

Declassified E.O. 12958 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

ACC

10000/136/203

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MA

10000/136/203

ITALIAN REQUESTS FOR ASSISTANCE
MAR. 1945; OCT. 1945 - JAN. 1947

31 January 1947

SUBJECT: Home Address of 1st Lt RICHARD L. GARZARELLI

TO : The Adjutant General, War Department, Washington,
D.C. -- (Attn: Officers' Branch)

1. A request has been received from Signor Franco Costanzo asking to be informed of the present address of 1st Lt RICHARD L. GARZARELLI whose last address was CCG, Rear Hq, ACC, APO 394, US Army. Unfortunately, the officer's serial number was not given and neither a check of the Allied Commission files nor the Theatre Machine Records Unit produced an officer of this name.

2. It is requested that if such an officer is registered in your files, his present address be communicated to Signor Costanzo at Via Elena, Palazzo F.F. SS-C, Caltanissetta, Sicily.

For the Chief Commissioner:

EDWARD D.S. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps
CSO to Chief Commissioner

5506

INTER - BRANCH MINUTE SHEET

Date	Pass to Branch/ Section	Ref Folio	REMARKS
23 Dec 46	Major SULLIVAN Chief Staff Officer to the Admiral		Subject:- Ref attached correspon- dence Lt. TERRARESI. Am now advised that the Italian Minister of War has now signed the discharge of Lt. TERRA- RESI and he should be out of the service by now. <i>For Santhuk May</i> NOELMAN E. FISKE, Colonel, Cavalry, Deputy Commander; R.M.I.A.

File

587/40

5507

INTER-OFFICE MEMO

LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION A.C.
M.M.I.A. ROME

File:

To : Major EDWARD D.S. SULLIVAN
Chief Staff Officer to Admiral STONE

5 December 1946.

Reference attached communication.

The case was represented to the Ministry of War, (Gabinetto,) and MMIA has been informed through our Liaison Officer Major Calabrini that the case will be expedited. The Lieutenant should receive his discharge within a few days.


JOHN J. WARD
Capt. CAC
M. M. I. A.

JJH/mp

5501

0007

21 Nov

MEMORANDUM:

TO : Major Van Kirk
MMIA

,Would you please investigate the possibilities
of what we can do for the writer of the inclosed letter and
let me know so that I can prepare a letter for the Admiral's
signature.

EDWARD D. S. SULLIVAN,
Major, Air Corps,
CSO to CO.

5507

~~Repe. 10/10/50~~
~~10/10/50~~

Dr. R. H. H. H. H.
Capt. M. H. H.

To: Admiral Stone

From: Rena Ferreri (Mrs) a former seventeenth
of the United States Marine Corps.

Subject: Release of my husband, 1st Lt Aldo Ferreri
from the Walrus Army.

1. This is written in utter desperation and you Sir, are my last hope in helping my husband to obtain his release so that I may return to my home in America as soon as possible.

2. My health and present condition is the most important factor in this case.

3. I served in the United States Marine Corps for two years and was fortunate enough to be stationed in very hot climates of San Francisco. There I met my husband.

55 For Station Office serving in the Station Service Unit. When my husband was returned to duty in March of this year. I immediately tried to obtain a discharge so that I could come here to get married. As I was not eligible for discharge according to point and back pay to my job, an immediate release would be impossible. However I did not lose heart knowing that as a civilian I could not vote directly to the commandant

00091

Subject: Release of my husband, 1958 was returned from the Italian Army.

1. This is written in utter desperation and you Sir, are my last hope in helping my husband to obtain his release so that I may return to my home in America as soon as possible.

2. My health and present condition is the most important factor in this case.

3. I served in the United States Marine Corps for two years and was fortunate enough to be stationed in my hometown of San Francisco. There I met my husband.

55 When Station Officer seeing in the Italian Service Unit. When my husband was returned to Italy in March of this year, I immediately tried to obtain a discharge so that I could come here to get married. As I was not eligible for discharge according to point and being frozen to my job, and immediate release seemed impossible. However I did not lose heart. Knowing that as a civilian I could not vote directly to the Commandant of the Marine Corps. I contacted my Congressman. When my case was known plus the fact that I had served honorably, they immediately came to my aid. I was granted a speedy discharge, a passport in 12 days and a reservation on a TWA plane. At that time

7. The most important reason for a speedy return to America is my health. A month after my arrival here I had to undergo an emergency operation. I had not fully recovered (due to the hot weather which I've not accustomed to and the lack of proper food which was and is impossible to obtain on my husband's salary) when I decided I was to become a mother. The doctor has told me that my case may be rather different but that the fifth month (January) will be the deciding month. He promised certain injections but we cannot find the necessary medicine. I tried to obtain a ration card for milk as most other foods at this time mandate, we but the "Italian Government" says no - not until the fifth month.

8. I've been told by many Italians that your words were more powerful than the raspi in the President of Italy. So you suppose you can put in a few words for my husband and help me in this situation. I don't think that the War Dept has been fully informed of my advice and, the help I obtained from my father-in-law is not my present condition.

9. My husband is not Lt Aldo Ferraresi, son of Ferruccio and Anita Sabatini. He was born in March 1896. Our home address is Via Savioia 72, ^{Rome} phone 861701. At present my husband is stationed at Orvieto. (He is "tenente carista")

10. I would sincerely and gratefully appreciate any help you can give me as

could I was to become a mother. The doctor has told me that my case may be rather difficult but that the fifth month (January) will be the deciding month. He promised certain injections but we cannot find the necessary medicine. I tried to obtain a ration card for milk as most other foods at this time necessitate me but the "Italian Government" says no - not until the fifth month.

8. I've been told by many Italians that your words were more powerful than the speech of the President of Italy. He you suppose you can put in a few words for my husband and help us in this situation. I don't think that the War Dept has been fully informed of my service record, the help I obtained from my government not my present condition.

9 My husband is 1st Lt Aldo Ferraresi, son of Ferruccio and Anita Salvatori. He was born in March 18 1916. Our home address is Via Savvia 72, ^{Rome} Phone 861701. At present my husband is stationed at Anzio. (He is "Senza Carriola")

10. I would sincerely and gratefully appreciate any help you can give us as I am very much concerned about my health and that of this coming child. Besides the sooner we arrive in America the better so that my husband can find employment before the child is born.

Reva Lucille Ferraresi

0012

(April 1946) passports for Italy were granted only for business travel. Thus my case was mentioned in all the American newspapers. (I have letters and newspaper clippings to prove this story)

4. After my arrival here, we discovered that my husband, (who was there on leave) as a regular army officer had to obtain Royal permission to work. After a month of running from one office to another we learned that this "permission" would take at least 6 months to obtain. For many reasons it was impossible for me to remain here without a chaperone not relative for 6 months. I had not the financial means to return to America. Hence I came here to get married so married we were without the "leaves" permission. This was in June

5. Since June my husband has requested his release or rather to be placed in the Reserve. His first request went astray: the second was received but 5 months later we are still waiting for action to be taken. Inquiries by my father-in-law, and various high ranking Italian officers (friends of the family) showed that my husband would have passed into the Reserve except for the fact that they discovered he married without consent. It seems there are numerous cases of marriages without permission so they (War Dept) are waiting for some law or other to be passed to determine what actions should be taken in these cases.

6. It seems to me that if my government, the Marine Corps Commandant and my Congressman helped me overcome all red tape and made

to work. After a month of waiting from the office to another we learned that the "permission" would take at least 6 months to obtain. For many reasons it was impossible for me to remain here without a chaperone or relative for 6 months. I had not the financial means to return to America. Hence, I came here to get married & married we were without the "legal" permission. This was in June.

5. Since June my husband has requested his release or rather to be placed in the Prisoner. His first request went astray; the second was received but 5 months later we are still waiting for action to be taken. Inquiries by my father-in-law, and various High ranking Italian officers (friends of the family) showed that my husband would have passed into the Prisoner except for the fact that they discussed the married without consent. It seems there are numerous cases of marriages without permission so they (War Dept) are waiting for some law or order to be passed to determine what actions should be taken in these cases.

6. It seems to me that if my government, the Marine Corps Commandant and my Congressman helped me overcome all red tape and made an exception in my case to come to Italy to marry an Italian, I cannot understand why the Minister of War here, cannot be an understanding and also make an exception of our marriage.

0014
 Mu-Behn
 How Des - Admirals, File
 rmdh. 5

Roma 13. Dec: 1946

I am the girl Giordano Clory,
 and I beg you pardon if I allow
 myself to make you, my best wishes
 for a Merry Christmas and a happy
 new Year's days.

Our home was been destroyed by Com-
 mandant, and now I live at home of
 relative. My daddy left Italy ten years
 ago, and now, he is still prisoner.

Our life is full of difficults.

I know by reputation your great heart,
 and generosity. I wish to have for
 this Christmas, one of the C.A.R.E.
 package, full over precious calories. You
 are aware of the serious food situation.

I hope in your interesting for to have
 it. It is possible dear Admiral?

It would be really a great help
for me and mother and father.
God Bless You, Dear Admiral,
and Your family.

Thanks very very much -

Yours respectfully

Clory Giordano
Viale 21 by Russo

Aprile 29 -

Roma

P. S. I beg you pardon for my error.
Organization C.A.R.E. is in Rome Via
Lucullo. 6. Thank You, very much.
Yours - Clory.

Pio Marina, 14.12.46.

Ill.^{mo} Signore Comandante Supremo,
della Commissione Militare Alleata,
(Ammiraglio Enery Stone),
Roma.

Il sottoscritto, Coriatti Luigi fu
Giacomo compie il gradito dovere di rin-
graziare l'E. A., per il cui interessamen-
to ha potuto ottenere la somma di £ 45000,
per la propria motocicletta, e tale som-
ma l'ha ricevuta a mezzo del Comandante
francese.

Con ossequio,

Dev.^{mo}

Coriatti Luigi fu Giacomo.

5579

587/4

COPY

MINISTERO DEGLI AFFARI ESTERI

Ufficio del Funzionario distaccato
presso la Commissione Alleata

Rome 23 December 1946

11/193

MEMORANDUM

for the Executive Commissioner

On May 6th 1945 a Mr. Antonio Dettoto, Chief Guard at the civilian penitentiary of Pola, was arrested by the Yugoslav police and taken to the Dignano gaol, whence he was on the night of December the 8th removed together with three of his colleagues to an unknown destination.

The family of Mr. Dettoto, including his wife, Heghittu Francesca, a resident of Pola, Via Porta S. Andrea n. 3, have repeatedly tried to obtain information about him, but so far without results.

The Undersecretary of State for the Office of the President of the Council, Mr. Cappa, has requested the writer to address himself to the courtesy of the Allied Commission with a view to obtain through their kind channel whatever news may be available concerning Mr. Dettoto.

/s/ Guido Colonna

5490

Action: Public Safety

Info: C.C.



AL MINISTERO DELL'INDUSTRIA E COMMERCIO.

--- R O M A ---

In relazione ad una domanda rivolta in data 13 Dicembre u.s. al Ministero dell'Industria e Commercio dalla Ditta Pietro Gentilini, di Roma, (Via Novara 16 - 18 : n. di iscrizione alla Camera di Commercio 123635), per assegnazione straordinaria di zucchero, si fa presente :

- a) che la Ditta di cui trattasi è qui favorevolmente nota.
- b) che dall'assegnazione richiesta dipende la possibilità per la Ditta di continuare a mantenere occupato numeroso personale.

Quanto precede viene segnalato a codesto Ministero perchè , ove nulla osti, ed entro i limiti delle norme vigenti, la richiesta possa venire presa in benevole esame. This office

would be obliged if you could notify us if
we could be notified of the outcome.

5492

587/100

STABILIMENTO
PER LA
FABBRICAZIONE DI BISCOTTI

TELEFONO 846841

Pietro Gentilini

Premiato con MEDAGLIA D'ORO dal Min. d'Agr. ind. e Comm.

STABILIMENTO PROPRIO

VIA ALESSANDRIA 218-220-222

481-481

Via Novara **ROMA** N° 16 e 18

Teleg. BISCOTTI GENTILINI - ROMA
Cassa postale VIA ALESSANDRIA 222.

Novara li 23 dicembre 1943

1943

AL DIRIGENTE DELL'INDUSTRIA E COMMERCIO

= R. O. M. A. =

La Ditta Pietro Gentilini, inscritta alla Camera di Commercio con il n° 123633, fa domanda a codesto On.le Ministero per ottenere una assegnazione straordinaria di Quintali 300 di zucchero per il fabbisogno della propria industria.

La Ditta fa presente, inoltre, che ha tenuto occupati sempre quaranta e più operai ed ora per mancanza di materia prima è obbligata a fare dei turni di lavoro limitati, pur di non licenziare il personale.

Nonostante ciò la Ditta, suo malgrado, sarà obbligata fra non molto a licenziare detto personale che versa in condizioni disagiate.

3297 Con tale assegnazione straordinaria la Ditta potrà assicurare un normale andamento di lavoro agli operai in essa impiegati. -

Con osservanza

il rappresentante legale della Ditta

(Pietro Gentilini)

Pietro Gentilini

TRANSLATIONNATIONAL LIBERATION COMMITTEE OF POLA.MEMORANDUM

The Political Delegation of the National Liberation Committee of Pola, charged with the developments of the problems regarding the exit from Pola of the population of the city, wishes to confer with the Head of the Allied Commission in order to receive information as to how long after the signing of the Peace Treaty with Italy, in which Pola has been sacrificed to Jugoslavia, the AMG will cease to function.

The city of Pola, whose 28 thousand inhabitants have asked to ~~go~~ go into exile in Italy, is preoccupied that these people will be unable to transfer their furniture into Italy, as it would take at least four months. Another preoccupation is, that, notwithstanding the survival of AMG, the civilian administration may, after the signing of the Peace Treaty, pass straight into the hands of the Yugoslav authorities, in which case the departure of the population from the city would be severely hindered.

(s) ?
(s) ?

Admiral Ellery W. Stone
Chief Commissioner
Allied Commission
Rome.

54 HK

Arr. Bacicchi
Dr. Snwinkl

cc has been
on 12 Dec.

587/42

Comitato di Liberazione Nazionale di Pola

Prot. No. _____

Risposta a nota No. _____

Oggetto:

Pola, Roma 11 dicembre 1946

VIA GIULIA 5, II^a

NOTA VERBALE

Per il Capo della Commissione Alleata Ammiraglio STONER O M A

La Delegazione Politica del Comitato Nazionale di Liberazione di Pola, incaricato della trattazione dei problemi relativi all'esodo della popolazione della città, desidera conferire con il Capo della Commissione Alleata per avere ragguagli in merito al termine entro il quale, dopo la firma del Trattato di Pace con l'Italia e col quale è stata sacrificata alla Jugoslavia, il Governo Militare Alleato cesserà le sue funzioni.

La città di Pola, gli abitanti della quale nella misura di 29 mila persone hanno chiesto di esulare in Italia, è vivamente preoccupata di non poter trasferirsi in Italia col proprio mobilio, trasferimento questo richiedente un periodo di tempo di almeno quattro mesi. E' altresì preoccupata che, pur sopravvivendo una occupazione militare alleata, l'Amministrazione civile passi subito dopo la firma del Trattato alla Autorità jugoslava, nel quale caso la popolazione sarebbe gravemente ostacolata nelle operazioni di esodo.

5495



G. Minich
Tommasini

Roma, albergo d'Italia
Telefono 487258

Barcelona, December 6, 1946

File

To:

Edward D.S. Sullivan-Major, Air Corps, CSO to CC

R O M E

Dear Sir,

I have received your letter dated November 21, informing me that Admiral Stone has directed to you mine, concerning admission of my son to Columbia University.

I feel much obliged for your kindness in forwarding my letter to Doctor C.R. Mowey "Cultural Attaché" by the American Embassy.

Please thank for me Sir Admiral Stone with the expressions of my sincere and high consideration and devotion.

Most truly yours


Angelo Schepisi-Via Roma 18-Barcellona-Sicily

340'

0023

17 December 46

Dear Lieutenant Murphy:

I am forwarding for such action as you may deem advisable a letter request from Signor Ermanno Gamba, a former Italian cooperator, for the payment of \$448.00 earned during the period in which he was a prisoner of the United States Forces.

I understand that, in accordance with MTOUSA Finance Circular Letter No. 49, dated 2 December 46, you have been designated to handle certificates of credit balance claims filed by Italian repatriates.

Very sincerely yours,

EDWARD D. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps
CSO to Chief Commissioner

2 Incls:

- 1 - Ltr fr Signor Gamba,
dtd 17 Nov 46
- 2 - Ltr fr Hq AC to Signor
Gamba, dtd 17 Dec 46

5443

1st Lt Thomas J. Murphy
Rome Area Command Hq Fiscal Office
Piazza Venezia, Rome

4604/2
5-27/46

17 December 1946

My dear Signor Gamba:

Admiral Stone has directed me to acknowledge your letter of November 17th with respect to the payment of your credit of \$448.00.

You are advised that 1st Lt. Thomas J. Murphy of Rome Area Command Headquarters' Fiscal Office has been designated to handle certificates of credit balance filed by Italian repatriates. Your letter has been forwarded to him with the request that he take the necessary action in your case, and I suggest that any further correspondence with respect to the payment of these monies be addressed directly to Lt. Murphy.

Very sincerely yours,

EDWARD D. S. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps
CSO to Chief Commissioner

Signor Eremanno Gamba
Via Signorini 16
Torino

3427

~~5-87/2~~
5-87/2

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

Office of the Chief Commissioner

A P O 794

14 December 1946

SUBJECT: Cooperator's Pay

TO :

*Finance Officer, 47th Finance
Distressing Section.*

1. Attention invited to attached letter from
GAMBA, Ermanno, which was received by this office.

2. Would you please furnish me information
to permit me to prepare a reply to the writer on
behalf of the Admiral.

Edward D. Sullivan
EDWARD D. S. SULLIVAN,
Major, Air Corps,
Chief Staff Officer

Major Sullivan:

1st Lt. Thomas J. Murphy of RAAC Hq. Fiscal
Office has been designated to handle Certificate of
Credit Balance claims filed by Italian Repatriates
in accordance with MTCUSA Finance Circular Letter No.
49 dated 2 December 1946.

W. S. Gafford
W. S. GAFFORD,
Lt. Col., U.S.A.,
Finance Officer

5491

Corino, 17/11.1950
 Sig. Ammiraglio Ellery Stone
 ROMA -

Lo scrivente, Soldato GAMBA Emanuele,
 in Cesare, classe 1939, Distretto Militare di Corino,
 ex-prigioniero di guerra degli americani -
 matr. 81.1.37170 - 7112 Comp. I.S.U. (Italian
 Service Unity) catturato prigioniero in Italia
 il 21/7.43. e rimpatriato il 14/9.1945 da
 Marsiglia (Francia) (U.S.A. APO 372 -)
 Cooperatore con l'U.S. Army. ha un credito
 di dollari 448 (\$ 448) verso gli Stati
 Uniti d'America, per lavoro fatto da prigioniero
 per conto dell'U.S. Army.

A tutt'oggi, dopo oltre un anno, non
 ha ancora avuto il pagamento. Il foglio di credito
 originale è stato inviato dal Distretto militare di
 Corino a Roma, al Ministero Guerra.

Essendo ammalato, povero, liso-
 quoro di cure, prega la S.V. di voler
 vedere se è possibile ottenere il pagamento
 del suo credito, ammontante a lire italiane

78466
 34th Ringraziando di gran cuore
 Dev. mo Gamba Emanuele
 sold. 81.1.37170.

Corino. 16 via Signorini - 16 -
 Corino

TRANSLATION

Turin, 17 November, 1946.

Sir,

The applicant, ERMENNO GAMBA, born in 1909, and attached to the Military District of Turin, was made prisoner by the Americans in Sicily on 21 July 1943. (Serial number:- 81.1.37170 - 7112 Coy. Italian Service Unit). He was repatriated from Marseilles on September 14 1945.

While cooperating with the American Army he received credit for 448 dollars.

Over a year has gone by and he has not yet received further payment due to him. The original credit bill has been sent from the Military District in Turin to the Ministry of War in Rome.

He is deprived of means and in very bad health. He hopes that you will make it possible for him to receive the payment which amounts to Lire 78466.

With sincere thanks,

(S) Gamba ERMENNO
Via Signorini 16
Turin.

430
Admiral Ellery V. Stone
Chief Commissioner
Allied Commission
Rome.

DEC 18 1946

HEADQUARTERS
AMERICAN GRAVES REGISTRATION SERVICE
MEDITERRANEAN THEATER SEPARATE ZONE COMMAND MTOUSA
APO 794 U. S. ARMY

12 December 1946

CO 687.3

Signore Dario Ferlini,
Negozio di Vendita,
Materiale Fotografico,
Imola, Italy.

Dear Signore Ferlini:

Your letter, addressed to Admiral Ellery W. Stone regarding the photographing of cemeteries and graves of American War Dead has been referred to this office for reply.

Your kind offer is appreciated. However, present War Department directives prohibit the photographing of individual graves, and the authority to permit you to undertake this work is not vested in this Command.

Very truly yours,

GEORGE A. KING
Colonel, QMC
Commanding

CC: Adm. Ellery W. Stone

3422

587/12



Ministero della Guerra

COMMISSIONE SPECIALE DI AVANZAMENTO

Roma 5 dicembre 1946

Caro Maggiore,

la proposta di trasferimento in s.p.e. del Capitano CERQUETTI sarà prossimamente esaminata dalla commissione da me presieduta.

Come è stabilito dalla legge, l'avanzamento per merito di guerra non può aver luogo che per un fatto specifico svoltosi in combattimento.

Ad ogni modo conoscendo la qualità e le benemeritenze del Cap/no CERQUETTI, per ciò che riguarda il mio intervento personale, farò tutto il possibile che la proposta sia esaminata con la maggiore benevolenza, e sarò così anche lieto di fare cosa gradita a lei.

Con viva cordialità mi creda

Major Edward D.S. Sullivan
Chief Staff Officer to
Rear Admiral Ellery W. Stone

5487

ROMA

fu' Irlandy
File

Roma, li 9 dicembre 1946

Care Generale,

La ringrazio molto vivamente del suo sollecito e bene-
vole interessamento pel trasferimento in s. p. e. del Cap.
CERQUETTI, interessamento di così alta autorità e presti-
gio che rassicura questo Quartier Generale Alleato del buon
esito della pratica.

Con i sensi più vivi di mia stima e cordialità

Suo

EDWARD D. S. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps
C30 to C2

Il S. E. Generale Orlando Taddeo
Presidente Comm. Speciale di Avanzamento
Ministero Guerra.

587/acc

17 December 1946.

Dear Vittorio:

Thank you for your letter of 11 December and for the condolences extended to me.

With reference to shoes and clothing for yourself and little brothers, I have spoken about your case to Ing. Vincenzini of the Ente Nazionale Distribuzione Soccorsi Italia, Via Lucullo 6, Rome, who has informed me that if you or your father will come to see him he feels he can be of assistance to you.

You should present this letter to Ing. Vincenzini to identify yourself.

With best wishes for a Happy Christmas,

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Ellery W. Stone

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

Vittorio Raffoni,
Via Ardea 27, Int. 21,
Rome.

527/2

5435

TRANSLATION

Rome, 11 December, 1946.

Dear Admiral,

I have wanted to write to you many times, but I have always felt rather shy about it. Now that Winter is drawing close, I and my brothers, who are all younger than myself, have great need of shoes and clothing. I have always heard that you are good and kind-hearted, and only too willing to help Italians. My father is an employee, and his pay barely allows him to give us our meals - and not very big meals at that! Our family is composed of seven members, and you will therefore understand the difference it would make if my request to you is considered.

My brothers and I send you and your family our best wishes for Xmas and the New Year.

My father read of your bereavement in the papers this morning, and we send you our sincere condolences.

With many thanks, please believe me,

Devotedly yours,

(s) Vittorio Raffoni.
Via Ardea 27,
Flat 21,
Rome.

5481

Admiral Ellery W. Stone
Chief Commissioner
Allied Commission
Rome.

Roma 41 Dicembre 1946.

Signor Ammiraglio

Sin di una volta, avrei voluto scriverla, ma sono stato sempre timido.

Ora però ch'è finito l'inverno, sento io e i miei quattro fratellini, tutti più piccoli di me, io che sono il più grande, e conto dodici anni, il bisogno maggiore di scarpe e vestiti, o' voluto scrivere a Lei, che come personalità americana. Lei'essa molto buona, e di buon cuore, nel venire in aiuto di noi Piccoli Italiani. Elio padre è impiegato, e come tale può appena starci da mangiar, e abbastanza poco! Siamo sette persone di famiglia perciò può Lei ben immaginare quanto ci sarebbe di sollieto, se la mia richiesta fosse da Lei accolta benevolmente.

54 Io e i miei fratellini Le facciamo
feristi auguri per il S. Natale e per
l'Anno nuovo, assieme alla Sua.

gentile Famiglia.

O letto stamane nel giornale mi habbo
del Suo grande lutto, Le invio le più
sentite condoglianze.

Ossequi e ringraziamenti anticipati
mi esalta suo Devotissimo

Vittorio Raffone.

Via Ardea 27 interno 24

Roma

TRANSLATION

Excellency,

Having no relatives or friends in America whom I could send the C.A.R.E. card in order to receive the wonderful food-package, and trusting your kind heart, I take the liberty to appeal to you fully confident that you will grant my wish. I shall soon be 14, I am the son of a Colonel of the Medical Corps discharged in August 1942 because of a serious nervous disease contracted in service, and completely unable to work professionally. In consequence of this misfortune, the whole family is in difficult economic conditions.

I have not told my parents that I am writing to you.

Thanking you in advance with all my heart, I am

Respectfully yours,

/s/ Tattoni Giuseppe

Via Pieve 38

Trento

5442

Admiral Ellery W. Stone
Chief Commissioner
Allied Commission
Rome.

527/22
J. Le



CONTIENE: carne 9,0, biscotti 6,5, legumi 2,3,
zucchero e dolciumi 3,9, cacao e caffè 1,1
latte 0,8, burro 0,5, formaggio 0,4, sapone,
fiammiferi, 1,2, sigarette 10 pacchetti ecc.
PESO LORDO 49 LIBRE

548!

Eccellenza Ammiraglio
STONE
CAPO della MISSIONE MIL. ALLEATA
GASERIA

Sicuramente siete a conoscenza della precaria situazione alimentare esistente in Italia. Il C. A. R. E., residente in 50 Broad Street, New York, 4, N. Y. membro della Commissione Presidenziale dell'Assistenza Post Bellica Americana, è una organizzazione senza scopo di lucro, che per 15 dollari, garantisce l'invio e la consegna di pacchi, ciascuno dei quali, di più di 40,000 calorie, contiene tutto ciò che ci è di grande necessità e bisogno, che è molto difficile trovare in Italia e che pur trovandolo, è assai più caro. Vorreste comprarmi uno di questi pacchi? Sarebbe veramente un grande aiuto per me. Ringrazio fin da ora!

Surely you are aware of the serious food situation in Italy. C. A. R. E., of 50 Broad St., N. Y. 4 N. Y. member of the President's War Relief Control Board, is a non-profit organization which, for dollars 15, guarantees delivery of packages of 40,000 calories, with much-needed and necessary items that are very difficult to find and many times more costly here. Would you buy me one of these packages? It would really be of great help to me.

NO ME TATTONI GIUSEPPE
INDIRIZZO TRENTO VIA PIAVE 38
FIRMA TATTONI GIUSEPPE

00371

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785015

Esullenna
Bento 9-10-1946
CARTOLINA POSTALE
Non avendo in America alcun
CORRISPONDENZA DEL MITTENTE AL DESTINATARIO IN AMERICA
no parente o conoscente, cui in
CORRESPONDENCE TO AMERICA
indirizzare la cartolina C.A.R.E. per
avere il prodigioso psico-vivere
e confidando nel suo buon cuore
mi permetto ricorrere a lei a p.p.
nella piena fiducia di essere esau-
dito. Ho presto 14 anni sono figlio
di un Colonnello Medico Colloca-
to a riposo nell'agosto 1942 per
grave malattia nervosa contra-
tta in servizio e del tutto inabile
al lavoro professionale. In con-
sequenza di tale sventura tutta
la famiglia si trova in difficile
condizione economica. Gli genitori
non ho detto nulla che non ho
quindi pando i più vivi ringraziamenti
la prego rispettosamente di gradire un riconoscente saluto. Balloni

A C.A.R.E.
Via Lucullo, 6
ROMA
ITALIA

DEC 1946

~~C.L.~~Ref: 689/60/EG2nd December, 1946.

SUBJECT : Allied War Graves.

TO : ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS.
Attention: G-5 Section.

There is forwarded to you copy of a letter addressed to the Chief Commissioner on 16th November, 1946 by a Dario Ferlini.

It is felt that the offer made by Dario Ferlini to photograph British and American Military Cemeteries and every individual tomb without any compensation, might be of interest to both Imperial War Graves Commission and to American Graves Registration Service, Mediterranean Zone.

Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

Copies to: Imperial War Graves Commission,
Southern European District,
46 Via Delle Botteghe Oscure
Rome.

The American Graves Registration Service,
Mediterranean Zone.

5429

Rome

19 November 1946.

Dear Dr. Prunas:

Replying to your letter of 18 November, No. 5/1654, on the question of the requisition of Consul Giusti's apartment, I shall take this matter up at once with the 88th Division.

Sincerely yours,

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

527/46

Dr. Renato Prunas,
The Secretary General,
Ministry of Foreign Affairs,
Rome.

3470

0040

19 November 1946.

Dear Al:

I have just received a letter from the Secretary General of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, a translation of which is enclosed.

While I realize that this is an 88th Division matter, I feel sure your contacts with the 88th Division will assist in getting this matter straightened out.

It does seem to me that since Consul Giusti is performing service with the Allied military, he should be spared having his quarters requisitioned.

Will you go into the matter and see if you can get the 88th Division to derequisition this property of an official of the Italian Government.

Sincerely,

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

3472

Colonel Alfred C. Bowman, U.S. Army,
Senior Civil Affairs Officer,
AMG - Venezia Giulia.

587/42

TRANSLATION

MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
The Secretary General

5/1654

Rome, 18 November 1946.

Dear Admiral,

I take the liberty to appeal to your courtesy on a matter which is of particular interest to me: as you know, Consul J. Giusti del Giardino is the head of the Liaison group with the 13th Corps for matters concerning the border line between Venezia Giulia and the province of Udine. Until now his family has been living in Venice, but recently he was obliged to send it away since the apartment in which it was staying, had been re-occupied by its American owners, while on the other hand, owing to the numerous requisitions made in said city by Allied military authorities, it was impossible for him to find another apartment.

Consul Giusti has therefore rented the Villa Messina at Via Menardi in Cortina d'Ampezzo, but also the latter has been recently requisitioned by the 88th Division.

Owing to the fact that Giusti's presence in the Veneto region is considered most useful by this Ministry and taking on the other hand into account his quite legitimate desire of not being completely separated from his family, I would be most grateful if you could examine with a particular benevolence the possibility of requesting the 88th Division kindly to derequisition and put at Consul Giusti's disposal the abovementioned Villa.

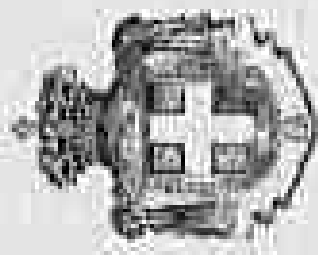
Believe me, dear Admiral,

Very sincerely yours,

/s/ R. Prunas

3477

Admiral Ellery W. Stone
Chief Commissioner
Allied Commission
Rome.



Ministro degli Affari Esteri

IL SEGRETARIO GENERALE

ROMA, li 11 18 NOV 1948

5/10654

Caro Ammiraglio,

mi permetto di rivolgermi alla Sua cortesia per segnalare un caso che mi sta particolarmente a cuore : come Ella sa, il Console J.Giusti del Giardino è a capo del nucleo di collegamento con il 130° Corpo per le questioni relative alla linea di demarcazione fra la Venezia Giulia e la provincia di Udine. Egli finora ha tenuto la sua famiglia a Venezia, ma, di recente ha dovuto allontanarla in quanto l'appartamento da essa abitato è stato rioccupato dai suoi proprietari americani, nè gli è stato possibile trovarne un altro date le molte requisizioni fatte colà dalle autorità militari alleate.

Il Console Giusti ha allora affittato la Villa Messina in via Menardi a Cortina d'Ampezzo, ma anche questa è stata di recente requisita dalla 88^a Divisione americana.

Dato che la presenza del Giusti nel Veneto è considerata assai utile da parte di questo Ministero e d'altro lato tenendo conto del suo legittimo

./.

Ammiraglio Ellery M. STONE, U.S.N.R.

5/1654
Caro Ammiraglio,

mi permetto di rivolgermi alla Sua cortesia per segnalare un caso che mi sta particolarmente a cuore : come Ella sa, il Console J.Giusti del Giardino è a capo del nucleo di collegamento con il 13° Corpo per le questioni relative alla linea di demarcazione fra la Venezia Giulia e la provincia di Udine. Egli finora ha tenuto la sua famiglia a Venezia, ma di recente ha dovuto allontanarla in quanto l'appartamento da essa abitato è stato rioccupato dai suoi proprietari americani, nè gli è stato possibile trovarne un altro date le molte requisizioni fatte colà dalle autorità militari alleate.

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Dato che la presenza del Giusti nel Veneto è considerata assai utile da parte di questo Ministero e d'altro lato tenendo conto del suo legittimo

./.

Ammiraglio Ellery W. STONE, U.S.N.R.
Capo della Commissione Alleata

R o m a

no desiderio di tenere non troppo lontana da sè la sua famiglia, le sarei assai grato se potesse con particolare benevolenza esaminare la possibilità di interessare la 88^a Divisione affinchè venga derequisita e messa a disposizione del Console Giusti la Villa sopraindicata.

Mi creda, caro Ammiraglio, molto cordiale

R. Turati

0043

16 November 1946.

Dear Major Periotto:

I have received your letter of 14 November requesting that an allotment of surplus war material be granted to your cooperative of war veterans and partisans of Emilia.

While I should like to be able to assist you, I regret that I cannot, since all United States surplus war material, both Army and Navy, in Italy has been sold to the Italian Government. I am informed that a similar program has been followed with respect to British surplus war material.

As you know, the distribution of such material by your Government is handled by ARAM and your application for an allotment should therefore be referred to that organization.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Ellery W.

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

547 Major Francesco Periotto, President,
Cooperativa Trasporti - Lavori,
Via S. Vitale, 38,
Bologna.

587/cc

TRANSLATION

Bologna, 14 November 1946.

Admiral Ellery W. Stone
Chief Commissioner
Allied Commission
Rome.

The undersigned Italian Air Force Major Francesco Periotto requests that an allotment of surplus war material of any kind be granted to CO.TRA.LA, the legal Cooperative of war veterans and partisans of Emilia, with head office in Bologna, of which he is the president.

He takes the liberty to point out the difficult economic conditions of most returned prisoners of war and veterans who fought with the Allied Armies and who for such a long time have been away from their families, from work, from any activity.

The Cooperative trusts that this request will be kindly considered by Admiral Stone, so that it may offer better economic conditions to those who really fought for Italian and democratic ideals and now find themselves in particularly difficult moral and material conditions. This also in order to avoid manifestations of unrest which, although justified by months and months of vain search of work, would be quite inconvenient in the present political situation of the Country and could create difficulties for the official organizations in charge of order and discipline, which are the indispensable base for the reconstruction of the Country.

Respectfully yours

CO.TRA.LA

The President

/s/ Maj. Periotto

5471

54

CO. TRA. LA

COOPERATIVA TRASPORTI - LAVORI
SOCIETA' A RESPONSABILITA' LIMITATA
BOLOGNA - VIA S. VITALE, 38

Bologna, 14 novembre 1945

ALL' AMMIRAGLIO STONE
Capo della Commissione Alleata

R O M A

Il sottoscritto, Maggiore Pilota dell' 'Aeronautica Militare
PERIOTTO FRANCESCO

in qualità di Presidente della intestata Cooperativa legale fra Reduci e Partigiani dell' Emilia, con sede in Bologna, fa domanda di ottenere la concessione di residuati di guerra Alleati in genere.

Si onora far presente alla S.V. le preoccupanti condizioni economiche in cui versano la gran parte dei Reduci e dei Combattenti a fianco degli Eserciti Alleati, menomati nei loro interessi da anni di lontananza della famiglia, dal lavoro e da tutte le attività economiche personali e varie in genere.

La Cooperativa in parola, fiduciosa che la presente istanza sarà tenuta in particolarissima e benevola considerazione da Voi, Ammiraglio STONE, spera in tal modo di potere offrire migliori condizioni economiche a chi veramente ha combattuto per l' ideale italiano e democratico, a chi cioè ora si trova in particolari disegiate condizioni morali e materiali. Quanto sopra anche allo scopo di impedire espressioni di intemperanza sovverienti nella attuale fase politica della vita nazionale, che se pur giustificate da mesi e mesi di vana ricerca di lavoro dignitoso e di sistemazione, non potrebbero che porre in difficile condizione gli organismi ufficiali interessati al mantenimento dell' ordine della disciplina, nuova indispensabile base per la ricostruzione del paese.

R O M A

Il sottoscritto, Maggiore Pilota dell'Aeronautica Militare
PERIOTTO FRANCESCO

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Con particolare devota esservanza

CO. TRA. LA.
Coop. Trasporti - Lavori
(Il Presidente)

W. J. Penat

Roma, 27 nov 1946.

Sir,

I thank you for your very cordial reception of my letter, which was written on the day it was posted, and I am indeed grateful for the prompt interest which you have taken in this difficult question.

I am sending your letter known to my fellow ex-prisoners of war, and I need hardly say how anxious we shall all be for further news.

Yours, sincerely,

347?



Francesco Spinelli

St. Francesco Spinelli - Via Nazionale 175 - Roma.

19 November 1946.

Dear Sir:

I have received today your undated letter dealing with the question of payment of the credits which you and your fellow prisoners of war had earned by virtue of your service in I.S.U.

I shall go into this matter at once and hope that I may be able to assist you.

Sincerely yours,

HILERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

3471

Dott. Francesco Spinelli,
 Via Nomentana 175,
 Roma.

Copy to: Colonel Fiske -- will you see me on this matter please.

B.W.S.
CC

527/c

26th Nov.

Dear Admiral Stone,

I wish to express to you my most sincere feelings of gratitude for your kind interest.

If I may be able to resume the work for which I am more capable and of which I can look up to a better future, I feel that I shall owe it to you.

Hoping to see you soon and thanking in advance for your further information I remain

Yours most sincerely
Shirley & Ayala Valera

5/27/66

64-11

3

0052

23 November 46

My dear Miss Garibaldi:

Your letter of 5 November concerning your brother Ricciotti has been received by the Chief Commissioner who has asked me to reply to you.

Unfortunately, due to the reduction in personnel of this Commission, we are unable to make use of his services. This headquarters has no jurisdiction over employment in North Africa and your brother should make application to the Ministry for Italian Africa here in Rome.

Very truly yours,

EDWARD J. BEHN,
Lt(jg), USNR,
Flag Lieutenant to
Chief Commissioner.

Miss Annita I. Garibaldi
1 Via Pompeo Magno
Roma

5480

527/60

Rome, 5 November 1946
1, Via Pompeo Magno Tel. 32372

Rear Admiral Ellery W. Stone

Chief Commissioner of the Allied Commission

R o m e

Your Excellency,

My second brother Ricciotti is looking for work and by the enclosed, you will see that it would make him very happy to return to Africa and Egypt which he knew so well in better times.

Would your kindness meet his necessity and the gratefulness of all the Garibaldi family?

We are all struggling and I know you will do so, if possible.

With kindest regards

5487

Yours very sincerely

Annita I. Garibaldi

5487
Roma

1, Via Pompeo Magno

C O P Y

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 794
DISPLACED PERSONS DIVISION

DPR/7-2/A

Tel. 489081, Ext. 414

8 November 1946

SUBJECT : Employment - Civilians.

TO : Sig. RICCIOTTI Garibaldi,
Piazza Maresciallo Giardino 1,
ROME.

Receipt of your letter dated 30 October 1946 is
acknowledged.

1. I am directed to express the Director's regret that use
cannot be made of your services in D.P. Division, Allied Commission.

2. The question of employment in North Africa is not one over
which this Division has any jurisdiction, all such matters being dealt
with by the appropriate Military Administration.

For the Director:

(Sgd) B. WOODCOCK
Major
O.i/c Adm

0466

Copies to: British Embassy (Attn.: Mr. Wilson)
G-1(A) Allied Commission (Attn.: Major Sullivan).
Plus copy application.

October 30th, 1946

To the Director of
Displaced Persons and Reparation Sub Commission
Allied Commission

R O M E

Sir,

with reference to the conversation I had with Mr. Wilson of the British Embassy, please find herewith attached my "Curriculum vitae".

I firmly believe I can really be useful, as my background clearly shows. From a strictly technical viewpoint I believe myself fully qualified while, in consideration of the name I bear, I think that my activity to which I may be assigned anywhere in Africa could only reflect favourably in so far as Anglo-Italian relations are concerned.

I remain waiting for a kind reply.

Yours very sincerely

5485

Ricciotti Garibaldi
Piazza Maresciallo Giardino 1
Phone No. 369813

Ricciotti son of Gen^l Ricciotti Garibaldi, born in Rome november 25th 1881.

STUDIES - Rome - Technical Institute
Fermo - Industrial School
Reggio Emilia - Agricultural and Zootechnical School

WORKS - Egypt - Port-Said - Vice Director for the construction of the
Salt Works..
Technical Assistant in the Ismailia - Port Said State Railway.
Inspector for topographical plans for the Higher and the Lower
Nile.
- Inspector in the Irrigation Service (Survey Dep.) Anglo Egyptian Government

MILITARY
CAMPAIGNS - 1911. African campaign (volunteer)
1912. In Greece against Turkey (volunteer)
1912-13 . Mexico campaign (volunteer)
1914-15. France - Argonne (volunteer)
1915-18. Italian and French front (volunteer)

FROM 1919 to 21 Reconstruction work, buildings and roads in France
1931 - Delegate for the Milanese Industrial Society (I.N.C.I.S.A.)
for the buying of valuable woods in Anatolia and Constantinople.

During Fascism has published important historical works on the 1914-18 war and

54 He passed a year in political confinement.

During the clandestine period he was some time in the mountains and then passed
the lines at Cassino joining the Allies at Naples and Anzio in the war for
liberation.

LANGUAGES - English, French - Arabic

COUNTRIES VISITED - Egypt, France, Switzerland, England, Mexico, United
States, Greece, Hungary, Turkey, Albania all countries where
he has lived and worked.

0057

22 November 1946

My dear Marchese D'Ayala:

I have now received a reply to my letter of 4 October addressed to Professor Valletta concerning your qualifications for a position in either the aeronautical or radio fields.

Professor Valletta informs me that he has instructed both the Avio Linea and the officials who are concerned with the opening of the Italo-Anglo-American Companies that, as soon as the air service is resumed, the person charged with selecting personnel should give special consideration to your experience and ability.

I shall inform you as soon as I learn of any further developments.

Yours very sincerely,

5469

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

Marchese Giuseppe d'Ayala Valva
Via di Villa Sacchetti 8
Rome

527/12

22 November, 1946.

My dear Professor Valletta,

I wish to acknowledge your letter of
9 November, and to thank you for your consideration
of the Marchese D'Ayala for a position with the
air service.

Very sincerely yours,

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

522/20

5482

Managing

Professor Valletta
Director
FIAT
Corso IV Novembre 300
Torino.

(Copia)
 Piccola Opera della Divina Provvidenza
 (Don Oriano)

Via Mondovì, 8 - ROMA - Telef. 71.808

"Fare del bene sempre, fare del
 bene a tutti, del male mai a nes-
 suno." - Don Oriano -

Roma, 17 Ottobre 1946

Eccellenza,

La nostra Opera svolge la sua
 attività tra i poveri più poveri, tra le
 più umili masse popolari, tra i derelitti
 e gli orfanani in molteplici istituti allo
 estero e specialmente in Italia, sua culla.

In questi ultimi anni ha fatto
 oggetto della sua assistenza particolarmente
 il mezzogiorno ed il Centro Italia più dura-
 mente lacerati dalla guerra e dalla piaga
 della infanzia in abbandono. Nella sola Roma
 si prodiga per oltre tre mila piccoli in
 ospizi, scuole, doposcuola e laboratori.

Non ha entrate fisse, non si
 poggia su enti contributori, accoglie diret-
 tamente i piccoli che battono in schiera sempre
 più crescente alle sue porte. Ora sta attrezza-
 zando altri orfanotrofi particolarmente in
 Sicilia, Campania e nel Nord. Vere valvole
 per le grosse metropoli sono quelle Opere di
 carità - uscite da ultime dal cuore così sen-
 sibile di Don Oriano, figlio di un secolo ore -
 che il popolo chiama: "Piccoli Cottolenghi".

548! I problemi di organizzazione e di
 approvvigionamento di questa massa di istituti
 richiedono spostamenti frequenti senza dispendio.

Si invoca dall'On. Signor Ministro
delle Ferrovie, così sensibile ai bisogni
delle masse, la concessione di tre o quat-
tro permanenti per tutta la rete che consen-
tano i movimenti più rapidi, senza aggravio
di spese, agli elementi preposti - in ore
così difficili - alla vita delle molteplici
istituzioni dell'Opera Don Erione.

Con deferenti devoti ossequi.

PIUCCOLI OPERA DELLA DIVINA PROVVIDENZA
Assistente Generale delle Opere

S. S.
Ing. G. Ferrari
Ministro dei Trasporti
ROMA.

785015

0064



Mod. 7

Roma 10 Ottobre 1946

Ministero dell'Assistenza Post-bellica

Amm. Ellery Stone
V. Sallustiana 56
ROMA

Le Civili Vittime Guerra
Uff. Madrinato
Prot. N. 6386/R Allegato
Rappresent. N.
all.

OGGETTO madrinato bambini
profughi

Si acclude ricevuta della
somma di L. 2.000.- quale quota madrinato
a favore del piccolo Costa Sergio,
ringraziando per la generosa offerta.

Con l'occasione si prega per
l'avvenire di intestare l'assegno o vaglia come
segue: Comitato del Madrinato Pro Bambini Profu-
ghi - P.zza del Gesù 49.

5400

IL DIRETTORE DEL COMITATO MADRINATO
PRO BAMBINI PROFUGHI
(Maria Theodoli)

Maria Theodoli

0062

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785015

COMITATO DEL MADRINATO PRO BAMBINI PROFUGHI 1502

Sezione
figlia
della madre

Piazza del Gesù, 43 - (Palazzo Allieri)

Roma, li 3.10. 1946

Ricevo dal Sig. Amm.

Ellery W. Stone

Lire ~~cinquemila~~

madrinato Poste Sergio. Pesc. dell'Espresso

1.7 / 31.12.46

COMITATO DEL MADRINATO
PRO BAMBINI PROFUGHI

54 La 2.000.000

Marta Mestoli.

0063

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015

CC wants this
filed.

5470

D

22 Oct 46

0064

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785015

N. 63 d'ordine P.S.

Mod. P
(Servizio onografico)



R. QUESTURA DI ROMA

N. 023447 Gab. Categ. A.I.
Div. _____

Addi 8 Ottobre 1946

Risposta a nota N. 6/2318
del 29 agosto 1946

OGGETTO: Manarelli Augusto fu
Adriano e di Boccacci Pia, nato
a Roma il 15.4.1913.

Al MINISTERO DEGLI AFFARI ESTERI
RI - Ufficio Collegamento

ROMA

Il nominato in oggetto, risulta di buone condotta politica.

Ha precedenti per reati ammonari, appropriazione indebita, varie volte fermato per misure di P.S. e nel 1945, risulta denunciato per correttezza in truffa.

Stampa P. S. Roma - tel. 159 - 910-15 c. 700.000

5457

IL QUESTORE
(C. Verdiani)

4757 2017/10/46
R.S. 1

0065

URGENTE

DA/re



Ministero degli Affari Esteri

Ufficio Collegamento

TELESPRESSO N. 6/0318

Indirizzato a

QUESTURA CENTRALE

R O M A

Posizione Informazioni pittore *Roma addì* 29 Agosto 1946
(Oggetto) *Referimento* Via Milano n. 20 Roma -
(Costo)

Questo Ufficio gradirebbe conoscere ogni possibile informazione riguardante il pittore Augusto VANARELLI in oggetto, per poter rispondere ad analoga richiesta della Commissione Alleata.

Allegati
N°

5456

Roma 26 Agosto 19.



Ministero degli Affari Esteri
UFFICIO DI COLLEGAMENTO
con la C. A.

Alio Quarta
URGENTE

APPUNTO PER L'UFFICIO DI COLLEGAMENTO

Il pittore Augusto VANARELLI, residente in Roma via Milazzo 20, ha indirizzato all'Ammiraglio Stone la lettera che ho il pregio di allegare in originale (vale la pena di leggerla), con la quale gli manifesta il suo desiderio di dipingere un suo ritratto per fargliene omaggio.

Per incarico del Capo della Commissione Alleata, prego codesto Ufficio di farmi avere tutte le possibili informazioni circa il Signor Vanarelli, affinché l'Ammiraglio possa decidere se farsi ritrattare o meno e comunque che cosa debba essere risposto all'intraprendente pittore.

5455

Gradirò la restituzione della lettera qui unita.

4481	28/8/46
Ris. 1	

Bontani o Vittor

BombasseRoma - $\frac{22}{7} = 45$

Ammiraglio Stone.

Scusi la mia intraprendenza.

Sono un pittore noto, più volte premiato nell'esp^ozioni internazionali, d'importante all'entusiasmo del popolo Americano avrei piacere farle in omaggio un ritratto in senso di ammirazione.

Sare per me un Titolo che mi onori.

Mi fingo a sua disposizione, le resterà un tempo minimo nelle ore di più adatta opportuna.

3451

Fiducioso gorgno in suo
inuito.

Le porgo i miei più sentiti
auguri.

Pitt. ^{re} Vanarelli Augusto
V. Milazzo 20 - Roma

4 October 1946.

My dear Professor Valletta:

You will recall that some months ago I spoke to you about Marchese Giuseppe d'Ayala Valva, an industrial-electrotechnical engineer who has specialized in radio and was formerly engineer with Marconi's Wireless, Ltd., in Rome and Genoa and was for some time with the Ansaldo Works in Genoa.

Since the work he is now doing with UNERA will be coming to a close before long, I hope it may be possible for you to make use of his excellent qualifications and energy in either the aeronautical or radio fields.

With all good wishes,

Very sincerely,

/s/ Ellery W. Stone

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

Professor Valletta,
The Director,
FIAT,
Corso IV Novembre, 300
Torino.

5453

587/2
+ 571/2

- M O R A L D U M -

1. When, several months ago, I was introduced by you to Prof. Valletta, he assured me I could be engaged by Fiat not immediately but after the August holidays-as perhaps you will well remember-and asked me to call on him again in September.
2. In connection with the above, I recently tried to see him but, as it was not possible, I wrote him a letter reminding him all the antecedents and enclosing another copy of my curriculum vitae. I called also his attention on one of the various activities of Fiat in which my specialisation in radio could be particularly used. In facts I had been previously informed that Fiat will have a big part in the formation of an American-Italian Company for Air Transport which will surely need managerial personnel specialised in radio. This Company will be constituted in the next days and, as far I know, the relative convention will be signed on September, 16.

As from my information, Prof. Valletta asked the Rome manager, to whom I sent the above letter, to forward it to Turin, where he would examine the question. As Prof. Valletta is now very busy it is reasonably to be feared that he will forget my case, unless he be reminded again on the matter. That appears in as much urgent as I was informed that immediately after the constitution of the new Company it will be provided for the engagement of personnel, at least for the main Divisions.

3. As far I know the American Officers, who are charged of this Company are:

-Gen. Wilson /
-Col. Mazzarino,

Although the above Company will be apparently completely Italian and the Italian Management will provide for the engagement of personnel, I was suggested that it would be very convenient that a good word could be said to the American Authorities as well to Prof. Valletta.

4. For any necessity I attach herewith a copy of my curriculum vitae

MEMORANDUM

- 1) Name : Giuseppe d'Ayala Valva, 44 - Italian.
- 2) Address : Rome (Italy) Via di Villa Sacchetti 8 - Telephone : 873.623
- 3) Degree : Industrial-electrotechnical engineer - specialised in radio - graduated at the Naples University in 1923 with honours.
- 4) Curriculum Vitae : 1923-38 (except the period 1928-32) Engineer of the Italian Agency of Marconi's Wireless Lt. London, having spent some time at their Head Office in Rome and the remaining period (which was the longer) in their Workshops in Genoa, as an engineer of the Radio Transmitter Design and Construction Division. 1939-43 : Chief Engineer of the Radio Transmitter Design of "SAFAR" in Rome (the firm ceased any activity at the end of 1943 following to the war events).
In both employments in addition to the design of transmitters he supervised the construction, installation and adjustment of several radio transmitting stations in Italy, Colonies and Albania (among which a television transmitter).
1928-32 : At Ansaldo Electrotechnical Works in Genoa, as engineer of the technical-commercial office for electric traction.

His activity was also displayed in the technical-commercial branch.

From August 1944 up to Sept. 1945 he was an expert attached to the Industry Sub-Commission of the Allied Commission in Italy : now, while awaiting to start again his normal activities, he is working in the UNRRA Headquarters - Rome (Industrial Rehabilitation Sub-Bureau).

Foreign languages known : English and French : in course of study Spanish.

References : Will be supplied on request.

September 14th

Dear Admiral,

I thought back to the interview of yesterday and I would point out that in my letter to Prof. Valtella I indicated the radio branch in the new Air Transport Company only as one of the fields of activity in which my experience of work could be utilized. But, if it could not be possible, I would willingly accept any other job that it might ~~not~~ be too difficult to find for me either in the Fiat or in the new Air Transport Company.

I thought to make it clear because I would not you could suppose that I am too exclusive in my work while I understand well that, particularly in the present difficult time, it is to be done anything it is possible to do.

Excuse the disturb and please accept all my best thanks in advance

R. d'Ayale Valre

Sept. 26

Dear Admiral Stone,

recalling your kind interest in my behalf I wish to inform you that I have just received a reply from Fiat which I enclose herewith for your perusal

This letter, as you may well notice, does not give me much hope for a future settlement without the support of a good word from you on my behalf to Prof Vallette.

I feel confident that your kind assistance will greatly relieve my difficulties which are bound to increase in view of the fact that Unna is already beginning to reduce its personnel.

With kindest personal regards I remain,

Most sincerely yours

Giuseppe d'Ayala Valte

FIAT

SOCIETÀ PER AZIONI

DIREZIONE

GEN 03848

Mod. 3763

TORINO, 19.9.1946
Corso IV Novembre, 300

Ing. Giuseppe d'Ayala Valva
via di Villa Sacchetti 8
Roma

Per incarico del Prof. Valletta riscon-
triamo la stimata Sua lettera del 5 corrente.

Abbiamo preso nota della Sua domanda, as-
sicurandoLe che verrà tenuta in evidenza al mo-
mento opportuno, quando saranno concretate alcu-
ne iniziative di interesse Fiat nel campo aereo-
nautico od in quello radio più propriamente detto.

Frattanto accolga i nostri migliori sa-
luti.



Translation:

By order of Prof. Valletta we are re-
plying to your letter of the 5th instant.
We have your application and we assure
you that it shall be kept in evidence at the
proper moment, when certain Fiat initia-
tives now under consideration shall have
been realized in the aeronautical or in the
radio field. Regards

22 November 1946

My dear Dr. Prunas:

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 21 November which inclosed a copy of the letter addressed to the Embassies of the United States and Great Britain concerning the murder of the parish priest of Gorenja Polje.

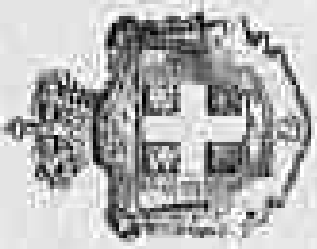
Very sincerely yours,

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

5467

Dr. Renato Prunas
The Secretary General
Ministry for Foreign Affairs
Italian Government
Rome

537/2



Ministero degli Affari Esteri

IL SEGRETARIO GENERALE

ROUGH TRANSLATION

38551/118

Rome, November 21st, 1946

Dear Admiral Stone,

Please find herewith enclosed a copy of letter which I have addressed to the Embassies of Great Britain and of the United States of America in Rome, concerning the recent killing of the parson of Gorenja Polje (Canale d'Isonzo) - "A" zone of Venezia Giulia.

Believe me, Dear Admiral Stone,

Very sincerely yours

Signed PRUNAS

ENCL.

Admiral Ellery W. STONE
Chief Commissioner
J44 Allied Commission

Ministero degli Affari Esteri

15/38531/375

TRANSLATION

Rome, 21 November, 1946

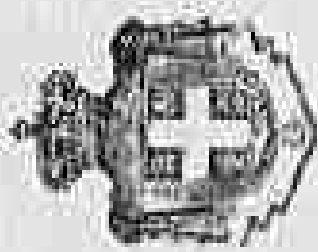
Dear Ambassador,

a report has been sent to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, that on September 16th, 1946, the parson of Gorenja Polje (Canale d'Isonzo - "A" zone), the reverend Isidoro Zavadlav, while returning from the sanctuary of Maria Zell, was held up by some armed individuals who brought him away with them. On October 7th, 1946, the parson's body was found in a ditch in the neighbourhood of Gorenja Polje.

The reasons for the murder of reverend Zavadlav seem to have been caused by his firm attitude which he outlined in a sermon condemning the atheistic movement which is allegedly connected with the anticatholic activities carried out by Slav emissaries in the "A" zone. While I call your particular attention upon this particular serious case of violence, I should be obliged to you, dear Ambassador, if you could bring the above to the knowledge of your Government.

Sir NOEL CHARLES
His British Majesty's Ambassador,

R O M E



Ministro degli Affari Esteri

IL SEGRETARIO GENERALE

38551

Roma, 11 21 NOV. 1946

Caro Ammiraglio,

Le invio qui unito copia di una lettera da me indirizzata alle Ambasciate di Gran Bretagna e degli Stati Uniti d'America in Roma circa la recente uccisione del parroco di Gorenja Polje (Canale d'Isonzo - Zona "A" della Venezia Giulia).

Molto cordimenti

R. Fumal

Ammiraglio Ellery W. STONE
Capo della Commissione Alleata

R. C. M. A

Roma, 11

15/38531/375
21-Nov. 1946

Caro Ambasciatore,

é stato segnalato a questo Ministero che il 15 settembre u.s. Don Isidoro Zavadlav, parroco di Goranja Polje (Canale d'Isonzo - zona A), di ritorno dal Saginario di Mariazell, veniva avvicinato da alcuni armati che lo portavano seco. Il 7 ottobre u.s. il corpo del parroco veniva rinvenuto in un fossato nelle vicinanze della predetta località di Goranja Polje. Il motivo dell'uccisione di Don Zavadlav andrebbe ricercato nel feroce atteggiamento da lui assunto in una predica contro il movimento ateo che sarebbe connesso all'attività anti-cattolica svolta nella zona "A" da emissari alemi.

Attiro la Sua particolare attenzione su di tale nuovo grave caso di violenza, con preghiera di volerlo portare a conoscenza del Suo Governo.

Sir Noel CHARLES
Ambasciatore di Sua Maestà Britannica

R O M A

21 November 1946.

SUBJECT: Request for Assistance

TO: Provost Marshal, Rome Area Allied Command

1. Further to telephone conversation of 18 November between Major Sullivan and Provost Marshal, RAAC, the attached letter from Signora Elena Rabboni, Viale della Province No. 2, Apartment 6, is forwarded for whatever consideration your office may care to take.

2. If such actually proves to be the case, a simple statement to the effect that no adverse report on Signora Rabboni is contained in your files might be considered sufficient for the purposes of the court action. It is suggested that a statement as to the availability or non-availability of the witnesses mentioned in the penultimate paragraph might be included in your report.

3. An early reply to this office would be appreciated, since the hearing is scheduled for 3 December.

FOR THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER:

EDWARD D. S. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps
Chief Staff Officer to CC

1 Incl.

Trans. of ltr. fr.
Elena Rabboni, dtd 18 Nov 46.

TRANSLATION

Excellency,

I am a poor woman who appeals to you begging for your kind intervention in order to overcome the effects of a diabolic persecution.

The war with its terrifying consequences has not spared my family. My two children have lost their father, Captain Ignazio Rabboni, who was made a prisoner in Kenya, camp 356, and died there on 8 July 1944 leaving me alone, without assistance, mother of two minors, obliged to struggle for a living in these sad and difficult times.

I occupy a modest apartment of two rooms plus another small room at 2, viale delle Provincie, and in order to meet the expenses (with the consent of the owner Raffaella Moschella) I used to rent -especially during the period when my husband was a prisoner - the small room for one or more days, paying to the owner the percentage requested by him.

But Moschella was and is still not satisfied by the sacrifices I was making and without feeling any pity for a poor woman with a cruel fate, has been trying since some time to evict me from my modest apartment without considering the insurmountable difficulties of finding another accommodation in Rome.

The eviction suit is still pending with the competent judicial authorities, but Moschella who is afraid of missing his goal, has devised a diabolic trick; he has charged the house agent, Mr. Casella, to denounce to the Allied Command the alleged infraction to the regulations which prohibit to give accommodation to Allied military personnel, and this with the purpose of bringing this before the magistrate who will decide about the eviction. But it must be considered that verifications were made by the Command on 19 March and on 20 September 1945 and it was found that there was no military personnel living in the apartment, as accommodation was never granted to them.

Now, in order to be able to call as witnesses the agents of the Allied and also of the Italian police who carried out the surprise visits on the abovesaid dates, I beg you kindly to give orders that the names of these agents be notified to the judge or that a statement signed by them be submitted to him.

Trusting that you will kindly grant my humble request, I

5441

thank you in advance and remain

Respectfully yours,

/s/ Can Elena

Viale delle Provincie 2

Rome, 18 November 1946.

Ecc' mo dignor Anniraglio,

E' una povera donna che, supplicherole, si rivolge a Lei perche' voglia degnarsi di offrire i suoi aiuti efficaci per poter superare gli effetti di una diabolica persecuzione.

La guerra, con le sue terroficianti conseguenze, non ha risparmiata la famiglia della ricorrente che a Lei, fedelissima, si rivolge: L'unico suo figlio, ancora minorenni, hanno perduto il padre, Capitano Ignazio Mabbini, fatto prigioniero nel Venia (campo 350, ivi deceduto l'8 luglio 1944, lasciando solo, e senza aiuto, la sottoscritta, madre dei due suoi, a lottare con le necessita' della vita in questi suoi poveri tristi per coloro che al bisogno nulla possono con trastare!

La ricorrente, abito un modesto appartamento di due camere col un camerino al Viale delle Provincie n. 2 - e per tirare avanti la vita (con il consenso del proprietario Raffaele Moschella) ha esercitato, piu' specialmente, nel tempo in cui il capitano Mabbini era in prigionia, il mestiere del subaffitto del camerino limitato a ben scar. se richieste, per uno o piu' giorni, considerando la percentuale del guadagno al proprietario nella misura da lui stabilita.

Ma il Moschella non si e' sentito, ne si sente

volge a Lei perché voglia eleggersi ed offrire
i suoi alti uffici per poter superare gli effetti
di una diabólica persecuzione.

La guerra, con le sue terribili conseguenze,
non ha risparmiato la famiglia della ricorrente
che a Lei, fedelissima, si rivolge: L'unico suo figlio,
ancora minorenni, hanno perduto il padre, Capu-
tano Ignazio Marboni, fatto prigioniero nel Reno-
campo 356, con deceduto il 8 luglio 1944, lasciando
solo, e senza aiuto, la sottoscritta madre ed i due suoi
suoi, a lottare con le necessità della vita in queste
ore così tristi per coloro che al bisogno nulla posso-
no contrastare!

La ricorrente abita un modesto appartamento
di due camere col un camerino al Viale della
Provincia n° 2 - e per tirare avanti la vita (con
il consenso del proprietario Massale Moschella)
ha esercitato, più specialmente, nel tempo in cui
il capitano Marboni era in prigionia, il mestiere
del subaffitto del camerino limitato a ben scar-
se richieste, per uno o più giorni, corrispondendo la
percentuale del guadagno al proprietario nella misura
da lui stabilita.

Ma il Moschella non si è sentito, né si sente
pago del sacrificio subito dalla ricorrente, così
che, disconoscendo ogni comprensione per la sua
perso una povera donna colpita da grave destino,
ha, da vario tempo, iniziato a sfrattare dalla sua

deste cese la sottoscritta per nulla consideran-
do le difficoltà insormontabili ed i poteri trovare
a Roma altro alloggio!

La causa di spatto è ancora pendente presso
la competente autorità giudiziaria ma il Mo-
schelle, che prevede il naufragio della sua metà,
ha escogitato un diabolico tentativo; ha dato in-
rica allo amministratore del condominio sig. Basel
la di portare denuncia al Comandante Allerts ed
infrangere alle disposizioni proibitive adottate per
il divieto di dare alloggio a visitatori dipendenti
del Tuo Comando e ciò al fine di insinuare tale
estremo di fatto al magistrato che dovrà decidere
sull'arione di spatto. Ma occorre far presente co-
me, disposti del Comando gli accertamenti, il primo
addì 19 marzo, beltr il 20 settembre 1945, fu
potuto constatare come nessun militare alloggiasse
nell'appartamento, così come mai tale alloggio ven-
ne consentito.

Ora la sottoscritta, allo scopo di ridurre come
testi io cause gli agenti della polizia alleata ed anche
di quella italiana che nelle annidette dato fecero, diso-
presa, la verifica, prego, prememente l'Ec. Vostro per
che si degni disporre far conoscere il nomination ed
detti agenti incaricati del servizio ed accertamento
perché siano dati in nota al magistrato per il corso
quinto esame. Quanto meno desideri dichiarazione negativa degli agenti

la competente autorità egiziana, ma in un
schello, che prevede il naufragio della sua unità,
ha escogitato un bel suo testamento; ha dato in-
carico all'amministratore del condominio Sig. Casel
la di portare stenuncia al Comandante Allard di
informare sulle disposizioni proibitive adottate per
il divieto di dare alloggio a militari dispendenti
del Tuo Comando, e cioè al fine di insinuare tale
estremo di fatto al magistrato che dovrà decidere
sull'arresto ed espulso. Ma occorre far presente co-
me, disposti del Comando gli accertamenti, il primo
addì 19 marzo, l'altro il 20 settembre 1945, fu
postato constatare come nessun militare alloggiasse
nell'appartamento, così come mai tale alloggio ven-
ne costituito.

Ora la Sottoscritta, allo scopo di indicare come
testi in cause gli agenti della polizia allata e anche
di quelle italiane che nelle annidette dato fecero, obso-
luta, la verifica, prego, primamente l'Ecce. Vostro per
che si degni disporre far conoscere il summario dei
dati agenti incorricati del denario et accertamento
perché dei dati in note al magistrato per il coste-
quente esame. Quanto meno acciperci dichiarazione negativa degli agenti.

La Sottoscritta affida fiduciosa all'Ecce. V. la ser-
gincato della presente umile richiesta, ringraziando

Roma 18 novembre 1945

Caro Euse

Viale della Provincia n. 2

21 November, 1946.

My dear Mr. Schepis,

Admiral Stone has directed me to acknowledge your letter of 18 November concerning the admission of your son to Columbia University.

Your letter has been forwarded to Doctor C. R. Morey, Cultural Attache' at the American Embassy in Rome who is the official who must consider all such requests.

Very sincerely yours,

EDWARD D. S. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps,
CSO to CO.

527/cv

Mr. Angelo Schepis,
Via Roma 18,
Bartolomea,
Sicily.

5430

21 November, 1946.

Dear Doctor Morley,

Admiral Stone has received the attached
letter from Signor Angelo Schepis which I forward
for your consideration.

Very sincerely yours,

EDWARD D. G. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps
CSO to CG

Incl.

Doctor G. R. Morley,
Cultural Attache
American Embassy,
Rome.

5438

587/10

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

A P O 794

Office of the Executive Commissioner

NOV 7 1946

HSC/5611

5 November 1946

SUBJECT: Scientific and Radio Apparatus Removed
from the Steam Yacht ELETRA.

TO : The Presidency of the Council of Ministers.

1. Reference is made to your letter 78920/42059.13.4 of
29 August 1946.

2. In reply to the request contained therein, I am writing
to inform you that the Senior Civil Affairs Officer, Allied Military
Government, Venezia Giulia, has been instructed that Signor Marconi's
research apparatus may be returned to the National Council of
Research in Rome.

FOR THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER:

*Mcarr*Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

Copy to: C.C. ✓
AMC, Venezia Giulia,
C-5 Section, AFHQ.

1437

NSC/5446

September 1946.

Subject: Scientific and Radio Apparatus removed from S/Y ELETIRA.

To: THE SENIOR CIVIL AFFAIRS OFFICER - ANG KILL CORPS.

1. The Italian Government, through the Council of Ministers, has requested that certain radio and other scientific apparatus now in custody of the Director of the Trieste Institute of Geophysics, be returned to the Italian Government.

2. It appears that the above apparatus is of considerable historical and scientific value in that they were part of the original installation of Guglielmo Marconi and was used by him in his experiments on board the yacht ELETIRA.

3. The Italian Government acquired the ELETIRA from the heirs of the Marconi estate in 1936. In 1943 the German military authorities converted the ELETIRA into a warship. At this time permission was obtained by the Italian Government to remove all the radio and scientific apparatus referred to above and to place this apparatus for safekeeping in care of the Director of the Institute of Geophysics where it is now stored in the San Giusto castle at Trieste.

4. It is requested that authority be obtained to return the aforementioned apparatus to the Italian Government.

[s] Elery W. Stone

ELERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

0090

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785015

INDICAZIONI DI URGENZA		TELEGRAMMA		Mod. 32	
				Circuito sul quale si deve fare l'invio del telegramma	
VIA ITALCABLE		VIA ITALO RADIO			
LA SOCIETÀ ITALCABLE NON ASSUME ALCUNA RESPONSABILITÀ CIVILE IN CONSEGUENZA DEL SERVIZIO CABLOGRAFICO TELEGRAFICO E RADIOTELEGRAFICO				Spedito il 19 ore per circuito N.	
				all'Ufficio di Transmittente	
Qualifica	DESTINAZIONE	PROVENIENZA	Numero	PAROLE	DATA della PRESENTAZIONE
					Giorno e Mese Ore e Minuti
					VIA ITALCABLE ITALO RADIO
					Indicaz. event. e Via di prosec.

INDICAZIONI EVENTUALI TASSATE

DESTINATARIO

Lt. EDWARD J. BEHN

DESTINAZIONE

I Rue de la Faisanderie - PARIS -

TESTO:

Morgan requests you contact Mr. Calbek, Majestic Hotel, Avenue Kleber
reference compensation.

5435

Nome e Indirizzo del Mittente

(Indicazione obbligatoria ad esclusivo uso dell'Ufficio)

Major EDWARD D. S. SULLIVAN, Alcom Rome

Per «**via Italcable**» e «**via Italo Radio**» si possono spedire telegrammi per tutti i principali Paesi del mondo.

Per «**via Italcable**» si possono scambiare «**Telegrammi Lampo**» fra le città di Bari - Bologna - Cagliari - Catania - Firenze - Genova - Lentini - Messina - Milano - Napoli - Palermo - Roma - Siracusa - Taormina - Torino - Trieste - Venezia; la consegna avviene normalmente entro 15 minuti dall'ora di accettazione. Tariffa lire 2,25 per parola; minimo 10 parole.

I telegrammi «**via Italcable**» e «**via Italo Radio**» sono accettati presso gli uffici telegrafici Italcable di Catania - Firenze - Genova - Lentini - Messina - Milano - Napoli - Palermo - Roma - Siracusa - Taormina - Torino - Trieste - Venezia e presso tutti gli Uffici Telegrafici statali. Le indicazioni «**via Italcable**» e «**via Italo Radio**» sono completamente gratuite.

A SUA ECCELLENZA AMIRAGLIO SIR HELLERY STONE

R O M A
=====

e per il Gen. Moran.

Ecceellenza;

in base alla carica da lei coperta come nel testo, mi permetto inviarle la presente, affinché possa il Governo farsi benevolente un dovere per la considerazione di un figlio della Patria; dato a guerra compiuta e terminata, nel cielo del Bergamasco e perciò che è il desiderio di una madre, che prega le siano riconosciuti i suoi diritti.

Il memoriale seguente, argomento della presente, la prego, per suo mezzo che è l'unico in possibilità di farlo compiacersi renderlo noto agli uffici competenti del Ministero della Guerra Italiana ed all'Albo d'Oro dello Stato, per cui chiedo venga seguita la spettante motivazione sul conto del S. Tenente radiotelegrafista Prof. PACE ROTHSCILD Gaspare.

Io sottoscritta BIGNI Adele, nativa del Brasile ^{italianate} ~~ed~~ vedova, da oltre un ventennio, ebbi qui in Italia due figli: ROTHSCILD e MORAN Pace, che dovevano più tardi essere particolarmente utili alla Patria, il primo come ufficiale del genio alle dipendenze dell'O.S.S. Alleato, ed il secondo nel C.E.E.M. dal quale si è congedato dopo una ferma di cinque anni, tre mesi e sei giorni. Desidero far comprendere più che al Comando, a lei stesso, perché uomo e padre, la disgraziatissima situazione della mia famiglia dopo la morte del S. Tenente ROTHSCILD di cui era il capo.

Egli nel 1940-44 prestava servizio in qualità di comandante nel 54° Battaglione Salmirio e carreggio- Feldpost 58196- allora di stanza a Poggio Nativo e Monte Libretti- Roma-. Seguendo le mansioni di Comandante, diede sempre anche il suo avere ai suoi soldati ed ai civili del luogo, ove sono controllabili le referenze. Nell'Agosto del 1943, dopo aver eseguita una importante missione di collegamento radio, col comando Alleato, portandosi

inviarle la presente, affinché possa il governo farsi benevolmen-
te un dovere per la considerazione di un figlio della Patria; ca-
duto a guerra compiuta e terminata, nel cielo del Bergamasco e
perciò che è il desiderio di una madre, che prega le siano ri-
conosciuti i suoi diritti:

il memoriale seguente, argomento della presente, la prego, per
suo mezzo che è l'unico in possibilità di farlo compiacersi ren-
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liana ed all'Albo d'Oro dello Stato, per cui chiedo venga se-
gnata la spettante motivazione sul conto del S. Tenente radiote-
legrafista Prof. PACE ROTHCHILD Caspare.

io sottoscritte BICONI Adele, nativa del Brasile ^{italiana} ~~ed~~ vedova, da ol-
tre un ventennio, ebbi qui in Italia due figli: ROTHCHILD e MOR-

CAN Pace, che dovevano più tardi essere particolarmente utili
alla Patria, il primo come ufficiale del genio alle dipendenze de-
dell'O.S.S. Alleato, ed il secondo nel C.R.E.M. del quale si è
congedato dopo una ferma di cinque anni, tre mesi or sono.

Desidero far comprendere più che al Comando, a lei stesso, per-
chè uomo e padre, la disgraziatissima situazione della mia fami-
glia dopo la morte del S. Tenente ROTHCHILD di cui era il capo.

Egli nel 1942-44 prestava servizio in qualità di comandante nel
54° Battaglione Salmirio e carreggio- Feldpost 35138- allora di-

slocato a Poggio Nativo e Monte Libretti- Roma-. Seguendo le
mansioni di Comandante, diede sempre anche il suo avere ai suoi
soldati ed ai civili del luogo, ove sono controllabili le refe-
54 paze. Nell'Agosto del 1943, dopo aver eseguita una importante

missione di collegamento radio, col comando Alleato, portandosi
a Messina (Sicilia) e ritornando poi a Roma fu attentato alla
sua vita in località Poggio Nativo, ove col suo scaglione di no-
mini era dislocato e che miracolosamente si salvò.

(2)

per il delicato servizio di polizia segreta svolto dal mio suddetto figlio io stessa all'entrata degli Alleati in Roma mi recai in via Sicilia (Comando Alleato) e precisamente il 7 giugno 1944 dall'allora tenente HENRY dell'Esercito Inglese, esponendo, secondo i dati fornitimi mio figlio ROTHCHILD, le posizioni di Poggio Nativo, Monte Libretti e Poggio Mirteto, ove un mese prima mi ero personalmente recata. Il comando provvide e dopo qualche giorno le zone furono occupate dagli Alleati senza alcuna perdita. Prima di ciò il comando tedesco che occupava quella zona si accorse del doppio giuoco eseguito dal ROTHCHILD a favore degli Alleati scoprendo che per questi lavorava, lo condannarono a morte per direttissima mediante fucilazione, dalla quale per un casuale intervento di un apparecchio Alleato scese per mitragliamento a bassa quota, riuscì a fuggire montando un cavallo fino a Roma, ove giunse a casa in maniche di camicia, lacerato e sanguinante per le scabbrose strade e boseaglie attraversate.

Dall'ora mio figlio fu ~~implacabilmente~~ implacabilmente ricercato dai tedeschi.

Due giorni dopo mio figlio si presentò al Comando Alleato in via Sicilia dal capitano dell'O.S.S. Americano MR. PAGNOTTA, ove da questi fu considerato e presentato al Capitano dell'O.S.S. Sig. MR. MARCUCCI disattaccato alla Camilluccia (Roma), che mediante regolare contratto, lo aggregò definitivamente al servizio O.S.S. Alleato.

Da quell'epoca ad oggi, Eccellenza, non ho percepito alcun assegno nè dal Comando Italiano da cui in un primo tempo egli dipendeva, nè da quello Alleato, da cui dipese poi, d'altra parte io stessa non chiesi nulla, malgrado che mio figlio era il capo famiglia.

Il giorno 29 Luglio 1944, il ROTHCHILD, ormai al servizio Americano, lasciava Roma alle ore 11 precise recandosi a bordo di una macchina Alleata all'aeroporto di Ciampino (Roma) dal quale

un mese prima mi ero personalmente recata. Il comando provvide e dopo qualche giorno le zone furono occupate dagli Alleati senza alcuna perdita. Prima di ciò il comando tedesco che occupava quella zona si accorse del doppio giuoco eseguito dal ROTHSCHILD a favore degli Alleati scoprendo che per questi lavorava. Io condannarono a morte per direttissima mediante fucilazione, dalla quale per un casuale intervento di un apparecchio Alleato scese per mitragliamento a bassa quota, riuscì a fuggire montando un cavallo fino a Roma, ove giunse a casa in maniche di camicia, lacerato e sanguinante per le scabbrose strade e bozze scaglie attraversate.

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54 Il giorno 29 Luglio 1944, il ROTHSCHILD, ormai al servizio Americano, lasciava Roma alle ore 11 precise recandosi a bordo di una macchina Alleata all'aeroporto di Ciampino, (Roma) dal quale partì alla volta di Brindisi (Puglie), per portare a termine una missione per l'Alta Italia, e precisamente nel Bergamasco, ove lui praticò del luogo, perchè in precedenza dell'8 Settembre 1943, vi aveva operato con una trasmettente e ricevente al-

(3)

servizio del colonnello Leonardi della polizia segreta del Nord, e che teneva in montagna dal partigiano Don Severino Tirabaschi, parroco di Volggoglio.

Fu così che restammo soli qui a Roma, io e l'altro mio figlio Morgan da pochi giorni venuto a casa e che da oltre un anno risultava disperso.

Rothschild

Non avendo avuto più notizie di mio figlio ho vissuto per ben due anni con l'animo in orgasmo non conoscendo la sorte toccatagli, trascurando sussidi e mezzi finanziari da richiedere alle competenti Autorità, malgrado avessi impellente bisogno, anche per aver interrotto gli studi l'altro figlio che avevo in casa.

Il 24 Marzo 1946 il Comando Alleato di Washington mi comunicava la morte di mio figlio avvenuta sul monte Menna (Bergamo) per la precipitazione dell'apparecchio e incendio di esso su cui era a bordo con ufficiali Americani e due Italiani.

Mio figlio per le cause specificate sopra, avrebbe dovuto scendere ~~dal~~ ^{dove} ~~paracaduto~~ ^{paracaduto} in quella zona per poi eseguire il collegamento radio Nord-Sud; Senonchè giunto in quel luogo nella notte del 4 Ottobre 1944, che infieriva una violenta tempesta seguì le sorte dei suoi compagni di volo.

Il mio spirito Eccellenza fu d'abnegazione, attesa nella speranza che poi svariò e vissi nella miseria che tuttora si prolunga. Alle prime notizie avute della sorte del ROTHSCHILD dal comando di Washington, partii da Roma alla volta di Mirandola (Modena), ove nella fossa N° 9 del cimitero militare Alleato giace sepolto in una tomba collettiva con i suoi compagni caduti il predetto mio figlio.

In tutti questi luoghi mi recai senza sovvenzioni finanziaria di alcuno, non avendo il governo Italiano visione di tali fatti, attinsi notizie più particolari sulla morte di mio figlio che non mi valsero che a soddisfazioni personale poichè il Comando Alleato, in precedenza si limitava a comunicarme in esatte e superficiali.

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Mio figlio per le cause specificate sopra, avrebbe dovuto essere ~~dece~~ ~~col~~ ~~paracaduto~~ ~~o~~ in quella zona per poi eseguire il collegamento radio Nord.Sud; Senonchè giunto in quel luogo nella notte del 4 Ottobre 1944, che infieriva una violenta tempesta seguì la sorte dei suoi compagni di volo.

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543 Seppi che il predetto colonnello LEONARDI, il quale nell'Agosto 1944 fu denunciato ai tedeschi da un suo dipendente arrestato, ~~e~~ che ripartì in Svizzera, ed a carico del mio figlio Rothschild da quell'epoca vennero intensificate le ricerche asportando dopo

(4)

aver messo a sc quadro la casa in Torino la sua fotografia per il riconoscimento e di altri suoi colleghi.

Tornata a Roma dopo un viaggio si lungo e strapazzoso ed abbattuta fisicamente e moralmente, il comando Alleato superiore, mi inviò una lettera datata del 24 Marzo 1946, della quale accludo copia dell'originale. ^{a parte} Si incaricò inoltre del pagamento delle mie spettanze ma del mio figlio caduto in guerra non ho percepito nulla da nessuno.

Mi rivolgo quindi a lei Eccellenza, perchè si compiacca intervenire con la sua alta autorità affinché si conferita a mio figlio S. Tenente R.T. PACE ROTHSCCHILD Gaspare, nato a Marsala (Sicilia) il 1° Aprile 1922, la medaglia d'Oro alla memoria al valor militare in considerazione del suo eroismo per la causa delle Nazioni Unite. X

Mio figlio MORGAN, unico che mi è rimasto, è disoccupato da tempo e senza possibilità di studiare, date le miserrime condizioni economiche in cui mi dibatto, imploro un immediato aiuto finanziario attente all'attività svolta dal mio defunto figlio, anche perchè tanti semplici partigiani, meritevoli, hanno avuto qualche cosa.

Sperando nella sua benevole comprensione ed accoglimento della mia istanza, di una madre privata di un figlio a cui aveva riposto ogni speranza, ed ora ridotta sul lastrico, rivolge anticipati ringraziamenti al cuore magnanimo di S.E.

Con massima osservanza.

Dev/ma

BIGNONI Adele ved. Pace

Viale Principe di Piemonte No 401 Roma

-- COPIA CONFIDENTIAL --

SCI UNIT Z
ELO RAAC

24 March 1946

Signora Adele BIGONI PACE
Viale Principe di Piemonte No. 401.
R O M A.

Quale Ufficiale Comandante desidero farle pervenire
l'espressione del mio cordoglio personale e di tutta l'orga-
nizzazione.

Gaspere Rothschild PACE e' caduto da prode nell'adem-
pimento del suo dovere verso il Paese. E noi ci inchiniamo di
fronte al suo sacrificio.

Esprimiamo in modo particolare la riconoscenza del-
le Forze Armate degli S.U.A. Il suo sacrificio per la causa
comune non sara' dimenticato, e siamo sicuri che la resurrez-
zione dell'Italia avverra' in merito all'alto sacrificio dei
suoi figli migliori, fra i quali Gaspere Rothschild PACE tie-
ne un posto cosi' degno.

OFFICIALS
2677th. Reg. O. S. S. (PROV)
Apo 512, U.S. Army.

JAMES ANGLETON
Capt. Inf.
Commanding Officer

5470

- COPIA CONFORME -

HEADQUARTERS
2677th REGIMENT
STRATEGIC SERVICES UNIT (PROV)
APO 512

* 24 March 1946.

SUBJECT: Gaspare Rothschild PAGE
MEMORANDUM for the Files

On night of October 4/1944, an American Plane carrying a number of American fliers and Subject crashed on Mt. MENNA, BERGAMO Province. The Italian Partisan in the neighborhood scaled the mountains and found that all the occupants of the plane had perished. They gave all of the men proper burial with solemn rites. Later a unit of the Graves Registration Section of the United States Army disinterred the bodies and buried them at the American Cemetery at MIRANDOLA, on highway No. 12, 12 miles North of MODENA. Since the bodies could not be identified, they were buried in a common grave 978, plot G, Row 9. The marker lists the names of the American flyers and states further that there are also buried three Italian Civilians, whose identities are unknown. One of these person is Gaspare Rothschild PAGE.

OFFICIALS
2677th. Regt. O. S. S. (PROV)
Apo 512, U. S. Army.

DONAL C. HAYS
Capt. Inf. JAGD
Theater Consul.

5420



Vatican City, September 25, 1946

N. 138976/SA

Dear Admiral Stone:

The Secretariat of State of His Holiness has been requested by His Excellency Bishop Ambrosi of Chioggia to intercede with you in behalf of Padovani Antonio, a war casualty, whose case is explained in detail in the accompanying letter.

Whatever consideration you can give to this case shall be deeply appreciated.

With kind personal regards,

Walter S. Carroll
Rt. Rev. Mons. Walter S. Carroll
Secretariat of State of His Holiness

Admiral Ellery Stone
Allied Commission
Via Veneto

5428

ROME

01021

Mod. 32

Circuito sul quale si deve fare l'invio del telegramma

INDICAZIONI DI URGENZA	TELEGRAMMA		VIA ITALO RADIO	
LA SOCIETÀ ITALCABLE NON ASSUME ALCUNA RESPONSABILITÀ CIVILE IN CONSEGUENZA DEL SERVIZIO CABLOGRAFICO TELEGRAFICO E RADIOTELEGRAFICO	VIA ITALCABLE		Spedito il 19 ore	per circuito N.
			all'Ufficio di	Trasmissione

Qualifica	DESTINAZIONE	PROVENIENZA	Numero	PAROLE	DATA della PRESENTAZIONE		VIA ITALCABLE ITALO RADIO
					Giorno e Mese	Ore e Minuti	
							Indicare event. e Via di primo.

Cancellare l'ind. di Via espressa

INDICAZIONI EVENTUALI TASSATE

MR.C.D. Calbeck

U.S. EMPLOYEES COMPENSATION COMMISSION

DESTINATARIO

MAJESTIC HOTEL,

AVENUE KLEBER

DESTINAZIONE

PARIGI

TESTO

RE YOUR TELEGRAM GOVERNMENT VISIT TO ROME YOUR INTERVIEW WITH MORGAN PAGE

WHEN MAY WE EXPECT YOU

Lt EDWARD BEHN

AICOM ROME

5427

Nome e Indirizzo del Mittente

EDWARD J. BEHN, Lt (J.G.) Allied Commission, APO 794.

(Indicazione obbligatoria ad esclusivo uso dell'Ufficio)

5
8
7/1

Per «**via Italcable**» e «**via Italo Radio**» si possono spedire telegrammi per tutti i principali Paesi del mondo.

Per «**via Italcable**» si possono scambiare «**Telegrammi Lampo**» fra le città di Bari - Bologna - Cagliari - Catania - Firenze - Genova - Lentini - Messina - Milano - Napoli - Palermo - Roma - Siracusa - Taormina - Torino - Trieste - Venezia: la consegna avviene normalmente entro 15 minuti dall'ora di accettazione. Tariffa lire 2,25 per parola, minimo 10 parole.

I telegrammi «**via Italcable**» e «**via Italo Radio**» sono accettati presso gli uffici telegrafici Italcable di Catania - Firenze - Genova - Lentini - Messina - Milano - Napoli - Palermo - Roma - Siracusa - Taormina - Torino - Trieste - Venezia e presso tutti gli Uffici Telegrafici statali. Le indicazioni «**via Italcable**» e «**via Italo Radio**» sono completamente gratuite.

26 July 1946.

Mr. C. D. Calbeck,
U. S. Employees Compensation Commission,
Majestic Hotel,
Avenue Kleber,
Paris, France.

Dear Mr. Calbeck:

We are passing on to you the attached correspondence and translation from Mrs. Adele Bigoni ved Pace in connection with the case of the loss of her son Lt. PACE, Rothschild Gaspare, who belonged to the O.S.S. and died on 4 October 1944 near Mount Manna, Province of Bergamo, Italy.

Since the young son is now working in this office, we have made a personal investigation of the case and find that Mrs. Pace is really very badly off financially and we would like to do all possible in helping her receive the compensation brought up by her in the attached correspondence.

FOR THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER:

EDWARD J. BEEN,
Lt (j.g.) USNR
Aide to Chief Commissioner.

5425

TRANSLATION

Rome, 26 July 1946

Mr O. D. Calbeck
U.S. Employees Compensation Commission
Majestic Hotel, Avenue Kleber
Paris, France.

Dear Mr Calbeck,

As you will see from the attached letter, I have been addressed to you for my final settlement and position with regard to my son, Lt PACE ROTHSCHILD Gaspare, who belonged to the O.S.S. and died on 4 October 1944 in the locality of Mount Manna (province of Bergamo).

As I hope you know, I wish to point out again that ever since the above date of decease, I the mother of the deceased, never received any help of any kind or under any form, so that I lived at first in consternation and now also with the nightmare of poverty.

I have a second son who, some time ago, because of lack of means had to give up his studies which his brother made him continue as soon as he returned from military service. All this for lack of means and because he cannot find any work as it is so difficult. Rothschild was the head of our family and therefore our principal and only support and his death left us penniless, without any understanding from either an Italian or an Allied Command who, though knowing our economic and financial conditions, never bothered to take any care of me and of my younger son.

Rothschild had a regular contract with O.S.S., a contract which until now, regardless of my insistence with the various Commands, has never been respected.

I appeal therefore to you, Mr Calbeck, trusting in your kind intervention as you are the person directly interested and hoping that you will understand my present critical situation which is quite impossible.

Thanking you in advance for what you can do for me, I remain with kindest regards

respectfully yours,

/s/ Adele Bigoni ved Pace

Visio Principe di Piemonte 401

Roma, Italia.

5425

527/12

Ref. :

30 September 1946

Dear Comm. Giuseppe Alessi

I am in receipt of your letter in which you ask my assistance in obtaining automobile tires for Reverend Don Del Campo of St. Paul's Pious Society.

You are informed that the Allied Commission does not purchase or sell automobile tires for civilian use. It is possible that the Italian Government through its Ministry of Interior can be of assistance to you and the Reverend Del Campo.

The Ministry of Interior is located at
Piazza del Viminale.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Ellery W. Stone

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

5424 Comm. Giuseppe Alessi
Via Canilina 53/2
Rome.

2 October 1946.

My dear Avv. Gamberini,

Admiral Stone has instructed me to acknowledge your recent letter and to advise you of the action which has been taken.

Lt Col Scott was contacted by telephone and has directed that the Officer in charge of the U.S. Cemetery at Mirandola will be responsible for the future care of the monument and the erection of a barbed wire fence to protect your vineyards. I understand that a temporary fence has been built already and, upon receipt of suitable posts from Army sources, the permanent fence will be erected without delay.

Copies of your letter dated 4 September, addressed to Admiral Stone, and letter without date addressed to Lt Colonel Webster have been forwarded to Captain Spiegel at the U.S. Claims Service, Piazza Augusto Imperatore 32, in Rome. He has promised to review the circumstances described therein, and will write to you directly giving complete information in respect to the payment of the 20,000 lire.

I regret that this matter has involved so much time and correspondence and I hope sincerely that these latest developments will bring the entire affair to a satisfactory close.

EDWARD D.S. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps
CSO to CC

Avv. Alberto Gamberini
Via Garibaldi 9
BOLOGNA.

0103

*Mr. Belm -
Check with Senaludo to see
if sent. Get train copy.
EWS*

REAR ADMIRAL STONE, ALCON

28 SEPTEMBER 46

BUPERS, ATTENTION PERSONNEL 196L

5076

UNCLASSIFIED

RENZO GIUSTI WAS GIVEN EMPLOYMENT BY US ARMY IN LEGHORN WITH ENGINEERING DIVISION
OF PENINSULAR BASE SECTION. GENERAL BLOOD COMMANDING ADVISED THAT ON SEPTEMBER
TWENTY-SIX GIUSTI SUBMITTED WRITTEN RESIGNATION QUOTE REGRETTING THAT I CANNOT
ACCEPT BECAUSE OF PARTICULAR FAMILY CONDITIONS AT THIS TIME UNQUOTE. CONGRESSMAN
FALLON NOTIFIED BY GENERAL BLOOD

5421

PRIORITY

Office of the Chief Commissioner

0109
00 100
SENIOR U. S. NAVAL LIAISON OFFICER, ITALY.
ROME, ITALY.

FROM: BUPERS

ACTION: AIUSLO ROME

CLASSIFICATION: U/C
PRECEDENCE: ROUTINE

INFO:

DATE: 28 September 1946

252524Z/September 1946.

PLEASE TRANSMIT FOLLOWING TO ADM ELIERY W STONE USNR CHIEF
COMMISSIONER ALLIED COMMISSION ITALY X QUOTE PLEASE ADVISE BUPERS
ATTN PERS 196L B Y DISPATCH STATUS LTR DATED 29 AUG 46 FROM
CONGRESSMAN GEORGE H FALLON OF MARYLAND RE RENZO GIUSTI LOCATED
FRATTORIA ROMANI USIGLIANO DI LARI CMA PIZA CMA ITALY UNQUOTE
BT 252524Z

5430

DISTRIBUTION:

INTERNAL: 00, 01,

EXTERNAL:

ACTION: Adm. Stone (2)

INFO: (FILE)

TOR:

INCOMING - OUTGOING D/T GR:
DISPATCH

CE has
seen
J

HEADQUARTERS PENINSULAR BASE SECTION
OFFICE OF THE COMMANDING GENERAL
APO 782

28 September 1946

My dear Admiral:

With reference to your letter of 28 September 1946, in which you forwarded a communication received from the Honorable George H. Fallon in which he recommended Mr. Renzo Giusti for a position, the following information is submitted.

We have located Mr. Giusti, interviewed him, and gave him a position in Leghorn with the Engineers. This morning when he reported for work, he submitted his resignation in writing as he " . . . regretted that I cannot accept because of particular family conditions at this time."

I have informed Mr. Fallon of the above.

Yours sincerely,

K. T. Blood

R. T. BLOOD
Brigadier General, U. S. Army
Commanding

Rear Admiral Ellery W. Stone
Chief Commissioner, Hq. AC
Office of the Chief Commissioner
APO 782, U. S. Army

5410

cc was sent
D

SIRANUSLO ITALY

UNCLASSIFIED

BUPERS

RCAPINE

FROM REAR ADM. ELLERY W. STONE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, ALLIED COMMISSION
 ITALY, TO BUPERS ATTENTION PERB 196L X RENZO GUSTI WAS GIVEN EMPLOYMENT
 BY U.S. ARMY IN LICHORN WITH ENGINEERING DIVISION OF PENINSULAR BASE
 SECTION X GENERAL BLOOD COMMANDING ADVISED THAT ON SEPTEMBER TWENTY-SIX
 GUSTI SUBMITTED WRITTEN RESIGNATION QUOTE REGRETTING THAT I CANNOT
 ACCEPT BECAUSE OF PARTICULAR FAMILY CONDITIONS AT THIS TIME UNQUOTE
 X CONGRESSMAN FALLON NOTIFIED BY GENERAL BLOOD XX

5410

S/C

cc: Adm. Stone

281510

L. S. ROGERS,
 LIEUTENANT, USNR.
 Executive Officer.

Combine this with rest
of Renzi file - and

5417

file
JH

SENIOR U. S. NAVAL LIAISON OFFICER, ITALY.
ROME, ITALY.

FROM: BUPERS

ACTION: ALUSTO ROME

CLASSIFICATION: U/C
PRECEDENCE: ROUTINE

INFO:

DATE: 28 September 1946

252524Z/September 1946.

PLEASE TRANSMIT FOLLOWING TO ADM ELLERY W STONE USNR CHIEF
COMMISSIONER ALLIED COMMISSION ITALY X QUOTE PLEASE ADVISE BUPERS
ATTN PERS 1961 BY DISPATCH STATUS ITR DATED 29 AUG 46 FROM
CONGRESSMAN GEORGE H FALLON OF MARYLAND RE RENZO GIUSTI LOCATED
FRATTORIA ROMANI USIGLIANO DI LARI CMA PIZA CMA ITALY UNQUOTE
BT 252524Z

5416

DISTRIBUTION:

INTERNAL: 00 - 01

EXTERNAL:

ACTION: Adm. Stone (2)

INFO: (FILE)

TOR:

INCOMING - OUTGOING D/T GR:
DISPATCH

CC was
seen
28 Sept

GR. UFF. DOTT. MARIO NARDI
DIRETTORE GENERALE - CASA DI S. A. R.
IL PRINCIPALE DI PIEMONTE

64750

23 May 1946

My dear Marchesa Gondi:

I have received your letter of 15 May regarding the case of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

Following Countess Solaro del Borgo's original request for my assistance, the matter was referred to Allied Force Headquarters in Caserta who in turn have requested the Commanding General of the United States Forces, European Theater (as per attached copy of their letter). For information as to the location and status of Dr. Renzi.

I shall be pleased to communicate with you again as soon as further word is received from AFHQ.

Yours very truly,

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

Marchesa Gondi Ginori Conti
The Lady in Waiting to H.M. the Queen of Italy
Rome

5515

1 Incl: cy of AFHQ ltr, 18 May 46,
sub: Request for Location of Dr. Camillo Renzi

NOO: 794

11 May 1946.

SUBJECT: whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Rensi-

TO : G-5 Section, Allied Force Headquarters, APO 512, U.S. Army.

1. It is requested that steps be taken to determine the present whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Rensi, who was a member of the personal body-guard attached to H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont and who is now supposedly detained in some camp in the Anglo-American occupation zone in Germany.

2. Copies of pertinent correspondence and a memorandum are attached herewith, combining all the information at hand at present regarding this employee of the Royal House of Savoy.

3. It will be appreciated if this matter can be referred to Headquarters USFET requesting an early investigation and reply to this office, with a view towards effecting an early release of this functionary of the Royal Family and his return to Italy.

For the Chief Commissioner:

JOSEPH C. RIVELY
Major, Inf
Staff Officer to CG

Encls:

- 1 - Memorandum
- 2 - Ltr dtd 18 Oct 45 (translation)
- 3 - Ltr dtd 11 Oct 45 "
- 4 - Ltr dtd 27 Oct 45 "
- 5 - Ltr dtd 20 Mar 46 "

5414

TRANSLATION

HOUSE OF H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF PIEDMONT

MEMORANDUM

Dr. Camille Rensi, born in Lugano del Cardinale (Avalino) on 1 April 1903, a Public Safety official attached to the person of H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont, was arrested together with his wife on 18 August 1944 by the German S.S. in Aosta where Dr Rensi was staying after having accompanied to that town the Princess who after 8 September 1943 took refuge in Switzerland.

The arrest was determined by the fact that Dr Rensi whom - though he had not taken the oath to the Fascist Republic - the Chief of the Aosta Police had put in charge of the court proceedings against the partisans, cooperated with the partisan movement of the valley until he was found out.

Taken together with his wife to the prison of Turin, he was then sent to Bolzano and here, while he was sent to the Dachau camp, his wife proceeded to a camp near Berlin.

Mrs Rensi returned to Italy in August 1945 and received from General Alexander a certificate for her and her husband's cooperation with the partisans.

In March 1946, the mother of Dr Rensi received the attached letter. On 10 March the family was informed that in a broadcast Dr Rensi had sent his love to his mother and his wife.

Dr Rensi seems therefore to be interned in a camp by order of Allied authorities pending further ascertains. Without any doubt, there must be a misunderstanding as the activity of Dr Rensi in favor of the partisans is very well known in Aosta so that the authorities of that town are willing to issue any statement required in this respect.

The attached statements regarding Mrs Rensi prove that her husband, with whom she has always cooperated, deserves particular consideration.

He is the only Italian Public Safety official who has been interned in Germany for having cooperated with the partisans and for not having taken the oath of allegiance to the Fascist Republic.

5419

In the beginning of April the Lady-in-Waiting of H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont, Countess Solara del Borgo, wrote to Admiral Stone asking him to intervene in favor of Dr. Rensi, considering the possibility of hastening his repatriation in order to allow a clarification of Dr Rensi's position, which can only be done after his return to Italy.

TRANSLATION

POLICE OF AOSTA

10 October 1945.

It is stated that on 18 August 1946 Mrs Frances Scaramellino together with her husband, Dr Camillo Renzi - Commissary of Public Safety - were arrested by German S.S. and both taken to Germany.

While Mrs Scaramellino returned to Italy from a concentration camp, the fate of her husband is still unknown.

This statement is issued for administrative use to the effect of a refund of damages.

THE CHIEF OF THE POLICE

/s/ Dr. T. Ricciardi

TRANSLATION

"PREFETTURA" OF AOSTA

Aosta, 11 October 1945.

The Prefect of the Province of Aosta states that on 18 August 1944 Mrs. Franca Scarscellino was arrested together with her husband Dr. Camillo Renzi - Commissary of Public Safety - by German SS and that both were taken to Germany.

While Mrs. Scarscellino has returned to Italy from a concentration camp, the fate of her husband is still unknown.

This statement is issued for administrative use to the effect of a refund of damages.

THE PREFECT

/s/ Gardini.

TRANSLATION

GROUP OF THE VOLUNTEERS OF LIBERTY
Military Territorial Command
Aosta

Aosta, 27 October 1945.

DECLARATION

It is stated that Mrs Scarszellino-Renzi has belonged in quality of informant to the Partisan Formations from January 1944 to August 1944, on which date she was arrested and taken to Germany. She returned to Italy in July 1945.

This statement is issued at Mrs Renzi's request.

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:
/s/ Capt Giorgio Lorrlos

TRANSLATION

MINISTRY OF POSTWAR ASSISTANCE
Regional Office for Lombardia
Information Office

Milan, Piazza Duce 3

20 March 1946.

SUBJECT: Research of Dr Camillo Renzi

TO : Mrs Maria Grazia Spaltre (widow Renzi), Magnano del Cardinale (Avellino)

With reference to your letters of 4/2/46 and 17/12/46, this is what we can tell you:

From a list at our disposal results the name of your son, but we are sorry to inform you that this list comprises names of people liberated at Dachau who are charged of having done some harm to our fellow-countrymen, either materially or using the power they had under the Fascist Government, or of people whose political past has induced the Anglo-American authorities to postpone their repatriation pending further clarifications.

In fact, next to the name of your son who is registered as born in Naples, is written: Commissary of the Republican Fascist Police in Aosta. So, dear lady, if this will cause you pain in one sense, in another it may be a comfort to you as most likely your son is still alive.

We do not know however where he is at present, nor when he could eventually be repatriated.

With best regards

THE DIRECTOR OF THE INFORMATION OFFICE

Prof. Angelo Restelli

Sir:

Attached hereto is copy of our reply to
Avv. LUCIFERO.

Doctor Bombassei's office has been advised
of these latest letters.

EDSS

5408

12 September 46

My dear Avv. Lucifero:

Further to letter of this office dated 12 August 1946, replies have now been received from the British Army of Occupation on the Rhine and from the Third United States Army. I regret that neither of these two Headquarters have any information concerning Doctor Camillo Renzi.

If, subsequently, the whereabouts of Doctor Renzi is ascertained you will be advised without delay.

Very truly yours,

EDWARD D.S. SULLIVAN
Major, Air Corps
Staff Officer to CG

Avv. Falcone Lucifero
Via Crescenzo 25
Rome

5407

587/2



C. COMM

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

146
SEP 4 1 1946

9 September 1946

G-5: 953.70

SUBJECT: whereabouts of Dr. CAMILLO RENZI.

TO : Chief Commissioner,
Allied Commission,
APO 794.

C

D Reference your letters, above subjects, dtd 11 May 46, and
16 May 46, and G-5: 953.70, 30 July 1946. B

1. Information has now been received that BAGR has no information
available concerning Dr. CAMILLO RENZI.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

[Signature]
R. L. HAMBLEN
Colonel, G.S.C.
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5.

see also A₁
& A₂

5406

12 August 1946

My dear Avv. Lucifero:

Information has now been received that a complete search of records at USFTT revealed no trace of Dr. Camillo Renzi, who was a member of the personal bodyguard to H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont.

The British Army of Occupation on the Rhine have been requested to check their records and inform this Headquarters the result. Upon receipt of any information from this source you will be advised.

Very truly yours,

J.C. Rively

J. C. RIVELY
Major, Inf.
Staff Officer to CG

Avv. Falcone Lucifero
Via Crescenzo 25
Rome

5405

587/a

HEADQUARTERS
THIRD UNITED STATES ARMY
APO 403

JMT/sr

AG 383.7 GNMCU-9

SUBJECT: Search for Person of Dr. RENZI, Camillo.

TO : Headquarters Allied Commission, APO 394.
Displaced Persons and Repatriation Sub-Commission.

1. In reply to your communication of 20 April 1946 an exhaustive search by all Third U S Army facilities has failed to disclose the present whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

2. Dr. Camillo Renzi's name has been placed on the Third US Army wanted list, and if at any time Dr. Renzi is found, your Headquarters will be notified immediately.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL KEYES:

Telephone THIRD ARMY 5370

DEWEY M CAMPBELL
Captain Infantry
Actg Asst Adj Gen

5404

C. COMM

9924

AUG 1 1946

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

G-5: 953.70

30 July 1946.

SUBJECT: Whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

TO : Chief Commissioner,
Allied Commission,
APO 794.

C 11 May 46 Reference your letters, above subject, dated
and 16 May 46. D

1. Information has now been received that a complete search of records at USFET revealed no trace of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

2. BAOR has been requested to check their records, and inform this Headquarters the result. Upon receipt of any information from this source you will be advised.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL MORGAN:

A. L. Hamblen
A. L. HAMBLIN
Colonel, G.S.C.
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5

5409

3 Incls:

1. Ltr - AG 383.7 GEG-O 18 May 46.
2. Ltr - ALCOM, 11 May 46, w/5 Incls.
3. Ltr - ALCOM, 16 May 46, w/2 Incls.

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
APO 512

18 May 1946

AG 383.7 GEG-D

SUBJECT: Request for location of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

TO : Commanding General
United States Forces, European Theater
APO 757

1. This headquarters requests information as to the present whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Renzi, who was a member of the personal bodyguard to H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont and who is now supposedly detained in some camp in the Anglo-American occupation zone in Germany.

2. All the information available in this headquarters pertaining to this case is attached hereto for possible assistance.

3. Should Dr. Renzi be located, information as to his present status and ultimate release will be appreciated.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT MORGAN:

John R. Hayes
JOHN R. HAYES
Major, AGD
Asst Adjutant General

2 Incls

- 1 - ltr, AISCN, dtd 11 May 46,
w/5 Incls
- 2 - ltr, AISCN, dtd 16 May 46,
w/2 Incls.

5402

XXXX 794

11 May 1946.

SUBJECT: whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Benzi.

TO : G-5 Section, Allied Force Headquarters, APO 512, U.S. Army.

1. It is requested that steps be taken to determine the present whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Benzi, who was a member of the personal body-guard attached to H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont and who is now supposedly detained in some camp in the Anglo-American occupation zone in Germany.

2. Copies of pertinent correspondence and a memorandum are attached herewith, containing all the information at hand at present regarding this employee of the Royal House of Savoy.

3. It will be appreciated if this matter can be referred to Headquarters USFET requesting an early investigation and reply to this office, with a view towards effecting an early release of this functionary of the Royal family and his return to Italy.

For the Chief Commissioner:

JCR
 JOSEPH C. RIVELY
 Major, Inf
 Staff Officer to CG

5401

Encls:

- 1 - Memorandum
- 2 - Ltr dtd 10 Oct 45 (translation)
- 3 - Ltr dtd 11 Oct 45 "
- 4 - Ltr dtd 27 Oct 45 "
- 5 - Ltr dtd 20 Mar 46 "

TRANSLATION

HOUSE OF H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF PIEDMONT

MEMORANDUM

Dr. Camillo Renzi, born in Mugnano del Cardinale (Avellino) on 1 April 1903, a Public Safety official attached to the person of H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont, was arrested together with his wife on 18 August 1944 by the German S.S. in Aosta where Dr Renzi was staying after having accompanied to that town the Princess who after 8 September 1943 took refuge in Switzerland.

The arrest was determined by the fact that Dr Renzi whom - though he had not taken the oath to the Fascist Republic - the Chief of the Aosta Police had put in charge of the court proceedings against the partisans, cooperated with the partisan movement of the valley until he was found out.

Taken together with his wife to the prison of Turin, he was then sent to Bolzano and here, while he was sent to the Dachau camp, his wife proceeded to a camp near Berlin.

Mrs Renzi returned to Italy in August 1945 and received from General Alexander a certificate for her and her husband's cooperation with the partisans.

In March 1946, the mother of Dr Renzi received the attached letter. On 10 March the family was informed that in a broadcast Dr Renzi had sent his love to his mother and his wife.

Dr Renzi seems therefore to be interned in a camp by order of Allied authorities pending further ascertainties. Without any doubt, there must be a misunderstanding as the activity of Dr Renzi in favor of the partisans is very well known in Aosta so that the authorities of that town are willing to issue any statement required in this respect.

54 The attached statements regarding Mrs Renzi prove that her husband, with whom she has always cooperated, deserves particular consideration.

He is the only Italian Public Safety official who has been interned in Germany for having cooperated with the partisans and for not having taken the oath of allegiance to the Fascist Republic.

In the beginning of April the Lady-in-Waiting of H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont, Countess Solaro del Borgo, wrote to Admiral Stone asking him to intervene in favor of Dr. Renzi, considering the possibility of hastening his repatriation in order to allow a clarification of Dr Renzi's position, which can only be done after his return to Italy.

TRANSLATION

POLICE OF AOSTA

10 October 1945.

It is stated that on 18 August 1946 Mrs Franca Scaramellino together with her husband, Dr Camillo Renzi - Commissary of Public Safety - were arrested by German S.S. and both taken to Germany.

While Mrs Scaramellino returned to Italy from a concentration camp, the fate of her husband is still unknown.

This statement is issued for administrative use to the effect of a refund of damages.

THE CHIEF OF THE POLICE

/s/ Dr. T. Ricciardi

5390

Encl 2 to Encl 1

01321

TRANSLATION

"PROTEZIONE" OF AOSTA

Aosta, 11 October 1945.

The Prefect of the Province of Aosta states that on 18 August 1944 Mrs Franca Scaramellino was arrested together with her husband Dr. Camillo Rengi - Commissary of Public Safety - by German SS and that both were taken to Germany.

While Mrs Scaramellino has returned to Italy from a concentration camp, the fate of her husband is still unknown.

This statement is issued for administrative use to the effect of a refund of damages.

THE PREFECT

/s/ Gardini.

5392

Encl 3 to Encl 1

TRANSLATION

GROUP OF THE VOLUNTEERS OF LIBERTY
Military Territorial Command
Aosta

Aosta, 27 October 1945.

DECLARATION

It is stated that Mrs Scaramellino-Renzi has belonged in quality of informant to the Partisan Formations from January 1944 to August 1944, on which date she was arrested and taken to Germany. She returned to Italy in July 1945.

This statement is issued at Mrs Renzi's request.

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:
/s/ Capt Giorgio Lorrion

5302

End of the Declaration

0134

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

Office of the Chief Commissioner

APO ~~3-2A~~ 794

16 May 1946.

SUBJECT: Whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

TO : Commanding General, USFET - Attention G-2 Section.

THROUGH: G-5 Section, Allied Force Headquarters, APO 512, U.S. Army.

1. Reference our letter of 11 May, above subject, the Royal House urgently requested the Chief Commissioner to take all possible steps to determine the present whereabouts of Dr. Renzi, Commissar of Public Safety and appointed as guard to Her Majesty the Queen's person. He was arrested by German H.S. troops on 18 August 1944 and transferred to Germany.

2. We are attaching the latest communication received regarding Dr. Renzi who is believed to be still alive and detained by Anglo-American authorities in a concentration camp pending investigation.

3. This follow-up letter to our original of 11 May is being addressed to USFET with the hope that the earliest possible reply might be received, with information as to:

- (a) Dr. Renzi being alive;
- (b) Dr. Renzi's present location;
- (c) if being detained what are the charges against him;
- (d) the possibility of his release and early return to Italy.

For the Chief Commissioner:

5396

JCR
JOHN C. RIVELY
Major, Inf
Staff Officer to CG

Encl.

- 1 - Ltr of the Lady in waiting of H.M. the Queen
- 2 - Certificate of the C.R.L. of Aosta

Ind 02

TRANSLATION

LADY IN WAITING OF H.M. THE QUEEN OF ITALY

Rome, 15 May 1946.

Dear Admiral,

Last April the Lady in waiting to H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont besought you to enquire into the whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Renzi, Commissar of Public Safety, appointed as guard to H.M. the Queen's person before her ascent to the throne, who was arrested by German S.S. troops at Aosta on 18 August 1944 and transferred to the Dachau concentration camp in Germany.

According to a message from the Ministry of Post-war Assistance, it is understood that Dr. Renzi is still in a German concentration camp, detained by Anglo-American authorities pending investigation.

Signora Renzi (also deported to Germany and returned in August 1945) recently procured certain documents from the Committee of National Liberation, Aosta, giving clear proof of Dr. Renzi's former active, impartial cooperation with the partisan movement of the Aosta valley.

There can therefore be no doubt that Dr. Renzi is detained owing to a misunderstanding.

H.M. the Queen, who is greatly concerned in the official in question in view of her appreciation of his services (abruptly cut short on 8 September 1943 in Aosta) has instructed me to request you kindly to give such orders as may lead to clearing the position of Dr. Renzi and enable him to return as soon as possible to his native country.

H.M. the Queen instructs me, furthermore, to thank you in advance for your kind action.

Please accept my best regards,

/s/ Marchesa Condi Ginori Conti

5395

Ind 1 To Ind 2

TRANSLATION

Dr. Camillo Renzi was serving at the Questura of Aosta. He was continually in touch with the Partisan Movement of the Valley, obtaining special information for his unit and supplying much of the sanitary material for the partisans in the mountains at his own expense. He enabled many partisans to avoid arrest and deportation. He was arrested on 18 August 1944 by the German S.S. and the Republicans. He was subsequently deported to Germany with his wife.

IL COMANDANTE DELLA ZONA

/s/ Capitano Orlietta Cesare (Messad)

/s/ Parron Celestino (Tito)

IL COMANDANTE DELLA 16 DIVISIONE

/s/ Guarini

U.L.N.
Provincial Committee
Aosta.

Certified true - Aosta 13/5/946

THE PRESIDENT

/s/ illegible

5394
Sent 2 to Dad 2

TRANSLATIONFROM:

Lady in waiting to H.M. the Queen of Italy

Rome 15 May 1946

Dear Admiral,

Last April the Lady in waiting to H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont besought you to enquire into the whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Renzi, Commissar of Public Security, appointed as guard to H.M. the Queen's person before her ascent to the throne, who was arrested by German S.S. troops at Aosta on 13th August 1944 and transferred to the Dachau concentration camp in Germany.

According to a message from the Ministry of Post-War Assistance, it is understood that Dr. Renzi is still in a German concentration camp detained by Anglo-American authorities pending investigation.

Signora Renzi (also deported to Germany and returned in August 1945) recently procured certain documents from the Committee of National Liberation, Aosta, giving clear proof of Dr. Renzi's former active, impartial cooperation with the partizan movement of the Aosta valley.

There can therefore be no doubt that Dr. Renzi is detained owing to a misunderstanding.

539?

H.M. the Queen, who is greatly concerned in the official in question in view of her appreciation of his services (abruptly cut short on 8th September 1943 in Aosta) has instructed me to request you kindly to give all such orders as may lead to clearing the position of Dr. Renzi and enable him to return as soon as possible to his native Country.

H.M. the Queen instructs me, furthermore, to thank you in anticipation for your kind action.

Please accept my best regards,

Marchesa Condi Ginori Conti

TRANSLATION

Dr Camillo RENZI (father's name: Donato - mother's name: Maria Grazia Speltra) born in Mugnano del Cardinale (Avellino) on 1 April 1903.

Public Safety official, attached until 8 September 1943 to the person of H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont.

Arrested in Aosta by German SS on 18 August 1944.

Interned in the Camp of Dachau.

On 10 March 1945 the family was informed by the Ministry of Postwar Assistance that Dr. Renzi was held by Anglo-American authorities in a concentration camp in Germany pending investigation.



CORTE DI SUA MAESTA' LA REGINA

RENZI dott. Camillo, fu Donato e di Maria
Grazia Speltra, nato a Mugnano del Cardinale
(Avellino) il 1° aprile 1903.-

Funzionario di P.S. addetto, sino all'8 settembre
1943, alla Persona di S.A.R. la Principessa di
Piemonte-

Arrestato ad Aosta dalle SS. Tedesche il 18 agosto
1944.- Internato al Campo di Dachau.-

Il 10 marzo 1945 giunse notizia alla famiglia
tramite il Ministero di Assistenza Postbellica
che il dott. Renzi era trattenuto in un campo di
concentramento in Germania per ordine delle
autorità anglo americane, in attesa di accerta-
menti.-

5391



LA DAMA DI CORTE DI S.M. LA REGINA

Roma, 15 maggio 1946

Gentilissimo Ammiraglio,

nello scorso mese di aprile la Dama di Corte di S.A.R. la Principessa di Piemonte Le rivolgeva preghiera di volersi benevolmente interessare del dott. Camillo RENZI, commissario di P.S. addetto alla Persona di Sua Maestà la Regina, prima della Sua assunzione al Trono, arrestato dalle SS. tedesche in Aosta, il 18 agosto 1944, e trasportato in Germania nel campo di Dachau.-

Secondo una comunicazione pervenuta alla famiglia, dal Ministero della Assistenza Post-Bellica, il dott. Renzi si troverebbe ancora in un campo di concentramento in Germania, fermato dalle autorità anglo-americane, in attesa di accertamenti.-

La signora Renzi (anch'essa deportata in Germania e rientrata in Italia nell'agosto dello scorso anno) si è procurata in questi giorni alcuni documenti, rilasciati dal Comitato di Liberazione Nazionale di Aosta, i quali comprovano nel modo più evidente l'attività che il dott. Renzi ha svolto, con

5379

All'Ammiraglio
Ellery S T O N E
Capo della Commissione Alleata
ROMA

././.

fervida e disinteressata opera, in favore del movimento partigiano della vallata d'Aosta.-

Deve pertanto ritenersi che il fermo del dott. Renzi si sia verificato per un grave equivoco.-

Sua Maestà la Regina, che si interessa in particolar modo al funzionario suddetto, di cui ha sempre apprezzato l'opera da lui prestata durante il servizio in cui è stato addetto alla Sua Persona, (servizio che si interruppe l'8 settembre 1943 in Aosta) mi incarica di pregarLa vivamente perchè voglia benignarsi dare tutte le disposizioni più opportune affinchè la posizione del dott. Renzi sia al più presto chiarita, sollecitando altresì il suo ritorno in Patria.-

Sua Maestà la Regina mi incarica di ringraziarLa fin d'ora per quanto vorrà fare.-

Accolga, gentilissimo Ammiraglio, l'espressione dei miei cordiali sentimenti

*Marchese Gondi
Giori Conti*

0142

23 May 1946

My dear Marchesa Gondi:

I have received your letter of 15 May regarding the case of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

Following Countess Solaro del Borgo's original request for my assistance, the matter was referred to Allied Force Headquarters in Caserta who in turn have requested the Commanding General of the United States Forces, European Theater (as per attached copy of their letter), for information as to the location and status of Dr. Renzi.

I shall be pleased to communicate with you again as soon as further word is received from AFHQ.

Yours very truly,



ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

Marchesa Gondi Ginori Conti
The Lady in Waiting to H.M. the Queen of Italy
Rome

5340

1 Incl: cy of AFHQ ltr, 18 May 46,
sub: Request for Location of Dr. Camillo Renzi

0143

MAY 22 1946
REC'D
C. Comm.
7396

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
APO 512

AG 383.7 CHG-O

18 May 1946

SUBJECT: Request for Location of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

TO : Commanding General
United States Forces, European Theater
APO 757

1. This headquarters requests information as to the present whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Renzi, who was a member of the personal bodyguard to H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont and who is now supposedly detained in some camp in the Anglo-American occupation zone in Germany.

2. All the information available in this headquarters pertaining to this case is attached hereto for possible assistance.

3. Should Dr. Renzi be located, information as to his present status and ultimate release will be appreciated.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL:

JOHN R. HAYES
Major, AGD
Asst Adjutant General
JOHN R. HAYES
Major, AGD
Asst Adjutant General

2 Incls
1 - ltr, ALCOM, dtd 11 May 46,
w/5 Incls
2 - ltr, ALCOM, dtd 16 May 46,
w/2 Incls.

5332

cc: ALCOM from G-5 - 20 May 1946.

(Note: Your letters 11 May 46 and 16 May 46 refer).

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

Office of the Chief Commissioner

APO 394
~~XXXX~~ 794

16 May 1946.

SUBJECT: Whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Renzi.

TO : Commanding General, USFET - Attention G-2 Section.

THROUGH: G-5 Section, Allied Force Headquarters, APO 512, U.S. Army.

1. Reference our letter of 14 May, above subject, the Royal House urgently requested the Chief Commissioner to take all possible steps to determine the present whereabouts of Dr. Renzi, Commissioner of Public Safety and appointed as guard to Her Majesty the Queen's person. He was arrested by German S.S. troops on 18 August 1944 and transferred to Germany.

2. We are attaching the latest communication received regarding Dr. Renzi who is believed to be still alive and detained by Anglo-American authorities in a concentration camp pending investigation.

3. This follow-up letter to our original of 14 May is being addressed to USFET with the hope that the earliest possible reply might be received, with information as to:

- (a) Dr. Renzi being alive;
- (b) Dr. Renzi's present location;
- (c) if being detained what are the charges against him;
- (d) the possibility of his release and early return to Italy.

For the Chief Commissioner:

JOSEPH C. RIVELY
Major, Inf
Staff Officer to CC

5387

Encl.

- 1 - Ltr of the Lady in waiting of H.M. the Queen
- 2 - Certificate of the C.N.L. of Aosta

TRANSLATION

Dr Camillo RENZI (father's name: Donato - mother's name: Maria Grazia Speltra) born in Mignano del Cardinale (Avellino) on 1 April 1903.

Public Safety official, attached until 8 September 1943 to the person of H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont.

Arrested in Aosta by German SS on 18 August 1944.

Interned in the Camp of Dachau.

On 10 March 1945 the family was informed by the Ministry of Postwar Assistance that Dr. Renzi was held by Anglo-American authorities in a concentration camp in Germany pending investigation.

TRANSLATION

LADY IN WAITING OF H.M. THE QUEEN OF ITALY

Rome, 15 May 1946.

Dear Admiral,

Last April the Lady in waiting to H.M. the Princess of Piedmont brought you to enquire into the whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Rensi, Commissioner of Public Safety, appointed as guard to H.M. the Queen's person before her ascent to the throne, who was arrested by German S.S. troops at Aosta on 18 August 1944 and transferred to the Dachau concentration camp in Germany.

According to a message from the Ministry of Post-War Assistance, it is understood that Dr. Rensi is still in a German concentration camp, detained by Anglo-American authorities pending investigation.

Sigora Rensi (also deported to Germany and returned in August 1945) recently procured certain documents from the Committee of National Liberation, Aosta, giving clear proof of Dr. Rensi's former active, impartial cooperation with the partisan movement of the Aosta valley.

There can therefore be no doubt that Dr. Rensi is detained owing to a misunderstanding.

H.M. the Queen, who is greatly concerned in the official in question in view of her appreciation of his services (abruptly cut short on 8 September 1943 in Aosta) has instructed me to request you kindly to give such orders as may lead to clearing the position of Dr. Rensi and enable him to return as soon as possible to his native country.

H.M. the Queen instructs me, furthermore, to thank you in advance for your kind action.

Please accept my best regards,

/s/ Marchesa Gundi Olivoti Contal

5385

DR. Camillo Renzi was serving at the Questura of Aosta. He was continually in touch with the Partizan Movement of the Valley, obtaining special information for his unit and supplying much of the sanitary material for the partisans in the mountains at his own expense. He enabled many partisans to avoid arrest and deportation. He was arrested on 18th August 1944 by the German S.S. and the Republicans. He was subsequently deported to Germany with his wife.

Il Comandante II Zona.



Capitano Alberto Merani
Personale (ido)

O. L. N.
 COMITATO PROVINCIALE
 AOSTA

*Visa quanto sopra è
 conforme. Aosta 18/5/45*

Il Presidente

Luigi Fabbri



*Il Comandante della 1.ª Divisione
 Guarnigione*

5384

XXXX 794

11 May 1946.

SUBJECT: Whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Rensi.

TO : G-3 Section, Allied Force Headquarters, APO 942, U.S. Army.

1. It is requested that steps be taken to determine the present whereabouts of Dr. Camillo Rensi, who was a member of the personal bodyguard attached to H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont and who is now supposedly detained in stock camp in the Anglo-American occupation zone in Germany.

2. Copies of pertinent correspondence and a memorandum are attached herewith, containing all the information at hand at present regarding this employee of the Royal House of Savoy.

3. It will be appreciated if this matter can be referred to Headquarters USAF requesting an early investigation and reply to this office, with a view towards effecting an early release of this functionary of the Royal family and his return to Italy.

For the Chief Commissioner:

15/

JOSEPH C. RIVELY
Major, Inf
Staff Officer to CG

5389

5/1/46

Encls:

- 1 - Memorandum
2 - Ltr dtd 10 Oct 45 (translation)
3 - Ltr dtd 14 Oct 45 "
4 - Ltr dtd 27 Oct 45 "
5 - Ltr dtd 20 Mar 46 "
- File

TRANSLATION

HOUSE OF H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF PIEMONTE

MEMORANDUM

Dr. Camillo Rensi, born in Anguano del Cardinale (Avellino) on 1 April 1903, a Public Safety official attached to the person of H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont, was arrested together with his wife on 18 August 1944 by the German S.S. in Aosta where Dr Rensi was staying after having accompanied to that town the Princess who after 8 September 1943 took refuge in Switzerland.

The arrest was determined by the fact that Dr Rensi whom - though he had not taken the oath to the Fascist Republic - the chief of the Aosta Police had put in charge of the court proceedings against the partisans, cooperated with the partisan movement of the valley until he was found out.

Taken together with his wife to the prison of Turin, he was then sent to Bolzano and here, while he was sent to the Dachau camp, his wife proceeded to a camp near Berlin.

Mrs Rensi returned to Italy in August 1945 and received from General Alexander a certificate for her and her husband's cooperation with the partisans.

In March 1946, the mother of Dr Rensi received the attached letter. On 10 March the family was informed that in a broadcast Dr Rensi had sent his love to his mother and his wife.

Dr Rensi seems therefore to be interned in a camp by order of Allied authorities pending further ascertaining. Without any doubt, there must be a misunderstanding as the activity of Dr Rensi in favor of the partisans is very well known in Aosta so that the authorities of that town are willing to issue any statement required in this respect.

The attached statements regarding Mrs Rensi prove that her husband, with whom she has always cooperated, deserves particular consideration.

He is the only Italian Public Safety official who has been interned in Germany for having cooperated with the partisans and for not having taken the oath of allegiance to the Fascist Republic.

In the beginning of April the Lady-in-Waiting of H.R.H. the Princess of Piedmont, Countess Solara del Borgo, wrote to Admiral Stone asking him to intervene in favor of Dr. Rensi, considering the possibility of hastening his repatriation in order to allow a clarification of Dr Rensi's position, which can only be done after his return to Italy.

TRANSLATION

POLICE OF AOSTA

10 October 1945.

It is stated that on 18 August 1946 Mrs Franca Scaramelli-
line together with her husband, Dr Camillo Renzi - Commissary
of Public Safety - were arrested by German S.S. and both
taken to Germany.

While Mrs Scaramellina returned to Italy from a concen-
tration camp, the fate of her husband is still unknown.

This statement is issued for administrative use to the
effect of a refund of damages.

THE CHIEF OF THE POLICE

/s/ Dr. T. Ricciardi

5331

TRANSLATION

"PREFETTURA" OF AOSTA

Aosta, 11 October 1945.

The Prefect of the Province of Aosta states that on 18 August 1944, Mrs. Franca Scarsellino was arrested together with her husband Dr. Camillo Ronzi -- Counsellor of Public Safety -- by German SS and that both were taken to Germany.

While Mrs. Scarsellino has returned to Italy from a concentration camp, the fate of her husband is still unknown.

This statement is issued for administrative use to the effect of a refusal of damages.

THE PREFECT

/s/ Gardini.

TRANSMISSION

GROUP OF THE VOLUNTEERS OF LIBERTY
Military Territorial Command
Anzio

Anzio, 27 October 1945.

DECLARATION

It is stated that Mrs Scarsellino-Renzi has belonged in quality of informant to the Partisan Formations from January 1944 to August 1944, on which date she was arrested and taken to Germany. She returned to Italy in July 1945.

This statement is issued at Mrs Renzi's request.

THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:
/s/ Capt Giorgio Lorenzi

5370

TRANSLATION

MINISTRY OF POSTWAR ASSISTANCE
Regional Office for Lombardy
Information Office

Milan, Piazza Duse 3

20 March 1946.

SUBJECT: Research of Mr. Gavillo Renzi.

TO : Mrs. Maria Grazia Speltre (widow Renzi), Magnano del Cardinale (Avallo)

With reference to your letters of 4/2/46 and 17/12/46, this is what we can tell you:

From a list at our disposal results the name of your son, but we are sorry to inform you that this list comprises names of people liberated at Decima who are charged of having done some harm to our fellow-countrymen, either materially or using the power they had under the Fascist Government, or of people whose political past has induced the Anglo-American authorities to postpone their repatriation pending further clarifications.

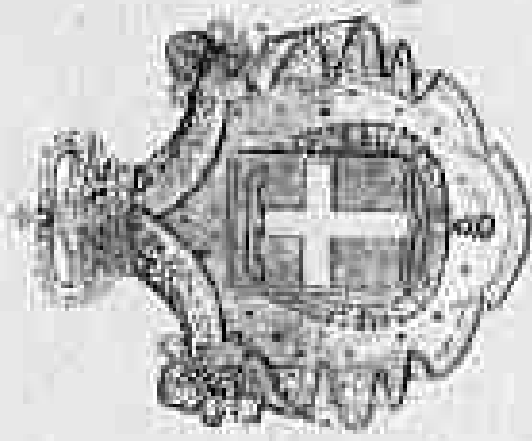
In fact, next to the name of your son who is registered as born in Naples, is written: Commissary of the Republican Fascist Police in Aosta. So, dear lady, if this will cause you pain in one sense, in another it may be a comfort to you: at least likely your son is still alive.

We do not know however where he is at present, nor when he could eventually be repatriated.

With best regards.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE INFORMATION OFFICE

Prof. Angelo Restelli



CASA DI S. A. R. IL PRINCIPE DI PIEMONTE

...

Promemoria

Il dott. Camillo RENZI, fu Donato, e di Maria Grazia Speltra,
nato a Mugnano del Cardinale (Avellino)
il 1 aprile 1903,

funzionario di P.S. addetto alla Persona di S.A.R. la Principessa
di Piemonte, venne arrestato, insieme alla moglie, il 18 agosto
1944 dalle SS. Tedesche, ad Aosta, dove il Renzi si trovava per
aver accompagnato in quella città l'Augusta Principessa che,
dopo l'8 settembre 1943 ripartì in Svizzera. -

L'arresto fu determinato dal fatto che il Renzi,
al quale, senza che egli avesse prestato giuramento alla repubbli-
ca fascista, venne affidato dall'allora Questore di Aosta l'incarico
di istruire i processi contro i partigiani, operò in collegamen-
to al movimento partigiano della vallata sino a quando fu scoperto.
to. -

Trasportato con la moglie alle carceri di Torino
fu successivamente inviato a Bolzano e da qui, mentre egli veniva
mandato al campo di Dachau la moglie proseguiva per un campo nei
pressi di Berlino. -

Ma signora Renzi rientrava in Italia nell'Agosto
1945 e, per aver ella cooperato con il marito in favore dei parti-
giani, otteneva dal Generale Alexander il Brevetto relativo.

Nel mese di marzo giunse alla madre del dott.
Renzi la lettera che qui ~~non~~ si unisce. - Il 10 marzo i famiglia-
ri ebbero notizia di una trasmissione radio nella quale il dott.

Promemoria

Il dott. Camillo RENZI, fu Donato, e di Maria Grazia Speltra,
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Nel mese di marzo giunse alla madre del dott.
Renzi la lettera che qui nnna si unisce.- Il 10 marzo i famiglia-
ri ebbero notizia di una trasmissione radio nella quale il dott.
Renzi salutava la madre e la moglie.-

Il dott. Renzi si troverebbe pertanto internato in
un campo per ordine delle autorità alleate, in attesa di accerta-

menti.- Deve trattarsi indubbiamente di un equivoco essendo notissima ad Aosta l'attività svolta dal dott. Renzi in favore dei partigiani ed essendo quelle autorità pronte a rilasciare qualsiasi dichiarazione al riguardo.-

I documenti che si allegano e che riflettono la moglie del dott. Renzi stanno a provare che il marito, con il quale ella ha sempre cooperato, è degno di particolare attenzione.-

Si tratta dell'unico commissario di P.S. italiano internato in Germania per aver cooperato con il movimento partigiano e per non aver giurato alla repubblica.-

N.B. - Ai primi del mese di aprile la Dama di Corte di S.A.R. la Principessa di Piemonte; Contessa Solaro del Borgo, scrisse all'Ammiraglio Stone pregandolo, nell'Augusto Nome, di volersi interessare al caso del dott. Renzi esaminando la possibilità di accelerare il rimpatrio dei ^{due} dar così modo di chiarire la posizione del dott. Renzi, il che potrà farsi soltanto in Italia.-

Avv. Fulcone Lucifero

1587/cc

7-8-46

Caro Massimo Sullivan,
ho ringrazio molto della sua cortese
comunicazione del 12 settim. relativa
al Dott. Camillo Rensi, e sono lieto
dell'occasione per salutarla molto
cordialmente.

Affare

Lucifero

5427

COPIA

MINISTERO ASSISTENZA POSTBELLICA
Ufficio Regionale per la Lombardia
Ufficio Informazioni

Milano, Piazza Duse, 3

20 Marzo 1946

OGGETTO: Ricerche del Dott. Camillo RENZI

Alla Signora Maria Grazia Speltra ved. Renzi

MUGNANO DEL CARDINALE (Avellino)

In merito alle sue lettere del 4/2/46 e del 17/12/46 le
possiamo dire quanto segue:

Da un elenco a nostra disposizione risulta il nome di
Suo figlio RENZI Dr. Camillo.

Ci spiace però doverle comunicare che detto elenco compren-
de una serie di nomi di persone liberate a Dachau che sono in-
criminate per aver fatto del male a nostri connazionali sia ma-
terialmente che adoperando la carica della quale erano insigniti
sotto il Governo fascista, oppure di persone i cui precedenti
politici hanno indotto le Autorità Anglo-Americane a rinviare il
rimpatrio in attesa di accertamenti.

Infatti accento al nome di Suo figlio che risulta nato a
Napoli è segnato Commissario di Polizia Fascista repubblicana ad
Aosta. Ora, cara Signora, se questo può da un lato procurarle
dolore d'altro canto può conformarle poichè con ogni probabilità
suo figlio è ancora in vita.

Non sappiamo dirle però ove attualmente si trovi, ne quando
eventualmente possa venire rimpatriato.

20 Marzo 1946

OGGETTO: Ricerche del Dott. Camillo RENZI

Alla Signora Maria Grazia Speltra ved. Renzi

MUGNANO DEL CARDINALE (Aveellino)

In merito alle sue lettere del 4/2/46 e del 17/12/46 La possiamo dire quanto segue:

Da un elenco a nostra disposizione risulta il nome di Suo figlio RENZI Dr. Camillo.

Ci spiace però doverla comunicare che detto elenco compren-
de una serie di nomi di persone liberate a Dachau che sono in-
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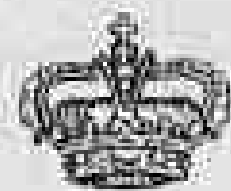
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dolore d'altro canto può conformarla poichè con ogni probabilità
suo figlio è ancora in vita.

Non sappiamo dirle però ove attualmente si trovi, ne quando
eventualmente possa venire rimpatriato.

Con i nostri migliori saluti.

IL DIRIGENTE L'UFFICIO INFORMAZIONI
(Prof. Angelo Restelli)

5376



CASA DI S.A.R. IL PRINCIPE DI PIEMONTE

COPIA

GRUPPO VOLONTARI DELLA LIBERTÀ
- Comando Militare Territoriale -

- A O S T A -

Ufficio Stralcio

Aosta li 27 Ottobre 1945

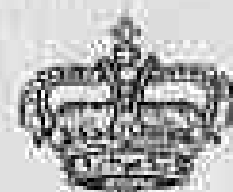
D I C H I A R A Z I O N E

Si dichiara che la Signora Scaramellino-Renzi
Franca - ha appartenuto alle Formazioni Partigiane
in qualità di informatrice dal gennaio 1944 all'Ago-
sto 1944, data in cui venne arrestata e deportata in
Germania. Rientrò in Italia nel luglio 1945.

Si rilascia la presente dichiarazione a richiesta
dell'interessata.

L'Ufficiale addetto
F.to Cap. Iorrioz Giorgio

5375



CASA DI S.A.R. IL PRINCIPE DI PIEMONTE

COPIA

PREFETTURA DI AOSTA

Aosta, 11 Ottobre 1945

Gabinetto

Il Prefetto della Provincia di Aosta dichiara che in data 18 Agosto 1944 la Sig. Scaramellino Fran_ ca venne arrestata insieme al marito Dott. Camillo Renzi - Commissario di P.S. - dalle SS. Tedesche e fu_ rono entrambi deportati in Germania.

Mentre la Sig. Scaramellino è ritornata in Italia reduce da un campo di concentramento, si ignora ancora la sorte del marito.

Si rilascia la presente, per uso amministrativo, agli effetti del risarcimento danni.

Il Prefetto
E. to Gardini

5374



CASA DI S.A.R. IL PRINCIPE DI PIEMONTE

COPIA

QUESTURA DI AOSTA

10/10/1945

Si dichiara che in data 18 Agosto 1944
la Signora Scaramellino Franca venne arrestata
insieme al marito Dott. Camillo Renzi - Commis-
sario di P.S. - dalle S.S. Tedesche e furono
entrambi deportati in Germania.

Mentre la Signora Scaramellino è ritorna-
ta in Italia reduce da un campo di concentramen-
to del marito si ignora ancora la sorte.

Si rilascia il presente per uso amministrati-
vo per risarcimento di danni.

5373

P.to il Questore
(P.to Dott. F. Ricciardi)

0163

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

APO 394

Office of the Executive Commissioner

MAY 17 1946

Ref. : 350/RS

13 May 1946

SUBJECT: NICHOLAS VALENTINO.

TO : United States Embassy,
Rome.

1. The Personal Representative of the President of the United States of America to His Holiness the Pope has forwarded a note from the Secretariat of State of the Holy See, dated April 26, 1946, requesting us to inform the appropriate authorities that Nicholas Valentino, stated to have been born at Velika Lahn (Lubiana) on December 13, 1922, whose parents are described as refugees from Yugoslavia since 1922, is reported to have been arrested about January 1, 1946 and to have been condemned to death by a Yugoslav Tribunal at Rovani, Lubiana, "solely on the grounds of his opposition to Communism".

2. This matter was referred to A.P.H.Q. who replied by Signal No. F 60059 to the effect that this matter is beyond their province and that the matter should be referred to you.

3. Will you please advise the Personal Representative of the President of the United States of America to His Holiness the Pope of any action that you can take in this matter?

For the Chief Commissioner:

W. W. Kinsley

Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

537?

Copy to:- Personal Representative of the President
of the United States of America to His Holiness the Pope.
A.P.H.Q.
Folder 'B'

✓

TRANSLATION

MINISTRY OF POSTWAR ASSISTANCE
The Undersecretary of State

Rome, 21 September 1946.

C/1224

Dear Admiral,

I return herewith the enclosed appeal transmitted to the Presidency of the Council of Ministers with your letter of 17 August 1946, *Ind.* informing you that the Rome Center for Disabled Veterans has been closed in the beginning of last month according to orders issued by the Ministry of War, from which it depended.

This step became necessary because of continuous demonstrations of serious indiscipline and fecklessness staged by the personnel sheltered in the Center, and such as to compromise the normal functioning of the same and to threaten seriously the public order.

However, it must be considered that the dismissal of the patients from the hospital was inspired by objective principles of humanity and justice and was carried out with all the precautions required by the particular condition of the patients.

In fact, those who did not need any further medical care, i.e. almost all of them, were sent to their places of residence or, if they resided in inaccessible localities, to Refugee Camps.

The remaining patients, still needing medical attention, were instead transferred to other hospitals.

Besides, this Ministry provided for the assistance of the first group making arrangements for getting them jobs with absolute precedence, and distributing to each of them a subsidy of Lire 2.000.-, while all the others received an individual subsidy of Lire 1.000.-

5371

I wish however to assure you that, from careful investigations which have been made, it definitely results that in that circumstance there has been no neglect on the side of the responsible organizations in meeting the exigencies of the disabled veterans with all the possible provisions in the specific field of post-war assistance.

In conclusion, it must be admitted that the complaints contained in the appeal in question, if not completely without foundation, have at least to be considered as considerably exaggerated.

I avail myself of this opportunity, dear Admiral, to express to you my feelings of profound esteem.

Cordially yours,

Avv. G. Carignani

(vi/cm)

MINISTERO DELL'ASSISTENZA POST-BELLICA

IL SOTTOSEGRETARIO DI STATO

Roma, 21 SET 1946

c/4224

Illustre Ammiraglio,

Le restituisco l'accluso esposto pervenuto alla Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri con Sua lettera di accompagnamento in data 17 agosto u.s., significandoLe che il Centro Mutilati di Roma venne chiuso, nei primi dello scorso mese, in seguito ad ordine del ministero della Guerra, dal quale dipendeva.

Detto provvedimento si rese necessario in seguito alle continue manifestazioni di grave indisciplina e faziosità provocate dal personale ivi ricoverato, tali da compromettere il normale funzionamento del Centro e minacciare seriamente l'ordine pubblico.

Tuttavia è da tener presente che la dimissione dal luogo di cura dei ricoverati fu ispirata a sereni criteri di umanità e di giustizia, e venne effettuata con tutte le cautele consigliate dalla particolare situazione dei degenti.

Infatti i ricoverati non più bisognosi di assistenza medica, e cioè la quasi totalità di essi, vennero avviati ai luoghi di residenza o presso Campi Profughi se residenti in località non accessibili.

I rimanenti ancora bisognosi di cure furono invece trasferiti ad altri ospedali.

Inoltre, questo Ministero provvide all'assistenza dei primi disponendo per il loro collocamento al lavoro, con assoluta precedenza, e distribuendo a ciascuno di essi un sussidio di L. 2.000.=

A tutti gli altri fu invece erogato un sussidio individuale di L. 1.000.=

5370

Tengo comunque ad assicurarLa che, da accurati accertamenti effettuati, risulta in modo ineccepibile che da parte degli organi responsabili nulla venne tralasciato in quella circo

Ammiraglio ELLERY STONE
Capo della Commissione Alleata
R O M A

./.

stanza per venire incontro alle esigenze dei mutilati, con tutte quelle possibili provvidenze che rientrano nel campo specifico dell'assistenza post-bellica.

In conclusione, è doveroso riconoscere che le lamentele contenute nell'esposto in questione, se non addirittura infondate, siano perlomeno da considerarsi notevolmente esagerate.

Colgo l'occasione, illustre Ammiraglio, per manifestarle i sensi della mia profonda stima.

Con viva cordialità, mi creda Suo

(Avv. G. Carignani)



BEST COPY POSSIBLE

al Sig. Ammiraglio Ellery Stone
Commissione Alleata di Controllo

Roma

Siamo un gruppo di mutilati e grandi invalidi della guerra di liberazione ricoverati al Centro di Roma e veniamo a lei e con la presenza al fine di esporle i nostri bisogni e le nostre aspirazioni;.

Da un anno e più ci troviamo ricoverati in ospedale non perché abbiamo bisogno di cure ma soltanto perché nessuno si occupa della nostra sistemazione nella vita civile.

Combattemmo e dividemmo con i soldati delle nazioni unite i pericoli e la morte e non per avere una ricompensa ma bensì per combattere una giusta causa di giustizia e libertà.

Il destino ha voluto che i nostri corpi rimanesse perennemente menomati dalla battaglia e siamo stati abbandonati a noi stessi senza nessun aiuto. Ad aggravare le nostre condizioni ha contribuito anche in questi giorni la conferenza della pace imponendo all'Italia condizioni che lei sa e ci fa apparire agli occhi degli italiani non così combattenti della libertà ma bensì dei carnefici che hanno combattuto al soldo dello straniero.

5389

Voi ci dicono avete combattuto non per l'Italia ma per i signori alleati e vi siete fatti ammazzare e mutilare in luogo di altrettanti inglesi e americani, fatevi aiutare da essi

Ci hanno proposto sì una pensione ma la somma a cui essa corrisponde la fa sembrare una elemosina; pensì neppure mille lire al mese per una gamba mancante.

0169

Siamo un gruppo di mutilati e grandi invalidi della guerra di liberazione ricoverati al Centro di Roma e veniamo a lei con la presente al fine di esporle i nostri bisogni e le nostre aspirazioni;

Da un anno e più ci troviamo ricoverati in ospedale non perché abbiamo bisogno di cure ma soltanto perché nessuno si occupa della nostra sistemazione nella vita civile.

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Voi ci dicono avete combattuto non per l'Italia ma per i signori alleati e vi siete fatti ammazzare e mutilare in luogo di altrettanti inglesi e americani, fatevi aiutare da essi.

Ci hanno proposto di una pensione ma la somma è assai esca corrispondendo la fa sembrare una elemosina; pensate neppure mille lire al mese per una gente mancante.

Ma se indietro il governo fece sforzo di stabilire per noi un premio di L. 10.000 ma in seguito poi deve aver pensato che ne potevano dare anche a uno giacché questo denaro non è mai arrivato a noi.

Di darei lavoro ne parla ma parla. Ognuno di noi ha per tale scopo preso tentato varie domando soffrendo.

Noi vorremmo che

vedesse l'Italia

cedesse per noi presso il go-
verno anche noi abbiamo diritto

alla vita. Ancora più diletto ai ministri che alla Patria non hanno sacrificato nulla all'infuori di numerosi discorsi e di numerosi brindisi.

Di grandi invalidi della guerra di liberazione saremo sì e non mila in tutta Italia e con un ^{po} di buona volontà potrebbero sistemarsi tutti. In America e in Inghilterra i mutilati hanno per altro trattamento, ebbene noi abbiamo combattuto per la loro stessa idea.

Se il governo Italiano non ha fondi per il nostro sostentamento lo suggeriamo noi il modo di procurarseli; vi sono ora che la guerra è finita migliaia e migliaia di alti ufficiali della forza armata, ma quando noi combattevamo non si trovava un sottotenente per comander una compagnia. Ci sono anche migliaia di belle donne che occupano posti di fiducia soltanto per la simpatia di qualche grosso padrone. Cosa fa questa gente che allo stato costa più di milioni al giorno? Si mandino essi a casa e si provveda a noi col loro stipendio.

I nostri desideri Sig. Ammiraglio sono:

Ossa e lavoro. Abbiamo più volte chiesto al nostro governo che si organizzi un convalescenziario in Roma in attesa che fossimo sistemati dato che fra noi si trovano mutilati che a causa della guerra hanno perso tutto anche la famiglia; che fosse aumentato il vitto perché scarseggiava, che si provvedesse con qualche spettacolo settimanale in ospedale, che si aumentassero le pensioni e infine rispetto e precedenza da parte di tutti che non abbiamo, e non abbiamo mai avuto, per tutte queste richieste il governo italiano, se ne è altamente indispettito.

Sicuro del suo intervento a nostro favore, sentitamente la ringraziamo.

tanonto, ebbene noi abbiamo combattuto per la loro stessa idea.

Se il governo Italiano non ha fondi per il nostro sostentimento lo suggeriamo noi il modo di procurarseli; vi sono ora che la guerra è finita migliaia e migliaia di alti ufficiali della forze armate, per quando noi combattevamo non si trovava un sottotenente per comandare una compagnia. Ci sono anche migliaia di belle donne che occupano posti di fiducia soltanto per la stampa di qualche grosso paguro. Cosa fa questa gente che allo stato costa più di milioni al giorno? Si mandano essi a casa e si provvede a noi col loro stipendio.

I nostri desideri Sig. Ammiraglio sono:

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acrisce un contraltare in casa in attesa che fossero sistemati
dato che fra noi si trovano mutilati che a causa della guerra hanno
perso tutto anche la famiglia; che loro aumentato il vitto perché
scarsissimo, che si provvedesse con qualche spettacolo settimanale
in ospedale, che si aumentassero le pensioni e infine rispetto a
precedenza da parte di tutti che non abbiano, e non abbiano mai avu-
to, se tutta questa richiesta il governo italiano, se ne è situan-
te infischiato.

Sicuro del suo intervento a nostro favore, sentitamente la ringrazia.

mo.

La Commissione dei Mutilati
della Guerra di Liberazione

Galileo Galilei

Guiliana Corvini

17 August 1946.

Dear Dr. Cappa:

I am enclosing herewith the original copy of a communication received from disabled veterans now hospitalized at the "Centro di Roma". I understand that the Italian Government is giving attention to a pension program for disabled veterans and I would be grateful if you would inform me what is the present status of these plans.

Sincerely,

/s/ Ellery W. Stone

ELLEAY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

5367

Dr. Paolo Cappa,
Undersecretary of State to the Presidency
of the Council of Ministers,
Rome.

Copy to - Mr. G. L. L. L.

W. J. Tate 13

61318

5367/a

16 August 1946.

Dear Sirs:

I received your undated letter shortly before leaving Rome for ten days and have requested the Italian Government to inform me what steps have been taken on your behalf.

Sincerely,

Ellery W. Stone

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

Signori Galista SALVATORE e Giuliani CORRADO,
The Committee of Disabled Veterans of the
War of Liberation,
CENTRO DI ROMA.

5345

Signori Salvatore GALISTA e Corrado GIULIANI
Comitato dei Veterani della Guerra di Liberazione Mobile
presso Ansaas, Lombardelli - Ufficio Guerra di Liberazione
Roma
Via delle Vite 13

587/2

TRANSLATION

Admiral Ellery W. Stone
Chief Commissioner
Allied Commission
Rome.

We are a group of wounded and disabled veterans of the war of liberation hospitalized at the "Center of Rome" and we come to you with this in order to state to you our needs and aspirations:

Since one year and more we are in the hospital not because we need being nursed, but only because noone bothers about our readjustment to civilian life.

We fought and shared with the soldiers of the United Nations the risks and death and not because we wanted to be rewarded, but in order to defend the cause of justice and freedom.

The fate willed that our bodies were forever disabled for fight and we have been abandoned to ourselves without any help. And in these last days our conditions have been made even worse by the peace conference which imposes on Italy the wellknown terms making us appear at the eyes of the Italians not as fighters for freedom, but as mercenaries who have ~~paid~~ fought for strangers.

You have not fought for Italy - they tell us - but for the Allies and you let yourselves be killed and disabled in stead of English and American soldiers: so let them help you!

We have been offered a pension, but the corresponding amount is so small that it looks like alms; imagine, not even thousand lire a month for a missing leg.

Months ago the Government made the effort to settle on us a premium of 10.000 lire, but later they must have thought that we could do without it as this money never reached us.

536⁵ There is no talk of giving us jobs. Each one of us has repeatedly applied for this purpose, but obtained only promises.

We would like that you kindly intercede with the Italian Government to make them realize that we too have a right to live. More right than the Ministers who have not sacrificed to our Country anything but numerous speeches and numerous toasts.

The disabled veterans of the liberation war may amount to thousand in all Italy and with some good will we could all be settled. In America and in England the disabled soldiers are treated very differently: well, we too have fought for the same idea.

If the Italian Government does not have funds for our support, we can suggest a way to obtain some; now that the war is over, there are thousands and thousands of high ranking officers of the Armed Forces, but when we were fighting there was never a 2nd lieutenant available to command a company. There are also thousands of pretty girls holding important jobs only because of the protection of some big shot. What are these people doing while they cost millions to the Government every day? They can be sent home and their wages can go to us.

Our wishes are the following:

A home and work. We have several times asked our Government to open a convalescing home in Rome while we were settling down as there are many among us who in the war have lost everything, even their family; we have also asked to increase the food rations which are very scarce, to have a weekly show in the hospital, to receive higher pensions and finally respect and precedence over everybody which we never had. But the Italian Government never paid any attention to all these requests of ours.

Trusting in your intervention in our favor, we send you our very sincere thanks.

The Committee of Disabled Veterans
of the War of Liberation

/s/ Galista Salvatore

/s/ Giuliani Corrado

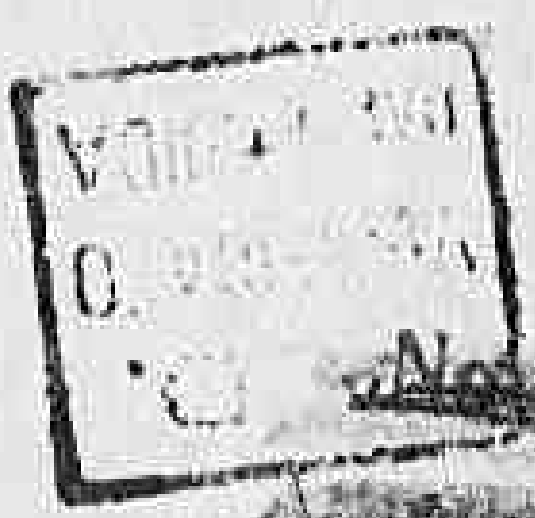
0178



MOSTRA ATTIVITA' ROMANE
LUGLIO-NOVEMBRE 1946
PIAZZALE CLODIO - ROMA

CC-19

Signori Galista SALVATORE e Carlini CORRADO,
The Committee of Disabled Veterans of the
War of Liberation,
CENTRO DI ROMA.



P. S. Apostoli

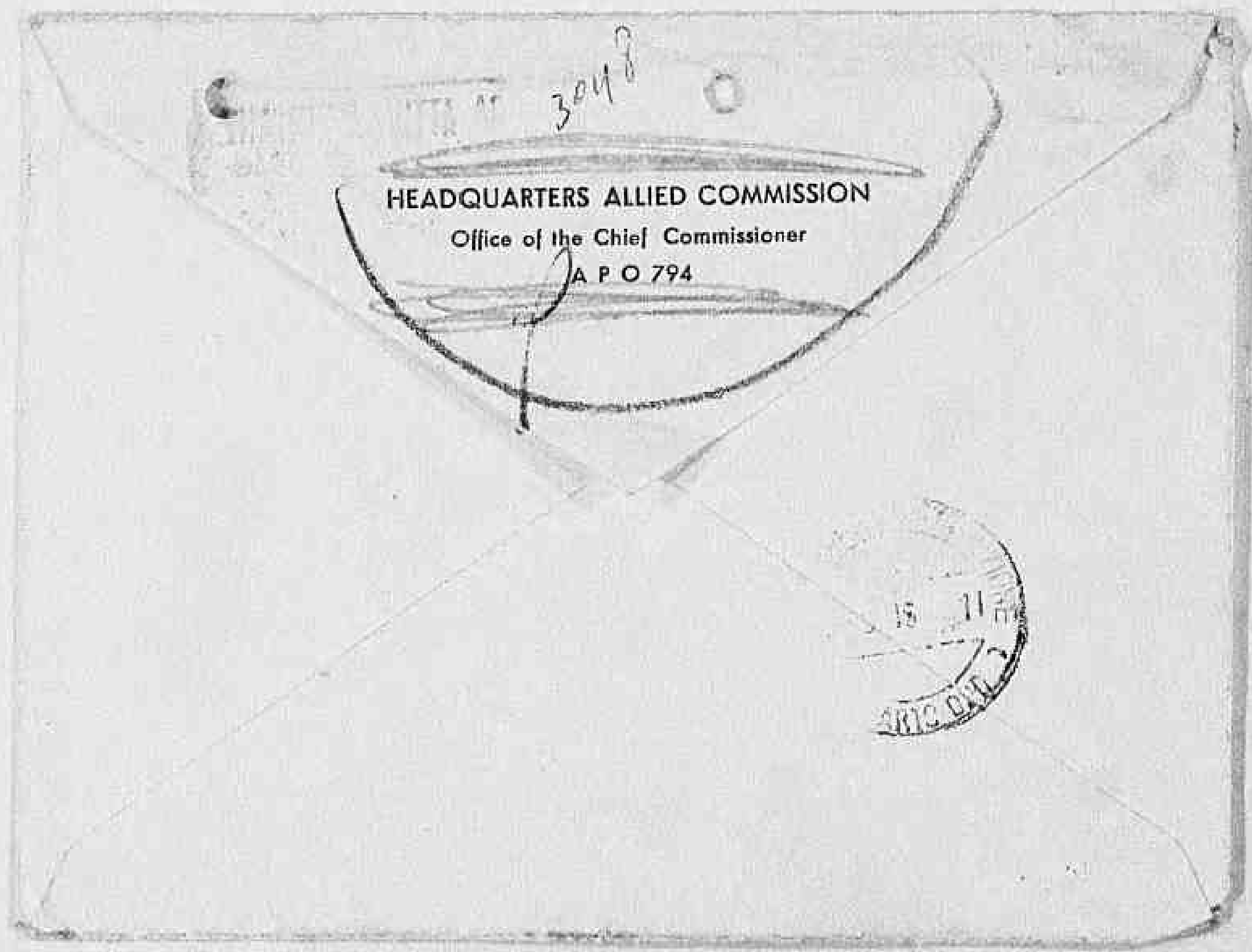
5353

Sgt Calluna

P10

0177

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785015



My dear Avv. Lucifero:

Further to letter of this office dated 12 August 1946, replies have now been received from the British Army of Occupation on the Rhine and from the Third United States Army. I regret that neither of these two Headquarters have any information concerning Doctor Camillo Penzi. 5371a

If, subsequently, the whereabouts of Doctor Penzi is ascertained 5371a - will be advised without delay.

Very truly yours,

Avv. Leone Lucifero
Via Brescenzia 25
Rome

Edward D.S. Sullivan
Major, Air Corps
Staff Officer to CC

10 September 1946.

Dear Sir:

I have received your letter of 3 September requesting gifts for your missionary works in China. I should personally like to help you very much indeed but I am afraid you misunderstand the nature of my duties.

I have no materials at all at my disposal. All surplus American materials were sold only yesterday by the United States Army to the Italian Government, since the United States laws do not permit gifts to be made of any Government material.

I am compelled, therefore, once again to refer you to the Italian Government who has thus received all our surplus war supplies.

Very sincerely,

W. Stone

MILERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

Father Peter Danielli,
Istituto Missioni Estere,
Viale Trento 49,
Vicenza.

361

5-87/c

ISTITUTO
MISSIONI ESTERE
VICENZA

Viale Trento, 49 - Tel. 501

Vicenza, li 3 - IX - 1946

Rear Admiral,

I am a Missionary for China, to bring there Christian civilisation and a sincere fraternal love.

Some Missionaries of my colleagues who just in these days came back from the Far East (Occidental Honan -China-), tell me the destruction that a long and ruinous war carried there: Churches, Cathedrals, Hospitals, Infant-schools, Orphanage, all with our Missionaries during a eight years hard work had built, lies now wholly destroyed.

Missionaries apply to us, but with can we do?

Here in Italy, our works too are serious damaged from the war, while continually new requests of youth, longing for being Missionaries in the Far East or Alaska, arrive here at our Institute of Vicenza.

Naturally lacking of space grievously compel us to push them back. You can see, Rear Admiral, our extreme necessity.

We must build, but how, without your generous help? Eight millions (as the preventive) for us it's an enormous sum.

You, Rear Admiral, can tell us: "Be arranged, I have nothing to do with your things." You are quite right, but it's your very kindness we want to interest.

Months ago (17 January -1946-) I addressed You for a very less important matter as your answer herein testify, but the Italian Government didn't reply. I return to you. Rear Admiral, be generous, send us the longed gift.

Future Missionaries who will inhabit your house will bless You in China or Alaska where they will land to take christian faith and civilisation.

The new ^{wing} of the building, which will be dedicate to your very person, will carry on his front, with indelible letters, the name of his eminent Benefactor.

We shall be the most honored to have among us, for the solemn inauguration your same person or a representative of yours.

Hopeful waiting for your generosity, I am, Rear Admiral, yours faithfully

Rector : Fath. Peter Danieli

To send to: Fath. Peter Danieli
Istituto Missioni Estere
Viale Trento 49
VICENZA

P. Pietro Danieli



Istituto Missioni Estere

Vicenza

11

4 3 - IX - 1946

The request to the Italian Government
having not had an answer, I return with
the included to your kindness.

5380

0-182

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Office of the Executive Commissioner
LIAISON DIVISION
APO 394

Ref: 505/DA/EC(L)

25 January 1946

SUBJECT: Request for motor cycle.

TO : Father Peter Danieli,
Istituto Missioni Estere,
Viale Trento, 9. VICENZA.

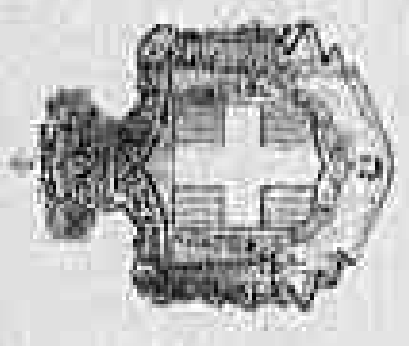
1. I acknowledge your letter of 17 January 1946
and regret to inform you that this office is unable to grant
your request for a motor cycle.

2. You should address your request to the Italian
Government who have recently purchased large stocks of American
vehicles from the U.S. Army and Navy Liquidation Commission for
use in this country.

Victor L. Odole, Capt
for Brigadier
Executive Commissioner

5359

0183



Or/To

Ministero degli Affari Esteri

Chief Commission

DUPLICATE

6/30 85/1202

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ALLIED COMMISSION

SUBJECT: Italian State Railways claim.

The Italian Ministry for Transports (State Railways) has informed that on October 10th, 1945, the Yugoslav nationals Josip TATALOVIC and Svojola ONIENTUS, bearers of a document issued by the Royal Yugoslav Kar K R Brad MLVET, travelled from Rome to Ancona without the required papers. The a/n owe, therefore, a total amount of Lire 2.212 to the Italian Railways Administration.

The Ministry for Foreign Affairs would be much obliged to the Allied Commission, if they could kindly approach the competent Allied Authorities in order to obtain payment of the above specified sum to the Italian State Railways. A

5352



Rome, September 8th, 1946.

Ec. Dist - 9/9/46

Action - Ec.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ALLIED COMMISSION

SUBJECT: Italian State Railways claim.

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Rome, September 8th, 1946.

Ec. Dist - 9/9/46

Action - EC.
Info - CC.



5358

Ing. Emilio ERCO Rome, the 7th september 1946
Rome, Via Flaminia , T. 374035 ; 681651
Trieste, Via Galatti 14, T. 27800

To the Admiral E. Stone
Chief of the Allied Military Government
in Rome

My Lord,

I have the honour of informing Your Lordship of a great wrong which is planned, as I have heard, against the institute of the social foreseeing (istituto nazionale della previdenza sociale) from the part of the Command of the A.M.G. of the Trieste's aerea.

This national institute, which act in the social field for the wellbeing of the workers, has the humanitarian scope of giving a security to the worker's world in the cases of illness, unemployment, chomage and old age.

It has some very spacious and comfortable sanatoria (more then 50) for the cure of the tubercolosis in the main towns of the country, and it pays some miliards Lires for the invalidity, old age and so on, every year. It interest the whole of the italian working people.

The institute has in Trieste, in the Via Carducci N°6, a building of its own, which has been, since the yugoslavian occupation of the town in the month may 45, occupied by the slavian ruler and only now, following a justice act, in the month august 46 was given back to the institute which wish to reintegrate the building with the services, because in the actual provisory seat the services are very hard sacrificed.

Now we heard that the command of the A.M.G. for the Trieste's aerea has the intention of requisitioning the whole third, forth and a part of the second floor of this building for giving apartments to the familys of the allied officers and soldiers.

We are so free to present to Your Lordship the request of being so kind to dispose that the whole building would be let for the institute, which want it totally, because the services of it are very important. Of the apartments, only one should have been reserved, in the second floor, for the vice-commissioner of the institute itself, Mr. Nino Woditzka, a well-known antifascist champion which has been some 16 years in geols and internations camps during the fascistic periode for his work of defense of the liberties for the peolpes of the world all.

My Lord,

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The apartments office of the Trieste's aerea of the A.M.G. (Capt. Wilkie), reconaising the high merits and the humanitarian work of Mr. Woditzka, has itself, in the past time, manifested the intention of putting at his disposition a flat in the centre of the town and had done the relative ordres which, till to-day, have not been executed.

./.

We think it would be a great wrong done as well to the institute then to Mr. Woditzka to deprive the national institute of the necessary rooms for the services and to let Mr. Woditzka, the Vice-commissioner of the same institute, without a apartment in a building which belongs to the institute self.

We wish to let You remark that the commissioner, the clerks of the institute and the workers, who all are interested at the prosperity of the institute, have fought, without interruption for their building as well during the nazi-german as in the slavian period because they both had occupied it. They all will find very strange if their liberators from the stranger's occupation and oppression would do the same against them as their ennemys did.

We beg You, My Lord, to be so kind to receive a deputation of Trieste's workers who are at present in Rome and who wish to inform You better about this question.

With kind regards.

ing. Erco
Ing. Emilio Erco

9 September 1946

My dear Mrs. Bonfatti:

In connection with the application you made to this office for help in locating the grave of your husband -- Col. Luigi Bonfatti of the Italian Army -- your inquiry was referred to the proper American authorities and their reply has been received to the effect that Col. Bonfatti's remains are not buried as an identified deceased in any of the United States military cemeteries in Africa.

It is suggested that the best source from which to obtain information on this matter is the Italian Government, and to this end you should get in touch with them from time to time.

Very truly yours,

J. C. Rively
J. C. RIVELY
Major, Inf.
Staff Officer to CC

5355

Mrs. Paola Bonfatti
Via Linanza 7
Rome

293 Col. Bonfatti (Italian)

2d Ind.

GWR/JES/ap

HEADQUARTERS, AGRS-AMEZ, APO 497, United States Army, New York, N.Y.,
13 August 1946

TO: Headquarters Allied Commission, Office of The Chief Commissioner,
APO 394, U. S. Army

1. Records at this Headquarters contains no information concerning
Col. Bonfatti, Italian Army.

2. His remains are not buried as an identified deceased in any
United States Military Cemeteries in Africa.

3. It is suggested that information may be available in records of
Allies who have burials in Africa.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

G. W. Rogers
G. W. ROGERS
Captain, QMC
Adjutant

1 Incl n/c

5354

293 Col. Bonfatti (Italian)

2d Ind.

CWR/JES/ap

HEADQUARTERS, AGRS-AMEZ, APO 497, United States Army, New York, N.Y.,
13 August 1946

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FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

G. W. ROGERS
Captain, QMC
Adjutant

1 Incl n/c

5359

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

Office of the Chief Commissioner

APO 394

10 April 1946.

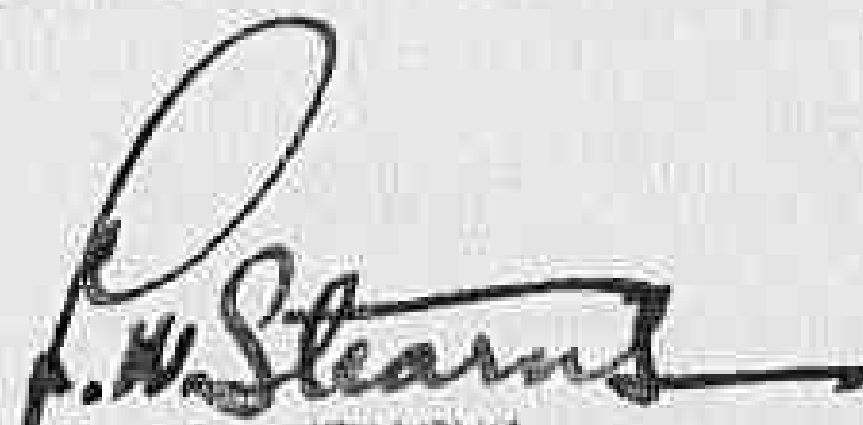
TO : Commanding General,
Africa Middle East Theatre,
APO 787, U. S. Army.
Through Commanding General MTOUSA.

SUBJECT : Location of grave of Col BONFATTI, It. Army, killed on
20 Feb 1945 near Djebel Zebbens (Tunis).

1. Mrs. Paola Bonfatti, 7 Via Linenza, Rome, has made an application to this office for help in locating the grave of her husband. Enclosed memorandum is self explanatory.

2. An enquiry has already been made here at the American Graves Registration Service, Med. Theatre, Separate Zone Command, which answered that no burial report had been recorded in their files concerning Italian fatal casualties in Africa, which they understand had been transferred to some other authority.

3. In the case you can give any information concerning the location of the above mentioned grave, it will be appreciated if the answer could be sent either to this office or directly to the applicant.



L. W. STEARNS,
Lt. Col., AGD
Staff Officer to
Chief Commissioner.

5352

1 encl.

1st Ind to Ltr, Hq, ALGOM, Office of the Chief Commissioner, APO 394, dtd
10 April 1946, subj: Location of grave of Col BONFATTI, It. Army, killed
on 20 Feb 1943 near Djebel Zebbens (Tunis).

AG 704/01d -0

1st Ind

HEADQUARTERS MTOUSA, APO 512, 16 April 1946

TO: Commanding General, Africa Middle East Theater, APO 787

A matter pertaining to your command.

FOR THE THEATER COMMANDER:

John R. Hayes
John R. Hayes
Major, AGT
Asst. Adjutant General

1 Incl:
n/c

5351

Col Luigi BONFATTI, It. Army- Killed on 20 Febr 1943 in Tunisia
Information for the purpose of retracing his corpse

C.O. of the 5th Bersaglieri Regt

At the time of his death he was C.O. of the " Gruppo Tattico Bonfatti "

Toward the middle of Febr., with his 14th Batt., he was placed under Marsh Rommel

On 20 Febr he occupied with his Batt Djebel Zebbens (quote 152) between Kasserine and Tebessa (in front of the 1st Arm.?)

On 17 hours of same day, riding a motorcycle driven by Bersagliere Martini, he made a reconnaissance 2/3 Km from from said position (quote 152)

There they were both killed by an hail of machine gun bullets and fell on a path on the right side (of the road ?), 2/3 km from Djebel Zebbens.

On the 21st the Battalion advanced beyond the quote, and retreated on the 23rd

During the retreat two men saw the corpses on the spot in which they were killed, and recognized them from the documents found on the bodies.

The HQ of the 5th Bersaglieri was notified, but the corpses could not be retrieved because the zone was already controlled by the Am. forces.

About the 6th of April an Allied radio broadcast said: " If Italy sacrifices in Tunis Officers like Gen Pizzolato and Col Bonfatti, who will be left to fight for her when Italy itself will be invaded ?"- These words give to Col Bonfatti's family the hope that his body has been found, recognized and buried.

His Widow frantically asks to contact the HQ or CO of the unit which in February 1943 was in action against the abovesaid Italian Unit, with the purpose to retrace the corpse of her beloved husband. She understands that for the moment it may not be possible to remove it, but is anyhow anxious to know the exact spot in which it is buried, to take care of it when the proper time will come.

Signora Paola Bonfatti
7 Via Livenza

Rome

TRANSLATION

PRESIDENCY OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS.

THE UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE.

33 M.

Rome, 25 August, 1946.

Dear Admiral,

In reply to your letter dated 17 August, 1946, I thank you for the interest you have taken in our great war-invalids, and in our fellow-countrymen who were mutilated during the war of Liberation, and I inform you that I have passed on your letter to Co. Carignani, Undersecretary of Post-War Assistance, asking him to correspond directly with you.

With best regards,

Yours truly,

(s) Cappe.

5340

Admiral Ellery W. Stone.

Chief Commissioner.

Allied Commission.

Rome.

0195

33 m
5PRESIDENZA DEL CONSIGLIO DEI MINISTRI
IL SOTTOSGREGARIO DI STATO

Roma, 25 agosto 1946

Caro Ammiraglio,

in riscontro alla Sua del 17 agosto c.m., mentre La ringrazio per l'interessamento che Ella ha voluto prendere per i nostri connazionali mutilati e grandi invalidi nella guerra di liberazione, La informo che ho passato l'esposto di essi all'On. Carignani, Sottosegretario all'Assistenza Post-Bellica, che ho pregato di corrispondere direttamente con Lei.

Mi è gradita l'occasione per manifestarle i sensi della mia stima ed inviarLe il mio cordiale saluto

(Paolo Cappa)

5348

Ill.mo
Ammiraglio EMERY W. STONE
Capo della Commissione
Alleata di Controllo

ROMA

17 August 1946.

Dear Sir:

I have received your letter of 27 July. I am sorry that there was a misunderstanding as to your desires.

However, I think you misunderstand the situation with regard to employment of Italian facilities by the Allied military authorities. Such services as the Allied military authorities require are obtained by negotiation and contract—never by the issuance of instructions that certain firms are to be given contracts because of the intervention of higher authority. Further, the Allied Commission has no power to direct the Italian Government to assign work to any particular Italian firms.

I am forwarding a copy of your letter to Mr. Cleveland who I am sure would be glad to bring the attention of the facilities of your company to interested parties.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ EMERY W. STONE

EMERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

5347

Professor Nicola Proto,
Corso Rissistrano,
Nicastro (Catanzaro).

17 August 1946.

MEMORANDUM TO: Mr. Harlan Cleveland,
UNRRA Italian Mission.

Enclosed are copies of correspondence with Professor Nicola Proto which are self-explanatory. The attached memorandum as to the facilities of his firm indicate that there may be some work which he can do for either UNRRA or the Italian Government in the reconstruction field and I am passing it to you for such consideration as you deem appropriate.

/s/ Ellery W. Stone

ELLEERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

587/CC

3346

16 August 1946.

My dear Dr. Jaffe:

Thank you for your note of the 9th. I am very glad to hear that you have at last found employment and I hope it will continue for a considerable period. I am only sorry that my efforts proved fruitless.

With all good wishes,

Very sincerely,

/s/ Ellery W. Stone

ELLERY W. STONE
Rear Admiral, USNR
Chief Commissioner

Dr. P. B. Jaffe,
Via Filippo Civinini 15, Int. 30,
Roma.

5345

Dr. Frederick B. Jaffé
Via Filippo Civinini 15
int. 30

Rome, the 9 August 1946

To
Rear Admiral Ellery W. Stone
USNR Chief Commissioner

Sir,

The kind interest shown to me obliges me to bring to your knowledge that I'm now employed by the Allied Screening Commission and that consequently the problem of my unemployment has been solved, at least for several months.

I found my new job by chance and luck, and I am conscious that the fact that I found it independently of your so very kind efforts on my behalf and in another direction cannot lessen or lower the sentiment of profound gratitude I owe to you. I have written in this sense to my cousin and have

the honour to remain, Sir,

your very obedient servant

F. B. JAFFÉ.

5344

0 2-0-0

12 August 1946.

Dear Sir:

Your letter of 2 August 1946,
together with the £5/3/6 in British Military
currency, has been forwarded to the Command
Paymaster, 8th Command Pay Office, Rome, who
will communicate with you further.

Very truly yours,

15/ JSD
cr, usne
for J. C. RIVELY
Major, Inf.,
Staff Officer to CC

Signor Roberto BENVENUTI,
Lucino (Como).

Copy to: Command Paymaster,
8th Command Pay Office,
Rome. (with enclosures).

9343

file

587/a

TRANSLATION

Lucino, 2 August, 1946.

Excellency,

I do not know your language, and beg you to excuse me if I am writing to you in Italian.

I am turning to you as I do not know what else to do in order to get my problem solved.

I was an officer of the Royal ^{Italian} Navy, on board one of the submarines which left Brindisi on a special mission for the Allies, and which were later sent to foreign ports.

Banknotes, given out by the British Military Authorities, came into my possession, (five pounds three shillings and sixpence), and when I tried to change them I heard that they were no longer in circulation in Italy.

I am unemployed and in difficulties, financially, and that is why I am turning to you, hoping that you may get this money changed for me. I would be grateful for a definite answer, and am enclosing the above-mentioned five pounds three shillings and sixpence.

Thanking you in anticipation,

(s) Benvenuti Roberto.

Lucino, (Como).

3342

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

Ltr No. 640/4.7 to Office of the Chief Commissioner from
Auriemma dated 3 Aug 46 re Hospitalization of Graziani :

SEE 201a in 2610/CC



587/CC

5341

AMERICAN RELIEF FOR ITALY, INC.

OFFICE OF FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE

Rome, 3 August, 1946

Dear Admiral Stone,

We immediately checked the Institute "Ente Nazionale per il Mezzogiorno d'Italia", the needs of which you had kindly called to our attention.

Incl.

Upon personal inspection by Mr. Costantino of our office and through reports from E.N.D.S.I. we find that this Institute has received the items listed in the enclosed list.

They do have need for additional items of food and clothing, which I wish we could furnish. I know that you, through your long period of interest in these welfare cases, know that we must try to reach as many needy persons as possible, which keeps us from giving a complete supply to any one group.

The officials of this Institution appreciated your interest and seemed satisfied with our present program of help.

Please be assured that this Ente will receive its share of any additional supplies which may be available from time to time.

Respectfully yours,

John McSweeney
John McSweeney
Foreign Representative

33'0
Rear-Admiral Ellery Stone
Chief Commissioner
Headquarters Allied Commission
APO 794
ROME.

587/2

✓

AMERICAN RELIEF FOR ITALY, Inc.

Rome, 3 August, 1946

List of Relief Supplies delivered to the "Ente Nazionale per il Mezzogiorno d'Italia".

12.16.1945	Cocoa Kilos 1500.
1.10.1946	Material for shoe repairs, 25 cases.
	Soap, 2 Barrels
1.21.1946	Kapok for mattresses, 25 Quintals.
	Polyvitamin Capsules No.200.000
2. 4.1946	Material for shoe repairs, 275 cases.
2. 9.1946	Carpernter's tools, 5 cases
2.22.1946	Dehydrated soup, No.3000
3.21.1946	Bacon 9 Quintals
3.25.1946	Bacon 3 Quintals
	Cheese 5 Quintals
4. 4.1946	Copybooks, No.5000
	Flastecine 12 Packages
	Painting books No.6900
	Colored pencils, 920 sets
	Acquarels, 50 boxes
	Chisellers' sets 20 packages
5. 7.1946	Cheese 5 Quintals
6.10.1946	Baking powder 5 boxes
	Salt 8 boxes
	C.S.Soup, 25 cases
	Tomatoe soup 5 cases
6.24.1946	Copybooks 85 boxes of 320 units each.
7.24.1946	One barrel of soap.

Apart from the items listed above, each Home, College and Orphanage in the South has received additional supplies from the Provincial Committees of E.N.D.SI.

Roma, J y 24, 1946
Corso del Rinascimento, 19 - Tel. 51.409

Translation

OPERA NAZIONALE PER IL MEZZOGIORNO d'ITALIA

To his Excellency Admiral Ellery Stone

R O M A

The undersigned, Padre Giovanni Minozzi, is the founder and Head of the OPERA NAZIONALE PER IL MEZZOGIORNO D'ITALIA, with more that EIGHTY CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS directly dependent of him, which are mostly in Southern Italy from the Abruzzi to Sicily. These Institutions shelter, educate, instruct and form professionally, the waifs and orphans, and children abandoned and lost through war operations, numbering over Fifteen Thousand young people of both sexes.

On account of the hard times, the undersigned now finds himself in grave difficulties, and by this present letter respectfully begs Your Excellency to help his cause by conceding an allotment, by regular payment, of the following goods, which will serve in part for direct distribution to the inmates of the various institutions, and in part to repair the camps which were damaged through war operations.

- a) English tents double faced, about 10.000 Qtls, which are at the Store-house No, 557 B.O.D. at CROCE DEL LEGNO (S.GIOVANNI A TEDUCCIO - NAPOLI) and at PONTE A CAGNANO (SALERNO)
- b) Articles of clothing, woolen and cotton, at the same Store-house, No 557 quantity about 10.000 Qtls ;
- c) Articles of clothing, woolen and cotton, deposited in the English Store-house of Via della Polveriera in Naples.

This material, should it be allotted to the undersigned, would be used for charitable purposes, and would bring the great help so absolutely and urgently needed by the OPERA NAZIONALE PER IL MEZZOGIORNO D'ITALIA.

With respectful homage, thanking you sincerely in the name of those who will be benefitted

Signed : Padre Giovanni Minozzi

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To H.E. Admiral Stone, C.C.

H.Q.A.C.

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