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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

ACC - Italy

10000/119/30

42 pp.

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10000/119/30

3. Requisitions - Region III
Feb. - June 1944

42 pp.

10511

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File

1st Incl.

LIAISON DIVISION, Hq. ACC, APO 394 - U.S. Army

17 June 1944

TO: Region III (Division of Fine Arts)

1. The attached statement from the director of the Royal Technical School Casanova has been referred to the Real Estate Section of PRS by this office personally.

2. Records disclose that the director is in error in many of his statements. It seems that bomb damage was responsible for the loss of much of the equipment referred to. For instance the moving picture camera referred to was broken before the troops entered but has been repaired and will be returned to the school.

3. It is suggested that the director refrain from making any more complaints and that proper claims be made after the evacuation of the premises.

ER/ao

STUCH BROWN,
Maj., C.M.P.

10512

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

LIAISON SECTION
HEADQUARTERS PENINSULAR BASE SECTION
APO 782

DJI/md

27 May 1944

MEMORANDUM

TO : Regional Commissioner, Region III, Allied Control
Commission, Naples

1. Reference is made to an inquiry presented by officials of the Allied Control Commission to this office on 17 May 44, with reference to four tank cars of molasses (estimated to involve approximately 60 tons) reported to be on a siding at Maddaloni and to belong to the Italian Army. The release of this molasses to the ACC for purposes of the manufacture of yeast was requested. It appeared that this material, if the property of the Italian Army, could not be taken over unless formally released by the Italian Army -- in conformance with the combined Chiefs of Staff requirements that property of the Italian Army be left for disposition entirely by the Italian Army.
2. This office presented the matter to the Commanding General, Italian Forces in Campania, and is now in receipt of his reply to the inquiry. It appears that this molasses was shipped to Italy from Bulgaria prior to the date of Armistice, 8 September 43, same having been commandeered and removed from that enemy country. Italian Army officials felt it proper to obtain a formal release from the Allied Command before this molasses be either unloaded or removed. It had been intended to use the molasses for processing in the Synthetic Animal Food Plant at Maddaloni. The Italian Command has never received any reply to its repeated requests for such release. Pending some such action the molasses was allowed to stand on the siding at Maddaloni where the ACC officials discovered it.
3. The Commanding General, Italian Forces in Campania, has agreed to relinquish such title as he may have to this molasses to the Allied Control Commission for the manufacture of yeast. He assumes that in effecting such release, a proper share of the processed yeast will in turn be made available to the Italian Army -- and particularly the Campania Command -- as a great shortage in yeast for the preparation of bread for troops now exists.

File

10513

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4. It will be appreciated if this office is put in position to advise the local Italian Command as to the action taken in the matter. It further appears that the Military Railway Service should be advised as to the release of these tank cars as soon as they could be unloaded.

DONALD J. LESNEY
Colonel, G. S. C.
Chief Liaison Officer

cc - Commanding General, Italian Forces, Campania.

0514

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Food Sub-Commission
A.P.O. 394

file IHK/am

26 May 1944

ACC/70-16/Food

SUBJECT: Molasses for Yeast Manufacture

TO : Liaison Division
(Attn: Maj. ENOCH BROWN)

1. This refers to your conferences with Major KAUFFMAN and Capt. DIEBEL of this sub-commission relating to the release to us of approximately 60 tons of molasses in four tank cars at Madeloni to be used for manufacturing yeast for the Services and Civilians.

2. A representative of this sub-commission just returned from an inspection of the yeast manufacturing plant in Barletta and reports the factory in good working condition, but closed down since early in May because of lack of molasses.

3. It is urgent that the molasses at Madeloni be made available to us as promptly as possible so that it can be forwarded to Barletta and the production of yeast be resumed.

J. Inver
W. J. LEGG
Colonel
Chief, Food Sub-Commission

This was passed on to
Maj Kaufman Food Sub Com -
personally

EB

10515

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

LIAISON SECTION
HEADQUARTERS PERIPHERAL BASE SECTION
APO 782

17 May 1944

ITALIAN LIAISON)
MEMO NO. 33)

TO : Commanding General, Italian Forces, Campania.

1. Certain officials of the Allied Control Commission have ascertained that four tank cars of molasses approximating 60 tons are on a siding at Madeloni and that such apparently is the property of some agency of the Italian Army. It appears that this molasses has been located at this siding for a period of many months. The ACC officials are desirous of obtaining this molasses for use in some manufacturing plant at Bari for the making of yeast -- which, in turn, would be for distribution to both Italian civilians or Italian military. Numerous inquiries have been addressed to this office as to the release of this material if not urgently required by local elements of Italian Army.

2. This office has taken the stand that if this molasses was in the possession of the Italian Army at the time of the Italian armistice and surrender, that it must remain with the Italian Army for final disposition. It would be appreciated however, if your office could advise the actual ownership of this molasses and its intended use to include a recommendation as to whether or not it should properly be released to the ACC for processing into yeast. This office has no interest in the matter except to protect the rights of the local Italian military to the extent proper and justifiable on the basis agreed.

For the Commanding General:

DONALD J. LEEHEY,
Colonel, G.S.C.,
Chief Liaison Officer

Carbon Copy

0516

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

File

Ref E-8/102

1st Ind.

25 May 1944

LIAISON DIVISION, Hq. AOC, APO 394 - U.S. Army

TO : Region III (Education), APO 394 - U.S. Army

This officer called on S.S.D. (Maj. Bailey) in re basic communication. Arrangements can be made for use of Stadium at Bagnoli. Suggest however that your office contact Major Bailey to work out details. S.S.D. Headquarters is located near Post Office on same street. Major Bailey's phone, Value 168.

EB
EPOCH BROWN,
Maj., C.M.P.

EB/ac

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0517

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

HEADQUARTERS
REGION 3, ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394, U.S. Army

file

A/27

15 May 1944

SUBJECT: Occupation of Arable Land by Troops.

TO : PBS
THRU PBS Liaison Officer, Hq ACC.

1. The Farm in Pozzuoli area, known as CAMPIGLIONE, the property of Signor Enrico Chianese, is one of the most productive grain areas in Naples Province.
2. A number of U.S. Troops have recently arrived on the farm and the owner has been informed that many more troops can be expected shortly.
3. In the interests of Agriculture and because of the urgent necessity of conserving wheat production, may the authorities please be asked to delay construction of this camp until after harvest, or alternatively, to move the camp to another site, which Signor Chianese is prepared to offer and which is NOT under crops.
4. For the information of the requisitioning authorities it is pointed out that the farm in question is in a notorious malaria area.

For the Regional Commissioner:

NEIL C. BAKER
1st Lt., QMC
Adjutant

VG/gar

AG 601 BPGCT (15 May 44) 1st Ind RFG/ajo
HEADQUARTERS PENINSULAR BASE SECTION, APO 782, 23 May 1944

TO: Regional Commissioner, Region 3, Allied Control Commission, APO 394, U.S. Army.

1. A portion of the farm CAMPIGLIONE is being occupied by U.S. troops as a training center. Prior to occupation the owner was contacted personally by the Assistant Chief of Staff, 3-3, and was shown the portions which were intended to be utilized.

895

3 (over) returned on file

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2. The commanding officer of troops thereat has been instructed to protect growing crops and fruit trees. A guard has been established by the unit to carry out these instructions.

3. Reference paragraph 4, basic communication, the area as a malarial source does not come within the boundaries as published to the command by the Surgeon, PBB.

For the Commanding General:

L. F. NICKEL
Lt. Col., A.G.D.
Adjutant General

LIAISON DIVISION, Hq. AGC, APO 394 2nd Ind.

23 May 1944

TO : Regional Commissioner, Region III - APO 394

1. Forwarded for your information.

ZB/ao

EB
EPOCH BROWN,
Maj., C.M.P.

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10519

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

TERROTORIAL LEGION OF ROYAL CARABINIERI
TENERZA OF AVERSA

2/34

9 May 1944

SUBJECT: Robbery of civilians by colored soldiers.

From 5 May onwards, in the "Lagni" area, under the jurisdiction of Gricignano, a squad of 15 colored American soldiers from the neighboring camp have been stopping and robbing, in daylight, workmen of the warehouses and farmers. Della Gotta Antonio, son of Andrea, from Gricignano, was shot at with a pistol, but fortunately was unhurt. Some young girls have had their clothes burnt. The interpreter at the warehouses 560, Attilio Giuseppe, was, on May 7th at 7:30 A.M., stopped and robbed whilst going to work. He was warned, under threats, to maintain silence regarding this attack.

The officers of the warehouse 560 are acquainted with this matter. There is unrest among the population.

Alessandro Parisi.
Lt. Commanding.

SERVICE OFFICE.

76/206 - 2

14 May 1944

TO: Chief of Public Safety, Region III.

For information and measures to be taken to stop this abuse against the workpeople.

893

CASIMIRO MEOLI,
Lt. Col. Commanding.

3

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From Tommy Polce

HEADQUARTERS
REGION 3, ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

PS/15.1

21 May 1944

SUBJECT: Robbery of Italian civilians by colored soldiers.

TO : Provost Marshal, PMS (Thru PMS Liaison Officer, Hq. ACC)

Attached translation of a letter received from the CC.RR is forwarded for your information and any action you consider necessary.

G.T. FRANCIS,
Lt. Col., G.I.,
Regional Public Safety
Officer.

10527

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

file
EB

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Liaison Division
APO 394

Ref PS/15.1

23 May 1944

1. The basic communication copy attached was referred by this officer personally to PMS-PSE (Maj. Tolvo).
2. It was requested that notice of action taken be sent to your office.
3. This office should be notified if no notice is received for a further check with Maj. Tolvo.

EB/ao

EB
 ERICK BROWN,
 Maj., C.M.P.,
 Deputy, Allied Control Commission

0522

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 735-016

File!

HEADQUARTERS
REGION 3, ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

BB/ 009-122

17 May 1944

SUBJECT: Authorized wine-bars.

TO : Sanitary Officer, Metropolitan Area, FBS
Thru: FBS Liaison Officer, Hq. AOC

1. The firm Borrelli has been authorized to furnish wine to the various bars. However in many cases it has been quite difficult to make deliveries. There are a great number of these wine bars located on the main thorough-fares, and cart-men are not permitted to enter these streets by the M.P.'s without first having a special permit.

2. Can your office obtain a permit for each of the three cart-men listed below from the Provost Marshall Section of your headquarters?

- a) Ciro Improta
- b) Vincenzo Improta
- c) Pasquale Zeno

/s/ Joseph E. Amoroso
JOSEPH E. AMOROSO
2nd Lt., Q.M.C.
Econ & Supply Div.
A.C.C. Region 3.

LIAISON DIVISION, AOC Hq. APO 394 1st Ind.

20 May 1944

TO: Region III (Econ & Supply)

1. Necessity for keeping the main thoroughfares of Naples open for military traffic makes it impossible to give wine-cart men permits to enter these streets.

2. HQ-Met Area (Maj. Mikulak) was contacted personally with reference to this request. 890

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BB/so

[Signature]
ERICH BROWN,
Maj., C.M.P.

0523

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LIAISON DIVISION, AGC - APO 394

1st Ind.

20 May 1944

TO: Region III (Public Safety)

The original of the attached communication has been indorsed by Comdg General of C.E.F. through C of S to the proper units for disciplinary action of those concerned. Report will be made of such action to IO at C.E.F.

EB/ao

Ernest Brown
ERNEST BROWN,
Maj., C.M.F.

file

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889

HEADQUARTERS
REGION 3, ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

PS/15.1

13 May 1944

SUBJECT: Allegation of incidents omitted by members of the French Military Forces.

TO : Captain Duplissay, Provost Marshal, French Military Forces, University of Naples. (Thru: Liaison Officer, Hq. A.C.C.)

Herewith is forwarded for your information and such action as is possible, allegations in respect of certain French Military units in this Area.

1. At 2200 hours on 9 April 1944 at Roccamarina, ten Moroccan soldiers are reported to have attacked the CC.RR. barracks with Tommy guns and hatchets.

The CC.RR. defended the building and the Moroccans were dispersed by French Military Police.

Barracks damaged to the extent of Lire 1,000. No casualties.

2. At 1500 hours of 23 April at Oliveto Citra (Salerno), it is reported that two French soldiers stationed in the vicinity went to the home of Pasquale LILLO and tried to force their way in with the obvious intentions of engaging in sexual intercourse. LILLO offered opposition but was beaten up and threatened but managed to get away and call for help whereupon the French soldiers, in fear of being apprehended, went away.

3. At 1700 hours of the same day, on the outskirts of Oliveto Citra, it is reported that Maria MARGARITA, 26, was assaulted by an Algerian soldier of the local battalion, who attempted to rape her. She resisted strongly whereupon she was struck with a bayonet. One Giovanni BELLOTTA ran to her assistance and received the same treatment whereupon the Frenchman ran off. The woman will recover in 10 days, according to a medical report.

4. At 1800 hours, same day and place, it is reported that, 2 Algerians went into the farm of Pietro ANGIOLINI, 47, robbed him of 1000 Lire and then beat up his father, same name, and 75 years of age. One of them had a dagger.

5. At 1900 hours, same day and place, it is reported that, 2 Algerians probably the same of the above, went to the home of Vincenzo VECI, and tried to force the door open. When Veci arrived on the scene, a scuffle ensued.

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1. At 2200 hours, the CC.RR. barracks with heavy guns and

The CC.RR. defended the building and the Moroccans were dispersed by French Military Police.

Barracks damaged to the extent of Lire 1,000. No casualties.

- 2. At 1500 hours of 23 April at Oliveto Citra (Salerno), it is reported that two French soldiers stationed in the vicinity went to the home of Pasquale LILLO and tried to force their way in with the obvious intentions of engaging in sexual intercourse. LILLO offered opposition but was beaten up and threatened but managed to get away and call for help upon the French soldiers, in fear of being apprehended, went away.
- 3. At 1700 hours of the same day, on the outskirts of Oliveto Citra, it is reported that Maria MARGARELLA, 26, was assaulted by an Algerian soldier of the local battalion, who attempted to rape her. She resisted strongly whereupon she was struck with a bayonet. One Giovanna BILLOTTA ran to her assistance and received the same treatment whereupon the Frenchman ran off. The woman will recover in 10 days, according to a medical report.
- 4. At 1800 hours, same day and place, it is reported that, 2 Algerians went into the farm of Pietro ANGRISANI, 47, robbed him of 1000 Lire and then beat up his father, same name, and 75 years of age. One of them had a dagger.
- 5. At 1900 hours, same day and place, it is reported that, 2 Algerians probably the same of the above, went to the home of Vincenzo VALLI, and tried to force the door open. When Vico arrived on the scene, a scuffle ensues without serious consequences whereupon the Algerians took off.
- 6. On 24 April 1944, CC.RR. Ugo Antonio from Mosera Infantry Station, on leave in Cardito, was arrested for no reason at all, by a French Officer. He was freed by the Commander of the Caiyano Station.

7. On 25 April 1944, at 1730 hours, Appuntato PAPPALARDO, Carmelo of the Calvano Station, while going to Cardito to take a letter to the Criminal Administration, was stopped by a French Officer and asked to show a permit, which according to the said officer should be released by the French Military HQ of that section. The Appuntato showed his identification card saying he was within the area of his Station and did not need an authorization. The officer then falsely accused Pappalarde of not saluting the flag during retreat. He arrested him and put him in prison. He was later released by the Commander of the CC, RR, Station.

8. On 29 April 1944, a French Battalion of the "Foreign Legion" commanded by Colonel Belange, arrived at Montella (Avellino), coming from Naples, 23 non-commissioned officers of this battalion occupied all the rooms of the CC, RR, barracks, with the exception of the officer's billet, offices of the Tenants and Station, the mess-hall, the kitchen and two dormitories for the CC, RR. The 4/m, were shown an order issued by the Chief of Public Safety of Caserta, but they replied that the order is not applicable to the members of the French Army.

9. It is requested that the accounts of these incidents be brought to the attention of the appropriate French Military Authority.

Your attention is specially called to the incidents in which CC, RR, personnel were concerned.

10. The incidents explained of, if accurate, are particularly unfortunate during the present difficult period when every effort is being made to improve the morale of the Civil Police Agencies.

11. It is hoped therefore that suitable instructions may be issued calling attention to the necessity of assisting the Italian Civil Police Agencies.

12. Unexploded Bombs, etc.

It is reported that recently at Chiavara S. Domenico, that the 8th Moroccan Regiment, left many unexploded mortar bombs in unprotected places. Three civilians were killed.

Also, recently at Vulturara, Moroccan troops seriously damaged furniture, buildings and destroyed important papers and documents in the hospital and school. Two persons were killed, by unexploded bombs.

13. It is requested that steps be taken to ensure that the Moroccan troops refrain from entering these premises and causing unnecessary damage, thereby interrupting the functions of the approved Civil Authority.

2. It is requested that the accounts of these incidents be brought to the attention of the appropriate French Military Authority.

Your attention is specially called to the incidents in which CC.ER. personnel were concerned.

10. The incidents complained of, if accurate, are particularly unfortunate during the present difficult period when every effort is being made to improve the morale of the Civil Police Agencies.

11. It is hoped therefore that suitable instructions may be issued calling attention to the necessity of assisting the Italian Civil Police Agencies.

12. Unexploded Bombs, etc.

It is reported that recently at Ghissano S. Domènico, that the 8th Moroccan Regiment, left many unexploded mortar bombs in unprotected places. Three civilians were killed.

Also, recently at Valturara, Moroccan troops seriously damaged furniture, buildings and destroyed important papers and documents in the municipal and school. Two persons were killed by unexploded bombs.

13. It is requested that steps be taken to ensure that the Moroccan troops refrain from entering these provinces and causing unnecessary damage, thereby interrupting the functions of the approved Civil Authority.

887

G.T. FRACIS
Lieut. Colonel, R. I.,
Regional Public Safety Officer.

0528

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

File

1st Ind.

LIAISON DIVISION, Hq. AOC, APO 394 U.S. Army

10 May 1944

SUBJECT: Villa Nazionale

TO : Education Region III

1. PBS through Special Service Division (Lt. Col. Perkins) was contacted in reference to use of the above mentioned Villa by your branch.
2. Only part of this Villa is going to be used by PBS as a place of recreation for troops. The remainder will be used by the civilian population. The line was described as "just this side of the band stand". The Ingr outfit located there can tell you exactly the part requisitioned for use by troops.
3. If further contact is desired with PBS call Lt. Col. Perkins at Value 48.
4. Lt. Col. Griffith head of the Real Estate Section PBS - Metropolitan Area - stated that no requisition other than that mentioned above had been received by his office.
5. It is suggested that Capt. Holman contact this office and then go to Lt. Col. Griffith's office with a copy of Lt. Col. Poletti's letter of 5 May 1944.

EE/ao

EB
EUGEN BROUGH,
Maj., G.M.P.,
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

886

0529

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Liaison Division
APO 324

File

10 May 1944

SUBJECT: Attack on Dada Pietro (your PG/15.3 dated 8 May 44)

TO : Public Safety, Region III

1. The above mentioned communication was taken up with HMG Metropolitan Area (Maj. Mikulak) for investigation.
2. Report will be made to this office to be forwarded
3. Your communication was written 8 May 1944. The incident took place 1 May 1944. Time is valuable in such cases and it is suggested that reports be made directly to the HMG - Metropolitan Area in connection with such cases arising from the city of Naples area.

EB/ea

EB
ERICH BROWN,
Maj., O.N.P.,
Allied Control Commission

885

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

Fable

HEADQUARTERS,
REGION 3, ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
APO 394, U.S. Army.

A/72.

10 May 1944.

SUBJECT: Caterpillar Tractor requisitioned by 10 Engineer
Corps, V Army.

TO : Eng. Service,
Local Procurement Sec.
PBS
THRU PBS Liaison Officer, Hq ACC.

1. A Caterpillar Tractor, Model D.H. No 4 G.36834 was taken
from Signor Signorini's farm at Piano di Calazzo in the first days
of Allied occupation.

2. This tractor is now urgently required for Agricultural
purposes, may the same please be released ?

3. Present location of the tractor is not known.

T.O.S. WHITE,
Major, KRRC.,
Regional Agricultural Officer.

VG/gar

*Attended to by phone to
Major White - called his attention
to my letter in this connection dated*

*8 May 1944
884*

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

1st Ind. *file*

LIAISON DIVISION, AOC Hq., APO 394

8 May 1944

SUBJECT: Tractor belonging to S.G. de C.A.G.

TO : Region III Agri (Maj. Gay)

1. HBS (Ord) was contacted and was referred to Eng. Service Local Procurement, Telephone 11100 (Maj. McDonald).

2. The above organization suggested that if number and any further information could be given they would check up with Eng Depot 232 to see if the tractor could be located.

3. Suggest that your office call Eng Service Local Procurement and make arrangements to have some one try to locate this tractor at one of the Eng Depots.

EB/ac

STOON BROWN,
Maj., C.M.P.
Allied Control Commission

883

10532

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

1st Ind. *file*

1 May 1944

LIAISON DIVISION

SUBJECT: Requisitioning of Livestock by French Forces.

TO : Agriculture Officer, Region III

FROM : Liaison Division, AOC Hq., APO 394.

1. The instances referred to are being sent forward to C.E.F. for investigation, and a report will be rendered to the Liaison Division, AOC Hq. in due course.
2. Instructions have already been issued whereby the practices complained of are strictly prohibited. It is believed investigation will establish that the general instruction is being observed, and that the offenses were committed by small independent units.
3. It is believed that the particular type of offense is likely to recur from time to time owing to the shortage of fresh meat.
4. Similar trouble was experienced with British Indian Troops, and was only remedied by the provision of fresh meat.

EB/uo

EB
EUGEN BROWN,
Maj., C.H.P.
Allied Control Commission

882

10 5 3 3

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785-016

HEADQUARTERS
REGION 3, ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394, U.S. Army

A/27

26 April 1944

SUBJECT: Requisitioning of Livestock by Allied Forces

TO : Liaison Officer
H.Q., A.C.C.

1. Ref. conversation Major Murchie - Major Guy. Enclosed are 5 examples of requisitioning and forced purchase of livestock in the Cancellowarmone area.
2. As livestock in this area is already much below pre-War level, this unauthorized requisitioning is viewed with concern by this Section.
3. May representations please be made to prevent further similar incidents.

For the Regional Commissioner:

/s/ T.O.S. White
T.O.S. WHITE
Major, KRAC
Regional Agricultural Officer.

Copy to: Food Production Board.

Rec'd
10 Apr

PUBLIC HEALTH & WELFARE DIVISION
A.M.G. REGION III
REPORT FOR MARCH 1949.

1. Staff:-

(a) The staff assigned during the month were as follows:-

- Colonel W. H. Crichton, CIE, IMS, R.P.H.O.
- Major C. Gill, MC, P.H.O. Naples City
- Major L. Snedeker, MC, Regional V.D. Officer and P.P.H.O. Avellino Province
- Major S. A. Goldsmith, SR, R.W.O.
- Major J. MacSweeney, SR, Asst to R.W.O. - Assigned 7th March -
- Capt W. MacKenzie, RAMC, P.P.H.O. Naples & Benevento Provinces
- Capt E. A. Turner, Sanitary Officer, Naples City
- Capt Crichton-Jones, RAMC, P.P.H.O. Salerno Province
- Capt S. O. Hill, Sn.C., Regional Malariaologist
- 1st Lt T. Wintersteen, P.W.O. Naples Province - assigned 12th March -
- 2nd Lt P. Buck, MAC, A.P.W.O. Naples Province

(b) It has at last been arranged for the Company Sick Parade to be taken at the ACC, MI Room thereby relieving Major Gill from this duty.

(c) Capt Snegireff has not been replaced and Major Snedeker is doing both V.D. Officer and P.P.H.O. Avellino. This leaves nobody to assist the R.P.H.O. adequately in office which means that he is more than ever tied to his office table, a deplorable circumstance.

2. Meteorology:- (Naples City)

Av. Max. Temp.	53.2F	Total Rainfall	1.4 inch
Av. Min. Temp.	40.4F	Highest temp. (14th)	57.0
Av. Humidity	64.1	Lowest temp. (16th)	37.0

3. Vital Statistics:-

It is regretted that it is impossible as yet to obtain any reliable data.

4. Prevailing Diseases:-

(a) Typhus:- (1) As far as Naples City itself is concerned the epidemic may safely be said to be over though a few cases are still being found. Not so in the Province where quite an apprec-

- Assigned 7th March -
- Capt W. MacKenzie, RAMC, P.P.H.O. Naples & Benevento Provinces
- Capt E. A. Turner, Sanitary Officer, Naples City
- Capt Crichton-Jones, RAMC, P.P.H.O. Salerno Provin ce
- Capt S. O. Hill, Sn.C., Regional Malariaologist
- 1st Lt T. Wintersteen, P.W.O. Naples Province - assigned 12th March -
- 2nd Lt P. Buck, MAC, A.P.W.O. Naples Province

(b) It has at last been arranged for the Company Sick Parade to be taken at the ACC, MI Room thereby relieving Major Gill from this duty.

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C. Metereology:- (Naples City)

Av. Max. Temp.	53.2F	Total Rainfall 1.1 inch
Av. Min. Temp.	40.4F	Highest temp. (14th) 57.1.
Av. Humidity	64.1	Lowest temp. (16th) 37.0.

3. Vital Statistics:-
It is regretted that it is impossible as yet to obtain any reliable data.

4. Prevailing Diseases:-
(a) Typhus:- (i) As far as Naples City itself is concerned the epidemic may safely be said to be over though a few cases are still being found. Not so in the Province where quite an appreciable number are still occurring, particularly in the crowded suburb of Torre del Greco. The total number notified during the month was 33 in Naples City and 109 in the Province.

(ii) One case was reported in the British Army.
(iii) Hospital accomodation was more than ample and by the end of the month it was possible to decide on the closure of the temporary Typhus Hospital at the albergo dei Poveri as the Cotugno could easily cope with the numbers on hand. The Albergo dei Poveri will close on the 15th April. The Hospital at S. Giorgio a Cremano has been closed down as a Typhus Hospital for sometime and is now only used as an isolation hospital for Small Pox.

(vii) Recovery - The cleaning of the "Ridoveria" Ltd. a serious setback following the Air Raid of the 15th March, but the numbers are far less serious than they were in December and January and, with the return of confidence, more people will leave them.

(viii) Local Committee - With the decline of the epidemic the local committee which has been so useful has been dissolved as such, but has been re-established as a Hygiene Committee, while a new Local Committee has also been created.

(b) Small Pox:- No further cases were notified. Ample supplies of vaccine were made available and all school children are being re-vaccinated.

(c) Diphtheria:- 27 cases were reported. School children are being immunized with a toxoid mixture produced at the Istituto Sieroterapico.

(d) Typhoid Group of Fevers:- 56 cases of Typhoid and Paratyphoid were reported but it is feared that many more will have occurred. The danger of serious epidemics in the Communes with the onset of the fly season is very real. (q.v. sanitation).

(e) Veneral Diseases:- (1) The most important advance during the month has been the promulgation of a Special Regional Order which makes prostitution other than a house of prostitution a legal offence. This order has led to a large number of arrests, with, in some cases, some regrettable errors.

(ii) No less than 760 women were brought in the various jails by the end of the month. These are being tried in AMG courts. Of 666 tried, 412 had been found guilty and the remainder not guilty.

(iii) Legal Division are being requested to advise on the possibility of publishing the names of all "pimps" and prostitutes convicted and the sentence they receive.

(iv) There can be no doubt that the active application of this Rule will have an appreciable deterrent effect but as the fundamental cause of prostitution is want and the general economic distress one cannot reasonably expect to eradicate the disease by these means. An improved standard of education, discipline and "esprit de corps" would go a long way in preventing men from exposing themselves recklessly to risk of disease.

(v) Hospital accommodation was ample. Conditions at the Pace Hospital have much improved, both administratively and technically. Further improvements are being carried on in the outlying hospitals.

(iv) The Typhus Control Service is still in operation but regrettably there is not the same close contact as was maintained with the U. S. Typhus Commission.

(v) The decline of the epidemic made it possible for all civilian places of public entertainment to be reopened and for relaxation in part of the ban on Naples for the troops.

(vi) Notification - A Provincial Decree was published on 16th March making it incumbent on a householder or head of a family to notify any case of continued fever lasting two days or more.

(vii) Ricoveri - The cleaning of the "Ridoveri" had a serious setback following the Air Raid of the 15th March, but the numbers are far less serious than they were in December and January and, with the return of confidence, more people will leave them.

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(v) Hospital accommodation was ample. Conditions at the Pace Hospital have much improved, both administratively and technically. Further improvements are being carried on in the outlying hospitals.

(vi) The Army authorities and a representative conference was recently held at Castellammare under the chairmanship of the Commander 3rd District when a number of novel methods were suggested. The imposition of the penalty of headshaving for prostitutes found guilty was strongly urged. This measure is not recommended.

(vii) A proposal is being put forward that CAD units should include preventives for the civilian population or the grounds that many of the women who propagate the disease are infected by their civilian friends.

(viii) A recent study of the statistics collected reveals that the types of cases at the V.D. Hospital occur in the following proportions:-

Cervicitis.....	67%
Syphilis.....	11%
Chancroid.....	6%
Others.....	16%

(ix) The Questura Clinic has been closed.

5. Food:- (i) On the whole an improvement has been noticed everywhere, but this is only relative and very serious shortages still exist in the needs of the people. AMG does not set out to do more than supply the main essentials. In actual fact we are not giving the people even a third of the caloric value required to keep the body alive and well at rest.

(ii) Another lamentable fact is that, although we offer British ration scales, we frequently find it impossible to fulfill the promises we make with such a flourish of trumpets. Thus although both sugar and cheese were promised last month, neither was issued. This is unkind and most unwise too.

(iii) Even however if the entire scale of foods promised had been issued, the gross number of calories represented would have been a meagre 616 calories. It is interesting to note that the ration scale during the latter part of the German occupation provided 1378 calories and that it included an adequate allowance of pasta, oil and cheese. The present pittance of essential olive oil in a country which has no other source of fat and which is literally bathed in oil is a serious indictment against us. We must increase the oil ration to 1000 Gms. per head per month; we must make pasta available at the rate of 100 Gms. per day even if we do this at the expense of 50 Gms. of bread. If this could be done we could then hope to attain some appreciable improvement in the standard of nutrition of the people and in the

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(iv) It should be borne in mind that the Vesuvius disaster is going to have a very serious effect on the nutrition of the people as it will have the effect of making vegetables much scarcer and therefore dearer than they have been and vegetables have hitherto saved the life of the people.

(v) The promulgation of Regional Order 19 removing restrictions on the movement of people within the Region should have a very beneficial effect on the wider spread of the available resources but it is necessary that inter-regional barriers should be put down. Our present policy of denying movement without provision of the wherewithal seems rather dog-in-the-
 detail.

(vi) Hospitals on the whole have done better, especially in Naples itself. In the Provinces, the improved transport services have enabled a better supply but it is still far from satisfactory and until food dumps for all articles can be established there is no hope of substantial improvement.

distinctions (vii) The chaotic and frequently contradictory instructions in the institutions on the approved lists still exist owing to the discrimination made between purely religious institutions and Hospitals and Homes for the Aged. It is maintained that they should all be on the same basic Hospital scale.

(viii) Prisons should have the minimal scale too whatever "bits" and extras are brought to them by friends or relatives. AMG should not have to rely on these friendly visitations to supply people who are incarcerated with the bare needs of life. All prisoners, deprived as they are of their liberty, should get the Hospital ration plus supplements according to the number of hours of work (hard) they are compelled to do.

6. Nutritional Enquiry: (i) The nutritional enquiry initiated in February was continued during the month not, however, with the energy which one had hoped for with the result that neither the numbers examined nor the findings are very conclusive.

(ii) The investigations included another 148 boys at the Scuola Oberdan and 123 girls at the Scuola Adelaide Ristori, 271 in all, a poor figure for a month's work.

(iii) Weight, height, capillary fragility and skin condition were examined but there appears to be no exact means of comparing these findings with those obtained in normal years. The investigations are therefore deprived of a exact goal of their value as a means of ascertaining the degree of deterioration in the standard of nutrition. They are therefore summarised below as an indication of the present state of nutrition:-

(a) <u>Weight</u>	Average.....	52.7%
	Below Average	55.2%
	Above Average	12.1%
(b) <u>Height</u>	Average.....	64.8%
	Below Average	51.2%
	Above Average	4%
(c) <u>Capillary Fragility</u>	Normal.....	13%
	Increased.....	87%

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- (a) Weight.....Average.....52.7%
Below Average 35.2%
Above Average 12.1%
- (b) Height.....Average.....64.8%
Below Average 31.2%
Above Average 4 %
- (c) Capillary Fragility.....Normal.....13%
Increased..87%
- (d) Skin ConditionNormal.....35%
Light Deficiency 47.2
Grave Deficiency 17.8

7. Milk:- (i) The revival of the Centrale Comunale del Latte has been a great achievement in itself but the amount of milk brought in is small. The intention was that it should at least serve the needs of the Hospitals. Instead, the bulk of it is going to Dairies and therefore being sold at "black-market" prices whereas only an infinitesimal part of it is going to the Hospitals. The reason is simple. The Hospitals do not want it because at L. 13 per litro (quite a reasonable price) the tinned milk from AMG is cheaper and, it is said, better, in that it is safer.

(11) Steps are being taken (a) to improve the Hygiene of the Central del Latte and (b) to make Hospitals except the milk so as to have more available for distribution to the general public in a form which can be more easily controlled.

(111) Two schemes have been worked out and will shortly be published in the form of orders for the distribution of milk to the public. The first one, so far limited to Naples Province, deals with the distribution of tinned milk through Pharmacies for sick people who literally have no means of getting any at present. The second is the more pretentious one of providing milk for expectant mothers (during the last four months of pregnancy) and for their infants up to one year. The scheme is being worked out at present to all those attending Welfare Centres of the O.N.I. and a few other recognized maternity and child welfare clinics. A comparatively small allocation has also been made for distribution to mothers who may need the milk but who are not of a class which would frequent any of the Welfare Centres. Dr. Caroline Wade of the British Red Cross has rendered the most valuable assistance in the development of the scheme.

8. Disasters:- Two major disasters have afflicted Naples and the Province during the month. The first was the Air Raid on the 15th which accounted for 177 dead (as far as is known at present) and 234 wounded and rendered a number of people homeless. The second was the Vesuvius eruption, a stupendous spectacle but one which this very stricken Province could quite well have afforded to have been without. The number of casualties due to the eruption was not high but the economic distress due to loss of valuable crops will be considerable.

9. Hospitals:- (1) Still seriously handicapped by lack of glass, or its equivalent. Repeated representations have been made but so far regrettably without effect. This is a commodity which is essential and without which we can never hope to re-establish the hospital services of the people. The problem will become infinitely more acute later during the year i.e. after the hot weather. The answer is "windoglass" or some such material which will not smash with Air Raids and which should be ordered now in high priority and in large quantities.

(11) The Civil Hospital at Montesarchio has been re-opened due to the energy and resource of Capt MacKenzie the P.M.C. and is working most satisfactorily, except for the lack of glass. The Civil Hospital at Aversa has also been re-opened, in spite of the determined attempts of the American Red Cross to establish a men's club in the building. Increasing difficulty is being experienced in finding the necessary equipment for hospitals which need them.

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(111) There has been a serious upset in the Manicomio situation owing to the questioning of the Manicomio at Aversa for the use of refugees. Some of the lunatics have had to be lodged in the neighboring Judicial Asylum much to the annoyance and disgust of the Director who has finally been pacified, it is hoped.

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(iv) There is still the most frightful chaos in the financial situation of Hospitals. The normal income of most of these Institutions has either disappeared or been reduced to infinitesimal proportions. The remedy is easy, on paper that is to say advances from the Prefetto, but the wheels of the Prefetto grind slowly. Meanwhile as Administration demands hard cash for its deliveries and allows nothing "on account", patients are liable to starve. Only the rudest letters have finally succeeded in stimulating the Italian Officials concerned into some semblance of interest in a situation which their vivid imagination should not make it difficult for them to appreciate.

10. Medical Stores: (i) A scheme for an all-Regional distribution of medical stores for sale through Pharmacies has been under consideration throughout the month and has now reached its final stages. It should soon merge in chrysalis form to the great joy and benefit of the General public, but an important, though not insuperable, "snag" has now discovered at the last minute, namely the prices demanded by AMG.

(ii) When my predecessor in office attempted to obtain authority for a 5% increase in the price of Medical Stores so as to encourage the sale of all local stock this recommendation was not accepted on the grounds that this would give the dealers an undue margin of profit. The AMG prices, in most cases, exceed by far the prices recommended by my predecessor and therefore by a greater margin the prices now authorized for the sale of local supplies. The matter has been referred to AMG with a request for a decision on the choice of lowering AMG prices or raising the local ones.

11. Malaria: (1) There has been many most useful meetings representative of all interested parties and a general policy has been agreed upon as follows:-

(a) The military to control military areas within a radius of one mile;

(b) AMG help to be called in where and when required;

(c) AMG however to keep in close touch in case Army walks out in which case it would have to carry on where the Army left off;

(d) All the rest to be an AMG responsibility;

(e) Local representative committees of control to be set up.

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(11) Considering the gross overcrowding and damming up of troops everywhere the likelihood of AMG finding much work to do seems small. However the high powered Civil Provincial Anti-Malaria Committee of Naples under the feeble leadership of the Medico Provinciale have been meeting and fiddling with the plan and something is being done by the Consorzio Riuniti di Bonifacio which is the only body with experience and with some energy. The trouble however is that reliance in the past has been placed solely on the Consorzio and the Consorzio have only dealt with a strictly demarcated area and not with areas which have become extremely dangerous owing to war damage to canals, drains, tank traps, etc.

(iii) There has been a danger of overlapping from the collateral, though not conflicting interest taken by the Agricultural authority in the work of the Consorzi. This matter has been adjusted to our mutual advantage but perhaps to the disadvantage of the Consorzi who probably hoped to get money for the same project from two different sources.

(iv) Another important decision arrived at is that of permitting Region. III authority as regards Malaria and the work of the Consorzi to extend beyond the Vietturno, in 5th Army area. This has proved disastrous.

(v) The success of the campaign, which has every promise of being a big one, will depend very largely on local equipment, supplies and transport which are all less certain.

12. Sanitation:- (i) There again the closest contact has been established and maintained with the Army authorities occupying the country.

(ii) AMG have published a comprehensive order of their responsibilities and their powers. Nor should it confuse the local inhabitant on what constitutes a "Sanitary Nuisance" and therefore an "offence" within the meaning of the Act. However the enforcement of these rules is more difficult and the Army have been good enough to promise assistance in two most useful ways namely (a) materially, by means of transport when and if local resources are exhausted and (b) by supervision locally and contact directly with the Sindaco so as to avoid waste of time.

(iii) On the whole, Sanitation has improved slightly but the habits of the people are Oriental and there will be need for much sustained effort and of education.

13. Ambulance Services:- These are deplorable. Without Army assistance they would have collapsed. What few civil vehicles there are, are likely to breakdown at any moment. They have not even got spare tires to put on in the event of a puncture. Attempts to get them tires are being made but what is wanted is an issue of a reasonable number of new ambulance cars of a type for which replacements can easily be obtained. These have been asked for. Unless they are provided, and that soon, a serious breakdown is inevitable everywhere, particularly in the provinces.

14. Water Supplies:- Improved considerably in Naples but dangerously short and unsafe in the other provinces.

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14. Water Supplies: Improved considerably in Naples but dangerously short and unsafe in the small communes like Vico Equense, Sorrento and Positano conditions which have been aggravated by the large influx of troops in the area. Steps have been taken to deal with the situation in conjunction with the military authority.

15. Welfare: (1) During the month under review there has been an appreciable improvement in Welfare activities due, not only to the energy and industry of the newly appointed Regional Welfare Officer, Major S.A. Goldsmith, but also the appointment of the long awaited staff of officers to help him. I refer to Major John Mc Sweeney, assigned as associate to the R.W.O. and to child welfare activities; Lt. T. E. Wintersteen assigned as Welfare Officer to Naples Province and collaterally, Naples City, and Lt. Paul Buck, assigned to assist Lt. Wintersteen, all of whom have rendered excellent service in a sphere which has needed much attention and organization.

(ii) In addition the Welfare Section has been fortunate in having the assistance of the following Red Cross workers:-

- Mr. Foley, Liaison Officer, ACC;
- Mr. St. Aubin, who has been acting as Welfare Officer to Benevento and Avellino Provinces;
- Miss Mulcahy, Naples City, American Red Cross, clothing distribution;
- Miss Rush, American Red Cross, Clothing distribution Naples Province;
- Mr. Condit, Institutional Alimentation;
- Miss Lockie, Salerno Province;
- Dr. Caroline Meade, assigned generally to R.P.H.O. office and engaged on a special investigation of the O.N.M.I. organization and milk distribution.

It is understood that HQ, ACC have agreed to allow Capt. E. Silveira to devote part time to welfare work in Salerno Province.

(iii) Steps have been taken to establish a Social Welfare Department in each Province with Divisions of Public Assistance and Child Welfare. A draft decree has been submitted for approval and publication to the Regional Commissioner.

(iv) The procedure of applications for financial and welfare assistance has been revised ensuring the application be made through the local AMG Officials (CAO's) and their Welfare Officers rather than directly to Regional HQ. There has been the case in many instances in the past. The appointment of Welfare Officers in the Provinces has also made it possible to undertake much needed re-organization of E.C.A. activities and other welfare organizations in these areas.

(v) One of the major undertakings during the past month has been the re-organization of E.C.A. in Naples City which is described by the R.W.O. as "not only living in chaos but busily creating more of it" through lack of administration, delay in relief payments; poor administration; no budget etc. Lt. Buck was immediately detailed to make an administrative study of E.C.A. and to train Italian Officials; Avv. di Angolis was replaced as head administrator by Col. Giuseppe Guidi; two budgetary statements have been returned for further details and officials instructed in the submission of proper budgets; soup kitchens now feeding 10,000 a day in Naples, have been re-opened, and again officials instructed in the way to maintain them; instructions have been issued to decentralize 17 sectorial E.C.A. offices so as to avoid delays in relief and the distress caused thereby; and steps are in progress for the re-organization of clothing distribution, a small clothing factory and the offices for "Siniestrati" and "Rimpatriati".

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(vi) Contacts have also been established with the "Soccorso Militari" but there has not been time yet for anything to be accomplished.

(vii) A scheme has been evolved, and will shortly be put into operation, whereby lunches will be served to no less than 20,000 school children. Of these lunches it is hoped that 9000 will be hot meals.

(viii) A careful study of the Movimento Italiana organization has been made. Steps have been taken to secure the admission of more children to the G.I. Institution at Bala and to provide more accommodation for children both at this Institution and elsewhere. Available space has been greatly curtailed by damage from bombs and by military occupation of buildings. Army authorities are assisting in this matter and it is hoped to expand accommodation to meet the growing needs as evacuated children return to Naples.

(ix) As a result of a request made by the Legal Office, Naples Province (Col. Webber) conferences have been held with Col. Bonomi on the organization of proper care for juvenile offenders. In this connection it is hoped that the Albergo dei Poveri will soon be released for their accommodation.

(x) Superimposed on these many problems, the Welfare Section has had to deal with the Vesuvius disaster which has resulted in widespread distress. Lt. Wintersteen was immediately attached to Lt. Col. Kincaid's staff at his Forward Headquarters at Cercola and Red Cross workers were assigned temporarily for disaster relief work.

E.C.A.'s are being expanded in the towns affected by the disaster so as to ensure the payments of relief locally and expeditiously, not only short term relief but long term relief as well. Free feeding, initiated as an emergency measure, has been stopped and food is being procured through Consorzi Agrari or directly from Alimentazione. A programme is being worked out for the re-housing of people who have to shift owing to the destruction of their property. These activities are being planned through C.A.O.'s and E.C.A. Officials with supervision and not direct participation by Welfare Officers.

(xi) Much credit is due to Mr. Condict, American Red Cross, for his work in the checking of distribution of food to the many institutions in Naples. Grave doubt has existed in the past as to the quantities of food which reached institutions and eventually to patients themselves. Mr. Condict's investigations have led to valuable discoveries which have in turn ensured appropriate adjustments to be made in the numbers receiving food or in improvement in distribution. Strictly speaking, this duty is not one which should devolve on a Welfare Officer, and although its bearing on Welfare is obvious, it is a duty which should more appropriately be carried out by Officials of Alimentazione. So acute was the problem however, and so many the complaints received, that it was considered essential that the matter should be investigated by a trustworthy and skilled worker. It is hoped now that Mr. Condict will be able to hand

soon be released for their accommodation.

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876
/s/ W. E. CRICHTON
Colonel
Regional Public Health Officer.

(Distribution over)

0533

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Col. Russell Malaria Admin Aff

A.D.M.S. 94 area

Malariaologist

L.O. A.R.C.

R.W.o. Region III

WES/938

Public Health & Welfare Division
A.M.C. Region III
Report for February 1944

11 Rec'd
9 men

1. Staff:-

(a) The staff assigned during the month were as follows:-

- Colonel W. E. Crichton, C. I. F., I. M. S., R. F. H. O.
- Major C. Gill, U. S. M. C., P. H. O. Naples City
- Capt. W. Mackenzie, R. A. M. C., P. H. O. Naples & Benevento Provinces
- Capt. L. S. Snegireff, U. S. M. C., P. H. O. Avellino Province and assistant to R. P. H. O. - under Orders for other Theatre of Operations.
- Capt. W. T. Kirk, U. S. Welfare Officer under Orders for other Theatre of Operations.
- Capt. E. A. Turner, U. S. San Corps, attached A. M. G. Naples City.

(b) It will be noted that the situation reported last month regarding Welfare Officers has not been improved at all and in fact further aggravated by the orders received by Capt. Kirk

(c) The departure of Capt. Snegireff without previous relief leaves Avellino Province uncovered and many important odd jobs in my Office ~~and one~~ which more than ever anchors the R. P. H. O. to his

(d) As reported in the December Report local circumstances demand the appointment of a Regimental Medical Officer to take care of the sick parades, relevant documents, preventive care, sanitation, admissions and discharges to Hospital and attendance in quarters of over 300 Officers and men. These essential duties have hitherto been shared by Major Gill and Capt. Snegireff largely because they happen to live at Posillipo, but the point which must be understood is that these duties have been carried out at the expense of their administrative work for which, as I understand it, they are intended. If, on the other hand, no R. M. O.'s are available for posting, then there can be no hope of improving on the standard of work, supervision and organization in this Division.

2. Metorology:-

It has been possible to ascertain the following data for the month:-

Average Maximum Temp.	50.99	Highest	56.4
Average Minimum Temp.	39.2	Lowest	37.8

for other theatre of Operations.
Capt. E.A. Turner, U.S. San Corps, attached A.M.G.
Naples City.

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c s s .
VN D O N E

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2. Meteorology:

It has been possible to ascertain the following data for the month:

Average Maximum Temp.	50.99	Highest	56.4
Average Minimum Temp.	39.2	Lowest	33.2
Average Humidity	65.6		
Rainfall	87.1		

875

3. Vital Statistics:-

No information of value available.

4. Prevaling Diseases:-

(a) Typhus

(1) The improvement in incidence observed during January was maintained throughout February. The total number of cases verified as Typhus was 285 as compared with 914 in the preceding month, but it is interesting that no less than 111 cases, or little less than half of the total, were reported from Communes outside Naples City.

(2) The average daily number of cases fell from 14 during the first week to 7.4 in the last week but it is interesting to note that while the City average fell steadily from 10.4 to 3.1, that for cases outside Naples rose slightly from 3.4 to 4.1, thus surpassing the City average by the end of the month. The Communes principally affected were Trecoli, Portici, Sessa Aurunca and Resina.

(3) An analysis of the mortality in January of cases by age groups is now available and is as follows:-

Age Group	Cases	Deaths	Case Mortality
0-5	35	3	8.5
5-20	280	15	5.3
20-40	248	34	13.7
40-50	91	35	38.4
50 & over	61	43	70.4
Totals	715	130	<u>18.1</u>

The rising scale in the Case Mortality is normally. The total Case Mortality is slightly higher than the figure previously reported (14%) but still remarkably low considering the severity of the disease and the low nutritional state of the people affected.

(4) The only case in the Armed Forces reported during the month by the loan of Ambulances from 57 Arca which, in addition to those already acknowledged from P.S.S., puts the transport situation as far as Typhus cases are concerned on a sound basis.

(5) The transport for cases was further augmented during the month by the loan of Ambulances from 57 Arca which, in addition to those already acknowledged from P.S.S., puts the transport situation as far as Typhus cases are concerned on a sound basis.

(6) Hospital accommodation

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50 & over	61	43	70.4
Totals	715	130	18.2

The rising scale in the Case Mortality is normally. The total Case Mortality is slightly higher than the figure previously reported (14%) but still remarkably low considering the severity of the disease and the low nutritional state of the people affected.

(4) The only case in the Armed Forces reported was an Italian recruit, still unvaccinated.

(5) The transport for cases was further augmented during the month by the loan of Ambulances from 57 Area which, in addition to those already acknowledged from P.B.S., puts the transport situation as far as Typhus cases are concerned on a sound basis.

(6) Hospital accommodation provided was adequate and indeed ample at the Cotugno and the Albergo del Foveri. There was an average of 350 cases constantly under treatment throughout the month. The San Giorgio a Cremano Annex to the Cotugno Hospital will be closed down as soon as possible.

(7) The direction of typhus control in the field was transferred from the U.S. Typhus Commission to A.C.C., under the immediate direction of Colonel Williams.

(8) Notification. Although the incidence of typhus has decreased a number of cases are still being found in houses which have obviously been ill for some time and have not been notified. Italian law demands notification by a doctor but, if a doctor is not called in, the case remains unreported and a danger to its neighbors. Steps have accordingly been taken to get a decree published by the Prefecture imposing on heads of families the responsibility of notifying to the Communal Authorities any case of typhus lasting 2 days or over. As soon as intimation is given a M.O. on the Communal staff can be sent to verify the case.

(9) Discovery. A special "ad hoc" Committee has been appointed to deal with these. So far it has been ascertained that the population in the Mioverri is very much reduced (about 200-3000) and is likely to be further reduced when orders prohibiting their use are enforced. The Refugee Section have too much on hand to handle them.

(b) Small Pox

(1) Three cases of small-pox were reported during the month. One was aged 3, the other 12 and the third 50. The first two were sisters of which the younger had some how escaped vaccination.

(2) No vaccine lymph was available from Italian sources nor did A.S.C. hold any in stock. P.B.S. however very kindly lent enough to vaccinate all immediate contacts.

(3) Vaccine lymph had already been requested from A.S.C. sometime before these cases were reported (15th Feb) in connection with the reopening of the schools. The vaccine lymph has been delivered after some delay and all school children in the Region are being re-vaccinated.

(c) Diphtheria.

(1) Figures available on the incidence and case mortality of Diphtheria in Naples City are as follows:-

	1940	1941	1942
Cases	40	39	53
Deaths	221	369	319
Cases	44	44	123
Deaths	321	319	321

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(c) Diphtheria

(1) Figures available on the incidence and case mortality of Diphtheria in Naples City are as follows:-

	1940	1941	1942	1943
Cases	40	221	39	269
Deaths	4	21	5	31
Mortality %	10.0	9.5	12.8	11.5
Cases	40	269	53	319
Deaths	4	21	5	44
Mortality %	10.0	7.8	9.4	13.8
Cases	40	221	39	44
Deaths	4	21	5	123
Mortality %	10.0	9.5	12.8	27.9
Total	14.75	17.65	19.70	25.2
Total				874

(2) Compulsory immunization by means of a three dose toxoid was introduced by the Italian Govt in 1940. It appears to have had no appreciable effect on incidence or case mortality. The 1943 figures cannot be taken into consideration.

(3) Immunization has again been resumed in the schools with the same material (locally produced) as was used before. The attention of the Italian authorities has been drawn to the apparent need for investigation of the potency of the toxin-anti-toxin mixture used.

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(d) Sanitary

Incidence of rabid dogs is abnormal local level.
The Montecarlo Municipal Council has decided to:

(e) Refuge

The number of rabid dogs allowed to remain in the countryside biting people and animals is stated to be 100. It is certain that the continually recurring demands for vast quantities of anti-rabies vaccine either confirm this allegation or disprove it. A complex exists among the Italian people whereby the mere presence of a rabid dog makes away necessities their being treated with a full course of vaccine. A.C.C. or owners of the animals and have made arrangements for regular supplies from the Italian Government also being made to stimulate production locally. Meanwhile, the Prefecture has issued stringent orders regarding the control of dogs.

(f) Veneral Diseases

(1) The function of this Division as far as Veneral Diseases is concerned is to provide adequate hospital accommodation for the treatment of the disease; to encourage the use of Veneral Diseases Clinics; and to supervise and control the technical methods employed in both hospitals and clinics.
(2) As regards the first function, this Division has not then played its part. The accommodation at the Pace Hospital has been more than doubled (now 500) and additional accommodation provided in outside Government buildings.

San Marino 1/1/56
Torre Annunziata 5
Oragnano 30 extendible to 40
Lecce 9
: 775 X 500 at Pace - 775
The greatest possible credit is due to the staff and resourcefulness of the Provincial F.H.O. (Capt. M. M. M.) in achieving so much in one month, alone and without adequate means of transport.

It is certain that the continually increasing demands for vast quantities of anti-rabic vaccine either confirms this allegation or displays a complex which exists among the Italian people whereby they are prone to a rabid dog miles away necessitates their being treated with a full course of vaccine. A.C.C. or aware of the situation and have made arrangements for regular supplies from Palermo. Arrangements are also being made to stimulate production locally. Meanwhile, the Prefecture has issued stringent orders regarding the control of dogs.

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- San Pietro 1116
- Torre Annunziata 51
- Gragnano 30 extendible to 40
- Ischia 95

500 at Pace - 775

The greatest possible credit is due to the Army and the resourcefulness of the Provincial P.H.O. (Capt. Mackenzie) in achieving, so much in one month, along with without adequate means of transport.

(3) There is a law which disposition of the "fixe" born of a lack of knowledge of the laws in force. In a County where prostitution is not illegal, the medical authority can not be made illegal either which would require the production of new laws, the medical authority cannot be concerned with the punitive aspect of the case is cured. At present joint conferences presided by the Regional Commissioner in the decision to provide an ancient law by which a woman convicted of prostitution could be incarcerated for an indefinite period.

(4) The Hospital recommendation provided has hitherto been adequate for the treatment of all cases sent for admission and conditions at the Free Hospital particularly have been greatly improved under the constant supervision of the A.M.G. Venereal Disease Officer (Major Snodden).

(5) Mennikile steps are being taken to tighten up the procedure for the registration of prostitutes and to expel them from areas to which they have emigrated for the purpose of their trade.

(6) The incidence of Venereal Disease in the British and American Forces in Naples has shown a very appreciable diminution during January but it still stands at a figure which points to a relaxation of any effort which can be made to prevent it.

5. Food:-

(1) The long awaited increase in the bread ration to 500 grams came into force on the 7th Feb. and the new Hospital Seal was authorized as from the 8th February. The general experience has been that although the food is available, the means of distribution have proved inadequate to get it to the consumers and Commerce in Avellino and Benevento have particularly suffered.

(2) Hospital in Naples City have benefited from the new seal, largely because they were in a position to call for the food issued themselves. Those in the Country have not been quite so fortunate. They have suffered alike from defective distribution, as from lack of any transport of their own and from a coupon system which fails often when it succeeds. Thus coupons for a certain ten day period expire after they have expired or by the time the crates are presented, the food has all been distributed and nothing is left. It is hoped that with the introduction of the proposed Food "voucher" in the Provinces, conditions will improve in this respect.

(3) It should however be borne in mind that, although the quantity of food has been increased and each patient is now assured of a bare caloric minimum, the quality or balance of the diet still leaves much to be desired. Thus it is sadly lacking in first class protein (other than preserved milk) and in fat because the oil from the seeds and added up to weight according to current reports. Patients need good meat or fish, eggs and cheese if they are to regain their health. At the request of this Office A.M.G. have been asked to provide for an issue of bully beef for all Typhus patients which has been of incalculable value. It is however for a more serious question whether A.M.G. should not make a point of ensuring that a certain quantity of these essentials at least for Hospital patients.

5. Food:-

- 200 grams came into force on the 7th Feb. and the new Hospital Scale does not differ from the 2nd February. The general experience has been that although the food is available, the means of distribution have proved inadequate to set it to the consumers and Commerce in Avellino and Benevento have particularly suffered.
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- (2) Hospitals in Naples City have benefited from the food issued largely because they were in a position to call for the food themselves. Those in the Country have not been quite so fortunate. They have suffered alike from defective distribution, as from lack of any transport of their own and from a coupon system which fails often rather than it succeeds. Thus coupons for a certain ten day period expire after they have expired or by the time the clinics are presented, the food has all been distributed and nothing is left. It is hoped that with the introduction of the proposed food "advances" in the Province, conditions will improve in this respect.
- (3) It should however be borne in mind that, although the quantity of food has been increased and each patient is now assured of a bare caloric minimum, the quality or balance of the diet still leaves much to be desired. Thus it is sadly lacking in first class protein (other than preserved milk) and in fats because the oil in the is scarce and solder up to weight according to current reports. Patients need food not of fish, eggs and cheese if they are to remain in their health. At the request of this Office A.V.H.G. have been asked to provide for an issue of bully beef for all Typhus patients which has been of inestimable value. It is however for a momentary question whether A.M.G. should not make a point of ensuring that a certain quantity of these essentials at least for hospital patients.
- (4) It was intended that the so called hospital seal should be a minimum 2000 caloric seal, should be made applicable to all Institutions, but it has only been authorized for Hospitals and Institutes for orphans and for the ASG, Convents and Monasteries and included. As it is in practice extremely difficult in this Country to distinguish between these institutions, the discrimination made appears to be an infortune to one. Many Convents and Monasteries have being a minimum 2000 caloric seal, should be made applicable to all Institutions, but it has only been authorized for Hospitals and Institutes for orphans and for the ASG, Convents and Monasteries and included. As it is in practice extremely difficult in this Country to distinguish between these institutions, the discrimination made appears to be an infortune to one. Many Convents and Monasteries have

either schools or hospital for the care of anyone of the aged people as part of their function. The proposal to re-estabish mid-day meals for public attending certain convent schools has not been considered by the Education Division to date, it is understood, such practice would give the Institution a school an advantage over the Government school.

(5) As regards the public it is felt that only a limited number of people who are mentioned is that of an increase in their number and a large number of children have been made during February (or during a year) in most cases, food prices are very low for 1941 in the BL. It is felt that no sign of decreasing from the exhibition level to which it is now is noticeable. The proposal of a 1/3rd section of the population.

(6) Manual workers on A.M.C. or Army contractors are all being provided with a ration consisting of 1/3rd lb. bread, soup and vegetable stuff which was of 7 lbs. is distributed against which individuals pay. This is a good thing and indeed it is an excellent measure in the war. Expected to maintain a good output of work.

(7) An enquiry into the nutritional state of school children has been instituted at the instigation of this Office. The Commission Professor has appointed a noted Bio-Chemist with considerable experience in this particular type of investigation (Prof. Constantino Quagliariello of the University of Naples) and the enquiry is expected to take place. Meanwhile preliminary reports on the work carried out up to date in the school has been made available and the results have been made for anxiety if there are to be taken as an indication of the state of nutrition prevailing generally. The results are being summarized as follows:

School - G. Obrian (mixed - Ages 6-16 years)
Total number of pupils - 460
Boys - 218 (107 boys, 111 girls)
Girls - 242 (135 boys, 107 girls)
Capillary Permeability - 7% higher than normal.
Vitamin C deficiency - (Vitamin C deficiency) Increased in 40% of the population - 44% active in 75.4%.
Skin condition - Poor (in lactose, elasticity, colour skin) in 60%.

In the light of these findings from normal are regarded as sufficient to wait for a larger number of samples before arriving at any final conclusions.

(6) Manual workers on A.M.G. or Army contracts are all being provided with a menu consisting of 1/3rd lb. bread, soup and vegetable soup, a sum of 7 lbs. is charged against each individual's pay. This is a good thing and indeed it is an essential factor in the war, expected to maintain a good output of work.

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- School - G. Capri (mixed - Ages 5-12 years)
- Enrolment number of pupils - 450
- Boys - 218 (107 boys, 111 girls)
- Weight - 42% above normal deviation from normal average of 10% above normal
- Capillary Permeability - (Vit. C deficiency) Increased in 5%
- Defecation - Defective in 73.4%
- Skin condition - Poor (in lustre, elasticity, goose skin) in 60%.

The above deviations from normal are regarded as significant in the light of local experience. It would however be prudent to wait for a larger number of "samples" before arriving at any general conclusion.

(6) Milk Supply.

There has been a welcome revival of the milk supply in Aspiac through the Centrale del Latte. Milk is being brought in from Aspiac (1000 litres) Castellammare (1700 litres) Marano and Ponticelli (600 litres) daily, pasteurized at the Central Pasteurization plant and distributed to hospitals. Where as this is the procedure at the present time, great deal to be desired. There appears to be no proper inspection of dairies, herds or of the milk handlers, the plant is poor and difficult to clean; and the containers are not sterilized. Definitely not a safe milk supply, but capable of improvement.

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6. Transport.

Still requires a paragraph to itself although the daily appointed Transport Division will improve matters considerably in the distribution of food. There are still such important matters as fuel and tires which have been destroyed and of means of transport for Italian Officials themselves. If our policy is to be that of stimulating the Italian administration into action that surely we will have to provide them with the means to do so - or do it ourselves. It cannot be for lack of personnel and everything else. What for Italy, Italian Health Officials cannot be relied upon to perform their duties if they are immobile. Hospitals still cannot discharge their patients in many cases and few have any vehicles with which to transport medical stores or alimentations when this is issued to them.

7. Hospitals:

(1) The Civil Hospital at Capua was re-opened during the month with 30 beds which will shortly be increased to 100. This hospital had been badly damaged and the fact that it could be put into commission in such a short time is again due to the interest and drive of the provincial P.E.O. (Capt. Macherzic). Were it not for a most regrettable misunderstanding which led to the Civil Hospital at Aviano being requisitioned again (after evacuation by the French Ordnance Dept) by the A.S.C. (the "Soldiers' Club", that Hospital would also have been re-opened by now. Orders for the recovery of the Club have been issued by P.E.O.

(2) What is the revitalization of hospitals means to the people has to be seen to be realized and the relief it gives to the people in Naples City like life, already loaded with patients is very considerable. It also assists at least in part in solving the problem of transport for the patients on admission and on discharge.

(3) One of the most serious deficiencies in the revitalization of hospitals is the lack of glass. The issue of glass of Class 1 is controlled by the Army and it would appear that hospital glass (at least Civil Hospital) are low in the order of priority of requisitioning. A request has been made for better distribution and/or for the installation of substitutes like "inhabite". Another important deficiency is electric bulbs.

(4) At Caserta the opening of the General Hospital in Caserta has resulted between 30 and 40 beds for General Hospital and the General Civil Hospital which is crowded with Civilian wounded.

(5) At Naples itself, the Asinara Hospital was opened during February but as it lacks glass for electric substitutes...

0368

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(2) What is the revitalization of Hospitals means to the people has to be seen to be realized and the relief it gives to Rome. It is in Naples City itself, already loaded with patients is very congested. It also hinders at least in part in solving the problem of transport for the patients on admission and on discharge.

(3) One of the most serious deficiencies in the re-stitution of Hospitals is the lack of glass. The issue or sale of glass is still controlled by the Army and it would appear that Hospital No. 1 at Civil Hospital) are, low in the order of priority of release. A request has been made for better distribution and/or for the importation of substitutes like "Windolite". Another important deficiency is electric bulbs.

(4) At Caserta the opening of the Venetian Hospital at L. Macchia has resulted between 30 and 40 beds for General Surgery at the Caserta Civil Hospital which is crowded with Civilian wounded.

(5) At Naples itself, the Ascletia Hospital was opened during February but as it lacks glass (or efficient substitute) and electricity bulbs such as its effectiveness is less than it is already recovering 300 patients. The re-generation and re-ability of the Cotugno Hospital is making rapid strides and very soon it is expected that this entire Hospital will be functioning more or less normally with the exception of 61 beds in some wards (three ply wood has been substituted) and beds for heating purposes. At the Moravillo and "Incurabili" repairs are proceeding as fast as materials can be procured.

(6) Many hospitals, particularly those in the Gro-
vino, have lost their usual source of income and find themselves
in a position of extreme penury, sometimes even to the extent of being
unable to pay for the food served to them. Applications for financial
assistance are invariably met but the procedure, particularly for
large amounts, requires revision. R.F.C. has been requested to
revisit the situation.

(7) The Special Diabetic Clinic at Avellino estab-
lished by the R.F.C. (Capt. Smagiff) has proved to be successful
in the treatment of the patients.

(8) Hospitals need telephone service. A few have got them
but the majority have none. In the days of lack of means of trans-
port the telephone is particularly important and strong representatives
have been made for their installation to be considered as an urgent
necessity.

6. Sanitation:-

(1) A good deal of work has been done on the im-
provement of the drainage and disposal during the month and
tippling dumps north of the City and a 1500 ft pier for disposal by sea.
The transport has been improved and the collection has been made
over of dumps and side walks. There is a scarcity of suitable re-
ceptacles but the Councils and Prefecture is making all the can to pro-
vide or to provide. It is sufficient to be made to house
collection. The possibility of fixed communal bins to serve blocks
of flats or street sections is being considered.

(2) The Councils have recently taken place in
at Grosseto with the 3rd District and the other in Naples with
P.S. The subject matter of the meeting was the situation in Naples with
the coordination of effort between Civil and Military in the maintenance
of sanitation in the Communes where the fly nuisance and its conse-
quences are of considerable importance to the population. It has been represented
that A.S.B. can only stimulate local (Civil) authorities into activity
by means of the introduction of means at their disposal for good
sanitation. The main difficulty anticipated was initially trans-
port for the removal of refuse to the X suppletion and on a long
via restraining the population from habits which have the
sanction of the Council. The Army have agreed to help in both transport and
suppletion and a scheme is being worked out now to bring the great st

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but the majority have none. In the days of lack of means of transport the telephone is particularly important and strong representations have been made for its installation to be considered as an urgent necessity.

6. Sanitation:-

(1) A good deal of work has been done on the important subject of refuse removal and disposal during the month and the various signs of improvement at least. There are six controlled dumps north of the City and 15 dump pits for disposal by sea. The transport has been generally good and the police have been made aware of it in the various contraventions. Cases still occur however of dumping on the side walks. There is a scarcity of suitable refuse collectors but the Councils with Franchises is doing all it can to procure more or to provide staff sufficient to ensure hours to house collection. The possibility of fixed communal bins to serve blocks of flats or attract sections is being considered.

(2) The Councils have recently taken place in at Gombak with the P. S. District and the other in place with P. S. District. The subject is mainly of increasing the minimum possible of conflict between Civil and Military in the maintenance of sanitation in the Camps where the fly nuisance and its associated danger of disease are going to constitute a grave menace to the health of the troops and of the population. It has been represented that A.M.C. can only stimulate local (Civil) authorities into activity and that the intervention of the means at their disposal for good sanitation. The main difficulty anticipated is the disposal of garbage for the removal of noxious matter. A supervision and on a long view restricting the people from the habits which have the same effect. The Army have agreed to help on both transport and supervision and a scheme is being worked out now to bring the greatest possible force to play on the part of the Civil authorities.

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7. Malaria:-

(1) The special representative committee requested by this Office has been formed by the Franchise of N. P. S. The Medical Provincial is the Chairman and is also the Official Responsible for the conduct of the campaign. The members are representatives of the Councils of Sanitation, R. M. Camps, Agricultural Genia Civil, and A.M.C. (Capt. Hill, Malaria Officer). The Committee met for the first time in the Camp and provided an estimate for the fight against malaria.

Departmentally as it is impossible at present to get full details of it. It is to be placed at our disposal, the plan of campaign is accordingly rather fluid but arrangements have been made on the assumption that an adequate quantity of oil will be available. Paris Or this out of the question. This is probably at the local people have always used P. of G. and is not familiar with the use of 541. The special Officers (Capt. Treagar and Lt. Manzelli) were sent over to make a detailed survey and to make recommendations. Their report however is not yet in hand.

(2) An important Joint Meeting took place at A.F.S.G. on the 1st Feb. when it was decided to be accepted and joint responsibility was discussed. Similarly it can be seen at present the Army is to be responsible for action in all areas in which troops are stationed and will call on the Civil authorities through A.F.S.G. to implement their action or to protect the Civil population as a measure to safeguard the health of the troops. A.F.S.G. will see that the Civil authority will take action independently in areas outside Army control, but it will also have to take more than an intelligent interest in the areas covered by the Army in case units are forward and the responsibility for control returns to the Civil Authority.

10. Medical Stores:-

- (1) The main shortages during the month have been the following:-
 - (a) Vaccine lymph (since received)
 - (b) Anti-rabies Vaccine (since received)
 - (c) Radiographic material
 - (d) Microscopic staining material
 - (e) Rubber gloves

(2) Now that Hospitals are deprived of gas, there is a great demand for Methylated Spirits. Local sources can provide Industrial Alcohol in large quantities and arrangements are in hand for denaturing this for issue.

(3) Another frequent demand is for intravenous injections of Vitamins, especially Vitamin C! In a Country where Citrus fruit abounds this is rather for injecting Vitamin C compounds intramuscularly or intravenously amounts almost to a waste.

11. Welfare:-

(1) The personnel situation in this sphere of activity is so serious that it deserves to be stressed again. With the departure of Capt. Kirk, Major Gidley will take over but this is also to

will call on the Civil authorities through A.C. to implement their action or to protect the Civil population as a measure to safeguard the health of the troops. A.C. will see that the Civil authority will take action independently in order as outside Army control, but it will also have to take care that an intelligent interference in the areas covered by the Army in any unit will not forward and the responsibility for control returns to the Civil Authority.

10. Medical Stores:-

- (1) The main shortages during the month have been the following:-
- (a) Vaccine Lymph (since received)
 - (b) Anti-rabic Vaccine (since received)
 - (c) Radiographic material
 - (d) Microscopic staining material
 - (e) Rubber gloves

(2) Now that Hospitals are deprived of G.S. and I.M. B. in a great demand for Methylated Spirits. Local sources can provide Industrial Alcohol in large quantities and arrangements are in hand for denaturing this for issue.

(3) Another frequent demand is for intravenous infusion of Vitamins, especially Vitamin C! In a country where Citrus fruit abounds this is a serious problem. Citrus compounds intravenously or intramuscularly amounts almost to a mania.

11. Welfare:-

(1) The personal situation in this sphere of activity is so serious that it deserves to be stressed again. With the departure of Capt. Kirk, Major Gaidar will take over but this is also to be in the nature of temporary duty. There is no Welfare Officer in the City or in the three Provinces and it is literally impossible for any effective work to be done other than on a "catch-as-catch-can" basis.

(2) It is proposed to appoint as soon as possible Provincial Welfare Committees consisting of Podesta, Doctors, Priests, etc. through whom the Regional or Provincial Welfare Officers will work.

(3) The Public Health Branch has received extremely valuable help from the Field Work Personnel appointed to this branch. These have been:

- Mr. Sullivan, vice in on 22nd job, to be replaced by Mr. Foley.
- Mr. Condict, conductor, food supplies in hospitals in Naples City.
- Mr. St. Aubin, assisting in welfare work in Avellino and Benevento provinces.
- Miss Pulichy, Clothing and Distribution, Naples City.
- Dr. Caroline Maddalena, appointed on 23rd Feb. to work on Maternity, Child Welfare.
- Miss Bush, Clothier, Distribution, Naples Province.

Each of the times that the workers has been taken up with the distribution of the sufficient bit of clothing which has been received from the U.S.A., but, each in their respective capacity, they have rendered valuable and willing service which has been well appreciated.

12. Water Supplies:-

- (1) Nothing of importance to note except that a serious shortage has been reported on the islands of Capri and Ponza where the local supplies in the past have been augmented by importations from Naples. The matter is in hand.
- (2) In Naples City the Acquedotto Sorino is supplying the whole City. Its quality and priority is good.

/s/ S. H. CRICHTON
Colonel
Regional Public Health Officer.

DISSEMINATION:

Regional Commissioner	---	3
Director Public Health & Welfare-A-GvCt	---	3
P.M.O.	---	1

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ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION, LIAISON OFFICER
AFHQ Adv Adm Ech
APO 400

February 29, 1944

All the previous Files on Requisitions, Region III have been turned
over to Major Sharp, Economic Section, Allied Control Commission, Hq.

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