

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785020

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6/21/14

Opened Jun
June - July

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G/21/14 Weekly Liaison Log ADV. HQ MMIA
Opened June 17, 1944 - Closed July 4, 1944
June - July 1944

S S C R A T
6/21

Army Sub Commission Italy (ASCI) A

4 Jul 44

INFO FOR COL KENNEDY, AND FOR OFFICES / C/P IN A LATER CONFERENCE

1. Conference on Ceding Italian Army

(a) Everyone was in favour of sending off another signal to AFHQ pointing out the impracticability of mobilising 25,700 (AFI estimate) by 31 Jul, and stating that no action was being taken pending their reply to AAI 1605/50/2 (SPL) of 19 June. They had already sent a signal to AFHQ passing on the information given in your long one following that bulk of personnel were in SICILIA.

(b) It was decided however to indicate the reasons that it was considered could be mobilised on the Mainland and in SICILY and figure of 35,000 was arrived at on following basis

Italian Adm	10,000
SICILY	1,300
Conquestary	7,000
Int Sec	7,000 (MILITARY purposes)
SC units working for Allies	6,000
Mobilisable	3,700
	35,000

(c) Recomend to be reticised to AFHQ until situation available to bring this over, after outstanding series for Allies - estimated that transfer would NOT be complete until December.

(d) Signal in accordance with above sent to AFHQ.

(e) No action by AAI; in meantime other than reduction of Italian Adm as ordered by AAI.

2. Demobilisation of arms for Germany, etc.

I stressed at above Conference that the figure of 25,000 would only be possible if the maximum de-mobilisation was granted i.e., congested allowed to return to FRANCE and SICILY and Army areas. CSI AAI are NOT being very helpful about this so SCI are choosing them again pointing out its uselessy.

3. Conference on Cessions & Ads of Italian Army Recettions and Units (July 44)

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/Sheet 2

Although the figures in AM 1905/50/3/15(5D) of 19 Jun 48 92,723 it is APP
entitled that 5 pairs of 10,000 or more units total of smaller
size, will be used. These higher figures comes on license to cities, etc.

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5. Internal Security Control
In view of above it was thought necessary to alert and deceive units for
study. We were able to make it fit their needs by all manner of deceits.
ATTACH. 3D. A. (4/2) we do not know if they had 11. license any concealed
machines for L1500. units in L1500. All very gratified with your present
work to be sent to AM 1905/50/3/15(5D) for 11,000.

6. Requisition of arms for commando.

2. Conference on Commando & 1st of Italian Army formations and units (particular
of EAS/4/2).

I stressed at above Conference that the figures of 25,000 would only be
possible if the maximum de-restriction was granted i.e. commandos allowed to
return to FORMIA and VASTO and Army areas. GAI and AM are not being very helpful
about this so GAI are choosing them again pointing out its weakness.

2. Requisition of arms for commando, etc.

(a) Similar to above in some cases other than reduction of Italian AM as
ordered by LAA.

(b) Requested to be informed to what extent could be granted
them arms. Since we were dealing with Italian forces.

10,000	
2,700	
5,000	
7,000 (partial requested)	
1,900	
7,000	
10,000	

(c) It was decided however to indicate the various units it was considered
could be allowed to the Italian and in sum total figure of 25,000
was arrived at on following basis:

as shown in Remarks column. Therefore units must be prepared to draft part of balance to under command Allies until settling of employed is reached. Name request in para 4 above.

6. Unit 2

This cannot be requested until we have settled on settling of Italian Army and can share out troops among by categories separately. In the meantime any established units should be reported to AF who will do lot and keep check.

7. ACU units ex Int Sec Div

No action by AF, yet until Int Sec situation is sorted out.

8. Int Sec Operations involving guard units for Allies

(a) CNAF can be informed, if they do not already know, that all Guard units for Allies will eventually be found from Int Sec Div. Hence 500 and 504 Guard Div are NOT going to relieve 750/2nd and 164/2nd Divs.

(b) AFMIS should be asked to make out Int Sec and AFMIS and AFMIS as per AFMIS P/C. Can be others but as yet but we do not want Int Sec to be basis of a need of Guard Divs (suggested adding 2d Inf Div and 3d Inf Divs)

9. Other AF

Will probably be moved, two to AFMIS one to AFMIS.

11. KIBA COY

Will eventually be set up when we have got our bases and in order and have some vehicles to spare. Allied staff probably mostly from outside NAA.

12. A.F.U. or Central air fleet

(a) Name agreed with AF a forward holding of 50 for C.U. to be ready to be soon as ACU units are fired and units brought up to strength.

(b) Name agreed with AF a forward holding of 50 for C.U. to be ready to be soon as ACU units are fired and units brought up to strength.

No action by M.L.L. yet until last Sec situation to sorted out.

6. Int Sec formations providing guard units for Allies.

- (a) SEC can be informed, if they do not already know, that all Guard units for Allies will eventually be found from Int Sec force. Hence 503 and 504. Guard units are NOT going to relatives RCCM and MACV. Rm.

- (b) SEC should be asked to make out the and organization Int Sec Rm as "base of a number of Guard Regs (successor about 24 orgs and did not have any for SEC C/C). Can be either just or partly but we do NOT want MACV Rm.

9. CHINE in

Is going to be offered to SEC on grounds for guard duties only, and will therefore presumably eventually be absorbed into Int Sec Div.

10. Traffic Control Co.

Have told them this has been arranged to SEC and MACV units to available for guard duties.

11. Int Sec COIN

Will eventually be set up when we have got our house more in order and have some bodies to spare. Will start probably from outside Rm.

12. Int Sec unit, for CII

(a) Have agreed with MAC a forward holding of 5% for CII, to be set up as soon as SEC/CO's are fixed and units brought up to strength.

(b) Int Sec COIN today who is MAC (per 3 Army) LC with CII and will eventually be taken on our staff when no parasite. Told me he was getting the units sequentially sorted out and would report latest loan of strengths plus and minus, as soon as known about COIN to MACV. HQ which he said was not yet finished when he left CII 10 days ago.

13. Int Sec

(a) Have just received 170 allied lorries and are now quite well off.
(b) The Rm of units which has been allotted a special task is the one (1359) which has been on the intendant all along and in the MACV. Rm.

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/Sheet 3

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Sheet 3

15. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Col. SEDGWICK apparently overlooked that Serial 175 - 4 in particular had been disposed. Could you please find out, if he has NKP already done so, where the men have gone to, and where other teams have been carried out, or CSDIN units (etc). Then drivers should be informed.

16. ABSENCE OF VEHICLES OR PERSONNEL

Am trying to get them to give us a list for at least 200 vehicles which must be ready and waiting to come over.

17. 15 AND 16A LOCAL CONCRETE CONS

All say that those have NKP yet arrived but no one says that they have heard of any that have gone to, and where other teams have been carried out, or CSDIN units (etc). Then drivers should be informed.

If NKP suggests you talk to them about it and take advantage of the opportunity. Please contact with these CSDIN units and see what can be done by 7 July 1945 or 9 June 1945.

END FOR THIS. He promises to send me a note, I suppose.

If you require any further information, contact your local H.Q. or IV for AFHQ area.

18. Local Collins

If NKP suggests you talk to him about it and take advantage of the opportunity. If NKP suggests you talk to him about it and take advantage of the opportunity. I will probably have to advise to CSDIN.

19. Local Collins 200 AND 12 MILES TO NORTH

The decision still has to be made as to whether or not to tell him about it and take advantage of the opportunity. I will probably have to advise to CSDIN.

That matter would be better referred to AFHQ by letter, from CG. Suggest that planning draft be communicated to AFHQ sometime or previous. CG agrees. AFHQ know % to volunteers except for CSDIN. Personnel who were started yesterday on a voluntary basis, after inserting notice in the papers. (b) None any degree was published. I suggest that an appeal be made to recruit to this.

(b) CSDIN obtained legal counsel that could be compelled to publish, if the case goes to court.

(b) Have instructions on CSDIN (name, pop here), this will have identity. (b) See to bring very suitable bars on col. Locality, otherwise.

21. Indirect fires for 210 MM

Cited on board 210 MM indirect bars messages on 14-15 July, 1945, but instructions to do this sort of this message to the public were still not available in KSAZ area. And by 5 Army, and sent them a note to this effect. Prod Hqs and responsible officers to make sure of this message to the public. Prod Hqs and responsible officers to make sure of this message to the public. Prod Hqs and responsible officers to make sure of this message to the public. Prod Hqs and responsible officers to make sure of this message to the public. Prod Hqs and responsible officers to make sure of this message to the public.

Interf
Lt Col 5484
cc

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that they can do in U.S. - as investigations will probably be unclassified by section
17 for AMMO area.
If AMM received and no application from COI submitted, suggest you advise him
not apply for AMM. We promised to have them at once. Thanks again.
~~AMM~~ ~~AMM~~ If we are ever brought into being, / AMM will be trained outside
personnel with whom COI will be brought in. AMM will be trained outside
if now available you will be them about it and take advantage of the opportunity
available.

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Subject : No.1 Weekly Liaison Log
For Period 14/18 June 44.

Army Sub Commission, A.G.C.,
Rear H.Q. (M.M.I.A.),
LEAVILLE (LCCG).

Army Sub Commission, A.G.C.,
Rome Detachment (M.M.I.A.),
ROME.
Ref : G.110. 30
26 Jun 44.

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The following is the daily liaison log for the period 14/15 Jun 44.

Tues. 14 June.

(i) Col. PINSLY, Lt Col HOWARD and Major DOBBS left NAPLES at 0830 hrs and arrived in ROME at 1545 hrs. Col PINSLY established himself at the GRAND HOTEL, Piazza di Siena and HOWARD and DOBBS at the MORA HOTEL, via Vittorio Veneto.

(ii) The AGC advanced party were contacted at the former Ministero delle Corporazioni, Via Vittorio Veneto and Col PINSLY was informed that the whole of the seventh floor of the building totalling 60 rooms had been booked for AGCA.

Thurs. 15 June.

(i) A plan of the accommodation allotted to AGCA was obtained and a provisional allotment of rooms was made by Col PINSLY.

The Camp Commandant agreed to begin furnishing the rooms immediately starting with General BROWNING's and to install telephones as soon as possible.

(ii) HOWARD contacted General TASSI, commanding the Italian Territorial units of the ROMA Garrison and Colonel MACINOTTI, Chief of Staff to General BENCIENGA, the acting Commander of the Italian Armed Forces in ROME.

For the organisation of the unofficial ROMAN COMMAND see Appendix 'A'.

Fri. 16 June.

(i) HOWARD contacted General BENCIENGA and General ODDONE, the unofficial representative of SURE to clarify the immediate problems confronting the Roman Command.

(ii) Col PINSLY and HOWARD went to see General BERARDI unofficially in ROME as a result of which a conference was held on
(a) the status of the BENCIENGA Command
and (b) the immediate problems confronting it.

at 0830 hrs and arrived in ROME at 1545 hrs. Col FISLEY established himself at the GRAND HOTEL, Piazza d'Esgdra and HOWARD and DOBBS at the FLORA HOTEL, Via Vitorio Veneto.

- (ii) The ACC advanced party were contacted at the former Ministero delle Corporazioni, Via Vitorio Veneto and Col FISLEY was informed that the whole of the seventh floor of the building totalling 60 rooms had been booked for MTA.

Thurs. 15 June.

- (i) A plan of the accommodation allotted to MTA was obtained and a provisional allotment of rooms was made by Col FISLEY.

The Camp Commandant agreed to begin furnishing the rooms immediately starting with General BROWNING's and to install telephones as soon as possible.

- (ii) HOWARD contacted General TELESIA, commanding the Italian Territorial units of the ROME Garrison and Colonel PACINOTTI, Chief of Staff to Genera BENCIENGA, the acting commander of the Italian Armed Forces in ROME.

For the organisation of the unofficial ROMAN COMMAND see Appendix 'A'.

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(a) the status of the BENCIENGA Command
and (b) the immediate problems confronting it.

Present were:-

General BERARDI
General ODDONE
Colonel FISLEY
Colonel PACINOTTI
Colonel BAZZANI
Colonel PALLAVICINO
Lt Col HOWARD
Lt Col SAMARO

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For the results of this conference see Appendix 'B'.

- (iii) Col FISLEY sent General BROWNING signal No. SD 501.

(2)

Set. 17 June.

(1) Col. FISLEY and HOWARD attended a Requiem Mass for the repose of the souls of the members of the Italian Army Underground Movement in ROME shot by the Germans.

General BERARDI was present.

(ii) Col. FISLEY saw General JOHNSON, Allied Garrison Commander ROME.

(iii) A conference was held at which the same problems dealt with the previous day were gone into in greater detail. Present were:-

General BENCIVENGA
General ODDONE
Colonel FISLEY
Colonel PICINOTTI
Colonel BALZANO
Lt Col HOGARD
Lt Col SAN PO
Capt GIUSTINIANI (Interpreter).

For results of this conference see Appendix 'C'.

(iv) Col. FERRITI, G 4 ROME Area Command, informed DOBBS that R.A.C. required urgently 100 reinforcements for 1004 and 1005 Italian M.T. Companies. The 30 men recently received from NAPLES were useless. Col. EDWARDS, Region IV, informed DOBBS that he required 50 Italian drivers for the unit under his command. DOBBS saw Col. PICINOTTI and instructed him to gather together all Italian Military personnel who could be classified as good drivers.

Sum. 18 June.

(i) Col. FISLEY saw Colonel FISKE (ACC) and General JOHNSON, Military Commander of ROME to fix the points raised at the Friday and Saturday conferences.

(ii) General BROWNING and Capt. CHAMOR arrived from NAPLES.

2. The Roman Set-up.

On arrival in ROME it was soon obvious that the position of the military organisation shown in Appendix 'A' was a delicate one. It appeared that General BENCIVENGA owed his position to the fact that he commanded the underground movement (Forze Clandestine) in ROME and to the fact that for a very short period he had been nominated Military Governor of the City by AAI prior to the entry of the Allies. As soon as Prince DORIA became Syndaco he

Present were :-

General BRANGIVENGA
General O'DODNE
Colonel PIBBLEY
Colonel PACINOTTI
Colonel BALZANO
Lt Col HOWARD
Lt Col SAN PO
Capt GIUSTINIANI (Interpreter).

For results of this conference see Appendix 'C'.

(iv) Col. PIBBLEY, G 4 ROME Area Command, informed DOBBS that R.A.C. required urgently 100 reinforcements for 1004 and 1005 Italian M.T. Companies. The 30 men recently received from NAPLES were useless. Col. EDWARDS, Region IV, informed DOBBS that he required 50 Italian drivers for the unit under his command. DOBBS saw Col. PACINOTTI and instructed him to gather together all Italian Military personnel who could be classified as good drivers.

Sub. 18 June.

(1) Col. PIBBLEY saw Colonel FISKE (ACC) and General JOHNSON, Military Commander of ROME to fix the points raised at the Friday and Saturday conferences.

(ii) General BROWNING and Capt. CHALFORD arrived EM from NAPLES.

2. The Roman Set-up.

On arrival in ROME it was soon obvious that the position of the military organisation shown in Appendix 'A' was a delicate one. It appeared that General BRANGIVENGA owed his position to the fact that he commanded the underground movement (Forze Clandestine) in ROME and to the fact that for a very short period he had been nominated Military Governor of the City by ~~AM~~ As soon as Prince DEGLIA became Syndaco he prior to the entry of the Allies. As soon as Prince DEGLIA became Syndaco he lost all legal powers but was still tacitly accepted as the commander of all the Italian Armed Forces who had not come into ROME with the Allies, by General JOHNSON. The arrival of General BRAGGIO (clandestinely) in ROME and the two conferences on the Friday and Saturday somewhat cleared the air but there is likely to be some friction between the "Roman Officers" and the "Lecce Officers" unless the position is regularized gradually and with tact.

The question of whom amongst the patriots, Officers or men, actually did a good job of work in ROME, as opposed to those who merely drank vermouths discreetly in civilian clothes, will need some going into and is being

(3)

dealt with now by committees of the appropriate rank.

It should be remembered that during the recent months of the occupation of ROME by the Germans a small reign of terror existed and that during this time certain bands of partisans, assisted the Allied cause loyally and effectively. At least 60 and possibly 200 Officers or men were caught by the Germans and shot for their participation in the Forze Clandestine. Whilst at present it is difficult to estimate the exact value of the movement there is no doubt that some of the senior officers feel that they have been fighting under unpleasant conditions and that something more than a ruthless divorce from army rations is due to them and their men.

3. Problems facing the Temporary Italian Military Authority in ROME.

(i) The rationing of approximately 35000 personnel in or connected with the Armed Forces, most of whom originally received army rations.

(ii) The examination and classification of Officers and men into

- (a) useful partisans
- (b) useless partisans
- (c) useless Allied sympathisers.
- (d) harmless Republicans i.e. hospital staffs, clerks at district (depots etc.
- (e) Republicans
- (f) dangerous Republicans

(iii) Accommodation in ROME for essential garrison requirements and for the arrival of the Ministry and SMRE.

(iv) The collection and concentration of disbanded units partisans and others.

(v) The problem of the officers, approximately ⁹⁰⁰⁰ ~~base~~ of them, almost all wanting to know what job they can get.

4. Problems facing MMIA in ROME.

(i) The fixing of a ration ceiling civilian and military to meet the needs of the ROME command.

(ii) Ensuring that the "take-over" between BENEVENUTO and the new regime is accomplished smoothly and without injustice.

(iii) Establishing the position of MMIA as the correct channel of communication in regard to the Italian Army.

(iv) Ensuring that Officers and men of the Clandestine Forces who have behaved well during the occupation do not get a raw deal now.

5. Accommodation.

(i) The rationing of approximately 25000 personnel in or connected with the Armed Forces, most of whom originally received army rations.

- (ii) The examination and classification of Officers and men into
- (a) useful partisans
 - (b) useless partisans
 - (c) harmless Allied sympathisers.
 - (d) harmless Republicans i.e. hospital staffs, clerks at district depots etc.
 - (e) Republicans
 - (f) dangerous Republicans

(iii) Accommodation in ROME for essential garrison requirements and for the arrival of the Ministry and SMRE.

(iv) The collection and concentration of disbanded units partisans and others.

(v) The problem of the officers, approximately ⁹⁰⁰⁰ ~~1000~~ of them, almost all wanting to know what job they can get.

4. Problems facing IMTA in ROME.

(1) The fixing of a ration ceiling civilian and military to meet the needs of the ROME command.

(ii) Ensuring that the "take-over" between BENEVENGA and the new regime is accomplished smoothly and without injustice.

(iii) Establishing the position of IMTA as the correct channel of communication in regard to the Italian Army.

(iv) Insuring that Officers and men of the Clandestine Forces who have behaved well during the occupation do not get a raw deal now.

5. Accommodation.

(a) The principle has been accepted by General BROWNING that IMTA comes under the roof of the ACC building, the Ministero delle Corporazioni, and on the seventh floor.

(b) Lt Col. HOWARD will make enquiries in ROME to find out if any suitable accommodation is likely to be available at a later date for an 'A' mess inside and a Rest House outside the city.

6. Personalities.

(a) General BENEVENGA is a man of well over sixty. He is said to

(4)

have had a good record in the last war and is believed to hold a C.B.

On leaving the army after the last war he branched into journalism for which he is probably mistrusted by the orthodox Generals.

He gives the impression of being rather a fine old man decaying rapidly. During the occupation he had a narrow escape when the Nazi-Fascists threw hand-grenades at his house.

(b) General ODDONE is a quiet and reserved man who gives the impression of competency and character.

He is said to have been marked down for execution by the Germans.

(c) Colonel PACINOTTI is a pleasant soft-spoken officer with a clear brain. He should make a good chief of staff for the Rome Command and it is worthwhile considering his retention in this position for various reasons.

(d) General TAVASSA makes no impression of any kind whatsoever.

7. General Remarks.

(a) Morale. The morale of the Romans is remarkably high considering the small reign of terror in which they have lived for the last nine months, the food shortage and the overcrowding of the city by refugees. Their relief at the entry of the Allies is obvious and a pro-Ally feeling should last unless destroyed by bad behaviour on the part of Allied soldiers visiting the city.

(b) Food situation. The food situation is rapidly becoming critical although a casual visitor might not notice any signs of strain in the people themselves. The reasons for the shortage are the difficulties of transportation, the heavy demands made on communications by the fighting forces and the great surplus of refugees living in the city at present.

(c) The City of ROME. The City of ROME presents a remarkably undamaged contrast to the shattered towns laying along the line of fighting from FORMIA North.

The Romans are grateful that their city has been spared which they attribute, rightly or wrongly, largely to the intervention of the Pope.

H.A.C. Howland
5480

Report on Rome and its Suburbs

(c) Colonel PACINOTTI is a pleasant soft-spoken officer with a clear brain. He should make a good chief of staff for the Rome Command and it is worthwhile considering his retention in this position for various reasons.

(d) General TAMESTRA makes no impression of any kind whatsoever.

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H.A.C. Howland
5480

Lt Colonel,
Army Sub Commission, A.G.C.,
Advanced M.I.A.

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Table showing temporary Italian Military Command
in ROME.

General BENCIVENGA (*)

Legal Governor of ROME for interim period between withdrawal of the Germans and entry of Allies (Appointed by Fifth Army). Now recognised by agreement BERARDI-PIDSEY as temporary Military Commander of Italian Armed Forces in ROME (not under command of Allies) until position systemised by arrival of Ministry of War and SMRE.

Colonel PACINOTTI (*)
Chief of Staff and Liaison.
BENCIVENGA - ODDONE.

Lt Col. DE PETRO (*)
Capo della Segreteria.

General TAMASSIA (*)
Commander of ROME Garrison
(Depots, Hospitals etc.)

Colonel BALZAN
LEOCHE representative of
Ministero della Guerra.

Colonel SAMPO
LEOCHE representative of
SMRE

General GIROTTI (*)
At disposal ODDONE for
examination of personnel.

General CARATTI (*)
Arty services and salvaging
of war material.

(*) Officers engaged in clandestine front movement in ROME prior to arrival of Allies.

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APPENDIX 'A'.

Table showing temporary Italian Military Command
in ROME.

General BENCIVENGA (*)

General Governor of ROME for interim period between withdrawal of the Germans and entry of Allies (Appointed by Fifth Army). Now recognised by agreement BERARD-DSLEY as temporary Military Commander of Italian Armed Forces in ROME (not under command of Allies) until position systemised by arrival of Ministry of War and SMRE.

Colonel PACINOTTI (*)
Chief of Staff and Liaison.
BENCIVENGA - ODDONE.

Lt Col. DE PETRO (*)
Capo della Segreteria.

RAIZAN
representative of
ella Guerra.

Colonel SANPO
LECCHE representative of
SMRE

General ODDONE (*)
Semi-representative of SMRE and carrying out task of examining records of all Army personnel remaining in ROME during German occupation.

General CARATI (*)
Arty services and salvaging
of war material.

General CORTELESSA (*)
Engineer services and communications, radio etc.

Officers engaged in clandestine front movement in ROME prior to arrival of SMRE.

APPENDIX 'B'

Results of Conference held at ROME at
1830 hrs on Fri. 16 Jun 44.

1. Present were Generals BERARDI, CUDONE, Colonels PINSLEY, PACINOTTI, BALZANI, PALLAVICINO, Lt-Cols. HOWARD and SAMBO.
2. (i) General BERARDI stressed his clandestine position in ROME and to see General CLARK. He stated he was not aware of the exact position of General BENIVENGA and he had therefore to proceed discreetly. He had made a personal call on General BENIVENGA who was an old comrade in arms.
(ii) Colonel PINSLEY outlined his position in ROME as representative of General BROWNING.
3. It was agreed that :-
 - (i) With the agreement of General BROWNING it was essential to press for the early arrival of

- (a) an advance party from MIA.
- (b) an advance party of about 10 officers headed by General AUKILLA invested with complete authority by SWIRE.
- (c) an advance party of about 10 officers from the Ministero delle Guerre also invested with complete authority.

(ii) General BENIVENGA, with the set-up outlined in Appendix 'A', would continue to act as the temporary commander of the Italian Armed Forces in ROME pending the gradual regularization of the position with the arrival of the Ministero and SWIRE.

(iii) The immediate and urgent problems facing the Italian Military Authorities in ROME would be dealt with by General BENIVENGA and Col. PINSLEY.

These problems were :-

- (a) The issuing of some 35,000 rations in ROME to deal with military, naval and air personnel of all categories (see Appendix 'C')
- (b) The establishing of channels of communication between BENIVENGA - PINSLEY - FISKE (ACG) and JOHNSON (Military Commander of ROME AAI)
- (c) The avoidance of further arbitrary requisitioning on the part of the Allies of Italian Army, Navy and Air Force property.
- (d) The listing and examination of all Italian

(ii) Colonel PINESLEY outlined his position in RGME as representative of General BROWNING.

3. It was agreed that:-
 - (i) With the agreement of General BROWNING it was essential to press for the early arrival of

- (a) an advance party from MIA.
- (b) an advance party of about 10 officers headed by General AUKILLA invested with complete authority by SMRE.
- (c) an advance party of about 10 officers from the Ministero della Guerra also invested with complete authority.

(ii) General BENIVENGA, with the set-up outlined in Appendix 'A', would continue to act as the temporary commander of the Italian Armed Forces in RGME pending the gradual regularization of the position with the arrival of the Ministero and SMRE.

(iii) The immediate and urgent problems facing the Italian Military Authorities in ROME would be dealt with by General BENIVENGA and Col. PINESLEY.

These problems were:-

- (a) The issuing of some 35,000 rations in ROME to deal with military, naval and air personnel of all categories (see Appendix 'C')
 - (b) The establishing of channels of communication between BENIVENGA - PINESLEY - FISKE (ACC) and JEHSON (Military Commander of RGME AA)
 - (c) The avoidance of further arbitrary requisitioning on the part of the Allies of Italian Army, Navy and Air Force property.
 - (d) The listing and examination of all Italian Army, Navy and Air Force personnel to determine their conduct during the occupation period and the possibility of their incorporation into the present Italian Armed Forces within the ration ceiling prescribed.
4. It was recognised that owing to various unforeseen factors the principles laid down in General BROWNING's letter G 19 of 3 Jun 44 had not been entirely adhered to, but it was agreed that the position would gradually clarify itself as General BENIVENGA's organisation continued the work it had already begun.
5. General BURARDI asked if he could attend unofficially the request made the following day for the officers and men of the clandestine movement

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(2)

shot by the Germans provided Col. FINLEY had no objection and General BENIVENGA would invite him. Col. FINLEY and Col. PACINOTTI immediately agreed that he would be welcome.

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Results of Conference held at ROME at
1730 hrs on Sat, 17 Jun 44.

APPENDIX 'C'.

1. Present were Generals BENIVENGA, ODDONE, Colonels FISLEY, PACINOTTI, BALZANO, Lt Cols., HOWARD, SAMPO, Capt. GIUSTINIAN (interpreter).
2. Colonel FISLEY outlined the main points dealt with at the previous days conference with General BERARDI and it was again stressed that the status quo in ROME was to be preserved and that pending the arrival of the Ministero and SMRE, MILLE would regard the BENIVENGA organisation as the correct channel through which all problems dealing with the Italian Armed Forces in ROME (except those under Allied command) would be dealt with.
3. Colonel FISLEY outlined how he proposed dealing with the ration problems facing the ROME Military Authorities concerning which he had the previous day received a letter from PACINOTTI stating that all military reserves held by them would be exhausted on 20 Jun 44. The following table sets out this position:

No. of Rations required.	For whom.	Col. FISLEY's remarks.
2000	R. Guardia di Finanza) Underground	Public Safety Sub Commission
7000	CCRR) Movement	ACC had intimated that a part of these might be absorbed within their ceiling.
1500	Wounded and sick of all categories at present in ROME Military Hospitals.	Civilian rations through ACC would have to be issued until, if ever, they become effective.
2500	Partisan bands (underground movement) not living or having relations in ROME.	Civilian rations through ACC until they became in part or in whole effective. To be concentrated in available barracks and reformed pending this decision.
6000	ROME Garrison personnel (Hospitals Depts, Services etc.)	Civilian rations.
1000	Navy Personnel	Respective Sub Commissions consulted and these would almost immediately be absorbed by Italian Navy and Air Force within their ration ceiling.
1000	Air Force	ACC would be consulted with a view to allowing this mess to purchase the civilian ration scale in order to continue its existence.
2000	Officers and families of officers deceased, missing or prisoners fed at central mess at the PALAZZO BARBERINI	

Forces in Rome (except those under command of
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7000	GCRR) Movement	
1500	Wounded and sick of all categories at present in ROME Military Hospitals.	Civilian rations through ACC would have to be issued until, if ever, they become effective.
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1000	Air Force "	ACC would be consulted with a view to allowing this mess to purchase the civilian ration scale in order to continue its existence.
2000	Officers and families of officers deceased, missing or prisoners fed at a central mess at the PALAZZO BARBERINI	Civilian rations through ACC
1500	Italian Colonial Police - pro- Facist and disbanded but now being concentrated for security reasons	
35000	TOTAL	5476

Colonel FIDSEY stressed that he would contact the necessary allied
Authorities as soon as possible to see about the releasing of rations as stated.
Col. PACINOTTI stressed the necessity for keeping the circolo at PALAZZO BARBERINI
going.

(2)

4. General BENIVENGA asked what would happen to the partisan bands, many of whom had rendered valuable and dangerous services to the Allies. Col. FINSLEY replied that after an examination (already in progress) of the conduct of officers and men forming part of those bands, SMRE would have to decide whom they wished to keep, demobilising others at present on the strength of the Italian Army in the process, and whom they wished to demobilise. In the meantime those who could not be given leave because their families were not concentrated in the ROME Area would be concentrated in some available barracks and fed on civilian rations. It was agreed that it would be most demoralising for the Italian partisans Movement generally if those who had done well during the occupation of ROME were to be arbitrarily dismissed from the service without thanks or the chance of continuing to serve under arms.
5. Col. FINSLEY stated that he had seen General JOHNSON that day who had agreed that no repositioning of Italian Military, Naval or Air Force property should take place without MIA being first consulted.

Col. BALZANO explained that the eventual necessities of the Armed Forces were not yet known, but he hoped the PALAZZO BARBERINI would not be taken in part or the whole.

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Col. PRISLEY stated that he had seen General JOHNSON that day who had agreed that no requisitioning of Italian Military, Naval or Air Force property should take place without MITA being first consulted.

Col. BALZANO explained that the eventual necessities of the Armed Forces were not yet known, but he hoped the PALAZZO BARBERINI would not be taken in part or the whole.

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