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Apr. 1944 - Oct. 1945

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LIAISON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.M.I.A.)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.P.O. 394, U.S. Army

20 October 1945

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Com A.C. (M.M.I.A.).

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 18

Period from 20 September to 20 October 45.

A. General Security1. Morale

(a) Morale among Italian soldiers here in Sardinia appears to be high. No complaints have been received.

(b) In talking with Italian Army officers and soldiers, all were showing a great interest in the London Conference. All are interested in a settlement of international boundaries and an early return to their homes.

(c) Public morale is low due to the economic situation according to the High Commissioner's Report for the month of September, 1945. During the past month there have been a few strikes and demonstrations against the high prices. Because of the drought and grasshoppers the crops were below their former yield resulting in a short supply. Further, the prices of clothing and other necessary household equipment are extremely out of proportion with wages.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:

(a) According to High Commissioner's Report for September the Roman Weekly, "L'Uomo Qualunque" has brought strong reaction from the newspapers and propaganda organs of the political parties who denounce it as a new form of Fascism.

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Security report

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:

Nothing to Report.

4. Political Activity:

(a) The political situation has changed very little. The public shows a marked lack of interest due to the poor economic situation with constantly increasing cost of living. (High Commissioner's Report for September 1945)

5. Relations with and Attitude Toward Allied Troops:

(a) Continued to be favorable.

6. Discipline:

(a) Very satisfactory for Italian troops.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk - Breaches of Security:

(a) Nothing to report.

(b) No apparent breaches security.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters:

(a) The High Commissioner reports that there is increased unemployment due to the return of the ex-prisoners of war and refugees from the mainland. It is understood that the Government is going to allocate a sum of money for public works to relieve unemployment in Sardinia.

(b) On 4 October 1945 there was a general strike ordered in Cagliari Province as a protest against high prices. All the laborers quit work for two (2) hours at mid-day paralyzing communications and industry. Demonstrations were held but there were no incidents.

(c) On 9 October 1945 the bakers went on strike. There was no bread for civilians that day. There was a demonstration around the bakery that bakes Allied bread but no damage was done. There were other demonstrations throughout Cagliari that were more serious. Hotels were stormed and sacked. The market was stripped of all its food and carts were tipped over. In the evening hand grenades were thrown resulting in injuring a Questura Agent. It has been rumored that similar demonstrations will be held throughout the island.

(d) Public officials were concerned about the low wheat supply. However, a Liberty ship has just arrived loaded with wheat which should ease this situation.

3. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher leaders:

Nothing to report.

2. Information (Black) on higher leaders:

Nothing to report.

LESTER R. ALBERT
Lt Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

6289

2004

To M.M.I.A.

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING DIVISION, SARDINIA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

24 September 1945

Ref : 319.13212

Subject : Reports, weekly

To : Hq Alcom, Ind. Sub-Commission, Min. Div. APO 394

1. COAL MINING
a. Production:

(1) Production for the week ending 22.9.45 totaled 13910 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 2318 tons per day which represents an average of 0.546 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.475 tons. South Group average 0.571

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4248 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply:

Carbosarda indicated a stock of about 48,000 lin. meters of pit props, sufficient for about 20 days work.

(5) Coal allocation, Sardinia.

Maj. Pirela, High Commissioner's Office, Cagliari, stated that Mining Division increased the Sulcis coal allocation from September to December to 15,000 tons monthly. This Office and Carbosarda would appreciate receiving confirmation.

(6) Coal shipments:

All advised steamers excepting the "Iberia" have been loaded. It is recommended that more tonnage be sent to S. Antioce to load and instructions be forwarded in advance. s/s "Edera" now at S. Antioce but no loading instructions have as yet been received.

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ELIOT GALLI
Mining Office, A.C.
Sardinia

SEP 25 1945
249

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 396
INDUSTRY SUB-COMMISSION
MINING DIVISION

Tel: 489081
Ext: 559

DEK/cc.

Ref: Mines-319.6

14 September 1945.

SUBJECT: Turn-Over of Sardinian Mining Office to
Italian Government Control.

TO : Acting Director, Industry Sub-Commission
Hq. A.C.

1. Effective 15 September 1945 all duties previously administered by the Sardinian Mining Office will be the responsibility of the Italian Government.

2. These responsibilities are as follows:

a. Daily report of coal production to Coal and Mining Divisions, Hq. Allied Commission.

b. Prepare weekly and monthly reports of production and shipments plus additional information concerning factors influencing production of coal.

c. Relay loading instructions and destination of coal boats arriving at Sant'Antioco coal loading port.

d. Work in liaison with High Commissioner for Sardinia on matter of coal allocations for Island.

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SEP 21 1945

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e. Work in conjunction with Mining Division, Hq. Alcom on matter of supplies and material for coal mines.

f. Lend technical advise and assistance to producing coal companies in effort to increase coal production. This responsibility was greatly minimized by Fan 487 and with complete Government Control ceases to exist.

3. In view of the grave coal situation through Italy it is deemed advisable that some person be delegated to continue the responsibilities outlined in paragraph 2 a., b., c., d., and e. This person to be employed by the coal company working for their interest, also acting as liaison with and performing those duties required by Coal Division, AFHQ and Alcom.

4. Reference paragraph 3 above, Mr. Eliot Galli a man of integrity with a background of exported coal and who for the past two years has been doing the bulk of work outlined in paragraph 2 for Sardinian Mining Division, Alcom, is deemed the best possible person to handle this office. Mr. Galli speaks fluent English and is an Italian citizen of English decent.

5. Arrangements have therefore been made with the Carbonifera Sarda (coal company), the High Commissioner for Sardinia and the local MMIA Representatives for Mr. Galli to assume these responsibilities. Mr. Galli will maintain offices along with other executives of the coal company within their main office building. Arrangements have been made through the High Commissioner of Sardinia for Mr. Galli to be provided with a car and gasoline to assist with the work.

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6. Work regarding paint pigments and metal mine operations previously handled by the Sardinian Mining Office will now be handled direct by those companies or Government agencies concerned. Paint pigments for the British Ordnance Paint Factory will be handled by a representative of that agency now in Sardinia.

7. Mr. Galli has been authorized by the Mining Division, Hq. Alcom to sign for them any documents pertaining to coal exports requiring the signature of an Allied mining officer.

DONALD S. KINGERY,
Capt. C.E.
Chief, Mining Division,
Ind. S/C, Hq. Alcom.

a/c - Carbozarda	(1)
High Comm. Sardinia	(1)
NSA Senior Staff	
Officer, Sardinia	(1)
A.Ga.I., Rome	(1)
AFHQ, Coal Division	(1)
Coal Div. Hq. AG.	(1)
Econ. Sect. AC	(1)
Float	(1)
Files, Mining Div.	(1)

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ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING DIVISION, SARDINIA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

Ref: 319.13212

Subject: Reports, weekly

To : Hq Alcom, Ind. Sub-Commission, Min. Div. APO 394

1. COAL MINING

a. Production:

(1) Production for the week ending 29.9.45 totaled 15245 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 2540 tons per day which represents an average of 0.585 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.514 tons. South Group average 0.60%.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4339 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Coal Shipments:

Above figures indicate a steady increase in production which Carbonarda considers can maintain in future. Actual stock at S. Antioce over 10,000 tons. 2/3 ratings (5000 tons) completed loading this morning. Only boat advised to load is "Gaeta" (2000 tons) after which further colliers should be sent to S. Antioce and signalled in advance.

(5) Supply:

Min consideration of the increased output of coal it is again recommended that special attention be given to supply of pit-prop.

ELIOT GALLI
For Mining Div. A.C.
Sardinia

(2) Production for the week averaged 2540 tons per day which represents an average of 0.585 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.514 tons. South Group average 0.609.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4339 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Coal Shipments:

Above figures indicate a steady increase in production which Carbesarda considers can maintain in future. Actual stock at S. Anticeo over 30,000 tons. S/S "Estingo" (5000 tons) completed loading this morning. Only boat advised to load is "Gesta" (8000 tons) after which further colliers should be sent to S. Anticeo and signalled in advance.

(5) Supply:

In consideration of the increased output of coal it is again recommended that special attention be given to supply of pit-props.

ELIOT CALLI
For Mining Div.A.C.
Sardinia

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OCT 3 1945

Min. Div. - memo

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SARDINIA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

15 October 1945

Ref : 319.13212
Subject : Reports, weekly
To : Hq. Alcom, Ind. Sub-Commission, Mining Div. APO 394

1. COAL MINING

a. Production:

(1) Production for the week ending 13.10.45 totaled 12622 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 2104 tons per day which represents an average of 0.468 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.449 tons. South Group average 0.474

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4498 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

b. White strike:

Since the 11th inst. there is a "white strike" at some of the South Group pits. The following figures indicate the production per man per day for the week:

	<u>North Group</u>	<u>South Group</u>	<u>Total</u>
Mon. 8th	0.424	0.566	0.528
Tue. 9th	0.427	0.598	0.554
Wed. 10th	0.443	0.627	0.579
Thu. 11th	0.437	0.506	0.489
Fri. 12th	0.474	0.374	0.400
Sat. 13th	0.492	0.160	0.246

Cartosarda's Officials fear that other pits will follow the example of those that have already slackened production. Dr. Chieffi left Carbonia some days ago and is now in Rome. Ing. Rostan, who has been advised of the situation, is expected here to-day. The reason of the strike is mainly based on request for more food, secondly the men want clothes, shoes, etc. Also increased cost of bread and "pasta" has something to do with it. A certain number of men stretch

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From latest news had it would appear that the "Camera del lavoro" does not support this movement and that the Mine Committee throws the responsibility on a few miners who are causing the trouble.

3. Coal shipments:

The s/s "Gasta" arrived today at S. Antiooco. Loading orders this office referred to Ministry of War Transport, Cagliari (Dr. Pernis) who, through CO. GE. NA., obtained and gave the following instructions:

5000 tons R/W mix. - 2000 tons N° 4 - Destination GENOA

Same were immediately passed on to S. Antiooco. in

*Recd
16 Oct*

ELIOT GALLI
For Mining Div. A.C.
Sardinia

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Security Int.

(a) The political situation appears to be normal. However, the parties are actively engaged in preparations for the coming elections.

5. Relations with and Attitude Toward Allied Troops:

(a) Continues to be favorable.

6. Discipline:

(a) Very satisfactory for Italian troops.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk - Breaches of Security:

(a) Nothing to report.

(b) No apparent breaches of security.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters:

(a) AG Mining Officer reports that the men recently recruited from the continent were promised complete outfits of clothing and shoes and coal companies are not in a position to carry out these promises. In addition a large number of these recruits were clerks and clerks are not needed in mines. As a result, more than half of the men asked to return to the continent and this group has already been shipped back in order to prevent disorder.

(b) The High Commissioner reports that numerous demonstrations were held throughout the island for increased public works to relieve unemployment. The Ministere of Public Works and Post-War Relief have reviewed the situation and steps are being taken to relieve the situation.

(c) The local newspaper "La Voce Del Partigiano" has criticized the High Commissioner for Sardinia and other high ranking Italian Army and CC.RR. officers on the island. In my opinion some of this criticism is justified but the majority of it is just petty stuff.

B. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher leaders:
Nothing to report.

2. Information (Black) on higher leaders:
Nothing to report.

6281

LESTER E. ALBERT
Lt Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SARDINIA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

Ref: 319.11212

20 August 1945

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq Alcom, Ind Sub-Commission, Min Div, APO 394, U.S. Army

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 18 August 1945 totaled 8,044 tons of washed coal (4 days worked).

(2) Production for the week averaged 2011 tons per day which represents an average of 0.500 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.447 tons. South Group average 0.518.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4023 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation re pit-props critical. Mines are currently using anything they may find as pit-props. Delivery of a steady supply of mine timber is absolutely essential to continued production of coal. Fatality rate is up perhaps because of inexperienced timber-men.

b. Administration.

(1) The recent arrival of 379 men from the Continent to work in the coal mines is not reflected in the number of men reported as underground workers. Investigation as to why a corresponding increase was not reflected disclosed that men who were recruited on the Continent were promised complete outfits of clothing including shoes and the Coal Company at this time is not in position to carry out promises made to these men. Many of these men were clerks. We do not need clerks. Approximately 350 of the 379 men who arrived a few days ago have already requested transportation for return to the Continent. This same

(1) Production for week ending 10 August 1945 totaled 3,044 tons of washed coal (4 days worked).

(2) Production for the week averaged 2011 tons per day which represents an average of 0.500 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.447 tons. South Group average 0.518.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4023 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

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2. METAL MINES

2. Although we have demands for additional production of paint pigments it is becoming increasingly difficult to negotiate equitable prices because of the current inflationary situation. The supplies of paint pigments are now asking for prices well above world market prices in order to gain at least an even break on actual costs. Increased wages, premium for this and that

AUG 21 1945

declared by the Italian Government are directly reflected in the selling prices of all products from the mines. The latest Premium declared by the Italian Government is called "Premium for liberation" which amounts to 3000 lire per worker. This sum to the individual is relatively small as far as the individual is concerned but collectively for all of Italy it represents a factor which may only render more serious the present inflationary cycle. Demands are currently being made for a so called "Peace Premium" which would be followed by the usual gratuities for the Holiday Season at Christmas. Christmas gratuities amount to one week's pay for workers and one month's pay for clerks.

Recommend that we all go home.

2. As a matter of information we are advised that the Commissariato Proximi Alta Italia located in Milano have established the following prices on minerals: Zinc 68, Lead 62, Silver 10,000, Copper 180, Aluminum 150, Pig Iron 12, Steel 16, and Sheet Steel 29. All prices in lire per Kilogram.

MAX A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

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MAX A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

6279

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SARDINIA
APO 334, U.S. ARMY

M.M. 1.7

Ref: 319.13212

27 August 1945

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq Ales, 1st Sub-Commission, Min Div, APO 334

1. COAL MINING

A. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 25 August 1945 totaled 14,493 tons of washed coal (7 days worked).

(2) Production for the week averaged 2070 tons per day which represents an average of 0.503 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.418 tons. South Group average 0.533.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4116 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply

The mines have now been without pit-props for a full week. Local mine timber is being used where possible. A sixty day reserve should be provided without delay. Approximately 200,000 lin meters should be provided for this purpose. This in addition to normal requirements.

If channels for procurement of supplies are changed from military to civilian, full consideration should be given to the inertia of civilian channels. Adequate supplies of expendable items should be arranged for to bridge over the change-over period.

Attention invited to situation on fuel. Approximately one week's supply on hand as of even date.

B. Administration.

The financial condition of the Coal Company remains

14,495 tons of washed coal (7 days worked).

(2) Production for the week averaged 2070 tons per day which represents an average of 0.503 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.418 tons. South Group average 0.533.

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(4) Supply

The mines have not been without pit-prop for a full week. Local mine timber is being used where possible. A sixty day reserve should be provided without delay. Approximately 200,000 lin meters should be provided for this purpose. This in addition to normal requirements.

If channels for procurement of supplies are changed from military to civilian, full consideration should be given to the inertia of civilian channels. Adequate supplies of expendable items should be arranged for to bridge over the change-over period.

Attention invited to situation on fuse. Approximately one week's supply on hand as of even date.

b. Administration.

The financial condition of the Coal Company remains critical pending an increase in the selling price of coal. The clerks were due to be paid today (27 Aug) but they cannot be paid because of insufficient funds.

It was recommended some 18 months ago that consumer items of goods such as clothing, shoes, dress goods, notions, etc. be placed in the local stores and sold under strict control in order to restore in some degree the purchasing value of the money received by the miners as wages. Until this is accomplished it is absolutely useless to continue raising wages or giving the miners outright gifts of cash as premiums under one pretext or the other. At present large quantities of fuse are being stolen from the mines and unraveled to obtain the cotton thread from which they are making cloth tops for shoes and other articles which the people urgently need. Explosives are also being stolen for sale to the fishermen who use the explosive to illegally procure fish.

Mining Rev.

Control of these items is practically impossible since there exists little or no discipline in the mines. Formally the miners could be required to pass through the wash-house for a bath and change of clothing before going home but since they have no soap or the necessary change of clothing it is useless to process them through the wash-house. This procedure would minimize thefts.

Infant mortality and the venereal rate are far above normal in the area because of shortage of suitable food for special diets and medicines. The number of doctors available is adequate but they are helpless without the necessary drugs and medicines, therefore the majority of them have gone vacationing.

The above information may explain in part why labor from the Continent is unwilling to remain here. The majority of the workers who came from the Continent recently have subsequently been provided transport back to the Continent. The experiment was very costly to the Coal Company. Incidentally the Coal Company was in no way at fault.

As a matter of information to all concerned the prospects of a substantial increase in the production rate of coal from Cardine in tune to meet the heavy demands of the coming winter are practically nil and from the personal observation of this Officer the situation shall remain status quo until the Italian Government decides to give coal production priority over politics. Drastic immediate action must be taken to provide labor and the facilities for taking care of the new men if coal production is to be achieved.

2. NETAL MINES

No change from previous report;

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MAJ A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

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As a matter of information to all concerned the prospects of a substantial increase in the production rate of coal from Sardinia in time to meet the heavy demands of the coming winter are practically nil and from the personal observation of this Officer the situation shall remain status quo until the Italian Government decides to give coal production priority over politics. Prompt immediate action must be taken to provide labor and the facilities for taking care of the new men if coal production is to be achieved.

2. METAL MINES

No change from previous report.

6277

MAJ. A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

M.M.I.A.

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SARDINIA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

3 September 1945

Ref: 319.13212

Subject: Reports, weekly

To: Hq., Alcom, Ind. Sub-Commission, Min. Div, APO 394.

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 1.9.1945 totaled 12,688 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 2148 tons per day which represents an average of 0.519 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.470 tons. South Group average 0.537.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4135 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply.

The mines continue to remain w/o pit-props. However a shipment was expected to arrive at S. Antiooco on 3 September 1945.

Capt. Kingery now out of cigars.

(5) The shipping situation as pertains to coal carrying transport has again deteriorated. The last three ships which have arrived at S. Antiooco found this office without advance information as to desired cargo or destination. The most recent example of the unsatisfactory situation is the s/s "Wista" which arrived 29 August 1945 and as of the date of this report no instructions have been received although requests went forward by signal when we were unable to call Rome by 'phone.

2. METAL MINING

No change.

6276

MAX A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,

SEP 4 1945

Chief Mining Officer

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SARDINIA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

10 September 1945

REF : 319.13212

SUBJECT : Reports, weekly

TO : Hq. Alocm, Ind. Sub-Commission, Min. Div., APO 394.

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 8.9.1945 totaled 9,854 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1971 tons per day which represents an average of 0.492 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.446 tons. South Group average 0.509.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 4005 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has decreased.

(4) Supply:

The Pit-prop supply - with the arrival of s/s "Bornholm" (abt. 1020 tons), s/s "Campioglio" (abt 130 tons), "Maria S." (abt. 70 tons) is for the time being satisfactory.

(5) The shipping situation is unsatisfactory. s/s "Viola" is still at S. Antiocho awaiting for orders and this Office has not as yet received any information as to desired cargo and destination.

2. METAL MINING

No change.

6275

Capt Don S. Kingery
Chief Mining Officer

1. Production.

- (1) Production for week ending 8.9.1945 totaled 9,854 tons of washed coal.
- (2) Production for the week averaged 1971 tons per day which represents an average of 0.492 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.446 tons. South Group average 0.509.

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(5) The shipping situation is unsatisfactory. s/s "Viale" is still at S. Antonio awaiting for orders and this Office has not as yet received any information as to desired cargo and destination.

2. METAL MINING

No change.

8275

Capt Ben S. Kingery
Chief Mining Officer

SEP 14 1945

(K)

1st Soldier David Smith
2nd Co. 38th Inf. Regt.

6274

security reports

LIAISON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION ON
ALLIED COMMISSION (MGLA)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.P.O. 594, U.S. Army

20 August 1945

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Commission A.C. (MGLA)

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 16

Period from 21 July to 20 Aug. 45.

A. General Security

1. Morale

(a) Morale among the Italian soldiers here in Sardinia appears to be high. No complaints have been received.

(b) Public morale is pretty low. According to the High Commissioner's Report for the month of July 1945, the people are worried about the economic situation. The economic depression has caused agitation especially in Sassari Province where due to food difficulties and unemployment public protests against the local administration are frequent. The CC.RR. confirm this latter statement by informing us that five (5) public demonstrations in the Sassari Province have been held in the past month causing injuries to two (2) CC.RR. and one civilian. Also demonstrations have been held in Iglesias, Olbia and Cagliari. The Cagliari demonstration demanded that prices of shoes and clothing be reduced.

(c) The Italian's declaration of war against Japan was accepted very favorably. The end of the war enthusiastically received by all. Everybody seemed to be relieved that the war had finally ended. 6273

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:
Nothing to Report.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:
Nothing to Report.

4. Political Activity

(a) On the whole the political situation is normal. The parties are intensifying their propaganda in view of the coming administrative and political elections. Distrust against the Partisans' movement has been diminishing since the removal of Secretary Porcu still under arrest. The man who has replaced Porcu has shown himself to be more moderate and independent from the extreme leftist.

5. Relations with and Attitude Toward Allied Troops

(a) Continues to be favorable.

6. Discipline

(a) Very satisfactory for Italian Troops

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk; Breaches of Security

(a) Nothing to report

(b) No apparent breaches of security

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters

(a) A.C. Mining Officer reports that the labor situation in the mines is under control. The amount of laborers has been increased steadily. Recently about 500 workers arrived from the continent and no unfavorable reaction has been reported as yet.

(b) The labor situation is satisfactory on a whole. However, in Sassari unemployment among bricklayers has become acute. The High Commissioner's Office is studying to see if Public Works projects can be put through to relieve the situation.

B. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher Leaders
Nothing to Report

2. Information (Black) on higher Leaders
Nothing to Report

6272

LESTER R. ALBERT
Lt. Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SARDINIA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

23 July 1945.

Ref: 319.13212

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq Alcoa, Industry Sub-Commission, Mining Division,
APO 394, U.S. Army.

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 21 July 1945 totaled 11,247 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1874 tons per day which represents an average of 0.486 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.425 tons. South Group average 0.512 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3852 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory with the exception of pit-props. Estimated stocks as of even date 40,000 lin. meters or sufficient for about 15 days operation.

(5) Attention is again invited to the accumulated stock of 34,000 tons now on the pier at S. Antiooco. It is recommended that additional shipping be provided to reduce these stocks to 15,000 tons in anticipation of the coming winter season.

2. METAL MINES

Delivery of remainder of paint pigments now on order will be completed in August.

6271

1. COAL MININGa. Production.

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2. METAL MINES

Delivery of remainder of paint pigments now on order will be completed in August.

6271

MAX A. MATTHEWS
Maj. Inf.
Chief Mining Officer.

JUL 24 1945

Get Min. Dis. Tool

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE

SARINIA

APC

394

16 JULY 1945

Ref: 213.13012

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq. Alcom, Industry Sub-Commission, Mining Division,
APO 394, U.S. Army

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 14 July 1945 totaled 11,408 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1901 tons per day which represents an average of 0.515 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.442 tons. South Group average 0.547 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3683 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory with the exception of pit-prop. Estimated stocks as of even date 37,500 linsters or sufficient for about 10 days operation.

(5) Financial situation has eased up somewhat due to the receipt of a substantial payment of retrospective income from sales during past year. The Company continues to operate at a loss and any available reserves may soon be depleted. Either subsidies must be resorted to or selling prices for coal must be increased. The stocks on the pier at S. Antico are now up to 33,792 tons and represents a large part of the Company's working capital. Recommend that shipping be provided to reduce these stocks to 15,000 tons.

6270

2. WATER MINES

Company's water situation concerning the water mines are covered

1. COAL MINING

A. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 14 July 1945 totaled 11,408 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1301 tons per day which represents an average of 0.515 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.442 tons. South Group average 0.547 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3688 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory with the exception of pit-prop. Estimated stocks as of even date 27,500 lin meters or sufficient for about 10 days operation.

(5) Financial situation has eased up somewhat due to the receipt of a substantial payment of retroactive income from sales during past year. The Company continues to operate at a loss and any available reserves may soon be depleted. Either subsidies must be resorted to or selling prices for coal must be increased. The stocks on the pier at S. Antico are now up to 33,722 tons and represents a large part of the Company's working capital. Recommend that shipping be provided to reduce these stocks to 15,000 tons.

6270

2. METAL MINES

One or two matters concerning the metal mines are covered in separate letters now in the mail.

MAX A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

JUL 13 1945

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SADDIPALA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

30 July 1945.

u

Ref: 319.13212

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: The Assoc. Industry Sub-Commission, Mining Division,
APO 394, U.S. Army.

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 28 July 1945 totaled 11,793 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1866 tons per day which represents an average of 0.508 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.422 tons. South Group average 0.542 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3670 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory with the exception of pit-prop.

(5) Administration:

(a) Recent checks on wages being paid the men indicate minimum total earnings of 14,000 lire per month, average monthly earnings of 8,000 lire per month, and minimum wages of 4,500 lire per month. These figures include all earnings from basic pay, piece-work and bonuses. Knowledge of high wages in the coal mines is causing an unfavorable reaction among employees in other industry, especially the metal mines.

(b) Reference is made to previous reports of 2499 unsatisfactory financial situation of Carboraria. The office workers were not paid on the 27th as is customary. As of the date of this report they still had not been paid. It is not difficult to understand why the situation exists when we assume that some 7500 persons are on the payroll at an average

2. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 20 July 1945 totaled 11,785 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1968 tons per day which represents an average of 0.508 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.422 tons. South Group average 0.548 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3870 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory with the exception of pit-prop.

(5) Administration:

(a) Recent checks on wages being paid the men indicate maximum total earnings of 14,000 lire per month, average monthly earnings of 8,000 lire per month, and minimum wages of 4,500 lire per month. These figures include all earnings from base pay, piece-work and bon fits. Knowledge of high wages in the coal mines is causing an unfavourable reaction among employees in other industry, especially the metal mines.

(b) Reference is made to previous reports of ²¹⁰⁹ unsatisfactory financial situation of Carbone. The office workers were not paid on the 27th as is customary. As of the date of this report they still had not been paid. It is not difficult to understand why the situation exists when we assume that some 7500 persons are on the payroll at an average of about 8,000 lire monthly which make a payroll of 60,000,000 lire monthly. Against this we may assume 40,000 tons production at 1,000 lire per ton which makes 40,000,000 lire or a monthly deficit of 20,000,000 lire. This does not take into consideration the other many extensive obligations of the Company.

2. METAL MINES:

A demand has been received requesting that contracts be placed for a further 9 months supply of paint pigments. The conditions under which this may be accomplished has been forwarded in a separate letter.

JUL 21 1945

MAX A. MATTHEWS

Maj. Inf.

Chief Mining Officer.

Tab. Enc.

COMMUNICATIONS RELAYING PUBLIC OPINION IN GASTORIA

Phonogram received from the CC.M. in Iglesias on 14 July, 40/150-8.

On 8 July in Guspini by initiative of the Sindaco, Paolo Eugenio, and of the secretary of the Liberation Committee, Piga Gigi, a People's Front Control Committee was formed composed of 15 members although explicit orders have been issued by the President not allowing this. The members of this committee belong to the Communist and Socialist Party. Their protest was to control private businesses but in reality they intended to subjugate the whole population. I have ordered this organization to stop all activities and ordered the CC.M. in Guspini to denounce the same for the crimes perpetrated by individuals and members of the Fascist Party and only the last article for those who have already exercised authority in public functions. No arrest is foreseen. Signed Captain Casella.

Telegram received from the CC.M. in Olbia on 25 June 1943 25/4 restricted

At about 1100 hours of 24 June about 1000 persons demonstrated in front of the Comune building in Olbia with the intention of occupying same as a sign of protest against the Sindaco, Avv. Gensini Paolo. The intervention of the CC.M. blocked the organization of the crowd into the building and stopped painful consequences. Signed Lt. Nulu

Phonogram received from the CC.M. in Sassari on 15 July 1943. 56/102.

CC.M. Olbia have informed me of unrest among butchers and cattle dealers in that some because their livestock ^{was} embarked on 25/ Lampedusa due to suspected destructionism. Cattle leaders of the town intend to strike to show their solidarity with a category if on the next embarkation priority is not given to the butchers and free cattle dealers. Signed Colonel Lottu.

Telegram received from CC.M. in Somo on 7 July.

At 1130 hours on 6 July in the town of Somo (Sassari) about 200 persons assembled in front of the municipal building and staged a demonstration with the intention of lynching Comune Secretary Paganini accused of administrative irregularities and lawlessness toward the population. The CC.M. intervened and impeded the mob from breaking into the building. At about 12.30 hours the mob succeeded in breaking into the building and were engaged in the building. Unknown persons fired several shots and a shot failed to harm the CC.M. The CC.M. then shot 15 rounds in the air and succeeded in quieting the population. CC.M. Degall Cavallotti of the Somo station, family residence Cavallotti, was wounded by a pistol shot in the left eye and left side of body. Recovery expected in 30 days. Mariadella Demora Bartolomeo, commander of the station was hit in a shot in the left hand. Recovery expected in 3 days. A civilian, Paga Maria, age 17, student was also wounded by a pistol shot. It is not known who fired

6268

One shot - visible in 25 days. The CC.M. and civilian wounded were taken to the Mauro Villa Hospital. The Communist Secretary about the shot in this station and in the morning was returned to his home and no inconveniences took place. Conditions are normal. Five percent were arrested. Demonstrations were sent to the Pope station. Signed Lt Jones.

Memogram received from CC.M. Sassari dated 9 July 1945. No. 94/a.

At 1800 hours of 8 July in Portoferrajo, (Sassari) about 400 persons mostly women staged a demonstration in front of the Comune Building and the home of the Sindaco requesting distribution of grain for pasta and bread ration because that issued was almost negligible due to foreign substances contained in it. Comune administration promised to take this matter up with the Province authorities. Conditions are normal awaiting measures from higher authorities. Signed Maresciallo Alfonsi.

Telegram from CC.M. At Sassari on 11 July. No. 95/s.

Urgent Signal 95/a Dated 8 July. 13 hours of 11 July in Portoferrajo (Sassari) about 500 persons invaded Comune Building to protest against the decision of the Liberation Committee, as they intended to inform the SMIL in Sassari that they would issue flour for bread and pasta and request the issue of grain, in place of flour, from the local granary. In this new order has been maintained. Signed Maresciallo Alfonsi.

Telegram received from the CC.M. at Alghero on 14 July. No. 7/17.

At 2200 hours of 13 July in front of the CC.M. station at UBI (Sassari); through intervention of the Sindaco Giovanni Pintore, about 100 persons met and staged a truck loaded with olive oil which was withdrawn at the UBI corner and handed for the Consorzio in Sassari. Unknown persons threw stones and slightly wounded Paolo Mario and Gianni Giovanni Mario both from Sassari and employed at the Consorzio at the same city. CC.M. intervened and truck departed at 0000 of 14 July with complete load of olive oil. The Sindaco - Mancu - provoked this demonstration to impede the loading of this olive oil, previously sequestered from him by the Finance Guards. Signed Maresciallo Mendis.

Memogram received from CC.M. Sassari on 16 July. No. 92/93.

At 1030 hours of 16 July 250 unemployed demonstrated in front of the municipal building requesting work and particularly street work to be started on the war damaged port and houses. The demonstration peacefully disbanded after 1 hour due to intervention of CC.M. and town authorities. No arrest is foreseen if work is not found for these unemployed due to their poor economic conditions.

Signed Capt Cortes

6267

REGIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DI CAGLIARI
UFFICIO SERVIZIO

N° 9/62 di P/llo. Ric. Pers. Cagliari, 11 17 luglio 1945. =

AL COLONNELLO ALBERT - M.M.I.A. -

CAGLIARI

..... per notizia. =



IL COLONNELLO COMANDANTE
 - Mario Quercia -

or./

Handwritten signature

6266

SUGGERIMENTI RIGUARDANTI L'ORDINE PUBBLICO IN SARDEGNA

PONORRATHA - pervenuto dalla Compagnia CC.RR. di Iglesias in data 14 luglio 1945. =

N° 48/153-2 - Cinque corrente in Guspini per iniziativa quel dimisso PAIA Eugenio et segretario comitato centrale liberazione FICA Gigi malgrado esplicito divieto Prefetto Cagliari veniva istituita commissione popolare monaria composta 15 cittadini, ligi soli partiti comunista et socialista locali con pretesto controllare commercio privati in realtà scopo tenere soggezione intera popolazione punto/Disposto diffida orale organizzatori et cessare subito attività et ordinato arma Guspini procedere denuncia medesimo per reati previsti articoli 415 et 347 codice penale et solo ultimo articolo carico coloro che già hanno esercitato arbitrariamente pubbliche funzioni punto Non prevenzioni incidenti fine P/to: Egitano Causella. =

TELEORANTIA - pervenuto dalla Tenenza CC.RR. di Olbia in data 25-6-1945. =

N° 25/4 Riseruato - Ore undici 24 corrente circa migliaio persone ricevasi improvvisamente casseggiato municipale Olbia scopo occuparlo segno protesta contro sindaco avvocato Paolo SENGHI punto Intervento moderato riusciva impedire irruzione folla nel casseggiato municipale et dolorose conseguenze fine P/to: Tenente Ruin. =

PONORRATHA - pervenuto dal Gruppo CC.RR. di Sassari in data 6 luglio 1945.

N° 38/102 - Tenenza Olbia segnala malcontento macellai et liberi commercianti bestiame quella zona per mancato imbarco piroscalo "LARGARO" loro bestiame dovuto a sospetto ostruzionismo punto Caricatori posto istruzione scioperare per solidarietà suddetta categoria qualora presso **8203** sbarco non venisse data precedenza et macellai e liberi commercianti fine P/to: Colon-

Paolo Ruffa.

locali con pretesto controllare commercio privati in realtà scopo tenere
soggezione intera popolazione punto. Disposto diffida orale organizzatori
at censare subito attività et ordinato Arma Guspini procedere denuncia ne-
simi per reati previsti articoli 415 et 347 codice penale et solo ultimo
articolo carico coloro che già hanno esercitato arbitrariamente pubbliche
funzioni punto Non prevedono incidenti fine 7/10: Capitano Cossella.-

TELEGRAMMA - pervenuto dalla Penenza CC.RR. di Olbia in data 25-6-1945.-
N° 25/4 riservato - Ore undici 24 corrente circa migliaia persone ricevasi
improvvisamente casggiato municipale Olbia scopo occuparlo segno protesta
contro sinisico avvocato Paolo SEBBIANI punto intervento moderato rinuncia
impedire irruzione folla nel casggiato municipale et dolorose conseguenze
fine 7/10: Tenente Guin.-

TELEGRAMMA - pervenuto dal Gruppo CC.RR. di Sassari in data 6 luglio 1945.
N° 58/102 - Tenenza Olbia segnala malcontento macellai et liberi commer-
cianti bestiame quella zona per mancato imbarco piresaio "LANGANO" loro
bestiame dovuto a soggetto ostuzionismo punto Caricatori posto intenzione
cooperare per solidarietà suddetta categoria qualora presso **82 (35)** sbarco non
variesse data precedenza at macellai e liberi commercianti fine 7/10: Colon-
nello Mattu.-

TELEGRAMMA - pervenuto dalla Sezione CC.RR. di Bono in data 9 luglio 1945.-
N° 356/6 - Ore 11,30 giorno 8 luglio 1945 abito o Bono provincia Sassari
circa 600 persone radunate episcopolata davanti locale municipio inscena-
rono dimostrazione ostile esternando proposito linciaggio segretario come-
nale PASILLAZZO Mario accento preannunci irregolarità amministrative et

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marcia verso popolazione punto Militari arma prontamente inter-
venuti riuscivano ad impedire più volte che folla molto eccitata penetrasse
locali comunali punto Verso ore 13.30 scalmanati riuscivano ad irrompere
atrio comune venendo ivi ancora fermati punto Alcuni colpi pistola par-
titi da ignoti et tentativo disarmo militari arma provocavano reazione
eccessi militari che sparavano circa 15 colpi pistola et moschetto aria con-
sentendo così ristabilimento situazione punto Carabinieri RAFAELLI Cevaldo
stazione Bona cl. 1918 famiglia residente comune Capanoli provincia Pisa
riportava ferite arma fuoco et braccio et costato sinistro giudicato
guaribile giorni trenta prognosi riservate punto Maresciallo maggiore
DOLERA Bartolomeo comandante sezione riportava ferite mano sinistra pro-
dotte da sassate guaribile giorni otto punto Civile PALLA Mario anni 17
studente riportava ferita pure arma fuoco provenienza imprecisata guaribile
giorni 25 prognosi riservata punto Militari arma et civile feriti ricoverati
Capedale civile fuoro punto Segretario comune dopo aver trascorso notte
questa camera misura precauzionale veniva stemata restituito propria abi-
tazione senza ulteriori inconvenienti punto Situazione in atto normale
punto Osservati alcuni ferai punto Stazione adeguatamente rinforzata fine
punto: Tenente Genio Comandante Interinale compagnia Casari servizio Bona."

TELEGRAMMA- pervenuto dalla tenenza CC. RR. di Bonorva in data 9 luglio 1945.

Nº 99/8 di protocollo - Ore dodici oggi 9 luglio 1945 in Pomeriggio
provincia Sassari circa quattrocento persone in prevalenza donne incesna-
vano dimostrazione ufficio comunale et abitazione sindaco chiedendo distri-
buzione grano per ragione pane et pasta siccome quella distribuita pressochè
insufficiente per presenza materie estranee punto Amministrazione comune ha
promesso interramento con autorità provinciali punto Ordine pubblico nor-
male punto Maresciallo

sezione sono civili famiglia residente come Capanoif provincia Pisa
riportava ferite arma fuoco et braccio et costato sinistro giudicato
guaribile giorni trenta prognosi riservata punto Maresciallo maggiore
DCMAIRA Bartolomeo comandante sezione riportava ferita mano sinistra pro-
dotta da schiatta guaribile giorni otto punto Civile FALA Mario anni 17
studente riportava ferita pure arma fuoco prevenienza imprecisata guaribile
giorni 25 prognosi riservata punto Militari ARMA et civile feriti ricoverati
Ospedale civile Duoro punto Segretario comando dopo aver trascorso notte
questa caserma minima preguzionale veniva staziona restituito propria abi-
tazione senza ulteriori inconvenienti punto Situazione in atto normale
punto Operati alcuni fermi punto Stazioni adeguatamente rinforzata fine
V/to: Tenente Genio Comandante interinale compagnia Olieri servizio Bono.

TELEGRAMMA - pervenuto dalla tenenza CC.RR. di Ponerva in data 9 luglio 1945.

N°99/8 di protocollo - Ore dodici oggi 9 luglio 1945 in Pozzomaggiore
provincia Sassari circa quattrocento persone in prevalenza donne incesen-
vano dimostrazione ufficio comunale et abitazione sindaco onledanio distri-
buzione grano per razione pane et pasta siccome quella distribuita pressochè
irraggiungibile per presenza materie estranee punto Amministrazione comune ha
promesso interessamento con autorità provinciali punto Ordine pubblico nor-
malizzato in attesa provvedimenti autorità superiori punto P/to: Maresciallo
Alfonsi.

ALTRA TELEGRAMMA - pervenuto dalla tenenza CC.RR. Bonorva in data 11-7-1945.

N°99/9 - seguito segnalazione 99/8 nove corrente punto Ore tredici oggi
undici luglio 1945 in Pozzomaggiore provincia Sassari circa cinquecento
persone invadevano edificio comunale per protestare contro decisione quel
comitato comunale liberazione con intesa rappresentare SIPRAI Sassari

./.

che aveva disposto distribuzione farina integrale per pane et pasta pretendendo distribuzione grano in luogo farina tramite Granaio del popolo punto Ordine pubblico finora contenuto punto P/ro: Maresciallo Alfonsi

TEMERARIA - pervenuto dalla sezione CC.RR. di Alghero il 14-7-1945. =

N° 87/17 - Predilei luglio 1945 ore 22 dimmi caserma URI (SASSARI) dietro istigazione locale sindaco MAURO Giovanni Pietro circa cento persone radunavansi et lapidavano partenza autocarro olio prelevato presso caserma URI et diretto Consorzio Agrario Sassari punto Sconosciuti innanziavano sassi facendo lievemente FALDA Mario trentenne murd ore da Sassari et sigaro sinistro et SASSA Giovanni Maria trentaduenne da Oasi impiegati Consorzio Agrario Sassari at TIRIA destra punto Per pronto perquisivo intervento militari arma manifestazione terminava et autocarro partiva con carico effettuato ore 0,30 quattordici correnti punto Sindaco MAURO Emet provocato disordine per impedire carico partita sua partenza recentemente sequestrato guardie finanze et giacente locale ammesso punto P/ro: Maresciallo Manti.

PUNOCRAZIA - pervenuto dalla compagnia CC.RR. Sassari il 15 luglio 1945. =

N° 92/22 - Ore 10,30 odierno in Portotorres radunavansi ~~624~~ ⁶²⁸ municipalio 250 operai disoccupati chiedendo immediato lavoro et particolarmente inizio lavori ristamento impianti portuali nonché case danneggiate da bombardamenti punto dimostranti inducendosi dopo circa mezz'ora a slogliersi pacificamente per opera persuasione arma et autorità inter-

Declassified E.O. 12065 Section 3-402/HQDC HQ.

n.º 92/22 - Ore 10,30 odierne in Pertototres ragunavansi 624⁹³ municipi-
 pio 250 operai disoccupati ocidente innulato lavoro et particolarmente
 inizio lavori riattamento impianti portuali nonchè case danneggiate
 da bombardamenti punto Dimostranti inducessavansi dopo circa mezz'ora
 sciogliersi pacificamente per opera persuasione Arms et autorità inter-
 vènute punto Ore non prevedesani dare calato lavoro prevedesani nuovi et
 maggiori disordini ante tragica situazione economica disoccupati punto
 v/to: Capitano Corriga.

W/To: Capitano Corriga. w

785020

COMMUNICATIONS REGARDING PUBLIC ORDER IN SARDINIA

Phonegram received from the CC.RR. in Iglesias on 14 July, 46/153-2.

On 5 July in Guspini by initiative of the Sindaco, Pala Eugenio, and of the secretary of the Liberation Committee, Piga Gigi, a People's Food Control Committee was formed composed of 15 members although explicit orders have been issued by the Prefect not allowing this. The members of this committee belong to the Communist and Socialist Party. Their pretext was to control private businesses but in reality they intended to subjugate the whole population. I have ordered the organizers to stop all activities and ordered the CC.RR. in Guspini to denounce the same for the crimes contemplated by articles 416 and 417 of the Penal Code and only the last article for those who have already exercised arbitrarily public functions. No unrest is foreseen. Signed Captain Cancelli.

Telegram received from the CC.RR. in Olbia on 25 June 1966 25/4 Restricted

At about 1100 hours of 24 June about 1000 persons demonstrated in front of the Comune building in Olbia with the intention of occupying same as a sign of protest against the Sindaco, Avv. Sensi Paolo. The intervention of the CC.RR. blocked the eruption of the crowd into the building and stopped painful consequences. Signed Lt. Ruiu

Phonegram received from the CC.RR. in Sassari on 16 July 1946. 54/102.

CC.RR. Olbia have informed us of unrest among butchers and cattle dealers in that some because their livestock embarked on SS/ Langano due to suspected obstructionism. Cattle loaders of the town intend to strike to show their solidarity with a/m categories if on the next embarkation priority is not given to the butchers and free cattle dealers. Signed Colonel Mattu.

Telegram received from CC.RR. in Somo on 9 July.

At 1130 hours of 6 July in the town of Somo (Sassari) about 600 persons assembled in front of the municipal building and staged a demonstration with the intention of lynching Comune Secretary Pagliaro Munzio accused of administrative irregularities and lack of tact toward the population. The CC.RR. intervened and impeded the mob from breaking into the building. At about 15.30 hours some rioters succeeded in breaking into the building but were stopped in the hallway. Unknown persons fired several shots and the mob tried to disarm the CC.RR. The CC.RR. shot about 15 rounds in the air and succeeded in quieting the population. CC.RR. Bagagli Cavaldo of the Somo station, family residence Capanoli, Pisa, was wounded by a pistol shot on the left arm and left side of body. recovery expected in 30 days. Marisciallo Dondera Bartolomeo, constable of the station was hit by a stone on the left hand. recovery expected in 8 days. A civilian, Paoa Mario, age 17, student was also wounded by a pistol shot. It is not known who fired

this shot - curable in 25 days. The CC.RR. and civilian wounded were taken to the Nuoro Civil Hospital. The Comune Secretary spent the night in this station and in the morning was returned to his home and no inconveniences took place. Conditions are normal. Some persons were arrested. Reinforcements were sent to the Nono station. Signed Lt Genoa.

Phonogram - Received from CC.RR. Bonorva dated 9 July 1945. No. 99/8.

At 1200 hours of 9 July in Pozzomaggiore, (Sassari) about 400 persons mostly women staged a demonstration in front of the Comune building and the head of the Sindaco requesting distribution of grain for pasta and bread ration because that issued was almost inedible due to foreign substances contained in it. Comune administration promised to take this matter up with the Province authorities. Conditions are normal awaiting measures from higher authorities. Signed Maresciallo Alfonsi.

Telegram from CC.RR. At Bonorva on 11 July. No. 99/8.

Pursuant signal 99/8 dated 9 July. 13 hours of 11 July in Pozzomaggiore (Sassari) about 500 persons invaded Comune Building to protest against the decision of the Liberation Committee, as they intended to inform the SEPRA in Sassari that they would issue flour for bread and pasta and wanted the issue of grain, in place of flour, from the local grainery. Up till now order has been maintained. Signed Maresciallo Alfonsi.

Telegram Received from the CC.RR. at Alghero on 14 July. No. 87/17.

At 2200 hours of 13 July in front of the CC.RR. station at UHI (Sassari), through instigation of the Sindaco Emma Giovanni Pietro, about 100 persons met and stopped a truck loaded with olive oil which was withdrawn at the Uri Azzesi and headed for the Consorzio in Sassari. Unknown persons threw stones and slightly wounded Fadda Mario and Emma Giovanni Maria both both from Sassari and employed at the Consorzio of the same city. CC.RR. intervened and truck departed at 0050 of 14 July with complete load of olive oil. The Sindaco - Emma - provoked this demonstration to impede the loading of this olive oil, previously sequestered from him by the Finance Guards. Signed Maresciallo Mandia.

Phonogram Received from CC.RR. Sassari on 13 July. No. 92/27.

At 1030 hours of 13 July 250 unemployed demonstrated in front of the Municipal building requesting work and particularly stressed that work be started on the war damaged port and homes. The demonstrators peacefully disbanded after 1/2 hour due to intervention of CC.RR. and town authorities. New unrest is foreseen if work is not found for unemployed due to their poor economic conditions.

Signed Capt Corrigan

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SARDINIA
APO 394, U.S. ARMY

6 August 1945

Ref: 319.13212

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq Alcom, Industry Sub-Commission, Mining Division,
APO 394, U.S. Army.

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 4 August 1945 totaled 12,187 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 3031 tons per day which represents an average of 0.532 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.469 tons. South Group average 0.587

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3817 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has decreased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory with the exception of pit-props. Estimated six days stock now on hand.

b. Administration:

(1) Repeated requests have been made to the Management of the Coal Company to furnish this office with an operating statement covering either the month of June or July. The information is desired to assist the Management in taking immediate action to solve their present financial difficulties. Apparently this information is either not available or the Management is reluctant to provide the requested data. Partial information has been promised for delivery today.

(2) The pit-prop situation is currently worse than usual due to non-delivery of operating requirements. The North Group of mines have shown slow but steady improvement in the production rate. If pit-props are not made

(1) Production for the week averaged 2031 tons per day which represents an average of 0.532 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.469 tons. South Group average 0.537

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b. Administration:

(1) Repeated requests have been made to the Management of the Coal Company to furnish this office with an operating statement covering either the month of June or July. The information is desired to assist the Management in taking immediate action to solve their present financial difficulties. Apparently this information is either not available or the Management is reluctant to provide the requested data. Partial information has been promised for delivery today.

(2) The pit-prop situation is currently worse than usual due to non-delivery of operating requirements. The North Group of mines have shown slow but steady improvement in the production rate. If pit-props are not made available before present limited stocks are exhausted it may set the North Group back a full month in their efforts to increase the production effort.

2. Metal Mines:

No change from previous report.

MAX A. MATTHEWS
Maj. Inf.
Chief Mining Officer

AUG 3, 1945

M.M.I.A.

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE, SARDINIA
APO 334, U.S. ARMY

15 August 1945

Ref. : 319.13212

Subject : Reports, weekly

To : Hq. Alcom, Industry Sub-Commission, Mining Division,
APO 334, U.S. Army.

1. COAL MINING

a. Production:

(1) Production for week ending 11 August 1945 totaled 12,344 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 2041 tons per day which represents an average of 0.525 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.485 tons. South Group average 0.541.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3881 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory with the exception of pit-props. Carbonaria reports as of even date 4000 lin. meters imported mine timber and 3000 lin. meters local timber remaining in stock. This is sufficient for about three (3) days additional production.

b. Administration:

(1) No attach copy of June operating statement for your information. Please note that coal is currently being sold at approx. 50% of its production cost.

(2) Visitors during the past week were Capt. A. P. Radcliffe of A.C. Rome; Col. C. A. Green, U.S. Embassy; Mr. C. W. Wright and Mr. J. H. West, U.S. Bureau of Mines, Washington.

2. Metal Mines.

No change from previous report.

6259

MAX A. MATTHEWS
Maj. Inf.

Chief Mining Officer

per day which represents an average of 0.523 tons per man underground per day. North Group average was 0.488 tons. South Group average 0.541.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3881 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory with the exception of pit-props. Carbo-surda reports as of even date 4000 lin. meters imported mine timber and 3000 lin. meters local timber remaining in stock. This is sufficient for about three (3) days additional production.

b. Administration:

(1) We attach copy of June operating statement for your information. Please note that coal is currently being sold at approx. 50% of its production cost.

(2) Visitors during the past week were Capt. A. F. Radcliffe of A.C. Rome; Col. C. A. Green, U.S. Embassy; Mr. C. H. Wright and Mr. J. H. East, U.S. Bureau of Mines, Washington.

2. Metal Mines.

No change from previous report.

6259

MAX A. MATTHEWS
Maj. Inf.
Chief Mining Officer.

AUG 14 1945

LIASON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.M.T.A.)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.P.O. 894, U.S. Army

19 July 1945

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Com A.C. (M.M.T.A.)

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 16

Period From 21 June to 19 July 1945

A. General Security

1. Morale

(a) Morale among the Italian soldiers here in Sardinia appears to be high. No complaints have been received. When inspections are made, conversations are held with officers and enlisted men and no grievances have been expressed. Now that the majority of the Italian soldiers stationed here, from the Northern part of Italy, have had a chance to go on leave, the griping has been reduced to a minimum.

(b) Public morale is just satisfactory. According to the High Commissioner's Report for the month of June 1945, the people are worried about the economic situation due to the bad wheat crop because of the dry season and grasshoppers and transportation difficulties.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:
Nothing to report.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:
Nothing to report.

4. Political Activity:

(a) Political propaganda is being intensified due to the coming administrative elections. The arrest of the secretary of the Partisan Regional Federation, Porcu Giuseppe, has produced a strong re-

6258

File Security reports

action among the population and it has been a satisfaction to those who see in the Partisan movement the embryo of violent factionists. In some communes of the Province of Sassari (Tempio, Olbia) demonstrations by the Left Parties were held against the administrations of the towns. The Prefect promptly intervened in each case. (High Commissioner's Report for June 1945).

5. Relations with and Attitude Toward Allied Troops:
(a) Continues to be favorable.

6. Discipline:
(a) Very satisfactory for Italian troops.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk, Breaches of Security:
(a) Nothing to report.
(b) No apparent breaches of security.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters:

(a) AG Mining Officer reports that the labor situation in the mines is under control. Also that the Sardinians are afraid that German Prisoners of War are coming over to work the mines. The local officials are afraid that such a move may cause trouble.

(b) Col Quercia, CC.BR. commanding officer in Sardinia, reported verbally that during the week July 8 - July 18 there were minor disturbances in Tempio, Olbia and Alghero. One Carabinieri was injured at Tempio. Reasons for demonstrations are general unrest and the food situation.

(c) The labor situation as a whole is better. However, there is an unemployment problem in the construction industry, office workers and forest industries.

B. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher leaders:
Nothing to report.

2. Information (Black) on higher leaders:
Nothing to report.

6257

LESTER R. ALBERT
Lt Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

M.M.I.A.

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE
SARDINIA

ATO 394, U.S. ARMY
18 June 1945

Ref: 319.13212

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq Alcom, Ind Sub-Commission, Mining Div., ATO 394

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 16th June 1945 totaled 9958 tons of washed coal. A further 250 tons of C/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antiooco.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1650 tons per day which represents an average of 0.516 tons per man per day. North Group average was 0.196 tons. South Group average was 0.580 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3218 for the week.

(4) Supply situation unchanged. Delivery of pit props must be expedited.

b. Management.

The new Director General, Eng Restau, has made no changes to date. Dr Chieffi returned to Rome on 5th June to supervise the additional overhead acquired by the coal company when A.Ca.I. was re-activated.

2. METAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production of paint pigments for delivery to the 40 Ordnance Paint Factory has been curtailed. Upon delivery of the remaining quantities desired, all future production shall be released to Italian markets unless otherwise directed by A.I. 216

1. Production.

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- (2) Production for the week averaged 1660 tons per day which represents an average of 0.516 tons per man per day. North Group average was 0.396 tons. South Group average was 0.580 tons.
- (3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3218 for the week.
- (4) Supply situation unchanged. Delivery of pit props must be expedited.

2. Management.

The new Director General, Eng Rostan, has made no changes to date. Dr Chieffi returned to Rome on 5th June to supervise the additional overhead acquired by the coal company when A.G.A.I. was re-activated.

2. METAL MINES

a. Production.

- (1) Production of paint pigments for delivery to the 40 Ordnance Paint Factory has been curtailed. Upon delivery of the remaining quantities desired, all future production shall be released to Italian markets unless otherwise directed by A.G.

3. GENERAL

Major Hatch is now in the hospital at Algiers. His illness was diagnosed as typhoid fever. He may be away for a month and in the meantime he anticipates that he may be ordered to England since he is now eligible for discharge from the Service. His orders to report to HQ AG arrived but cannot be complied with for reasons given above.

Capt J. De
For notes on production of supplies
MAX A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

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M.M.I. AC

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE
SARDINIA

Ref: 319.13212
Subject: Reports, Weekly
To: Hq Alcoa, Ind Sub-Commission, Mining Div., APO 394, U.S. Army
APO 394, U.S. ARMY
25 June 1945

1. COAL MINING

a. Production

(1) Production for week ending 23 June 1945 totaled 10,644 tons of washed coal. A further 111 tons of 8/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antioco.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1774 tons per day which represents an average of 0.507 tons per man per day (underground). North Group average was 0.412 tons. South Group average 0.553 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3500 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation as previously reported. Situation on pit-props rapidly becoming critical.

b. Management.

Nothing new to report. The new management is purposely moving slowly, to avoid creating too much of a reaction to their proposed changes.

2. METAL MINES

a. Production

The following pigments were shipped 24 June 1945.

Yellow Ochre	35 tons
Zinc Oxide	58 tons

6255

a. Production

(1) Production for week ending 23 June 1945 totaled 10,644 tons of washed coal. A further 111 tons of 0/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antioch.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1774 tons per day which represents an average of 0.507 tons per man per day (underground). North Group average was 0.412 tons. South Group average 0.553 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3500 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation as previously reported. Situation on pit-props rapidly becoming critical.

b. Management

Nothing new to report. The new management is purposely moving slowly, to avoid creating too much of a reaction to their proposed changes.

2. METAL MINES

6255

a. Production

The following pigments were shipped 24 June 1945.

Yellow Ochre	35 tons
Zinc Oxide	58 tons
Red Lead	20 "
Litharge	1 "
Barite	40 "

b. Outstanding quantities of paint pigments remaining on contract to be shipped are as follows:

Yellow Ochre	38 tons
Zinc Oxide	278 "
Red Lead	70 "
Barite	50 "

MAJ. A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

M. M-1. A.

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE
SARDINIA

AFG 354, U.S. ARMY
2 July 1945

Ref: 349.13212

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq Alcom, Ind Sub-Commission, Min. Div., APO 194, U.S. Army

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 30 June 1945 totaled 10,002 tons of washed coal. A further 68 tons of 0/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antiooco.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1667 tons per day which represents an average of 0.474 tons per man per day (underground). North Group average was 0.473 tons. South Group average 0.475 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3513 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory. A shipment of approximately 37,000 lin meters of pit-propes arrived S. Antiooco 1 July 1945. With this new shipment we now have on hand our timber requirements to 40 July 1945.

b. Management.

The High Commissioner's Office strongly objects to closing down the Distillation Plant. Although Eng Rostan had previously stated that it would cease operation as of 30 June the plant was still operating as of 3 July. A conference with Dr Chieffi and Eng Rostan was held to discuss the Distillation Plant situation and it was agreed that:

(a) If coal could be allocated to the Distillation Plant without exceeding the 10,500 tons allocated to Sardinia, the Plant could operate pending a final decision.

2. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 30 June 1945 totaled 10,002 tons of washed coal. A further 68 tons of 0/10 coal was realised from old stocks at S. Antiooco.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1557 tons per day which represents an average of 0.474 tons per man per day (underground). North Group average was 0.473 tons. South Group average 0.475 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3513 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory. A shipment of approximately 37,000 lin meters of pit-props arrived S. Antiooco 1 July 1945. With this new shipment we now have on hand our timber requirements to 20 July 1945.

b. Management.

The High Commissioner's Office strongly objects to closing down the Distillation Plant. Although Eng Rostan had previously stated that it would cease operation as of 30 June the plant was still operating as of 3 July. A conference with Dr Chieffi and Eng Rostan was held to discuss the Distillation Plant situation and it was agreed that:

- (a) If coal could be allocated to the Distillation Plant without exceeding the 10,300 tons allocated to Gardinia, the Plant could operate pending a final decision.
- (b) Carbonsarda would not ship in excess of 10,300 tons allocated to Gardinia during July.
- (c) Any change in the quantity of coal allocated to Gardinia could be made only in Rome.
- (d) If any over-run occurs the Mining Office will recommend a corresponding reduction in the imported coal equal to the amount of the over-run.

3. METAL MINES

We have requested the Bureau of Mines, Iglesias, to call a meeting of all concerned in connection with the receipt of supplies

JUL 7 1945

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Feb. Min. Dir Mine

for the metal mines to work out all details of the procedure for receipt and payment. A representative of this Office shall be present and a further report shall be made.

MAX A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

6253

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(-2-)

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE
SARDINIA

APD 394, U.S. ARMY
9 July 1945

Ref: 319.11242

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Maj Alcon, Ind Det-Commission, Min. Div., APO 394, U.S. ARMY

1. COAL MINING

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 7 July 1945 totaled 10,996 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1830 tons per day which represents an average of 0.507 tons per man per day (underground). North Group average was 0.383 tons. South Group average 0.560 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3618 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory. A further shipment of pit-props arrived at B. Antico on the 8/8 Cantalero, now discharging cargo. A further report shall be made covering the shipment.

b. Management.

The Distillation Plant continues to operate. Major Lirola reported upon his return from Rome that arrangements had been made to increase the Sardinian allocation of Salcis coal to 15,000 tons. In the absence of official instructions the Mining Office shall insist that shipment in excess of 10,300 tons shall not be made to Sardinia unless instructed otherwise by Hq. A.G.

2. METAL MINES

Plans for receiving and handling supplies for the metal mines were taken to Rome by a Representative of this office for concurrence and approval.

a. Production.

(1) Production for week ending 7 July 1945 totaled 10,998 tons of washed coal.

(2) Production for the week averaged 1830 tons per day which represents an average of 0.507 tons per man per day (underground). North Group average was 0.388 tons. South Group average 0.560 tons.

(3) Total average number of men actively engaged underground was 3610 for the week. It will be noted that the number of men underground has increased.

(4) Supply situation generally satisfactory. A further shipment of pit-propes arrived at S. Antico on the 0/8 Cantakeit, now discharging cargo. A further report shall be made covering the shipment.

b. Management.

The Distillation Plant continues to operate. Major Pirolo reported upon his return from Rome that arrangements had been made to increase the Sardinian allocation of Sulcis coal to 15,000 tons. In the absence of official instructions the Mining Office shall insist that shipment in excess of 10,100 tons shall not be made to Sardinia unless instructed otherwise by Hq. A.C.

c. METAL MINES

Plans for receiving and handling supplies for the metal mines were taken to Rome by a Representative of this office for concurrence and approval.

MAJ A. MATTHEWS,
Major, Infantry,
Chief Mining Officer.

JUL 10 1945

LIAISON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.M.I.A.)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.P.O. 394, U.S. Army

20 June 1946

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Comm A.C. (MMIA)

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 14

Period from 21 May to 20 June 1946

A. General Security

1. Morale

(a) Morale among the Italian soldiers here in Sardinia appears to be high. No complaints have been received. However, the soldiers here from the Northern part of Italy are anxious to get home to see their families.

There are a number of Italian soldiers here from the Northern part of Italy who were discharged from the Army upon securing employment locally. Now that their home has been liberated they left their job and are waiting to go home. Recently an incident was reported where a few of these ex soldiers went into a local restaurant, had dinner and then walked out without paying. The longer this group remains here the more of these incidents are bound to come up. The lack of shipping is the cause of this condition.

(b) Public morale is just satisfactory. There is considerable political activity and public spirit as a whole follows the activities of the political parties with indifference and sees more than anything else a solution to the governmental crisis which may recognize the real interests of the country especially in the field of political economy and finances.

- 1 - *File: Reports*

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends;

Nothing to report.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition;

Nothing to report.

4. Political Activity;

(a) Political propaganda of the political parties is being intensified. The Communist Party held a regional assembly and numerous meetings at which time statements supporting the autonomistic aspirations of the Sardinians were made. The Sard Action Party is the largest political group on the island.

There have been some scrowages between the Communists and adherents and Catholic organizations. The Bishops have taken a stand. So far there have been no serious incidents. On recent trip up the island I noticed a sign painted on the side of a house in a small town saying "Do Not Believe in the Priests".

5. Relations with and Attitude Toward Allied Troops;

(a) Continues to be favorable.

6. Discipline;

Very satisfactory for Italian troops.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk; Breaches of Security;

(a) Fascists are becoming more powerful in Sardinia.

(b) No apparent breaches of security.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters;

(a) AG Mining Officer at Carbonia reports that the labor situation is under control. The miners, always ready to go on strike, have apparently reached an agreement resulting in an increase in coal output for the month.

(b) Workers of the Sard Electric Society, which holds a monopoly in distribution of electric power, asked for workers rights similar to power societies of Northern and Central Italy, wage increase and a seniority system which was refused by the Sard Society resulting in a partial strike. The High Commissioner intervened and agreement was reached.

There has been an increase of unemployment due to the return of prisoners and evacuees and a tendency of employers to decrease their personnel by lengthening hours in order to decrease wages. A number of factories have had to close down because of lack of materials.

(c) An arrest was made by CC.M. of a mounted civilian who speaks very good English, Di Bellis Luigi. He had no identification papers on his person. He claims that he was born in New York. He came to Sardinia with American troops as a laborer and quit over a year ago. He speaks Italian very well with a Sicilian accent. The CC.M. are checking further.

B. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher leaders;

Nothing to report.

2. Information (Black) on higher leaders;

Nothing to report.

LESTER R. ALBERT
Lt Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

6249

TRANSLATION DC/Pro 14 June 1945

ROYAL THER. CC.RR. LEGION OF CAGLIARI
Gillarsa Section

No. 385/2

Gillarsa, 3 June 1945

SUBJECT: Abbasanta - Shooting at a Rushlor.

TO : PREFETTURA OF CAGLIARI
QUINTURA OF CAGLIARI
EXTERNAL CC.RR. GROUP OF CAGLIARI
HQ OF CC.RR. COMPANY OF ORISTANO
Info to:
HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR SARDINIA CAGLIARI
HQ CC.RR. LEGION - Services Office, CAGLIARI.

At 0900 hours of 1 June 1945 in the territory of Abbasanta (Cagliari) the rural guard Pina Antonic, chased an unknown person, mounted on a horse, who had fled from other rural guards. When he was ordered to stop, the unknown person did not obey so the guard shot and wounded the horse.

The fugitive was captured and at the Gillarsa CC.RR. Station was found without identification documents or documents for the horse.

When he was interrogated he said that his name is Di Palma Luigi, son of Vincent and the late Pagano Maria, born in New York on 17 July 1901, and that he came to Sardinia with the American troops as a laborer and that he quit working for them over a year ago.

This person, who speaks our language well, with a Sicilian accent, declared that he could not state exactly by whom he is known and that he has always lived in Cagliari.

We are investigating to identify him better.

6248

THE LT COMMANDING
Mario Pancello

ROYAL THER. CC.RR. LEGION OF CAGLIARI
Services Office

No. 19/204

Cagliari, 6 June 1945

TO ROMA (F.S. Office)
TO C.S. CENTER

CAGLIARI
CAGLIARI

...for your information

*Copy to
note
+ Bellini
Can't report*

THE COLONEL COMMANDING
Mario Quercia
1/4 Quercia

LEZIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DI CAGLIARI
TENENZA DI GALLARZA

N° 355/2 Di 2/llo.

Gallarza, li 3 giugno 1945.-

Oggetto: Abbassante - Sparo contro un abigeatario.-

ALLA REGIA PREFETTURA DI CAGLIARI
ALLA REGIA QUESTURA DI CAGLIARI
AL COMANDO DEL GRUPPO ESTERNO DEI CC.RR. DI CAGLIARI
AL COMANDO DELLA COMPAGNIA DEI CC.RR. DI ORISTANO
e, per conoscenza: *fu info.*
ALL'ALTO COMISSARIATO PER LA SARDEGNA. CAGLIARI
AL COMANDO LEGIONE CC.RR. -- Ufficio Servizio.... CAGLIARI

Alle ore 9 del giorno 1° giugno 1945 in territorio di Abbassante (Cagliari) il barracello PINNA Antonio del luogo, ha inseguito un individuo sconosciuto montato a cavallo che era sfuggito ad altri barracelli. Alla intimazione di fermarsi lo sconosciuto non ha obbedito per cui l'agente sperava nella sua direzione un colpo di fucile da caccia carico a pallettoni, che colpiva il suddetto cavallo, in modo non grave.

Il fuggitivo allora si lasciava catturare e presentato all'Arma di Gallarza veniva trovato sprovvisto di documenti di identità e di bollettino del quadrupede.-

Interrogato sulle sue generalità il medesimo riferiva di chiamarsi DI BELLIS Indigi di Vincenzo e fu Fagano Maria, nato a New York il 17 luglio 1901, ivi domiciliato, di essere giunto in Sardegna con le truppe americane, quale operaio e di aver lasciato tale servizio da oltre un anno.-

Il medesimo, che parla bene la nostra lingua, con accento siciliano, ha dichiarato di non poter precisare da chi è conosciuto, ma di essere vissuto sempre a Cagliari.-

Pertanto si indaga per la sua identificazione.-

IL TENENTE COMANDANTE DELLA TENENZA 6247

-Mario Faddello-

LEZIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DI CAGLIARI

UFFICIO SERVIZIO

(Cagliari) il barracello PINNA Antonio del luogo, ha inseguito un individuo sconosciuto montato a cavallo che era sfuggito ad altri barracelli.

Alla intimazione di fermarsi lo sconosciuto non ha obbedito per cui l'agente sparava nella sua direzione un colpo di fucile da caccia carico a pallottoni, che colpiva il suddetto cavallo, in modo non grave.

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Il medesimo, che parla bene la nostra lingua, con accento siciliano, ha dichiarato di non poter precisare da chi è conosciuto, ma di essere vissuto sempre a Cagliari.

Pertanto si indaga per la sua identificazione.

IL TENENTE COMANDANTE DELLA TENENZA 8247

-Mario Facello -

LEZIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DI CAGLIARI

UFFICIO SERVIZIO

N° 19/204 DI P/110.

Cagliari, 14 8 giugno 1945.



ALLA M. M. I. A. (Ufficio P. S.)

CAGLIARI

AL CENTRO C. S. DI

CAGLIARI

... per conoscenza.

Or./

JUN 12 1945

IL COLONNELLO COMANDANTE

-Mario Quasola -



Quasola

ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE
SARDINIA

APD 394, U.S. ARMY
21 May 1945

Ref: 319.13212

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq. Alcoa, Industry Sub-Commission,
Mining Div., APD 394, U.S. Army.

1. COAL MINING

a) Production for week ending 19th May 1945 totaled 9928 tons of washed coal. A further 1116 tons of C/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antioce previously unreported.

b) Comparison figures on last week and this week's production are as follows:

Week ending 12th May 1945

Daily average production washed coal ----- 1467 tons
Daily average number of men underground ----- 2891 men
Daily average production per man ----- .507 tons

Week ending 19th May 1945

Daily average production washed coal ----- 1655 tons
Daily average number of men underground ----- 3355 men
Daily average production per man ----- .493 tons

c) It is noted that total tonnage increase during this week is due to increased number of men underground, while the daily average production per man dropped slightly.

2. LABOUR RELATIONS:

a) The situation regarding increase of pay for the high cost of living seems to be settled. No comments have been heard during the week on the subject.

6246

b) The outstanding dispute on the price to be paid for cloth, mentioned in paragraph 5 of last week's report, is solved. An administrative head for the Carbonifera Sarda is still lacking. It has been reported that the new Commissario of the Coal Company will

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a) The situation regarding increase of pay for the high cost of living seems to be settled. No comments have been heard during the week on the subject.

6246

b) The outstanding dispute on the price to be paid for cloth, mentioned in paragraph 6 of last week's report, is solved. An administrative head for the Carbonifera Sarda is still lacking. It has been reported that the new Commissario of the Coal Company will arrive today.

c) Detonation of improvised fire crackers made out of explosives has subsided somewhat, however, one or two detonations are heard nightly. The Chief of Police is working as well as his force permits. Ten Carabinieri are not considered adequate for the policing of this coal basin. The Chief of Police has reported this fact many times to superior authority with no results.

d) On the evening of 17th May 1945, a demonstration and a threatened strike took place on the Piazza in Carbonia. The reason for this demonstration was because of the situation on clothing distribution by the Byron Taylor and the Vatican Group through the local Government. For the moment it appeared that such demonstration would result in a general strike by the miners in objection to the method of distribution by the local Government. The local Government immediately discontinued distribution with a view of examining the situation and the allegation made by local citizens. This apparently satisfied all concerned.

MAY 21 1945

Normal work ~~was~~ resumed in the mines without any loss of time.

3. LABOUR FORCE

The underground labour force increased during the week from a daily average of 2891 men for last week to 3355 men for this week. But it is also noted that production per man dropped slightly.

4. SUPPLIES

a) No word has been received on the timber situation. Something must be done at once. Timber is only available with strictest economy for two or three weeks. Stocks at Bacu Abis reported exhausted.

b) No word has been received whether or not P.O.L. allotments had been set up by the Italian Government for the mines. Supply is very critical.

5. FINANCIAL SITUATION

The situation is unchanged as reported last week. Unless ships can be laid on to take away the available stock, no improvement in the situation can be foreseen.

6. METAL MINING

No report has been received from the 40 Ordnance Paint Factory on the shipment of 425 tons of paint pigments shipped on the S/S Abbazia which left Cagliari on 11th May. Therefore it is not known whether or not the system of safe-guarding this cargo will work or not.

May A. Matthews
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Major, Infantry, RD
Chief Mining Officer.

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ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE
SARDINIA

ADO 394, U.S. ARMY
28 May 1945

Ref: 115.13212

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Headquarters Allied Commission,
Industry Sub-Commission, Mining Div.,
ADO 394, U.S. ARMY

COAL MINING

1. Production.

Production for week ending 26th May 1945 totaled 10,069 tons of washed coal. A further 890 tons of 0/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antico previously unreported.

2. Production at both groups of mines proceeded normally throughout the week, with the exception of 24th May when the electric power was cut off for several periods owing to a strike at the Elettrica Sarda. This strike has not yet been settled but no further interference with the power supply has taken place.

3. The output during the period averaged 0.34 tons per man underground for the North Group, 0.58 tons per man for the South Group and 0.50 tons per man underground for the combined production.

4. The low output for the Baen Abis or North Group, together with the fluctuating nature of the production, indicates that the miners at

COAL MINING

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4. The low output for the Bacu Abis or North Group, together with the fluctuating nature of the production, indicates that the miners at Bacu Abis are not yet working normally.

5. Management.

Dr. Francesco Chiaffi, the new Commissario, arrived on 22nd May. Eng. Rostand, the new General Director, arrived on 26th May.

6. Dr. Chiaffi intends to return to Rome as soon as Eng. Rostand has completed a general survey of the mines and is ready to take over the management.

MAY 29 1945
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FILE MINING COPY

7. Labour relations.

An agreement has been made between Carbozard and the Italian General Confederation of Labour, by which a Committee consisting of five members, elected by the various categories of workers, will be set up to examine proposals made by the workers for improvements in organization and working conditions.

8. This Committee will consist of three delegates from the workers, one from the employees and one from the supervisors. The Committee will collaborate with the Commissario and the General Director.

9. Labour Force.

The underground labour force averaged 3352 men during the week.

10. Supplies.

A ship expected to contain approximately 1,000 cubic meters of timber arrived today. Timber stocks are sufficient for about one week's work. A small quantity of timber arrived recently on the S/S Abbazia, but does not substantially affect the situation as it is not more than two or three days supply. Compressor oil and nafta are still in very short supply.

11. Financial situation.

Dr. Chierfi requested that the stocks of coal at S. Antiooco should be immediately shipped to relieve the situation. It was explained to him that the policy of the Allied Commission was to maintain a stock of 20,000 tons at S. Antiooco in order to facilitate loading and to turn around shipping as fast as possible.

METAL MINING

8243

12. Paint Pigments.

212.5 tons of paint pigments were shipped to 40 Ordnance Point.

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METAL MINING

6243

12. Paint Pigments.

212.5 tons of paint pigments were shipped to 40 Ordnance Paint Factory on the S/S Abbazia which left Cagliari on 26th May.

Place	Designation	Weight
NORTHFONKI	Zinc Oxide I	40.8 tons
	Zinc Oxide CP	21.2 "
	Red Lead	14.0 "
	Litharge	1.0 "
MALACALBERTA	Yellow Ochre	16.5 "
	Barite	17.0 "
CARBONARA	Barite	101.8 "
Total		212.5 tons

13. Thirty days notice of the cancellation of all contracts for yellow ochre has been given to the firms concerned.

For Chief Mining Officer:

G. P. HATCH, Major

COAL MINING

1. Production.

Production for week ending 2nd June 1945 totaled 8090 tons of washed coal. A further 1109 tons of C/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antico previously unreported.

2. Production at both groups of mines proceeded normally throughout the week, but was somewhat affected by a holiday on 11st May.

3. A railway track scale and car hoist have been installed at the Serbarin Mining Plant in order to make certain that the daily production figures are in future correct.

4. The production for the period averaged 1618 tons per day. The output during the period averaged 0.4 tons per man underground for the North Group, 0.34 tons per man for the South Group and 0.6²/₂ the combined production.

5. Management.

Dr. Francesco Chierfi expects to return to Rome on 5th June.

6. It is understood that Ing. Giulio Rostan will make sweeping changes in the administration. These changes are expected to include the elimination of the head office at Cortoghiana and the re-institution of the independent organization of the South and North Groups. A reduction in the number of clerks is probable.

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7. Labour Force.

The underground labour force averaged 3309 men for the period.

8. Supplies.

The S/S Pallade arrived on 28th May bringing 717 cubic meters of pit props which have not yet been completely taken into store. Timber, kerosene and compressor oil are still in very short supply. The usual monthly statement on the supply position is being forwarded under separate cover.

9. Financial situation.

Certhosard hope to relieve the financial situation by collecting the difference between the old and the new price of coal for the period from 1st October 1944 to 2nd January 1945 as the new price was made retro-active to the former date.

SEUI COAL MINE

10. Stocks.

Major Hatch visited Arbatax and the Seui coal mine on 2nd and 3rd June. The coal stocks at Arbatax Port were measured and sampled. Measurements indicate that the total stocks at Arbatax are 1000 tons of fine unwashed coal and not 5000 tons as stated by the Mine Manager at Seui. The figure for the stocks at Arbatax contained in Major Hatch's report dated 5th May 1945 should therefore read 1000 tons and not 5000 tons. The stocks at the Seui Mine remain unaltered. Samples of the Seui and Arbatax stocks are being analyzed locally and samples will be sent to Rome for analysis there.

METAL MINES

11. S.A.F.I.S.

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SEUL MINES

11. S.A.F.I.S.

Arrangements have been made to provide the ceramic industry of S.A.F.I.S. with a small quantity of explosive to enable them to mine kaolin for the manufacture of fire bricks for the Italian railways.

For Chief Mining Officer:

G. P. HATCH, Major
A.C. Mining Office

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M.M.I.A

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ALLIED COMMISSION
MINING OFFICE
SARDINIA

AF0 194, U.S. ARMY
11 June 1945

Ref: 319,13212

Subject: Reports, Weekly

To: Hq. Allied Industry Sub-Commission, Mining Division,
AF0 394, U.S. ARMY

COAL MINING

1. Production.

Production for week ending 5th June 1945 totaled 10,312 tons of washed coal. A further 108 tons of C/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antioce previously unreported.

2. Production at the South Group improved substantially during the week.

3. The production for the period averaged 1719 tons per day; the output during the period averaged 0.358 tons per man underground for the North Group; 0.599 tons per man for the South Group, 0.519 tons per man underground for the combined production.

4. Management.

Dr. Francesco Chieffi returned to Rome on 5th June.

5. Eng. Giulio Hostan has not yet instituted any sweeping changes and he is still making his survey of the situation.

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COAL MINING

1. Production.

Production for week ending 9th June 1945 totaled 10,312 tons of washed coal. A further 108 tons of C/10 coal was reclaimed from old stocks at S. Antice previously unreported.

2. Production at the South Group improved substantially during the week.

3. The production for the period averaged 1719 tons per day; the output during the period averaged 0.168 tons per man underground for the North Group, 0.559 tons per man for the South Group, 0.519 tons per man underground for the combined production.

4. Management.

Dr. Francesco Chieffl returned to Rome on 5th June.

5. Eng. Giulio Rostan has not yet instituted any sweeping changes and he is still making his survey of the situation.

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6. Labour Force.

The underground labour force averaged 3116 men during the period.

7. Supplies.

No change from last report.

8. SEUL COAL MINE

8. No steps have been taken in Sardinia to re-open the Seul coal mine. Eng. Rostan states that Carbond have not been permitted by the Italian Government to complete the purchase. The present owners lack

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both the funds and supplies to re-open the mine.

METAL MINES

10. Paint Pigments.

The following paint pigments were shipped to 40 Ordnance Paint Factory, Naples, on 5/2/ Compiegne (date 3th June):

<u>Place</u>	<u>Designation</u>	<u>Weight</u>
CARBONARD	Barite	70 tons
KALACALZETTA	Barite	55 tons
" "	Yellow Ochre	17 tons
MONTARONI	Zinc Oxide I	33 tons
" "	Zinc Oxide II	26 tons
	Total	201 tons

Per Chief Mining Officer

G. F. HATON, Major
A.C. Mining Office

MINERALOGY	Barite	58 tons
" "	Yellow Calcite	17 tons
ROSTERONI	Zinc Oxide X	38 tons
" "	Zinc Oxide G2	26 tons
	Total	209 tons

For Chief Mining Officer

G. F. HATCH, Major
A.C. Mining Office

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LIASON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.M.I.A.)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.P.O. 394, U.S. Army

20 May 1945

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Comm A.C. (M.M.I.A.)

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 13

Period from 21 April to 20 May 1945

A. General Security

1. Morale

(a) Morale among the Italian soldiers here in Sardinia appears to be high. No complaints have been received. The end of the war in Europe was enthusiastically received by all on the island. The soldiers from the Northern Part of Italy are anxious to get home and see their families. A large number of parades were conducted and demonstrations held. However, no disturbances were reported. Everybody seemed to be relieved that the war was over.

(b) Phase II Recall has been completed. Even though the goal of 8000 was not reached, it appears that all the men available have reported.

(c) Public morale which was at a low ebb due to the prolonged war has as a result of the victorious conclusion of the war reached a new high. Particularly well received was the news of the rapid liberation of Northern Italy in which the partisans played an important and valorous part. On the other hand, the fact that Italy was not asked to participate in the San Francisco conference has caused considerable disappointment.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Rumors

(a) The local Radio Station has been turned over to the civilians. Dr. Amerigo Gomez is in charge. The OWI representative in Sardinia has submitted a report indicating that Dr. Gomez is carrying on anti-Allied propaganda program. He is very bitter against EMIA for taking the Italian soldiers away that were running the station while it was under military control. He was responsible for an article in the local newspaper that the military personnel were being taken away because the Allies could not spare 50 rations. He has also made some broadcasts on this subject. A number of his broadcasts are anti-Allied.

There are some rumors about Dr. Gomez's background. It seems that he was the former announcer of all Fascist programs at the Radio Station in Florence. The local newspapers were going to attack him but at the last moment he was able to display a certificate that he had been a "patriot" before the German withdrawal. A more complete report has been sent to Press and Radio Censorship Branch, Unit #2, APO 612 by Lt Anthony V. Curatolo.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition

Nothing to Report.

4. Political Activity

Nothing to Report.

5. Relations with and Attitude Toward Allied Troops:

(a) Continues to be favorable

6. Discipline: Very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk: Breaches of Security:

(a) The following article appeared in the local newspaper "L'Unione Sarda" which according to CMS together with similar articles has caused a number of desertions:

"An extraordinary conference was held by the Cagliari section of the Partito Sardo D'Azione since it was noted that in spite of the war's having ended, the departure of servicemen from Sardinia still continues with a speedy cadence, even those rejected and those exempted for being students, for family reasons and because brothers were killed in action. They are bringing to the attention that while said departures are deriding the re-establishment of activities in all fields on the island, with particular regard to the agricultural and industrial ones, which always complained for shortage of manpower, they increase the discomfort of numerous families, already experienced to suffering and sacrifices, detracting politically and morally from the population of the island; they rise against the exploitation which continues in Sardinia,

notwithstanding all the promises of equity and justice, in favor of other regions of Italy which necessarily have refused to adhere to the request of the Rome Government; invites the Regional Directorate to reach an immediate agreement with the other parties for energetic mutual action with the Rome Government as well as the Allied authorities so that this ignoble draft be discontinued and the Sardinian servicemen be permitted to return to their homes so that our population, no longer patient and obedient, will not be forced to adopt other means to have their rights and interests recognized."

(b) Fear of Fascists becoming more powerful.

(c) No apparent breaches of security.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters:

(a) Phase II Recall has been completed and no incidents or demonstrations have been reported.

(b) On 4 May students paraded in Cagliari and all the principal cities on the island protesting the occupation of Trieste by Tito. They wish to fight in order to retain this territory.

(c) The coal miners are always ready to go on strike. Strikes of the slow down variety have occurred over wages. However, it appears that an agreement has been reached.

(d) According to the High Commissioner in the cities unemployment has increased while in rural districts there is a shortage of agricultural and pastoral labor due to the recall.

B. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher leaders:
Nothing to report.

2. Information (Black) on higher leaders:
Nothing to report.

LESTER E. ALBERT
Lt Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

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LIASON OFFICER
LAND FORCE HQ COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (MIA)
Allied Garrison Bardonia
A.M.O. 384, U.S. Army

19 May 1945

SUBJECT: Newspaper Article

TO : General Officer Commanding, MIA

1. Enclosed herewith for your information translation of an article that appeared in L'Espresso Garde 18 May 1945. It is a daily newspaper published in Cagliari.

2. Colonel Costantino, Deputy Chief of Staff, CMC advised me such articles are causing Reselle to go AWOL on way to Cagliari to be shipped.

LESTER R. ALBERT
Lt. Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

1. Incl.
Newspaper article (translated)

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TRANSLATION OO A VJ7/Pro 19 MAY 46

TRANSLATION FROM "L'UNIONE SARDA"

Cagliari, 18 May 1946

SHIPMENT OF SERVICEMEN

An order of the day of the Partito Sardo

An extraordinary conference was held by the Cagliari section of the Partito Sardo D'Azione since it was noted that in spite of the war's having ended, the departure of servicemen from Sardinia still continues with a speedy cadence, even those rejected and those exempted for being students, for family reasons and because brothers were killed in action; they are bringing to the attention that while said departures are hindering the re-establishment of activities in all fields on the island, with particular regard to the agricultural and industrial ones, which always complained for shortage of manpower, they increase the discomfort of numerous families, already experienced to suffering and sacrifices, detracting politically and morally from the population of the island; they rise against the exploitation which continues in Sardinia, notwithstanding all the promises of equity and justice, in favor of other regions of Italy which necessarily have refused to adhere to the request of the Rome Government; invites the Regional Directorate to reach an immediate agreement with the other parties for energetic mutual action with the Rome Government as well as the Allied authorities so that this ignoble draft be discontinued and the Sardinian servicemen be permitted to return to their homes so that our population, no longer patient and obedient, will not be forced to adopt other means to have their rights and interests recognized.

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From Mrs. Rindelsch
U.S. Info Service

Since the Allies landed in Sardinia, the local Radio-station, originally set-up by the Italian Military Authorities, went under the Allied control and the military personnel was reduced to the extent of 5 Italian officers and 45 Italian enlisted men.

By November 1944, when Sardinia - like some other Italian regions was given back to the Italian jurisdiction, the technical and artistic sides of Radio Sardinia were handed over to R.A.I. (Radio Audizioni Italia) - the Italian system.

Meanwhile, an agreement had taken place between R.A.I. and the Italian and Allied military authorities, for the quickest possible substitution of the military personnel with civilian employees.

RAI sent over here two men, an Ing. Naccario, manager of the Radio-station, and a Dr. Amerigo Gomez, chief of the artistic side. Later on, Ing. Naccario went back to Rome and Mr. Gomez took his place and was appointed Manager of the station.

By the half of March, the PWB Chief (Mr. Beretvas) was summoned in Rome for instructions on the forthcoming closing down of PWB in Sardinia. When he came back from Rome, he brought in instructions to close down operations in Sardinia as of April 5th. A letter was immediately written to the High Commissioner for Sardinia Col. Pennyquick and to M.M.I.A. (Col. Simmons) to inform them that, owing to the departure of PWB, the Italian soldiers at Radio Sardinia could no longer be considered at the disposal of an Allied unit. A similar letter was addressed to the Italian Comando Militare per la Sardegna. Thereupon, the Italian High Command ordered that all the Italian soldiers at the Radio station were released and sent to the mainland to serve with the military censorship in Rome.

Dr. Gomez rushed to the military authorities and tried by all means to keep on the military personnel, saying that it was very hard to substitute them with civilian employees. All his efforts were unsuccessful because they told him that the RAI had been noticed off that several months before and that the MMIA was going to cut off the food rations for the soldiers, as they could no longer be considered serving with an allied unit.

Then Dr. Gomez started an anti-allies propaganda, saying that MMIA, ungrateful of all the Italian soldiers had done for the allied cause, was sending them to the mainland to putrefy in a barrack instead of keeping them at the radio station, and all that just to spare fifty food rations... He made some broadcasts on this subject, one of which was published by the local daily "Unione-Sarda".

1st Lt. Anthony Curatolo, former radio and press censor in Sardinia censured a number of similar broadcasts and reported to MMIA on the article appeared on the local daily, which was translated into English. A similar report was sent by Lt. Curatolo to his HQ in Rome.

There are some rumors on Dr. Gomez's background: it seems that he was the former announcer of all fascist programs at the Radio station in Florence. The local newspapers, especially the communist "Unione Sarda" and "La Voce del Partigiano" planned to attack him, but at the last moment Dr. Gomez was able to display a certificate that he had been a "patriot" before the German withdrawal from Florence. It seems that the local section of CLN (Comitato Liberazione Nazionale) be going to check on the matter.

Any more complete information could be given by 1st Lt. Anthony V. Curatolo, Press and Radio Censorship Branch, Unit # 2, APO 512 - U.S.Army. He was planning to send a more complete report on Dr. Gomez but he had to give up because of his transfer to the mainland.

Enclosed is a copy of Dr. Gomez's speech at Radio Sardinia, published by Unione Sarda on May 5th.

After the writer's opinion, the RAI was not too eager to substitute the military personnel with civilian employees because of the insignificant pay they gave to the Soldiers (average monthly pay Lire 800/1200), while the minimum monthly salary for a civilian employee is abt. 6000 lire. So, when they had to release the soldiers, they met with the task of hiring civilian employees, which cost a lot of money.

TRANSLATION CC/rro

EXTRACT OF "L'UNIONE SAUDA" OF 5 MAY 1945The Destiny of Radio Sardinia

Doctor Amerigo Gomez, Radio Sardinia Director, upon return from Rome, broadcast the following on the destiny of Radio Sardinia which is so dear to the entire island:

"My friends, Sardinians, I am particularly devoting my attention to you tonight, returning from Rome where I called to refer and discuss the cause of our radio with all the enthusiasm which it deserves; upon my return I noticed that during the last week you have discussed, written and planned a lot in regard to the future of this radio station, since, as stated by you, it has deserved well of Sardinia and is now occupying quite an important place among the activities of the island.

You know that Radio Sardinia was born and lived successfully due to a continued tenacious miracle of will power and of enthusiasm.

The results of this work, for which servicemen and civilians have dedicated themselves for more than one year and an half, are so great that we feel proud of belonging to the honest family of Radio Sardinia.

The voice of Radio Sardinia was one among the very first to build the spiritual bridge between liberated Italy and the Northern regions, to bring the nightly salute and enticement of (Italia Combattente) "the fighting Italy" to the heroic patriots from the North, who cast their first appeals to Radio Sardinia from moved and redeemed antennae of Liguria and Lombardia.

And not only for this irreplaceable and solid, spiritual bond between Southern and Northern Italians, our radio conquered the rising sympathy and affection of all of you who intervened to defend it when the danger appeared very threatening at the horizon of its near future, but also for a certain free freshness and singularity of programs, for this hard work which has to enable us to pass through the other daily, bounded by a continual accuracy and decorum, words and music, news and comments, giving to the station a particular manner, a democratic self-possession indeed which is less possible to obtain in other stations on the mainland due to their ministerial and bureaucratic load.

People listened to Radio Sardinia faithfully. The letters received during the past few months stamped and endorsed by consents of far countries certify our statements. And in addition there are some letters too from every region of Italy, from Milan, which was able to make connection with

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Radio Sardinia few months ago, from Florence, Rome and Naples, from Sicily to the African concentration camps from our brothers who are waiting there the time of returning and who are receiving from our broadcasts on Sunday, the direct salute from the fatherland and from their families.

There was no need of a "referendum" for Radio Sardinia to prove how much it is followed and appreciated. As soon as rumors of the danger of closing down the station's activity were heard, the press and the population of the island covered the needs with surprising quickness.

We have been questioned, interviewed from everywhere and requested to report on the status of the radio station activity by the highest political and military authorities. Newspapers and weekly magazines commented on the matter, making suggestions and plans. The purpose of our activity was not the interest of this or that party, but the interest of the island. The energetic order of the day unanimously approved at the conference held in Cagliari by Partito Sardo D'Azione was therefore legitimate. In this order of the day it underlined the exceptional importance achieved by Radio Sardinia in the Sardinian life; it is deemed that the services of our station will be absorbed by the R.A.I.; it is ascertained that this "absorption" aims to overtake the regional energies; it is considered that the threatened discontinuance of Radio Sardinia is a serious danger for the autonomous situation of the island in which regard instead, Radio Sardinia deserved well; it is deplored that it was not possible to retain the detachment of military technicians and artists, and it is requested that the energetic action taken by Lusa, promoting popular demonstrations all over Sardinia against the injustice of a stupid measure that was impending. That is, as far as the Partito Sardo D'Azione is concerned.

There is, in addition, the "Voce del Partigiano" (the voice of the partisan) which in an article under the title "Deciderai" (Make Up One's Mind), laid out the matter in similar terms. There is then the "Rivoluzione Liberale" (Liberal Revolution) which was first in considering the matter sensibly. And all the Sardinian weekly newspapers, not only on the island, which discussed our radio station in agreement with their judgments, brought to the surface the importance and the efficiency of the service already performed.

What should we answer to all these friends who offered with their articles the evidence that the work for which we all volunteered without sparing the most grievous sacrifices, is really deserving the results reached?

The critical situation created by the sudden departure of a nucleus of military unit, which was certainly more useful here for political and war purposes than to train recruits for stations on the mainland, put Radio Sardinia in a precarious spot indeed. But it is necessary now

6230

to make clear and to specify a detail; the above happened in spite of the strong objections of the General Directorate of Rome, including of course the particular and generous interference of Avv. Armando Rossini, now administrator in charge of the R.A.I. (Italian Broadcasting Co.) one of the founders of the first nucleus of Radio Sardinia. So much generous and as far as it was possible, energetic help given by all local authorities, political and military, for a temporary retainment of the essential personnel, with special regard to the technical one, to enable us to provide for an adequate substitution. This order, to say how things stand, was not issued by Italian office; anyhow, we complied with a resigned discipline. Everything has been tried by everybody, and all with the same good will. But there was nothing that we could do about it. A proverb says that a bad listener is worse than a deaf person. What answer shall I therefore give also to the friends of P.S. d'A. who are ready to fight for the cause of Radio Sardinia?

Well. Our Radio will continue to live, and for you Sards it will be like an autonomous voice of your beautiful island, and it will bring to your countrymen on the mainland the daily echo of the life on the island.

The R.A.I. does not intend to suffocate your spirit of initiative, to offend your proud spirit. We will do everything that has to be done. Vacancies will be filled up with new elements, nothing will be spared, so that the level of our broadcasting will surpass the already satisfactory stage reached so far. Radio Sardinia service will be combined with one on the mainland, but this will be in the near future only for the international and national newsprograms. For the remainder, for all the remainder, it will be as before, better than before. Better than before because the new organization of the station will be a permanent one and because everyone will be satisfied with their steady occupation without worrying about the usual senseless phonogram that can, in a few seconds, transfer a skilled man from a very useful station to any other place where his duties are not needed.

We all will be loyal to the promise made to Sardinia, I guarantee that this time nobody from Rome will try to impede our work, but on the contrary. And we will start in this way the third phase of the life of Radio Sardinia. I hope that it coincides with a stage of peace for our people and that work can be carried out peacefully and with that total and reciprocal spirit of collaboration, esteem and sympathy on which all the results so far reached were based.

We will have to solve hard problems, but the critical stage has already been overcome, without closing down Radio Sardinia as it was anticipated by some of you. We do not have to give in to anyone. And if someone thought to silence the voice of Sardinia with a phonogram the good will of all of us, the tenacity shown by my good collaborators did the miracle.

6229

And now, after thanking the friends of P.S. d'A. for the evidence of their solidarity fellowship, we ask our friends, near and far, once again for their comprehension and their faith in our station. This morning groups of students reported to us for work with the Radio Station, to do whatever has to be done, to help us in other words, as friends. We have been receiving such offers from everywhere.

They thought to submerge us but on the contrary Radio Gardinia reappeared brighter and more full of life than ever.

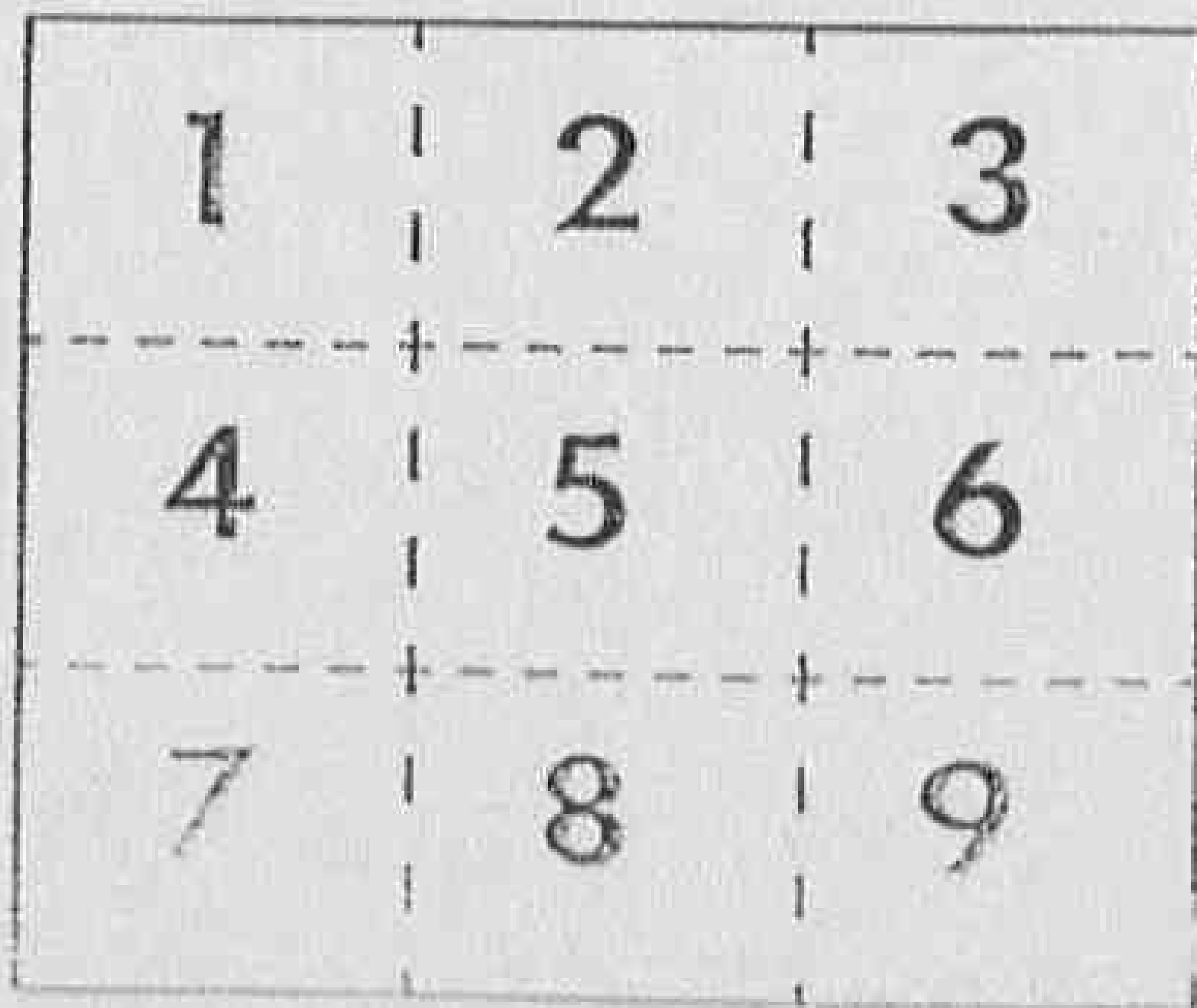
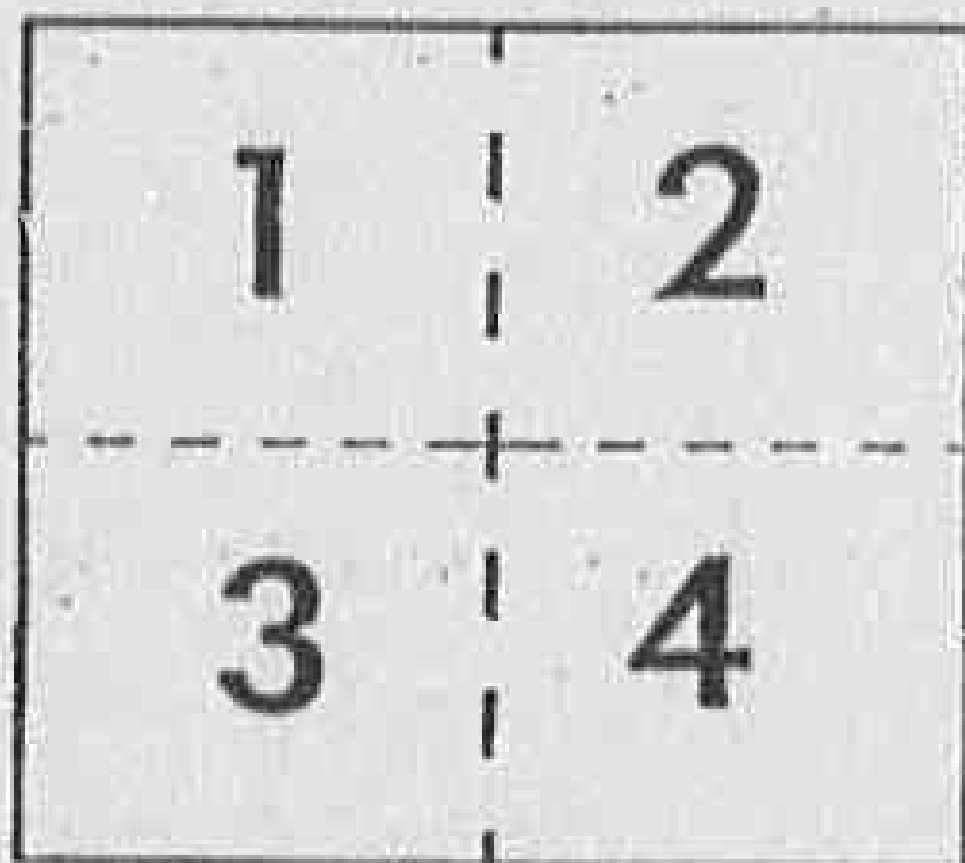
And in this way that civil demon which in Italy is not yet eliminated, which always tries to spoil a well running thing, will be defeated.

And now back to work.

6228

MAPS AND CHARTS TOO LARGE TO FILM
ON ONE EXPOSURE ARE FILMED CLOCKWISE
BEGINNING IN THE UPPER LEFT CORNER,
LEFT TO RIGHT, AND TOP TO BOTTOM.

SEE DIAGRAMS BELOW.



1000

CRONACA DI CAG

[illegible]

Ed ora, tornando al lavoro:

L'indennità "nuovo caro-vita"

NACA DI CAGLIARI

Cagliari, 5 Maggio 1945

Ant'Efisio Zecchi e Minardi alla Seta della Provincia

Oggi alle ore 10, nell'aula della Provincia, si svolgerà una grande manifestazione, che sarà una specie di "sfilata" di tutti i comitati provinciali, che si sono costituiti in questi giorni, per la difesa della Provincia.

Carlo Zecchi è nato a Cagliari nel 1901. A cinque anni ebbe il primo successo quando fu pubblicato il primo libro, "La vita di un cane". Da allora ha continuato a pubblicare libri, tra i quali "La vita di un cane", "La vita di un cane", "La vita di un cane".

Il violinista Enrico Mainardi è nato a Milano nel 1891. Incominciò gli studi di violino con il maestro di Milano, sotto la guida di Nigro, diplomandosi nel 1918, e si perfezionò con Hugo Becker a Berlino. Al Conservatorio di Milano ha insegnato in sostituzione nel 1918. Compiuto il suo servizio militare, si è dedicato alla carriera di concertista. Da allora ha suonato in tutti i quartetti d'archi, in tutti i quartetti d'archi, in tutti i quartetti d'archi.

Zecchi ha scritto a Cagliari, concerti, da solista e da direttore, che hanno richiamato tutta la vita culturale della città. Ha scritto a Cagliari, concerti, da solista e da direttore, che hanno richiamato tutta la vita culturale della città.

Incide, direzione dell'editore, Cagliari, 5 Maggio 1945. CAUCE VIVA E SPENTA, prezzi di vendita, Cagliari, 5 Maggio 1945. MATERIALI EDILI, Cagliari, 5 Maggio 1945. CAUSE VIVA E SPENTA, prezzi di vendita, Cagliari, 5 Maggio 1945. MATERIALI EDILI, Cagliari, 5 Maggio 1945.

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I PARTITI NAZIONALI (Repubblica) Cagliari, 5 Maggio 1945. I PARTITI NAZIONALI (Repubblica) Cagliari, 5 Maggio 1945.

Per i minatori

Una Commissione ministeriale, istituita dal Ministero del Lavoro, ha visitato nei giorni scorsi la Sardegna per verificare lo stato della situazione e della tensione creata fra i minatori del bacino minerario di Carbonia ed i loro dirigenti.

L'interessamento del Governo e della Confederazione Generale Italiana del Lavoro è volto a porre al riparo un avvenimento infortunoso in faccia di loro 80 giorni, e di 80 giorni, e di 80 giorni.

Una conferenza

Domani, alle ore 10, nel salone della Macchia, del Tabacchi, per la prima volta, si terrà una conferenza sulla storia della Sardegna e della sua legislazione.

BENEFICENZA

L'ingegner ed i finanziere del Tabacchi di Cagliari hanno offerto alla Provincia una somma di lire 100.000 per la costruzione di una casa di cura per i poveri.

RADIO SARDEGNA: oggi

Ora 10.00. La macchina della Marina. Ora 10.00. La macchina della Marina. Ora 10.00. La macchina della Marina.

Cinematografi

TEATRO OLYMPIA PRIMA VISIONE GIORNI FELICI Commedia americana con Armando Maffei - Valpurga Capone - Lilla Bili - Paolo Baggio

CARMEN Spettacolo esclusivo della serata opera di Monty Postiglioni con Luciano Bonaventura e Adriano Rinaldi

CINEMA TEATRO ODEON UN GRANDE FILM AMERICANO con Gary Grant, Patricia Fenwick, Edward Arnold, Janet Godwin

FOLIES BERGERES con Maurice Chevalier, Milla Dorey e Ana Godwin

TEATRO EDEN Voglio vivere con letizia con Anna Maria - D. Maffei - J. Capone

QUANDO SI AMA con Charles Boyer e Katharine Hepburn

TEATRO CINEMA TABACCHI IL SERGENTE DI FERRO con Fredric March e C. Langham

vita

Qytarasi ALBET
- Kalo jetai 19
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Kalo 19 magno

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GARE SINDACALICHE — A
del Centro Sportivo Italiano si es-
sano, nel corso del mese, gare a li-
sionistiche di calcio, pallacanestro,
volley, leggera, tennistavola.

L'Ostrogod
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 di Roma,
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 Igile ap
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Age	20-29
Sex	Female
Color	White

Il genitore, i cui figlioli devono manifestare rispetto nei confronti di ogni cosa, tendono cambiare molto di stile e che comunque sono in dubbio, anzi loro possono, possono dimenticare qualcosa di molto più facile, il quale, viene a loro imporre e spesso, da parte loro, prima di loro, che qualche volta capiscono e, soprattutto del giovane, le loro azioni, come nell'ambito per un periodo di tempo.

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L'UNIONE SA

QUOTIDIANO POLITICO DELLA SARDE

LA FINE DELLA POTENZA

Le forze nemiche nella Germania occidentale e nel

SI ANNUNCIA CHE TUTTE LE FORZE NEMICHE DELLA GERMANIA OCCIDENTALE, DELL'OLANDA E DELLA DANIMARCA HANNO CAPITOLATO.

LA RESA DIVENTERA' EFFETTIVA A PARTIRE DALLE ORE 8 DI DOMANI SABATO.

La resistenza germanica nel settore settentrionale è crollata: su i prigionieri tedeschi sempre più numerosi si tende a concentrare gli alleati. Si calcola che oltre 500.000 tedeschi si siano arresi nelle ultime 24 ore alle forze della seconda armata britannica. Il congiungimento delle forze del Maresciallo Montgomery con le truppe sovietiche del maresciallo Rokossovski è stato annunciato ieri sera da uno speciale ordine del giorno di Stalin. Il collegamento è stato stabilito a Wismar, sul Baltico, quarantotto Km. ad est di Lübeck.

Amburgo è stata frattanto completamente occupata dalle truppe britanniche. Disparati di stanza affermano che colonne della 1a armata avanzando rapidamente a nord della città, avrebbero varcato la frontiera danese. Contemporaneamente l'Alto comando tedesco ha dichiarato le città di Kiel

quando queste distavano ancora una quarantina di Km. dalla città.

La terza armata americana è penetrata nel sud del distretto di Berlino e Merseburg ed avanza in direzione di Potsdam.

Radio Berlino ha ripreso ieri le sue trasmissioni in lingua russa, sotto il controllo delle autorità sovietiche.

Verso la capitolazione

LONDRA. — Il Maresciallo Montgomery sarebbe in colloquio con l'ammiraglio Berntz, Ammiraglio della Flotta, per discutere la resa delle forze tedesche. Il Maresciallo Montgomery si sarebbe incontrato con il capo della marina germanica a Kiel e ad Amburgo. In Danimarca, altri deputati riferiscono che il governo tedesco ha deciso di arrendersi. Il generale Lindemann, comandante il presidio tedesco in Norvegia, ha dichiarato che si arrende. Il generale Lindemann, comandante il presidio tedesco in Norvegia, ha dichiarato che si arrende. Il generale Lindemann, comandante il presidio tedesco in Norvegia, ha dichiarato che si arrende.

Il delegato norvegese, in Norvegia, Terborgh, sarebbe giunto nella Jutland in volo dopo aver conferito con Churchill. La situazione norvegese, egli avrebbe riferito che il morale del presidio germanico in Norvegia è abbastanza alto, ma che è probabile che si arrende. Il crollo della resistenza della difesa del resto delle truppe combattenti nel Reich e nelle altre località.

Nella giornata di ieri si è sperato a Londra la notizia che il primo ministro Churchill aveva lasciato la capitale per fare la sua visita a Washington ed a Berlino.

Il corrispondente politico della Reuters Fraser-Woodson, informa stamane che Churchill non ha lasciato Londra, ed aggiunge che se importanti notizie dovessero giungere sulla situazione Churchill ne darebbe notizia al Parlamento.

Sui circoli londinesi l'atmosfera è eccitata. Informano i corrispondenti, come neppure prima, che la resa germanica è un momento atteso, sebbene non si va riproponendo l'idea di una resa.

Tuttavia il Primo ministro Churchill ha detto ai deputati del Parlamento che non attende l'annuncio della resa tedesca, ma che la si attende, e di non essere facilmente reperibili.

La caduta di Berlino

MOSCA. — La trasmissione della capitale tedesca ha dato ieri, in una trasmissione dedicata al popolo tedesco, che la caduta di Berlino è il segnale per l'insediamento di una nuova Germania. Poche ore prima, un membro del Consiglio Nazionale della Libera Germania, parlante da Mosca, ha assicurato i suoi compatrioti della buona intenzione del governo verso il popolo tedesco. «Se voi deponete le armi — egli ha detto — la Germania sarà una repubblica democratica, libera, e si comporrà con la Russia e con gli altri paesi».

Radio Mosca ha aggiunto in un comunicato che Berlino è stata circondata dalle mani di Hitler e sarà consegnata al popolo tedesco quando questo avrà liberato il sole che ha avuto origine nella sua libertà e che ha creato l'Europa. «Quando il popolo tedesco avrà deciso di essere un popolo libero, libero dalla carezza della schiavitù».

Una dichiarazione

su la vita e su la

ROMA. — La dichiarazione di Churchill, che si stampa in seguito alla direzione dopo la sua visita in Italia, è

Non tale da suscitare una reazione in Italia. La dichiarazione di Churchill, che si stampa in seguito alla direzione dopo la sua visita in Italia, è

Secondo la direzione della stampa, la dichiarazione di Churchill, che si stampa in seguito alla direzione dopo la sua visita in Italia, è

Dopo la resa in Italia

ROMA. — Le operazioni militari durante la liberazione dell'Italia.

[illegible]

Sabato 5 Maggio 1945 - Numero 109

nia occidentale e nella Danimarca hanno capitolato

La conferenza di S. Francisco

Secondo la direzione del partito è urgente la necessità di una nuova direzione politica che sia espressione immediata delle forze di liberazione i cui compiti più pressanti sarebbero la convocazione della costituzione, la liquidazione dei residui fascisti, la democrazia.

L'arresto di Parlant

PIEMONTE — La polizia alleata ha tradotto a Firenze il generale Alberto Parlant ex sottosegretario alla giunta provinciale a Mondovì del Centro.

Come è noto il generale Parlant venne catturato nel processo Doria e sta attualmente a 15 anni di reclusione.

Viende da Milano che
ha poveri, le sal-
da sempre sermo-
nare. Infatti sarà
costa del disastro
milanese all'esta. In richiesta di inchiesta
Mussolini tra i volontari di guerra po-
la grande commissione delle troppe in-
fante durante la comparsa della fu-
cile.

In merito al problema, sollevato dalle rivendicazioni jugoslave a Trieste, la direzione del partito è fermamente decisa a non permettere che si avvii la nuova de-

Sono lieto di poter annunciare che a cominciare da domani si inizierà il rimpatrio per scapiti dei militari e dei civili italiani dall'Athosa. Ciò è stato possibile grazie alle autorità albanesi che hanno provveduto ai mezzi. Al trasporto ed alla rimpatrio è incaricato dal governo Albanese per la risoluzione di questo delicato problema.

Ad Okinawa combattimenti di estremo violenza si sono accesi quando il 10° corpo d'armata americano si è lanciato all'attacco della difesa giapponese nel settore mo-

BRUXELLES, 4 — Il partito socialista belga ha chiesto l'ardimento di re Leopoldo. Un comunicato emanato in proposito dalla direzione del partito reca che il Comitato esecutivo ha deciso che gli interessi del paese, la sua unità e la stabilità del sistema politico esistente richiedono che i socialisti

Ora pensare che sia naturalmente impossibile inserire nella Carta un impegno effettivo di usare la forza, la Carta può e deve sottolineare l'uso della forza, ma l'impegno che lega ogni governo particolare a ricorrere ad una scelta di forza può essere reso effettivo in seguito solo a convenzioni militari precise che sono state negoziate e

ROMA, 4 notte — Notizie dalla frontiera italiana informano che i patriotti hanno arrestato numerose altre personalità del passato regime fascista. Sono stati arrestati Vito Muscarelli, la moglie di Farinacci, il figlio di Achille Starace avv. Luigi, l'ex ministro delle finanze Domenico Pellegrini Giampietro, la moglie ed i figli di Albino Volpi uno degli assassini di Matteotti.

svore della sua popolarità

ore di Mussolini

ando da Milano che ha accettato la sal- ta campo comune. tutti. Infatti, alla guerra del disordine da americani, poi, dal busto la testa a un'istituzione me- lo studio del cri-

stema d'una duca ha di esecuzione pall- che i partiti, hanno prendere la loro, almeno gridaio con

giando che il capo ha dichiarato che a Mussolini e si uni il, lire in va-

ato R. Roma con- la del cadavere del- la sua ferrea fat- di rendere anche donare la gente, se- stana. La marcia del fascio sinistra, a sinistra, sulla- zione di camio- que (battuto) e se- tivoli di sangue, e ne c'era cappotto e a pancia Indiana- da cavale a strin- da quasi millitares- in alto, contraria- bano ben design- li era ancora e che- ton. La sua dimen- Petacci è stato r- b- la medaglietta d'oro- gi. C'era, in som- e la c- d- n-

la all'ora, James- la marcia sono- di appariva deforma- re quasi irriconosci- tano stati (atti) sal- parzialmente manella- ando al volto ad- fero di un perso- no mare, quella di- il cadavere delle- mas completamente- Una processa appa- e necessità

li sono 197. El con- Baracca, ci stac- autore l'Adventu- e attaccanti giuda- alla e sostenendo un- tola, al posto delle- no conata, non era- quali di guerra di ultimamente il Ge- a invaso alla Com-

includere, affetto, la richiesta di includere Mussolini tra i criminali di guerra, per la atroci commesse dalle truppe italia- ne durante la occupazione della Lu- zambia.

La richiesta aveva obbligato la Com- missione a rivedere il caso Musso- lini ed ora avrebbe dovuto riferire sul- le sue decisioni. Il primo intervento dei patri- ci italiani ha rapidamente eli- minato tutte le questioni di salutare- bilitazione.

Radio Milano ha confermato la mor- te di don Calogaro avvenuta domeni- ca, aprile giurano dal parroco. Si ap- prende inoltre che il famigerato coman- dante della «Mafia Colombo» è stato giu- stiziato a Londa, nella stessa posto do- ve aveva fatto assassinare il capitano Ruci e altri poliziotti.

Dichiarazioni americane

WASHINGTON, 4 (U. S. I. S.) — Henry J. May, rappresentante demo- cratico del Kentucky, presidente della commissione parlamentare degli affari militari ha detto ieri che Mussolini ed i capi fascisti giustiziati con lui, hanno avuto dal partigiani italiani un processo più giusto di quello che i fascisti ab- biano mai dato agli altri. Egli ha detto: «Io personalmente sento che è stata fatta giustizia. L'esecuzione di questo storicamente e traditore del popolo italiano, significa che è stata sgomberata la strada perché la giustizia possa seguire ora il suo corso senza ostacoli. Da questo gio- rno in poi, senza dubbio, i processi in Italia diventeranno più formali. La maniera in cui gli italiani stan- no sottomettendo la lotta totale per la propria liberazione per l'ammi- nistrazione del loro governo e per fare giustizia promette bene per l'avvenire dell'Italia».

L'arresto del figlio dell'ex duce

BERNA, 4 notte — Notizie dalla frontiera italiana informano che i patrioti hanno ucciso numerose al- tre personalità del passato regime fascista. Sono stati arrestati Vito Mussolini, la moglie di Farinacci, il figlio di Achille Starace avv. Lui- gi, l'ex ministro delle finanze Do- menico Pellegrini Giampietro, la moglie ed i figli di Alberto Volpi uno degli assessori di Matteotti.

nonché che il campo di aviazione di Matina a sud di Davao, si trova ora sotto il controllo delle forze al- leate le quali stanno eliminando piccoli gruppi di resistenza giappo- nesi in vicinanza dell'aeroporto di Libby.

Ad Okinawa combattimenti di e- strema violenza si sono accesi quando il 10° corpo d'armata ame- ricano si è lanciato all'attacco del- le difese giapponesi nel settore me- rionale dell'isola.

L'ammiraglio Nimitz ha annun- ciato dal suo quartier generale che nelle operazioni svoltesi finora nel- la zona di Okinawa la marina ame- ricana ha perduto almeno 5000 uo- mini. Nella campagna delle isole Ryukiu le perdite americane am- montano complessivamente a 16000 uomini mentre da parte nipponica superano i 20000 uomini. Ciò de- mostra l'estrema violenza dei com- battimenti e l'accesa resistenza che le truppe alleate debbono su- perare per proseguire la loro vi- toriosa avanzata.

Aerei americani di base ad Okinawa e nelle Filippine hanno mar- cettato le basi aeree e le posizioni giapponesi a Khabu. Bombardieri americani hanno inoltre affondato nel Borneo almeno 22 navi nemi- che.

Si hanno particolari circa le o- perazioni anfibe che hanno porta- to le forze alleate alla conquista della zona di Bengoni; nonostante le condizioni atmosferiche avverse i reparti da sbarco hanno prosegui- to la loro avanzata ottenendo buo- ni successi. La resistenza giappone- se è stata rapidamente soppressa. Notizie dell'atmosfera informano che anche Prome, importante cen- tro situato a 180 chilometri a nord di Bangor, è stato occupato dalle forze alleate le quali hanno taglia- to fuori numerosi contingenti giap- ponesi.

Frattanto mentre continuano a- vere combattimenti nei dintorni di Bangor, dove sono entrate ieri le truppe della 14ma armata britan- nica, l'aviazione alleata ha provvedo- to a soccorrere gli feriti, i medievoli, vi- veri ed altro materiale ai prigionie- ri di guerra alleati nel campo di concentramento nella periferia della città.

Lo coronamento di Re Giorgio

Re Giorgio VI ha inviato all'ammir- ago Lord Louis Mountbatten il seguen- te messaggio di congratulazioni: «Io e lei e tutti del Comando soggito di Ungheria la associazione del- l'isola, Sud Orizondo la mia vera fratellanza».

I socialisti belgi chiedono l'abdicazione del re

BRUXELLES, 4 — Il partito so- cialista belga ha chiesto l'abdicazio- ne di re Leopoldo. Un comuni- cato emanato in proposito dalla di- rezione del partito reca che il co- mitato esecutivo ha deciso che gli interessi del paese, la sua unità e la stabilità del sistema politico esi- stente richiedono che i socialisti belgi si oppongano al trasferimen- to automatico del potere e richie- dono tutte le misure tendenti ad ot- tenere l'abdicazione di re Leopoldo.

Dalla capitale belga si apprende che una delegazione socialista si è recata dal primo ministro per sug- gerire che il principe ereditario Baudouin succeda al trono ed il principe Carlo rimanga reggente finché Baudouin non abbia rag- giunto la maggiore età.

Il processo contro Pétain

PARIGI, 4 — L'agenzia telegrafica francese riferisce oggi che l'av- vvocato Christol, scelto dal genera- le Pétain quale suo difensore ha ri- dutato di accettare tale incarico.

In conseguenza Pétain sarà co- stretto a scegliere il suo difensore tra quelli proposti dal presidente dell'ordine degli avvocati.

Il Consiglio nazionale polacco

VARSAVIA, 4 — L'agenzia Tass informa che il consiglio nazionale polacco ha tenuto oggi la sua prima seduta inaugurale nella capitale. Alla riunione hanno partecipato 280 delegati del paese e numerosi invi- tati, tra cui l'ambasciatore sovietico in Polonia, il ministro econo- mico a Varsavia, il rappresentante del governo francese e l'ambascia- tore polacco a Mosca.

NOTIZIE IN POCHE RIGHE

PIOMBELLO LA GUARDIA, nel com- mentare l'esecuzione di Benito Musso- lini da parte dei prigionieri italiani, ha detto: «Ecco tutto quello che ho di- cto. E' avvenuto dieci anni troppo tardi».

UN PORTAVOCE del Ministero de- gli affari francesi ha detto ancora che il governo francese non ha finora inoltrato alcuna domanda al generale Franco, per la restituzione dell'ex primo ministro Pierre Laval.

LE AUTORITA' SVIZZERE hanno rifiutato, sulla base dell'Art. 18, ex primo ministro collaborazionista dell'Iraq e al- Percidoun Alberto di Asburgo che i te- deschi pensavano un tempo di nominare re di Ungheria la associazione del- l'isola, Sud Orizondo la mia vera fratellanza».

per avvicinarsi in anticipo, senza necessità.

Ogni pensare che sia ugualmente impossibile ottenere nella Carta un impegno effettivo di usare la for- za. La Carta può e deve autorizzare l'uso della forza, ma l'impegno che leghi ogni governo particolare a ricorrere ad una azione di forza può essere reso effettivo in solici- po solo da convenzioni militari precise che siano state negoziate e ratificate. Non si può essere un impegno effettivo generico ad ado- perare la forza ad una data igno- ra in un luogo non specificato, contro un aggressore ipotetico. L'imposizione della pace dovrà es- sere preparata per mezzo di con- venzioni specifiche, per scopi su- piti, ad esempio, per mantenere il controllo sulla Germania e sul Giappone, per provvedere alla si- curezza della Repubblica ameri- cana, controllare l'Oceano Pacifico, l'Oceano Atlantico, il Mediterraneo, e così via. Tutto ciò dovrà es- sere reso implicito nella Carta, ma è ovvio che la Carta può soltanto autorizzare e non prescrivere.

Per il resto, per tutti i casi che non sono contemplati da parti spe- cifiche, vi può essere una mobilita- zione di forza collettiva solamente- ve e quando i governi, membri dell'Organizzazione delle Nazioni, si- stite, concordano a fornire la forza e ad usare l'arresto fondamen- tale di riunirsi alla scopo di accor- darsi a tutto quello che è possibile e tutto quello che è necessario. Ma la politica convenzionale, quando si riuniscono, che sono varranno la forza per conservare la pace, se- con la decisione, se non si ac- cordano, non si riuniscono, allora nessuna formula verbale accor- data, e non l'arresto, nel 1945, po- trà mobilitare eserciti nel 1955.

Il documento che uscirà da San Francisco, dovrebbe essere molto breve, molto semplice, e riguarder- rà soltanto l'istituzione di una ag- cie di legalistica che dichiara u- na regola ed autorizza i mezzi per raggiungerla. Tutto il resto do- vrebbe poi venire sviluppato dal- l'organizzazione stessa.

Affermando a questo largo prin- cipio, di fare cioè differenza tra u- na costituzione ed un corpo di leg- gi, noi possiamo creare un'organi- zazione vitale, che crescerà e si svilupperà di per se stessa.

WALTER LIEPMANN

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LIAISON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.H.I.A.)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.F.O. 384, U.S. Army

20 April 1945

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Comm. A.C. (13/11)

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 12

Period From 21 March to 20 April 1945

A. General Security1. Morale

(a) Morale among the Italian soldiers continues to remain high. Attended the annual "Fest of the 80th Infantry Regiment" and in the speeches they expressed a strong desire to join combat with the Allies against the enemy at the front and redeem the name of Italy. Officers and enlisted men of 80th Regiment made good appearance in review.

(b) At the close of Phase III (Recruits) Call-up, there were no accumulation of desertions, considering those are young men and will be removed from their native Sardinia, it is not excessive.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:

See rumor below.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:

No doubt many individuals have small amount of ammunition because they use hand grenades (Red Devils) from time to time for fishing, but not thought to be on a large organized scale. (Opinion Intelligence Office, R.A.F., Elmas).

4. Political Activity:

Nothing to Report.

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5. Relations with and Attitude towards Allied Troops:

(a) Continues to be favorable.

6. Discipline: Very satisfactory for Italian Troops.

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7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk: Breaches of Security

- (a) Rumored in Cagliari that British have 99 year lease on Elmas Air Field (Intelligence Officer R.A.F., Elmas)
- (b) Fascist becoming more powerful in Sardinia
- (c) Callups in Sardinia to go to fight Japan
- (d) Callups enrolled in Sardinia only, not on Mainland or Sicily.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters:

- (a) The Phase III (Recruits) of Callups about completed, and no incidents or demonstrations against the Callup been reported.
- (b) AC Mining office at Carbonia reports a continuance of "off and on" strikes and threats of strikes by miners. I have interviewed CC.M. and Italian Army officers and they are prepared to cope with any disturbances that might arise when called on by the Prefect.
- (c) The following taken from Colonel Paragoulakis, AC report of 2 April:

In the political field the principal event has been the resignation of Emilio LUSU from the Sard Action Party. Reports indicate that the Sard Action Party are not so inclined towards the left as the Action Party of Italy of which LUSU is the leader. The development may lead to a rift in the Sard Action Party, and later in the month LUSU declared that he would remain a member of the CAGLIARI Section of the Sard Action Party. At the same time he dissociated himself from any separatist tendencies, he also expressed his aspiration for the British two-party system saying that he hoped the Italian Action Party would become the labor Party of Italy.

During the month a meeting was held of the Comitato di Liberazione in SASSARI with the Prefect's permission. The Christian Democrat and Liberal Parties did not participate. The principal speakers were Prof. LACONI of the Communist Party, Avv. FROGONI of the Sard Action Party and Avv. GEMINI of the Socialist Party. Sig. MISTRONI, the Communist from Carbonia, also participated. The speeches condemned the escape of General ROCCA in Rome, the Government and not the Carabinieri being held responsible. Anti-Monarchist claims were also expressed.

Of the political parties the Sard Action Party appears to be the strongest, followed by the Christian Democrat Party as far as declared numbers are concerned. The Communist Party, though considerably smaller, is probably the best organized.

There have been no serious reactions to the increased 5225
of bread so far. 18 Lire per kilo for bread and 21 Lire per kilo for pasta are the ruling prices in SASSARI and are believed to be the lowest at present in Italy. A strike, however, occurred on the 20th March in which the price of bread was brought up in a demand for an increase in wages.

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B. Personalities

See our dossier on Italian officers of 20 April 1945.

LESTER R. ALBERT,
Lt. Colonel, Infantry,
Senior Liaison Officer.

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LIAISON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.M.I.A.)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.P.O. 394, U.S. Army

23 March 1945

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Com A.C. (MMIA)

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 11

Period from 20 February to 20 March 1945

A. General Security

1. Morale

(a) Morale among the Italian soldiers here in Sardinia appears to be high. No complaints have been received. When inspections are made, conversations are held with officers and enlisted men and no grievances have been expressed. The successes on all fronts have caused great interest and a feeling that the war in Europe will be over soon.

A number of desertions have been reported among the re-called men. This has been primarily due to the lack of shipping.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:

Nothing to report.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:

Nothing to report.

4. Political Activity:

Nothing to report.

5. Relations with and Attitude towards Allied Troops:

(a) Continues to be favorable.

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6. Discipline: Very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk: Breaches of Security:

- (a) Nothing to report.
- (b) No apparent breaches of security.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters:

(a) The 2nd Phase of Re-call is under way and the response to date has been very satisfactory. So far no incidents or demonstrations against the Re-call have been reported.

B. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher leaders:

Nothing to report.

2. Information (black) on higher leaders:

Nothing to report.

GEORGE L. FOSSETT
Major, C.E.

6222

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Y AFDS/rre

LIAISON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.W.I.A.)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.P.O. 397, U.S. Army

20 February 1945

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Com A.C. (M.W.I.A.)

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 10

Period from 20 January to 20 February

A. General Security

1. Morale

(a) Morale among the Italian soldiers here in Sardinia appears to be high. No complaints have been received. When inspections are made, conversations are held with officers and enlisted men and no grievances have been expressed. Continued successes on the Russian Front have caused great interest and a feeling the war in Europe will be over very soon.

The Italian Army has been very cooperative in handling the first phase of the Recall. Their interest and enthusiasm has contributed greatly to the success of the 1st phase.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:

(a) Throughout the island a number of posters were pasted on buildings, "Do Not Present Yourself" for the recall. However, this had little or no effect since the number reporting was much greater than expected.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:

Nothing to report.

4. Political Activity:

(a) The Gestapo informed us that in a number of communities the political parties held public meetings endorsing the recall.

5. Relations with and Attitude Towards Allied Troops:

(a) Continues to be favorable.

6. Discipline: Very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk: Breaches of Security:

(a) Nothing to report.

(b) No apparent breaches of security.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters:

(a) The 1st phase of the recall has been completed and the number reporting has exceeded all expectations. So far no incidents or demonstrations against the recall have been reported.

A. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher leaders:

Nothing to report.

2. Information (Black) on higher leaders:

Nothing to report.

F. L. SIMONS
Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

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Y AFOS/rro

LIAISON OFFICER
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION (M.M.I.A.)
Allied Garrison Sardinia
A.F.O. 397, U.S. Army

22 January 1945

TO: Commanding General, Land Forces Sub Commission, A.C. (DMIA).

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 9

Period from 20 December to 20 January

A. General Security

1. Morale

(a) Morale among the Italian soldiers here in Sardinia appears to be high. No complaints have been received. When inspections are made conversations are held with officers and enlisted men and no grievances have been expressed.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:

Nothing to report.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:

Nothing to report.

4. Political Activity:

Nothing to report.

5. Relations with and Attitude Towards Allied Troops:

(a) Continues to be favorable.

6. Discipline: Very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk - Breaches of Security

(a) Nothing to report.

(b) No apparent breaches of security.

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B. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters:

(a) On 18 January 1945 the students in Cagliari put on a little demonstration and speech making. According to the local newspaper, this demonstration was in protest of the Re-call. A few hand grenades were thrown resulting in the death of a member of the Guardia and injury to a few civilians. The demonstration lasted about two (2) hours and no additional disturbances have been observed since that time.

B. Personalities

1. Information (White) on higher leaders:

Nothing to report.

2. Information (Black) on higher leaders:

Nothing to report.

F. L. SIMONE
Colonel, Infantry
Senior Liaison Officer

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Headquarters A.A.I.
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Army Sub Commission
A.P.O. 509, U.S. Army

25 August 1944

TO: Commanding General, Army Sub Commission, ACC, APO 394.

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: Allied Garrison Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 4

Period from 20 July to 20 August

A. General Security1. Morale:

(a) It is clearly evident that Allied prestige has been greatly augmented by the successful landing in Southern France on 15 August and continued Allied successes on all fronts. From the tone of Italian officers' conversation, it is clear that they regard Germany's present plight as desperate. Among the ranks of the Italian soldiers stationed here on Sardinia, the present developments are thought to increase the possibility of an early return to their homes.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:
Nothing to report.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:
Nothing to report

4. Political Activity:
(a) Some increase in Communist activity has been reported. Several political meetings were held in Cagliari and Sassari provinces and Communist propaganda was disseminated. Public reception to these meetings and propaganda was not enthusiastic.

5. Relations With and Attitude Towards Allied Troops:
(a) Continue to be favorable.

6. Discipline: Very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk - Breaches of Security
(a) One particular rumor dealing with the post-war position of Italy has been the topic of spirited discussions by the Italian soldiers. It treats of Allied Control of Italy for a period of ninety-nine years and it is claimed by most of the personnel that

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Italian seaports are to be occupied by English and American government agents for the purpose of absolute control of shipping. It is noted that these rumors have commenced contemporaneously with the news of major Allied gains and successes.

(b) No apparent breaches of security.

8. Summary of Military Situation and Similar Matters.

(a) Three enemy agents were dropped by parachute in the vicinity of Cabras (Oristano) about 13 August. Two of them were apprehended by shepherds and turned over to the American military authorities. The third was apprehended at his home several days later by Counter Intelligence Corps and Italian Secret Service personnel.

(b) Investigation of an explosion in the Italian bomb dump at Decimomannu on 3 July 44 was completed during this period. Results eliminated the possibility of sabotage as the bombs were of Italian and German make and were out of use.

B. Personalities

1. Information (white) on higher leaders:
Nothing to report.

2. Information (black) on higher leaders:
Nothing to report.

F. L. SIMMONS
Colonel, Infantry
Representative in
Sardinia

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Headquarters A.A.I.
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Army Sub Commission
A.P.O. 509, U.S. Army

20 July 1944

TO: Commanding General, Army Sub Commission, AGO, APO 394.

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: AGO Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 3

Period from 20 June to 20 July

A. General Security

1. Morale

(a) There is a general feeling of optimism throughout the Italian Army due to the continued Allied progress on all fronts.

(b) Two letters of complaints were received from Italian soldiers during this period. The first letter was written by a private in the Engineer Corps. He praised his company, a mobile bridge building shop; he also listed the Tables of Organization; and lamented the fact that his company has been idle for the past five months awaiting shipment to the continent. A copy of the letter was forwarded to Italian Army Headquarters for any action deemed necessary. The second letter was written by a private, now a mental patient in the 10th Station Hospital. He asserted that he is not insane and that he has been excessively maltreated. The Italian Army Headquarters has been requested to investigate and report findings to this office.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities and Trends:
Nothing to report.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunition:
Nothing to report.

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4. Political Activity:

(a) After approximately a fifteen (15) year absence, Emilio Lanza, prominent Sardinian and fervent anti-Fascist returned to his native Sardinia on 1 July 1944. During the Fascist reign, he had been interned as a threat to the Fascist security on the island. He was warmly greeted upon his return to Sardinia as he told the masses that Sardinia was not forgotten and that the problems and difficulties confronting Sardinia could be met by full cooperation on everyone's part.

5. Relations With and Attitude Towards Allied Troops:
(a) Continue to be favorable.

6. Discipline: Very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk: Breaches of Security:
Nothing to report.

8. Summary of Military Security: Other Matters:

(a) The following is an excerpt from the 3-2 Periodic Report, Allied Garrison of Sardinia, 2 July 1944. On 26 June 1944, an enemy Italian aircraft, type SM 79, departed from Varesano Airfield in German-occupied Italy with five (5) Italian Air Corps enlisted men who had seized the ship in order to escape to liberated territory. Four (4) of the soldiers reside in Catania, Sicily. They had planned to land in Sicily but due to a shortage in fuel they were directed to Elmas Airbase, Sardinia. They were all referred to the GSEC representative in Sardinia and the subjects are now being held for final disposition.

B. Personalities

1. Information (white) on higher leaders: Nothing to report.

2. Information (black) on higher leaders: Nothing to report.

F. L. SIBBENS
Colonel, Infantry
Representative in
Sardinia

NOTE:

Security Intelligence Reports for this Outstation are prepared by Captain Louis A. Cerutti, Cavalry.

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Headquarters A.A.I.
 ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
 Army Sub Commission
 A.P.O. 509, U.S. Army

23 June 1944

TO: Commanding General, Army Sub Commission, AOC
 Main Headquarters, Leguila (ISGCE)

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: AG3 Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 2

Period from 20 May to 20 June

A. GENERAL SECURITY

1. Morale:

(a) The opening of the second front in Northwest Europe and the continued Allied advances in Italy have contributed to an amelioration of the Italian soldier's morale. The success of present operations has brought about a more optimistic feeling and a general belief that the war will end in Europe before the end of 1944.

(b) Complaints are brought to the attention of this office through the receipt of anonymous letters and from personal interviews with Italian soldiers. The majority complain about the lack of shoes, cigarettes and rations. An extensive inspection of mess halls and ration dumps in Sardinia was conducted by two officers of this section during this period. It was found that the food issued is adequate, but there is a definite lack of cigarettes and wine. Tobacco is issued to the Italian soldiers, but it is of very low quality. No cigarette paper is issued and consequently most of the tobacco is not used. In respect to wine and tobacco, the complaints from the soldiers are well-founded. During the forthcoming period sufficient shoes are being shipped to Sardinia which should eliminate grounds for complaints on this item.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti Allied Activities and Trends:

(a) An extract from a letter written by an Italian soldier in Sardinia to a relative on the island was forwarded from Civil Censorship Group by HQ Allied Control Commission Information Division. In part the letter read as follows: "I always will be faithful to ideas I had before no matter what happens. I am a soldier of a beaten Army. It was beaten neither by valor nor by ideas but by the great and brutal strength of the enemy." 213

(b) A report from Psychological Warfare Branch was forwarded by the Provincial Commissioner, Sassari Province relative to a speech by Brigadier Romeo to thirty (30) officers of the Sassari District. He declared that the Allies were stealing their animals and that the Allies intended to remain on the island for a long period of time. He also stated that he had fought against the Germans in Croatia but that did not prevent him from appreciating German organization. The Provincial Commissioner of Sassari is of the opinion that the report is based on hearsay, but he has taken steps to investigate and we are awaiting a more conclusive report.

3. Illegal Storage of Arms and Ammunitions: Nothing to report.

4. Political Activity:

(a) The Italian soldier is not especially impressed by the Prince of Piedmont's assumption of government duties. Umberto, as Lieutenant General of Italy is acceptable for the present, but the majority of the Italian soldiers feel that Italy should be a Republic after the war.

5. Relations With and Attitude Towards Allied Troops:

(a) Continue to be favorable.

6. Discipline: Very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talks: Breaches of Security:

(a) Several Italian officers who had been transferred from the mainland to Sardinia during this period told an officer of this section that it was generally believed in the Naples area that a new American Army was being formed south of Salerno, and that a French Corps was in Corsica, both of which would take part in an amphibious landing at LIVORNO before 28 June. These rumors were prevalent among the Neapolitan civilians and not among Allied military personnel.

(b) The transferring of Italian personnel from Sardinia to the mainland was conducted with no reported case of a breach of security.

8. Summary of Military Security:

(a) On the whole, military security in Sardinia is satisfactory.

B. PERSONALITIES

1. Information (white) on higher leaders: Nothing to report.

2. Information (black) on higher leaders: Nothing to report.

F. I. SIMONS
Colonel, Infantry
Representative in
Sardinia

Y PLS/TTS

Headquarters A.A.I.
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Army Sub Commission
A.P.O. 909, U.S. Army

28 May 1944

SUBJECT: Security Intelligence Report-Italian Army.

MEMO TO: Commanding General, Army Sub Commission, ACC
Main HQ, Legalia (INCE).

1. Monthly Security Intelligence Report for Sardinia for period 20 April to 20 May inclosed herewith.
2. This report was prepared by Captain L.A. Gerutti, Cavalry, and was delayed in forwarding until the return of the undersigned from conference at A.A.I. and MIA.

F. L. SIMKINS
Colonel, Infantry
Representative in
Sardinia

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F. L. Simkins

Y LAC/rro

Allied Force Headquarters
 ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
 Army Sub Commission
 A.P.O. 809, U.S. Army

27 May 1944

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: ABC Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 1

Period from April 20 to May 20.

A. General Security

1. Morale:

(a) In general, the morale of the Italian soldier is satisfactory. There are individual cases in which the lack of shoes and insufficient clothing, the minimum supply of tobacco and cigarettes, and the small ration has an adverse effect. The majority of the continental soldiers are all extremely desirous of returning to the mainland. On one hand, continentals whose homes are in occupied Italy want to return to the mainland and work for the Allies; on the other hand, continentals whose homes are in liberated Italy want to return to their homes as discharged from the Army in order to farm their lands or resume other civilian occupations.

(b) One source for the state of morale is derived from anonymous letters received by this office from Italian troops stationed on the island. One such letter was signed "Alpine Troops, 172nd Regiment, Villasor". The allegation was made that twenty-four bags of flour were stored in a Villasor depot, but that the only food received was carrots and boiled water. They further stated that eight bags of flour were reported lost in transit, but they could prove that their officers had sold them. The matter was referred to the Italian authorities requesting that an investigation be made. As yet, no report has been received from Italian Headquarters.

(c) An inspection was conducted by the G-4 Section, Allied Garrison of Sardinia, of the "Raggruppamento Granatieri" at Iglesias. It was reported that the officers and men were receiving less than three hundred (300) grams of bread per day, and that for the first week in May only one (1) book of matches was issued per man although the supply of matches to the Italian Army is sufficient to permit a distribution of two (2) books of matches per week to each

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soldier. The matter was referred to the Italian authorities for action and investigation. To date no report has been received.

(4) The news of the Allied offensive in Italy was well received. In an informal talk at Italian Army Headquarters with four (4) Italian field grade officers and an officer of this section, the Italian officers were of the opinion that the Allied forces on the main Fifth Army Front would meet on the Anzio beach-head by 10 June 1944, and that Rome would be occupied by the Allies before 30 June 1944.

(e) The most reliable source of information concerning morale that this office has results from the constant inspections of Italian units by officers of this section. Many inspections are made unannounced; spot checks are made and conversations are held with officers and enlisted men of the unit.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities or Trends: Nothing to report.

3. Illegal storage of arms and ammunition: Nothing to report.

4. Political Activity

(a) There has been an ostentatious display of communist slogans and the emblem of the hammer and sickle painted in red on many of the houses in Saggiari and the nearby towns. There have been, however, no incidents of public communist demonstrations.

(b) At an informal gathering of half a dozen Italian junior grade officers, all of whose homes are in Northern Italy, remarks were heard by an officer of this section to the effect that if Communism succeeded in getting a foothold in Italy, the results would be worse than that created by Fascism. They believed that the present King should abdicate and that a Regency should be set up with the King's grandson on the throne.

5. Relations with and Attitude towards Allied Troops:

(a) There is little evidence of fraternizing on the part of the Allied troops and Italian soldiers. Those that are in contact because of their military duties are cooperative.

6. Discipline

(a) General Boselli, Commanding General 9th Italian Army Corps, however, reported two (2) Italian soldiers who failed to salute him on the streets of Saggiari. When questioned by the General, the Italian soldiers stated that they were working for the Allies in Saggiari and claimed they did not see him. An investigation is being

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conducted to clarify the position and question of discipline as regards Italian soldiers working for the Allies. This office is wholeheartedly in accord with the policy that the Italian Army be solely responsible for the discipline of all Italian soldiers. This has, however, been a singular case, and discipline has been very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk:

(a) During the period covered by this report a considerable movement of Italian troops and equipment took place. No case of a breach of security was reported.

8. Summary. Other Matters:

(a) The preparation for movement and the transport itself of the Rembo Division to the mainland were closely and constantly observed. After the initial misunderstandings and conflicting opinions as to the possible actions of Rembo personnel aboard ship, the movement to the mainland got under way. The Commanding General of the Rembo Division, Brigadier General Morigi, and Colonel F. L. Simmons of this office accompanied the first contingent. To date practically the entire division has been transported with absolutely no incidents. The Captain of the Giuseppe Garibaldi stated in his report that of all the troops he has transported to the mainland, the Rembo were the most orderly and best behaved. The security of this movement, considering all the preliminary difficulties, was superior. Upon arrival at Naples, many troops were surprised for they had believed their destination would have been North Africa. Moreover, the morale of this unit which has always been higher than average, was greater than at any other time.

B. Personalities.

1. Information (white) on higher leaders: Nothing to report.
2. Information (black): Nothing to report.

F. L. SIMMONS
Colonel, Infantry
Representative in
Sardinia 6208

I 112/TTG

Headquarters A.A.I.
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Army Sub Commission
A.P.O. 309, U.S.Army

28 May 1944

SUBJECT: Security Intelligence Report-Italian Army.

MEMO TO: Commanding General, Army Sub Commission, ACC
Main Bldg, Legation (INCE).

1. Monthly Security Intelligence Report for Sardinia for period 20 April to 20 May inclosed herewith.
2. This report was prepared by Captain L.A. Carutti, Cavalry, and was delayed in forwarding until the return of the undersigned from conference at A.A.I. and MIA.

F. I. SIMONS
Colonel, Infantry
Representative in
Sardinia

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Y LAC/rco

Allied Force Headquarters
 ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
 Army Sub Commission
 A.P.O. 509, U.S. Army

27 May 1944

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation: ASC Sardinia

Area Covered: Sardinia

Report No. 1

Period from April 20 to May 20.

A. General Security

1. Morale:

(a) In general, the morale of the Italian soldier is satisfactory. There are individual cases in which the lack of shoes and insufficient clothing, the minimum supply of tobacco and cigarettes, and the small ration has an adverse effect. The majority of the continental soldiers are all extremely desirous of returning to the mainland. On one hand, continentals whose homes are in occupied Italy want to return to the mainland and work for the Allies; on the other hand, continentals whose homes are in liberated Italy want to return to their homes as discharges from the Army in order to farm their lands or resume other civilian occupations.

(b) One source for the state of morale is derived from anonymous letters received by this office from Italian troops stationed on the island. One such letter was signed "Alpine Troops, 175th Regiment, Villaser". The allegation was made that twenty-four bags of flour were stored in a Villaser depot, but that the only food received was carrots and boiled water. They further stated that eight bags of flour were reported lost in transit, but they could prove that their officers had sold them. The matter was referred to the Italian authorities requesting that an investigation be made. As yet, no report has been received from Italian Headquarters.

(c) An inspection was conducted by the G-4 Section, Allied Garrison of Sardinia, of the "Maggruppamento Granatieri" at Iglesias. It was reported that the officers and men were receiving less than three hundred (300) grams of bread per day, and that for the first week in May only one (1) book of matches was issued per man although the supply of matches to the Italian Army is sufficient to permit a distribution of two (2) books of matches per week to each

soldier. The matter was referred to the Italian authorities for action and investigation. To date no report has been received.

(d) The news of the Allied offensive in Italy was well received. In an informal talk at Italian Army Headquarters with four (4) Italian field grade officers and an officer of this section, the Italian officers were of the opinion that the Allied forces on the main Fifth Army Front would meet on the Anzio beach-head by 10 June 1944, and that Rome would be occupied by the Allies before 30 June 1944.

(e) The most reliable source of information concerning morale that this office has results from the constant inspections of Italian units by officers of this section. Many inspections are made unannounced; spot checks are made and conversations are held with officers and enlisted men of the unit.

2. Fascist, Pro-German, Anti-Allied Activities or Trends: Nothing to report.

3. Illegal storage of arms and ammunition: Nothing to report.

4. Political Activity

(a) There has been an ostentatious display of communistic slogans and the emblem of the hammer and sickle painted in red on many of the houses in Cagliari and the nearby towns. There have been, however, no incidents of public communistic demonstrations.

(b) At an informal gathering of half a dozen Italian junior grade officers, all of whose homes are in Northern Italy, remarks were heard by an officer of this section to the effect that if Communism succeeded in getting a foothold in Italy, the results would be worse than that created by Fascism. They believed that the present King should abdicate and that a Regency should be set up with the King's grandson on the throne.

5. Relations with and Attitude towards Allied Troops:

(a) There is little evidence of fraternizing on the part of the Allied troops and Italian soldiers. Those that are in contact because of their military duties are cooperative.

6. Discipline

(a) General Rocelli, Commanding General 7th Italian Army Corps, however, reported two (2) Italian soldiers who failed to salute him on the streets of Sassari. When questioned by the General, the Italian soldiers stated that they were working for the Allies in Sassari and claimed they did not see him. An investigation is being

conducted to clarify the position and question of discipline as regards Italian soldiers working for the Allies. This office is wholeheartedly in accord with the policy that the Italian Army be solely responsible for the discipline of all Italian soldiers. This has, however, been a singular case, and discipline has been very satisfactory.

7. Rumors and Indiscreet Talk:

(a) During the period covered by this report a considerable movement of Italian troops and equipment took place. No case of a breach of security was reported.

8. Summary. Other Matters:

(a) The preparation for movement and the transport itself of the Rembo Division to the mainland were closely and constantly observed. After the initial misunderstandings and conflicting opinions as to the possible actions of Rembo personnel aboard ship, the movement to the mainland got under way. The Commanding General of the Rembo Division, Brigadier General Morigi, and Colonel F. L. Simmons of this office accompanied the first contingent. To date practically the entire division has been transported with absolutely no incidents. The Captain of the Giuseppe Garibaldi stated in his report that of all the troops he has transported to the mainland, the Rembo were the most orderly and best behaved. The security of this movement, considering all the preliminary difficulties, was superior. Upon arrival at Naples, many troops were surprised for they had believed their destination would have been North Africa. Moreover, the morale of this unit which has always been higher than average, was greater than at any other time.

9. Personalities.

1. Information (white) on higher leaders: Nothing to report.
2. Information (black): Nothing to report.

F. L. SIMMONS
Colonel, Infantry
Representative in
Sardinia

6204

78/60

Allied Force Headquarters
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Army Sub-commission
A.P.O. 509, U.S. Army

29 April 1944

SUBJECT: Security Intelligence

TO : Commanding General, Army Sub-commission
Allied Control Commission, Legation (LECC)

1. Pursuant to instruction in letter your Headquarters, subject, as above, 1/106, dated 25 March 1944 the following report is submitted:

- (a) - Morale: Nothing to report
- (b) - Fascist activities or tendencies: Nothing to report
- (c) - Pro-German or Anti-Allied activities or tendencies: Nothing to report
- (d) - Illegal storage of arms and ammunition: Nothing to report
- (e) - Summary of general security situation: Nothing to report

2. The general situation with regard to minor cases of unrest among Italian Military Personnel is not materially changed from that reported in paragraph 2 letter this office dated 14 April 1944.

F. L. SIMONE
Colonel, Infantry
Representative in
Sar-Mina

6203

10 J. Linn
SECRETSUBJECT: Security Intelligence - Monthly
Reports - Italian ArmyLAND FORCES SUB-COM. A.C.
(M.M.I.A.)File No. S/I/106/1
7 Dec 44TO : All M.M.I.A. L.O's

Ref our I/106 of 10 May 44 not to all.

1. You are requested to submit a Monthly Security Report on matters as listed in attached appendix "A".
2. Reports will be classified "SECRET" and will on no account be sent through Italian channels.
3. Reports should reach this H.Q. by 25th of the month, and should be consolidated by Senior MMIA L.O's in areas where applicable.

(M. J. Linn)
Lt Col
GS

6202

at the
(5)

Rec'd
1300
17 Dec 44

FILE: SECURITY

SECRET

Appendix "A" to S/I/106/1 of 7 Dec 44

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation.....Area Covered.....
Report No..... Period from to.....

A. GENERAL SECURITY

1. Morale - Include details of desert, complaints, unrest with grievance, desertions. Any seditions or subversive influences likely to undermine morale.
2. FASCIST, PRO-GERMAN, ANTI-ALLIED activities or trends.
3. ILLEGAL STORAGE OF ARMS & AMMUNITION.
4. POLITICAL ACTIVITY - Propaganda, monarchism.
5. Relations with and attitude towards Allied troops.
6. DISCIPLINE
7. RUMORS and indiscreet TALK - Breaches of Security.
8. SUMMARY of MILITARY SECURITY situation including any other matters that cannot be correctly listed under 1 to 7. above.

B. PERSONALITIES

1. Information (white) on higher leaders.

Note 1*

2. Information (BLACK) - ditto.

Note: 2

SOURCES It is essential to give source and assessment of reliability of each item of information i.e. personal observation, visit, interview, second-hand from....., reported by..... etc. Sources considered reliable, doubtful etc.

6201

Note 1* Rank, appointment, age. Information co-operative
negative - obstructive - political attitude -
efficiency - energy.

SECRET

SUBJECT: Security Intelligence - MONTHLY REPORTS -
Italian Army

Army Sub Commission A.C.C.
Main H.Q. (1231A)
LEQUITE (1700E)
T/106
10 May 44

Col SIMONE Army Sub Comm SAMBRIA
Adv HQ Army Sub Comm MCC SALERNO
MIA LG HQ ACC NAPLES
" " c/o DE ACT SICILY
" " c/o EXMI Italian CORPS
" " c/o MILAR EIGHTH ARMY
" " c/o HQ 5 CORPS
" " c/o HQ 2 Dist
" " c/o HQ 60 Sub AREA
" " TARANTO

Cops to: HQ 441 (for GMI (b))

1. Owing to the present static form of Operations in ITALY the enemy has been able to send an increasing number of agents through our lines. It is felt that security, particularly within the Italian Army, needs careful watching.
2. All has asked for a Monthly Security Report covering as much of the Italian Army as possible. In order that this report may present a true and accurate picture, detailed and comprehensive information is required from all outstations. In particular, information on the attitude, morale, political thought and general feeling of the Italian Army is required, including its leaders.
3. Action addresses all therefore will send a Security Report to reach this HQ not later than the 25th of each month, starting on the 25th May 1944.
4. Reports will cover Italian Troops in each outstation's area and will be rendered on matters listed in attached Appendix 'A'.
5. Reports will be classified SECRET and will on no account be sent through Italian channels.
6. This HQ Military T/106 of 2 and 22 Dec 43 and of 23 March 44 are hereby cancelled.

8201

Copy to: HQ AAF (For GEN (S))

1. Owing to the present static form of Operations in Italy the enemy has been able to send an increasing number of agents through our lines. It is felt that security, particularly within the Italian Army, needs careful watching.

2. All has asked for a Monthly Security Report covering as much of the Italian Army as possible. In order that this report may present a true and accurate picture, detailed and comprehensive information is required from all outstations. In particular, information on the attitude, morale, political thought and general feeling of the Italian Army is required, including its leaders.

3. Action addresses all therefore. A Security Report to reach this HQ not later than the 25th of each month, starting on the 25th May 1944.

4. Reports will cover Italian Troops in each outstation's area and will be rendered on matters listed in attached Appendix 'A'.

5. Reports will be classified SECRET and will on no account be sent through Italian channels.

6. This HQ letters V/106 of 2 and 22 Dec 43 and of 23 March 44 are hereby cancelled.

AEC

L. B. Downing

Major Gen,
Army Sub Comm A.C.C.

*Read 15 May 44
1730
Cyp*

SECRET

Appendix "A" to I/106 of May 1944

Security Intelligence Report - Italian Army

Outstation..... Area Covered.....

Report No..... Period from..... to.....

A. GENERAL SECURITY

1. Morale - Include details of unrest, complaints, undealt with grievances, desertions. Any seditions or subversive influences likely to undermine morale.

2. FASCIST, PRO-GERMAN, ANTI-ALLIED activities or trends.

3. ILLEGAL STORAGE OF ARMS & AMMUNITION.

4. POLITICAL ACTIVITY - Propaganda, monarchism.

5. RELATIONS WITH AND ATTITUDE TOWARDS ALLIED TROOPS.

6. DISCIPLINE.

7. HUMOURS and indiscreet TALK - Breaches of Security.

8. SUMMARY of MILITARY SECURITY situation including any other matters that cannot be correctly listed under 1 to 7 above.

B. PERSONALITIES

1. Information (white) on higher leaders.

Rank, appointment, age. Information co-operative - negative - obstructive - political attitude - efficiency - energy.

2. Information (BLACK) - ditto

Note

SOURCES. It is essential to give source and assessment of reliability of each item of information i.e. personal observation, visit, interview, second-hand from....., repeated by..... etc.

1. Morale - include details of unrest, complaints, unrest with grievances, desertions. Any seditions or subversive influences likely to undermine morale.
2. FASCIST, PRO-GERMAN, ANTI-ALLIED activities or trends.
3. ILLEGAL STORAGE OF ARMS & AMMUNITION.
4. POLITICAL ACTIVITIES - Propaganda, monarchism.
5. RELATIONS WITH AND ATTITUDE TOWARDS ALLIED TROOPS.
6. DISCIPLINE.
7. REMOOTS and indiscreet talk - Breaches of Security.
8. SUMMARY of MILITARY SECURITY situation including any other matters that cannot be correctly listed under 1 to 7 above.

B. PERSONALITIES

1. Information (white) on higher leaders.

Rank, appointment, age. Information co-operative - negative - obstructive - political attitude - efficiency - energy.

6199

2. Information (BLACK) - ditto

Note

SOURCES. It is essential to give source and assessment of reliability of each item of information i.e. personal observation, visit, interview, second-hand from....., repeated by..... etc. Sources considered reliable, doubtful etc.

LEGIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DI CAGLIARI
UFFICIO SERVIZIO

Cagliari, 11 31 dicembre 1944

SITUAZIONE DELLA SARDEGNA DEL MESE DI DICEMBRE 1944.

AL COMANDO TRUPPE ALLEGATE PER LA SARDEGNA CAGLIARI

SITUAZIONE POLITICA

La situazione è sempre nebulosa.

Il popolo che, di massima, si astiene dalla politica, chiede che ogni attività ad essa inerente sia svolta unicamente in funzione degli interessi nazionali e non per creare dualismi dei quali potrebbero approfittare le forze considerate reazionarie; il popolo, quindi, non segue i capi-partito sebbene questi si affannino a macchinare proseliti, poco preoccupandosi della loro fede.

La costituzione del nuovo governo senza il concorso ed anzi con la intransigenza dei partiti d'Azione e Socialista, ha determinato il dibattito alla Camera dei Comuni dell'8 corrente con le note dichiarazioni anglo-americane sulla non ingerenza circa la situazione politica interna delle nazioni liberate, non permettendo, però, l'instaurazione di nuove dittature né che le varie situazioni interne possano comunque danneggiare le vie di comunicazione dei loro eserciti in guerra. Tali dichiarazioni vengono considerate una doccia fredda per i partiti estremisti, ma quello comunista italiano è sembrato, ⁵¹⁹⁸continua, il più accorto, abbandonando l'intransigenza iniziale e decidendo così a collaborare alla formazione del nuovo governo democratico.

Buona impressione ha suscitato nell'isola la nomina a sottosegretario

La situazione è sempre nebulosa.

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La costituzione del nuovo governo senza il concorso ed anzi con la intransigenza dei partiti d'Azione e Socialista, ha determinato il dibattito alla Camera dei Comuni dell'8 corrente con le note dichiarazioni anglo-americane sulla non ingerenza circa la situazione politica interna delle nazioni liberate, non permettendo, però, l'instaurazione di nuove dittature né che le varie situazioni interne possano comunque danneggiare le vie di comunicazione dei loro eserciti in guerra. Tali dichiarazioni vengono considerate una goccia fredda per i partiti estremisti, ma quello comunista italiano è sembrato, ⁶⁴⁹⁸ continuare senza accorto, abbandonando l'intransigenza iniziale e decidendosi a collaborare alla formazione del nuovo governo democratico.

Buona impressione ha suscitato nell'isola la nomina a sottosegretario dell'agricoltura del democristiano prof. Antonio SACCHI, considerato veramente competente in materia, nonché capace ed equilibrato uomo politico.

Viene criticata l'azione di epurazione fascista, giudicata, altresì, non del tutto obiettiva in quanto, pur riconoscendo, generalmente, la necessità di una severa selezione dei quadri della vita nazionale, si rileva che anche in alto si sta colpendo in basso, determinando incertezza fra le masse.

(2)

Nell'isola vanno facendosi buoni proponenti per collaborare col governo alla riuscita dell'esperimento di autonomia regionale, recentemente discusso nel Consiglio dei Ministri: il provvedimento di legge che amplia i poteri dell'Alto Commissario ha prodotto favorevole impressione e si attendono tangibili risultati dal nuovo esperimento che metterà alla prova le masse isolate e costituirà il collaudo della loro maturità politica.

Già nonostante, affiora, dall'uomo della strada, la convinzione che non si possa fare della politica quando la fame batte alle porte di casa e, pertanto, in primo luogo, bisogna lavorare con lena, ordine e tranquillità, mentre la lunga, puntigliosa e falsa discussione fra i partiti inceppa la vita del popolo.

Nel complesso la popolazione è stanca e delusa ed unica sua preoccupazione è quella di destreggiarsi attraverso mille difficoltà di carattere finanziario ed alimentare, anelando alla pace ed al risanamento del paese.

I Comitati Comunali e Provinciali di Liberazione non svolgono attività di sorta e sono quasi tutti minati da interni dissidi determinati da vecchie personali e da arrivismi; tra l'altro viene criticata la deliberazione del 11 corrente di quello Provinciale di Cagliari per la designazione del comunista DOTT. ANTONIO e LUI GIOVANNI, rispettivamente alle cariche di direttore del quotidiano "L'UNITA" e di segretario del Comitato Provinciale di Liberazione di Cagliari, poiché entrambi sono incompetenti e non hanno niente in pubblico.

Nella recente elezione dei capi-lega per i sindacati di categoria, sono risultati vittoriosi, quasi ovunque, i social-comunisti, previa intensa propaganda da parte dei partiti di sinistra a tutto danno del

2143
Ciò nonostante, infatti, dall'anno della strage, la convulsione che non si possa fare della politica quando la fame batte alle porte di casa e, pertanto, in prigione, si vuol lavorare con lena, ordine e tranquillità mentre in lunga, puntigliosa e fiala discussione fra i partiti inceppa la vita del popolo. -

Nel complesso la popolazione è stanca e delusa ed unica sua preoccupazione è quella di destreggiarsi attraverso mille difficoltà di carattere finanziario ed alimentare, anelando alla pace ed al risanamento del paese. -

I Comitati Comunali e Provinciali di Liberazione non svolgono attività di sorta e sono quasi tutti minati da interni dissidi determinati da beghe personali e da arrivismo; tra l'altro viene criticata la deliberazione del 31 corrente di quello Provinciale di Cagliari per la designazione dei comunisti DOMENICO ANTONIO e LUI GIOVANNI, rispettivamente alle cariche di direttore del quotidiano "L'UNIONE SARDA" e di Segretario del Comitato Provinciale di Liberazione di Cagliari, poiché entrambi sono incompetenti e non hanno accesso pubblico. -

Nella recente elezione dei capi-lega per i sindacati di categoria, sono risultati vittoriosi, quasi ovunque, i social-comunisti, previa intensa propaganda da parte dei partiti di sinistra a tutto danno dei democristiani che lealmente si erano astenuti da ogni propaganda per le suddette elezioni che dovevano essere apolitiche stante il carattere di apoliticità dei sindacati. -

Molto interesse ha suscitato il preavviso delle elezioni amministrative e, soprattutto, è vivissima l'attesa dei politici per la conquista di qualche carica, possibilmente retribuita e di poca responsabilità.

Particolarmente si riferisce quanto segue, in merito alla vita dei partiti, indicati in ordine di prevalenza:

1°) PARTITO SARDO D'AZIONE (Italiano d'Azione) - E' stato autorizzato

a pubblicare il giornale "IL SOLO" che non è ancora apparso.

Il partito ha svolto molta attività nel mese, ma ha perduto parte degli aderenti in provincia di Cagliari, passati a quello comunista, mentre ne ha acquistati circa 1500 in quelle di Sassari e Suoro. La sua propaganda è sempre antisomocrazia, ma avverrà l'instaurazione del regime bolscevico, reclamando una forma di governo repubblicano autonomo a tipo confederale e l'intangibilità del patrimonio terriero. Una parte minima degli aderenti ha tendenze separatistiche. La fusione del partito con quello italiano di Azione, avvenuta nel decoro ottobre, ha creato allusioni e scissioni in seno ai meridisti, aggravate dall'enigmatico atteggiamento assunto dall'on. LUSSU nel corso della recente crisi ministeriale.

2°) PARTITO DEMOCRATICO CRISTIANO - E' stato autorizzato a pubblicare il giornale "Il Corriere di Sardegna" che non ha fatto ancora apparizione. Nel mese il partito ha svolto intensa propaganda, ma è rimasto stazionario circa il numero degli iscritti. E' sempre estraneo, in gran parte, alla questione istituzionale. Aumentano costantemente le simpatie popolari per tale movimento politico, soprattutto perché diretto da persone serie, colte, facoltose, appoggiate dal clero ed avente un programma a fondo prettamente morale, religioso ed intonato ad ordine e disciplina; inoltre l'autorità dei dirigenti ed il credito del partito sono notevolmente aumentati dopo la nomina a sottosegretario all'agricoltura dell'esponente regionale dottor Antonio Segni.

3°) PARTITO COMUNISTA ITALIANO - E' stato autorizzato a pubblicare il giornale "IL LAVORATORE" che, a tutt'oggi, non ha ancora visto la luce. Durante il mese, tale partito è stato particolarmente attivo; in provincia di Sassari ha registrato un aumento di mille aderenti e in quella di Cagliari di 250, per defezione dalle file del partito sardo d'Azione. E' sempre decisamente antisomocrazia; atteso, in tutti i comizi, per primo, le forze di polizia. Sfrutta il malcontento delle masse per il disagio derivante dalla lunga guerra e dalle drammatiche vicende politiche della regione, perdevate nell'accogliere nelle sue file gli sfrenati turbolenti

di partiti, aggravata dall'enigmatico atteggiamento assunto dall'on. LUSU nel corso della recente crisi ministeriale.

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4°) PARTITO SOCIALISTA ITALIANO - E' stato autorizzato a pubblicare il giornale LA SARDIGNA SOCIALISTA, non ancora apparso. Sempre poco vivace nella propaganda, cura la qualità anziché la quantità degli aderenti. Nel mese ha perduto terreno poiché veri elementi sono transitati nelle file comuniste. Ha tenuto un convegno a Sassari il 17 corrente onde procedere alle nomine delle nuove cariche provinciali per dare più tono alla propaganda ed alla vita del partito; è stato eletto segretario

provinciale l'avv. PAOLO SUSINI, battagliero, vivace polemista, intelligente propagandista.

5°) PARTITO AGRIARIO SARDO - Nel mese ha svolta attiva propaganda aumentando il numero degli aderenti. Il programma ha dei punti di contatto con quello del Partito Sardo d'Azione (Italiano d'Azione) ma trova nel momento attuale maggiori consensi per effetto della tortuosa politica dell'on. LUSU.

6°) PARTITO LIBERALE ITALIANO - E' stato autorizzato a pubblicare il giornale LA RIVOLUZIONE LIBERALE che non ha ancora visto la luce.

Ha svolto scarsa attività propagandistica, con un solo comizio pubblico nel mese e qualche discorso settimanale a Radio Sardegna. Rivela tendenza alla forma monarchica di governo; si ritiene che, col tempo, assorbirà molti elementi intellettuali, conservatori, ex fascisti onesti e buoni patrioti.

7°) PARTITO MONARCHICO (Nuova Italia) - Ha svolto scarsa propaganda durante il mese e dimostra attività organizzativa molto fiacca; in Sassari si è di recente costituita una sezione della UNIONE MONARCHICA ITALIANA che ha tentato di assorbire quella del partito in argomento, ma i suoi aderenti, tutti giovani, laureati o studenti universitari, hanno rifiutato la fusione e non intendono collaborare con gli elementi analfabeti del similare partito del continente.

8°) PARTITO REPUBBLICANO ITALIANO - Ha svolto scarsa attività durante il mese e conta pochi aderenti.

9°) PARTITO AUTONOMISTA SARDO - Come si prevedeva, è un movimento che va scoppiando. Di conta una sola sezione in tutta l'isola con 200 iscritti, in provincia di Cagliari.

10°) PARTITO DELLA DEMOCRAZIA DEL LAVORO - Ha dato segno di vitalità in Cagliari, istituendo una sezione in data 22 corrente. E' stato eletto a capo il sig. COSTI - LUZZI Giuseppe. Ha svolto anche notevole attività nell'isola insistendo sul principio programmatico repubblicano a carattere democratico e sulla decisa opposizione ad ogni forma di dittatura individuale, di partito e sulla difesa integrale della radice nazionale, trasferimento degli istituti

male la rivoluzione liberale che non ha ancora visto la luce.

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9°) PARTITO AUTONOMISTA SARDO - Come si prevedeva, è un movimento che va scom-
parendo. Si conta una sola sezione in tutta l'isola con 200 iscritti, in provincia di Cagliari.

10°) PARTITO DELLA DEMOCRAZIA DEL LAVORO - Ha dato segno di vitalità in Cagliari, istituendo una sezione in data 22 corrente. E' stato eletto a capo il rag. CONTI - LUIGI Giuseppe. Ha svolto anche notevole attività nell'isola insistendo sul principio programmatico repubblicano a carattere democratico e sulla decisa opposizione ad ogni forma di dittatura individuale, di partito o di classe; tende, inoltre, ad una radicale trasformazione degli istituti economici e sociali. Il programma, molto moderato e ispirato fiducia, potrà far larga presa sulla massa dei veri lavoratori, sebbene in Sardegna sia attualmente poco conosciuto, in quanto la propaganda è, al momento, minima.

11°) UNIONE MONARCHICA ITALIANA - Si è costituita nel mese, una sezione nella città di Sassari con trenta iscritti; la dirigono due nobili: il marchese CLEMENTINO MARCA DI MORRES ed il marchese FRANCESCO DI SUNI.

E' fallito un tentativo di fusione con la sezione sassarese del PARTITO MONARCHICO NUOVA ITALIA, per cui si ritiene che il partito in esame raccon-

glietà esclusivamente gli elementi azionari di fede monarchica.

122) PARTITO AGRARIO ITALIANO - Non svolge in Sardegna alcuna attività.

13) PARTITO DEMOCRATICO MONARCHICO - Non svolge in Sardegna alcuna attività.

140) PARTITO DEI LAVORATORI D'ITALIA - Non svolge alcuna attività in Sardegna.

REPORT CRIMINAL POLICE - CRIMES OF VIOLENCE ONLY (51)
- NON SVOLGE IN SARDAGNA ALIQUA ATTIVITA' VIOLENTE

15*) PROGETTO DELLA GIOVENUTE - -
170*) PROGETTO DI ...

170) PRATIQUE DI SINISTRA DEL PARTITO COMUNISTA - non avolge in Sardegna alcuna attivith.

18°) PARTITO DI UNITA' DEMOCRATICA NAZIONALE - Non svolge in Sardegna alcuna attivita'.

6) KONTAKT MIT DEN ANWÄRTEN

Nel mese non mi è avuta attività fascista ad eccezione di Cristiano
ove nella notte sul 18 e 23 corrente sono comparse sui muri delle scrit-
te inneggianti all'ex duce e ad Hitler.

STANDARD VOUCHER SYSTEMS

c'è sempre cattiva e tende a peggiorare con l'inoltrarsi dell'inverno.
 Il popolo russo si attende molto dalle larghe provvidenze governative per
 l'inverno: infatti i poteri conferiti all'Alto Commissario sono molto este-
 si, potendo egli emanare norme di carattere legislativo per ⁶¹⁹⁴ concer-
 ne l'agricoltura, l'industria, il commercio, il lavoro, le comunicazioni e
 gli approvvigionamenti, disponendo altresì di visioe sopra in bilancio
 senza la preventiva autorizzazione del governo.

L'altra parte l'istituzione della CONSULTA REGIONALE che, in seguito, trarrà le sue origini dal suffragio popolare, è considerata il più importante e delicato dei provvedimenti; comunque, i servizi, sono ormai passati al

16*) PROGETTO DELLA CROCIATA - non svolge in Sardegna alcuna attività.

17*) PRALIONE DI SIBISTRA DEL PIANO COMUNITA - non svolge in Sardegna alcuna attività.

18*) PARTITO DI UNIONE DEMOCRATICA NAZIONALE - non svolge in Sardegna alcuna attività.

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Nel mese non si è avuta attività fascista ad eccezione di Oristano ove nella notte sul 18 e 23 corrente sono comparse sui muri delle scritte inneggianti all'ex Duce e ad Hitler.

SITUAZIONE ECONOMICA IN SARDEGNA

Il popolo sardo si tende a peggiorare con l'inoltrarsi dell'inverno l'isola : infatti i poteri conferiti all'Alto Commissario sono molto estesi, potendo egli emanare norme di carattere legislativo per ^{61,9%} ~~61,9%~~ concerne l'agricoltura, l'industria, il commercio, il lavoro, le comunicazioni e gli approvvigionamenti, disponendo altresì di vistose somme in bilancio senza la preventiva autorizzazione del governo.

D'altra parte l'istituzione della GIUNTA REGIONALE che, in seguito, trarrà le sue origini dal suffragio popolare, è considerata il più importante e delicato dei provvedimenti; comunque, i sardi, sono ormai posti di fronte alla prova più ardua della loro maturità politica e, come afferma la stampa isolana, alla necessità di lavorare con concordia, abbandonando beghe di parte e personalismi, promuovendo discussioni e critiche di idee e propositi, perché solo dalla critica serena scaturisce la perfezione.

Molti, però, opinano che se non verrà intensificata una ripresa delle comunicazioni col Continente, ogni provvedimento sarà vano, in quanto soltanto il 18 corrente ha avuto inizio un servizio marittimo settimanale

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col pirescafo "AMBALIA" linea Cagliari-Napoli e viceversa.

Al primi del mese ha avuto luogo un congresso social-comunista a MACOMER (Nuoro) nel quale è stato chiesto il mantenimento degli emnessi dei generi di prima necessità, snobocrazionandoli ed assottigliandoli al controllo di rappresentanti degli operai, e la istituzione di cooperative di contadini per l'integrale applicazione della legge sulla coltivazione delle terre incolte.

I provvedimenti straordinari deliberati lo scorso mese per la Sardegna, sono ritenuti insufficienti perchè non inquadrati in un organico piano nazionale, inquanto i rapporti di lavoro, le opere pubbliche e la riparazione dei danni di guerra non potranno trovare la loro regolamentazione con provvedimenti di eccezione. Non meno che la guerra avanza nella penisola il problema generale accennato diventa sempre più completo, assumendo un carattere nazionale anzichè regionale.

L'imposizione della recente tassa di entrata sul bestiame ha festato all'arme tra i produttori ed i consumatori: paventandosi perturbamenti dell'ordine pubblico, l'Alto Commissario ha sospeso l'emissione della tassa e ne ha riferito al governo perchè venga modificata la relativa tabella non applicabile alla Sardegna data la peculiare qualità del bestiame sardo, piccolo, di poca carne, e pertanto non assoggettabile a tassa, che va in media sulle 4 mila lire come per il bus perugino o toscano che sono fra i migliori capi di carne.

Il 18 corrente si è riunita a Macomer (Nuoro) la consulta **6493**ale che ha approvato i lavori sul problema dei prezzi, decidendo di seguire una politica di controllo. Sono stati dettagliatamente esaminati i problemi relativi al commercio della lana, del formaggio, del bestiame da lavoro, l'esportazione degli agnelli, che sarà necessariamente limitata per la mancanza di mezzi di trasporto.

A parte questi problemi d'indole generale, la popolazione attraversa

I provvedimenti governativi emanati in materia sono per lo più degni, sono ritenuti insufficienti perché non inquadrati in un organico piano nazionale, ignanto i rapporti di lavoro, le opere pubbliche e la ripartizione dei danni di guerra non potranno trovare la loro regolamentazione con provvedimenti di eccezione. Ma non è che la guerra avanza nella panacea il problema generale accentuato diventa sempre più complesso, assumendo un carattere nazionale anziché regionale.

L'imposizione della recente tassa di entrata sul bestiame ha destato allarme tra i produttori ed essi consuevano: paventandosi perturbamento dell'ordine pubblico, l'Alto Commissario ha sospeso l'esazione della tassa e ne ha riferito al governo perché venga modificata la relativa tassa non applicabile alla Sardegna data la peculiare qualità del bestiame indigeno, piccolo, di poca carne, e pertanto non assoggettabile a tassa, che va in media sulle 4 mila lire come per il bue perugino o toscano che sono fra i migliori capi da carne.

Il 12 corrente si è riunita a Macomer (Nuoro) la consulta ~~8442~~ale che ha approvato i lavori sul problema dei prezzi, decidendo di seguire una politica di controllo. Sono stati dettagliatamente esaminati i problemi relativi al commercio della lana, del foraggio, del bestiame da lavoro, l'esportazione degli agnelli, che sarà necessariamente limitata per la mancanza di mezzi di trasporto.

A parte questi problemi d'indole generale, la popolazione attraverso un periodo delicato della sua vita alimentare, reso più grave dall'inverno che si è appalesato molto rigido. Gli aumenti di stipendio (promessi sin dal 16 agosto e non ancora elargiti) nonché la gratifica natalizia a tutti gli impiegati di stato e privati, hanno prodotto buona impressione, ma non sono adeguati all'aumentato costo della vita; inoltre vi è affidia per l'erogazione di tali aumenti, già da quattro mesi in discussione, e per ora manifestatisi con le anticipazioni rimborsabili.

Comunque un notevole apporto a superare la crisi economica ed alimentare.

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tare viene dato dagli agnelli da latte che abbondano su tutti i mercati e prezzi accessibili a buona parte della popolazione.

INDUSTRIA - Piuttosto quella casearia: quelle estrattive sono in crisi sebbene le miniere riescurino un minimo di lavoro agli operai. In pieno fervore di lavoro sono invece le miniere di carbone ed al riguardo gli Alleati hanno promesso di raddoppiare le ordinazioni di tale prodotto, il che allargherà le possibilità di assorbire mano d'opera disoccupata.

Le industrie tessili, limitate alle cancellinghe ed allo stabilimento Alas di Macomer, che ha 300 operai, (lavorazione industriale della lana) producono ottimo tessuto, però insufficiente alle sempre crescenti necessità dei mercati. La cementeria sarda lavora in pieno: l'industria petrolifera lavora per mancanza di reti e per la limitazione dell'orario di uscita delle interazioni.

COMMERIO - Quasi inattivo per mancanza di merci, eccezion fatta per le derrate di produzione isolana. Si spera in una prossima ripresa con la esportazione, già iniziata, dei formaggi e delle pelli.

ARTIGIANATO - Molti artigiani si sono dati all'agricoltura perché mancano le materie prime per ogni proficuo lavoro, gli utensili ed i pezzi di ricambio, per cui l'artigianato è in completa stasi.

BANQUE - Continuano ad affluire notevoli somme a piccolo e medio deposito, segno di fiducia per la moneta nazionale, ma anche di esportazione di denaro liquido in circolazione.

MONETA - Si spera che con l'adesione dell'Italia alla BANCA INTERNAZIONALE, proposta da un economista americano, la moneta nazionale possa stabilizzarsi e concorrere efficacemente alla ricostruzione ed allo sviluppo del paese.

E', pertanto, sentita la necessità di iniziare una politica di consolidamento della lira allo scopo di livellare i prezzi e consentire il re-

Alcuni hanno promesso di raddoppiare le organizzazioni di tale prodotto, il che allargherà le possibilità di assorbire mano d'opera disoccupata.

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COMMERCIO - Quasi inattivo per mancanza di cerchi, eccezion fatta per le derrate di produzione isolana. Si spera in una prossima ripresa con la esportazione, già iniziata, dei formaggi e delle pelli.

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E', pertanto, sentita la necessità di iniziare una politica di consolidamento della lira allo scopo di livellare i prezzi e consentire il recupero della finanza statale; comunque, la moneta carta circola in grandi quantità, il che fa temere la inflazione totale essendo, quella parzialmente già in atto.

MERCATO LAVORO - Sempre attivo, nonostante l'azione preventiva dell'Arma e degli altri organi di polizia. Va diffondendosi il marzotto; pochi acquisti sono ormai possibili a moneta contante. I prezzi salgono sempre vertiginosamente e gli impiegati e salariati fissi sono quelli che più soffrono per questo fenomeno prodotto dalla guerra.

AGRICOLTURA - Le semine si avviano al termine; l'estensione coltivata è superiore a quella dello scorso anno, sia perché il seme è stato più abbondante e tempestivamente distribuito, sia perché la mano d'opera, sebbene carissima, è stata di più facile ingaggio. Le prestazioni di opera sono state tanto più care se con impiego di buoi e cavalli, per cui sarà indispensabile tenere conto delle maggiori spese nel fissare i prodotti del prossimo raccolto.

I pascoli sono buoni; il bestiame è in buono stato di nutrizione; molto abbondanti gli agnelli da latte tutti riverbati sui mercatiardi per l'impossibilità di esportarli in continente.

Il raccolto delle olive è abbondante e procede alacremente. L'olio è di buona qualità, ma vivo è il malcontento fra gli olivicoltori per il prezzo di blocco del prodotto e per l'annoso obbligo che, secondo loro, è un incentivo al mercato nero.

Tutte le altre colture sono in stasi invernale:

Nel complesso, l'agricoltura si dibatte fra mille difficoltà fra cui la mancanza di attrezzi, calzature, vestiario, concimi ecc. superate comunque dalla tenacia e buona volontà del coltivatore.

AMMAGLI - Sempre osteggiati da tutti i produttori che li considerano vero e proprio incentivo per il mercato nero, se è vero che l'abolizione degli ammagli farebbe sparire tale forma di attività commerciale illecita, i generi di prima necessità raggiungerebbero prezzi iperbolici e tutto danno della massa bisognosa dei consumatori.

Per l'ammaglio del grano non vi è ormai speranza di ulteriori recuperi. D'altra parte si sta estendendo in ogni ceto sociale il già accennato sistema del baratto e il graco e, forse, fra tutti i prodotti quello che ha il maggior valore di scambio; per fortuna dal 1° gennaio subentrerà la farina degli Alisanti, che ne hanno fatto giungere in Sardegna già

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Per l'ammasso del grano non vi è ormai speranza di ulteriori recuperi. D'altra parte si sta estendendo in ogni ceto sociale il già accennato sistema del baratto e il grano e, forse, fra tutti i prodotti quello che ha il maggior valore di scambio; per fortuna dal 1° gennaio subentrerà la farina degli Alentini, che ne hanno fatto giungere in Sardegna già 150 mila quintali.

L'ammasso dell'olio come già è stato riferito è osteggiato dai produttori per il prezzo, ritenuto inadeguato di lire 50 al litro e per il blocco considerato antieconomico.

STAZI INTERPROVINCIALI - Molto limitati per deficienza di sufficienti trasporti ferroviari, di autotrasporti e di navigazione mercantile.

ASSISTITO UFFICIALE ALLIMENTAZIONE - In linea generale funzionano bene e distribuiscono equamente le scarse assegnazioni di generi razionati.

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Molto malcontento vi è nelle provincie di Sassari e Nuoro per la mancata distribuzione della pasta e in tutta l'isola per l'olio ed altri granei.

UFFICI DI POLIZIA - In seguito all'abolizione dei sindacati, non funzionano quasi più i disoccupati si adattano a qualunque lavoro e non ricorrono più ai precedenti uffici.

DISOCCUPAZIONE - I lavori di semina usano esser fatto tutta la mano d'opera ad disposizione. I disoccupati sono pressoché stazionari nel loro numero; si registra una lieve diminuzione di 160 unità.

SPIRITO ED ORIENTAMENTO

I disordini di Catania hanno indugenerato la talea opinione che il popolo per ottenere un provvedimento deve scendere in piazza. Il prolungarsi della guerra e la caotica situazione politica interna, fanno sentire diretta influenza sullo spirito pubblico.

Le sofferenze e le privazioni hanno portato le masse, e specie le meno abbienti, ad una grave forma di depressione morale che rappresenta specialmente la disperazione: mancanza di alimenti, mancanza di tessuti, di calzature, di filati, di sapone, di tutti gli oggetti di più largo uso comune (che si trovano a stento ed a prezzi proibitivi soltanto attraverso il ristretto commercio nero) aggravano sensibilmente una situazione ormai considerata insostenibile ed aggravata indirettamente dagli appetiti delle classi politiche dirigenti che si dilanano a vicenda ¹⁸⁴ nella lotta per la conquista dei posti di comando.

Troppi partiti sono sorti e troppi giornali vengono stampati, mentre la massa della popolazione è stanca, sfiduciata, affamata, eccitata ed anela unicamente di poter lavorare in pace e con una mèta da raggiungere.

Il governo è considerato debole ed incapace di lasciar fare ai partiti

riscevano più ai predetti uffici.

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Le sofferenze e le privazioni hanno portato le masse, e specie le meno abbienti, ad una grave forma di depressione morale che rasenta spesso la disperazione: scarsità di alimenti, mancanza di tessuti, di calzature, di filati, di sapone, di tutti gli oggetti di più largo uso comune (che si trovano a stento ed a prezzi proibitivi soltanto attraverso il ristretto commercio nero) aggravano sensibilmente una situazione ormai considerata insostenibile ed aggravata indirettamente dagli appetiti delle classi politiche dirigenti che si dilanano a vicenda. ¹⁹⁴⁴ Ma lotta per la conquista dei posti di comando.

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Il governo è considerato debole ed accusato di lasciar fare ai partiti di sinistra per un malinteso spirito di solidarietà politica alla quale non tengono fede, orrendo imbarazzi allo stesso governo con la loro ambiguità politica e denigrando tutte le istituzioni nazionali, polizia compresa, onde avere il sopravvento nella conquista del potere.

Il popolo teme una nuova dittatura e perciò disapprova tutto ciò che mira al sovvertimento dell'attuale stato di cose.

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L'ordine pubblico si mantiene abbastanza calmo; nel mese s'è avuto un solo sciopero di impiegati di Carbonia (Cagliari) durato tre giorni ed una considerevole dimostrazione popolare a Baunei (Nuoro) con la devastazione della sede dell'UFFICIO AGRICOLTURA e l'aggressione del suo dirigente, del veterinario concorsuale e la devastazione dell'ufficio dello guardie forestali.

L'ordine fu subito ristabilito. Non gravi i danni materiali, limitati i danni alle persone.

Si è avuto qualche episodio non grave di invasione di terre da parte dei contadini subito composti con l'intervento dell'Iran.

Non si sono avute ribellioni collettive (rare le individuali) alla forza pubblica, malgrado la campagna di odio e di mobilitazione fatta, specie dai comunisti, in ogni circostanza.

CONSEGUENZE DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Sedurre preoccupanti e caratterizzate dal verificarsi di gravi reati. Si nota un aumento di 20 rapine e 107 furti rispetto allo scorso mese. Sono aumentati i reati di abigeato dovuti a tre fattori: primo, la crisi invernale che induce molti a procurarsi il cibo (specialmente carne) rubando i capi vivi; secondo: il desiderio di lucro mediante attività sul mercato nero; terzo: l'abolizione dell'ammasso delle pelli che ha determinato una ricerca intensa del prodotto e quindi un rialzo notevole dei prezzi specie per le pelli bovine, ormai scarse. ^{Le conseguenze} che gli abigeatori rubano perchè sono aumentate le possibilità di profitto ed è frequente il caso di bovini rubati uccisi sul posto ed abbandonati sul terreno previo scambio sicuro, e asportazione dei grassa per la saponificazione.

Comunque il fenomeno dell'aumento della delinquenza interessa non solo la Sardegna ma tutto il paese tanto che, secondo una recente statistica,

anni alle persone.

Si è avuto qualche episodio non grave di invasione di terre da parte dei contadini arabi composti con l'intervento dell'Arma.

Non si sono avute ribellioni collettive (rare le individuali) alla forza pubblica, malgrado la campagna di odio e di mobilitazione fatta, specie dai comunisti, in ogni circostanza.

CONDIZIONI DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Sempre preoccupanti e caratterizzate dal verificarsi di gravi reati. Si nota un aumento di 20 rapine e 167 furti rispetto allo scorso mese. Sono aumentati i reati di abigeato dovuti a tre fattori: primo, la crisi invernale che induce molti a procurarsi il cibo (specialmente carne) rubando i capi vivi; secondo: il desiderio di lucro mediante attività sul mercato nero; terzo: l'abolizione dell'emesso delle pelli che ha determinato una ricerca intensa del prodotto e quindi un rialzo notevole dei prezzi specie per le pelli bovine, ormai scarse. ^{La} segue che gli abigeateri rubano perché sono aumentate le possibilità di profitto ed è frequente il caso di bovini rubati uccisi sul posto ed abbandonati sul terreno previo scuoiamento accurato, e asportazione dei grassì per la saponificazione.

Comunque il fenomeno dell'aumento della delinquenza interessa non solo la Sardegna ma tutto il Paese tanto che, secondo una recente statistica, ben 45 mila denunce sono state presentate alla sola Procura del Regno di Roma.

Una lezione alla delinquenza in Sardegna, e specialmente alle bande armate, è stata data giorni orsono con la cattura di una intera banda di sette malviventi che agivano, di massima, travestiti da carabinieri. Furono trovati moschetti, fregi, galloni, abiti grigio verdi etc. nonché delle bombe a mano. La ben riuscita operazione di servizio, concretata da questa lezione e diretta dal comandante del gruppo esterno di Cagliari ha riscosso il plauso di autorità e popolazione.

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Molto redditizio è il servizio di squadriglia che ognuno dei gruppi dell'isola ha attuato superando non lievi difficoltà di armamento e di vestiario, e, soprattutto, di calzature.

Continuava verificarsi danneggiamenti di bestiame su vasta scala; negli ultimi tre mesi si sono avuti sei distinti gravi reati di uccisione di oltre mille ovini tra cui, quello avvenuto il 21 corrente, calcolato con la soppressione di ben 115 pecore. Dali gravi delitti sono dovuti a contadini desiderosi di coltivare terre opime, attualmente tenute in affitto da pastori, i quali hanno aumentato le loro esigenze a causa del raddoppiamento del bestiame ovino rispetto al decorso anno, per cui la superficie pascolativa è necessariamente raddoppiata dando luogo alla crisi che sfocia nei menzionati arimani.

E' in corso azione congiunta fra Prefettura di Nuoro, Questura e Arma per l'adozione di vanti provvedimenti di polizia allo scopo di stroncare tale attività delittuosa; ma l'energica azione ha portato alla sparatoria, a scopo intimidatorio, contro il palazzo della Prefettura di Nuoro, avvenuta alle ore 20 del 12 corrente, senza conseguenza materiali e senza raggiungere lo sperato risultato, perchè l'adozione dei provvedimenti di polizia è in corso.

La delinquenza minorile, la prostituzione ed il vagabondaggio non sono preoccupanti, tenuto conto dello stato di guerra.

ATTUALITÀ NEL MUNICIPIO DI CAVALLI

Neppure deficienti ed insufficienti i trasporti tanto in ferrovia quanto sulle autostrade. Si opera nella costituzione di una Compagnia Sarda di navigazione onde togliere la Sardegna dalle tristi condizioni attuali di isolamento.

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dovuti a continui desiderosi di coltivare terre esigue, attivamente tenute in affitto da pastori, i quali hanno aumentato le loro esigenze a causa del raddoppiamento del bestiame ovino rispetto al decennio anno, per cui la superficie pascolativa è necessariamente raddoppiata dando luogo alla crisi che affiora nei menzionati crinali.

2° In corso azione combinata fra Prefettura di Nuoro, Questura e Arma per l'adozione di mezzi provvedimenti di polizia allo scopo di stroncare tale attività delittuosa; l'energia azione ha portato alla sparatoria, a scopo intimidatorio, contro il palazzo della Prefettura di Nuoro, avvenuta alle ore 20 del 12 corrente, senza conseguenze materiali e senza raggiungere lo sperato risultato, perche l'adozione dei provvedimenti di polizia è in corso.

La delinquenza minorile, la prostituzione ed il vagabondaggio non sono preoccupanti, tenuto conto dello stato di guerra.

ADDEBITO DEI MINISTRI

Sempre deficienti ed insufficienti i trasporti tanto in ferrovia quanto sulle autostrade. Si spera nella costituzione di una compagnia Sarda di navigazione onde togliere la Sardegna dalle tristi condizioni attuali di isolamento.

VIS DI CONVISSIONE - : sono considerati degni di ammirazione gli sforzi di capitalisti sardi per la costituzione dell'ARMONARDA e della SARDAFINA per collegare via aerea e via mare la Sardegna al Continente. Sulla però si fa per migliorare le comunicazioni interne, circa 200 comuni dell'Isola sono privi di collegamento reciproco; la posta arriva come e dove può; i generi alimentari debbono essere trasportati con autocarri a prezzi esorbitanti; le strade sono prive della necessaria manutenzione.

Occorrerebbe ripristinare molti dei servizi automobilistici, distribuito da una parte delle somme attualmente in fase di imbarco per la penisola.

- 12 -

POSTE E TELEGRAFI - Funzionano abbastanza bene;

LAVORI PUBBLICI - Non ve ne sono in corso. La città di Cagliari, fortemente danneggiata dai bombardamenti aerei, sta riprendendo la sua vita grazie alla buona volontà degli abitanti che, a spese proprie, stanno riattando gli stabili colpiti.

SCUOLE - Funzionano in tutta l'isola ad eccezione di Cagliari ove non tutte quelle elementari sono state riaperte, poiché molti edifici sono sinistrati.

Gli istituti medi della città sono sistemati in locali inadatti, con pochi vetri e senza riscaldamento invernale.

IL TENENTE COLONNELLO COMANDANTE ff.
(Arturo Forcellì)



Forcellì

6187

785020

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
INFORMATION DIVISION

SUBJECT: *Italian Army Reports* 2134 / INFO
TO : *Col. F. L. Simmons, A. G. S.* 12 June 1944

1. The attached information was extracted from reports sent to the Information Division, A.C.C., by *Civil Resistance Groups*.

John V. Hinkel

JOHN V. HINKEL
Major, A. I.
Director,
Information Division

6186

Recd
2130
16 June
C. H. C.
File LHC

FROM:

PIGA, Gino Cap. Univ.
99 Regg. Genio Comp. Studenti
plot. Antieri TRANI

TO:

Dott.
PIGA, Ebita
Via Risorgimento 6
Sassari

10 May 1944

FASCIST SYMPATHIES OF AN ITALIAN SOLDIER

"I always will be faithful to ideas I had before no matter, what happens. I am a soldier of a beaten army. It was beaten neither by valour nor by ideas, but by the great and brutal strength of the enemy."

6185

FROM:

Com. to Comp. Int. Cap.
MANFRI
Cosenza

TO:

Allo
STATO MAGGIORE GENERALE
Salerno, Italy

14 May 1944

ITALIAN OFFICERS WITH FASCIST SENTIMENTSQUARREL WITH COMMUNISTS

The commander of an Italian Military post reporting to his Superior by telegram states as follows:-

"That on the night of May 12th in a restaurant at Cosenza Lieutenant DELIS, Giglio and TINGUCCI, Carlo were involved in a quarrel with some Communists. The officers drank toasts to Italy and the Italian Army but refused to drink a toasts to the Red Army although the Communists shouted "Red Army, forever". Lt. Delis took offense to his remarks and saluted in a fascist manner indicating his dislike of the Allies. At the same time Lieut. Tingucci challenged a civilian to a fight, disposing of his pistol. The communist witnesses give a different version of the fight claiming that they disarmed the Lieutenant."

6184

FROM:

MURRU, Giuseppe
Barumini, Cagliari
Sardinia

TO:

BERGI, Erisio
Carbonia, Cagliari
Sardinia

14 May 1944

ITALIAN PARACHUTISTS ACCUSED OF CRIME IN SARDINIA AND STATED "WELL AID OF".

"Speaking of the parachutists, many are asking themselves if its not a godsend that the parachutists have left Sardinia. Throughout this Island, wherever they have camped, thievery, vice, and murder resulted. Women have been raped by these cowards.

With so little opportunity for such misconduct in Sardinia, what will be the outcome of their stay on the Continent?

6153

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
SASSARI PROVINCE

CS

Ref:- PS/3/1/B.

30 May 1944

SUBJECT: Speeches of Italian Officers.
TO : Regional Commissioner.

Attached is a translation of a report sent to me by the P.W.B.

I had already heard about this last Saturday but so far no one has come to me, in spite of request, who actually heard the speech.

So far it is all hearsay.

I have "turned over" the information to Capt. Fielders, *who has now confirmed the report.*

G. Dollar

G. DOLLAR
Major.

Provincial Commissioner.

encl.

6182

Copy to:
Col. Kessner
Army Sub-Commission.

He has now confirmed the report.

P.W.B. SASSARI

Note for Major Dollar (it follows).

4) Signaling. In some societies of the city the news went round that Brigadier Camera Romeo, commanding the defence of the territory for Sardinia, speaking to about 30 officers of the district of Sassari, declared (among other things) that the Allied are stealing us quadrupeds and that in fact they will occupy the island for a very long time. They say that he also added that he fought in Creazia against Germans, but that it does not forbid him to appreciate German organization and to assure that in the territories occupied by the enemy they are not living badly.

May. 30th, 1944.

6181

Y HME/rro

Headquarters A.A.I.
 ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
 Army Sub Commission
 A.P.O. 509, U.S. Army

11 June 1944

SUBJECT: Re-organization of Divisions from Which Internal Security
 Personnel for Harvest Duty Are Being Withdrawn.

TO : Commanding General, Italian Forces in Gerdinia.

1. In view of the fact that large numbers of personnel are being withdrawn from the Friuli and Bari Divisions and absorbed into Internal Security formations destined for the mainland for immediate duty in the Harvest, it is obvious that incomplete Divisions and sub-units will remain.

2. The question of the future re-organization and status of these units, their strengths, equipment, role, ultimate movement to the continent, will require careful consideration. It is requested that this office be supplied with information as to the plan of your headquarters with regard to this question.

P.M.M. Robertson

P.M.M. ROBERTSON
 Major, R.Ir.F.

6180

File: Security

SECRET ENROUTE BRITISH SECRET

CODE BOOK AND TAP (M)

MINIMUM MESSAGE

TIME RECEIVED
IN CODE ROOM

2256

CODE ROOM 22306

TIME LEFT

NR 8 PM 23 11

RECEIVED

M.C.

NR 320

PRIORITY

881415B

CONFIDENTIAL

FROM MWIA RPT MWIA TO FALCON FOR SIMMONS FATIMA FOR OFFENHAUER CUA
TO THREE ONE EOMPS MWIA TO DISINO MWIA TO SIX XERO SUB AREA CITE
PETER THREE THREE XERO THIS IS A PARAPHRASE

PLEASE EXPEDITE I RECEIVED NO RPT NO REPORT AEF THIS HEADQUARTER

6179

PLEASE EXPEDITE & RECEIVED NO RPT NO REPORT ACF THIS HEADQUARTER

6179

From: PCC/PC
2/10/47

This message received in SECRET code. The making of an exact copy of this message is forbidden. Only such extracts as are necessary will be made and marked SECRET. This copy is to be safeguarded with the greatest care.

Rec'd 9 April 1947

SECRET EQUALS BRITISH SECRET

REF: PMS-SECRETARY INTER

SUBJECT:- Security Intelligence - Information

ALL OFFRS, M.H.I.A.

A. 1. Further to I/106 of 23 Mar, not to all.

2. All offrs in future will ensure that any information at all on the subjects given under B below, which may come to their notice in any way, is brought to the notice of G(I) this HQ.

3. Offrs stationed ex-LEQULE will render reports when visiting HQ or monthly; or as they deem necessary.

4. Offrs at Main HQ will ensure that G 111(I) is kept directly, and correctly informed, either by word of mouth, in writing, or by marking folios to be read and initialed.

Circulating File or casual conversation is NOT enough.

B. (a) Morale - incl details of unrest, unhalt with grievances, desertions etc.

(b) Fascist activities or tendencies.

(c) Pro-German or anti-Allied activities or tendencies.

(d) Illegal storage of arms or ammunition.

(e) Summary of general security situation, incl any other details that cannot be correctly listed under (a) to (d) above.

(Sources of information i.e. personal observations, visit, inspection or second-hand, will be stated.)

ASC SARAJEVO
Army Sub Commission A.S.C.
Main H.Q. (M.H.I.A.)
LEQULE (LEUCE)
I/106
15-Mar-44

Handwritten signature and initials

ENCLOSURE

2. Officers stationed at this HQ will ensure that G 111(I) is kept directly, and monthly; or as they deem necessary.

4. Officers at this HQ will ensure that G 111(I) is kept directly, and correctly informed, either by word of mouth, in writing, or by marking folios to be read and initialed.

Circulating File or casual conversation is NOT enough.

- B. (a) Morale - incl details of unrest, unhalt with grievances, desertions etc.
- (b) Fascist activities or tendencies.
- (c) Pro-German or anti-allied activities or tendencies.
- (d) Illegal storage of arms or ammunition.
- (e) Summary of general security situation, incl any other details that cannot be correctly listed under (a) to (d) above.

(Sources of information i.e. personal observa-
visit, inspection or second-hand, will be stated.)

At 18

ABC

Brigadier,
Army Sub Comm A.C.C.

Rec'd 9:30
24 March 44

FILE: M119-SECURITY INTELL.

SUBJECT: SECURITY - INFORMATION

MOST SECRET

Army Sub Commission A.C.C.
Main H.Q. (MMIA)
LEQUILA (LECCE)
I/106

25 Mar 44

Colonel Simmons c/o Allied Garrison Comd
Army Sub Commission LO
c/o H.Q. A.C.C.
Army Sub Commission c/o XXXI Italian Corps
H.Q.
Army Sub Commission 2 District
Army Sub Commission 10 Sub Area

SARDINIA
CAMPANIA
NAPLES
CALABRIA

1. Addressees will furnish in future a unit security report to reach this H.Q. by the last day of each month starting 31 Mar.
2. Report will be rendered on any matters listed in att Appx 'A' which may come to LOs notice in his area.
3. Reports will be treated as "Most Secret" and will in no account be sent through Italian Channels.
Negative reports will be rendered.
4. This H.Q. letters I/103 of 2 and 22 Dec 43 re "Black and White" lists still hold good.

R. F. Buchanan-Simmons
Brigadier,
Army Sub Comd A.C.C.

CGL.

(M) (5)

61.7

Recd 25 March

7-34
777

FILE: MMIA - SECURITY INTELL.

Appendix "A"

CONFIDENTIAL
Not to be sent thru
Italian channels.

SUBJECT: Internal Security in Italian Army

Area Covered _____

Period from _____ to _____

- (a) Morale - incl details of unrest, undealt with grievances
desertions etc.
- (b) Fascist activities or tendencies.
- (c) Pro-German or anti-Allied activities or tendencies.
- (d) Illegal storage of arms or ammunition.
- (e) Summary of general security situation, incl any other details
that cannot be correctly listed under (a) to (d) above.
- (f) Indication of sources of info is personal observation, visit,
inspection, second-hand from _____.

Date _____

Sgd _____ L.O.

6176

Recd 31 MARCH 44

11:50

VIT

2178

APR 27 2011 11 54

CABLE

CUR
LCIK VLHUB NR3 -T- QVR1 -A- MESS FROM MMIA 26/NRT TO FALCON
FOR SIMMONS FATIMA FOR DISTWO 60 SUBAREA (1 ITALIA CORPS) QGX GR19
16 FOR MMIA LOC PD REFOUR 106 23
X06X0KX23X
X0XXXXXXX0X0X0KX00X00X 23 MARCH PD PLEASE ENSURE REPORT RENDERED
BY 30 APRIL 361820B

61.5

1050 MG

acting
AC/ASC

1050 MG

(56)

2179