION:

A/President, ALCOM
A/Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section
VP, Establishment Section
Political Advisor (A)
Political Advisor (B)
Naval Sub-Commission (3)
Land Forces Sub-Commission (MIA)
Air Forces Sub-Commission

Liaison Office (Executive Comm'r)
French Representative, ALCOM
Russian Representative, ALCOM
Executive Officer, Economic Section
Staff Officer, Economic Section
G-5, AFHQ (5)
American Ambassador
British Ambassador
USCAG, Hq 15th Army Group
Public Relations Branch, ALCOM

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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HEADQUARTERS ALGERIE COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 396

JAG/dm

CG 559

24 March 1945

Subject: Vice Presidents' Meetings

MAR 24 1945

To: All Concerned

1. This will cancel notification of 2 March to the effect that future Vice Presidents' Meetings would be held on Fridays.
2. The next meeting will be held Wednesday, 28 March 1945, at 1000 hours, and the meeting which was scheduled for Friday, 30 March, is hereby cancelled.
3. Until further notice, all future Vice Presidents' Meetings will be held on Wednesdays at 1000 hours.

DISTRIBUTION:

- VP, Economic Section
- VP, Civil Affairs Section
- VP, Establishment Section
- Director, Land Forces H/C
- Director, Air Forces H/C
- Chief, Naval Subcommission
- Executive Commissioner
- French Representative, ALGER

J. A. QUAYLE, Major, P. A.
Staff Officer to Chief Comm'r.

- : Russian Representative, ALGER
- : Political Advisor (US)
- : Political Advisor (BR)
- : SecAd, 15 Army Group



Handwritten notes and signatures:
P. J. ...
J. ...

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 394

21 March 1945

Subject: Vice Presidents' Meetings

MAR 22 1945

To: All Concerned

Effective Friday, 20 March 1945, when the next Vice Presidents' Meeting will be held, the regular day for these meetings will be Friday instead of Thursday. The time will be 1000 hours. Notification will be made to all concerned by this office in the event of any deviation from this schedule.

DISTRIBUTION:

VP, Economic Section
VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Establishment Section
Director, Land Forces S/C
Director, Air Forces S/C
Naval Subcommission (Chief)
Executive Commissioner
French Representative, ALCOM
Russian Representative, ALCOM
Political Adviser (U.S.)
Political Adviser (Br)

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2. Naval Subcommittee.

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that a decision for the Naval Subcommittee has been received which our Commission will consider.

3. New Italian Draft Report.

The Chief Commissioner stated that the Council of Ministers has been and will still be considering a proposed draft decree which has been submitted by Minister Jannotti. The decree, on anti-trust legislation, was added only recently to the bill. It also would provide for any large industrial plants the production of which might affect the Allied war effort. For this reason a copy of the decree has been forwarded to AFHQ with a request for comment in the future.

Mr. Hopkinson pointed out that not only might short-term military interests be affected by this decree but also long-term interests were concerned in that several foreign nations have considerable interest in many of these great industrial concerns. He also stated that the Italian Government has long been interested in the war effort, and it was hoped, were more for the good relations of the Subscribed than for the Allied Commission.

4. Political Bureau.

Mr. Hopkinson gave a short review of recent political developments in Italy, drawing attention to the fact that none of the parties had been able to use the tactics involved in a move to overthrow the Government.

5. A Fresh Aspect of the War Issue.

Mr. Hopkinson said that he was submitting a draft memorandum for circulation to heads of Department and Independent Administration, trying to exercise their good offices in obtaining diplomatic representation of some Italian National Government who had not yet established direct relationships with the Italian Government in their dealings with the Italian authorities. They were able to reach satisfactory arrangements with the Italian Government direct.

6. Oliva Oil.

Mr. Jannotti gave the latest figures for the quantity of olive oil and estimated that 15,000 tons would eventually be collected, thereby making a significant oil situation in Italy.

Referring to the minutes of the meeting of 11/9 of 22 February.

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Mr. Antolini reported that there was no truth in the allegation that unutilized containers were being used and that this was merely a ruse on the part of the fascists to retain their own crew.

c. The Chief Commissioner gave a ruling that the rifles and "ammunition" were to be kept in Southern Italy, as long as was necessary in spite of the general withdrawal from the South.

7. Prison Nations.

When the point was raised by Mr. Antolini, the Chief Commissioner gave a ruling that the ration scale in camp prisons was not to be reduced at the present. The Executive Commissioner suggested that the proposal should be reviewed two months from now. This was agreed to.

8. Import Program.

Brigadier General Wehring spoke of the great difficulties in securing the 'A' and 'B' import program chiefly owing to the complexity of the work and the scarcity of skilled requisition officers. The General said that he had realized the need for speed on which the Chief Commissioner laid much emphasis, but refused to commit himself to a firm date when the import program would be ready to start. The Chief Commissioner again stressed the need for completing this work at the earliest possible date.

9. Miscellaneous Points from Civil Affairs Section.

Brigadier Upjohn reported:

a. That R. M. FERRARI, was not to be removed from his post as Chief of Police, but that his Deputy was being visited from the forces involved;

b. That General Brunetti had assumed command of the CC.M. and that first impressions of him were good;

c. That the Italian Government was being dilatory in appointing General Taddei as Deputy Commander of the CC.M. The Brigadier asked if the Chief Commissioner would speak to Signor Brunel on this score and he undertook to submit a memorandum;

Brigadier General Vexley spoke of the great difficulties in keeping the "X" and the import program chiefly owing to the complexity of the work and the shortage of skilled requisition officers. The General said that he will realize the need for speed on which the Chief Commissioner laid such emphasis, but refused to commit himself to a firm date when the import program would be ready to proceed. The Chief Commissioner again stressed the need for completing this work at the earliest possible date.

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5. Miscellaneous Points from Civil Affairs Meeting.

Brigadier Vexley reported:

a. That H. B. FORTY, who was to be removed from his post as Chief of Police, but that his Deputy was being selected from the force instead;

b. That General Brantini had assumed command of the CC.M. and that that impression of him was good;

c. That the Italian Government were being dilatory in appointing General Paddel as Deputy Commander of the CC.M. The Brigadier asked if the Chief Commissioner would agree to Signor Paddel on this score and he undertook to submit a memorandum;

d. That the Minister of Justice had paid another unauthorized visit to the Forward Area, as a result of which he, Brigadier Vexley, suggested that Signor Tullio's resignation from the Government be requested. It was decided to discuss the matter further out of the meeting.

e. That there was a general improvement in the distribution of medical supplies;

f. That Lieut. Colonel White, returned from a tour in Piacenza, reported that good preparatory work had been done in preparation.

There was a short discussion on the need for drastic and prompt operation of Fascists in Northern Italy when the Allies arrive there. It was decided that if a Regional Commissioner decided to resign in his post for reasons of great emergency, for example, a large employer of labor might break down if the man should be removed such decisions must be subject to review by this Headquarters.

The Executive Commissioner suggested that in order to speed up the operative machine first priority should be given to collecting since the Armistice.

10. Remarks.

Colonel Yllo, reporting that the personnel of the Detachment are not being withdrawn from Italian Government territory and are being re-allocated to the military administration regions. Twenty-five W. I. Officers, thirty-five the C-130 crew, are at present undergoing a two week course of instruction in Rome in matters of military government as an example of which they will be returned to their units and will be available later for Italian Government duties.

11. Indagation of Italian Air Force.

Air Vice Marshal Tress-Sunderland reports this pending a final word on the subject from AFM, he has not yet completed the staff discussion to reduce the Italian Air Force. The Chief of General Staff announced tomorrow the matter it was also Political Conference if it should prove not work.

12. Meeting by Gen. and Force of consideration (AFM).

General Tress-Sunderland reports that report on various matters concerning the Italian Army. There has been a meeting for improvement in the army, army, and administration. He hopes and expects that the end of April, Italian Army would be up to full strength of 100,000, that five companies would be in the line, and that the Ministry for War and Army Administration would be properly organized, administered and in line command. The Government should be in this country from Australia and Turkey and three or four thousand of the original 10 or 15 thousand. Part of the reduction of the Government's military force, and in other words would be to retain the number of the Division of an entity. He also mentioned the matter of 'cooperation' but no observed data the Italian Army and the proposed solution of this technical problem which has been forwarded to AFM.

Next Vice Presidents' Meeting - Friday, 20th March, 1000 hours

ATTENTION:

2/5000000, AFM

Chief Commissioner

Secretary Commissioner

J. A. QUINN

Major, R.A.

Staff Officer to the

General Pinochet, after a short report of various matters concerning the Italian Army. There had been a growing improvement in the Italian Army's performance. He hoped and expected that by the end of April the Italian Army would be up to its old level of 10,000. That five thousand troops would be in the line, and that the Ministry for War and Army would be a properly organized, administered and in the meantime. The Carabinieri Division was now back in this country from Europe and numbered three or four thousand out of the original 17 or 18 thousand. First 6 divisions of the Carabinieri Division were very good, and an attempt would be made to retain the remainder of the Division as an entity. He also mentioned the matter of "confederations" being absorbed into the Italian Army and the proposed solution of this intricate problem which has been forwarded to AFHQ.

Next Week President's Meeting - Friday, 10th March, 1000 hours

DISTRIBUTION:

W/President, AFHQ
Chief Commissioner
D. active Commissioner
VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section
VP, Establishment Section
Political Adviser (A)
Political Adviser (B)
General Subcommission (S)
Land Force Subcommission (AFHQ)
Air Force Subcommission
Liaison Office (Executive Comm'n)
French Representative, AFHQ
Russian Representative, AFHQ
Executive Officer, Economic Section
Staff Officer, Economic Section
J-3, AFHQ (C)
American Ambassador
British Ambassador
10000, HQ 15th Army Group
Public Relations Branch, AFHQ

S. A. GILBERT

Major, P.A.

Staff Officer to DC

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The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting of certain points which had arisen at factory's political conference on Thursday, 21 February, 1945, by the issuance of a new directive to the air force re-organization, and the fact that direct facilities could not be provided to the Italian Government, at present. The facilities, however, would be submitted.

The Chief Commissioner directed the political meeting to draft a letter to the Prime Minister and to the Italian Government regarding the issue of this meeting.

2. The New Directive

The Chief Commissioner stated that on Wednesday, February 22nd, there was a special meeting of the Air Force Council to discuss the issue of the political situation which the Air Force Council accompanied by Admiral Stone would call on the Prime Minister and inform him of the new relative issue. In the late afternoon, a meeting was held at a press conference and about 1000 people gathered in the hall for the occasion.

At this time the meeting was in session with the British and French representatives in the Air Force Council. The Chief Commissioner was also present to discuss the issue of the new directive. (Wednesday, February 22nd, 1945, the Air Force Council meeting was held at 1000 hours.)

3. Prime Minister

The Chief Commissioner drew the attention of the meeting that all of the Italian army units in the air force, or about 100,000, of the Italian Government March 1st. A short conference had been jointly convened by the Italian Government and the Commissioner.

4. Italian

The Chief Commissioner continued on the subject of the progress of the Italian army units in the air force. Admiral Stone, who presided, said that the Italian Government was in a position to provide the Italian Government with the necessary facilities.

5. Price of Grain

Brigadier General Bingham gave an explanation of the Italian Government's proposal to substitute an economic price for grain in place of the present political price, and mentioned the fact that the Italian Government had decided to raise the price of grain. The Chief Commissioner stated that the Italian Government would approve a similar bonus to the Italian Government.

6. Olive Oil

Colonel Deane reported that 10,000 tons of olive oil have been ordered, or 50% of the total.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND

1111 • J. Neurosci., July 26, 2006 • 26(30):1107–1115

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Brigadier General Verifying that the man collecting accounts, figures on this subject and would identify for the command.

14. Planning for America

Colonel Fiske reported that a difference with JFH on the subject of officer allocated to Austria would be cleared with Brigadier General Stafford when he visited Rome.

The Executive Committee made the point that the number of specialists allocated should be proportionate to the area under being taken from the American strength. The Chief Commissioner commented.

15. Meeting of Regional Commission

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that it was proposed to hold a meeting of Regional Commissioners on March 5th. The agenda would be circulated later.

Next Vice President's Meeting - Thursday, 1 March, 1000 hours

AGENDA:

- Act. 3 President, Alton
- Chief Commissioner
- Executive Commissioner
- V. Civil Affairs Section
- VI. Economic Section
- VP. Establishment Section
- Joint VP's, Political Section (2)
- Naval Commission (2)
- Land Forces Commission (2)
- Air Force Commission
- Island Office (2, 2nd VP)
- French Representative, Alton
- Italian Representative, Alton

TAC
J. S. (NAME)
Major, P.M.
Staff Officer to CG

Next Vice Presidential Nominating - Thursday, 1 March, 1968 hours

J.A. Qualls

J. A. Qualls
Major, P.A.
Staff Officer to 22

LIST LISTING:

Act. & President, A.M.M.
Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VI. Civil Affairs Section
VI. Economic Section
VI. Establishment Section
Joint VP's, Political Section (2)
Naval Subcommittee (3)
Land Forces Subcommittee (1212)
Air Forces Subcommittee
Union Office (2, 2nd yr)
French Representative, A.M.M.
Russian Representative, A.M.M.
E. Officer, Economic Section
Staff Officer, Economic Section
G-5, AFM, (5)
American Ambassador
British Ambassador
SCOR, R. Lynn Army Group

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498

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FEB 21 1945

2008年
2007年
2006年
2005年
2004年
2003年
2002年
2001年
2000年

References

Figure 1

100

1. Antes de entrar al examen

The Chief Commissioner said in substance that in a meeting with the President of the Republic of the Philippines in Manila, the President had expressed his interest in the subject of the investigation and that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner.

2. Findings

The Chief Commissioner said the situation in the office of the Chief Commissioner was such that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner and that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner.

3. Conclusion

The Chief Commissioner said that the situation in the office of the Chief Commissioner was such that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner and that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner.

The Chief Commissioner said that the situation in the office of the Chief Commissioner was such that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner and that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner.

4. Attorneys in the Philippines

The Chief Commissioner said that the situation in the office of the Chief Commissioner was such that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner and that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner.

The Chief Commissioner said that the situation in the office of the Chief Commissioner was such that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner and that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner.

5. Recommendations

The Chief Commissioner said that the situation in the office of the Chief Commissioner was such that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner and that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner.

6. Appendix

The Chief Commissioner said that the situation in the office of the Chief Commissioner was such that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner and that the investigation should be conducted in a thorough manner.

see page 14

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7. Radio-Telegraph Messages to U.S. and U.K.

Referring to the transmission of radio-telegraph communications between Italy on the one hand and U.S. and U.K. on the other, the Chief Communications Unit stated in view of failure to establish service, the Italian Government had not attempted to secure the system from facilitation of messages and that the U.S. for reasons of policy to secure letters and had been slow to establishing communication with Rome. The proposal had been forwarded to AFSA.

8. U.S. Air Operations

Company reports reported that 17 of the 20,000 tons had been received. The main difficulty being encountered was the lack of transport for the Italian forces.

9. Artificial Barrier

The Chief Communications told the meeting that he had heard authoritatively that there were some possibilities of artificial barrier established in the station for shipment to Italy should it be possible to get any of the Italian line factorials into working order. The General commented that he believed it was possible that this could have a beneficial effect on the great number of them in the country but requested the Committee action to follow through.

10. Activities of the President

The Vice President, Civil Affairs Section, referred to him of the activities of the President of the United States and stated that he had spoken to the President and had forwarded his to continue making alternative proposals in 1953 territory.

11. Education

President Truman informed the meeting that in the summer of 1953 all education facilities had been handed over to the Italian authorities.

12. Planning for Austria

Colonel Pike reported that he collected and had received all records by immediately transferred from the Allied Commission to form a permanent planning staff for Austria. Additional officers had been appointed but would remain at the present station until called for.

13. Italian Army Operations

Colonel Pike stated that AFSA had received a signal from the Combined Chiefs of Staff regarding a delay in the Italian Army operations of 100,000 of flour and 100,000 of olive oil. As to the latter, Colonel Pike stated that it was

that there was large quantities of material rather available in the state for purposes to which should it be possible to get any of the Italian first fortifier into material order. The Admiral mentioned that he definitely realized that they could have an immediate effect on the ground situation of ships in the country but repeated the personal desire to follow through.

10. Activities of the 3rd Corps

The 3rd President, Civil Affairs Section, referring to that of the mission of the 3rd Section of the country and stated that he had spoken to the 3rd President and her representatives as to whether making extensive operations in the territory.

11. Education

According to the information the mission that in the country of Italian and educational functions had been held over to the Italian authorities.

12. Planning for Austria

Colonel Fink reported that all officers had been assigned and would be immediately transferred from the 3rd Allied Commission to form a permanent planning staff for Austria. Additional officers had been assigned but would not be at their present station until called for.

13. Italian Army Situation

Colonel Fink stated that after the receipt of a signal from the German High Command of staff approving a daily increase in Italian Army numbers of 100,000 of flour and 100,000 of 100,000. As to the latter, Colonel Fink stated that it was likely to be only theoretical since, owing to heavy transport difficulties, the Italian military was not in receipt of a full quota of olive oil already allotted to them.

14. Maritime Planning

The Chief of Staff informed the meeting of the programs which had been made in planning for the transport provisions and made the following points:

1. It would be six or seven weeks after the liberation of the port of Genoa before ships the size of a Liberty ship could enter the harbor, though smaller vessels could maintain their unloading schedule until it.

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be as far as 15th June 1950. The following, taken from the 1950-51 Annual Report of the Ministry of Defence, is relevant for the establishment of the Ministry of Defence.

6. At the end of 1949, and 15th June 1950, the Ministry of Defence was the only department in the United Kingdom which was responsible for the defence of the United Kingdom. The Ministry of Defence was a new department, and its creation was a result of the decision to merge the Ministry of War, the Ministry of Air, and the Ministry of Navy.

7. As a result of the great variety of interests which are involved in the defence of the United Kingdom, the Ministry of Defence is a department which is unique in the United Kingdom.

8. The Ministry of Defence was established in 1949, and its creation was a result of the decision to merge the Ministry of War, the Ministry of Air, and the Ministry of Navy.

Next Vice President's Meeting - Thursday, 22 February, 1950. Agenda

T. H. G. 16

T. H. G. 16
1950, 1. 10. 16
Chief Officer to the

DISTRIBUTION:

- Acting President, Alcon
- Chief Commissioner
- Executive Committee
- VI. Civil Affairs Section
- VI. Economic Section
- VI. Establishment Section
- Joint VPs, Political Section (2)
- Naval Subcommittee (2)
- Land Forces Subcommittee (3)
- Air Forces Subcommittee
- Finance Office (2, Com. V)
- French Representative, Alcon
- Parliamentary Representative, Alcon

9. The Chief of Staff was notified that he had a sufficiency of officers standing by ready to carry out the duties of military secretary immediately upon the termination of the present provisions.

Chief of Staff, Headquarters, Department of Defense, 1940-1945

T. H. Campbell
J. A. G. [illegible]
Major, [illegible]
Staff Officer to [illegible]

MEMORANDUM:

Acting President, Alcon
Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
VP, Civil Affairs Section
VP, Economic Section
VP, Establishments Section
Joint VP's, Political Section (2)
Naval Subcommittee (3)
Land Forces Subcommittee (22/16)
Air Forces Subcommittee
Liaison Office (Dr. Gentry)
French Representative, Alcon
Russian Representative, Alcon
Sr. Officer, Economic Section
Staff Officer, Economic Section
G-5, AFHQ (5)
American Ambassador
British Ambassador
DAG, HQ 15th Army Group

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Office in the Third...
APD 206

FEB 1 1945

EXHIBIT LIST FOR MEMBERS OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESS FEB 2 1945

Acting President, Alphonse
Chief of Staff
DACS, Chief of Staff Section
DACS, Economic Section
DACS, Intelligence Section
Joint VP, Political Section (3)
Naval Submarine (3)
Land Forces Submarine
Air Submarine

French Representative, Alphonse
Russian Representative, Alphonse
Italian Office, QNS, Alphonse
SA, QNS, Economic Section
SA, Section, ARSQ (5)
American Ambassador
British Ambassador

DENAE, HQ 15th Army Group

496

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would from the Combined Chiefs of Staff that this course was...
before authorizing the initiative.

2. Call-32

Admiral Sarno directed the attention of the meeting to an error in the minutes of the last conference. General Browning on that occasion did not say that Phase 3 of the call-up is Sicily would be resumed on February 13th. What he said was that he had proposed to the Italian Government that the call-up should be resumed on February 13th.

General Browning stated that as yet he had had no reply to this request, but that he understood unofficially that the call-up was likely to be postponed until the end of February. He did not object to this as considerable numbers of patients were coming forward for enrollment in the Italian Army.

3. UNEPA

General Browning reported that the contract arrangements between UNEPA and the Italian Government were still in process of negotiation and that the sum of 50 million dollars had been earmarked by the Italian Government for reimbursement for supplies.

It was noted that the Italian...

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HEADQUARTERS ALIEN REGISTRATION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
ALG 324

FEB 1 1945

CG 33/7

DISTRIBUTION LIST FOR COPIES OF VICE PRESIDENTS' MESSAGE FEB 2 1945

Act. in President, Alaska
Chief Commissioner
Chief of Staff
DOCS, Civil Affairs Section
DOCS, Economic Section
DOCS, Establishment Section
Joint Vrs. Political Section (4)
Naval Submarine (3)
Land Forces Submarine
Air Submarine

French Representative, Alaska
Russian Representative, Alaska
Liaison Office, DOCS, Alaska
St. Off., Economic Section
2-3 Section, AFHQ (3)
American Ambassador
British Ambassador

DOCS, HQ 15th Army Group

496

see M. 51

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

SEAQ AFHQ/AFHQ COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
AFHQ 394

JAC/AFHQ/AFHQ gfk

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1 February 1945

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Vice Commanders' Meeting, 100 hours, 1 February 1945, Office of the Chief Commissioner, Hq Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Stone, Mr. Hall, Mr. DeBett, Colonel DeMare, Brigadier Wilson, Lt. Col. deMare, Major General Burimant, Major General Brown, Colonel Zircoli, Colonel deMare, Mr. Vice Admiral Brown-Burimant, Brigadier Lami, Major General Kilmann, Colonel Kilmann.

1. Broad Ration

Admiral Stone informed the meeting that through action, the full view heard from the Combined Chiefs of Staff on the question of increasing the ration, the February rationing program was stated to be sufficient to warrant an increase up to 300 grams per a family of 4.5 days, from February 15th to March 31st. The Admiral had recommended to AFHQ that this should be done.

The Admiral said that he understood that AFHQ were waiting for assurance from the Combined Chiefs of Staff that this tonnage could be maintained before authorizing the increase.

2. Call-up

Admiral Stone directed the attention of the meeting to an error in the minutes of the last conference. General Browning on that occasion did not say that Phase 3 of the call-up is 8.444 would be resumed on February 15th. What he said was that he had promised to the Italian Government that the call-up should be resumed on February 15th.

General Browning stated that as yet he has had no reply to this request, but that he understood unofficially that the call-up was likely to be postponed until the end of February. He did not object to this as considerable numbers of patriots were coming forward for enrollment in the Italian Army.

3. LETRA

4. Colonel DeMare reported that the contract arrangements between AFHQ and the Italian Government were still in process of negotiation and that the sum of 50 million dollars had been authorized by the Italian Government for reimbursement for supplies.

Admiral Stone directed the attention of the meeting to an error in the minutes of the last conference. General Browning on that occasion did not say that there was a call-up in Sicily would be resumed on February 15th. What he said was that he had proposed to the Italian Government that the call-up should be resumed on February 15th.

Admiral Stone stated that he understood that AFHQ was waiting for answers from the Combined Chiefs of Staff that this language could be substantiated before authorizing the increase.

2. Call-up

Admiral Stone directed the attention of the meeting to an error in the minutes of the last conference. General Browning on that occasion did not say that there was a call-up in Sicily would be resumed on February 15th. What he said was that he had proposed to the Italian Government that the call-up should be resumed on February 15th.

General Browning stated that as yet he had had no reply to this request, but that he understood unofficially that the call-up was likely to be postponed until the end of February. He did not object to this as undesirable elements of patriotism were coming forward for enrollment in the Italian Army.

3. UNRRA

a. Colonel Danmore reported that the contract arrangements between UNRRA and the Italian Government were still in process of negotiation, and that the sum of 50 million dollars had been requested by the Italian Government for reimbursement for supplies.

b. Admiral Stone stated that he did not consider that the Italian Government should be responsible for the payment of the salaries of UNRRA personnel in Italy, and he directed Colonel Danmore to bring on him the contract between the Italian and UNRRA as it stood, so that what stage of negotiation had been reached.

c. On a suggestion by the JCS Civil Affairs Section, the Chief Commissioner directed the Chief of Staff to hold a meeting with Mr. Xany of UNRRA and the heads of Civil Affairs and Economic Sections in order to coordinate various proposed UNRRA activities which required on the work of the Allied Commission.

d. Colonel Danmore reported that UNRRA had received a signal showing that 5,000 tons of UNRRA stores had been called forward.

Admiral Stone said that if it could be confirmed that the stores were not only called forward but actually on their way to that theatre, the 49,700 tons perfectly ready to advance 2,000 tons from AC stores to UNRRA as agreed.

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4. Attacks on American Citizens

The Chief Commissioner anti-fascist at one time in connection with the British Ministry protected the against the frequent attacks in the press on people of Sicily.

3. The Chief Commissioner reported his pleasure and satisfaction in the fact of his predecessor's political position. He mentioned that in the case of the Commissioner's letter to the Italian Government regarding that it should be stopped.

a. The Chief Commissioner said he would provide the matter.

5. Notes for Report

The Chief Commissioner reported his pleasure and satisfaction in the fact of his predecessor's political position. He mentioned that in the case of the Commissioner's letter to the Italian Government regarding that it should be stopped.

6. Requisitioning of Supplies

Requisitioning of supplies, pointed out that while Allied authorities had taken action to requisitioning supplies, especially the requisitioning of supplies with the Italian authorities who were requisitioning, they had not.

The Chief Commissioner directed the 1000 Civil Affairs Section to write into the Italian a letter on this subject which he regarded as of high importance.

7. Non-participation of Allied Forces in Italian Politics

The Chief Commissioner drew the attention of the Italian to an order which the British had issued at the time of the anti-fascist law which was read as follows: "As a matter of general principle members of Allied Forces must refrain from any participation in Italian politics."

The Chief Commissioner directed the 1000 Civil Affairs Section to inform the Italian of this order and to inform the Italian of the fact that the Italian authorities were not to be allowed to be involved in the Italian politics.

8. Price of Bread

Colonel Deane reported that Captain Deane had put in a letter to the Council of Ministers proposing a scheme for an increase in the price of bread. The Chief of Staff, while agreeing that this was probably a matter for the Council of Ministers, stated that there was no coordination with

5. Recruitment of Subversives

Recruitment began almost at the same time as the Italian political movement to de-regulate postal mailboxes, thereby the recruiting was the same with the Italian authorities and was particularly active and active.

The Chief Commissioner directed the 2015 until Affairs Office to prepare for him a letter on this subject which is required as of high importance.

7. Recruitment of Allied Forces in Italian Politics

The Chief Commissioner gave the attention of the committee to an order which the G-2-3 had issued at the time of his last conference last year which read as follows: "As a matter of general principle, no Allied Forces will be recruited from any organization in Italian politics."

The Chief Commissioner directed the heads of divisions to instruct that of officers and men serving under them in view of the statement which had been displayed in the Department's interest in Italy by leaders of Allied Forces -- not, however, members of the organization -- and the subject which they might be expected to take in the liberation of the various regions.

8. Chief of Staff

Colonel Danmore reports that Colonel Smith has not yet been the Chief of Staff of the 2nd Division. He is a source for an increase in the price of bread. The Chief of Staff, while agreeing that there was a need for a better job by the Italian government to handle themselves, stressed that useful cooperation with the Allied Commission would be necessary from this fall territory and territory about to be liberated would be affected.

The Chief Commissioner directed Colonel Danmore to examine the proposed carefully in consultation with the 2nd and 3rd Sub-Commission as well as the various Sub-Commission.

9. Recruitment of Italian Employees

The Headquarters Headquarters, Colonel Danmore reports that some have been found to provide a way for Italian employees of this Headquarters and that service would begin in a week's time. The price to the chief will be 10 lire.

10. Information and Recruitment

Colonel Danmore informed the committee that there were some taken to improve the information and recruitment in the various field of the headquarters building.

48

CONFIDENTIAL

The Chief Commissioner directed the Chief of Staff to publish an order instituting any Section of the Commission. This was followed by a conference to discuss the information to the Information Desk so that outside visitors attending the conference could be directed to the room where the meeting was being held.

17. Motor Pool

The Headquarters Commission maintained that the Motor Pool had been a success in its efforts at this station that there had been a great reduction in amount of overtime to drivers as well as a saving in petrol of over 2,000 gallons a month.

18. Local Elections

The DONS Civil Affairs Section drew the attention of the Chief Commissioner to the fact that although local elections were to be held in late spring it was not clear precisely what they were being held for. Brigadier J. J. J. undertook to put up a letter to the Italian Government on that subject for the Chief Commissioner's signature.

19. Evacuation

In reply to a question of General Warren to the Chief Commissioner regarding that as a matter of general principle the Allied Commission left to the Italians their own task of evacuation or settlement of refugees, and that it was a process in which it was generally not our policy to interfere unless definitely counter to Allied military interests.

20. Planning for Northwest Italy

The Chief of Staff reported that several conferences had been held at Allied Commission Headquarters, at AFHQ, and at 15th Army Group to plan the withdrawal of Allied Military Government in Northwest Italy as soon as it should be liberated, and stated that satisfactory progress was being made.

21. Olive Oil Accounting

The Chief of Staff informed the meeting that he had received a report from Brigadier J. J. J. to the effect that the accounting of olive oil was progressing as well as could be expected in Southern Region, and that he was reasonably satisfied with the results to date.

22. Austria

The Chief of Staff informed the Chief Commissioner that the Allied Commission was now being asked to provide any more officers for Austria than had been previously requested, and he stated his dislike for interfering with the

13. Evacuation

In reply to a question of General Gurnea, the Chief Commissioner confirmed that as a matter of general principle the Allied Commission left to the Italians their own task of evacuation or repatriation of civilians, and that it was a process in which it was generally not our policy to interfere unless definitely invited by Allied military interests.

14. Planning for Northern Italy

The Chief of Staff referred that several conferences had been held at Allied Command Headquarters, at AFHQ, and at 15th Army Group to plan the establishment of Allied Military Government in Northern Italy as soon as it should be liberated, and stated that additional advisory personnel was being added.

15. General Ambrosio

The Chief of Staff referred the meeting that he had received a report from Brigadier Lanyon to the effect that the movement of olive oil was progressing as well as could be expected in Southern Region, and that he was reasonably satisfied with the results to date.

16. Austria

The Chief of Staff informed the Chief Commissioner that the Allied Commission was now being asked to provide any more officers for Austria than had been previously requested, and he stated his desire for interlocking with the staffs of personnel already allocated to the northern provinces.

The Chief Commissioner stated that he wished to discuss this matter with both the Chief of Staff and General Gurnea, and pointed out that some of the required numbers for Austria might be found by securing the strength of their headquarters, reduction which would be consistent with the "New Deal for Italy."

17. Establishment of 2-2 Section at 14 15th Army Group

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that an arrangement with General Clarke and 15th Army Group and 15th Air Force had been made whereby General Clarke would be the head with the title of **ASSISTANT** Chief of Staff. Detailed support would be made in addition to his present functions as Deputy Chief of the 15th Air Force.

Next Vice President Meeting - Thursday, 6 February, 1945

- 3 -
SECRET

J. A. QUARE
Major, R. A.
Staff Officer to CS
494

BUDGETARY ALLOCATIONS

F.Y. 1964

ACTIVITY 100-001-1-01

COSTS OF OPERATION

Activity	Average Costs of Operation	Collected at 100% of cost	Agriculture & Forest (12-001-1-01)	Percent of Total Collected at 100% of cost	Percent of Total Collected at 100% of cost
Construction	15/1	188,784	188,000	100	57
Administration	15/1	77,171	50,000	65	83
Research	15/1	1,078,115	2,140,000	70	75
Operations	15/1	262,212	250,000	100	105
Construction	15/1	71,253	200,000	28	83
Administration		1,350,755	1,350,000	77	77
Research	20/1	1,205,441	1,000,000	83	85
Operations	15/1	275,515	100,000	36	91
Construction	15/1	1,617,933	1,400,000	86	101
Administration (*)	20/1	2,828,530	2,250,000	79	107
Operations	20/1	1,586,611	1,500,000	94	111
GRAND TOTAL		10,445,090	11,400,000	90	90

(*) Not including depreciation

Total Services (100% of cost) 11,400,000

TABLE 1-10. 1964-1965
 1964-1965
 1964-1965
 1964-1965

31 January 1965

Collected at lowest report 1964	Estimated at lowest report 1965	Percent collected at lowest report	Percent collected at lowest report	Percent of total collected		
				31 Dec. 1964	31 Dec. 1965	31 Dec. 1966
183,844	150,000	82	82	31	32	76
175,091	150,000	86	86	32	34	78
1,348,917	2,170,000	73	73	35	35	36
262,218	230,000	88	105	38	38	78
210,000	300,000	70	70	54	35	62
1,050,735	3,110,000	77	77	92	35	35
1,307,490	2,000,000	65	65	32	35	40
272,316	300,000	91	91	32	34	74
1,407,326	1,500,000	101	101	92	34	95
2,455,000	2,350,000	102	107	33	35	72
1,585,811	1,500,000	113	113	92	36	92
10,443,090	11,500,000	90	90	33	34	35

CG 351/6

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief, Civilian Supplies

APT 1945

25 January 1945

JAN 27 1945

MEMORANDUM

Vice President's Meeting, 1000 hours, 25 January 1945, Office of the Chief Commissioner, Hq. Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Rear Admiral Mene, Mr. Bedford, Mr. Scott, Colonel Penmore, Brigadier Upjohn, Capt. de Vore, Major General Dabrowsky, Major General Browning, Commodore Birchall, Commodore Korten, Air Vice Marshal Brown-Buschariet, Brigadier Lusk.

1. Food Ration

The Chief Commissioner reported that AFHQ had received a signal from the Combined Chiefs of Staff authorizing SACRED to increase the bread ration up to 300 grams so long as he took in mind the current shipping program virtually, therefore, responsibility for any increase was passed to Field Marshal Alexander.

A reply was now in draft form, and was expected to be sent off shortly, in which SAC would express his unwillingness to raise the bread ration unless he saw a substantial increase in the shipping program for February and had assurances for the future.

2. Feeding of Civilian Population

Referring to para 4 of the minutes of January 10th, the Chief Commissioner drew Colonel Penmore's attention to the urgency of implementing the suggestion that surplus food could and should be moved from Allied Commission zones in Rome.

3. Medical Supplies

1000 Civil Affairs Section reported that there had been no improvement in the distribution of medical supplies and that KIRUNA continued to perform its functions with scandalous inefficiency. He said that he had ready a memorandum for the Chief Commissioner to take up with Sig. Tenoni.

4. Call-up

General Browning reported that phase 3 of the call-up in Sicily, which had been postponed owing to the civil disturbances, would be resumed on February 13th.

The General also said that he had spoken to the Minister for War and that plans were in hand for a publicity campaign in aid of the call-up.

The Chief Commissioner reported that AFPA had received a signal from the Combined Chiefs of Staff authorizing SACMEC to increase the bread ration up to 500 grams so long as he was in with the current shipping program; virtually, therefore, responsibility for any increase was passed to Field Marshal Alexander.

A reply was sent in draft form, and was expected to be sent off shortly, in which SAC would express his willingness to follow the bread ration unless he saw a substantial increase in the shipping program for February and had assurances for the future.

2. Feeding of Civilians

Referring to para 4 of the minutes of January 18th, the Chief Commissioner drew Colonel Penney's attention to the urgency of implementing the suggestion that surplus food should be moved from Allied Commission depots in Rome.

3. Medical Supplies

ECOS Civil Affairs Section reported that there had been no improvement in the distribution of medical supplies and that RUMORS continued to perform its functions with considerable inefficiency. He said that he had ready a memorandum for the Chief Commissioner to take up with SIS, Rome.

4. Calabria

General Penney reported that para 3 of the call-up in Sicily, which had been postponed owing to the civil disturbances, would be resumed on February 19th.

The General also said that he had spoken to the Minister for War and that plans were in hand for a publicity campaign in aid of the call-up.

5. Urgent in Messina

Brigadier Upjohn stated that the town of Cagitaro was now quiet after disturbances which had taken place on the 17th and 18th of January. These disturbances had been linked with the military call-up.

6. Activities of SIS, Sicily

Brigadier Upjohn reported that a certain Sig. Secordari, a member of the staff of the newspaper "Patriotica", had been making a series of speeches in Perugia advising "Patriotica" not to enlist in the Italian Army, and that there was no proclamation under which he could be specifically prosecuted for so doing.

The Chief Commissioner authorized Brigadier Upjohn to send for Secordari and order him not to make such speeches in AMG territory. If this individual persisted in so doing after this interview, he could then be prosecuted under present standing regulations.

49.7

SECRET

see M. 47.

1. Background

General presented information the meeting that there had been a letter voluntary offer to destroy the material in the village. He indicated that this was possible due to the fact that the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages. He stated that a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

2. Summary

General presented information the meeting that there had been a letter voluntary offer to destroy the material in the village. He indicated that this was possible due to the fact that the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages. He stated that a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

In relation to the situation of the village of the village, General stated that if the situation of the village of the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages, a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

The Chief of the village of the village of the village, General stated that if the situation of the village of the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages, a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

3. Conclusions

General presented information the meeting that there had been a letter voluntary offer to destroy the material in the village. He indicated that this was possible due to the fact that the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages. He stated that a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

4. Recommendations

General presented information the meeting that there had been a letter voluntary offer to destroy the material in the village. He indicated that this was possible due to the fact that the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages. He stated that a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

5. References

General presented information the meeting that there had been a letter voluntary offer to destroy the material in the village. He indicated that this was possible due to the fact that the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages. He stated that a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

The Chief of the village of the village of the village, General stated that if the situation of the village of the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages, a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

6. Appendix

General presented information the meeting that there had been a letter voluntary offer to destroy the material in the village. He indicated that this was possible due to the fact that the village was not being given the same treatment as other villages. He stated that a decision had been made to destroy the material in the village.

REGION	ATMOSPHERIC DEPOSITS 1965-1966	Collected at latest to date 1966	Estimated to date 3/6 final (12 Sept. 1966) (12)	Percent of / r/r. v/c estimated to date of		Percent of in 1965-66	
				latest report	report 1965-66	at 1965-66	
Chile	7/1	133,500	250,000	53	52	51	
Uruguay	2/1	76,500	85,000	89	80	85	
Paraguay	5/1	1,777,721	2,170,000	77	71	75	
Argentina	15/1	361,500	250,000	105	104	88	
Caribbean	21/12	245,599	300,000	82	80	81	
South America		2,409,870	3,450,000	71	70	70	
Europe	2/1	1,309,773	1,000,000	83	40	45	
Europe	3/12	276,118	100,000	91	91	91	
Asia-Africa	2/1	1,512,215	1,500,000	101	101	97	
Arctic-Antarctic (*)	5/1	2,411,460	2,251,000	107	137	6	
Poland	2/1	1,565,070	1,500,000	111	110	86	
GRAND TOTAL		10,340,543	11,600,000	87	69	83	

(*) Not including Caribbean

(*) Including Forti province (10,897 q/a)

1762

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

U.S. AIR FORCE

ATTACHED TO COMMISSION

JOINT AIR FORCE COMMISSION

492

24 January 1960

Agriculture 1960 estimates (10 Sept. 1960) 100	Percent of Agric. 1960 estimates collected as of		Percent of total mailed in 1959-60 estimated on		
	100%	50%	100%	50%	25%
200,000	52	71	91	92	94
300,000	58	82	92	94	94
4,170,000	79		95	96	96
250,000	101	104	93	90	91
90,000	82	83	92	85	86
1,000,000	92		93	93	94
1,400,000	88	95	90	92	94
500,000	91	91	90	94	94
1,800,000	100	100	92	94	95
1,200,000	100	100	93	95	95
1,500,000	111	110	93	94	95
1,600,000	80	89	92	90	95

(*) including Agric. Province (20,393 414)

- 3 -

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

SECRET

MEMORANDUM
TO: Bureau of Intelligence

FROM: [illegible]

SUBJECT: [illegible]

1. [illegible]

2. [illegible]

3. [illegible]

4. [illegible]

5. [illegible]

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15. [illegible]

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

1. Mr. [illegible]
2. Mr. [illegible]
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JUN 20 1940

1. Introduction

The Chief Commissioner has received the following information from the Italian and American sources that the Italian Government has decided to send a group of Italian citizens to the United States for a study tour. The group will consist of 100 persons, including 50 men and 50 women, and will be led by a high-ranking Italian official.

2. Details

The group will be composed of 100 persons, including 50 men and 50 women, and will be led by a high-ranking Italian official. The group will be sent to the United States for a study tour, and will be accompanied by a high-ranking American official.

3. Details of the group

The group will be composed of 100 persons, including 50 men and 50 women, and will be led by a high-ranking Italian official. The group will be sent to the United States for a study tour, and will be accompanied by a high-ranking American official.

The group will be composed of 100 persons, including 50 men and 50 women, and will be led by a high-ranking Italian official. The group will be sent to the United States for a study tour, and will be accompanied by a high-ranking American official.

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4. Medical matters

The Chief Commissioner has received the following information from the Italian and American sources that the Italian Government has decided to send a group of Italian citizens to the United States for a study tour. The group will consist of 100 persons, including 50 men and 50 women, and will be led by a high-ranking Italian official.

The group will be composed of 100 persons, including 50 men and 50 women, and will be led by a high-ranking Italian official. The group will be sent to the United States for a study tour, and will be accompanied by a high-ranking American official.

5. File number

The Chief Commissioner has received the following information from the Italian and American sources that the Italian Government has decided to send a group of Italian citizens to the United States for a study tour. The group will consist of 100 persons, including 50 men and 50 women, and will be led by a high-ranking Italian official.

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see *Rocke*

SECRET

of activity.

7. Information

The Chief Commissioner took note of the post-battle work of the information branch of American officers.

8. Training

Colonel Fort gave details of the forthcoming and current call-up. General Nixon commented that the possibility of his being forced to give an adequate publicity campaign prior to the call-up was a serious one. He stated that they were fighting a war, the Italian people in that they should know that they were fighting for. Without a liberal and unrestricted press campaign, the Chief Commissioner stated, there was bound to be some trouble.

The Chief Commissioner informed the meeting of the arrival of Lieutenant Colonel Fort, R.A.C. to replace Lieutenant Colonel Fort, R.A.C.

10. Admiral Stone offered congratulations on behalf of his meeting to General Hastings on the official landing in France.

11. Italy

Brigadier Dalton raised the question of the possibility of the British agreement with the Italian Government to accept Italy. The Chief Commissioner said he would discuss the matter later.

12. Italy

The meeting took place that the situation in Sicily appeared to be quiet and General Dalton stated that both training exercises by the Italian Government would be very important in the case of January, they would visit Trieste and Genoa respectively.

13. Italy President's Visit. The meeting was held on 14th May.

T.A. Dalton

J. A. WATSON
Major, E. A.
Chief Officer to C.C.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
AFS 394

WEEKLY AVERAGE REPORT - WHEAT

R E G I O N	Average date of reports	Collected at latest report (q1a)	Agriculture S/C estimate (12 Sept. 1944) (q1a)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at		Per in
				latest report	report preceding week	
Calabria	3/1	188,565	280,000	67	67	
Lucania	3/1	761,323	950,000	80	80	
Puglia	3/1	1,575,455	2,170,000	73	73	
Campania	3/1	20,725	250,000	10	10	
Campobasso	3/12	245,399	300,000	82	82	
SOUTHERN		3,831,315	5,950,000	77	77	
Stellia	2/1	1,297,650	2,000,000	65	65	
Bardone	31/12	272,152	300,000	91	91	
Lazio-Umbria	31/12	1,511,732	1,500,000	101	99	
Abruzzo-Marche (*)	7/12	2,205,550	2,250,000	107	106	
Toscana	1/1	1,605,530	1,500,000	130	109	
GRAND TOTAL		10,319,400 (#)	11,600,000	89	89	

(*) Including Campobasso

(#) Including Forl. province (10,833 q1a)

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 394

17 January 1945

WHEAT AWASTING REPORT - WHEAT

Report No.	Agriculture S/C estimate (12 Sept. 1944) (q14)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at		Percent of total awasted in 1942-43 collected on		
		latest report	report preceding week	31 Oct. 1942	30 Nov. 1942	31 Dec. 1942
1,605	280,000	57	57	91	95	94
1,323	350,000	50	60	93	94	94
1,465	2,170,000	73	73	95	96	96
1,733	250,000	104	104	83	90	91
1,772	300,000	32	32	81	85	84
1,345	3,950,000	77	77	92	93	92
1,533	2,000,000	65	64	93	95	96
1,116	900,000	31	91	93	94	94
1,732	1,600,000	101	99	93	94	95
1,650	2,250,000	107	106	95	95	96
1,810	1,500,000	110	109	93	94	95
1,465 (B)	11,600,000	89	89	93	94	95

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 394

WEEKLY AGRICULTURE REPORT - WHEAT

R E G I O N	Average dates of reports	Collected at latest report (q19)	Agriculture S/O estimate (12 Sept. 1941) (q14)	Percent of Agric. S/O estimate collected at		Percent in 1942-43
				latest report	report preceding week	31 Oct. 1942
CANADIAN	25/12	187,393	230,000	87	67	91
LUZONIA	31/12	751,216	950,000	86	86	95
INDIA	31/12	1,536,394	2,176,000	73	73	75
CHINA	30/12	259,916	250,000	104	103	106
CHINA-INDIA	31/12	245,997	300,000	82	82	81
SOUTHERN		3,031,350	3,950,000	77	75	92
INDIA	31/12	1,285,447	2,000,000	64	64	95
INDONESIA	22/12	272,513	500,000	54	51	95
INDIA-INDONESIA	15/12	1,585,680	1,400,000	99	99	93
INDIA-INDONESIA	2/1	2,395,377	2,250,000	106	101	99
INDONESIA	23/12	2,654,903	1,500,000	177	168	73
GRAND TOTAL		10,219,369	11,600,000	89	87	93

(*) Not including Surplus

(*) Including Surplus (100,000 q19)

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 35A

10 JAN. 1945

WEEKLY AGRICULTURE REPORT - THAI

at reports	Agriculture S/C estimate (12 Sept. 1944) (114)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected as of		Percent of total damaged in 1942-43 collected on		
		latest report	report preceding week	31 Oct. 1942	31 Nov. 1942	31 Dec. 1942
	280,000	67	67	91	93	94
	750,000	8	50	93	94	94
	2,170,000	73	74	95	96	95
	200,000	104	103	98	98	98
	30,000	8	8	84	85	85
	1,000,000	77	75	92	93	94
	2,000,000	64	64	93	95	96
	300,000	91	91	95	96	96
	1,000,000	99	98	95	96	95
	2,250,000	104	101	95	95	96
	1,300,000	100	103	95	94	95
	11,500,000	89	87	93	94	95

and have survived for all of our agencies to operate in some circumstances. They also have given support for local Italian war veterans or help them in the same manner. They are often, though, not in a position to help them in the same manner. They are often, though, not in a position to help them in the same manner.

2. Local Italian

The section has informed that local Italian veterans and war veterans are being treated from the Committee of Italy in the position of local Italian veterans and war veterans.

3. Food collection in areas

Colonel D'Amico reported that for all of our agencies to operate in some circumstances. They also have given support for local Italian war veterans or help them in the same manner. They are often, though, not in a position to help them in the same manner.

4. Sanitary of Italian Italy

Colonel D'Amico reported that for all of our agencies to operate in some circumstances. They also have given support for local Italian war veterans or help them in the same manner. They are often, though, not in a position to help them in the same manner.

5. Conditions for Italian

Colonel D'Amico reported that for all of our agencies to operate in some circumstances. They also have given support for local Italian war veterans or help them in the same manner. They are often, though, not in a position to help them in the same manner.

6. Fooding of Italian Italy

Colonel D'Amico reported that for all of our agencies to operate in some circumstances. They also have given support for local Italian war veterans or help them in the same manner. They are often, though, not in a position to help them in the same manner.

Colonel D'Amico reported that for all of our agencies to operate in some circumstances. They also have given support for local Italian war veterans or help them in the same manner. They are often, though, not in a position to help them in the same manner.

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Handwritten signature and date 4/11/84

Handwritten text: 2 4 5 6 7 8 9

7. Local club membership

possibly it could not be on the grounds of lack of information.

5. Native Air Movement

The meeting was held with a prior from the Chief of Staff to the Italian Government and finally requested the Italian Government to provide 100 officers and 1000 men to assist in the training of native air. The problem discussed to be one of personnel, financial resources. The Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should be supplied with 1000 men to assist in the training of native air. The Italian Government must be prepared to take the cost of the training of native air. The Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air.

10. Officer

General Denunzio reported that a draft of a proposed National Institute Order had been received from AFM, which was the continuation of the Italian military formation in the Italian Republic. The draft had been approved (with amendments) by the National Institute and by the Chief of Staff. The Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air. The Italian Government must be prepared to take the cost of the training of native air. The Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air.

11. Reservists and Personnel of Italian Government of Italy

In a question of personnel, the Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air. The Italian Government must be prepared to take the cost of the training of native air. The Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air.

12. Chief of Staff of Italian Air Force, Lt. Gen. Augusto Gal

Mr. Vice Marshal, General, informed the meeting that during a tour of operational units which he had seen during his visit with the Italian Air Force Chief of Staff, Lt. Gen. Augusto Gal had received a number of requests.

13. Discrimination Against AFM by AFM

General Forno pointed out various ways in which discrimination against AFM had been made by AFM. Against the Italian Government, the Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air. The Italian Government must be prepared to take the cost of the training of native air. The Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air.

14. Carabinieri Formations

The Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air. The Italian Government must be prepared to take the cost of the training of native air. The Chief of Staff requested that the Italian Government should take the cost of the training of native air.

CONFIDENTIAL

Next Vice President of America - Washington, D.C. January 1974

T. G. L.

Mr. A. J. Hayes

Mr. J. L. A.

Mr. J. L. A.

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Mr. A. J. Hayes

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178

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

487

TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF THE RESULTS OF THE SURVEY OF THE ECONOMIC SITUATION IN THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA, 1950-1952

1. SUMMARY OF THE RESULTS OF THE SURVEY OF THE ECONOMIC SITUATION IN THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA, 1950-1952

Year	Agriculture (1000 tons)	Industry (1000 tons)	Percentage of total production		Percentage of total production		
			1950	1952	1950	1952	1952
1950	1,000,000	1,000,000	50	50	50	50	50
1951	1,100,000	1,100,000	55	55	55	55	55
1952	1,200,000	1,200,000	60	60	60	60	60
1953	1,300,000	1,300,000	65	65	65	65	65
1954	1,400,000	1,400,000	70	70	70	70	70
1955	1,500,000	1,500,000	75	75	75	75	75
1956	1,600,000	1,600,000	80	80	80	80	80
1957	1,700,000	1,700,000	85	85	85	85	85
1958	1,800,000	1,800,000	90	90	90	90	90
1959	1,900,000	1,900,000	95	95	95	95	95
1960	2,000,000	2,000,000	100	100	100	100	100

1. including 1950-1952 (1950-1952)

CO 531/3

W I H U I B S

2d December 1944.

Vice President's Meeting, 1130 hours, 28 December 1944, Office of the Chief Commissioner, Headquarters Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Mr. Admiral Grier, Mr. Robinson, Colonel Denham, General Sutherland, Brigadier (John), Colonel Pike, Major General Browning, Captain Butler, Mr. Schott, Spqr. Leader de Hahn, Brigadier Lash.

1. News Agencies

The Chief Commissioner said that the tentative agreement to allow outside News Agencies to operate in this country as from January 15th was awaiting final approval by Field Marshal Alexander. In the meantime the Committee appointed to discuss the advisability of this step had recommended that representation of these agencies should be allowed into Rome beginning January 15th. This step would be decided upon at Sirkin's conference on Saturday, 30 December.

2. Press Nation in Prisons

The Chief Commissioner directed that the nation in the Regina Coeli Prison should not be released.

3. Political Situation

The Chief Commissioner said there was no change in the situation over the appointment of an Italian Ambassador to the United States, which was still not made.

4. Food Imports

The Chief Commissioner hoped that, as a result of the current discussions in Washington, the attention would be accelerated.

5. Radio and Cable Communications

The Chief Commissioner said that no further developments had taken place in this matter though, further concessions having been made by the Italian Government, he expected an early solution.

6. Correction to Minutes of Last Meeting

The Chief Commissioner drew attention to an error in the last minutes which referred to the withdrawal of personnel from Sicily, which should read "from the Southern Region", i.e. Calabria and Salerno.

Headquarters Allied Commission
Office of the Chief Commissioner
Rome, Italy

W I H U I B S

2d December 1944.

2d December 1944.

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2. Food Situation in Britain

The Chief Commissioner directed that the ration in the United Kingdom should not be reduced.

3. Political Situation

The Chief Commissioner noted there was no change in the situation over the appointment of an Italian Ambassador to the United States, which was still not made.

4. Food Imports

The Chief Commissioner noted that, as a result of the current discussions in Washington, the situation would be ameliorated.

5. Radio and Cable Communications

The Chief Commissioner said that so far as radio, cable and telegraph in this matter though, further communications having been made by the Italian Government, he expected an early solution.

6. Correction to Minutes of Last Meeting

The Chief Commissioner drew attention to an error in the last minutes which referred to the withdrawal of personnel from Sicily, which should read "from the Southern Region", i.e. Calabria and Salerno.

7. Return of Count Carandini

Mr. Hopkinson reported that he had received a visit from Count Carandini on his return from London. Count Carandini said he had been given a most kindly and sympathetic welcome and had been delighted with his reception. Mr. Hopkinson said he had asked Count Carandini, who had agreed, to give an interview to the Press stressing this point in order to counteract the unfortunate impression in Italy that he had been coldly received. The Ambassador had also informed the Political Section that he had found 500 trucks in England which he was hoping to have shipped to this country. Mr. Hopkinson reported that he had seen a telegram from the Foreign Office in London stating that Count Carandini was to be entrusted with the care of Italian POW and Internees in England in place of the Swiss representative.

8. Food Situation

Colonel Denmore reported that the harvesting result was up 18 on the last report. He was satisfied with the influx of food into Rome.

SECRET

File 386

SECRET

9. Local Elections

SOUS, CA Section raised the question of local elections and was anxious to know what steps had been taken ~~under~~ his auspices. He was informed that a circular letter had been sent to all Regional Commissioners asking for their views on when the elections could and should be held. The Chief Commissioner stressed the importance of holding these elections as soon as possible and said he hoped that women's franchise might be granted before the elections took place.

10. Representations Concerning the Formation of Military Regts

SOUS, CA Section reported that Field Marshal Alexander would be asked to sign blank forms, in which Regional Commissioners could insert the names of towns if a rapid advance took place. The Chief Commissioner said he particularly wished to see this request before it was sent to S-5.

11. Ministry of Unoccupied Italy

Brigadier Upjohn stated that Civil Affairs Section had been asked by President Bonomi to give their views on various points which arose through the setting up of the new Ministry of Occupied Italy. The Brigadier asked the Chief Commissioner if he would request President Bonomi not to press for an urgent reply as the points would require careful consideration. The Chief Commissioner asked for a summary which he could discuss with the Prime Minister.

12. Operation of Railways

Brigadier Upjohn reported that some clothing had been provided by Mr. Ewen Taylor's organization and also by the American Red Cross. The Chief of Staff said that judging from a phone call just received from Capri, AFHQ were apparently going to provide a further small quantity, sufficient to cover the next three weeks. The Chief Commissioner recommended that the practicability of AFHQ's proposal be investigated.

13. Italian Air Force

S/air de Bahr reported a slight reduction in Italian Air Force operations due to weather conditions.

14. Saltwater

Captain Butler reported that an inter-ministerial committee had been formed to deal with non-operational salvage. Chief of Staff was instructed to coordinate the matter with the Naval Subordination and the Economic Section.

15. Military Collar

General Browning reported that the coll-up system was still being put results (only 25% of the expected income having been realized) owing to too many exemptions and discounts of CC. He informed the meeting that there

12. Shortage of Facilities

Brigadier Hoggart reported that some clothing had been provided by Mr. Byron Taylor's organization and also by the American Red Cross. The Chief of Staff said that having from a phone call just received from Gurnett, after were apparently going to provide a further small quantity, sufficient to cover the next three weeks. The Chief Commissioner recommended that the practicability of AFHQ's proposal be investigated.

13. British Air Force

5/5/42 he had reported a slight reduction in British Air Force operations due to weather conditions.

14. Salaries

Captain Gifford reported that an interministerial committee had been formed to deal with non-war related salaries. Chief of Staff will instruct to coordinate the matter with the Royal Subcominister of the Economic Section.

15. British Call-up

General Grooming reported that the call-up system was planning poor results (only 25% of the suggested intake having been realized) owing to too many exemptions and absence of 25.00. He informed the meeting that there would probably be a call-up in Gurnett in January or February and confirmed that he would keep the 1000. The Section intends of developments. General Grooming explained that many of the call-up were being taken to place the call-up on a broader basis and reserve way of its present facilities.

16. Reduction of Civilian Expenditure

Colonel Piske reported that an AFHQ memorandum on the question of food- ing of civilian employees was a considerable obstacle to providing a meal for the civilian employees of Allied Commission Headquarters. The Chief Commissioner said that the employees must be fed, and that therefore a way must be found to overcome the difficulty.

17. Reduction in Unrelated Personnel Expenditure

Colonel Piske reported that enlisted men of this Headquarters were going through an examination with a view to making them available for the front, and

that approximately 50% of the press conference would be attended. The Chief Commissioner indicated that strong protest would be made that the case of such men as had special qualifications in the way of language, etc., particularly in forward or advanced nations.

18. Still

The Chief of Staff stated that yesterday's report was reported that the High Commissioner had reduced the official ration to 20% given by the administration of the past nation.

19. Distressed areas

2000. CA Section reported that a meeting of Mr. Gordon Taylor's relief supplies had been distributed and that conditions generally were getting better. He also said that he had good hopes of the war-torn nations. He further reported that the Prime Minister's Committee for distressed areas had dissolved, which was a good thing, and that Prince Aris was forming another committee which looked likely to be more energetic and efficient.

20. Deputy Director, Transportation Subcommission

Finally, the meeting took note of the arrival of General Thomas, Deputy Director of the Transportation Subcommission.

Next Vice Presidential Meeting - Thursday, 4 January, 1000 Hours.

DISTRIBUTION:

Mr. Harold Macmillan
Admiral Stone
~~Mr. Arthur Lush~~
Brigadier Wynne
General de Serin
General Gasloper
Mr. Schott
Mr. Robinson
Colonel Fiske
Miss Subcommission (3)
Army Subcommission
Air Subcommission
Colonel Gurney
Colonel Moffat
Mr. Harlan Cleveland

T. A. Quate
Major, U. S. A.
Staff Officer to CC

20. Deputy Director, Transportation Subcommittee

Finally, the meeting took note of the arrival of Colonel Thomas, Deputy Director of the Transportation Subcommittee.

Next Vice President's Meeting - Tuesday, 4 January, 1954, 1000 hours.

ATTENDANCE:

Mr. Harold Macmillan
Admiral Stone

~~Mr. Alexander Bush~~
Brigadier Dwyer
General de Bevoise
General Dwyer

Mr. Schott

Mr. Hopkinson
Colonel Pike

Naval Subcommittee (5)

Army Subcommittee
Air Subcommittee

Colonel Dunmore
Colonel Langford

Mr. Harlan Cleveland
Lt Col Brown (Air Force)

C-5, AFHQ (5)

Hon. Alexander Kirk
Sir Noel Charles

T.H. G. y/b

A. A. Dwyer

Major, S. H.

Subcommittee to CC

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
AFC 594
Agriculture Sub-Commission
Weekly Grassing Report West

Country	Average Date of report	Co. landed at report date (000)	Agriculture d/c estimate (000)	Percent of Agric. estimate report	Percent of Agric. estimate report week
Colombia	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Guatemala	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
El Salvador	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Honduras	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Nicaragua	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Panama	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Costa Rica	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Chile	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Peru	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Argentina	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Uruguay	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Paraguay	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Brazil	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Spain	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
France	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Italy	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Germany	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Japan	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
China	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
India	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
South Africa	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Kenya	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Uganda	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Rwanda	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Burundi	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Tanzania	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Malawi	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Zambia	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Mozambique	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Angola	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Namibia	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Botswana	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
South Sudan	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Sudan	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Egypt	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Libya	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Algeria	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Tunisia	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Morocco	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Marshall Islands	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Micronesia	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Palau	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Marshall Islands	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Micronesia	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
Palau	12/1	12,000	12,000	100	100
West Total		12,000	12,000	100	100

* Not including Cyprus
* Including British Overseas Territories

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

HEADQUARTERS ARMY COMMISSION
ATC 394
Agriculture Sub-Commission
Weekly Grazing Report Sheet

22 December 1944

Collected on latest report (1944)	Agriculture Sub-Commission (12 Dec. 1944)	Percent of Army, Navy estimate received of latest report		Percent of total received in 1942-43 collection		
		latest report	preceding week	1942-43 1943	1942-43 1943	1942-43 1943
18,334	200,000	79	88	71	73	8
19,180	200,000	80	88	73	73	10
21,638	2,770,000	77	72	72	73	10
27,351	250,000	100	100	75	73	10
21,224	200,000	83	74	76	73	10
22,149	1,200,000	74	71	72	73	10
24,172	2,000,000	82	81	75	73	10
27,240	500,000	77	72	75	73	10
28,070	1,500,000	74	72	75	73	10
28,207	1,500,000	100	79	75	73	10
28,333	1,500,000	100	77	75	73	10
28,501	1,500,000	79	70	73	73	10

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Chief Commissioner
NO 394

34/4/45

CO 551/2

21 December 1944

24 DEC 1944

W I N U C U R

Vice President of Meeting, 1000 hours, 21 December 1944, Office of the Chief Commissioner, Headquarters Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Admiral Hilary W. Stone, Brigadier General, Brigadier Parsons, Mr. Sonnet, Mr. Hoffmann, Commander Elliott, General Eisenhower, General de Gaulle, Colonel Finko, Colonel Kennedy, Colonel Lusk.

1. Outside Room Activities

The Chief Commissioner said that it was impossible that outside room activities could be held to operate by January 15 as it was wished to give more consideration to the matter.

2. End of Day

The Chief Commissioner expressed his reluctance to lower the broadcast time to 10.15 without further careful consideration. G.O.C. and Brigadier Parsons would discuss further.

3. Political

Grant Stone and overheard into to accept the invitation to become Italian Ambassador to the U.S.

4. Notes

The Chief Commissioner read to the meeting a letter signed to the Commanding Officer of staff, which was expected to be brought personally to the office of the President and signed by him. The gist of the letter was to press for the 300 gram-pressed radio and a film producing program with which to implement it.

5. Communications

The Chief Commissioner told the meeting that during still continued on the question of the transmission of radio and cable communications between this country and the U.S. and U.K. He hoped that a recent connection on the part of the Italian Government might solve the deadlock.

The Chief Commissioner said that if any information that outside news-
smen would use to operate by various means which would be able to
confer information to the other.

2. Food to date

The Chief Commissioner reported that information to lower the bread ra-
tion to allow various types of bread, including bread, and other types of
non-grain bread, for sale.

3. Political

That officer had decided not to accept the invitation to return Italian
ambassadors to the U.S.

4. What

The Chief Commissioner said to the meeting that the signal to the Com-
mander of Staff, which was expected to be brought personally to the Chief
of the President and Vice President, the first of the subject was to bring for the
U.S. government action and a firm attitude program with regard to the subject.

5. Examination

The Chief Commissioner told the meeting that despite the continued
on the question of the restriction of radio and cable communication between this
country and the U.S. and U.K. He hoped that a recent transmission on the part of
the Italian Government might solve the deadlock.

6. Chiefly

Assistant Commissioner stated that the discussion in Catania had been caused
by the call-up and particularly of the shortage of Italian troops. It was put into
effect. The Chief Commissioner attention had to land forces Sub-Commission
(S.C.S.) give more notice in the future, and also accept
this U.S. informed of the proposed date of call-up in future.

7. Withdrawal of S.C.S. Personnel

From the S.C.S. reported that the S.C.S. was having a general with-
drawal of personnel from the S.C.S. and Chief Commissioner directed that as far as
possible the withdrawal should take place on an individual basis.

8. Discussion of Political

Chief Commissioner reported that the Americanized U.S. would also cloth-
ing for S.C.S. personnel. The Chief of Staff reported that Colonel Hunt (C-5) was
also visiting the latter clothing question at the S.C.S.'s conference.

see File 34
483

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9. Transportation in 1944

From the D.O.C. reported that the same transport vehicles were going to take a week's holiday at Christmas thereby possibly endangering the city's food stocks. The Chief Commissioner stated that a letter be prepared for the city's culture to say that the situation would be handled to the best of the city's ability.

10. Harvesting for Civilian Population

The D.O.C. stated that divisions in the region of London and around would undoubtedly experience hardship there during the winter through lack of housing, being a large number of troops being into winter quarters. The Chief Commissioner suggested that the Chief Administrative Officer should instruct the District Commander to take no order to troops that they should refrain from buying civilian food.

11. Letter Food

General Plans reported that Mr. Brown's letter of appreciation was already making one of the other food, and would be asking heavy demands on it in January.

12. Demobilization of Population

General Plans said that after the first indicated that all requisitioned cars would be demobilized in the next few days and re-registered by the Italian Government for use by the Italian in a few days.

The Chief Commissioner said that he proposed that this would only apply to "single family" in the Italian Government and no requisitioning authority in other territory.

Next Vice Presidential Election - Thursday, 26 December, 1944.

DISSEMINATION:
Mr. Harold Armstrong
Admiral Stone
Brigadier Smith
Brigadier Brown

J. H. H. H.
Major, R. A.
Staff Officer to OC

11. International

Colonel Fiske reported that Mr. Henry J. Fiske's military organization was already meeting one of the major goals, and would be active in the future on 14 in Germany.

12. Acquisition of Supplies

Colonel Fiske said that activities indicated that all requisitioned arms would be distributed in the near future and requisitioned by the Italian Government, for use by the Italian Government in the future.

The Chief Constable said that he believed that this would only apply to the Italian Government, as the Italian Government had no requisitioning authority in other territories.

Monte Carlo President's Office - December, 22 December, 1945

DISTRIBUTION:

Mr. Harold Macmillan
Admiral Stone
Brigadier Bush
Brigadier Johnson
Brigadier Robinson
General de Bevil
General Buelowayev
Mr. Robert
Mr. Hopton
Colonel Fiske
Mr. Alexander Kirk
Sir Noel Curran
General Bofford
Mr. Brown-Biscuit
Colonel Fiske
Colonel Fiske (Army Bureau)
Captain Butler (Naval Bureau)
Colonel Lonsdale
Colonel Smith
Mr. Maria Cleveland
Colonel Mitchell, C-5 JFA
Lt Col. Green

J. A. JAMES

Major, J. A.

Staff Officer to CG

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
AP 364
Agriculture Sub-Commission
Weekly Aggregate Report Wheat

REGION	AVERAGE dates of reports	Collected at latest report (q18)	Agriculture estimate (12 Sept. 1942) (q18)	Percent of Agric. '70 estimate collected at		Percent at 12 Oct. 1942
				latest report	report pre-seeing week	
Calabria	7/11	111,460	200,000	55	45	91
Sicilia	4/12	777,330	130,000	30	8	73
Puglia	11/12	1,572,230	2,300,000	73	72	95
Campania	15/12	227,230	200,000	100	100	88
Completamente	15/12	224,230	300,000	84	61	91
OUTSIDE		2,000,000	3,750,000	73	76	92
Sicilia	13/12	1,271,000	2,000,000	63	61	92
Sardegna	10/12	248,150	50,000	50	97	91
Latium-Abruzzo	9/12	1,574,230	1,900,000	78	87	92
Abruzzo-Marche (*)	7/12	2,217,500	2,250,000	98	77	95
Marche	3/12	1,544,515	1,500,000	103	103	91
GRAND TOTAL		6,958,010	11,000,000	80	80	91

(*) Not including Corsica

WELAND S. ALBANE
Director.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
AP 294
Agriculture Sub-Commission
Weekly Agricultural Report Sheet

21 December 1944

District Initial Report Date	Agriculture Sub-Commission estimate (12,300,000, 1944) (1944)	Percent of Agric. 1/2 estimate collected at		Percent of total amount to 12-31 collected on		
		Latest Report	Report Indicated	31 Oct. 1944	30 Nov. 1944	31 Dec. 1944
1-1	100,000	50	50	31	75	75
2-1	150,000	50	50	35	90	90
3-1	2,000,000	75	75	75	95	95
4-1	200,000	100	100	90	95	95
5-1	300,000	85	85	80	95	95
6-1	3,000,000	70	70	65	95	95
7-1	2,000,000	65	65	75	90	90
8-1	500,000	75	75	90	95	95
9-1	1,500,000	75	75	85	95	95
10-1	1,000,000	70	70	85	95	95
11-1	1,000,000	100	100	90	95	95
12-1	11,000,000	85	85	80	95	95

ELAND C. SIMPSON,
Director.

284

No.

785017

WILLIAM LUSH

14. Zeit- und Kostenvergleich

[illegible]

this incident. The speaker said that he had nothing to get a draft of this paper from. He said that he had nothing to get a draft of this paper from. He said that he had nothing to get a draft of this paper from.

7. Italian Prisoners of War

Mr. Jones said that a report had been received in Rome of the capture of 100 Italian prisoners of war. He said that the report had been received in Rome of the capture of 100 Italian prisoners of war. He said that the report had been received in Rome of the capture of 100 Italian prisoners of war.

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12. Italian Prisoners of War

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9. Addition of Article of Statute of

Belgian law which is a declarative instrument put out by the Belgian government in 1914. It was intended to be a declaration of the Belgian government to the world that it was not a party to the war. It was intended to be a declaration of the Belgian government to the world that it was not a party to the war. It was intended to be a declaration of the Belgian government to the world that it was not a party to the war.

10. Declaration of Independence of

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13. Declaration of Independence of

14. Declaration of Independence of

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15. Declaration of Independence of

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

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QUARTERLY UNITED COMMISSION
RPO 394
Agriculture Sub-Commission
Monthly Income Report Sheet

RPO 394	Average Sales of RPO 394	Estimated at latest report (1944)	Estimated at latest report (1944)	Percent of April estimate collected by latest report	Report to Spring 1944
California	5/15	100,000	100,000	85	14
Utah	1/1	100,000	100,000	8	13
Idaho	3/15	1,500,000	1,500,000	72	77
Montana	2/15	100,000	100,000	101	101
Wyoming	2/15	200,000	200,000	70	30
Nebraska	1/1	5,000,000	5,000,000	7	76
South Dakota	1/15	1,000,000	1,000,000	4	4
North Dakota	2/15	1,000,000	1,000,000	2	28
Minnesota	2/11	1,000,000	1,000,000	11	51
Arkansas-Louisiana	1/15	1,000,000	1,000,000	17	57
Texas	3/15	1,000,000	1,000,000	17	107
AND TOTAL		7,100,000	7,100,000		80

* Not included in report

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

STATISTICAL ABSTRACT OF THE
 AID 394
 Agriculture Sub-Commission
 Country: American Republics

184

12 Decem ber 1944

Agriculture: U.S.
 Statistics
 (1944-1945)

Percent of total
 of the total
 report
 preceding

Percent of total
 in 1944-45 as listed on
 1944 1945 1946

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13 JUL 1944

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1. Background

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2. Findings

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Information

1. The following information was obtained from the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, and the Central Intelligence Agency, and is being furnished to you for your information.

2. Background

The following information was obtained from the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, and the Central Intelligence Agency, and is being furnished to you for your information.

3. Summary

The following information was obtained from the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, and the Central Intelligence Agency, and is being furnished to you for your information.

The following information was obtained from the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, and the Central Intelligence Agency, and is being furnished to you for your information.

4. Details

The following information was obtained from the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, and the Central Intelligence Agency, and is being furnished to you for your information.

5. Conclusion

The following information was obtained from the records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, and the Central Intelligence Agency, and is being furnished to you for your information.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

CONFIDENTIAL

1. The first part of the report is a summary of the information received from the source. The second part is a detailed account of the source's activities and the results of the investigation. The third part is a conclusion and recommendations.

2. The source is a high level official in the Department of Defense. He has been providing information for several years.

3. The source is a high level official in the Department of Defense. He has been providing information for several years.

TOP SECRET

J. A. WATKINS
Special Agent in Charge

DISCUSSION

1. The source is a high level official in the Department of Defense. He has been providing information for several years.

2. The source is a high level official in the Department of Defense. He has been providing information for several years.

3. The source is a high level official in the Department of Defense. He has been providing information for several years.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIANCE COMMISSION
 APC 104
 Agriculture Sub-Commission
 Annual Report.

REPORT	Working Date of Report	Estimated or Actual Report (1964)	Agriculture Sub- Commission (12 Sept. 1964) (1964)	Percent of Agric. Sub- Commission collected at latest report report preceding month
Colombia	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Guatemala	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Paraguay	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Peru	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Uruguay	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Venezuela	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
El Salvador	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Honduras	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Nicaragua	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Costa Rica	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
Panama	2/21	1,000,000	2,000,000	50
GRAND TOTAL		12,000,000	24,000,000	50

* For information only.

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OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
Office of the Chief Commissioner
Office of the Chief Commissioner

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Chief Commissioner's Meeting, (C.C.M.) held, 23 November 1944, Office of the Chief Commissioner, 400 Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Commander Gregory W. Stone, Brigadier Lush, Brigadier Upjohn, Mr. Schwartz, Mr. Robinson, Mr. Ambrose, General Superintendent, General de Loria, Colonel Mansfield, Colonel Hines.

1. Business - Italian Situation

The Chief Commissioner said that a number of reports had been going round regarding the situation within the Italian Government, but he did not believe anything concrete had yet occurred. The rumors seem to have their origin in the handling of certain posts during the departure of Garibaldi to London and the expected departure for Washington, both having said posts at London without portfolio.

2. Civilian Aids Increase

The list granting increase of wages for civilians with the armed forces has gone out.

3. Mr. Macmillan

Mr. Chief Commissioner said that the working session had a very profitable day with Mr. Macmillan on Monday of this week. Mr. Macmillan had left for London and Washington to a number of the Commission's problems with high government administration. Among the problems he would discuss, other than the one of demilitarization, was the one of the supply program for Italy. He would try to resolve the question of how long the supplies would last for the civilian population and the supplies brought in and what portion of the dollar credits might have to be used for first-aid material for Italy.

4. Mr. Lush

Brigadier Lush said that he had asked Mr. Macmillan to take this question up with the War Office in London while he was there.

5. and blocks

SECRET

8. Italian Arms Acquisition

The Chief Comandante said that the question of arms being provided to the Italian Government should be left to the Italian Government. There was a difference of opinion between the Commission and the Italian Government. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem.

9. Parliamentary

The Commission said that the Italian Government should be left to the Italian Government. There was a difference of opinion between the Commission and the Italian Government. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem.

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10. General's Buffers

The Chief Comandante said that the Italian Government should be left to the Italian Government. There was a difference of opinion between the Commission and the Italian Government. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem.

11. Review of Parliament

The Chief Comandante said that the Italian Government should be left to the Italian Government. There was a difference of opinion between the Commission and the Italian Government. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem.

12. Parliamentary

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13. Parliamentary

The Commission said that the Italian Government should be left to the Italian Government. There was a difference of opinion between the Commission and the Italian Government. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem. The Italian Government wanted to provide arms to the Italian Government and that would be a problem.

14. Parliamentary

SECRET

11. Russian Efforts

The Chief Commissioner said that he had been a disbeliever with the Russo-Soviet in this respect and was informed that while the Russian of the extreme left and right favored it, the other largely were within to see what the Russian in the North would do. It was, therefore, rather unlikely that a Russian would be adopted at an early date.

12. Russian Efforts

The Chief Commissioner said that General Alexander was to review the Varianovian and that the Russo would probably take place early in December.

13. Russian Efforts

Mr. Commissioner said that a telegram had been received from Moscow saying that diplomatic plans had been given to a party of Russian to be sent to Italy. A letter had been received to this effect. General Commissioner said that a party was to replace the party of General Alexander and that party all of his duties, but of these men would be provided in the Russian former prisoners of war.

14. Russian Efforts

Brigadier said that he would speak to General French on the assembly too large jump in the Russian for abroad.

15. Russian Efforts

Brigadier said that Public Health International had received a report from the Russian Red Cross that the hospitals in some were likely to run out of coal within a week or so. This was partially due to delays in bringing in lignite coal from the north. The Chief Commissioner said that he had to have a number of people and that he would be averted at 11:00. Mr. Antolini took notes.

Mr. Antolini

16. Russian Efforts

Brigadier said that the Russian Government was not doing so well in this problem. The Russian was with the permission of the Chief Commissioner, he would have a letter to the appropriate officials pointing out that the Russian's only function was one of advice and assistance to the Italian Government.

14. 1947-1948

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from Federal Reserve. In addition, General stated that the Land Forces Subordination was required to take over the entire functions of the organization for rearmament Italian soldiers and that, provided that the full part of the rearmament Italian and Italian soldiers of the Subordination was transferred to Land Forces Subordination, and that it was given a single additional staff unit that the necessary change was made in the number of the Land Forces Subordination (LFS).

This agreement should be followed up.

18. Plans

a. The decision as to what material the Commission could loan to UNIA has not been made and the Chief of Mission said that he would like to be in on this decision. Brigadier Bush said that the specific arrangements are set for February. The Chief of Commission said he thought it was a good idea to tell them that they should plan to start operations from that date.

b. The Chief of Mission said that the proposed directive submitted by UNIA to be for approval before meeting to the UNIA was quite unacceptable. Brigadier Bush said that the matter of coordinating this, he thought, was up to Colonel Murray.

Next Vice President's Meeting - Thursday, 8 November, 1944.

18. Plans

J. B. QUINN

Major, G. S.

Staff Officer in CC

Participants

Mr. Harold Knapman
Commodore Scott
Brigadier Bush
Mr. Knapman
Brigadier Bush
General de Gaulle
General Knapman
Mr. Knapman
Mr. Knapman
General Knapman
Mr. Knapman
Mr. Knapman
General Knapman
Mr. Knapman
General Knapman

Colonel Knapman
Colonel Knapman
Mr. Knapman
Colonel Knapman
Lt Col Knapman

18. Plans

478

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

QUARTERS ALBANY STATE HIGH
PERSONNELS 300-10000
10/11
Major Dept. Inspector Report

24 May 1961

Region	Average Date of Collection	Collected at latest Report (q-1)	Available estimate (2-20 to 10-4) (q-2)	Percent of Actual to latest collector at latest report report preceding
California	12/11	123,000	280,000	44
Illinois	12/11	124,000	250,000	49
Pacific	12/11	1,350,000	2,170,000	62
Campania	12/11	210,000	250,000	84
Comp-based	12/11	240,000	300,000	80
SOUTHERN		2,990,000	5,000,000	60
Georgia	12/11	1,120,000	2,000,000	56
Florida	12/11	210,000	300,000	70
Mid-South	10/11	1,120,000	1,000,000	112
Atlantic-Northeast	11/11	2,160,000	2,230,000	97
Florida	12/11	1,120,000	1,500,000	75
TOTAL		9,940,000	17,500,000	57

* Not including uncollected

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

RECAPITULATED ALIEN CONTRIBUTIONS
ATTACHED TO THE COMMISSION
REPORT ON
ALIEN CONTRIBUTIONS REPORT

21 November 1964

Amount collected (1942- 1943)	Amount 1942-43 estimate (1942-43) (1942-43)	Percent of 1942-43 amount collected at 1942-43 report preceding year	Percent of total amount in 1942-43 collected on	
			1942-43	1942-43
10,000	250,000	40	100,000	40,000
10,000	10,000	99	100,000	10,000
10,000	2,170,000	71	100,000	2,170,000
10,000	100,000	91	100,000	100,000
10,000	100,000	80	100,000	100,000
10,000	1,000,000	71	100,000	1,000,000
10,000	2,000,000	71	100,000	2,000,000
10,000	300,000	91	100,000	300,000
10,000	1,000,000	91	100,000	1,000,000
10,000	2,200,000	91	100,000	2,200,000
10,000	1,500,000	91	100,000	1,500,000
10,000	11,500,000	91	100,000	11,500,000

Brigadier Lusk 22

REAR ADMIRAL ALBERT COMMISSIONER
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER
APR 30

2 4/11

10 November 1944

21 NOV Recd.

RECEIVED

View President's meeting, 1000 hours, 10 November 1944, Office of the Chief Commissioner, in Allied Commission, room.

Present: Mr. Harold Hamilton, Commander-in-Chief M. Stone, Brigadier Lusk, Mr. Hamilton, Mr. Smith, Mr. Antolini, General de Loria, Chief Clerk.

The Chief Commissioner opened the meeting by welcoming Mr. Hamilton as Acting President and read a message from Mr. Hamilton to all members of the Commission.

Mr. Hamilton, in thanking the Chief Commissioner, said that he hoped to be the means by which the Commission could obtain what it needed for the proper carrying out of its functions. He said that he proposed to work toward rather than downward and that he saw his self educated in the position of the Chairman of a Company of which the Chief Commissioner was the President or Managing Director.

1. Range Goals

The Chief Commissioner stated that it had been impossible to release to the press the news of the increase in rates of pay of civilians employed by Allied Armed Forces as confirmation had not been received from the Office of the SAC, AFHQ.

2. General Welfare

The Chief Commissioner said that as yet there was no news on the appointment of a successor for General Gifford.

3. UNRRA

In reply to a question by the Chief Commissioner as to whether or not UNRRA still hoped to receive supplies from AC for their program, Mr. Antolini replied that they had not abandoned hope as yet, but were at present working through AFHQ to see whether or not they can borrow from any stocks for their needs. We have given them little hope that

Mr. Macmillan, in forwarding the Chief Commissioner, said that he hoped to be the main by which the Commission would obtain what it needed for the present carrying out of its functions. He said that he proposed to work upon a rather than document and that in any case well represent to the position of the Chairman of a Company of which the Chief Commissioner was the President or Managing Director.

1. Macmillan

The Chief Commissioner stated that it was not impossible to release to him these the case of the increase in cost of pay of officials employed by Allied Armed Forces as compensation had not been received from the Office of the Chief, AFHQ.

2. General Dwyer

The Chief Commissioner said that he felt there was no need on the appointment of a successor for General Dwyer.

3. USGSA

In reply to a question by the Chief Commissioner as to whether or not USGSA still hoped to borrow supplies from AFHQ for their program, Mr. Antolini replied that they had not abandoned hope as yet, but were at present working through AFHQ to see whether or not they can borrow from AFHQ stocks for their needs. He has given them little more than any stocks will be available from the Commission. Mr. Antolini pointed out that the draft paper from USGSA containing points which they would like to have incorporated in the AFHQ directives to them was at present being circulated to the various subcommittees concerned for their comments and it appeared that several changes would be suggested.

4. Public Credit

The Chief Commissioner said that the position regarding dollar credits at the disposal of the Italian Government was still ambiguous. Mr. Macmillan reported that the Economic Section proposed for him, as a basis for furthering discussions in London and Washington, a statement containing the Chief Commissioner's proposals for the employment of these dollar credits basing them on hypothetical figures.

Mr. Antolini

Mr. Antolini pointed out to have a rough estimate ready by Monday evening for Mr. Macmillan to take with him to London and a detailed plan for General Dwyer to take to Washington later in the week.

see note 23

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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5. Interview with MacArthur General

Mr. MacArthur said that the alarm caused by this interview had calmed down and there was nothing new to report.

6. Head of the Labor and Commission

Mr. MacArthur said that he had spoken to Sir Noel Charles who was quite willing to make Mr. MacArthur available to the Allied Commission, provided that he would still be available as advisor on labor matters for the British Government. Mr. Charles, however, was of the opinion that before a decision could be taken the matter should be cleared with London. The Chief Commissioner said that he understood the Chief of Staff was going to.

Mr. MacArthur

7. Food Distribution Plan

Mr. MacArthur said the plan was still being reviewed by the Italian Ministry and he intended to have it ready to present to the Chief Commissioner sometime before the next meeting of the Council of Ministers when this subject would come up for review.

Mr. MacArthur

8. Anti-French Literature

The Chief Commissioner told MacArthur to begin this as yet he had no word from the Italian Government in reply to his letter asking what should be done in all those objectionable literature on this subject.

9. Public Health, Naples Area

Brigadier MacArthur reported that the outbreak of smallpox in the Naples area was not becoming an epidemic and was well under control. He also said that a typhus control team was ready to go into action at the first signs of an outbreak of this disease.

10. Civilian Line of AC Personnel

The Chief Commissioner said that recommendations of the Allied Commission had gone to the War Department. The Chief Commissioner further stated that he was confident that a satisfactory solution to this question would be found upon the return of Brigadier MacArthur from London and after Mr. MacArthur had visited both London and Washington.

11. Press and News Agencies

The Chief Commissioner told the meeting of the decisions

Mr. Antonicini

Mr. Antonicini said the plan was still being reviewed by the Italian Ministry and he intended to have it ready to present to the Chief Commissioner sometime before the next meeting of the Council of Ministers when this subject would come up for review.

8. Anti-French Literature

The Chief Commissioner told General de Gervin that as yet he had no news from the Italian Government in reply to his letter asking what steps might be taken to eliminate objectionable literature on this subject.

9. Public Health, Naples Area

Mr. Antonicini reported that the outbreak of measles in the Naples area was not becoming an epidemic and was well under control. He also said that a typhus control team was ready to go into action at a first sign of an outbreak of this disease.

10. Civilianizing of AE Personnel

The Chief Commissioner said that recommendations of the Allied Commission had gone to the War Department. The Chief Commissioner further stated that he was confident that a satisfactory solution to this question would be found upon the return of Brigadier Leach from London and after Mr. Macmillan had visited both London and Washington.

11. Eileen and Helen Krasinski

The Chief Commissioner told the meeting of two decisions taken at SACMEX's political conference the previous day:-

a. An Anglo-American-Italian (Government) Film Board will be set up and will decide whether or not Italian film industry representatives shall also be included on the board.

b. Mr. Macmillan would undertake the task of reconciling the divergent points of view of the Allied Commissioner and SACMEX on the subject of civilianizing personnel -- AC being of the opinion that they should be permitted to function at an early date, while SACMEX opposed this.

Mr. Macmillan

12. Pantallaria

Mr. Macmillan suggested that no action should be taken on the question of the change in administration of Pantallaria from SACMEX to AC. It was a matter to be decided at a very high level.

SECRET

13. Army Personnel - Italian Government Ministry

The Chief Commissioner said he was circulating a memorandum to Vice Presidents of the Economic and Administrative Sections and the Chief of staff on the functions which the Allied Commission might discontinue in Italy and what withdrawal of Army personnel we would have. The only recommendation from the Italian Government for suspension of supervision in Italy's Italy was in the educational field. The Italian Government also requested that we do not withdraw our personnel from Sicily for the time being. On the mainland, they suggested January 1st as a tentative date for withdrawing personnel south of Salerno.

14. Appointment of Italian officials

Brigadier Upjohn said that the Italian Government had proposed a list of limited number of officials whose appointments would not be made without our approval. The Chief Commissioner said he had no objection to this move as he felt that the Government should be given immediate free freedom of action, but the Vice Presidents would probably want to add other categories to those already listed. The Chief Commissioner suggested that a meeting be held to discuss the details of this plan.

15. Police Inquiries

The Chief Commissioner said that no further word had been received on the implementation of the proposed universal S/G grant bread ration. Mr. Antonio said to give Mr. Macmillan a summary of the food situation and what imports, which Mr. Macmillan would have to London and consultation with him.

Mr. Antonio

16. Brief of fascist friends

a. Brigadier Upjohn said that he had talked to the High Commissioner for Fascist Britain regarding the failure to bring Generali Dal Negro and Ventimiglia to trial. He thought it was nothing but the slowdown of the Italian judicial system which caused these delays. Brigadier Upjohn said that the High Commissioner was worried about the delay and wanted to be assured of Allied assistance should it be needed. Brigadier Upjohn said that if the High Commissioner put forward any request for aid he thought we should do what we could to help.

b. Brigadier Upjohn said that the Minister of Justice was becoming increasingly uncooperative with both the Italian Government and the Allies.

17. Women's Suffrage

On the question of women's suffrage Mr. Macmillan suggested that the Chief Commissioner should mention it formally to the Italian Government.

the fact that the Commission said he had no objection to this move as he felt that the Government should be given a chance to be free of action, but the Vice President would probably want to add other categories to those already listed. The Chief Commissioner suggested that a meeting be held to discuss the details of this plan.

15. Editorial Comments

The Chief Commissioner said that as further work had been received on the implementation of the proposed internal XX plan, the Commission would be able to give Mr. Macmillan a report of the facts, situation and what is possible, which, as Macmillan would have to discuss with him.

Mr. Attlee

16. Chair of Macmillan's

A. Brigadier Upjohn said that he had talked to the High Commissioner for the United Kingdom regarding the failure to bring General del Valle to trial. He thought it was nothing but the absence of the Italian judicial system which caused these delays. Brigadier Upjohn said that the High Commissioner was worried about the delay and wanted to be assured of Allied assistance should it be needed. Brigadier Upjohn said that if the High Commissioner put forward any request for aid he thought he should be able to help.

B. Brigadier Upjohn said that the Ministry of Justice was becoming increasingly uncooperative with both the Italian Government and the Allies.

17. Macmillan's Suffrage

On the question of Macmillan's suffrage, Mr. Macmillan suggested that the High Commissioner should mention informally to the Italian Government that the Allies would view with favor the extension of the vote to women in this country.

Commissioners
Slane

18. Macmillan's Suffrage

Brigadier Upjohn said that Colonel Geyss and Justus from the Far East, and had reported that the scheme for the extension of the vote to women was working quite well, though the Italians were somewhat handicapped by antiquated traditions.

434

Next Vice President's meeting -- Thursday, 29 Nov 44, 1000 hours.

DISTRIBUTION:

Mr. Harold Macmillan
Colonel Fiske
Comodore Stone
Mr. Alexander Kirk
Brigadier Lush
Sir Noel Charles
General Spafford
Mr. Antolini
Colonel Spence
Brigadier Upjohn
Colonel Bennett
General de Bevin
Mr. Harlan Cleveland
General Sushinparov
Colonel Mitchell, G-5 Wing
Mr. Schott
Lt. Col. Brown

J. A. GARRIE
Major, E. A.
Staff Officer to CC

RECEIVED

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APC 394

Weekly Wheat Assessing Report

Region	Average Date of report	Collected at latest report (q/a)	Agriculture S/C estimate (1 Sept. 1944) (q/a)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at latest report	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at report preceding week
Calabria	7/11	122,367	200,000	61	61
Luzerne	5/11	743,797	250,000	79	79
Puglia	4/11	1,559,040	2,170,000	72	71
Campania	7/11	212,888	250,000	85	85
Comptance	7/11	323,976	300,000	78	76
SOUTHERN		2,655,668	3,950,000	75	73
Malina	6/11	1,300,213	2,000,000	65	64
Sardinia	26/10	20,911	300,000	40	40
Umbria	21/10	1,522,177	1,600,000	95	94
Abruzzi-Marche (*)	4/11	1,345,490	2,250,000	59	59
Toscana	27/10	1,450,509	1,500,000	97	91
GRAND TOTAL		6,382,867	11,600,000	81	72

(*) Not including Comptance

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
AFS 394

Weekly Wheat Mapping Report

16 November 1944.

Collected at latest report (q15)	Agriculture S/C estimate (1st Sept. 1944) (q14)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at latest report preceding week		Percent of total amassed in 1942-43 collected on	
		latest report	preceding week	30 Sept. 1942	31 Oct. 1942
132,487	280,000	65	61	87	91
748,797	950,000	78	79	85	93
1,559,040	2,170,000	72	71	84	90
240,888	350,000	68	65	86	88
252,776	350,000	75	76	79	81
1,765,087	2,350,000	75	75	80	82
1,246,370	3,000,000	42	62	58	80
252,931	300,000	85	82	86	88
1,522,177	1,600,000	95	94	91	93
1,108,470	2,250,000	57	53	84	85
1,153,567	1,500,000	97	91	92	95
2,262,667	11,600,000	81	75	81	92

The A/Cited Commissioner said that the Italian Embassy and Ministerial Mission, accompanied by Mr. Count. Lamber of this headquarters, had arrived in San Juan on 7 November for their meeting with representatives of the Italian States Government.

2. State Dept.

Personnel were held for conditions imposed by the armed forces, the A/Cited Commissioner said that the Italian Embassy, along with the representatives, had accepted the responsibilities of the Italian States Government.

3. General Allegations

The A/Cited Commissioner said that he had received word that General Galtieri was not returning. His successor had not yet been designated.

4. U.S.S.R.

a. A further meeting was held with Mr. Lamber on the question of the various stages to them. The matter was being taken up with the U.S.S.R.

b. An agreement has been reached between the Italian Government and the Italian States Government and U.S.S.R. A letter has been sent to the U.S.S.R. referring to these points within the scope of this Commission.

5. Dollar Credits

Further word had been received from the State Department and had been passed on to the Italian Government. Regarding dollar credits to be placed at the disposition of the Italian Government for imported supplies for Italy. Present information is somewhat more exact than any previous received. The A/Cited Commissioner was about the communication from the State Department.

6. Interview with Assistant General

Mr. Hyndman stated that the outstanding political development of the U.S.S.R. was the news creation of the report of the interview given by the Lieutenant General of the State to Mr. Lamber of the "New York Times".

7. Italian representatives to London

Count Gerardini, the Italian Ambassador, has now informed the Political Section that he wants to leave for London in the 20th of November and has submitted a list of his staff.

11/20/68

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3. Goal of the Labor Sub-Commission

As the result of a session of Mr. Anselmi's as to what action had been taken to replace Colonel Fain, Mr. Anselmi undertook to speak to Mr. Fain Charles and recommend to him that Mr. Fain should duplicate the position of head of the Labor Sub-Commission as well as labor adviser to the British High Commissioner.

7. Food Distribution Plan

Mr. Anselmi informed the Chief Commissioner what the plan for food distribution should be ready for review by November 12.

10. Anti-French Literature

General de Gaulle brought up the question of the sale in Italy of anti-French books and literature. The A/Chief Commissioner stated that he had already sent a letter to Mr. Fain on that subject.

11. Public Health Situation

a. Brigadier Upjohn reported that 357 cases of smallpox had broken out in the provinces and city of Naples. It was not a serious epidemic, nor was it a serious type of smallpox. The matter was well in hand.

b. The A/Chief Commissioner said that a wonderful cure should be kept on the system situation in Naples, ready for the first indications of an outbreak of this disease. If this should be the responsibility of the Italian authorities, then AC should be prepared to bring pressure on them to act quickly in case of an emergency.

12. Patients

Brigadier Upjohn reported that the Italian National Patients Committee were proposing to issue a further set of certificates. They felt that these issued by General Alexander were, in any case, wrongly distributed. Brigadier Upjohn said he had referred the matter to General Alexander through Colonel Fain before recommending any action.

13. Italian Troop-Force Units

Colonel Fain reported that the first shipment was expected in about one week. They number around five thousand.

14. Civilization of AC Personnel

On the question of declassification of AC, General Upjohn said that an interim report had been sent to AFHQ and that a letter was in draft form setting out the full situation and recommendations to AFHQ. The A/Chief Commissioner had

11. Public Health Service Area

a. Brigadier Ogden reported that 300 cases of cholera had broken out in the Province and city of Angico. It was not a serious epidemic, nor was it a serious type of cholera. The latter was well in hand.

b. The Chief Commissioner said that a watchful eye should be kept on the hygiene situation in Angico, ready for the first indications of an outbreak of this disease. If this should be the responsibility of the Italian authorities, then AC should be prepared to bring pressure on them to act quickly in case of an emergency.

12. Education

Brigadier Ogden reported that the Italian National Patriotic Committee were preparing to issue a further set of certificates. They felt that those issued by General Alexander were, in some cases, wrongly distributed. Brigadier Ogden said he had referred the matter to General Alexander through Colonel John Ford before recommending any action.

13. Italian Troops from Greece

Colonel Viala reported that the first airplane was expected in about one week. They number around five thousand.

14. Civilianizing of AC Personnel

On the question of civilianization of AC, Commissioner Jones said that an interim report had been sent to AFSA and that a letter was in draft form setting out the full situation and recommendations to AFSA. The AFSA Commissioner had recommended against anything but a gradual infiltration before the making of hostilities.

15. Acem Conference

It was decided to hold the Acem Conference on Friday, November 17, unless the condition of roads prohibited it, in which case the meeting would be held at Tarnagla.

Next Vice Presidential Meeting - Thursday, 16 November 1944

DISTRIBUTION:

Commissioner Stone	Mr. Alexander Kirk
Brigadier Ogden	Mr. Harold Macmillan
Mr. Antelini	Sir Noel Chavlin
Brigadier Ogden	Colonel Scottford
General de Selve	Colonel Benmore
Mr. Col. Radoparov	Colonel Womfort
Mr. Swartz	Colonel Mitchell
Mr. Radoparov	Colonel. Brock
Colonel Fiske	

SECRET

J. J. Quayle
J. A. QUAYLE
Major, R. A.
Staff Officer to A/CS

(81)

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
A/C 394
Weekly Wheat Harvesting Report

REGION	Average dates of reports	Collected at latest report (qia)	Agriculture S/C estimate (12 Sept. 1944) (qia)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at latest report Report preceding week	
Calabria	21/10	181,313	280,000	65	63
Lecce	31/10	747,333	950,000	79	78
Puglia	27/10	1,552,209	2,170,000	71	71
Campania	24/10	877,323	250,000	95	92
Comptance	27/10	253,000	300,000	76	76
SOUTHERN		2,467,000	3,350,000	73	74
Sicilia	27/10	1,325,371	2,000,000	66	61
Sardegna	26/10	291,000	300,000	97	90
Lazio-Umbria	26/10	1,545,730	1,800,000	86	83
Abruzzi-Marche	21/10	2,880,157	2,250,000	83	77
Tuscany	25/10	1,368,150	1,500,000	91	88
GRAND TOTAL		7,473,790	11,400,000	79	77

* Not including Comptance

HEADQUARTERS ARMYEN COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
AIO 374
Weekly Report Agriculture Report

432

Collection at latest report (1944)	Agriculture S/C estimate (1st Sept. 1944) (1944)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at latest report		Percent of total assessed in 1942-43 collected on 30 Sept. 1944	
		1944	1943	1944	1943
21,518	280,000	65	63	87	91
751,023	250,000	75	73	85	88
1,350,229	2,170,000	71	71	72	75
237,327	250,000	75	82	81	84
225,489	300,000	76	76	79	74
2,917,972	2,950,000	73	74	68	72
232,472	2,000,000	62	61	68	70
251,752	300,000	84	81	88	85
1,500,728	1,500,000	94	92	94	91
1,330,197	2,250,000	73	72	74	75
1,221,157	1,500,000	81	81	82	82
1,145,790	1,500,000	76	77	79	80

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED CASISSIAN
Office of the Acting Chief Commissioner
No. 394

A/CC 321-6

7 November 1943.

SECRET

Vice President's meeting, 1000 hours, 2 November 1943, Office of the Acting Chief Commissioner, Allied Commission, Rome.

Present: Commanders Billy B. Stone, Brigadier, 1st, Brigadier Upjohn, Mr. Antolini, Mr. Schmitt, Mr. Hopkins, Colonel Fosse, General de Sevin.

1. Russian Mission.

The A/Chief Commissioner announced that General Vasiliev had been detained from his position on the Advisory Council and was being temporarily replaced by General Gusev, who will continue as Russian representative on the Allied Commission. Commander Grischinsky had also been detached and was returning to Moscow.

2. Finance & Economic Mission to U.S.

The A/Chief Commissioner reported that the Italian Government representative was leaving this week for Washington and would be accompanied by Commander Luzzi.

3. Wage Scale Study.

The A/Chief Commissioner reported that the strike threatened by civilian workers employed by the Navy at Palermo had been resolved. An officer representative was being sent up from the base today or tomorrow to see the labor sub-commission and the Navy sub-commission. The strike had arisen from the discrepancy between wages offered by the Armed Forces and civilian employers.

4. Infant Mortality.

The A/Chief Commissioner reported that the figures for September were finally proved at 90 per thousand as against 96 per thousand for September 1942, which was very satisfactory. Also, Civil Affairs Section undertook to obtain statistics from Naples, Bari, Palermo and Taranto. It was reported that the table was preparing a statement for the Press.

5. Release of Colonel Popov.

The A/Chief Commissioner announced that General Vasiliev had been displaced from his position on the Advisory Council and was being temporarily replaced by General Vasiliev, who will continue as Russian representative on the Allied Commission. Commander Gritchenko had also been detached and was returning to Moscow.

2. Financing Economic Section in U.S.

The A/Chief Commissioner reported that the Italian Government representatives were leaving this week for Washington and would be accompanied by Commander Jander.

3. Base Scale Rating.

The A/Chief Commissioner reported that the strike threatened by civilian workers employed by the Navy at Williams had been resolved. An officer representative was being sent up from the base today or tomorrow to see the labor sub-commission and the Navy sub-commission. The strike had arisen from the discrepancy between wages offered by the Armed Forces and civilian workers.

4. Int. at Mortality.

The A/Chief Commissioner reported that the figures for September were fairly good at 90 per thousand as against 96 per thousand for September 1943, which was very satisfactory. Also, Civil Affairs Section undertook to obtain statistics from Naples, Bari, Palermo and Taranto. It was reported that the FBI was preparing a statement for the Press.

5. Release of Colonel Humphrey.

The A/Chief Commissioner announced with regret that Colonel Humphrey was returning to the U.S. to take up a post there. Southern Region would be temporarily administered by Brigadier Smith.

6. Dissemination of American Personnel in A.C.

The A/Chief Commissioner reported that two cables from Washington had been received at A/C on this subject. The A/Chief Commissioner and the Chief of Staff were to make recommendations to A/C.

A/C and
C of S

7. Vice-President, Political Section.

The A/Chief Commissioner announced Mr. Harry Hopkins as new Acting Joint Vice-President (a) in place of Mr. Gaccia who has been sent to another theatre, and might or might not return.

10. 10.10.1944

10.10.1944

10. Italian soldiers from Germany.

The Chief of Staff reported that 3,000 Italian soldiers from Germany were expected shortly. He had sent instructions as to how they should be handled. A party from the 51st Division (infantry) was to proceed to assist in unloading the transport. The unloading was to be done in a secure area, and the soldiers were to be taken to the 51st Division's headquarters. The Chief of Staff also reported that the 51st Division was to be moved to the 51st Division's headquarters.

11. 11.10.1944.

The Chief of Staff reported the visit of 2 members of the 51st Division to the 51st Division's headquarters. He said the 51st Division was to be moved to the 51st Division's headquarters. The 51st Division was to be moved to the 51st Division's headquarters. The 51st Division was to be moved to the 51st Division's headquarters.

12. Mobilization of German soldiers.

The Chief of Staff reported that the 51st Division was to be moved to the 51st Division's headquarters. The 51st Division was to be moved to the 51st Division's headquarters. The 51st Division was to be moved to the 51st Division's headquarters.

13. 13.10.1944.

13.10.1944.

Next Vice-Präsident/President - Thursday, 9 November 1944.

PLANTING:

Commander, General
Lieutenant, General
Mr. Antolin
Mr. Antolin
General du Sion
General du Sion
Mr. Sion
Mr. Sion
Colonel Sion
Colonel Sion

Mr. Harold G. Sion
Mr. Harold G. Sion
General Sion
General Sion
Colonel Sion
Colonel Sion
Colonel Sion

Colonel Sion, 1-5 AFM

221000

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 394
Weekly Wheat and Barley Report

REGION	Average date of reports	Collected at latest report (-10)	Agriculture to S/C estimate (12 Sept. 1944) (-10)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at latest report	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at report preceding
Galicia	21/10	175,996	280,000	63	63
Leon	21/10	742,770	950,000	78	78
Pamplona	23/10	1,544,054	2,170,000	71	71
Cantabria	21/10	230,339	250,000	92	88
Castile	21/10	228,409	300,000	76	75
S. SPAIN		2,222,718	3,950,000	74	73
Salamanca	21/10	1,222,728	2,000,000	61	60
Badajoz	21/10	221,240	300,000	74	73
Extremadura	1/11	1,493,872	1,600,000	93	92
Abruzzo-Marche	21/10	1,739,052	2,250,000	77	75
Toscana	21/10	1,355,232	1,500,000	90	87
GRAND TOTAL		8,974,850	11,500,000	77	75

* Not including Casablanca

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 394
Monthly Sheet Admin. Report

3 November 1944.

024

Collected & latest report (a1)	Agriculture S/C callings (12 Sept. 1944) (a1)	Percent of Agric. S/C collected as inter. report report		Percent of total amount in 1942-43 collected on Sept. 31 Oct. 1942	
		inter. report	report preceding mth	Sept. 1942	31 Oct. 1942
175,006	250,000	63	63	87	91
712,770	950,000	75	78	85	93
544,751	3,170,000	71	71	94	95
230,589	250,000	32	38	34	38
228,400	300,000	76	75	79	84
122,718	3,950,000	72	73	88	92
222,728	2,000,000	61	64	88	93
231,350	300,000	80	79	84	91
415,879	1,600,000	83	85	91	93
779,092	2,250,000	77	76	92	95
355,332	1,500,000	90	87	92	93
974,890	11,600,000	77	75	90	93

2b. *Leptocarpus* 15/14

231
232
233
234
235
236
237

Journal of Interpersonal Violence 29(12)

5. The A/Cidol Commissioner asked the OGB, Civil Affairs Bureau, and the position about needing representatives to find the district villages from between 1960 and also requested 1961. After the OGB, Civil Affairs Bureau representatives from 1961 were coming to discuss the problems on the spot.

1. Acting Chief Coordinator

a. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was now officially announced to a number of the A/Cat that the Commission would, in future, be responsible for the A/Cat's activities.

b. The A/Cat of Coordinator reported that the A/Cat would be responsible for the A/Cat's activities (and also for the A/Cat's activities) and also for the A/Cat's activities.

c. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was hoped that the A/Cat would be able to establish a working relationship with the A/Cat of Coordinator. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was hoped that the A/Cat would be able to establish a working relationship with the A/Cat of Coordinator.

d. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was hoped that the A/Cat would be able to establish a working relationship with the A/Cat of Coordinator. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was hoped that the A/Cat would be able to establish a working relationship with the A/Cat of Coordinator.

e. The A/Cat of Coordinator reported that the A/Cat of Coordinator had been asked to send an officer to Washington to accompany the A/Cat of Coordinator. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was hoped that the A/Cat would be able to establish a working relationship with the A/Cat of Coordinator.

f. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that the A/Cat of Coordinator had been asked to send an officer to Washington to accompany the A/Cat of Coordinator. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was hoped that the A/Cat would be able to establish a working relationship with the A/Cat of Coordinator.

g. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that the A/Cat of Coordinator had been asked to send an officer to Washington to accompany the A/Cat of Coordinator. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was hoped that the A/Cat would be able to establish a working relationship with the A/Cat of Coordinator.

h. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that the A/Cat of Coordinator had been asked to send an officer to Washington to accompany the A/Cat of Coordinator. The A/Cat of Coordinator said that it was hoped that the A/Cat would be able to establish a working relationship with the A/Cat of Coordinator.

2. Executive Director

a. Mr. Substant said that the American Ambassador had asked for a number of the A/Cat of Coordinator's activities of 1961 to be corrected.

4. Mr. Blair informed reported that the election referred to in item 5(b) of Exhibit 1 of 18 October had been organized by an LRA officer, and that corrective instructions had been issued.

5. Colonel Opiana reported that Colonel Piliati was not holding Executive Committee 14, but that in 1974, (his) was held 2 (a), minutes of 18 October.

6. Brigadier Opiana said that a large meeting, presided over by the Under-Secretary of State for the Interior has been held in the District of the Interior, and given a number of findings. Committee of the Interior that killed Commission would conduct a study of the situation in the District such as the situation, was blocked by the military and also to bring about a regulation of the District. The Lord, District Affairs Officer, recommended that a team from the District be sent to the District should be sent to the District to bring the situation in the District under control for the time. OIA agreed that this could only be done on a temporary basis. The District Chief Commissioner approved the recommendation.

7. Mr. Civil Affairs Officer, who had been reporting a full report on the situation in the District of the Interior by the end of the week, the situation was now quiet. A statement of the situation had been received from the District, defining the responsibility for the situation. The District Chief Commissioner reported that the situation was now quiet in the future without previous action of the District Commissioner.

4. Report Chief Civil Affairs Officer

Colonel Opiana said that two officers from each of the non-activated Northern Districts were to be attached to District Affairs staff in District for planning.

5. Chief of Staff

6. Brigadier Opiana said that current proposals for laying down procedures in handling District Government District would be held up as the dropping of "Control" from the title of the Commission might necessitate alterations. He reported that appointments were to continue to be treated in the same way.

7. The OIA reported that OIA had given an informal ruling to the registered NW and information should be treated as Displaced Persons. The OIA of the opinion that they should come under the care of the Army Sub-Commissioner whose charter was not binding except in the matter of relations. The OIA undertook to recommend this to AFHQ.

Ref. List

14

SECRET

7. The G-3 is, however, not at liberty to send the Italian Government the instructions no longer needed to be sent to Italy to deal with the situation. The G-3 also says that the Italian Government had not requested our assistance, and that it must learn to handle the war problems.

General Gualoparov also said in his opinion allied officers should not be sent to the assistance of the Italian Government; save where their absence would detract from the efficient prosecution of the war.

Next slide: President Roosevelt, Thursday, 2 November 1944, 1000 Hours

1 1 4 2
J. A. QUINN
Major, E. A.
Staff Officer to G-3

DISCUSSION

- Commander Stone
- Brigadier Bush
- Mr. Astorini
- Brigadier Upjohn
- General de Gwin
- General Gualoparov
- Mr. Gaccia
- Colonel Fione
- Mr. Scholt
- Mr. Alexander Kirk
- Mr. Harold MacMillan
- Sir Noel Charles
- General Spafford
- Colonel Summers
- Colonel Harford
- 1st Colonel road

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

Mr. A. White
Major, Mr. A.
Staff Officer to AGC

462

DISTRIBUTION

- Colonel Stone
- Brigadier White
- Mr. Antolini
- Brigadier Upcher
- General de Gault
- General Sainsbury
- Mr. Gault
- Colonel Fiske
- Mr. Schott
- Mr. Alexander Kirk
- Mr. Harold Macmillan
- Sir Noel Charles
- General Sainsbury
- Colonel Denham
- Colonel Sainsbury
- Lt Colonel Sainsbury

- 3 -

SECRET

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

13

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 394

Apr./21.12

SUBJECT: Weekly Wheat Assessing Report

R E G I O N	Average Date of reports	Collected at latest report (qia)	Agriculture S/C estimate (12 Sept. 1944) (qia)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at	
				latest report	preceding week
Calabria	15/10	175,409	280,000	63	62
Lucania	15/10	241,580	250,000	78	76
Puglia	15/10	1,537,411	2,170,000	71	70
Campania	15/10	221,341	250,000	88	85
Capopolitano	15/10	202,317	300,000	75	73
SOUTHERN		2,000,358	1,350,000	73	72
Sierra	15/10	1,007,851	2,000,000	60	59
Sardinia	12/10	218,021	300,000	73	78
Lazio-Abruzzo	15/10	1,171,387	1,600,000	73	70
Abruzzo-Marche*	15/10	1,733,021	2,200,000	78	72
Toscana	12/10	1,315,438	1,500,000	87	84
GRAND TOTAL		8,856,413	11,600,000	76	74

* 10% including Capopolitano

1842

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

HEADQUARTERS ARMY COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 394

467

KLK/SM

26 October 1944.

Collected at latest report (a1a)	Agriculture S/G estimate (12 Sept. 1944) (a1b)	Percent of Agric. S/G estimate collected at		Percent of total assessed in 1942-43 collected on	
		latest report	report preceding week	30 Sept. 1943	31 Oct. 1943
175,409	25,000	63	62	87	91
241,500	350,000	73	76	85	93
238,211	2,170,000	21	70	72	95
221,231	25,000	88	85	82	89
224,112	300,000	75	73	79	82
200,489	1,970,000	70	72	88	92
277,821	2,000,000	80	83	88	93
238,923	300,000	73	78	86	93
271,177	1,670,000	50	90	91	94
228,821	1,250,000	76	72	92	95
215,238	1,500,000	87	82	92	93
255,412	11,500,000	76	74	90	93

J. A. HARTMAN, Lt. Col., Director.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017*Chief of Staff**536**12*

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES COMMISSION
Office of the Acting Chief Commissioner
JL 394

25 October 1944

2 - 377 Head

PRIORITY

The next Vice-Presidents' Meeting will be held Thursday, 26 October, at 1000 hours, in the office of the Acting Chief Commissioner.

DISTRIBUTION:

- > Chief of Staff
- W, Establishment Section
- W, Civil Affairs Section
- W, Economic Section
- Joint VPs, Political Section
- Deputy CAG
- General de Gwin
- General Susharoy
- Lt Col Brown, Liaison Officer

PIA.
2574

466

RECEIVED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE
BUREAU OF THE ARMY
JAN 27 1964

1. The Italian Chief of Mission in London, Mr. [redacted], has advised that he has received a letter from the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, dated 10/10/48, in which it is stated that the Italian Government is in the process of preparing a report on the activities of the Italian Fascist Party in the United States. The report is to be submitted to the Italian Government in Rome, and a copy of it is being furnished to the British Government in London.

2. The British Chief of Mission in Rome, Mr. [redacted], has advised that he has received a letter from the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, dated 10/10/48, in which it is stated that the Italian Government is in the process of preparing a report on the activities of the Italian Fascist Party in the United States. The report is to be submitted to the Italian Government in Rome, and a copy of it is being furnished to the British Government in London.

3. The British Chief of Mission in Rome, Mr. [redacted], has advised that he has received a letter from the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, dated 10/10/48, in which it is stated that the Italian Government is in the process of preparing a report on the activities of the Italian Fascist Party in the United States. The report is to be submitted to the Italian Government in Rome, and a copy of it is being furnished to the British Government in London.

4. The British Chief of Mission in Rome, Mr. [redacted], has advised that he has received a letter from the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, dated 10/10/48, in which it is stated that the Italian Government is in the process of preparing a report on the activities of the Italian Fascist Party in the United States. The report is to be submitted to the Italian Government in Rome, and a copy of it is being furnished to the British Government in London.

5. In the future the British Government will be held responsible for the activities of the Italian Fascist Party in the United States.

6. Mr. [redacted]

465

7. Mr. [redacted] has advised that he has received a letter from the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, dated 10/10/48, in which it is stated that the Italian Government is in the process of preparing a report on the activities of the Italian Fascist Party in the United States. The report is to be submitted to the Italian Government in Rome, and a copy of it is being furnished to the British Government in London.

8. In reply to a question of Mr. [redacted], the British Chief of Mission in Rome, Mr. [redacted], has advised that he has received a letter from the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, dated 10/10/48, in which it is stated that the Italian Government is in the process of preparing a report on the activities of the Italian Fascist Party in the United States. The report is to be submitted to the Italian Government in Rome, and a copy of it is being furnished to the British Government in London.

252222

W. H. P. J. A.

Mr. [redacted]

5

2. Mr. Robert

3. Mr. Robert

4. Mr. Robert reported that after several months delay, Captain [redacted], Italian Ambassador to Paris, was willing in about 1945 to give him his family and staff.

Mr. Robert

5. Mr. Robert was able to give the following information: [redacted] mentioned the Italian Ambassador to Paris, who was willing to give him his family and staff.

6. Mr. Robert

7. Mr. Robert said that there had been a report from Washington that the Italian Ambassador had sent on a visit to the United States to his. This report had not come from the Ambassador. The Ambassador pointed out the unreliability of his informant and indicated that he was going to the matter if at all.

8. Mr. Robert provided a chart of the situation in Italy, which was a collection of information that he had for a while on the exact position of the Italian Government. It was decided that no action should be taken until full information was received.

9. Mr. Robert reported that the transportation situation in Italy was very poor. This was due to the fact that the Italian Government had not yet received the necessary funds to pay for the transportation of the Italian Government to Italy.

10. Mr. Robert reported that the Italian Government should provide funds for the transportation of the Italian Government to Italy, and that the Italian Government should be able to pay for the transportation of the Italian Government to Italy.

11. Mr. Robert reported that the Italian Government had been a member of the United Nations since 1945, and that the Italian Government had been a member of the United Nations since 1945.

12. Mr. Robert reported that the Italian Government had been a member of the United Nations since 1945, and that the Italian Government had been a member of the United Nations since 1945.

13. Mr. Robert

...the fact that the approach was instructed that it be brought to the notice of WFO.

4. Mr. Antonio reported a copy of the captioned figure. He undertook to send a telegram to ... in Italy ... for a ... on the ... of the ... in the ... It was decided that no action should be taken until full information was received.

5. Mr. Antonio reported that his investigation ... Italy was ... Italian ... our ... Mr. Antonio also ... in ... with the Italian Government on this.

The ... Commission ... that ... should ... with the ... Commission in ... be ...

The ... Commission ... that ... a ... from ... reports ... United States ... the ... movement ... to ... in Italy.

6. The ... Commission ... the ... of the ... Commission ... of ... fishing ... in ... Mr. Antonio ... a ... plan for ... under ... and ... water ... during the ...

7. Alternative ...

8. ... Commission ... that ... 4,000 ... of the ... should be ... to the ... of the ... to be ... to be ... to be ... to be ...

9. ... Commission ... that ... in ... had ... to the ... which was ... as ... to be ... by the ... He ... to ... Italian Government.

10. Mr. ...

11. ... Commission ... that ... information on the ... and ... 13 Oct 44, page 6). He was directed to apply to the ... of ...

FRANK ...

785017

The United States will have the right to demand the return of the stolen property from the country where it was found. The United States will also have the right to demand the return of the stolen property from the country where it was found.

1
J. A. Gifford
Asst. Dir. in Chg.
Nat. O. in Chg.

[illegible]

Commissioner of
 Department of
 Education
 Albany, N. Y.

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785017

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 374

ACR/211.12

1st October 1944.

SUBJECT: Weekly Wheat Arriving Report

REGION	Average Date of report	Collected at latest report (qts)	Agriculture S/C estimate (15 Sept. 1944) (qts)	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at latest report	Percent of Agric. S/C estimate collected at report preceding week	Percent in 1943 3 rd Sept. 1944
Calabria	7/10	175,336	280,000	62	61	61
Lucania	7/10	724,950	950,000	76	75	61
Puglia	8/10	1,333,612	2,100,000	63	60	61
Apulia	7/10	613,432	350,000	175	170	71
Campania	7/10	21,770	300,000	7	7	71
SOUTHERN		3,869,049	3,980,000	97	71	71
Sicily	7/10	1,182,022	2,000,000	59	57	61
Sardinia	7/10	242,387	300,000	80	76	61
Isola d'Elba	2/10	1,541,770	1,500,000	103	99	61
North-West	7/10	1,521,277	2,250,000	67	61	61
Toscana	7/10	1,250,000	1,250,000	100	100	61
GRAND TOTAL		6,615,135	11,630,000	57	72	61

* Not including Campania

S.A. PARTMAN, Lt. Col.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

463

HEADQUARTERS
MILITARY CONTROL COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
AFU 314

17 October 1944.

Section Number	Agriculture 3/1 estimate (12 Sept. 1944) (in \$)	Percent of Agriculture 3/1 collected at		Percent of total collected in 1944-45 collected on	
		latest report	report preceding week	30 Sept. 1944	31 Oct. 1944
101	250,000	62	62	27	61
102	950,000	76	75	32	63
103	1,100,000	75	60	61	65
104	250,000	65	72	31	68
105	325,000	75	75	30	62
110	9,940,000	73	71	72	72
112	5,000,000	50	57	24	72
117	107,000	72	46	25	63
120	1,500,000	60	73	91	93
124	2,245,000	70	87	34	90
125	1,200,000	80	62	37	77
184	11,600,000	74	82	90	93

W.A. HARTMAN, Lt. Col., Director.

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536 / 203 21.

Figure 1

Medical Officers (Allied Airborne Command)
Office of the Joint Chief of Staff, War

10

50767-204147-771

2001
2002
2003
2004
2005
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2008

2. Letting Out of Court Verdict

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2. Mr. Carter

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3. Mr. Carter

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U.S. and British Universities

6. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

2. Gladys.L.34@gmail.com

SECRET

Office of the Acting Chief Commissioner

10/10/44

10/10/44

7 October 1944

SECRET

Vice President's meeting, 1030 hours, 7 October 1944, Office of the Acting Chief Commissioner, HQ AOC, Rome.

Present: Generalissimo Emilio W. Stone, Brigadier Ugozzini, Mr. Caccia, Mr. Schmitt, Mr. Amolanti, Generali Sulloggiore, Colonel Fiesse, Colonel Grippo, Colonel Montfort, Major Quayle (Secretary).

1. Acting Chief Commissioner:

a. Generalissimo Stone referred to various points from the Minutes of the last conference:

(1) Reference para 14, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, what was the status of the proposal to establish a mid-day soup meal for civilian war prisoners in AOC Headquarters? Colonel Fiesse said that this was done, but under- took to clarify the situation of prices.

(2) Reference para 6, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, what steps had been taken to increase the ration for the Public Safety bodies to the level of that of the Italian Army and Carabinieri?

Brigadier Ugozzini undertook to see that the Italian Government was informed of the measure as well as our own National Commissioners.

(3) Reference para 12, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, what progress had been made with attaching the recently arrived Italian officers as observers to various sub-commissions?

General Sulloggiore said that he had submitted proposals for their employment to the Liaison Officer, but had as yet received no answer. Colonel Fiesse said he would check with Lt Col Brown on this point.

(4) Reference para 16, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, Commission Stone said that he had held a consultation with the Prime Minister on the subject of AFHQ's Administrative Memorandum No. 31.

The Prime Minister and his Minister of Finance had received the news of the proposal with dismay. The Prime Minister had stated that the

Col. Stone

Brig. Ugozzini

Col. Stone

A. Commission staff referred to various points from the Minutes of the last conference:

(1) Reference para 12, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, what was the status of the proposal to establish a six-day work week for civilian employees in HQ's Headquarters? Colonel Price said that this was done, but under- took to clarify the situation of pricing.

(2) Reference para 5, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, what steps has been taken to increase the ration for the family safety bodies to the level of that of the Italian Army and Carabinieri?

Brigadier Robinson undertook to see that the Italian Govern- ment were informed of the situation of all so far on National Commissioners.

(3) Reference para 12, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, what pro- grams and arrangements, with attention to the recently arrived British officers as observers to various sub-commissions?

General Buelowery said that he had submitted proposals for their employment to the Italian Officer, but had as yet received no answer. Colonel Price said he would check with Lt Col Henson on this point.

(4) Reference para 11, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, Com- manders Stone said that he had had a conversation with the Prime Minister on the sub- ject of Army's Administrative Headquarters in. 11.

The Prime Minister was his Minister of Finance had received the news of the proposal with dismay. The Prime Minister had stated that the political effect on his Government would be "catastrophic." Commanders Stone said that he had represented their point of view to 44th and that he expected the implementation of the Commission to be indefinitely deferred.

(5) Reference para 22, Minutes of Meeting, 3 Oct 44, Commanders Stone said that he would inform the Army of the action in instructing the Army to keep requisitioning and billeting in San Marino to the latest essential minimum.

B. The Acting Chief Commissioner instructed Mr. Antolini to make sure that National Commissioners had advance advice of the itinerary of the Russian Troops' Union Delegation, and also requested General Buelowery to pass the word to the Chief of the Delegation that he would advise non-working hours for holding meetings of work, dockyards, etc., so that important war-work was not distracted. He explained that the reason for this request was the serious delay caused by the recent American and British Delegation which held a meeting at Taranto in the middle of a work-shift.

SECRET

c. As a result of a general discussion it was agreed that, while allowing greater freedom to the Italian Government, it was necessary to clarify the AGU's position on regards its authority and jurisdictional level in approving appointments. This matter was to be discussed at OAS meeting.

d. The Acting Chief Commissioner informed the meeting that JACKED had posed certain specific questions to the Colonial Chiefs of Staff regarding the implementation of the recent statements on Italy made by the President and the Prime Minister.

General Wilson has given orders that pending the receipt of a reply the name and surname of the AGU would not be altered.

2. Mr. Casolar

Mr. Casolar stated that the authentic text of the statement recently made by the Griffler Foreign Secretary on the subject of the Italian colonies was not at hand, but that it had been issued for by Sir Miles Charles.

3. Mr. Antolini

a. Mr. Antolini requested clarification of the Commission's position vis a vis the Italian Government in language of action. he drew attention to two which had been passed without the receipt of the Commission's concurrence or comment. It was decided that the whole policy must be immediately reviewed and recommendations would be made by Civil Affairs Section.

b. Mr. Antolini reported that General Hume had called saying that there was been a food demonstration in Florence, and that the Florentines should be given an extra pasta allowance. It was decided that a decision on this point should await Mr. Antolini's visit to Florence. It was further decided that this brought up the whole cereal food problem and that a further conference on the food situation must be held forthwith before giving any decision on the immediate Florence question.

c. Mr. Antolini produced the latest passing figures. The Acting Chief Commissioner suggested that there would be a column showing comparison with the preceding week.

4. Brigadier Griffin

a. The Brigadier said that the Salvation Army wished to send two additional representatives to Italy to look into their interests. he would go into the matter further before giving a reply.

b. AFHQ, in setting up its organization to deal with the distribution of medical supplies throughout the Mediterranean, had proposed Colonel Griffin, the Chief of the Medical Supply Branch, as its head. The Brigadier doubted the wisdom of imposing on Colonel Griffin this extra duty and said that he would

Brig. Griffin

3. Mr. Antolini

a. Mr. Antolini requested clarification of the Commission's position vis-a-vis the Italian Government in issuance of licenses. He drew attention to two which had been issued without the receipt of the Commission's concurrence or consent. It was decided that the whole policy must be immediately reviewed and recommendations would be made by Civil Affairs Section.

b. Mr. Antolini reported that General Fiume had called saying that there had been a food demonstration in Florence, and that the Finrentines should be given an extra ration allowance. It was decided that a decision on this point should await Mr. Antolini's visit to Florence. It was further decided that this brought up the whole crucial food problem and that a further conference on the food situation must be held forthwith before giving any decision on the immediate Florence situation.

c. Mr. Antolini produced the latest smoking figures. The Acting Chief Commissioner suggested that there should be a column showing comparison with the preceding week.

4. Brigadier Manton

a. The Brigadier said that the Canadian Army wished to send two trade mission representatives to Italy to look into their interests. He would like to see the matter further before giving a reply.

b. AGHQ, in setting up an organization to deal with the distribution of medical supplies throughout the headquarters, had proposed Colonel Griffin, the Chief of the Medical Supply Branch, as its head. The Brigadier declined the wisdom of imposing on Colonel Griffin this double duty and said that he would raise it at the next DCS conference.

5. Colonel Fisher

Colonel Fisher reported that a new truck company composed of American and Italian personnel had been attached to 2075th Signal.

Next Vice Presidential Meeting - 1000 hours, Friday, 13 October 1944.

DISTRIBUTION

Commodore Sims
Brigadier Lunn
Mr. Antolini
Brigadier Manton
General de Soven
General Sutherland
Mr. Osofsky

Mr. Schott

Mr. Alexander Kirk
Sir Neil Charles
General Spofford
Colonel Denmore

Colonel Manton

J. A. QUAY
Major, R. A.

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486

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

HEADQUARTERS
MILITARY COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
KPO 194

AGP/211.12

Subject : Weekly Wheat Harvesting Report.

Region	Average days of reports	Collected at latest report (a)	Agriculture S/C estimate (12 Sept 44) (b)	Percent of total estimate collected
Calabria	10/9	121,254	200,000	61
Lucania	10/9	71,272	240,000	29
Po: lio	10/9	1,211,574	2,100,000	57
Campania	10/9	194,552	240,000	81
Campania	10/9	212,207	300,000	70
SOUTHERN		2,395,574	3,980,000	59
1	10/9	1,452,376	2,000,000	72
4	10/9	1,411,577	1,500,000	94
5	10/9	1,211,734	1,200,000	100
6	10/9	222,207	300,000	74
8	10/9	2,242,207	1,500,000	149
TOTAL		7,542,274	11,500,000	65

459

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

SEATTLE
ALLIED COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 361

9 Oct. 44

Collected at latest report (cl)	Agriculture S/C estimate (12 Sept 44) (cl)	Percent of total estimate collected	Percentage of 1942 total opening conferred to	
			31 Aug.	10 Sept.
171,295	230,000	61	72	87
711,578	950,000	75	61	83
1,777,874	2,170,000	73	29	94
194,642	250,000	78	52	84
212,909	300,000	70	64	79
2,825,576	3,950,000	72	76	88
1,140,376	2,000,000	57	67	87
1,431,537	1,600,000	89	35	91
1,513,784	2,250,000	67	29	94
227,541	300,000	75	61	85
1,021,242	1,500,000	68	77	92
3,442,238	11,600,000	72	75	90

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HALL OF RECORDS
Office of the Acting Chief Commissioner

3 October 1944

MEMORANDUM

Vice Presidential meeting, 1000 hours, 3 October 1944, Office of the Acting Chief Commissioner, Rome.

Present: Captain Eilery W. Stone, Brigadier Lush, Brigadier Upjohn, Mr. Garcia, Mr. Schott, Mr. Antolini, General De Devia, General Sushenkov, Colonel Hanks, Major Quyle.

1. Acting Chief Commissioner:

a. Captain Stone called attention to an error in para 1 a of the minutes of the meeting of 29 September 1944. The second sentence should be altered so as to read: "He pointed out that although air mail Charles now acquired a commercial rank, this placing him on the same footing as Mr. Hink, it was not clear as yet whether either was in fact to function as an ambassador."

b. Captain Stone asked Mr. Lush, program had been made with the accommodation and feeding of civilian employees (see minutes of 29 Sept para 1 g.) Brigadier Lush said that the Headquarters Commandant had been instructed to take the matter up with Colonel Boletti and to find a solution. He stated that it should be possible to devise a scheme similar to that employed by Legion IV.

c. Captain Stone told General Sushenkov that authority had been received for him to ask eight officers to his staff as observers with sub-commissions. He asked the General to arrange with Brigadier Lush which sub-commissions they were to work with. The Acting Chief Commissioner pointed out that additional transport was not authorized.

d. Captain Stone informed the meeting that the Italian Government had formally requested that it be allowed to participate in the discussion of the Armistice terms to be imposed on Germany.

The request, presented as doubt by the recent joint declaration following the Quebec Conference, had been referred to higher authority.

e. The Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs had indicated in a recent conversation that the Government would shortly present three other points for consideration.

General
Sushenkov
Brig. Lush

... in para 1 of ... of the meeting of 29 September 1944. The second sentence should be altered as to read: "He pointed out that although his local ... now acquired ... , thus placing him on the same footing as Mr. Wick, it was not clear as yet whether either was in fact to function as an ambassador."

b. Captain Stone asked what progress had been made with the accommodation and feeding of civilian employees (see minutes of 29 Sept para 1 & 2.) Brigadier Lyon said that the Headquarters Government had been instructed to take the matter up with Colonel Poletti and to find a solution. He stated that it should be possible to devise a scheme similar to that employed by Region IV.

c. Captain Stone told General Susloparov that authority had been received for him to add eight officers to his staff as on parers with sub-commissions. He asked the General to arrange with Brigadier Lyon which sub-commissions they were to work with. The Acting Chief Commissioner pointed out that additional transport was not authorized.

General
Susloparov
Brig. Lyon

d. Captain Stone informed the meeting that the Italian Government had formally requested that it be allowed to participate in the discussion of the Armistice terms to be imposed on Germany.

The request, prompted no doubt by the recent joint declaration following the Quebec Conference, had been referred to higher authority.

e. The Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs had indicated in a recent conversation that the Government would shortly present three other points for consideration:

- (1) The appointment of Italians to various sub-commissions of the Commission.
- (2) Freedom to nominate appointments to government posts without prior reference to the Government.
- (3) Possible elimination of certain sub-commissions, e.g., Education.

These proposals were equally obviously prompted by the Quebec declaration. The third referred only to territory under Italian Government control.

f. Captain Stone discussed Executive Memorandum No. 31. It was, he said, doubtful if the Italians would react favorably to the question of establishing a firm account since it would increase the government deficit and would be considered as not in keeping with the Hyde Park declaration. He proposed to discuss the question with AFHQ.

Captain
Stone

SECRET

2. Mr. Ducein:

a. Mr. Ducein was assured by the Acting Chief Commissioner that the Italians referred to by Captain Stone would be attached--if at all--to sub-sections of net sections.

b. Mr. Ducein stated that the authorities of our nation, through realizing that the Allied forces must pass through the republic, were most anxious that a stop be put to collecting and requisitioning. Mr. Ducein thought that San Marino claims for compensation would be influenced by the speed with which we dealt with these two questions.

Brig. Lush

Brigadier Lush undertook to phone General Robertson and find out what action was contemplated by him before Captain Stone raised the matter at Caserta.

c. Mr. Ducein called General Susharev's attention to the question of 116 V. P. (V. P. 116), which was originally requisitioned by him and had been cancelled as at the order of AFHQ. Mr. Ducein disclaimed the responsibility for this action implied to the Political Section by General Brown in a letter to General Susharev, and pointed out that the Political Section merely acted as a channel of communication--it was AFHQ who was the deciding authority.

3. Mr. Antolini:

Mr. Antolini asked if there was any news of General Antolini's success or failure in Washington. Captain Stone told him that there was nothing definite. Brigadier Lush undertook to draft a signal to AFHQ asking explicit news.

Brig. Lush4. Brigadier DeJohn:

a. Reported that the Italian Army had released quantities of stores to the G.C. which should greatly assist that body.

b. The Brigadier said that in Florence there had been trouble between the Prefect and the Committee of Liberation. He had telegraphed to the Army HQ, with the approval of P.M. General, instructing him to support the Prefect in the controversy.

c. There was also trouble over the Division of Naples. The original man expressly asked for by the government had refused office and a commissario prefetto was functioning in his place. The Brigadier proposed, and it was agreed, that we should lend our support to the original candidate.

5. General de Savin:

responsibility for this action. In the Political Section by General Brown in a letter to General Eisenhower, and pointed out that the Political Section merely acted as a channel of communication—it was Army who was the deciding authority.

3. Mr. Antolini:

Mr. Antolini asked if there was any name of Colonel Withersworth's success or failure in Washington. Captain Stone told him that there was nothing definite. Brigadier Lush undertook to draft a signal to AFHQ asking explicit men.

4. Brigadier Lush:

a. Reported that the Italian army had released quantities of stores to the C.C.M. which would greatly assist that body.

b. The Brigadier said that in Florence there had been trouble between the Prefect and the Committee of Administration. He had telegraphed to 5th Army HQ, with the approval of F.M. Bondi, instructing them to support the Prefect in the controversy.

c. There was also trouble over the Girone of Naples. The original man expressly asked for by the government had refused office and a committee proficure was functioning in his place. The Brigadier proposed, and it was agreed, that we should lend our support to the original nominee.

5. General de Gavini:

Reported that he had feared to grounds which might explain the rumor that Italian POW's were to be employed behind the lines by the French Army.

6. Brigadier Lush:

Reported that he had looked into the question of feeding the G.C.F.F. and Public Safety Agencies, so that their needs be brought up to that of the Army and the G.C.F.F. This would affect various bodies. He said, and report in all to an increase of 10,000 tons per annum. It was agreed that this matter should be put into effect as soon as possible.

7. Colonel Flaker:

Reported that Legation TA and XII were going well and put in a plea for better living conditions for Prefect—the Prefect of Ancona, for example, whom he had just seen, was living in extremely difficult conditions.

3. The acting Chief of Communications, Addington, had been reported to his last friend, who was then in an urban area, and had been without milk since then. It was suggested by a questioner that Addington should look into it.

Next Vice President's meeting - 1000 hours, Monday, 9 October 1944.

PARTICIPANTS:

Captain Stone
Brigadier John
Mr. Antoinette
Brigadier W. John
General de Sardin
General Sushkov
Mr. Garza
Mr. Schott
Hon. Alexander Kirk
Sir Noel Charles
General Spofford
Colonel Dunsmore
Colonel Moffatt
Major Quayle

T. A. QUINN
Major, R.A.
Chief Staff Officer

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

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457

DISTRIBUTION:

Captain Stone
Brigadier Lush
Mr. Antolini
Brigadier Upjohn
General de Soto
General Sutil, Prov
Mr. Caccia
Mr. Schmitt
Hon. Alexander Kirk
Sir Noel Cowles
General Hafford
Colonel Dunsmore
Colonel Monfort
Major Quayle

SECRET

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