

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

ACC

10000/104/1530
(VOL. I)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

10000/109/1530
(VOL. I)

V.D. CONTROL
FEB. - JUNE 1944

Executive Commissioner.

1. Please see folios 98 & 99 being Minutes of Conference on V.D.

2. Certain action fails to be taken by this Section and I shall draft a letter to AAI on 1, 3, 4 and 5 so soon as you have perused Minutes.

OKed by May.

11th June 44.

TH 12/6/44

13/6 Phoned Admin (Major Purcell) who says it will be a day or two before they can let us have some of letters re things with sent to ad 1 on 1, 3, 4 & 5. D/A meantime.

pt

*getting some to have been done better
known at ad
with
B.C. Purcell*

BU 20 June

W. J. Jap

*BU 25 June
3 July*

10 JUN Recd

B

63/100
94/100

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & M.G. SECTION
APO 394

Ref/234/96/CA

6 June 1944

SUBJECT: Control of V.D.

TO : Adm. Section.

Reference your 4/61/AS of 4 June please
let this Headquarters have in due course a co-
py of the minutes of meeting.

Norman E. Fiske

NORMAN E. FISKE
Colonel
Deputy Executive
Commissioner

JSR/JR

1st Ind.
8 June 1944
Ref. to R.C. & M.G. Section
Copy attached herewith
98-99-100-101
100-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-1335-1336-1337-1338-1339-1340-1341-1342-1343-1344-1345-1346-1347-1348-1349-1350-1351-1352-1353-1354-1355-1356-1357-1358-1359-1360-1361-1362-1363-1364-1365-1366-1367-1368-1369-1370-1371-1372-1373-1374-1375-1376-1377-1378-1379-1380-1381-1382-1383-1384-1385-1386-1387-1388-1389-1390-1391-1392-1393-1394-1395-1396-1397-1398-1399-1400-1401-1402-1403-1404-1405-1406-1407-1408-1409-1410-1411-1412-1413-1414-1415-1416-1417-1418-1419-1420-1421-1422-1423-1424-1425-1426-1427-1428-1429-1430-1431-1432-1433-1434-1435-1436-1437-1438-1439-1440-1441-1442-1443-1444-1445-1446-1447-1448-1449-1450-1451-1452-1453-1454-1455-1456-1457-1458-1459-1460-1461-1462-1463-1464-1465-1466-1467-1468-1469-1470-1471-1472-1473-1474-1475-1476-1477-1478-1479-1480-1481-1482-1483-1484-1485-1486-1487-1488-1489-1490-1491-1492-1493-1494-1495-1496-1497-1498-1499-1500-1501-1502-1503-1504-1505-1506-1507-1508-1509-1510-1511-1512-1513-1514-1515-1516-1517-1518-1519-1520-1521-1522-1523-1524-1525-1526-1527-1528-1529-1530-1531-1532-1533-1534-1535-1536-1537-1538-1539-1540-1541-1542-1543-1544-1545-1546-1547-1548-1549-1550-1551-1552-1553-1554-1555-1556-1557-1558-1559-1560-1561-1562-1563-1564-1565-1566-1567-1568-1569-1570-1571-1572-1573-1574-1575-1576-1577-1578-1579-1580-1581-1582-1583-1584-1585-1586-1587-1588-1589-1590-1591-1592-1593-1594-1595-1596-1597-1598-1599-1600-1601-1602-1603-1604-1605-1606-1607-1608-1609-1610-1611-1612-1613-1614-1615-1616-1617-1618-1619-1620-1621-1622-1623-1624-1625-1626-1627-1628-1629-1630-1631-1632-1633-1634-1635-1636-1637-1638-1639-1640-1641-1642-1643-1644-1645-1646-1647-1648-1649-1650-1651-1652-1653-1654-1655-1656-1657-1658-1659-1660-1661-1662-1663-1664-1665-1666-1667-1668-1669-1670-1671-1672-1673-1674-1675-1676-1677-1678-1679-1680-1681-1682-1683-1684-1685-1686-1687-1688-1689-1690-1691-1692-1693-1694-1695-1696-1697-1698-1699-1700-1701-1702-1703-1704-1705-1706-1707-1708-1709-1710-1711-1712-1713-1714-1715-1716-1717-1718-1719-1720-1721-1722-1723-1724-1725-1726-1727-1728-1729-1730-1731-1732-1733-1734-1735-1736-1737-1738-1739-1740-1741-1742-1743-1744-1745-1746-1747-1748-1749-1750-1751-1752-1753-1754-1755-1756-1757-1758-1759-1760-1761-1762-1763-1764-1765-1766-1767-1768-1769-1770-1771-1772-1773-1774-1775-1776-1777-1778-1779-1780-1781-1782-1783-1784-1785-1786-1787-1788-1789-1790-1791-1792-1793-1794-1795-1796-1797-1798-1799-1800-1801-1802-1803-1804-1805-1806-1807-1808-1809-1810-1811-1812-1813-1814-1815-1816-1817-1818-1819-1820-1821-1822-1823-1824-1825-1826-1827-1828-1829-1830-1831-1832-1833-1834-1835-1836-1837-1838-1839-1840-1841-1842-1843-1844-1845-1846-1847-1848-1849-1850-1851-1852-1853-1854-1855-1856-1857-1858-1859-1860-1861-1862-1863-1864-1865-1866-1867-1868-1869-1870-1871-1872-1873-1874-1875-1876-1877-1878-1879-1880-1881-1882-1883-1884-1885-1886-1887-1888-1889-1890-1891-1892-1893-1894-1895-1896-1897-1898-1899-1900-1901-1902-1903-1904-1905-1906-1907-1908-1909-1910-1911-1912-1913-1914-1915-1916-1917-1918-1919-1920-1921-1922-1923-1924-1925-1926-1927-1928-1929-1930-1931-1932-1933-1934-1935-1936-1937-1938-1939-1940-1941-1942-1943-1944-1945-1946-1947-1948-1949-1950-1951-1952-1953-1954-1955-1956-1957-1958-1959-1960-1961-1962-1963-1964-1965-1966-1967-1968-1969-1970-1971-1972-1973-1974-1975-1976-1977-1978-1979-1980-1981-1982-1983-1984-1985-1986-1987-1988-1989-1990-1991-1992-1993-1994-1995-1996-1997-1998-1999-2000-2001-2002-2003-2004-2005-2006-2007-2008-2009-2010-2011-2012-2013-2014-2015-2016-2017-2018-2019-2020-2021-2022-2023-2024-2025-2026-2027-2028-2029-2030-2031-2032-2033-2034-2035-2036-2037-2038-2039-2040-2041-2042-2043-2044-2045-2046-2047-2048-2049-2050-2051-2052-2053-2054-2055-2056-2057-2058-2059-2060-2061-2062-2063-2064-2065-2066-2067-2068-2069-2070-2071-2072-2073-2074-2075-2076-2077-2078-2079-2080-2081-2082-2083-2084-2085-2086-2087-2088-2089-2090-2091-2092-2093-2094-2095-2096-2097-2098-2099-2100-2101-2102-2103-2104-2105-2106-2107-2108-2109-2110-2111-2112-2113-2114-2115-2116-2117-2118-2119-2120-2121-2122-2123-2124-2125-2126-2127-2128-2129-2130-2131-2132-2133-2134-2135-2136-2137-2138-2139-2140-2141-2142-2143-2144-2145-2146-2147-2148-2149-2150-2151-2152-2153-2154-2155-2156-2157-2158-2159-2160-2161-2162-2163-2164-2165-2166-2167-2168-2169-2170-2171-2172-2173-2174-2175-2176-2177-2178-2179-2180-2181-2182-2183-2184-2185-2186-2187-2188-2189-2190-2191-2192-2193-2194-2195-2196-2197-2198-2199-2200-2201-2202-2203-2204-2205-2206-2207-2208-2209-2210-2211-2212-2213-2214-2215-2216-2217-2218-2219-2220-2221-2222-2223-2224-2225-2226-2227-2228-2229-2230-2231-2232-2233-2234-2235-2236-2237-2238-2239-2240-2241-2242-2243-2244-2245-2246-2247-2248-2249-2250-2251-2252-2253-2254-2255-2256-2257-2258-2259-2260-2261-2262-2263-2264-2265-2266-2267-2268-2269-2270-2271-2272-2273-2274-2275-2276-2277-2278-2279-2280-2281-2282-2283-2284-2285-2286-2287-2288-2289-2290-2291-2292-2293-2294-2295-2296-2297-2298-2299-2300-2301-2302-2303-2304-2305-2306-2307-2308-2309-2310-2311-2312-2313-2314-2315-2316-2317-2318-2319-2320-2321-2322-2323-2324-2325-2326-2327-2328-2329-2330-2331-2332-2333-2334-2335-2336-2337-2338-2339-2340-2341-2342-2343-2344-2345-2346-2347-2348-2349-2350-2351-2352-2353-2354-2355-2356-2357-2358-2359-2360-2361-2362-2363-2364-2365-2366-2367-2368-2369-2370-2371-2372-2373-2374-2375-2376-2377-2378-2379-2380-2381-2382-2383-2384-2385-2386-2387-2388-2389-2390-2391-2392-2393-2394-2395-2396-2397-2398-2399-2400-2401-2402-2403-2404-2405-2406-2407-2408-2409-2410-2411-2412-2413-2414-2415-2416-2417-2418-2419-2420-2421-2422-2423-2424-2425-2426-2427-2428-2429-2430-2431-2432-2433-2434-2435-2436-2437-2438-2439-2440-2441-2442-2443-2444-2445-2446-2447-2448-2449-2450-2451-2452-2453-2454-2455-2456-2457-2458-2459-2460-2461-2462-2463-2464-2465-2466-2467-2468-2469-2470-2471-2472-2473-2474-2475-2476-2477-2478-2479-2480-2481-2482-2483-2484-2485-2486-2487-2488-2489-2490-2491-2492-2493-2494-2495-2496-2497-2498-2499-2500-2501-2502-2503-2504-2505-2506-2507-2508-2509-2510-2511-2512-2513-2514-2515-2516-2517-2518-2519-2520-2521-2522-2523-2524-2525-2526-2527-2528-2529-2530-2531-2532-2533-2534-2535-2536-2537-2538-2539-2540-2541-2542-2543-2544-2545-2546-2547-2548-2549-2550-2551-2552-2553-2554-2555-2556-2557-2558-2559-2560-2561-2562-2563-2564-2565-2566-2567-2568-2569-2570-2571-2572-2573-2574-2575-2576-2577-2578-2579-2580-2581-2582-2583-2584-2585-2586-2587-2588-2589-2590-2591-2592-2593-2594-2595-2596-2597-2598-2599-2600-2601-2602-2603-2604-2605-2606-2607-2608-2609-2610-2611-2612-2613-2614-2615-2616-2617-2618-2619-

SPAS HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CLINICAL COMMAND, AS
APO 394
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

8 June 44

ATTENTION PRIORITY references meeting on Control of Venereal Disease held at Rear HQ
APO 394, 0930 hours 8 June 44. (Items for Agenda).

- 1 Measures to be taken to prevent infected women being released from hospital.
ACTION: By Admin Section (Thru' NC & MG).
a We want evidence from the military that women are being released from hospital prior to their having reached the non-communicable stages of their venereal diseases. (NC & MG Section is to take steps to advise the military - AMT - that specific instances are to be reported to AGC.)
- 2 Measures to be taken to supervise them after release.
ACTION: By Admin Section. (2M, Legal and Interior).
A draft decree to be prepared as a war time measure, and issued by the Italian Government, which will ensure that
a VD patients will be given conditional releases only from hospitals, and are to be required to make weekly visits to specifically designated clinics for further treatment and/or examination until finally cured.
b Hospitals will send weekly (periodical) reports to clinics with reference to the names and addresses of patients being released to these clinics for further treatment.
c Clinics are advised that defaulters (or those who do not make these required visits for treatment) are to be reported to the police for disciplinary action.
d All hospital VD patients are advised of the necessity for visiting the clinics.
e All persons requiring clinical treatment will, upon making change of address so notify the clinic to which they have been reporting, and will then be given the address and location of a clinic near their new home. This clinic will be informed of the addition to its list of patients by the clinic releasing the patient.
- 3 Action that can be taken against medical personnel who allow, either wilfully or negligently, women to be released while still infectious.
ACTION: Admin Section (Thru' NC & MG Section).
Military field personnel must be asked to report each instance discovered, and representations will be made to the Italian Government for the prosecution of each individual.
- 4 Measures to be taken to improve the distribution of drugs.
ACTION: Admin Section (Thru' NC & MG Section).
Individual cases of inefficiency or negligence are to be reported to AGC, and Public Health Sub-Commission will act on each one independently.
- 5 General suggestions to state of law enforcement in the matter.

- ADMIN: By Admin Section. (2H; Legal and Interior).
A draft decree to be prepared as a war time measure, and passed by the Italian Government, which will ensure that
- a VD patients will be given conditional releases only from hospitals, and are to be required to make weekly visits to specifically designated clinics for further treatment and/or examination until finally cured.
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- 3 Action that can be taken against medical personnel who allow, either wilfully or negligently, women to be released while still infectious.
- ADMIN: Admin Section (Thru' HC & MI Section).
Military field personnel must be asked to report each instance discovered, and representations will be made to the Italian Government for the prosecution of each individual.
- 4 Measures to be taken to improve the distribution of drugs.
- ADMIN: Admin Section (Thru' HC & MI Section).
Individual cases of inefficiency or negligence are to be reported to CO, and Public Health Sub-Commission will act on each one independently.
- 5 General situation as to state of law enforcement in the matter.
- ADMIN: Admin Section (Thru' HC & MI Section).
Representations be made to AI to increase the control over uniformed personnel especially as regards their conduct.
- 6 Recommendations as to points to be made to the Italian Government.
- ADMIN: Admin Section (Thru' HC & MI Section).

P. J. J. J.
R. J. J. J.
Major, Infantry,
50 II Admin Section.

Admin Section will
HEADQUARTERS

10 JUL 1946

A. C. C.

Admin Section will
advise us of point
we draft the letters
they wish sent in-
partas 1 3 4 & 5
P/A meantime

File 1340

200

98

NEAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 994
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

8 June 44

Minutes of Meeting on Control of Venereal Disease held at Near Hq. APO 994
8:30 hours, 8 June 44

Present:	Lord Stansgate	(VP Admin Section)
	Brig. G.B. Parkinson	(Public Health)
	Col F.G.D. Spicer	(Interior)
	Col G.F. Dyjohn	(Legal)
	Lt. Col. R. Wilcox	(Public Safety)
	Major J. Lewis	(Public Health)
	Major R.A. Parsons	(Admin Section)
	Major J.S. Roebuck	(HC & H)

The meeting was convened at 1930 hours.

- 1 Lord Stansgate announced that the purpose of this meeting was to determine what steps should be taken to prevent venereal disease from being spread by women released from hospitals as cured, while still not completely past the infectious stages of the disease from which they were hospitalized. He asked if this meeting was originated because of the complaints made to any member present.
- 2 Col Upjohn explained that the meeting was called at his suggestion which was concurred with by Brig. Parkinson. Col Upjohn added that this Regional Legal Officers had expressed concern at the number of cases noted of infectious prostitutes who had been released from hospitals as cured when in fact they were not.
- 3 Brig. Parkinson asked if there was any proof of this and was answered by Major Lewis that it was probably true in some instances. Major Lewis added that such a condition had existed in 1933, and that investigations on similar complaints were now being scheduled for Bari and TARANTO.
- 4 Major Lewis explained that while dispensaries were available, there was no system of check-up to see that the prostitutes visited them.
- 5 Col. Wilcox stated that under the present regulations, there was no way to legally force prostitute to visit dispensaries unless they were convicted prostitutes.
- 6 Col. Spicer asked if we could not propound some regulation which would require all women treated for venereal disease in Hospitals, upon discharge therefrom, to report to dispensaries or clinics regularly over a period of six months for medical inspections purely for safeguarding them - as well as the public.
- 7 Major Lewis stated that something similar to this was in operation in the US.

- 1 Lord Stange announced that the purpose of this meeting was to determine what steps should be taken to prevent venereal disease from being spread by women released from hospitals as cured, while still not completely past the infectious stages of the disease from which they were hospitalized. He asked if this meeting was originated because of the complaints made to my member present.
- 2 Col Upjohn explained that the meeting was called at his suggestion which was concurred with by Brig. Parkinson. Col Upjohn noted that in regional legal officers had expressed concern at the number of cases noted of infectious prostitutes who had been released from hospitals as cured then in fact they were not.
- 3 Brig. Parkinson asked if there was any proof of this and was answered by Major Lewis that it was probably true in some instances. Major Lewis added that such a condition had existed in ILOK, and that investigations on similar complaints were now being scheduled for Bali and Taranto.
- 4 Major Lewis explained that while dispensaries were available, there was no system of check-up to see that the prostitutes visited them.
- 5 Col. Wilcox stated that under the present regulations, there was no way to legally force prostitutes to visit dispensaries unless they were convicted prostitutes.
- 6 Col. Spicer asked if we could not propound some regulation which would require all women treated for venereal disease in hospitals, upon discharge therefrom, to report to dispensaries or clinics regularly over a period of six months for medical inspections purely for safeguarding them - as well as the public.
- 7 Major Lewis stated that something similar to this was in operation in the US.
- 8 Col Upjohn asked if 'brothels' were supervised for the protection of Allied troops.
- 9 Maj. Lewis stated that in general they were supervised properly, and that only occasionally was an Allied soldier found in one.
- 10 The subject of brothels for military use was discussed, and Maj Lewis said that venereal disease rates soared wherever brothels were tacitly permitted.
- 11 Lord Stange raised the point of how to make the Italian doctors more meticulous in the performance of their duties in connection with VD control.
- 12 Maj. Lewis informed the group that the activities of the doctors were proving more valuable since the adoption of a more or less standard form of test for VD.
- 13 Brig. Parkinson stated that the best answer to the VD problem was to enforce and encourage proper ~~with~~ control. He suggested that commanding officers be made to tighten up their control over their men.

...../14

200

- 2 -

- 14 Major Lewis stated that a courier for children had been discussed and a note against it had been sent to ASI. All present agreed that a courier was not a solution to be considered.
- 15 Further discussion as to the desirability of patrols to keep children and 'pimps' off the streets, and disciplinary measures against solicitors were treated briefly.
- 16 Lord Stansgate then presented the items for the agenda for discussion.
 - a(1) Measures to be taken to prevent infected women being released from hospitals. It was decided that actual evidence is required in order to make proper representations to the Italian Government. This will necessitate steps being taken through RC & MD Section to ask all concerned to report each case.
 - (11) Measures to be taken to supervise them after release. It was decided that VD patients in hospitals should be given conditional release only. The conditions being that they report weekly (periodically) to clinics until completely cured. All hospitals should keep clinics informed of the patients they are to keep tabs on, and all patients should be informed that unless they actually continue to visit clinics until discharged they will be subject to police action. Patients should also be advised that upon changing residence they must notify the clinics they attend and will be given cards or instructions to report to clinics nearer their new residences for continued treatment.

It was decided that the Public Health, Legal and Interior Sub-Committees should draft a decree to be issued by the Italian Government reference the above. It was further agreed that this was to be a wartime measure only, designed to protect not only our own troops but Italians as well.

 - b Action that can be taken against official personnel who allow, either wilfully or negligently, women to be released while still infectious. (Item B of the Agenda), was then discussed. It was agreed that specific instances must be reported by personnel in the field in order that proper representations be made to the Italian Government. Such cases will be handled independently.
 - c Item C of the Agenda - Measures to be taken to improve the distribution of drugs was next discussed. Major Lewis stated that although there were dispensaries in nearly every town, there were only 19 hospitals presently involved. He suggested that each case involving inefficiency, shortage or delay be handled separately as it arises. This was agreed to.
 - d As to Item D on the Agenda - General situation as to state of law enforcement, it would be necessary to make representations to ASI (through RC & MD) to emphasize the necessity of better control over the conduct of the individual soldier. It was agreed that MP's rather than civil police should supervise the control due to lack of cover over Allied soldiery on the part of Italian Police.
 - e As to Item E, it was considered that the solution of this was embodied in the draft decree mentioned in a (ii).
- 17 Major Lewis raised the question of asking the Italian Government to improve the condition of the dispensaries, particularly with respect to increasing their

of the patients they are to keep tabs on, and all patients should be informed that unless they actually continue to visit clinics until discharged they will be subject to police action. Patients should also be advised that upon changing residence they must notify the clinics they attend and will be given cards or instructions to report to clinics nearer their new residences for continued treatment.

It was decided that the Public Health, Legal and Interior Sub-Commissions should draft a decree to be issued by the Italian Government reference the above. It was further agreed that this was to be a wartime measure only, designed to protect not only our own troops but Italians as well.

Action that can be taken against medical personnel who allow, either wilfully or negligently, women to be released while still infestious. (Item 3 of the Agenda), was then discussed. It was agreed that specific instructions must be reported by personnel in the field in order that proper representations be made to the Italian Government. Such cases will be handled independently.

Item 4 of the Agenda - Measures to be taken to improve the distribution of drugs was next discussed. Major Lewis stated that although there were dispensaries in nearly every town, there were only 19 hospitals presently involved. He suggested that such cases involving inefficiency, shortage or delay be handled separately as it arises. This was agreed to.

As to Item 5 on the Agenda - General situation as to state of law enforcement, it would be necessary to make representations to AAI (through HQ & MI) to emphasize the necessity of better control over the conduct of the individual soldier. It was agreed that MP's rather than civil police should supervise the control due to lack of power over Allied soldiery on the part of Italian police.

As to Item 6, it was considered that the solution of this was embodied in the draft decree mentioned in c (ii).

- 17 Major Lewis raised the question of asking the Italian Government to improve the condition of the dispensaries, particularly with respect to increasing their staffs. After a short discussion this was left to be dealt with by the Public Health Sub-Commission.

- 18 Col. Upjohn informed the group that he had caused the cessation of the 'Prostitute Courts' in Naples. All agreed that this was a proper move.

- 19 In connection with fixing the responsibility of taking action on the above paragraphs, it was decided that the Admin Section would co-ordinate the activities of the Sub-Commissions mentioned and would present so much of the requirements to HQ & MI Section as pertained to action asked of AAI and AGO personnel in the field.

The meeting was concluded at 1030 hours.

[Signature]
R.A. STOSSEL,
Major, Infantry.

2094

MEMORANDUM ON V.D. CONFERENCE HELD AT
ALSTO, THURSDAY, 8 JUNE 1944.

Chairman : Lord Staragato.

Present : Brig. Parkinson, P.H. Sub-Com.
 Col. Upjohn, Legal Sub-Com.
 Col. Young, P.S. Sub-Com.
 Col. Spicer, Int. Sub-Com.
 Major Lewis, P.H. Sub-Com.
 Major Reakes, C.A. Branch.

1. The conference was a very short one and lasted just over an hour. The most important point on the agenda was how to supervise infected women after they had been released from hospital.
2. Major Lewis said that while infected women were released from hospital still apparently suffering from V.D. this disease was no longer communicable. He stated that in the U.S.A. provision was made whereby such women reported usually once a week and continued their treatment. It was considered that similar procedure should be adopted in this country as a wartime measure. It was not intended to force the Italians to adopt this method if they did not approve of it, but from the military standpoint it was considered that this measure should be applied for the duration. Details of what was desired were submitted to Col. Spicer who will take the matter up with the Italian Government. Col. Young was in agreement but suggested that there might not be enough dispensaries to deal with these women. Major Lewis said there were sufficient and they could handle these weekly cases.
3. It was suggested that action might be taken against medical men who allow women to be released while still infectious. Col. Upjohn explained the difficulty of trying to prove that a medical man was wilful and negligent, and at the best it was thought the Doctor should be reported to the Italian Government who would administer a reprimand.
4. Quite often reports were made on this disease with regard to cases which had to be investigated. These reports were not specific and often quite false. It was suggested that the Army be asked when reporting to be more specific.
5. The question of making V.D. a notifiable disease was discussed but it was decided to take no further action on this, as the question had not even been settled in the U.K. It was considered that a decree should be issued by the Italian Government and Public Health, Legal and Public Safety would get together on the framing of this document in draft for submission to the Italian Government.

Minutes would be issued. [Signature]

Good.

JER/HAC.

HH 9/6

J.S. REAKES,
 Major.

1999

97

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & H.C. SECTION
APO 394

96

Ref/234/96/CA

6 June 1944

SUBJECT: Control of V.D.
TO : Admin. Section.

95

Reference your 4/61/AS of 4 June please
let this Headquarters have in due course a co-
py of the minutes of meeting.

94

MURRAY R. FINE
Colonel
Deputy Executive
Commissioner

JSR/JR

MA

785017

HEAD HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

4 June 44.

4/6.1/44.

SUBJECT: Control of Venereal Diseases.

TO: Directors - Public Health, Legal, Public Safety
and Interior Sub-Commissions.

1 A conference on the above subject will be held at 0930 hrs Thursday,
8 June 44 in the office of the Vice President, Adm Sec, Room 574, Palace of
Justice Building, Rear Rd, AGC.

2 To be present:

Erig Markinson	-	Public Health Sub-Commission
Col Upjohn	-	Legal Sub-Commission
Col Young	-	Public Safety Sub-Commission
Colonel Spicer	-	Interior Sub-Commission.
Major Lewis	-	Public Health Sub-Commission.

3 **Items for Action.**

- 2 Measures to be taken.
- 1 to prevent infected women being released from hospitals.
- 1 to supervise them after release.
- 2 Action that can be taken against medical personnel who allow, either
wilfully or negligently, women to be released while still infectious.
- 2 Measures to be taken to improve distribution of drugs.
- 1 General situation as to state of law enforcement in the matter
- 1 Recommendations as to the points to be put to the Italian Government.

Copy to RC & AG Section.



R.A. CRITCH,
COLONEL,
for VP Adm Sec.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED COMMAND, COM
APO 394

Regional Control and Military Government Section.

Ref: 234/24/04.

5th June 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease - Curfew.

TO : Headquarters,
Allied Armies in Italy.

1. References your 401/5094/1 (PS) of 13 May 44, and confirming interview (Lt. Col. Philip and Major Friend (asst)) on 3 June 44.
2. This matter has been under very careful consideration with all the D.B. Commissions of this HQ concerned who have tried to consider, not the convenience of the population, but the practical effect of such an order.
3. The consensus of opinion is that firstly, even though the law was passed it would be impracticable to enforce it in the larger towns, and secondly, that if it was enforced it would have very little effect upon the incidence of V.D.

4. It must be remembered that in dealing with the civilian population, which has very little sense of discipline, the mere issuing of legislation is useless. It is the enforcement thereof that has to be considered.

5. In Naples there is a population of 950,000 and it may be assumed that there are over 40,000 bars and joints between the ages of 12 and 19. In order to endeavour to keep these joints off the streets the Carabinieri would have to concentrate on this one problem to the exclusion of other duties. The same principle applies elsewhere.

6. Statistics from the Naples Prophylactic Stations indicate that the maximum number of typists go to brothels during mid-afternoon and after 1700 hours there is a steady decrease.

7. It is noted that in the town of Bari such a curfew order is in existence but it would be interesting to know how far it has been enforced.

8. It is the earnest wish of this HQ to keep the incidence of V.D. as low as possible, but it is considered that the curfew for cinema

1. Reference your 441/5091/4 (PS) of 16 May 64, and continuing interview (Lt. Col. Philip and Major Friend Jones) on 1 June 64.
2. This matter has been under very careful consideration with all the Sub-Commissions of this HQ concerned who have tried to consider, not the convenience of the population, but the practical effect of such an order.
3. The consensus of opinion is that firstly, even though the law was passed it would be impracticable to enforce it in the larger towns, and secondly, that if it was enforced it would have very little effect upon the incidence of V. D.
4. It must be remembered that in dealing with the civilian population, which has very little sense of discipline, the mere issuing of legislation is useless. It is the enforcement thereof that has to be considered.
5. In Naples there is a population of 950,000 and it may be assumed that there are over 40,000 boys and youths between the ages of 12 and 15. In order to endeavour to keep these youths off the streets the Carabinieri would have to concentrate on this one problem to the exclusion of other duties. The same principle applies elsewhere.
6. Statistics from the Naples Propylactic Stations indicate that the maximum number of troops go to brothels during mid-afternoon and after 1700 hours there is a steady decrease.
7. It is noted that in the town of Bari such a curfew order is in existence but it would be interesting to know how far it has been enforced.
8. It is the earnest wish of this HQ to keep the incidence of V. D. down by any practical means but it is considered that the curfew for minors is not practicable and should not be enforced.

MSU/31.

1394
 Brigadier,
 Administrative Commission,
 Chief Commission.

Copy to: Public Health Sub-Commission,
 Public Safety Sub-Commission,
 AGO Liaison, RI. AAL.

Col Rouman.

I saw "A" today and have
succeeded in getting the problem
referred back to Dist 2. Anyways AA
see our point of view of the subject
is still under consideration.

Here is a draft letter - Perhaps
you will kindly approve or amend
the phraseology and dispatch.

3 June

P.V.

Col Bowman.

The question of curfews for minors is still undecided and Public Safety wish this HQ to take a stand in this matter.

I have drafted a letter to AAI setting out the position as viewed by this Branch and the Sub Committee concerned. It is a comprehensive letter and in fairly strong terms. I feel it should go out under the signature of the Ex Comr. and he should see the draft before it is typed.

Para 3 ~~is an attempt to soft soap~~ gives the AAI a loophole for insisting on a curfew and is one which they will use. I should like to omit this para altogether.

In view of folio 80 this letter will have repercussions and should be considered carefully.

1st June 44

J. Keane May

*See Friend Jones
for approval of Col Yarnes*

Subject. Venereal Disease - Curfew.

HQ AAI.

1. Ref your AAI/5091/A(PS) of 18th May 44 the whole question of curfew for minors has been reconsidered by this HQ. and the following points are submitted.

- (a) Public Health Sub Commission are of opinion that the introduction of curfew for minors will have very little effect upon the incidence of V.D. and state that statistics from Metropolitan Area prophylactic stations indicate that the hours of maximum exposure to infection are those of the mid afternoon and that after 5 p.m. there is an hourly decrease. It is the opinion of this Sub Commission that more strenuous campaign by both Military and Civil Police against clandestine prostitution would have a greater effect in reducing the incidence of VD than the introduction of a curfew for minors.
- (b) The Police are overworked as it is and if they are to be made responsible for picking up minors after curfew then their duties in other spheres of crime must be restricted accordingly. In the main such offences are committed in the afternoon. This HQ is willing to adopt every measure which will help in reducing the incidence of VD but it is for AAI to say which crime and offences they wish the Police to concentrate on.
- (c) Unless a late hour is decided upon Public Safety S.C. do not think enforcement will be practical. There is bound to be a natural reluctance on the part of all concerned to arrest juveniles merely because they are at large and how they are to be subsequently dealt with either by way of accommodation, feeding and supervision whilst in Police custody, and how subsequently they are to be penalised by the Court is difficult to understand. Unless there is clear evidence of abetting by parents it will be difficult not be possible to proceed against them.

(d) In so far as Bari is concerned while no legal action ~~could be~~ taken against offenders, the parents were sent for and warned that curfew regulations in regard to juveniles must be observed. It is understood that representations are being made to have the hour of curfew extended to 1930 hrs.

3. In view of the above it is requested that you review ~~your attitude request~~ the situation and if you still wish to ~~impose~~ such a curfew imposed perhaps this HQ might be advised of the time the curfew should be imposed, the ages which would be affected and what penalties it is considered should be imposed.

2 X. It is considered that Orders should only be imposed ~~where there are means of imposing them~~ when they can be carried out and there are means of enforcing them. In a city like Naples with such a large population and large area to cover the difficulties will be great.

Copy to Public Safety E.C.

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO

Ref.P.S. 3/1

25/5/44

90



SUBJECT:- Juveniles curfew

TO :- Colonel Young
Deputy Chief Public Safety
Commission Rear HQ ACC - Salerno

Juveniles curfew - 18.00 hrs.

This was put into force on the 2nd
February 44. The main objects being

- 1) Juveniles were found to be pimping
Allied personnel for prostitution.
- 2) Leading Allied personnel to private houses
and apartments where illicit sale of wine
was taking place. Whilst no legal action
can be taken against offenders, the parents
are sent for by the Questore caused
considerable inconvenience and warned that
the curfew regulations in regard to juveniles
must be observed.

Results in Bari have proved satisfactory
in this connection.

Now that the evenings are longer I have
made representation to the Military and
civil authorities that the hour be
extended to 19.30 hours.

G.M. Reveley
G.M. Reveley Major
Provincial Police Officer
(Bari) A.C.C.

RM 2/6
Major 7-1 has the matter
handled & has also my drafts
all in RM

RM 6/6
1992

Major Beakes

89

1. Await Reg II
report.

2. Col Young thinks
that he can talk
AA1 out of this if
he came as shown
by Reg II's report is
not strong enough
for a convincing
letter.

3. "Other business" item
at R.C. conference.

W. B. H.
3/6

27/5

Register in this file
from Col Young &
bring up to ~~me~~ on
Sunday put in my
IN bag

OK 26/5-

may D-W to see, especially
para 6. I am inclined
to hold the matter up till
the conf. & to wait until
Liz. It's report comes on
on the benefits otherwise other
type of report which was applied
at Bari. Pls 26/5-

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

ACC/14060/PS

25 May 1944

SUBJECT : Venereal Disease - Curfew for Children

TO : Executive Commissioner (thro' VP Adm Sec)

1. I am of the opinion that the proposed curfew for children is not the proper way to deal with child pimping.

The objection to it have already been set out in your letter to 3 District 27 April 44 and your draft letter to HQ, AAI.

2. To penalize during the summer months all children, because of the misdeemeanours or perhaps misfortunes of so small a proportion of their numbers is, in my view, not justified. Particularly because it appears to be assumed that the greater part of such contact is carried on during the evening hours which are to be covered by curfew restrictions. This in my opinion is a false presumption.

3. Unless a later hour is decided upon I do not think enforcement will be practical. There is bound to be a natural reluctance on the part of all concerned to arrest juveniles merely because they are at large and how they are to be subsequently dealt with either by way of accommodation, feeding and supervision whilst in police custody, and how subsequently they are to be penalised by the Court is difficult to understand. Nor do I think it will be possible to proceed against the parents unless there is clear evidence of abetting by them.

4. I do not know of the existence of such curfews in Region II but am taking steps to find out how it operates. It has not yet been suggested at what time the curfew should be imposed, what ages would be affected or what penalties should be exacted.

your letter to 3 District 27 April 44 and your draft letter to HQ, AAI.

2. To penalize during the summer months all children, because of the misadventures or perhaps misfortunes of so small a proportion of their numbers is, in my view, not justified. Particularly because it appears to be assumed that the greater part of such conduct is carried on during the evening hours which are to be covered by curfew restrictions. This in my opinion is a false presumption.

3. Unless a later hour is decided upon I do not think enforcement will be practical. There is bound to be a natural reluctance on the part of all concerned to arrest juveniles merely because they are at large and how they are to be subsequently dealt with either by way of accommodation, feeding and supervision whilst in police custody, and how subsequently they are to be penalized by the Court is difficult to understand. Nor do I think it will be possible to proceed against the parents unless there is clear evidence of abetting by them.

4. I do not know of the existence of such curfews in Region II but am taking steps to find out how it operates. It has not yet been suggested at what time the curfew should be imposed, what ages would be affected or what penalties should be exacted.

5. If the Military Authorities insist on these measures I suggest that agreement is given only after protest and that arrangements be made for its operation only in those local areas where it is considered to be essential.

6. It would be interesting to hear the comments of Regional Commissioners on this proposal and I think it might be usefully included on the Agenda for their forthcoming meeting.

Copy to:

Public-Health S-C

Colonel,
Deputy Chief Public Safety Sub-Comm.

Allday
A.S. YOUNG,

23+

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394.
Public Health Sub-Commission

27 MAY 1944

8988
C. A. B. V.
9014

ACC/3023/1/PH

26th May 1944.

SUBJECT:- Venereal Disease - Curfew for minors.

TO :- Adm. Sec for RC and MD Section.

1. This Sub-Commission is of the opinion that the introduction of curfew for minors will have very little effect, indeed upon the incidence of Venereal Disease. Statistics from ~~the~~ ^{the} prophylactic stations indicate that the hours of maximum exposures to infection are those of the mid-afternoon and that after 5 p.m. there is an hourly decrease.

2. It is the opinion of this Sub-Commission that a more strenuous campaign by both Military and Civil Police against clandestine prostitution would have a greater effect in reducing the incidence of Venereal Disease than the introduction of a curfew for minors.

PH/G2/arb.



F. S. P. *[Signature]*
G.S. PARKING, Brigadier,
Director, Public Health Sub-Commission.

1990

25 MAY Recd

2348 *CA 23*

8740

85

HEAD HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Legal Subcommittee
APO 394

PHW/ent

ACJ/4028/L

24 May 1944

SUBJECT: Venereal Diseases.

TO : PD & MG Section.

83

1. Ref your 234/83/CA dated 22 May 44.
2. With reference to para 4 of the proposed form of letter attached to the above quoted letter we call attention to the fact that in Italian Government territory we have no right to issue the order suggested. Arrangements should be made in that territory to have prefects issue the required orders which will then be enforced in the Italian Courts. As to Military Government territory it is suggested that instead of a General or a Regional Order the prefects there likewise issue the requisite orders and the enforcement be left to Italian Courts.
3. As desirable as the proposed effort may be, there is not the legal personnel to take on additional trial work. As all of this can be done by the Italian authorities it is strongly recommended that the above program be pursued with that in view.



G. R. Upjohn
G. R. UPJOHN
Colonel
Chief Legal Officer.

JK 29/5

84

Col Shipp.

Ref. your note I presume that you are prepared to impose a curfew on minors, so long as it is pointed out to AAI that less attention will be paid to other crimes. I have drafted a letter which might be sent in reply. As this letter makes one or two statements which I believe to be correct I should like to submit the matter to Public Safety before replying.

pk.

22 May 44.

You - thank you

*PS. Col Young is in
Naples today*

J. 22/5

*10/4
29/5
L
J. H. G. W.*

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
H.C. & H.S. Section
APO 794

Ref/234/83/CA.

22 May 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Diseases.

TO : Admin Section - For Public Safety Sub-Commission.

1. There is sent for your perusal reply received from A.A.I. on the question of a curfew for minors. Your attention is also drawn to this HQ letter of even number dated 27th April 1944 addressed to No. 3 District, copy to you for Public Health, Legal and Public Safety.

2. As the A.A.I. are more or less insisting on such a curfew being imposed, the only objection to it appears to be that the police will devote a corresponding less time to other crimes. Before however replying to A.A.I. we send you draft of our proposed reply for your perusal and return with any comments you may have.

JER/RAC.

83R
see p 6
L
MURRAY E. FINE,
Colonel,
Deputy Executive
Commissioner.

Copy to: Public Health Sub-Commission for comment.
Legal Sub-Commission for comment.

BLAT

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL ORDER
H.Q. & H.C. Section
APO 394

NOT USED

83A

Ref/394 /ca.

May 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : HQ. Allied Armies in Italy.

1. Reference your AAI/5091/A(15) of 18 May 1944 your remarks on a curfew for minors are noted.
2. The Police are overworked as it is and if they are to be made responsible for picking up minors after curfew then their duties in other spheres of crime must be restricted accordingly. In the main such offences by minors are committed in the afternoon.
3. This H.Q. is willing to adopt every measure which will help in reducing the incidence of Venereal Disease but it is for the Army to say which crimes and offences they wish the police to concentrate on.
4. Under the circumstances and to meet your request an Order will be prepared imposing a curfew on minors. From what hour do you wish the curfew to be imposed.

Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner,
For Chief Commissioner.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785017

TO: Major akes.

Reference 78 and 80.

Reply that A.A.I. cannot have their cake and eat it. The police can only do so much work and if they are busy picking up minors on the streets crime, theft of petrol etc, will increase. It is for the Army to say which crimes they prefer.

21.May.1944

G.W.I.SHEPP,
Lt.Col.

1985

Al Fiske

81

Pl see 79 for info. Ex Comm.
Should see. Await Public Health action?

20/5

Jan. 7

Worthington

19.5.44

1984

SUBJECT:-- Ven. Mal Disease.

Executive Commissioner,
A.G.C.

Ref 234/78/CA of 13 May 44.

1. Paras 4, 5 and 6 of your letter are noted.
2. In regard to para 3 I am directed to point out that at BARI, in No. 2 District, a Curfew for children under 16 has been in force since Feb '44, and it was to be extended to other towns. It was found to be practicable and to have good effect.
3. In view of this fact I am to request that this matter may be reconsidered. I am to state that in regard to any measure which is likely to reduce the incidence of V.D. amongst the Allied Forces, the saving of manpower is regarded as being of greater importance than the convenience of the local population.

CIF/SL.

Brigadier,
D.A.G.

1983

234/78/CA 13 May Recd

RESTRICTED

CAB

8028

HQ ALLIED ARMY IN ITALY.

AM/5004/A(P3).

13 May 44.

785017

234 ~~8~~ 9 MA. Recd *C. H. H.*
 REAR HEADQUARTERS
 ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
 Legal Subcommittee
 APO-334

GRU/AD

ACC/4086/1

10/19/5

17 May 1944.

SUBJECT : V. D. & Prostitution.

TO : Public Health Subcommittee.

1. At a recent meeting of Regional Legal Officers the point was stressed that difficulty was frequently encountered by reason of prostitutes being released from hospital as cured of V. D. when in fact they were not so cured.
2. It was felt that this was a matter for the consideration of Public Health Subcommittee rather than law. While in a flagrant case it might be possible to prosecute an Italian doctor for releasing a prostitute before she was cured the difficulties in the way of such prosecution are obvious.
3. Would it not be possible to stress through medical associations and the like the absolute duty imposed on every doctor to cooperate in ensuring that infected prostitutes were not released before cure and possibly to arrange some system of spot checking by Allied medical personnel to see that in fact doctors were carrying out the obligations imposed upon them by statute? In flagrant cases a prosecution might follow.
4. It has also been reputed that Italian doctors have not available the appropriate drugs; can you ascertain whether there is any truth in this report and if so whether it is capable of remedy?
5. The matter is an important one and from the reports of RLO's the failure of some doctors to carry out their duties in the above respect is seriously hampering law enforcement. Perhaps you would care to discuss the matter in conference when you have considered it.

HEADQUARTERS
 18 MAY 1944
 A C C

G. R. Upjohn
 G. R. UPJOHN,
 Colonel,
 Chief Legal Officer.

Copy to : Executive Commissioner,
 Public Safety Subcommittee

1982

785017

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.O. & M.C. SECTION
APO 394

178

Ref/234/78/CA

13 May 1944

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : H.Q.A.A.I.

1. References your letter AAI/5091/A IS of 9 May 1944.
2. The report forwarded by Hq. 3 District (ref.173/A of 31 Mar.44) and in particular the recommendations made in paras 17,18,24 and 25 of Appx. C have been fully considered. Decision has been taken on most points.
3. Curfew for minors. The imposition of a curfew for minors is considered impracticable, one reason being that the police, owing to their small number and the many duties they have to perform, would be quite unable to enforce such an order. In addition the approach of longer hours of daylight makes it unfair that all minors should be confined at an early hour for the offences of the very few.
4. Head Shaving. It is considered that "Head shaving" would result in ridicule of AOC and a consequent lowering of prestige. It is considered most inadvisable.
5. Relief. The question of relief is under review. It could never be paid on a scale sufficient to stop prostitution as a means of getting extra money to buy food etc. An order will be issued shortly increasing the daily rations of bread, pasta and dried soups to 'heavy workers'. In addition pasta will be made available to all under this new Order.
6. Publication. The publication of sentences imposed on prostitutes is being further considered. There are points in connection with the use which enemy propaganda might make of such publication which complicate the issue.
7. The Regional Commissioner, Region III the only Region concerned in this problem at the moment, has the matter constantly before him, and every effort is being made with the resources available to us to put down this type of offense.

Brigadier
Executive Commissioner
For Chief Commissioner

1381

SUBJECT: Ven al Disease.

Executive Commissioner,
HQ AGC
AFO 394

Ref your 234/61/CA dated 17 Apr 44.

Please state whether you are yet in a position to forward the views
of your Public Health Sub Commission.

HD/JLR

4093 234/61 AFB (for file)
11 MAY Recd. 40
H.Q. ALLIED ARMIES IN ITALY.
AAI/5091/A(PS).
9 May 44.

Brigadier.
D.A.G.

1980

Col Shipp.

27 APR Recd

I spoke to Captn. Newfeld and read the letter over to him. The amendments are those he suggested.

No file
One point arises. Shall I approach Legal with the suggestion that heavier sentences should be inflicted on Prostitutes. As the law exists I believe heavier sentences cannot be given. It means an alteration in the law. It was pointed out to me that even if heavier sentences were given the prisons could not Accomodate more prisoners. It appears to be a case of the 'devil' you know being better than the 'devil' you don't know and that the matter should be left in the meantime or until circumstances are more settled.

24/4/44.

J.H.C.

1978

Minutes

75

21-4-46

I spoke to Maj. Lionel Fielden who states that the sentences are normally light - 10 days or so & any publication would be a waste of time & space. He pointed out that punishment of black market offences (in some cases a few years imprisonment) was published even so the black market continued.

In the circumstances Cords should be advised to increase sentences for prostitution & pimping. When this happens then the question of publication can be taken up again.

Curfew for minors. This is worth trying & subject to approval I propose to ask legal to prepare an Order. Legal have are willing to go ahead if we give them instructions. Draft reply to: 3 Dec. att'd 1470 P.H. 21-4-46

No
not feasible to carry out.

HEADQUARTERS,
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
C. M. F.

Ref: 234/74/CA.

28th April 1944.

My dear General,

I am afraid you will find that our official reply to your 173/A of 31st March is rather in the form of a wet blanket. We have in fact turned down three of the proposals. But I do want you to realise that these proposals have not been rejected for any other reason than that we think from the administrative point of view they are impracticable and in one case ill-advised. I may say that my General was horrified when he heard that IRS were practising the punishment of head shaving in Sicily.

In a matter like this it is very difficult to remedy the evils of prostitution by legislation. Much more can be done, and must be done, by a general uplift in the moral attitude of the civilian population. It is not easy to do this after defeat and when their country is occupied by many nations. We are, however, really trying to achieve this object. I believe that the extra food, little as it is, the coming harvest, the better weather and more than anything, a possible quickening of the operational side, will do something to achieve the desired result. But I do want you to know that we have given your proposals very serious consideration and I would not want you to gauge the measure of help that we hope to give by the rejection of some of your proposals.

Yours sincerely,

(Sgd) Maurice Lusk.

Major General A. Collier, C.B.E., D.S.O.,
General Officer Commanding,
No. 3 District,
C. M. F.

785017

PERSONAL.

234
HEADQUARTERS,
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
APO. 394.

101/23/CA.

24th April 44.

Dear General Smith

During his recent visit to Sicily the Executive Commissioner was informed that the Military Police of DES and No. 1 District were taking prostitutes off the streets and those infected with V.D. were having their heads shaved. The Executive Commissioner would be very glad if you will look into this matter and take it up with the appropriate authorities.

Lt. Col. Snooks also raised the question of boots for officers of the G.I. RR on the Island. Apparently there is a scheme in force for the clothing of the Carabinieri ORs but at that time nothing had been settled in regard to the officers.

Captain,
IA to Executive
Commissioner.

AJW/RE.

Colonel P. G. Kirk,
Public Safety Sub-Commission,
Rear H.Q.,
Allied Control Commission.

1976
Copies to:
Civil Affairs Br (2)

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & M.C. SECTION
APO 394

27 April 1944

Ref/234/72/CA

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease

TO : No. 3 District

1. Your letter 173/A of 31 March 1944 has been under consideration by the various Subcommissions of this Headquarters since its receipt.

2. Curfew for minors. The imposition of such a curfew is considered impracticable for the following reasons:

a. Only a minute proportion of the juvenile population finds itself charged with misdemeanors and breach of the law. Curfew would therefore react harshly on the remainder.

b. The approach of longer hours of daylight makes it unfair that all minors should be confined indoors for the offences of the very few.

c. The police, owing to their small numbers, would be quite unable to enforce such an order. It would also result in the picking up of a large number of children who are either orphans or without homes. At present Region III have an order on prostitution under which pimps and those guilty of offences of a similar nature are punished.

3. Head shaving. It is considered that "head shaving" would result in ridicule of A.C.C. and a consequent lowering of prestige. It is strongly opposed.

4. Relief. The question of relief is being reviewed but relief could never be paid on such a scale as to stop prostitution as a means of getting extra money for the purchase of food etc. An order will be issued shortly increasing the daily rations of bread, pasta and dried soups to "heavy" workers. This will lead to a diminution of this crime in those houses to which these extra rations are going. In addition, Pasta will be made available to all under this new order.

72A

5. Publication. The publication of sentences imposed on prostitutes is being considered. You will be advised of any decision reached.

6. The Regional Commissioner, Region III, the only Region concerned in this problem at the moment, has the matter constantly before him. Both the Regional Commissioner and this Headquarters will render you every assistance in your campaign.

M. S. LUSH
Brigadier
Executive Commissioner

Copy to Admin. Div. (P/H) Acc/3023/1/PA of 17 Apr 1974

*Copy to Region III
Admin. for P/H & Legal
Public Safety*

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Major Reades.

1. I am afraid I still do not like the drafting very much. The last para (6) I think should go something like this: ^{which}
"The Regional Commissioner of Region III, ~~is~~ is the only Region concerned, has the matter constantly before him and you can rest assured that both he and this Headquarters will render you every assistance in your campaign."
2. Para. 3 should be altered to follow the wording in 71.
3. Please take up para. 5 again with Major Fielden. I think that the size of the sentence is not relevant; the mere fact that the person has been sentenced, even only for a few days for such a crime, should give some feeling of shame.


G.W.I. SHIPP,
Lt. Col.

25 April 44

Col Shipp. Please say if you approve of the
attached revised draft. 2 Attached for your
personal use may. Fielden's letter.



72C

Col Shipp.

Why are you so keen on publicizing sentences on prostitutes? I cannot believe that this is a good idea. The sentences are too small to be really deterrent, and any publicity will have a come-back from Axis propaganda which will exact over the awful conditions in Naples etc.

Anyhow I have already talked to Smedley and Graham in Region 14 who agree with my views and today I write to Brig Parkinson asking his opinion. Can we await his reply?

L Fielden

1972

Subject VD

File 234/CA.

72D

Brief

Folio 60.

1. Subject. On the question of how to combat VD Brig Paton, DAS HQ AAI in relation to this HQ states that the AAI is in general agreement with the suggestions made in the report in a Conference held by W. 3 Region. ~~Let~~ Brig Paton also states that he would appreciate the assistance of this HQ in implementing the recommendations made in paras 17, 18 24 and 25 of Annex C to the report.

2. Para 17 of Report states -
Curfew for Children under 16. - Decided that Areas/Sub Areas should in conjunction with ACC/Adms enforce early curfew for children under 16 so far as local ^{conditions} ~~authorities~~ permit.

Remarks.

5. Para 25 of Report.

72E

Publication of convictions in Italian Press.

Decided to recommend to acc/alu G. that sentences imposed on persons convicted of prostitution or pimping should be published frequently in the Italian papers to discourage the others.

Remarks. High Policy

Subject. VD.

Ltr 234/CA.

72D

Brief.

Folio 60.

1. Subject. On the question of how to combat VD Brig Paton, DAS HQ AAI in a letter to this HQ. states that the AAI is in general agreement with the suggestions made in the report in a Conference held by W. 3 Region. He also states that he would appreciate the assistance of this HQ in implementing the recommendations made in paras 17, 18, 24 and 25 of Appx 'C' to the report.

2. Para 17 of Report. states, -
Curfew for Children under 16. - Decided that Areas/Sub Areas should in conjunction with ACC/AMs enforce early curfew for children under 16 so far as local ^{conditions} ~~authorities~~ permit.

Remarks.

3. Para 18 of Report.Clinics for Prostitutes.

Decided

- (a) To ask ACC/AMG. to go in with the provision of additional accommodation for clinics for prostitutes
- (b) To recommend to ACC/AMG that women convicted of prostitution should be shaved.

Remarks. Public Health.

Notifiable Disease

4. Para 24 of Report.Poor Relief.

Decided that ACC/AMG should be asked to press forward with their Poor Relief measures and so remove the temptation to resort to prostitution as a means of gaining living.

Remarks. Finance

234 *E* CABr. 6077
APP Recd *per* 71
REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

ACC/3023/1/PH

19 Apr 44

SUBJECT : Venereal Disease.

TO : RUMD Section. *56*

1 Reference report 173/A, 3 District dated 31 Mar 44 (attached herewith) the following comments are offered.

2 This headquarters is fully in accord with the desire to adopt stringent measures to reduce the incidence of VD in the area, and will support any legal means to eliminate it.

3 It is considered advisable though to make comment on the following paras of their Appendix "C".

a As to para 17, it is the opinion of the Legal Sub Comm officers that a curfew for minors may be imposed and enforced in AMG territory without regard to the Italian Government, but that in all other territory this curfew must be imposed and enforced by the Italian authorities. This headquarters will make representations if you so desire. *2*

b As to para 18 c. It is considered that such a measure as "head shaving" would result in ridicule of us and a consequent lowering of our prestige. It is strongly opposed.

c As to para 24, the entire matter of relief subsidy is being reviewed but it is thought that as an effective deterrent to prostitution a fifty fold increase in present relief allowances would be necessary.

d As to para 25, it is agreed that steps should be taken to have the local newspapers publish all sentences imposed on those convicted of "pimping" and prostitution. This is a matter for the PRO to supervise. *Consider type line is not suitable for this - they already have black marker*

Spoke to PRO
Tel. 50 55
P.R. Brown Maj 44
H.R. CRIPPS,
Lt. Colonel,
CBO Admin Section. *61*

Incl: 3 Dist, correspondence on VD.

1000
Original held CAB

785017

2314
HEAD HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Legal Subcommittee
APO 394

1000 6027
70
19 APR Recd

19 April 1944

ACC/4028/L

SUBJECT: Prostitution and V.D.

TO : Regions 3 and 5
5th and 8th Armies

65
Ref para (A)(2)(a) of Appendix 'B' to ACC/4028/L of 19 April 1944
please note that RDL 45 of 20 Jan. 44 is not so far operative in AD territory.

9.50
G. G. HANNAFORD, Major
Officer i/c Italian Branch
for Chief Legal Officer.

Copy to: PG & MD Sec. ✓

49 copies held
? for distribution?

1968

To R.C. & MG Section 69

LEGAL AND MILITARY
ADJUTANT GENERAL
Legal Subcommission
AVO 594

C.A. Br.

AVO/4028/2

19 April 1944

SUBJECT: Prostitution and V.D.

TO : 720a Regions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6 (2000 ROM)
SIOs 5th Army (2000 ROM).

1. The military authorities are constantly requesting assistance from the various subcommissions of AOC concerned (Public Health, Public Safety, Legal, etc.) in order to secure from the Italian authorities full cooperation in their endeavors to minimize the diffusion of venereal diseases among allied troops.

2. The Legal Subcommission in turn has made strong recommendations to the Minister of Justice with a view to obtaining the result that the rather loose procedure followed by Italian judicial and police officials in relation to VD offenses be tightened up.

3. Consequently, the Ministry has issued a number of directives and memoranda to the various officials concerned and it will be the duty of ICS in the field to see that these directives are implemented.

4. It must be borne in mind that Italian law gives the judicial and police officials ample means to fight prostitution and the various activities connected therewith. ICS should see that the "Pubblico Ministero" and the judges are given no latitude in applying the letter of the law in the spirit set out in the Minister's instructions to all Procuratori Generali and Procuratori del Re.

5. A synopsis of the provisions of the law in relation to prostitution together with copies of a number of directives and memoranda published by the Minister of Justice are enclosed in order that ICS may be in a position to supervise the activities of the Italian officials concerned.

6. Such supervision will obviously be easier in AOC territory where ICS can give direct instructions to all Italian officials. In restored territory particularly, however, ICS should see that once to this Subcommission all actions by Italian judicial personnel tending to evade, set aside or ignore the formal instructions received by them from their superior officials in the above connection.

C.A. Br.

C. G. HARRISON, Major
Colonel 1st Italian Division Band

3342 HADDOGANE
WILLY TO THEE NO. 1350
LADLE 518-302-1510
A.C.O. 104

4005/2

2 March 1944

Возраст: 13 лет; пол: мальчик; рост: 150 см; вес: 45 кг; температура: 36,5°C; пульс: 70 уд./мин; давление: 110/70 мм рт.ст.

О.О. Дубровин, А.А. Дубровин, А.А. Дубровин

Ref: 1012220157433 dated 23 Sept. 44.

1. Discrete protection is not allowed in England, but there is no Federal law in the U.S. - I like to check each State treating its own legislation on the matter.

2. In Italy licensed prostitution is permitted by the provisions of the law of Public Safety of 16 June 1931 No. 773, Chapter VII, articles 190 to 206.

It is as the law is concerned the above referred to
applied relations

Art. 190: At the request of the Mayor or its first delegation, Public Safety may be called any dealer licenses whose prohibition is expected to be 13 years or less.

[illegible]

at 6.1923 Public Safety notification on 01680 avy. 01680
0-901800 in the interest of loyalty, cooperation and public order.

4-193: Mayor decides to open a house of prostitution must fill in a special form provided by Public Safety Authority in which are determined the conditions under which he can exercise profession.

att. 1941. No one has used for identification can be notified without the authorization of the F.B.I. authority. List of persons who exercise prohibition in licensed premises must be submitted to the F.B.I. authority. If through negligence a matter has been taken and an infected person is admitted, even for a short time, in the licensed premises, penalties up to one year and \$5,000 fine can be imposed.

including its own legislation on the matter.

2. In Italy licensed prostitution is regulated by the provisions of the law of Public Safety of 18 June 1931 No. 773, Chapter VII, articles 190 to 200.

3. As far as the law is concerned the above referred to articles provide:

Art. 190: At the request of the Mayor or at their discretion, Public Safety authorities may declare premises where prostitution is exercised to be licensed premises.

Art. 191: No premises of this type can be opened without the license referred to in the preceding article. This provision is also applicable to premises where only women only exercise said practice. Penalty up to one year and 1,000 lire fine.

Art. 192: Public Safety authorities can close any such premises in the interest of morality, decency and public order.

Art. 193: Whoever desires to open a house of prostitution must fill in a special form provided by Public Safety authorities in which are determined the conditions under which he may exercise his profession.

Art. 194: No premises used for prostitution can be notified without the authorization of the P.S. authorities. List of persons who exercise prostitution in licensed premises must be notified to the P.S. authority. If through notification sanitary measures are not taken and an infected person is admitted, even for a short time, in the licensed premises, penalties up to one year and 5,000 lire can be upheld.

Art. 195: Hours of opening are determined by the P.S. authorities.

Art. 196: The following are forbidden in premises where prostitution is exercised:

- (a) Gambling, dancing and any type of celebration.
- (b) The ready sale of food and drink.
- (c) Access to minors under 18.
- (d) Entering the premises carrying arms.

Penalties up to 6 months and 3,000 lire.

1951

Art. 197: Full rights of requisition at any time by P.S. authorities - and also of execution of all inmates.

Art. 198: The keeper cannot receive gifts of money or other articles from the inmates. Penalty - up to 3 months and 5,000 lire.

Art. 199: The keeper cannot retain an inmate wishing to leave the premises. Penalty up to 3 months and 5,000 lire.

Art. 200: Prostitution premises shall be closed when:-

1. When no-1 diseases are prevalent.
2. When no-1 diseases are found among the inmates.
3. Sanitary visits are not properly carried out.
4. The keeper tries to prevent such visits.
5. The keeper becomes an habitual offender under Art. 198 & 199.
6. The lease is not made.

Art. 201: All such premises can also be closed for general hygienic motives or other reasons left at the discretion of P.S. authorities.

Art. 202: The keeper who re-enters the premises even after the date of closure is liable to one year's imprisonment and 5000 lire fine.

Art. 203: Whoever contravenes the above provisions cannot receive a license for a period of five years.

Art. 204: One year is the minimum limit of time before any closed premises can be opened.

Art. 205: P.S. authorities can at any time order sanitary visits of the inmates or send them to special cure places.

Art. 206: Licenses are withdrawn if the keeper requests it when the premises are not used anymore for the exercise of prostitution.

Art. 207: All reports against P.S. authorities can be made to the Commission convened by the Prefect, etc.

Art. 208: Incitement to debauchery is also forbidden, even by indirect means, in any public place.

- It is also formally forbidden:
- (a) to solicit or seduce or words in the streets.
 - (b) to stand in public places in an indecent attitude.
 - (c) to expose one's person at the windows or on the threshold of licensed premises.
 - (d) to give the address or indicate in any way the location of licensed premises or to

2. Visitors are found among the inmates.
3. Sanitary visits are not properly carried out.
4. The Keeper fails to prevent such visits.
5. The Keeper becomes an habitual offender under Art. 195 & 196.
6. The license is any ends.

Art. 201 : If, such premises can also be closed for General Hygiene motives or other reasons left at the discretion of P.S. Authorities.

Art. 202 : The Keeper who maintains the premises open after the date of closure is liable to one year's imprisonment and 5000 lire fine.

Art. 203 : Whoever contravenes the above provisions cannot receive a license for a period of five years.

Art. 204 : One year is the minimum limit of time before any closed premises can be opened.

Art. 205 : P.S. Authorities can at any time order sanitary visits of the inmates or send them to special cure places.

Art. 206 : Licenses are withdrawn if the Keeper requests it when the premises are not used anymore for the exercise of prostitution.

Art. 207 : All reports against P.S. Authority action can be made to Commission convened by the Prefect, etc.

Art. 208 : Inoffensive to decency is also forbidden, even by indirect means, in any public places.

- It is also formally forbidden :
- (a) to solicit by deeds or words in the streets.
 - (b) to stand in public places in an indecent attitude.
 - (c) to expose one's person at the windows or on the threshold of licensed premises.
 - (d) to give the address or identify in any way the location of licensed premises or to offer means of procuring.

Penalty up to six months.

4. It is hoped that this short synopsis of Italian legislation on the subject will answer most of the local questions you are interested in. As prostitution control is entirely a police responsibility your letter has been passed to the Public Safety Sub-Commission together with a copy of our reply for their comments thereon and their observations on the question of fact.

C. HANFORD, Chief
Local Sub-Com.

Ministry of the Interior

To all Prefetti.

The Allied authorities have informed the Italian government that private doctors who treat military personnel for venereal diseases do not report the cases to proper quarters, as they are required to do by law. Thus the adoption of disciplinary and sanitary measures by the military authorities is made impossible. In order to obviate these difficulties, will you please inform the medical associations to the effect that soldiers are considered as "living in the community" and therefore in pursuance of the provisions of the Ministerial Decree of 23 April 1940, it is compulsory for the doctors to report all cases of syphilis, gonorrhea and venereal ulcers affecting military personnel which they may obtain knowledge of in the course of their professional activities.

All defaulters shall be punishable under the terms of Art. 254 of the consolidated text of the existing sanitary legislation. Please acknowledge.

The Minister.

69
APPENDIX "C"

Instructions to the following effect have been issued to all Procurement General - American Consulate - Monumental del Re - Salerno.

Instructions for the procurement of the Allied Submarine in order to eliminate the symptoms of V.D. are as follows.

A.C.C. has received the following information on the subject of these studies in order to prevent the spread of V.D. among Allied troops.

It has been agreed with the Director of the Italian Navy, that, where necessary, mixed squads of Allied and Italian soldiers shall be organized to patrol the streets and prevent prostitutes from associating with immunity and thus gaining easy contact with Allied soldiers. For prostitution houses have also been created in town to increase the circulation of money, venereal disease and of infectious symptoms of a venereal character (syphilis) which may be kept at these centers until cured.

It has been reported that the return in jail of untreated prostitutes, who have been arrested (arrested) or arrested (arrested), and who have not been segregated from the city may tend to increase the spread of the disease, especially where there are large numbers of these women.

The attention of all Procurement General del Re and District is therefore directed to the gravity of these facts which have a direct effect on Allied military activity and they are hereby instructed that no Allied soldier shall be allowed to enter in this connection to the Allied Submarine. As an example, the judicial police shall be instructed to take all necessary steps to prevent prostitutes exercising their freedom to go away from the social organized houses.

Furthermore, in order to maintain order and discipline for reasons of public safety or security the following plan shall apply:

(1) Prostitutes apprehended for reasons of public safety in accordance of Article 15 of Law of Public Security shall be sent to the observation and treatment centers. They shall not be returned to the streets unless the doctors at the centers have declared them to be free from disease or even from suspected disease.

(2) Prostitutes apprehended pursuant to Art. 336 of the Code of Penal Procedure, or prostitutes arrested (arrested) shall be carefully examined by the doctors at the prisons. All those found to be infected or suspected of being infected shall be segregated from the healthy ones and given adequate treatment at the prisons. If any "transmission" takes place (i.e., a person whose persons are detained separately in distinct from one in which long-term infectious disease sentences) is not segregated for such treatment, the prostitutes shall be transferred to a judicial prison.

(3) The names of all prostitutes released from jail, for any reason whatsoever, shall be communicated by the Director concerned to the Italian Public Safety authorities who shall observe the relevant regulations of public safety in their cases.

(4) Care shall be taken to supervise both medical investigations and all procedures connected with investigation and other operations included in that

It has been agreed with the Director of the Bureau of Prisons that, where necessary, mixed groups of Italian and American prisoners shall be maintained in order to maintain and prevent contact between them and their families and thus prevent any contact with the outside world. For observation purposes have also been created in order to prevent the spread of contagious diseases and of detecting symptoms of a contagious character (diseases persons may be kept at their own expense until cured).

It has been suggested that the system in each of the various institutions, to have been established (proposed) as suggested (suggested), and has been not been suggested (proposed) as suggested (suggested) the spread of the disease, especially where there are large numbers of these persons.

The attention of all concerned has been directed in the various institutions to the gravity of the disease and the fact that it is not only a contagious disease but also a very active and very contagious disease. It is necessary to take every precaution to prevent its spread, especially in the case of the disease, especially where there are large numbers of these persons.

Furthermore, in view of the fact that the spread of the disease is a public safety or national security matter, it is suggested that the following shall be done:

(1) Prisoners apprehended for reasons of public safety in the various institutions of Article 15 of the Italian Constitution shall be kept in the observation and treatment centers. They shall not be returned to the prisons unless the doctors of the centers have declared that they are free from disease or even from a suspected disease.

(2) Prisoners apprehended pursuant to Art. 235 of the Code of Penal Procedure, or prisoners apprehended (suggested) shall be kept in the observation and treatment centers. All those found to be infected or dangerous of being infected shall be segregated from the healthy ones and given adequate treatment in the prisons. If any "apprehended" person (i.e., a person whose persons are detained to prevent or prevent them from causing long-term damage to the community) is not segregated for such treatment, the institution shall be transferred to a judicial prison.

(3) The release of all prisoners released from prison, for any reason whatsoever, shall be coordinated by the Director concerned to the Italian Public Safety authorities who shall observe the relevant regulations of public safety in their cases.

(4) Care shall be taken to supervise both medical investigations and all proceedings connected with prevention and other offenses included in that general category in order to ensure that the various cases are adequately and properly dealt with.

69
R. Xipell

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE POLICE (MINISTER OF JUSTICE)

(A) By Italian law there are two distinct ways in which a person can be arrested by the police:-

(1) "Arresto". This corresponds exactly to our own idea of arrest and is regulated by rules laid down in the Code of Penal Procedure Arts. 243 and 250. It is usually effected under an order or warrant issued by the judicial authorities. But cases when "arresto" can be made without such an order or warrant are set out in the Code of Penal Procedure Arts. 235, 236, 237, 239 and following and these cases are mainly those where a person is caught in the act of committing an offence (*flagrante delicto*).

The Code, then, sets out what the police (a) must have a warrant before making an arrest, (b) when they need not have a warrant, and (c) when they must proceed to arrest without a warrant.

In all cases however the person arrested must be placed by the police at the disposal of the judicial authorities within 24 hours of making the arrest unless a longer period of detention shall be ordered by the Procuratore or Pretore (Arts. 244 - 248 Code of Penal Procedure).

(2) *Fermo*. The distinction between this method of arrest and "arresto" above lies not in its immediate effect upon the person arrested, for in either case he is taken into custody, but in the procedure adopted towards such a suspected person after arrest.

(a) "*Fermo*" is regulated by Art. 236 of C.P.P. modified by a Royal Decree No. 15 of 20 January 14 whereby the police are empowered to a) proceed or take into custody any person suspected of having committed a crime or who, in being interrogated by the police, attempts to escape. But the police may apprehend in this manner only such persons regarding whom they have reasonable grounds for suspecting as having committed or being concerned in, a crime for which the issue of a warrant of arrest would be necessary. Apprehension in such cases must be immediately notified to the judicial authorities.

(b) Under Art. 157 of the "*Regio di Pubblica Sicurezza*" a person may be apprehended by the police without being accused or even suspected of committing an offence, simply because he leads a suspicious or immoral life and when questioned by the police refuses to give them any explanation. By Art. 156 however the powers of the police in such cases are limited to confining that the suspected person return to his domicile or office, by a compulsory travel order (*obbligo di residenza*).

However, when it is difficult to establish the identity of the person so apprehended, he or she may be detained in custody for such a period of time until the police are satisfied as to his identity and morals.

(B) It is to be observed that, in so far as prostitutes are concerned, many more are apprehended by police patrols operating in town during the hours of darkness for security reasons than are arrested for a specific offence.

Prostitutes so apprehended by the police who are found to be disreputable or detained in custody until arrested. Persons so detained are not arrested (arrestati),

The Code, then, sets out that the police (a) must have a warrant before making an arrest, (b) when they need not have a warrant, and (c) when they must proceed to arrest without a warrant.

In all cases however the person arrested may be placed by the police at the disposal of the judicial authorities within 24 hours of making the arrest, unless a longer period of detention should be ordered by the Procureur or Procureur (Arts. 231 - 238 Code of Penal Procedure).

(2) *Article*. The distinction between this method of arrest and "arrests" above lies not in the effect upon the person arrested, for in either case he is taken into custody, but in the procedure adopted towards such a suspected person after arrest.

(a) "Arrest" is regulated by Art. 236 of D.P.C. modified by a Royal Decree No. 45 of 20 January 1944 whereby the police are empowered to apprehend or take into custody any person suspected of having committed a crime or who, in being interviewed by the police, attempts to escape. But the police may apprehend in this manner only such persons regarding whom they have reasonable grounds for suspecting as having committed or being concerned in, a crime for which the issue of a warrant of arrest would be necessary. Apprehension in such cases must be immediately notified to the judicial authorities.

(b) Under Art. 157 of the *Code de Police Municipale* a person may be apprehended by the police without being accused or even suspected of committing an offence, simply because he leads a suspicious or disreputable life and when questioned by the police refuses to give them any explanation. By Art. 158 however the powers of the police in such cases are limited to ordering that the suspected person return to his domicile of origin, by a compulsory travel order (*obligation de retour*).

However, when it is difficult to establish the identity of the person so apprehended, he or she can be detained in custody for such a period of time until the police are satisfied as to his identity and details.

(3) It is to be observed that, in so far as prostitutes are concerned, many more are apprehended by police patrols operating in town during the hours of darkness for security reasons than are arrested for a specific offence.

Prostitutes so apprehended by the police who are found to be disguised may be detained in prison until cured. Where persons are cited (arrested), with or without warrant, must be dealt with in accordance with the Code of Penal Procedure, where it is laid down that such persons may be treated outside the Code.

1963

MINISTRY OF JUSTICE

APPENDIX "E"

PROVISIONAL LIBERTY

SUBJECT: ART. 257 OF PENAL PROCEDURE AND ART. 258 OF THE CODE OF PENAL PROCEDURE

When a prostitute arrested, tried and sentenced lodges an appeal or a recourse in Cassation, the provisions of Art. 277 and following of the Code of Penal Procedure shall apply. These articles concern provisional freedom granted in order to protect the interests of the sentenced person.

Provisional freedom may be granted at any time during the proceedings and also (in accordance with the terms of L.D.F. of 31.1.1944 No. 42) pending recourse in Cassation, but cannot be granted in cases set out in Art. 253 of the Code of Penal Procedure.

The order of Provisional Liberty can be contested by the Public Ministero.

Liberty may be granted under bail.

In conclusion, the detainee has no right to be liberated pending appeal unless her preventive detention exceeds the amount of the sentence.

Provisional Freedom falls within the discretionary powers of the judge, except in cases under Art. 257 of Code of Penal Procedure as stated above.

On the other hand the granting of Conditional Liberty under Art. 176 of the Penal Code is not applicable, as the sentence is not final (if an appeal is lodged).

Note: "Provisional Liberty" is freedom granted by a judge before sentence is actually pronounced.

"Conditional Liberty" is probationary freedom granted after pronouncement of sentence which has imposed imprisonment under a final judgment.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & R.C. Section
APO 334

19 April 1944.

Ref/234/62/CA.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : H.Q. Allied Armies in Italy.

1. Reference telephone conversation (Lt.Col. Shipp - Staff Capt. "A" speaking) and your letter AAI/5091/A(PB) of 17 April 1944. There is sent for perusal Regional Order No.18 issued by Region III.

2. It will be noted that this is a Regional Order and not a Proclamation, and as this is the only one issued we presume this is the one to which you refer.

For the CHIEF COMMISSIONER:

M. S. LUSH,
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

Incl.
as above.

785017

SUBJECT:- Venereal Disease

18 APR Recd

CAB- URGENT.

Q-1673

HQ ALLIED ARMIES IN ITALY.

AAI/ 5091/A(PS)

HQ ACC.

CAB- 17 Apr 44.

Ref para 2 of 3 District letter 173/A of 31 Mar 44.

Please forward ^{urgently} copy of the ACC/AMG proclamation concerning prostitutes and pimps referred to in the a/q letter.

See 62

sent 17/4

HEADQUARTERS
18 APR 1944
ACC

Brigadier,
D.A.G.

1961

785017

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & H.C. Section
APO 394

URGENT 62

Ref/234/62/CA.

19 April 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : H.Q. Allied Armies in Italy.

1. Reference telephone conversation (Lt. Col. Chipp - Staff Capt. "A" speaking) and your letter AAI/5091/A(P8) of 17 April 1944. There is sent for perusal Regional Order No. 18 issued by Region III. 63

2. It will be noted that this is a Regional Order and not a Proclamation, and as this is the only one issued we presume this is the one to which you refer.

For the CHIEF COMMISSIONER:

H. S. LUSH,
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

Incl.
as above.

1960

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & H.Q. Section
APO 394

61

Ref/23/61/CA.

17 April 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : HQ. A.A.I. (Adm Esh), C.M.F.

1. Reference your AAI/3091/A(PB) of 12 April 1944.
2. The recommendations made in paras.17, 18, 24 and 25 of Appendix "C" to report on Conference held by H.Q. No.3 District have been submitted to the Public Health Sub-Commission to consider and to advise on their practicability.
3. You will be kept informed of the position.

For the CHIEF COMMISSIONER:

68
M. S. LEE,
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

see 77

Copy to: HQ. No.3 District.

23H CAPS 11083
13 APR Recd 60
SUBJECT:- Venereal Disease.

RESTRICTED.

HQ AAI (Adm Ech),
CMP.

AAI/5091/A(PS).

12 Apr 44.

Executive Commissioner,
Allied Control Commission.

56
1. I am directed to refer to the report on a Conference held by HQ No 3 District in regard to measures to be taken to combat VD. A copy of the report was forwarded to you under HQ 3 District reference 173/A of 31 Mar 44.

2. I am to say that this HQ is in general agreement with the suggestions made, and would appreciate your assistance in implementing the recommendations made in paras 17, 18, 24 and 25 of Appx "C" of this report.

CMP/CG.

C.H. Patel.
Brigadier
DAC.

See 61

See Shipton -
Holding them up -
date letter 1944

HEADQUARTERS
13 APR 1944

Amk.
Inad Sub Com - for
advise as to
pract 1954

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & H.C. SECTION
APO 934

Ref/243/59/CA

13 April 1944

SUBJECT: V.D. Control - Prostitution.

TO : Hq. AAI (Admin. Bch)
No. 3 District.

There is forwarded for your information a translation of a further letter dated 30 March 1944 sent by the Minister of the Interior to Questura to all Police Authorities in unoccupied Italy urging energetic measures to deal with this problem.

For the Chief Commissioner:

[Signature]
K.S. LUSH
Brigadier
Executive Commissioner

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & M.C. SECTION
APO 394

Ref/243/59/CA

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No. 3 District.

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For the Chief Commissioner:


M. J. LUSH
Brigadier
Executive Commissioner

10 APR Recd

9 APR 1944

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission

5 April 1944.

ACC/14060/PS

SUBJECT: Unlawful Prostitution.

TO : Executive Commissioner, R.C. & M.G. Section.

1. With reference to letter ACC/14060/PS dated 20th March 1944 enclosing a letter sent by the Minister of the Interior to Questura on the subject of prostitution, the Minister has now addressed a further letter, dated 30th March 1944, to all Police Authorities in unoccupied Italy urging energetic measures to deal with the problem.
2. A translation of the letter is enclosed for your information.

Paul G. Kirk
PAUL G. KIRK,
Colonel, Infantry,
Chief, Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

PM/t

1st Ind

Admin Section, HQ. ACC, APO 394, 7 April 1944.

TO: Executive Commissioner.

Forwarded for information.

R. R. Cripps
R. R. CRIPPS,
Lt. Colonel
For VP Admin Section

Ex. Comm.

Ref 57

This is helpful.

ll 144

Sent to Flamingo
& Dir 3

1957

TRANSLATION

MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR

Rome 10/10

10 March 1941

SUBJECT: clandestine prostitution

TO : All P.M. Prefetti of King's Italy.

With reference to the circular of 50081/10, of 18th inst. concerning preventive and repressive measures against clandestine prostitution, this Ministry orders that such dangerous and shameful activity must be stopped once for all on account of the consequences to Allied troops and to the reputation of the Italian people as well. Police forces are ordered to carry out said measures with every means at their disposal.

Boys in rags are seen approaching Allied Military men in the streets either to point out disreputable houses to them where unlawful prostitution is exercised on a large scale and alcoholic drinks are sold or ask them candies, cigarettes, etc. Such painful sights prove to be an offence to the dignity of this country.

It is necessary therefore that the Prefetti should give speedy orders to their dependant police forces in order to arrange for the organization of special patrol squadrons including the Vigili Urbani (town Guards) the latter with the special task of sending boys back to the care of their parents. A penal charge may be urged against parents who have abandoned their children. At the same time orders will be forwarded to the Sindaco for the sheltering in Orphanages of orphans and all children who cannot avail themselves of their parent's care either on account of the miserable social conditions of the latter or because work keeps them far from their own children.

Another evil arises from the fact that Allied Military men in company of women of ill-repute hire cabs and during the ride perform unlawful acts. We believe that this evil may be effectively fought by forfeiting the circulation permit to drivers and prosecuting women. The latter will be also sent to V.D. Hospitals or compelled to go back to their place and domicile according to the measures provided and the previous circular letter.

With the purpose of avoiding eventual reactions and subsequent incident which might be raised by Allied military men who are in company of such women, it would be advisable to intrust such duty to a special mixed patrol squadron including Agents of P.S. or GORA and Allied Policemen.

The above mentioned measures are thought to be most advisable.

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Another evil arises from the fact that Allied Military men in company of women of ill-repute hire cabs and during the ride perform unlawful acts. We believe that this evil may be effectively fought by forfeiting the circulation permit to drivers and prosecuting women. The latter will be also sent to V.D. Hospital or compelled to go back to their place and domicile according to the measures provided and the previous circular letter.

With the purpose of avoiding eventual reactions and subsequent incident which might be raised by Allied Military men who are in company of such women, it would be advisable to intrust such duty to a special mixed patrol squadron including Agents of P.S. or DMR and Allied Policemen.

The above mentioned measures are thought to be most advisable. Discretionary measures may be taken where the Prefetti believe that other actions are suitable for the particular circumstances in each Province.

This Ministry is confident that measures of this sort will speedily and effectively be carried out by the Police Forces who under a strict direct personal control of the Prefetti will finally stop such evils that the Allied authorities are justifiably alarmed at.

Every fortnight a detailed report will be forwarded to this Ministry.

THE MINISTER.

Subject: Venerable Dismissals.

HQ AAT (Adm. Sec.)
HQ ACC

CO PSS
57 Area
58 Area
94 Sub Area
22 AA Bde
56 AA Bde
No 2 District
3 Base Area Rep

Med Pro Unit JAG Ref.

1. I forward herewith:-

(a) Agenda for the conference on VD held at HQ 3 District on 28 Mar 44 - Appendix 'A'

(b) Note on the above by myself - Appendix 'B'

(c) Record of the decisions of the conference - Appendix 'C'

2. This District has derived much valuable advice and practical assistance as a result of the conference held by No 2 District on 17 Feb 44. In particular the ACC/AMC proclamation concerning prostitutes and pimping, which was published shortly after the 2 District conference, is of the greatest value.

No 2 District at their conference concentrated mainly on the problem of the women. I have, therefore, concentrated mainly on the problem of the soldier.

3. So far as the soldier is concerned, good welfare and good discipline are the most effective methods of combating VD. Every effort is being made to develop welfare in all its aspects and I propose to say no more about that here.

4. As regards discipline, I feel that this aspect of the problem is at present insufficiently stressed and that if any considerable reduction

3 District
Tel Rxt 10.
171/A.

31 Mar 44.

CONFIDENTIAL

*Original Forward
to P.H. Sub Com 104
which Col Gripps to read
and to read in his reaction to
para 6. 59, Bv. 13/4
see 104*

50 49

28 Mar 44 - Agenda for the conference on VD held at HQ 3 District on 17 Feb 44. In particular the AGC/AMC proclamation concerning prostitutes and films, which was published shortly after the 2 District conference, is of the greatest value.

- (a) Note on the above by myself - Appendix 'B',
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3. So far as the soldier is concerned, good welfare and good discipline are the most effective methods of combating VD. Every effort is being made to develop welfare in all its aspects and I propose to say no more about that here.

4. As regards discipline, I feel that this aspect of the problem is at present insufficiently stressed and that if any considerable reduction is going to be made in the VD figures we have got to face facts and introduce more drastic deterrents. As will be seen from Appendix 'B', the three most important deterrents which the conference recommended are:

- (a) That the contraction of VD be dealt with, like drunkenness, as a disciplinary offence under Section 40 AA, both officers and other ranks. If this is not legally possible, then that more serious financial penalties should be introduced, i.e., that offenders, in addition to suffering the existing penalties, should be obliged automatically to pay more heavily than at present for their hospital treatment (Appendix 'C' para 2)

(b) That officers and soldiers who incur VD should be penalised in the matter of priority for demobilisation (Appendix 'C' para 4)

(c) That there should be separate VD hospitals where those suf-

In/

farings from VD would, so to speak, be "treated rough" (Appendix 'C' para 15)

5. Para 2 (c), 4, 6, 15 and 27 of Appendix 'C' contain recommendations for consideration by HQ AAI. I request that if these recommendations are agreed to, HQ AAI will take appropriate action in regard to them, except that no action should be taken under para 2(c) until the result of the test case is known.

6. In paras 17, 18, 24 and 25 there are recommendations for action by AGG/AMG. It is requested that if these recommendations are agreed with appropriate action may be taken to give them effect.

7. This HQ is taking action on the other parts of Appendix 'C'.

Ref Gen
Comd

COMBATING OF VENERAL DISEASE

PART I - THE SOLDIER

(a)	(b) MEASURE	(c) PRESENT SITUATION	(d) SUGGESTED EXTENSION
1.	Automatic penalties	See GRO 161/44	Repeat in GROs
2.	Disciplinary powers of CO	Not clear; anyhow not exercised	(a) if legally AA sec 40 and give (b) Use or neg irrelevant ce (c) If not leg mend alter (d) Officers
3.	Punishment for concealment.	Trial by FOCM	Do so invariably
4.	Put back for demobilization		Recommend that this effect be less of 6 months purpose of reck demobilization.
5.	PA Centres		(a) Examine ter acco sary. (b) Provide (c) Signs to (d) All PA C Allied t (e) All CMP every lo was to i

COMBATING OF VENERAL DISEASE

PART I - THE SOLDIER

(b) SITUATION	(c) PRESENT SITUATION	(d) SUGGESTED EXTENSION OR NEW MEASURE	(e) DECISION REACHED AT CONF
See GRO I61/44 Not clear; anyhow not exercised Trial by FOCM		Repeat in GROs and unit orders (a) if legally possible treat under AA sec 49 as for drunkenness and give exemplary punishment (b) Use or neglect of precautions irrelevant as mitigating offence (c) If not legally possible, recommend alteration of AA. (d) Officers Sec 47 AA. Do so invariably. GRO I61/44. Recommend that deterrent order to this effect be issued, say automatic loss of 6 months overseas service for purpose of reckoning entitlement to demobilization, or return to UK. (a) Examine Centres to provide better accommodation where necessary. (b) Provide hot water (c) Signs to be lighted at night (d) All PA Centres to be open all Allied troops. (e) All CMP to know location of every local PAC and nearest way to it.	

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- | | | |
|-----|--|---|
| 6. | Responsibility of junior officers for appreciated. | Doubtful if sufficiently Junior officers to be "matted" if their men get VD. Must look after own men in this as in everything else, and talk to them of dangers. |
| 7. | Talks by MOs | |
| 8. | VD Films | |
| 9. | VD Notices | Some at present flippant
(a) Avoid flippant notices
(b) "M" to produce suggestions for notices.
(c) Place on main roads, in towns and villages. |
| 10. | Out of bounds areas | Troops allowed too much freedom in squalid parts of towns.
(a) Brothels to be marked "out of bounds" and "off limits"
(b) Large squalid areas in towns to be similarly marked when there is no reason for soldiers to go except for women.
(c) Certain streets leading to billets to be permitted as thoroughfares, but not to loiter in
(d) Regimental Police and even regimental piquets to help MP to police out of bounds areas. |
| II. | Control of wine shops | Bad wine sold and soldiers mix with civilians, includ pimps and prostitutes.
(a) Certain wine shops to be selected which will.
(i) be under military supervision
(ii) sell reasonably decent wine
(iii) sell no food.
(iv) allow no civilians inside.
(b) Carabinieri to keep pimps and prostitutes from loitering outside these shops.
(c) All other wine shops to be placed out of bounds and off limits, and to be kept under supervision by MP and Carabinieri.
(d) Selected wine shops to be clearly marked. |

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kept under supervision by MP and Cara-
binieri.
- (d) Selected wine shops to be clearly marked.

1957

12.

Check of VD figures by
Area Comds

Area Commanders to interview and write to units with bad VD figures. Specially bad to be reported by Area Commanders to District who will warn CO that his fitness to retain may be called in question.

13.

Creation of proper
public opinion

Idea prevalent that it
is *nearly* to incur VD.

Must be looked on as an unsoldierly act and to the man and the unit. District Command already written a personal letter to COs and

14.

Secrecy v publicity

When soldier gets VD matter is hushed up, presumably with the idea of encouraging soldier not to conceal it.

Why not give publicity to fact that soldier disgraced himself and his unit. Publish orders. If CO has power to deal with VD anyhow be no more secrecy in future. Treatments as confidential until the diagnosis is published.

15.

Special hospital treatment VD cases treated in ordinary hospitals, and VD patients share in all amenities.

Treat VD cases in VD Detention Centres, or of Field Punishment Centres, to be staffed administered by non-medical personnel, with attached for purely professional duties.

16.

Brothels to be placed out of bounds.

To tie up with the new ACC Proclamation per District, Area District order that all registers of prostitutes are out bounds to British of the armed forces.

by
Idea prevalent that it
is *naughty to incur* VD.

When soldier gets VD mat-
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units with bad VD figures. Specially bad units to
be reported by Area Commanders to District Commander
who will warn CO that his fitness to retain command
may be called in question.

Must be looked on as an unsoldierly act and disgrace
to the man and the unit. District Commander has
already written a personal letter to COs about this.

Why not give publicity to fact that soldier has
disgraced himself and his unit. Publish names in
orders. If CO has power to deal with VD there will
anyhow be no more secrecy in future. Treat docu-
ments as confidential until the diagnosis is estab-
lished.

Treat VD cases in VD Detention Centres, on lines
of Field Punishment Centres, to be staffed and
administered by non-medical personnel, with RAMC
attached for purely professional duties.

To tie up with the new ACC Proclamation publish in
District, Area strict order that all registered houses
of prostitutes are out bounds to British members
of the armed forces.

1952

PART II - PROSTITUTES AND PIMPS.

17.	Curfew for children under 16.			Enforce in all towns from - 1800 hrs Children found in streets after that hour to be taken home by Carabinieri who can take action against the parents - up to one years imprisonment. Warning given for offence.
18.	Clinics for prostitutes	NOCERA - 100 beds NAPLES - 600 beds CASERTA CASTELLAMARE about 40 beds GRAGNANO " 40 beds TORRE ANNUNZIATA 100 beds		Estimated about 50,000 registered and unregistered prostitutes in NAPLES. Number reported not definite as houses are registered - not the women. Licensed brothels in NAPLES about 47 with average of 12 women in each. In NAPLES HOSPITAL accommodation has been found sufficient being developed in province by AMG. Go on pressing AMG. AMG can provide adequate drugs - Penalty shaving.
19.	Civil Medical examinations	All women working in licensed houses are examined by Provincial VD Staff; also all women caught soliciting or flagrante Delicto in Naples - examination held under AMG supervision. Insufficient MOs supervise examination in all cases. Slides, blood etc examined at special centres.		AMG to lay down standard for examination. Suggest surprise attendance at examinations. Criterion for treatment to be laid down by AMG - cross checks by Military hospital laboratories.
20.	Making of prostitution illegal	At present it is legal in Italy		2 District have already applied for the law to be changed or for a Military Decree to be published making prostitution illegal. New Proclamation being published by AMG which should meet the case

PART II - PROSTITUTES AND PIMPS.

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GRAGNANO 40 beds
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AMG to lay down standard for examination suggest surprise attendance at examinations. Criterion for treatment to be laid down by AMG - cross checks by Military hospital laboratories.

At present it is legal in Italy

2 District have already applied for the law to be changed or for a Military Decree to be published making prostitution illegal. New Proclamation being published by AMG which should meet the case.

1951

15
21.

Action against pimps

Liabie to imprisonment for six months, but trials are delayed and heavy sentences rarely imposed.

22.

Examination of women before admission to brothels.

Italian Doctors sign blank forms without examining the women.

23.

Internment camps for
(a) Infected prostitutes
(b) Non-infected prostitutes.

None

Liabie to imprisonment for six months, but trials are delayed and heavy sentences rarely imposed.

Italian Doctors sign blank forms without examining the women.

None

- (a) Speed up trials
 - (b) Impose heavy sentences
 - (c) Trial by military courts.
- Can we do this in King's Italy?

Can we prosecute Doctors who do this?

As to the objections to starting such camps see note by AMG (not attached)

APPENDIX 'D'

Subject: VD

CONFIDENTIAL

Report by the District Commander

1. Last week nearly one-third of the admissions to hospital in 3 District were due to VD.
2. My own view, with which I think most officers agree, is that by far the most effective steps would be the establishment of approved brothels properly controlled by the military authorities. Although I am prepared to recommend this yet again to higher authority, I have little hope of the recommendation being accepted as it would involve a complete change of policy on the part of H.M. Government.
The practical problem which we have therefore to face is how can we, in the absence of approved brothels, improve the present deplorable situation.
3. Broadly speaking it is a matter of good discipline and good welfare. Hitherto the tendency has been to concentrate on putting areas out of bounds, putting infected women into hospital for treatment or even locking them up, and generally removing temptation from the soldier.
Undoubtedly we must take every possible step to reduce VD - no one means will be effective by itself, but the number of infected women in Italy is so enormous that we can never do much more than touch the fringe of the problem in dealing with them.
I think we must change the emphasis and must concentrate our efforts more on the soldier himself, i.e. we must tighten up discipline. To my mind the soldier who contracts VD and so renders himself unfit for duty is in exactly the same category as the man who renders himself unfit for duty by getting drunk, except that VD lasts longer and is therefore the more serious offense. The man who gets drunk is automatically brought up on a charge and punished. At present the man who gets VD is not, which is absurd.
I am going into the legal aspect of this, and if it is legally possible I am going to order that all soldiers who get VD are to be brought before their COs and be given exemplary punishment. Whether a man did or did not use precautions is to my mind irrelevant, and should not, I consider, be admitted as a plea in mitigation. The offender has deliberately run the risk of making himself unfit for duty and, if he gets VD, must take the consequences. If he conceals VD he should of course be tried by court-martial.
I do not yet know whether we can legally try a man who gets VD for conduct, or as not to the prejudice, but it seems to me only common sense. If it

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I do not yet know whether we can legally try a man ^{who} gets VD for conduct, or even not to the prejudice, but it seems to me only common sense. If it is not legally possible with the Army Act as it stands at present, then I think we shall have to try and get the Army Act altered, so that VD can be dealt with on the same lines as drunkenness.

5. Another possible means of reducing the incidence of VD would be to make treatment in hospital much more comfortable and more in the nature of field punishment. It might be advisable to have a special ^{hospital} ~~1945~~ under the control of combatant officers as opposed to RAMC.

6. Possibly the most effective means of all would be the publication of an order to the effect that any man who gets VD will automatically lose six months service overseas for the purpose of reckoning his priority for demobilization.

7. Attached is a list of measures now in force, or which have been suggested, for the checking of VD. I propose to hold a conference shortly at

which I shall take the chair myself, to examine these measures one by one and decide, in the case of measures already in operation, how far their application can be extended, and, in the case of untried measures, how far it would be useful and practical to put them into effect. None will work 100% - some possibly only 20% - but we must leave no stone unturned and must rely on the cumulative effect of the relentless application of all different measures all the time.

49
APPENDIX 'A'CONFIDENTIAL1 District Conference on Venereal Disease, 28 Mar. 44.RECORD OF DECISIONS.

Note: Paragraph references are to Appendix 'A' (the schedule issued with 1 District letter 173/A dated 11 Mar 44).

Part I - The Soldier.1. Automatic Penalties.

Decided that GRC 161/44 shall be repeated in Area/Sub Area and Unit orders where this has not already been done.

2. Disciplinary Powers.Decided:-

- (a) That as a test case '57 Area shall try by PGM under Sec 40 AA a soldier who has contracted VD, confirm if a finding of guilt is recorded, and put to legal advisers for a ruling on the legality of the conviction, if any. The sentence to be suspended pending a decision.
- (b) That if the conviction is upheld, SOG will order that in future COs are to deal summarily under Sec 40 AA with all soldiers who contract VD, and that similarly officers who contract VD are to be dealt with by Area Comds under Sec 47 AA.
- (c) If the conviction is not upheld, to recommend to HQ ADI that the Royal Warrant be amended to provide that any officer or soldier who contracts VD shall automatically be obliged to pay for his treatment during the period he is in hospital under treatment for VD, at the rate, say, of half his rate of ordinary pay. Allotment to dependents not to be affected, but otherwise penalties set out in GRC 161/44 to stand.

Note: (b) would be much the more effective way of dealing with VD offenders, but if it should turn out to be illegal, then (c) would be an alternative method of bringing home to them the enormity of their offence.

Disciplinary Powers.

Decided:-

- (a) That as a last case 57 Area shall try by RCM under Sec 40 AA a soldier who has contracted VD, confirm if a finding of guilt is recorded, and put to legal advisers for a ruling on the legality of the conviction, if any. The sentence to be suspended pending a decision.
- (b) That if the conviction is upheld, GOC will order that in future COs are to deal summarily under Sec 40 AA with all soldiers who contract VD, and that similarly officers who contract VD are to be dealt with by Area Comds under Sec 47 AA.
- (c) If the conviction is not upheld, to recommend to HQ AA that the Royal Warrant be amended to provide that any officer or soldier who contracts VD shall automatically be obliged to pay for his treatment during the period he is in hospital under treatment for VD, at the rate, say, of half his rate of ordinary pay. Allotment to dependents not to be affected, but otherwise penalties set out in GHO 161/44 to stand.

Note: (b) could be such the more effective way of dealing with VD offenders, but if it should turn out to be illegal, then (a) would be an alternative method of bringing home to them the enormity of their offence.

3. Penalties for Concealment.

Decided:-

- (a) To publish GHO 161/44 in Area/Sub Area and Unit orders where this has not already been done (see para 1 above).
- (b) To publish a DRO:-
- (i) Forbidding officers to conceal VD.
- (ii) Ordering that if an officer does conceal VD he is to be tried by court for disobedience of orders.

Note: IR 555 of 1940 which provides for the issue of a Unit order directing the immediate reporting in every case of venereal disease, used the word "soldier." A special order must therefore be issued if officers are to be made liable to a charge in respect of concealment of venereal disease contracted by them.

In/

4. Putting Back for Demobilization.

Decided to recommend to HQ AAI that in order to be issued to the effect that any soldier or officer who contracts VD will forfeit six months service for the purpose of reckoning date of eligibility for demobilization.

Note: In the last war the most powerful deterrent in the hands of a CO was putting a man's name to the bottom of the leave roster. With no leave home, that deterrent does not now exist.

5. PA Centres.

Decided to issue orders that the suggested measures be put into effect, where not already done.

6. Responsibility of Regimental Officers and COs.

Decided to issue a letter drawing attention to:-

(a) The responsibility of officers, especially junior officers, for talking to their men and ensuring that they do not get VD.

(b) The advisability of COs arranging for officers to visit VD wards in hospitals so that they can see for themselves what it really means to contract VD, and can be in a better position to explain its effects to their men.

(c) The necessity for frequent talks by COs.

8. VD Films.

Decided to recommend to HQ AAI that a much larger supply of VD films be made available. At present there is practically none.

9. VD Notices.

Decided:-

(a) That VD notices in public places, towns and villages, and on the roadside must never be flippant or vulgar.

(b) That ADMS 57 Area should draft a poster suitable for display in barracks rooms etc setting out briefly the facts about VD, and emphasising that any man who gets VD is directly helping

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(b) The advisability of COs arranging for officers to visit VD wards in hospitals so that they can see for themselves what it really means to contract VD, and can be in a better position to explain its effects to their men.

(c) The necessity for frequent talks by HQs.

8. VD Films.

Decided to recommend to HQ AIT that a much larger supply of VD films be made available. At present there is practically none.

9. VD Notices.

Decided:-

(a) That VD notices in public places, towns and villages, and on the roadside must never be flippant or vulgar.

(b) That ADMS 57 Area should draft a poster suitable for display in barrack rooms etc setting out briefly the facts about VD, and emphasizing that any man who gets VD is directly helping the enemy. Such poster when approved to be printed and circulated under arrangements to be made by District HQ.

10. Out of Bounds Areas.

Decided:-

(a) In towns and large villages to mark off clearly by means of notice boards further "out of bounds/off limits" ¹⁹⁴⁹

(b) To define these areas in District, Area/ Sub Area, and Unit orders.

(c) To provide Provost with maps of such areas.

(d) To raid these areas from time to time.

(e) To try for disobedience of orders any officer or soldier found in these areas.

In/

47

11. Control of Wine Shops.

Decided to put into effect the suggestion if resources. Some progress has already been made with this.

12. Check of VD Figures by Commanders.

Decided to adopt the procedure suggested.

13.) Publicity and Creation of Healthy Public Opinion.

Decided to issue an order that officers and men who contract VD are to be named in Unit Part I Orders as having disgraced themselves and their unit. Further, that it should be suggested to COs that in units where VD is prevalent, persons returning from hospital after having had VD should be made to feed, wash, etc separately for a time, where this is possible.

15. Separate VD Hospitals.

Decided to recommend to HQ AAI that separate hospitals should be established for the treatment of VD patients. Such hospitals:-

- (a) To be surrounded with barbed wire and guarded.
- (b) To be staffed by non-medical personnel, except for NCOs for technical duties.
- (c) To provide the bare minimum of comfort, e.g. bed boards instead of beds, and to have no cigarette issue and no amenities.

In short, it was the opinion of the conference that officers and men while in hospital suffering from VD should, so to speak, be "treated rough." At present, as most of them are not confined to bed, they get more than the normal share of the amenities of hospital life.

16. Brothels to be placed Out of Bounds.

Decided that as orders have already been issued placing brothels out of bounds, no further action on this point is necessary.

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PART II - PROSTITUTES AND Pimps

17. Curfew for Children under 16.

Decided that Areas/Sub Areas should, in conjunction with ACC/AMU, enforce early curfew for children under 16 so far as local conditions permit.

18. Clinics for Prostitutes.

Decided:-

- (a) To ask ACC/AMU to go on with the provision of additional accommodation for clinics for prostitutes.
- (b) To recommend to ACC/AMU that women convicted of prostitution should be shaved.

19. Civil Medical Examinations.

Decided that no recommendation was necessary as ACC/AMU is already

• taking steps to tighten up civil medical examinations.

- 20.) Making of Prostitution and pimping illegal.

Decided that no further action is at present necessary as the new ACC/AMG proclamation meets the case, and parallel action is being taken by the Italian Government in King's Italy.

22. Examination of Women before Admission to Bathing.

Decided that no recommendation is necessary. ACC/AMG already got the matter in hand.

23. Internment Camps.

Decided that internment camps are not necessary. If women are convicted under the new proclamation they go to prison.

ADDITIONAL POINTS NOT ON THE AGENDA

24. Poor Relief.

Decided that ACC/AMG should be asked to press forward with their Poor Relief measures and so remove the temptation to resort to prostitution as a means of gaining a living.

25. Publication of Convictions in Italian Press.

Decided to recommend to ACC/AMG that sentences imposed on persons convicted of prostitution or pimping should be published frequently in the Italian papers to discourage the others.

26. VB Exhibitions.

Decided that District HQ should issue orders for the establishment of VB exhibitions at NAPLES and SALERNO on the lines of the exhibition already started at CASERTA.

27. Playing Fields and Bathing Beaches.

Decided to recommend to HQ AAI that every effort be made not to leave as sites for Base depots and installations grounds suitable for games or seaside camps. Organised games keep large numbers of men amused who might otherwise go after women, and it is extremely difficult to find suitable recreation grounds, seaside camps, etc.

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28. The members of the conference were in agreement that the following points have an important bearing on VD:-

(a) The employment of Italian women. The more women the fighting services can employ the smaller will be the temptation to resort to prostitution as a means of gaining a living.

(b) The raising of the basic food ration will have the ¹⁸⁴ effect. Once the basic ration is really adequate there will be less temptation to make money by means of prostitution in order to be able to buy extra food at black market prices.

234

30 MAR 1944

32415

HEAD HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APC 304

C.R. Br

U-2617

2

ACD/3023/PA

27 March 1944

SUBJECT: - Control of Venereal Disease in Italy, Sicily and Sardinia.

TO: - His Excellency, The Minister of the Interior.

The Venereal Disease problem in Italy, Sicily and Sardinia is one of considerable seriousness, both to the Italian people and to the Allied troops.

As you are aware, many conferences have been held between Allied, ACD and Italian Medical and Public Safety officers with a view to the drawing up of Venereal Disease control programmes which are separate to the benefit of troops and civilians.

ACD has a Venereal Disease Control Officer who has already done a tremendous amount of work in co-ordinating control programmes for Italy, Sicily and Sardinia.

It is realised that Dr. Venzoso, the principal medical officer of the Italian Government under the direction of Dr. Capasso, has so much work to do in supervising and re-organising the present Italian governmental medical services that he has little time for individual programmes. It is suggested, therefore, that in view of the seriousness of the Venereal Disease problem, the appointment of an Italian Venereal Disease control officer responsible to Dr. Venzoso, would be a measure of the greatest importance.

It is suggested that the Italian Venereal Disease control officer should:

- (a) Maintain the closest possible liaison with the ACD Venereal Disease Control officer.
- (b) Formulate policies for a national Venereal Disease control programme.
- (c) Collect statistics pertaining to the programme.
- (d) Conduct studies concerning the effectiveness of various methods of treatment.
- (e) Conduct an organized propaganda campaign against Venereal Disease.
- (f) Stimulate private practitioners in a coordinated drive against Venereal Disease.
- (g) Study national and local laws governing prostitution and Venereal Disease with a view to suggesting alterations or improvements.
- (h) Supervise and co-ordinate laboratory techniques.

In the prosecution of such a programme the creation of a special Venereal Disease department of the Italian Public Health Organisation with a number of expert assistants would be necessary. Nevertheless, the intensity of the problem which confronts us would appear to justify the formation of such a department.

J.R. Giff

The Lt. Hon. The Viscount Stanagato,
Vice President, Administrative Section,
Allied Control Commission.

PA/GMR/34

Copy to LANCET Commission

Col Fike 1544

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & H.Q. Section
APO 394

Ref/234/43/CA.

23 March 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Regional Commissioners,
Regions I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VIII, & IX.
SCAD AMG 8 Army.
SCAD AMG 5 Army.

1. Further to this H.Q. letter 234/13/CA of 8 Mar 44.
2. With reference to para. 4 of the above quoted letter, it should be noted that so far as Italian agencies are concerned, the primary responsibility for the enforcement of such laws rests upon the Agenti di Pubblica Sicurezza, and not upon the Carabinieri.

NOBMAN E. FINE
Colonel,
Deputy Executive
Commissioner.

Copy to: Admin. Section - For P.S. Sub-Commission.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & M.C. Section
APO 394

42
4

Ref/234/42/CA.

22 March 1944

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Vice President, Admin. Section,
Regional Commissioner Region III

1. Further to this Hq. letter 234/31/CA of 16 March 1944.
2. Attached copies of note on V.D. by No. 3 District commander are passed for information of R.C. Region III, Public Health and Public Safety Sub-Commissions.

ROBERT E. FISKE
Colonel
Deputy Executive
Commissioner

INCL. HOMIN SECT. (2)
R.C. REG. III (1)

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21 MAR Recd
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21 MAR 1944

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REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

ACC/14060/PS

20 Mar 44

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO: Executive Commissioner, HQ ACC APO 394

1. Reference your 234/14/CA dated 8 Mar 44, the attached are forwarded for information. They indicate the action taken by Public Safety Sub Comm in the matter, and also that initiated by the Italian Ministry of Interior. (Public Safety Department).
2. In view of the observations made in para. 2 of enclosure "B", it is requested that action be taken to emphasize to Regional Commissioners the primary police authority responsible for the enforcement of prostitution laws.

Slam, 24

STANBATH,
VP Adm Sec.

- Incls: (2) *A* Letter from Minister of Interior to Questura, 50081/10 dated 18 Mar 44.
- *B* Letter from Public Safety Sub Comm to VP Adm Sec, ACC/14060/PS dated 18 Mar 44.

Reply DEC. "A" is satisfactory.

PA
see 43

1940

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR
P.S. Directorate

Salerno 18.3.44

No. 50091/10

Translation.

SUBJECT : Unlawful Prostitution.

Unlawful prostitution has assumed alarming proportions which has caused justifiable uneasiness on the part of the Allied Authorities on account of its harmful consequences to the Allied troops.

Such a state of affairs which proves to be an offense to the moral feeling of the Italian people, must be fought energetically and by adequate means. Therefore, it is necessary that Police Agencies should intervene with both preventive and repressive measures, in addition to the prophylactic and sanitary measures previously adopted.

In this connection it is absolutely necessary in broad powers be granted to the different police agencies, such as Agents of Public Security and Allied Military Police so that these unlawful practices will stop by confining prostitutes in venereal hospitals until they are fully cured if they prove to be affected with a venereal disease otherwise be kept under close observation until they are fully satisfied that they are free from any infection.

This mixed patrol will constitute an effective means for termination of these unlawful practices since it allows the arrest of prostitutes who are in the company of Allied troops.

It is not necessary to say that all prostitutes will be sent back to their own town with instructions never to return in conformity with Art. 157 of the T.U. Public Safety Laws, in order to combat the influx of women from nearby towns in those areas where a great number of troops are stationed. These preventive steps are independent of the criminal action which can be instituted against those who entice the soldier by some unmistakable motion, and against those who are affected with gonorrhea and syphilis. Particular attention must be given to the discovery of these prostitutes and against those who make it a practice of acquiring money by immoral activity.

In order to facilitate the work of the Questura in carrying out their duty, it has been ordered that the provincial physicians shall send to the police agencies the names of prostitutes whenever the latter are dismissed from the hospital. It is advisable, moreover, that direct Communications between the provincial physicians and the Questura, should be practised in order to avoid omissions, and delays.

This Ministry believes that said functions should be carried out as a special task under the direct and personal control of the Questura and only awaits receipt of approval in this regard.

THE MINISTER

Copy of letter addressed to Questura by the Minister of Interior.

1939

HEAD HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

18 March 1944

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Vice President, Admin. Section ACC.

1. Pursuant to your instructions, a conference was had with the Minister of the Interior regarding the above subject in which strong representations were made to him of the necessity for vigorous enforcement of the existing Italian laws pertaining to prostitution, etc. He gave me his assurance that he would take immediate steps to bring about maximum enforcement by the agencies at his disposal. He volunteered to submit a periodic report of progress.
2. I note that in Brig. Lush's letter to you he asserts that the law is not being effectively administered by the Carabinieri or the Courts. In this connection I wish to point out that while in view of the magnitude of the problem, the efforts of all should be directed to meet it, the fact is that the primary responsibility for the enforcement of laws of this type so far as Italian agencies are concerned rests upon the Agenti di Pubblica Sicurezza, and not upon the Carabinieri. It is suggested that Brigadier Lush's letter to the RC's should emphasize that fact.
3. Prior to the receipt of your communication, this Sub-Commission was represented at the conferences conducted by Dist. #1 and Dist #2 dealing with the same subject. A conference to be conducted by District No. 3 will soon be held, and Col. Young, as suggested by Brig. Lush, will attend.
4. Lt. Philby, in accordance with instructions earlier given by me is preparing a memorandum on the practical application of Italian law relative to this subject which may prove useful.

Paul G. Kirk

PAUL G. KIRK
Colonel, Inf
Chief, Public Safety
Sub-Commission

Subject: TP - Conference

21 MAR Recd

23+ S-82

CAB

3 District
Tel Ext 17
173/A

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18 Mar 44.

Re Allied Control Commission
APO 328

35

140-145

Ref your 24/32/GA dated 16 Mar 44.

1. Attached please find 3 copies of the notes attached to this letter of even reference dated 11 March 44. Will you please forward them to the Heads of the Public Safety and Public Health Sub-Commissions and the Regional Commissioner, Region III.

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1937

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & H.C. Section
APO 394

file 39

20 March 1944.

Ref/234/ /Ca.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : H.Q. 2 District, C.M.F.

1. Reference your 9543 M dated 14 Mar 44.
2. As requested, five additional copies of this H.Q. memorandum 234/15/CA of 9 Mar 44 are forwarded herewith.

1512
NORMAN E. FISKE
Colonel,
Deputy Executive
Commissioner.

1936
11A

20 MAR Recd 234 ~~2~~

CAB. 39

Subject :- Venereal Disease. 19 MAR Recd

H.Q. 2 District, C.M.F.
Tel No: 13737
9543 M.

14 Mar 44.

H.Q.,
Allied Control Commission,
R.C. & M.G. Section.

Reference your 234/15/CA dated 9 Mar 44.

May a further five copies please be supplied for
circulation to the Areas and Sub Areas of this District.

W. E. Underhill

Brigadier,
D.D.M.S.

39
1933

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION.
APO 394
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

ACC/3023/PH

17 Mar 44

SUBJECT : Venereal Disease.

TO : Executive Commissioner, HQ ACC APO 394

Reference your 234/14/GA dated 8 Mar 44 and ACC/3023/PH dated 11 Mar 44.

2. The attached is forwarded for your information.

Stansgate

STANSBATE.
VP Adm Sec.

Incl: ACC/3023/PH dated 16 Mar 44.

833/4

17 MAR 1944

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Health Sub-Commission

ACC/3023/PH

16 March 1944

SUBJECT: - Venereal Disease.

TO : - Adm Sec. ~~///~~

Reference ACC/3023/PH dated 11 March 1944, the head of the Italian Public Health Service, Dr. Vezzoso, is responsible to the Minister of the Interior for all matters pertaining to health.

Various conferences on the subject of Venereal Disease have been held with Dr. Vezzoso.

Dr. Vezzoso has made and is continuing to make efforts to ensure that Italian law concerning the medical examination and treatment of prostitutes throughout 'King's Italy' is complied with. 11

For Brigadier G. S. PARKINSON:

G. M. Frizelle

G. M. FRIZELLE, Major
Chief, Public Health Section

PH/DP/Ja

1937

HEADQUARTERS,
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
APO 394

35

Ref: 173/32/CA.

16th March 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : G.O.C., No. 3 District.

1. I have to acknowledge receipt of your 173/A of 11th March 1944.
2. The Heads of the Public Safety and Public Health Sub-Commissions together with the Regional Commissioners, Region III, have been instructed to attend the conference on 21st March.
3. I should be grateful if you would send to them a copy of the notes attached to your letter under reference.

MR/ST.

Brigadier,
Executive Commission.

P/a W

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34

HEADQUARTERS,
ALLIED CORREL. COMMISSION,
APO 3A

Ref: 234/31/CA.

16th March 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Vice President, Admin Section,
Regional Commissioner, Region III.

1. C.O.C. No. 3 District has called a conference on the subject of V.D. at 1000 hours on Friday, 24 March, at his HQ. The Chief Commissioner wishes the Heads of the Public Safety and Public Health Sub-Commissions or their representatives to attend. Regional Commissioner, Region III or his Deputy will also attend.

2. I am asking C.O.C. No. 3 District to send notes on the agenda to the addressee of this letter.

123/30.

Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

62

33

HEADQUARTERS,
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
C. M. F.

29/126/CA.

15th March 1944.

May I say how very much I appreciated reading your notes on venereal disease and may I suggest that they are sent to the Chief Administrative Officer for general consideration. I have no doubt you have already done this but your views coincide so entirely with my own, especially in regard to the question of discipline amongst the troops, that I am most anxious that they should be broadly known.

I propose, if you agree, that a representative of the Public Safety and Public Health Sub-Commissions should attend your conference on 24th March, a Regional Commissioner (probably Lieut. Colonel. Poletti) and, if I am here, I hope to come myself.

(Sgd) M. Shust.

Major-General A. L. Collier, C.B.E., D.S.O.,
Headquarters,
No. 3 District,
C. M. F.

copy to CAC - file 224/CA

MJ

1830

Boig. Luch

You will wish to
see 29 at this
stage and may
wish to issue some
instructions before
the paper is routed
to Admin. Section
for Public Health.

You have Reg. III
orders on the
Reg. III order file.

↳ Disput-Order

see 35
then
9/4

Subject : VDCONFIDENTIAL3 District
Tel Bct 18
173/A

11 Mar 44

Main HQ AOC
OG PBS
3 BSA R&P
57 Area
59 Area
94 Sub Area
22 M. Bde
66 M. BdeEDMS
ADH
DEM
R.OG
Chief Welfare Offr

1. Attached hereto are notes by Comd 3 District on the subject of Venereal Disease, and the schedule referred to in para 7 of these notes.
2. The conference will be held at this HQ on Friday 24 March at 1000 hrs.
3. AOC, PBS and R&P are invited to send representatives.
4. Area/Sub Area/Bde Commanders may bring a medical representative with them if they desire.
5. Will all who are sending representatives please notify the names of these officers who will attend.

HBT/WE

H. V. Taylor
for Maj Gen
Comd

1929

Subject : VD

CONFIDENTIALNote by the District Commander

1. Last week nearly one-third of the admissions to hospital in 3 District were due to VD.

2. My own view, with which I think most officers agree, is that by far the most effective steps would be the establishment of approved brothels properly controlled by the military authority. Although I am prepared to recommend this yet again to higher authority, I have little hope of the recommendation being accepted as it would involve a complete change of policy on the part of H.M. Government.

The practical problem which we have therefore to face is how can we, in the absence of approved brothels, improve the present deplorable situation.

3. Broadly speaking it is a matter of good discipline and good welfare. Hitherto the tendency has been to concentrate on putting areas out of bounds, putting infected women into hospital for treatment or even locking them up, and generally removing temptation from the soldier.

Undoubtedly we must take every possible step to reduce VD - no one means will be effective by itself - but the number of infected women in Italy is so enormous that we can never do much more than touch the fringe of the problem in dealing with them.

I think we must change the emphasis and must concentrate our efforts more on the soldier himself, i.e. we must tighten up discipline. To my mind the soldier who contracts VD and so renders himself unfit for duty is in exactly the same category as the man who renders himself unfit for duty by getting drunk, except that VD lasts longer and is therefore the more serious crime. The man who gets drunk is automatically brought up on a charge and punished. At present the man who gets VD is not, which is absurd.

4. I am going into the legal aspect of this, and if it is legally possible I am going to order that all soldiers who get VD are to be brought before their COs and be given exemplary punishment. Whether a man did or did not use precautions is to my mind irrelevant, and should not, I consider, be admitted as a plea in mitigation. The offender has deliberately run the risk of making himself unfit for duty and, if he gets VD, must take the consequences. If he conceals VD he should of course be tried by court-martial.

I do not yet know whether we can legally try a man who gets VD for conduct, or an act to the prejudice, but it seems to me only common sense. If it is not legally possible with the Army Act as it stands at present, then I think we shall have to try and get the Army Act altered, so that VD can be dealt with on the same lines as drunkenness.

5. Another possible means of reducing the incidence of VD would be to

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5. Another possible means of reducing the incidence of VD would be to make treatment in hospital much more uncomfortable and more in the nature of field punishment. It might be advisable to have a special VD hospital under the control of combatant officers as opposed to RMO.

6. Possibly the most effective means of all would be the publication of an order to the effect that any man who gets VD will automatically lose six months service overseas for the purpose of reckoning his priority for demobilisation.

7. Attached is a list of measures now in force, or which have been suggested, for the checking of VD. I propose to hold a conference shortly, at which I shall take the chair myself, to examine these measures and decide, in the case of measures already in operation, how far their application can be extended, and, in the case of untried measures, how far it would be useful and practical to put them into effect. None will work 100% - some possibly only 20% - but we must leave no stone unturned, and must rely on the cumulative effect of the relentless application of all different measures all the time.

COMBATING OF VENERAL DISEASE

PART I THE SOLDIER.

(a)	(b) MEASURE	(c) PRESENT SITUATION	(d) SUGGESTED EXTENSION OR REVISION
1.	Automatic penalties.	See GRO 161/44.	Repeat in GROs and unit c
2.	Disciplinary powers of CO.	Not clear; anyhow not exercised	(a) if legally possible AA Sec 40 as for drug give exemplary punishment (b) Use or neglect of power irrelevant as mitigation (c) If not legally possible recommend alteration of (d) Officers Sec 47 AA.
3.	Punishment for concealment	Trial by RCM	Do so invariably. GRO
4.	Put back for demobilization		Recommend that deterrent effect be issued, say as of 6 months overseas service purpose of reckoning em demobilization, or return
5.	P.R. Centres.		(a) Examine Centres to recommendations which (b) Provide hot water (c) Signs to be lighted (d) All P.R. Centres to Allied troops (e) All GMP to know local local P.R. and near
6.	Responsibility of junior officers for own men	Doubtful if sufficiently appreciated	Junior officers to be men get VD. Must look in this as in everything to them of dangers.

COMBATING OF VENERAL DISEASE

PART I THE SOLDIER.

(c)	(d)	(e)
PRESENT SITUATION	SUGGESTED EXTENSION OR NEW MEASURE	DECISION REACHED AT CONFERENCE
See GRO 161/44.	Repeat in GROs and unit orders	
Not clear; anyhow not exercised	(a) if legally possible treat under AA Sec 40 as for drunkenness and give exemplary punishment. (b) Use or neglect of precautions irrelevant as mitigating offence (c) If not legally possible, recommend alteration of AA. (d) Officers Sec 47 AA.	
Trial by FCM	Do so invariably. GRO 161/44.	
	Recommend that deterrent order to this effect be issued, say automatic loss of 6 months overseas service for purpose of reckoning entitlement to demobilisation, or return to UK	
	(a) Examine Centres to provide better recommendations where necessary. (b) Provide hot water (c) Signs to be lighted at night (d) All P. Centres to be open to all Allied troops (e) All GQ to know location of every local P/C and nearest way to it	
Doubtful if sufficiently appreciated	Junior officers to be "kitted" if their men get VD. Must look after own men in this as in everything else, and talk to them of dangers.	

7. Talks by MOs

8. VD Films

9. VD Notices

Same at present flippant

- (a) Avoid flippant notices
- (b) "I" to produce suggestive notices.
- (c) Place on main roads, in villages.

10. Out of bounds areas

Troops allowed too much freedom in squalid parts of towns.

- (a) Brothels to be marked "bounds" and "off limits"
- (b) Large squalid areas in be similarly marked with no reason for soldiers except for women.
- (c) Certain streets leading to be permitted as they but not to loiter in
- (d) Regimental Police and ental piquets to help out of bounds areas.

11. Control of wine shops.

Bad wine sold, and soldiers mix with civilians, including pimps and prostitutes.

- (a) Certain wine shops to which will :-
 - (i) be under military vision
 - (ii) sell reasonably
 - (iii) sell no food
 - (iv) allow no civilians
- (b) Carabinieri to keep prostitutes from loitering these shops.
- (c) All other wine shops to out of bounds and off to be kept under supervision MP and Carabinieri.
- (d) Selected wine shops to marked.

1926

Some at present flippant

- (a) Avoid flippant notices
- (b) "I" to produce suggestions for notices.
- (c) Place on main roads, in towns and villages.

Troops allowed too much freedom in squalid parts of towns.

- (a) Brothels to be marked "out of bounds" and "off limits"
- (b) Large squalid areas in towns to be similarly marked when there is no reason for soldiers to go except for women.
- (c) Certain streets leading to billets to be permitted as thoroughfares, but not to loiter in
- (d) Regimental Police and even regimental pikets to help MP to police out of bounds areas.

Bad wine sold, and soldiers mix with civilians, including pimps and prostitutes.

- (a) Certain wine shops to be selected which will :-
 - (i) be under military supervision
 - (ii) sell reasonably decent wine
 - (iii) sell no food
 - (iv) allow no civilians inside.
- (b) Carabinieri to keep pimps and prostitutes from loitering outside these shops.
- (c) All other wine shops to be placed out of bounds and off limits, and to be kept under supervision by MP and Carabinieri.
- (d) Selected wine shops to be clearly marked.

28
12. Check of VD figures by Area Comds

13. Creation of proper public opinion.

15. Secrecy v publicity

15. Special hospital treatment

16. Brothels to be placed out of bounds.

Idea prevalent that it is "manly" to incur VD.

When soldier gets VD matter is hushed up, presumably with the idea of encouraging soldier not to conceal it.

VD cases treated in ordinary hospitals, and VD patients share in all amenities.

Area Commanders to to inter and write to COs of units w figures. Specially bad reported by Area Commanders Commander who will warn CO fitness to retain command in question.

Must be looked on as an unact and disgrace to the unit. District Commander written a personal letter this.

Why not give publicity to soldier has disgraced his unit. Publish names in a CO has power to deal with will anyhow be no more soldier future. Treat documents tial until the diagnosis is

Treat VD cases in VD Deton on lines of Field Purification to be staffed and administ non-medical personnel. will attached for purely profes duties.

To tie up with the new AOC publish in District, Area that all registered houses tutes are out of bounds to members of the armed forces

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When soldier gets VD matter is
hushed up, presumably with the
idea of encouraging soldier
not to conceal it.

VD cases treated in ordinary
hospitals, and VD patients
share in all amenities.

Area Commanders to interview
and write to COs of units with bad VD
figures. Specially bad units to be
reported by Area Commanders to District
Commander who will warn CO that his
fitness to retain command may be called
in question.

Must be looked on as an unsoldierly
act and disgrace to the man and the
unit. District Commander has already
written a personal letter to COs about
this.

Why not give publicity to fact that
soldier has disgraced himself and his
unit. Publish names in orders. If
CO has power to deal with VD there
will anyhow be no more secrecy in
future. Treat documents as confiden-
tial until the diagnosis is established.

Treat VD cases in VD Detention Centres,
on lines of Field Punishment Centres,
to be staffed and administered by
non-medical personnel, with RMC
attached for purely professional
duties.

To tie up with the new AOC Proclamation
publish in District, Area strict order
that all registered houses of prosti-
tutes are out of bounds to British
members of the armed forces.

PART II - PROSTITUTES AND PDPS.

17. Curfew for children under 16.

Enforce in all towns from - Children found in streets at hour to be taken home by Co who can take action against parents - up to one years ment. Warning given for offence.

18. Clinics for prostitutes

NOCERA	-	100 beds
NAPLES	-	600 beds
CASERTA		
CASTELLONARRE	about	40 beds
GRAGNANO	"	40 beds
TORRE ANNUNZIATA		100 beds

Estimated about 50,000 registered and unregistered prostitutes in NAPLES. Number reported as houses are registered - women. Licensed brothels about 47 with average of 12 each. In NAPLES HOSPITALisation has been found sufficient being developed in province Go on pressing JMG. JMG adequate drugs - Penalty 2

19. Civil Medical examinations

All women working in licensed houses are examined by Provincial VD Staff; also all women caught soliciting or flagrante Delicta in NAPLES - examination held under JMG supervision. Insufficient MOs supervise examination in all cases. Slides, blood etc examined at special centres.

JMG to lay down standard of action. Suggest surprise at examinations. Criteria treatment to be laid down cross checks by military laboratories.

20. Making of prostitution illegal

At present it is legal in Italy

2 District have already applied the law to be changed or Decree to be published making prostitution illegal. New Proclamation being published by JMG which meet the case.

PART II - PROSTITUTES AND Pimps.

NOCERA - 100 beds
 NAPLES - 600 beds
 CASERTA
 CASTELLONARIE about 40 beds
 GRACIANO " 40 beds
 PORTO ANNUNZIATA 100 beds

All women working in licensed houses are examined by Provincial VD Staff; also all women caught soliciting or flagrante Delicto in NAPLES - examination held under AMG supervision. Insufficient NOs supervise examination in all cases. Slides, blood etc examined at special centres.

At present it is legal in Italy

Enforce in all towns from - 1800 hrs
 Children found in streets after that hour to be taken home by Carabinieri who can take action against the parents - up to one years imprisonment. Warning given for first offence.

Estimated about 50,000 registered and unregistered prostitutes in NAPLES. Number reported not definite as houses are registered - not the women. Licensed brothels in NAPLES - about 47 with average of 12 women in each. In NAPLES HOSPITAL accommodation has been found sufficient. being developed in province by AMG. Go on pressing AMG. AMG can provide adequate drugs - Penalty ~~for~~ shaving.

AMG to lay down standard for examination. Suggest surprise attendance at examinations. Criterion for treatment to be laid down by AMG - cross checks by military hospital laboratories.

2 District have already applied for the law to be changed or for a Military Decree to be published making prostitution illegal. New Proclamation being published by AMG which should meet the case

- 26
- | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|
| 21. | Action against pimps | Liable to imprisonment for six months, but trials are delayed and heavy sentences rarely imposed. | (a) Speed up trials
(b) Impose heavy sentences
(c) Trial by military court
we do this in King's It |
| 22. | Examination of women before admission to brothels. | Italian Doctors sign blank forms without examining the women. | Can we prosecute Doctors who |
| 23. | Internment camps for
(a) Infected prostitutes
(b) Non-infected prostitutes. | None | As to the objections to such camps see note by LAG (not |

liable to imprisonment for six months, but trials are delayed and heavy sentences rarely imposed.

- (a) Speed up trials
- (b) Impose heavy sentences
- (c) Trial by military courts. Can we do this in King's Italy?

Italian Doctors sign blank forms without examining the women.

Can we prosecute Doctors who do this ?

None

As to the objections to starting such camps see note by JAG (not attached)

234
12 MAR 1944

1656

25

HEAD HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
Administrative Section

ACC/3023/FR

11 March 1944

Subject: Venereal Disease.

To : Legal
PS
PH

13-2

1. Reference attached copies of correspondence from Executive Commissioner, the following action will be take.

(a) Legal will make necessary arrangements with Minister of Justice to effect Para 4 and Para 2 insofar as it concerns that Ministry.

(b) PS in conjunction with PH will make the representations required in Para 2 with Ministry of Interior.

2. Sub-Commissions concerned will report progress and action taken by Ministries to their section by 17 March.

M. A. G. G. G.

STANBATE
Vf Adm Sec.

Copies to:
Interior
RC & AD Sec.

13/4
19/3
2

COPY

2656
24

Ref: 234/14/CA.

3th March 1954.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Vice President,
Administrative Section.

1. I attach copies of letters addressed to Chief Administrative Officer, H. Q. A.C.M.F. and Regional Commissioners on the subject of venereal disease.
2. I should be grateful if the strongest representations could be made to the Minister of Interior and the Minister of Justice in order that directions may be given from the Italian Government to give effect to the Italian law on prostitution in the most drastic manner.
3. Our present experience is that the Italian medical authorities play their part well in the prevention of venereal disease but there is no doubt that the law, which is comprehensive, is not being effectively administered either by the Carabinieri or the Courts.
4. I would ask that special instructions be given by the Minister of Justice that cases affecting prostitution should be dealt with rapidly and that severe sentences should be imposed.

MSL/20.

/s/ M. S. Lush
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner

1921

COPY

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

Regional Control and Military Government Section

Ref: 234/12/CA

8th March 1944

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO: Chief Administrative Officer,
Headquarters, A.C.M.F.

I refer to your AGMF/3073/A (C) dated 1 Mar 44.

1. The Chief Commissioner is most anxious to co-operate in the prevention of venereal disease amongst Allied troops and I am directed by him to say that everything will be done both in areas under Military Government to assist the troops.

2. In the opinion of the Chief Commissioner, the law, both AMG and Italian, is sufficient as it stands. Pimping, procuration, solicitation, are offences under Italian law which is administered by both Italian and Allied Military Courts and which deals with the matter as comprehensively as possible.

3. The weakness at the present moment lies in the knowledge by Allied Military Police of the offences under Italian law and in the application of that law by the civil police and the courts of justice. It appears to the Chief Commissioner that in these respects much improvement could be made and it is his intention to issue a directive to Regional Commissioners instructing them in areas under A.M.G. to see that the Allied Military Courts deal severely with all cases affecting the morals of the troops and in the territory under the Italian Government to advise the Italian courts to do the same. A strong representation will also be made to the Minister of Justice in the Italian Government and it is hoped that this will have the desired effect. At the same time the Chief Commissioner feels sure that you will agree that basically the prevention of venereal disease lies in the degree of discipline amongst the troops themselves.

/s/ M. S. Lash,
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

MEL/JG.

C O P Y

22

Subject: ANG Penal Code.

HQ ACMS (Admin Ech)
CMF.
ACMF/3073/A (0)
1 Mar 44

Executive Commissioner,
A.C.C.

1. It is desired to take all possible steps in regard to the prevention of V.D. It is understood that pimping, procuration and soliciting are not at present offences against the ANG penal code.
2. Will you kindly inform this H.Q. whether it would be possible to include these actions as offences by the publication of a further proclamation, prescribing penalties of a suitable severity. It appears that the inclusion of brothel-keeping as an offence would not be practicable.
3. If such procedure is possible in the case of the three actions named, may it be stated in what portion of ITALY the proclamation would have effect.

???

Major General.
Chief Administrative Officer

C O P Y

1919

2324
10 MAR 2004

HEADQUARTERS
REGION 3, ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394, U. S. Army

9 March 1944

SUBJECT: Regional Order 18.

TO: See Distribution.

Copies of Regional Order 18, regarding Restrictions on
Prostitution and penalties therefor, are enclosed in both the
English and Italian versions. The Italian versions are being
posted throughout Region 3.

By order of the Regional Commissioner:

Accorded to Code

Maurice F. Neufeld
MAURICE F. NEUFELD,
Captain, GMC,
Asst. Executive Officer.

DISTRIBUTION:

Metropolitan Base Section
57th Area
A.C.C.
P.B.S.
I.B.S.
M.B.S.

Copies of Regional Order 18, regarding Restrictions on

Prostitution and penalties therefor, are enclosed in both the English and Italian versions. The Italian versions are being posted throughout Region 3.

By order of the Regional Commissioner:

Maurice F. Neufeld
MAURICE F. NEUFELD,
Captain, GRC,
Asst. Executive Officer.

Attached to Case

DISTRIBUTION:

- Metropolitan Base Section
- 57th Area
- A.C.G.
- P.R.S.
- I.B.S.
- M.B.S.

1314

10 MAR Recd

HEADQUARTERS
REGION 3, ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394, U.S. Army

8 March 1944

REGIONAL ORDER)
No. 18)

I, Lieutenant Colonel Charles Poletti, Regional Commissioner,
Region 3, Allied Control Commission, by virtue of power conferred in me

ORDER

Article I.

Restrictions on Prostitution.

Section 1. It is unlawful for any female person to engage in, or practice, prostitution, in any place other than in a place of prostitution declared as such place under the provisions of Italian law.

Section 2. It is unlawful for any operator, or any occupant, of a place of prostitution whether declared as such or not, to permit any soldier, other than a soldier engaged in the performance of official duty, to enter, or to remain in, or to have licentious connection with any female person in such place of prostitution.

Section 3. It is unlawful for any female person who is afflicted with any venereal disease, to have licentious connection with any soldier.

Section 4. It is unlawful for any person, in any manner, to permit, solicit or invite any soldier to have licentious connection with any female person, or invite, or guide, or offer to guide, any soldier to any place of prostitution, whether declared as a place of prostitution or not.

Article II.

Italian Law.

This Order does not revoke, amend or in anywise modify any provision of Italian law relating to prostitution.

Article III.

Jurisdiction of Courts.

Any person charged with any violation of this Order may be tried either by an Allied Military Court or by any Pretore as may be directed by the Regional Legal Officer, or by an officer empowered by him so to do, and any Pretore shall have competence and jurisdiction to hear and determine, in accordance with Italian criminal procedure, all cases in which a violation of this Order is charged and which have been referred, by such Regional Legal Officer, or officer empowered by him, to be tried by any such Pretore. In any case tried by a Pretore in which the accused is condemned the penalty shall be such as is provided in Article V hereof.

Article IV
 Definition of Soldier

The word "soldier" for the purposes of this Order, shall mean any member of the armed forces or any merchant seaman of any of the United Nations.

Article V.

Penalties

Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Order, shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment for not to exceed three (3) months for the first conviction and by imprisonment for not to exceed six (6) months for each subsequent conviction.

Article VI.

Extent of Order and Effective Date.

This Order shall extend only to the Provinces of Naples, Avellino and Benevento, and shall be in effect from and after the 15th day of March 1944.

CHARLES TOLETTI,
 Lieutenant Colonel
 Regional Commissioner

²⁸²
27 FEB Recd

U-300
CA Br 19

HEADQUARTERS
REGION III, ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 374, U.S. Army

REGIONAL ORDER NO. 1

LAZIO REGIONAL ORDER NO. 2

Whereas in the region of Campania and Naples by Regional Order No. 1, the Fascist Corporative Syndicate System was dissolved and a method provided for reestablishing and assuring freedom of labor organization;

Now, therefore, in furtherance of the objectives of said Regional Order, I, Charles Polatti, Lieutenant Colonel, Regional Commissioner, Region III, Allied Military Government, hereby order as follows:

ARTICLE I

Right of Organization

Employees shall have the right to organize, hold meetings, and select representatives of their own choosing for the purpose of collective bargaining with respect to all matters pertaining to or connected with their employment, including such matters as concern hours, wages, working conditions, grievances, disputes and mutual social and economic assistance.

ARTICLE II

Effective Date

This order shall become operative in the region of Campania and Naples on the date hereof.

Dated: 25 February, 1944

CHARLES POLATTI,
Lt. Col. AUS.
Regional Commissioner.

ACQ. DISTRIBUTION

ECON SEC (3)
OA. Gv.

DISTRIBUTION:

Prefect, Province of Naples	25
Prefect, Province of Benevento	25
Prefect, Province of Avellino	25
Labour Division, Region 3, Hq	25
Labour Control Commission, Hq	5
Labour Division, Region 1, Hq	5
Labour Division, Region 2, Hq	5
AMG, XGS	5
SGAO, Province of Naples	10
SGAO, Province of Benevento	10
SGAO, Province of Avellino	10
Region 3, AMG Hq	10

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
AUG 394

Regional Control and Military Government Section.

Ref, 234/13/CA 3th March 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Regional Commissioners,
Regions I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII & IX.
S.C.A.O., AMG, 5 Army.
S.T.A.O., AMG, 8 Army.

1. It is essential that we should, in co-operation with military formations, take all possible steps to prevent the spread of venereal disease amongst Allied troops. While the matter is basically one of discipline in the units and formations themselves, the authorities who administer the law to the civilian population have a very great responsibility in ensuring that everything is done to reduce prostitution and the evils resulting therefrom.

2. The Italian law with regard to prostitution, procurement, and solicitation, is sufficiently comprehensive and severe to reduce the evil to a minimum provided that the law is properly and firmly administered.

3. It is the duty of Regional Commissioners, whether in AMG or in territory under the Italian Government, to see that the laws against prostitution are administered rigorously and effectively.

4. In order to attain this and Regional Commissioners will see that the full details of the Italian law are brought to the notice of the Military Provost authorities in order that the Military Police may know what is an offence and what is not. Regional Commissioners will also ensure that the Carabinieri enforce the law in co-operation with the Military Police, and finally, they will ensure that Allied Military Courts and Italian Courts deal with such cases severely and rapidly.

5. Provided a concerted drive is made by the Allied Military and Italian Police, by the Allied Courts and Italian Tribunals, and provided that Regional Commissioners instill into their provincial staffs the menace to the Allied

785017

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2. The Italian law with regard to prostitution, procurement, and solicitation, is sufficiently comprehensive and severe to reduce the evil to a minimum provided that the law is properly and firmly administered.
3. It is the duty of Regional Commissioners, whether in AMG or in territory under the Italian Government, to see that the laws against prostitution are administered rigorously and effectively.
4. In order to attain this end Regional Commissioners will see that the full details of the Italian law are brought to the notice of the Military Provost authorities in order that the Military Police may know what is an offence and what is not. Regional Commissioners will also ensure that the Carabinieri enforce the law in co-operation with the Military Police, and finally, they will ensure that Allied Military Courts and Italian Courts deal with such cases severely and rapidly.
5. Provided a concerted drive is made by the Allied Military and Italian Police, by the Allied Courts and Italian Tribunals, and provided that Regional Commissioners instill into their provincial staffs the message to the Allied Forces which the spread of venereal disease is now causing, and provided that Regional administrative staffs see that this law is applied, much can be done to reduce the incidence of disease and assist the Allied troops. Every effort will be made by Regional Commissioners to see that the medical staff, both Allied and Italian, fulfil their duties with regard to the inspection and control of prostitutes.
6. Regional Commissioners will be asked from time to time to go beyond the law and to take extraordinary steps such as the internment of clandestine prostitutes, etc., but provided the law is drastically administered there should be no need to go beyond it.
7. It is of paramount importance that Regional Commissioners should do their utmost to assist the Allied troops in this matter.

M.S. DASH,
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

MSH/30.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & M.G. SECTION
ADU 3/4

Ref/234/19/CA

9 March 1944.

SUBJECT: Hospital Facilities for Women Suspected to be Sources of VD Among Military Personnel.

TO : All Regions and HQAO's, 5 & 8 Armies.

1. As a result of conferences held in Naples, Palermo and Bari recently between ACC and representatives of British and American troops stationed in Italy and Sicily, ACC has agreed to provide hospitalization for diagnostic and treatment purposes of all women suspected to be sources of venereal disease infections among military personnel.

2. To put the above mentioned program into effect it is desired that HQAO's establish hospital facilities for such women in the principal cities of their regions where military personnel are located. The location and size of the institutions needed should be decided by the HQAO's after consultation with the Provost Marshals and Medical Officers of military personnel located within the region.

3. Italian personnel shall be used in the hospitalization program although this shall not preclude assistance offered by medical officers stationed in the vicinity for supervision and technical assistance.

4. It was agreed at the above mentioned conferences that it would be the joint responsibility of the Provost Marshals and Italian Police authorities to bring to the hospital for examination and treatment those women suspected to be potential sources of venereal disease among troops.

5. Details of diagnosis and treatment to be used in the above program are contained in attached "Instructions for Management of Venereal Disease Hospitals".

6. The "Instructions" should be issued to the Director of each VD Hospital, to each Medical Provost Marshal and to the local Inspectorial Malattie Veneree. Further copies can be obtained on application direct to Public Health Sub-Commission.

A. H. T. i. j. 101

W. H. ...
NORMAN E. PIRKE,
Colonel, Cavalry,
Deputy Executive
Commissioner.

ALAMO	1
CROSS No.	1 Dist.
HIGH Co.	1
WEE Co.	1 Dist.
Burton, PPS	1
Bungeon, IPS	1
Burton, Metro Area, Maples	1
Bungeon, 15th Air Force,	1
Burton, 1878 Air Force	1
Dr. V. Gross, C/o Minister of Interior, Salina	1

1914

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 594

Public Health Sub-Commission

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MANAGEMENT OF VENEREAL DISEASE HOSPITALS

It is recommended that the following criteria be observed in order to establish standards of examination and treatment of women suspected to be sources of venereal disease among troops.

1. All suspects will be taken to a Venereal Disease Hospital and held for a minimum of three days for examination instead of being taken to an outpatient clinic.

2. The examination will be conducted daily on each of the three days and will consist of the following.

- a) A visual examination of the patient, stripped, for any skin lesions or parasites.
- b) An examination, with good light, of the eyes, nose, mouth and throat for iritis, conjunctivitis and mucous membrane lesions.
- c) A careful examination of the external genitalia for evidence of lesions and discharge, followed by a bimanual pelvic examination.
- d) A vaginal examination of the vaginal vaults and cervix for lesions and discharge. The speculum will be washed in hot soapy water and sterilized between examinations.
- e) A darkfield examination will be made of the cervix exudate from any genital lesion.
- f) A microscopic examination stained by Gram's method will be made of any genito-urinary discharge.

3. In addition to the steps outlined in (2), a serological test for syphilis will be taken on the first day of admission and as often thereafter as indicated.

4. Diagnosis of syphilis, gonorrhea and chancroid will be made on the basis of the usual clinical and laboratory findings, and treatment will be instituted forthwith as outlined below.

5. In addition to (4) a diagnosis of genito-urinary infection, type undetermined, will be made on all suspects showing a genito-urinary discharge in the absence of all other positive findings, and these cases will be treated exactly as if they were

2. The examination will be conducted daily on each of the three days and will consist of the following:

- a) A visual examination of the patient, stripped, for any skin lesions or parasites.
- b) An examination, with good light, of the eyes, nose, mouth and throat for leucitis, conjunctivitis and mucous membrane lesions.
- c) A careful examination of the external genitalia for evidence of lesions and discharge, followed by a bimanual pelvic examination.
- d) A speculum examination of the vaginal vault and cervix for lesions and discharge. The speculum will be washed in hot soapy water and sterilized between examinations.
- e) A darkfield examination will be made of the serous exudate from any genital lesion.
- f) A microscopic examination stained by Gram's method will be made of any genito-urinary discharge.

3. In addition to the steps outlined in (2) a serological test for syphilis will be taken on the first day of admission and as often thereafter as indicated.

4. Diagnosis of syphilis, gonorrhea and chancroid will be made on the basis of the usual clinical and laboratory findings, and treatment will be instituted forthwith as outlined below.

5. In addition to (b) a diagnosis of genito urinary infection, type undetermined, will be made on all suspects showing a genito urinary discharge in the absence of all other positive findings, and these cases will be treated exactly as if they were gonorrhea.

6. In addition to (b) a diagnosis of genito urinary ulceration, type undetermined, will be made on all suspects showing genito urinary ulceration in the absence of all other positive findings, and these cases will be treated exactly as if they were chancroid.

7. In each case where three days of consecutive and careful examination has failed to disclose any evidence of venereal infection, the patient may be released from the hospital provided there is no reason to suspect that she is within the incubation period of venereal infection. Under no circumstances may any person be given a certificate of freedom from disease if a substance that can be used for the same purpose as clinical methods cannot reveal subclinical infectious and laboratory methods do not permit the diagnosis of venereal disease during the incubation period. In addition, laboratory methods are not sufficiently refined to detect all venereal infections.

8. Treatment of gonorrhea will consist of 5 grams of sulfathiazole (or sulfadiazine) given in divided doses daily for five days. If discharge persists there will be a rest period of five days followed by another course of treatment by the above method. Further persistence of a venereal symptoms will be treated at the discretion of the physician in charge.

PAGE "2"

9. Treatment for chancreoid will be the same as for gonorrhea with the addition of local cleansing and the application of a sulfonamide powder once daily to the lesions. The criterion for release from the hospital will be healing of the lesions.

10. Treatment for primary, secondary and early latent syphilis (of less than four years duration) will be neosalvarsan 0.45 grams given intravenously twice weekly and concurrently 0.2 grams bismuth subglucate given intramuscularly once weekly for a period of three weeks, after which the patient may be released to outpatient treatment provided all skin and osseous osseous lesions have healed. If neosalvarsan is available it will be used only for cases of primary, secondary and early latent syphilis (of less than 4 years duration) treated as hospital patients. Treatment with neosalvarsan shall be three intravenous injections each 0.040 grams weekly for three weeks and concurrently one injection weekly of bismuth subglucate 0.2 grams for three weeks after which the patient may be released to outpatient treatment provided all skin and osseous osseous lesions have healed. Treatment for late syphilis (of more than 4 years duration) shall be 2 injections of bismuth subglucate 0.2 grams given with a 1 week interval of 1 week after which the patient may be released to outpatient treatment provided there are no unhealed lesions.

11. Records of the examination findings, diagnosis, treatment and recommendation on discharge will be included in the patient's hospital record.

12. A weekly report will be made by the director of the hospital to the Medico Provinciale containing the following information on patients discharged from the hospital during the week:

- a) Name b) Address c) Age d) Hospital diagnosis e) date of admission f) date of discharge g) disposition.

In addition the number of unoccupied hospital beds at the end of the week will be included in the report.

21 February 1944.

QUARTIER GENERALE
COMMISSIONE ALLIATA DI CONTROLLO
APO 394

Sedile: Pubblica Sotto-Commissione

ISTRUZIONI PER IL TRATTAMENTO DELLE MALATTIE VENEREE NEGLI OSPEDALI

Si raccomanda che i seguenti criteri siano osservati in ordine di stabilire unità formate di cure e cure di donne sospette di propagazione di mali venerei fra le truppe.

1. Tutte le donne sospette si dovranno portare ad un ospedale per malati venerei e sottoposte per un periodo minimo di tre giorni per esami, invece dell'esame ad un dispensario.
2. Bisogna di fare giornalmente per i tre giorni e condottare come segue:
 - a) Un esame della paziente a nudo per trovare lesioni della pelle o parassiti.
 - b) Un esame della paziente a nudo sotto buona luce, degli occhi, del naso della bocca e della gola, onde trovare tracce di iridite, congiuntivite e lesioni della mucosa.
 - c) Un attento esame dei genitali esterni per trovare lesioni e secrezioni, seguito da esame pelvico a due mani.
 - d) Un esame con lo speculo per trovare lesioni ed secrezioni della vagina e del collo dell'utero. Lo speculo si laverà in acqua calda sapone e sterilizzato nell'intervallo di ciascun esame.
 - e) Un esame ultra-microscopico (vetrino) si farà del siero chinto della lesione genitale.
 - f) Un esame microscopico col metodo di Gram si farà della secrezioni genito-urinarie.
3. Aggiungendo a quanto detto nel paragrafo (2) un esame di sangue per sifilide si farà il primo giorno d'ospedale e dopo, quando fare, necessario.
4. Diagnosi di sifilide, blenorragia e di ulcera molle si formerà su basi di usuali metodi clinici e di laboratorio, e la cura si condurrà come segue.
5. Aggiungendo a quanto detto al (4) una diagnosi di infezione genito urinaria, di tipo indeterminato, si farà su tutti i sospettati hanno una secrezione genito-urinarie, anche quando il vetrino risulta negativo, e questi casi si tratteranno come fossero blenorragia.
6. Aggiungendo a quanto detto al (4) una diagnosi di ulcerazione genito urinaria, di tipo indeterminato, si farà su tutti i sospettati hanno una secrezione genito-urinarie, anche quando il vetrino risulta negativo, e questi casi si tratteranno come fossero blenorragia.

1. Tutte le donne sospette si dovranno portare ad un ospedale per malati venerei e sottoposte per un periodo minimo di tre giorni per esami, invece dell'esame ad un dispensario.
2. Mentre si fare' giornalmente per i tre giorni e cosiddetti' come segue:
 - a) Un esame della paziente a nudo per trovare lesioni della pelle o parassiti.
 - b) Un esame della paziente a nudo sotto buona luce, degli occhi, del naso della bocca e della gola, onde trovare tracce di irritazione, congiuntivite e lesioni della mucosa.
 - c) Un attento esame dei genitali esterni per trovare lesioni e secrezioni, seguito da esame pelvico a due mani.
 - d) Un esame con lo speculo per trovare lesioni ed escrezioni della vagina e del collo dell'utero. Lo speculo si lavera' in acqua calda sapone e sterilizzato nell'intervallo di ciascun esame.
 - e) Un esame ultra-microscopico (vetrino) si fara' del fiore chiaro della lesione genitale.
 - f) Un esame microscopico col metodo di Gram si fara' delle secrezioni genito-urinarie.
3. Aggiungendo a quanto detto nel paragrafo (2) un esame di sangue per sifilide si fara' il primo giorno d'ospedale e dopo, quando sara' necessario.
4. Diagnosi di sifilide, blenorragia e di ulcera molle si faranno su basi di usuali metodi clinici e di laboratorio, e la cura si comincera' come segue.
5. Aggiungendo a quanto detto al (4) una diagnosi di infezione genito urinaria, di tipo indetermiato, si fara' su tutti i sospetti che hanno ulcerazioni genito-urinarie, se l'esame di laboratorio da risultato negativo per la sifilide, e questi casi si cureranno esattamente come ulcera molle.
6. Aggiungendo a quanto detto al (4) una diagnosi di ulcerazione genito urinaria, di tipo indetermiato, si fara' su tutti i sospetti che hanno ulcerazioni genito-urinarie, se l'esame di laboratorio da risultato negativo per la sifilide, e questi casi si cureranno esattamente come ulcera molle.
7. In ogni caso dopo tre giorni durante i quali attenti esami non sono stati fatti, traccia alcuna di infezioni veneree, la paziente si puo' rilasciare dallo ospedale, se non si ha ragione di sospettare che essa si trovi in periodo d'incubazione di malattie veneree. Si visitera' date ad alcuna persona un certificato che dimostri che tale persona e' sana, poiche' i metodi clinici non possono scoprire tutte le infezioni ed i metodi di laboratorio non permettono una esatta diagnosi di tali venerei durante il periodo d'incubazione.
8. La cura della blenorragia consistera' nella somministrazione di 5 grammi di sulfadiazolo (o sulfadiazina) divisi in 4 dosi giornaliere per 5 giorni. Se la secrezione persistesse, dopo un periodo di 5 giorni di riposo, si ripetera' la cura aumentata per altri 5 giorni. Se la secrezione persistesse ancora, la cura sara' fatta sotto controllo dei medici curanti.

9. La cura dell'ulcera delle nari: la stessa cura per la bleennorrea, con pulizia locale dell'ulcera ed applicazione di una polvere sulfamidica una volta al giorno. Il parere favorevole per il rilascio sarà dato quando la lesione si sarà cicatrizzata.

10. La cura per la sifilide primaria, secondaria e latente (con durata verso di 4 anni) sarà fatta con benzopimarina a grandi 0,15 per iniezione endovenosa due volte la settimana e con Bismuth Subsalicylate per iniezioni endovenose a grandi 0,2 una volta la settimana, per un periodo totale di tre settimane, dopo di che in paziente potrà esser rilasciato al dispensario per la continuazione della cura, qualora tutte le lesioni della pelle e delle mucose si saranno cicatrizzate. Se Marphagen o' reperibile, sarà usato esclusivamente negli ospedali per casi di sifilide primaria, secondaria e latente (con durata verso di 4 anni). La cura col Marphagen sarà di tre iniezioni endovenose alla settimana, ognuna di grandi 0,040 abbinata ad una iniezione di Bismuth Subsalicylate a grandi 0,2, per un periodo totale di tre settimane, dopo di che in paziente potrà esser rilasciato al dispensario per la continuazione della cura, qualora le lesioni della pelle e delle mucose si saranno cicatrizzate. La cura per la sifilide eretica (piu' di 4 anni di durata) sarà di due iniezioni di Bismuth Salicylate a grandi 0,2 con intervallo di una settimana; dopo la paziente sarà rilasciata al dispensario, qualora non vi siano lesioni non cicatrizzate.

11. Studi, diagnosi, cura e motivi del rilascio si trascriveranno nel registro dell'ospedale.

12. Un settimanale rapporto sarà fatto dal direttore dell'ospedale al medico provinciale, che contenga le seguenti informazioni delle pazienti rilasciate dall'ospedale durante la settimana:

- a) Nome b) indirizzo c) età d) diagnosi dell'ospedale e) data di ammissione
- f) data del rilascio g) disposizioni.

Il numero dei letti non occupati alla fine della settimana sarà aggiunto al rapporto.

21 Febbraio 1941.

Ref: 234/14/3A.

14
8th March 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Vice President,
Administrative Section.

1. I attach copies of letters addressed to Chief Administrative Officers, H. V. A. C. S. F. and Regional Commissioners on the subject of venereal disease.
2. I should be grateful if the strongest representations could be made to the Minister of Interior and the Minister of Justice in order that directions may be given from the Italian Government to give effect to the Italian law on prostitution in the most drastic manner.
3. Our present experience is that the Italian medical authorities play their part well in the prevention of venereal disease but there is no doubt that the law, which is comprehensive, is not being effectively administered either by the Carabinieri or the Courts.
4. I would ask that special instructions be given by the Minister of Justice that cases affecting prostitution should be dealt with rapidly and that severe sentences should be imposed.

234/14/3A.

Brigadier,
Executive Commission.

HEADQUARTERS,
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
AVC 394

Regional Control and Military Government Section,
+++++

Ref: 234/13/C6.

8th March 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Regional Commissioners,
Regions I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VIII & IX.
S.C.A.O., AMG, 5 Army.
S.C.A.O., A.E., 8 Army.

1. It is essential that we should, in co-operation with military formations, take all possible steps to prevent the spread of venereal disease amongst Allied troops. While the matter is basically one of discipline in the units and formations themselves, the authorities who administer the law to the civilian population have a very great responsibility in ensuring that everything is done to reduce prostitution and the evils resulting therefrom.
2. The Italian law with regard to prostitution, procurement, and solicitation, is sufficiently comprehensive and severe to reduce the evil to a minimum provided that the law is properly and firmly administered.
3. It is the duty of Regional Commissioners, whether in AMG or in territory under the Italian Government, to see that the laws against prostitution are administered rigorously and effectively.
4. In order to attain this end Regional Commissioners will see that the full details of the Italian law are brought to the notice of the military Provost authorities in order that the Military Police may know what is an offence and what is not. Regional Commissioners will also ensure that the Carabinieri enforce the law in co-operation with the Military Police, and finally, they will ensure that Allied Military Courts and Italian Courts deal with such cases severely and rapidly.
5. Provided a concerted drive is made by the Allied Military and Italian Police, by the Allied Courts and Italian Tribunals, and provided that Regional Commissioners instill into their provincial staffs the menace to the Allied Forces which the spread of venereal disease is now causing, and provided that Regional administrative staffs see that the law is applied, much can be done to reduce the incidence of this evil.

1. It is essential that we should, in co-operation with military formations, take all possible steps to prevent the spread of venereal disease amongst Allied troops. While the matter is basically one of discipline in the units and formations themselves, the authorities who administer the law to the civilian population have a very great responsibility in ensuring that everything is done to reduce prostitution and the evils resulting therefrom.

2. The Italian law with regard to prostitution, procurement, and solicitation, is sufficiently comprehensive and severe to reduce the evil to a minimum provided that the law is properly and firmly administered.

3. It is the duty of Regional Commissioners, whether in AIZ or in territory under the Italian Government, to see that the laws against prostitution are administered rigorously and effectively.

4. In order to attain this end Regional Commissioners will see that the full details of the Italian law are brought to the notice of the military Provost authorities in order that the military police may know what is an offence and what is not. Regional Commissioners will also ensure that the Carabinieri enforce the law in co-operation with the military police, and finally, they will ensure that Allied military courts and Italian courts deal with such cases severely and rapidly.

5. Provided a concerted drive is made by the Allied military and Italian police, by the Allied courts and Italian tribunals, and provided that Regional Commissioners instill into their provincial staffs the menace to the Allied forces which the spread of venereal disease is now causing, and provided that Regional administrative staffs see that the law is applied, much can be done to reduce the instance of disease and assist the Allied troops. Every effort will be made by Regional Commissioners to see that the medical staff, both Allied and Italian, fulfil their duties with regard to the inspection and control of prostitutes.

6. Regional Commissioners will be asked from time to time to go beyond the law and to take extraordinary steps such as the internment of clandestine prostitutes, etc., but provided the law is strictly administered there should be no need to go beyond it.

7. It is of paramount importance that Regional Commissioners should do all their utmost to assist the Allied troops in this matter.

MS/L
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
APO 394.

Regional Control and Military Government Section.

Ref: 234/12/30.

8th March 1944.

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease.

TO : Chief Administrative Officer,
Headquarters, A.C.M.F.

I refer to your AGCP/3073/A(0) dated 4. Mar. 44.

1. The Chief Commissioner is most anxious to co-operate in the prevention of venereal disease amongst Allied troops and I am directed by him to say that everything will be done both in areas under Military Government and territory under Italian Government to assist the troops.

2. In the opinion of the Chief Commissioner, the law, both A.C.M.F. and Italian, is sufficient as it stands. Prostitution, procurement, solicitation, are offences under Italian law which is administered by both Italian and Allied Military Courts and the Italian law deals with the matter as comprehensively as possible.

3. The weakness at the present moment lies in the knowledge by Allied Military Police of the offences under Italian law and in the application of that law by the civil police and the courts of justice. It appears to the Chief Commissioner that in these respects much improvement could be made and it is his intention to issue a directive to Regional Commissioners instructing them in areas under A.C.M.F. to see that the Allied Military Courts deal severely with all cases affecting the morals of the troops and in the territory under the Italian Government to advise the Italian courts to do the same. A strong representation will also be made to the Minister of Justice in the Italian Government and it is hoped that this will have the desired effect. At the same time the Chief Commissioner feels sure that you will agree that basically the prevention of venereal disease lies in the degree of discipline amongst the troops themselves.

234/30.

Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

1910

SUBJECT :- A.M.C. Penal Code.



U-7984
HQ AMCP (AMC Bk),
CSP.
ACMP/3073/A (C).
1 Mar '44

Executive Commissioner,
A.C.C.

1. It is desired to take all possible steps in regard to the prevention of V.D. It is understood that plying, procurement and soliciting are not at present offences against the A.M.C. penal code. *Copy by letter (see).*

yes 2. Will you kindly inform this H.Q. whether it would be possible to include these actions as offences by the publication of a further proclamation, prescribing penalties of a suitable severity. It appears that the inclusion of brothel-keeping as an offence would not be practicable.

3. If such procedure is possible in the case of the three actions named, may it be stated in what portion of ITALY the proclamation would have effect. *Copy Regs 3.*

CSP/AM.

C.H. T. B. Big
Major-General,
Chief Administrative Officer.

Copy to :- 3095/9/A(O).

HEAD HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

Public Health Sub-Commission

ACU/3923/PH

2 March 1944.

SUBJECT: - Venereal Disease.

TO: - Administrative Directorate. =

Herewith copy of letter received by this Sub-Commission from
Commander No. 2 District.

It is forwarded for information as being indicative of the
current opinion of the military authorities concerning prostitution.

G. S. Parkinson
G. S. PARKINSON, Brigadier
Director, Public Health Sub-Commission.

PH/GT/js

1 Inclosure:

Copy of Letter ACU/1 dated 24-2-44 From Commander No. 2 District.

~~Legal~~

May we have your views on this please. Is the existing law
sufficient but inefficiently applied or are further and what powers
requested.

Is something of the nature of the DR on this subject in force
in the UK desirable here.

Admin Sec
4 Mar
T X 50

To Admin V. P.

*This raises a very important question of
policy which is much worrying the military authorities +
we have already been approached by A.C.H.F. has 243 ask*

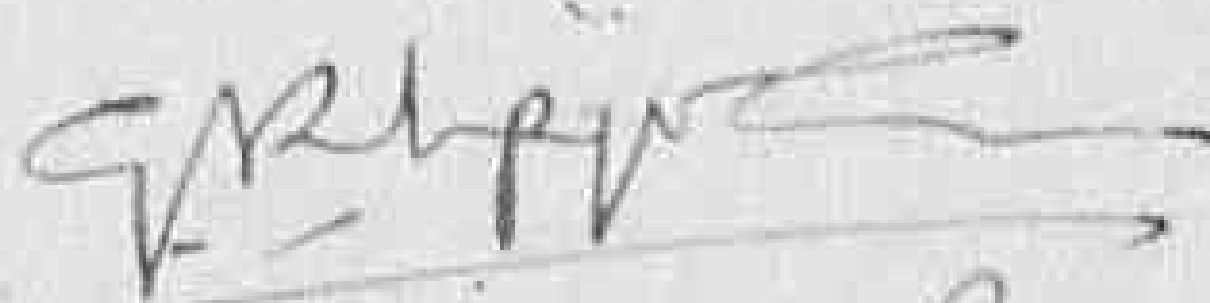
30 2

while Region 3 already have a draft order on the stocks.

Just before receiving your letter I was minded to ask for a conference to consider this question + I suggest the Admin V.P. ask the Chief Commissioner to convene a confer. The following might usefully be asked to attend.

Reps of A.C.M.F. District 2, 3. Region 3
+ following subcommittees Law, Public Health,
Public Safety.

5 hrs


R.

CCO

CONF.

9

CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT: V.D.

Hq. No 2 District.
CONF.

A 29/1

24 Feb 44.

AFHQ Adv Adm Echelon.

During a representative conference held at this Hq on 17 Feb with the object of reducing the incidence of V.D. the following recommendation was made.

* It was decided that Allied Control Commission should be asked to enforce a change in the relevant Italian Law or to publish a Military Decree making prostitution illegal.*

Could this matter be considered with Allied Control Commission as a matter of urgency.

(Signed) ???????? Major General.
Commander, No 2 District.

Copy to:- Allied Control Commission,
No 3 District.

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Health Sub-Commission

AOC/3043/PH

2 March 1944

SUBJECT: - Proposals for Control of
Venereal Disease.

TO : - Administrative Directorate. //

Herewith copy of letter from D.D.M.S., AOCF (Adm. Sec.) to this
Sub-Commission.

The implications contained in the paragraph on Clandestine Prostitution are so important that it is felt that higher authority should at once be informed.

According to medical ethics, once a woman is cured or rendered non-infective, no valid reason exists for her retention in hospital or in any other location.

G. S. Patterson
Brigadier

G. S. PATTERSON, Brigadier
Director, Public Health Sub-Commission.

PA/223/ja

1 Inclosure:

Copy of Letter 3865 E. Dated 27-2-44 From H.Q. AOCF.

Legal

May we have your views please. If clandestines can be imprisoned under Italian law then hardly seems under difficulty in providing further prison accommodation of some temporary nature but it is doubtful if they should be called concentration camps.

Admin Sec
4 Mar
T X 50

Admin V.P.

It would be quite wrong to lock up uninfected women without trial. ~~Some~~ "Clandestines" cannot and must not be kept in hospital and can be dealt with either in Italian or 1577

Attended meeting Cato.

See generally in this subject the
need for a copy of letter to you of even date
at foot of letter from P. H. Suber

J. R. Papp

5 hrs.

cc-o

SUBJECT: Venereal Disease

HQ. AUSE. (Adm. Ech.)

V.F.

M.

27 Feb 1944.

D.F.M., Sub Commission AGC.
PRMO, AIG Region III.

1. The attached copy of a report by DMS No 3 District is forwarded. It is recommended that the suggestion of the DFM with regard to the placing of Clandestines in Concentration Camps be given early consideration.

Registered Prostitutes. These are examined weekly by Italian Medical Officers - usually three times weekly. The examination is physical only, but is fairly thorough - mouth and palate, trunk and breasts, arms and genitals are scrutinised. A speculum is introduced into the vagina and the cervix examined. This examination usually takes place in the 'house'. No urethral smears or blood test are taken. If the M.O considers that there is any suspicion of disease the women are sent to hospital for further examination and treatment. There is a possibility of corruption and the medical officers may be bribed to sign the women's certificate as healthy. All these 'houses' are 'Out of Bounds'.

Clandestine Prostitutes. These are picked up by British M.P.s. Carabinieri, or Italian Police and handed over to Italian Medical Authorities. The examination is the same as in para 1 above and usually by the same medical officers. Corruption and bribery are less likely to occur, but hospitalisation still depends solely on one man's opinion, and on a physical examination only. In many districts admission to hospital for complete examination is carried out in every case. This practice is being more widely adopted but is limited by the shortage of hospital beds. AGC F.M.Os are working to increase the hospital accommodation. The treatment carried out is good; there is no shortage of drugs. Results of smears, Shoen-Witebski and Kahn tests are often cross checked by Army Bacteriologists. On completion of treatment, if found not infected, the women are released. Italian law provides for imprisonment of these cases, but it is understood that prison accommodation is insufficient for the numbers involved. There is thus a serious gap in the control system, and no discouragement is offered to clandestines provided they avoid being found to be suffering from venereal disease. D.F.M. has suggested that concentration camps should be set up for the reception of clandestines.

(Signed) H.D. CHALKS. Lt.Col.
for Brigadier.
D.D.M.S.

HDX/DAG.

785017

O's War Recd

234.8

2 MAR 1944

2076

6

HEAD HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 374
Public Health Sub-Commission.

ACQ/3023/PH

2 March 1944

SUBJECT: - Instructions in Italian and English
to be followed by the Directors of
Civilian Venereal Disease Hospitals.

THRU : - Administrative Directorate.

TO : - R.C. and M.G. Section.

Further to this office ACQ/3023/PH dated 24 February 1944 para.
5, herewith copies in English and Italian of instructions for Directors of
Civil Venereal Disease Hospitals.

It is requested that these be issued to all Regions and 5th and 8th
Army AEC for distribution to the Director of each venereal disease hospital,
to each Medico Provinciale and to the local Ispettorato Malattie Veneree.
Six copies are inclosed for each Region and for 5th and 8th Armies.

The remaining copies should be distributed for information to:

AFHQ	Surgeon, I.S.S.
DECS No. 1 Dist.	Surgeon Metro. Area, Naples
DECS No. 2 Dist.	Surgeon 15th Air Force.
DECS No. 3 Dist.	Surgeon 12th Air Force.
Surgeon, P.S.S.	Dr. Vaccaro, c/o Minister of Interior, Salerno.

Further copies, if required, are available in this office.

G. S. Parkinson
G. S. PARKINSON, Brigadier
Director, Public Health Sub-Commission

E/CHE/S

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

Public Health Sub-Commission

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MANAGEMENT OF VENEREAL DISEASE HOSPITALS

It is recommended that the following criteria be observed in order to establish standards of examination and treatment of women suspected to be sources of venereal diseases among troops.

1. All suspects will be taken to a Venereal Disease Hospital and held for a minimum of three days for examination instead of being taken to an outpatient clinic.

2. The examination will be conducted daily on each of the three days and will consist of the following:

- a) A visual examination of the patient, stripped, for any skin lesions or parasites.
- b) An examination, with good light, of the eyes, nose, mouth and throat for iritis, conjunctivitis and mucous membrane lesions.
- c) A careful examination of the external genitalia for evidence of lesions and discharge, followed by a bimanual pelvic examination.
- d) A rectal examination of the vaginal vaults and cervix for lesions and discharge. The speculum will be washed in hot soapy water and sterilized between examinations.
- e) A darkfield examination will be made of the serous exudate from any genital lesion.
- f) A microscopic examination stained by Gram's method will be made of any genito-urinary discharge.

3. In addition to the steps outlined in (2) a serological test for syphilis will be taken on the first day of admission and as often thereafter as indicated.

4. Diagnoses of syphilis, gonorrhea and chancroid will be made on the basis of the usual clinical and laboratory findings, and treatment will be instituted forthwith as outlined below.

5. In addition to (4) a diagnosis of genito-urinary infection, type undetermined, will be made on all suspects showing a genito-urinary discharge in the absence of all other positive findings, and these cases will be treated exactly as if they were

2. The examination will be conducted daily on each of the three days and will consist of the following:

- a) A visual examination of the patient, stripped, for any skin lesions or parasites.
- b) An examination, with good light, of the eyes, nose, mouth and throat for infection, conjunctivitis and mucous membrane lesions.
- c) A careful examination of the external genitalia for evidence of lesions and discharge, followed by a minimal pelvic examination.
- d) A speculum examination of the vaginal vaults and cervix for lesions and discharge. The speculum will be washed in hot soapy water and sterilized between examinations.
- e) A darkfield examination will be made of the serous exudate from any genital lesion.
- f) A microscopic examination stained by Gram's method will be made of any genito-urinary discharge.

3. In addition to the steps outlined in (2) a serological test for syphilis will be taken on the first day of admission and as often thereafter as indicated.

4. Diagnosis of syphilis, gonorrhea, and chancroid will be made on the basis of the usual clinical and laboratory findings, and treatment will be instituted forthwith as outlined below.

5. In addition to (4) a diagnosis of genito-urinary infection, type undetermined, will be made on all suspects showing a genito-urinary discharge in the absence of all other positive findings, and these cases will be treated exactly as if they were gonorrhea.

6. In addition to (4) a diagnosis of genito-urinary ulceration, type undetermined, will be made on all suspects showing genital ulceration in the absence of all other positive findings, and these cases will be treated exactly as if they were chancroid.

7. In each case where three days of consecutive and careful examination has failed to disclose any evidence of venereal infection, the patient may be released from the hospital provided there is no reason to suspect that she is within the incubation period of venereal infection. Under no circumstances may any person be given a certificate of freedom from infection or a statement that can be used for the same purpose as clinical methods cannot reveal subclinical infections and laboratory methods do not permit the diagnosis of venereal diseases during the incubation period. In addition, laboratory methods are not sufficiently refined to detect all venereal infections.

8. Treatment of gonorrhea will consist of 5 grams of sulfathiazole (or sulfadiazine) given in divided doses daily for five days. If discharge persists there will be a rest period of five days followed by another course of treatment by the above method. Further persistence of gonorrheal symptoms will be treated at the discretion of the physician in charge.

PAGE "2"

9. Treatment for chancreoid will be the same as for gonorrhea with the addition of local cleansing and the application of a sulfonamide powder once daily to the lesions. The criterion for release from the hospital will be healing of the lesions.

10. Treatment for primary, secondary and early latent syphilis (of less than four years duration) will be neosporphenamine 0.15 grams given intravenously twice weekly and concurrently 0.2 grams bismuth subacetylate to given intramuscularly once weekly for a period of three weeks, after which the patient may be released to outpatient treatment provided all skin and mucous membrane lesions have healed. If neoparsen is available it will be used only for cases of primary, secondary and early latent syphilis (of less than 4 years duration) treated as hospital patients. Treatment with neoparsen shall be three intravenous injections each 0.040 grams weekly for three weeks and concurrently one injection weekly of bismuth subacetylate 0.2 grams for three weeks after which the patient may be released to outpatient treatment provided all skin and mucous membrane lesions have healed. Treatment for late syphilis (of more than 4 years duration) shall be 2 injections of bismuth subacetylate 0.2 grams given with an interval of 1 week after which the patient may be released to outpatient treatment provided there are no unhealed lesions.

11. Records of the examination findings, diagnosis, treatment and recommendations on discharge will be included in the patients hospital record.

12. A weekly report will be made by the director of the hospital to the Medico Provinciale containing the following information on patients discharged from the hospital during the week:

a) Name b) Address c) Age d) Hospital diagnosis e) date of admission f) date of discharge g) disposition.

In addition the number of unoccupied hospital beds at the end of the week will be included in the report.

21 February 1944.

QUARTIER GENERALE
COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO
APO 39L

Sanita' Pubblica Sotto-Commissione

ISTRUZIONI PER IL TRATTAMENTO DELLE MALATTIE VENEREE NEGLI OSPEDALI

Si raccomanda che i seguenti criteri siano osservati in ordine di stabilire unita' di cura e cure di donne sospette di propagazione di mali venerei fra le truppe.

1. Tutte le donne sospette si dovranno portare ad un ospedale per mali venerei e sottoposte per un periodo minimo di tre giorni per esami, invece dell'accesso ad un dispensario.
2. Il esame si fara' giornalmente per i tre giorni e condurrà come segue:
 - a) Un esame della paziente a nudo per trovare lesioni della pelle o parassiti.
 - b) Un esame della paziente a nudo sotto buona luce, degli occhi, del naso della bocca e della gola, onde trovare traccia di iridite, congiuntivite e lesioni della mucosa.
 - c) Un attento esame dei genitali esterni per trovare lesioni e secrezioni, seguito da esame polvico a due mani.
 - d) Un esame con lo speculo per trovare lesioni ed secrezioni della vagina e del collo dell'utero. Lo speculo di lavoro in acqua calda saponata e sterilizzato nell'intervallo di ciascun esame.
 - e) Un esame ultra-microscopico (vetro) al fara' del siero chiaro della lesione genitale.
 - f) Un esame microscopico col metodo di Gram si fara' delle secrezioni genito-urinarie.

3. Aggiungendo a quanto detto nel paragrafo (2) un esame di sangue per sifilide si fara' il primo giorno d'ospedale e dopo, quando sara' necessario.

4. Diagnosi di sifilide, blenorragia e di ulcera molle si faranno su basi di usuali metodi clinici e di laboratorio, e la cura si condurrà come segue.

5. Aggiungendo a quanto detto al (4) una diagnosi di infezione genito urinaria, di tipo indeterminato, si fara' su tutti i sospetti che hanno una infezione genito urinaria, anche quando il vetrino risulta negativo, e questi casi si tratteranno come fossero blenorragia.

1. tutte le donne sospette si dovranno portare in un ospedale per esami venerei e sottoposte per un periodo minimo di tre giorni per esami, invece dell' "exco" ad un dispensario.
2. L'esame si fara' giornalmente per i tre giorni a cominciare come segue:
 - a) Un esame della paziente a nudo per trovare lesioni della pelle e parassiti.
 - b) Un esame della paziente a nudo sotto buona luce, degli occhi, del naso della bocca e della gola, onde trovare traccia di iridite, congiuntivite e lesioni della mucosa.
 - c) Un attento esame dei genitali esterni per trovare lesioni e secrezioni, seguito da esame palpitico a due mani.
 - d) Un esame con lo speculo per trovare lesioni ed secrezioni della vagina e del collo dell'utero. Lo speculo si lavara' in acqua calda sapone e sterilizzato nell'intervallo di ciascun esame.
 - e) Un esame ultra-microscopico (vetrino) di farn' del siero chiaro della lesione genitale.
 - f) Un esame microscopico col metodo di Gram di farn' della secrezioni genito-urinarie.
3. Aggiungendo a quanto detto nel paragrafo (2) un esame di sangue per sifilide si fara' il primo giorno d'ospedale e dopo, quando sara' necessaria.
4. Diagnosi di sifilide, blenorragia e di ulcera molle si fara' su basi di usuali metodi clinici e di laboratorio, e la cura si comincera' come segue.
5. Aggiungendo a quanto detto al (4) una diagnosi di infezione genito-urinaria, di tipo indetermiato, si fara' su tutti i sospetti che hanno ulcerazioni genito-urinarie, anche quando il vetrino risulta negativo, e questi casi si tratteranno come fossero blenorragia.
6. Aggiungendo a quanto detto al (4) una diagnosi di ulcerazione genito-urinaria, di tipo indetermiato, si fara' su tutti i sospetti che hanno ulcerazioni genito-urinarie, se l'esame di laboratorio da risultato negativo per la sifilide, e questi casi si cureranno esattamente come ulcera molle.
7. In ogni caso dopo tre giorni durante i quali i tentati esami non mostrano traccia alcuna di infezioni veneree, la paziente si fara' rilasciare dalla ospedale, ma non si ha ragione di sospettare che essa si trovi in periodo d'incubazione di malattie veneree. Si vietato dare ad alcuna persona un certificato che dimostri che tale persona e' sana, poiche' i metodi clinici nel periodo sospetto tutto la ingannano ed i metodi di laboratorio non permettono una esatta diagnosi di tutti i venerei durante il periodo d'incubazione.
8. La cura della blenorragia consistera' nella somministrazione di 5 grammi di colistatina (o sulfadiazina) divisi in due giornali per 5 giorni. Se la secrezione persiste, dopo un periodo di 5 giorni di riposo, si ripetera' la cura mantenuta per altri 5 giorni. Se la secrezione persiste ancora, in cura sera' fatta sotto controllo del medico curante.

9. La cura dell'ulcera nelle parti la stessa come per la blebomargia, con pulizia locale dell'ulcera ed applicazione di una polvere sulfamidica una volta al giorno. Il parere favorevole per il rilascio sarà dato quando la lesione si sarà cicatrizzata.

10. La cura per la sifilide primaria, secondaria e latente (con durata meno di 4 anni) sarà fatta con Neopropharsina e grandi 0,45 per iniezione endovenosa due volte la settimana e con Bimanth Salicilicylate per iniezioni endovascolari grandi 0,2 una volta la settimana, per un periodo totale di tre settimane, dopo di che la paziente potrà essere rilasciata al dispensario per la continuazione della cura, qualora tutte le lesioni della pelle e delle mucose si saranno cicatrizzate. Se Marphaden si reperibile, sarà usato esclusivamente negli ospedali per casi di sifilide primaria, secondaria e latente (con durata meno di 4 anni). La cura col Marphaden sarà di tre iniezioni endovenose alla settimana, prima di grandi 0,040 subinate ad una iniezione di Bimanth Subedile/late grande, 2, per un periodo totale di tre settimane, dopo di che la paziente potrà essere rilasciata al dispensario per la continuazione della cura, qualora le lesioni della pelle e delle mucose si saranno cicatrizzate. La cura per la sifilide antica (più di 4 anni di durata) sarà di due iniezioni di Bimanth Salicylate grandi 0,2 con intervallo di una settimana; dopo la paziente sarà rilasciata al dispensario, qualora non vi siano lesioni non cicatrizzate.

11. Esami, diagnosi, cura e motivi del rilascio si trascriveranno nel registro dell'ospedale.

12. Un settimanale rapporto sarà fatto dal direttore dell'ospedale al medico provinciale, che contenga le seguenti informazioni delle pazienti rilasciate dall'ospedale durante 1. settimana:

- a) nome b) indirizzo c) età d) diagnosi dall'ospedale e) data di ammissione f) data del rilascio g) disposizioni.

Il numero dei letti non occupati alla fine della settimana sarà aggiunto al rapporto.

21 Febbraio 1944

Dep. Pres. Case

Will you approve 1 & 2 for issue?

It is in line with what Brig. Parkinson
said at the conference and which seemed
to meet with general approval.

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NEAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

Public Health Sub-Commission

ACC/3023/MT

29 February 1944

SUBJECT: - Hospital Facilities for Women Suspected
to be Sources of VD Among Military Personnel.

FROM : - Administrative Directorate.

TO : - R.C. and M.C. Section.

It is requested that the directive set out below be issued to all Regions for action together with copies for information to:

AFHQ	Surgeon, ICS
DHS No. 1 Dist.	Surgeon, Metro. Area, Naples.
DHS No. 2 Dist.	Surgeon, 15th Air Force.
DHS No. 3 Dist.	Surgeon, 18th Air Force.
Surgeon, ICS	5th Army AGC

1. As a result of conferences held in Naples, Palermo and Bari recently between AGC and representatives of British and American troops stationed in Italy and Sicily, AGC has agreed to provide hospitalization for diagnostic and treatment purposes of all women suspected to be sources of venereal disease infections among military personnel.
2. To put the above mentioned program into effect it is desired that AFHQ's establish hospital facilities for such women in the principal cities of their regions where military personnel are located. The location and size of the institutions needed should be decided by the AFHQ's after consultation with the Provost Marshal and Medical Officers of military personnel located within the region.
3. Italian personnel shall be used in the hospitalization program although this shall not preclude assistance offered by medical officers stationed in the vicinity for supervision and technical assistance.
4. It was agreed at the above mentioned conference that it would be the joint responsibility of the Provost Marshal and Italian Police authorities to bring to the hospital for examination and treatment those women suspected to be potential sources of venereal disease among troops.

1961

ACC/3023/PH - Hospital Facilities for Women Suspected to be Sources of
Venereal Disease among Military Personnel - (Continued)

20 February 1945

5. Details of diagnosis and treatment to be used in the
above program are the subject of another communication.

G. S. Parham

G. S. PARHAMSON, Brigadier
Director, Public Health Sub-Commission.

PH/3023/1a

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Health Sub-Commission

ACC/3040/1H

5 March 1944

MEMORANDUM: - HQ. No. 2 District GME - A 100/1
Dated 25 February 1944.

TO : - Administrative Directorate.

A directive has already been issued to Regions regarding the establishment of hospitals for the treatment of infected women and laying down standards of diagnosis and courses of treatment.

It is not felt to be within the competence of this Sub-Commission to express any views on the alteration of Italian laws regarding prostitution, except to say that it is considered that such a proposal might cause grave dissatisfaction amongst the populace and be extremely difficult to enforce.

G. S. Farrinson
G. S. FARRINSON, Brigadier
Director, Public Health Sub-Commission

FM/GME/34

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Your Letter of the 23 Jan on the subject of V.D. in the D.D. and the figures which you quote for that Letter are fairly accurate.

We have already started on our anti-V.I.D. drive in the Madison, and I am sending you herewith the notes of a very representative conference which we held here on the 17 Feb from which you will see the action which we propose to take.

The main difficulties in standing out this character need to be

- (a) The fact that prostitution in EDNY is legal.
- (b) Totally inadequate hospital arrangements for treating all infected women.

You will see that one of the decisions reached at our meeting was that the Allied Control Commission should be asked to enforce a change in the Italian Law, or to publish a Military Service Law providing it illegal. I am going ahead and putting a letter to AMM Adv Gen Vichelon on this subject, but as my only chance of success would affect the customs of ten million population I am not very hopeful that my good result will be forthcoming. I should be interested to know whether, in view of the serious loss of manpower caused by R.I. in Italy, the Government would be prepared to say on this proposal.

It seems to me that if you ban such prostitution altogether, then all women who are arrested as prostitutes can be shipped off to some concentration camp where they can be kept out of human way, and if it is proved that they were infected can be given proper hospital treatment. I don't say that this would stamp out P.D. altogether but in a very short space of time I am sure that a large number of venerees would be out of reach of the soldier.

I am not at the moment ready to adopt your suggestion of publishing weekly editions by unit, but I do realize what a great responsibility Commanding Officers have in this connection, and I have addressed a letter to all Commanding Officers warning that the records of their units will be carefully vetted and any black spots will demand an explanation.

...and I am sending you herewith the notes of a very representative conference which we held here on the 17 Feb from which you will see the action which we propose to take.

The main difficulties in studying and this disease seem to me to be

- (a) The fact that prostitution in Italy is legal.
- (b) Notably inadequate hospital arrangements for treating all infected women.

You will see that one of the decisions reached at our meeting was that the Allied Control Commission should be asked to enforce a change in the Italian law, or to prohibit a military doctor making prostitution illegal. I am going ahead and putting a letter to Sir John Huxley on this subject, but as my main concern is to see that the control of the civilian population is as not very hopeful that any good result will be forthcoming. I should be interested to know whether, in view of the serious loss of manpower caused by V.E., in Italy, the Government-in-Italy would be prepared to support this proposal.

It seems to me that if you can make prostitution illegal, then all women who are arrested as prostitutes can be shipped off to some concentration camp where they can be kept out of harm's way, and if it is proved that they were infected can be given proper hospital treatment. I don't say that this would stop out V.E., altogether but in a very short space of time I am sure that a large number of women would be out of reach of the soldier.

I am not at the moment anxious to adopt your suggestion of publishing weekly statistics by units, but I do realize what a great responsibility Commanding Officers have in this connection, and I have addressed a letter to all Commanding Officers warning them that the records of their units will be carefully watched and any black spots will demand an explanation.

Yours

1st-Lt J.D. Clark, C.B., M.C.,
Chief Administrative Officer,
Allied Forces Headquarters,
S.M.A.F.

Copy to: 1st-Lt P.M. Macdonald-Barlow, M.D., I.D., M.C.,
Chief Commissioner, Allied Central Commission, C.M.F.
Major-General Sir E.H. Robertson, M.C., C.B., I.D., M.C.,
Deputy Chief Administrative Officer,
Allied Forces Headquarters Sir John Huxley, C.B., M.C.
Major-General A.L. Collier, M.C.

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NO NO 2 DISTRICT

NOTES ON Y.D. SUPERVISOR'S REPORT OF 17 FEB 44.

The following attended :-

1.	Col.	C.P.R. JOHNSON	Col 1/4 Adm 2 District.
2.	Lt.Col	L.M.M. SIOGARD	Adm 2 District
3.	Col.	W.M. GARDNER	Adm 2 District
4.	Lt.Col	W.M. GARDNER	Adm 2 District
5.	Col.	F.W. HILGREN	Adm
6.	Lt.Col	F.R. FITZGERALD	Adm No 2 District
7.	Lt.Col	W. GIBSON	Adm/Adm No 2 District
8.	Lt.Col	F.R. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
9.	Col.	G.M. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
10.	Major	W.M. O'NEILL	Adm 2 District
11.	Lt.Col	W.M. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
12.	Lt.Col	F.L. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
13.	Lt.Col	F.L. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
14.	Major	W.M. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
15.	Major	W.M. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
16.	Major	W.M. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
17.	Det	W.M. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
18.	-	F.V. GARDNER AT CEN	Adm 2 District
19.	-	W.M. HARRIS	Adm 2 District
20.	Det	W.M. HARRIS	Adm 2 District

D.P.M.

(11) D.P.M. stated that the Commissioners will be instructed to keep pimps and prostitutes out of these wine bars and that periodic "Outs" with Commissioner will keep all "Outs of Bars" and "Out Limits" shops under constant supervision.

C. Civil Control of Prostitutes

(i) Clinics exist, in all towns, where registered prostitutes are medically examined twice per week. (In Hill Daily)

(11) D.P.M. and A.C.C. stated that the civil medical examinations were not satisfactory - they must be done thoroughly and under Military supervision. This will be arranged.

(11) It was agreed that D.P.M. will lay down:-

- (a) Standard method of examination
- (b) Regulation for treatment

(iv) In Hill women proved to have had sexual intercourse with a soldier are automatically excluded by civil authorities. This is to be enforced throughout the District.

(v) A registered infected woman can only be tried legally when a soldier proves that he has contracted V.D. from her.

Maximum sentence for pimps is six months but it is better six months to bring delinquents to trial and heavy sentences rarely imposed.

(vi) It was decided that A.C.C. will be asked to enforce a change in the relevant Italian Law to publish a Military Decree making prostitution illegal.

Areas and
Pub Areas

1896

- 3 -

Item CURRENT

DETAIL

ACTION

2(iv) Curfew

D.F.M. stated that curfew is being enforced in Haiti (2130 hrs) and that in 1964 hrs curfew for children under 16 had been a real and is now in action. Children apprehended in the streets after 1900 hrs are taken back to their homes by the Carabinieri, who can take action against the parents. (Up to one year imprisonment.)

Warning is given on first offence a similar curfew is to be put into operation in all towns

Areas and Sub Areas

3. Hospital Treatment for infected women.

(1) A.D.M.S. 6 Base Sub Area stated that 200 bed hospital is being prepared by the Medical Directorate of Haiti in conjunction with 6 Base Sub Area and it present has 75 beds. This is located at the Opobala Communal, Haiti and will commence reception and treatment in about 2 weeks time.

(2) D.D.M.S. stated that 100 beds will be available from Moringue when the 1000 Slaves there are accounted to them. 6 Base Sub Area will receive for the balance of 25 beds to be made up from either civil or Quarantine patients.

6 Base Sub Area and MED

(3) It was explained that the necessary drugs must be provided by A.C.C. Initially A.D.M.S. 6 Base Sub Area will provide drugs and local equipment if those cannot be supplied in time by A.C.C. A.C.C. will make good stores advanced by 6 Base Sub Area. 6 Base Sub Area to arrange any necessary repairs to equipment in Base units.

6 Base Sub Area

(4) It was decided that Area and Sub Area Plans will be instructed to arrange similar hospitals in the other towns in the District.

Areas and Sub Areas

Until other civil V.D. hospitals

3. Hospital Treatment for Infected Cases.

(A) A.D.M.S. 6 Base Sub Area stated that a 250 bed hospital is being prepared by the Medical Directorate at Cienfuegos. This construction will be 6 Base Sub Area and at present has 75 beds. This is located at the Hospital General, which will receive reception and treatment in about a week's time.

(ii) A.D.M.S. 6 Base Sub Area will be available from Cienfuegos when the two planes there are dismantled to Cienfuegos. 6 Base Sub Area will arrange for the balance of 25 beds to be made up from either civil or Ordnance stores.

6 Base Sub Area and
250

(iii) It was explained that the necessary drugs must be provided by A.D.M.S.

Initially A.D.M.S. 6 Base Sub Area will provide drugs and medical equipment if these cannot be supplied in time by A.D.M.S. A.D.M.S. will also deal stores advanced by A.D.M.S. 6 Base Sub Area to arrange for necessary repairs to Capodale General.

6 Base Sub Area

(iv) It was stated that when the 250 Area comes will be instructed to arrange similar hospitals in the other towns in the District.

Until other civil F.D. hospitals are established infested when can be sent to Capodale General, but as recommended patients.

Areas and
Sub
Areas

(A) A.D.M.S. stated that it was essential that areas and Sub Areas provide for accommodation for P.A.C. and ensure that which is well equipped. All areas must be equipped. Lights must be electric and placed high out of reach to avoid theft.

Areas and
Sub Areas

(ii) At 17 U.S. Air Force said that both anterior and posterior P.A.C. should be under the attractive to the patient. Hot water to be provided. They are used by both Forces and should be regarded as Allied P.A.C.

Areas and
Sub Areas

This was correct.

Item SUBJECT DETAIL ACTION

P.M.C. (iii) All M.P.s must know the location of each P.M.C. in any town and the nearest way to it. D.P.M.

Responsibilities of C.O.s (i) S.D.M.S. stated that it is essential that all C.O.s must be made to personally realize their responsibility in keeping down V.D. incidence in their units. C.O.s of units should be called upon for an explanation of high V.D. incidence figures - disciplinary action against serious offenders.

(ii) Recommended that G.O.C. addresses a personal letter to all C.O.s.

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