2053

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ACC

10000/136/108

IT/
NOV

2054

Reclassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

10000/136/108

ITALIAN GOV'T (GENERAL), PART I
NOV. 1943 – JULY 1944

2055

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 185015

220/CC
DSG ACC

Form 173 (WD No. 400)
July [illegible] 1918

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No 220 - ITALIAN GOVERNMENT (GENERAL)

PART I

SECRET

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM—	DATE	TO—	SYNOPSIS
56	Ltr Capt Stone DCC 400	7 Jun 44	Dr Morelli	Request more details re rations for Ital Govt
				App a - Ltr Morelli 6164 5 Jun ACC
57	Cbl MJCS 2907	12 Jun 44	ACC Main Monfort	Under-Secretaries State remain Rome until further notice
58	Ltr Badoglio	16 Jun 44	MacFarlane	Drawing of rations for Ital Govt personnel fr Allied sources
59	Cbl Baril840	18 Jun 44	ACC Naples	Liberation Committee list provincial & communal administrations
60	Cbl ACC ADV 865	19 Jun 44	ACC Rear	Message for Badoglio re staying in Rome for official reasons
				App a - Memo forwarding of message
61	Ltr Densmore DCC 091.1	21 Jun 44	RC & MG Sect	Rationing of the Italian Government authority granted etc.
				Incl 1 - Ltr Council Ministers 20 Jun 7258 to Capt Stone
62	Ltr Bonomi 7488	25 Jun 44	Capt Stone	Interference ACC Province of Bari maintenance public order city
63	Ltr Bonomi	27 Jun 44	Capt Stone	Transfer of Rome to Italian Administration proposals
64	Ltr Capt Stone A/CC 091.1	27 Jun 44	Bonomi	Rations for personnel of Ital Government
				App a - Ltr EWS 23 Jun HQ AAI
				App b - Ltr CC 22 Jun HQ AAI
				App c - Ltr HQ AAI 20 jun 1047/4/Q
64a	Ltr High Comm FCW 1146/mil/C.2 (Req employees State Admins at present FCW)	29 Jun 44	ACC	App d - Ltr HQ /8/8 6 Jun 94 SA
65	Ltr Densmore A/CC 091.1	29 Jun 44	Mr Campbell	Correction Under-Secretaryship Merchant Marine Royal Ital Govt
65a	Cbl ACC Main 6871 Rations for Italian Government	29 Jun 44	AAI	App a - Ltr Campbell 23 Jun to ACC with 2 Incls
			2395	App b - Memo SG 27 Jun to Bergin
				App c - Bergin list secretaries
66	Ltr Capt Stone A/CC 091.1	30 Jun 44	Bonomi	Ack ltr N. 7488 25 Jun re interference maintenance public order
67	Ltr Densmore A/CC 091.1	30 Jun 44	Col Upjohn	Interference maintenance public order comply with A/CC instructions
68	Cbl MMIA AC 1640	30 Jun 44	MAC for ACC ADV	Rations for Commando Supremo drawing in Salerno duplicate issue
68a	Cbl ACC 7015 Main	2 Jul 44	ACC Rear (Rations)	Further connection ltr A/CC 091.
69	Ltr Densmore A/CC 091.1	5 Jul 44	Mr Campbell	1 29 Jun
				Incl 1 - Release Radio & Press 3rd
70	Memo, Badoglio	9 Jul 45	ACC Rations	Rations for Badoglio

SECRET

INSTRUCTIONS.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

2056

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Q. M. C. Form 353 (Old No. 490)
Revised July 20, 1918

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. 091.1 - ITALIAN GOVERNMENT (GENERAL)

SECRET

/ Signifies removal of documents to separate file

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM—	DATE	TO—	SYNOPSIS
/ 44	Cbl RC & MG Sect Brig Lush 5012	15 May 44	IBS,Distwo,5 & 8 Armies,Fable	Re simultaneous announcement of price of wheat by ACC & Ital Govt
/ 45	Cbl Freedom F46253	15 May 44	ACC Main	Decision increase wheat price is sound
/ 46	Cbl ACC Main M198	14 May 44	AFHQ	Meeting Ministers Quintieri, Gullo & Aldisio re raising price of wheat already set
47	Ltr Maj Doe SG 000.1	9 May 44	See Dist	Ltr fr Badoglio to CC 13 Apr with Incl for action of different Sub-Com Incl 1 - Solution for industrial agricultural & military rebirty of Italy Incl 2 - Summary of problems to be presented at meeting with ACC
48	Ltr Badoglio 4872	16 May 44	Gen MacFarlane	Preventing misunderstandings & difficulties of appointments governmental high officials consult ACC App a - Ltr Badoglio 3809 28 Apr
/ 49	Ltr MacFarlane CC/G/311	20 May 44	Political Section	Berlinguer Dr. wishes straighten out situation in Sardinia
50	Ltr Slaughter	24 May 44	Major Doe	Requested communication passed MacFarlane copy Badoglio's ltr No. 4872 16 May enclosure App a - Ltr Adm Sec 9/1/B/AS 22 May Appointments of Italian Officials
50(a)	Ltr MacFARLANE (Further to CC/P/134 of 10 Mar 44)	21 MAY 44	Badoglio	
51	Ltr MacFarlane CC/P/342	26 May 44	Badoglio	Consult authorities ACC re appointments of Italian Officials high
52	Ltr Stansgate 9/1A/AS	26 May 44	Chief Comm	Appointment of Ital Officials App a - Ltr Spicer ACC/4/A/Int 24 May to Admin Sect
53	Cbl AFHQ F 50856	26 May 44	ACC Main	Approve proposal M197 13 May limited required present PW service units - suggestions screening
54	Cbl ACC Main M 217 FNMM	29 May 44	AFHQ	Ref F 50856 statement prerequisities forwarded earliest party include representative civil judiciar
55	Ltr Densmore	2 Jun 44	Maj Willkie	Authority re rations for Ital Govt Incl 1 - Ltr AFHQ 75 G.1 4 Jan ACC Incl 2 - Cbl MMIA AG1247 30 May ACC App a - Ltr AFHQ 25.Q 14 Dec ACC App b - Ltr Densmore 18 Mar Stone App c - Ltr Dadl 2904/11 9 May ACC App d - Ltr HQ AAI 1019/Q1 2 May AC

2 Encl

SECRET

INSTRUCTIONS.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

2057

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Q. M. C. Form 353 (Old No. 400)
Revised July 20, 1948

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. 091.1 - ITALIAN GOVERNMENT (GENERAL)

SECRET

/ Signifies removal of documents to separate file

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM—	DATE	TO—	SYNOPSIS
/ 30		4 May 44		Summary statement recommended immediate agrigultural program
/ 31	Ltr MacFarlane CC/P/261	3 May 44	Col Spofford	Ref DO/3 29 Apr Agree remarks personnel ceiling & infiltrating civilians well-equipped technicans
/ 32	Ltr MacFarlane Aide Memoire	4 May 44	Sec Advisory Council Italy	Epuration of Fascists & Prisons conditions in Sardinia
33	Ltr MacFarlane 217/24/CA	6 May 44	Marshal Badoglio	Regional Superintendency for Food Supply in Sicily
~~34~~	Ltr MacFarlane CC/P/271	~~7 May 44~~	~~Col Spofford~~	~~Ref DO/11 5 May att re relief & rehabilitation in Yugoslavia thanks for information~~ App a - Lttr ref above same subj
34	Marshal Badoglio 1350	5 May 44	Gen MacFarlane	Submit Ltr 2 Incls fr Min of War subj "Public Order at Bari" Incl - Ltr 2 May 517/AC same subj Incl I - Ltr 20 Mar PS/8/8 same Incl II - Ltr 31 Mar 2550/OP same
/ 35	Cbl ACC Main M190 MacFarlane	7 May 44	AFHQ .	Ref 42130 sending copy memo re epuration & administration Justice
/ 36	Ltr MacFarlane CC/P/274	8 May 44	Gen Gammell	Ref Cbl M190 7 May copy memo att & also document by Bogomolov both submitted to Advisory Council App a - Document referred to above
37	Cbl RC & MG Sect Brig Lush	10 May 44	Fable	Treatment of POW in prisons in Sardinia
/ 38	Cbl ACC Main M193	12 May 44	AFHQ	Price of wheat
/ 39	Cbl ACC Main M197	13 May 44	AFHQ	Difficulty in Judicial Field is lack of Ital Judges & Legal Office
40	Ltr MacFarlane CC 250	12 May 44	Marshal Badoglio	Enquiries connection report by Min Int re public order at Bari ref 517/AG 2 May
/ 41	Cbl ACC Main M194	12 May 44	AFHQ	Re ration & wage ceilings for population cobelligerent Italy
/ 42	Cbl ACC Main M201	15 May 44	AFHQ	Ital Govt agree price of wheat & announcement to be made after ACC announces it in AMG territory
/ 43	Cbl ACC Main M202	15 May 44	AFHQ	Announcement of price of wheat by ACC in AMG territory at 1000 lire per quintal hard wheat & 900 lire per quintal soft wheat

2306

SECRET

INSTRUCTIONS.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

2058

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Q. M. C. Form 353 (Old No. 400)
Revised July 26, 1938

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. 091.2 ITALIAN GOVERNMENT (General)

/ Signifies removal of documents to separate file

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM—	DATE	TO—	SYNOPSIS
24	CSI Freedom 992 (Hist)	24 Apr 44	Gen Joyce	Information on Luigi Einaudi life history.
25	Ltr MAG Det corr.1	18 Apr 44	Col. Pelotta	Enclosed in rpt on Ciro Dilligenza. ENCLOSURES: a. Statement of Arzano members of Committe for National Liberation. b. Statement of Prefecture di Napoli. c. Ltr fr Cimta Executive (sgd V. Celano) to MacFarlane dtd 17-4-44, enclosing "a" & "b".
25	Ltr Fano s/C.O/ 1109	17 Apr 44	ACC-Attn. Stone	Recur ltr 091.1 dtd 13 Apr, in view of Col Densmore's rpt, I, too, am convinced of seditive & inimical character of Bracia & feel best to drop matter. - APPENDICES: A. Ltr fr Stone to Fano dtd 13 Apr. Recur S/S.O/1057/ enclosing Col Densmore rpt. Encl 1. Col Densmore's rpt to Stone, dtd 13 Apr, Re Eng. Bracia's charges. B. Ltr fr Fano to Stone dtd 8 Apr enclosing complaint by Bracia & ltr fr Dr. Giorginni. Incl 1. Ltr fr Dr. Giorginni dtd 30 Mar 44. Encl 2. Ltr of complaint fr Eng Bracia (no date).
27	Ltr MacFarlane EE/10	17 Apr 44	Marshal Badoglio	Re revising legal basis for organization Ital Agriculture
27b	Cbl Patina M174 Badoglio complete	25 Apr 44	Freedom - Impress legislation for harvest	Incl I- Agricultural organization summary
28	Admin Sect	26 Apr 44	See Dist	Giunta Consultiva - Sicily --- Notes of meeting on this subject
29	Ltr MacFarlane CC/G/238	28 Apr 44	Admin Sect	Discussion with Badoglio & Musotto re Junta Consultive agreed exception one member council Incl I - Ltr Badoglio 26 Apr on same subject as above

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INSTRUCTIONS.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

2059

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Q. M. C. Form 353 (Old No. 400)
Revised July 20, 1918

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. 091.1 ITALIAN GOVERNMENT (General)

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM—	DATE	TO—	SYNOPSIS
16	Lt Col Jenny ACC/Ltl/Pru	29 Feb 44	Capt Stone	In view of revision in regional boundaries, if you sent map we will be glad to record changes. Recur ltr 29 Feb, attached is map to be returned. Have received communication fr London on Philipson. There is no objection to his appt. ENCLOSURE: 1. Copy ltr fr Badoglio dtd 28 Feb. Re retention of Philipson. Re Maj Centrito, June rpt that his political record is not serious & believes him valuable. Others seem to think likewise. Encl is note on Centrito. Coordination in making & announcing appointments by Italian Govt & ACC. (request) Screening Italian officials in AMG areas. Method. ENCLOSURE: 1. Appendix I showing offices to be inserted under this Ex Memo. 2. Form of questionnair to be filled by candidates to be used. Regional Superintendency for Food Supply of Sicily. This Org is superimposed to existing Italian Org & while I reserve right to take necessary measures, would appreciate your instructions to RC Commissioner for Sicily. Have received & read Reale's speech. Thanks. ENCLOSURE: 1. Translation of speech.
17	Lt Col Demmers	4 Mar 44	FAU Sub-Com	
18	Ltr MacFarlane 123	5 Mar 44	Badoglio	
19	Ltr MacFarlane 129	8 Mar 44	Col. Poletti	
20	Ltr MacFarlane CC/P/134/030.1	10 Mar 44	Badoglio	
20a	Badoglio 137	13 Mar 44	FWMM (Annex to #203)	
21	Ex Memo # 45 Brig Lush	17 Mar 44	Reg Commissioners 2, 4, 5 & SCAO's [illegible] Area	
22	Ltr Badoglio 2443	23 Mar 44	MacFarlane	
23	Ltr Stone 091.1	5 Apr 44	Dr Gallenga	
27a	Ltr MacFarlane CC/G/221	22 Apr 44	Admin Sect	Ref 9/1A/AS 21 Apr re Appointments by Ital Govt agree action taken in Para 8 App B - Admin Sect 239 9/1A/AS 21 Apr on same subject as above

INSTRUCTIONS.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

2060

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Q. M. C. Form 353 (Old No. 400)
Revised July 28, 1918

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. Cpl.1 ITALIAN GOVERNMENT (General)

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM—	DATE	TO—	SYNOPSIS
10	Ltr Stone Cpl.1	21 Jan 44	Head of Adm Sect, ACC Adv Echs	Italian Prefects. Attached ltr fr J. E. Innocenti, requesting that Prefects be permitted to enter territory administered by Italian Govt. ENCLOSURE: a. Ltr fr Innocenti to ACC, dtd 29 Jan 44. (also translation)
11	Ltr Velonnano AAO	13 Feb 44	ACC	Request for change & implementation of rations for Bodoglio & other officials of Italian Govt.
12	Ltr Fano S/G.C/ 621	17 Feb 44	Chief Forward Censorship Section, Naples, & ACC Salerno.	Regret that due to decisions of the Council of Ministers no promotion will be made until the entire territory of Italy is liberated from the enemy.
13	Ltr Slaughter Cpl.1	18 Feb 44	AFHQ Adv Adm Sub SUP	Enclosed is list of Italian Govt Sections and their locations. ENCLOSURES: a. List b. Ltr fr Lt Col Suburac, dtd 13 Feb. Subject "Rationing of Italian Govt. c. Ltr fr AFHQ Adv Adm Sub SUP dtd 10 Feb 44. d. Copy Ltr fr Col Cunham HQ 5th Br Area dtd 3 Feb. Subject "Rationing of Italian Govt."
14	Rpt on Career of Ettore Casati	19 Feb 44	All concerned	Resume of Career of H. E. Ettore Casati, Minister of Justice. Translated by Maj Harnsford.
15	Ltr Shenagate	20 Feb 44	VT Fol. Sec.	Appointment of Italian by Italian Govt. ENCLOSURE: a. Draft Ltr fr Adm Section, ACC/ Cpl.12/A. dtd 20 Feb. Subject Apmt of Italian Officials. b. Appendix-List of Office to be covered by Apmt.

2393

INSTRUCTIONS.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

2061

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Q. M. C. Form 353 (Old No. 490)
Revised July 28, 1918

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. 291.1 ITALIAN GOVERNMENT (General)

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM—	DATE	TO—	SYNOPSIS
1	Memo Brig Gustar-book	29 Nov 43	All Officers, ACC	Relation of the ACC to Italian Govt. It advises & supervises, but does not governs. Command & Administration of Corsica.
1a	**Declaration Italy**	**30 Oct 43**	**Moscow Conference**	
2	Orders AFHQ C-38 Corr No. 62	10 Dec 43	Gen Giraud, Gen Martin, Gen Strong, Col Graves.	
3	Memo Gen Davis G3/P./43-15 AFHQ	13 Dec 43	Chiefs of all Gen & Sp Staff Sections	Request that Allied Air Comds in Corsica be included in distribution lists for orders or directives, operational or administrative.
4	Ltr Gen Taylor 430	26 Dec 43	MCAO, AFHQ Adv Adm Sch	Rationing of the Italian Govt requested fr AFHQ Adv Adm Sch.
5	Ltr Col McCaffrey MCA/353 C/F	28 Dec 43	Chief AMG, Lt. Col Montfort	Interference with AMG Region II by Italian Ministry of Interior. ENCLOSURES: a. Ltr fr Prefect of Potenza, H de Gourmeth, dtd 23 Dec, Subject "Measures for ex-officials & Fascists" (translation) b. Original in Italian of above ltr. c. Ltr fr McCaffrey to IO AMG, dtd 22 Dec, Subject "Attempted Usurpation of the Powers of MAG Region II". d. Ltr fr McCaffrey to Censoring Officer, Region II., dtd 28 Dec.
6	Ltr Col Spofford	1 Jan 44	Adv Comd Post, ACC	Appointment of Alleged Fascists by Italian Govt.
7	Ltr Col Spofford	3 Jan 44	Adv Hq ACC	Interference with Region II by Badoglio Government. ENCLOSURES: a. Copy of ltr fr Prefect Cosenza (see No.5 a.) b. Copy Ltr fr Ministry of Education, and Giovanni Gnome, dtd 31 Dec.
8	Ltr McCaffrey MCA/2/16	10 Jan 44	All S.C.A.O's	Relation with the Badoglio Government. Anticipation for turnover of AMG territory to Badoglio Govt.
9	Ltr Spofford AMG/205	16 Jan 44	Deputy President ACC	Interference by Badoglio Govt in affairs of Region II. Raising price of tobacco, approving of new Post & Tel. Director, requisitioning of vehicles.

2392

INSTRUCTIONS.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

2062

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

SEGRETERIA PARTICOLARE
DEL MARESCIALLO D'ITALIA
PIETRO BADOGLIO

9 July 1944

CAVA DEI TIRRENI, 9 LUGLIO 1944

PROMEMORIA

ATTUALMENTE SI PRELEVANO GIORNALMENTE:

- 9 RAZIONI VIVERI PER I MILITARI IN SERVIZIO ALLA CASA DEL MARESCIALLO E CIOÈ:
  - MARESCIALLO BADOGLIO
  - 1. COLON. VALENZANO
  - 1. COLON. DE CARLO
  - CAP.MED. TRIVELLINI
  - S.CAPO ZACCARIA - CUOCO
  - SOLDATO LINGERI - CAMERIERE
  - " RENZI - ATTENDENTE AL MARESCIALLO
  - " GIORGIANTONIO - ATTEND. COL. VALENZANO
  - " FEDELE - SGUATTERO
- 10 RAZIONI, A PAGAMENTO, PER LA DUCHESSA - SIGNORA VALENZANO - BAMBINI - DONNE SERVIZIO - INVITATI.

SI È AGGIUNTO AL PERSONALE SUDDETTO IL SEGUENTE:

SEGRETERIA DEL MARESCIALLO:

- TENENTE BRUZZESE - UFFICIALE ADDETTO
- SERG.M. DEL RE - DATTILOGRAFO - ARCHIVISTA
- SOLDATO VICO - PIANTONE

ADDETTI AGLI AUTOMEZZI:

- SERGENTE CESARINI - AUTISTA DEL MARESCIALLO
- 1° AV. SCHIFANI - " " "
- AUTIERE PIOVESAN - " TOPOLINO
- " TORTORA - " PULCINO
- " SIRONI - " CAPITANO TRIVELLINI
- " FUMAGALLI - " AUTOCARRO
- MOTOC. TARANTINO - MOTOCICLISTA

TOTALE: 29 RAZIONI, CHE SI PREGA DARE DISPOSIZIONI CHE SIANO DATE DIRETTAMENTE DAGLI ALLEATI PER NON GRAVARE SULLE 1300 MESSE A DISPOSIZIONE DEL MINISTERO DELLA GUERRA.

(70)

2063

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

RELEASE FOR RADIO AND PRESS

Salerno, 3 July

The Ufficio Stampa announces:

Under the Decree of the Lieutenant Generalcy now in force, the Ministry of Popular Culture is suppressed and an Undersecretariat for Press and Information is set up, dependent on the Office of the President of the Council.

The organization of the new Undersecretariat is left to measures yet to be drawn up which will determine which of the service under the authority of the defunct Ministry may be suppressed and which may be transferred to other administrative agencies.

As is already known the Undersecretary for Press and Information has already been designated in the person of Giuseppe Spataro.

In addition to the appointment of the Hon. Angelo Raffaele Jervolino as Undersecretary for Communications, the engineer Mario Fano has been named Secretary of State and put in charge of Ports and Telegraphs.

The Secretary of State for Mercantile Marine, Dr. Angelo Corsi, will be responsible to the Ministry of Marina (Naval Ministry) rather than to the Ministry of Communications.

(69) Incl I

3 Jul 44

2383

2064

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

LDB/hjp

A/CC 091.1

5 July 1944

5 JUL 1944

Dear Mr. Campbell:

This is in further connection with our letter of June 29th, A/CC 091.1. Attached is copy of release for radio and press which was taken out of the Interno paper 3 July. It would now appear that the matter has been clarified.

L. D. BERREDGE
Colonel, AUS
Chief Staff Officer

Mr. Ian D. Campbell, Chairman
Mediterranean Shipping Board (Italy)
9, Via del Chiostro
Naples

cc: Chief Staff Officer
Economic Section, ACC

Sent 4/7
A/CC 091.1

2065

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

RESTRICTED

03 1558

WDGS 7015

WAR HEADQUARTERS AGC.

AGC 1SAIN

A 1777
20 JUL 1944

7015

1630/2JULY

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

FOOD SUB COMMISSION

REQUEST FOR AUTHORITY TO CONFIRM ITEMS OF DATA BE ON WHICH MY SCALE HAS BEEN SUBMITTED TO HIGHER AUTHORITY TO EXTEND TO NEAR HEADQUARTERS AGC FOR FINAL GOVERNMENT FIGHT AGC HAS BEEN GRANTED AUTHORITY FOR A TWO STAGE EXPANSION PLAN TO BE COORDINATED TO YOU EARLY DATE YOUR SIXTY FIVE SIX EIGHT DATED TWO SEVEN JUNE REFER

7 5 6 8 2 7

(1) in Final file

Initial for Q

file 43-4/Final

File 18

Hop H. S.
Captain, AGD
Deputy Adjutant

(1) Dan

7015

2 Jul 44

RESTRICTED

RESTRICTED

03 1558

REF: 7015

REAR HEADQUARTERS ACC

ACC MAIN

A 1777
20 JUL 1944

7015
1630/21JULY

RESTRICTED
ROUTINE
FOOD SUB COMMISSION

REQUEST FOR AUTHORITY TO CONTINUE ISSUE OF MATI ME ON MILITARY SCALE HAS BEEN SUBMITTED TO HIGHER AUTHORITY PD PARIN TO REAR HEADQUARTERS ACC FOR ITALIAN GOVERNMENT FROM ACC MAIN FROM ECONOMIC SECTION FOR [illegible] SIGNED STONE PARIN DECISION WILL BE COMMUNICATED TO YOU EARLY DATE YOUR SEVEN FIVE SIX EIGHT DATED TWO SEVEN JUNE REFERS

7568 27

(16) in Fwd S/C file

filed for Q

file 43-4/Fwd

091.1

File/18

(68)a

ROGER B. [illegible]

20066

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TO HIGHER AUTHORITY PD PARTY TO REAR HEADQUARTERS ACC FOR ITAL GOVERNMENT FROM ACC
MAIN FROM ECONOMIC SECTION FOR TWO SIGNED STONE PARTY DECISION WILL BE COMMUNICATED
TO YOU EARLY DATE YOUR SEVEN FIVE SIX EIGHT DATED TWO SEVEN JUNE REFERS

7568 27

(16) in Final S/C ~~File~~

~~Initial~~ for Q

file 43-4/Final

091.1

File/18

(68)a

7015
2 Jul 44

ROGER S. [illegible]
Captain, AGD
Deputy Adjutant

RESTRICTED

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

2068

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

RAC FOR ACC ADV PIDSLEY

MMIA

AQ 1640

30 JUNE

RESTRICTED

IMPORTANT

DCI 1533
5 JUL 1944

SEE AAI LETTER 1025/Q1 of 27 JUNE. SUBJECT RATIONS FOR COMMANDO SUPREMO. INFORMATION HERE COMMANDO SUPREMO IN SALERNO AND DRAWING M RATIONS THERE. IF NOT DRAWING RATIONS IN SALERNO AUTHORITY SHOULD BE CANCELLED OTHERWISE DUPLICATE ISSUE RESULTS

ACC ADV DIST

ACTION - ARMY SUB-COM

INFO - DCC
FILE
FLOAT 2

1640

(6F)

AQ 1640
30 June XX

2380
Files

2069

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Office of the Acting Chief Commissioner
APO 394

A/CC 091.1 30 June 1944

30 JUN 1944

Dear Colonel Upjohn:

Reference is made to attached translation of letter N. 7488 from Prime Minister Bonomi relative to instances of interference in the maintenance of public order. Also attached is copy of letters N. 1350 of 5 May and N. 250 of 12 May, both mentioned in reference letter.

The Acting Chief Commissioner placed the following note on the original translation of reference letter:

"Acknowledge. Refer to Col. Upjohn - to draft instructions for PC & MG."

Attached also is copy of Acting Chief Commissioners's acknowledgment to Prime Minister Bonomi.

Will you please comply with the Acting Chief Commissioner's instructions in this matter.

4 Incls:
Incl 1 - Copy of #7488
Incl 2 - " " #1350
Incl 3 - " " #250
Incl 4 - " " acknowledgment

L. D. [illegible]
Colonel, Sig C
FA to A/CC

Colonel Gerald Upjohn
Administrative Section
ACC

A/cc 091.1
30 June 44

1 file in Folder 1008

Secty Gen
Suspend & file
2380
1026.

2070

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

MMS/hjp

A/CC 091.1

30 June 1944

(62)

30 JUN 1944

Dear Prime Minister Bonomi:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your letter N. 748 of 25 June 1944, relative to instances of interference in the maintenance of public order.

Instructions are being issued which will, I hope, clear the matter. If there are reoccurrences of similar incidents in the future, will you please inform me.

Yours very truly,

ELLERY W. STONE
Captain, USN
Acting Chief Commissioner

His Excellency Ivanoe Bonomi
President of Council of Ministers
Italian Government

091.1

(66)

A/cc 091.1
30 June 44

2384

2071

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

RESTRICTED

291430

A.A.I. FOR Q1(B).

ACC MAIN G-4 (B)

VAPOR 4 MILLER

29 JUNE 1944

DSD 1481

2 JUL 1944 6871

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

ACC MAIN G-4 (B)

RATIONS FOR ITALIAN GOVERNMENT AND CONVERSATION THORNTON DAIH HASLAM ARE SUBJECTS PD

PAREN TO ALLIED ARMIES IN ITALY FOR QUINN ONE BRITISH FROM ACC MAIN SIGNED STONE PAREN

THREE DISTRICT HAVE RECEIVED NO DIRECTION TO CONTINUE PRESENT SYSTEM PENDING NEW

ARRANGEMENT FOR FEEDING ITALIAN GOVERNMENT PD MAY THEY BE AUTHORISED TO CONTINUE WITH

A CEILING OF FIFTEEN HUNDRED PD LETTER HAS BEEN ADDRESSED FROM CHIEF COMMISSIONER TO

PRIME MINISTER ITALIAN GOVERNMENT AND REPLY IS AWAITED PD MOST ANXIOUS NO SUDDEN CHANGE

MADE BEFORE DISCUSSION

D

ROGER B. DENBY
CAPTAIN, AGD
DEPUTY ADJUTANT

RESTRICTED

6871
29 Jun 44

2383

AG 370.2 INF

2072

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

EWS/hjp

A/CC 091.1

29 June 1944

OSS 413
30 JUN 1944

APP A

Dear Mr. Campbell:

Reference is made to your letter of 22 June to Acting Chief Commissioner, subject "Under-Secretaryship for Merchant Marine, Royal Italian Government".

The matter has been discussed with the Italian Government and it has been agreed that correction will be made. Just as soon as statement in writing is received we will see to it that the correct facts are publicized.

L. D. DENSMORE
Colonel, Sig C
PA to A/CC

Mr. Ian D. Campbell, Chairman
Mediterranean Shipping Board (Italy)
9, Via del Chiostro
Naples

cc: Chief Staff Officer
Economic Section, ACC

(65)

A/CC 091.1
29 June 44

Sect 9 ACC
Suspended 1 July 1945

2073

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DEPUTY MEDITERRANEAN REPRESENTATIVE

MINISTRY OF WAR TRANSPORT

HQ ACC. APO 394
Sec'y Gen'l
Rec'd 24 June 1944
By

Tel: Foxhole
~~FLAMINIO~~ 179
DIAL 52904

9, Via del Chiostro
NAPLES.

23rd June, 1944.

To: Acting Chief Commissioner,
Allied Control Commission.

Subject: Under-Secretaryship for Merchant Marine, Royal Italian Government.

1. I would refer to the signal made by the Mediterranean Shipping Board (Italy) to the Ministry of War Transport Representative, Mediterranean, No.1159 of 13th June, also the signal from C in C. Med. to Flag Officer Taranto and Liaison Italy, 141929 June.

2. Ever since the signing of the Armistice in which is covered the conditions of the Merchant Marine under the Cunningham/de Courten agreement, it has been clearly the wish of the Supreme Allied Commander that the Italian Merchant Marine shall remain under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Marine, and thereby to the Commander in Chief through his Flag Officer Taranto and Liaison Italy.

3. I shall be glad if you will take steps to request the Italian Government to deny the erroneous impression created by reports in the public press that the Merchant Marine is now under the Ministry of Communications.

Kenneth Campbell.
CHAIRMAN
MEDITERRANEAN SHIPPING BOARD(ITALY

29 June
Talked to Dr M re Suez Canal
65
c.c. to Chief Staff Officer,
Economic Section. A.C.C.
APA
23 Jan 44

2384

2074

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

HQ ACC, APO [illegible]
Sec'y Gen.
Rec'd 15 Jun 1644
By

SECRET

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

1578

INCOMING MESSAGE

Sec Gen

TO: MWTR MED (R)C IN C MED, FOTALI, FOWIT, ACC MAIN FOR ADAMS

SIGNAL MESSAGE CENTER No:

FROM: MEDBO ITALY

CLASSIFICATION: SECRET

REFERENCE No: 28A

PRECEDENCE: IMMEDIATE

DATE AND TIME OF ORIGIN: JUNE 131815

OFFICE OF ORIGIN:

NUMBER 1159 ITALIAN PRESS REPORTS DATED 13TH JUNE SHOW NEW UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE MERCHANT MARINE AS BEING RESPONSIBIE TO THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS. THIS REPORT CONFIRIED BY GENERAL MATTEINI DIRECTOR GENERAL OF MERCHANT MARINE THIS AFTERNOON. MY UNDERSTANDING IS THAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH AGREEMENT OF ADMIRAL CUNNINGHAM AND ADMIRAL DE COURTEN THE ITALIAN MERCHANT MARINE WOULD BE DIRECTED BY THE MINISTER ~~XXXXXX~~ OF MARINE DURING HOSTILITIES. REQUEST INSTRUCTIONS. TARANTO PASS ACC MAIN.

L/T T/P X.3. GPS 141. IN TRANSIT.
DIST. O-3a.5.6.8.12.13.14.16.19.
23.25a.26a.27.28a.53.LOG 3.

ACC DISTN

Info...Navy S C
Sec Gen
Dep C C
C A Br
Econ Sec....2
File
Float

(6)

APPAINCE 1

DATE and Time of RECEIPT JUNE 15/44

Distribution:

2819
13 Jun 44

SECRET

2384

2075

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

NAVAL MESSAGE.

FROM:

Rec'd 2 Jun 0950
By 0950

TO:

C IN C MED 141929 June

FOTALI
(R) MEDBO ITALY
FOWIT MWTR MED
ACC MAIN FOR ADAMS

IMPORTANT SECRET

I wish the Italian merchant Marine to remain under the direction of the Ministry of Marine.
MEDBO ITALY(S 131815 to MWTR MED
2. It is observed that general MATTEINI took over the post of director general of the Merchant Marine by order of the Minister. FOWIT's no. FOWIT 465 of 21 May not to all refers.

141929 June

REF. Control of Italian Merchant Marine passed to TARANTO for ACC MAIN
AFS X3 0110 GR 3 15/6
DIST.. O-3a 5 6 8 12 13 14 16 19 23 25a 26a 27 28a
Log+3 JC HRA

2379

(65)

XRP A DUCE 2
14 Jan 44

2076

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
INTER OFFICE MEMO

From: Secretary General

SUBJECT: Italian Press Reports, 13 June FILE No.

TO: Major Bergin 27 June 1944

Colonel Densmore, PA to Acting Chief Com., requests a copy of press report referred to in cable of 13 June attached hereto.

Can you supply this, or advise where we can obtain such a press report?

T/3 Edmiston
Secy Gen Office

2378

2077

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Risorgimento, 13 June, Page 1.
under 11 nuovo governo

List of undersecretaries arranged by Ministries fromwhich they depend.

Toward end of list:

Comunicazioni: Angelo Corsi, Socialista (per la Marina Mercantile)

/s/ T. G. Bergin
Public Relations Branch

2371

65

13 Dec 44

2078

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Translation No. 919.

Files (A) B (143a)

The High Commissioner for Prisoners of War. A 175 D

Civa dei Tirreni

File No. 1146/mil/C.2.

29 June 1944.

19 JUL 1944

TO: A.C.C. Salerno.

SUBJECT: Request for employees of various State Administrations who are at present POW.

1. The Royal Government has need of a certain number of soldiers at present POW, who were formerly employees enrolled in the various Civil Ministries and State Agencies, and who are indispensible for the re-organisation and operation not only of the ministries themselves but also of all such administrations as Prefectures, Municipal Councils, Schools, Hospitals, technical offices of the Civil Engineers, Law-Courts and Prisons, Railways, Post & Telegraph offices, Forestry and Mining, Sanitary and veterinary services in the various provinces, bank institutes, labour offices, itinerant agricultural officials, etc.

The present situation is indeed difficult because the number of official at present available is far below those who actual necessities of the territories liberated, owing to the fact that many were interned by the Germans. This situation, which is already harmful, will gradually grow worse as other territories are released from German hands.

2. In the name of the Royal Government I therefore beg the A.C.C. to authorise me to present a list of requests for repatriation of prisoners of war, for civil requirements, as is being done now to meet military requirements.

3. I would be grateful if, should this proposal be accepted, the A.C.C. would let me know as soon as possible the MANNER regarding the number of lists which I can present for these civilian requirements, the number of prisoners which may be contained in each list etc.

I thank you in advance.

The High Commissioner.

2370.

64a

1146/mil/c.2

29 Jun 44

Folder 426

2079

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

1793/hjp

A/CC 091.1 27 June 1944

Dear Prime Minister:

28 JUN 1944

This is in connection with the matter of rations for personnel of the Italian Government.

In reply to Marshal Badoglio's letter of 16 June 1944, please be informed that arrangements have been made for the continuance of the issue of rations during the period the Government is located at Salerno. The original arrangement authorized a maximum issue of 1200 rations. It has now been provided whereby up to 1500 rations can be drawn to cover the requirements.

The Commission is in receipt of a letter from the Commander of 94th Sub Area through Headquarters AAI to the effect that 94th Sub Area has, during the last few months, lost a number of clerks, who according to other clerks now working for the Sub Area, are now employed by certain Italian ministries in Salerno.

One former employee, Raffaele Auteri, stated that he left the Sub Area for the purpose of working in a Ministry where he now gets 2,500 lire per month with two meals daily, plus five cigarettes per day at a cost of 27 lire. The letter from 94th Sub Area further states that their information comes solely from civilian sources and may not be accurate. It is pointed out, however, that the competitive situation, as far as the Sub Area is concerned, is difficult as clerks are a vital part of the organization.

It is not known whether or not there is any decrease in the civilian ration of the Italian Government clerks involved, when they receive the two free meals, or whether there is any monthly stoppage of pay apart from the 27 lire per day.

It will be appreciated if this matter can be investigated and information given upon which a reply can be made to the military authorities.

Will you also inform me whether or not the Government intends to request rations for certain of the civilian personnel of the Italian Government after it has been established in Rome, and if so number of rations required.

ELLERY W. STONE
Captain, USNR
Acting Chief Commissioner

H.E. Ivanoe Bonomi
President of the Council of Ministers
Italian Government

AFCC 091.1
27 Jun 44

Suspend to July 1st

2080

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
OFFICE OF C-4
APO 394

C-4/114.

DHH/lmdm.

23 June 1944.

C-4/114.

SUBJECT : Civilian Labour.

TO : Headquarters Allied Armies in Italy.

HQ ACC, APO 394
Sec'y C-4
Received
23 June 1815
By DFE.

Reference your 1047/4/01 of 20 June 44.

This matter is being taken up with the Italian Government and suggested solution will be forwarded as soon as possible.

Donald H. Haslam Capt
C-4

for ELLERY W. STONE,
Captain U.S.N.R.
Acting Chief Commissioner.

(67) AFC A

Copy To : Col. Denmore. (with copies of letter quoted and our C-4/114 of 22 June 44).
(conversation Col. Denmore - Capt. Haslam refers).

2081

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
OFFICE OF G-4
APO 394

DHC/kwlm.

G-4/114. 22 June 1944.

SUBJECT : Rations for Italian Government.

TO : H.Q., A.A.I. (MAIMT).

Reference telephone conversation yesterday (Major Thornton - Captain Haslam), enclosed is letter from Italian Government giving details of persons for whom they now request that rations may be drawn.

It is thought that the letter of Brigadier General Hamblen dated 13th June 1944 was intended only as a reply to certain specific questions raised by M.M.I.A. on the feeding of Italian Military Personnel.

The authority for the Government to draw British rations given in A.F.H.Q. letter 75 G.1 of 4th January 1944 was a separate matter, as there was then no question of such rations being replaced by M.M.I.A.

The purpose of the authority was:-

1. A courtesy to the Italian Government.

2. To avoid a dislocation of civilian food supplies consequent on the large increase in the civilian population of SALERNO which would be caused by the arrival of the Government.

However, 3 District have interpreted Brigadier General Hamblen's letter as cancelling this authority for the Italian Government.

It is unlikely that the Government will remain much longer at SALERNO and it is therefore requested that 3 District may be instructed to continue issue of British rations as in the past, the numbers being limited to 1500. It is realised that some of the persons drawing rations ought to be on "B" scale or even civilian rations but it is suggested that in view of the short time involved it is hardly worth making a change now.

On the move to Rome a different situation will arise and this matter is being considered now so that a further request may be put forward in accordance with the situation expected in ROME.

(64) APO 13

2374

(Sgd) S.V.MILLER Lt-Col. G.4

for Lieutenant General.
Chief Commissioner.

2082

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

SUBJECT:- Civilian Labour

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED ARMIES IN ITALY
10473/4/G1

Allied Control Commission

20 Jun 44

1. Attached is a copy of a letter from A00 557 AOD to No.3 District.

2. It appears that the civilians employed by the Italian Ministries are receiving two meals per day for 20 lire.

3. It is not known whether or not there is any decrease in their civilian rations when they receive these two meals or whether there is any monthly stoppage of pay apart from their 20 lire per day.

4. This HQ 10473/4/G1 of 24 May excludes clerks from entitlement to mid-shift meals or supplemental rations. It will be appreciated that in face of conditions of employment offered by the Ministries it will be difficult to keep clerks of the necessary standard to work for the Allied Forces.

5. Please investigate this report and state what steps have been taken to neutralise this apparently unfair competition.

(Sgd) XXXXXXXXXX Lt.Col.
for Major General.
Chief Administrative Officer.

COPY

SUBJECT:- Civilian Labour

3 District
Ext 19
7190
13 Jun 44

Q AAI

Lab

(64) APO 6 Ref attached copy of 557 AOD letter HQ/8/8 dated 6 Jun 44.

1. This state of affairs clearly affects the working of military offices very adversely.

2. The solution would appear to be between:-

(a) Providing food for clerical and other office workers. 2323
or (b) Preventing Italian Ministries using supplies obtained from WD sources for this purpose.

3. It is requested that urgent action be taken to prevent this competition.

(Sgd) W.H. WEST, Lt-Col. for Maj-Gen. Comd.

2083

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

SUBJECT:- Civilian Labour

HQ.,
557 AOD CLF
Ref:- HQ/S/8
6 Jun 44

Commander
94 Sub Area

Reference our conversation regarding the employment of civilian clerks at the Italian Ministries in SALERNO.

1. I have, over the last few months, lost the following clerks who, according to other clerks working here, are now working for certain Italian Ministries in SALERNO.

Raffaele Antuori	left	1 Jun 44
Fiumara Mario	"	16 May 44
Ragone Pina	"	16 May 44
Paolillo Carmelina	"	23 May 44
Farina Carmelina	"	31 May 44
Marra Enrico	"	1 May 44
Marra Alfonso	"	16 Jan 44

2. There is no doubt that the Italian Ministries are supplying their civilian clerical staff with the following meal twice daily at a cost of 10 lire per meal.

1. Minestrone Soup.
2. Meat and Vegetables (it is not known whether this is MAV)
3. Fruit
4. Wine
5. 175 grammes bread.

3. Each Ministry sends daily to the Reparto Autonomo Ministeriale a list of the number of meals required by them for the following day. These lists are then consolidated and it is understood that rations are drawn accordingly from allied sources.

4. Raffaele Autori has himself stated that he left the Depot for the purpose of working in the Ministry where he now gets 2,500 lire per month with two meals daily, plus five cigarettes per day at a cost of 27 lire.

5. You will appreciate that my information comes solely from civilian sources and I have no guarantee of its accuracy, nor indeed, that there is anything to prevent the Ministry giving their employees food. It does, however make things extremely difficult here, where the clerks are a vital part of the organisation.

6. In order to cope with the work I have to employ them from 7.30 in the morning till 6 at night, and many of them do another two hours overtime. This means that they are away from their homes from 6 in the morning until between 7 and 9 at night and for that I can only give them their basic rate of pay including overtime when it is due, and no food whatsoever.

7. I have taken up the question of getting all clerical labour fed with my IEOS at AAI, but I would very much appreciate anything you could do to prevent competition between ourselves and the Italians as, if the above facts are true, I am bound in the future to lose more and more clerks.

(64) App D

(Sd) O.C.M. WORTHY, Colonel.
COO.

TOS. 1800 B

Acknowledge. Refer to Col. Upton - Draft instructions for ACC

TRANSLATION

THE PRESIDENT
OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

No. 7488

Salerno, 25 June 1944

My dear Captain Stone,

Marshal Badoglio, with letter No. 1350 dated 5 May 1944, advised General Sir Noel Mason MacFarlane of instances of interference by the Allied Control Commission for the Province of Bari in the maintenance of public order in that city and made the observation that similar intervention, contrary to the nature of the agreements in existence on this subject between the Italian Government and the Allied Military Government, while these instances constituted grounds for prejudicial uncertainty, did not fail to lessen the prestige of the Italian authorities to the detriment of the effectiveness of administrative action.

General MacFarlane, with letter No. 250 dated 12 May, explaining simply that the facts reported were ascribed merely to extenuating circumstances, nevertheless recognized that the police officer of the ACC, Bari, had gone too far in giving certain instructions to the Regional Command of the 9th Army Corps, furthermore gave assurance of having given his officers precise instructions to abstain from carrying out executive duties in the territory administered by the Italian Government, and finally let it be known that he had taken steps to call the attention of the Regional Commissioner of Region 2 to the error committed by one of his officers.

Notwithstanding this, the Minister of War informs me that several regional branches of the Commission even now consider as within their realm of authority actions concerning public order and that, for example in Bari, the abovementioned branches have denied His Excellency Pesenti, Undersecretary of State for Finance, athorization to deliver a lecture announced beforehand for 28 May 1944, basing the refusal on the circumstance that the authorization itself had not been requested, as stipulated, at least five days before.

I am inclined to admit that the refusal was made in error. It is certain, however, that on this occasion the Allied authorities in Bari did not hold themselves to the instructions given by the head of the Allied Control Commission.

2367

I therefore ask you, dear Captain, to please re-examine the

2084
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

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I am inclined to admit that the refusal was made in error. It is certain, however, that on this occasion the Allied authorities in Bari did not hold themselves to the instructions given by the head of the Allied Control Commission.

I therefore ask you, dear Captain, to please re-examine the delicate question in all its possible aspects and to be kind enough to give instructions to the sections concerned to the effect that in the territory restored to the Italian administration they limit their intervention to the function of control, that is, to a circumspect examination of the conformity of the actions of the Italian authorities to the conditions of the armistice and to the interests of the common war effort.

My sincere thanks and cordial greetings.

/s/ Ivanoe Bonomi

Trans - Sgt Shenfield/lws

2085
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 18515

2086

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

BEST COPY POSSIBLE

Addressed for. Refer to Col. Upjohn - Draft in standing for RC & MG

TRANSLATION

THE PRESIDENT
OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

No. 7488

Salerno, 25 June 1944

My dear Captain Stone,

Marshal Badoglio, with letter No. 1350 dated 5 May 1944, advised General Sir Noel Mason MacFarlane of instances of interference by the Allied Control Commission for the Province of Bari in the maintenance of public order in that city and made the observation that similar intervention, contrary to the nature of the agreements in existence on this subject between the Italian Government and the Allied Military Government, while these instances constituted grounds for prejudicial uncertainty, did not fail to lessen the prestige of the Italian authorities to the detriment of the effectiveness of administrative action.

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I am inclined to admit that the refusal was made in error. It is certain, however, that on this occasion the Allied authorities in Bari did not hold themselves to the instructions given by the head of the Allied Control Commission.

2087
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

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I therefore ask you, dear Captain, to please re-examine the delicate question in all its possible aspects and to be kind enough to give instructions to the sections concerned to the effect that in the territory restored to the Italian administration they limit their intervention to the function of control, that is, to a circumspect examination of the conformity of the actions of the Italian authorities to the conditions of the armistice and to the interests of the common war effort.

My sincere thanks and cordial greetings.

/s/ Ivanoe Bonomi

Trans - Sgt Shenfield/lws

12088

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 78501

2089

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

ROYAL MINISTRY
OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

DSA 1420
28 June 44

Salerno, 27 June 1944

Dear Admiral,

We spoke this morning of the matter of the transfer of Rome to the Italian Administration.

You told me, if I am not mistaken, that absolutely imperative reasons of a military character prevent such a transfer from coinciding with our move, but that it would have taken place most certainly as soon as the aforementioned military reasons no longer made its postponement necessary.

Naturally I value at their true worth the requirements of a military nature which you have pointed out and hence I do not intend to discuss them.

I simply wish to emphasize most particularly, taking a larger and more general view, the position of absolute subordination and tutelage in which the Royal Government would in effect automatically find itself, exercising its functions in a city (which is actually the Capital of the State) whose administration and all contigent responsibilities completely escape it by a narrow margin. There is not a shadow of a doubt that a government so degraded from the beginning would certainly be destined to decline rapidly in all Italian public opinion, even at a time in which we have on both sides the absolute necessity of imposing order and discipline on the country for the very purpose of the conduct of the war, which is in substance our common aim.

And so this evening, thinking back over our conversation of this morning, I have arrived at the opinion that it would be undoubtedly very useful if the transfer of the administration to Italian hands coincided with the move of the government to the capital, or that at least a few sections of the administration, especially selected and to be determined by mutual agreement, could be restored at the very moment of the movement with the intention that the complete transfer would not come about until the imperative military reasons, which, I repeat, I have indeed no intention of discussing, shall have ceased to exist.

You understand perfectly, dear Admiral, what national apprehensions my requests are obedient to. I beg of you, therefore, to be kind

2571

file
2 July
-/45

C3

Original left Mediterranean 6/30/44

2090

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

enough to find in them the expression not of a vain attempt at prestige, but only of my firmest desire to collaborate to the full with the Allied authorities in the common interest.

I beg of you to be kind enough to inform me of your feelings in this matter and to believe in my best intentions.

/s/ Ivanoe Bonomi

Trans - Sgt Shenfield/lws

2091

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

IL PRESIDENTE
DEL CONSIGLIO DEI MINISTRI

Salerno, 25 giugno 1944

N. 7488

Mio caro Comandante Stone,

il Maresciallo Badoglio, con lettera n.1350 in data 5 maggio u.s., segnalava al Generale Sir Noel M.Mac Farlane, alcune ingerenze della Commissione Alleata di Controllo per la Provincia di Bari circa il mantenimento dell'ordine pubblico in quella città ed osservava che simili interventi, contrari alla natura degli accordi esistenti in materia fra il Governo Italiano ed il Governo Militare Alleato, mentre costituivano motivo di pregiudizievoli incertezze, non mancavano di menomare il prestigio dell'Autorità italiana a scapito dell'efficacia dell'azione amministrativa.

Il Generale Mac Farlane, con lettera n.250 in data 12 maggio, pur chiarendo che i fatti segnalati erano circoscritti a casi meramente contingenti, riconosceva tuttavia che l'ufficiale di polizia della A.C.C. di Bari aveva ecceduto nel dare talune direttive al Comando Territoriale del IX Corpo d'Armata, assicurava inoltre di avere impartito ai suoi ufficiali precise istruzioni di astenersi dal compiere attività esecutive nel territorio amministrato dal Governo Italiano e riferiva infine di aver provveduto a richiamare l'attenzione del Commissario della 2^ Regione sull'errore commesso dal proprio ufficiale.

Ciò nonostante, il Ministro della Guerra mi segnala che taluni organi regionali di codesta Commissione ritengono tuttora di propria competenza compiti concernenti l'ordine pubblico e che, ad esempio in Bari, i predetti organi hanno negato a S.E.Pesenti, Sottosegretario di Stato alle Finanze, l'autorizzazione a pronunciare una conferenza preannunziata per il giorno 28 maggio u.s., motivando il rifiuto con la circostanza che l'autorizzazione stessa non fosse stata richiesta, come pre

2092

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

IL PRESIDENTE
DEL CONSIGLIO DEI MINISTRI

scritto, almeno cinque giorni prima.

Sono propenso ad ammettere che il rifiuto suddetto sia dipeso da equivoco; è certo però che le Autorità Alleate di Bari non si sono attenute, in questa occasione, alle disposizioni date recentemente dal Capo della Commissione Alleata di Controllo.

La prego, pertanto, caro Comandante, di voler riprendere in esame la delicata questione in tutti i suoi possibili aspetti e di compiacerSi impartire disposizioni agli organi periferici, affinchè, nei territori restituiti all'Amministrazione Italiana, essi limitino la loro ingerenza alla funzione di controllo e cioè ad un preventivo esame della conformità degli atti delle Autorità Italiane alle condizioni di armistizio e agli interessi del comune sforzo bellico.

La ringrazio sentitamente e Le porgo cordiali saluti.

Al Sig.Capitano di Vascello
ELLERY W. STONE
Commissione Alleata di Controllo
S A L E R N O

2093

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Office of the Deputy Chief Commissioner
APO 394

LDD/hjp

DCC 091.1

21 June 1944

21 JUN 1944

SUBJECT: Rationing of the Italian Government

TO : G.C. & A.G. Section, Main Hq ACC
(Attention: G-4, Capt. D. B. Haslam)

1. Reference is made to letter, Hq AFHQ Adv Adm Sch, CEP, 75 4.1, 4 Jan 44, above subject, wherein authority was granted for supplying the Italian Government in the Salerno area with rations.

2. Recently you called attention to the fact that the number of rations drawn by the Italian Government had increased to approximately 2200. This matter has been taken up with the Italian Government and attached is translation of letter from the Presidency of the Council of Ministers, No. 7258 of Prot., 20 June 1944, which explains how the rations were drawn and that since June 11th, in light of clarification of instructions, rations amounting to between 1300 and 1500 are required and are being drawn.

3. It would appear that the matter has been clarified and it will be appreciated if it can be laid on with AAI that the Italian Government in the Salerno area be permitted to draw up to 1500 rations.

For the Deputy Chief Commissioner:

L. D. DENSLOW
Colonel, Sig C
CSO

1 Incl:
as in para 2 above

(61)

DCC 091.1
12 Jan 44

File 2367

2094

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

PRESIDENCY OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

Cabinet

DECLASSIFIED
21 JUN 1944

No. 7258 of Prot. Salerno, 20 June 1944

To: Captain Hilary W. Stone, USNR
Allied Control Commission

I have the honor of communicating to you the information requested in your letter dated 7 June.

On 1 February 1944 290 rations were drawn. At the end of the same month the number rose to 1400, and on 31 March to 1750 rations. The number rose to 2200 at the end of April and finally to 2400 in the course of the month of May.

In the figures listed above are included the soldiers (officers, non-commissioned officers, and troops) under the command of the 2nd Company of the Independent Ministerial Unit (Reparto Autonomo Ministeriale), with offices in Salerno.

Since 11 June, however, following the clarifications furnished us by the Control Commission and the particularizations communicated by the Ministry of War, those belonging to this unit have no longer been included in the drawing of supplies for the civilian personnel of the government.

Hence from the above date, as the attached table shows, about 1400 rations have been drawn daily for the entire Central Administration.

I have reason to make the reservation that as long as the government is located at Salerno, this number might vary between 1300 and 1500 rations at the most.

The personnel for whom rations are drawn belong to the following categories:

a. Members of the government (Ministers & undersecretaries)
b. Employees of Group (a) (Officials possessing a university degree or its equivalent)
c. Employees of Group (b) (Clerks & employees, in general, in possession of a diploma from a superior technical high-school, "Istituto medio superiore")

2366

(67) Inc 1 T

7258
2094-YY

2095

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

d. Employees of Group (c) (ordinary employees, file clerks, attached clerks, typists)
e. Common employees (porters, messengers, doormen)

I extend to you my cordial greetings and thank you for your kind interest.

/s/ Illegible
THE CHIEF OF CABINET

Trans - Sgt Shenfield/lws

(6) Encl I

2395

2096

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CAI 1336
21 JUN 1944

PRELEVAMENTI EFFETTUATI DAL GOVERNO ITALIANO PRESSO GLI ALLEATI AL

DEL 15 GIUGNO 1944

	Razioni Mensa "Circolo della Spada"	Razioni prelevate in natura
Ministero Agricoltura e Foreste	82	16
" Comunicazioni	10	11
" " PP. TT.	—	30
" Pubblica Istruzione	50	22
" Finanze	94	21
" Grazia e Giustizia	106	33
" Interni	—	44
" Esteri	26	7
" Cultura Popolare	10	4
" Africa Italiana	—	—
" Lavori Pubblici	72	22
Presidenza Consiglio Ministri	50	13
Segreteria Particolare Capo Governo "Albergo Impero"	—	—
" " " " "Villa Ricciardi"	—	—
Ministero Industria e Commercio	—	—
Ministero Real Casa	—	—
Totali	500	223

43227

2097

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DSN 1536
21 JUN 1944

PRELEVAMENTI EFFETTUATI DAL GOVERNO ITALIANO PRESSO GLI ALLEATI ALLA DATA

DEL 15 GIUGNO 1944

	Razioni Mensa "Circolo della Spada"	Razioni prelevate in natura	Razioni Mense Autonome	TOTALE
	82	16	—	98
	10	11	68	89
	—	30	23	53
	50	22	—	72
	94	21	38	153
	106	33	—	139
	—	44	223	267
	26	7	44	77
	10	4	—	14
	—	—	48	48
	72	22	10	104
"Albergo Impero"	50	13	—	63
"Villa Riccardi"	—	—	15	15
	—	—	15	15
	—	—	170	170
	—	—	23	23
Totali	500	223	677	1400

2097

Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

Gabinetto

21 JUN 1944

Prot. N. 7258

Risposta alla lettera N. ..... del .....

Salerno lì 20 giugno 1944

OGGETTO

.....

.....

All'Ill.mo Sig. Capitano
ELLERY W. STONE
Commissione Alleata di Controllo

S A L E R N O

(56)

Mi pregio comunicarLe le notizie richieste con la Sua lettera in data 7 corrente.

Al 1° febbraio risultano prelevate 290 razioni; alla fine dello stesso mese tale numero sale a 1400; al 31 marzo a 1750; a 2200 alla fine di aprile ed infine a 2400 nel corso del mese di maggio.

Nei dati sopra elencati sono compresi anche i militari (ufficiali, sottufficiali e truppa) amministrati dalla seconda Compagnia del Reparto Autonomo Ministeriale, di stanza in Salerno.

Però, a partire dall'11 corrente, a seguito dei chiarimenti forniti da codesta Commissione e delle precisazioni comunicate dal Ministero della Guerra, nei prelevamenti dei

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

OGGETTO

All'Ill.mo Brig.Gen.le
ELLERY W. STONE
Commissione Alleata di Controllo
S A L E R N O

(56)

Mi pregio comunicarLe le notizie richieste con la Sua lettera in data 7 corrente.

Al 1° febbraio risultano prelevate 290 razioni; alla fine dello stesso mese tale numero sale a 1400; al 31 marzo a 1750; a 2200 alla fine di aprile ed infine a 2400 nel corso del mese di maggio.

Nei dati sopra elencati sono compresi anche i militari (ufficiali, sottufficiali e truppa) amministrati dalla seconda Compagnia del Reparto Autonomo Ministeriale, di stanza in Salerno.

Però, a partire dall'11 corrente, a seguito dei chiarimenti forniti da codesta Commissione e delle precisazioni comunicate dal Ministero della Guerra, nei prelevamenti dei viveri per il personale civile del Governo non sono più compresi gli appartenenti al Reparto stesso.

Pertanto dalla data suddetta, come risulta dalla unita tabella, per tutta l'Amministrazione Centrale vengono prelevate giornalmente all'incirca 1400 razioni.

Ho motivo di ritenere che, finchè il Governo terrà la sua sede in Salerno, tale numero potrà oscillare tra le

./.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 18515

2106

Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

Gabinetto

Prot. N. .....

Risposta alla lettera N. ..... in data 19.....

del .....

OGGETTO

.....

.....

•/•

1300 e le 1500 razioni al massimo.

Il personale, per cui viene effettuato il prelevamento dei viveri, appartiene alle seguenti categorie:

a) membri del Governo (Ministri e Sottosegretari);

b) impiegati di gruppo A (funzionari in possesso di laurea o titolo di studio equipollente);

c) impiegati di gruppo B (ragionieri ed impiegati, in genere, in possesso di un diploma di istituto medio superiore);

d) impiegati di gruppo C (impiegati d'ordine, archivisti, applicati, dattilografi);

e) personale subalterno (fattorini, commessi, uscieri).

Le porgo cordiali saluti e La ringrazio del Suo cortese interessamento.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Risposta alla lettera N. ..... di ..... 19 .....

del .....

OGGETTO

.....

.....

./.

1300 e le 1500 razioni al massimo.

Il personale, per cui viene effettuato il prelevamento dei viveri, appartiene alle seguenti categorie:

a) membri del Governo (Ministri e Sottosegretari);
b) impiegati di gruppo A (funzionari in possesso di laurea o titolo di studio equipollente);
c) impiegati di gruppo B (ragionieri ed impiegati, in genere, in possesso di un diploma di istituto medio superiore);
d) impiegati di gruppo C (impiegati d'ordine, archivisti, applicati, dattilografi);
e) personale subalterno (fattorini, commessi, uscieri).

Le porgo cordiali saluti e La ringrazio del Suo cortese interessamento.

2333?

IL CAPO DI GABINETTO

(1) 2-1-2

2101

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

2102

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

PRELEVAMENTI EFFETTUATI DAL GOVERNO ITALIANO PRESSO GLI ALLEATI A
DEL 15 GIUGNO 1944

	Razioni Mensa "Circolo della Spada"	Razioni levate natura
Ministero Agricoltura e Foreste	82	16
" Comunicazioni	10	11
" " PP.TT.	--	30
" Pubblica Istruzione	50	22
" Finanze	94	21
" Grazia e Giustizia	106	33
" Interni	--	44
" Esteri	26	7
" Cultura Popolare	10	4
" Africa Italiano	--	--
" Lavori Pubblici	72	22
Presidenza Consiglio Ministri	50	13
Segreteria Particolare Capo Governo "Albergo Impero"	--	--
" " " " "Villa Ricciardi"	--	--
Ministero Industria e Commercio	--	--
Ministero Real Casa	--	--
Totali	500	223

2103

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

21 JUN 1944

LEVAMENTI EFFETTUATI DAL GOVERNO ITALIANO PRESSO GLI ALLEATI ALLA DATA DEL 15 GIUGNO 1944

	Razioni Mense "Circolo della Spada"	Razioni prelevate in natura	Razioni Mense Autonome	TOTALE
Foreste	82	16	--	98
	10	11	68	89
PP.TT.	--	30	23	53
uzione	50	22	--	72
	94	21	38	153
tizio	106	33	--	139
	--	44	223	267
	26	7	44	77
are	10	4	--	14
no	--	--	48	48
el	72	22	10	104
nistri	50	13	--	63
Capo Governo"Albergo Impero"	--	--	15	15
" " "Villa Ricciardi"	--	--	15	15
ommercio	--	--	170	170
	--	--	23	23
Totali	500	223	677	1400

2104

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

U. S. RESTRICTED
Equals British RESTRICTED

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION INCOMING MESSAGE /mar 757

SVC/RELAY NO.

CLASS: RESTRICTED

PREC : ROUTINE

FROM : ACC ADV FROM TARCHIANI

TO : ACC REAR FOR BADOGLIO (thru ACC Channels)

RECEIVED ADJ SEC
JUN 21 1944
HQ A.C.C.

M/C NO :

REF NO: 865

FILED : JUNE 191900B

REC'D : JUNE 201700B
ACC Courier

DSN 1331
21 JUN 1944

Sono Roma per conferenza lavori con Sotto-Commissione Alleata.

Pregolo telegrafare stesso mezzo se posso ritardare mio ritorno fino mercoledi o giovedi nell'interesse servizi.

Translation:

I am in Rome for the ACC labor conference.

Beg you telegraph me thru same channels If I can delay my return trip until Wednesday or Thursday because of official reasons.

Action: Message delivered by phone to Marshal Badoglio's villa 1800 hours 20 June. Copy of message dispatched to villa same evening.

DISTRIBUTION:

1 File
1 Float
1 ACC Info
1 Dep SG - ACTION

ACTION

U. S. RESTRICTED
Equals British RESTRICTED

(60)

865
19 June 44

2105

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

MEMORANDUM

20 June 1944

Captain Slaughter,

Reference attached cable 865, 19 June 44, received at this office 1755 hours 20 June.

Unable to contact Dr. Montenari at 1049, I reached him at the Albergo Impero, Cava. I read him the message in English and he suggested that the best way to deliver it would be for me to phone it directly to Marshal Badoglio's villa.

Accordingly I phoned Villa Ricciardi and gave the message in Italian to Col. De Carlo, whom Dr. Montenari had suggested I ask for. Col. Densmore had previously approved the transmittal of the message by telephone.

I told Col. De Carlo that if Marshal Badoglio wished to send a reply he could do so by having it phoned to the D.S.G. tomorrow morning.

Sgt Shenfield

Reply sent at 2030 hrs.

FOO

60 NHB A

20 Jun 44

2357

2106

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DCC

1840

TO GENERAL MAC FARLANE

ACC, NAPLES

DSU 1329
21 JUN 1944

NAPLES BARI 13700 64 18 13

WE ARE AWARE THAT LIBERATION COMMITTEE HAS PRESENTED LIST PERSONS DESIGNATED BARI PROVINCIAL AND COMMUNAL ADMINISTRATIONS EXCLUDING DEMO-LIBERAL PARTY WHICH HAS IN THE CAPITAL TOWN AND PROVINCE MANY THOUSAND MEMBERS STOP WE RAISE VIBRANT ~~PROTEST~~ PROTEST UNJUST EXCLUSION VAST POLITICAL CURRENT THAT DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLE HOMAGE SOLEMNLY AND REPEATEDLY AFFIRMED VICTORIOUS UNITED NATIONS WOULD RESOUND OFFENSE ~~OFFENDED~~ RESTORED REGIME FREE AND JUSTICE MARANO VICE SECRETARY PROV.

ACC DIST

ACTION/ POL SEC 2

INFO/ DCC
CA BR
FILE
FLOAT

2356

59

1640

2107

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

Salerno, 16 June 1944

THE PRESIDENT OF THE
COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

20 JUN 1944

Dear General Macfarlane,

Certainly, you will remember that one of the most grave difficulties in the transfer of the Royal Government from Brindisi to Salerno--that of feeding the ministerial personnel--was overcome only by the grace of a friendly gesture on the part of the Allied Authorities. Giving proof of generous understanding also in these circumstances, they authorized the withdrawal of daily rations from their own warehouses for the members of the Italian Government, for the officials and for the civilian employees of the various departments.

In executing this authorization, the food for the civilian personnel was withdrawn until a few days ago by the command of the 2nd Company of the Reparto Autonomo Ministeriale and subsequently--following suggestions of the appropriate Allied Authorities--by the appropriate Commission established for the administration of the inter-ministerial mess; so that, at the present time we are keeping the debit account of the different source of provisions concerning the feeding of the Italian Armed Forces with respect to the concession which pertains to the civilian employees of the Central Administrations.

While the Royal Government believes that all obstacles have been removed to prevent the continuation of the Allied supplies and that the question has been clarified thus, we learn that the offices of the ACC are preparing to issue a provision to revoke the concession of food to the civilian personnel of the Ministries.

In view of the particular delicateness of the situation, I consider it my duty, dear General, to call your personal attention to the matter so that the competent Allied organs keep in mind the grave difficulties under which the employees of the Central Administration would find themselves should such an abrupt suspension of provisions come about. These provisions cannot be substituted with the present modest local resources. This would provoke dangerous repercussions in the operation of the administrative activity and would certainly place the Ministries in a critical situation.

I am certain that your authoritative intervention will discourage the adoption of such a displeasing provision and I express to you in advance my sincerest thanks.

Cordial greetings.

/s/ BADOGLIO

2353

2108

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

1398

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

INCOMING MESSAGE

OSS 11216 DCC
14 JUN 1944

TO: ACC MAIN FOR COL MONFORT

SIGNAL MESSAGE CENTER No: N49/12

FROM: MJOS

CLASSIFICATION: NONE

REFERENCE No: 2907

PRECEDENCE: PRIORITY

DATE AND TIME OF ORIGIN: JUN121610B

OFFICE OF ORIGIN: CITE/NONE

PLEASE TRANSMIT THE FOLLOWING URGENT MESSAGE TO MR KEBER AND MR CACCIA AT ROME "THE URGENCY FOR THE UNDER SECRETARIES OF STATE TO BE SENT TO SALERNO NO LONGER EXISTS. THEY SHOULD REMAIN AT ROME UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE" PARA THE ABOVE MESSAGE WAS INITIATED BY THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT AT SALERNO

ACC DIST

Action - Sec Gen
Info - DCC
Pol Sec
File
Float
2354

57

DATE and Time of RECEIPT JUN121658B

Distribution:

2907
13 Dec 44

2109

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

EMS/hjp

DCC 400

7 June 1944

DSM 335
7 JUN 1944

Dear Dr. Borelli:

This is in further reference to your letter No. 6164 Pres. Cons. of 5 June relative to rations for the Italian Government. I am sure your statement sets forth the situation but in order to present the matter to AFHQ it would be helpful if you could supply us with more detail.

It would be appreciated if you would indicate by departments of the government the number of rations drawn (a) at about 15 January and (b) at present. Would you also indicate by general statement for whom the rations are drawn--that is, officials, secretaries, clerks, stenographers, typists, etc. You, of course, understand that members of the Italian military forces are not to be counted under the governmental authorization.

I am sorry to bother you further with this matter.

Yours very truly,

ELBERT D. STARR
Captain, USNR
Deputy Chief Commissioner

Dr. Renato Borelli
Undersecretary of State for the
Presidency of Council of Ministers
Italian Government

June 11
Mail

2353

DCC 400
7 Jun 44

2110

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

PRESIDENCY OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS
Cabinet

Prot. No. 6164 Pres. Cons. Salerno, 5 June 1944

Expressly for: The Allied Control Commission

Colonel Densmore, of the Allied Control Commission, has brought to the attention of Dr. Montanari, of the Private Secretariat of His Excellency the President of the Council, that the number of those eating at the Ministerial Mess has risen from 1200 to about 2200 persons, and has asked for an explanation.

We wish to make it known that the small original nucleus of personnel in service with the Central Administration has been successively increased by the addition of numerous officials and employees of the State who had been widely dispersed and who have again taken up their positions, not to mention the reconstitution of the Italian Government in the liberated territories.

For these reasons the increase in the number of those attending the government's mess is in relation to the reentry of personnel into the regular administration.

THE UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE

/s/ R. Morelli

Trans - Sgt Shenfield/lws

2372

F6 APO A

6164
5 June 44

Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri

Gabinetto

Prot. N. 6164 Gen.Cons.

Risposta alla lettera N. ..... Salerno li 5 giugno 1944

del .....

OGGETTO

.....

.....

A P P U N T O

PER LA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO

Il Colonnello Densmore, di codesta Commissione, ha fatto rilevare al Dott.Montanari, della Segreteria Particolare di S.E.il Presidente del Consiglio, che il numero dei partecipanti alle mense ministeriali è aumentato da 1200 a circa 2200 persone attualmente conviventi ed ha chiesto spiegazioni al riguardo.

Si fa presente che l'esiguo nucleo originario del personale in servizio presso l'Amministrazione Centrale si è successivamente ampliato per l'affluire di numerosi funzionari e impiegati dello Stato sbandati che hanno ripreso il loro posto, non appena venuti a conoscenza della ricostituzione del Governo Italiano nel territorio liberato.

Pertanto l'aumento dei conviventi alle mense predette 2351
in relazione al progressivo rientro del personale alle Amministrazioni di appartenenza.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

OGGETTO

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A P P U N T O

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Perdurto l'aumento dei conviventi alle mense predette 2351 in relazione al progressivo rientro del personale alle Amministrazioni di appartenenza.

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO

50 APPA

6164
5 Gen 44

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

2113

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Suggested text
June 5

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

2 June 1944

To: Major Willkie, DAQMG, 94th Sub Area

Attached is a copy of authority relative to rations for Italian Government. As explained to you by Major Drage, it is expected that AAI will issue orders today to No. 3 District clarifying the situation.

ACC will investigate with the Italian Government the matter of the number of rations being drawn since the authority indicates that it was estimated rations would increase from 600 to 1200 as it now appears 2200 are being drawn.

C 9.1

L. D. DENSMORE
Colonel, S.C.
Executive Officer

3 Jeeps
Conference with
ACC re 2200
Re would gear as - Italian Govt
Procedure
(5)
2 Jun 44

2114

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

SUBJECT:- Rationing of the Italian Government.

AFHQ Adv Adm Echelon
GSP
75 G.1

4 Jan 44

HQ 2 Sub Area

Copy to:- HQ ACC
HQ No.2 District
GS No.2 District
MCS (Adv)
G-4
SS

Authority is given for the issue of rations from British stocks to the Italian Government in the Salerno area. [1]

The scale to be issued will be the combat scale shown in Appx. "A" to this HQ letter 25/4 of 14 Dec 43 as amended from time to time.

The numbers concerned are estimated to be 600 in the initial stage rising to 1,200 eventually. Issues will be made in bulk under arrangements to be made by 5th Sub Area who will deal direct with HQ ACC. SALERNO concerning all details in connection with the rationing of the Italian Government.

Brigadier,
DQMG,

[1] This authority was afterwards extended to NAPLES area.

(53)

INCL 1
75 G.1
4 Jan 44

2350

2115

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Major Drage

COPY

INCOMING /MST

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

AGIA

ACC NAIR FOR OFFENHAUER INFO ACC REAR FOR CAMPBELL ITALIAN MINISTER OF WAR DISTRICT AAI (FOR ICAO)

AG1247

MAY 3011308

MAY 3021308
Teletype

Subject rations. Refer to para 9 Adv Inst 24 Hq AAI 29 Mar. Information received indicates that 9A DID Salerno issuing combat scale rations to Comando Supremo 700 Italian Govt 2200 and to Italians working for Hq ACC Salerno 294. Strength of Comando Supremo 582 total last report. Nothing is known here of 294 Italians at Hq ACC Salerno. Only unit authorised combat scale rations is Comando Supremo which is authorized to draw from British DID. All other Italian units in Salerno authorised only to draw from Italian depots and on basic scale. Repayment to British DID for rations issued to Italians will not be authorised for any except issues made to Comando Supremo. Check entire matter and report strengths of units being rationed. Advise DID Thess rations issued by them to Italians without authority this Hq will not be repaid.

DISTRIBUTION:

1 File
1 DCC Info
1 DSG "
1 Army Sc Info

53

INCL 2

AG 1247
30 MAY 43

23-9

RESTRICTED

2110

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Wire 1/19/17

Taylor arranged for Pt. Gw:
with Graham.

Condition of Petroleum Gw: Mme: to Salmo.

2117

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

SUBJECT :- Maintenance Italian Forces.

Allied Adv Adm Echelon.
CMF.
25/Q

14 Dec 43.

15 Army Group.
Fifth Army.
Fifth Army (British Increment).
Main Eighth Army.
Rear Eigth Army.
Peninsular Base Section.
No.2 District.
Military Mission to Italian Army.
57 Area.
94 Sub-Area.

Copy to :- AMGOT 15 Army Group.
AMGOT Region II.
AMGOT Region III.
G-4 G (SD) ST OS MGS (ADV).
Pet Sec DDPL A.F.H.Q.
LO to Italian Forces CAMPANIA.
Mov FLAMBO.
MOVEIT.

1. This instruction is issued in continuation of this HQ letter of even reference dated 15 Nov 43 and deals with the provision of supplies for the Italian Army and Air Force.

2. The Italian Navy will be rationed under arrangements to be made by the Royal Navy.

3. From the point of view of maintenance the Italian Armed Forces are divided into two categories :-

(a) Category "A"
Those troops employed in the forward area or combat zone under command of Fifth or Eigth Armies.

(b) Category "B"
Those troops employed on the L of C or Communications Zone and those belonging to organised Italian Units on the L of C or Communications Zone scheduled for employment in either categories "A" or "B".

4. (a) Personnel in category "A" will be rationed on the scale laid down in Appx "A"

(b) Personnel in category "B" will be rationed on the scale laid down in Appx "B".

5. It has been decided that all Italian Military personnel in Category "B" employed on arduous physical labour e.g. dock clearance, work in depots etc can, at the discretion of the GO.C. No 2 District and C.G. Peninsular Base Section, be issued with 2 ozs P.Meat or suitable equivalent in addition to the scale laid down in Appx "B".

6. Supplies for Italian Armed Forces will arrive in pre-stowed ships from the U.S. and will be identifiable by a special marking. Supplies arriving in the NAPLES group of Ports will be cleared by P.B.S. depots in the NAPLES area and supplies arriving in the "Heel" ports will be cleared to B.S.Ds. at BARI and BRINDISI. Receipts in Western Ports in excess of tonnage demended by P.B.S. will be made available to DDST FLAMBO on

/.....2.

2118

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

.....

demand to cover corresponding deficiencies in tonnage arriving at Eastern Ports.

7. (a) Troops in category "A" will be rationed in accordance with the approved scale under arrangements of Fifth and Eigth Armies.

(b) Troops in category "B" employed by US Army will be rationed by Peninsular Base Section. Troops in category "B" employed by the British Army will be rationed under arrangements of DDST FLAMBO.

(c) The Military Mission to the Italian Army will place ration demands with strengths on P.B.S. and DDST FLAMBO for a ten day period ten days ahead.

(d) Rations will be issued in bulk from P.B.S. depots to Italian units in Western Italy in accordance with arrangements agreed mutually between C.G. P.B.S. and M.N.I.A.

(e) Rations will be issued from British Base Supply Depots under arrangements to be made by 13, 14, and 22 B.P.Os., daily in bulk and will be stored, broken down, and distibuted under arrangements to be made by M.M.I.A.
"ations for Italian troops in CALABRIA will require to be railed in bulk or shipped in coastwise schooners to CROTONE, REGGIO, etc. Arrangements for rail transport will be made by M.M.I.A. direct with Mov East Italy.

Signed. ??????????????????

Major General.
Deputy Chief Administrative Officer.

537

2119

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

APPENDIX "B".

BASIC SCALE

	COMMODITY.	OUNCES PER RATION.	REMARKS.
	WHOLE WHEAT	16	
OR	FLOUR	12	
	PULSES	2	EXAMINATION TO BE MADE FOR PROCURING LOCALLY
	CANNED MEAT	2	
	HERRINGS TINNED	4/7	
OR	SARDINES TINNED	2/7	
OR	SALMON M.R.	3/7	
	CHEESE TINNED	1	
	SAUSAGE TINNED	1½	
	SUGAR	1	
	PEPPER	½00	
	MATCHES	2 BOOKS PER WEEK OR ONE BOX	
	COFFEE	½	

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS WILL BE FURNISHED BY ITALIAN ARMY. PURCHASES FROM LOCAL RESOURCES WILL BE CO-ORDINATED WITH A.M.G. TO ENSURE EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN MILITARY AND CIVIL REQUIREMENTS. ALL SUCH PURCHASES WILL BE PAID FOR BY THE ITALIAN ARMY.

COMMODITY	OUNCES PER RATION	REMARKS
FRUIT	8	
FRESH VEGATABLES	8	
OLIVE OIL	½	
WINE	½ LITRE	
NUTS (UNSHELLED)	1	AS AN ALTERNATIVE FOR FRESH FRUIT AND VEGATABLES.

2356

2120

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

18 March 1944

To: Captain Stone

The Hq Comdt, Naples Hq, called Captain Drage yesterday, 17 March, and tipped him off that he (Hq Comdt Naples) had been directed by Labor Sub-Commission authority to stop issuing rations to Italian civilians employed by ACC Naples.

Attached indicates rations which are being provided to Italians from this headquarters. I feel it would be a serious mistake to change our policy at this time; first because it seems absolutely necessary to provide rations for the employees at the villas and if such rations are provided, there is no reason why others on the list should not be included.

I can imagine the difficulty we will have if we are forced to discontinue issuing rations and I feel certain that in view of the action at Naples that this headquarters will received the same kind of instructions that were issued in Naples.

I wonder if this is a matter you would like to make some inquiries about when you are in Naples Monday.

L. D. DENSMORE

AFHQ

Message HQ 751 - from MMLM 17 Mar - May be in point

18 March

2345

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394.

Subject:- Rations

To:- Lt.Col. L.D.Densmore. 18th March 1944

From:- Headquarters Commandant. Ref No R/1/44

It is notified for information that the following Italian Nationals are being fed:-

(a) On full Ration Scale 29 Italian Soldiers.
(b) On Appendix "A" Rations as laid down in A.F.H.Q. Adv Adm Echelon Letter Ref, 25/Q dated 14th Dec.43:-

(i) Civilians working in Offices at Palace of Justice	17.
(ii) Civilians working in Villas	20.
(iii) Civilians working at Velia Mess	13.
(iv) Civilians working at Vittoria Mess	16.
TOTAL.	66.

In the Field,
RLD/AP.

R.L.DRAKE,
Captain, R.A.S.C.,
Headquarters Commandant

4

2344

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(b) On Appendix "A" Rations as laid down in A.F.H.Q. Adv Adm Echelon Letter Ref, 25/Q dated 14th Dec.43:-

(i) Civilians working in Offices at Palace of Justice	17.
(ii) Civilians working in Villas	20.
(iii) Civilians working at Velia Mess	13.
(iv) Civilians working at Vittoria Mess	16.
TOTAL.	66.

R. L. DRAKE,
Captain, R.A.S.C.,
Headquarters Commandant.

In the Field,
RLD/AP.

2344

(55) APP B INCL

R/1/44
15 Mar VV

2122

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ACC 13 Comdt 1/421

Subject : Civil Labour - Rations. 2904/11.

All Employing Units.

1. Under authority AAI(Adm Echelon) 1019/Q1 of the 2 May 44, rations may be issued to civil labour employed in British Army Messes, Rest Camps, Hospitals, Convalescent Depots, Transit Hotels, etc. as

cooks,
waiters,
orderlies, and
batmen

and borne on the authorised War Establishment. No employees other than those within the War Establishment are entitled to the issue of rations.

2. The scale of issue authorised by AAI is the scale that is in issue to the military personnel of the establishment concerned.

3. Rations should not be issued where the number of civilians and the possibility of separate cooking arrangements make it reasonable for them to draw the civil ration.

4. Civilian ration cards should be withdrawn from employees on Army rations and held under Unit arrangements until the employee is dismissed or until the end of the current month when the ration cards should be returned to the Local Food Officer.

5. When rations are issued, a deduction of 900 lire per month will be made from the employee's authorised monthly wage.

6. AAI (Adm Ech) 1019/Q1 of the 2 May 44 states that American rations may be issued to hired civilian cooks, and mess attendants employed in messes run by the US Army, as part of their remuneration in accordance with the terms of NATOUSA Circular No.14 of 1944. All other issues of American rations to civilians require the approval of HQ, NATOUSA obtained in accordance with para 11d(2) of NATOUSA Circular No.14 of 1944.

7. The mid-shift meal for manual workers remains in operation.

Field,
9 May 44.

Major, DADL.
2904 Civil Labour Unit.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

than those within the War Establishment are entitled to the issue of rations.

2. The scale of issue authorised by AAI is the scale that is in issue to the military personnel of the establishment concerned.

3. Rations should not be issued where the number of civilians and the possibility of separate cooking arrangements make it reasonable for them to draw the civil ration.

4. Civilian ration cards should be withdrawn from employees on Army rations and held under Unit arrangements until the employee is dismissed or until the end of the current month when the ration cards should be returned to the Local Food Officer.

5. When rations are issued, a deduction of 900 lire per month will be made from the employee's authorised monthly wage.

6. AAI (Adm Sch) 1019/Q1 of the 2 May 44 states that American rations may be issued to hired civilian cooks, and mess attendants employed in messes run by the US Army, as part of their remuneration in accordance with the terms of NATOUSA Circular No.14 of 1944. All other issues of American rations to civilians require the approval of HQ, NATOUSA obtained in accordance with para 11d(2) of NATOUSA Circular No.14 of 1944.

2340

7. The mid-shift meal for manual workers remains in operation.

Field,
9 May 44.

Major, DADL.
2804 Civil Labour Unit.

Copy to "A" Branch 94 Sub Area
"Q" Branch 94 Sub Area
PC, Salerno Province ACC.

(53) APP C
2907/11
9 May 44

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED ARMIES IN ITALY

1019/Q1

2 May 44

AMENDMENT NO 4 TO AFHQ ADV ADM ECHELON ADM INSTRUCTION NO. 24

1. Para 10 as amended by Amendment No. 2 dated 21 Mar 44 is cancelled, and the following substituted:

"10- Issue of food and clothing.

It is not the policy to issue food and clothing to civil labor employed by the Allied Forces save in exceptional circumstances. This is normally the responsibility of the civil government. The following specific cases have been authorized-

(a) Rations may be issued under the authority of commanders of armies and independent corps to civil labour employed in forward areas where the issue of the basic civil ration is not possible. The scale will in no circumstances exceed that in issue to Italian Military labour as defined in AAI (Adm Ech) Adm Instruction No. 3 dated 19 Mar 44. The number of rations and the scales in issue under this authority will be subject to review and a return will be rendered monthly by formations to reach this HQ by the 10th of the following month.

(b) (i) Subject to sub-para (b) (iii) below rations may be issued from British sources to civil labour employed in British Army messes, rest camps, hospitals, convalescent depots, transit hotels, etc, as cooks, waiters, orderlies, and batmen and borne on the authorized War Establishment. No employes other than those within the War Establishment will be entitled to the issue of rations.

(ii) The scale of issue will be the scale that is in issue to the military personnel of the establishment concerned.

(iii) Rations should NOT be issued where the number of civilians or the possibility of separate cooking arrangements make it reasonable for them to draw the civil ration.

(iv) When rations are issued to these employees the authority concerned will ensure that their civilian ration cards are withdrawn and held under unit arrangements until such time as the employee's services are no longer required, or until the end of the current month, when the ration cards will be returned to the Local Food Officer.

(c) To give effect to the evaluation of the rations as issued, and to ensure that the system is brought into line with that adapted by the U. S. Forces, the minimum and maximum monthly rates of pay as laid down in Appendix "A" to AFHQ

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ed by the Allied Forces save in exceptional circumstances. This is normally the responsibility of the civil government. The following specific cases have been authorized-

(a) Rations may be issued under the authority of commanders of armies and independent corps to civil labour employed in forward areas where the issue of the basic civil ration is not possible. The scale will in no circumstances exceed that in issue to Italian Military labour as defined in AAI (Adm Ech) Adm Instruction No. 3 dated 19 Mar 44. The number of rations and the scales in issue under this authority will be subject to review and a return will be rendered monthly by formations to reach this HQ by the 10th of the following month.

(b) (i) Subject to sub-para (b) (iii) below rations may be issued from British sources to civil labour employed in British Army messes, rest camps, hospitals, convalescent depots, transit hotels, etc, as cooks, waiters, orderlies, and batmen and borne on the authorized War Establishment. No employee other than those within the War Establishment will be entitled to the issue of rations.

(ii) The scale of issue will be the scale that is in issue to the military personnel of the establishment concerned.

(iii) Rations should NOT be issued where the number of civilians or the possibility of separate cooking arrangements make it reasonable for them to draw the civil ration.

(iv) When rations are issued to these employees the authority concerned will ensure that their civilian ration cards are withdrawn and held under unit arrangements until such time as the employee's services are no longer required, or until the end of the current month, when the ration cards will be returned to the Local Food Officer.

(c) To give effect to the evaluation of the rations as issued, and to ensure that the system is brought into line with that adapted by the U. S. Forces, the minimum and maximum monthly rates of pay as laid down in Appendix "A" to AFHQ Adv Adm Echelon Instr No. 24 dated 24 Jan 44, as amended by Amendment No. 3 (page 4) dated 1 April 44, will be reduced by 900 lire and a note added to the effect that food will be issued.

(d) American rations may be issued to hired civilian cooks and mess attendants employed in messes run by the U.S. Army, as part of their remuneration in accordance with the terms of NATOUSA Circ No. 14 of 1944. All other issues of American rations to civilians require the approval of HQ NATOUSA obtained in accordance with para 11 d (2) of NATOUSA Circular No. 14 of 1944.

(e) A mid-shift meal for manual workers was authorized by this HQ Memo 47/4/Q of 6 Feb 44 (as amended by Memo 47/4/Q of 16 and 17 Feb 44) 1047/17/Q1 dated 27 Mar 44.

(53) APP D 1094 Q1

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Clothing

No issues of clothing will be made without the authority of this HQ or of Base Section Commanders.

Major General
Chief Administrative Officer.

DISTRIBUTION:

As for AFHQ Adv Adm Ech Adm Instruction No. 24.

2341

2128

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CONFIDENTIAL 1217

ACC MAIN (GEN MACFARLANE C COMM) 29th. May. 1944.

CONFIDENTIAL

PRIORITY V16

A.F.H.Q. GEN MACFARLANE

DS/MI033
5 JUN 1944

(53)

FX 70856

YOUR NUMBER FOX FIVE ZERO EIGHT FIVE SIX FIRMS PT PARTY TO AFHQ FOR G5 FROM ACC MAIN FROM MACFARLANE PERSONAL PAREN STATEMENT OF PREREQUISITES BEING FORWARDED TO YOU EARLIEST POSSIBLE PT AM ARRANGING THAT PARTY WILL INCLUDE REPRESENTATIVE CIVIL JUDICIARY

2350

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE
Lieutenant-General.
Chief Commissioner.

CONFIDENTIAL

(54)

M217
29 May 44

2129

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION INCOMING MESSAGE /dfe

SVC/RELAY NO.

CLASS: CONFIDENTIAL

PREC : PRIORITY

FROM : AFHQ SIGNED SACMED CITE FHMGS

TO : ACC MAIN, TO FOR INFORMATION FAIRBANKS

M/C NO : 69/26

REF NO: F 50856

FILED : MAY 261045B

REC'D : MAY 261504B

DSN 1032

5 JUN 1944

Approve proposal in your M/197 of 13 May, limited however to those not required for present P/W service units. Suggest that, to screen for professional attainments and attachment to United Nations, party might include civil judicial officer in addition to General Triana and a discriminating representative of Allied Control Commission.

Desirable you communicate in advance statement of prerequisites, in order that G-1 may make survey and complete list of persons available.

232y

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F 50856
26 May 44

2130

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

FW. ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Office of the Vice President
Administrative Section

/DA/mc

26 May 1944

DCAI 196
3 JUN 1944

SUBJECT: Appointment of Italian Officials.

TO : Chief Commissioner

You will see that Colonel Spicer says. He seems to have noted properly. Do you wish him to exclude from his discussions with Admiio any question relating to the appointment of Vice Prefects.

/s/ Stanegate

STANGATE,
VP Admin Section

Note by Col. Monfort:

Answered by CC's letter
to Badoglio 26 May (CC/P/342).

52

9/10/45
24 May 44

fill/2838

2131

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

NEAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
INTERIOR SUB COMMISSION
APO 394

ACC/I/A/Int 24 May 1944

SUBJECT: Appointment of Italian officials

TO : Vice President, Administrative Section

1. I have now received letters which conclude with letter to you from the Chief Commissioner, CC/C/313 of 21 May 1944.

2. I had, previous to this, as a result of the advance copy of the letter of Marshal Badoglio to the General, discussed the matter confidentially with the Minister of Interior, Signor Aldisio.

3. I would at this stage remark that my letter to Signor Aldisio was in tentative form only, and had hoped that the Minister would express his views and discuss the matter with me before proceeding further in the matter.

4. In this subsequent discussion which I have referred to above, the Minister firmly agreed with me that the Vice-prefects as well as the Prefects should be retained on the List, but that the appointments for First Secretary, Councillor 2nd Grade and Councillor 1st Grade, should be removed.

5. I presume that the Chief Commissioner's order was final as conveyed by his letter of 21 May, to Marshal Badoglio. If, however, it is not a closed book, may I suggest to you that you should ask the General if he would not consider the inclusion of the Vice-Prefects.

6. It is my judgment and firm recommendation that they should be included for the following reasons:

(1) That these Vice-Prefects frequently act for the Prefect during his absence, leave, and sickness, and during the interim period when transfers of prefects themselves are being effected.
(2) That a strong Vice-Prefect frequently does dictate policy and action to a Prefect who is inert,
(3) That Vice-Prefects, by virtue of their office, are almost invariably selected for promotion to vacant Prefect appointments.

2332

7. I may say that I have discussed these details with Signor Aldisio, that he was in full agreement with my point of view and said to me that he would willingly recommend this to the Marshal. If, however, you think that the matter is one of final decision by the Chief Commissioner, then, of course, I have nothing more to say and will so inform the Minister and act in accordance with the instructions as laid down.

8. I am, moreover, anxious that the Chief Commissioner should know personally that my letter to the Minister was a letter of suggestion only for discussion, and in no measure a direction.

R.G.B. SPICER, Lt Col, Director
Interior Sub-Commission

2132

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Ref. CC/P/342.

26th. May. 1944.

DS-A 781
3 JUN 1944

Replying to your letter No. 4872/Pres. Cons. of 16th. May regarding the appointment of Italian officials.

2. I recall that in our conversations on this subject we talked about high officials and in my letter No. CC/P/134/00041 of 10th. March I requested that all members of your Government should consult the appropriate authorities in the Allied Control Commission before making any senior appointments in their Departments either at the seat of the Italian Government or in those Provinces under Italian jurisdiction.

3. I do not feel that it is asking too much to include in the category of high officials all officers down to and including the rank of Vice-Prefect, and if you will arrange for the Allied Control Commission to be consulted before any appointments are made to those positions I feel that all misunderstandings and subsequent difficulties will be avoided. I am agreeable that the remaining categories may in the future be left to the Italian Government.

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE,
Lieutenant-General,
Chief Commissioner. 2326

H.E. Marshal Pietro Badoglio,
Il Presidente del Consiglio dei Ministri.

CC/P/342
26 May 44

2133

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CC/I/314 May 21, 1944

I refer to your letter of 16 May 1944 No. 4872, concerning the request from the Control Commission that the names of certain officials be submitted to the Interior Sub-Commission before the relative appointments be effected. In view of the request which I made of you on March 10 that the members of the government should be asked to consult the Commission before making any senior appointments in their own Departments or in those Provinces under Italian jurisdiction, I am issuing instructions to the appropriate Allied authorities to the effect that they should request prior consultation only insofar as senior officials are concerned. This would include Prefects but not other officials listed.

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE
Lieutenant General,
Chief Commissioner.

S. E. Marshal Pietro Badoglio,
Il Presidente del Consiglio dei Ministri.

50(A)

2134

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

9/1.B/AS 22 May 44

SUBJECT: Appointments of Italian Officials.

TO : Executive Officer (ACC - Rear HQ).

1. The attached has been seen and noted, Lt Col Spicer has also seen.

2. I am of the opinion that approval for the appointments of Prefects and Vice Prefects should continue to be obtained. The remaining categories should be left to the Italian Government in future.

Col Cripps
/s/ STANSGATE,
VP Adm Sec.

Penciled Note:

General MacFarlane forwarded EWS

COPY

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SD
App A

2135

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

HQ ACC, APO 394
Sec'y Gen
Trans: Rec'd: 18 May 1100
BY: DFE

The President of the Council of Ministers

No. 4872/Pres. Coms.

Salerno, 16 May 1944

DS/A 271
20 MAG 1944

My dear General MacFarlane,

With your communication CC/P/134/000.1 of March 10th last, with the intent of preventing misunderstandings and difficulties, you asked me to inform you beforehand of any appointment to governmental assignments and I arranged to make known to all the members of the Government the necessity of contacting the competent Authorities of the Allied Commission prior to proceeding with any appointment whatsoever of high officials in the public Administrations.

Certainly you will recall the assurance given by me in this matter with letter No. 75y of March 23rd. However, I think it appropriate to mention that after having expressed your desire to all the Ministers during a Cabinet meeting, I wanted to confirm the above mentioned concepts in an appropriate subsequent circular, which I attach in copy.

Therefore, it is with surprise that I learn now from the Ministry of the Interior that Colonel Spicer had requested, - with letter N. ACC/4A/Int. of May 6th - that the names of the following officials be submitted to the Interior Sub-Commission before the relative appointments be effected:

First Secretary
Councillor of 2nd Class
Councillor of 1st Class
Vice Prefect Inspector
Vice Prefect Vicar
Prefect of 2nd Class
Prefect of 1st Class

My surprise, dear General, finds justification in the circumstance that the agreement entered into between you and myself in regard to appointments referred only to public posts and to high officials, with the obvious consideration that control reserved to the Allies is largely guaranteed with intervention in the selection of persons in whom rests the effective direction and therefore the full responsibility for offices and services. On the other hand, in the listing made by Colonel Spicer there are indicated - from the first Secretaries to the Vice Prefects inclusive - officials who, even though having directing functions, must nevertheless be considered merely as executors of directives issued by the Prefect in the Province and by the Minister or by the General Director within the Central Administration.

For the rest, I am anxious to have you consider that the Government would not have any motive to oppose the acceptance of the above mentioned request - desirous as it is to avail itself of the collaboration with the Allies and certain, on the other hand, to be able to demonstrate, even upon the occasion

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11 May 44

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

of modest appointments or promotions, all the loyalty by which its provisions are inspired; but you must also recognize that if any act, including the less important of ordinary administration, must be preceded by establishing contact or more or less prolonged negotiations with the Allied Authorities, the difficulties and impediments already so numerous and serious which the Government is struggling against, will make it impossible to materialize any administrative action whatsoever.

In view of this, I appeal warmly to you to interest Colonel Spicer to desist from the request in question insofar as it concerns the First Secretaries, the Councillors and Vice Prefects, and in the meantime please study, dear General, the possibility of informing the dependent Authorities of the limits within which the agreement between you and me is intended.

I thank you in advance also for the kind assurances, with which I am certain you will favor me in the matter.

Cordially,

/s/ BADOGLIO

TO: General
Sir Noel Mason MacFarlane
President of the Allied Control Commission
SALERNO

2331

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

REAR HEADQUARTERS ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Office of the Deputy Secretary General, 24 May 44

MEMO FOR: Major Doe

DSN 910
24 MAY 1944

It is requested that when this communication is passed to General MacFarlane, as endorsed by Captain Stone, a copy of Marshal Badoglio's letter No. 4872/Pres.Cons. of 16 May 1944, with enclosure, be attached.

FRANK J. SLAUGHTER
Captain, AGD
Deputy Secretary General

File 700.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF THE GOVERNMENT — Salerno, 28 April 1944

No. 3809/Pres. Cons.

SUBJECT: Conferment of public offices and appointments to directive posts.

TO : T. E., the Ministers, and T. E., the Under-secretaries of State.

I inform your excellencies that, following similar understandings with General MacFarlane, President of the Allied Control Commission, no public office and no high directive post within the central or local public administrations shall be conferred unless the relative provisions have been agreed upon with the Commission, through the appropriate subcommissions.

I request your excellencies to arrange for exact compliance with this agreement, favoring me with kind assurancesin the matter.

THE CHIEF OF THE GOVERNMENT

/s/ BADOGLIO

P.C.C.
THE CHIEF OF THE CABINET

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APP A
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Dean 41

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

C DCC file

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Office of the Secretary General
APO 394

RED/dfe

SC 000.1

9 May 1944

MEMORANDUM TO: Executive Commissioner, R.C. & I.G. Section
Vice President, Administrative Section
Vice President, Economic Section
Director, Communications Sub-Commission
Chief, Naval Sub-Commission
Director, Public Relations Branch
Director, Army Sub-Commission

DSJ 9/8
25 MAG 1944

1. Attached is a copy of a letter from Marshal Badoglio addressed to the Chief Commissioner dated 13 April 1944 together with a copy of the inclosure thereto.

2. The Chief Commissioner desires that you examine the questions raised by the Marshal which concern your section and present your reactions in writing at the earliest possible date, in order that the Chief Commissioner may make arrangements for the meeting requested by the Marshal.

3. Each paragraph in the inclosure of the Marshal's letter has been marked to indicate the section of action. It may well be, however, that certain items will also have interest to another section. In such case it is suggested that the section concerned contact direct the section of action as indicated on the document.

ROBERT E. DOE
Major, A.G.D.
Secretary General

1-140

47

SG 000.1
4 May 44

file/700

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

No. 1941

Palermo, 13 April 1944

Office of the Chief of the Government

1 Enclosure.

Dear General,

On March 10 I welcomed the opportunity of explaining to you my point of view concerning the criteria which in my opinion should have inspired the actions of the Allied Control Commission. I also proposed a meeting between the Commission and members of my Government in order that they might examine together the problems requiring a more urgent solution for the industrial, agricultural and military rebirth of Italy so as to provide a still more effective contribution in the fight against the common enemy.

You suggested that I draw up a Memorandum of the subjects to be discussed and I am pleased to send you a resume of the questions which could be examined at the meeting.

As you will note, there are many questions of which several are complex, but all of which require an urgent solution in the common interest for the realization of that plan of reconstruction of my country to which my Government and I are pledged.

I am certain that a frank exchange of views between the members of my Government and the Allied Control Commission would bring about a settlement of even the most difficult problems, all the more if it should be possible, as I hope, to place the relations between the Commission and Government on a different level from the present one, so that they may be carried on with greater mutual trust.

Without doubt this would expedite the action of the Government thus eliminating the detailed checks which hinder the reconstruction effort of the Italian authorities and their loyal desire to make every possible contribution to the common war effort.

If you agree, I ask you, dear General, kindly to advise me of the date when the projected meeting can be held.

With my cordial greetings.

(signed) BADOGLIO

Enclosure 1

1941

13 Apr 44

2140

2141

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ACTION

Presidency of the Council of Ministers

Cabinet

Summary of the problems presented by the various departments and for discussion at the meeting to be held with the Allied Control Commission.

Relations with the Allied Authorities.

R.C.& M.C.

1. Control by affiliated Allied authorities;

While in general the relations with the central Allied authorities are carried on with great cordiality, there are grounds for complaint as regards incomprehension and mistrust on the part of affiliated Allied agencies. Their control, which often extends to the most detailed particulars, in addition to being too complicated, concludes by taking on a character of interference in the entire administrative activity.

In other words, the tendency of the affiliated Allied agencies to continue to exercise the powers formerly belonging to AMGOT in the territories occupied by the Allied troops, even after the restoration of these territories to the Italian Administration, and to extend the exercises of these powers even to the provinces which have always been under the full sovereignty of the Italian Government has been noted.

For instance, there are grounds for complaint in connection with an unjustified interference by the local Allied authorities in prison matters in the provinces returned to the Italian Administration, in particular in the provinces of Bari and Brindisi.

To cite another example, public order in territories administered by the Italian Government is maintainedby the Italian military authorities. On the other hand on March 19 last, the Allied Control Commission in Bari province there authorized a meeting of the Socialist party. Members of the said Commission, Lt. Col. Vining and Major Reveley, when they were approached in this matter by the Italian authorities, statedthat the preservation of public order was the responsibility of the provincial Allied Control Commission, with whom the local Italian military should cooperate.

On March 29 the Control Commission in Bari province gave orders that merchandise sequestrated in connection with food rationing crimes should be delivered to the Supply Section of the Commission, whereas according to the Royal Decree law of January 20, 1944, No. 44, the authority who has power to assign such sequestrated merchandise is the Prefect. Very definite instructions by the Allied Control Commission to its affiliated offices would appear opportune in this connection.

ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION.

2. Allied Forces' Police:

Numerous cases of arrests made by the Allied authorities of Italian citizens who are detained for a long time, sometimes even for months, without a trial or hearing of any kind, are to be deplored.

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citizens who are detained for a long time, sometimes even for months, without a trial or hearing of any kind, are to be deplored.

In matters concerning personal liberty it would also be desirable if the Allied authorities followed the regulations of the Royal Decree law of January 31, 1944, No. 45. It has happened that the Allied military authorities have arrested Italian officers and soldiers and have detained them, also for a long time, in concentration camps and without informing the Italian military commands at all.

Any arrest of an Italian soldier by the Allied forces should immediately be communicated to the appropriate Italian command.

(1) Encl 1

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ACTION

PROBLEMS CONCERNING PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

R.C. & M.G.

1. Administrative organization.

It has happened that the Allied authorities have suppressed in the territories under their control, agencies and institutions of fundamental importance to the Italian administrative organization such as the Economy Provincial Councils, which are only the old Chambers of Commerce; and, as for instance, in Sicily they have established in some regions new offices which have nothing to do with the administrative organization of the remaining provinces of the Kingdom.

In order to assure unity of directive in the administration of free Italy, it would be desirable if the Italian and the Allied Governments should consult one another before issuing ordinances that might have differing effects upon the organization of the public administrations.

R.C. & M.G.

2. Appointments and movements of Prefects.

In some provinces as, for instance, in Sicily, in Cosenza, in Matera and in Reggio Calabria, the occupying Allied authorities have proceeded to remove the Prefects in charge, substituting for them local elements or functionaries of low rank with little experience or administrative ability.

In view of the importance of the position and of their functions it would be desirable for the Allied authorities to request the opinion of the Ministry of the Interior before accepting, in the territories under Allied control, provisions calling for the appointment, recall and transfer of Prefects. The opportunity could be taken to proceed in agreement with the Allied authorities, to review the appointments already made.

R.C. & M.G.

3. Appointments, promotions and dismissals of personnel.

In the territories controlled by them, the Allied authorities have similarly disposed of appointments and public positions, promotions in the administrative posts and dismissals without any attention to the Italian administrative set-up.

The Italian authorities are, therefore now at a loss as regards the regularization of these appointments which also alter the classification and lists of the personnel and cause damage to the interests of many categories of employees.

It seems desirable in this connection that:

The Allied authorities should always request the personnel needed in the territories controlled by them from the appropriate Ministries which might have an overstrength of personnel.

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It seems desirable in this connection that;

The Allied authorities should always request the personnel needed in the territories controlled by them from the appropriate Ministries which might have an overstrength of personnel.

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In case of necessity only temporary or special personnel, and always with initial rank, should always be employed.

The Allied authorities should refrain from granting promotions to state and Public Administration personnel, limiting themselves to the grant, in very particular cases, of promotions to a grade immediately above that previously held by the employee.

The Allied authorities should request, at least, the opinion of the Ministries concerned before adopting any provision concerning personnel.

(1) Encl 1

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ACTION

R.C. & M.G. 3. Behavior of the Allied Forces:

The behavior of some elements of the Allied Forces with regard to the Italian citizens, civilians and soldiers, is deplorable.

Increasingly frequent cases of pillage are reported by all centers where Allied troops are stationed.

The matter is a painful one, and in view of its political repercussions it should be eliminated.

Use of fire arms: It also appears that Allied soldiers make use of fire arms for non-warlike reasons, much too carelessly, seriously endangering the life of the population and damaging their private property.

Between Jacotenente and Fantone Turco, in the territory of Vico del Gargano (Foggia) 51 electrical insulators have been for instance damaged by pistol or rifle fire. This causes the conductors to fall down or to break, thus interrupting communications.

In the same locality, Allied soldiers hunt roebuck, which is forbidden by Italian laws. They shoot wildly in the woods of the Government forest called "umbra", and jeopardize the safety of those engaged in the production of charcoal for the use of the Allied Forces. Allied soldiers do not even refrain from shooting domestic animals, close to houses.

It is indispensable that a greater discipline be effected in the use of fire arms by isolated military personnel.

Abusive cutting of plants: It also appears that Allied troops proceed to cut wood and to requisition charcoal without previous agreement with our Forestry authorities, thus jeopardising, sometimes beyond repair, forests and the Italian wood production.

It would be highly desirable that the supplies of wood and charcoal to the Allied Forces be made in agreement with the appropriate Italian Forestry Agencies.

R.C. & M.G. 4. Employment of Italian officers and soldiers by Allied Commands:

No Italian officer or soldier should be employed by the Allied Forces without the approval of the Italian military commands.

ARMY SUB-COMMISSION 5. Yugoslav propaganda and incitement to desertion:

There exists in Italian liberated territory a Yugoslav organisation which carries out an active campaign among the Italian foreign soldiers in order to induce them to desert. 2320

These desertions, which up to now have reached the number of several dozens as regards the Air Force, 1000 in the Army, and a considerable

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These desertions, which up to now have reached the number of several dozens as regards the Air Force, 1000 in the Army, and a considerable number also for the Navy, have a bad effect on the morale of the troops and the composition of units.

The Allies should intervene energetically so that such a revolutionary activity be stopped and that soldiers who are still in great part in the Yugoslav training camps in Italian territory be returned.

6. Repatriation of some categories of prisoners:

ARMY SUB-COMMISSION In the work of reconstruction of the Armed Forces, the Italian military commands have great need of Generals, Chiefs of Staff, Engineer and Supply officers, officers, NCOs and soldiers of the R. Carabinieri.

Repatriation of Italian prisoners of war belonging to these categories would be very useful in this connection.

(4) Encl E

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ACTION

R. C. & M. G. 4. Salaries of personnel:

The personnel employed in territories directly administered by the A.M.G. often receive salaries quite different from those under Italian administration.

It therefore results that the greater number of employees all claim higher salaries throughout the territory. It would be advisable that the economic treatment of the state personnel be decided upon with the Allied authorities, even when the personnel are working in territories still under AMGOT administration.

R.C. & M. G. 5. Defascistization:

It has happened that the personnel of the public administrations has received different treatment in connection with the defascistization. It has varied in territories controlled directly by the Allied authorities and in those administered by the Royal Italian government.

In order to obviate this inconvenience, in a matter so important, it is necessary to establish uniform directives in agreement with the Allied authorities.

R. C. & M. G. 6. Utilization of the personnel:

In the zones of operations, the Allied military commands do not allow the specialized post-telegraphic personnel to approach the electric lines, the setting of poles and the power stations.

In consequence the personnel is not employed, and many lines and telephone central stations such as those of Campobasso and Foggia, remain unusable.

It should not be difficult to make use also in the zones of operations, of this personnel with great advantage to the communications, the importance of which under time is superfluous to emphasize.

R. C. & M. G. 7. Premises for Public Offices:

In Salerno the Italian Government must meet an ever increasing request for offices by the public administrations in connection with the increased requirements of their services.

It is submitted that the Allied Control Commission might examine the advisability of suspending the assignment of other commands offices or units of Allied troops to Salerno and instead, transferring to different localities same command or office now in Salerno in order to allow the Italian Government to have at its disposal a greater number of premises.

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It is also submitted that the Commission might examine the advisability of returning to the Italian Government the Prefecture buildings, so that the Prefects and the other Governmental authorities might, with the necessary dignity, be able to carry out the public services in the main towns of the provinces.

It is also necessary to avoid possession being taken by Allied troops of premises allocated to public services and where there are machines, installations, valuable equipment such as the Railway offices and the post-telegraph buildings and that such premises be used for billeting troops. In several localities (Taranto, Naples, Palermo, Foggia) such occurrences have provoked serious dificiencies in the performance of the services, damages, often beyond repair, to the plants, and the loss of valuable equipment.

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ACTION

Communications Sub-Commission

8. Post offices:

Considerable delays in postal and telegraph service are to be noted. Such poor service is of special disadvantage to the public administration. The cause may be sought in the slowness of censorship operations, to which official Italian correspondence is still subject in some provinces, notwithstanding the agreements of December 27, 1943. It is suggested that official mail be presented, where necessary, to the censorship office in a separate bag to be examined and returned to the post office on the same day.

Administrative Section

9. School services:

a. Unity of direction: Proper agreements are necessary to assure unity of direction in school services, especially as regards time tables, the school calendar, text books, programs and examinations.

b. Aid to students: Similar agreements would be desirable to assure aid to students in the form of hot meals, distribution of garments, etc., to needy students.

Economics Section

10. Paper for the Public Administration:

The Allied authorities have requisitioned all the paper in stock at the Foggia Paper Mill (about 18,000 quintals). The delivery of quantities already assigned to Government Administrations is urgent.

PWB

This applies to all Administrations, but is especially urgent as regards the Financial Administration which must make provision for the preparation of forms required for collection of taxes and as regards the Railroad Administration which encounters difficulties even in printing railroad tickets.

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Encl I

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ACTION

INDUSTRIAL RECOVERY

ECONOMIC SECTION.

1. De-requisitioning of industrial plants.

In effect the Allied military occupation of industrial establishments hinders the resumption of work. De-requisitioning of industrial establishments would be desirable where proprietors intend to resume production, or at least partial evacuation of premises.

This problem is particularly urgent as regards those factories and plants which formerly worked for the railroads. The latter urgently require restoration of lines and installations, repair of rails and restoration to operating conditions of the train material that has been largely destroyed or is rapidly deteriorating.

The same urgency is called for in regard to naval plants and dockyards. In every case the heads of companies should be authorized to enter offices to remove whatever documents are needed for the settlement of legal and tax matters.

NAVY SUB-COMMISSION

2. Operation of industries which work for the Royal Navy:

The Royal Navy is particularly interested in prompt re-opening of some industrial plants and improvement of operating conditions in its own establishments. In the present situation it is impossible to provide for the normal maintenance needs of the fleet. As a result there is a constantly increasing number of warships which are laid up and awaiting their turn. Consequently it is important that the Taranto Arsenal, the Tosi Shipyards of the same city and the Brindisi shops operate with at least half of their personnel for the repair of Italian warships. The difficulties resulting from lack of equipment and material might be provided for through reactivation and derequisitioning of industrial establishments and plants, unfreezing of stocks on hand and proceeding to the recovery of missing materials and valuable machinery given by the Allies to private persons and carried away.

In this connection it is pointed out that the Royal Navy might make a contribution to the common fight even greater than the present one if only it were enabled to stop the deterioration of machinery and plants or, better still, if it were permitted to restore to operation its port installations, drydocks, storage warehouses, barracks, hospitals, all fields in which the Allies constantly require greater effort.

For that purpose it will be necessary to refloat all sunken ships; to complete the large Taranto drydock; to restore to operation lime, cement, and brick factories; to establish collection centers for scrap metals; to permit by supplying the necessary fuel and power the production of metal products, importing if necessary required machinery; to furnish necessary transportation of lumber from Calabria; to increase the production of bituminous material; and to facilitate in every way possible the transport of materials and manufactured goods from one region to another.

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For instance, there are at present some thousands of sailors [illegible] men not to employed for lack of clothing, especially shoes; and the situation is growing worse from day to day.

For that reason normal recruiting has had to be suspended and consquently also the normal rotation of personnel.

It is natural that this state of affairs has influenced the effective cooperation which the Royal Navy can give in the fight against the common enemy.

To meet these compelling needs the following are indispensable:

Derequisition and place in operation at the earliest possible time the plants of the Cotoniere Meridionali of Naples which in meeting the entire needs of the Royal Navy could give work to about 3000 workers;

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ACTION

Install at Taranto a shoe factory for the Royal Navy importing the small amount of machinery needed.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

3. Allocation of coal and other raw materials for industry.

Many metallurgical plants and mechanical workshops could resume operations if they could count on the necessary supplies of coal, metallic materials and lumber.

Such
To resume/work is very important, especially for the railroad installations, repair of railroads lines and material, naval constructions and repairs.

With a monthly allocation of about 17,000 tons of coal, a monthly production could be assured of, for instance, 62,000 tons of cement, 23,000 tons of lime and 120,000 square meters of window glass.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

4. Destruction of works, equipment and installations.

Such destruction should be effected only in case of absolute necessity, and, in every case, in agreement with the Italian authorities.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

5. Requisition of machinery, raw materials, finished and semi-finished materials.

Requisition of machinery or its removal from plants should be avoided so as to permit industries to resume operation. Obviously this would reduce imports and consequently maritime transportation from America and England.

The raw materials and finished and semi-finished products requisitioned in plants are often used in an uneconomical fashion. They are thus deteriorating and often going to waste without being used, whereas the few industries of liberated Italy need everything.

For instance, it is vital to place at disposal of the Ministry of War the raw materials, the materials and machinery lying at present unused in various artillery establishments assigned to Allied troops as billets.

As regards requisitions, the Allied authorities have often refused to issue written statements attesting to the requisitions effected and sometimes have even shown resentment when faced with the requests of the parties concerned.

Such certificates are, however, necessary in order that Italian citizens may make claim for any possible compensation to the State.

The Allied authorities should issue such certificates without raising difficulties.

F.O. & M.B. 6. Freezing of goods and orders. 230

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R.C. & M.G.

6. Freezing of goods and prices:

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The freezing by Allied authorities of almost all available goods makes impossible exhange and consumption which are considered indispensable for an economic recovery and for the better utilization of existing resources with consequent reduction in imports from across the sea.

The freezing of goods also prevents the adjustment of prices to the changed monetary situation.

Major freedom of action would be desirable for the Italian Government.

ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION.

7. Institutions of technical-professional instruction:

A major part of the premises of the teaching material and of the equipment of Institutes of technical and professional instruction, so closely linked to the industrial recovery of the country, have been lost through

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war developments or requisitions. It is indispensable to proceed with release of buildings and reconstruction of scientific institutions.

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

ECONOMIC SECTION.

1. Transportation by railroad and ordinary traffic:

Throughout peninsular and insular Italy, the transport situation is most serious. The means of communication both by railroad and road are completely inadequate for the needs of the people. Such deficiency stands in the way of any economic recovery. The prevailing system of controls and authorizations under the Allied Committee at Naples has proven itself in practice so long and so laborious that it has resulted in the paralysis of every kind of traffic. This is also due to the deplorable shortcomings in postal telegraphic and telephonic service.

The following measures are considered urgent and indispensable to restore to the Italian Railroad Administration the operation of the entire network of liberated Italy south of the line including Foggia, Benevento, Caserta, Naples:

to entrust to the Italian administration the task and responsibility of satisfying the demands of the Allied military authorities;

to assure two passenger trains each way and one freight train each way on the principal lines;

to assure one passenger train each way and one freight train each way on the secondary lines;

to assure continuity of service.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

2. Communications with Sardinia and Sicily:

The relations between the peninsula and Sardinia do not permit further delay in the establishment of a regular service of sea and air transportation between the Island and the Continent. For the present a daily air service and a bi-weekly sea service might be sufficient. Similar need exists as regards communication with Sicily. It would be necessary to have at least four ships of medium tonnage which might call at the minor ports of the two islands and the Continent, without disturbing the traffic of the Allies in the large ports.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

3. Railroad cars for the transportation of salt and other monopoly goods:

The scarcity of salt on the market causes great discontent among the people. In some localities popular demonstrations have even taken place. At Margherita di Savoia, near Barletta, 150,000 tons of salt are available, largely sufficient for the needs of the [illegible]

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ECONOMIC SECTION.

4. Railroad cars and motor vehicles for the services of the Military Commissariat:

For the operation of the vital services of the Military Commissariat, a greater supply of railroad cars and motor vehicles is required.

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ACTION

R.C. & M.G.

5. Motor vehicles for supplying the civilian population:

The most important service of supply is greatly hindered in all provinces by the great scarcity of motor vehicles.

Therefore, the allocation of a suitable number of motor vehicles is necessary to provide for the food requirements of the population.

R.C. & M.G.

6. Motor vehicles for collection of taxes:

For the most important service of inspection in the provincial tax offices at least two cars for every province would be needed.

Requisitions now being practically impossible, the Allies would have to supply at least the tires and wheels to permit requisition of cars which are now put up for lack of such spare parts.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

7. Auto spare parts:

Such lack of spare parts is very marked especially for military transport, which, in the absence of suitable measures, may within a short time, be completely paralyzed.

Therefore, it would be necessary that the Allies arrange for supply of rubber tires and spare parts for the repair and operation of motor vehicles, the production factories of which are all, as is known, in enemy-occupied Italy.

Also collection centers for non-operational motor vehicles could be established, including those of private ownership to be requisitioned, and suitable repair shops to put such vehicles back into operating conditions using part of them to provide spare parts. In view of the great scarcity of vehicles, it would furthermore, be necessary to restrict requisitions to the lowest possible limits.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

8. Transport of lignite:

In the mercury mines (Castelluccio Inferiore) there are 10,000 tons of dry lignite which would be very suitable for the manufacture of bricks.

Railroad cars and the allocation of a truck per day for every railroad car made available are needed to haul the lignite from Castelluccio to the main railroad point of Lagonegro (Km. 40).

ECONOMIC SECTION.

9. Transport of asphalt dust from Sicily:

It would prove very useful for repair and operation of main roads, also for military purposes, to be able to transport asphalt dust from Siracuse to Bari, Palermo and Naples.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

10. Requisition of cars.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

have to supply at least the tires and wheels to permit requisition of cars which are now put up for lack of such spare parts.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

7. Auto spare parts:

Such lack of spare parts is very marked especially for military transport, which, in the absence of suitable measures, may within a short time, be completely paralyzed.

Therefore, it would be necessary that the Allies arrange for supply of rubber tires and spare parts for the repair and operation of motor vehicles, the production factories of which are all, as is known, in enemy-occupied Italy.

Also collection centers for non-operational motor vehicles could be established, including those of private ownership to be requisitioned, and suitable repair shops to put such vehicles back into operating conditions using part of them to provide spare parts. In view of the great scarcity of vehicles, it would furthermore, be necessary to restrict requisitions to the lowest possible limits.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

8. Transport of lignite:

In the mercury mines (Castelluccio Inferiore) there are 10,000 tons of dry lignite which would be very suitable for the manufacture of bricks.

Railroad cars and the allocation of a truck per day for every railroad car made available are needed to haul the lignite from Castelluccio to the main railroad point of Lagonegro (km. 40).

ECONOMIC SECTION.

9. Transport of asphalt dust from Sicily:

It would prove very useful for repair and operation of main roads, also for military purposes, to be able to transport asphalt dust from Siracusa to Bari, Palermo and Naples.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

10. Requisition of cars:

To meet the increasing demands of motor vehicles by the Italian Government, it is requested that the Allied authorities also agree to requisition those cars for which they have issued permits of free circulation, up to April 30, 1944.

2314

ECONOMIC SECTION.

11. Ships of small tonnage:

The great difficulties, which the Italian Government, private individuals and even the Allies encounter in railroad and ordinary transportation, might be considerably reduced if all the motor sailboats of a capacity under 100 tons were left at the disposal of the Italian Government for inter-regional traffic of the products most essential to consumption and industry: oil, wine, firewood, charcoal, vegetables, cheese, hides, etc. Also, the construction of 64 motorboats and small motor-vessels, now in shipyards, might be completed with a total gross tonnage

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ACTION

of 10,000 tons. For that purpose the allocation of 1,200 tons of steel plates, 9,000 cubic meters of oak lumber, 6,000 cubic meters of pine lumber in addition to nails, cork, ropes, chains and motors should be made. At present there is no assurance that these materials previously ordered will be delivered.

COMMUNICATIONS SUBCOMMISSION.

12. Telegraph and telephone communications:

The available means are not used in the most useful way so as to derive the best return possible.

For instance, the cables Palermo-Naples and Palermo-Cagliari are still used by the Allied Commando with a simple Morse circuit. The Italian administration could utilize these circuits, as always, with its trained personnel and its machinery, with four channels (with quadruple Baudot) enabling the Allies to double their communications and the Italian Government to take advantage of two independent circuits.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

13. Measures of a financial character:

It would be desirable that without prior agreement with the Navy Ministry the Allied authorities take no measures in regard to the steamship and shipping companies subsidied by the Government and in regard to FINMARE which is a subsidiary group of IRI.

AGRICULTURE AND FISHING

ECONOMIC SECTION.

1. Seed potatoes:

Notwithstanding contrary assurances in regard thereto by the Allied authorities, it has been ascertained that the seed potatoes shipped to Italy were affected with "humid gangrene."

Sowings effected in Sicily have resulted that in many lots the percentage of rot and ungerminated potatoes on account of the aforesaid disease reached from 95 to 98 per cent. To the grave present economic damage, there is added a future even greater damage, because for years the infected land cannot be used for potato growing on account of disease germs.

The Allied Control Commission must require that the seed potatoes shipped to Italy be subject upon shipment to rigorous guaranteed plant pathological control as required in the past by proper international agreements. Appropriate immunization certificates should be issued by the proper authorities.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

2. Resumption of fishing activities.

The resumption of fishing activities, so useful at this moment, due

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 18515

ECONOMIC SECTION.

13. Measures of a financial character:

It would be desirable that without prior agreement with the Navy Ministry the Allied authorities take no measures in regard to the steamship and shipping companies subsidied by the Government and in regard to FINMARE which is a subsidiary group of IRI.

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The Allied Control Commission must require that the seed potatoes shipped to Italy be subject upon shipment to rigorous guaranteed plant pathological control as required in the past by proper international agreements. Appropriate immunization certificates should be issued by the proper authorities.

ECONOMIC SECTION.

2. Resumption of fishing activities.

The resumption of fishing activities, so useful at this moment, due to food scarcity, is hindered by the fact that the Allied authorities require a double authorization order, one issued by the Naval Office to obtain entry into port and mooring of the craft, the other by the local Allied authority authorizing the fishing.

To render fishing easier, the second authorization should be abolished, since fishing licenses are already issued by the Royal Port Offices. If not in conflict with military operations, permission might also be given for night fishing with under-water lights along the coasts of Southern Italy and the large islands (Sardinia and Sicily), which is more profitable, and would employ a large number of maritime laborers.

For the purpose the Allies should release the motor fishing boats hired by them for other purposes.

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ACTION

ASSISTANCE TO WAR REFUGEES

P.C. & M.G.

To assure effective help for the people most directly affected by war, the following provisions are considered necessary:

limit to the absolute minimum forced evacuations from immediately behind the front lines;

provide adequate food for the refugees;

arrange for release of all public and private buildings no longer needed for the Allied forces;

place at the disposal of the local authorities the means needed for the transportation of refugees and their household goods, in the greatest quantity possible;

place garments and medical supplies at the disposal of the local authorities.

CONTROL OF PRESS

P.R.B.

1. Periodical press.

An excessive increase of all types of periodical publications, including clandestine ones, is regrettable. They have no well-defined programs and are produced at the initiative of more or less irresponsible elements.

To check the increase of these sheets and leaflets, which only result in an increasing confusion and disorientation of public opinion, it would seem opportune to limit the publication of periodicals to not more than one newspaper for every political party in each provincial capital, requiring prior political censorship for all publications. The provisions now in effect for military censorship would remain unchanged.

At the same time sanctions against offenders should be provided.

P.R.B.

2. Allied military press censorship.

The Allied military press censorship is at times too strict in its criteria. For instance, in an article of the "Giornale dell'Aviatore" (Paper of the Pilot) No. 10, the Allied censor wished the phrase "under orders of the King" to be eliminated, on the pretext that the Allied authorities do not intend to interfere in the internal Italian situation.

Facts of this kind have a bearing on the military traditions of the

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Facts of this kind have a bearing on the military traditions of the paper, and are cause for confusion among the troops to whom the paper is addressed, and harm the efforts being made to gather all energies for the purpose of assuring a more effective collaboration with the Allies. It is desirable that military censorship be exercised with greater understanding.

2317

ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION.

ARTISTIC PATRIMONY

Particularly grave are the devastations which the Italian artistic patrimony, the patrimony indeed of all civilised nations, has suffered due to war. All possible measures to assure conservation of works of art, monuments still existing, bibliographical material and the repair and reconstruction of the galleries, institutes of art should be put into effect at once. In this respect joint undertakings would be desirable as to the action to be taken in the territory administered by the Italian Government and in that still controlled by the Allies.

Encl 1

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ACTION

THEATRES AND CINEMAS

R.C. & M.G.

Many theaters and cinemas have been requisitioned by the Allied Forces which manage them themselves to the serious loss of many classes of executive, administrative and artistic personnel who made their living from theaters and cinema theaters.

It would seem desirable to allow the owners and directors of theaters and cinemas to resume their management, requiring them to give a certain number of free performances for the Allied Forces but permitting them also to work in day time.

RADIO COMMUNIQUES

P. R. B.

The communiques of the Italian Government are not always transmitted by the radio stations.

Agreements would be desirable in the matter, which would also limit to the absolute minimum the Allied control over broadcasting programs.

HOTELS

R.C. & M.G.

The requisitioning of hotels assumes constantly vaster proportions. It would be desirable to limit such requisitions to strictly indispensable cases, utilizing, if possible, during the period of requisition the personnel formerly employed therein.

CULTURAL RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

P.R.B.

Fascist policy resulted in that important expressions of Anglo-American political thought and valuable writings of Italian authors remained totally unknown to the Italian public.

Therefore, the preparation of a plan of exchange of publications between Italy and the Allied Nations both in the original editions, as well as in translations would be very useful.

In this respect the establishment of a cultural Italo-Anglo-American Union for the purposes of promoting a more intimate spiritual understanding and a more strict collaboration between Italy and the Allied Nations would be extremely desirable.

Special agreements might be effected with the psychological Warfare Branch of AMGOT in order to establish the means necessary to the concrete activation of the undertaking.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

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Special agreements might be effected with the psychological warfare branch of AMGOT in order to establish the means necessary to the concrete activation of the undertaking.

Salerno, 6 April 1944.

2316

D IN-1 I

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2165

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

/dfe

CC 250

12 May 1944

I have caused enquiries to be made in connection with the report made to you by the Minister of Interior regarding public order at BARI. (No. 517/AC dated 2nd May 1944).

Lieutenant Colonel Vining, who was Provincial Commissioner of Bari in March, states that during that month there occurred a considerable number of demonstrations. He was in constant touch with the Prefect but found him unwilling or unable to deal with these demonstrations except by the use of force. In view of the large number of Allied troops in the area and the importance of maintaining law and order by peaceful means, Lieutenant Colonel Vining did his utmost to persuade the Prefect to deal with these demonstrations without the use of force. He found it impossible for the Prefect to do this and, therefore, with the full agreement of the Prefect, took upon himself the responsibility of going personally to the demonstrations and explaining to the people the fact that the riotous meetings were contrary to law and order and the Allied war effort. Lieutenant Colonel Vining stated that in every case he succeeded in dispersing the crowds without incident, except on one occasion when the son of the local Mayor fired a shot into the crowd and wounded a demonstrator.

Although I agree that Major Reveley, who was acting on the orders of the Provincial Commissioner, went beyond his powers in instructing the Territorial Defence Commander that no military personnel should be attached for service with the Military Police without reference to the Allied Control Commission offices, I think you will agree that the action taken by the Provincial Commissioner effected, without resort to force, a restoration of public order.

I can assure you that Provincial Officers have my instructions to refrain from executive action in territory administered by the Italian Government and that specific orders have been sent to the Regional Commissioner, Region II, calling his attention to the technical mistake made by his officer in this case.

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE
Lieutenant General
Chief Commissioner

2315

S. E. Marshal Pietro Badoglio
Capo del Governo

2166

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CONFIDENTIAL

M197

PSM 822
15 MAR 1944

SF

ACC MAIN (GEN MACFARLANE C CORR)

CONFIDENTIAL

PRIORITY

A.F.H.Q.

13th. Mar. 1944.

V16

GEN MACFARLANE

AS YOU KNOW CMA ONE OF MY PRINCIPAL DIFFICULTIES IN THE JUDICIAL FIELD LIES IN THE INADEQUATE SUPPLY OF ITALIAN JUDGES AND LEGAL OFFICERS FD PAREN TO AFHQ FOLDERS FROM ACC MAIN FROM MACFARLANE PERSONAL PAREN I UNDERSTAND THAT A CONSIDERABLE NUMBER COULD BE FOUND IN THE RANKS OF PRISONERS OF WAR HELD BY US FD PARA TWO FD IF YOU CAN OBTAIN SANCTION I WOULD LIKE TO SEND GENERAL PLAIRA CMA WHO IS APPROXIMATELY JAG OF ITALIAN ARMY CMA TO NORTH AFRICA IN THE FIRST INSTANCE TO SEE WHAT PERSONNEL IS AVAILABLE FD HE WOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN OFFICER OF ACC FD PARA THREE FD GRATEFUL IF YOU WOULD LET ME KNOW EARLIEST POSSIBLE YOUR REACTIONS TO THIS PROPOSAL FD IT IS VERY NECESSARY TO EXPLORE EVERY POSSIBILITY OF FINDING REINFORCEMENTS FOR THE ITALIAN JUDICIARY AS THE PROBLEM WILL INEVITABLY BECOME ACUTER THE MORE TERRITORY WE TRANSFER TO ITALIAN ADMINISTRATION

CONFIDENTIAL

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE
Lieutenant-General,
Chief Commissioner. 2314

2167

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

SECRET

D56-804

101500

1690

RC & MC SECTION (Brig. Lush)

10 May 44

SECRET

Vapor 5 - Lush

PRIORITY

FABLE

CHIEF COMMISSIONER HAS BEEN INFORMED THAT ACCORDING TO SWORN EVIDENCES GIVEN BY THE FORMERLY PRISONERS OF WAR CMA ISAAC COEN CMA ATHANASIOS KOLENTINIS AND DEMETRIUS SERVOS CMA THE DIRECTOR OF THE PRISONS IN SARDINIA CMA NAMED ALGERO CMA ORDERED THAT ALL CONFINED PERSONS WHO DARED TO SHOW AN ADMIRATION FOR THE ENGLISH NATION SHOULD BE STRUCK TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS FD PAREN TO FABLE NOR CARR FROM ACC MAIN PAREN FD REPORT EARLIEST ON ACCURACY THIS STATEMENT AND WHETHER ALGERO IS STILL IN CHARGE

C-16

Not for float

keep file

No 4000

Copy to: Adm Sec.

L. T. MONTANT, JR.,
1st Lieut. AGD.,
ADJUTANT.

2316

SECRET

2168

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DSW 77
10 MAG 1944

:::::::::::::::::::::::
:: HQ ACC, APO 394 ::
:: Secy Gen ::
:: Rec'd 8 May 1130B ::
:: BY H.D. ::
:::::::::::::::::::::::

TRANSLATION

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF GOVERNMENT

File No. 1350

Salerno, 5 May 1944

Dear General Macfarlane:

I submit herewith a copy of a letter with two enclosures which were sent to my by the Ministry of War concerning the subject of "Public Order at Bari."

I would be grateful to you, my dear General, if you will kindly make provision so that interventions of the kind on the part of the Provincial Commission at Bari be avoided, be it for the prejudice which such interferences can cause to the maintenance of public order in the Province, or for the necessary safeguard of our prestige.

Very cordially,

/s/ BADOGLIO

TO: General Sir Noel Mason MacFarlane
Chief of the Allied Control Commission
Naples

1350
5 May 44

File 700

2314

2169

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

COPY

MINISTRY OF WAR
CABINET

PSW 777
10 MAG 1944

No. 517/AG APO 107, 2 May 1944

Subject: Public order at Bari

2 Inclosures

TO: His Excellency The Chief of the Government SALERNO

With reference to what I have already had occasion to indicate to you in the matter, I deem it necessary that the powers of the Provincial Bari Commission of the Allied Control Commission be clarified with the Allied Authorities concerning public order, the responsibility of which rests exclusively with the Italian Military Authorities.

On the 20th of March last, Major Reveley, Provincial ACC Police Official at Bari wrote to the Territorial Command of the IXth Army Corps that the Provincial Commissioner of the ACC had issued instructions to the effect that no military personnel could be used for services of public order without prior approval of the aforesaid police official. In reply to this communication the IXth Army Corps Command ordered that reply be made by the Territorial Command to the effect that this regulation could not be accepted because it conflicted with the orders of the Central Italian Authorities and that eventual modifications to the regulations in effect should have been notified by the same Central Italian Authorities. (Inclosures 1 and 2).

In addition I wish to state--this being an interference which, similarly, under the formal aspect appears even less in harmony with the limits of jurisdiction of the provincial organs of the Allies Control Commission--that the aforementioned Provincial Commission, in regard to the question raised in the item "Antifascists in Prison", which appeared in the March 25th issue of "Civiltà Proletaria", has requested information on the proceedings under hearing directly of the military prosecution at the Territorial Military War Court at Bari, instead of turning, as the case would have been eventually, to the appropriate superior Italian Military Authorities.

The Minister

/s/ TADDEO ORLANDO

(3) INCL 1.

517/AG
2 MAY 44

2311

2170

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DSN 779
10 MAG 1944

TRANSLATION

COPY

Inclosure No. 1

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

Ref. PS/8/8

March 20, 1944

TO THE TERRITORIAL DEFENSE COMMANDER

BARI

Following our communication of this morning, March 20, 1944, the Provincial Commissioner has issued spedific instructions to the effect that no military personnel shall be detached for service with the Civil Police, unless request has directly been made of this office.

C. M. REVELEY, Major
Provincial Police Officer
(Bari) A.C.C.

Provincial Commissioner
Palazzo del Governo
BARI

(34) Incl I

PS/8/8

2310

2171

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DS/I 771
10 MAG 1944

TRANSLATION

COPY

Inclosure No. 2

COMMAND OF THE IX ARMY CORPS
S.M. - Operations Office

No. 2550/op. APO 67, 31 March 1944

Reply to communication of March 30, No. 1354/op.

Subject: Public order in the Province of Bari

To: TERRITORIAL COMMAND OF THE IXTH ARMY CORPS
Office of the Chief of Staff
Bari

In reply to the communication made by the local Allied Control Commission with letter No. PS/8/8 dated March 20th, this Command states that it cannot accept the disposition given by the Provincial Commissioner because it is in conflict with the dispositions issued by the Central Italian Authorities.

Eventual modifications to the disposition in effect must be notified to us by the same central Italian Authorities.

THE COMMANDING GENERAL

/s/ Roberto Lerici

(34) Incl II

2809

2172

Declassified E.O. 12355 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

- DSH 761
9 MAR 1944

SF

Ref. 217/24/CA. 6th May 1944.

SUBJECT: Regional Superintendency for Food Supply in Sicily.

TO : H. Excellency Marshal Pietro Badoglio,
Capo del Governo,
SALERNO.

1. I have to refer to your letter No.2145 of 30th March in which you raised the question of the Superintendency for Food Supply in Sicily.

2. Whilst Sicily was under Allied Military Government, a Superintendent for Food Supply was appointed in the person of Signor Cumeretta, formerly a Prefect in Sicily. This official worked under the authority of AMG officers and I think you will agree that the distribution of food in Sicily, largely due to Signor Cumeretta's activities, was moderately successful.

3. When Sicily was handed back to the Italian Government it was arranged with the local Italian authorities that Signor Cumeretta should continue his functions, taking his orders from the Italian Government. The High Commissioner confirmed this procedure and I understand is now considering whether any change is necessary. Colonel Hancock is in close contact with the High Commissioner on this particular subject and I think you can rest assured that the matter will be arranged to the best advantage of the population of Sicily.

MAJ. MAJOR HANCOCK,
Lieutenant General,
Chief Commissioner.

33

217/24/CA
6 MAY 44

DSJ 761
9 MAR 1944

SF

Ref: 217/21/Ch. 6th May 1944.

SUBJECT: Regional Superintendency for Food Supply in Sicily.

TO : His Excellency Marshal Pietro Badoglio,
Capo del Governo,
SALERNO.

1. I have to refer to your letter No.2445 of 28th March in which you raised the question of the Superintendency for Food Supply in Sicily.

2. Whilst Sicily was under Allied Military Government, a Superintendent for Food Supply was appointed in the person of Signor Cammerata, formerly a Prefect in Sicily. This official worked under the authority of AMG officers and I think you will agree that the distribution of food in Sicily, largely due to Signor Cammerata's activities, was moderately successful.

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911.

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE,
Lieutenant General,
Chief Commissioner.

(33)

RECEIVED
2173
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

1. I have to refer to your letter No.2/45 of 28th March in which you raised the question of the Superintendency for Food Supply in Sicily.

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NOEL MASON MACFARLANE,
Lieutenant General,
Chief Commissioner.

(33)

217/24/CA
6 May 44

DECLASSIFIED
E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

2175

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CONFIDENTIAL

FMM:/rj

DSH 666
29 APR 1944

Ref. CC/G/238

28th. April, 1944.

MEMORANDUM:

TO: Vice-President, Administrative Section.
Vice-President, P.C. & M.O. Section.

1. I enclose a copy of a letter to me from Marshal Badoglio.

2. I have discussed this question of the Junta Consultiva with both Badoglio and Musotto.

3. With the possible exception of one of the appointed members, Musotto expressed himself as satisfied with the council as appointed.

4. I told him that I did not propose to intervene in the matter and that should any difficulties arise he must take them up with Badoglio, keeping Colonel Hancock fully informed.

5. You will note that Badoglio freely acknowledges that his action was irregular and has, in my opinion, given an acceptable explanation.

6. I direct as follows:
We will not intervene in this question unless or until the Junta as appointed proves unsatisfactory. Colonel Hancock will naturally keep in close touch with the situation and will inform us if he considers that action on our part is desirable and necessary.

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE
Lieutenant-General,
Chief Commissioner.

2176

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

CHIEF OF THE GOVERNMENT

OSS 21648
28 APR 1944
26 April 1944

Dear General,

27 Apr. 1213
By DFE

This morning, His Excellency Aldisio, Minister of Interior, informed me that the Colonel of the Control Commission has many objections to the appointment of the Council (Consulta) for Sicily, remarking that this appointment should have had previous approval of the Control Commission.

I recognize as perfectly just the remarks of the Colonel and I openly confess of having unintentionally transgressed the regulations issued by you.

As I mentioned briefly to you yesterday, I can justify myself only by saying that this appointment was made by me at a time when I was busily engaged from morning to night in consultation with the representatives of the various parties and I did not have the necessary calmness to remember all the regulations.

I felt that it required a hasty decision to put a stop to all the manouvers of Musotto in Sicily and to appoint only persons of assured unitarian faith.

If the Commission requires that I annul the appointment, a matter upon which Musotto is working at this moment, I would lose all prestige in the Island.

The penalty would certainly be, in this case, disproportionate to the transgression committed.

I appeal directly to you to spare me such a measure.

Very cordially and sincerely,

/s/ BADOGLIO

(2) Incl 1 in file 400

26 Apr 44

2306

ACC 10/30

NOTES OF MEETING, HELD 26 APL 44.

Present: H.E. MUSSOTTO (High Commissioner of Sicily).
Lt.Col. SPICER
Lt.Col. CRIPPS.
Lt.GROTINELLI (acted as interpreter).

SUBJECT : GIUNTA CONSULTIVA - SICILY.

1 Lt. Col. Spicer gave the background on the agreement reached between the Chief Commissioner and Marshal Badoglio that the Commission be consulted when making higher appointments to the Italian Government. This had NOT been done in this case but must be done, and is now in hand.

2 Lt. Col. Spicer pointed out that he had had an interview with the Minister of Interior on this matter at which the latter made the following points:

(1) It was not possible to rescind the decree of Apl 12.

(2) The Minister of Interior is prepared to reconsider any individual appointments which the High Commissioner wished to put forward.

3 The High Commissioner replied that he did not wish to change the present ~~members~~ incumbentsbut wished to add three names.

4 Agreed that the Minister submit the names. (He replied that RC Region I already had the names, but he would do so).

5 Col Spicer then enquired as to whether the total of the Giunta was to be eleven or twelve i.e. was a replacement required for Minister ALDISIO ? The High Commissioner replied in the affirmative. Four names therefore required.

6 Following this, Col Spicer stressed that we wished to assist in any way and that now seemed to be the opportunity for the High Commissioner to make his recommendations for any changes in the proposed Giunta if he had any.

7 The High Commissioner then replied he had one name he wished to exchange at an early opportunity (this was not in accordance with his previous answer). It was suggested that he do this now, to which he agreed.

8 The High Commissioner will therefore consult with RC Region I and give to him the five names he requires to be appointed distributed as follows:

one to replace the present Minister of Interior.
One to replace the ex. Sindaco of CATANIA.
Three in addition to present nominees.

9 Col. Spicer stated that he would communicate with R.C. Region I advising him of the situation and requesting him to forward the High Commissioner's proposed list.

23-3

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2 Lt. Col. Spicer pointed out that he had had discussions with the Minister of Interior on this matter at which the latter made the following points:

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4 Agreed that the Minister submit the names. (He replied that RC Region I already had the names, but he would do so).

5 Col Spicer then enquired as to whether the total of the Giunta was to be eleven or twelve i.e. was a replacement required for Minister ALDISIO ? The High Commissioner replied in the affirmative. Four names therefore required.

6 Following this, Col Spicer stressed that we wished to assist in any way and that now seemed to be the opportunity for the High Commissioner to make his recommendations for any changes in the proposed Giunta if he had any.

7 The High Commissioner then replied he had one name he wished to exchange at an early opportunity (this was not in accordance with his previous answer). It was suggested that he do this now, to which he agreed.

8 The High Commissioner will therefore consult with RC Region I and give to him the five names he required to be appointed distributed as follows:

one to replace the present Minister of Interior.
One to replace the ex. Sindaco of CATANIA.
Three in addition to present nominees.

9 Col. Spicer stated that he would communicate with R.C. Region I advising him of the situation and requesting him to forward the High Commissioner's proposed list.

2300

R.R.Cripps

R.R.CRIPPS, Lieut.Colonel,
C.S.O. Admin Section.

28 Apl 44.

28

28 Apr 44

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

2179

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Ref. CC/G/221

DSI 642
28 APR 1944

SF

FNMM/rj

22nd. April, 1944.

MEMORANDUM:

TO: Vice-President,
Administrative Section.

See #20 C/... file

Your No. 9/1A/AS of 21st. April.

1. I agree with the action taken as advised in your Para. 8.

2. I understand that the High Commissioner for Sicily has already arrived in order to take up the question with his Government.

3. I propose to take up this question strongly with Marshal Badoglio personally as a question of principle as well as a specific case of lack of compliance with an undertaking given to me.

4. I hope this will have the desired effect and that future similar cases will not recur.

5. Should you be dissatisfied with the way in which the question of the Junta Consultiva for Sicily is now handled I would be glad if you would let me know at once.

NORL MASON MACFARLANE,
Lieutenant-General,
Chief Commissioner.

27 A

cc/G/221
22 Apr 44

2180

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

SF

9/1A/AS 21 Apr 44

cc/P/134/000.1

SUBJECT: Appointments by Italian government.

TO: Chief Commissioner.

1. On the 10th March you wrote to Marshal Badoglio (copy "A") asking that ACC should be consulted before any ministerial or provincial appointments were made.

2. On the 13th March Marshal Badoglio replied (copy "B") that no government appointments would be made without previous agreement with ACC.

3. A Giunta Consultive for Sicily has recently been established. It is understood that the appointments to this body though it is advisory and not executive are senior to that of a Prefect.

5-9710, IBS, 20 Apr

4. From a telegram received to-day (copy "C") it has been learned that by a decree dated 12 Apr nine persons have been appointed members of this Giunta. This decree is not yet of full effect as it has not been published in the Gazette.

5. As far as I can ascertain ACC has not been consulted about these appointments. I have not yet seen the decree and have no official knowledge of who has been appointed. So far as I know the appointees have not been screened nor has their suitability otherwise been considered.

6. We are not directly concerned with the compluint of the High Commissioner for Sicily; but, if we had been consulted the Regional Commissioner would no doubt have considered the High Commissioner's views before reporting to the Interior Sub-Commission on the suitability of the proposed appointees.

7. May I please have your instructions as to the steps you desire to be taken with regard to this failure to consult.

8. In order that the situation may not change pending receipt of your decision the Ministry of Interior has been requested not to publish this decree in the Gazette for the present.

27 A APP A

/s/ R. R. Cripps, Lt Col.
R. R. CRIPPS,
Lt. Colonel,
for VP Adm Section

23.4.44

Copy to: Interior Sub Comm (2)

9/1A/AS
21 Apr 44

COPY

2181

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CONFIDENTIAL
COPY

ROUTINE

APRIL 20/1500

FROM: IBC STUBBLEBINE FROM HANCOCK

APRIL 20/1300

FATTER FOR LUSH

S-9710

Req 192

Decree dated 12 Apr 1911 appointing nine members of Giunta Consultive for Sicily just received by High Commissioner who informs he has not been consulted regarding its composition he considers that the Giunta is defective as to political and geographical representation. Submit that Interior Sub-Commission be asked to intervene and that members of Giunta be screened and essential that High Commissioner be fully consulted before decree is promulgated.

27 D/APO B

S-9710
20 Apr 43

23-2

COPY

CONFIDENTIAL

2182

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DECLASSIFIED DCC
21 APR 1944

TRANSLATION

Ministry of Communication

File No. 3/3.0/1109 Salerno, 17 April 1944

In answer to: 091.1 of 13-4-44

To: Allied Control Commission,
Att. Captain Stone.

I acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 091.1, dated 13 April 44, in which you have furnished me with the ample and detailed report of Colonel Densmore.

I, too, am convinced that the exceedingly sensitive behavior of Engineer Barcia comes from his impulsive character, which is not attuned to the seriousness of past events--perhaps because of shock from the air raids.

We also feel it best to let drop a matter which would only ruffle the good relations which have always existed, especially in the field of communications, between the Allied Control Commission (and its local members) and our Administration.

The Under Secretary of State

/s/ M. Pano

091.1

Trans/ Sgt. Jorini/ajp.

VS

(26)

17 April

2351

/TES

MINISTERO DELLE COMUNICAZIONI
DIREZIONE GENERALE PP. TT.

SALERNO, 17 APRILE 1944

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO
SEDE
(ALLA PARTICOLARE ATTENZIONE DEL CPT. STONE)

N. S/8.0/1109
Risposta al N091.1
DEL 13-4-44
OGGETTO:

HO RICEVUTO LA LETTERA NR. 091.1 IN DATA 13-4-44 CON LA QUALE LA S. V. MI RIMETTE LA RELAZIONE AMPIA ED ESAURIENTE DEL COL. DENSMORE.

SONO IO PURE CONVINTO CHE L'ECCESSO DI SUSCETTIBILITÀ DELL'ING. BARCIA SIA CONSEGUENZA DEL SUO CARATTERE IMPULSIVO, NON SUFFICIENTEMENTE CONSONO ALLA GRAVITÀ DEGLI EVENTI TRASCORSI - E FORSE SCOSSO DAI BOMBARDAMENTI SUBITI.

RITENIAMO NOI PURE LA MIGLIOR COSA DARE PASSATA ALLA PRATICA CHE NON PUÒ INCRINARE I BUONI RAPPORTI SEMPRE INTERCORSI SPECIE NEL CAMPO COMUNICAZIONI TRA COTESTA A.C.C. E I SUOI MEMBRI PERIFERICI E LA NOSTRA AMMINISTRAZIONE.

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO

(26)

2230

2 1 3 3 5
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

HO RICEVUTO LA LETTERA NR. 091.1 IN DATA 13-4-44 CON LA QUALE LA S. V. MI RIMETTE LA RELAZIONE AMPIA ED ESAURIENTE DEL COL. DENSMORE.

SONO IO PURE CONVINTO CHE L'ECCESSO DI SUSCETTIBILITÀ DELL'ING. BARCIA SIA CONSEGUENZA DEL SUO CARATTERE IMPULSIVO, NON SUFFICIENTEMENTE CONSONO ALLA GRAVITÀ DEGLI EVENTI TRASCORSI - E FORSE SCOSSO DAI BOMBARDAMENTI SUBITI.

RITENIAMO NOI PURE LA MIGLIOR COSA DARE PASSATA ALLA PRATICA CHE NON PUÒ INCRINARE I BUONI RAPPORTI SEMPRE INTERCORSI SPECIE NEL CAMPO COMUNICAZIONI TRA COTESTA A.C.C. E I SUOI MEMBRI PERIFERICI E LA NOSTRA AMMINISTRAZIONE.

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO

(26)

2330

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DSD 223

13 APR 1944

WHB/hjp

In reply refer to:
DCC 091.1

13 April 1944

Dear Dr. Fano:

This is in reference to your letter Nr. S/S.C/1057 of 6 April 1944 relative to remarks made by Allied officers to Engineer Garcia of Sicily. Attached to your letter was transmittal note dated 30 March 1944 from Dott. Giorgianni and copy of report to you from Eng. Garcia.

This matter was referred to Lt. Col. L. D. Densmore for report. Col. Densmore was in charge of Communications for AMG in Sicily during the period. Attached is copy of his report.

The conclusions reached by Col. Densmore in the report with respect to Major Biermann and Capt. Davis are concurred in.

With respect to Captain Travelyan, if it was your intention to make complaint against this officer, a full statement as to the actions complained of should be submitted.

KELSEY K. STONE
Captain, USNR
Deputy Chief Commissioner

1 Incl.

His Excellency Dr. Mario Fano
Under-Secretary of State for Communications
Italian Government

2204

(26) APP A

2186

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

13 April 1944

SUBJECT: Remarks of Allied Officers to Italian Official

TO : Deputy Chief Commissioner, Hq Allied Control Commission, APO 394

1. This is in reference to letter No. S/S.O/1051 from the Under-Secretary of State for Posts and Telecommunications, Italian Government, dated 8 April 1944, relative to the above subject.

2. The basis of the representation is an undated report from Engineer Barcia, inspector in Sicily of the State Agency for telephone services. The report was transmitted to the Under-Secretary by letter dated 30 March 1944 from Dott. Giorgianni, Inspector General for Sicily.

3. In the report of Eng. Barcia, reference is made to "offending phrases" made to him by Allied Officers.

a. It is stated that on the 27th of July 1943 when Eng. Barcia asked Major Biermann for a "declaration" relative to a motor vehicle taken from Barcia, that Major Biermann answered "Conquerors do not provide the vanquished with declarations".

b. At that time Major Biermann was and still is wire officer of the Signal Section Headquarters, 7th U. S. Army, and was in charge of all civilian communication facilities in Western Sicily. Hostilities still existed in Sicily between the Italian Armed Forces and Allied troops. The car in question was, as shown by the report, Italian State property and as such, under the rules of land warfare, was subject to seizure by the Allied Forces without requisition, declaration, or receipt, since it was State property and directly susceptible to military use. The Allied troops entered Sicily not as conquerors but as liberators. Therefore, the language alleged to have been used by Major Biermann would appear to have been uncalled for. The incident took place prior to the Armistice while hostilities were still being carried on and involved an officer of the combat forces. There is therefore, in my opinion, no justifiable grounds for any action of the Commission in this matter. As Director of communications for the Allied Military Government in Sicily during the period covered by Eng. Barcia's report, I had opportunity to work with Major Biermann on a number of occasions wherein the interest of the civil communication personnel was involved. I found him to be most sympathetic with the civilians and most helpful.

c. The second matter complained of in Eng. Barcia's report

(20) APP A INCL

2203

2187

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

is in reference to a remark made to Barcia by Captain Davis, one of the officers assigned to the AMG Communications Section under my direction. This remark was likewise the result of Barcia's insistence upon being given a written declaration with respect to the State owned motor vehicle mentioned in paragraph a above. Regardless of the provocations on the part of Eng. Barcia that prompted Captain Davis to make the remark, of which there were to my own certain knowledge many, he (Davis) as is shown by the report called Barcia the next day and "apologized" for pronouncing those words. It appears most incredible that after all this time and in view of the circumstances, and especially in view of Captain Davis' apology freely given without direction or suggestion from his commanding officer, that it should now be suggested that any action is proper or required.

4. I am familiar with the situation with respect to the operations between the AMG communications officers and the civil communication organization in Sicily during the period July (latter part) to Dec. 1, 1943. Every effort possible was made to assist civilian organizations. Both Captain Davis and Captain Trevelyan went out of their way to see to it that funds were made available or unfrozen with which pay rolls could be met in order that the families of telephone and telegraph workers would not be without money. When Eng. Barcia's car was returned to him, Captain Davis personally took it to AMG garages in an attempt to have proper repairs made. With respect to the actions of Eng. Barcia I can not be too complimentary. He on the surface manifested a willingness to be helpful but when asked to produce results constantly set forth many requirements which he asked the AMG to provide for him before he was able to undertake the full responsibilities of the official position which he occupied. I can also say that to me personally Eng. Barcia's actions and attitude were most exasperating. A true statement as to the type of treatment and effort on behalf of the civil communication organizations during the period of time under discussion can be had by reference to the General Director of S.E.T. at Naples or to Eng. Guiseppe Cuscina, Manager of Western Sicily for S.E.T.

5. There is a reference to Captain Trevelyan in Eng. Barcia's report, "H.Q. Fano, when you were present, was able to ascertain in his interview with Captain Trevelyan how often I had discussed matters with the latter". The significance or meaning of the remark is unknown. Captain Trevelyan is at present A.C.C. representative for the Telecommunications and Posts Sub-Commission in Sicily. Attention is directed to the last line in the Under-Secretary's letter of 8 April 1944 which states "we might say the same for Captain Trevelyan". This implies that a complaint is possibly being made against the present actions of Captain Trevelyan. If such is intended, it is suggested that specific information be provided in order that this matter can be dealt with by Colonel Henderson.

L. D. Densmore 2297
L. D. DENSMORE
Lt. Col., S.C.

(2) APP A

2188

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

Ministry of Communications
General Direction of Posts & Telegraphs. Palermo, 8 April 1944.

Ref. No. 3/E.C/1051

To: Allied Control Commission
(Attention of Captain Stone) Hq.

Subject: Report

Following our conversations, I am herein forwarding a report received from our Engineer Bonis, Inspector in Sicily of the State Agency for Telephone Services, regarding certain offending phrases uttered to him by an allied officer when a car, the property of this Administration, was being requisitioned.

The words pronounced by Captain Davis, before witnesses, are of such a grave character, that an intervention by the Allied Commission is requested, if only with regard to the consequences which would ensue if no reaction was shown on our part.

We beg your pardon for the trouble and we thank you for whatever action you may decide to take, pointing out, however, that while every Allied Com and in Sicily has been more than correct in our regard, the officers who have dealt in Palermo with our telephone and Telegraph services have had a way of doing which has been everything but kind and an attitude not in harmony with the sense of complete collaboration animating our local Administration (we might say the same for Captain Trevelyan).

The Undersecretary of State

/s/ Fano

Translator Pool: LMZ/ajp.

2295

(26) APP B

2189

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DECLASSIFICATION

CONFIDENTIAL

Administration of Posts & Telegraphs Palermo, 30 March 1944

Gen. Inspectorate P. T. for Sicily,
Personnel Office Ref. No. 7489

Subject: Informations

To : The Cabinet of H. E. The Under Secretary,
Posts & Telegraphs,
Salerno.

(In Answer to 602365 dated 25 March /4)

With reference to your kind note, enclosed for reference, I forward report from Ing. Bersia, Inspector for the local telephone services.

The undersigned has nothing to add to the declarations of the above mentioned functionary.

Inspector General for Sicily
(Dott. Giorgieri)

Translators' Pool: LEJ/sjp.

2295

(2) APP B ENCL

TRANSLATION

Office of the Deputy Inspector Palermo

Subject: Declaration.

With reference to what H.Q. the Under Secretary wishes to know, I inform him of the following facts:

During the month of September, I cannot recall the exact date, after two months of repeated insistence, I was finally provided with the car which had been assigned me by the 6th Army during military operations. In compliance with proclamations, I declared on the 27 July 43 to Maj. Biermann of the Signal Office Main HQ 7th Army, that this Agency had been assigned a car by the Italian Army. In fact, he introduced himself to me as chief of the telephone section of the 7th Army and only from him was I to receive orders.

Major Biermann immediately requested the car in spite of the fact that I pointed out to him that it was absolutely indispensable to me for the carrying out of my duties.

I then asked for a declaration, but he answered:"Conquerors do not provide the vanquished with declarations". During September, as stated before, the car was returned to me, but as it was not in the same state of repair as before, the above mentioned major told me to go and see Captain Davis of the AMGOT telephone section who was to have the car properly overhauled, as the technical telephone service had now been transferred under AMGOT control. This officer requested again the car asserting that the technical personnel of the amplifying stations of Palermo and Caltavuturo were under him and he considered that, for the time being, no car was necessary. Also in this instance I asked for a written declaration but he just answered: "Masters do not issue their servants with receipts". Captain Trevelyan was present in the same room as he also had his office there, but was not at the time interested in telephone matters.

Next day Captain Davis called for me and apologized for pronouncing those words the previous day, but they had escaped him because I always asked for written declarations. Carlo De Levi, who is an engineer of the agency at Catania was present during this interview and is able to confirm the above.

With reference to all the other matters and as I have always told you nearly all orders were given me verbally. Perhaps this was due to the fact that half the telephone offices of the agency were under the American Command and the other half under the British. For instance on instruction or instructions of Colonel Manusco I was ordered by Captain Trevelyan to make an advance of Lire 180.000 to the SET (this sum has since been remitted to our inspectorate 5th, Naples Zone by the General Administration of SET). But in everything I have acted with sound judgment and a sense of responsibility in the interests of the service and its administration.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

was C to receive orders.

Major Biermann immediately requested the car in spite of the fact that I pointed out to him that it was absolutely indispensable to me for the carrying out of my duties.

I then asked for a declaration, but he answered:"Orgnizers do not provide the vanquished with declarations". During September, as stated before, the car was returned to me, but as it was not in the same state of repair as before, the above mentioned major told me to go and see Captain Davis of the AMGOT telephone section and was to have the car properly overhauled, as the technical telephone service had now been transferred under AMGOT control. This officer sequestrated again the car asserting that the technical personnel of the amplifying stations of Palermo and Caltavuturo were under him and he considered that, for the time being, no car was necessary. Also in this instance I asked for a written declaration but he just answered: "Masters do not issue their servants with receipts". Captain Trevelyan was present in the same room as he also had his office there, but was not at the time interested in telephone matters.

Next day Captain Davis called for me and apologized for pronouncing those words the previous day, but they had escaped him because I always asked for written declarations. Carlo De Levi, who is an engineer of the agency at Catania was present during this interview and is able to confirm the above.

With reference to all the other matters and as I have always told you nearly all orders were given me verbally. Perhaps this was due to the fact that half the telephone offices of the agency were under the American Command and the other half under the British. For instance on instruction on instructions of Colonel Hemspace I was ordered by Captain Trevelyan to make an advance of Lire 100.000 to the SET (This sum has since been remitted to our inspectorate 5th, Naples Zone by the General Administration of SET). But in everything I have acted with sound judgment and a sense of responsibility in the interests of the service and its administration.

2294

H. E. Fano, when you were present, was able to ascertain in his interview with Captain Trevelyan how often I had discussed matters with the latter.

(2) MP B INC

Deputy Inspector.

Translators' Pool/LsC/ajp.

/SBR

MINISTERO DELLE COMUNICAZIONI
DIREZIONE GENERALE PP. TT.

SALERNO, 8 APRILE 1944

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO
(ALLA PARTICOLARE ATTENZIONE DEL CAP. STONE)
S E DE

N. S/8.0/1057
Risposta al N. .....

OGGETTO: RAPPORTO.

A SEGUITO DI PRECEDENTE COMUNICAZIONE VERBALE TRASMETTIAMO RAPPORTO A NOI INOLTRATO DAL NOSTRO ING. BARCIA, ISPETTORE IN SICILIA DELLA AZIENDA DI STATO PER I SERVIZI TELEFONICI, CIRCA ALCUNE FRASI OFFENSIVE RIVOLTE A LUI DA UN UFFICIALE ALLEATO IN OCCASIONE DELLA AVVENUTA REQUISIZIONE DELLA AUTOMOBILE DI PROPRIETÀ DI QUESTA AMMINISTRAZIONE.

LA FRASE PRONUNCIATA DAL CAPITANO DAVIS, PUR DAVANTI A TESTIMONI, È DI TALE GRAVITÀ DA RICHIEDERE UN INTERVENTO DA PARTE DI CODESTA ON.LE COMMISSIONE, SE NON ALTRO PER LE CONSEGUENZE CHE DA UNA MANCATA NOSTRA REAZIONE AL RIGUARDO POTREBBERO CONSEGUIRE.

VI CHIEDIAMO SCUSA DEL DISTURBO E VI RINGRAZIAMO PER QUANTO VORRETE DISPORRE IN MERITO, NON SENZA RILEVARE CHE MENTRE IN SICILIA TUTTI I COMANDI ALLEATI HANNO AVUTO PER NOI ATTENZIONE SUPERIORI ALLA STESSA NOSTRA ASPETTATIVA, GLI UFFICIALI CHE A PALERMO HANNO AVUTO RAPPORTO CON I NOSTRI SERVIZI TELEGRAFONICI, HANNO SEMPRE AVUTO MODI DI FARE TUTT'ALTRO CHE GENTILI E ATTEGGIAMENTI CHE RITENIAMO NON CONSONI ALLO SPIRITO DI PIENA COLLABORAZIONE CHE ANIMANO I NOSTRI FUNZIONARI LOCALI. (CIÒ DICIAMO ANCHE PER IL CAPITANO TREVELYAN).-

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO

(2) 100 B

2293

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

A SEGUITO DI PRECEDENTE COMUNICAZIONE VERBALE TRASMETTIAMO RAPPORTO A NOI INOLTRATO DAL NOSTRO ING. BARCIA, ISPETTORE IN SICILIA DELLA AZIENCA DI STATO PER I SERVIZI TELEFONICI, CIRCA ALCUNE FRASI OFFENSIVE RIVOLTE A LUI DA UN UFFICIALE ALLEATO IN OCCASIONE DELLA AVVENUTA REQUISIZIONE DELLA AUTOMOBILE DI PROPRIETÀ DI QUESTA AMMINISTRAZIONE.

LA FRASE PRONUNCIATA DAL CAPITANO DAVIS, PUR DAVANTI A TESTIMONI, È DI TALE GRAVITÀ DA RICHIEDERE UN INTERVENTO DA PARTE DI CODESTA ON.LE COMMISSIONE, SE NON ALTRO PER LE CONSEGUENZE CHE DA UNA MANCATA NOSTRA REAZIONE AL RIGUARDO POTREBBERO CONSEGUIRE.

VI CHIEDIAMO SCUSA DEL DISTURBO E VI RINGRAZIAMO PER QUANTO VORRETE DISPORRE IN MERITO, NON SENZA RILEVARE CHE MENTRE IN SICILIA TUTTI I COMANDI ALLEATI HANNO AVUTO PER NOI ATTENZIONE SUPERIORI ALLA STESSA NOSTRA ASPETTATIVA, GLI UFFICIALI CHE A PALERMO HANNO AVUTO RAPPORTO CON I NOSTRI SERVIZI TELEGRAFONICI, HANNO SEMPRE AVUTO MODI DI FARE TUTT'ALTRO CHE GENTILI E ATTEGGIAMENTI CHE RITENIAMO NON CONSONI ALLO SPIRITO DI PIENA COLLABORAZIONE CHE ANIMANO I NOSTRI FUNZIONARI LOCALI. (CIÒ DICIAMO ANCHE PER IL CAPITANO TREVELYAN).-

(2C) APO B

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO

2293

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

/TES-COPIA

PALERMO 30 MARZO 1944

AMMINISTRAZIONE
DELLE POSTE E DEI TELEGRAFI

AL GABINETTO DI S.E. IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO
POSTE TELEGRAFI
SALERNO

ISPETTORATO GENERALE P.I.
DELLA SICILIA
UFFICIO PERSONALE
N. 7480

RISPOSTA FOGLIO 002356 DEL 25-3-44

OGGETTO: INFORMAZIONI.

R I S E R V A T A

A RISCONTRO DELLA PREGIATA NOTA A RIFERIMENTO, COMPIEGATO ALLA PRESENTE SI TRASMETTE IL RAPPORTO PRESENTATO A TAL RIGUARDO DAL V. ISPETTORE ING. BARCIA DELLA LOCALE AZIENDA STATO PEI SERVIZI TELEFONICI.
NULLA LO SCRIVENTE HA DA AGGIUNGERE ALLA DICHIARAZIONE RESA DAL PREFATO FUNZIONARIO.

L'ISPETTORE GENERALE DELLA SICILIA
(DOTT. GIORGIANNI)

(20 ARP B

/TES-COPIA

UFFICIO DEL VICE ISPETTORE PALERMO.-

OGGETTO: DICHIARAZIONE.

IN MERITO A CIÒ CHE L'ECC. IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DESIDERA CONOSCERE FACCIO PRESENTE QUANTO SEGUE:

NEL MESE DI SETTEMBRE, NON RICORDO CON PRECISIONE IL GIORNO, MI FU CONSEGNATA FINALMENTE DOPO DUE MESI DI VIVACISSIME INSISTENZE L'AUTOVETTURA A ME CONCESSA DALLA VI° ARMATA DURANTE IL PERIODO BELLICO. CHE L'AZIENDA AVESSE IN CONSEGNA TALE MACCHINA DA PARTE DEL R.E. FU DA ME DICHIARATO, IN OBBEDIENZA AI PROCLAMI, IL 27-7-43 AL MAGG° SIERMANN DELL'"OFFICE OF THE SIGNAL OFFICER MAIN HEADQUARTERS SEVENTH ARMY". EGLI INFATTI SI PRESENTÒ A ME COME CAPO DELLA SEZIONE TELEFONICA DELLA VII ARMATA E SOLO DA LUI DOVEVO IO RICEVERE GLI ORDINI.

IL MAGG. BIERMANN SEQUESTRÒ SUBITO L'AUTOVETTURA NONOSTANTE IO FACESSI PRESENTE CHE ESSA ERA ASSOLUTAMENTE INDISPENSABILE PER L'ESPLETAMENTO DELLE MIE MANSIONI.

PRETESI UNA DICHIARAZIONE, MA MI RISPOSE CHE " VINCITORI NON DANNO AI VINTI ALCUNA DICHIARAZIONE". NEL MESE DI SETTEMBRE, COME INNANZI DETTO, MI FU RESTITUITA LA MACCHINA IN QUESTIONE E SICCOME QUESTA NON ERA PIÙ NELLE CONDIZIONI DI EFFICIENZA DI PRIMA IL SUDDETTO MAGGIORE MI COMUNICÒ DI RECARMI DAL CAPITANO DAVIS DELLA SEZIONE TELEFONICA DELL'AMGOT, IL QUALE AVREBBE PENSATO A FARE ESEGUIRE LE RIPARAZIONI NECESSARIE DATO CHE IL SERVIZIO TELEFONICO TECNICO ERA PASSATO ALLE DIPENDENZE DELL'AMGOT. QUEST'ULTIMO INVECE MI SEQUESTRÒ DI NUOVO L'AUTOVETTURA DICENDOMI CHE IL PERSONALE TECNICO DELLE STAZIONI AMPLIFICATRICI DI PALERMO E DI CALTAVUTURO DIPENDEVA ORA DA LUI E CHE PER IL MOMENTO NON C'ERA BISOGNO DI ALCUNA AUTOVETTURA. DOMANDAI ANCHE IN QUESTO CASO UNA DICHIARAZIONE SCRITTA, MA EGLI RISPOSE CHE "I PADRONI NON RILASCIANO RICEVUTE AI LORO SERVI".

ERA PRESENTE ANCHE IL CAP. TREVELYAN CHE AVEVA L'UFFICIO NELLA MEDESIMA

2195
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

FACCIO PRESENTE QUANTO SEGUE:

NEL MESE DI SETTEMBRE, NON RICORDO CON PRECISIONE IL GIORNO, MI FU CONSEGNATA FINALMENTE DOPO DUE MESI DI VIVACISSIME INSISTENZE L'AUTOVETTURA A ME CONCESSA DALLA VI° ARMATA DURANTE IL PERIODO BELLICO. CHE L'AZIENDA AVESSE IN CONSEGNA TALE MACCHINA DA PARTE DEL M.E. FU DA ME DICHIARATO, IN OBBEDIENZA AI PROCLAMI, IL 27-7-43 AL MAGG° BIERMANN DELL'"OFFICE OF THE SIGNAL OFFICER MAIN HEADQUARTERS SEVENTH ARMY". EGLI INFATTI SI PRESENTÒ A ME COME CAPO DELLA SEZIONE TELEFONICA DELLA VII ARMATA E SOLO DA LUI DOVEVO IO RICEVERE GLI ORDINI.

IL MAGG. BIERMANN SEQUESTRÒ SUBITO L'AUTOVETTURA NONOSTANTE IO FACESSI PRESENTE CHE ESSA ERA ASSOLUTAMENTE INDISPENSABILE PER L'ESPLETAMENTO DELLE MIE MANSIONI.

PRETESI UNA DICHIARAZIONE, MA MI RISPOSE CHE " VINCITORI NON DANNO AI VINTI ALCUNA DICHIARAZIONE". NEL MESE DI SETTEMBRE, COME INNANZI DETTO, MI FU RESTITUITA LA MACCHINA IN QUESTIONE E SICCOME QUESTA NON ERA PIÙ NELLE CONDIZIONI DI EFFICIENZA DI PRIMA IL SUDDETTO MAGGIORE MI COMUNICÒ DI RECARMI DAL CAPITANO DAVIS DELLA SEZIONE TELEFONICA DELL'AMGOT, IL QUALE AVREBBE PENSATO A FARE ESEGUIRE LE RIPARAZIONI NECESSARIE DATO CHE IL SERVIZIO TELEFONICO TECNICO ERA PASSATO ALLE DIPENDENZE DELL'AMGOT. QUEST'ULTIMO INVECE MI SEQUESTRÒ DI NUOVO L'AUTOVETTURA DICENDOMI CHE IL PERSONALE TECNICO DELLE STAZIONI AMPLIFICATRICI DI PALERMO E DI CALTAVUTURO DIPENDEVA ORA DA LUI E CHE PER IL MOMENTO NON C'ERA BISOGNO DI ALCUNA AUTOVETTURA. DOMANDAI ANCHE IN QUESTO CASO UNA DICHIARAZIONE SCRITTA, MA EGLI RISPOSE CHE "I PADRONI NON RILASCIANO RICEVUTE AI LORO SERVI".

ERA PRESENTE ANCHE IL CAP. TREVELYAN CHE AVEVA L'UFFICIO NELLA MEDESIMA STANZA, MA CHE ALLORA NON SI OCCUPAVA DI QUESTIONI TELEFONICHE.

L'INDOMANI IL CAP. DAVIS MI MANDÒ A CHIAMARE SCUSANDOSI DI AVERE PRONUNCIATE QUELLE PAROLE, MA CHE EGLI LE AVEVA DETTO PERCHÈ IO CHIEDEVO SEMPRE DELLE DICHIARAZIONI SCRITTE. AL COLLOQUIO COL CAP. DAVIS ERA PRESENTE ANCHE L'ING. CARLO DÈ LEVIS DELL'AZIENDA IN ATTO PRESTANTE SERVIZIO PRESSO LA SEDE DI CATANIA CHE POTRÀ CONFERMARE QUANTO SOPRA.

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IN MERITO POI A TUTTE LE ALTRE QUESTIONI, LEI SA, COME EBBI SEMPRE A DIRLE, CHE QUASI TUTTI GLI ORDINI A ME VENIVANO IMPARTITI VERBALMENTE. FORSE CIÒ ERA DOVUTO AL FATTO CHE GLI UFFICI TELEFONICI DELL'AZIENDA DIPENDEVANO SINO A NOVEMBRE PER METÀ DAL COMANDO AMERICANO E PER META DAL COMANDO INGLESE. TALE PER ES. È STATO L'ORDINE DATOMI DAL CAPITANO TREVELYAN PER INCARICO DEL COL. MENAPACE DI ANTICIPARE ALLA SET LIRE 150.000- (QUESTE SONO STATE GIÀ VERSATE DALLA DIREZIONE GENERALE DELLA SET AL NOSTRO ISPETTORATO Vª ZONA DI NAPOLI). MA SU TUTTO HO AGITO CON SANO DISCERNIMENTO E CON UN GRANDE SENSO DI RESPONSABILITA NELL'INTERESSE DEL SERVIZIO E DELL'AMMINISTRAZIONE.

L'ECC. FANO, PRESENTE LEI, HA POI POTUTO CONSTATARE PERSONALMENTE NEL COLLOQUIO AVUTO COL CAP. TREVELYAN QUANTE VOLTE IO ABBIA DISCUSSO CON QUEST'ULTIMO SU ALCUNE QUESTIONI.

IL VICE ISPETTORE.

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DSM 580
20 APR 1944

SG 000.1. 18 April 1944

MEMORANDUM TO: Lt Col C. Poletti, Regional Commissioner, Region III.

The Chief Commissioner directs me to forward the attached documents, which are self-explanatory, to you.

ROBERT E. DOE
Major, A.G.D.
Secretary General

1 Incl:
Ltr fr Giunta Executiva, No. 64
of 17 Apr 44 - w/inclosures.

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18 Apr

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TRANSLATION

Inclosure No. 1

GIUNTA ESECUTIVA ITALIA LIBERATA

NAPLES

We, the undersigned, members of the Committee for National Liberation of Arzano make known that after the fall of the defunct Fascist Party in said Commune there occured spontaneously a huge popular demonstration against the Fascist Hierarch Prefect Commissioner Mr. Giudetti Giuseppe.

Several carried on their shoulders to the Commune the antifascist Mr. Diligenza Ciro, who appearing on the balcony of the Municipality asked the demonstrators to restore peace and order, which was promptly complied with. H.E. the Prefect of Naples on January 2 with the approval of the Allied Headquarters appointed Mr. Diligenza Ciro Prefect Commissioner of the Commune of Arzano, as is seen in the attached copy. However, after only 2 days the Allied Governor of Frattamaggiore asked Diligenza and Giudetti to appear before him; having appeared through an interpreter who interpreted everything except the wishes and the words of the Governor and of the concerned who spoke the Italian language, as the official facts later showed, the interpreter being in prison for corruption, he stated that because the accusations made against Giudetti were unfounded, he was again in charge; and due to this act the antifascists and all the people of Arzano have no peace and are therefore in constant uproar.

Consequently the undersigned beg of this Giunta Esecutiva to take the necessary steps to avoid dangerous consequences.

The political offices of Giudetti:
Inscription to the Fascist Party in 1926
Commander of GIL
Member of Directorate for Fascist culture and propaganda 1935
Political Vice Secretary of the Fascio 1943
Lecturer many times against Anglo-Saxons from 1940 to 1943.
Communal Commissiondr under the Mussolini Government

Diligenza Ciro
Head of Arzanese Antifascism
5 times in prison
20 house searches
Persecuted during the shameful Fascist Ventennium.

For the National Committee for Liberation.

Arzano

For the Liberal Democratic Party - Vincenzo Peruti fu Pasquale
For the Socialist Party - Piscopo Giovanni fu Antonio
For the Communist Party - Dell'Aversano Giovanni di Tommaso

Arzano, 5 April 1944.

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(25) Encl 1

Encl 1

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Inclosure No. 22

R. Prefettura di Napoli

Naples, 11.1.1944

IT IS STATED

that Diligenza Ciro has been appointed Prefect Commissioner of the Commune of Arzano by Prefectial Decree No. 16046 of 2 January 1944 and that the Allied Headquarters at Naples has given its approval to this appointment by letter dated 27 December 1943.

THE PREFECT

(E. Cavalieri)

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(22) G Inc 1

11.1.1944

Inclosure 1

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

GIUNTA EXECUTIVA DELL'ITALIA LIBERATA.
NAPLES

Naples, 17/4/1944

PROT. N-64.

To: General MacFarlane
President of the Allied Control Commission
Naples

We are forwarding herewith copies of documents concerning the situation which has developed in the Commune of Arzano (Naples Province), where once more people of ill will are trying to deceive the good faith of the United Nations authorities to the damage of the population of the Community.

Will you kindly intercede with your good offices for re-establishment of the truth and fair play in the Commune of Arzano.

With the highest consideration please accept our thanks.

for The Giunta Executiva

'(sgd) V. Calace

2 Inclosures

(2) CINC!
17 Apr

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[redacted]

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Here's the copy in case you'd like to return it.

SECRET RECEIVED IN CODE

OSK 552 675

18 APR 1944

RECEIVED AT ISLAND BASE SECTION

MSG NR 902

MSG CEN NR

TO FARGO

CLASSIFICATION "P"
TIME OF ORIGIN 141644
TIME OF RECEIPT 142255
TIME DECODED 142301

SUPPLIED CCS RPT CCS FOLLOWING DATA RE LUIGI EINAUDI BORN IN CARRU PARTI CUNEO PAREN TWO FOUR APRIL ONE EIGHT SEVEN FOUR CMA SENATOR OF KINGDOM AND UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR CMA MINISTER OF TREASURY ONE NINE TWO TWO PAREN TO FATIMA FOR JOYCE REPEATED FARGO FOR CFO RPT CFO SIGNED EISENHOWER CITE FINGS RPT FINGS PAREN X RESIDENT OF TURIN CMA CHARGED WITH POLITICAL ECONOMY AND INDUSTRIAL LEGISLATION AT SCHOOL OF ENGINEERS FORMERLY ACADEMY OF THE LINCEI CMA MEMBER OF TURIN ACADEMY OF SCIENCE CMA SECRETARY IN PERPETUITY OF GEORGIAN ACADEMY AND OF DEPUTATION OF PATRIOTIC HISTORY OF ANCIENT PROVINCES CMA MEMBER INSTITUTE INTERNATIONALE DES STATITICIENS CMA HONORARY MEMBER OF GOLDEN CLUB CMA AMERICAN ECONOMIC ASSOCIATION AND SOCIETY ON POLITICAL ECONOMY AND DOCTOR OF JURISPRUDENCE X AUTHOR OF MANY ARTICLES ON CURRENT ECONOMIC PROBLEMS CMA FIRST IN TURIN PRESS LATER CORRIERE DELLA SERA AND FINANCIAL EDITOR / THIS PAPER ALSO EDITED QUOTE SOCIAL REFORM UNQUOTE REVIEW OF ECONOMIC HISTORY X COORDINATED AND DIRECTOR VARIOUS DRAFTS OF LAWS ON RENTS WHILE SENATOR APPOINTED ONE NINE ONE NINE ALSO MEMBER COMBINED COMMISSION SENATORS AND DEPUTIES FOR APPLICATION APPEAL LAWS X SON MARIO ON FACULTY FORDHAM UNIVERSITY GRADUATE SCHOOL NEW YORK AS PROFESSOR OF ECONOMICS X BADOGLIO APPOINTED HIM RECTOR TURIN UNIVERSITY OF MUSSOLINI X ESCAPED TO SWITZERLAND ON GERMAN OCCUPATION NORTH ITALY X AUTHOR OF INSPIRING ARTICLES IN ITALIAN PRESS OF LIBERAL NATURE PRIOR THERETO X PARA X THESE FACTS APPEAR INDICATED HIS POSSESS BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS FOR BADOGLIOS FINANCE MINISTER X WAR AND STATE DEPARTMENT ACCEPT HIS APPOINTMENT X DOUBTED HOWEVER IF HE CAN BE GOT OUT OF SWITZERLAND X OCS RPT OCS UNDERSTAND YOU STUDYING POSSIBILITY CMA THEY WILL APPROACH BERN IF YOU WISH

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File

SECRET

RECEIVED IN CODE

File 225a

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DSD 177

5 APR 1944

SMC/hjp

In reply refer to:
DCC 091.1

5 April 1944

My dear Dr. Gallenga:

I have received and read with the greatest interest the text of H.E. Reale's speech given in Potenza, and I want to thank you for your courtesy in sending it to me.

Sincerely yours,

MURRAY W. CHORN
Captain, USNR
Deputy Chief Commissioner

Dr. Mario Gallenga
Private Secretary to H.E. The
Minister of Interior
Italian Government

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TRANSLATION

Personal Secretary to
H.E. the Minister of the Interior

Salerno 1 April 1944

Capt. Ellery W. Stone,
Vice-President and Deputy Chief Commissioner,
Allied Control Commission, Salerno.

I have received the text of H. E. Roelee' speech given in Potenza, on 26 March, and, in the absence of the Minister, I take it upon myself to send you a copy in his name.

The Personal Secretary

(Dr. Mario Gallenga)

/s/ Mario Gallenga.

Trans/Sgt. Soriat/ajp.

(23) NND A

TRANSLATION

(Special Edition of "Il Gazzettino", Potenza, 28 March, 1944)

H. E. Reale Speaks:

Citizens, Friends,

I greet the Allies and thank them, as I thank the Committee which has given me this honor, and the citizenry which is so numerously represented.

After 20 years, this platform once more becomes the arena of liberty, a rostrum from which we can take up again the old conversation with the Italian people, to discuss the problem of its existence and its future.

The first rehearsals of Fascism were made here: in this noble city. Here, a blind agrarian and conservative reaction denied to men of liberty, who gave impulse to the noblest ideals with the Italian proletariat, the defense of their political ideas. Here, instead, in this same place, freedom of speech was given to organizers of armed bands.

Let us not forget this episode of shortsightedness and unconscious, voluntary and involuntary members today wish to regain virginity by cloaking themselves in an anti-fascist air which sound very much out of place as it pours from their lips.

The generation which has witnessed this political phase should keep on its toes and not allow damaged goods on the market. On that occasion might took the place of right for the first time, imposition became a substitute for conviction and common consent; the success of this method constitutes one of the causes for the downfall of liberty, for the coming into power of violent men over the legitimate representatives of the Country, for an Armed Militia at the will of Parliament.

The lesson will not go unlearned: The error must not be repeated.

Italy fights for its resurrection, fights for liberty. She must know where the enemy is to be found.

In this tragic hour, who is defending the liberty, the honor, the future of Italy: the opposition or the Government?

It is the Italian people who must solve this problem. That is why I am here, before you. The present government represents anti-fascist legitimacy, continuity of government, thought and action. We are the continuation of the Government of 25 July, of that government whom the Italian people welcomed as a government which liberated Italy from fascist tyranny. What has changed from that day? There have been changes, but on the road away from fascism.

(23) APPA WC There was the armistice declaration; there was the declara-

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[illegible], the defense of their political ideas. Here, already, [illegible] place. Freedom of speech was given to organizers of armed bands.

Let us not forget this episode of those some conscious and unconscious, voluntary and involuntary members today wish to regain virginity by cloaking themselves in an anti-fascist air which sound very much out of place as it pours from their lips.

The generation which has witnessed this political phase should keep on its toes and not allow damaged goods on the market. On that occasion might took the place of right for the first time, imposition became a substitute for conviction and common consent; the success of this method constitutes one of the causes for the downfall of liberty, for the coming into power of violent men over the legitimate representatives of the Country, for an Armed Militia at the will of Parliament.

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(23) APP A MC

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There was the armistice declaration; there was the declaration of war against Germany; the government has proceeded with firm step toward the deepest aspirations of the Country, namely, to cut itself off from an infamous and dishonorable war, and to ransom the shame of 10 June 1940 by participating in the war of liberation which re-unites Italy with its glorious traditions, and reaffirms its solidarity, at the price of its blood, with the Nations which fight for justice and liberty.

This truth has been realized by the factious and reactionary Fascism, which changed itself into republican and socialist, and labels treason any revolt against Fascism, treason the war against Germany.

Italy, this glorious part of Italy which fights desperately for liberty, can it be put on the same plane of criminal Fascism? Can it disdain the reason, the essence, the legitimacy of the Badoglio Government, which is the opposite of the Mussolinian government and has its reason for existence and its justification by fighting against Fascism?

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It is possible that the opposition parties do not realize that any attempt to weaken the Badoglio Government helps the Mussolini bands, which, under German guidance, and under the shadow of German bayonets, represent the line of obstacle against an Italy which desperately climbs the road of its liberation? The opposition parties, in trying to ascend to power, forget the harm they do to Italy, and are not aware that their methods bring back into play fascist methods of violence and invective, which do not place in a position of legitimacy, a government which must have the ideal representation of all Italy, the part already liberated and that which awaits freedom.

Their methods strangely evoke the methods of Fascism; assemblies are called meetings, the slogan "Italy to us!" is called full powers.

There is but one method to give to Italy a Government which represents it fully, which will give it vigor and unity: forget little divergencies of thought, and unite round the great flag of Italy. Only thus can this poor and torn country have a government whose prestige may not be contested, always a necessary thing, indispensable at the present hour; only thus will Italy regain the respect due to her.

Churchill, in his celebrated speech, said it with the vigor and clarity which are characteristic of his oratory.

Either this road, or wait until the Country, all of it, including prisoners and those deported to Germany, may have their say and may indicate the form of government and the government which shall represent Italy.

A country, such as Italy, which emerges from a grave travail, from a heartless tyranny, from a distressing war, from a defeat without precedence, cannot but review its entire political organization in every field, from the institutional to the administrative, from the economic to the cultural. But it is necessary, in order to make this study, that the country be reunited geographically and morally. The opposition parties forget the tragic conditions in which Italy lives, and they forget that the solution of the problem which they put forth needs the participation of all the Italian people. Outside of this participation there is revolution, worse yet, a succession of revolutions, namely the destruction of that little which our tragic fate has left to us.

Italians do not believe in wisdom which flourishes in their own soil, but they believe very much in the wisdom which comes from the outside, and that wisdom is all the more welcome since it comes from England, a name dear to the Italian Risorgimento, a name sacred to liberty, and still more dear, today, to the heart of every Italian, because it is bound with the liberation, with the reconstruction of Italy.

It is a member of labor who speaks, a man of the left wing who writes of Italy competently, with passion, with knowledge of our problems. The labor member, Ivor Thomas, discloses the method by which the Italian people may solve its problems:

"I can see only one satisfactory way; pre-arrange a cons-

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divergencies of thought, and unite round the great flag of Italy. Only thus can this poor and torn country have a government whose prestige may not be contested, always a necessary thing, indispensable at the present hour; only thus will Italy regain the respect due to her.

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It is a member of labor who speaks, a man of the left wing who writes of Italy competently, with passion, with knowledge of our problems. The labor member, Ivor Thomas, discloses the method by which the Italian people may solve its problems:

"I can see only one satisfactory way; pre-arrange a constituent assembly to meet as soon as it is reasonably possible, say, at the end of hostilities." and he adds: "Matters would be considerably simplified if the King and Marshal Badoglio would announce NOW the convoking of such an assembly by means of free elections, within, let us say, six months after German capitulation, and to have it decide all internal questions". The request of this eminent parliamentarian has been accepted: a declaration by the King was communicated to the Allies on 21 October, and was re-presented to the Allies and to the King's Government. Listen to it; I am in a position to give it to you in full:

"1. The present Ministry will continue in office until the return of the Italian Government to the Capital."

"2. As soon as Rome is liberated from the Germans, we must constitute a Ministry on a wide basis, which will include exponents of all parties and exclude men in any way compromised with Fascism."

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"3. Within 4 months from the peace a Chamber of Deputies must be elected."

"4. The Parliament may freely discuss the institutions and reform them, even totally."

"5. The Nation, freely consulted, shall be the arbiter of its fate."

"6. The Crown will faithfully follow the will of the Nation, as manifested by the representatives of the Nation, freely elected."

"7. Any other line of conduct would, in this delicate moment, menace the authority, the legitimacy and the strength of the State, essential conditions to continue the fight against the Germans and against the residues of Fascism."

Marshal Badoglio has renewed this assurance and has repeated that in Rome, heart and mind of Italy, he is ready to form a new ministerial set-up on a wide basis, just as he is ready to leave his post to whoever may better serve the Nation.

It is superfluous to add that all the collaborators of Badoglio are united with their illustrious chief in his high decision.

But the Government finds its authority not only in its investiture, but also in the guaranty that is offered by its Head, who is Commander of the Army of Vittorio Veneto, inured to the most difficult and fatiguing hardships, and by the past history of its civilian members, who fought Fascism from its rise to its inglorious end.

This acknowledgement came solemnly from Prime Minister Churchill in a speech which will remain unforgotten for the echo it evoked in our Country, and from a personal letter of President Roosevelt to Marshal Badoglio which agrees in substance with the declarations of Churchill.

But facts posses a language more eloquent than words.

We lived hours of drama and anxiety because of a faulty transmission of some utterances by President Roosevelt in regard to the use of our fleet, which is the most glittering, the most glorious arm of our Country.

We heard, in words ascribed to the President, that our future would become cloudy; we heard that all our hopes were about to crash because of the words of the great President of the Starred Republic, whom we have always felt, and always shall feel, on the side of the Italian people.

The action of the Government, vigilant, ready, immediate, got the reply we expected, and which gave back our faith in the fight. Our thoughts today go out to the sailors of Italy who sail all the seas with love of their motherland in their hearts, and who know not even once that there

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

residues of Fascism."

Marshal Badoglio has rensured this assurance and has revealed that in Rome, heart and mind of Italy, he is ready to form a new ministerial set-up on a wide basis, just as he is ready to leave his post to whoever may better serve the Nation.

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The action of the Government, vigilant, ready, immediate, got the reply we expected, and which gave back our faith in the fight. Our thoughts today go out to the sailors of Italy who sail all the seas with love of their motherland in their hearts, and who know yet once more that they are fighting a common cause, the cause of Italy, under the national ensign and flag.

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A few days later, the great Russia, that Russia who each day writes a page of glory, generously extended her hand to the most proletarian of nations, and clasped the hand of the Badoglio Government.

Is it possible that just a few Italians must question this undeniable prestige? Don't they feel that harmony and unity are very urgent in order to save this great and unfortunate Nation?

I repeat once more from the seat of this generous soil, from the region whose thoughts have had high expression through Giustino Fortunato, Emanuele Gianturco, Vincenzo Iamfolla, from the land of Francesco Nitti, who attempted in vain to dispel these dark hours for his Country, and

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and who most suffered for his Country, the invitation to harmony and sacred unitedness. I know I am voicing the cold and thought of the great statesman by affirming that this unity would be the desired reward of his sufferings.

The Government, knowing it has legitimate powers, exercise them all in the interest of the Nation, ready to cede them as soon as worthy men who wish to guide its destiny appear on the horizon.

But, meanwhile, it works. The greatest task is that of restoring moral order, to form the force of order. Order is the guaranty of liberty, it is the condition for the exercise of all liberties. The government will never fail this duty. The Nation asks only one thing: to be governed with justice and with the guaranty that its fundamental rights be the estate of all and that it be assured to all.

A hard task: it is necessary to impress all State agents that the hour for duty has rung and that there is no indulgence for those who violate the duties of office. It is necessary to restore the moral order so deeply upset by twenty years of fascism.

This order must be stable, compact and of such a nature as to be borne from these provinces to those which slowly but inexorably are becoming reunited to the motherland.

The part played by the Piemonte region from 1848 onward has been transferred to our land, and we shall not fail in this great mission.

We must face and solve the problem which goes by the name of purification or defascistization. It must be solved by clear, precise, linear, coherent concepts.

1. The Nation has been deprived of its liberty for over 20 years, has been thrown into war and into the greatest national disaster. The major responsible parties are on the other side, and, not yet sated, continue to disseminate ruin. Some institutions have yielded and have renounced their functions. The partiesresponsible must be judged by the entire Italian people. The people must initiate the great trial, must review the institutions which should have been the ramparts of liberty and were not; the government has already dissolved the Chamber ,and now prepares to dissolve the Senate, to review the Court of Accounts and the State Council.

2. There are also the less responsible ones, those who showed solidarity with the great criminals; these too must be punished, but in proportion to the importance of their action and the part of danger it represents in this hour when the country is at war.

3. There are functionnaries who took part in the sumptuous banquet, who have been given to faction; they must be punished. There are functionnaries who have obeyed, these are victims more than accomplices; they must be judged with humanity.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 18515

who violate the duties of office. It is necessary to restore the moral order so deeply upset by twenty years of fascism.

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The part played by the Piemonte region from 1848 onward has been transferred to our land, and we shall not fail in this great mission.

We must face and solve the problem which goes by the name of purification or defascistization. It must be solved by clear, precise, linear, coherent concepts.

1. The Nation has been deprived of its liberty for over 20 years, has been thrown into war and into the greatest national disaster. The major responsible parties are on the other side, and, not yet seized, continue to disseminate ruin. Some institutions have yielded and have renounced their functions. The partiesresponsible must be judged by the entire Italian people. The people must initiate the great trial, must review the institutions which should have been the ramparts of liberty and were not; the government has already dissolved the Chamber ,and now prepares to dissolve the Senate, to review the Court of Accounts and the State Council.

2. There are also the less responsible ones, those who showed solidarity with the great criminals; these too must be punished, but in proportion to the importance of their action and the part of danger it represents in this hour when the country is at war.

3. There are functionnaries who took part in the sumptuous banquet, who have been given to faction; they must be punished. There are functionnaries who have obeyed, these are victims more than accomplices; they must be judged with humanity.

4. There is the great people of Italy; there are the small ones who were not able and did not know how to escape the snares of the fascist leaders, unscrupulous and without a conscience; one hand stretch out to them one's hand. This dispute which threatens to suffocate the country must be ended. I have had the honour to be appointed president of the purifying Commission and I inted to exercise my powers in obeying its orders. Justice inspired by understanding and kindness. I am accused of too much kindness, of weakness; but I shall know how to do my duty without weakness and I will fight fascism particularly on moral grounds. But having achieved the painful task, I am certain that love is a better tie than hate. Italy has been governed during twenty years by hate and we have reaped its fruit; let us now govern differently. But, I pray you, do not make mistakes. The liberty of the press has been in operation now for several months, but the more objective observers have already had to agree that the press is navigating full-steam ahead into unrestrained licentiousness. We respect the liberties of everyone, but do not imagine that liberty has its exact meaning when the right is proclaimed of not collaborating with the Government or of

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applying to the Government for a function or a position, to then exercise an action contrary to the Government's orders. Citizens cannot claim to be vested with the Government's authority and then fight against it, but they must, for that purpose, rely on the electorate body; and I am able to announce to you that I am about to present a bill which will recall the communal and provincial law of 1915, introducing in it certain alterations prompted by experience, for the preparation of electoral lists and to request of the electorate body the choice of its administrators. It is not possible to do the same thing regarding a political electorate law, because in this field the whole of Italy must be able to talk to decide in which way the elections must be carried out; to whom the vote should be given, and the formation of the electoral bodies.

Apart from the problem of liberty there is also that of the reconstruction of the country.

This is not the time to draw up programs, to make a list of reforms; they would be worthless and meaningless. But one can now indicate how to orientate our program, and what are the most urgent problems in hand. The war, the division of North and South has demonstrated abundantly that southern Italy has no industries, it has not the possibilities to transform into industrial products the raw materials offered by her soil. Owing to this we are suffering great privation. This great gap must be filled in. The Government must make reforms in order to create those industries which are necessary to the country. To this end it must face the problem of relations between capital and labour. The State representing the whole population cannot remain extraneous in this question of future industrial economy, the workman cannot solely remain at the mercy of the work given him, but he must participate in the running and the profits of the concern, and he must ensure its success not only with his work but also with his advice; to it he must give not only his toil but also his soul; and he must know that he is not working only for his directors but for himself and his family.

In all the world there is a fervour of planning for the solution of these problems, from the star-spangled republic to the venerable and glorious England; our organization must unite itself to the international organization, it must insert itself into its organism and contribute towards it with its experience and feel the pulse of evolution beating in the other great democracies.

The new world will certainly be much bigger than the one we have lived in. If also this hope were to disappear then the mournings and the ruins of this war would all have been in vain.

Together with the industrial and labour problem goes closely that of agriculture.

We represent a country of workers, of stubborn agriculturists. This problem can be solved in one way only by giving the land to the peasants, and arranging in such a way that each peasant becomes the owner of the piece of land he is cultivating; thus participating in an equal share its products. Here the problem is less complicated; there is no technical problem to solve. The peasant is at the same time the manager of his land and its [illegible]

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This problem is being solved slowly and naturally under our own eyes; we have to make it easier and more rapid. It is not only social peace we will be collecting but also prosperity and riches.

I have wanted to show you, rather then its reforms, the program, of the Government, the ends which it is aiming in elaborating its progam, the solution of the most grave problems of the moment; but the real reforms must be created by the will of the Italian people only. At present one problem only dominates all others, it is a problem of huge dimensions, the problem of war, the problem of the reconstruction of our army. The army which possesses the entire soul of the nation, the army which formed the unity of the country, in whose ranks have fallen the Piemontese, the Lombardese, the Tuscans and the Lucanians in order to allow the Italian citizen a place in

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in the sun; the army which filled Italy with glory in the 1915-18 war and which will redeem Italy from its recent shame.

A new world is being formed on the horizon; the Italian army cannot be absent. Allow me to behold all the beauty of this new world which has been made fertile by so much Italian blood, which has been shaken, conceived and settled by Giuseppe Mazzini; allow me to believe that this is not only an illusion but a certainty for tomorrow. Tomorrow there will not be soldiers of many nations, but soldiers of one nation only, the one big nation of liberty, of righteousness, of justice.

For this nation the battle is raging on the slopes of Cassino; and among the combatants there is a representative unit of the Italian Army; but it is too small; whereas it should be adequate to our passion, to our power. The army is being reconstructed fully. I wish that all Italy were present at the encampment of the Guides' Regiment at Cuma dei Tirreni; I should like all Italy to witness the forming of the glorious troops in the Puglie, under the magnificent supervision of my friend Orlando, the War Minister. Only so can we regain faith in ourselves.

And to regain this faith we must not repeat the errors of the past and close ourselves up in petty fights and factious behaviour. We will open our arms wide to those who return from the battle fields or from internment, even if their battle has not been ours; and to this cheated youth we will demand the sharing of the real fight, the big one, the noble one; but we must accomplish the unity of our mother country if we wish to be worthy of the big nation.

We must unite the warriors of all wars in order to feel the brotherhood, to unite all efforts for the great and only goal, the freedom of Italy. In them is the staunchest strength of the nation, and we must urge it on for the greatness of the mother country.

Unity and sacrifice are the two words which must translate the thought and the effort of every Italian.

The cry that is lurking in your heart as well as in mine is the same one: "Long live Italy! May it rise to new heights", but this cry has no meaning unless it has an echo in this other cry: "Long live the United Nations! "May all those people live who with their sacrifices, their blood have come face to face with the terrible struggle, have won it, and have extended their hand to Italy in order to uplift her and to enable her to return to her ancient and glorious traditions.

At the end of the speech which was listened by the public in religious silence and applauded during all its more salient phases, the illustrious Orator was heartily cheered by all the authorities present and an enthusiastic public demonstration accompanied him all the way from the Theatre to the Government Palace.

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Trans/Sgt. Sorisi/ajp.

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Il Segretario Particolare
di S.E. il Ministro dell'Interno

Salerno, li 1° Aprile 944

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Captain Ellery W. STONE
vice President and Deputy Chief Commissioner
COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO
S A L E R N O

Avendo ricevuto il testo del discorso tenuto da S.E.REALE a Potenza il 2o Marzo, mi faccio un dovere, pur nell'assenza del Ministro, di inviargliene una copia in omaggio a suo nome.-

IL SEGRETARIO PARTICOLARE
(Dott.Mario Gallenga)

2277

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EDIZIONE STRAORDINARIA

Anno I — N. 5. Potenza, 28 marzo 1944 Un numero lire due

IL GAZZETTINO

QUINDICINALE

Redazione e Amministrazione: Via Giacinto Albini, 3 - Telefono 1288

Inserzioni e pubblicità: Via Giacinto Albini, 3 - Potenza

Abbonamenti: Sostenitore L. 100 Annuale L. 45 - Semestrale L. 24

Il discorso politico di S. E. Vito Reale a Potenza

Ieri, dalle ore 11,30, nel Teatro Stabile gentilmente concesso, davanti ad un folto uditorio che gremiva letteralmente la sala, e tra cui furono notati il sig. Magg. H. H. Nichols, Commissario provinciale di Potenza, con molti altri Ufficiali Inglesi e Americani, il sig. Spreeg, corrispondente dell'Agenzia Reuter, S. E. l'on. prof. Pietro Capasso, Sotto-segretario per l'Interno, S. E. il Prefetto, il sig. Generale Comandante del Presidio, i sigg. Presidenti della Corte di Appello e del Tribunale, e tutte le altre Autorità cittadine, nonchè una larga rappresentanza di Sindaci dei Comuni delle due province lucane (molti altri, come telegrafarono quelli di Avigliano, di Tolve e di Genzano, non poterono intervenire a causa dell'abbondante nevicata, venuta giù nella notte), S. E. l'on. avv. Vito Reale, Ministro per l'Interno, aderendo all'invito già fattogli dalla locale Sezione della Democrazia Italiana, tenne l'annunciato discorso sul programma del Governo Badoglio, che siamo lieti di poter pubblicare integralmente, secondo l'accurata ricostruzione che se n'è potuta fare attraverso le cartelle dell'oratore e il resoconto stenografico.

Primo prese la parola il nostro R. Provveditore agli Studi, prof. Raffaele de Lorenzis, il quale disse:

Quando mi è stato conferito l'onorifico incarico di porgere oggi all'illustre Uomo che è qui tra noi il saluto della Città, sono rimasto un po' perplesso, perchè mi è parso, il per lì, ch'io fossi la persona meno indicata alla bisogna.

Non so come dire: ma ho avuto l'impressione che fosse d'ostacolo alla cosa la fraterna amicizia (fatta, oltrechè di affetto, di viva ammirazione per le doti di mente e di cuore) che mi lega a Vito Reale, e che mi ha fatto sempre accettare con gioia ogni occasione di accettarlo. Eccomi, dunque, qui, a porgere a S. E. Reale il deferente, cordiale saluto della città, e a ringraziarlo vivissimamente dell'avere con sì pronta gentilezza accolto l'invito a tener qui un discorso sul programma del Governo di cui è tanta e così autorevole parte.

Ma, poichè siamo in tema di ringraziamenti, di ben altro sta a cuore, a me e a tutti, ringraziarlo: innanzi tutto del nobile esempio di costanza nelle idee e di fierezza nel professarle, ch'egli diede per tanti anni, alimentando costantemente in tutti la fede nell'immancabile ritorno della libertà, durante l'ignominioso periodo in cui tante defezioni e rinunzie alla dignità umana avvenivano, tante schiene si curvavano all'infuso tiranno, e tanta caligine di barbarie incombeva sul nostro paese; e poi della generosa prontezza con cui, sfidando l'impopolarità, accettò di entrare a far parte del Governo ond'è a capo quel maresciallo Badoglio, del quale troppa gente oggi dimentica che condusse l'Italia a Vittorio Veneto. Vito Reale ha molte benemerenze verso il nostro Paese, ma nessuna, certo, è maggiore di questa; e tanto più profondamente noi dobbiamo essergli grati per essa, quanto più arduo era il compito ch'egli, consapevolmente, si assumeva, accettando la suprema direzione degli affari interni dello Stato in un momento com'era quello in cui l'accettò. Si trattava nientemeno che di cominciare l'opera di ricostruzione morale e materiale dell'Italia, trascinata sull'orlo del precipizio, in pieno sfacelo, da un ventennio di fascismo e da più che tre anni di una guerra da lei voluta contro la volontà e la coscienza dei nostri padri antichi, ammonendo *ubi libertas, ibi patria* (dov'è la libertà, lì è la patria), e come abbiamo avuto triste agio di sentire tutti noi in questi ultimi anni tormentosi, quando, col cuore in tumulto, si ascoltavano le radiotrasmissioni di Londra, di Nuova York, di Mosca, e ci si doveva alietare di ogni successo delle Nazioni Alleate, che combattevano per la libertà del mondo e, quindi, per ridare anche a noi, schiavi, una patria.

Io non voglio, nè debbo, esercitare a lungo la vostra pazienza, o Signori, e ritardarvi ancora la gioia che da tanto aspettate; ma non posso mettere fine alle mie parole, senza prima avervi fatto sentire la nobile lettera che il nostro santo Vescovo, Mons. Augusto Bertazzoni, ha scritto a S. E. Reale, per esprimergli il suo rammarico di non esser potuto venire ad ascoltarne il discorso.

Eccola:

« Eccellenza, Le sono gratissimo « per l'invito rivoltomi di assistere « alla conferenza sul programma « del Governo, che l'Eccellenza « Vostra terrà domani nella Sua « città, che illustra con le Sue alte « doti di mente e di cuore. Le « condizioni gravissime in cui versa mio nipote sacerdote, non mi « consentono di lasciarlo anche per « breve ora. Mi abbia per iscusato.

« DirLe, che condivido in pieno, « in quest'ora tragica della nostra « Italia, il programma già noto del « Governo mi pare superfluo. Altamente ho deprecato e deprego « che in questo momento tanto « cruciale per la nostra Patria, « tutti gli animi dell'Italia liberata « non siano un cuor solo con gli « uomini del Governo, i quali, « perfino dovere di rispondere al« l'appello loro rivolto e portare « il loro efficace contributo di sag« gezza e di volontà risoluta, per « superare la difficile e laboriosa « crisi in cui è venuta a trovarsi « la nostra Patria, rimettendo a « tempi migliori la soluzione di al« tri problemi, che oggi possono « interessare soltanto i partiti estre« mi, suscitatori di disordine.

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« Coi più rispettosi ossequi, de« v.mo Augusto Bertazzoni, Ve« scovo ».

Amico Reale, i nobili sensi espressi dall'alta parola del degno prelato sono quelli di tutti i presenti, di tutti, anzi, coloro che nutrono in cuore vera carità di patria. E dicono chiaro i fervidi voti con cui noi tutti accompagniamo le tue nobili fatiche per la nostra Italia.

Dio benedica ad esse, e a quelle di tutti i tuoi compagni di lavoro! Otto mesi or sono, spuntò, timidamente, tra le macerie che coprono tante parte d'Italia, il divino fiore della libertà: a voi la cura di farlo crescere rigoglioso, sì da ridurlo a dare larga copia di frutti. Noi aspettiamo con fede invitta. E perchè io non perda l'abitudine che avevo, di porre fine alle mie parole con qualche mònito di Dante padre, quando parlavo ai miei scolari, mi si consenta ch'esprima questa fede con un verso di lui, tutto pieno di arcane promesse:

« E vero frutto verrà dopo il fiore ».

* * *

Dopo il saluto rivoltogli dal prof. de Lorenzis, si levò subito a parlare il Ministro. Ed eccone l'interes-

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 1978015

EDIZIONE STRAORDINARIA

Anno I — N. 5. Potenza, 28 marzo 1944 Un numero lire due

IL GAZZETTINO

QUINDICINALE

Redazione e Amministrazione: Via Giacinto Albini, 3 - Telefono 1288

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Parla S. E. Reale

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vanti di un folto uditorio che gremiva letteralmente la sala, e tra cui furono notati il sig. Magg. H. H. Nichols, Commissario provinciale di Potenza, con molti altri Ufficiali Inglesi e Americani, il sig. Spreeg, corrispondente dell'Agenzia Reuter, S. E. l'on. prof. Pietro Capasso, Sotto-segretario per l'Interno, S. E. il Prefetto, il sig. Generale Comandante del Presidio, i sigg. Presidenti della Corte di Appello e del Tribunale, e tutte le altre Autorità cittadine, nonchè una larga rappresentanza di Sindaci dei Comuni delle due province lucane (molti altri, come telegrafarono quelli di Avigliano, di Tolve e di Genzano, non poterono intervenire a causa dell'abbondante nevicata, venuta giù nella notte), S. E. l'on. avv. Vito Reale, Ministro per l'Interno, aderendo all'invito già fattogli dalla locale Sezione della Democrazia italiana, tenne l'annunciato discorso sul programma del Governo Badoglio, che siamo lieti di poter pubblicare integralmente, secondo l'accurata ricostruzione che se n'è potuta fare attraverso le cartelle dell'oratore e il resoconto stenografico.

Primo prese la parola il nostro R. Provveditore agli Studi, prof. Raffaele de Lorenzis, il quale disse:

Quando mi è stato conferito l'onorifico incarico di porgere oggi all'illustre Uomo che è qui tra noi il saluto della Città, sono rimasto un po' perplesso, perchè mi è parso, il per lì, ch'io fossi la persona meno indicata alla bisogna.

Non so come dire: ma ho avuto l'impressione che fosse d'ostacolo alla cosa la fraterna amicizia (fatta, oltrechè di affetto, di viva ammirazione e di devozione) che mi lega a lui, e che, nata dal culto comune della memoria benedetta di un suo Cugino (il quale fu già mio valoroso e diletto scolaro e, appena scoppiata l'altra guerra mondiale, fuggì dalla scuola e corse ad immolare la sua generosa giovinezza, eroicamente combattendo per la libertà in terra di Francia), si è poi venuta rinsaldando più e più, in parecchi anni di quotidiana dimestichezza, per la comunanza di idee, di aspirazioni e di sofferenze pe' lutti dell'Italia nostra. Ma la mia esitazione è durata solo pochi istanti, perchè ben presto, ripensandoci meglio, mi son convinto che i vincoli di amicizia testè accennati, ben lungi dal costituire un ostacolo all'accettazione dell'incarico che mi si dava, ne erano, anzi, la spiegazione e l'unico motivo, e perciò m'imponevano il tassativo dovere

rente, cordiale saluto della città, e a ringraziarlo vivissimamente dell'avere con sì pronta gentilezza accolto l'invito a tener qui un discorso sul programma del Governo di cui è tanta e così autorevole parte.

Ma, poichè siamo in tema di ringraziamenti, di ben altro sta a cuore, a me e a tutti, ringraziarlo: innanzi tutto del nobile esempio di costanza nelle idee e di fierezza nel professarle, ch'egli diede per tanti anni, alimentando costantemente in tutti la fede nell'immancabile ritorno della libertà, durante l'ignominioso periodo in cui tante defezioni e rinunzie alla dignità umana avvenivano, tante schiene si curvavano all'fatuo tiranno, e tanta caligine di barbarie incombeva sul nostro paese; e poi della generosa prontezza con cui, sfidando l'impopolarità, accettò di entrare a far parte del Governo ond'è a capo quel maresciallo Badoglio, del quale troppa gente oggi dimentica che condusse l'Italia a Vittorio Veneto. Vito Reale ha molte benemerenze verso il nostro Paese, ma nessuna, certo, è maggiore di questa; e tanto più profondamente noi dobbiamo essergli grati per essa, quanto più arduo era il compito ch'egli, consapevolmente, si assumeva, accettando la suprema direzione degli affari interni dello Stato in un momento com'era quello in cui l'accettò. Si trattava nientemente che di cominciare l'opera di ricostruzione morale e materiale dell'Italia, trascinata sull'orlo del precipizio, in pieno sfacelo, da un ventennio di fascismo e da più che tre anni di una guerra da lei non voluta, anzi profondamente detestata, come contraria al suo sentimento, alla sua storia, ai suoi interessi. Si trattava, soprattutto, di ridare una coscienza civile al popolo italiano, abbrutito dalla folle e criminale dittatura; di fargli risentire, come in una delle più commosse pagine della sua storia-epopea scrisse Tito Livio, che *in libero populo imperia legum potentiora sunt quam hominum* (in un popolo libero l'autorità delle leggi è maggiore che non sia quella degli uomini); di rieducarlo, in una parola, alla libertà, con tanti lutti e sacrifici riconquistata, e all'amore vero della patria, che il fascismo, facendo le viste d'imporlo, avea distrutto, con le infami ruberie e con l'impostura innalzata a sistema di governo.

Chè patria, senza libertà, non può darsi, come ben vide la sa-

(dov'è la libertà, ivi è la patria), e come abbiamo avuto triste agio di sentire tutti noi in questi ultimi anni tormentosi, quando, col cuore in tumulto, si ascoltavano le radiotrasmissioni di Londra, di Nuova York, di Mosca, e ci si doveva atletare di ogni successo delle Nazioni Alleate, che combattevano per la libertà del mondo e, quindi, per ridare anche a noi, schiavi, una patria.

Io non voglio, nè debbo, esercitare a lungo la vostra pazienza, o Signori, e ritardarvi ancora la gioia che da tanto aspettate; ma non posso metter fine alle mie parole, senza prima avervi fatto sentire la nobile lettera che il nostro santo Vescovo, Mons. Augusto Bertazzoni, ha scritto a S. E. Reale, per esprimergli il suo rammarico di non esser potuto venire ad ascoltarne il discorso.

Eccellenza,

« Eccellenza, Le sono gratissimo « per l'invito rivoltomi di assistere « alla conferenza sul programma « del Governo, che l'Eccellenza « Vostra terrà domani nella Sua « città, che illustra con le Sue alte « doti di mente e di cuore. Le « condizioni gravissime in cui versa mio nipote sacerdote, non mi « consentono di lasciarlo anche per « breve ora. Mi abbia per iscusato.

« DirLe, che condivido in pieno, « in quest'ora tragica della nostra « Italia, il programma già noto del « Governo mi pare superfluo. Altamente ho deprecato e deprego « che in questo momento tanto « cruciale per la nostra Patria, « tutti gli animi dell'Italia liberata « non siano un cuor solo con gli « uomini del Governo, i quali, « posponendo le proprie vedute « particolari, hanno sentito l'im-

« il loro efficace contributo di sag- « gezza e di volontà risoluta, per « superare la difficile e laboriosa « crisi in cui è venuta a trovarsi « la nostra Patria, rimettendo a « tempi migliori la soluzione di al- « tri problemi, che oggi possono « interessare soltanto i partiti estre- « mi, suscitatori di disordine.

« Colgo l'occasione per presen- « tare all'Eccellenza Vostra i sensi « della mia profonda stima.

« Coi più rispettosi ossequi, de- « v.mo Augusto Bertazzoni, Ve- « scovo ».

Amico Reale, i nobili sensi espressi dall'alta parola del degno prelato sono quelli di tutti i presenti, di tutti, anzi, coloro che nutrono in cuore vera carità di patria. E dicono chiaro i fervidi voti con cui noi tutti accompagniamo le tue nobili fatiche per la nostra Italia.

Dio benedica ad esse, e a quelle di tutti i tuoi compagni di lavoro!

Otto mesi or sono, spuntò, timidamente, tra le macerie che coprono tante parte d'Italia, il divino fiore della libertà: a voi la cura di farlo crescere rigoglioso, sì da ridurlo a dare larga copia di frutti. Noi aspettiamo con fede invitta. E perchè io non perda l'abitudine che avevo, di porre fine alle mie parole con qualche mònito di Dante padre, quando parlavo ai miei scolari, mi si consenta ch'esprima questa fede con un verso di lui, tutto pieno di arcane promesse:

« E vero frutto verrà dopo il fiore ».

* * *

Dopo il saluto rivoltogli dal prof. de Lorenzis, si levò subito a parlare il Ministro. Ed eccone l'interessante, esauriente, nobilissimo discorso.

Parla S. E. Reale

Cittadini, amici,

Saluto gli Alleati e li ringrazio, come ringrazio il Comitato che mi ha dato quest'onore, la cittadinanza ch'è accorsa così numerosa.

Dopo un ventennio questa pedana ritorna ad essere una palestra di libertà, una tribuna da cui si può riprendere il vecchio colloquio con il Popolo italiano, per agitare il problema della sua esistenza e del suo avvenire.

Le prime prove del fascismo sono state fatte qui: in questa nobile Città. Qui è stato impedito da una cieca reazione agraria e conservatrice, agli uomini della libertà, che fiancheggiavano le più nobili aspirazioni col proletariato italiano, di difendere le loro idee politiche, da questo stesso posto dove fu invece consentito di parlare agli organizzatori delle bande armate.

Non dimentichiamo questo episodio di cui sono stati protagonisti, coscienti e incoscienti, volontari ed involontari, alcuni uomini che oggi vogliono rifarsi una verginità, calcando le tinte di un antifascismo assai inopportuno nella loro bocca.

La generazione che ha assistito a questa fase politica stia sull'attenti e non faccia passare la merce avariata. In quest'occasione la violenza ha sostituito per la prima volta il diritto, la imposizione ha sostituito la convinzione e il consenso; il successo di que-

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sto metodo costituisce una delle cause della caduta della libertà, del prevalere degli uomini violenti ai legittimi rappresentanti del paese, della Milizia armata alla volontà del Parlamento.

La lezione non può andare perduta: l'errore non deve essere ripetuto.

L'Italia lotta per la sua resurrezione, lotta per la libertà. Deve sapere dove è il nemico.

In quest'ora tragica chi difende la libertà, l'onore, l'avvenire d'Italia: l'opposizione o il Governo?

E' il Popolo italiano che deve risolvere il problema. Ecco perchè io sono qui, davanti a voi.

L'attuale Governo rappresenta la legittimità, la continuità del Governo, del pensiero, dell'azione antifascista.

Noi siamo la continuazione del Governo del 25 luglio, di quel Governo che il Popolo italiano ha salutato come il Governo liberatore dell'Italia dalla tirannide fascista.

Da quel giorno che cosa è mutato?.

Vi sono stati mutamenti, ma in direzione opposta al fascismo.

Vi è stata la dichiarazione di armistizio, vi è stata la dichiarazione di guerra alla Germania; il Governo si è avviato con passo fermo verso le aspirazioni più profonde del paese, a staccarsi cioè da una guerra infame e disonorante, ed a riscattare la vergogna del 10 giugno 1940 con la partecipazione alla guerra di liberazione che ricongiunge l'Italia alle sue gloriose tradizioni e riafferma la sua solidarietà, a prezzo del suo sangue, con le Nazioni che lottano per la giustizia e la libertà.

Questa verità l'ha avvertita il fascismo fazioso e reazionario che si è fatto repubblicano e socialista, e chiama tradimento la rivolta contro il fascismo, tradimento la guerra contro la Germania.

L'Italia, questa gloriosa parte d'Italia che lotta disperatamente per la libertà, può mettersi allo stesso piano del fascismo criminale? Può rinnegare la ragione, la essenza, la legittimità nel Governo Badoglio, che è l'antitesi di quello mussoliano ed ha la sua ragione di esistenza e la sua giustificazione nella lotta contro il fascismo?.

E' possibile che le opposizioni non avvertano che ogni tentativo di rovesciare il Governo Badoglio giova alla banda mussoliniana, la quale sotto guida tedesca, all'ombra delle baionette tedesche, rappresenti tutta intera, che le dia vigore e unità; dimenticare piccole divergenze di pensiero ed unirsi intorno alla grande bandiera d'Italia. Solo così questo povero e dilaniato paese potrà avere un Governo di cui non sia possibile contestare il prestigio, necessario sempre, indispensabile nelle ore attuali; solo così l'Italia riconquisterà il rispetto che le è dovuto.

Lo ha detto col vigore e la chiarezza, che sono la caratteristica della sua oratoria, Churchill nel suo celebre discorso.

O questa via, o attendere che il paese, tutto il paese, compresi i prigionieri, compresi i deportati in Germania, possano dire la loro parola, possano indicare la forma di governo e il Governo che deve rappresentare l'Italia.

Un paese come l'Italia, che esce da un travaglio così grave, da una tirannia senza cuore, da una guerra funesta, da una disfatta senza precedenti, non può non rivedere tutta la sua organizzazione politica in ogni campo, da quello istituzionale a quello amministrativo, da quello economico a quello culturale. Ma è necessario, perchè questo esame possa essere fatto, che il paese sia riunito in unità geografica e morale. Le opposizioni dimenticano le tragiche condizioni in cui vive l'Italia, e dimenticano che la soluzione del problema che esse impostano richiede la partecipazione di tutto il Popolo italiano. Al di fuori di questa partecipazione vi è la rivolta, peggio ancora, un succedersi di rivolte, cioè la distruzione di quel poco che il nostro tragico destino ci ha lasciato.

Gl'Italiani non credono alla saggezza che fiorisce nel loro suolo, ma credono molto alla saggezza che viene dal di fuori, e tale saggezza è tanto più gradita, in quanto viene dall'Inghilterra, nome caro al Risorgimento Italiano, nome sacro alla libertà, e ancora più caro oggi al cuore di ogni italiano, perchè legato alla liberazione, alla ricostruzione dell'Italia.

E' un deputato laburista che parla, un uomo di sinistra che serve dell'Italia con competenza, con passione, con conoscenza dei nostri problemi.

Il deputato laburista Ivor Thomos affronta il metodo con cui il Popolo italiano possa risolvere il suo problema. « Posso vedere un solo modo soddisfacente; predisporre perchè appena sia ragionevolmente possibile, al termine delle ostilità, venga convocata un'assemblea costituente». Ed aggiunge: « Le cose sarebbero considerevolmente semplificate se tutti i Partiti e non comprenda uomini in alcun modo compromessi col fascismo.

3) — Entro quattro mesi dalla pace si dovrà eleggere la Camera dei Deputati.

4) — Il Parlamento potrà liberamente discutere le istituzioni e riformarle anche totalitariamente.

5) — Il Paese, liberamente consultato, sarà arbitro delle sue sorti.

6) — La Corona seguirà fedelmente la volontà del Paese, manifestata dai rappresentanti della Nazione, liberamente eletti.

7) — Qualunque diversa linea di condotta minaccerebbe in questo delicato momento l'autorità, la legittimità e la forza dello Stato, condizioni essenziali per proseguire la lotta contro i tedeschi e contro i residui del fascismo ».

Il Maresciallo Badoglio ha rinnovato quest'assicurazione ed ha ripetuto che a Roma, cuore e mente d'Italia, è pronto a costituire una nuova formazione ministeriale, a larga base, com'è pronto a lasciare il posto a chi meglio possa servire il paese.

E' superfluo aggiungere che tutti i collaboratori di Badoglio sono solidali col loro capo illustre, nella sua illuminata decisione.

Ma il Governo trova la sua autorità non solo nella investitura, si anche nella garanzia che offrono il suo capo illustre, ch'è il capo dell'Esercito di Vittorio Veneto, abituato alle più difficili e compresse fatiche, e il passato dei suoi componenti civili, che hanno combattuto contro il fascismo, dai suoi albori al suo tramonto ingloriosi.

Questo riconoscimento è venuto in forma solenne dalla parola del primo ministro inglese Churchill, in un discorso che rimane memorando per l'eco, da esso destata nel nostro paese, e da una lettera personale del Presidente Roosevelt al Maresciallo Badoglio, che concorda sostanzialmente con le dichiarazioni di Churchill.

Ma sono i fatti che hanno un linguaggio più eloquente delle parole.

Abbiamo vissuto ore drammatiche e angosciose per una inesatta trasmissione di alcune dichiarazioni del Presidente Roosevelt circa l'impiego della nostra flotta, che è la più lucente, la più gloriosa arma del nostro paese.

Abbiamo sentito, nelle parole attribuite al Presidente, che si oscurava il nostro avvenire, abbiamo sentito che cadevano tutte le nostre speranze per bocca del grande Presidente della Repubblica stellata, che noi abbiamo sentito e hani debbano contestare questo innegabile prestigio, e non debbano sentire che sono urgenti la concordia e l'unità per salvare questo grande e sventurato paese?

Ripeto ancora dal capoluogo di questa terra generosa, dal paese ove il pensiero ha avuto manifestazioni così alte come quelle di Giustino Fortunato, di Emanuele Gianturco, di Vincenzo Ianfolla, dalla terra di Francesco Nitti, che invano tentò di scongiurare queste ore oscure per la sua patria, e per la sua patria più di tutti ha sofferto, l'invito alla concordia ed alla sacra unione. So di interpetrare l'animo ed il pensiero del grande statista, affermando che quest'unione sarebbe il premio più ambito alle sue sofferenze.

Il Governo che sa di avere legittimamente il potere, lo esercita nel solo interesse del paese, pronto a lasciare il posto appena appariscano all'orizzonte uomini degni che vogliano reggerne le sorti.

Ma intanto lavora. Il compito più grande è quello di restaurare l'ordine morale, di costituire la forza dell'ordine. L'ordine è la garanzia della libertà, è la condizione per l'esercizio di tutte le libertà. A questo dovere il Governo non verrà mai meno. Il paese chiede una cosa soltanto: di essere governato con giustizia e con la garanzia che i suoi diritti fondamentali siano patrimonio di tutti e siano assicurati a tutti.

Compito arduo: bisogna far sentire a tutti gli agenti dello Stato che l'ora del dovere è sonata e che non esiste indulgenza per chi viola i doveri del proprio ufficio.

Bisogna restituire l'ordine morale così profondamente turbato da venti anni di fascismo.

Quest'ordine deve essere saldo, compatto e tale che possa essere portato da queste provincie a quelle che vengono lentamente, ma inesorabilmente ricongiunte alla patria.

La funzione del Piemonte dal 1848 in poi si è spostata nella nostra terra, e noi non verremo meno alla grande missione.

Bisogna affrontare e risolvere il problema che va sotto il nome di epurazione o defascistizzazione: bisogna risolverlo con concetti chiari, precisi, lineari, coerenti.

1°) Il paese è stato privato della sua libertà per oltre un ventennio, è stato gettato nella guerra e nel più grande disastro nazionale.

I maggiori responsabili sono al di là e, non sazi, continuano a seminare rovine.

Alcuni istituti hanno caduto ed hanno rinunziato alla loro funzione.

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Il loro metodo ricorda stranamente i metodi del fascismo: l'adunata si chiama comizio, il grido «Italia a Noi» si chiama pieni poteri.

Non vi è che un modo per ridare all'Italia un Governo che la

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«1) — Il Ministero attuale durerà fino al ritorno del Governo Italiano alla Capitale.

2) — Non appena Roma sarà liberata dai tedeschi, si dovrà costituire un ministero a larga base, che comprenda esponenti di tutti

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L'azione del Governo, vigile, pronta, immediata, commossa, ha avuto subito la risposta che noi attendevamo, e che ci ha restituito la fede nella lotta. Il nostro pensiero oggi va ai marinai d'Italia che solcano tutti i mari con nel cuore la fede della Patria, e che sanno ancora una volta di combattere per la causa comune, per la causa italiana, sotto l'insegna e la bandiera nazionale.

E qualche giorno dopo, la grande Russia, la Russia che scrive ogni giorno una pagina di gloria, ha steso la mano generosa alla più proletaria delle nazioni ed ha stretto la mano al Governo Badoglio.

E' possibile che solo alcuni ita-

gittimamente [illegible] nel solo interesse del paese, pronto a lasciare il posto appena appariscano all'orizzonte uomini degni che vogliano reggerne le sorti.

Ma intanto lavora. Il compito più grande è quello di restaurare l'ordine morale, di costituire la forza dell'ordine. L'ordine è la garanzia della libertà, è la condizione per l'esercizio di tutte le libertà. A questo dovere il Governo non verrà mai meno. Il paese chiede una cosa soltanto: di essere governato con giustizia e con la garanzia che i suoi diritti fondamentali siano patrimonio di tutti e siano assicurati a tutti.

Compito arduo: bisogna far sentire a tutti gli agenti dello Stato che l'ora del dovere è sonata e che non esiste indulgenza per chi viola i doveri del proprio ufficio.

Bisogna restituire l'ordine morale così profondamente turbato da venti anni di fascismo.

Quest'ordine deve essere saldo, compatto e tale che passi essere portato da queste province a quelle che vengono lentamente, ma inesorabilmente ricongiunte alla patria.

La funzione del Piemonte dal 1848 in poi si è spostata nella nostra terra, e noi non verremo meno alla grande missione.

Bisogna affrontare e risolvere il problema che va sotto il nome di epurazione o defascistizzazione: bisogna risolverlo con concetti chiari, precisi, lineari, coerenti.

1°) Il paese è stato privato della sua libertà per oltre un ventennio, è stato gettato nella guerra e nel più grande disastro nazionale.

I maggiori responsabili sono al di là e, non sia, continuano a seminare rovine.

Alcuni istituti hanno ceduto ed hanno rinunziato alla loro funzione. I responsabili devono essere giudicati da tutto il popolo italiano. Il popolo deve fare il grande processo, deve rivedere gli istituti che dovevano essere il presidio della libertà e non lo sono stati: il Governo ha già sciolto la Camera, ed ora si prepara a sciogliere il Senato, a rivedere la Corte dei Conti e il Consiglio di Stato.

2°) Vi sono i responsabili minori, quelli che hanno solidalizzato coi grandi criminali, ed anche questi devono essere puniti, ma in proporzione dell'importanza della loro azione, in ragione diretta del pericolo che essi rappresentano in quest'ora in cui il paese affronta la guerra.

3°) Vi sono funzionari che hanno partecipato al lauto banchetto, che

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hanno fatto i fazios: debbono essere puniti. Vi sono funzionari che hanno ubbidito, vittime più che complici: devono essere giudicati con umanità.

4°) Vi è il grande popolo italiano, vi sono i piccoli che non hanno potuto o non hanno saputo sottrarsi agli ordini di gerarchi senza scrupoli e senza coscienze: e va stesa loro la mano.

Bisogna chiudere questa controversia, che minaccia di soffocare il paese.

Io ho avuto l'onore di essere designato a presidente della Commissione di epurazione, e vorrò esercitare le mie funzioni obbedendo a queste direttive.

Giustizia animata dalla comprensione e dalla bontà. Mi si accusa di troppa bontà, di troppa debolezza: saprò fare il mio dovere senza debolezza e combatterò il fascismo, sopratutto sul terreno morale. Ma, compiuto il doloroso dovere, sono convinto che l'amore è un cemento migliore dell'odio. L'Italia è stata governata per venti anni dall'odio e ne abbiamo raccolto i frutti: vediamo di governarla diversamente. Ma vi prego, non fate applicazioni errate. La libertà di stampa è in funzione da parecchi mesi, ma gli osservatori più obbiettivi hanno già dovuto riconoscere che la stampa naviga a piene vele nella licenza. Siamo rispettosi della libertà di tutti, ma non crediate che la libertà abbia un'esatta applicazione quando si proclama il diritto di negare la collaborazione col Governo e di chiedere al Governo una funzione, un ufficio, per esercitarlo in contrasto con le sue direttive. I cittadini non possono chiedere l'investitura al governo e combatterlo, ma devono chiederla al corpo elettorale: ed io sono in grado di annunziarvi che presenterò assai presto un disegno di legge, che richiama in vita la legge comunale e provinciale del 1915, con le modificazioni suggerite dall'esperienza per la preparazione delle liste elettorali, per chiedere al corpo elettorale la scelta dei suoi amministratori.

Non è possibile fare altrettanto per la legge elettorale politica, perchè su questo terreno deve parlare tutta Italia, per decidere sul modo con cui bisogna affrontare le elezioni, su chi deve partecipare ad esse, e sulla formazione delle circoscrizioni elettorali.

Oltre i problemi della libertà vi è il grande problema della ricostruzione del paese.

Non è questa l'ora di fare programmi di fare un elenco di riforme. Lo Stato in rappresentanza della collettività non può rimanere estraneo alla futura economia industriale, l'operaio non può essere soltanto la merce lavoro, ma deve partecipare alla direzione dell'azienda, agli utili dell'azienda, che deve far prosperare non solo col suo lavoro, ma col suo consiglio; cui deve dare, oltre la fatica, anche la sua anima; e deve sapere che lavora non solo per il dirigente, ma anche per sè e per sua famiglia.

In tutto il mondo vi è un fervore di studi per la soluzione di questi problemi, dalla grande repubblica stellata all'antica e gloriosa Inghilterra; la nostra organizzazione deve unirsi all'organizzazione internazionale, inserirsi in quest'organismo, dare il contributo della sua esperienza, sentire l'evoluzione delle altre grandi democrazie.

Il nuovo mondo sarà assai più grande di quello in cui abbiamo vissuto.

Se anche questa speranza dovesse cadere, i lutti, le infinite rovine di questa guerra andrebbero perduti.

Col problema industriale ed operaio è intimamente legato il problema dell'agricoltura.

Noi rappresentiamo una terra di lavoratori, di tenaci agricoltori. Questo problema si risolve in un modo soltanto, dando la terra ai contadini, attuando le provvidenze necessarie perchè ogni contadino possa essere il proprietario del pezzo di terra che lavora, possa partecipare in parte eguale al frutto della terra. Qui il problema è meno complicato; non vi è un problema tecnico da risolvere. Il contadino è insieme il dirigente della sua azienda e il lavoratore instancabile.

Questo problema si risolve sotto i nostri occhi, lentamente e naturalmente: noi dobbiamo facilitarne e affrettarne la soluzione. Non è la sola pace sociale che noi raccogliamo, ma è la prosperità, la ricchezza che noi conquistiamo.

Ho voluto indicarvi più che riforme, l'orientamento del pensiero del Governo, il sentimento con cui il Governo lavora alla preparazione del suo programma, alla soluzione dei più gravi problemi dell'ora; ma le riforme concrete non possono che essere la decisione del popolo italiano. Ora su tutto domina un problema di colossale grandezza, il problema della guerra, il problema della ricostruzione dell'esercito. L'esercito che raccoglie tutta l'anima del paese, l'esercito in cui si è formata l'unità della Patria, nelle cui file sono scomparsi i Piemontesi, i Lombardi, i Toscani, i Lucani, per dare posto al cittadino

Per questa patria si combatte duramente, aspramente sulla pendici di Cassino; e fra i combattenti vi è una rappresentanza dell'esercito Italiano; ma è troppo piccola, mentre dev'essere adeguata alla nostra passione, alla nostra potenza. L'Esercito è in piena ricostruzione. Avrei voluto che tutta Italia fosse stata testimone a Cava dei Tirreni alla sfilata del reggimento Guide; vorrei che tutta Italia potesse assistere alla formazione delle magnifiche truppe che si costituiscono in terra di Puglia, allineate dalla magnifica passione del mio amico Orlando, ministro della guerra. Solo così noi possiamo ritrovare la fede in noi stessi.

E per ritrovarla non bisogna ripetere gli errori del passato e chiuderci in lotte ed atteggiamenti faziosi. Noi accoglieremo con fraterno animo quelli che tornano dai campi di battaglia o dalla prigionia, anche se la loro lotta non è stata la nostra; ed a questa gioventù ingannata noi chiederemo il suo contributo per la lotta vera, grande, nobile: ma dobbiamo formare l'unità della nostra patria, se vogliamo essere degni cittadini della grande patria.

Dobbiamo unire tutti i combattenti, di tutte le guerre, per sentire la loro fratellanza, per unire tutti gli sforzi per la grande ed unica meta, la salvezza d'Italia. In loro è la forza più viva della nazione, e noi dobbiamo fecondarla per la grandezza della nazione.

Unione e sacrifizio sono le due parole che devono esprimere il pensiero e l'azione di tutti gl'Italiani.

« Il grido che batte nel vostro e nel mio cuore è eguale: « Viva l'Italia! risorga l'Italia a nuova grandezza! »; ma questo è un grido senza significato, se non trova eco in un altro grido: « Vivano le Nazioni Unite! », vivano quei popoli, tutti i popoli che col loro sacrificio, col loro sangue hanno affrontato la terribile lotta e l'hanno vinta, ed hanno offerto all'Italia la mano per risorgere, per ritornare alle sue antiche, gloriose tradizioni.

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Alla fine del discorso, che il pubblico, aveva ascoltato in religioso raccoglimento, sottolineandone con calorosi applausi i passi più salienti, l'illustre Oratore fu vivamente festeggiato da tutte le Autorità che gli erano d'intorno, e salutato da una entusiastica ovazione, che lo accompagnò, anche uscito dal teatro, fino al Palazzo del Governo.

Riaffermiamo:

Questo giornale vuole essere una libera palestra di rieducazione popolare.

Si accettano articoli di ogni tendenza nell'ambito del nostro programma: operare concretamente, coraggiosamente, collettivamente, lontani da parole vane e lotte sterili.

FRONTE DI AZIONE NAZIONALE

Comunicato

Si porta a conoscenza degli aderenti che, a seguito della espulsione dei signori Avv. Domenico Bochicchio, Dott. Tommaso Pedio, Raffaele Martorano, dal FAN, è stato fatto circolare un manifestino anonimo dal contenuto tendenzioso.

Gli espulsi reagiscono contro il provvedimento, effettuando il tentativo di formare una nuova giunta, onde mantenersi in carica ed opporre al vero FAN, un secondo organismo che non ha ragione di essere.

Ciò è arbitrario ed illegale.

Ogni aderente è invitato a partecipare all'assemblea generale del FAN fissata per giovedì sera alle ore 18, in Via Giacinto Albini n. 3, nella sede sociale.

Scuola professionale serale

Si porta a conoscenza che il F.A.N. ha organizzato una scuola professionale che entrerà in funzione il 3 Aprile p. v.

Per il momento presso la Segreteria del Fronte si accettano le iscrizioni ai corsi di: muratore e capomastro, di pittore e decoratore.

In attuazione i corsi di elettricista e di carpentiere.

Questo Giornale viene accusato di aver cambiato stile e contenuto: ciò è vero ed era necessario.

Infatti questo Giornale non è più una insidiosa arma personale, posta al servizio del-

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debolezza: saprò fare il mio dovere senza debolezza e combatterò il fascismo, soprattutto sul terreno morale. Ma, compiuto il doloroso dovere, sono convinto che l'amore è un cemento migliore dell'odio. L'Italia è stata governata per venti anni dall'odio e ne abbiamo raccolto i frutti: vediamo di governarla diversamente. Ma vi prego, non fate applicazioni errate. La libertà di stampa è in funzione da parecchi mesi, ma gli osservatori più obbiettivi hanno già dovuto riconoscere che la stampa naviga a piene vele nella licenza. Siamo rispettosi della libertà di tutti, ma non crediate che la libertà abbia un'esatta applicazione quando si proclama il diritto di negare la collaborazione col Governo e di chiedere al Governo una funzione, un ufficio, per esercitarlo in contrasto con le sue direttive. I cittadini non possono chiedere l'investitura al governo e combatterlo, ma devono chiederla al corpo elettorale: ed io sono in grado di annunziarvi che presenterò assai presto un disegno di legge, che richiama in vita la legge comunale e provinciale del 1915, con le modificazioni suggerite dall'esperienza per la preparazione delle liste elettorali, per chiedere al corpo elettorale la scelta dei suoi amministratori.

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Oltre i problemi della libertà vi è il grande problema della ricostruzione del paese.

Non è questa l'ora di fare programmi, di fare un elenco di riforme: non avrebbe alcun valore, non avrebbe alcun significato.

Bisogna solo indicare l'orientamento del nostro programma, i problemi più urgenti. La guerra, la separazione del nord dal sud ha dimostrato con una eloquenza incontestabile che il mezzogiorno di Italia non ha industrie, non ha la possibilità di trasformare in prodotti industriali le materie prime offerte dal suo suolo. Noi soffriamo di questa grande privazione.

Questo grande lacuna dev'essere colmata. Il Governo deve dettare le riforme per far sorgere le industrie necessarie alla esistenza del paese. In questa occasione dev'essere affrontato il problema dei rapporti fra capitale e lavoro. Lo

altre grandi democrazie.

Il nuovo mondo sarà assai più grande di quello in cui abbiamo vissuto.

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Un nuovo mondo in formazione è all'orizzonte: l'Esercito Italiano non può esssere assente. Lasciate che io senta tutta la bellezza di questo nuovo mondo ch'è stato fecondato da tanto sangue italiano, ch'è stato agitato, preconizzato, precisato da Giuseppe Mazzini: lasciatemi credere che questa non è soltanto una generosa illusione, ma la certezza di domani.

Domani non vi saranno soldati di tante patrie, ma vi saranno soldati di una patria sola, della grande patria della libertà, del diritto, della giustizia.

faziosi. Noi accoglieremo con fraterno animo quelli che tornano dai campi di battaglia o dalla prigionia, anche se la loro lotta non è stata la nostra; ed a questa gioventù ingannata noi chiederemo il suo contributo per la lotta vera, grande, nobile: ma dobbiamo formare l'unità della nostra patria, se vogliamo essere degni cittadini della grande patria.

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Il primo giornale sindacale

E' uscito l'*Universitario*, numero unico pubblicato dall'Associazione Sindacale degli studenti universitari lucani.

Nel darne l'annunzio ai nostri lettori, esprimiamo tutto il nostro intimo compiacimento a questi giovani che si sono messi seriamente ed arditamente al lavoro.

Il loro appello all'unità è un fatto tanto più degno di nota, in quanto esso costituisce, nell'ora tragica che il Paese attraversa, un monito sereno ma severo per tutti quelli che tergiversano se non operano addirittura per la discordia politica e per la disunione sindacale.

Ai colleghi de *l'Universitario* vadano tutti i migliori auguri del *Gazzettino*.

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Infatti questo Giornale non è più una insidiosa arma personale, posta al servizio dell'arbitrio ed ha cambiato contenuto perchè offre oggi larga ospitalità a tutti coloro che sinceramente si battono per il bene comune.

Era necessario perchè nei primi numeri di questo Giornale, mercè un abuso alla fiducia concessa dal proprietario, in alcuni scritti si è volgarmente barato contro il chiaro programma che il foglio aveva sventolato come propria bandiera.

IL GAZZETTINO

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CRONACA

Comizio antifascista allo Stabile

Domenica scorsa 19 marzo, auspici i socialisti e i comunisti potentini ha avuto luogo, al teatro Stabile, un Comizio, in occasione del quale hanno preso la parola l'avvocato Leone ed i signori Mancini e Passalacqua, per i comunisti, Pignatari e Di Napoli, per i socialisti.

Gli oratori hanno inteso protestare, in termini molto moderati, contro i propositi monarchici tenuti dal Primo inglese nel suo recente discorso.

Discordante l'atteggiamento del pubblico, più curioso che interessato.

Nel Sindacato Universitarii

Veniamo a conoscenza che l'Associazione «Luigi La Vista», che raggruppa in Sindacato libero gli studenti universitari della nostra regione, si è fatta promotrice di una sottoscrizione pro studenti profughi rifugiati in Lucania. Il Comitato direttivo ha emesso, all'uopo, apposite liste che si raccomandano alla solidarietà dei colleghi lucani e alla sollecitudine di quanti desiderano venir incontro ai bisogni degli studenti italiani più provati dal flagello della guerra.

I soci stessi della «Luigi La Vista» sono ugualmente invitati a raccogliere libri per i nostri fratelli prigionieri che languiscono nei campi di concentramento, conformemente a quanto hanno stabilito nell'ultima Assemblea generale.

Riapertura della Scuola Militare di Napoli

Si informa che in data 1° marzo c. a. è stata riaperta la Scuola Militare di Napoli, limitatamente al 2° e 3° anno, non essendosi potuto, a causa della scarsità di locali dare esecuzione per quest'anno al concorso bandito con la circolare 315 G. M. 1943, per

Attività della Squadra Mobile

Denunziati:

Roberto Astuti, avv. Carlo Adamo, Giovanni Battista Laguardia, Vincenzo Scarlatto, per gli art. 8, 18, 22, R.D.L. 22-4-1943 (acquisto, sottrazione di generi contingentati al normale consumo, vendita di essi a prezzi maggiorati).

L'olio di ricino sequestrato in Potenza ed Avigliano, in complessivi kg. 855, è stato analizzato e dichiarato a medicinale. Cosa attende l'Autorità Giudiziaria per ordinare la immissione al consumo?

Egidio Paese fu Vincenzo, in istato di arresto, per vendita di pane a prezzo maggiorato.

Teresa Passarella di Savino, in in istato di arresto, per macellazione clandestina di ovini e vendita a prezzi maggiorati.

Numero sette individui, sorpresi in casa del pregiudicato Rocco Quaratino fu Gerardo, via S. Sofia n. 7, per gioco di azzardo.

Arrestati:

Anna Pisani fu Domenico, Maria Incoronata Romaniello fu Giuseppe, Camillo Corriero di Antonio; la prima per furto di biancheria in danno di Annunziata Nuzzaro fu Emilio, gli altri per ricettazione.

Paolo Cammareta fu Alfonso, Nicola Saracino di Vincenzo, Luigi Manta di Raffaele, tutti minori, per furti ripetuti di frutta secche nelle baracche di Largo Liceo.

Dario Aleggiani, per furto di una valigia contenente biancheria, in danno del Principe Ruffo.

Contravvenzioni:

Iside Sergiacomo di Bernardo, trattoria in via Rosica 47, per protrazione di orario.

Merce sequestrata:

Pane kg. 6, piselli kg. 20, olio kg. 293, grano kg. 105 fave kg. 62, riso kg. 53, farina kg. 390, pasta kg. 53, lardo kg. 4, fagioli kg. 23, sugna kg. 4, ceci kg. 20, avena kg. 224. carne kg. 8, prosciutto kg. 6, sapone 212 pezzi da kg. 0,400. cadauno.

Latte annacquato

L'ufficio Sanitario Provinciale ha

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Cozzi 100, Misuriello 25, Nicola Mastrangelo 500, Ugo Martorano 100, Rocco Biffoli 50, Giuseppe Misuriello 200, Quintino Cavallini 100, Vincenzo Pergola 100, Alfredo Diamante 100, Ing. Giuseppe Tucci 500, Nicola Marsico 100, Achille Camardese 100, Antonio Lamorgese 300, Amedeo Renza 100, Pasquale Pecoriello 100, Giovanni Melchiorre 300, Pasquale Sassano 200, Leonardo Patania 100, Giuseppe Maddaloni 200, Avv. Francesco Andretta 100, Comm. Giulio De Rosa 50, Cosimo Ignomirelli 100, Gerardo Marino 100, Luigi Sassano 100, Antonio Vetusto 100, Luigi Simonetti 100, Luisa Valentino 100, Pietro Giacumino 100, Nicola Pacilio 50, Giovanni Salvati 10, Luigi Piotone 10, Ernesto Garramone 5, Raffaele Rosa 3, Michele Caporale 10, Ing. Antonio Lavecchia 10, Nicola Famiglietti 10, Agostino Siani 15, Antonio Di Pietro 50, Giovanni Pascale 50, Mario Bellore 25, Luigi Tutino 50, Donato Barbenno 10, Raffaele Giraldi 15, Vincenzo Mannissera 100, Nicola Nangoli 50, Umberto Cortelli 50, Giuseppe Collico 10, Giovanni Tricarico 5, Giuseppe dell'Anno 5, Gerardo Garramone 16, Antonio Castelli 15, Nolè Buzzi 10, Luigi Pizzuto 18, Giuseppe Lamura 10, Francesco Bitetti 10, Cosimo Ignomirelli 50, Antonio Cega 5, Francesco Laieta 10, Giuseppe Sanza 10, Giovanni Satriani 20, Ing.

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cente use-ISO.

Discordante l'atteggiamento del pubblico, più curioso che interessato.

Nel Sindacato Universitarii

Veniamo a conoscenza che l'Associazione «Luigi La Vista», che raggruppa in Sindacato libero gli studenti universitari della nostra regione, si è fatta promotrice di una sottoscrizione pro studenti profughi rifugiati in Lucania. Il Comitato direttivo ha emesso, all'uopo, apposite liste che si raccomandano alla solidarietà dei colleghi lucani e alla sollecitudine di quanti desiderano venir incontro ai bisogni degli studenti italiani più provati dal flagello della guerra.

I soci stessi della «Luigi La Vista» sono ugualmente invitati a raccogliere libri per i nostri fratelli prigionieri che languiscono nei campi di concentramento, conformemente a quanto hanno stabilito nell'ultima Assemblea generale.

Riapertura della Scuola Militare di Napoli

Si informa che in data 1° marzo c. a. è stata riaperta la Scuola Militare di Napoli, limitatamente al 2° e 3° anno, non essendosi potuto, a causa della scarsità di locali date esecuzione per quest'anno al concorso bandito con la circolare 315 G. M. 1943, per l'ammissione al 1° corso.

Possono essere ammessi ai corsi, oltre gli allievi della Scuola Militare di Napoli, anche quelli residenti in territorio liberato, provenienti dalle scuole militari di Roma e Milano.

Gli allievi frequentano per ora le lezioni da esterni, in abito civile.

Comunicato della C. C. A.

Si avverte il pubblico che i civili, non dipendenti da Autorità militari Alleate, che dovessero viaggiare su automezzi inglesi ed americani, non avranno diritto, in caso di disgrazia, ad alcun risarcimento di danni.

istato di arresto, per vendita di pane a prezzo maggiorato.

Teresa Passarella di Savino, in in istato di arresto, per macellazione clandestina di ovini e vendita a prezzi maggiorati.

Numero sette individui, sorpresi in casa del pregiudicato Rocco Quaratino fu Gerardo, via S. Sofia n. 7, per gioco di azzardo.

Arrestati:

Anna Pisani fu Domenico, Maria Incoronata Romaniello fu Giuseppe, Camillo Cornero di Antonio: la prima per furto di biancheria in danno di Annunziata Nazzaro fu Emilio, gli altri per ricettazione.

Paolo Cammarota fu Alfonso, Nicola Saracino di Vincenzo, Luigi Manta di Raffaele, tutti minori, per furti ripetuti di frutta [illegible] nelle baracche di Largo Liceo.

Dario Aleggiani, per furto di una valigia contenente biancheria, in danno del Principe Ruffo.

Contravvenzioni:

Iside Sergiacomo di Bernardo, trattoria in via Rosica 47, per protrazione di orario.

Merce sequestrata:

Pane kg. 6, piselli kg. 20, olio kg. 293, grano kg. 105 fave kg. 62, riso kg. 53, farina kg. 390, pasta kg. 53, lardo kg. 4, fagioli kg. 23, sugna kg. 4, ceci kg. 20, avena kg. 224, carne kg. 8, prosciutto kg. 6, sapone 212 pezzi da kg. 0,400. cadauno.

Latte annacquato

L'ufficio Sanitario Provinciale ha denunziato all'autorità giudiziaria i sottoelencati lattivendoli per aver venduto latte annacquato:
Dolce Pasquale fu Gerardo, Giordano Donato fu Antonio e Telesca Carmela fu Cunio, tutti da Potenza.

Disoccupazione

Con vivo dispiacere si è appreso la notizia che sono stati sospesi tutti i lavori di riparazione dei danni di guerra.

Tale provvedimento ha provocato un profondo panico fra le maestranze le quali dopo la stasi invernale superata con grandi sacrifici e privazioni, si vedono preclusi ogni possibilità di ripresa nella stagione propizia.

Si fanno voti alle Autorità tutorie perchè si venga incontro alle masse operaie.

Cozzi 100, Misuriello 25, Nino Mastrangelo 500, Ugo Martorano 100, Rocco Briccio 50, Giuseppe Misuriello 200, Quintino Cavallini 100, Vincenzo Pergola 100, Alfredo Diamante 100, Ing. Giuseppe Tucci 300, Nicola Marsico 100, Achille Cimardese 100, Antonio Lamorgese 300, Amedeo Renza 100, Pasquale Pecoriello 100, Giovanni Meldiorre 300, Pasquale Sassano 200, Leonardo Parania 100, Giuseppe Maddaloni 200, Avv. Francesco Andretta 100, Comm. Giulio De Rosa 50, Casimo Ignomirelli 100, Gerardo Marino 100, Luigi Sassano 100, Antonio Vetusto 100, Luigi Simonetti 100, Luisa Valentino 100, Pietro Giacumnio 100, Nicola Pacilio 100, Francesco De Stefano 100, Guido Branca 1000, Peppino Pace 100, Cap. Cecchinelli 100, Michele Triani 100, [illegible] Marsico 50, Oronzio Ignomirelli 500, farmacia Mancinelli 100, Giovanni Casella 50, Salvatore Petti 200, Ing. Vincenzo Solimena 50, Ing. Mario Andreoli 50, Geom. Gaetano Giuliani 50, Avv. Antonio Tamburrini 100, Giuseppe Giulucci 100, Sig. Dragone 50, Prof. Moschella 100, Avv. Domenico Valentini 300, Rocco Biasi 100, Luigi Bellini 25, Luigi Boccia 15, Michele Baldinetti 10, Riccardo Leone 5, Luigi Montani 20, Rodrigo Ottavio 200, Rocco Fiorentino 10, Pietro Sileo 15, Paolo Verrastro 10, Gennaro Di Tolla 10, Michele Tricarico 10, Luigi Pesarini 2,50 Gerardo Pesarini 2,50 Rocco Tironi 5, Eugenio 50, Giovanni Salvati 10, Luigi Pistone 10, Ernesto Garramone 5, Raffaele Rosa 3, Michele Capotale 10, Ing. Antonio Lavecchia 10, Nicola Famiglietti 10, Agostino Siani 15, Antonio D'Pietro 50, Giovanni Pascale 50, Mario Bellizzi 25, Luigi Tutolo 50, Donato Barberino 10, Raffaele Giraldi 15, Vincenzo Mannissera 100, Nicola Nangoli 50, Umberto Coitelli 50, Giuseppe Collico 10, Giovanni Tricarico 5, Giuseppe dell'Anno 5, Gerardo Garramone 16, Antonio Castelli 15, Nolè Buzzi 10, Luigi Pizzuto 18, Giuseppe Lamura 10, Francesco Bitetti 10, Cosimo Ignomirelli 50, Antonio Cega 5, Francesco Laieta 10, Giuseppe Sanza 10, Giovanni Sattiani 20, Ing. Solituena 50, Vincenzo Ricotti 10, Sinescalchi 20, Ing. Costanzarita 20, Geometra Marchese 20, Avv. [illegible] 50, Natale Scardaccione 20, Francesco Gutieri 30, Alfredo Di Bello 15, Ing. Luongo 50, Arturo D'Agostino 10, Giovanni Gioioso 50, Giovanni Airem 10, Giovanni Beccori 10, Vito De Luca 10, Michele Masi 10, Giovanni Finne 30, Francesco Oppici 20, Michele Luna 10, Attilio Martorano 10, Rag. Pietrangelo 15, Prof. Moschella 10, Tommaso Pedio 50, Avv. Luna 100, Avv. Scognamiglio 100, Giudice Tranfaglia 100, Avv. Raggi 100, Vito Sabia 50, Vittorio Basentini 10, Antonio Ielpo 10.

Direttore responsabile
RAG. BENEDETTO STOPPELLI

Potenza - Tip. Editrice Mario Nucci

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TRANSLATION

Palermo, 25 March 1944.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF THE GOVERNMENT

File No. 245

DSJ 4374
2 APR 1944

My dear General Macfarlane:

The Allied Military Authorities have established on the 26th of January last in Sicily the Regional Superintendency for Food Supply of Sicily and adjacent islands, and by ordinance of February 8th last they have approved its set-up.

Successively and after February 11th last, date of return of Sicily under Italian Administration, the same Allied Military Authorities have delegated to the said Superintendency the function of assignment and distribution within the Island of all products imported from abroad as well as collaboration in the economic field for putting into effect all matters in which the Regional Control Commission is interested.

The said office, which has established at Palermo a veritable Ministry with numerous provincial agencies under its jurisdiction, is not provided for under Italian administrative regulations and unnecessarily superimposes itself upon already existing agencies such as the Provincial Food Supply Sections and the Provincial Economy Councils. This, constituted by the Allied Military Authorities to meet specific, momentary local needs during the occupation, has no more reason for existence after February 11th last, at which time, based upon the agreements entered into, Italian legislation, administration and regulations were again put into effect in Sicily.

Therefore, while I reserve the right to take whatever measures of my Government, I ask you, my dear General, to kindly issue instructions to that effect also to the Regional Control Commission for Sicily.

With cordial greetings.

/s/ BADOGLIO

TO:
Lt. General Mason MACFARLANE
Chief of the Allied Control Commission
PALERMO

DCC

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & M.G. SECTION
APO 394

17 March 1944

EXECUTIVE MEMORANDUM)

NUMBER 45)

TO: Regional Commissioners 3,4,& 5 and S.C.A.O's with Armies.

SCREENING ITALIAN OFFICIALS IN AMG. AREAS

1. This directive indicates method which will be followed in occupied territory for the "Screening" of Italian officials.

2. This investigation, an explanation of which follows, will be the responsibility of the R.C. and is designed to eliminate officials who from their past record and character appear to be unsuitable to hold public office under the aegis of Allied Military Government. It is intended primarily to expel those individuals who through their own choice and inclination were ardent or prominent members or supporters of the Fascist Party.

3. The principle of this scheme is that each official is considered individually according to his personal merits and not in accordance with arbitrary criteria. Each investigation begins with the personal background of the official in his own locality and opportunity is afforded for the opinion of Allied Security and Military Government Officers who are on the spot and therefore in the best position to judge.

4. Unless such officials have already been investigated to the satisfaction of the R.C., the following measures will be adopted.

5. The R.C. will classify the officials to be investigated into two groups. List "A" indicating the Senior Officials and List "B" indicating those of lesser importance. A guide to this classification is attached, (Appendix 1) which should be followed subject to any special Regional requirements.

6. Priority of attention will be given to List "A" on the principle that if the senior officials are bona fide, they themselves will be likely to see that their subordinates are equally trustworthy.

7. The R.C. will distribute through his Provincial Commissioners, questionaire forms or Schede of an approved type (Appendix II) to be completed by the Italian officials concerned and to be returned by them to the issuing Provincial Officer. This Scheda is designed to reveal details of personal history in the Fascist Party and a guide to its use is attached (Appendix III). Supplies of Scheda are obtainable on request to HQ ACC or may be printed in Regions provided that no alteration is made to the standard form.

8. The completed forms will be forwarded to the Public Safety Officer who after reference to the local military security services available, e.g. C.I.C. or F.S.S., will record any such information on the Schede and will consult with the Provincial Officer who will endorse his recommendation as to retention or dismissal and forward it to the Provincial Commissioner who will act as follows:-

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Military Government. It is intended primarily to expel those individuals who through their own choice and inclination were ardent or prominent members or supporters of the Fascist Party.

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4. Unless such officials have already been investigated to the satisfaction of the R.C., the following measures will be adopted.

5. The R.C. will classify the officials to be investigated into two groups. List "A" indicating the Senior Officials and List "B" indicating those of lesser importance. A guide to this classification is attached, (Appendix 1) which should be followed subject to any special Regional requirements.

6. Priority of attention will be given to List "A" on the principle that if the senior officials are bona fide, they themselves will be likely to see that their subordinates are equally trustworthy.

7. The R.C. will distribute through his Provincial Commissioners, questionnaire forms or Schede of an approved type (Appendix II) to be completed by the Italian officials concerned and to be returned by them to the issuing Provincial Officer. This Scheda is designed to reveal details of personal history in the Fascist Party and a guide to its use is attached (Appendix III). Supplies of Scheda are obtainable on request to HQ ACC or may be printed in Regions provided that no alteration is made to the standard form.

8. The completed forms will be forwarded to the Public Safety Officer who after reference to the local military security services available, e.g. C.I.C. or F.S.S., will record any such information on the Scheda and will consult with the Provincial Officer who will endorse his recommendation as to retention or dismissal and forward it to the Provincial Commissioner who will act as follows:-

(a) In the case of List "B" officials who are not members of a national or centralized agency, such as Questure, Postal or Railway officials, decide whether or not they should remain in office and endorse the Schede with his decision.

(b) In the case of List "B" officials who are members of a national or central agency, he may decide to retain them in office, but, if in his opinion they should be dismissed, the consent of the head of the appropriate specialist at Regional Headquarters must first be obtained; (i,e, if the Provincial Commissioner is of the opinion that a Bank Director should be removed, he must obtain the consent of the Regional Financial Officer before so doing). In the event of disagreement between the Provincial Commissioner and the Regional officer concerned or in the absence of the latter officer, reference will be made to the R.C.

.....(c) In the case

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(c) In the case of List "A" officials, the Provincial Commissioner will add his recommendation to the Scheda and forward it to the R.C. At Regional HQ the Regional Public Safety Officer will refer to whatever military security functions are available and record such further information on the Scheda. The R.C. in consultation with the Regional Officer concerned will then decide whether or not the official should be retained.

(d) In the instance of difficulty arising in the case of List "B" officials, the matter will be referred to the R.C. for decision.

9. Normally List "A" officials should be suspended rather than dismissed from office until such action has been confirmed by HQ ACC.

10. The Scheda of List "A" officials should be retained for filing at Regional HQ and those of List "B" at Provincial level.

11. A limited number of experienced officers who are qualified to advise and assist R.C.'s in these investigations are available from the Security Branch HQ ACC and application for their services on a temporary basis should be made to this Headquarters.

12. R.C.'s will inform HQ ACC

(a) the date on which this "screening" is begun.

(b) the date of conclusion

(c) the result of such measures including the number and categories of officials who have been either confirmed in office or removed.

Monthly progress reports as at (c) will be submitted.

By Command of Lt. General Mason MACFARLANE:

M.S. LUSH
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

Appendix:

I Classification of Officials
II Scheda
III Guide to the use of the Scheda.

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10. The Scheda of List "A" officials should be retained for filing at Regional HQ and those of List "B" at Provincial level.

11. A limited number of experienced officers who are qualified to advise and assist R.C.'s in these investigations are available from the Security Branch HQ ACC and application for their services on a temporary basis should be made to this Headquarters.

12. R.C.'s will inform HQ ACC

(a) the date on which this "screening" is begun.

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Appendix:

I Classification of Officials
II Scheda
III Guide to the use of the Scheda.

Copies to :

Admin Section (10)
Econ. Section (10)
Secy. General (6)
Regions I II IV VI VIII & IX (info)
Additional copies to Regions and Armies addressed for Provincial Commissioners and Regional P.S. Officers.

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C O N F I D E N T I A L

APPENDIX I

List "A"

1. Prefect
2. Vice-Prefect
3. Questore
4. Vice-Questore
5. Director of Food Supply
6. Director of Transport
7. Maritime Director (Port Commandante)
8. Chamber of Commerce Director
9. Employment Director
10. Provincial Director Post Office
11. Inspector General Post Office
12. Rector and Heads of University Departments
13. Vice-President of Court of Appeal
14. Procuratore Generale of Court of Appeal
15. Avvocato Generale of Court of Appeal
16. Presidente di Tribunale
17. Procuratore del Re
18. Intendente di Finanza
19. Ragioniere Capo (Chief Accountant)
20. Comandanti of Fire Brigade of Categories 1 and 2 (i.e.Lt.Cols)

List "B"

1. Prefecture
   (a) Chief of Cabinet (Capo del Gabinetto)
   (b) Secretary (Segretario)
   (c) Councillors of the Prefecture (Cancellieri di Prefettura)
   (d) Secretaries of the Prefecture (Segretari di Prefettura)

2. Questura
   (a) Commissars of Public Safety (Commissari di Publica Sicurezza)

3. Magistrates (Magistrati)
   (a) 1st Pretori in towns over 40.000 population
   (b) Capo Cancelliere

4. Communes (Comuni)
   (a) Mayor and Vice-Mayor (Sindaco e Vice-Sindaco)
   (b) Communal Secretary (Segretario Communale)

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10. Provincial Director Post Office
11. Inspector General Post Office
12. Rector and Heads of University Departments
13. Vice-President of Court of Appeal
14. Procuratore Generale of Court of Appeal
15. Avvocato Generale of Court of Appeal
16. Presidente di Tribunale
17. Procuratore del Re
18. Intendente di Finanza
19. Ragioniere Capo (Chief Accountant)
20. Commandanti of Fire Brigade of Categories 1 and 2 (i.e.Lt.Cols)

List "B"

1. Prefecture
   (a) Chief of Cabinet (Capo del Gabinetto)
   (b) Secretary (Segretario)
   (c) Chancellors of the Prefecture (Cancellieri di Prefettura)
   (d) Secretaries of the Prefecture (Segretari di Prefettura)

2. Questura
   (a) Commissars of Public Safety (Commissari di Public Sicurezza)

3. Magistrates (Magistrati)
   (a) 1st Pretori in towns over 40.000 population
   (b) Capo Cancelliere

4. Communes (Comuni)
   (a) Mayor and Vice-Mayor (Sindaco e Vice-Sindaco)
   (b) Communal Secretary (Segretario Comunale)

5. Social Insurance Office (Ufficio di Previdenza Sociale)
   (a) Director and Assistant Directors (Direttori ed Assistenti)

6. Universities (Universita)
   Professors

7. Banks and Credit Institutions
   Directors

8. Transportation and Communications
   Chief Technicians.
   Post: Postmasters, Chief of Telegraph and Telephone Offices
   Railways: Capi Stazione at Principal railway stations.

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9. Military Service (Item 13)

Ordinary military service is not, of course, evidence against an individual. Significant are the items indicating whether the individual was a volunteer in the various wars or interventions of the Fascist regime. Also of considerable significance is the fact that the individual may have been exempted from military service by reason of special discrimination in his favor.

10. Anti-Fascist political activity.

The replies to this question are significant in the following respects: (a) As indicating those who were genuinely opposed to the Fascist regime before Allied occupation, and (b) to obtain some data as to the nature and strength of anti-Fascist parties. Many will now claim affiliations for obvious reasons, but generally the answers should be accepted, subject to check with well-known members of the parties or groups mentioned.

11. False Statements in the Scheda.

The individual filling out a Scheda is warned twice of the penalties for false statement. Any proof of false statement should be followed by prosecution.

12. Witnessing signature.

Since there is the possibility that Scheda may subsequently be produced as evidence in legal proceedings, it is strongly recommended that wherever possible, the signature of the official concerned, be witnessed by an Allied Officer who should countersign to that effect.

13 Supplies of Scheda Printed Forms.

As sufficient copies of the Scheda are not available in Naples for distribution to all Regions, Regional Commissioners and SCAO's Armies should make their own arrangements for printing of supplies.

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C O N F I D E N T I A L

Commissioned officers of Carabinieri and Guardia di Finanza will be screened through their own official channels for which the Chief of Public Safety ACC HQ and Commanding Generals CC.RR. (Carabinieri) and GG.FF. (Guardia di Finanza) will be responsible.

N.B. These lists have been framed as minimum requirements and should be extended to other officials according to Regional requirements and resources available.

Appendix III

GUIDE IN ANALYZING "SCHEDA" RETURNS.

The SCHEDA PERSONALE has been designed to obtain personal information concerning the background of Italian public officials with particular reference to their Fascist History.
In order to arrive at a proper conclusion some points of guidance are set out below. It should, however, be borne in mind that each case must be judged on its individual merits and that the guiding principles set out below are merely of an informative nature and not absolute rules.

WHAT TO LOOK FOR IN A COMPLETED SCHEDA.

1. Party membership (Item No. 4)

Membership in the Fascist Party (PNF) is not in itself of great significance. Public officials, whether ministerial appointees or career civil servants and people otherwise holding jobs of any responsibility were practically forced to belong to the Party. The same is true of prominent business and professional men who were obliged to give at least lip service to the Party in order to exist.

The time of joining the party and the length of membership are, of importance. If, for instance, it is shown that membership began in 1922, or before, and was uninterrupted until Allied occupations, it is one indication of an "Old Fascist".

Membership at later dates is proportionately of less significance depending, of course, on the age of the individual and the other factors shown on the Scheda.

2. Mussolini "Originals" and "March-on-Rome" Fascists (Item 5 (a) and (b).

The founders of the Fascist Party-Mussolini's "Old Guard" were known as "Sansepolcristi". They were relatively few in number. Consequently there will be few "Si" answers to this question. But if one is found the significance is obvious.

The Blackshirts who were in the "March on Rome" October 28, 1922, or were subsequently so considered, were known as "Squadristi". They constituted the strong arm and "castor-oil" squads who violently repressed opposition to Fascism and who formed the nucleus of the Fascist government throughout Italy. Unless there be overwhelming evidence to the contrary, any person who was a "Squadrista" may be considered as a leading, active and probably dangerous Fascist.

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3. Fascist Militia (MVSN), Item 5 (c) and (d)

The Fascist Militia (Milizia Volontaria Sicurezza Nazionale) was created by Mus-

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below. It should, however, be borne in mind that each case must be judged on its individual merits and that the guiding principles set out below are merely of an informative nature and not absolute rules.

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2271

3. Fascist Militia (MVSN), Item 5 (c) and (d)

The Fascist Militia (Militia Volontaria Sicurezza Nazionale) was created by Mussolini first as as a volunteer police force and then as a Party Army separate from the regular armed forces and police services to maintain the power of the dictatorship.

Membership in the Militia has to be judged from the indication of the type of Militia unit to which the individual belonged and his period of service with each unit. For instance service in the "Militia Ordinaria" -- the basic, regular type of volunteer Blackshirts--- if performed during peace time is proof that the individual was a maintain of the party but if performed only during war time, and a result of being drafted for that service this fact should not be held against the individual.

The same is true for the other types of militia, except for the Moschettieri del Duce" (The Duce's Musketeers) who were Mussolini's personal bodyguard and Fascist carefully picked for this duty.

The least significant of the Militia units were the Anti-aircraft Militia, and the Naval Artillery Militia which were so close to ordinary military units that it may well be said that membership in those units was not much more than regular military service.

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4. Party Jobs Item 6 (a) to (o)

These are positions of prime importance. The jobs listed are arranged generally in order of their significance, but all are important as indicating the degree to which the individual occupied positions of responsibility in the Party itself. The general rule should be that a person who held any one of these jobs is to be regarded as clearly prominent in Fascist rank and as a party leader, at whatever level the position was held. Judgement should be modified, however, by consideration of the period of service in any one or more of these appointments. For instance, the lesser positions if held only for a few months preceding Allied occupation might indicate that a minor official had been left in an invidious position by a more prominent Fascist who fled before Allied arrival. Of major significance are indications that the individual held progressively greater responsibilities in the Party.

5. OVRA & other secret-police activities (Items 7 to 9)

The OVRA (Opera Volontaria Repressione Anti-Fascista) was a volunteer secret police system. Each person who belonged to this system was part of a web of spies and informers who reported on activities or sympathies regarded by the Fascists as subversive. Every unit of the government, of private business, of the professional world, of the police and even of the army had its OVRA. The OVRA itself had an inside OVRA.

Since it was virtually impossible for Italians themselves to know who OVRA members were, it is unlikely that persons will admit their activities of this type on the schede. But some instances have occurred in which the admission has been made. Moreover, intelligence agencies of the Allied forces have been able to get lists of OVRA members which can be checked against the Scheda.

Any individual who was a member of the OVRA should be regarded as a dangerous and undesirable person.

Official who were part of the "political office" of the Public Sicurezza (metropolitan police) should be similarly regarded.

6. Corporative and syndical Positions (Item 10)

Note the question in this section ask whether the individual was a functionary in a Corporazione, Syndicato, or Consorzio Agrario. Every employer or employee under the Fascist corporative had to belong to some such organization. Consequently such membership indicates nothing as to the Fascist character of the individual. But positions of official authority in the administration of such organizations were usually given to tried and true Fascist. Again, the period of service and the nature of the duties have a highly important bearing.

7. Governmental and Quasi-Governmental Positions (Item 11)

The most important item in the listing of governmental or "Parastatal" positions occupied by the individual is the method by which he was appointed. If by regular civil service examination, the fact that the person held a go-

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2. Political Activities (Items 7 to 9)

The OVRA (Opera Volontaria Repressione Anti-Fascista) was a volunteer secret police system. Each person who belonged to this system was part of a web of spies and informers who reported on activities or sympathies regarded by the Fascists as subversive. Every unit of the government, of private business, of the professional world, of the police and even of the army had its OVRA. The OVRA itself had an inside OVRA.

Since it was virtually impossible for Italians themselves to know who OVRA members were, it is unlikely that persons will admit their activities of this type on the schede. But some instances have occurred in which the admission has been made. Moreover, intelligence agencies of the Allied forces have been able to get lists of OVRA members which can be checked against the Scheda.

Any individual who was a member of the OVRA should be regarded as a dangerous and undesirable person.

Official who were part of the "political office" of the Public Sicurezza (Metropolitan police) should be similarly regarded.

6. Corporative and syndical Positions (Item 10)

Note the question in this section ask whether the individual was a functionary in a Corporazione, Syndicato, or Consorzio Agrario. Every employer or employee under the Fascist corporative had to belong to some such organization. Consequently such membership indicates nothing as to the Fascist character of the individual. But positions of official authority in the administration of such organizations were usually given to tried and true Fascist. Again, the period of service and the nature of the duties have a highly important bearing.

7. Governmental and Quasi-Governmental Positions (Item 11)

The most important item in the listing of governmental or "Parastatal" positions occupied by the individual is the method by which he was appointed. If by regular civil service examination, the fact that the person held a government job under the Fascist regime is of no significance. But if the appointment was made by decree Ministerial or Prefectual the probabilities are that the individual attained his position not be merit but as a political reward for being a good Fascist.

8. Sources of Income (Item 12).

The replies in this section are significant if they show (a) that the major source of income was from the Fascist Party or from Corporative or Governmental jobs to which the individual was appointed under the Fascist regime, or (b) that the income was excessive in terms of the functions performed. Even private incomes from business or professional should be thus regarded. The ordinary business man or professional person was not permitted under the Fascist Tax and penalty system to earn excessive amounts unless he was favored by the regime

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

GOVERNO MILITARE ALLEATO

N. B. - Penalità severissime, di prigione e di ammenda sono previste per chiunque facesse delle dichiarazioni false nella presente scheda.

SCHEDA PERSONALE

1. Nome e cognome ..... di o fu .....

a) Luogo di nascita ..... b) Data di nascita .....

2. Indirizzo attuale ..... a) Residenza permanente .....

3. Professione .....

4. Eravate iscritto al P. N. F.? ..... a) Da quando .....

5. Appartenevate ad uno dei seguenti gruppi (Si o No):

a) Sansepolcristi ..... b) Squadristi ..... c) M. V. S. N.? .....

d) Se eravate nella Milizia, in quale delle seguenti unità avete prestato servizio? (Indicate con un SI od un NO l' unità e la data negli spazi rispettivi):

	PERIODO DI SERVIZIO (Specificare se servizio effettivo o nei quadri)
Milizia ordinaria?	
Milizia Ferroviaria?	
Milizia Postale?	
Milizia Portuale?	
Milizia Forestale?	
Milizia Stradale?	
Milizia Confinaria?	
Milizia Universitaria?	
Milizia Antiaerea?	225
Milizia Artiglieria Marittima?	
« Moschettieri del Duce »?	

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

a) Luogo di nascita ..... b Data di nascita .....

2. Indirizzo attuale ..... a) Residenza permanente .....

3. Professione .....

4. Eravate iscritto al P. N. F.? ..... a) Da quando .....

5. Appartenevate ad uno dei seguenti gruppi (Si o No):

a) Sansepolcristi ..... b) Squadristi ..... c) M. V. S. N.? .....

d) Se eravate nella Milizia, in quale delle seguenti unità avete prestato servizio? (Indicate con un SI od un NO l'unità e la data negli spazi rispettivi):

	PERIODO DI SERVIZIO (Specificare se servizio effettivo o nei quadri)
Milizia ordinaria?	
Milizia Ferroviaria?	
Milizia Postale?	
Milizia Portuale?	
Milizia Forestale?	
Milizia Stradale?	
Milizia Confinaria?	
Milizia Universitaria?	
Milizia Antiaerea?	
Milizia Artiglieria Marittima?	
« Moschettieri del Duce »?	
Battaglioni « M »?	

2273

e) Se avete militato solo in tempo di guerra, siete entrato nella Milizia da volontario o in seguito a regolare chiamata? .....

6. Avete ricoperto una delle seguenti cariche nel Partito Fascista (rispondete SI o NO e indicate i periodi di servizio o di ciascuna carica negli spazi rispondenti):

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

	PERIODO DI SERVIZIO
a) Segretario nel P. N. F.?	
b) Membro del Direttorio Nazionale?	
c) Segretario Federale?	
d) Membro del Direttorio Federale?	
e) Ispettore del Partito?	
f) Ispettore Federale?	
g) Segretario politico di un Fascio?	
h) Fiduciario di un Gruppo Rionale?	
i) Membro di un Gruppo Rionale?	
j) Capo settore?	
k) Capo nucleo?	
l) Una posizione autorevole nella G. I. L.?	
m) Una posizione autorevole nel G. U. F.?	
n) Una posizione autorevole nei Fasci Femminili?	
o) Qualche altra carica nel Partito	
Quale?	

7. Siete stato in qualche periodo membro dell' OVRA? Quando?

8. Avete fatto parte dell' ufficio politico dei CC. RR.? Quando?

9. Avete fatto parte di un ufficio politico della P.S.? Quando?

10. Siete stato in qualche periodo funzionario in una delle seguenti organizzazioni:

	PERIODO DI SERVIZIO
a) in una Corporazione?	
Quale?	
Denominazione della carica	
b) in una unione sindacale?	

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

f) Ispettore Federale?

g) Segretario politico di un Fascio?

h) Fiduciario di un Gruppo Rionale?

i) Membro di un Gruppo Rionale?

j) Capo-settore?

k) Capo-nucleo?

l) Una posizione autorevole nella G. I. L.?

m) Una posizione autorevole nel G. U. F.?

n) Una posizione autorevole nei Fasci Femminili?

o) Qualche altra carica nel Partito

Quale?

7. Siete stato in qualche periodo membro dell' OVRA? Quando?

8. Avete fatto parte dell' ufficio politico dei CC. RR.? Quando?

9. Avete fatto parte di un ufficio politico della P.S.? Quando?

10. Siete stato in qualche periodo funzionario in una delle seguenti organizzazioni:

a) in una Corporazione?

Quale?

Denominazione della carica

b) in una unione sindacale?

Quale?

Denominazione della carica

c) in un Consorzio Agrario?

Quale?

Denominazione della carica

PERIODO DI SERVIZIO

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

PERIODO DI SERVIZIO

d) in qualche altra organizzazione corporativa o sindacale?

Quale?

Denominazione della carica

11. Indicate le cariche nazionali, provinciali o comunali - governative o parastatali - occupate da voi dal 1921, come segue:

NOME DELL' ISTITUTO	PERIODO DI SERVIZIO	MODO DI ASSUNZIONE

12. Indicate le principali fonti dei vostri introiti durante il regime Fascista:

FONTI	MEDIA ANNUALE	INTROITO DEL 1942

13. Avete prestato servizio militare? *a*) In quale arma?

b) Quando? *c*) Quale grado rivestivate ultimamente?

d) Dove avete prestato servizio?

e) Siete stato « volontario » nella guerra civile Spagnola?

f) Siete stato « volontario » nella campagna dell' Africa Orientale? Del Nord Africa?

g) Avete goduto di qualche esonero dal servizio militare?

Per quale motivo?

14. Avete fatto parte dal 1922 in poi di qualche organizzazione politica diversa dal Partito Fascista? Nome dell'organizzazione

Periodo di appartenenza?

GIURO CHE LE PRECEDENTI DICHIARAZIONI SONO VERE.

227c

Firma

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

NOME DELL' ISTITUTO PERIODO DI SERVIZIO MODO DI ASSUNZIONE

12. Indicate le principali fonti dei vostri introiti durante il regime Fascista:

FONTI MEDIA ANNUALE INTROITO DEL 1942

13. Avete prestato servizio militare? *a)* In quale arma?

b) Quando? *c)* Quale grado rivestivate ultimamente?

b) Dove avete prestato servizio?

c) Siete stato « volontario » nella guerra civile Spagnola?

f) Siete stato « volontario » nella campagna dell' Africa Orientale? Del Nord Africa?

g) Avete goduto di qualche esonero dal servizio militare?

Per quale motivo?

14. Avete fatto parte dal 1922 in poi di qualche organizzazione politica diversa dal Partito Fascista? Nome dell'organizzazione

Periodo di appartenenza?

GIURO CHE LE PRECEDENTI DICHIARAZIONI SONO VERE.

Firma 227c

Data

N. B. - *Rileggere prima di consegnare la scheda, e se avete scritto il falso, correggete. Vi ricordiamo che le superiori dichiarazioni sono state fatte sotto giuramento e che pene severe sono stabilite per il falso giuramento.*

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Pagina riservata alle annotazioni dell'Ufficiale degli Affari Civili

2246

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

2247

ALFREDO DE VITO - Tipografia - Napoli - 2.2. Largo dei Bianchi alto Spirito Santo - Tel. 27-658

2248

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

DSM 1376
26 JUN 1944

No. 739. di prot

Salerno, 13 March 1944.

Dear General,

After having worked with me for quite some time, you know that it is my absolute decision to proceed in any matter in full accord with the Allied Control Commission over which you preside.

With regard to this, at next Thursday's Council of Ministers, I shall give definite orders to the effect that no government appointment be made without previous agreement with the Commission.

I hope that the same feelings prevail with the Control Commission toward us, so that it might be possible to come, in common agreement to a revision of certain positions given to certain persons inthe provinces recently turned over to the Italian Government, and which render nearly impossible a normal functioning of government.

With cordial greetings,

/s/ Badoglio

To General Noel Mason MacFarlane
Chief of the Allied Control Commission
Naples.

file/700

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DCS

/dfe

DSA 220
13 MAR 1944

CC/P/134/000.1

10 March 1944

Recent events over certain appointments have shown that it is clearly desirable for us to have a mutually satisfactory arrangement to prevent misunderstandings and subsequent difficulties which it is in all our interests to avoid. I would suggest, therefore, that it should be agreed that you will let me know before any appointment to the Government is actually announced. Equally, I should be glad if you will impress upon all the members of your Government that they should, in turn, consult the appropriate authorities in the Allied Control Commission before making any senior appointments in their own departments either at the seat of the Italian Government or in those provinces under Italian jurisdiction. As they already enjoy close and friendly relations with the Sub-Commissions with whom they work, this should be an easy matter to arrange. It is clear that each minister must be strictly accountable for all appointments in his department, and the arrangement which I propose should be to their interests in carrying out the work which we are doing together.

I should be glad if you will let me know whether you are in full agreement with the proposals made in this letter. If so, I will give the necessary instructions to the various heads of Sections and Sub-Commissions of the Allied Control Commission as soon as you confirm that members of your government have been notified of our agreement.

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE
Lieutenant General
Chief Commissioner

H.E. Marshal Pietro Badoglio
Capo del Governo

(20)

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

129(210)

FNM:/rh

8th. March, 1944.

I had a visit yesterday from Dr. Jung who was under the impression that you were considering including Engineer Giuseppe Cenzato in action which you were contemplating in connection with de-fascistication.

2. Jung informs me that Cenzato is a very valuable official and that his political record is not serious. I gather that a good many of our people, including Hensley, Wingate, Maskrey, Evans, Hoggen and Cooley, are understood to be favourably impressed with the work done by Cenzato. I enclose a note on Cenzato left with me by Jung.

3. I send you all the above for what it may be worth and would be glad if you would let me know in due course what the situation is. For all I know, Jung may have been misinformed.

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE,
Lieutenant-General,
Chief Commissioner.

Lt. Colonel C. Poletti, USA.
Regional Commissioner,
REGION III

(17) Copy note left enclosure

120(210)

2267.4

9 MAR 1944

2251

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

123(000.1)

DS/S 306
11 MAR 1944

Capt Slaughter

No action
necessary. Do
you think best
to keep
file here

With reference to the case
now at length received my expecta
I am very happy to inform you tha
appointment of Signor Philipson a

Please regard
us on the subject o
Confidential.

FRANK J. SLAUGHTER.,
Captain, A G D.,

2256
DS/S 308
11 MAR 1944

Chief Commissioner.

S.E. Marshal Pietro Badoglio,
Capo del Governo.

file/2256

(18)

123(000.1)
5 Items

2256

8 March 44

2252

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

123(000.1)

FNEM/rj

5th. March. 1944.

(- with Political Secn.)

With reference to the case of Signor Philipson. I have now at length received my expected communication from London and I am very happy to inform you that there is no objection to the appointment of Signor Philipson as desired by you.

Please regard this correspondence between us on the subject of S. Philipson as strictly confidential.

NOEL MASON MACFARLANE.
Lieutenant-General,
Chief Commissioner.

S.E. Marshal Pietro Badoglio.
Capo del Governo.

(18)

123(000.1)
5th March

file/xxx

2252

8 March 44

2253

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

PS-D 308
11 MAR 1944

SF

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF THE GOVERNMENT

28 February

My dear General:-

I would be particularly obliged to you, if you would let me know at the earliest possible something with regard to Philipson.

He, an indefatigable worker and profoundly capable of understanding men, is of great usefulness to me, and I would give him up only with great displeasure. I also believe that the references furnished by Philipson are sufficient to show that the accusation levelled against him has no foundation.

Please accept my most cordial regards.

BADOGLIO

(2) Reminder sent
HAC
29/2

(1)
Mr. Caccia:

Can you hurry London up?
28
NM-----M
2

(3)
OK received from the Foreign Office and Badoglio informed.
3
NM-----M
3

(4) App A

2264

2254

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Ecc Sec (for P.W.U.)

DS/J 246

V-1065

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

4 March 1944

SUBJECT: Regional Maps

TO : Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission, Main Hq ACC, Naples

Pursuant to instructions contained in your letter dated 29 February 1944, the attached map showing Italian Administration Sub-Divisions and A.C.C. Regional Boundaries is returned for new revisions.

For the Deputy Chief Commissioner:

L. D. Densmore

L. D. DENSMORE
Lt. Col., S.C.
PA to DCC

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

856 05
WAR DEPT

D3-J 246
8 MAR 1944

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission
APO 394

ACC/101/PWU

29 Feb. 1944

Subject: Regional Name.

To : **Capt. Ellery W. Stone ,**
Deputy Chief Commissioner, U.S.N.R.

1. We have recently forwarded to your office a map showing Italian Administration Sub-Divisions and A.C.C. Regional Boundaries revised as of Feb. 15, 1944.

2. Executive Memorandum Number 33, dated 27th February 1944. HC and HG Section ACC states new revisions in some of the Regional Boundaries.

3. If you will return your map to this Sub-Commission we will be glad to record these changes immediately and return it to you.

L.A. JENNY,
Lt.Col. C.E.,
Director.

(16)
21 Ltr

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

Administrative Section

29 Feb 44

SUBJECT: Italian Appointment by Italian Government

TO : Vice President, Political Section HQ ACC APO 394

I read your draft (attached) to heads of Sub-commissions concerned who entirely agree. (I presume it does not suggest in any way that the Italian Government acquires right of appointment in AMG areas).

(Dismissals of AMG appointees is of course covered by hand-over documents).

Letter on this subject taken personally by Gen Macfarlane to Gen Alexander.
No copy available. 4/h 2 Mar 44.

STANGATE
VP Adm Sec

4 MAR 2261

2257

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

Administrative Section

5 MAR 1944

20 Feb 44.

Subject : Appointments etc. of Italian Officials.

To : Chief Commissioner, HQ. ACC. APO 394.

1. Some discussion has taken place within the Administrative Section regarding the appointment and dismissal of Italian officials. The particular aspects concerned being,

(a) The extent of planning with ~~the~~ appointments and removals.
(b) The level ~~at~~ to which ACC should concern itself.

2. The following recommendations are submitted for your approval:-

(a) That in the case of the positions scheduled in the Appx. hereto, the Italian Government be asked to agree not to make any changes in appointments (which expression includes new appointments, promotions, reductions, transfers, and dismissals) without first consulting with the appropriate Subcommission. Dismissal of officials appointed by ACC is of course only allowed with Allied consent.

~~(c) That the views of the Subcommission as to whether or not appointment or removal should be communicated to the Ministry concerned.~~

(b) That where the Subcommission is of opinion that an appointment should not be made and cannot obtain agreement with the Minister concerned, the question should be referred to the Chief Commissioner or an officer deputed by him for that purpose.

(c) An officer so deputed shall, as soon as conveniently may be, ascertain the views of the Minister and Subcommission. If unable to obtain agreement, he will submit to the Chief Commissioner advice as to whether or not the appointment should be allowed.

3. It is suggested that the most convenient machinery for discussion between Ministers and Subcommissions would be small Joint Appointment Committees (each such committee prescribing its own procedure).

4. It is further suggested that Subcommissions be instructed:-

(a) That consent will not be given to changes of appointment which prejudice officers who have competently and efficiently carried out their duties under ACC except where the Subcommission is satisfied that the change is reasonable and necessary to maintain the discipline or efficiency of the service.

(b) That in the case of a senior official appointed by ACC to a position senior to that normally open to an officer of his grade no objection shall

..... /shall

4 MAR 1944

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

APPENDIX

DS/AI 24
5 MAR 1944

Appointments by the Italian Government
as to which
the Allied Governments reserve the right to be consulted
listed under the appropriate Sub-Commission

LEGAL

First Presidents of Courts of Appeal
Consellors of Cassation and Appeal
Procuratori Generali
Sostituti di Procuratori Generali
Presidenti di Tribunali
Procuratori del Re
Primo Pretori (of towns of pop. 50,000)

INTERIOR

Prefects
Vice Prefects
Vice Prefect Inspectors
Consiglieri Primo Grado
Consiglieri Secondo Grado
First Secretary to Prefect
Special Secretary
Director of Religious Affairs
Sindaci) of communes of
Town Clerk) pop. 15,000

PUBLIC SAFETY

Legion Commanders C.C.R.R.
Legion Commanders Guardia di Finanza
Questori Public Security Service
Regional Directors Prison Service
Commandants (and Upwards) Fire Service

EDUCATION

Rectors
Professors (titular)
Presidi of Faculties
Academy Inspectors of
schools (local and centralized)
Heads of Divisions in Ministry
Of Education
Provveditori
Presidi of Schools
Inspectors of Schools
University Lecturers

(15) MIC

2254

2259

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ACC/4039/L

CONFIDENTIAL

Translation by
J.G. Hannaford
Major
19-2-44

PS-12-12
19 FEB 044

CAREER of

H. E. ETTORE CASATI, GRAND CROSS OF THE KING'S ORDERS, MINISTER OF JUSTICE.

"Born at Chiarenna (Prov. of Sondrio) in the extreme North of Lombardy, where the Swiss customs and ways of life are still prevalent on 24 March 1873. H.E. Casati is 70.

He entered the judicial profession on the 21 May 1895.

His career was normal and his promotion regular, though his works on International Law and his reputation as a judge had already attracted the attention of his superiors, and their reports have been at all times extremely praiseful.

He was a successful Pretore at Leghorn, "Giudice Istruttore" in Milan, "Procuratore del Re" at Brono and San Remo.

For exceptional merit he was promoted Counsellor of Court of Appeal and assigned to Genova. A few years later in 1924, he was made Counsellor of Cassation and selected as President of Session. On Oct 41, he crowned his career by being appointed First President of Cassation, the highest post in the judicial hierarchy.

At the collapse of the Fascist regime, he was appointed President of the Commission to investigate into the unlawful enrichment of Fascist Officials and had already started the proceedings, when the Germans re-entered Rome. He had to escape and hide for some weeks, then he succeeded in crossing the German lines and reached Allied Occupied Territory. On his arrival in Salerno he was immediately appointed Minister of Justice."

Note: Marshal Badoglio also chose him to be "Presidente del Consiglio Interministeriale," an appointment which in fact gives him seniority over the other ministers and enables him to control interministerial activities.

(14)
1977

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

SECRET

TS 94

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

FJS/mip

DSG - 091.1

18 February 1944

Subject: Italian Government.

To: AFHQ Adv Adm Sch, CBF.

With reference to your TS/C 10 February 1944, to Hq 94 Sub Area, enclosed herewith is a list of the Italian Government Sections and their location.

For the Deputy Chief Commissioner:

FRANK J. SLAUGHTER,
Captain, AGD,
Deputy Secretary General.

1 Incl:

As listed above.

Copy to:

Secretary General.
94 Sub Area

File

(13)

2257

SECRET

2261

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

SECRET

LIST OF THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT SECTIONS AND THEIR LOCATION.

Royal House	Revello (Salerno Area)
Prime Minister and Chief of the Government	Salerno
Foreign Minister	Salerno
Minister of Marine	Taranto
Air Minister	Cava (Salerno Area)
President of Council of Ministers	Salerno
Interior	Salerno
Justice	Salerno
War	Lecce
Education	Salerno
Public Works	Salerno
Finance	Salerno
Industry, Finance and Labor	Salerno
Agriculture and Forrests	Salerno
Railroad and Civil Transportation	Naples
Merchant Marine	Naples
Posts, Telephone and Telegraph	Salerno
Commando Supremo	Cava (Salerno Area)
Liaison Offices to the Government	Salerno

(13) INCL

2254

SECRET

2262

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Subject :- Rationing of the Italian Govt.

HQ. 94 Sub Area.
Q280.
13 Feb 44.

HQ A.C.C. Salerno.

Copy to :- 'Q' Branch,
AFHQ Adv Adm Echelon.

Reference AFHQ Adv Adm Echelon letter 75/Q dated 10 Feb 44, copy to you.

Will you please forward the information requested in the Second para direct to AFHQ Adv Adm Echelon, with a copy to this HQ.

(13)APP A

Lt-Colonel.
Comd.

2263

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

DSF 2.2
14 FEB 1944

12 SECRET NO 5427

SUBJECT:- Rationing of Italian Government.

AFHQ Adv Adm Echelon,
CMF.

75/Q

10 Feb 44.

HQ 96 Sub Area

Copy to - IN A22

Reference your Q.280 of 3 Feb 44, there is no objection from the accounting point of view to the course you suggest. Accounting for issues to the Italian authorities are covered by departmental instructions issued through ST channels.

It was however previously understood that the whole of the Italian Government was being accomodated in the SALERNO area. Will you please state if any of them are accomodated elsewhere and if so, where?

Brigadier,
DSF.

(13) APP B

File
DSF

2253

931

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

Subject: Rationing of the Italian Government.

HQ 94 Sub Area.
G/280

3 Feb 44.

"Q" Branch,
AFHQ Adv Echelon.

Copy to: HQ ACC

Reference your 75 Q.1 dated 4 Jan 44.

HQ ACC ALLIED have notified this HQ that approx 330 of the persons involved are actually stationed in NAPLES, and have requested that they be allowed to draw rations for this number in NAPLES in order to save transport.

Please state whether arrangements can be made for the rations for this number to be issued by 57 Area, or whether an arrangement to this effect should be made by this HQ direct with 57 Area if it is necessary for all accounting to be carried out by this HQ.

It is desired that drawings from NAPLES should commence on 8 Feb 44.

sgd R. Mould Graham,
Colonel,
Comd 94 Sub Area.

CWL/EP

(13) APP C

3 Feb 44

2265

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

Copy Not for Information

DCN 82

20 FEB 1944

Ministry of Communications
General Directory of Post and Telegraph — Salerno, 17 February 1944

File No. S/S.C/621

To Chief Forward Censorship Section - Naples
and for information, to: ACC - Salerno
Provincial Directory of P & T - Naples

Subject: 1st Official Cav. Salvatore Cammarota

We received the letter of 5 February, asking this Ministry to confirm to Mr. Salvatore Cammarota his promotion from grade IX to grade VIII.

We are sorry to be unable to grant such a request, because the Italian Council of Ministers has voted that all Ministries withhold any and all promotions until all Italian territory shall have been liberated from enemy hands.

This is rendered on grounds of equity, since, whereas all promotions are based on comparative merit, any promotion relative to only one group of Italian officials should surely result in discrimination against those who are located in occupied Italy.

Sincere regards,

THE UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE
/s/ M. Puno

Sgt Sorisi - Translator

/mlp

(12)

17 Feb

2253

file 190

2266

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

MINISTERO DELLE COMUNICAZIONI
DIREZIONE GENERALE PP. TT.

N. S/8.0/4871 Risposta alla lettera N. del

OGGETTO: 1° Ufficiale Camarota Cav. Salvatore.-

Salerno, 17 febbraio 1944

20 FEB 1944

CHIEF FORWARD CENSORSHIP SECTION NAPOLI

e, per conoscenza:

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION SALERNO
ALLA DIREZIONE PROVINCIALE PP.TT. NAPOLI

Abbiamo ricevuta la lettera del 5 febbraio con la quale si chiede a questo Ministero di voler confermare al Sig. CAMARROTA Salvatore la sua promozione dal grado 9° al grado 8°.

Siamo dolenti di non poter aderire al desiderio espressoci in quanto il Consiglio dei Ministri Italiano ha deliberato che tutti i Ministeri soprassiedano ad ogni e qualsiasi promozione fino a che tutto il territorio italiano non è stato liberato dal nemico.

Ciò è fondato su ragioni di equità, per il fatto che, essendo tutte le promozioni disposte per merito comparativo, le promozioni fatte prendendo in esame solo una parte dei funzionari italiani sarebbero sicuramente fatte a scapito di quelli residenti nell'Italia occupata.

Distinti saluti

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO

(12)

2254

2267

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

19 FEB 1944

Private Secretary
To the Chief of Government.

No. 449 of Prot. 13 February 1944

To: Allied Control Commission.

Following agreements reached between H. E. Marshall Badoglio and the Allied Control Commission, rations for the approximately 700 officials of the Italian Government may now be issued by the Allied Military Authorities.

The ration is that known as "ration A", issued for Italian combatant troops, and is the most satisfactory of those contemplated for the Italian Army, inasmuch as it includes an abundance of flour and provides 4 ounces of macaroni, which until now have nevertheless not been distributed.

This ration, however, designed for combatant or non-combatant troops provides a somewhat deficient diet for the Government, which includes, besides H. E. Marshall Badoglio, the ministers and other persons of advanced age.

Above all the monotony of the food ("corned beef" every day except on the rare occasions when it is substituted by frozen meat) adversely affects their health and makes it necessary to obtain foods from the civilian market, something which for evident reasons it is desirable to avoid.

For these reasons it is requested that you examine the possibility of replacing the fat at present distributed, and called "Oleomargarine", with butter, which is lighter and hence more digestible; the possibility of increasing the number of times frozen meat is provided in place of corned beef, perhaps to at least 3 rations per week; the possibility of varying canned meats by alternating the corned beef with bacon, chopped pork, sausages and boned fish in the same proportion; and finally the possibility of obtaining tea and jam.

The above is requested only for government officials, the "A" ration remaining for the troops.

/s/ G. Valenzano
/t/ G. VALENZANO
Lt. Col.
Private Secretary to the
Chief of Government.

DSG/Trans/ Cpl. Shenfield/.
LZS/ajp.

2251

Capt. Drage handing

2268

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CP/

SEGRETERIA PARTICOLARE DEL CAPO DEL GOVERNO

LÌ 13 FEBBRAIO 1944

Nº 149 DI PROT.

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO

SEDE

PEI FUNZIONARI DEL GOVERNO ITALIANO, CIRCA 700 PERSONE, POSSONO ESSERE PRELEVATE DALLE AUTORITÀ MILITARI ALLEATE LE RAZIONI, IN SEGUITO AD ACCORDI INTERCORSI FRA S.E. IL MARESCIALLO BADOGLIO E LA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO.

LA RAZIONE È QUELLA DENOMINATA "A", OSSIA PER TRUPPE ITALIANE COMBATTENTIED È LA PIÙ FAVOREVOLE TRA LE RAZIONI PREVISTE PER LE TRUPPE ITALIANE, IN QUANTO ABBONDA DI FARINA E PREVEDE 4 ONCE DI MACCHERONI CHE PERÒ FINO AD OGGI NON SONO MAI STATI DISTRIBUITI.

DETTA RAZIONE PERÒ, ESSENDO STATA STUDIATA PER LA TRUPPA, E PER LA TRUPPA IN LINEA, PRESENTA ALCUNE DEFICIENZE PER LA MENSA DEL GOVERNO CHE COMPRENDE, OLTRE ALL' ECC. IL MARESCIALLO BADOGLIO, I MINISTRI ED ALTRE PERSONALITÀ DI ETÀ AVANZATA.

ANZITUTTO LA MONOTONIA DEI GENERI (OGNI GIORNO "CORNED BEEF" AD ECCEZIONE DI RARE VOLTE IN CUI QUESTO È SOSTITUITO DA CARNE CONGELATA) INCIDE SULLA LORO SALUTE E COSTRINGE A RICERCHE DI GENERI SUL MERCATO, COSA CHE PER LE NOTE RAGIONI SI DESIDERA EVITARE.

SI PREGA, PERCIÒ, DI ESAMINARE LA POSSIBILITÀ CHE IL GRASSO ATTUALMENTE DISTRIBUITO E DENOMINATO "OLEOMARGARINE" SIA SOSTITUITO DAL BURRO PIÙ LEGGERO E QUINDI PIÙ DIGERIBILE; CHE SIA PIÙ SPESSO DATA LA CARNE CONGELATA AL POSTO DEL "CORNED BEEF" E POSSIBILMENTE ALMENO PER 8 RAZIONI SETTIMANALI; CHE LO SCATOLAME SIA VARIATO ALTERNANDO IL "CORNED BEEF" CON "BACON", "CHOPPED PORK", "SAUSAGES" E SCATOLE DI PESCE NELLE STESSE PROPORZIONI - 4 ONCE - DELL'ATTUALE RAZIONE DI CORNED BEEF; CHE SIA DATO ANCHE DEL THE E DELLA MARMELLATA.

QUANTO SOPRA VIENE RICHIESTO UNICAMENTE PER I FUNZIONARI, FERMO RESTANDO L'INTEGRALE RAZIONE "A" PER LA TRUPPA.-

(11)

IL SEGRETARIO PARTICOLARE
DEL CAPO DEL GOVERNO
(TEN.COL. G.VALENZANO)

2269

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

STONE 02 JAN 1944 2266

5383/43P

AG 091.1 31 January 1944

SUBJECT: Italian Prefects

TO : Head of Administrative Section
A.C.C. Adv. Echelon, Naples

1. Attached is a copy of a letter, No. 10046 of 29 January 1944, from S.E. Innocenti, signing for the Under-Secretary of State for the Interior, which is self-explanatory.

2. I have told S.E. Innocenti that I am passing his request to you and that he will doubtless hear from you on his arrival at Salerno.

3. S.E. Innocenti then asked that the Prefects in question, provided there is no objection, be instructed to report to the Under-Secretary for the Interior at Salerno in the near future.

4. It seems to me that the Italian Government should be met in this matter, unless of course there exist good reasons why the movement of any of these Prefects should be restricted.

For the Deputy President, Allied Control Commission:

ELLERY W. STONE
Captain, USNR
Acting Chief of Staff

1 Incl:
as above

2254

SM 1 (10)
31 Jan

2270

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

TRANSLATION

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR
The Under-Secretary of State

P.M. 151, 29 January 1944

No. 10046

N O T E

To Allied Control Commission

In answer to the note of the 25th File No. 019.1, we give you the names of ~~career~~ Prefects who have been removed from office in Sicily by Allied authorities. If there is no objection, we beg that they be permitted to enter into the territory directly administered by the Royal Government so as to utilize their services in the administrative field:

1) Comm. Dr. Stanislao CADONI - lately Prefect of Agrigento
2) " " Renato PESCUCCI - " " " Caltanissetta
3) Gr. Uff. Dr. Salvatore AZZARO- " " " Catania
4) Comm. Dr. Emanuele De Rosa - " " " Enna
5) " " Salvatore COSSU - " " " Siracusa

For the same reasons we would like you to review the case of Comm. Dr. Rosario Speciale, lately Prefect of Reggio Calabria, who is in the same conditions.

We will be grateful for the courtesy of a favorable reply in the above matter.

for THE UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE
/s/ Innocenti

Sgt Sorisi - Transl.

(10) INCL

2271

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO

N.10046 F.M. 151 li, 29 gennaio 1944

A P P U N T O

per la Commissione Alleata di Controllo

In risposta all'appunto dal 25 andante n.0191.1, si comunicano qui di seguito i nomi dei Prefetti di carriera che, in Sicilia, le Autorità Alleate hanno rimossi dalla carica e che, ove nulla osti, si prega di fare rientrare nel territorio direttamente amministrato dal Regio Governo per utilizzarne l'opera nel campo amministrativo:

1) Caboni comm.dott.Stanislao - già Prefetto di Agrigento.
2) Pascucci comm.dott.Renato - già Prefetto di Caltanissetta.
3) Azzaro Gr.Uff.dott.Salvatore - già Prefetto di Catania.
4) De Rosa comm.dott.Emanuele - già Prefetto di Enna.
5) Cossu comm.dott.Salvatore - già Prefetto di Siracusa.

Con l'occasione si rivolge uguale preghiera nei confronti del comm.dott.Rosario Speciale, già Prefetto di Reggio Calabria, che si trova in condizioni analoghe.

Tornerà gradito al riguardo un cortese cenno di assicurazione e di intesa.

(10) INCL

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO 2242

2272

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

21 JAN 1944 2520 2450

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 394

Ref/AMG/405.

ET/AMG/mrd
18 January 1944

SUBJECT: Interference by Badoglio Government in Region II Affairs

TO : Deputy President, A.C.C.

1. This is in reference to the meeting held on January 7, 1944 between Brigadier General Taylor, Lt. Col. Monfort and the writer and the decision reached at the meeting that all communications between the Badoglio Government and Italian officials in Region II must channel through the R.C.A.O.

2. Up to the time of writing no further instances of interference have occured.

3. For your information, however, the following three incidents have now come to light, all of them originating prior to the meeting referred to in paragraph 1 above.

(a) During December an order was issued by the Italian Government doubling the selling price of snuff tobacco without any reference to the R.C.A.O., Region II or to these Headquarters. The order was ignored. (AMG/405 of 11 January refers)

(b) On January 4, 1944 the Italian Government approved a new Director of Post and Telegraph Service in Reggio without any reference to R.C.A.O., Region II or these Headquarters. The S.C.A.O., Reggio Province was instructed to confirm or ignore the appointment at his discretion depending on the suitability or otherwise of the man for the post.

(c) On January 10, 1944 an attempt was made to requisition vehicles in Region II on the basis of an order dated 28 November 1943 and signed by the Chief of Staff, 9th Italian Corps, without reference to the R.C.A.O., Region II or these Headquarters.

CHARLES M. SPOFFORD
Colonel, G.S.C.
D.C.C.A.O., AMG, HQ.

Copy to:
R.C.A.O., Region II

2210

SECRET

1462 0176

SECRET

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION II

Ref. MS / 2 / 16

10 Jan 44

Subj. Relations with the Badoglio Government.

To: All S.C.A.O's.

1. Relations between the Badoglio Government and AMG were considerable clarified at a conference between the Chief, AMG, Colonel Spofford, the Chief Liaison Officer, AMM, Lt. Col. Monfort, the RCAO, Region II, and Signore Innocenti, President of the Council of Ministers, on Jan 7th.

2. Subject only to the approval of Marshal Badoglio (which it was anticipated would be given), it was agreed that all instructions and requests from the Badoglio Government to civilian officials in Regions I and II would be sent through the RCAO's. Replies would be similarly channelled. Instructions contrary to AMG orders or policies would, of course, have no validity. Copies of the official Gazette of the Italian Government should be forwarded, but it should be clearly understood by those receiving them that insofar as they conflict with AMG orders, they are to have no effect.

3. No definite information is yet available as to the date of turnover to the Badoglio Government. It is anticipated that when the terms of the turnover are finally approved by higher Allied authority, it will take approximately two weeks to set the machinery in motion, and AMG will be given ample notice and instructions.

4. In order to make the transition smoother and reduce the liklihood of friction between the Badoglio Government and officials appointed by AMG, it was also agreed that future removals and appointments of Prefects, Intendente di Finanza, Provveditori degli Studii, Procuratore del Re, and Judges should be discussed with the Badoglio Government before they were made. If you have any such cases pending, you will therefore inform this HQ in full detail as to the reasons justifying the removal, and the qualifications of the proposed appointees, and await approval before taking action.

5. For your personal information, high officials of the Allied Military Mission are thoroughly convinced that the Central Badoglio Government is definitely and strongly Anti-Fascist, despite any incidents which may have occurred at lower levels under circumstances giving rise to a contrary impression.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

sters, on Jan 7th.

2. Subject only to the approval of Marshal Badoglio (which it was anticipated would be given), it was agreed that all instructions and requests from the Badoglio Government to civilian officials in Regions I and II would be sent through the ROAO's. Replies would be similarly channelled. Instructions contrary to AMG orders or policies would, of course, have no validity. Copies of the official Gazette of the Italian Government should be forwarded, but it should be clearly understood by those receiving them that insofar as they conflict with AMG orders, they are to have no effect.

3. No definite information is yet available as to the date of turnover to the Badoglio Government. It is anticipated that when the terms of the turnover are finally approved by higher Allied authority, it will take approximately two weeks to set the machinery in motion, and AMG will be given ample notice and instructions.

4. In order to make the transition smoother and reduce the liklihood of friction between the Badoglio Government and officials appointed by AMG, it was also agreed that future removals and appointments of Prefects, Intendente di Finanza, Provveditori degli Studii, Procuratore del Re, and Judges should be discussed with the Badoglio Government before they were made. If you have any such cases pending, you will therefore inform this HQ in full detail as to the reasons justifying the removal, and the qualifications of the proposed appointees, and await approval before taking action.

5. For your personal information, high officials of the Allied Military Mission are thoroughly convinced that the Central Badoglio Government is definitely and strongly Anti-Fascist, despite any incidents which may have occurred at lower levels under circumstances giving rise to a contrary impression.

6. Acknowledge receipt of this letter by wire.

G.H. McCaffrey

G.H. McCaffrey
Lt. Col., Inf.
A.C.A.O.

GHM/pjh
To: Matera, Potenza, Cosenza, Catanzaro, Reggio, Salerno.
Copies: Chief AMG, Naples -- Chief, AMM, Brindisi.

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2274
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 778515

2275

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

AG obtain 7 JAN 1944 1406

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 512

AMG/014.13

3 January 1944.

SUBJECT: Interference with Region II by Badoglio Government

TO : Advanced HQ A.C.C., Brindisi

1. Reference is made to letter of this office dated January 1, 1944 on the subject of the appointment of alleged Fascists and the contents thereof.

2. As part of the purge of Fascists in Potenza Province, a committee of AMG officers and Italian officials and civilians reviewed the records of 221 individuals. Forty-nine serious cases were found. The SCAO recommended that six of these men be deported to Africa and that the other forty-three be given "confino," that is be ordered to change their residence and be kept under close supervision by the Carabinieri.

3. Information of these recommendations reached the Badoglio Government, which through its Ministry of the Interior, sent the attached letter to the Questore at Potenza directing that these men be sent to the Apulian provinces as listed.

4. Since this would remove them entirely from AMG control, as well as because the order has no validity, the SCAO has, of course, directed that it be ignored and those not held for deportation will be sent to Calabria.

5. Attached is a copy of a letter delivered to the Provveditore Agli Studi of Matera Province on or about 21 December, ordering a certain Dr. Nicola Minervini to assume the presidency of the Liceo Ginnasio of Matera on 1 January. This order was issued without prior consultation of any sort with any AMG official in Region II.

6. It is suggested that the head of the Government be informed that dealings and communications of this character between the Government and Italian officials in occupied territory are not countenanced and must be discontinued.

CHARLES M. SPOFFORD
Colonel, GSC
D.C.C.A.O., AMG HQ

Encls. - 2

(7) Re action - Explained orally 5-

29 Jan

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

7 GEN 1944
1406

COPIA

Potenza 23 Decembre 1943

OGGETTO: Provvedimenti a carico di ex Gerarchi e fascisti.

Al Signor Cap. PATY
Capo dell'Ufficio Legale
POTENZA

Per conoscenza si comunica la seguente lettera del Ministero dell' Interno in data 17 corrente, relativa all'oggetto:

"Questo Ministero, solo oggi, 17 Dicembre, c.a. ha ricevuto da parte di codesta Prefettura, per Posta e a mezzo di corriere odierno, le note pari numero di cui una con l'allegato elenco dei gerarchi e fascisti da sottoporre al Provvedimento dal Confino. La nota del 13, pure pari numero, che viene indicata con la data del 13 corr. as che probabilmente avra portata la data del 13 novembre, non risulta pervenuta. Comunque questo Ministero dispone che i gerarchi ed i fascisti per cui e state deliberato il Provvedimento di Confino, vengano inviati nelle 4 Provincie sotto il diretto controllo di questo Governo, con le destinazioni indicate a fianco di ciascuno:

CATALANO FRANCESCO	BARI	FUCELLA AMEDEO	TARANTO
D'URSO CLEMENTE	BARI	D'ANDREA ANDREA	TARANTO
CAPOCCI PALMIRO	BARI	POTENZA ANGELO	TARANTO
ZAPPACOSTA SILLA	BARI	PITTELLA LUIGI	TARANTO
MONTESANO DOMENICO	BARI	MURRO LUIGI	LECCE
CITTADINI MARIO	BARI	FERRARA GIUSEPPE	BRINDISI
SEVERINO ARDUINO	BARI	ANGELINI AMEDEO	BRINDISI
CAUTELA MICHELE	BARI	PIACENTINI EDUARDO	BRINDISI
FRANCIOSA DOMENICO	BARI	FINI DOMENICO	BRINDISI
ROSATI SILVIO	BARI	SATRIANO DOMENICO	LECCE
DE NIGRIS FRANCESCO	BARI	FRAGASSO ANTONIO	LECCE
SCHETTINI BIAGIO	BARI	ESTORE MICHELE	LECCE
QUAGLIETTA ANTONIO	BRINDISI	VERTONE EUGENIO	LECCE
D'URSO RODOLFO	BRINDISI	BRIENZA VITTORIO	LECCE
ARLINO MASSIMO	BRINDISI	GIANTURCO LUIGI	TARANTO
NICOLETTA MICHELE	BRINDISI	GIULIANO ANTONIO	TARANTO
ANGELI RICCARDO	BRINDISI	TODISCO NICOLA	TARANTO
ALOISI ERNESTO	BRINDISI	CASCINI RAFFAELE	TARANTO
DE ROSA SABATO	BRINDISI	PALMIERI BENIAMINO	TARANTO
MAULA VINCENZO	BRINDISI	GIANTURCO BARTOLO	LECCE
ANGIOLILLO GENNARO	LECCE	D'ADDEZIO VITO	LECCE
MURRO ROCCO	LECCE		
FUCELLA OSCAR	LECCE		
GUANTANIO FRANCESCO	LECCE		
LIBUTTI UBALDO	LECCE		
CARRIERO NICOLA	TARANTO		

L'Eccellenza Vostra, pertanto, vorra provvedere a far tradurre i Gerachi e i Fascisti sopra elencati a ciascuna Provincia di destinazione.

(7) INCL 1

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1944
1406

Gli Eccelentissimi Prefetti interessati provvederanno, a lero volta, a destinare nei Comuni interni delle preprie Provincie i Confinanti di cui trattasi, avendo cura, di scegliere localita interne e militarmente non importanti.

I predetti dovranno essere attentamente vigilati in modo da seguirne l'eventuale attivita politica e ad impedire che essi si allontanino dai Comuni ove verranno destinati, facendo perdere le loro traccie. Si attende assicurazione da parte di S.E. il PREFETTO DI POTENZA e si rimane in attesa di conoscre da parte dei PREFETTI interessati i Comuni dove i confinati verranno destinati.

IL PREFETTO
(M. de Goyzueta)

(1) INCL 1

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COPIA

1944
1406

MINISTERO DELL'EDUCAZIONE NAZIONALE

Pret. n. 24/O.Cl. P.M. 151, li 14 dec. 1943

OGGETTO: Preside MINERVINI Dott. Nicola
Trasferimente.

AL R. PROVEDDITORE AGLI STUDI - LECCE

AL R. PROVVEDITORE AGLI STUDI - MATERA

ALL'UFFICIO PROVINCIALE DEL TESORO - LECCE

e, per cenescenza:

ALL'ECCELLENZA IL PREFETTO - LECCE

Il Preside Prof. MINERVINI Dott. Nicola del R. Licee Ginnasie di Gallipoli e trasferite per servizie alla presidenza dal R. Licee Ginnasie di Matera dove devra assumere l'Ufficio il I° Gennaie 944.

L'Ufficio Provinciale del Tesoro di Lecce e pregate di trasferire a quelle di Matera il ruele di spese fisse relative al preside Minervini Nicola.

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO

F/to Giovanni Cueme

(7) INCL 2

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

3101.

SECRET

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
APO 394

1 January 1944

SUBJECT: Appointments of Alleged Fascists.

TO : Advanced Command Post, Allied Control Commission, Brindisi

1. Reference is made to letter of this office dated 29 December 1943 on attitude of certain officials of the Italian Government toward A.M.G. appointees.

2. Complaints have come to the attention of these headquarters that certain representatives of the Badoglio Government have been interfering with the operation of military government in the occupied areas and that certain former Fascist officials dismissed by A.M.G. were being re-appointed to important positions in the Badoglio Government.

3. The efficient Prefect found at Matera upon the arrival of A.M.G. was transferred to Lecce at the request of the Badoglio Government, with the approval of Maj. Gen. Lord Rennel, during October. After several weeks trial the Vice-Prefect, Signore Giovanni Boscato, was removed on November 18 and returned to the territory under control of the King. It has now been reported that Sig. Giovanni Boscato is now President of the Council of Ministers. It is also reported that Dr. Felice Vito, removed as Provveditore agli studi because of his connection with the Fascist Party, is now serving the Minister of Education. The allegations with names and specifications were made by Avvocato Milillo who is employed by the Legal Staff, Headquarters, A.M.G., Region II.

4. Upon the recommendation of the provincial S.C.A.O., Dr. Guido Tamburro, then Chief of the Provincial Cabinet and Commissioner of the city of Matera, was appointed Prefect. Dr. Tamburro is a career official with a family dependent upon his earnings. He has informed the Provincial S.C.A.O. that officials of the Badoglio Government, in conversation and correspondence, have intimated to him that he was jeopardizing his career by occupying the position of Prefect and discharging its duties efficiently and in accordance with A.M.G. instructions.

5. Enclosed is copy of letter received by Dr. Guido Tamburro, the tone of which appears to be threatening and objectionable.

6. In addition Dr. Guido Tamburro has, it is reported, received several friendly warnings from Puglia to the effect that if he continues to consider himself as a Prefect he will possibly suffer banishment from Matera when this territory is turned over to the Italian Government.

7. It is not believed that Signor Reale should have written at all to Prefect Tamburro, much less that he should have made the statements contained in his letter.

2280

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Appointments of Alleged Fascists (Cont'd.)

8. It is requested that appropriate action be taken at a high level with the Italian Government to rectify the situations described in this letter. It is also requested that, if possible, this office be notified as soon as possible of the action taken.

CHARLES M. SPOFFORD
Col., G.S.C.
D.C.C.A.O., HQ., A.M.G.

2281

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

COPY

MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO

P.M. 151-30 Novembre 1943.

Dott. GUIDO TAMBURRO
Lo Segretarie R. Prefettura
M A T E R A

Dalla lettera della S.V. in data 19 novembre c.a. no 5914 Gabrilevê che Ella firma assumendê la qualifica di Prefetto del Regnê; il che mi impene di ricordare alla S.V. che l'attuale suo state giuridice non le consente di usare legittimamente altre titele che quelle di "Io Segretarie."

E' infatti nete che quande per circestanze eccezienali ed improvvise si assumane funzieni di grade superiore, questa situazione deve rilevarsi anche dagli atti ufficiali, i quali sono compiuti nelle veci del funzienario del quale si esercitane le attribuzieni e che "per" esse vanne sottescritti.

Questê elementare principiê giuridicê dêvrebbe anche essere una esigenza di cerrettezza e di disciplina sentita da egni funzienariê.

Ne puo, nel caso in esame, avere alcuna rilevanza la eventuale diversa qualifica attribuitale da Auterita estranee alla sua Amministrazione.

Che anzi, qualera cio fesse avvenuto senza cha da parte della S.V. si fesse chieste ed attenute un preventive assense del Governe, Ella devrebbe a sue tempo rispendere di queste sue comportamente, denotante un desiderie di far carriera male intese e pece correttamente esplicate, ed in egni case non canciliabile con le dati di equilibrie essenziali ad egni funzionarie.

Prege la S.V. di accusare ricevuta di quantê sêpra.

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO
Fo V. Reale

(1) INCL

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION II

To Col Magee
MPB

28 Dec 43

Ref: ECA/MS/26/857

Subject: Interference with AMG, Region II.

To : Chief, Allied Military Mission (THRU AMG, 15 Army Group)
(Attention: Lt. Col. Montfort.)

1. The attached letter from the Italian Ministry of the Interior is the most recent example of attempted interference with AMG in Region II which has come to hand.

2. The persons named in it are Fascists who, after careful investigation by an AMG committee, are deemed to merit "confino" or deportation.

3. This unwarranted and discourteous attempt by the Italian ministry to inject itself into these proceedings is resented and has been reported to the Chief, AMG. The Italian order will, of course, be ignored.

4. Still another instance of this continual assumption of authority by the Italian Government is the transfer of the head of the Matera R.Licco to Potenza as of December 1st without even the courtesy of informing AMG of the fact, let alone confering with it in advance.

5. Since I have received no acknowledgment or action upon several letters of protest against similar acts in the past two months, I am constrained to withdraw the privilege granted by me on October 30th for officials of the Italian Government to visit Region II to gather information, and I hereby request you to inform the Government that any of its officials desiring to enter this Region will henceforth be required to obtain specific permission from this Headquarters. I am also directing the censors to return all official mail from that Government addressed to civilian officials in this Region, and to intercept any mail from such officials in this Region addressed to that Government. A copy of this order is attached for your information.

G. H. McCaffrey
G. H. McCAFFREY
Lt. Col. Inf.,
RCAO

(5)

28 Dec

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

1285

T R A N S L A T I O N

Potenza, Dec 22 '43

TO: CAPTAIN CAPTY
HEAD OF THE LEGAL OFFICE
POTENZA

FROM: THE PREFECT
M. DE GOYZUETA (Prefect of Potenza)

SUBJECT: MEASURES FOR EX OFFICIALS AND FASCISTS.-

For information we quote the following letter from the Ministry of the Interior dated Dec. 17, relative to the subject.

"Only today, Dec. 17, this Ministry has received from your Prefecture, by mail and D.R., letters to one of which is attached a list of Hierarchs and fascists to be submitted to the Provvedimento del Confino. The letter, said to be dated Dec. 13 but probably dated Nov. 13, has not been received. Nevertheless this Ministry has decided that the Hierarchs and fascists, for which the Provvedimento di Confino has been established, be sent to the 4 Provinces under the direct control of this Government, their precise destination included beside each name:-

.....

Your Excellency, therefore, will arrange for the submitting of the Hierarchs and Fascists listed above to each Province or destination. The interested Prefects will in turn arrange that the Confined in question be placed in the different towns of their Provinces, choosing localities of no military importance.
The said men will be constantly watched so that their political activity may be followed and in the same time they will not be able to leave the towns to which restricted, thus losing trace of them.
We await ~~Confirmation~~ from your Excellency ~~of Potenza~~ and ~~for~~ a list of the towns to which the Confined will be restricted, from the ~~interested~~ Prefects Concerned."

(5) INCL

THE PREFECT

FROM: THE PREFECT
M. DE GOLLUBIA (Prefect of Potenza)

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We await confirmation from your Excellency ~~of Potenza~~ and ~~for~~ a list of the towns to which the Confined will be restricted, from the ~~interested~~ Prefects concerned."

5) INCL

THE PREFECT
(M. de Gollubia)

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a carico di ex Gerarchi e fascisti.

Al Signor Cap. PATY
Capo dell'Ufficio Legale
POTENZA

Per conoscenza si comunica la seguente lettera del Ministero dell'Interno in data 17 corrente, relativa all'oggetto:
" Questo Ministero, solo oggi, 17 Dicembre c.a. ha ricevuto da parte di codesta Prefettura, per posta e a mezzo di corriere odierno, le note pari numero di cui una con l'allegato elenco dei gerarchi e fascisti da sottoporre al Provvedimento del Confino. La nota del 13, pure pari numero, che viene indicata con la data del 13 corr. ma che probabilmente avrà portata la data del 13 novembre, non risulta pervenuta. Comunque questo Ministero dispone che i gerarchi ed i fascisti per cui è stato deliberato il Provvedimento di Confino, vengano inviati nelle 4 Provincie sotto il diretto controllo di questo Governo, con le destinazioni indicate a fianco di ciascuno:

CATALDO FRANCESCO	BARI	FUCELLA ANGELO	TARANTO
D'URSO CLEMENTE	BARI	D'AMBRA ANDREA	TARANTO
CAPOCCI PAOLINO	BARI	POTENZA ANGELO	TARANTO
SANPAOLESTA CELLA	BARI	FUCELLA LUIGI	TARANTO
MONTEMANO DOMENICO	BARI	MERO LUIGI	LECCE
CITTADINI MARIO	BARI	PERRARA GIUSEPPE	BRINDISI
SILVESTRO ARCUTO	BARI	ANGELINI ANGELO	BRINDISI
CAUTELA NICOLE	BARI	PIACENTINI LEONARDO	BRINDISI
FRANCIOSA DOMENICO	BARI	PINI DOMENICO	BRINDISI
ROSATI SILVIO	BARI	CATRIANO DOMENICO	LECCE
DE MORIS FRANCESCO	BARI	FRAGASSO ANTONIO	LECCE
CORSTINI BIAGIO	BARI	PASTORE MICHELE	LECCE
QUACQUARELLA ANTONIO	BRINDISI	MORTORO EUGENIO	LECCE
D'URSO RODOLFO	BRINDISI	BRIENZA VITTORIO	LECCE
ARLINO MASSIMO	BRINDISI	GIANTURCO LUIGI	TARANTO
NIGRETTA MICHELE	BRINDISI	GIULIANO ANTONIO	TARANTO
ANGELI RICCARDO	BRINDISI	TODISCO NICOLA	TARANTO
ALOISI BRUNO	BRINDISI	CASCINI RAFFAELE	TARANTO
DE ROSA SABATO	BRINDISI	PARISI BENEDETTO	TARANTO
MAULA VINCENZO	BRINDISI	GIANTURCO BARTOLO	LECCE
ANGIOLILLO GAETANO	LECCE	D'ADDEZIO VITO	LECCE
MURRO ROCCO	LECCE		
FUCELLA OSCAR	LECCE		
GUANTARIO FRANCESCO	LECCE		
LIBUTTI UBALDO	LECCE		
CARRIERO NICOLA	TARANTO		

(5) Inv. 4

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L'Eccellenza Vostra, pertanto, vorrà provvedere a far tradurre i Gerarchi e i Fascisti sopra elencati a ciascuna Provincia di destinazione.
Gli Eccellentissimi Prefetti interessati provvederanno, a loro volta, a destinare nei Comuni interni delle proprie Provincie i Confinati di cui trattasi, avendo cura, di scegliere località interne e militarmente non importanti.
I predetti dovranno essere attentamente vigilati in modo da seguirne l'eventuale attività politica e ad impedire che essi si allontanino dai Comuni ove verranno destinati, facendo perdere le loro traccie.
Si attende assicurazione da parte di S.E. il PREFETTO DI POTENZA e si rimane in attesa di conoscere da parte dei PREFETTI interessati i Comuni dove i confinati verranno destinati.

IL PREFETTO
(F. de Goyzueta)

(5) INCL

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FC

26/12/43 Note to Montevarchi

25 DEC 1943 603

Subj. Attempted Usurpation of the Powers of AMG, Region II.

To: Liaison Officer,
Allied Military Mission,
Brindisi.
(thru: HQ, 15 Army Group)

Ref. ECA/MS1/6
AMG HQ, Region II
22 Dec 43

1. Attached is a copy of a letter delivered to the Provveditore Agli Studi of Matera Province on or about 21 Dec, ordering a certain Dr. Nicola Minervini to assume the presidency of the Liceo Ginnasio of Matera on 1 Jan. This order was issued without prior consultation of any sort with any AMG official in Region II. It is one of a series of similar actions taken by various officials of the Badoglio Government.

2. Because of the number of these incidents, I am forced to the conclusion that these officials are either totally ignorant of the fact that Allied Military Government, rather than the Badoglio Government, is in charge of public administration within Region II, or they choose deliberately to ignore that fact.

3. I will be obliged if you will inform the Badoglio Government that all communications from it with regard to public affairs in Region II must be handled through the R.C.A.O. of Region II if they expect the slightest attention to be paid to them. Any official acting upon instructions received directly from the Badoglio Government will be severely punished.

4. The order in question will be ignored, as have all those which have preceded it, and Dr. Minervini should be informed that if he enters Matera Province, he will be escorted back to Apulia.

G. H. Mc Caffrey

G.H.McCaffrey
Lt. Col., Inf.
R.C.A.O.

GHM/pjh
Copies: Chief, AMG, MILGOV, Provincia Bldg., Naples
Educational Advisor, A.C.C., AMG HQ, Palermo

(5) APPA

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4 JAN

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION II

20 Dec 43

Ref: AG/153/22

Subject: Italian Official Mail

To : Censoring Officers, Region II (Through Channels)

1. You are hereby directed to return all official mail from the Italian Government, addressed to civilian officials in Region II, to the senders.

2. You are likewise directed to forward to this headquarters all mail from Italian civilian officials within Region II addressed to any part of the Italian Government, presently located in Apulia.

G. W. McCaffrey
G. W. McCAFFREY
Lt. Col. Inf.,
AC/AG

(5) AFP B

4 JAN 1944

1228

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION II

28 Dec 43

Ref: HQA/153/22

Subject: Italian Official Mail

To : Censoring Officers, Region II (Through SCAOs)

1. You are hereby directed to return all official mail from the Italian Government, addressed to civilian officials in Region II, to the sender.

2. You are likewise directed to forward to this headquarters all mail from Italian civilian officials within Region II addressed to any part of the Italian Government, presently located in Apulia

G. H. McCaffrey
G. H. McCAFFREY
Lt. Col. Inf.,
RCAO

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26DEC1943 417

MDT/hjp

In reply refer to:
430

F

26 December 1943

SUBJECT: Rationing of the Italian Government

TO : Deputy Chief Administrative Officer,
AFHQ Advance Administrative Echelon, APO 512

1. It is requested that AFHQ Advance Administrative Echelon undertake the rationing of the Italian Government upon its displacement to the Salerno Area. The ultimate number of individuals will reach approximately 1200 with initial strength of about 600.

2. If this commitment is accepted, it is requested that the Allied Control Commission be informed of the procedure which you desire set up for drawing these rations.

For the Deputy President, Allied Control Commission:

MAXWELL D. TAYLOR
Brigadier General, USA

(4)
26 Dec

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ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
APO 512

: : : : : : : : : :
: S E C R E T :
: Auth: CINC, AF :
: Initials: [illegible] :
: 13 December 43 :
: : : : : : : : : :

AG 370.43-15 AIR-AGM

13 December 1943

MEMORANDUM TO: Chiefs of all General and Special Staff Sections.

1. It is requested that all staff sections issuing orders or directives, operational and administrative, to CORSICA, include the Allied Air Commander, CORSICA, on the distribution of such directives.

2. The present Allied Air Commander in CORSICA is Colonel DAVIS D. GRAVES, Commanding Officer, 63rd Fighter Wing, APO 525.

By command of General EISENHOWER:

T. J. Davis

T. J. DAVIS,
Brigadier General, USA,
Adjutant General.

DISTRIBUTION:
"A"

(3)
13 Dec

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MOST SECRET

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS

S E C R E T
By authority of
C-in-C, A F Hq
Initials WD.VD/jab
10 Dec 43

COPY NO. 62

FILE : S-38

10 December 1943

SUBJECT : Command and Administration of CORSICA

TO : General of Army H. Giraud, French Commander-in-Chief
General of Army Corps H. Martin, French Commander in CORSICA
Major General H.C.T. Stronge, D.S.O. M.C., Representative of the Allied C-in-C, CORSICA
Colonel D. D. Graves, Commanding Officer, 63 Fighter Wing

1. GENERAL

a. In this paper the term "Allied" is, for convenience, applied collectively to the U.S. and British forces only.

b. CORSICA is an integral part of the theatre of operations under the overall authority and command of the Allied Commander-in-Chief.

c. All facilities granted to Allied Forces in French NORTH AFRICA under existing agreements or subsequent understandings shall be recognized as applicable in CORSICA.

2. COMMAND

a. In accordance with para 1 b and with the agreement of the French Commander-in-Chief, the French Commander in CORSICA will be under command of and directly responsible to the Allied Commander-in-Chief.

b. The French Commander CORSICA commands all French and Allied ground forces forming part of the garrison of the Island subject to provisions of subparas 2 c and 2 d. With respect to the Civil Authority he has the powers conferred upon him by the "Etat de Siege", and the powers of a commander representing the Allied Commander-in-Chief under the terms of paragraph 1 c.

c. The Commanding Officer 63 Fighter Wing is designated as the Air Commander CORSICA. He will command all Allied and French Air Forces in the Island and, in addition, all antiaircraft units other than units organic to French formations, and service units concerned solely with the administration of the Air Forces. He will exercise command in the case of Allied and nonorganic French antiaircraft

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General of Army [illegible], French Commander-in-Chief
General of Army Corps H. Martin, French Commander in CORSICA
Major General H.C.T. Strenge, D.S.O. M.C., Representative of the Allied C-in-C, CORSICA
Colonel D. D. Graves, Commanding Officer, 63 Fighter Wing

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d. The French Air Commander will be responsible for the internal command and administration of French Air Force units.

e. Organic French antiaircraft units will remain under command of their formation but will participate in the defense of the Island in accordance with directives issued by the antiaircraft Brigade Commander through the French formation commanders.

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British MOST SECRET

f. The Air Commander will apply to the French Commander CORSICA for such military assistance in men and material as he may require to accomplish his mission. Such French troops as are placed at the disposal of the Air Commander for operations, guard duties and the like will come under his operational control.

g. Italian forces retained temporarily under authority of the Allied Commander-in-Chief will be under the command of the French Commander CORSICA.

h. The Naval Command in CORSICA is French. The Commandant de la Marine (short title COMAR Ajaccio) is responsible through the French Admiralty to the Commander-in-Chief Mediterranean.

Certain British and American light naval forces, however, operating from BASTIA, will be under the command of a British naval authority established at BASTIA. This authority, though working in close cooperation with COMAR Ajaccio, will be responsible direct to the Commander-in-Chief Mediterranean for the operations of the light forces under his command.

3. DEFENSE

a. The French Commander is responsible for the general ground defense including the ground defense of ports and coastlines, and for the internal security of CORSICA.

b. The Air Commander will be responsible for the local ground security of Allied airfields and installations.

c. The Commanding Officer 63 Fighter Wing has also been designated Air Defense Commander CORSICA and SARDINIA and is responsible for the air defense of CORSICA. Allied and French antiaircraft units employed in the air defense of CORSICA will be under the local operational control of the Air Defense Commander. Antiaircraft units will be subject to the operational supervision of Major General, Antiaircraft and Coast Defense this Headquarters in accordance with Operations Memorandum No. 41, this Headquarters, as.

d. Local naval defense is the responsibility of COMAR Ajaccio.

e. The French Commander CORSICA will prepare plans for the ground defense of CORSICA in the event of an attack, and will be responsible for consulting with the Naval and Air Commanders to ensure the necessary cooperation of the three services.

4. REPRESENTATIVE OF ALLIED COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF

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4. REPRESENTATIVE OF ALLIED COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF

The Representative of the Allied Commander-in-Chief, assisted by a small Liaison Staff, is directly responsible to AFHQ. He will not exercise command over any forces in CORSICA. His duties and responsibilities are defined in Appendix 'A'.

5. ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPLY

a. The French Military Commander is responsible for the administration and supply of all French Army units, and for the administration and supply of French Air Force units except as in 5 b.

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Equals British MOST SECRET

b. The Air Commander will be responsible for the administration and supply of all Allied Army and Air Force troops in CORSICA, in accordance with letter this Headquarters AG 400-3 (General) GDS-ADM subject: "Supply of Allied Forces in CORSICA and SARDINIA" dated 6th October 1943 and this Headquarters' Administrative Memorandum No. 11 (Revised to 21st October 1943). He will also be responsible for supply of Air Force technical supplies for French Air Force units using U.S. and British equipment.

c. The French Commander, CORSICA, is responsible for supply of Italian Forces in the Island assigned to French Forces. The Air Commander is responsible for supply of Italian Forces assigned to Air Forces in CORSICA.

Administration of the Italian Forces is the responsibility of the Senior Italian Officer in CORSICA, subject to supervision by the French Commander, CORSICA, or the Air Commander as the case may be, dependent on assignment of the Italian troops concerned.

6. MOVEMENTS AND TRANSPORTATION

a. All movements of units by sea to and from CORSICA will be carried out in accordance with a joint priority of movement list prepared by G-3, AFHQ in agreement with the French High Command.

b. French Commander, CORSICA, will be responsible for the operation of ports and transportation agencies in CORSICA, in conjunction with G-4 (Mov & Tn), and for the safeguarding of supplies in transit from the time that ships reach CORSICAN ports.

7. SIGNAL COMMUNICATIONS

a. The French Commander in CORSICA will be responsible for the efficient operation of all civilian and military signal communications on the Island -- except those installed, operated or maintained by the Air Commander in CORSICA.

b. The French Commander will place at the disposition of the Air Commander, such telephone, telegraph and radio facilities as may be required to supplement installations made by the Air Commander.

8. AIRFIELD DEVELOPMENT

a. The Air Commander will be responsible for all measures connected with air operations based on the Island. He will decide on the priorities, layout, sites, construction and requisitioning required to achieve the best results in the development of existing and future airfields. Requisitioning will be carried out through the French Commander CORSICA.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

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b. The Air Commander will coordinate the employment of all technical personnel and equipment required for airfield development and maintenance.

9. CHANNELS OF COMMUNICATION

a. AFHQ will route communications with the French Commander CORSICA through the French High Command and vice versa. In a case of urgent operational necessity, communications may be transmitted direct by AFHQ, in which case the French High Command will be kept informed.

b. On matters of French administration and supply the French High Command will deal direct with the French Commander CORSICA.

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Command and Administration of CORSICA - (Cont'd)

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c. On all other matters the French High Command will pass instructions to the French Commander CORSICA only after prior concurrence of the Allied Commander-in-Chief.

10. THE DESIGNATION OF THE AIR COMMANDER, CORSICA

Colonel D.D. Graves, U. S. A., has been designated by CG, NAAF as the Air Commander, CORSICA.

By command of the Allied Commander-in-Chief:

W. B. SMITH,
Major General, U.S. Army,
Chief of Staff.

OFFICIAL:

Lowell W. Rooks

LOWELL W. ROOKS,
Major General, G.S.C.,
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3.

Incl. - Appendix 'A'.

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W. B. SMITH,
Major General, U.S. Army,
Chief of Staff.

OFFICIAL:

LOWELL W. ROOKS,
Major General, G.S.C.,
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3.

Incl. - Appendix 'A'.

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Command and Administration of CORSICA - (Cont'd) U. S. SECRET Equals British MOST SECRET

APPENDIX 'A'

Duties and Responsibilities of the Representative of the Allied C-in-C

The Allied Commander-in-Chief has appointed Major General H. C. T. Stronge, D.S.O., M.C., to be his Personal Representative in CORSICA and the Head of a Liaison Mission. The duties of the C-in-C's Personal Representative are:-

1. To translate and submit to the French Commander, CORSICA, instructions which may in cases of urgency have been issued by the Allied C-in-C direct through Allied channels; and to advise the French Commander, on behalf of the Allied C-in-C, in cases where for any reason clarification of orders or instructions is required. He will be kept informed of all official communications from the French Commander, CORSICA, sent to AFHQ.

2. To promote and maintain an effective liaison between the French Commander and the Air Commander, CORSICA. He will facilitate the relationship between the French Commander and Allied or Italian units under French command.

3. To intervene, should the necessity arise, between the French Commander in CORSICA and the various Allied Commanders in CORSICA in any misunderstandings, misinterpretations of instructions or other matters in doubt which cannot be settled directly between the Commanders concerned.

4. To supervise the evacuation of Italian troops from CORSICA to SARDINIA in accordance with the plan already approved by AFHQ. He is authorized to determine the allocation of Italian equipment within the general policy approved by the Allied C-in-C. His decision on questions concerning the disposal of this equipment shall be binding on all authorities on the Island.

2300
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Stronge, D.S.O., R.E., [illegible] of a Liaison Mission. The duties of the C-in-C's Personal Representative are:-

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SECRET

U.S. SECRET
Equals British MOST SECRET

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2302

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FILE UNDER NO. 091.1 ITALIAN GOVERNMENT

INDEX SHEET

SYNOPSIS

Declaration of Italy contained in The Moscow Conference of 30 October 1943.

Inclusion by Ital Govt of people who always opposed Fascism.

Restoration of Freedom Speech, Worship & Press.

Suppression of institutions & organizations by Fascist regime.

DOCUMENT FILED UNDER NO. 000.1 - ITALIAN POLITICS

INSTRUCTIONS - Under «Synopsis» make brief entry showing date of communication and from whom received and synopsis sufficient to identify the papers. When these index sheets become numerous under a subject they will be entered on te consolidated index sheets and then destroyed.

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Office P.R.
ACC

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

29 November 1943

SUBJECT: Relation of the Allied Control Commission to the Italian Government

TO : All Officers, Allied Control Commission.

1. The attention of all officers is invited to the fact that the Allied Control Commission occupies a position in relation to the Italian Government which is quite different from that of Allied Military Government. The Commission advises and supervises; it does not govern. This fundamental difference must be thoroughly understood by all officers who will adjust accordingly their attitude toward Italian officials and agencies, allowing them to develop their functions freely without undue interference.

2. If basic differences arise between officers of this Commission and the corresponding members of the Italian Government, the matter at issue will be submitted to the Deputy President for adjustment with the Head of the Italian Government.

3. This document is a matter of continuing policy. Each Vice President will ensure that it is understood by all officers belonging to his section.

By command of Major General JOYCE:

OFFICIAL:

E. L. CLOUGH
Lt. Col., A.G.D.
Acting Adjutant General

W. A. L. GUTTERIDGE
Brigadier
Acting Chief of Staff

DISTRIBUTION:
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091.1 Italy (Misc.)

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29 Nov.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

Q. M. C. Form 353 (Old No. 420)
Revised July 26, 1918

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. 091.

YUGOSLAVS

S—0788

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM—	DATE	TO—	SYNOPSIS
1) DP/P/16	Gen MacF	28 Jan	Capt Stone	Re Russian Mission to Tito
2) FARGO 699	Gen MacF	3 Feb	Capt Stone	Recruiting Yugos for Partisan Army must be confined to ex-PWs
3) Ch of Gov # 384	Badoglio	5 Feb	Gen MacF	Conflict caused by arrival of Slav & It Refugees in Lecce
4) DP Subcom Memo #2	Col Hammer, DP Subcom	8 Feb	various	Yugos only to be recruited for Partisan Army
5)Ch of Govt #429	Badoglio	12 Feb	Gen MacF	Please put stop to Slavs recuiting Italian soldiers for Partisan Army
6)Ch of Govt #466	Badoglio	14 Feb	Gen MacF	Pl have Yugo soldiers trfd to Gargano Pen. to avoid their recruiting Italians for Partisan Army.
7)CC/P/57	Gen MacF	16 Feb	Badoglio	Replies to (3).(5) & (6).Will do all I can to avoid this.
8) DCC 341	Capt. Stone	19 Feb.	Missi	Acks. 19073/AJ re Yugos recruiting Italians. If wrote second letter the recent direction to contrary, let us know

INSTRUCTIONS.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.


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