

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

ACC

10000/109/627

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

10000/109/627

LOCAL GOV'T INFO
JAN. 1945 - FEB. 1946

24.

Ex. C. G. Mungl

CAS

Ref Mem 22-23

Letter from PAAD (BR)

28 Nov 1945

S/P
B.

Added in Archives file

MMHawson
Archives

~~17 to the Co. C. to see.~~

16 30/11

A/c.c. 29

Also see 28 for into J.H. 13/12
J.H. 12/12

30

This is very tentative - 7 should like the Embassies
to see the list of changes with a covering letter
(Quill sign) stating that this is in accordance with
the P.H.'s expressed intention of putting in Caesar
men whenever possible.

J.H. 13/12

32

A/c.c.

Also letter at 31 submitted for signature in accordance
with min 30 J.H. 13/12

J.H. 13/12

Via see 284
J.P. 13/12
12/12

30

This is very interesting - I should like to see the letter
to see the list of changes with a covering letter
(Quill sign) stating that this is in accordance with
the P.M.'s expressed intention of further in Carcer
then whenever possible.

J.P. 12/13

32

A/c.c.

Also letter at 31 submitted for signature in accordance
with min 30

H.A. 15/12
B. 15/12

6039

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

19

ECS.

I am sorry to pass on your impression the PS in CAS did not consider they had any responsibility. I had only in mind that you could convey better the impressions of your own team in could second hand. - This you did at your meeting - PS will follow up with NMIA.

Polad is say their views will be in today

Handwritten signature

CAS.
21 Nov 1945
X. 528.

Polad (A) My views are in log 11/24/45
Polad (B)

Re para 7, Could you please let me by Com. have your views on this matter ^{early for} ~~by this afternoon~~.

Ps. 21/11.

CAS.

21.

The Brit. Emb's views have been given in a letter which I have rec'd you by way.

Handwritten signature
26/11/45

26/11/45

22.

Archives.

This letter has not reached CAS. So I will you. It will come to CAS. It will be sent down to you by hand. I will wish to see both letters.

CAS.
27 Nov 1945
X. 528.

23.

Ref mem 21 & 22. To Date respecting Brit. Embassy's views. Nothing has occurred at this office. 27 Nov. 45. ^{PM Maxson msp} Archives.

Handwritten signature

C.S.O

8.

Please see memorandum at 6. on Italian Civil Administration. A well written & most interesting document.

Dh.
31/3.

9

H/Selam

To see 6 for information - an excellent memorandum which will be of great assistance to military commanders if it is intended.

30/3 ¹⁰ excellent. what reproduction and distribution? ^{31/3}

A/Executive Commission (through C.S.O).

Memorandum at 6 was written at the request of for the information of Col. Jaehman, G-5, AFHQ. Apart from his copy, our own & copies of Local Govt. & Civil Affairs files, no distribution has been made. ^{I understood} G-5, wished to use it as a basis for a report they will issue to military commanders. Suggest it sh. be given at least "C" plus 62 & 63 distribution ^{initially}.
Good idea!

Dh.
2/4.

3/4 Distribution approved. 2

[Signature]
2 Apr. 44

31

Ref: 2807/31/30

16. February 1946

SUBJECT: Movement of Prefects.

TO : American Embassy
British Embassy.

26/27

1. Attached is an official list of the movement of prefects or proposed movement since 1 Jan 46, supplied by the Chief of Cabinet of the Ministry of the Interior.

2. These changes exemplify the expressed policy of the Prime Minister to put in office, whenever possible, a career Prefect and only in certain cases to retain non career Prefects, actually in office, provided of course, that their record proved them to be capable officials.

M. S. LUSH

Brigadier
Acting Chief Commissioner

28.

Copy to Social Dept (in pursuance of 7 Feb ref)

See M. 30.32

6036
1/2
8

28

2807
AP
Ex-1078

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 994
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

AC/AA/16

Tel. : Ext. 495

FEB 12 1946

NOTE OF INTERVIEW - HQ., Allied Commission

Present : Dr. VICARI Chief of Cabinet, Ministry of the Interior
Major Ralph R. Temple, Director Local Government, S/O.
Sg N Antonio Nisco, interpreting

DATE : 7 Feb 46

Dott. VICARI referred to the plan, now being executed, of a general movement of Prefects throughout Italy and said that the elaboration of this plan had taken up most of his time and energy in trying to conciliate the different aspirations of the officials concerned and their natural resistance at being transferred from their present position. It was necessary, however, to muster all personnel with the rank of Prefect in order to strengthen the position of the Prefectures in view of the forthcoming elections.

Dott. VICARI said then that the object of his visit was to ask whether Allied Commission had any objection if, in the course of the above movement, the Ministry might find it necessary to transfer Prefect MASTROBUONO. The Minister felt that all officials holding the rank of Prefect should have actual experience in one of the Prefectures.

I replied that there was no objection at all on the part of my Sub Commission. I recalled that there had been a verbal agreement between my predecessor, Col. Spicer and the Ministry with regard to putting Mastrobuono at the service of the Allied Commission, but I added that I saw no reason why with the turnover of the administration of Italy to the Italian Government, the latter should not avail themselves of the services of Mastrobuono as they saw best fit. I stated that I understood perfectly well the point of view of the Ministry.

Dott. VICARI asked that the matter concerning Mastrobuono should be treated as confidential, since Mastrobuono himself did not know of his visit and has not been apprised of the possibility of his transfer.

I then asked Dott. Vicari whether there was still a division of opinion in the Ministry as to the policy to be adopted towards the replacement of non-career prefects. Dott. VICARI said that there were no longer differences of opinion and that the policy agreed upon by the Ministry was to put, whenever possible, a career man at the head of the Prefecture and in certain cases to retain non-career Prefects actually in office, whose record proved them to be capable officials. Such Prefects who are acting as Regents now, provided they would be willing to continue in their office, would be incorporated in the rolls of prefects of the Ministry.

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I replied that there was no objection at all on the part of my Sub Commission. I recalled that there had been a verbal agreement between my predecessor, Col. Spicer and the Ministry with regard to putting Mastrobuono at the service of the Allied Commission, but I added that I saw no reason why with the turnover of the administration of Italy to the Italian Government, the latter should not avail themselves of the service of Mastrobuono as they saw best fit. I stated that I understood perfectly well the point of view of the Ministry.

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With regard to the Prefect of Bolzano, I indicated I understood that Consiglieri di Stato, Dott. Silvio INCONTRI, had gone to Bolzano as prefect recent and will hold that office until he had completed the admission entrusted to him by this Ministry. I asked whether the Ministry had decided who his successor would be. Dott. VICARI replied that this question has not been taken into consideration yet, and all will depend on the prefects who will be at disposal of the Ministry at the time of the change.

Dott. VICARI promised then to send us an official list showing the movement of prefects or proposed movement since January 1st 1946.

Major Temple thanked Dott. Vicari for his courtesy in calling on him and discussing the foregoing matters so openly.

R. Temple
RALPH R. TEMPLE, Major
Director, Local Govt. S/C.

See M. 28630.32

By *[Signature]*
(cont'd) *[Signature]*

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

27

MOVEMENT OF PREFECTS
IN ITALY
(since Jan. 1st 1946)

Place	Prefect	Former position	Substitution
MILANO	Troilo Dr. Ettore (appointed 10/1/46)	Member of the partisan movement (no party - socialist sympathizer)	Lombardi Ing. Riccardo Prefect Regent, appointed Minister of Transport, (action party). De Angelis Dr. Bruno Prefect Regent, who resigned, (socialist)
BOLZANO	Innocenti Dr. Silvio (reported at Bolzano no on 1/2/46)	State Counciller on mission	
Northern Provinces	Appointments approved by Council of Ministers 31/1/46 & 6/2/46 effective respectively 15 and 20 February 1946.		
BELLUNO	Stropolatini Dr. Dino	Career Prefect at disposal	Dassi Dr. Antonio, Prefect Regent (demo-christian). Zambianchi Avv. Esio, Prefect Regent, deceased (socialist).
BERGAMO	Rodano Dr. Adolfo	Vice-Prefect, Inspector- General Rome, promoted to Prefect	Fertinelli Avv. Virginio Prefect Regent (socialist)
COMO	Craxi Avv. Vittorio	Lawyer-Professional man (socialist)	Gabetti Dr. Ottavio transferred to Arezzo
SAVOIA	Donadu Dr. Angelo	Career Prefect at disposal	Ottolini Dr. Giuseppe Prefect Regent (communist)
TRENTO	Carnevali Dr. Taryuato	Career Prefect at disposal	Ramanzini Avv. Leopoldo Prefect Regent (action party)
TRIVISO	Orlandi Dr. Francesco	Vice-prefect at Campobasso, promoted Prefect	Fassoni Reg. Pierluigi
TORINO	Cirotola Vincenzo	Career Prefect at disposal	

(socialist)

Northern Provinces Appointments approved by Council of Ministers 31/1/46 & 6/2/46 effective respectively 15 and 20 February 1946.

BELLUNO	Stropolatini Dr. Dino Career Prefect at disposal	Dazzi Dr. Antonio, Prefect Regent (demo-christian)
BERGAMO	Rodano Dr. Adolfo Vice-Prefect, Inspector-General Rome, promoted to Prefect	Zambianchi Avv. Esie. Prefect Regent, deceased (socialist)
COMO	Grazi Avv. Vittorio Lawyer-Professional man (socialist)	Pertinelli Avv. Virginio Prefect Regent (socialist)
SAVONA	Donadu Dr. Angelo Career Prefect at disposal	Gabetti Dr. Ottavio transferred to Arezzo
TRENTO	Carnovali Dr. Torquato Career Prefect at disposal	Ottolini Dr. Giuseppe Prefect Regent (communist)
TRIVISO	Orlandi Dr. Francesco Vice-Prefect at Campobasso, promoted Prefect	Ramansini Avv. Leopoldo Prefect Regent (action party)
TORINO	Cietela Vincenzo Career Prefect at disposal	Passani Eng. Pierluigi Prefect Regent (socialist)
VICENZA	Zanfrenande Dr. Giambattista Career Prefect at Foggia	Giuriolo Dr. Alberto Prefect Regent (action party)
IGHERIA	Progia Dr. Giovanni Vice-Prefect promoted awaiting confirmation Prefect	Viale Dr. Ambrogio Prefect Regent (demo-christian)
Other Provinces		
AREZZO	Gabetti Dr. Ottavio Career Prefect at Savona	Bracali Dr. Elmo Career Prefect, placed at disposal

(1 Page)

Place	Prefec	Former position	Substitution
BOLOGNA	Gen. D'Antoni Dr. Giuseppe	Had been Prefect of Milan soon after fall of Fascism. Deported by Germans. General in the Italian Army.	Borghese Gianguido, Prefect Regent, (socialist)
CATANZARATA	Singale Dr. Giovanni	Career Prefect at disposal	Donadu Dr. Angelo, Career Prefect transferred to Savona.
FOGGIA	Tranchida Dr. Salvatore	Vice-Prefect Inspect.- Gen. at Rome, promoted Prefect.	Sanfrumando Dr. G. Battista Career Prefect transferred to Vicenza.
LIVORNO	Ballerio Dr. Francesco	Career Prefect at disposal	De Rosa Dr. Emanuele, Career Prefect placed on the retired list.
MESSINA	Giannitrapani Dr. Luigi	Career Prefect at disposal	Stella Dr. Luigi Career Prefect placed at disposal
PISTOIA	Mansolani Dr. Ugo	Career Prefect at disposal	Ales Dr. Silvestro, Career Prefect placed on the retired list.
RAGUSA	Fontanelli Dr. Osvaldo	Vice-Prefect, High Commissioner Food, Promoted Prefect	Naitana Dr. Simone Career Prefect, placed at disposal
REGGIO CALABRIA	Aria Dr. Francesco	Career Prefect at disposal	Ciraolo Dr. Giuseppe Career Prefect placed at disposal
RIETI	Meda Dr. Defendente	Career Prefect at disposal	Querci Dr. Dino Career Prefect placed at disposal
SIRACUSA	Speciale Dr. Rosario	Career Prefect at disposal	Cocussa Dr. Giuseppe Career Prefect, placed on the retired list.
TARANTO	Binna Dr. Marito	Career Prefect at disposal	Vesta Dr. Giuseppe Career Prefect, placed at disposal
TRAPANI	Assaro Dr. Salvatore	Career Prefect at disposal	Culotta Dr. Edgardo Career Prefect, placed

Career Prefect placed on
the retired list.

MESSINA	Giannitrapani Dr. Luigi	Career Prefect at disposal	Stella Dr. Luigi Career Prefect placed at disposal
PISTOIA	Mazzoleni Dr. Ugo	Career Prefect at disposal	Ales Dr. Silvestro, Career Prefect placed on the retired list.
RAGUSA	Pontanelli Dr. Osvaldo	Vice-Prefect, High Commissioner Food, promoted Prefect	Maitana Dr. Simone Career Prefect, placed at disposal
REGGIO CALABRIA	Aria Dr. Francesco	Career Prefect at disposal	Ciraolo Dr. Giuseppe Career Prefect placed at disposal
RIETI	Meda Dr. Defendente	Career Prefect at disposal	Querci Dr. Dino Career Prefect placed at disposal
SIRACUSA	Speciale Dr. Rosario	Career Prefect at disposal	Cocussa Dr. Giuseppe Career Prefect, placed on the retired list.
MARANO	Birna Dr. Marito	Career Prefect at disposal	Pesta Dr. Giuseppe Career Prefect, placed at disposal
TRAPANI	Azzaro Dr. Salvatore	Career Prefect at disposal	Calotta Dr. Edgardo Career Prefect, placed at disposal

6033

(Received by telephone on 7/2/46 from Dr. Drolani of the Ministry of Interior by A.Nice)

R. R. Temple

RALPH R. TEMPLE
Major
Director
Local Government Sub Commission

1623

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

25

Ref: ~~2807/EC.~~

10 January 1946.

SUBJECT: Letter from Municipio di Menaggio.

TO : Local Government Sub-Commission.

1. Reference attached letter dated 22 December 45 addressed to Allied Commission by the Municipio di Menaggio which, incidentally, reached me a few days ago, and our conversation this morning (Major Temple - Lt.Col. McCleary) I understand you have already been dealing with the question of opening the Casino.

2. Would you therefore be good enough to deal with this matter. I shall be grateful for a copy of your reply.

D. H. McCLEARY

Lt. Colonel,
Acting Executive Commissioner.

Incl.

BT

PA
COB211
[Signature]

[Signature]

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

Ref: 3/1 B/CA.

19 Nov 45.

TO: Executive Commissioner.

NOV 19 1945

With regard to the points about which you spoke to me this morning:-

- 1 Prefect of Savona LG SC wrote to the RC on 13 Nov 45 with the Italian Government's proposals and is awaiting their reply.
- 2 Prefect of Navaro This is awaiting decision from RC as to whether or not he will require a replacement for Aosta Prefect or whether the Vice-Prefect can carry on until the election under the new Constitution.
- 3 San Remo and Imperia Tribunali Legal SC have already discussed with Togliatti. The objection to the combination of the two Tribunali is purely political and is a matter of contending ^{prejudices}. The parties desiring amalgamation are alleged to be seeking San Remo votes. *The unwillingness of judges in continuing because of the absence of new blood during a period of inactivity.*
- 4 Political Prisoners - Lombardia. Legal SC have had this under discussion with Togliatti but ~~no~~ proposals for an amnesty have got so far that instructions have been issued that no further prosecutions should be launched in view of the pending amnesty. It is possible that the Italian Government may desire to make this amnesty one of the acts to celebrate the return of North Italy to Italian Government administration.
- 5 CC.RR. Clothing. This has been mentioned to IS SC. They are no longer directly concerned. Perhaps you would mention the points to MIA.
- 6 Italian RC Trieste This matter has been mentioned to PH SC who have sent Theodoli's proposals to the RC and are awaiting his comments thereon. If the proposals are acceptable it is probable that Sig. Theodoli will proceed to Trieste.
- 7 Archives. I have enquired of Capt. Collins (who is still here) the position as to the statement which was to go to AFHQ. It was to go as an agreed document but he has not yet succeeded in getting both Polids to agree to it though he has reminded them and is now reminding them again.

See memo. 18, 19, 21

S.H. WHITE, Lt Col.
MVP CA Section.

280740

16

ALCOM LO BOLOGNA

5006

5th September 45

ROUTINE
SEP 15 1945

PARA ONE PD REFERENCE YOUR SIGNAL LOVE OBLIQUE TWO FOUR OF
SIX SEPTEMBER PD (5 SEPT)

PARA TO ALCOM LO BOLOGNA FROM HQ ALCOM SITE ADJUT PARAH

PARA TWO PD ITSM MIKE PETER ROGER SUGAR OF REGIONAL HQS
ARE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT RESPONSIBILITIES AND NOW DEPENDENT
ON PREFECT OF BOLOGNA FOR ALL ADMINISTRATION PD SEE THIS
HQ LETTERS THREE SIX OBLIQUE PETER ABLE TARE OF TWO FIVE
AUGUST AND THREE SEPTEMBER SIX COPIES OF WHICH RECENTLY
HANDED TO MAJOR GILBERT PD

PARA THREE PD ITALIAN MINE CLEARANCE OFFICERS ARE THE
RESPONSIBILITY OF MINISTRY OF WAR AND SHOULD DRAW ALL SUPPLIES
AND PETER GROW LOVE THROUGH THAT MINISTRY'S CHANNELS.

Local Government S/C

620

NICHOLAS PIGBINO
CWO USA
asst. Adjutant.

14/9
10030

(Attas Kensey) RA
15/9

1620

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

2807
9

15

1/24
SEPT 051200

RESTRICTED

1/6651
SEPT 061200
ROUTINE

From: AIGOR IO BOLOGNA
To: HQ AIGM CITE AGLGT

SEP 28 1945

RESTRICTED.

Request clarification of status of the following personnel. Italian military patriot officers assigned to the office of Regional Patriots Officer Major GILBERT, also Italian mine clearance officers.

Are they employed by AIGOR or the Italian Government.

From what sources are they to draw pol, the vehicles are Italian private and or requisitioned by the Italian Government.

S/Comdr Proby

*The 2 main areas
in question involve
affecting all AGLAS
offices. All following
CAS must stop*

INFO
ACT ON I GOVT EC
INFO CHIEF COMMISSIONER
CA SEC
FILE 2
FIGHT

See 16

*Major Reades (Local Govt)
asked to put Ex Com
or Distribution of reply
to this request.*

*title of "Revised"
(S/Comdr Proby) RIK PA 15/4/2 7/9*

RESTRICTED

6639

11/7/9

*11/9 Passed, General sec.
no reply yet.*

2807^a

Ex. Comm. 14

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
MIDDLE REGION
APO 394

7 June 1945

ADMINISTRATIVE INSTRUCTION
NUMBER 12)

JUN 11 1945

1. Even though Provincial Commissioners have scores of pressing problems, the reorganization of local government cannot be ignored. Prior to transferring any territory from Allied Military Government to the Italian Government, we have always reorganized local government in accordance with the Testo Unico of 1915.

2. Will you check to see to it that the following steps have been taken in your province:

a. The appointment of Vice-Prefects. If you desire to obtain career Vice-Prefects, will you advise the Executive Officer of this Headquarters and we will communicate with Rome to procure them.

b. The establishment of a Deputazione Provinciale - the President and its full membership.

c. The establishment of the Giunta Provinciale Amministrativa.

d. The appointment of Mayors in every comune. These should be made by the Prefect with the approval of ASG.

e. The appointment of a Giunta Municipale in each comune. The members of this body should be appointed by the Prefect with the approval of ASG. The existence of a communal committee of liberation is not a substitute for a creation of a Giunta Municipale under the law of 1915.

3. Will you render this Headquarters an accurate report on all these points by June 24.

DISTRIBUTION:
Provincial Commissioners
Division Heads

CHARLES POLITTI
Colonel
Regional Commissioner

Ac Dist
Ex. Comm.
CA SECTION

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CARLES POLITTI
Colonel
Regional Commissioner

DISTRIBUTION:
Provincial Commissioners
Division Heads

AC DIST
EX. COMM.
CA SECTION
LOCAL GNTSLC (2)
ABS

6028

PA 86/136
(Max Anders)

1629

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

13

Tel: 289

Ref: 2807/13/80

3 April 1945.

SUBJECT: Memorandum on the Italian Civil Administration.

TO : Civil Affairs Section. *(E)*

Reference your AQ/1/A/18 of 30 March 1945, the Acting Executive Commissioner would like a "C" plus serials 62 and 63 distribution to be given to the Memorandum on the Italian Civil Administration "for the information and guidance of all concerned by Command etc."

D. De
To: Chief Staff Officer,
Executive Commissioner.

6027

PA

for

g

1630

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

ALLIED [REDACTED] COMMISSION
INTER-OFFICE MEMORANDUM

7

2807 *ew*

SUBJECT: *Italian Civil Administration*

FILE No. *AC/1/A/44*

TO : *Chief Clerk
Office of Executive Commissioner*

30 MAR 1945 194

3-6

Herewith copy of memo. on local government administration as requested by telephone. The charts referred to are in process of duplication and copies will be forwarded as soon as they are ready.

*now received
see 3A70* *per Wright, Sgt.
Chief Clerk*

6026

Tel. 286.

Local Government s/c.

*see M8
Page 13*

2807

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

Tel: 478190

MEMORANDUM

On the Italian Civil Administration

1. The purpose of this memorandum is to give a brief description of the organization and functions of local government administration operating in that part of Italy which has been wholly restored to the jurisdiction of the Italian Government.
2. The information contained herein is not exhaustive but is intended for the purpose of para. 1 and also to give general particulars of the senior officials and departments concerned with the various branches of civil administration.
3. For convenience, the subject matter hereof is dealt with under the following heads :

- National Administration
- Provincial
- Communal
- Summary

4. The following charts are attached :

- A Skeleton organization of Italian local government
- B Detailed

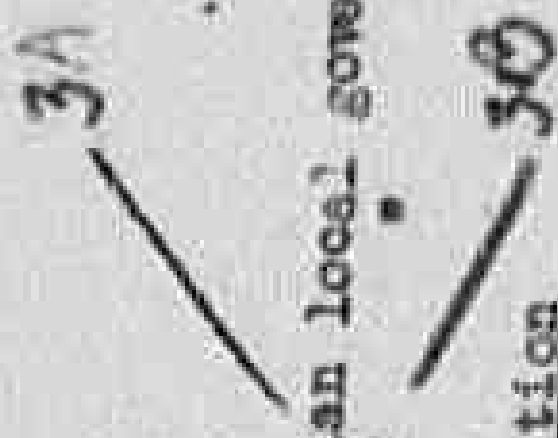
5. National Administration

The form of National administration of Italy is highly centralized in and controlled from the Government in Rome.

The department of government responsible for civil administration and internal matters is the Ministry of the Interior. Its principal functions include general and personnel affairs, civil administration, public safety, public health, fire service and religious affairs.

For purposes of administration and immediately below the Ministry of the Interior, the country is divided into 94 provinces which vary in nature and area.

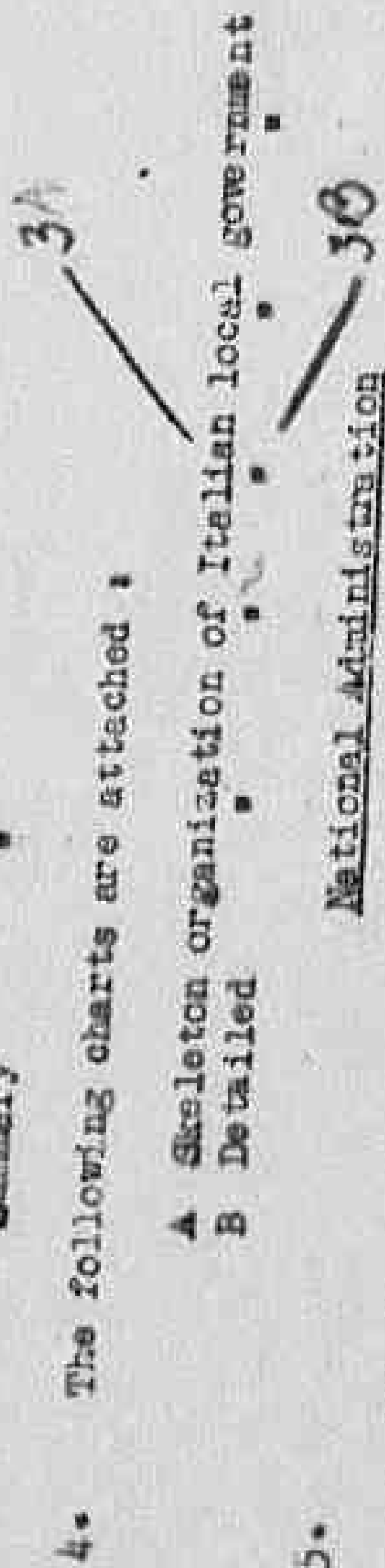
The next and smallest



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For purposes of administration and immediately below the Ministry of the Interior, the country is divided into 94 provinces which vary in nature and area.

The next and smallest separate administrative unit is the commune. This term applies to all towns and villages which may vary in size and population from the largest cities e.g. Naples down to the smallest community.

There are approximately 7163 communes throughout Italy. The number of communes in any given province varies. See chart A.

The above are administrative units. Reference may however be made to the so called "compartimenti". This is a geographical division of the country and not an administrative one. A compartment includes a number of provinces varying in area and population, but as above mentioned, it is merely a geographical division and has no administrative significance.

6.

Provincial Administration

There are at present (March 1945) 37 Provinces in restored Italy each of which is governed from the Prefettura of its capital city.

51

7. The head of the administration of a Province is the Prefect.
8. Prefects are usually career officials who have advanced by promotion through the administrative civil service. Italian law, however, enables a certain (smaller) percentage of non-career men to be appointed Prefects. Appointees of the latter category are persons of outstanding public repute and ability.
9. The Prefect is appointed by the Italian Government and is the highest authority of State and Province throughout the area over which he presides as the Government's direct representative. In the Italian table of precedence, he ranks with a General of Army Corps with the title (even if retired, replaced or dismissed) of "Excellency".
10. He is the source of all provincial activity which he initiates and co-ordinates in accordance with existing law and any Government orders of directives.
11. In addition to his Provincial status, he also has important controlling and supervisory functions in relation to the administration of all communes situated in his Province. (See Chart A).
12. The Prefect has, as his immediate subordinates, one or two Vice Prefects who are empowered to act for him in his absence.
13. The various branches of work comprised in the Provincial Administration are undertaken by separate Departments of the organization, each with its own chief official the large majority of whom are controlled by the Prefect.
14. The most important of such departments and the title of the chief official of each thereof are as follows:

(i) Agriculture	Ispettore Provinciale dell'Agricoltura
(ii) Civil Defence	(Unione Nazionale Protezione Antiaerea UNPA) - Prefect
(iii) Finance	Ragioniere Capo
(iv) Fire Service	(Vigili del Fuoco) - Prefect
(v) Food	(Sezione Provinciale Alimentazione (SEPRAL)) - Prefect
(vi) Police - Carabinieri - Public Safety and Movement of Civilians	Questore
(vii) Public Health - Hygiene and Sanitation	Medico Provinciale

11. In addition to his Provincial status, he also has important controlling and supervisory functions in relation to the administration of all communes situated in his Province. (See Chart A).

12. The Prefect has, as his immediate subordinates, one or two Vice Prefects who are empowered to act for him in his absence.

13. The various branches of work comprised in the Provincial Administration are undertaken by separate Departments of the organization, each with its own chief official the large majority of whom are controlled by the Prefect.

14. The most important of such departments and the title of the chief official of each thereof are as follows:

(i) Agriculture	Ispettore Provinciale dell'Agricoltura
(ii) Civil Defence	(Unione Nazionale Protezione Antiaerea UNPA) - Prefect
(iii) Finance	Ragioniere Capo
(iv) Fire Service	(Vigili del Fuoco) - Prefect
(v) Food	(Sezione Provinciale Alimentazione (SEPRAL)) - Prefect
(vi) Police - Carabinieri - Public Safety and Movement of Civilians	Questore
(vii) Public Health - Hygiene and Sanitation	Medico Provinciale
(viii) Prisons	Direttore delle Carceri
(ix) Public Works, Roads & Bridges	Genio Civile
(x) Licensing of motor vehicles	(Reale Automobile Club d'Italia - RACI) - Prefect
(xi) Veterinary Services	Veterinario Provinciale
(xii) Welfare	Assistenza Pubblica
(xiii) Weights & Measures	(Reale Ufficio Metrico) - Prefect

It will be observed that while separate officials preside over many of the

departments concerned, the Prefect himself actually deals with the sections of the administration undertaking the special items mentioned. In practice, it will be found that much of the work caused by war and emergency conditions, e.g., refugees, bomb damage, devastated areas, is in fact personally dealt with by the Prefect.

15. The position and status of the Prefect is indicated by the foregoing. As head of the administration, he is the official who should be contacted or communicated with in regard to all matters affecting the Provincial Administration. Whilst there is no real objection to a direct approach to the Chief official concerned with any given subject (and detailed work may have to be eventually dealt with by such official), it is, for obvious reasons, strongly recommended that, in the first instance, the subject matter in question should be initiated by and through the Prefect.

16. The foregoing is confined to the permanent administrative officials. It should however, be borne in mind that the Italian law provides for the existence of certain provincial bodies (e.g. Deputazione Provinciale) composed of members of the public (whom the Prefect may rightly desire or may be legally required to consult before giving a decision). Owing to the impossibility of holding elections, the persons so serving are not yet selected by the local populace but are nominated by the Prefect. The Government is, however, at present taking the preliminary steps necessary for the eventual organization of local government elections with a view to such bodies being truly representative of the public's choice.

17. Special reference must be made to Sicily and Sardinia. Provincial administration under the Prefect is as above described, but at the head of each island and controlling and co-ordinating the work of all Prefects the Government have appointed a High Commissioner. This was done owing to difficulties of communication and contact with the Central Government. He is, in effect, the Government's representative in relation to matters on an island-wide basis. For practical purposes, however, Provincial affairs are dealt with by the Prefect in the usual way and the Communal position referred to in the following paragraphs remains unchanged.

18. Whilst it is not a matter of practical importance in dealings with the Provincial Administration, it might be borne in mind that there are certain Government Departments (other than the Ministry of Interior) whose work reaches down to the Province. The most important of these are Justice and Education, but can always, in practice, be contacted through him.

19.

Communal Administration

The head of the Administration of a Comune is the Mayor (Sindaco) who, during the Fascist regime, was styled "Podestà".

20.

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19.

Communal Administration

The head of the Administration of a Comune is the Mayor (Sindaco) who, during the Fascist regime, was styled "Podestà".

20. He is not a career official but is an unpaid member of the public appointed by the Prefect. In certain large Communes, there may be a Vice Sindaco.

21. The principal official of a Comune is the Communal Secretary (Segretario Comunale) who, unlike the Sindaco, is a permanent employee. He co-ordinates the various branches of the Communal administration.

22. The Comune is governed from its Town Hall (Municipio) in which all officials are generally housed and, as in the Province (paras 13-14), the local administration is divided into Departments. In practice, such divisions, their descriptions and the respective titles of their chief officials may vary slightly according to the size, population, importance and type of the particular Comune. For this reason, and to prevent confusion, this memorandum will not contain a

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list of such titles. The following, however, are the principal functions undertaken in an average size Comune and for all practical purposes, the directing head can be taken to be the Sindaco.

- (i) Education
- (ii) Food
- (iii) Finance
- (iv) Municipal Police
- (v) Personnel employees
- (vi) Public Health, Hygiene and Sanitation
- (vii) Public Works, Roads and Bridges
- (viii) Public Services (Gas, Water, Electricity which are not owned but are controlled to some extent by the Comune)
- (ix) Public Municipal institutions
- (x) Vital Statistics (Births, deaths, marriages)
- (xi) Welfare and Public Assistance
- (xii) Weights and Measures

See Chart B.

It will be seen that certain of these subjects follow the same pattern as in the Province and in fact some of the departments are merely the Communal agency of the Provincial authority.

23. The Sindaco is ordinarily assisted by a Communal Council (Giunta Comunale) the members of which (varying in number according to local population) are also appointed by the Prefect for the reasons stated in para 16 regarding elections. As in the case of the Prefect, the Sindaco may legally require a decision of his Giunta.

24. Special reference might be made to an official who may be encountered in connection with Communal government known as a "Commissario Prefettizio". Such an appointment is made by the Prefect in cases of Communal emergency or where no Sindaco and Giunta have been appointed. Such a Commissario is a "town manager" with full powers and is an official of the Prefect's staff. For a considerable time after the invasion of Italy, many such persons had to be appointed but with the establishment of Sindaci and Giunte, such emergency appointees are fast disappearing.

25. The authority with whom to communicate upon Communal affairs is the Sindaco or failing him the Communal Secretary.

26. As mentioned in para 11 and indicated in the attached Charts, Communal government is for many purposes subject to the supervision and control of the Prefect of the Province (particularly e.g. in regard to financial expenditure) and is thus connected with the National Government.

- (ix) Public Municipal Institutions
- (x) Vital Statistics (Births, deaths, marriages)
- (xi) Welfare and Public Assistance
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27.

Summary

The contents of this memorandum can, therefore, be completely summarized as follows :

(i) In all local government matters affecting a Province, an area thereof, or more than one Comune therein, the authority to contact and with whom, in the first instance, to deal is always the Prefect.

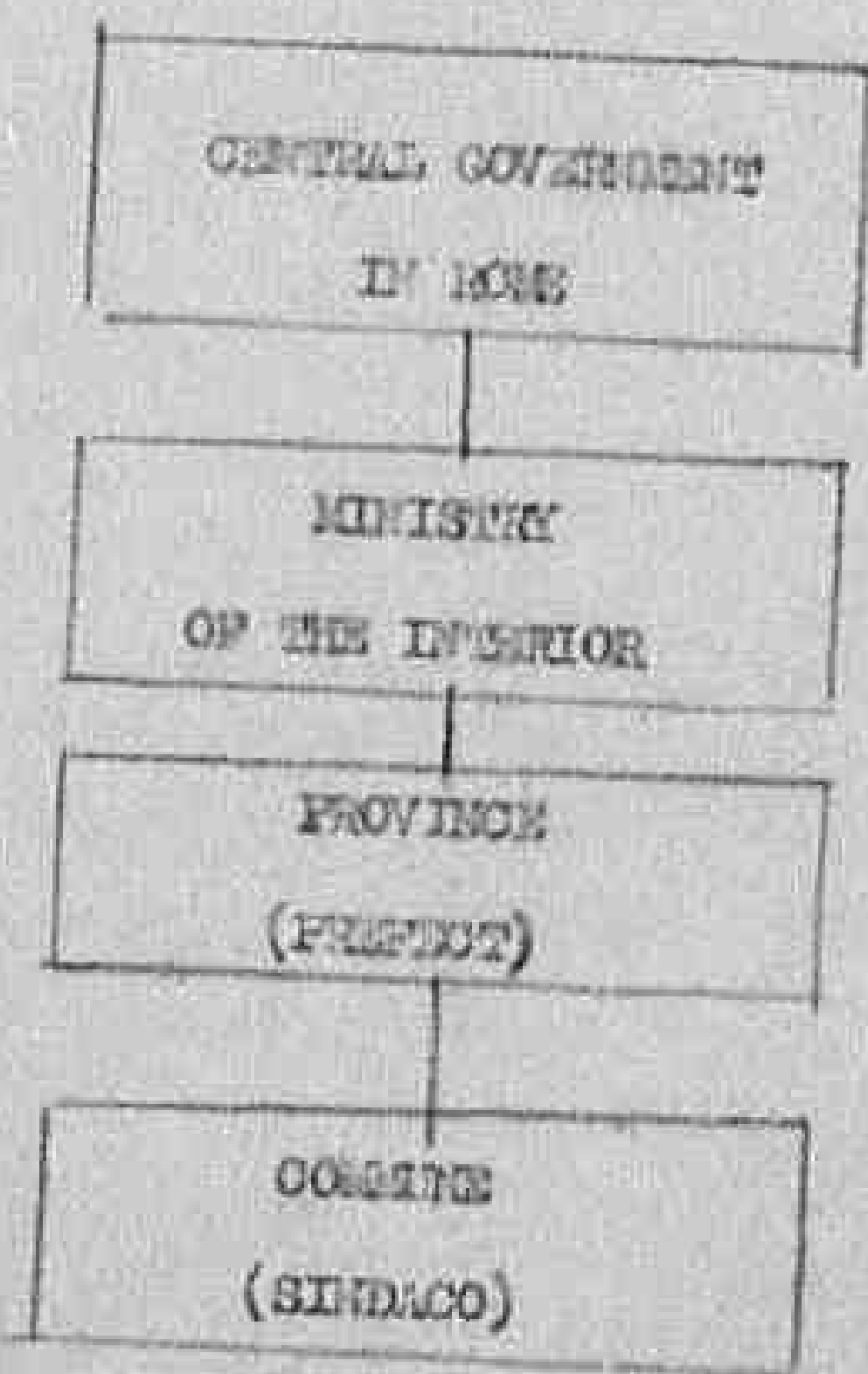
(ii) In all such matters affecting a single Comune, the authority with whom to deal is the Sindaco.

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ORGANIZATION OF ITALIAN LOCAL GOVERNMENT



LOCAL GOVERNMENTS
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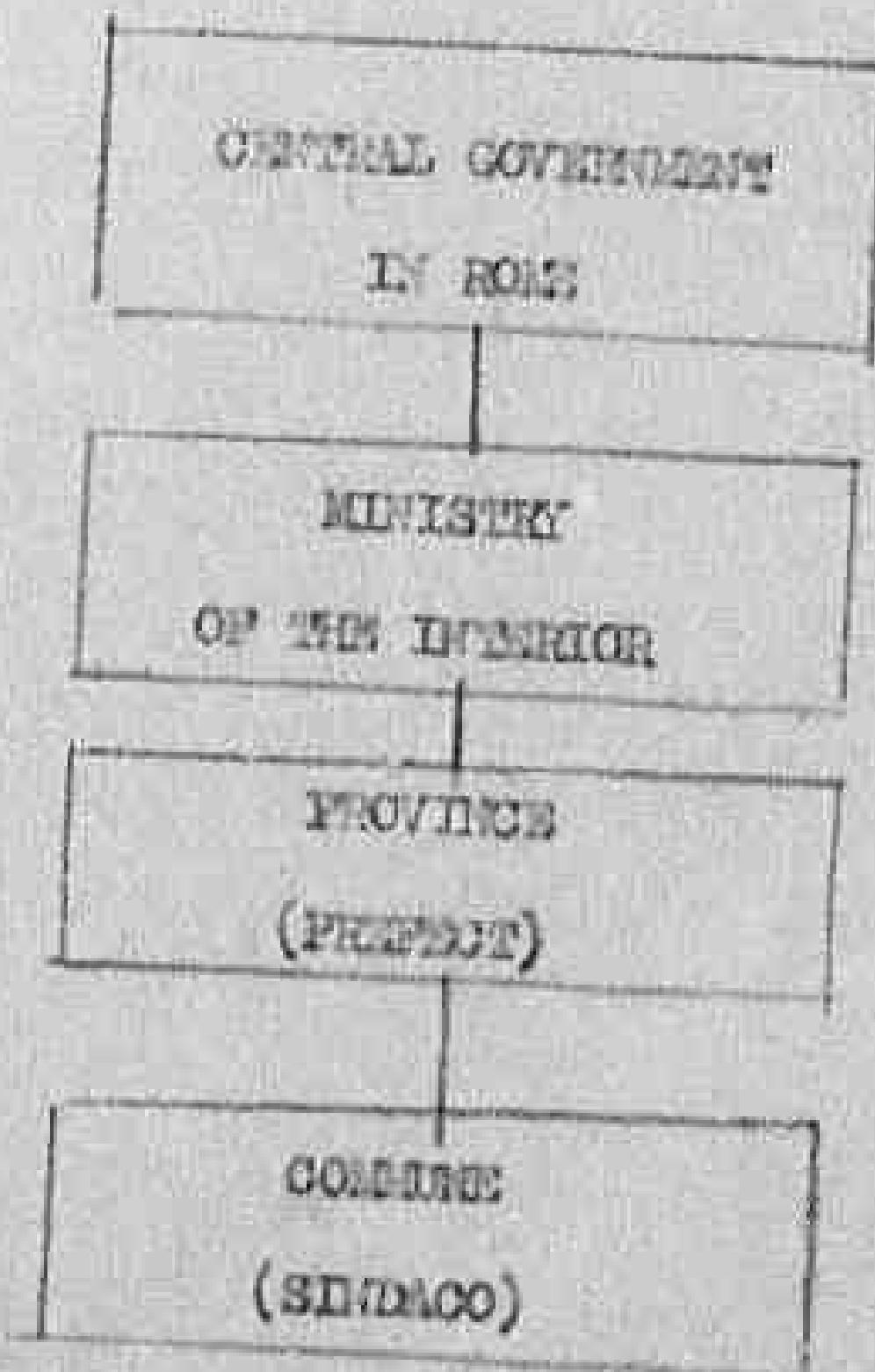
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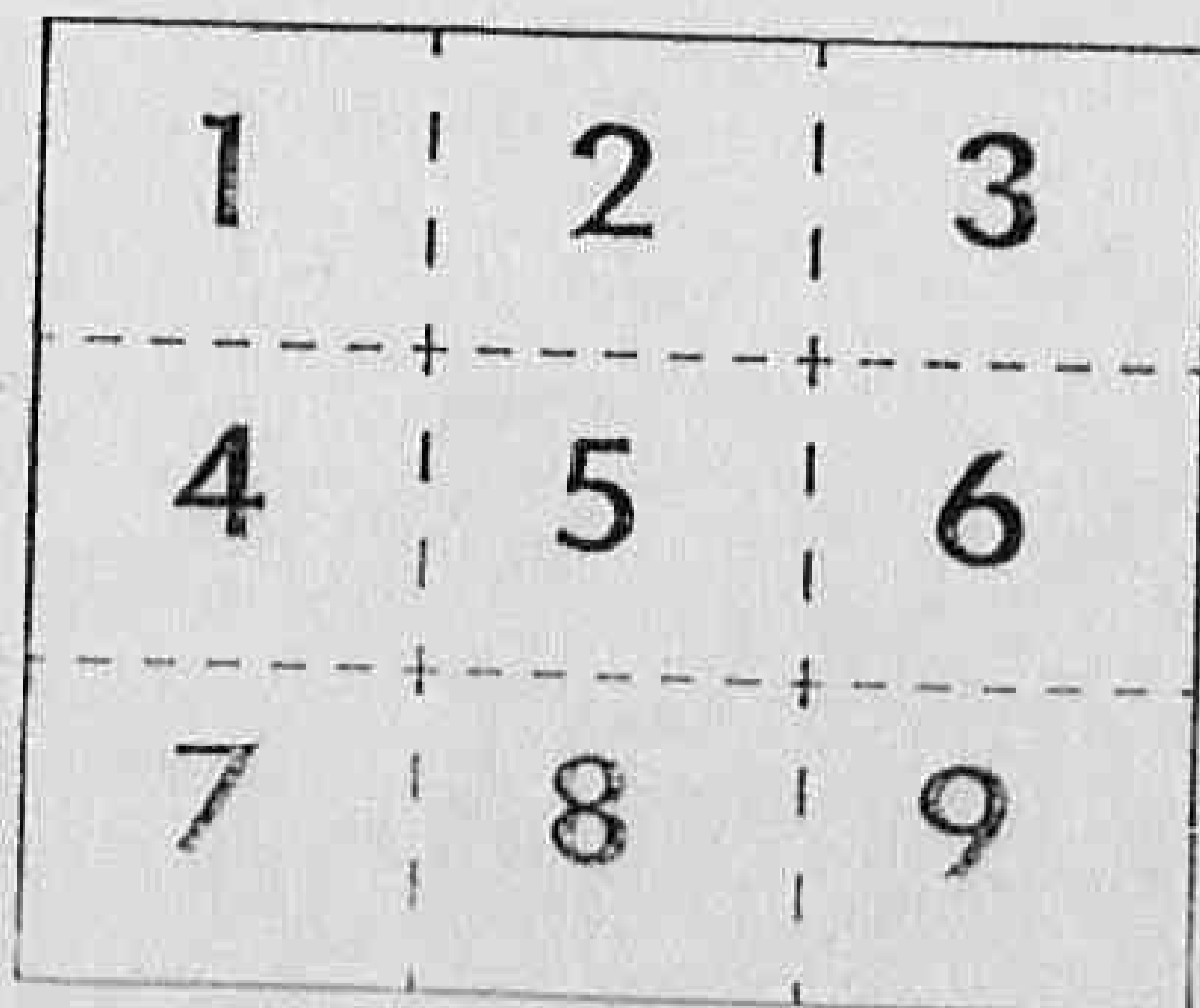
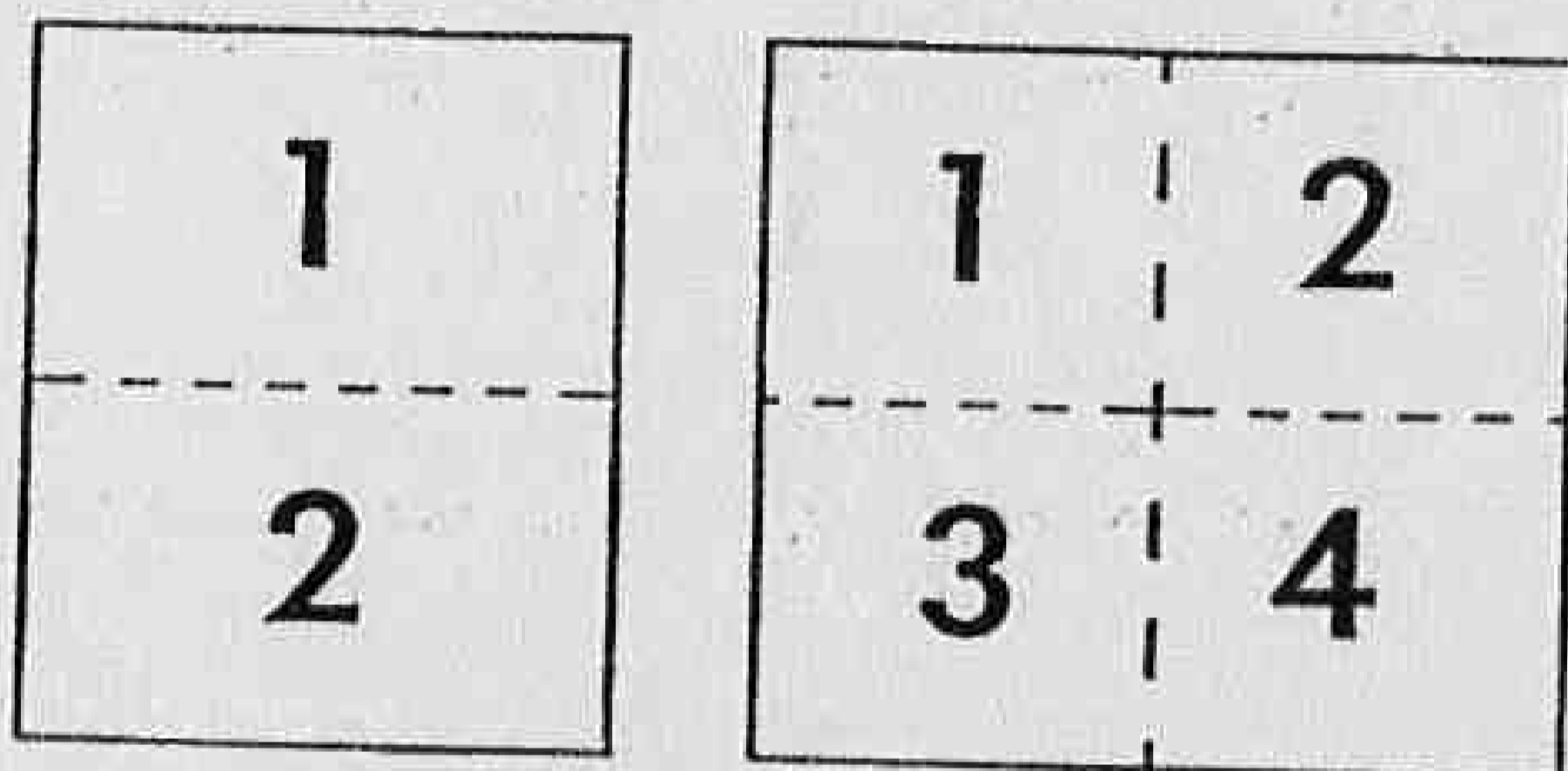
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LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION
27 MARCH 1945

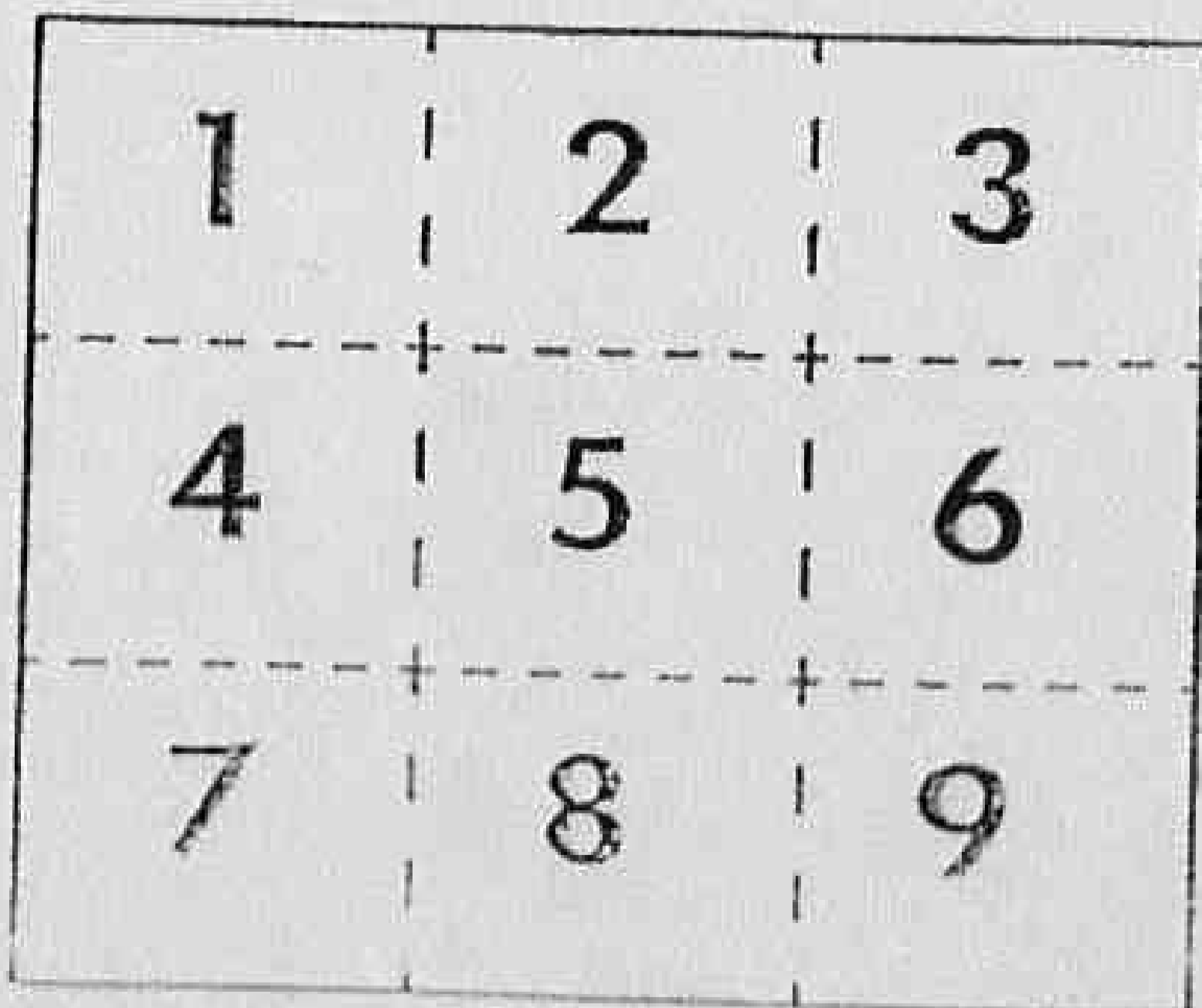
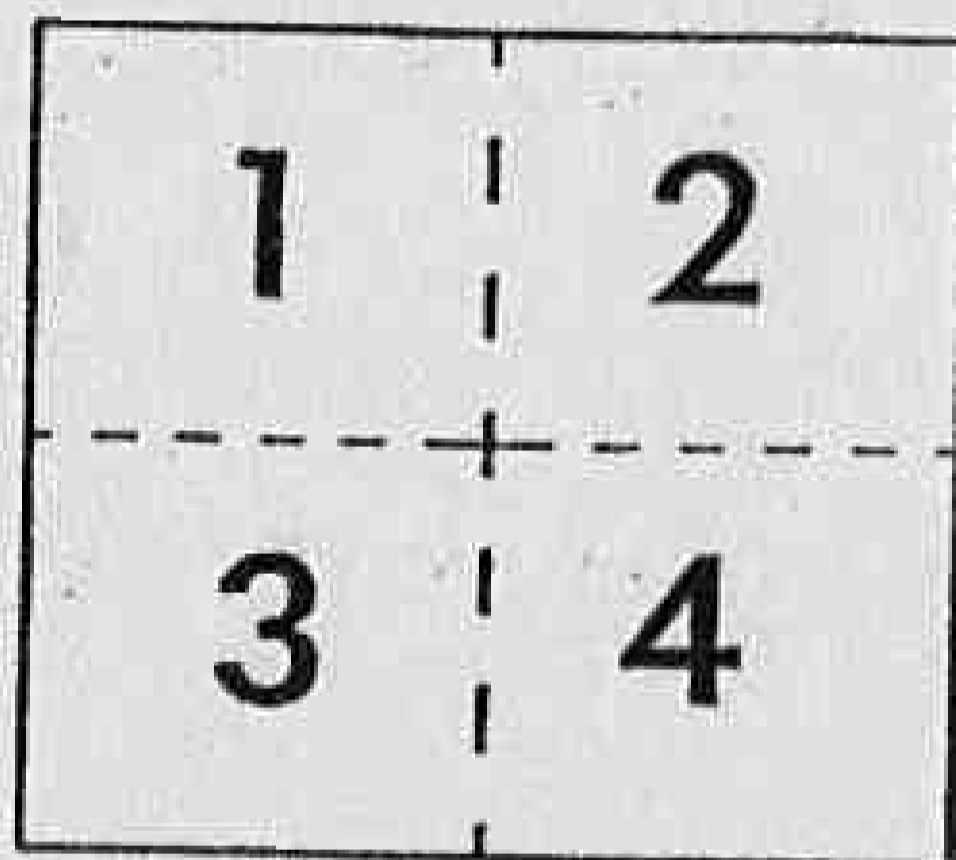
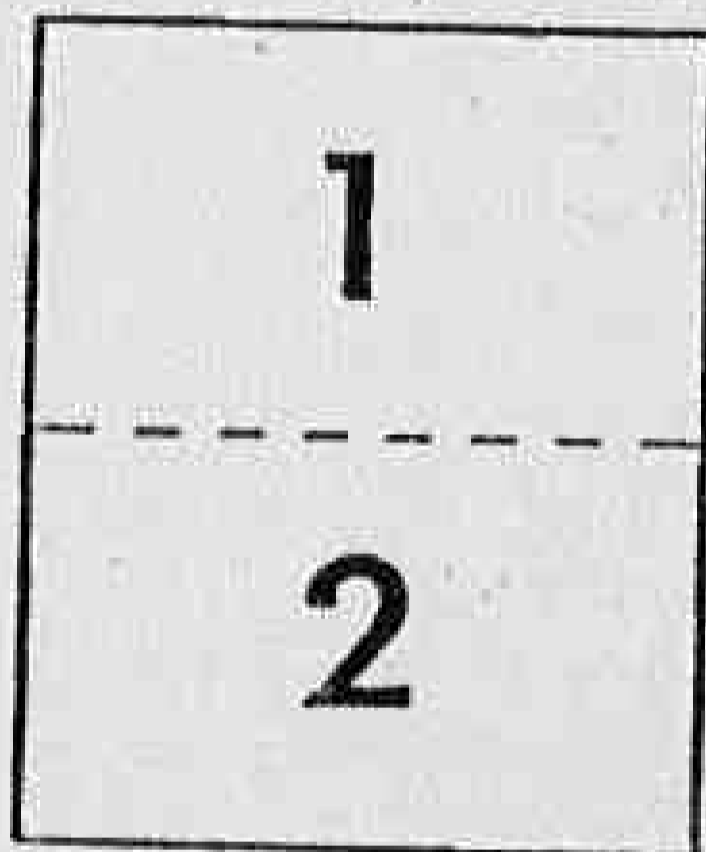
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BEGINNING IN THE UPPER LEFT CORNER,
LEFT TO RIGHT, AND TOP TO BOTTOM.

SEE DIAGRAMS BELOW.



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ON ONE EXPOSURE ARE FILMED CLOCKWISE
BEGINNING IN THE UPPER LEFT CORNER,
LEFT TO RIGHT, AND TOP TO BOTTOM.

SEE DIAGRAMS BELOW.



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CHART OF ITALIAN LOCAL GOVERNMENT

NATIONAL GOV	EROME
MINISTERO DE	LL'IN
POLICE	PUBLIC HEALTH
CIVIL ADMINISTRATION	

VICE PREFETTO ISPETTORE	PREF (PRE FECT)	ETTO PECT)
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QUESTORE Police Public Safety Movement of Civilians	U.N.F.A. Unione Nazionale Protezione Antiaerea CIVILIAN DEFENSE	VIGILI DEL FUOCO FIRE SERVICE	MEDICO PROVINCIALE Public Health Hygiene Sanitation	REALE UFFICIO METRICO Weights & Measures	S.E.P.R.A.L. Sezione Provinciale Alimentazione Food Distribution	Ragioneria Capo ACCOUNTS	VETERINI PROVI Veterin Ser	MARIO MOIALE ary vice	Pos A
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SINDACO (MAYOR)

SEGRETARIO COMUNALE

EDUCATION	FOOD	FINANCE	MUNICIPAL POLICE	PERSONNEL & EMPLOYEES	PUBLIC HEALTH HYGIENE	PUBLIC WORKS ROADS &
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LOCAL GOVERNMENT
MUNICIPALITY OF
CIVIL ADMINISTRATION

GOVERNMENT
DELL'INTERNO...
PUBLIC HEALTH
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

PREFETTO
(PROFETTO)

VICE PREFETTO
VICARIO

GIUNTA PROVINCIALE
AMMINISTRATIVA
REVIEWS COMMUNAL
ACTS

DEPUTAZIONE
PROVINCIALE
PROVINCIAL
LEGISLATION

Uffici Veterinaria Ser	VICARIO PROVINCIALE ary vice	Provveditore Agli Studi Education	Ispettore Provinciale dell' Agricoltura Agriculture	GENIO CIVILE Public Works and Utilities Roads-Bridges	Direttore Delle Poste e dei Telegrafi Posts and Telegraph	Direttore delle Carceri Prisons	R.A.C.I. Reale Automobile Club Italiano Motoring Permits and Licenses	Intendente di Finanza Finance Taxes
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SINDACO
(MAYOR)

GIUNTA COMUNALE
MUNICIPAL BOARD

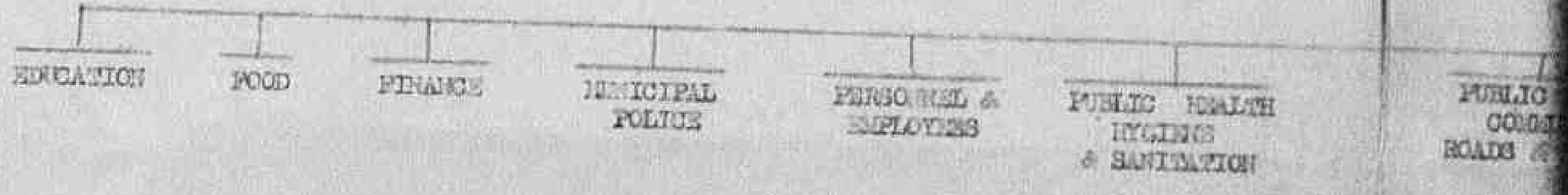
HEALTH SERVICES	PUBLIC WORKS COMMUNAL ROADS & BRIDGES	PUBLIC UTILITIES	INSTITUTIONS	VITAL STATISTICS	WELFARE AND PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	WEIGHTS AND MEASURES
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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

QUESTORE Police Public Safety Movement of Civilians	U.N.P.A. Unione Nazionale Protezione Anti- Aerea CIVILIAN DEFENSE	VIGILI DEL FUOCO FIRE SERVICE	MEDICO PROVINCIALE Public Health Hygiene Sanitation	REGIA UFFICIO MUNICO Weights & Measures	S.S.P.S.A.L. Sezione Provinciale Alimentazione Food Distribution	Ragioneria Capo ACCOUNTS	VIGILI PROVI Veterin Ser	MARCO MUNICIALE ary vice
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SINDACO (MAYOR)

SEGRETARIO COMMUNALE



----- DIRECTLY DEPENDENT ON PROVINCE

- - - - - DIRECTLY DEPENDENT ON SOME OTHER NATIONAL MINISTRY

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

Provincia No.	VESPERI PROVI	MARIO NOTALE	Provveditore Agl. Studi Education	Ispettore Provinciale dell' Agricoltura Agriculture	GENIO CIVILE Public Works and Utilities Roads-Bridges	Direttore Delle Poste e dei Telegrafi Posts and Telegraph	Direttore delle Carceri Prisons	R.A.C.I. Reale Automobile Club Italiano Motoring Permits and Licenses	Intendente di Finanze Finance Taxes
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SIN DACO
(MAYOR)

GIUNTA COMUNALE
MUNICIPAL BOARD

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS	PUBLIC WORKS COMMUNAL ROADS & BRIDGES	PUBLIC UTILITIES	INSTITUTIONS	VITAL STATISTICS	WELFARE AND PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	WEIGHTS AND MEASURES
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LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION
27 MARCH 1945

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C O S.

Translation

C.G.L.M.
Central Committee for National Liberation
n. 1008/18

To: H. Br. Adv. Enrico Mole
Undersecretary of State to the Department of the Interior
To be seen by Admiral Stone
Allied Commission

27/1/1945

JAN 31 1945

The C.G.L.M. communicates the following facts to you or Excellency about the political situation in the Arezzo province:

Immediately after the liberation, the Provincial C.G.L.M. informed Col. Turner who was then Governor that it wasn't opportune to entrust the Prefettura to Col. Guidotti-Mori. In spite of the Committee pointing out to the Governor that such an appointment would have made a bad impression on the population, (Col. Guidotti-Mori was Director of S.P.A.I. during the republican period) the appointment was approved by the subject.

The Committee then maintained good relations with the Prefect and his Governor, actively collaborating to the rehabilitation of provincial life, which was rendered rather difficult because of the lack of means of transport, the destruction of the bridges, and the large number of men and things that had been taken away by the Nazi-fascists.

The Provincial Committee, Col. Turner was then replaced by Col. Quinn Smith, who adopted very different methods, didn't listen to the will of the people, of which the Committee for Liberation is the interpreter, ordered a severe limitation of the circulation and travelling masses, and even ordered that the requested presented to the Mayors should be transmitted to Arezzo, instead of being decided by the local Commissioners. The contacts between the Sindaco and Municipal Secretaries and the provincial organs were limited. For some reason, he ordered the Committee for Liberation to be dissolved, without justifying the motive and immediately established a chemical laboratory in the requisitioned premises of the Committee.

We want to stress the fact that while the Committee went to welcome Col. Quinn Smith on his installation as Provincial Commissioner, in the presence of Col. Guidotti Mori, it informed him about the most urgent questions, such as those concerning food and transport; the Committee received neither verbal nor written communication from the said Commissioner till November 30th, when it received the order that we transcribe:

HEAD-QUARTERS ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT - PROVINCE OF AREZZO
File 1154/32

To: Comitato Liberazione Nazionale - Arezzo

Date 30 Nov. 1944

Will you kindly send in writing, without delay, to this office, the

the Governor that such an appointment would have made a bad impression on the population, (Col. Guidotti-Mori was Director of S.P.A.I during the republican period) the appointment was approved by Legrot.

The Committee then entertains good relations with the Prefect and his Governor, actively collaborating to the rehabilitation of provincial life, which was rendered rather difficult because of the lack of means of transport, the destruction of the bridges, and the large number of men and things that had been taken away by the neo-fascists.

The Provincial Commissioner, Col. Turner was then replaced by Col. Quinn Smith, who adopted very different methods, didn't listen to the will of the people, of which the Committee for Liberation is the interpreter, ordered a severe limitation of the circulation and travelling passes, and even ordered that the requests presented to the Mayors should be transmitted to Arezzo, instead of being decided by the local Commissioners. The contacts between the Sindaco and Municipal Secretaries and the provincial organs were limited. For some reason, he ordered the Committee for Liberation to be dissolved, without justifying the motive and immediately established a chemical laboratory in the requisitioned premises of the Committee.

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT - PROVINCE OF AREZZO
File 1750/92
To: Comitato Liberazione Nazionale - AREZZO
Date 30 Nov. 1944

Will you kindly send in writing, without delay, to this office, the reasons for which the Comitato di Liberazione Nazionale of Arezzo hasn't been dissolved; this was ordered some time ago by the Provincial Commissioner A.M.G. of Arezzo.

For Lt. Col. Quinn Smith
Provincial Commissioner
Otis H. Mathis, Captain C.M.P.
Provincial Officer of Public Safety
Arezzo
S. Otis H. Mathis

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The Tuscan Committee for National Liberation asked for explanations, but Col. Smith didn't supply any, thus creating an abnormal situation, especially when we consider that in all liberated provinces the Allied Command always had excellent relations with the local Committees for Liberation, acknowledging their importance and giving great value to their efficacious collaboration.

The Political Office of A.S. was informed of this situation in the person of Capt. Lewis, who, in the name of the Colonel, his senior officer, pointed out that:

- 1) The Allied Control Commission doesn't acknowledge the Central Committee

for National Liberation in what concerns the relations with the Provincial Governors, having frequent contacts only with the Ministry of the Interior for every question concerning Provincial Governments.

2) In any case, the colonel who is Provincial Commissioner in Arezzo hasn't got to give any explanations about the regulations he makes in the interest of the Allied Military Government;

3) As for the requisition of the premises, it certainly was motivated by military requirements.

It is added that he thought the communication of this C.L.N. and letter be forwarded to A.C. by the Ministry of the Interior.

The above, considering the regulation adopted by A.D. in this case, we beg your Excellency to take a kind interest in that question and to transmit the answer to the GCLM.

Central Committee for
National Liberation
The Secretary
S. A. Ruffino

in view, concerning the regulation adopted by A.S. in this case,
we see your Excellency to take a kind interest in that question and to trans-
mit the answer to the OJLM.

Central Committee for
National Liberation
The Secretary
S. A. Repetto

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Com. Hist. - 30/11/55

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