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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

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MONTHLY REPORTS, LI  
SARDINIA  
MAY - OCT. 1945

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

10000/109/468

MONTHLY REPORTS, LIAISON OFFICER (MMIA),  
SARDINIA  
MAY - OCT. 1945

33.

Executive Commission

Monthly report to Germany as  
per 31. Passages of interest are marked.  
M/16/8 P<sup>14/5</sup>

42

Executive Commission

Please see monthly report to Germany  
as follows 34-38. Passages of interest are marked  
~~Pass~~ 17/10. Also also.

M/16/8

Executive Commission

Please see September monthly report to Germany  
as 46. Passages of interest have been marked  
~~Pass~~ b) 16/10  
... 17/10.

M/16/8

818

0269

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C.S.O. to Executive Commissioner

The report on folio 21, etc., is one apparently compiled by the High Commissioner for Sardinia. It paints a very gloomy picture as for example on folio 20 at X wherein he states that the wheat crop has been a complete failure. This differs radically from the report made by Lt. Col. Albert dated 1 July on file 160/EC where it is stated on folio 35 that "dry weather has taken some toll but estimates of the crop are 80% (upwards) of normal etc" (this about wheat). He goes on to say "We interviewed many farmers and their first reply is that there is nothing and U.S. would have to feed them. But upon further investigation we found their statements greatly exaggerated. An of the opinion that May, being a cool month and although dry, the coolness aided the growing of the grain." Lt. Col. Albert's report was made after Lt. German of A.C. and he had made an inspection trip to gather information in regard to agricultural conditions in Sardinia. A more complete report was written by the Agriculture Sub-Commissioner after the trip to Sardinia by Major Fromman and Lt. German (see file 4043/EC). To summarize briefly: Livestock, especially sheep, - position critical because of lack of feed due to drought. Forage situation - very bad. Wheat Report forecasts a 37% reduction for all of Sardinia, however, the report states that Lt. Col. Albert, who has made numerous trips around Sardinia, still believes the wheat crop yield will be 80% of normal. Locusts - Lt. German believes all reports, including that of the High Commissioner, are greatly exaggerated. From the foregoing, it may be assumed that it is a natural tendency for Sardinians to paint as gloomy a picture as possible with the express purpose of interesting the extension of more aid from the Allies or the Italian Government whereas investigations made by Allied personnel show that, although conditions are far from what is desired, they nevertheless are not as bad as reported.

Copies on  
160 | EC.  
4043 | EC.

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*hand for  
81st Div. C  
A. B. ARNOLD  
Captain*

24  
16-23 seen by Lt. Col. EC. J. 27  
18 July 45

C.S.O.

16-23  
Please note parts marked in red on pages # 6-6.  
Do you want these two walls taken up?  
JUL. 28/7.

785017

ent "dry weather has taken some toll but estimates of the crop are 80% (upwards) of normal etc" (this about wheat). He goes on to say we interviewed many farmers and their first reply is that there is nothing and U.S. would have to feed them. But upon further investigation we found their statements greatly exaggerated. An of the opinion that May, being a cool month and although dry, the coolness aided the growing of the grain." Lt. Col. Albert's report was made after Lt. German of A.C. and he had made an inspection trip to gather information in regard to agricultural conditions in Sardinia. A more complete report was written by the Agriculture Sub-Commission after the trip to Sardinia by Major Proneman and Lt. German (see file 4043/EC). To summarize briefly: Livestock, especially sheep, - position critical because of lack of feed due to drought. Forage situation - very bad. Wheat Report forecasts a 37% reduction for all of Sardinia, however, the report states that Lt. Col. Albert, who has made numerous trips around Sardinia, still believes the wheat crop yield will be 80% of normal. Locusts - Lt. German believes all reports, including that of the High Commissioner, are greatly exaggerated. From the foregoing, it may be assumed that it is a natural tendency for Sardinians to paint as gloomy a picture as possible with the express purpose of interesting the extension of more aid from the Allies or the Italian Government whereas investigations made by Allied personnel show that, although conditions are far from what is desired, they nevertheless are not as bad as reported.

Copies On  
16043 | EC.  
4043 | EC.

*Frank W. Herk*  
Frank W. Herk.  
817th Inf. C.

*A. B. Arnoldy*  
A. B. ARNOLDY  
Captain

18 July 45

*24*  
16-23 am by 6.6 o EC. *J. 27*

C.S.O.

*16043*  
Please hole pants wanted in red or popes # 66.  
Do you want these two wallies taken up?

24. 28/7.

*M. 18/7*

14.

Ex Chanc.

At 13 " the report by Mrs  
Kear the MIA L. O. in Sanden,  
Liberia. It points the  
following possible picture  
of present machiavellian  
rebel activity in the Island.  
Activities are planned to  
hinder what is to be done to  
draw the Porti attention to  
in page 11. The report is  
of course too long. 818  
Sgt. 216

15.

13 & 14 seen by Executive Commission.  
See his memo to them see: 202/2/EC of 20 Dec. '65.

J. 22.

0 2 7 3

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836-44

46

LIAISON OFFICER  
LAND FORCES SUB-COMMISSION  
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.M.I.A.)  
Allied Garrison Sardinia  
A.P.O. 394, U.S. Army

13 October 1945

SUBJECT: Monthly Report...

OCT 18 1945

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, Rome.  
Attention Office of the Executive Commissioner.

1. Reference your letter 826/177/EC dated 12 April 1945 subject as above and letter 825/210/EC dated 1 August 1945.
2. Inclosed are eight (8) copies of the Monthly report for Sardinia for the month of September 1945 compiled from information submitted by the High Commissioner for Sardinia.

A. F. De Stefano, Capt.  
*for* LESTER R. ALBRIGHT  
Lt Colonel, Infantry  
Senior Liaison Officer

Copy to  
ISIA

E.C.D.U.T

1 - Ex Com  
1 - C.H.F.  
1 - Tech Sec  
1 - R.R. Sec  
1 - Procurement  
1 - Working Group

815

Revised 10/19/45  
Lester R. A.

785017

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PART IMONTHLY REPORT FOR SEPTEMBER 1945

(45)

SARDINIA

1. Political interest is centered in the London Conference, the coming elections, and the National Constituent. Public opinion is concerned primarily with the improvement of the economic situation.

2. The amount of grain collected is still far below the expected yield due to the drought and the grasshoppers. Corn, pastures and vineyards have also been hard hit by the drought.

3. The exportation of livestock to the mainland has stopped due to drop in the market prices at Rome. It is expected that exportation will be resumed as an increase in price is foreseen in the near future. But this future exportation is not expected to reach the previous level.

4. During the month, coal production has gone up to 59,470 tons as compared to 53,236 tons in August. 53,000 tons of Sulcis coal were exported during the month of September. 3,640 tons of foreign coal were imported on the S.S. Celtic Monarch during the month. Total imports for the month of September equal 1,987 tons. Total exports equal 14,800 tons.

5. There is increased unemployment due to the return of ex-prisoners and refugees from the mainland. It is understood that the Government is going to allocate a sum of money for public works to relieve unemployment in Sardinia.

6. Public safety is satisfactory but there is increased crime in Nuoro Province.

7. Public health conditions on the island are satisfactory.

8. There is a great need for tires and spare parts for vehicles on the island. The allocation of fuel is also below needs.

9. Plans are being drawn up for the institution of the bank of Sardinia.

814

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(44)

MONTHLY REPORT FOR SEPTEMBER 1945PART IIPOLITICAL SITUATION AND PUBLIC OPINION

The political situation has changed very little. The public shows a marked lack of interest due to the poor economic situation with the constantly increasing cost of living.

The transportation situation is an added handicap to local industry and unemployment is also increasing due to arrival of refugees and ex-prisoners of war.

The political parties are preparing for the coming elections. The Roman weekly "L'Uomo Qualunque" has brought strong reaction from the newspapers and propaganda organs of the political parties who denounce it as a new form of fascism.

There is great interest in the London Conference of Foreign Ministers which will determine the status of Italy's colonies and the peace treaty.

There is also great interest in the National Constituent.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The Gard Regional Assembly met on 9 September with special emphasis on public works to relieve unemployment.

In consideration of the precarious financial conditions of the communes, it is hoped the government will give financial support for public works.

ECONOMIC SITUATION WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO FOODFLOUR

On hand as of 31 August		139,030 qli
Estimated consumption for Sept	72,000 qli	
On hand as of 30 September		69,030 qli

**813**GRAIN COLLECTED FOR SEED

33,061 qli of wheat  
2,167 qli of barley

**317**

The amount of wheat collected is low due to poor harvest and to the low price fixed by the government.

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(43)

OLIVE OIL

As of 30 September the following quantities of oil were collected:

Edible	20,148 qli
Acidity oil	1,165 qli.

After allocation, the following quantities remain:

Edible	7,030.
Acidity	543

SALT

The export of salt amounted to 8,960 tons. A greater quantity could have been shipped had more shipping been available and with improved port facilities.

LIVESTOCK

Exported during the month of September:

120 Cattle
454 Horses
1525 Sheep

The exportation of cattle has stopped due to a drop in the market price in Rome. A resumption of exportation is foreseen in the near future with an increase in price. However, due to the forthcoming rains, this future exportation is not expected to reach previous levels since grazers find it more advantageous to retain the animals on the island.

TUNA

Situation unchanged. During the month 500 qli of canned tuna was exported to the mainland.

EXPORTABLE SURPLUSES

The only exportable surpluses of foodstuffs are cheese and almonds.

COAL

On hand as of 1 Sept are 38,059 tons of coal. Production for the month of September is 55,470 tons, an increase over the preceding month of 2,252 tons. 53,000 tons exported during the month of Sept. 15,000 tons consumed and 21,069 tons on hand as of 1 October.

The S/S Celtic Monarch arrived with 3,640 tons of imported coal. With the stock of 2,779 on hand the supply should be sufficient until 10 November.

(42)

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

Total imports equal 1,987 tons.  
 Total exports equal 14,800 tons.

EXPORTED DURING MONTH OF SEPTEMBER

Salt	8,980 tons
Minerals	3,253 tons
Firebricks	91 tons
Various products	802 qli
Sheep and goat hides	1,542 qli
Cork	6,988 qli
Paint Pigments	4,700 qli
Beets and straw	360 qli
Cheese	366 qli
Almonds	5,043 qli
Cottage cheese	5 qli
Wax	12 qli
Molite	1,000 qli
Fox skins	79
Balls of cloth	11
Wool sweaters	325
Vegetable fibers	3,352 qli
Tuna	500 qli
Raw wool	577 qli

AGRICULTURE AND FORESTS AND FISHERIESAgriculture

The season continues to be unfavorable due to the drought, warm winds and hot weather. There was a small amount of rain at the end of the month but it was not sufficient to help matters much. The corn harvest was unsatisfactory and the vineyards have suffered greatly due to the prolonged drought. It is expected that rains will relieve the shortage of pasture by the month of November.

Forests

The increase of price, transportation difficulties and lack of specialized personnel have hindered charcoal production.

Fisheries

Production is limited due to lack of equipment.

811  
816Labor

There is increased unemployment due to return of refugees and ex-prisoners. Agitation for increased wages threatened to bring about strikes, especially among employees of secondary railways.

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PUBLIC WORKS

Public works are being started to absorb unemployed workers. The repair of roads contribute a large part of these works.

PUBLIC SECURITY

Lack of men and means continue to hamper the improvement of public security. Conditions are good in Cagliari and Sassari Provinces but Nuoro Province has a more serious situation.

PUBLIC HEALTH

The situation in general is satisfactory.

People coming from the area of Taranto are carefully screened for any signs of plague or other contagious diseases. Sporadic cases of contagious diseases have been localized and appropriate measures taken.

EDUCATION

The schools are still closed for summer vacation.

REFUGEES

An increased number of refugees returned to Sardinia during the month. The number of refugees leaving Sardinia has decreased.

COMMUNICATIONSRoad Transport

The situation is serious. There is a great need for tires and spare parts. Allocation of fuel is below needs.

Rail Transportation

The allocation of foreign coal is short of demands.

Sea Transport

The S/S Noncenigo, after hitting a mine and being laid up for repairs, has returned to the run. However, the sailings are very irregular and it is deemed necessary to replace her with another ship.

Navy vessels have transported a number of passengers to the mainland.

PROPERTY CONTROL

Arms have been requested from the Ministry of War for the sworn guards in rural areas due to an increase in thefts and other crimes in these areas. This request was not approved.

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30FINANCE

Plans are being drawn up for the institution of the Bank of Sardinia.

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LIAISON OFFICER  
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION  
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.I.T.A.)  
Allied Garrison Sardinia  
A.P.O. 394, U.S. Army

12 September 1945

SEP 17 1945

SUBJECT: Monthly Report.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, Rome.  
Attention Office of the Executive Commissioner.

1. Reference your letter 825/174/EC dated 12 April 1945 subject as above and 825/216/EC dated 1 August 1945.

2. Inclosed are eight (8) copies of the Monthly Report for Sardinia for the month of August 45 compiled from information submitted by the High Commissioner for Sardinia.

*Leslie R. Albert*  
LESLIE R. ALBERT  
Lt Colonel, Infantry  
Senior Liaison Officer

Copy to  
MMIA

*See m/s*  
E. C. DIST

- 1 - Ex Commd  
1 - CH SEC  
1 - Econ SEC  
1 - Protocols **E809**  
1 - Plans  
1 - Working copy

*(Mr. LLEWELLYN)*

785017

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PART IMONTHLY REPORT FOR AUGUST 1945SARDINIA

1. The news of the Conference of Foreign Ministers brought hope to the Sard people of a more satisfactory status for Italy. It is particularly noted that in the Communes due to the present unstable political situation and poor financial conditions, most of the more able men decline any political appointments.

2. The drought has continued during the month of August with considerable effect on truck farming, vineyards and pastures. Finally a much needed committee has been appointed in each Province to make a survey on forest conservation.

3. Sardinia's contribution to replenish the livestock slaughtered by the Nazi-Fascists on the mainland is still going strong. During the month 1417 head of cattle, 568 horses and 2421 sheep were exported. The only foodstuff available for export was cheese. During the month of

August 53,238 tons of Sulcis coal were mined compared to 50,091 tons for the month of July. 37,670 tons of coal were exported. Foreign coal is badly needed on the island as the supply on hand at 1 Sept was only 495 tons. Exports for the month (excluding coal) totaled 1,307 tons. Imports came to 842 tons.

4. The unemployed have staged demonstrations in some Communes demanding that public works be increased. The street car company workers in Cagliari have demanded the nationalization of the company.

5. Public safety and public health conditions on the island are satisfactory.

6. Transportation facilities between Sardinia and the mainland have been much improved by the addition of the S/S Nocenigo to the Olbia-Civitavecchia service. During the month of August approx 1000 refugees were returned to Sardinia from the mainland.

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MONTHLY REPORT FOR AUGUST 45PART IIPOLITICAL REACTION AND PUBLIC OPINION

Public spirit is low due to the difficulties of the current economic situation.

There was great rejoicing at the end of the Japanese war, and the people now feel that the Government can work more on returning the economic life to normal.

The news of the Conference of Foreign Ministers brought hope to the people of a more satisfactory status for Italy.

The political parties are preparing for the forthcoming elections.

Numerous demonstrations were held on the island for increased public works to relieve unemployment. The Ministers of Public Works and Post-War Relief arrived to investigate conditions in Sardinia.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Due to the poor financial conditions of the provincial administrations, most of the more able men decline any political appointments. This is also due in part to the unstable political situation.

Many of the Communes of Nuoro Province desire to become a part of a different province due to the difficulties of transportation to the capital of the province, Nuoro.

ECONOMIC SITUATION WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO FOODGrain & Flour

Consumed during the month of August:	76,197 qli
Imported on S/S Joseph Hooker:	67,363 qli flour
On hand 31 August:	127,000 qli

Grain for seed collected during month of August:

Wheat:	22,046 qli
Barley:	1,722 qli

The amount of wheat collected is low due to poor harvest and to the low price fixed by the Government.

OLIVE OIL

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As of 31 July the following quantities were amassed:

Edible oil	29,021.68 qli
Acidity oil	1,159.51 qli

After allocations, the following amounts remain:

Edible oil	8,720.21 qli
Acidity oil	537.51 qli

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Salt

During the month of July 6,105.413 tons of salt were exported.

Livestock

Exported during August:

Cattle	1,417
Horses	563
Sheep	2,421

The shipments for the month of August were not up to expectations and the S/S Langano did not always leave with a full load. Due to a shortage of pastures and forage, it is not possible to build a staging area for the animals at Olbia and often the sailing dates of the Langano are not communicated in time to transport a sufficient number of animals to the port to fill the ship.

Exportable Surpluses

The only exportable surplus on the island is cheese.

Coal

On hand as of 1 August is 32,791 tons of coal. Production for the month of August is 53,238 tons. During the month 37,670 tons were exported. Consumed in Sardinia were 10,300 tons. On hand as of 1 Sept were 38,059 tons.

Only 10,300 tons were allotted for use on Sardinia against an estimated need of 15,000 tons. With such a limited quantity, it is not possible to satisfy the needs of the island. Consequently, they will not be able to produce enough electricity and this in turn will cut the production of coal.

There are 495 tons of imported coal on hand. This quantity is sufficient for needs only until 6 September. More foreign coal is needed immediately.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Total exports for the month of August: 1,307.686 tons  
 Total imports for the month of August: 842.556 tons

ITEMS EXPORTED IN MONTH OF AUGUST

Various minerals	5,194.87 qli	-
Fire brick material	345.00 qli	-
Various products	203.40 qli	

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Sheep and goat skins	1,067.2 qli
Cork	5,565.50 qli
Vegetable fiber	2,000.00 qli
Paint pigments	300.40 tons
Reeds and straw	877.00 qli
Cheese	3,190.60 qli
Wool sweaters	1,350
Cow hides	200.00 qli
Wool	150.00 qli
Wool blankets	2,502
Fox skins	100

AGRICULTURE, FORESTS, FISHERIESAgriculture

The outlook is still unfavorable due to the continued drought and hot winds. Consequently, the crops mature irregularly. This has been especially hard on tomatoes, corn, vineyards and truck farming. The same is true of the pastures.

Forests

The High Commissioner has appointed a Committee in each province to make a survey on forest conservation.

Fisheries

There is still a great lack of proper fishing equipment.

LABOR

In some Communes the unemployed staged demonstrations for increased public works to provide employment. But the Commune administrations could not comply for lack of funds. Only the Central Government can provide the solution to this problem and they have already set aside money for public work projects.

There was some unrest among the street car workers in Cagliari who demanded, among other things, nationalization of this company.

There was some trouble among the workers brought from the mainland to work in the coal mines and it was considered better to return them to the mainland.

PUBLIC WORKS

The local administrations are working on public works which can be easily carried out and will employ large numbers of the unemployed. Since the lumber requested from the mainland has not arrived, it is suggested that the lumber held, but not being used, by the Italian Army be turned over for this purpose.

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(34)

PUBLIC HEALTH

Health conditions on the island are satisfactory. Few cases of contagious diseases have been reported. Strong measures have been taken to prevent the spread to Sardinia from Corsica of the plague.

REFUGEES

About 1000 refugees returned to Sardinia in the month of August and they were immediately returned to their homes.

COMMUNICATIONSRoad Transport

The situation is difficult, especially due to lack of tires. The High Commissioner claims the POL allocations are not sufficient to cover the needs.

Railway Transportation

Nothing new to report.

Sea Transportation

The S/S Moncenigo started service between Olbia and Civitavecchia. This will greatly facilitate the passenger service between Sardinia and the mainland. Within a short time it should be no longer necessary to control the passenger service as it should be back almost to normal.

PROPERTY CONTROL

The rural guards are handicapped due to lack of clothing, shoes, and firearms.

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(32)

REVIEWED  
AND APPROVED BY COMMANDER  
AMERICAN COMMISSION (U.S.A.)  
ALLIED COMMISSION BOARD  
PARIS, FRANCE, U.S.A.

3 August 1945

**AUG 13 1945**

SUBJECT: Monthly report.

RECOMMENDATION: All of information, none.  
Attention offered for favorable consideration.

(31)

In response your letter 321/170/1 dated 12 April 1945 addressed to me.

Enclosed find (1) portion of the monthly report for  
England for the month of July as submitted by the High Commissioner  
for England.

Since letter 321/170/1 dated 26 July 1945 has not been  
received by this office, this report has been completed in the  
manner of the previous reports submitted by this office. Request  
a copy of letter 325/170/1 be forwarded to this office.

DR  
18/8

*Leslie R. Albert*  
LESLIE R. ALBERT  
Lieutenant Colonel, Infantry  
Adjutant General Officer

Copy to  
100A

ECDIST - 13 Aug 803

EX COMMIR

CA See

Econ See

PRB to Com to Estab

POL ADY

Working copy

see m 33

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प्राप्ति विद्युत के लिए अवैध होना चाहिए। इसकी विवरणों का विवरण निम्नलिखित है।

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public's right to work & freedom from economic hardship. The government has a duty to provide for the welfare of its people. The government must be responsible for the welfare of its people.

The present depression has caused many to turn to socialism, due to long periods of unemployment and disorientation. Propaganda, however, has noted on the local radio stations are frequent. The result of this has been a great increase in the number of people who have lost their jobs. This is due to the fact that there is no reason to continue to work when there is no work.

The result of this is that the party in power, which has already been established, is now attempting to expand its economic and political power. This will lead to further unemployment and further economic problems.

The government of New Zealand has taken over of the public works, and has now control of all economic activity throughout the country.

Index

903  
802

During the past two days of the national council held in Wellington and the numerous unions have been active and successful in organizing the Island. They have called a general meeting of all workers to discuss certain matters particularly those regarding the new dispensations for our urban areas. The Island's condition in itself have brought about the necessity that it must be adjusted to local standards.

The position of Norway in particular the industrial unionists has also been discussed. These people have set up their own organization. They have decided to use the name of Labor and would not relinquish their name. However, the majority of Labor's are not so much for a trade union as they are for a general union.

The government takes the following action in regard to labor. The financial burden on the government is to be relieved by the government taking over the coal mining industry. The coal mining industry which would service the country has been taken over.

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TÉLÉGRAMME DE M. LE MINISTRE DES FINANCES

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THE JOURNAL OF CLIMATE

0289

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1. *Constitutive* genes are expressed in all cells of the body at all times. These genes code for proteins that are required for basic cellular processes such as metabolism, protein synthesis, and cell division.

2. *Tissue-specific* genes are expressed only in certain types of cells or tissues. These genes code for proteins that are specific to those cells or tissues, such as enzymes involved in specialized metabolic pathways.

3. *Developmental* genes are expressed during the growth and differentiation of an organism. These genes code for proteins that regulate the timing and pattern of gene expression during development, such as transcription factors that control the expression of other genes.

4. *Regulatory* genes are genes that control the expression of other genes. These genes code for proteins that bind to DNA and either promote or inhibit the transcription of target genes.

THESE SPRINGS TO WHICH ARE ADDED  
THEIR THERAPEUTIC VALUE

THE TOWER OF BABEL

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ESTATE PLANNING

LET. 453107  
LAWRENCE  
KANSAS

During the month of July 3,000 tons of coal were imported.

Imports

The situation of economy in Indonesia is very difficult at present. Only 1,100,000 metric tons have been imported during the last ten years. This is less than 10% of the total foreign exchange, so would be necessary to export the remaining live stock for breeding purposes. The following table shows the new results obtained on 21st August:

During the month of July the following live stock were imported:	
Livestock	2,107
Horses	507
Sheep	5,501

Trade

Due to the severe season and subsequent increase except usually 20%, During the season 3,000,000 qms of trans. were caught. 1,025,000 qms were uncorrected. Very small quantities being caught, in any location, are purchased from local.

Exportable Resources

Closed is the only area which can be exported from Sumatra. All other resources will be listed further on in this report.

Coal

During the month of July 50,000 tons of coal were mined concerned 40,000,000 tons in the month of June. 27,000 tons were exported to the mainland and 10,000 tons were uncorrected. But 7,000 tons are under way of being sent to the special & localities made for the necessities of the various localised industries. The quantity on hand as of 1 August is approx 31,750,000 tons.

The need for the month of August is 15,000 tons compared with 70,000,000 tons have been imported, because in one year is considered that the difference can't make up with the said atmosphere which though is not equivalent due to two sides, 15,000 tons more coal, and, since 12,000 tons transportation difficulties, due to the expenses, the necessary fuel to afford the difficulties, this is not comparable the economy of 6,000 tons of mining coal. The current importation of coal still could induce an additional of 1,000 tons monthly. Due to the fact that in the Harvey mine a significant portion of the coal is located in the town of Medan became operated.

Considering the small quantities available, the supply of coal will suffice until 15 September.

Production and Consumption

Total imports to Sumatra for the month of July amount to 3,000,000 tons, 1,025,000 tons more than the month of June. The following products exported are:

Crude coal	27,000 tons
Coke	1,022 tons
Charcoal	1,033 tons

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YEAR  
1966  
Total hours worked by all employees during the month of June were reported as follows:

Category	Hours Worked
General	2,397
Administrative	1,047
Total	3,444

For the month of June, 3,444 hours were reported by all employees.

During the month of June, 56,000 hours of overtime were worked compared to an average of 50,000 hours per month. 2,600 more hours were reported than the previous month. 10,000 hours were worked by employees for the insurance company, 7,566.08 hours.

During the month of July, 56,000 hours of overtime were worked compared to an average of 50,000 hours per month. 10,000 more hours were reported than the previous month. 10,000 hours were worked by employees for the insurance company, 7,566.08 hours.

During the month of August, 56,000 hours of overtime were worked compared to an average of 50,000 hours per month. 10,000 more hours were reported than the previous month. 10,000 hours were worked by employees for the insurance company, 7,566.08 hours.

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Total benefit costs for the month of June were reported as follows:

Benefit	Cost
Health Insurance	\$1,900.00
Life Insurance	\$1,000.00
Pension Fund	\$1,000.00
Workers Compensation	\$1,000.00
Unemployment Insurance	\$1,000.00
State Tax	\$1,000.00
Total	\$6,900.00

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Benefit	Cost
Health Insurance	\$1,900.00
Life Insurance	\$1,000.00
Pension Fund	\$1,000.00
Workers Compensation	\$1,000.00
Unemployment Insurance	\$1,000.00
State Tax	\$1,000.00
Total	\$6,900.00

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

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**667**

The first stage of operation in a power plant  
is the generation of electric power. This is done by  
means of steam turbines which are connected to  
large generators. The steam is produced by burning  
coal or oil. The heat from the burning fuel is used  
to heat water in large boilers. The heated water  
then passes through pipes to the turbines. The  
turbines are connected to the generators. The  
generators produce electricity which is then  
transferred to the power grid.

ESTATE PLANNING

029

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to do with the other two who had been sent to him by the Emperor.

• 1997-1998 学年 第一学期 期中考试卷  
• 五年级数学  
• 一、填空题 (每题 2 分, 共 20 分)  
1. 在括号里填上适当的数。  
① 1.25×( )=1.25  
② 1.25×( )=1  
③ 1.25×( )=0.125  
④ 1.25×( )=0.0125  
⑤ 1.25×( )=12.5  
⑥ 1.25×( )=125  
⑦ 1.25×( )=1250  
⑧ 1.25×( )=12500  
⑨ 1.25×( )=125000  
⑩ 1.25×( )=1250000  
• 二、判断题 (每题 2 分, 共 10 分)  
1. 1.25×1.25=1.5625 ( )  
2. 1.25×0.8=1 ( )  
3. 1.25×0.4=0.5 ( )  
4. 1.25×0.2=0.25 ( )  
5. 1.25×0.1=0.125 ( )  
• 三、选择题 (每题 2 分, 共 10 分)  
1. 下列各数中, 哪一个数与 1.25 相乘后积是 1.25?  
A. 1.25 B. 0.125 C. 12.5 D. 0.0125  
2. 下列各数中, 哪一个数与 1.25 相乘后积是 12.5?  
A. 1.25 B. 0.125 C. 12.5 D. 0.0125  
3. 下列各数中, 哪一个数与 1.25 相乘后积是 125?  
A. 1.25 B. 0.125 C. 12.5 D. 0.0125  
4. 下列各数中, 哪一个数与 1.25 相乘后积是 1250?  
A. 1.25 B. 0.125 C. 12.5 D. 0.0125  
5. 下列各数中, 哪一个数与 1.25 相乘后积是 12500?  
A. 1.25 B. 0.125 C. 12.5 D. 0.0125  
• 四、计算题 (每题 5 分, 共 20 分)  
1. 1.25×0.8+1.25×0.4  
2. 1.25×0.2+1.25×0.1  
3. 1.25×0.1+1.25×0.01  
4. 1.25×0.01+1.25×0.001  
• 五、解决问题 (每题 5 分, 共 20 分)  
1. 一个长方体的体积是 125 立方米, 它的长是 1.25 米, 宽是 0.8 米, 高是多少米?  
2. 一个长方体的体积是 1250 立方米, 它的长是 1.25 米, 宽是 0.2 米, 高是多少米?  
3. 一个长方体的体积是 12500 立方米, 它的长是 1.25 米, 宽是 0.1 米, 高是多少米?  
4. 一个长方体的体积是 125000 立方米, 它的长是 1.25 米, 宽是 0.01 米, 高是多少米?

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EDDING, WILHELM

The stringer passes across the bridge, and the two outer piers support the ends of the bridge.

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On the 1<sup>st</sup> of January, 1863, the  
Confederate States of America,  
in their capital city, Richmond,  
Virginia, passed a law, known as  
the "Emancipation Proclamation,"  
which declared all slaves held  
by rebels to be free. This was  
done by the authority of the  
Confederate Congress, and was  
signed by the President of the  
Confederacy, Jefferson Davis.

THEODORE GORE



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26

1. New reports. One Team of four men went to the  
Mekong River area under command of Lt. Col. John C. Gandy.  
2. New reports. One Team of four men went to the  
Tonekine River area under command of Lt. Col. John C. Gandy.  
3. New reports. One Team of four men went to the  
Tonekine River area under command of Lt. Col. John C. Gandy.  
4. New reports. One Team of four men went to the  
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Ex. Comm.<sup>5618</sup>

(2)

REASON OF VISIT  
LAND FORCES SUB DIVISION  
ARMED SERVICES COMMISSION  
ARMED SERVICES MEDICAL  
COMMISSION, U.S. ARMY

16 July 1945

JUL 1 1945

SUBJECT: Monthly Report.

TO : Headquarters, Armed Services, Paris.

Referred you letter US/MT dated 12 April 1945 subject  
to above.

Enclosed herewith (1) copy of the Monthly Report for  
period for the month of June as required by Headquarters  
Paris

*Wester R. Albert*  
Major, A.M.C.  
Colonel, Infantry  
Major Medical Officer

E. C. Dist

Ex Comair

C.A. Sect

Econ Sect 798

Proteins to E.C.D.

Park

W.M. Worthy Corp

See M 25

(See)  
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PUBLIC REACTION AND PUBLIC OPINION

The political situation on the whole is normal.

In view of the forthcoming administrative elections all parties have intensified their propaganda. The most aggressive are the Sard Action Party, the Communist Party and the Christian Democrat Party. The battle between the last two parties is always becoming more tenacious. The Sard Action Party still has the largest following. The Christian Democrat Party has had occasions to indirectly demonstrate its strength through religious manifestations. The strength of the Communist Party has been shown through its numerous meetings and indirectly through the Federation of Labor in which the party is widely represented among the directors and through the Partisan Movement whose Regional Federation, by public opinion, has sprung from the Party. This Federation has taken the initiative of putting up a Sard Republican-Democrat front in Sardinia.

The arrest of the secretary of the Partisan Regional Federation, Porou Giuseppe, has produced a strong reaction among the population and it has been a satisfaction to those who see in the Partisan Movement the embryo of violent factionists.

In some communes of the Province of Sassari (Tempio, Olbia) demonstrations by the Left Parties were held against the administrations of the towns. The Prefect promptly intervened in each case.

The nomination of four Sards to take part in the government has been received with satisfaction by the population in as much as all four are highly esteemed. Public opinion is also induced to see in President Parri's Government a coalition government from which they expect to see political life normalized.

The public is not following politics wholeheartedly because it is worried about the economic situation which every day is becoming worse due to the bad wheat crop and the transportation difficulties which are paralyzing traffic.

The population is trusting that the government and the Allies will intervene to bring in wheat and better the traffic situation in accordance with the requests which have been made by the High Commissioner and widely publicized.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The Regional Council met during the first three days of June and discussed many administrative and economic problems regarding the island and particularly the difficulties brought on by the adverse season, the poor harvest, livestock diseases (epizootics), and made the following motions:

1. That the Government should give a special indemnity to the Sard producers, direct cultivators, who were damaged by the adverse season, and should be exempted from paying taxes and be supplied seeds and farming equipment at favorable conditions or on a long term payment plan.
2. Assignment of a good percentage of cotton goods.
3. Urgent supply of grain seed to be requested from the Allies.
4. Exportation of livestock to the mainland, placing it in the best market.
5. Import textiles for wool exported.
6. Greater supplies of coal to increase the efficiency of the railways which must now transport more food stuffs due to the fact that the

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4. Exportation of livestock to the mainland, placing it in the best market.
5. Import textiles for wool exported.
6. Greater supplies of coal to increase the efficiency of the railways which must now transport more food stuffs due to the fact that the harvest has been poor.
7. Allotment of tires so as not to paralyze vehicle transportation.

Nothing of interest to mention about other local administrations.

The new Questore of Cagliari, Dott. Vittorio Modica, has taken charge of his office.

There has been an increase in the number of resignations requested by the Mayors and the town councilmen, especially in the Province of Nuoro. This is due to the fact that the town administrations encounter many hardships in supplying foodstuffs.

The following changes have taken place in the month of June:

No. of Communes	New Mayors	Commissionary Prefects	Meetings Prov. Adm. Assembly	Meetings Provincial Deputations
Cagliari Province	116	5	9	4
Sassari Province	72	3	3	2
Nuoro Province	89	2	15	1

ECONOMIC RESOURCES AND SUPPLIES, WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE FOOD SITUATION

The situation of flour and grain, stated in equivalents of flour, at the end of the month of May as follows:

Consumed during May	qli. 63,957	qli. 159,805
On hand 31 May		
Turned in to granaries during month of May		351
Imported Allied grain during May (S.S. Surgeon) qli.		
90,464, equivalent in flour to		82,350
		qli. 242,486
Consumption foreseen for June qli. 70,000		
On hand as of 30 June		
X	qli. 172,486	

The quantity of grain and wheat on hand will keep Sardinia supplied until 1 September. From this date on no hope can be placed on the harvest in Sardinia since it has been a complete failure.

OIL

The quantities of oils amassed as of 30 June are as follows:

Edible oil	qli. 27,465.86
Oil for lights	qli. 836.74

Less the quantities allocated, there remain available 11,834.20 qli of edible oil and 816.74 qli of oil for lighting purposes.

SALT

5,492 tons of salt were exported during the month of June.

LIVESTOCK

The following changes have taken place in the month of June:

No. of Communes	New Mayors	Comand Prefects	Council Projects	Meetings	Prov. Adm. Assembly	Provincial Deputations
Cagliari Province	118	5	9	4	4	-
Sassari Province	72	8	5	2	-	2
Muoro Province	89	2	15	1	-	-

ECONOMIC RESOURCES AND SUPPLIES, WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE FOOD SITUATION

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On hand 31 May

Turned in to granaries during month of May 331

Imported Allied grain during

May (S.S. Surgeon) q.li.

90,464, equivalent in flour to

q.li. 82,550  
q.li. 242,466

Consumption foreseen for June q.li. 70,000

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LIVESTOCK

The drought and livestock diseases have continued to cause disastrous effects upon the livestock. Livestock disease has spread to almost all communes, causing serious damages. The exportation of live stock to the mainland has continued. During the month 2993 cattle, 86 horses, and 3521 sheep were exported. Following this rythm of shipment it is believed that

(19)      the S.S. Langano and the motor schooner S. Antico are sufficient to export livestock.

TUNA

The tuna catch has not continued with great success. During the month 771 tons fish (779.90 qli) were caught, of these 540.54 qli were consumed in the fish market and 413.56 qli were conserved.

IMPORTABLE SURPLUSES

Due to local need, cheese is the only foodstuff that can be exported. The quantity of cheese exported during the month of May is listed below.

COAL

During the month of June 44,186 tons of Sulcis coal were mined as compared to 38,241 tons during the month of May. 38,240 tons were exported to the mainland and 15,667 tons were consumed locally (including 907 tons recovered). As of 1 July the quantity on hand was 24,807 tons. The local need for the month of July is 10,200 tons of which only 10,500 tons were allocated.

A greater allocation is necessary due to the greater consumption by the thermoelectric plants which must completely make up for the hydroelectric plants due to the drought.

On the other hand you cannot diminish the consumption of electric current without impeding the functioning of the mines. Nor can you use the anthracite coal from the Seui Mines of the Veneto Sarda Company due to the transportation difficulties and the fact that this coal cannot be used for all purposes. The foreign coal problem is better because some was imported this month.

There are now 6345 tons on hand which are sufficient for 2½ months.

The railway service is much limited in respect to the essential needs.

EXPORTATION AND IMPORTATION

Total imports for the month of June amount to 2994 tons, 1642 tons more than the month of May.

The principal products exported are:

Sulcis coal	32,840 tons	785017
Salt	5,492 tons	
Various minerals	2,176 qli	
Various products	521 qli	
Fire bricks	7,500 qli	
Hides	85 "	
Cork	502 "	
Vegetable fiber	500 "	
Paint pigments	756 "	
Reeds	905 "	
Cheese	1,456 "	
Cottage cheese	60 "	
Sard handmade products	2,768 "	
Cattle	2,295 "	
Sheep	3,521 "	
Horses	98 "	

## SOURCES

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### COAL

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There are now 5343 tons on hand which are sufficient for  $2\frac{1}{2}$  months.

The railway service is much limited in respect to the essential needs.

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	7/29/43
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Various minerals	2,176 qli
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Fire bricks	7,500 qli
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Reeds	905 "
Cheese	1,456 "
Cottage cheese	60 "
Sard handmade products	2,768 "
Cattle	2,295
Sheep	3,521
Horses	86

### AGRICULTURE - FORESTRY - FISHERIES

The drought has continued throughout the month of June. All which was stated last month on the crop deficiency has been confirmed.

A Commission of Allied officers, agricultural and transportation experts, arrived in Sardinia with Prof. Segni, Undersecretary of Agriculture and Forests, to make a report on the damages caused by the drought and grasshoppers.

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In view of these serious conditions the Sard Regional Council has forwarded to the Italian Government the following proposals:

1. Hold all the wheat, barley and oats which will be harvested during this season and the quantities of pulses on hand in the peoples granaries which were harvested last season, so as to be able to meet the requests for seed which will be made by the farmers in the forthcoming sowing period.
2. Supply the seed grain to the farmers and oblige them to return the product in kind at next year's harvest; they must then pay an interest at the rate of 2%. The difference between the interests and the amassing expenses must be integrated by the State.
3. Grant a small loan so that they can buy farming equipment etc to the farmers whose crops were damaged; the loan to be paid back within five years at the rate of 2% and the State will cover the difference between 2% and the rate which will be charged by the Istituto di Credito Agrario Bank.
4. Grant a small ordinary loan, to the farmers whose crops were damaged, at 2% interest, the State will cover the difference between the interest paid by the farmer and that charged by the Istituto di Credito Agrario Bank. If so requested by the farmer, the State will help only for a maximum of three years.
5. Authorize the Cassa Comunale di Credito Agrario to increase the loans up to 60,000 lire.
6. Ensure the farmers the 150 kg per person food grain retention as per Ministerial Decree of 28 April 1945.
7. Grant the small and medium landowners and cattle raisers, in the zones that were damaged, the exemption from the land taxes and from agricultural income taxes for the year 1946.
8. Extend the measures in paragraph 2 to the small farmers and cattle raisers who were discharged from the Army in 1945 and have been in the service for at least three continuous years.
9. Compensate the difference between the amassing price paid for the wheat and the production costs by giving free to the farmers 4 meters of cotton goods for each quintal of grain turned in to the granaries.
10. Grant 10,000 lire to those farmers who do not harvest at least 2 quintals of grain from every hectare of land.

#### Forests

During the month no fires broke out in the woods. The Commune Administrations are not renewing the forest contracts due to the fact that there were illicit speculations going on. Due to this the charcoal market has been slightly disturbed. The Regional Council is now studying this problem which has been aggravated by lack of labor and transportation difficulties.

#### Fisheries

No improvement on the fishing situation due to lack of proper equipment.

#### LABOR

While in the forest industries there is a shortage of labor, in the construction industries, especially in Sassari Province, there is an acute unemployment problem. The agricultural labor situation is better due to the seasonal employment.

There is also an acute unemployment among office workers, due to the repatriation of POW's and partisans.

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2. Supply the seed grain to the farmers and oblige them to return the product in kind at next year's harvest; they must then pay an interest at the rate of 2%. The difference between the interests and the amassing expenses must be integrated by the State.

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There is also an acute unemployment among office workers, due to the repatriation of POW's and Partisans.

The mines continue to discharge personnel due to the lack of equipment, especially metal coke; they could not otherwise keep the plants and establishments in operation.

The labor situation is not much better in Carbomia.

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With the appointment of a Commissioner for the Sard Electric Society the part time strike of the laborers has ended. The Ministry of Public Works has sent a Commission to study this question.

It has been noticed that the laborers are always asking for high wage increases.

#### PUBLIC WORKS

There is nothing of importance that has taken place this month. The work on the Contagious Diseases Hospital at the Is Mirrionis Barracks has not yet been completed. The repairing of the streets in the city of Cagliari is also going slowly due to the lack of transportation. The Ministry of Industry promised some iron and lumber for construction purposes but none has reached here as yet. For this reason it is difficult to rebuild and repair war damaged buildings. The High Commissioner's Office is always expediting the work on the Cagliari Port, but there are many difficulties which hinder this project. The news that the coal distillation plant at S. Antico would be closed has caused an unfavorable impression.

#### PUBLIC SECURITY

Public Security conditions are better this month. A campaign against prostitution and false beggarhood has been started.

The prisons are always over crowded and for lack of transportation it is impossible to send to the mainland those prisoners who have completed their sentences.

The prisoners are badly dressed and the only solution would be to authorize the military administration to issue a certain number of uniforms and shoes for them. There has been trouble in some of the prisons.

During the month, on the Island, several bombs were thrown, a few strikes and a few street demonstrations were held and all this disorder finds its native in the food situation.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH

During the month of June a few cases of typhoid fever broke out in all three Provinces. There are many cases of scabies in Cagliari Province and sufficient quantity of soap to combat this disease is lacking. There is a shortage of quinine products and malaria infections are not going down.

Tuberculosis is very preoccupying in Cagliari and Nuoro Provinces. The Sanatoriums cannot recover other sick persons and the Censorzi Provinciali Antitubercoltico, the institutions that should assist gratuitously the poor, have not sufficient funds to pay the sanatorium bills. This is a critical problem and the Ministry of Interior should intervene.

#### EDUCATION

The schools have finished teaching, during this month, and the examinations are now under way.

#### REFUGEES

The flow of refugees from the mainland is still continuing. Above all many ex-servicemen have arrived and they have been sent to their respective

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#### PUBLIC SECURITY

Public Security conditions are better this month. A campaign against prostitution and false beggarhood has been started.

The prisons are always over crowded and for lack of transportation it is impossible to send to the mainland those prisoners who have completed their sentences.

The prisoners are badly dressed and the only solution would be to authorize the military administration to issue a certain number of uniforms and shoes for them. There has been trouble in some of the prisons.

During the month, on the Island, several bombs were thrown, a few strikes and a few street demonstrations were held and all this disorder finds its motive in the food situation.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH

During the month of June a few cases of typhoid fever broke out in all three Provinces. There are many cases of scabies in Cagliari Province and sufficient quantity of soap to combat this disease is lacking. There is a shortage of quinine products and malaria infections are not going down.

Tuberculosis is very preoccupying in Cagliari and Nuoro Provinces. The Sanatoriums cannot recover other sick persons and the Consorzi Provinciali Antiberculosis, the institutions that should assist gratuitously the poor, have not sufficient funds to pay the sanatorium bills. This is a critical problem and the Ministry of Interior should intervene.

#### EDUCATION

The schools have finished teaching, during this month, and the examinations are now under way.

#### REFUGEES

The flow of refugees from the mainland is still continuing. Above all many ex-servicemen have arrived and they have been sent to their respective centers. The assistance is mediocre.

During the month of June 143 refugees arrived from the mainland and 312 left for the mainland. There are 145 in Cagliari Province and about 200 in Sassari Province awaiting transportation. A ship would be needed to take them away all at once together with those prisoners who have finished their terms as mentioned in paragraph above.

COMMUNICATIONS

Rail Transport

Nothing new to note. The situation remains critical. Vehicle transportation is constantly diminishing due to the lack of tires. Many public services such as granary inspections, provincial doctors, agrarian inspections etc cannot function or are not functioning well for above mentioned reasons.

The following tires are badly needed on the island: 400 tires size 42 x 9 and sizes 38 x 9, 34 x 7, 9.75 x 20 - 100 of each.

Rail Transport

The situation has slightly improved because a supply of foreign coal was received in the month of June. This coal is sufficient for present needs up to August 15, 1945.

Shipping

During the month of June the S.S. Langano, which is operating between Olbia and Civitavecchia, has been completely loaded with livestock on each trip. It is also intended to use the motor schooner S. Antonio, but it is not possible to utilize the S.S. Tenny Brunner which the Transportation Sub Commission has made available as the third vessel to transport livestock.

The vessels which are now available to transport livestock are more than sufficient. The lack of transportation for persons who must travel for private or official matters is now felt more since the traffic with Northern Italy has been opened. The fifteen day schedule for Naples and Palermo is not sufficient considering that the traditional ports for Sardinia were Civitavecchia and Leghorn.

PROPERTY CONTROL

Nothing of importance to note. The necessity of arming and giving the proper equipment to the rural Guards is always becoming more a problem. In Sardinia these Guards are entrusted with the duty of guarding farm property but they cannot perform their duties due to the lack of shoes and ammunition.

FINANCE

The collection of contributions for the National Solidarity Fund has been started. The particular economic condition of Sardinia cannot support the quota set for this fund because these rates have been based on a price level much higher than that existing on the island.

The High Commissioner and the Regional Council have informed the Government so that necessary measures may be taken.

The local political currents are insisting that the price of Sulcis coal which is to be consumed on the island and the price of electric power should be fixed during the first meeting of the Regional Authorities.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

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*Spec form*

LEIISON OFFICER  
LAND FORCES SUB-COMMISSION  
ALLIED COMMISSION (U.N.R.A.)  
Allied Garrison Sardinia  
A.P.O. 394, U.S. Army

14 June 1945

15 JUN 1945

SUBJECT: Monthly Report.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, Rome.

1. Reference your letter 825/174/SC dated 12 April 1945 subject  
as above.

2. Enclosed are six (6) copies of the Monthly Report for Sar-  
dinia for the month of May, as reported by High Commissioner for  
Sardinia.

15 JUN 1945

*K. Stork R. Ellert*  
KELVIN R. ELLERT  
Lt Colonel, Infantry  
Senior Liaison Officer

Copy to:  
SPITA

Ex COMMR 16 JUNE 45

Ex COMMR

C A SECT

Econ SECT

P.R.C. unit E 789

PwB

*Dem 15 Working copy*

*M. M. 2/2*

*AM (1000)*

POLITICAL REACTION AND PUBLIC OPINION

(12) The political situation in the various provinces may be regarded on the whole as normal. The propagandists of the political parties are being interviewed. The Communist Party held a regional assembly and numerous meetings at which their statements supporting the an on the aspiration of the revolutionaries and plans were discussed. In the state of opposition of the clerical, Catholic societies, and Christian Democratic Party who have had an indirect but tangible success in the religious and popular mass meetings brought on by the solemnity of Corpus Domini. Also the Card Action Party held numerous meetings; it is to be noted that in itself has the longest membership. The other parties, except the Liberal ones, have done very little. The movement being paved for a movement by the Partito Comunista Italiano which is being followed at the moment with some degree of distrust.

There have been some signs between the Communists and Bishops and Catholic organizations. The Bishops have taken a stand. So far there have been no serious incidents. Protests have been received in connection with the distribution of packages by D.I.D.E.I. The prompt intervention by the prefect has restored order in each case. The administration was attributed to the fact that some citizens considered less needy were omitted from the list of individuals to receive assistance. In fact due to the serious lack of clothing items on the island all have great need for these items. The only solution would be to increase allocation of packages for Cardinale, in consideration of its particular conditions.

Public spirit as a whole follows the activities of the political parties with indifference and seek more than anything else, a solution concerning products derived from milk and cheese, and the commercial exchanges with the mainland.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The Regional Council did not assemble during the month of May. However, some of its commissions met to discuss the single question concerning products derived from milk and cheese, and the commercial exchanges with the mainland.

The prefects are well thought of and continue to collaborate, as is true of the other governmental agencies, with the High Commissioner. The absence of the Questura is especially felt in the Province of Capri and the Ministry of Interior is urged to provide same. The local administration is making preparations for the forthcoming administrative election which is usually contested by all.

Changes made in the month of May are as follow:	Appointment of Appointees and/or Deputies to Towns	Meetings of Prov. or Local Assembly	Population
Province of Nuoro	69	11	14
Province of Cagliari	71	15	12
Province of Sassari	72	12	11

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public opinion as whole follows the activities of the political parties without any regard to the government crisis, especially in the case of rural interests of the country, especially in the case of rural interests of the economy and finance.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The Regional Council did not assemble during the month of May. However, some of its committees met to discuss the single question concerning products derived from timber and cheese, and the committee on exchanges with the mainland.

The project is well thought out and contains no contradictions. The absence of the Ministry of Internal Affairs from the general government is especially regrettable, in the absence of the Ministry of the Interior to co-ordinate the work of the police force.

The Society's annual meeting will be held at the Hotel Metropole, 500 Madison Avenue, New York, on October 20-21.

EFFECTS MADE BY THESE MOUNTAINS ON

• **DATA** • **TECHNOLOGY** • **INNOVATION** • **GEOMATICS** • **SCIENCE**

**ETCERISTE** DE MUNDO, 189

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EDWARD BROWN'S  
LITERARY WORKS

Table 6. The effect of different concentrations of *C. capsici* on the growth of *T. urticae* and *T. tabaci*

Conc. of <i>C. capsici</i> (mg/l)	<i>T. urticae</i> (no. of eggs per female)	<i>T. tabaci</i> (no. of eggs per female)
0.00	1.00	1.00
0.05	1.00	1.00
0.10	1.00	1.00
0.20	1.00	1.00
0.40	1.00	1.00
0.80	1.00	1.00
1.60	1.00	1.00
3.20	1.00	1.00
6.40	1.00	1.00
12.80	1.00	1.00
25.60	1.00	1.00
51.20	1.00	1.00
102.40	1.00	1.00
204.80	1.00	1.00
409.60	1.00	1.00
819.20	1.00	1.00
1638.40	1.00	1.00
3276.80	1.00	1.00
6553.60	1.00	1.00
13107.20	1.00	1.00
26214.40	1.00	1.00
52428.80	1.00	1.00
104857.60	1.00	1.00
209715.20	1.00	1.00
419430.40	1.00	1.00
838860.80	1.00	1.00
1677721.60	1.00	1.00
3355443.20	1.00	1.00
6710886.40	1.00	1.00
13421772.80	1.00	1.00
26843545.60	1.00	1.00
53687091.20	1.00	1.00
107374182.40	1.00	1.00
214748364.80	1.00	1.00
429496729.60	1.00	1.00
858993459.20	1.00	1.00
1717986918.40	1.00	1.00
3435973836.80	1.00	1.00
6871947673.60	1.00	1.00
13743895347.20	1.00	1.00
27487790694.40	1.00	1.00
54975581388.80	1.00	1.00
109951162777.60	1.00	1.00
219902325555.20	1.00	1.00
439804651110.40	1.00	1.00
879609302220.80	1.00	1.00
1759218604441.60	1.00	1.00
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7036874417766.40	1.00	1.00
14073748835532.80	1.00	1.00
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3602879701896396.80	1.00	1.00
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1441151880794587.20	1.00	1.00
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5764607523178348.80	1.00	1.00
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23058430092713955.20	1.00	1.00
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207691874512264167563217.60	1.00	1.00
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4308784272250294357277925500619580.80	1.00	1.00
86175685445005887145558511012391601.60	1.00	1.00
172351370890011774291117022024783203.20	1.00	1.00
344702741780023548582234044049566406.40	1.	

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Epistles, Hebrews, Galatians, Ephesians, Colossians, Titus, Philemon, 1 & 2 Timothy, 1 & 2 Peter, 1 & 2 John, 3 John, 1 & 2 Thessalonians, 1 & 2 Corinthians, Romans, 1 & 2 Timothy, 1 & 2 Peter, 1 & 2 John, 3 John, 1 & 2 Thessalonians, 1 & 2 Corinthians, Romans.

72,000 in 1971.

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ESTUARINE TROPHODIAGRAMS 371

THE THOUSAND TOWNS OF FRANCE

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THE TOWER

THE CROWN

THE JOURNAL OF COMMUNICATION

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THE RECORD OF THE ST. JOHN'S BAPTIST CHURCH

on the strength of the evidence presented by the defense, the court denied the motion to suppress the statement. The defense argued that the police had violated the suspect's rights under the Fifth Amendment by interrogating him without his attorney present. The court rejected this argument, holding that the suspect had been fully advised of his rights and had voluntarily waived them. The defense then moved for a mistrial, claiming that the police had engaged in illegal conduct during the investigation. The court denied this motion as well, finding that there was no clear violation of the suspect's rights.

The trial proceeded, and the defense presented its case. The defense's strategy focused on challenging the credibility of the prosecution's witnesses and presenting evidence that cast doubt on the reliability of the victim's identification of the suspect. The defense also argued that the police had conducted an illegal search and seizure, which resulted in the discovery of evidence that was later used to convict the suspect. The defense's argument was based on the fact that the police had failed to obtain a valid search warrant before conducting the search.

The trial concluded with the presentation of closing arguments by both sides. The defense argued that the evidence presented by the prosecution was insufficient to support a conviction, and that the police had engaged in illegal conduct during the investigation. The prosecution argued that the evidence presented was sufficient to support a conviction, and that the police had not violated any laws or regulations during the investigation.

The trial ended with the jury's deliberation. After several hours of discussion, the jury returned with a guilty verdict. The defense filed an appeal, arguing that the trial court erred in denying the motion to suppress the suspect's statement and in failing to grant a mistrial. The appellate court upheld the conviction, finding that the trial court did not abuse its discretion in denying the motion to suppress the statement and that there was sufficient evidence to support the conviction.

101

The first section of the new bridge will be completed in 1995. The second section will be completed in 1996.

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785017

Imported Allied Systems Inc.,  
153 West 55th Street, New York,  
271-3600, C-11.

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GOLDFINGER 17

卷一百一十一

The general idea of the model is to use the same approach as in the previous section, but with a different set of parameters.

1997-1998 • 25,000 • 75% • 11% • 11%

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DRAFTING THE OUTLINE 13

THE STOCK

THE CASE OF THE CHINESE IN MANCHURIA  
AND THE CHINESE IN TIBET.

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and does not require any particular kind of equipment. The only thing required is a small amount of time and effort. This makes it a great way to learn about your local environment and how it can be improved.

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Dear Sir,  
I am enclosing a copy of the  
Circular Letter sent to you by  
the Secretary of State for  
Foreign Affairs on the 27th  
February 1907.

\* 1942-23-9 - 57 dōne hatt a session  
march 29, 1942, at the ST 69 meeting  
in the room of the PRC (People's  
Reform Council) in the 3rd floor of  
the Chung-shan Building, Tien-  
tung Street, Tien-tung District, Tien-  
tung.

COKE - OR - CARBONATE - having some large & less -  
skilled persons - who have  
the care of the coke ovens -  
fact - having some large &  
skilled persons - who have  
the care of the coke ovens -

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LITERATURE AND THE ARTS

ESTATE - TRUST - DONATION

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Coal from foreign sources is also traded without proportionate amount due to lack of coal, 3100 tons (including coke, recovered) will be consumed by 15 July. At present trains will not be able to operate without a new supply is received.

Coke for metallurgical works has also reached serious proportions. In fact, having exhausted their stocks, the mines are unable to mine rock and coke 2000 tons daily. Estimated stocks at 7 August to public order. It will be necessary to send urgent orders daily and continue liaison with the government to obtain supplies to continue.

#### INDUSTRY AND TRADE

Total exports from Sardinia during the month of May amounted to 22,600 tons. The principal products exported are as follows:

Sulfuric acid	14500	tons
Salt	4492	tons
Various minerals	917	tons
Pine Bricks	211	tons
Skins	90	tons
Sugar	69	tons
Vegetable hairs	45	tons
Paint pigments	17	tons
Seeds	2	tons
Cheese	187	tons
Various products	1769	tons
Cattle	152	tons
Sheep	500	
Horses	451	

Imports for May amounted to 2352 tons (266 tons less than April)

#### AGRICULTURE - FORESTRY - FISHING

##### Agriculture

Weather conditions in addition to severe unmercifully dry drought, heavy rains and an exceptionally late winter, have practically destroyed the wheat, corn, rye, corn, tomato crop and damaged some orchards. Vegetation is poor, and the lack of moisture in the earth is threatening to be fatal. The production of olives has been satisfactory. Pastures have suffered much due to drought and grasshoppers. Attempts have been made to combat this latter, but materials are needed or were late in arriving, especially chemicals and tools and as a result the whole harvest of cereals has been lost. As mentioned above, it is believed that not more than a 100 thousand quintals of grain will be produced during the coming year. This is a serious misfortune for Sardinia for besides the economic losses experienced by producers, the transportation problem of moving large quantities of imported flour throughout the island is becoming increasingly serious. It will be necessary for flour importation to be continued after the end of July. The announcement concerning the price of wheat as set by the Ministry of Agriculture for the 1945 crop has aroused "very unfavorable tension among the farmers who threaten to refrain from sowing."

Livestock

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

which has destroyed the usefulness of vehicles which has remained in the death of many vehicles. The distance from the port is increasing but the general situation is still controlled by the port of Paragon. Therefore, which is necessary to export as many horses as possible. Only the vessel, the Lengano is transporting animals to the mainland and the capacity is limited to 300 head per trip which amounts to less than 2500 tons a month. Obviously, is also experienced in moving animals to port of embarkation, in their associated state ships cannot be driven long distances, while on the other hand, periodic caravans the transport due to the lack of coal. It is essential that an emergency allocation of foreign coal be made to relieve these conditions.

Horses

The utilization for forests for the cutting of charcoal has been hindered by various reasons such as; difficulty experienced by firms in renewing contracts with the companies, and the shortages of workers as the result of recall to service. The supply of charcoal is very deficient because of transport difficulties. There are approximately 10 production of lumber.

Fisheries

Large scale fishing is faced with a lack of ports, storage, snails, nets and fuel. From the date of abundance, imports will be forced to remain in port due to lack of facilities. Small scale fishing is conducted with the same problems. The time fishing equipment has been supplied with some trouble and as mentioned above incomplete or bad starts. It is, however, possible that weather causing sea conditions to deteriorate.

Labor

As a whole there has been an increase in unemployment due to the return of workers and spouses, and the majority of employees to decrease their personnel by lengthening hours in order to decrease wages. In the industrial areas unemployment is also fostered by the slowdown of firms because they lack material. In the rural communities, on the other hand, there is a shortage of workers as a result of recall to the service. During the month of May there were 3,425 unemployed.

In Corcoran, where the unrest of the workers has been pronounced in the past, an improvement has been experienced following the arrival of the new Governor of California, Doctor Edmund G. BROWN. The Governor has been doing everything possible during his short stay to improve working conditions.

Workers of the San Joaquin Valley Society, which holds a monopoly in the distribution of electric energy, have unleashed 36 hours strike. On workers rights and as well as June 20th, 1946, the arrival of large and privileged companies to take control of the power plant in Northern and Middle California. The San Joaquin Valley Society refused to meet these terms and as a result strike was called which cut off the power 4-5 hours a day after workers began. A settlement was reached through an intervention of the Governor of California, local officials, and the Ministry of Industry; the Society at first resisted until it had to make partial concessions but later displayed unwillingness to consider

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and US imports per ton which amounts to 1600 Cuban pesos head & embarkation. In other instances, due to their demand for arduous long distances, while on the other hand, retrograde current carry the burdens due to the lack of roads. It is essential that an economy allocation of foreign coal be made to relieve the north side.

Forests

The utilization for forests for the mining of charcoal has been hindered by various reasons such as: difficulty experienced by firms in renewing contracts with the communities, and the shortages of workers as the result of recall to service. The supply of charcoal is very deficient because of transport difficulties. There are practically no products of lumber.

Fisheries

Large-scale fishing is faced with a lack of tools, supplies, fuel, nets and fuel. This is the case in abundance, particularly with respect to transportation due to lack of vehicles. Small-scale fishing is forced to contend with the same problem. The fishing industry has been marred with auto wrecks and as mentioned above leaves also a bad effect. As is, however, problematic whether continuing can continue because of car shortage.

Labour

As a whole there has been an increase in unemployment due to the return of professionals and spouses, and the banning of employees to decrease their personnel by lengthening hours in order to decrease wages. In the industrial areas unemployment is also fostered by the closing down of firms because they lack materials. In the rural economies, on the other hand, there is a shortage of workers as a result of recall to the service. During the months of May there were 5,000 unemployed.

In Corbanic, where the unrest of the workers has been pronounced in the past, an improvement has been experienced following the arrival of the new Commissary of Carbon Carbó, Doctor Chacón. He has been doing everything possible during his short stay to improve conditions.

Workers of the San Martín Society, which holds a monopoly in the distribution of electric energy, have demanded 20% wage increases, workers rights and social security, and other demands and requirements. Northern and Isabela regions in the nation. The central society refused to meet their terms and a general strike was called throughout the country a few hours after workers struck. A settlement was initiated through the intervention of the Commissary of Minas, Mr. Linares, local authorities, and the Ministry of Industries; the Society at first refused to make partial concessions but later displayed willingness to consider any request irrespective of a threatened general strike which would analyse completely the economy of the national wealth, left even the most vital strike.

788,

(3) 3  
The High Commission for Cambodia took action and decided that  
in an emergency situation it is reasonable to let the Cambodian  
people be emergency contractors.

A resolution was also passed in Phnom Penh to transfer funds only  
to contractors who failed to conduct work satisfactorily. No Cambodian  
will contractors.

The majority of Cambodians seem to be the most suitable contractors  
labor.

#### PUBLIC WORKS

The work of repairing of 12 previous barrels buried over to  
the Cambodian commune for the disease to which completed. There is,  
however, still difficulty in the millions of places. This has been  
done in regard to the release of other military bases, including to the  
needs of the troops for the accommodation of the homeless.

At the various ports on the island, new works totaling 560,000  
have been initiated.

The reconstruction of Phnom Penh is progressing slowly because of  
the delivery of metals and lumber. The assembly and that of locally  
produced vehicles rendered difficult because of lack of transport.

#### HAZARD SECURITY

The following crimes were committed in 1967:

Murder	5
Assaulted Murder	5
Homicide	31
Theft	470
Sabotage	165.

The maintenance of public security is, however, conditioned by  
the presence of a mounting number of Communists and the availability  
of Carabinieri for immediate deployment to other regions in case of  
emergency.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH

In the province of Siem Reap there has been organized an epidemic  
of measles and 15 cases of typhoid fever have been reported in December.  
However, the inhabitants of the city of Phnom Penh remain a serious pro-  
blem since all the evicted are returning and as such markets  
in the buildings which were left standing after the bombing; those pres-  
ent approximately 60% of the dwellings. They are living in very unhy-  
gienic conditions and it is feared that the surroundings will soon and  
drought may result in serious disease. The High Commissioner holds a con-  
ference at which representatives of India and China were present. Many  
preventive measures were discussed and it was decided that the city wide  
intensification of the cleaning program be encouraged and the present  
conditions have much room for improvement. However, this project cannot  
be put into full operation unless the city and civil engineers are fu-  
nished with transport for moving rubbish and debris. The Z.A. Commission  
at the moment

Private Works

The work of repairing damaged barracks turned over to the legitimate government has proceeded to almost completion. There is, however, much difficulty in the building of schools. Electricity and water have been restored to the village of Lomeli, and work is now being done in regard to the villages of Other Miller, U122, U123, and U124. Work is also to proceed on the reconstruction of the houses.

In the various ports on the island, numerous buildings have been destroyed.

The reconstruction of Cagliari is progressing slowly because of the destruction of materials and lumber, while the work of laying products under its general direction is progressing rapidly.

PUBLIC WORKS

The public works contract tends to improve in the future months.

Number	5
Air襲撃による死傷者	5
Soldats	371
Shells	172
Petty Larcey	169.

The incidence of public security is, however, conditioned by the presence of a substantial number of communists and the establishment of cordobism. It immediate migration to other regions in case of emergency.

PUBLIC HEALTH

In the province of Messina there has been reported an epidemic of measles and 15 cases of typhoid fever have been reported in Cagliari. However, the restoration of the city of Cagliari remains a serious problem since the refugees are returning and are seeking quarters in the buildings which were left standing after the bombing; those present approximately 60% of the dwellings. They are living in very sanitary conditions which room location. However, this program cannot be put into full operation unless the city and civil engineers are given sufficient transportation facilities and labor. The health department has requested at least 25 trucks with required fuel and tires.

EDUCATION

Schools are functioning well. Civil engineers are actively engaged in reconstructing schools and buildings destroyed by the war. The scarcity of text books and their expense is of great concern.

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REFUGEE

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In Sardinia, 100 refugees left Sardinia, 100 refugees have been awaiting shipment for more than 15 days in Leghorn. The Liberavit of Northern Italy has brought about many requests by people who wish to return to their homes.

COMMUNICANTS

Road transport

The auto transport situation is becoming increasingly serious because of lack of tires, tubes, and spare parts. There are just a few trucks in Sardinia which are adequately supplied with tires and tubes.

To date 35 military trucks have been turned over to perform civil services. They are, for the most part, old vehicles of limited capacity and whose operation require an excessive consumption of fuel which render them uneconomical.

Before long the vehicles engaged in transporting foodstuffs throughout the island will be forced to abandon complete. It is urgent that an allotment of tires and tubes be made to journeys of movement to be avoided in Sardinia. It is pointed out that for the present operation can continue if the following supplies could be furnished: 400 tires size 62 x 9, 100 tires either 30 x 9 or 32 x 7 and 9 sizes 75 x 20.

Rail transport

- The problems confronting rail transport are two-fold:
1. Necessary reduction of serviceable rolling stock.
  2. Insufficiency of allocation of foreign coal.

It is not possible to run special trains for the movement of animals and supplies. By 15 July, at the latest all the coal stuck remaining will have been consumed.

Shipping

Public opinion is more unfavorably impressed for the non restoration of mail service between Olbia and Civitavecchia. This service is vital to the economy of the island and not only for commercial exchanges but also for medical and daily necessities (such as movement of public servants, hospitalized cases and a segment of drugs which are not sold had in Sar. Sard.) It is pointed out that before the war, the Olbia-Civitavecchia line transported 1600 passengers per day to the mainland. On the Langhe, in normal ship, one carries only about 250 people per month. The shipping facilities are really inadequate for its really strenuous task.  
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PROPERTY CONTROL

The High Commission, in conjunction with the Procurator, is attempting to reconstruct acts of the Massoneri Association, an ancient local institution of the restoration of Monastock. Their activity is, however, very serious, because they look forward to new aims.

Finance

The auto transport situation is becoming increasingly serious because of lack of tires, tubes, and spare parts. There are just a few hundred vehicles which are adequately supplied with tires and tubes.

To date 90 military vehicles have been turned over to perform vital services. They are, for the most part, old vehicles of limited capacity and whose utilization requires an excessive concentration of fuel, which renders them uneconomical.

Before long the military engaged in transporting supplies throughout the island will be forced to ration completely. It is urgent that an availability of tires and tubes be made at reasonable prices for movement in Sardinia. It is pointed out that for the present operation can consume up to the following supplies could be purchased: 430 tires size 12 x 9, 100 tires either 34 x 7 or 34 x 7 and a size 35 x 25.

#### Rail Transport

The problems confronting rail transport are two-fold:

1. Necessary reduction of serviceable rolling stock.
2. Insufficiency of locomotives of foreign coal.

It is not possible to run special trains for the movement of animals and supplies. By 15 July, at the latest all the coal stock remaining will have been consumed.

#### Shipping

Public opinion is more uniformly improved for the restoration of mail service between Cagliari and Civitavecchia. This service is vital to the economy of the island and not only for commercial interests but also for mail and daily necessities (such as movement of medical servants, hospitalized cases and shipment of drugs which are not to be had in Sardinia.) It is pointed out that before the war, the Olbia-Cagliari-Sardinia transported 1000 passengers per day to the mainland. Now the Liner, an oil-fired ship, can carry only about 250 people per month. The shipping facilities are wholly inadequate for the needs strongly felt isolation.

#### Property Control

The High Commissioner, in conjunction with the Troops, is attempting to reconstruct some of the livestock properties in Sardinia, an ancient local institution. Despite the protection of Livestock, their activity is, however, very lame, above all because their lack of feed and grass.

#### Finance

Banks continue to experience a low monetary circulation due to the commercial and industrial status of the island.

The subscription of 5 year 5% bonds is progressing fairly well. The Province of Nuoro, which is considered the poorest, will subscribe to about 53 million lire.

*Destra P. Niblack*

MAJOR J. ALFRE  
Lt Colonel, Infantry  
Senior Liaison Officer  
Copy to H. MFA - 6 -

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LIAISON OFFICER  
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION  
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.M.I.A.)  
Allied Garrison Sardinia  
A.P.O. 394, U.S. Army

15 May 1945

SUBJECT: Monthly Report.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, Rome.

MAY 17 REC'D  
6

1. Reference your letter 825/174/EC dated 12 April 1945 subject as above, report herewith submitted for month of April 1945.

2. Enclosed are six (6) copies of the Monthly Report for Sardinia. The report for the month of May will be submitted before 15 June 1945.

A. F. Dastard, Capt  
for LESTER R. ALBERT  
Lt Colonel, Infantry  
Senior Liaison Officer

Copy to  
MMIA

E. C. J. ST

Ex Comint

CA Sect

Econ Sect

P&L to Cinc to ESTAB.

PWB 782

Working Copy

(Miss L)

POLITICAL INFLUCTION AND PUBLIC OPINION

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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The political situation in the three provinces may be regarded on the whole as normal. Various party propaganda continues, especially that of the Communist, socialist, democratic-christian and Sard Action parties; some of this propaganda has resulted in some minor incidents involving youthful elements. For the most part, however, the masses do not show a great deal of enthusiasm for any special political party.

The Sard Action Party whose platform proposes a greater political, administrative and economic autonomy has the largest and most sympathetic following. Such autonomous aspirations has found support at the Sard regional council which took place in Cagliari on 29 April before the representatives of the Government and other leading Sard authorities.

Ranking second to the Sard Action Party is the Democratic Christian Party and third is the Communist Party, less numerous but better organized.

Public morale which was at low ebb due to the prolonged war activity has as a result of the victorious conclusion of the war, reached a new high. Particularly well received was the news of the rapid liberation of Northern Italy in which the partisans played an important and valorous part. On the other hand, the fact that Italy was not asked to participate in the San Francisco Conference has caused considerable disappointment.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

At the Regional Sard Council which met in Cagliari 29 April, the High Commissioner, General Pinna, after reporting on the economic and political problems of the island, declared his intentions to resign from office. The Council, however, asked that he remain and after a few days a telegram from the President of the Ministry Bonomi confirmed that Gen Pinna continue in the office of High Commissioner.

In Nuoro Province the new Prefect, Dott. Villasante, assumed office.

Recently the Questure of Cagliari, Genoese, was called to Rome.

On the following chart are shown some elements of provincial and communal administration:

PROVINCE	No. of COMUNES	COMUNI SARDI FEDERATIZI	No. OF MUNICIPAL MAYORS	MUNICIPAL DEPUTATI	PROVINCIAL ADMINISTRATORS
Cagliari	118	12	1	5	4
Nuoro	89	15	1	1	2
Sassari	72	5	2	2	1

The Sard Action Party whose platform proposes a greater political, administrative and economic autonomy has the largest and most sympathetic following. Such autonomous aspirations has found support at the Sardinian regional council which took place in Cagliari on 29 April before the representatives of the Government and other leading Sardin authorities.

Ranking second to the Sardin Action Party is the Democratic Christian Party and third is the Communist Party, less numerous but better organized.

Public morale which was at low ebb due to the prolonged war activity has as a result of the victorious conclusion of the war, reached a new high. Particularly well received was the news of the rapid liberation of Northern Italy in which the partisans played an important and valorous part. On the other hand, the fact that Italy was not asked to participate in the San Francisco Conference has caused considerable disappointment.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT

At the Regional Sardin Council which met in Cagliari 29 April, the High Commissioner, General Pino, after reporting on the economic and political problems of the island, declared his intentions to resign from office. The Council, however, asked that he remain and after a few days a telegram from the President of the Ministry Bonomi confirmed that Gen. Pino continue in the office of High Commissioner.

In Nuoro Province the new Prefect, Dott. Villasante, assumed office.

Recently the Questure of Cagliari, Genovese, was called to Rome.

On the following chart are shown some elements of Provincial and communal administration:

PROVINCE	No. OF COUNTIES	COMITATI	MUNICIPI	NO. OF MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES		
				MAYORS	ADMIRALTY	DEPUTIES
Cagliari	118	12	1	6	4	
Nuoro	69	15	1	1	2	
Sassari	72	5	2	2	1	

ECONOMIC RESOURCES AND SUPPLY, WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE FOOD SITUATION

The situation of flour and grain stocks as of the end of March converted into an equal amount of flour is shown below:

Grain as of 31 March	26,597 quintals
Barley as of 31 March	27,920 quintals
Corn as of 31 March	3,643
Total	57,960

Less the addition consumption during the month of March in respect to the planned consumption  
On hand as on 31 March 1,950 56,030 Q.T.

Collected during the month of April:

Grain	1,210
Barley	190
Corn	15

1,415  
57,443 Q.T.

Imports during the month of April:

S.S. Charles G. Coutant	79,059
Grain	136,462 Q.T.
Total stock of flour	
Consumption foreseen for month of April	66,000
Estimated balance on 30 April	<u>68,000</u>

Salt. During the month of April 15,465 tons of salt were exported.

Exportable Surpluses - None

Olive Oil. Information on olive oil given under Agriculture.

Trade and Industry. In the month of April 28,650 tons of coal were mined.

The total exports from Sardinia during the month of April totaled 31,547.656 tons. Principal exports are as follows:

Coke	146 tons
"Sulcis" coal	8,300 tons
Salt	18,465 tons
Minerals	4,43 tons
Cheese	3,351 tons
Fire bricks	186 tons
Talc	86 tons
Skins	78 tons
Vegetable hair	75 tons
Paint pigments	47 tons
Reeds	13 tons
Cork	68 tons
Pitch	5 tons
Solvent (from gasoline)	0.730 tons
	26,263.780 tons

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Barley as of 31 March	26,397 quintals
Corn as of 31 March	27,920 quintals
	5,643
Total	57,960

Less the addition consumption during the month of March in respect to the planned consumption  
 On hand as on 31 March 1,930      56,030 Q.li  
 Collected during the month of April:

Grain	1,210
Barley	190
Corn	15
	<u>1,415</u>
	<u>57,445 Q.li</u>

Imports during the month of April:

S.S. Charles G. Coutant	
Grain	79,059
Total stock of flour	<u>156,452 Q.li</u>

  

Consumption foreseen for month of April	68,000
Estimated balance on 30 April	<u>68,000</u>

Salt. During the month of April 13,465 tons of salt were exported.

Exportable Surpluses - None

Olive Oil. Information on olive oil given under Agriculture.

Trade and Industry. In the month of April 26,650 tons of coal were mined.

The total exports from Sardinia during the month of April totaled 31,547.858 tons. Principal exports are as follows:

Coke	145 tons
"Sulcis" coal	8,000 tons
Salt	13,465 tons
Minerals	455 tons
Cheese	2,351 tons
Fine bricks	186 tons
Talc	66 tons
Skins	76 tons
Vegetable hair	75 tons
Paint pigments	47 tons
Reeds	15 tons
Cork	68 tons
Pitch	5 tons
Solvent (from gasoline)	0.760 tons
	<u>20,265.760 tons</u>

Also 6264.078 tons of various other materials were exported.

Imports for April amounted to 1640 tons.

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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Particularly critical is the agricultural situation especially the cereal crops due to the lack of rainfall. The grasshopper menace is threatening the crops and the deficiency of materials and means to combat them may lead to wider destruction.

The cereal harvest will be quite poor and will not meet the needs of the island. After the month of July it will be necessary to import cereals.

Livestock

Equally serious is the livestock raising problem which constitutes the island's greatest resource. Due to the dryness of the pasture the animals are perishing. In addition there is always an epidemic which despite the intensification of preventive vaccination continues to take the lives of cattle.

Because of the above mentioned reason it has not been possible to export cattle for the repopulation of cattle stocks in liberated areas in Italy.

Orchards and fruit trees are also suffering from the drought.

Olive Oil

The olives have been collected and the processing is well under way. More than 20,000 quintals of oil have been stored on the island and under careful supervision of the authorities this figure can be raised notwithstanding the complaints of the farmers that the price is too low.

Forests

Nothing to report.

Fishing

During the month of May there should be a noteworthy improvement in fishing industry. If the catch is as abundant as last year there may be quantities of canned tuna to export after satisfying the needs of the local population.

LABOR

In the cities the number of unemployed personnel has increased while in the rural areas there is a shortage of agricultural and pastoral labor due to the recall to service.

The laborers at Carbonia still avail themselves of any excuse to slow down the output. Attempts are being made to insure greater production.

PUBLIC WORKS AND UTILITIES

Pursuant to an understanding reached between the Mayor of Cagliari and military authorities concerning the turning over of barracks

of the island. After the month of July it will not meet the needs of cereals.

#### Livestock

Equally serious is the livestock raising problem which constitutes the island's greatest resource. Due to the dryness of the pasture the animals are perishing. In addition there is always an epidemic which despite the intensification of preventive vaccination continues to take the lives of cattle.

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The laborers at Carbonia still avail themselves of any excuse to slow down the output. Attempts are being made to insure greater production.

#### PUBLIC WORKS AND UTILITIES

Pursuant to an understanding reached between the Mayor of Cagliari and military authorities concerning the turning over of barracks in the city, plans are being made for the repair and adaptation of barracks to civilian needs.

#### PORT OF CAGLIARI

Appropriations are being made for the repair and improvement of rail facilities in the port area.

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PORTE OF S. ANTICO

The restoration of rail facilities are now in progress. Plans call for a complete re-equipping and improvement of port facilities in conjunction with the coal program.

PUBLIC SAFETY

Public Safety conditions in Cagliari and Sassari provinces showed an improvement. However, in Nuoro conditions are still serious due to the local environment.

The following crimes were committed in April:

Murder	7
Attempted murder	4
Holdups	52
Extortion	2
Thefts	537
Petty Larceny	200

Following the liberation of Northern Italy, information has been received that in the near future some 850 CC.RP. will be leaving for that zone. This reduction which constitutes approximately one third of the total number may lead to serious consequences.

STRIKES AND DEMONSTRATIONS

Strikes continued in the Bacu Abie region over wage controversy. Output is not yet up to normal.

In the principal cities students demonstrated to reaffirm that Trieste remain an Italian city following the recent Jugo-Slav claim.

PUBLIC HEALTH

The conditions of public health are satisfactory. Preparations for the anti-malaria campaign are well under way. Precautions and measures are being taken to eliminate breeding places of malaria.

YYZ

EDUCATION

Schools are functioning well notwithstanding the fact that some schools in Cagliari are undergoing repairs as a result of the bombings.

REFUGEES

78 refugees were repatriated to Sardinia and were assisted by the Office in charge.

COMMUNICATIONS

ROAD TRANSPORT

The vehicle transport problem is becoming increasingly critical due to the total lack of tubes, tire and spare parts.

To date 70 military vehicles have been turned over for civilian use. For the most part they are old vehicles with limited capacity and

improvement. However, in Nuoro conditions are still serious due to the local environment.

The following crimes were committed in April:

Murder	7
Attempted murder	4
Holdups	52
Extortion	2
Thefts	587
Petty Larceny	200

Following the liberation of Northern Italy, information has been received that in the near future some 550 CC.II. will be leaving for that zone. This reduction which constitutes approximately one third of the total number may lead to serious consequences.

#### STRIKES AND DEMONSTRATIONS

Strikes continued in the Sacu Abis region over wage controversy. Output is not yet up to normal.

In the principal cities students demonstrated to reaffirm that Trieste remain an Italian city following the recent Juo-Slav claim.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH

The conditions of public health are satisfactory. Preparations for the anti-malaria campaign are well under way. Precautions and measures are being taken to eliminate breeding places of malaria.

#### EDUCATION

Schools are functioning well notwithstanding the fact that some schools in Cagliari are undergoing repairs as a result of the bombings.

#### REFUGEES

78 refugees were repatriated to Sardinia and were assisted by the Office in charge.

#### COMMUNICATIONS

#### ROAD TRANSPORT

The vehicle transport problem is becoming increasingly critical due to the total lack of tubes, tires and spare parts.

To date 70 military vehicles have been turned over for civilian use. For the most part they are old vehicles with limited capacity and require an excessive amount of gasoline which renders them uneconomical.

An allocation of truck tires is requested if a complete paralysis of traffic is to be avoided.

RAIL TRANSPORT

Rail transport is also in a difficult position due to the reduction of rolling stock, some of which was sent to the mainland. The lack of repair materials is another obstacle. Secondary railroads are unable to meet expenses notwithstanding the increase in rates.

SHIPPING

Articles have appeared in newspapers indorsed by political and administrative organizations of Sassari for the restoration of a regular shipping service between Civitavecchia and Olbia which would facilitate the commercial exchanges between Sardinia and Rome. In normal times this was the outlet for local products.

PROPERTY CONTROL

Nothing to Report.

FINNACE

The three provincial finance commissions have been formed and are now in operation. The District Commissions for the most part have been formed and are in operation with the exception of Cagliari in which province 7 are to be formed and one is to commence operation.

The banks are experiencing a low monetary circulation due to the commercial and industrial status of the island.

A 5 year 5% bond subscription is in progress. It is estimated by the Bank of Italy that a 500 million subscription can be made in Sardinia.

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