

1584

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ACC

10000 | 132 | 163

390

Portugal
Nov 1943. C

10000 | 132 | 163

390

Portugal

Nov. 1943. Oct. 1944

1566

ITALIAN AFFAIRS IN PORTUGAL

1. General
2. Miscellaneous
3. Expenses
4. Air, Military, and Naval Attaches
5. Press Office
6. Consuls
7. Repatriation
8. Cultural Institutes
9. Schools
10. Portuguese Affairs

6-1-3

371/385

6442

Italian Air Attacks
in Lebanon

(See also Italian
Air Unit in Madrid for
information on subject)

U.S. SECRET
Squid Brain SECRET

INCOMING

/mm

15/2

7787

REF 301904A

DEC 020900A

SECRET

NOT GIVEN

FREEDOM

FATIMA

Lisbon telegraphs the following paraphrased in its number 265 of November 20 to Murphy. FATIMA SIGNED EISENHOWER CITY FIVE. Fosselli's reluctance to take any steps until his assistants Eusebi and Palmisano are removed is holding up the joint efforts of the legation and the British Embassy to obtain certain intelligence from the Italian legation. Fosselli does not dare to go into his still complete files until they have gone and regards them with great suspicion. Our information concerning the sympathies of these 2 men tends to be about Fosselli's apprehension. Do you feel that you could bring this to the attention of the Italian Government recommending that instructions be given to the 2 assistants to return as soon to Brindisi in order that we may get on with the job as soon as possible.

DISTRIBUTION:

2-AC
1-Diary
1-B/C
1-Mr. Caccia (ACTION)
1-General Taylor (INFO)

U.S. SECRET
Squid Brain SECRET

300/585

2130

Fosselli

X 201 - Fosselli
X 201 - Brindisi
X 201 - Palmisano
6-41

1589

Lisbon

File

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
POLITICAL SECTION
APO 394

27th October, 1944.

MEMORANDUM TO: (1) Finance Sub-Commission
(2) Education Sub-Commission

Before taking up this matter with the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs as suggested in the attached minute from the British Embassy, could you let me know whether there has been any discussion with you about the future of the Italian Institute and the Italian schools in Portugal? You will see that the Italian Legation at Lisbon allege that there have been discussions in Rome with Allied representatives; but there have been none with Political Section.

390/585
Schick

6440

H.A. CACCIA
Vice-President Political Section

1570

PARAPHRASE

of

Telegram Received from AMEMBASSY LISBON

d'Ajeta salary

This Embassy was informed by the Italian Legation on September 25 that Assettati has replaced d'Ajeta as Chargé d'Affaires. Instructions regarding payment of salary to d'Ajeta is now requested of Rome by Assettati. Since we must know position before financial advance for October is made, this Embassy would appreciate your assistance in expediting reply to him by October 25. With regard to his query contained in the same telegram, regarding the length of stay in Lisbon of Italian Naval Attaché, we would appreciate similar action.

390/335

6-23

ESPEDITO

13 OCT 1944

dee

COPY

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION ON
POLITICAL SECTION

The Italian Legation in Lisbon reports having been informed by the British Embassy that the Allies do not intend to finance any longer Italian cultural institutions in Portugal.

The Allied Governments are aware that these activities have been considerably reduced by the Italian Government, leaving only the minimum indispensable entailing a monthly expenditure of not over 30,000 escudos.

The continuance of this minimum of cultural activity has already proved to be most useful in the months following the armistice, when the dissident Republican Fascists were unable to invoke the pretext of the total absence of Italian cultural institutions in order to create new ones in the name of the so-called Social Republic. On the other hand, through the Italian cultural institutions, it has been possible to support the work of clarification and persuasion, on the part of the Italian official representatives, both with the Italian community and the Portuguese population, in connection with the new political situation in Italy.

Under this viewpoint it is considered particularly important to avoid the total suppression of Italian cultural institutions in Portugal which, not only could be misunderstood by the Portuguese who might consider such measure a symptom of a waning Italian interest in the relations between the two countries but also deprive Italy of a means particularly suitable for the carrying out, both among Italians and Portuguese, especially in intellectual circles, of a healthy and efficient work through which the effects of the Nazi-Fascist propaganda can be destroyed.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs trusts that the Allied Control Commission will share these views and takes leave to ask the Political Section kindly to submit to the Allied Governments the possibility that the Italian request for the financing of cultural institutions in Portugal, to the present reduced extent, be once again examined and taken into kind consideration.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs will be glad to be acquainted, in due course, with the decisions reached on the subject.

Rome, 18th September 1944.

628

Sent Copy to Mr. [unclear]
was

1572

785016

NO. 6/525/241

R. MINISTERO
DEGLI
AFFARI ESTERI

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

POLITICAL SECTION

The Italian legation in Lisbon reports having been informed by the British Embassy that the Allies do not intend to finance any longer Italian cultural institutions in Portugal.

The Allied Governments are aware that these activities have been considerably increased by the Italian Government, leaving only the minimum indispensable entailing a monthly expenditure of not over 10,000 escudos.

The continuance of this minimum of cultural activity has already proved to be most useful in the months following the armistice, when the clandestine Fascist-Fascists were unable to invoke the pretext of the total absence of Italian cultural institutions in order to create new ones in the name of the so-called Social Republic. On the other hand, through the Italian cultural institutions, it has been possible to support the work of education and propaganda, on the part of the Italian official representatives, both with the Italian community and the Portuguese population, in connection with the new political situation in Italy.

Under these circumstances it is considered particularly important to avoid the total suppression of Italian cultural institutions in Portugal which, not only could be misunderstood by the Portuguese who might consider such measure a symptom of a waning Italian interest in the relations between the two countries, but would also deprive Italy of a means particularly suitable for the carrying out, both among Italians and Portuguese, especially in intellectual circles, of a healthy and efficient work through which the effects of the Fascist propaganda can be destroyed.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs trusts that the Allied Control Commission will share these views and takes leave to ask the Political Section kindly to submit to the Allied Governments the possibility that the Italian request for the financing of cultural institutions in Portugal, to the present reduced extent,

390/385

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ALLIED CULTURAL COMMISSION
POLITICAL SECTION

The Italian Legation in Lisbon reports having been informed by the written Embassy that the Allies do not intend to finance any longer Italian cultural institutions in Portugal.

The Allied Governments are aware that these activities have been considerably financed by the Italian Government, leaving only the Italian Ambassadors' salaries and monthly expenditures of about over 30,000 escudos.

The destruction of this financial or cultural activity has already proved to be most harmful in the months following the armistice, when the Government Institutions were unable to involve the pretext of the total absence of Italian cultural institutions in order to create new ones in the name of the so-called Social Republic. On the other hand, through the Italian cultural institutions, it has been possible to support the work of clarification and propaganda, on the part of the Italian official representatives, both with the Italian community and the Portuguese population. In connection with the new political situation in Italy.

Under this viewpoint it is considered particularly important to avoid the total suppression of Italian cultural institutions in Portugal which, not only could be misunderstood by the Portuguese who might consider such measure a symptom of a waning Italian interest in the relations between the two countries, but would also deprive Italy of a means particularly suitable for the carrying out, both among Italians and Portuguese, especially in intellectual circles, of a healthy and efficient work through which the effects of the Nazi-Fascist propaganda can be destroyed. 390/385

The Ministry of Education desires trusts that the Allied Control Commission will share these views and takes leave to ask the Political Section kindly to submit to the Allied Governments the possibility that the Italian request for the financing of cultural institutions in Portugal, to the present reduced extent, be once again considered and taken into due consideration.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs will be glad to be consulted, in due course, with the decisions reached on the subject.



LISBON, 14th September - 1944.

Copies to Mr. Stettin
Mr. Stettin
- Sept. 18
1944

1574

File
and

Copy for Mr. Scher

August 21, 1944

UNRESTRICTED

No. *16*

To the
United States Representative on the
Advisory Council for Italy,
Rome.

The Secretary of State encloses for the information of the United States Representative on the Advisory Council for Italy and of the Political Section of the Allied Control Commission two copies of despatch no. 689 of July 7, 1944 from the Embassy in Lisbon reporting provision made by the Portuguese Government for the maintenance of destitute Italian subjects.

370/385

Enclosure:

Despatch no. 689, July 7, 1944,
from Lisbon, in duplicate.

6-06

UNRESTRICTED

No. 16

To the

United States Representative on the
Advisory Council for Italy,
Rome.

The Secretary of State encloses for the information of the United States Representative on the Advisory Council for Italy and of the Political Section of the Allied Control Commission two copies of despatch no. 689 of July 7, 1944 from the Embassy in Lisbon reporting provision made by the Portuguese Government for the maintenance of destitute Italian subjects.

Enclosure:

Despatch no. 689, July 7, 1944,
from Lisbon, in duplicate.

840.48 Refugees/7 - 744

390/385

6-06

AIR MAIL

No. 689

Lisbon, July 7, 1944

UNRESTRICTED

Subject: Action by Portuguese Government in regard to Provision for Maintenance of Certain Destitute Italian Subjects.

The Honorable
The Secretary of State
Washington

Sir:

I have the honor of informing the Department of action recently taken by the Portuguese Government which, it is believed, shows an increasing concern for certain groups of destitute foreigners in Portuguese possessions.

Decree No. 33,771, published in the Diario do Governo, 1 Series, Number 144, July 5, 1944, provides as follows:

"considering that, because of present circumstances resulting from the war, it is urgent and necessary to give assistance to foreign citizens in Portuguese territory;....

"Article 1. There is opened in the Ministry of Finances, in favor of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, a special credit of 1,300,000\$00, destined to the expenses of protecting foreigners in Portuguese territory by reason of the present circumstances resulting from the war, this amount being inscribed as an extraordinary expense in a new section of Article 49 of Section 8 of the budget of the second of the Ministries named for the present year, as follows:

EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSE

Section 8

"Extraordinary expenses resulting from the war

"Article 49 - Various charges resulting from the war:

"2) Expense of protecting foreigners in Portuguese territory motivated by the present circumstances

Subject: Action by Portuguese Government in regard to Provision for Maintenance of Certain Destitute Italian Subjects.

The Honorable
The Secretary of State
Washington

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EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSE

Section 8

"Extraordinary expenses resulting from the war

"Article 49 - Various charges resulting from the war:

"2) Expense of protecting foreigners in Portuguese territory motivated by the present circumstances resulting from the war, to be reimbursed at the proper time by the respective States....1,300,000\$00"

It was not clear to this Embassy just what was meant by this appropriation but inquiry at the Foreign Office this morning disclosed the fact that this appropriation is made by the Portuguese to care for some 400 Italian citizens in certain of the....

-2-

of the Portuguese possessions who, because of the present unsettled situation in Italy, are out of touch with their homeland and without funds. This situation has been reported to the Foreign Office by the Secretary of State for Colonies.

The action taken has apparently been discussed with the Italian Legation in Lisbon and has their approval. It is anticipated by both the Italians and the Portuguese that the amounts expended will be refunded when conditions make it possible.

Since this action was taken in behalf of war victims, it is believed that the War Refugee Board will be interested, and if the Department perceives no objection, it will be appreciated if a copy of this despatch were transmitted to them. So far as we now know, this is the first action of this sort that has been taken by the Portuguese Government and is an indication of the increasing concern of the Portuguese Government in the unfortunate situation of victims of the war.

Respectfully yours,

For the Ambassador:

Edward S. Crocker
Edward S. Crocker
Counselor of Embassy

6-20-4

RCD:ew

of the Portuguese possessions who, because of the present unsettled situation in Italy, are out of touch with their homeland and without funds. This situation has been reported to the Foreign Office by the Secretary of State for Colonies.

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Respectfully yours,

For the Ambassador:

Edward S. Crocker
Edward S. Crocker
Counselor of Embassy

RCD:ew

6134

SECRET

POL SECT.
2624
FR
C. S. Stone

ACC

60/08

AVIR SIGNED SACED

F 80413

AUG 8/1126

HE
8 AUG 1944
A. C. C.

SECRET

PRIORITY

CITE: FIDSO

9 AUG Recd

DECISION RE ROSSILONGHI WILL BE SENT SOONEST POSSIBLE BUT REPLY STILL
AWAITED TO RE JUNE'S NOTE FROM HERE WHICH ARE BEING PREPARED

ACCEPT
SEC GEN
ACTION ~~7-11-44~~ (2)
INFO 1/CC
~~CC~~ Pol Sect (1)
FILE (2)
FLOAT

Leaves "D. B. B. B."

✓

505-Rossilonghi

6433

SECRET

AUGUST 8/1550

SECRET

AFHQ

HQ ACC

S-309

6 AUG

SECRET

PRIORITY

ACTING CHIEF COMM.

FURTHER OUR SUGAR THREE ZERO SEVEN OF FOUR AUGUST AND OUR MEMORANDUM OF THREE AUGUST RE PROPOSED NOMINATIONS OF ITALIAN DIPLOMATS TO LISBON AND MADRID PD PAREN TO AFHQ FOR GEORGE FIVE CMA BRITISH RESIDENT MINISTER AND UNCLE SUGAR POLITICAL ADVISOR FROM HQ ACC FROM STONE PERSONAL PAREN SINCE GOVERNMENT IS UNDER CONSTITUTIONAL PRESSURE FROM PRESS TO REMOVE FASCIST APPOINTED DIPLOMATS CMA GOVERNMENT AND ACC WILL BE GRATEFUL FOR EARLIEST POSSIBLE REPLY

AUTHENTICATED:

ELLERY W. STONE
Captain, USNR
Acting Chief Commissioner

DISTRIBUTION:

- 1 - Political Section ✓
- 1 - VP Float File

SECRET

6432

1582

785016

~~SECRET~~

AFHQ RPTD NADIST

HQ ACC

S-307

4 AUG

SECRET

ROUTINE

ACTING CHIEF COMM.

NO ANSWER RECEIVED YET CONCERNING APPOINTMENT OF ROSSILONGHI TO ITALIAN LEGATION
 AT LONDON PD. REPLY TO AFHQ FOR OFFICE FIVE AND BRITISH RESIDENT MINISTER RPTD
 NADIST PASS TO AFHQ REPLY FOR UNCLE SUGAR POLITICAL ADVISER FROM HQ ACC SIGNED
 STONE PAPER SHE ONE EIGHT FOUR ZERO OF TWO TWO JULY AND FOUR FOX SEVEN SIX TWO
 ZERO EIGHT OF TWO EIGHT JULY

AUTHENTICATED:

ELIABY W. STONE
 Captain, USNR
 Acting Chief Commissioner

DISTRIBUTION:

- 1 - Political Section
- 1 - VP Float File

704

Hq ACC	Sec'y Gen.
DISPATCHED	
Date - Time	
Via	
Comments	

~~SECRET~~

505 - Rossilonghi

6432

1583

SECRET

POLITICAL

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION *SECT. 1870 HC*

INCOMING MESSAGE

DUB. Pl Submit with pp.

WS

TO: ACTION: ACC MAIN
FROM: AFHQ SGP SACMED
REFERENCE No: F 76208
DATE AND TIME OF ORIGIN: JUL 23 1245B
OFFICE OF ORIGIN: CITE FHCEG
SIGNAL MESSAGE CENTER No: 59/28
CLASSIFICATION: SECRET
PRECEDENCE: ROUTINE

NO OBJECTION TO REASSIGNMENT OF LOGO DAVILA LIMA AS PLANNED.
REFERENCE ACC 840 OF 23 JULY. REPLY WILL BE MADE CONCERNING ROSSIELONGHI
SOONEST POSSIBLE.

HEADQUARTERS
29 JUL 1944
A. C. C.

ACTION

ACC DIST

ACTION - POLITICAL SEC 2
INFO - A/CC
FILE
FLOAT

2

505 - Headquarters

6430

DATE and Time of RECEIPT JUL 28 1945B

Distribution:

SECRET

S E C R E T

AFHQ FOR G-5 US POLITICAL ADVISER AND BRITISH RESIDENT MINISTER

ACC

1015

JUL 27

SECRET

PRIORITY

POLITICAL

FOR CLARITY PLEASE INSERT IN SECOND SENTENCE MY TELEGRAM EIGHT FOUR ZERO OF
JULY TWO TWO BETWEEN WORDS QUOTE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT WISH UNQUOTE AND QUOTE
TO REPLACE PHUMAS UNQUOTE THE FOLLOWING WORDS CLN PARM TO AFHQ FOR GEORGE
FIVE US POLITICAL ADVISER AND BRITISH RESIDENT MINISTER FROM ACC SIGNED
STONE PARM QUOTE AS REGARDS ITALIAN LEGATION IN LISBON UNQUOTE

(C O P Y)

6429

S E C R E T

C O P Y

MINISTERO DEGLI AFFARI ESTERI
Il Segretario Generale
P/1499/30

Roma, 26 July 1944

Dear Caccia,

As I explained to you, the Portuguese Minister Lobo d'Avila, who left the Capital in order not to comply with the request of the Fascist Authorities to transfer to the North, has now received instructions from his Government to take up again his post in Rome.

I also informed you that within the next few days a new Italian Minister will be appointed at Lisbon, in my place, as I had until now, for reasons of opportunity, continued to hold the post as Minister absent.

We should be deeply grateful if you would kindly approach the competent Allied authorities with a view to facilitating the journey to Italy of Minister Lobo d'Avila, either by air or by sea, as I have ascertained that for the moment we have no possible military means of transportation for the voyage of the Portuguese Minister.

I should be much obliged if you could let me know in advance the locality and date of arrival.

Believe me, with many thanks,

Sincerely yours,

/s/ R. Prunas

Harold Caccia Esq.,
Vice President
Allied Control Commission.
R G M E

S E C R E T

AFHQ FOR G-5 US POLITICAL ADVISER AND BRITISH RESIDENT MINISTER

A.C.C.

840

22 July 44

SECRET

ROUTINE

Political Section

PORTUGUESE GOVERNMENT HAVE INFORMED ITALIAN GOVERNMENT THAT THEY WANT TO REASSIGN THEIR MINISTER TO THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT CMA DAVILA CMA TO HIS POST AS PORTUGUESE MINISTER IN ROME PD AT THE SAME TIME THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT WISH TO REPLACE PRUNAS CMA NOW SECRETARY GENERAL AT THE ITALIAN FOREIGN OFFICE CMA BY ROSSILONGHI WHO WAS FORMERLY MINISTER COUNSELLOR AT THE ITALIAN EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON PAREN TO AFHQ FOR G-5 US POLITICAL ADVISER AND BRITISH RESIDENT MINISTER FROM ACC SIGNED STONE PAREN PARA PLEASE TELEGRAPH IF THERE IS ANY OBJECTION TO EITHER OF THESE APPOINTMENTS.

(C O P Y)

6423

S E C R E T

1587

Office of the British Resident
Minister at Allied Forces C.,
5, rue Professeur Cartillet,
Algiers.
7th June, 1944.

5/150/46

Dear Miss Hopkins,

Mr. Jenkins tells me that when he was in Naples he went through your "pending file" with you and that you showed him all the letters to this office which appeared to be without an answer. The position as regards each of these letters is as follows:

EXTRACT:

5. Your or Mr. Caccia's letter No.32 of March 9th about 13 professors in Lisbon. Also transferred to the High Commissioner's Office.

310/385

END OF EXTRACT:

Yours sincerely

/s/ A. Humbold

Junior Commander M. Hopkins.

Sir A. Humbold.

6-26

COPY

Don

SP

UNRECORDED

199

May 25, 1944

To the

Officer in Charge of the American Mission,
Lisbon.

The Secretary of State encloses for the Ambassador's information and for acknowledgment, in his discretion, a copy of a letter addressed to Mr. Stephen Early by Mr. Umberto Caradossi in Lisbon and referred by the White House to the Department of State.

Mr. Caradossi accuses the Italian Minister in Lisbon, the Air Attaché, and Secretary of Legation Assettati of pro-fascist and anti-allied sentiments and expresses amazement that such men are still permitted to hold positions of responsibility.

Enclosure:

Letter from Mr. Umberto Caradossi, ~
February 25, 1944.

Copy and enclosure to
Reber, Naples.

390/385

6-53

COPY

UMBERTO CARADOSSI
Rua do Salitre 14
Lisbon

Lisbon, 25th February 1944

Stephen Early, Esq.,
Secretary to the President of the United States
Washington, D. C.

Sir,

I wrote to you last in November 1942, when the Allied Armies landed in North Africa. I am sorry to have to take up some of your valuable time again, but I think that what I have to say is in the interest of the Allied cause.

The Italian Legation in Lisbon is still ruled by fascists. The Chargé d'Affaires is the Marchese d'Ajeta, who owes his very rapid rise in the career to the fact that he was Ciano's favorite companion and with whom he was at the Vatican Embassy in Rome at the time of the fall of the fascist regime, and succeeded immediately in getting an appointment to Lisbon. This man has all the decorations given out by the fascist party (Squadrista - March on Rome and Littorio Ribbon) as well as the Medal for voluntary service in the Albanian Campaign of conquest. He is undoubtedly an extremely clever opportunist who, being among the privileged few to have reaped all the benefits under Fascism, has now the sole aim of clinging to them. The spirit of collaboration he is showing to the Allied representatives here is only superficial and I could cite many facts to prove the point. Furthermore, he allows the affairs of the Legation to be decided upon by the first Secretary, Mr. Assettati. The latter came to Lisbon in the spring of 1943 loudly boasting that he had served as a volunteer on the Russian front and that he had been sent here as a fiduciary of Bastianini, upholding his deep hatred for the British and publicly declaring that "the trouble with us Italians is that we don't hate the British enough". He thereupon began to hunt down all those Italians in Lisbon who were not wearing the fascist insignia. At this late date he doesn't try to hide the fact that he is still fascist-minded, and only a week ago openly remarked that if Germany is beaten, all Europe will become communist.

Air Attaché Lieut. Col. Bianchi. I have studied him closely for the past year, and I can state with a clear conscience that he is a ruthless and most unscrupulous exponent of fascist perversity, and until the very day of the Italian armistice was the most vociferous and intransigent champion of the Italian war with the Allies against whom he has always used the vilest language. No less than half a dozen times I have heard him publicly announcing that Britain's power had been destroyed forever, as well as of his wild schemes for bringing the war to America. He always proclaimed his unshakable confidence

-2-

in the invincibility of Germany's military might. This man rose rapidly from the rank of petty officer during the Ethiopian and Spanish war with the help of his friend Ettore Muti who became Secretary General of the fascist party (one of the worst scoundrels produced by the regime). Muti came to visit him here in Lisbon several times, and was his guest the last time he paid a visit to this city early in July of 1943. A few weeks later Muti was shot in Rome in a fight with the police while organizing an open revolt against the Badoglio government.

I realize fully that the most important objective now is to win the war, but especially because of this reason I can't help being bewildered at seeing men like the above-described who have actively contributed toward this great catastrophe and who are absolutely untrustworthy in the support they are required to give to the Allied cause, still holding positions of responsibility.

I know that President Roosevelt has always been against the privileged few and has championed the cause of the common people; the world owes much to him for his courageous and inspiring leadership which was undoubtedly a deciding factor in saving christian civilization in the dark days during the summer of 1940 (I remember writing this to you in the spring of 1941) and there is no doubt in my mind that the moment will soon come when he will help the Italian people to gain back their freedom and a true democratic government.

Allow me to close with the most fervent hope that he will still be in the position to direct the shaping of a better reconstructed world at the end of this conflict.

Yours very truly,

(s) Umberto Caradossi

U. S. SECRET

Equals British SECRET

ALLIED

CONTROL COMMISSION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

INCOMING

MESSAGE

/mip

SVC/RELAY NO.

M/C NO: 1/21

CLASS: SECRET

REF NO: 3535

PREC: PRIORITY

FILED: NOV 201931A

FROM: FREEDOM

REC'D: NOV 210210A

TO: FATIMA

It has been suggested as advisable that someone from the entourage of the King of Italy should be permitted to proceed to Lisbon to give instructions direct to the Italian Minister, and strengthen the backs of the entire Italian Colony through personal contact. (TO FATIMA FOR JOYCE SIGNED EISENHOWER CITE FHMS). Do you consider this practical or desirable?

DISTRIBUTION:

- 2 - AG
 - 1 - Diary
 - 1 - M/C
 - 1 - General Taylor - ACTION
- Mr. Caccia*

6-22

U. S. SECRET
Equals British SECRET

1592

CONTROL COMMISSION

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

OUTGOING

HAC/jh

20/21

1064

NOV 21 1800H

NOV

SECRET

PRIORITY

FATIMA

FREEDOM

IT IS NOT CLEAR WHAT SITUATION IN LISBON WOULD REQUIRE THE PRESENCE OF A SPECIAL
 ENVOY PD TO FREEDOM CITE PHRASES FROM FATIMA SIGNED JOYCE PD UNDER PRESENT CONDITION
 IT WOULD BE UNDESIRABLE TO SEND A MEMBER OF KINGS ENTOURAGE AS THIS WOULD TEND
 TO SHOW THAT SOME DISTINCTION EXISTS BETWEEN THE KING AND THE BADOGLIO GOVERNMENT
 PD KING WOULD PROBABLY SENT ACQUAONE WHOSE INFLUENCE WOULD IN OUR OPINION NOT BE
 HELPFUL PD PARA IMPROVEMENT IN SITUATION CAN NO DOUBT BE EFFECTED THROUGH MORE
 RAPID COMMUNICATIONS PERMITTING NECESSARY INSTRUCTIONS TO BE SENT BY FOREIGN OFFICE
 OR CHANGES RECOMMENDED PD PAREN REFERENCE OUR ONE ZERO FOUR ONE NOVEMBER TWO ZERO
 PAREN

AUTHENTICATED:

DISTRIBUTION:

2 - AG
 1 - Diary

ROBERT E. DOE
 Major, A.G.D.
 Secretary of the Commission

6-21-1170

6-21-1170
 Enclosure
 Reproduction

MSG - 2400

FL

Office of the Resident Minister
at Allied Force Headquarters

19th September, 1943.

My dear General

I wrote to you on the 17th September about the attitude of the Italian Ambassador in Madrid.

A similar situation has arisen in Lisbon where the Ambassador, Signor Prunas, is hesitating to collaborate with the Allied Embassies more especially in regard to the issue of instructions to the consuls under his control in the Azores and in Portuguese East Africa.

Could you get Badoglio to write a letter to Prunas with the necessary instructions and have it sent on to Lisbon as soon as possible via Gibraltar?

*Yours very truly
Harold Macmillan*

Harold Macmillan.

Lieutenant General Mason Macfarlane.

6420

*OK already taken care of
no answer
Harold Macmillan*

011/112-1471 2706

1594

7. MILITARY DATA AT THE MOMENT

510

12107A 7777
for the

POLITICAL SECTION OF THE ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

Reference: your communication of Dec. 5th No 001.112

1) From a message of the Italian Legation in Lisbon it appears that Messrs. Picone, Ferraris and Wardi are ready to leave for British.

2) According to advice of the American Legation in the same city the above arrangements will have to be made by the American Base/quarters in Algiers as they are in control of all air services.

3) As it is present that the above mentioned employees should join this Ministry without delay I would be very grateful if the Political Section could bring the necessary knowledge of the competent authorities in Algiers.

390/385



MINISTRE DES AFFAIRES ETRANGERES

R. R. R.

Algiers, December 9th, 1953

File

[Handwritten signature]

6179

POLITICAL SECTION OF THE ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

Reference: your communication of Dec. 5th No 001, 112

1) From a message of the Italian Legation in Lisbon it appears that Misses Diomede, Veronesi and Marti are ready to leave for Brindisi.

2) According to advice of the American Legation in the same city the above arrangements will have to be made by the American Headquarters in Lisbon as they are in control of all air traffic.

3) As it is evident that the above mentioned employees should join this Ministry without delay I would be very grateful if the Political Section would bring the Government to the knowledge of the competent authorities in Lisbon.



POLITICAL SECTION

R. R. R.

File

Brindisi, December 9th, 1949

13/12

6413

390/385

JCH/TBJ/frt

BY A.D.L.S.

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Military Government Section

MGS 383-1

30 November 1943.

SUBJECT: Message from D'Ajeta.

TO : Hq Forward Allied Control Commission
Brindisi.

It would be appreciated if the following, which has been received by the Civil Affairs Section here from Lisbon, could be passed to the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs as requested in the original message received:

"Misses Picone Ferraris and Nardi ready to leave here in compliance with transfer order. This American Legation being unable arrange voyage suggests that arrangements in this connection be reached through direct agreement between that Ministry and American Headquarters Algiers as the latter is in control of all air service. American Headquarters will be able subsequently to impart detailed instructions to this American Mission as to repatriation of above mentioned employees. I will therefore be obliged for further communication on this matter."



J. C. HOLMES
Brigadier General, G.S.C.
Chief, Military Government Section

581.11 - Civil Affairs Section
 x 201 - Miss Ferraris
 x 201 - Miss Nardi
 x 201 - Miss Picone
 6-13

Pol

1597