

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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10000/109/767
(VOL. II)

Declassified S.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785017

10000/109/767
(VOL. II)

EXPORT TRADE POLICY
DEC. 1945 - SEPT. 1946

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

3349

ccs:tlm

216
Please see following for info.
ccm Sec. for the "detached" copy
Date 4/24/47
Sun by AEC 111

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

189
C.S.O. Pass'd to you for information
are f. 185-188.
As regards 184½, a copy is forthcoming
per A.M. SK 9/4.

190
A/C.C.
f. 185-188 for info. H.P. 104
W.W. 4

C.S.O. below
202
Ref yours min on folio 200. Please
see folio 201 for info. Q.M.
3/8

W.W. 3/9

203

SEP 4 1948

Chief Comptroller.

Attached is submitted for your ^{approval} signature
P 201 information

You asked about this the other day P 200 is
P 200 refer NS (3/5 11/5 11/5 11/5 11/5)

3347

160
cc: Zhao 169 on watch investigation, Virginia
This was sent directly to AS who made distribution.

start

15/4/62

to long
cc: Zhao 169 for ref.

set 26/2 staff
14/4/62

1712

to long:

cc: Zhao 169 - 170 for info.
start
8/3/62 4.8/63

1713

CFA

1714. AFHQ has asked for rebally, 6 reffly &
Kao 2

1715

1716. By min 172, Beijing (ACLU) ~~is going to~~
we in at press conference to be announced by press &
concern in water. We stated going night audience
in bus out
of our office Finance.

1717
3546

to long

CFA

1720

P 169.

for 3

1721

173.
Re mine 172. Majority (Active Supply Agency)
who is at present on Alpha has been informed by me &
concerned in matter. He states you may wish assistance
in this regard.
Yours etc.
John W. Finance.

173/4/46

173:

Re Lomax.
Re your 172. I have seen Col Terminus'
duly and points out that letter at 169
is answered by # 170. H.A. 1413
H.W. 2584

33/6

184

C.S.O. P. 183 is so called "Confidential list" as desired
by H. S. 5 in file 176. Also attached RR 5/4.
No folio 181 returned in par. 1, folio 183.
184/2
Lett R. Please get a copy of draft Admin.
memo. Appendix to in para 1 of 186. H.A. 514

141
142
143
144
145
146
147
148
149
150

seen by Ex. Com on Hill music. 1/12

142

Ex. Com. 151 & 152

140

Ex. Com. 150 for info

Statt + 4/1/40

142.

Ex. Com. 141 is asked to obtain info to co letter at 145 + 146
Same place.

Statt

4/1/40

42

144..

Chief Commissioner. 141

147 - 148
Attached to submit for your information
information

E.C. Ans + Reply to 148. to will record on 1/2 DS/141

149
149
149
149
149

142.

to law.

ccs. photo 141 is 6-5 intent right to cc. letter at f 128 + f 122.
Please advise. M.S. #811 SP4/6c (2)

144..

Chief Commissioner:

(2)

Attnched is submitted for your signature
Information

E. C. C. Roffey 67-128. We will respond - 7/2 1967/8/1

th law
ccs. photo 141 intent
M.S. #811

142

151.

M.S. #811
ccs. photo 141 intent
M.S. #811

152.

Key 4. It is my 141 and minite 144. Please send
police request to 6-5 asking if they can
now let us have a reply. M.S. #811

ccs. photo 141 intent
M.S. #811

SP4/13/67

J.W. Tamm

C911

3/11/67

See 142
SP4/6c

SP4/6c

SP4/6c

SP4/6c

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4025. ④

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

FS

20. c.

215

AC 279 SEP 24 1946

Ref : I-15

14 September 1946

SUBJECT: Italian Trade Mission to Berlin.

TO : Chief Commissioner,
Allied Commission,
APO 791.
Attn: Economic Section.

Enclosed copies (3) of a NOTE VIREDALE which was sent by
the American Embassy, Rome to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, is
forwarded for your information and retention.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

V. F. Enders.

A. L. HABBLIN, *N.W.*
Colonel, CSC,
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5.

Encl : As above.

ALM/SWS/jr

E.S. Dist

See - 216

Chief Com.
Exec Com.
File

SEB 11 1946

3 26/9
R

(Cont'd)

214

No. 646

NOTE ISRAK

The Embassy of the United States of America presents its compliments to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and has the honor to extend an invitation, on behalf of the Office of Military Government, United States (OMGUS), to the Italian Government to send a trade mission to visit Berlin during the first days of October 1946 in order to discuss future trade possibilities between Italy and the United States zone of occupation of Germany.

The United States military authorities in Germany have requested that the Italian mission not exceed five persons and that the mission be thoroughly informed and authorized to complete specific trade arrangements.

The Embassy is informed that OMGUS is primarily interested in exploring the possibility of selling in Italy such products as cameras and other optical equipment, precision instruments, chemicals, dental and X-ray equipment, rubber manufacturing equipment, hops and other products. It is said that automobile spare parts may also be available soon for export. Imports from Italy must be limited to those products which are considered essential to the minimum economy which is now permitted in Germany, and must therefore consist principally of foodstuffs, seeds, fertilizers, insecticides, textile fibres and other basic raw materials and semi-finished products.

The Office of Military Government, United States, has also requested that, if an Italian mission is to be sent, the Italian Government furnish to OMGUS a list of its import requirements and of the products which it has available for export. It is hoped that this list, which may be transmitted to Berlin through this embassy, will be made available promptly in order that it may be studied by OMGUS at least ten days before the Italian mission reaches Berlin to initiate discussions.

The Embassy would appreciate receiving a reply from the Italian Government concerning this invitation as soon as possible, and if it is the intention to send a trade mission to Berlin, the Embassy would like to have the names of the Italian delegates and the probable date of their departure from Italy in order that the necessary travel clearances may be obtained without delay.

To the

Ministry of Foreign Affairs,

Rome.

Rome, September 5, 1946.

26. I. 1946

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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R
21

RE ALONE

27 1700

AIRHQ G FIVE

AUG 31 1946

4762

UNCLASSIFIED

200

PARA ONE TO REPORTER YOUR NAME CHARLES MAX WING FOUR FOUR ONE
THREE TWO SIX AUGUST ONE NINE FOUR SIX SUBJECT INFORMATION OF
PARCELS OF FOOD FRUIT AND VEGETABLES IN ITALIAN GOVERNMENT
TO GERMANY PD

PARA TWO TO BOTH ITALIAN GOVERNMENT AND TERRA DELL'ADRIATICO AND
KNOWLEDGE OF SUCH SHIPMENTS AND WILL APPROVE THIS ONLY IF
ENCLOSED FOR GERMAN PROPOSES WHICH REPORT IS ENCLOSED BY
AIRLINES WITH GERMANY PD

Copy for info Economic Section

See M 202

ROUTINE

3041

FOOD & AGRICULTURE BRANCH

ITALIAN PLACEMENT
DIV. MIL. AGT. 4524

263

Frank Gandy

R.R. GRAVE, L.D., 905, MARSHALL.

(LAW K)

*H. H. J.
H. H. J.*

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 185017

Burg Carr

C 60441
AUG 26 1946 B

4025.90

200
H/6044
AUG 27 1946 B
ROUTINE

AFHQ FROM C-5
ALCOM ROME

AUG 29 1946

UNCLASSIFIED.

At request USFET MR GEORGE QUALLS and S/ SGT M. LARASERT of
CMC BAVARIA have been authorised to contact officials of chamber
of commerce of BOLOGNA, VERONA, PADOVA and MILAN in connection with
shipment S of parcels so food, fruit, and vegetables being made by
Italian Government to Germans. Are these shipments actually being
made with knowledge and consent of Italian Government and does UNRRA
agree query.

AC DIST

ACTION	ECOM SEC	3
INFO	CHIEF COMMISSIONER	
	FOOD & AGRIC	2
FILE		
FLOAT	2	

3340

CSO

Send reply to this for C C base
NR 371***

P.A.

*Replies to A025 R1**199*

RESTRICTED

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
APO 512

EXTRACT FROM ADMINISTRATIVE MEMORANDUM NUMBER 8 OF 25 April 1946.

Local Procurement in Italy — Requisition or Purchase of Italian Imported Items.....I
Military Exports from Italy of Locally Procured Items.....II

II — MILITARY EXPORTS FROM ITALY OF LOCALLY PROCURED ITEMS

6. Local Italian purchases which have been paid for either in lire or charged directly to the Italian Government have been made and are being made by Allied Services procurement agencies for export for the direct support of Naval, Air and Ground Forces in countries other than ITALY. Some of these commodities are exported direct and others are stock-piled for general military use and are subsequently exported as a normal Service issue.

7. Records will be compiled and maintained of all military exports from ITALY which have taken place since 31 August 1945, i.e., the date of termination of combined military responsibility for the provision of essential civil supplies.

8. These records will be compiled and maintained by the Chief Accountant, Allied Supply Accounting Agency and procuring agencies will notify him within two months of the publication of this memorandum.

a. The actual quantities of all military exports effected between 1 September 1945, and the present time and the price paid therefor (or the lire value if not a cash transaction) and:

b. The actual quantities of all future exports and the price paid therefor (or for the lire value if not a cash transaction).

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

*3339
see in 4404/E**PA 73
2/12/46*

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~~RESTRICTED~~

LIST OF RESTRICTED ITEMS

- (a) All foods other than fruits and vegetables.
- (b) Livestock.
- (c) Lumber, building materials and allied products.
- (d) All fuels.
- (e) All medical supplies.
- (f) Agricultural machinery, pesticides, fertilizers, and seeds.
- (g) Steel and steel products.
- (h) Non ferrous metal and non ferrous metal products.
- (i) Cellulose, paper, and paper products.
- (j) All other materials, raw, finished and semi-finished, that are imported, at least in part.
- (k) Articles manufactured from imported items.

~~RESTRICTED~~

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RESCOURAGE

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ACR 96

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MS. 227.50

19. April 1946

APR 19 1946

My dear Prime Minister

Your Government by now, will have received communication from the American and British Commissions that, from a date to be notified by Allied Commission, the Italian Government will have the right of direct access through its Embassy in Washington, to the Combined Food Board and to the Reserved Commodity Committees in order to obtain allocation of goods, falling outside the UNRRA program, which are in short supply throughout the world. These are contained in the Reserved Commodity Lists consisting of the Reserved Commodity List of the Combined War Materials Board and the Reserved Commodity List of the Combined Food Board referred to the Ministry of Foreign Trade under AC/520/22/Day/Commerce dated 8th January 1946.

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It is decided therefore to inform your Government that, as from 21st April 1946, Allied Commission will not longer act as a channel for the obtaining of allocations of reserved commodity items for the Italian Government from the Combined Boards, Washington.

All correspondence received from the Ministry of Foreign Trade regarding requests for allocations of reserved commodities and held in suspense awaiting a decision from the Combined Boards to the overall allocations requested from Washington by RECOMMEND 119 on behalf of your Government, import requirements for the remainder of 1946, are being passed, in list form, to the Ministry of Foreign Trade. This will now require authorisation from this Ministry when notification of such allocation is received by your Government, through the channel indicated in paragraph one above.

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- 2 -

Copies of all NCC Signals, sent to Washington by
Allied Commission requesting allocations of Reserved Com-
modities, and to which no reply to date has been received,
will be forwarded to the Ministry of Foreign Trade.

Yours very truly,

M. S.
Brigadier
Acting Chief Commissioner

Dott. Alcide De Gasperi
President of the Council of Ministers
Italian Government
Rome

Distribution

Office of the Chief Commissioner
Office of the Executive Commissioner
Av. P. Economic Section
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Ministry of Foreign Trade
United States Embassy
British Embassy
Commerce Branch

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APR 25
P.R.

Loy. Com 194

ADM 463

R/ 1931

ADM. 121900A

ADM. 121500
APR 13 1946
to 1946

ACABRIE VIENNA TRADE GENERAL INFORMATION

ADM. ALCOA, 121900A 15 APR 13 CZECH MOBILIZATION PLANS FOR CAPTAINS ROWE FOR
GENERAL ISSUE

UNCLASSIFIED

1. All existing representatives from Economic and Finance Divisions to Vienna to take opportunity presence there ARA and Alcom representatives on UNRRA conference on 13th April to discuss financial arrangements for use of Savaria/Trieste line and port of Trieste for general export and import purpose i.e. for austrian world trade.
2. Consider it now matter of urgency to set up arrangements on lines as normal as possible and to clear ground without delay for possible Italo-austrian talks in this regard.
3. Representatives will be Lt Col HALLER Economic and Lt Col RECK Finance who are also joining Transport Division representatives for railway discussions at Villach on 17th April. They will require visit Trieste for discussions with Port Detachment.
4. Would be grateful if ARA and Alcom representatives attending UNRRA Conference could be briefed on this subject.

ADM 463

ACTION -	1219 24
	FINANCIAL 24
INFO -	CHIEF COMMANDER
	AL COM
	SCOM 1219 2
	PAGE 2
	FLO 2

3334

PA 15
Sgt. [Signature]

GP 13/4 APR 1946

K.B. 1514

DECAT

ARMED FORCES HEADQUARTERS
APO 512

ADMINISTRATIVE MEMORANDUM

NUMBER

March 1946

LOCAL PROCUREMENT IN ITALY

I. REQUISITION OR PURCHASE OF ITALIAN IMPORTED ITEMS

1. General

Civil imports for ITALY (with the exception of VENETIA and the province of Udine) are no longer a military responsibility.

The import of civil supplies including coal is now the responsibility of civilian agencies working directly with the Italian Government. Assistance where necessary, is given by the Allied Commission.

2. Allied Service procurement agencies have in the past obtained many of their requirements by local procurement in ITALY and it is appreciated that this practice cannot be terminated at short notice.

3. Future Policy

It is not desirable that Allied Forces should restrict their local procurement of articles included in the Italian Civil Import programme or manufactured wholly or partially from items included in the Italian Civil Import programme to essentials which are urgently required and cannot be procured in time from any other sources.

4. Procedure

a. Under para 7 of Section II of AFHQ Administrative Memorandum No. 52 of 1945 it is laid down that no items which are included in the Italian Import programme or articles manufactured from items included in the Import programme will be procured without prior reference to the CAO through G-5 Section, AFHQ. Appendix "A" to this Instruction extends the list of Restricted Items to include all those items included in the Italian Import programme or articles manufactured from items included in the Import programme and cancels the list of Restricted Items in Appendix "A" to AFHQ Administrative Memorandum No. 54 of 1945.

b. With effect from the publication of this Instruction local procurement by Allied Forces of items on the revised list of Restricted Items will be dealt with according to the procedure in AFHQ Memo No. 54 of 1945, Section II, para 4, if the Italian Ministry or an Agentive representative states that no surplus above essential civil needs exists upon that date. Items procured are included in the Italian Import programme.

Allied Services buying directly with the Allied Commission,
where necessary, is given by the Allied Commission.

2. Allied Service procurement agencies have in the past obtained many of their requirements by local procurement in ITALY and it is appreciated that this practice cannot be terminated at short notice.

3. Future Policy

It is not desirable that Allied Forces should restrict their local procurement of articles included in the Italian Civil import programme or manufactured wholly or partially from items included in the Italian Civil import programme to essentials which are urgently required and cannot be procured in time from any other source.

4. Procedure

- a. Under para 7 of Section II of APHQ Administrative Memorandum No. 54 of 1945 it is laid down that no items which are included in the Italian Import programme or articles manufactured from items included in the Import programme will be procured without prior reference to the CAO through C-5 Section, APHQ. Appendix "A" to this Instruction extends the list of Restricted Items to include all those items included in the Italian Import programme or articles manufactured from items included in the Import programme and cancels the List of Restricted Items in Appendix "A" to APHQ Administrative Memorandum No. 54 of 1945.

b. With effect from the publication of this Instruction local procurement by Allied Forces of items on the revised List of Restricted Items will be dealt with according to the procedure in APHQ Adm. Memo No. 54 of 1945, Section II, para 4. If the Italian Ministry of War represents that no surplus above essential civil needs exists up to that date the items being procured are included in the Italian Import programme and it is still desired to make the purchase the Allied Service procurement agency concerned will forward to the CAO through C-5 Section APHQ a full justification for the procurement which will include:-

- i. Project for which required and urgency.
- ii. Raw materials required to complete project.
- iii. Availability of raw materials from military or other sources.

Before forwarding the application to CAO, C-5 will add on their comments which will include:-

- i. Extent to which raw materials to be provided from civil sources form part of the Italian civil import programme.
- ii. Recommendations of appropriate relief agency in ITALY. (Allied Commission or UNRRA as the case may be.)

d. The only exception to the above will be existing uncompleted contracts and in cases where procurement has already commenced prior to contract being effected, providing such procurement does not continue for more than two months from the date of publication of this

- 2 -

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(instruction. Procurement agreements continuing longer than TWO months will be reviewed in accordance with para 4 b. and c. above.

5. When procurement authority has been obtained in accordance with the above procedure, Allied Commission wil wnsure that C.I.A.I. accord priority release of materials to the extent authorised for military purposes.

II. MILITARY EXPORTS FROM ITALY OR LOCALLY PROCURED ITEMS

6. Local Italian purchases which have been paid for either in lire or charged directly to the Italian Government have been made and are being made by Allied Services procurement agencies for export for the direct support of Naval, Air, and Ground Forces in countries other than ITALY. Some of these commodities are exported direct and others are stock-piled for general military use and are subsequently exported as a normal Service issue.

7. Records will be compiled and maintained of all military exports from ITALY which have taken place since 31 Aug 45 i.e., the date of termination of combined military responsibility for the provision of essential civil supplies.

8. These records will be compiled and maintained by the Chief Accountant, Allied Supply Accounting Agency and procuring agencies will notify him within two months of the publication of this memorandum:

a. the actual quantities of all military exports effected between 1 Sept 45 and the present time and the price paid therefor (or the lire value if not a cash transaction) and,

b. the actual quantities of all future exports and the price paid therefor (or the lire value if not a cash transaction).

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Allied Commission (Austria)	5	Inf
UNRRA (ITALY)	5	Historical Sec(Br) MILSTAFF
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*4025 41**188*HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
ECONOMIC SECTION

Ref: E3/153

5 April 1946

SUBJECT: Reserve Commodity List

APR 9 1946

TO : Executive Commissioner

1. A meeting was held in my office on this date with Lt. Col. Timmons, Capt. Rothery, Mr. Simmons of the British Embassy, and Mr. Ainsworth of the United States Embassy, to discuss the transfer of responsibility to the Italian Government for making representations to the Combined Food Board and to the Combined Commodity Committees. Mr. Ainsworth presented the attached draft of a note verbale from the United States Embassy. Mr. Simmons presented the Foreign Office instructions to the British Embassy, which followed much the same line as the note verbale which had been prepared by the United States Embassy.

2. The problem: How and when to accomplish transfer of RCL functions from the Allied Commission to the Italian Government.

3. View of the Economic Section: It is believed that, following the transmission of notes from the Embassies to the Italian Government, ALCOM should advise the Italian Government of its intention to cease the RCL function as of a stated date. (This should be an early date.) ALCOM should further inform the Italian Government on all cases now pending before the Combined Boards and suggest that further representation to the Boards or Committees be made through Italian Embassy channels.

4. Mr. Ainsworth's Views: It appeared to be the view of Mr. Ainsworth that as a condition precedent to the turn-over, the Italian Government should indicate how it will carry on the functions after they are transferred. It is also to be noted that the United States draft touches on commodities not in the RCL list but on the United States "positive list". The "positive list" is a United States export control list from which importing countries likewise have to obtain allocations.

5. Mr. Simmons' Views: Mr. Simmons felt that the British note would probably be confined more closely to the transfer of RCL responsibilities. It appears that there are also commodities, the export of which is controlled from Great Britain, in a letter somewhat similar to the "positive list".

6. A further discussion will be held on this subject early next week after the notes have been transmitted. Hence this is but an interim report.

Charles W. Walton 3330
CHARLES W. WALTON
Colonel, AC
Acting Vice President

YDR
Enc. 1 - Note Verbale

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Draft

NOTE VERBAL

The Embassy of the United States of America presents its compliments to the Royal Ministry of Foreign Affairs and has the honor to submit the particulars of information now received from the Department of State regarding the manner in which Italian foreign trade may be brought within the framework of the International (Combined) allocating bodies insofar as concerns the movement of commodities which are in short supply throughout the world and which, accordingly, are subject to international controls on a cooperative basis.

It is the Embassy's understanding that the Italian Government is disposed to act in harmony with other nations toward accomplishment of the objective sought, which is to obtain an equitable distribution of scarce commodities among the several claimant countries, and that to that end the Italian Government will take such steps as may be necessary to obtain and administer the import allocations recommended for Italy to assure that any surpluses of scarce commodities which may be available for export from Italy are notified to the international allocating bodies concerned for equitable distribution among other countries and subsequently exported in accordance with the recommendations of the allocating bodies.

The Embassy is informed by the Department of State that the Italian Government will in the future have the right of direct access to the Combined Food Board and to the Combined Commodity Committees. Such approach on behalf of Italy has in the past been maintained through combined military channels. The Commerce Sub-Commission of the Allied Commission will no longer be available as a channel of communication with the appropriate authorities in Washington, effective upon an appropriate date to be mutually decided between the Italian Government and the Allied Commission, and the Italian Government will thereafter be able to maintain direct contacts with the with the allocating bodies concerned through its embassy in Washington. By such direct contact the Italian Government may seek to meet its requirements for materials outside of the current UNRRA program, which are still under international allocation. Correspondingly, it may so keep the international bodies informed regarding any surpluses of commodities under allocation which are available in Italy for export.

With regard to Italian import requirements of commodities under allocation

noted by

3 JU 9

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-2-

Under allocation (RCI items), it is requested that Italian requirements be submitted if possible in the form of over-all annual or semi-annual programs, rather than on an ad hoc basis, and that the requirements be coordinated with the Italian Mission of UNRRA in order to avoid duplication with the UNRRA program. Notification that such action has been taken should be indicated in the Italian program of requirements, for the information of the international committees concerned. In order to facilitate consultations with the Combined Food Board and other committees, it is hoped that the Government will also transmit copies of the Italian programs of requirements, and later alterations or subsidiary requests, to this Embassy and also to the British Ministry of Food Mission in Rome.

Inasmuch as the Italian Government has already submitted through the Allied Commission a preliminary program of imports requirements for 1946 for commodity under allocation, and has coordinated those requirements with the Italian Mission of UNRRA, the Embassy recognizes that the suggestions transmitted by the Department of State as set forth in the preceding paragraph are already known to the Italian Government, and are therefore repeated here only for corroboration in connection with subsequent amendments or additions to the initial program.

With regard to Italian exports of commodities under allocation, which may consist largely of cotton goods and tobacco goods and of certain foodstuffs, the Department of State suggests that:

(a) the Italian Government may soon expect to be informed regarding the exact manner in which Italy will be associated regarding the draft charter in which Italy will be associated with the Combined Textile Committee in Washington, for this matter is presently under discussion, and that

(b) Italian exportable surplus of foodstuffs which are subject to international allocations should be communicated at the same time through Italian Embassy channels to both the Combined Food Board in Washington and London; that is, to the Combined Food Board in Washington, and to the Food and Agricultural Sub-Committee of the Emergency Economic Committee for Europe (EECE) in London.

In that connection, the Department of State understands that Italy will shortly be invited by the ECCE to associate herself with the various activities of that body in which Italy may have an interest and, in particular, with the 332nd and Agriculture Sub-Committees.

In finalizing the proposed resolution, the Embassy believes it opportune to seek the views of the Italian

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Government regarding the procedures which the Government proposed to adopt in order to (a) coordinate the program for importing materials subject to international allocation with the program of imports of the same commodities by UNRRA, so that conflict of the latter with purchases by Italian Government purchasing abroad or by private Italian importers may be avoided, (b) to administer the export quotas allocated to Italy by international bodies in such a manner that the quotas are neither exceeded (as the purpose of other claimants) nor incompletely utilized (to Italy's own loss), and (c) to control the distribution of supplies of scarce commodities which are available for export, so as to conform to the distribution patterns recommended by international allocation bodies.

The Ambassador has particular interest in receiving a detailed reply to these inquiries (perhaps direct from the Ministry of Foreign Trade, which is understood to be the competent agency under existing legislation) in view of the fact that the United States is not only a leading supplier of many of the commodities subject to international allocation but also maintains export controls (through its "negative list"), over a number of additional commodities which fall in Article 1 for which Italy must accordingly request allocations, involving administrative procedures and procedures similar to those resulting from international allocations.

In this connection the Ambassador values this opportunity to restate his desire to be of assistance to the Government with regard to any aspects of trade relations between the United States and Italy which may be in need of clarification, and his desire to cooperate with the Government and with other interested agencies in any committee or other coordinating body which the Government may suggest for dealing with these important trade problems.

Copies of this communication have been sent to the Italian Commission, the Italian Mission of UNRRA and to the Italian Embassy, which it is understood is addressing a similar note to the Royal Ministry of Economic Affairs.

~~4025-A~~

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SECRET

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
AFO 394
ECONOMIC SECTION

SECRET

13091/P

1 April 1946

SUBJECT : Coordination of Military Procurement
in Italy with Civilian Supply Programs.
TO : Assistant Chief of Staff,
G-5 Section, AFHQ.

181

1. I refer to your letter P-10 of 26 March, 1946, entitled "Requisition or Purchase of Italian Imported Items and Military Exports of Locally Procured Items".
2. The suggested list of restricted items, prepared by U.N.R.R.A. and concurred in by this Headquarters, is as follows:
 - (a) All foods other than fruits and vegetables.
 - (b) Livestock.
 - (c) Lumber, building materials and allied products.
 - (d) All fuels.
 - (e) All medical supplies.
 - (f) Agricultural machinery, pesticides, fertilisers, and seeds.
 - (g) Steel and steel products.
 - (h) Non ferrous metal and non ferrous metal products.
 - (i) Cellulose, paper, and paper products.
 - (j) All other materials, raw, finished and semi-finished, that are imported, at least in part.
 - (k) Articles manufactured from imported items.

3324

*See MR 5/4
See MR 5/4
See MR 5/4*

(MR 5/4)

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3. We note that the financial settlement statements that appeared in the first draft have now been eliminated. We recommend, in para. 2 of our 13091/P of 29 March, 1946, that this be done.

(180)

4. We would recommend that para. 4, g., ii, be revised to read, "recommendations of appropriate relief agency in Italy (UNRRA for procurement in Italian Government territory; ANG Udine for Udine Province, ANG Venetia Giulia for Zone 'A', Venetia Giulia)".

(f6)

5. As regards para. 5 in the draft Administrative Memorandum, we would recommend that it be revised to read as follows, "When procurement authority has been obtained in accordance with the above procedure, O-5 Section will, through the Allied Commission, ensure that the Italian Government accord priority release of materials to the extent authorized for military purposes". We suggest the elimination of reference to C.I.A.I., as it is undesirable to attempt to state just which organ of the Italian Government will handle the function for the Government. The function of approaching the Italian Government in Rome for the necessary releases can later be transferred, by amendment to the Administrative Memorandum, to the Advance O-5 contemplated by TAN 650.

CHARLES W. WALTON
Acting Vice President
Economic Section.

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ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

Ref: F-10

26 March 1946

SUBJECT: Requisition or Purchase of Italian
Imported Items and Military Exports of
Locally Procured Items.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394
(attn. Economic Section)

Reference AFHQ letters F-10 date 15 February 1946, 25 February 1946,
and 21 March 1946.

1. Enclosed is revised draft Administrative Memorandum divided into two sections. The first providing for the control of requisitions or purchases of Italian imported items, and the second providing for the recording of all military exports from ITALY, or locally procured items, since 31 August 1945.
2. This draft Administrative Memorandum has not yet been co-ordinated with Staff Branches and Services as we have not yet received the revised list of restricted items which will form the basis of Appendix "A" to this Memorandum.
3. Your comments, and early return of this draft Memorandum together with your proposed list of restricted items will be appreciated.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

F. J. Hunter Jr.

A. L. Hanlon Jr.
Brigadier General, GSC
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5

Incl.

Copy to: C.A.O.

see folio 183

WFO 20 1370

4025 51

178

13091/F

24 March 1946

MAR 29 1946

SUBJECT : Military Exports from Italy.

TO : Assistant Chief of Staff
G-5 Section, AFHQ.

1. I write with reference to your letter F-10
of 21 March, 1946, subject as above.

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2. I am in full agreement with the statement in
your paragraph 1 that the question of payment is one
for ultimate decision by the U.S. and U.K. Governments.
However, the immediate question raised in my letter
13091/F of 6 March, 1946, related rather to the
keeping of adequate records, and I pointed out in
my paragraph 4 that the financial treatment of
military exports from Italy involved Peace Treaty
considerations. The question of records would appear
to be a matter of combined interest and therefore of
concern to COS. If the final decision of your HQ
is that no records prior to 1 September, 1945, are to
be kept, I would recommend that paragraph 3 of the
draft Administrative Memorandum be revised to state
such decision as a fact, and that all reference as to
the ultimate financial settlement be omitted.

3. As regards your paragraph 2, I was not aware
that any military exports effected at the present
time by U.S. forces in Italy are paid for by dollar
credits. I am under the impression that the only
current dollar credits the Italian Government receives
from the U.S. Government on military account arise³³² from
U.S. net troop expenditure and the encashment
of dollar checks held by repatriated Italian ex-POW.
Since U.S. military purchases of Italian goods and
services are not at the present time reflected in
dollar credits, but rather are chargeable as occupation
costs, I should be grateful for information as to

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what procedure is used, either within the Theatre or in Washington, to segregate military export expenditure, in order that such expenditures are matched by current dollar credits.

4. I have one further general comment on the draft memorandum. As regards paragraph 4 (a) (iv), inasmuch as U.N.R.R.A. has had from 1 January, 1946, the responsibility for the United Nations supply program for Italy, I feel that where the Italian Government state in the case of any commodity that no surplus above essential civil needs exists, the Service desiring to effect the purchase should include in its presentation of the case the recommendation of U.N.R.R.A. rather than that of the Allied Commission.

To/ Ellery W. Stone
ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

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Expt Comm

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

Ref: F-10

21 March 1946

MAR 30 1946

SUBJECT: Military Exports from Italy

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission
APO 394

Reference your letter 13091/F dated 6
March 1946.

1. It is considered that the question of payment for their respective military exports from Italy is one for independent decision by the British and U.S. Governments rather than by the Combined Chiefs of Staff.

2. Exports for U.S. purposes have greatly diminished and those that are continuing are being paid for by dollar credits. It is understood that no question is raised in respect to U.S. purchases.

3. The problem therefore only concerns exports by the British. War Office advice has been sought as to whether or not records should be kept of military exports and as to whether or not the Italian Government should receive any compensation for such exports. War Office have advised that, while records should be kept of military exports, the question of financial settlement should be left open for the Peace Treaty. There is no intention therefore to provide in the administrative memorandum for anything more than the keeping of records of exports being made by the military.

4. In regard to the comments in para. 3 of your letter, from a military point of view it is very doubtful whether accurate records even as far back as 1 September 1945 can be provided, and, if an earlier date were selected, the records would be even more inaccurate. Further, as prior to 1 September 1945 civil supplies were a combined military responsibility, it would be impracticable to work out how much of the excess of exports over imports is a legitimate credit to the Italian Government.

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5. The draft memorandum forwarded with our letter F-10 dated 25 February 1946 had not been agreed by other staff branches prior to despatch and it is likely to be modified considerably before publication. It would be appreciated, therefore, if you would forward any further comments or proposed amendments to the draft in light of the policy outlined above, so that these can be considered when the memorandum is re-drafted.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

(Sgd) Parsons, Brigadier

for A. L. HAMBLIN
Brigadier General, GSC
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5

Copy to: CAO

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
C-5 Section
APO 512

20 March 1946

Dear Carr

On 11th March, I asked Lush to hasten the submission by AC, of the list of "Local Resource" items which they considered should be included in the "Restricted" list referred to in para 4 of our letter, F-10 dated 15 February 1946.

In reply, Lush has referred me to AC letter ref. 13091/F of 6 March. This letter unfortunately deals with a different subject, and is in fact, a reply to our letter F-10 of 25 February 1946. 169

Will you please, therefore, hasten AC reply to para 4 of this HQ letter ref. F-10 dated 15 February 1946, as, pending its receipt, the question of "Co-ordination of Military Procurement in Italy with Allied Civilian Supply Programmes" cannot be pursued.

Brig. M. Carr,
Executive Commissioner,
Allied Commission.

P.S. You

T

c/s/e May 11
Please advise for early

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EC DIST 22

IMMEDIATE ACTION - ECON SEC

BU 25/3

act 8.182.

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(MM) H SK 5/4

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Ref: 4025/175/20

March 1946

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On March 13th you called my attention to para 3 of P-10 dated 25 February 46 and asked for a reply. I find that a reply was sent in our 1309/F dated 6 March 1946.

(sgd) H. S. Lush

Brigadier P.G.A. Parsons
Deputy Asst. Chief of Staff
G-5, AFHQ.

331X

P.A. J. 3
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~~4026 AF~~

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Ex.C.

2 ~~Feb 20, 1946~~
6 March 1946

MAR 7 1946

SUBJECT : Military Exports from Italy

TO : Assistant Chief of Staff
G-5 Section
AFHQ (64)

1. I write with reference to your letter P-10 of 25 February, 1946, regarding military exports from Italy.

2. Analysis of the draft Administrative Memorandum attached to your letter reveals the following different points of view:

(a) Allied Commission's recommendations to you for suggested forwarding to CCS;

(i) the Italian Government, to offset its obligations to the Allied Governments, should receive credit for supplies exported on a military basis prior to 1 September, 1945, the date of termination of the combined military responsibility for civilian supply imports into Italy;

(ii) for military exports from Italy after such date, the Italian Government should receive current reimbursement in foreign exchange.

(b) AFHQ's preliminary views:

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(i) military exports prior to 1 September, 1945, are deemed to be a proper charge against the Italian Government, and no records of such exports are to be kept;

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(ii) after that date the Italian Government would be credited with the value of all military exports as an offset against the Italian debt to the Allied Governments.

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3. You indicate in your paragraph 2 that the immediate need is for a clear-cut accounting procedure whereby all military export costs can be segregated to allow of ultimate adjustment. I am in accord with this view and the draft Administrative Memorandum attached to my letter 20,00 of 14 December, 1945, entitled "Coordination of Military Procurement in Italy with Allied Civilian Supply Program" suggested an accounting procedure which would record all military exports prior to 1 September, 1945, as well as ones subsequent to that date. The memorandum attached to your letter would not if issued provide any record for the period prior to 1 September, 1945, and thus would not appear to constitute the "proper accounts" mentioned in your paragraph 3. The question of maintaining suitable records is, I suggest, separate from the question of the type of credit (current or eventual offset) that Italy should receive for military exports.

4. I would also suggest that a decision at this time on the financial treatment of military exports from Italy involves high policy questions which may be considered in connection with the Italian Peace Treaty. Paragraph 3 of your draft Administrative Memorandum seeks to make a determination within the Theatre which, in my view and that of the U.S. and British Embassies, can only be made by CCS. You may therefore wish to reconsider my recommendation that the whole question be laid before CCS for decision.

3316

John W. Stone

JOHN W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR,
Chief Commissioner.

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COPY

4025-4

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-3 Section
APO 511

Ref: P-10

25 February 1946

SUBJECT: Military Exports from Italy MAR 1 1946

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 354

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Reference your letter 20.00 dated 14 December
(paras 7 - 9) and 10c) and your letter 20.00/28 of even
date (Financial problems).

22

1. The problem of military exports is now largely
a matter of accounting for the past. At present all such
exports have ceased on American account and are much
reduced on British account. A British Administrative In-
struction is about to be issued which will minimize pro-
curement from Italian sources both for use within ITALY
and for military export. This instruction will further
ensure that the interested agency (e.g. Allied Commission
or UNRRA) will in all instances have an opportunity of
screening such requirements against the Italian civil
import programme before procurement is authorised.

2. While it is agreed that ITALY should not bear
the ultimate cost of military exports it is difficult
to justify the placing of dollar/sterling credits to the
value of such exports at her disposal. The Italian debt
to the Allies is enormous and, with the contribution to
UNRRA, is continually increasing. Thus the equitable 3.515
course is to allow the value of these exports as a paper
credit to ITALY thereby reducing her total indebtedness.
The immediate need is a clear cut accounting procedure
whereby all military export costs can be segregated to
allow of ultimate adjustment.

See h.w.

P.A. 63

SPW
4/24/6

(Recd. 11)

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- 2 -

3. In order to ensure that proper accounts are available, an Administrative Memorandum will be published in the near future. A preliminary draft, not yet cleared at AFHQ is attached for your information and for such comments as you may wish to make.

4. It is not considered feasible to place future military exports on a commercial basis. British Administrative Instruction and the AFHQ Administrative Memorandum about to be published should have the effect of reducing the volume of military exports to almost negligible proportions.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

(Sgd) P. G. A. PARSONS,
Brigadier,
Acting Assistant Chief of Staff, G-S.

3314

Copy to: GAO.

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DATE 10-07-2014 BY SP-5300

167
1025 P
DATA
ARMED FORCES INFORMATION CENTER
S-5 SECTION
MAY 1942

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-07-2014 BY SP-5300

167
1025 P
DATA
ARMED FORCES INFORMATION CENTER
S-5 SECTION
MAY 1942
1. Local liaison purchases, which have been paid
for either in lire or obtained directly to the Italian
Government, have been made up to the Italian
Government Purchasing Agencies for export for the direct
export of raw, air and ground forces. Some of these
commodities are purchased directly and others are proc-
ured from general military use and are subsequently ex-
ported as a surplus service item. All such military exports
are a doubtful source of revenue and a heavy loss
to the economy of the country.

167
1025 P
DATA
ARMED FORCES INFORMATION CENTER
S-5 SECTION
MAY 1942
1. Local liaison purchases, which have been paid
for either in lire or obtained directly to the Italian
Government, have been made up to the Italian
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export of raw, air and ground forces. Some of these
commodities are purchased directly and others are proc-
ured from general military use and are subsequently ex-
ported as a surplus service item. All such military exports
are a doubtful source of revenue and a heavy loss
to the economy of the country.

167
1025 P
DATA
ARMED FORCES INFORMATION CENTER
S-5 SECTION
MAY 1942

1. Local dealers purchased, which have been paid for either in lire or chied directly to the Italian Government, have been made and are being made by United Service Representatives Agents for export for the direct import of naval, air and ground forces. Some of these are a double purpose to the Italian treasury and a commodity exports called for general military use and are subsequently exported under a normal service name. All these double exports are a commodity exports to the Italian Government and they are a commodity exports to the country of the country.
2. It is contrary to the instructions of the Comitato Cittadino of October 1945 to export commodities which are being imported under the Lavori Import Plan, or which are manufactured from commodities imported under that plan without permission of the Lavori Commission. These restrictions will apply to military exports. In order to comply with these instructions it is necessary for the government to set out currently informed concerning those goods which may not be exported.
3. Military exports prior to 1 September 1945, the date of termination of centralized industry responsibility for the protection of essential civil enterprises in Italy, and those which are destined to the Italian Government, the Italian Government will be operated with the value of all military exports as an offset after that date, however, the Italian Government will be to do a proper charge against the Italian Government, for the protection of essential civil enterprises, are deemed to be the Italian debt to the United Government.
4. The following restrictions will govern the 331^a military export from Italian territory of any commodity required in Italy.
- (a) With effect from the 2nd January of this 1946, restrictions will be imposed to make the purchase, the service contract will forward to the purchases, the 2nd January, and those imports will be dealt with according to the procedures in the 2nd January addenda.

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- 2 -

- (i) Extent to which items form part of the Italian Civil Import programme.
 - (ii) Project for which required and urgency.
 - (iii) Availability from military or other sources.
 - (iv) Recommendations of appropriate relief agency in ITALY (Allied Commission or UNRRA, as the case may be).
- (b) Upon export, the procuring agency will notify the Chief Accountant, Allied Supply Accounting Agency of the actual quantities exported and the price paid therefor (or the lire value if not a cash transaction).

5. In order to ensure that records of such military exports are complete, procuring agencies will notify the Chief Accountant Allied Supply Accounting Agency of all military exports effected between 1 September 1945 and the present time.

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462594 Xeror VC Commission

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY COMMISSION
APO 394
LOGISTIC SECTION

462594 | 64
cc/d

FM-425-1

16 February 1946

SUBJECT: Resumption of TT Program

TO : Interministerial Committee for Reconstruction.

1. The Italian Government has already been informed through the U.S. Embassy that the United States Government has terminated procurement for account of Italian Government as of February 1, 1946. Whatever balance is now left in the Special Troop Pay Account will be placed, with certain restrictions, at the disposal of the Italian Government.

2. As of January 15, 1946, TT requisitions will no longer be processed through the U.S. State Department, but the Department will continue to see that goods procured under TT requisitions go forward to port. Cargo coordination and expediting functions are to be taken over by the Italian Technical Delegation. Beginning with February sailing, shipping documents for all TT cargoes will be passed on to the Italian Technical Delegation for transmittal through its channels to the Italian Government. Current information on status of procurement and shipment of TT supplies will therefore no longer be available to the Italian Government through the Allied Commission.

3. Past records pertaining to the Troop Pay Doller Program are held in the Requisition Branch of the Allied Commission. They are at the complete disposal of the appropriate agencies of the Italian Government.

4. As notified to the Italian Government in the Chief Commissioner's letter of 23 January 1946, the Allied Commission will continue to forward to the combined supply authorities in Washington Italian requirements for reserved commodity list commodities, over and above those programs, pending other arrangements.

5. No changeover is necessary for procurement in the United Kingdom since it is already handled through the Italian purchasing agents there.

Horan Cleveland

HAROLD CLAYTON
Acting Vice President

3311

As of January 15, 1946, the negotiations will no longer be prosecuted through the U.S. State Department, but the Department will continue to see that prompt payment under the negotiations go forward. Current administration and expenditure functions are to be taken over by the Italian Technical Delegation. Beginning with February earnings, discharging documents for all TV contributions will be passed on to the Italian Governmental Negotiation Commission for transmission to the Italian Government. Current information on status of procurement and settlement of TV regulation will therefore be available to the Italian Government through the Allied Commission.

2. Part records pertinent to the "Free Pay Dollar Program" are held in the Negotiation Branch of the Allied Commission. They are at the complete disposal of the appropriate agencies of the Italian Government.
As outlined to the Italian Government in the Allied Commission's letter of 22 January 1946, the Allied Commission will continue to forward to the combined supply authorities in Washington Treasury requirements for General Commodity List commodities, over and above TVR progress, pending other arrangements.

3. No change order is necessary for procurement in the United States since it is already handled through the Italian purchasing agent there.

Harlan Cleveland
3311

HARLAN CLEVELAND
Acting Vice President

RECORDED

Chairman, Council on
Negotiations of Foreign Trade
Secretary of Treasury & Commerce
U. S. Treasury (Allied Economic Commission)
British Embassy
Italian Agency, Office of Economic Coordination
Allied Commission
Representative Commission
Supply Group (Equipment Branch)
Commerce Department
Defense S/P
Finance S/P
WPA (Allied Chief of Mission)

1/16
H.A.P.J.
J.W.G.

1/21/46
J.W.G.

162

Ref: 4025/163/M.

25 February 1946.

SUBJECT: Coordination of Military Procurement
in Italy with Allied Civilian Supply
Programmes.

TO : Vice President,
Economic Section.

(162)

1. I am afraid I have caused delay in sending you the attached letter (Ref: P-40 dated 15 Feb 46 from C-5 AFHQ). You will note that AFHQ have not dealt with military exports and a reminder on this point should be sent on 5th March if nothing has arrived by then.

2. Will you work out the list suggested in para 4 and discuss the matter with the Chief Commissioner and myself when this is ready.

M S LSH

MIL/JG.

Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

RENT his opinion for
MIL EXP. to get off
with him

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in next draft.

RENT

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162

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

Ref: P-10

15 February 1946

FEB 19 1946

SUBJECT: Co-ordination of Military Procurement in ITALY
with Allied Civilian Supply Programmes.

TO : Chief Commissioner,
Allied Commission.

Reference your letter 20.00 dated 14 December paras 1-6 and
10(a) and (b).

1. AFHQ has seen no evidence to show that military procurement
in ITALY is causing "grave damage" to the Italian economy. It is
doubtful whether, even during hostilities, such procurement (entirely
admissible under the armistice terms) was ever on a scale large enough
to injure Italian economy seriously; and now that such procurement is
dwindling it is an economic inconvenience rather than an economic danger.
Moreover, it should be noted that for the maintenance of internal law
and order and the protection of her interests on disputed frontiers,
ITALY depends in the last resort on the Allied Forces, and that it is
entirely proper that she should make some contribution to their
maintenance.

2. It is also not the case that the Allied Forces procure in ITALY
on any considerable scale for the maintenance of the civilian population
of certain liberated areas. Except in so far as Military Government
authorities may in emergency draw on military stocks which contain a
proportion of Italian-produced items, AFHQ has resorted to direct
procurement in ITALY for civil account elsewhere only in a very few cases
of grave urgency when such procurement was a matter of military necessity.
Now that the Italian and Austrian Governments have set up proper
procedure for regulating Italo-Austrian trade, these occasions are not
likely to recur.

3. AFHQ agrees, however, with your contention that local military
procurement should be properly co-ordinated with the Allied-financed
civilian supply programmes, so as to ensure that materials specially
imported or earmarked for the rehabilitation of ITALY are devoted to that
purpose and are not diverted from it by military procurement. As far as
imported supplies or items on the "restricted" list are concerned, ^{>this} ^{is} ⁴
is controlled under AFHQ Administrative Memorandum 54 dated 31 December
1945, Section II, paras 4 and 7.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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4. AFHQ concurs in principle with the suggestion in para 6 of your letter that this control should be extended to those local resources which form an essential part of the Italian rehabilitation programme, by including them in the "restricted" list (AFHQ Administrative Memorandum 54/45 Appendix "A"). Allied Commission are, therefore, requested to work out and submit a ~~proposed~~ list of such items to AFHQ. They will then be examined to see how far this proposal can be adopted without undue prejudice to the needs of the Allied Forces in the theatre.
5. The question of military exports (paras 7-9 and 10(e) of your letter under reference) will be dealt with separately.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN,

Seal 16G

P. G. A. Parsons

P. G. A. PARSONS
Brigadier,
Acting Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5.

Concurred: CAO

Copy to:

CAO
Financial Adviser
Fiscal Director
"Q"
ST
Ord
G/S MTO
C-4

3308

Declassified S.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

14025-47

159

Q D R Y

ALLIED FORCES HEADQUARTERS
O-5 Section
APO 512

Ref: F-12

17 February 1946

SUBJECT: Economic Policy - VENEZIA GIULIA

Econ Sec Dist

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 512

ACTIONS: Supply & Fin.

Reference your 13260/F dated 19 Jan 46.

INFO: So datt-

1. The principle to be adopted is that VENEZIA GIULIA should as far as possible be treated economically as a part of ITALY, and NOT as a separate economic entity. Under TAN 696 maximum utilization should be made of ITALIAN resources which should be provided by the ITALIAN Government without any current compensation in foreign exchange.

44

2. The question of customs barriers is covered by our letter E-6 of 10 Jan 46.

3. It is requested that you will acquaint the ITALIAN Government of this ruling as soon as possible and maintain your request to them to continue to ensure the normal flow of indigenous supplies into VENEZIA GIULIA. In this connection your Es/i.A7/C dated 18 Jan to the President of the Council of Ministers is noted. In conveying the ruling to the ITALIAN Government care should be taken, however, to avoid giving the impression that this ruling is to be construed as in any way prejudging the ultimate disposal of the territory.

4. The question of the future machinery for procuring indigenous supplies for VENEZIA GIULIA in ITALY must necessarily depend on the CCS reply to NAT 965. If the proposals in NAT 965 are agreed, procurement in ITALY will continue to be handled by the Economic Section of the modified ALOC. It will be necessary for AMO VENEZIA GIULIA to set up its own procurement machinery in ITALY only if the CCS final decision follows the lines of para 2 of TAN 694.

BY ORDER OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN

See h. 160
See g. 99 P.P.

1/c P. G. A. PARKER,

Brigadier,

Copy to: XIII Corps for AMO Acting Assistant Chief of Staff, S-5. 3307
CAG
C/S STOUSA POLAD (US)
S-4 AD
POLAD (Br) O-5 (Policy & Control)
O-5 (Financial Adviser)

32

32

32

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

- 2 -

15 Feb 1946

Economic Section Distribution

Action: Supply Group (2)

Info : Chief Commissioner
A/VP
Finance S/C
Commerce S/C
Polad (A)
Polad (B)

3306

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
ABO 394
Commerce (Foreign Trade) Sub-Commission

Ref : AC/5223/ABZ/Imp/Commerce

9 February 1946

FLB 1946

SUBJECT : Textiles under control of International
Textile Committee.

TO : See distribution attached.

1. Reference is made to Appendix "A" (1) of the
Reserved Commodity List which was circulated on 8 January 1946.

2. Item No. 5 (textiles) includes the phrase
"cotton broad woven goods", the interpretation of which has been
the subject of considerable discussion between Allied Commissions
the Italian Ministry, and private firms.
Accordingly, a definition was requested from the Textile Committee
who, in reply, gave the following explanation :

" The terms of reference of the Combined Textile
Committee include cotton yarn and cotton broad woven goods, the
definitions of which are as follows :

Cotton yarn is yarn containing 50% or more of
cotton by weight for weaving, knitting or industrial purposes,
including thread yarns. It does not include cotton thread, twine
and cordage.

Cotton broad woven goods includes cloth twelve
(12) inches or more in width woven from yarn as defined above,
either in the ratio or made up, containing less than 25% wool by
weight, but of which the remaining fiber is 50% or more cotton by
weight. For example, a fabric containing 20% wool, 5% rayon,
40% cotton is cotton, as is fabric containing 50% cotton and 50%
rayon. The term "cotton broad woven goods" also includes rayonized

2. Reference is made to Appendix "A" (1) of the Reserved Commodity List which was circulated on 8 January 1946.

Item No. 5 (textiles) includes the phrase "cotton broad woven goods", the interpretation of which has been the subject of considerable discussion between Allied Commissions, the Italian Ministries, and private firms. Accordingly, a definition was requested from the Textile Committee who, in reply, gave the following explanation :

"The term of reference of the Combined Textile Committee include cotton yarn and cotton broad woven goods, the definitions of which are as follows :

Cotton yarn is yarn containing 50% or more of cotton by weight for weaving, knitting or industrial purposes, including thread yarns. It does not include cotton thread, twine and cordage.

Cotton broad woven goods includes cloth twelve (12) inches or more in width woven from yarn as defined above, either in the pieces or made up, containing less than 25% wool by weight, but of which the remaining fiber is 50% or more cotton by weight. For example, a fabric containing 20% wool, 35% rayon, 40% cotton is cotton, as is fabric containing 30% cotton and 50% rayon. The term "cotton broad woven goods" also includes designated items such as garments of which more than 50% of the fabric yards incorporated in it exclusive of lining, binding and trimming is made of cotton fabric. It does not include knit goods, hosiery or narrow fabrics."

P. W. TOWN
Lt. Colonel, R. A.
Director
Commerce (Foreign Trade) S/C

Distribution:

Office of the Chief Commissioner
Office of the Executive Commissioner
Economic Section
Supply Group
Industry & Utilities S/C
Transportation & Shipping S/C
Food & Agriculture S/C
Finance S/C
AC Chief Liaison Officer Naples
" " Livorno
" " Bologna
" " Liguria
" " Piedmonte
" " Lombardia
" " Dolzano
" " Venezia
" " Sicilia
" " Barri
AC Liaison Officer (m) Ancora
AMC 13 Corps
ADM Udine
British Embassy
American Embassy
French Embassy
French Representative to AC
Soviet Representative to AC
Ministero del Commercio con l'Esteri
" dell'Industria e del Commercio
" dell'Agricoltura
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" dei Trasporti
" delle Finanze
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Consiglio Interministeriale per la Ricostruzione
Istituto Nazionale per il Commercio Estero
UNERA

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

155

Ref: 4024/155/32

19 February 1946.

SUBJECT: Military Experts from and Military Procurement
in Italy.

TO : Allied Force Headquarters, C. Section

141

1. Reference your P. 10 dated 23 January 1946.
2. Information is requested as to whether you can now reply
to our 20.00 and 20.00/22 of 14 December 1945.

N. W. HIND-SMITH

Brigadier
Acting Chief Commissioner

125 122

Copy to: Economic Section

Get 112 8

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for
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J

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 185017

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153

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Commerce (Foreign Trade) Sub-Commission

Ref : AC/5203/RCL/Imp/Commerce

29 January 1946

FEB 1

SUBJECT : Reserved Commodity List
TO : See distribution attached.

1. Attached is Appendix "A" (2) - Reserved Commodity List of Combined Food Board, revised as at 21 January 1946.

2. This replaces previous Appendix "A" (2) attached to our AC/5203/RCL of 29 November, and subsequent revision AC/5203/RCL of 26 January.

3. Appendix "A" (4) (Fresh citrus fruits, citrus juices, tomato paste and canned tomatoes) is now cancelled entirely.

S.A. Saul

S.A. SAUL
Major, R. A.
Deputy Director
Commerce (Foreign Trade) S/C

Encl. as para 1

3303

N.F. 2/2.

44
SAC 44/2

(2)

Distribution :

Office of the Chief Commissioner	
Office of the Executive Commissioner	
Economic Section	
Supply Group	
Industry & Utilities S/C	{ 3 }
Transportation and Shipping S/C	{ 3 }
Food & Agriculture S/C	{ 3 }
Finance S/C	
AC Chief Liaison Officer Naples	
" " " " Livorno	{ 3 }
" " " " Bologna	{ 3 }
" " " " Liguria	{ 3 }
" " " " Piemonte	{ 3 }
" " " " Lombardia	{ 3 }
" " " " Bolzano	{ 3 }
" " " " Venetian	{ 3 }
" " " " Sicily	{ 3 }
" " " " Bari	{ 3 }
" " " " Ancona	{ 3 }
AC Liaison Officer (tn)	
AMC 13 Corps	
AMC Udine	
British Embassy	
American Embassy	
French Embassy	
French Representative to AC	
Soviet Representative to AC	
Ministero del Commercio con l'Esterero	
" dell'Industria e del Commercio	{ 6 }
" dell'Alimentazione	{ 3 }
" degli Affari Esteri	
" dell'Agricoltura	
" dei Trasporti	
" delle Finanze	
" del Tesoro	
Comitato Interministeriale per la Ricostruzione	
Istituto Nazionale per il Commercio Esterero	
UNRRA	(10)

Spares (100)

(3)

Appendix "A" (2)

COMBINED FOOD BOARD

Reserved Commodity List

January 21, 1946

List I covers commodities for which the Combined Food Board recommends international allocations. All of the items on List I are under combined determination of sources of supply.

List II covers commodities that are not at present under Combined Food Board allocation recommendation and has been revised to include only a relatively small number of items. Commodities remaining on List II will continue to be under close observation by the Board and it is expected that claimants will notify the Board of their requirements and prospective purchases. In respect of these commodities, claimants may proceed with procurement arrangements unless notified by the Board within 10 days following receipt of the programs that allocation will be considered by the Board.

Reference to the Board of requirements for commodities not included herein is not required.

List I - General Commodity Heading

- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1. Animal Feeding Stuffs | Oil cakes and meals (all types);
mixed food. |
| 2. Cereals | Rice, whole and broken. |
| 3. Tartaric Acid | Tartaric Acid., inclusive of ergols,
wine less, etc. |
| 4. Cocoa | Cocoa beans, cocoa butter, unsweetened
chocolat, confection. |
| 5. Dairy Products | Butter; cheese, natural and processed;
milk evaporated dried whole, sweetened
condensed, roller skin and gray skin. |
| 6. Fats and Oils | All fats and oils (edible and non-edible),
including shortening and margarine);
all oil bearing seeds; soap. |
| 7. Fertilizers | Nitrogenous, phosphatic (including rock)
and potassium. |

(4)

- | | |
|------------|--|
| 8. Fish | Salted cod, haddock, hake, cusk pollock, saithe and ling; canned fish. |
| 9. Fruits | Dried fruit (i.e., dates, figs, apples, apricots, raisins and currants, pomegranates, pears and prunes). |
| 10. Meat | Fresh, frozen, pickled, salted, smoked, canned, and dehydrated meat (excluding fresh and frozen poultry, rabbits and venison). |
| 11. Pulses | Dry beans, peas, lentils. |
| 12. Seeds | Alfalfa, red clover, white clover, alsike clover, and Kentucky bluegrass. |
| 13. Soap | Soap (Note : Covered in General heading No. 6 above). |
| 14. Spices | Cinnamon quills, mace, nutmeg, pepper, cinnamon chips. |
| 15. Sugar | Sugar (raw and refined). |
| 16. Tea | Tea. |

List II - General Commodity Heading

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| 1. Cereals | Wheat and wheat flour, barley, oats, rye, corn, and grain sorghums. |
| 2. Seeds | All legume and grass seeds not on List I. |
| 3. Sugar | Molasses, syrup, honey, manufactured food containing more than 10% sugar by weight. |
| 4. Nuts, edible | Almonds, walnuts, pecans, filberts and Brazil nuts. (Note: Peanuts are included under item 6 of List I). |
| 5. Vitamins | "A" oil. |

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Commerce (Foreign Trade) Sub-Commission

Ref : AC/5127/1/Commerce

29 January 1946

JAN 31 1946

SUBJECT : Foreign Trade

TO : Sec. Distribution attached.

~~146~~

Attached, for information, is a copy of letter
ref : AC/5127/1/Commerce dated 28 January 1946, addressed to
the Prime Minister by the Chief Commissioner, regarding the
relinquishment by Allied Commission of their responsibility
for screening Italian exports.

J. S. S.

S. K. I. SAUL
Major, R. A.
Deputy Director
Commerce (Foreign Trade) S/C

Encl. as above.

3501

See M. 151

(M.J. #)

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*PA
2/2*

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(2)

Distribution :

Office of the Chief Commissioner	
Office of the Executive Commissioner	
Bernard Section	
Supply Group	{(3)}
Industry & Utilities S/C	{(3)}
Transportation & Shipping S/C	{(3)}
Food & Agriculture J/C	{(3)}
Finance S/C	
AC Chief Liaison Officer Naples	{(3)}
" " " " Livorno	{(3)}
" " " " Bologna	{(3)}
" " " " Liguria	{(3)}
" " " " Piemonte	{(3)}
" " " " Lombardia	{(3)}
" " " " Bolzano	{(3)}
" " " " Venetia	{(3)}
" " " " Sicily	{(3)}
" " " " Bari	{(3)}
AC Liaison Officer (tn) Ancona	
AMG 13 Corps	{(3)}
AMG Udine	{(3)}
British Embassy	{(3)}
American Embassy	{(3)}
French Embassy	
French Representative to AC	
Soviet Representative to AC	
Ministero del Comercio con l'Esteri	{(3)}
" dell'Industria e del Commercio	{(3)}
" dell'Alimentazione	
" dei Affari Esteri	
" dell'Agricoltura	
" dei Trasporti	
" delle Finanze	
" del Tesoro	
Comitato Interministeriale per la Ricostruzione	
Istituto Nazionale per il Governo Esteri	(6)

Spares (100)

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(3)

Copy X

Ref : AC/5127/A/Commerce

28 January 1946

My dear Mr. Prime Minister :

I wish to inform you of the termination, with effect from today, of certain wartime restrictions imposed on Italy's export trade.

I refer to my letter of 31 July 1945, addressed to Professor Farri, and, in particular, to pars 3 (a) and (b) thereof. The Allied Commission will henceforth cease to screen your Government's declarations of exportable surpluses. Furthermore, Italian exports will no longer be classified in the two categories "A" and "B", to which different marketing and pricing policies were applicable.

In communicating this decision to you, I would point out that this entails complete cancellation of the export policy stated in a letter, under reference AC/5127/A/Commerce, dated 18 April 1945, to your Minister of Industry and Commerce, except that certain items, which are in short world supply, and which are included in the Reserved Commodity Lists, are still subject to control by either the Combined Food Board or certain special committees in Washington.

Apart from food supplies, the number of such items has been progressively reduced so that only tin, rubber, coal, hides and cotton textiles now remain under control.

As hitherto, the Allied Commission will continue to deal with Italian requirements for the export and import of all Reserved Commodity List items until such time as the Italian Government shall be notified, through United States and United Kingdom diplomatic channels, of the manner in which they will be invited to communicate with the Combined Food Board and the various international committees.

Sincerely,

(Signed)

MILROY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR 3293
Chief Commissioner

Dr. Alcide DE GASPERI
President of the Council of Ministers
Italian Government
K o n e

4025 46

145
JPL

23 January 1946

Ref : AG/5127/A/Commerce

JAN 24 1946

My dear Mr. Prime Minister :

I wish to inform you of the termination,
with effect from today, of certain wartime restrictions
imposed on Italy's export trade.

23 Feb I

I refer to my letter of 31 July 1945,
addressed to Professor Farri and, in particular, to para 3
(a) and (b) thereof. The Allied Commission will henceforth
cease to screen your Government's declarations of exportable
surpluses. Furthermore, Italian exports will no longer be
classified in the two categories "A" and "B", to which different
marketing and pricing policies were applicable.

In communicating this decision to you, I
would point out that this entails complete cancellation of
the export policy stated in a letter, under reference AG/5127/A/
Commerce, dated 18 April 1945, to your Minister of Industry
and Commerce, except that certain items, which are in short
world supply, and which are included in the Reserved Commodity
Lists, are still subject to control by either the Cabinet
Food Board or certain special committees in Washington.

Apart from food supplies, the number of
such items has been progressively reduced so that only tin,
rubber, coal, hides and cotton textiles now remain under
control.

Copy to: b. Committee

& Committee ✓

3297

See M. 147

(MAJ R)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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(2)

As hitherto, the Allied Commission will continue to deal with Italian requirements for the export and import of all Reserved Commodity List items until such time as the Italian Government shall be notified, through United States and United Kingdom diplomatic channels, of the manner in which they will be invited to communicate with the Combined Food Board and the various international committees.

Sincerely,

/s/ Elmer W. Stone

ELMER W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USN
Chief Commissioner

Dr. Alcide DE GASPERI
President of the Council of Ministers
Italian Government
R. G. M. S.
~~REDACTED~~

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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143

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Commerce (Foreign Trade) Sub-Commission

JAN 28 1946

Ref : AC/5203/RCL/Imp/Commerce

26 January 1946

JAN 28 1946

SUBJECT : Reserved Commodity List.
TO : See distribution attached.

1. The following items have been deleted from
the Reserved Commodity List, Appendix "A" (2), of the Combined
Food Board :

Item No. 3 - Delete Citric Acid only.

Item No. 6 - Essential Oils - all kinds used in
food flavoring (i.e., lemon oil,
bitter orange oil, sweet orange oil,
tangerine oil).

see 153

Si Sard
Taylor, R.A.

P. W. TOOBY
Lt., Colonel, R.A.
Director
Commerce (Foreign Trade) S/C

329)

Re
3111
B

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B

Distribution :

Office of the Chief Commissioner	
Office of the Executive Commissioner	
Economic Section	
Supply Group	(3)
Industry & Utilities S/C	(3)
Transportation & Shipping S/C	(3)
Food & Agriculture S/C	(3)
Finance S/C	
AC Chief Liaison Officer Naples	(3)
" " " Livorno	(3)
" " " Bologna	(3)
" " " Liguria	(3)
" " " Piemonte	(3)
" " " Lombardia	(3)
" " " Bolzano	(3)
" " " Venetia	(6)
" " " Sicily	(3)
" " " Bari	(3)
AC Liaison Officer (tn) Ancona	
AMG 13 Corps	(3)
AMG Udine	(3)
British Embassy	
American Embassy	
French Embassy	
French Representative to AC	
Soviet Representative to AC	
Ministero del Commercio con l'Ester	(3)
" dall'Industria e del Commercio	
Dir. Gen. Commercio Ester	(3)
" dell'Alimentazione	
" degli Affari Esteri	
" dell'Agricoltura	
" dei Trasporti	
" delle Finanze	
" dal Tesoro	
Comitato Interministeriale per la Ricostruzione	
Istituto Nazionale per il Commercio Ester	
Spares (100)	

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

4025 36 141

20.00

ALLIED FORCES HEADQUARTERS
O-5 Section
APO 512

Ref: F-10

23 January 1946
JAN 23 1946

SUBJECT: Military Exports from and Military Procurement in ITALY.

TO : Chief Commissioner, Allied Commission, APO 394. CH

Reference your 20.00 and 20.00/EM, both dated 14 December
1945. ben?

1. The subject matter of these letters is under discussion at present with the War Office who have asked for a ruling. When that ruling is received a detailed reply to the a/mentioned letters will be sent.

2. Until the policy of these questions is established, however, it is regretted that it is not possible to discuss the detailed problems suggested by you, which will be dealt with when the policy is received. It is anticipated that this should be towards the end of this month.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

P. G. A. Parsons
P. G. A. PARSONS
Brigadier,
Acting Assistant Chief of Staff, O-5.

25 JAN 1946

Econ Sec Distr

Copy to:

→ Ch. Comm. (Thru Ex Comm.)

See M. 142

A/VP, Econ Sec

144

Supply &

F. 155

Finance S/C

3294

(M) 8/1/46

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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F. C. Co.
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JAN. 23 1946

ROUTINE

JAN 23 1946

AFHQ SIGNED 341 NND CITE PHOG.

ACCOM ROME

RESTRICTED

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RSTI RTSS.

Policy on Italian exports. Further to our 3-6 dated 24 July.
TAM 736 date 19 January '46 is repeated to you herewith for action:
"This is TAM 736." Refer HOC 430 (Termination of certain wartime
restrictions imposed on Italian export trade).

1. Restrictions imposed on Italian export trade by TAM 430 and 640
during the war are now terminated. Italian exports will no longer
be classified as category A and B to which different marketing and
pricing policies apply.

2. AC is relieved of responsibility of screening declarations of
exportable surpluses (TAM 640 Paragraph 1 A) as of 1 January 1946,
when AMIA assumes responsibility for postwar Italian program.

3. AC will continue to report ECL Items (Refer TAM 640 Paragraph
1 B, COM 345 Paragraph 3 and Paragraph 1 above) only until the
Italian government is notified through United States and United
Kingdom diplomatic channels on the manner in which they will be
entitled to report to COM and international committees (Refer COM
645 Paragraph 2) future exportable surpluses of ECL Items.

HEADQUARTERS

23 JAN 1946

C.

AC RSTI
ACTION : ECON SEC 3
INFO : CHIEF COMMISSIONER
EX COUNCIL 2
COMMERCE 3C
FINANCE 3C
FILE 2
FLOAT

RESTRICTED

See M. 148297

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(100-277)

4025 46

See 7-159

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13260/R

18 January 1946

SUBJECT : Economic Policy - Venezia Giulia.

AM

TO : Assistant Chief of Staff,
G-5 Section,
AFHQ.

(128)

1. I refer to my two letters 20.01.46 of 14 December 1945, on the subject of military exports and the coordination of military procurement in Italy with Allied civilian supply programs.

2. Our correspondence with AGO Venezia Giulia on economic and financial matters has revealed the existence of three broad groups of problems regarding which policy decisions are desired. These groups are:

- (a) the responsibility for the procurement of Italian indigenous supplies for use in AGO Venezia Giulia, and the actual physical procedures by which such procurement is to be effected;
- (b) the financial procedures involved in the procurement referred to in (a) above;
- (c) the control of trade between AGO Venezia Giulia and the rest of Italy, including specifically the following questions:
 - (1) is all trade between Italy and AGO Venezia Giulia to be conducted through AGO channels?
 - (2) are customs controls to be established on both the western and eastern borders of AGO Venezia Giulia, thus making it possible for an AGO Venezia Giulia import-export licensing control to function?

3. Broadly speaking, it appears that the 3292
to be decided is whether AGO Venezia Giulia is to be

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(B)

- 2 -

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treated economically and financially for all purposes as part of Italy, or whether it is to be administered as a separate economic entity (as is being done on the political side) until a final decision as to the future of the area has been taken.

4. Once this basic question has been decided, it is our view that practically all of the specific economic policy decisions now being requested by A&O Venezia Giulia will flow from the general principle. If A&O Venezia Giulia is to be treated economically as part of Italy, then the Italian Government should be prepared to make arrangements to provide the necessary indigenous supplies to A&O Venezia Giulia without any current compensation in foreign exchange. In this case the supplies would be purchased with lire currency or credits provided by A&O through the central banking system of A&O Venezia Giulia. On the other hand, if A&O Venezia Giulia is to be administered as a separate area, it then follows that any supplies imported from Italy should be paid for by A&O Venezia Giulia in foreign exchange to the extent that such imports from Italy exceed exports from A&O Venezia Giulia to Italy. Such credits in dollars and sterling would, of course, be made in an agreed proportion. Such imports from Italy to A&O Venezia Giulia would be in the nature of military exports from Italy, which the Allied Commission has already recommended, in my letter 30.06/MS of 14 December to you, be reflected in dollar and sterling credits.

5. If A&O Venezia Giulia should be treated as a separate area, this policy would involve the establishment of a customs barrier (which does not necessarily imply any payment of customs tariffs) on the western border of A&O Venezia Giulia as well as on the Marghera Line. At present there does not appear to be any customs barrier of any kind on either line. The establishment of such physical check-lines would enable A&O Venezia Giulia to establish an effective import-export licensing control and foreign exchange control. Such controls could then ensure that supplies imported into A&O Venezia

329

- 3 -

(136)

Gialla either from Italy or from overseas sources were limited to those items considered necessary and could prevent such supplies from being re-exported from Zone "A" to Zone "B". The feasibility from an economic point of view of a physical control along the frontier line has already been set out in letter from A&E Venosta Gialla 130/106/Tin/8/8 of 15 November 1945, which was attached to our letter 13062/P of 24 November to you. In considering the problem, it should be noted that the Italian Government has repeatedly called our attention to the fact that there is no customs control along Italy's north-eastern border and that the Italian Government views this as a serious obstacle to their efforts to isolate the customs network around Italy in order that they may resume private foreign trade under the necessary imports-export and foreign exchange controls.

6. With reference to para 2 (a) above, we would suggest that A&E Venosta Gialla set up the necessary machinery for the procurement of indigenous supplies in Italy. The transfer of the supply functions of the Economic Section of this Command to UNRRA, which will presumably take place around 31 January 1946, will make it impracticable for the Allied Commission to attempt to carry out such procurement on the behalf of A&E Venosta Gialla. In planning such procurement, it should be borne in mind that certain supplies already provided for A&E Venosta Gialla have up to this time been effected on a local basis, e.g. between the DIAZAI of Trieste and the SIRAI of Venosta. This procedure has been made feasible by the existence of A&E in Northern Italy. To anticipate, however, that in the future it may become difficult to negotiate such specific transactions, as the Italian Government, after it takes control of the Northern Provinces on 1 January 1946, will have such questions referred to it for decision by the various Provincial assemblies and will increasingly realize that Italy is sending supplies to Venosta Gialla without any economic return. This state of affairs might in the future lead the Italian Government to place obstacles⁹²⁹¹

- 4 -

(135)

in the way of such trade, by delaying allocations, etc. In our view, it would be well to acquaint the Italian Government as soon as possible with your decision on the basic question posed herein. If the decision is that Venezia Giulia is to be integrated economically with Italy, then we should begin to advise the Italian Government accordingly on the problems of Venezia Giulia supplies. If, on the other hand, the decision is to administer Venezia Giulia as a separate economic entity, the prospect of current dollar and sterling credits should act as a considerable incentive to the Italian Government to make the desired indigenous supplies available.

7. The Allied Commission has not up to the present time experienced any difficulty in obtaining allocations from the Italian Government for Venezia Giulia and there is attached a copy of a letter I have addressed to the President of the Council of Ministers, expressing the hope that the Italian Government will take affirmative action to see that the flow of indigenous supplies to Venezia Giulia is not interrupted, including supplies procured at the provincial level, those formerly allocated by the North Italy Industrial Council, and those allocated by the Italian Government, pending a final decision on the payment questions involved.

8. Since definite answers on many economic problems affecting Venezia Giulia must necessarily await a decision on the basic policy question described in paragraph 3 above, an early decision on this question is urged.

/s/ Harry W. Stone

HARRY W. STONE,
Rear Admiral, USN,
Chief Commissioner.

Copy to : CG XIII Corps
Polad (A)
Polad (B)
C.C.
D.S. ✓

3284

3288

DISPATCHES

Urgent store signature : LT COL. "HLLM"

To. No. : 366

Office of Origin : "MAM" G/O Finance S/C

Procedure : HURRY

1. Full report will be rendered when these outlines -
which are enclosed. This may be within one week of the request if -
the UK.

2. Accounts prepared now and due once during quarters
of 1945, being prepared now and due once during quarters
of 1946, except for the first two extra sets to be expected from
presentations of fiscal reports of the Royal Navy are complete
in the export of 1946 are complete.

3. Accounts prepared to date final report from
trust for post libration accounts of the Royal Navy of
present libration accounts of the Royal Navy of present
and dated Government pending.

1. After May 2930 and May 726.

Date to RGC 473,

Ref. No. : 335
Caption : COMMISSION

JAN 18 1946

TU : "MAM" G/O Finance S/C
: "MAM" G/O Finance S/C

17 January 1946

ROUTINE
ROUTINE
ROUTINE
ROUTINE

Subject to proceeds of sales of Italian exports to the UNITED STATES.

1. Refer M.T. 920 and T.M. 726.

2. It is recommended that USCC deposit with maturity trust for post liberation account of Banco d'Italia 90% of proceeds from Italian exports consigned to USCC by Allied Commission pending presentation of fiscal report activities of the Allied Commission. In the "export 6" the "export

3. Accounts pursuant to para 2 of T.M. 640 are complete except for the date to be extracted from the final report from USCC being prepared now and some outstanding queries on exports to the UK.

4. Full report will be rendered when these outstanding proceedings are cleared. This will be within one month of the receipt of the final USCC figures.

Proceedence : ABUMLA

Office of Origin : 1000 C/O Finance D/C

Tel. No. : 586

Originators signature : LIOCG, "AbuM"

Distribution

Official Distr. : 1000 Sec 16
1000 (6)

Coupl / Mr.
Eurogram Jr.
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DW/MSC 201-370 ; Commerce SC 2

Finance SC 2

Food & Agri SC 2

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Exec Comm 2

CG 24B

Co US Land

USAC Home

Surf

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MSC

Chief Controller

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Commerce (Foreign Trade) Sub-Commission

Ref : AC/5203/ADM/1st/Comments

8 January 1946

JAN 12 1946

SUBJECT : Reserved Commodity List.

TO : See distribution attached.

1. Reference is made to the set of Reserved Commodity Lists consisting of :

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| Appendix A (1) | : Reserved Commodity List of the Combined Raw Materials Board. |
| Appendix A (2) | : Reserved Commodity List of the Combined Food Board. |
| Appendix A (3) | : Reserved Commodity List of the Combined Production Resources Board. |
| Appendix A (4) | : Other commodities at present classified in category "a" by agreement between U.S., U.K. and Canada. |

which were circulated on 29th November, 1945.

2. It has been publicly announced that the Combined Production & Resources Board, and Combined Raw Materials Board terminated their activities as of 31st December 1945, and that international control of commodities previously vested in C.P.R.B. and C.R.M.B. is limited only to tin, rubber, hides, coal, and textiles. Control of these five items is vested in five independent Committees. The specific definition of the commodities controlled by these Committees is given on the attached Appendix A (1).

3. It is requested that the attached Appendix A (1) will be substituted for Appendices A (1) and A (3) which are now listed on the page, 1 above.

^{2.} Reference is made to the set of Reserved Commodity Lists consisting of:

- Appendix A (1) : Reserved Commodity List of the Combined Raw Materials Board,
- Appendix A (2) : Reserved Commodity List of the Combined Food Board,
- Appendix A (3) : Reserved Commodity List of the Combined Production Resources Board,
- Appendix A (4) : Other commodities at present classified in category "A" by agreement between U.S., U.K. and Canada.

which were circulated on 29th November, 1945,

2. It has been publicly announced that the Combined Production & Resources Board, and Combined Raw Materials Board terminated their activities as of 31st December 1945, and that international control of commodities previously vested in C.P.R.B. and C.R.M.B. is limited only to tin, rubber, fibres, coal, and textiles. Control of these five items is vested in five independent Committees. The specific definition of the commodities controlled by these Committees is given on the attached Appendix A (1).

3. It is requested that the attached Appendix A (1) will be substituted for Appendices A (1) and A (3) which is now issued on its part, 1 above.

4. Appendices A (2) and A (4) remain unchanged for the present.

5. It is pointed out that the revised set of lists now consists of Appendices A (1), A (2), and A (4).

S. K. T. SALT
S. K. T. SALT
Major, R. A.
Acting Director
Comptee (Foreign Trade) S/C
Enclos, as above

See P 116

(m/w)

Distribution

Office of the Chief Commissioner
Office of the Executive Commissioner
Economic Section

Supply Group

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British Embassy

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Soviet Representative to AC

Ministero per il Comercio Estero

" dell'Industria e del Comercio

(3) Dir. Gen. Comercio Estero

dell'Alimentazione

degli Atti Pubblici

dell'Agricoltura

dei Trasporti

delle Finanze

" del Tesoro

Consiglio Interministeriale per la Ricostruzione
Istituto Nazionale per il Comercio Estero

Spese (100)

(131) Appendix A (1)

1 January 1946

CONTINUED COMMODITIES

Control of each of the following five commodity items is vested in a special control committee:

1. Tin
Unrefined forms $\frac{1}{2}$; refined tin and
tin-base alloy basic shapes and forms $\frac{2}{3}$
(including thin-bearing bronzes); and scrap,
2. Rubber
Natural rubber, natural latex;
reclaimed rubber and Butyl (C-R-I)
synthetic rubber.
3. Hides, skins and leather
Hides cattle, deer, elk, moose, caribou, bison, all cattle, calf and kid
Leather; raw goatskins; all goatskins
Leather; East Indian tanned kips; East
Indian tanned goatskins; East Indian
tanned sheepskins; pickled sheepskins
and pickled lambskins.
4. Coal and Coke
5. Textiles
Cotton broad woven goods, cotton yarn,
cotton suiting twine, cotton fish nets.

1/ The term "unrefined forms" is used to designate to mine, connoting metal, and similar products, residues or waste materials, and products of other primary reduction processes. Excludes ore gross, concentrates, nitrates, spumes, tailings, blisters, anodes, ballion, precipitates, fine dust, drosses, etc.

tin-cobalt bearing bronzes and irons 27,
(including tin-bearing bronzes); and scrap,

2. Rubber

3. Hides, skins and leather
Natural rubber, natural latex;
reclaimed rubber and Butyl (C-8-1)
synthetic rubber.
- Raw cattle hides and raw calf and
lambkins; all cattle, calf and kid
leather; raw goatkins; all goatkin
leather; goat Indian tanned kips; goat
Indian tanned goatskins; East Indian
tanned sheepskins; pickled sheepskins
and pickled lambskins.

4. Coal and Coke

- Cotton broad woven goods, cotton yarn,
cotton scime twine, cotton fish nets.

5. Textiles

- The term "unrefined forms" is used to designate mine,
concentrating mill, and smelter products, residues or waste
materials, and products of other primary reduction processes.
Examples are ores, concentrates, matte, smelts, tailings,
blister, anodes, bullock, precipitates, flux dust, drosses,
slags, skimmings.

- 1/ The term "unrefined forms" is used to designate mine,
intermediate, and semi-fabricated shapes. Refinery and inter-
mediate shapes of the various metals might include cathode
sheets, ingots, pigs, slabs, sticks, roundels, pellets, shot,
cokes, blocks, billets, wire bars and rods, etc etc.
Semifabricated shapes include rolled, drawn and extruded forms;
such as plates, sheet, strip, angles, sections, rods, bars, bare
wire, pipe, tubing, structural shapes, discs; powder; foil,

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

Ref. F-10

24 December 45

SUBJECT: Military Procurement in ITALY

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 294.

Dec 25 1945
11

1. Receipt is acknowledged of your letters 20.00 dated 14 Dec. (subject "Co-ordination of military procurement in ITALY with Allied Civilian Supply Programs") and 20.00/E8 dated 14 December (subject "Military Exports from ITALY (Financial Problem)") which are being studied here.

2. Reference para 1. of the second letter mentioned above. The airgram in question was NOT despatched.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

/s/ R. P. CROOM-JOHNSON, Lt. Col., for

A.L. HAMBLEDI
Brigadier General, G.S.C.
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5

ACTION : Supply

INFO : Chief Commissioner
Exec Comm
A/VP

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(MAN 11)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Commerce (Foreign Trade) Sub-Commission

18 December 1945

Ref : AC/5203/RCL/Imp/Commerce

1945.

SUBJECT : Reserved Commodity List

TO : See distribution

11
vcl I

1. Reference is made to this Headquarters' letter AC/5203/RCL of 29 November 1945, enclosing complete set of Reserved Commodity Lists.

2. The following revisions should be made to the list in your possession :

COMBINED RAW MATERIAL BOARD - Appendix A (1)

Item 2. Cordage Fibers. AMEND TO READ : "Unmanufactured manila, sisal, Henequen".

Item 8. Misc. ~~DELETE.~~

*arrived
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3. It will be noted that raw hemp and manufactured hemp are now deleted, as well as manufactured products of other cordage fibres.

In Stock

1st J. 1946

3284

Yours
F. W. TOOHEY
Lt. Colonel, R. A.
Director
Commerce (Foreign Trade) S/C

Approved
Notified

R. W. Toohey

Sept 20 1945

(Signature)

DISTRIBUTION:

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AMG, Liguria Region (3)
AMG, Venesia Region (3)
AMG, 13 Corps (3)
AMG, Naples Command (3)
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AMG, Livorno Zone
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Istituto Nazionale per il Commercio Estero
Spares (120)

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

Office of the Chief Commissioner

APO 394

Ref. 20.00

14 December 1945

DEC 18 1945

SUBJECT: Coordination of Military Procurement in Italy with
Allied Civilian Supply Programs

TO : Allied Force Headquarters

1. The Allied Commission is becoming increasingly aware that grave damage is being done to the Italian economy by procurement of indigenous Italian materials and plant equipment by military units. The situation is particularly serious in North Italy, where the remaining military forces in the country are principally concentrated. Such procurement is being effected for the purpose of supporting Allied Military establishments in Italy, and those in other countries, as well as for export by the military for the maintenance of the civilian population of certain liberated areas. The financial implication of the latter practice is the subject of a communication to your headquarters of even date (Ref. RS/20.00).

2. The objects of the present letter are:

- (a) to present certain observations regarding the manner in which military procurement impinges on the Allied civilian supply programs for Italy and to bring forward recommendations designed to reduce its interference therewith to a minimum; and
- (b) to suggest a method for the recording of such exceptional military exports as are essential.

3. In the past months, detailed plans for the rehabilitation of the Italian economy have been drawn up and are being submitted to the Allied Governments in Washington and London. When such programs have received approval, they will presumably be supported by Allied appropriations to the extent of several hundred million dollars. Naturally, when such plans were drawn up, great care was taken to ensure that Italian resources and industrial capacities would be employed to the maximum and, in fact, these form an integral part of the programs themselves.

4. The Allied Commission agrees that military requirements must continue to be met, but feels that this must be done in such manner as not to cause additional damage to the Italian economy, the restoration of which is the primary object of these programs financed by Allied funds. In

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See file 4601
File 91

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(127)

II - Coordination of Military Procurement in Italy with Allied Civilian Supply Programs

In particular, it is deemed important that the Italian resources which are to be used in conjunction with the rehabilitation program be maintained intact, in order that, with the arrival of allied-purchased materials and machinery, production may commence immediately and progress smoothly. Therefore, the purchase and requisition of materials by the military ought to be subject to coordination with the programs. It would seem appropriate to suggest at this point that, actual military operations having ceased in this area, the doctrine of overriding military necessity which has been applied to military procurement in the past would now seem to have lost much of its weight. At the same time, the changed political situation of this country vis-a-vis the allied Governments is not to be lost sight of.

5. Prior to the dissolution of the Engineering Materials and Miscellaneous Purpose Committee of the allied Forces Local Resources Board, these bodies served as a forum in which civilian, as opposed to military, requirements for local resources could be presented, and they thus provided some measure of defense for the civilian economy. At present, there exists no official body to which appeal may be made in advance against military acquisition of vital materials or machinery, even when these may represent key portions of the rehabilitation program.

6. In North Italy, informal arrangements have been made by the Allied Commission with certain individual military units for the channelling of prospective purchases through the Allied Commission offices at Milan for agreement. It is considered highly desirable that this procedure be extended to all military units and to all parts of the country for the reasons set forth above. For this purpose, it is proposed that a list of the materials and plant equipment which represent essential parts of the rehabilitation program be drawn up by AC and be incorporated into the list of restricted materials attached as Appendix A to the draft AFHQ Administrative Memorandum on Local Resources in Italy, Mainland and Islands, at present being circulated for coordination by AFHQ. Military agencies desirous of obtaining such items should approach the appropriate screening agency of AC, which will establish whether or not such procurement will adversely affect the allied civilian supply and rehabilitation program.

7. Passing to the question of military exports, the Allied Commission is unable to find authority which gives the allies the right to acquire and export anything free of charge. The majority of cases of military exports which have come to the attention of the Allied Commission, have involved materials and products which were already in short supply as regards the needs of the Italian population or were essential for the industrial rehabilitation of the country. No machinery at present exists

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(176)

3 - Coordination of Military Procurement In Italy with Allied Civilian Supply Programs

for determining whether or not such commodities are surplus to local needs prior to procurement and export. There is no opportunity afforded for review of the comparative scarcity in the country of importation in relation to scarcity of the same commodity in Italy.

8. Allied civilian supply programs are being financed with (a) IT funds, i.e.: dollar credits arising out of United States troop pay imports, and remittances, (b) YB funds, that is, the \$100,000,000 FEA appropriation, (c) the British Government contribution to the CLAC Program of Basic Supplies, and (d) possibly after 1st January 1946, UMRRA funds. These programs are intended to provide, not only for the immediate consumption requirements of the Italian population, but also to ensure the industrial rehabilitation of the country to the extent necessary to enable it to provide for its own needs and thus no longer constitute a burden on the economies of the United Nations. Interference with the attainment of this objective is arising and will continue to arise out of military exports, to the extent that (a) materials or plant equipment thus removed from Italy must be directly replaced under current and future programs, or (b) where the materials or plant equipment removed were essential to the effective realization of the programs, in that they were required for use in conjunction with other imported materials or equipment. It goes without saying that export of indigenous goods of the types to be imported under the programs must be offset by equivalent replacement. In all cases, funds appropriated by the Allied Governments or made available to the Italian Government for its own use will actually have been diverted directly or indirectly to purposes other than those for which they were provided.

9. Whatever the basis for credits or the currencies in which they were to accrue, Italy should in any case have the benefit of records as a basis for future settlement, and it is felt that such records could be maintained by the Allied Supply Accounting Agency in the form of lira credit accounts showing the actual purchase value of the merchandise exported. The basis for such accounts could be declaration of all shipments abroad by military units, under a general directive issuing from AFHQ. A suggested text for such a directive in the form of a draft Administrative Memorandum is attached hereto as Appendix A. The provision contained in paragraph 2 (b) thereof requiring cash payment in the procurement by the military of commodities for export would ensure the existence of a firm basis for the calculation of credits in foreign currencies referred to in my letter of even date (Ref. ES/20.00) on the subject "Military Exports from Italy (Financial Problems)".

(172)

10. The Allied Commission feels most strongly, not only that adequate records of military exports must be kept, but also that a system of screening against the civilian supply programs by the Allied Commission, of all intended military procurement should be put into effect without delay, with the object of ensuring that:

3-81

4 - Coordination of Military Procurement in Italy with Allied Civilian Supply Programs

- (a) due allowance for military procurement can be made in future plans and schedules for civilian supplies under the programs;
- (b) an opportunity may be afforded to the Allied Commission to authorize such procurement only in cases where undue interference with Allied civilian supply programs would not appear to result; and
- (c) In the case of military exports, appropriate claims against military appropriations, or those provided to cover other areas, may be made for the benefit of the Italian Government or of supply agencies operating in Italy.

[Signature] M. Stone

MILROY M. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

e.m.w.

Attachment: Appendix "A"

[Signature] C. W. W.

APPENDIX A

DRAFT

Allied Force Headquarters

APO 512

ADMINISTRATIVE MEMORANDUM }
NUMBER }

December 1945.

Military Exports from Italy, Mainland and Islands

1. There shall be no exports by the military except under special conditions. The following policies and procedures are hereby prescribed to govern the exports from Italy of all commodities acquired within the country by Allied military procurement agencies.

2. The following restrictions will govern the export from Italian territory of any commodity procured in Italy:

- (a) the procuring agency will submit an application to the Allied Commission for authorization to export. Such application will provide the following information:
- (1) a description of the commodity, stating the quantity in normal trade terms, and the name and business address of the proposed supplier;
 - (2) the price in lire of the commodity (if procured by requisitioning prior to the date of publication of this memorandum, then the estimated lire value);
 - (3) the designation of the procuring agency or unit and the source of the funds from which payment will be made;
 - (4) the country to which the commodity is to be exported and the designation of the consignee therein;
 - (5) a copy of the request for procurement, bearing a statement of the object for which the export is required, military or civilian;
 - (6) a statement as to how liability as between originator and consignee will be settled.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Administrative Memorandum No. 21 1945, requisitioning will not be resorted to in the procurement of commodities for export and lire cash payments therefor shall be made in all cases;
- See 17*

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- 2 -

APPENDIX A
(continued)

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- (c) issuance by the Allied Commission of authorisation to export will constitute authority to procure the required commodities. Copies of all such authorisations will be furnished by the Allied Commission to the Allied Supply Accounting Agency; and
- (d) upon export, the procuring agency will notify the Allied Supply Accounting Agency of the actual quantities exported under the authorisation and the price paid therefor.

3. The Allied Supply Accounting Agency, C-5 Section, now attached to Finance Sub-Commission, Allied Commission, is hereby constituted the responsible agency for the maintenance of appropriate records of all military exports declared to it under the procedures laid down herein. Such records shall consist of separate entries to cover each transaction comprising the information called for in Paragraph 2(a) and (d) above.

4. Every Allied organization or service which has effected the export of any commodity from Italy prior to the date of publication of this memorandum will furnish to the Allied Supply Accounting Agency the information called for in Paragraphs 2(a) and (d) above, whenever available.

3278

4025 *Ad*

122

Ref. NO. 00/00

14 December 1945

DEC 18 1945

SUBJECT : Military Exports from Italy (Financial Problems)

TO : Allied Force Headquarters
AFHQ SIS
Attention: G-3 Section

1. Reference is made to a letter of your headquarters of 30 September 1945 (Ref. P-10) on the above subject, transmitting a draft staff study and a draft telegram, to which the concurrence of the Allied Commission was forwarded under date of 8 October 1945 (Ref. 10/1127/1). No information has been received since that date to indicate that the telegram in question was dispatched. *7L*

2. The object of the present letter is to elaborate the views of the Allied Commission regarding the financial aspect of exports of Italian goods by the military. *11/17*

3. The first of the problems offered for solution in the staff study under reference, as set forth in paragraph 3 (a) thereof, is:

"Are purchases for direct military use outside Italy to continue to be regarded as 'military exports' or should they be placed on the same footing as commercial exports?" *11/17*

It is the considered view of the Allied Commission that all supplies and services procured in Italy and exported should be treated on a commercial basis.

4. Military exports of locally-produced supplies cannot be considered an procurement in support of the occupation of Italy, but of simple commercial transactions in which the military acts as an agency of the government of which should give rise to credits in the currency of the procuring government concerned. Such credits would not be possible if depletion of the total quantity of supplies available to the Italian population by the amount of such exports could be made up sooner or later by importation of compensating products. This arrangement would not only meet the juridical objection that these exports and services are involuntary and uncompensated but would also serve to restore the supply balance in Italy at some future time. *11/166*

See 124

E - Military export from Italy

(121)

5. It will be seen that the financial problems involved in the question of military exports are two-fold:

- (a) Is Italy to receive current reimbursement in foreign currencies for military exports, and, if so,
- (b) In what currencies is reimbursement to be effected?

6. It was suggested in the AFHQ staff study under reference that a record be kept of military exports with a view to ultimate international settlement. In the view of the Allied Commission, it is desire is that Italy receive current foreign credits for the value of such exports, as part of the program to mobilize and increase Italy's foreign exchange resources. If no foreign currency credit whatever is allowed, Italy is placed under a double disability of having to accept the cost of the goods as an occupation charge as well as having to ensure a charter supply. Reimbursement must be effected out of Italy's limited dollar or sterling credits, or by expenditure of funds made available by the allies for the support of the civilian supply and rehabilitation program.

7. It is therefore suggested that the entire problem of military exports be referred to the Combined Chiefs of Staff for a decision on the policy to be adopted, with the following recommendations:

- (a) that the Italian Government, to effect its obligations to the allied governments, should receive credit for supplies exported on a military basis prior to 1 September 1945, the date of termination of the combined military responsibility for civilian supply imports into Italy;
- (b) that, for exports from Italy after such date, the Italian Government should receive current reimbursement in foreign currency; and
- (c) that such reimbursement should take the form of dollar or sterling credits, according to the nationality of the military organization or service concerned.

7/ Harry W. Stone

3276

HARRY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USN
Chief Commissioner

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

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L. J. Conroy

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DEC 12 1945

ROUTINE

AFHQ TMQ 9-5

XIII CORPS FOR AMG ALVON ROME

AMERICAN QUARTERS

17 DECEMBER

DEC 13 1945

A. C.

UNCLASSIFIED.

Following previous AGWAK message WGL-27381 of 8 December 45
for your information.

1. US dept commerce taking action to place all commercial exports from US to ITALY in category X, which permit exports without specific export licence except for items in short supply, for which specific export license will still be necessary.
2. Public statement being made that commercial imports to VENEZIA GIULIA and Province of UDINE from US will be subject to such regulations as AMG authorities impose.

AS BLM

ACTION	ECOM SEC	3
INFO	CHIEF COMMISSIONER	
	REGD COMM	
	REGD ER	
	COMMERCE SC	
FILE	2	
FLOAT	3-75	

See M. 118720 See also

STK 312/42

(ANH)

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