

2370

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/MND No.

785015

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10000/136/353

10000/136/353

CARABINIERI, ITALIAN (C.C.R.R.)
JUNE 1946

SUBJECT : Re-organisation of Carabinieri.

S E C R E T
LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION, A.C.
M. E. I. A.

CCRR/G/12

17 June 1946.

Chief Commissioner, A.C. (2).

1. Further to CCRR/G/12 (Interim Report) of 19 March and CCRR/G/12 (Progress Report) of 1 June 1946, the attached "Complete Report" has been submitted to me by CC.M. SEC.
2. The report embodies recommendations made after a comprehensive survey of CC.M. and shows that further extensive re-organisation is considered necessary.
3. The recent increase in CC.M. strength to 75,000; the provision of more transport, arms, clothing and equipment, wireless and the formation of the strong Mobile Battalions which have been achieved, although extremely valuable, are not alone sufficient to obtain the desired standard of efficiency from Carabinieri. The proposals made in attached report will, if adopted, ensure in the CC.M. a high degree of efficiency constantly maintained.
4. (a) It is obvious that any further extensive re-organisation of CC.M. should be linked with reorganisation of the other Italian Police forces. The task thus would be one of considerably magnitude and, in my opinion, could only be achieved by a properly accredited British Police Mission to ITALY operating over a period of at least 2 years.

- (b) It is possible that the Italian Government would not welcome or be prepared to agree to such a Mission on the grounds of prestige or cost. Nevertheless, such a Mission would undoubtedly be advantageous both in the Italian and allied interest. In view of the existing internal political situation, it would be advisable to have an impartial mission advising and assisting; both Republicans and

2. The report embodies recommendations for a survey of CC.RA. and shows that further extensive re-organisation is considered necessary.

3. The recent increase in CC.RA. strength to 75,000; the provision of more transport, arms, clothing and equipment, wireless and the formation of the strong Mobile Battalions which have been achieved, although extremely valuable, are not alone sufficient to obtain the desired standard of efficiency from Carabinieri. The proposals made in attached report will, if adopted, ensure in the CC.RA. a high degree of efficiency constantly maintained.

4. (a) It is obvious that any further extensive re-organisation of CC.RA. should be linked with reorganisation of the other Italian Police Forces. The task thus would be one of considerable magnitude and, in my opinion, could only be achieved by a properly accredited British Police Mission to ITALY operating over a period of at least 2 years.

(b) It is possible that the Italian Government would not welcome or be prepared to agree to such a Mission on the grounds of prestige or cost. Nevertheless, such a Mission would undoubtedly be advantageous both in the Italian and Allied interest. In view of the existing internal political situation, it would be advisable to have an impartial Mission advising and assisting; both Republicans and Monarchists would perhaps thus feel that they were getting a square deal untainted by party politics.

2138 (c) How this matter should be taken up with the Italian Government is beyond my purview, but in view of the impending releases of the officers of my CC.RA. SEC., I suggest that approach to the Italian Government should be soon.

(d) In short, the matter appears to resolve itself into whether the Allies and the Italians require an efficient and up to date Police Force or not. If they do, a British Police Mission should be set up. If they prefer that the Italians reorganise on their own, we can look for no great improvement - even the reverse.

5. If or when the conception of a Police Mission is accepted, I would strongly recommend that, in view of the complexity of this vast problem,

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Sir Frank BROOK, H.M. Inspector of Constabulary, Home Office, LONDON, be invited to come out to ITALY and give his expert opinion on the spot first hand - as, in fact, he has recently done in the case of GERMANY and AUSTRIA.

Reviewed

Major General,
Land Forces Sub Commission, AG.

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Land Forces Sub Commission, AC.

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2157

SUBJECT : Re-organisation of Carabinieri.

S E C R E T

LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION, A.C.
M. M. I. A.
ROME.

CCRR/G/12

June 1946 .

1. STAFF OF CC.RR. SECTION.

GSO I
GSO II (Admin)
GSO II (Ops)
SCHOOLS and TRAINING
LIAISON OFFICERS: -

TURIN
MILAN
FLORENCE
ROME
NAPLES
PALERMO

Lt. Col. H. MIGHALL
Major B. POWELL
Major R.P. FIELDS
Major T. MARSH

Major A.C. HILLS
Major W. GREENHOUGH
Major C. HAYES
Major E. LAMBERT
Major W. LACEY

2. POLICY.

(a) To submit recommendations regarding CC.RR. organisation and suggestions for improvement in efficiency, further to those carried out in Interim Report (CC.RR./G/12 of 19 March 1946)
(b) The recommendations made are embodied in attached sections of this report:

"RE-ORGANISATION OF CARABINIERI"

"Part I - Organisation."
"Part II - Schools and Training."
"Part III - Clothing - Arms - Transport - Communications."
"Part IV - Records of crime and criminals wanted."

(c) These recommendations are based on information and statistics obtained and observations made by this section during the period January - June 1946, and on the experience previously gained in the control and supervision of Carabinieri at varying levels over a period of 2 1/2 years.
(d) None of the changes recommended, other than those recommended in the

21

LIAISON OFFICERS: -

TURIN)	Major	A.G. HILLS	B
MILAN			
FLORENCE	Major	W. GREENHOUGH	B
ROME	Major	C. HAYES	B
NAPLES	Major	E. LIMBERT	B
PALERMO	Major	W. LACEY	B

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- "Part II - Schools and Training."
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- "Part IV - Records of crime and criminals wanted."

(c) These recommendations are based on information and statistics obtained and observations made by this section during the period January - June 1946, and on the experience previously gained in the control and supervision of Carabinieri at varying levels over a period of 2 1/2 years.

(d) None of the changes recommended, other than those referring to the proposal to establish an efficient system of crime records, has been discussed with Carabinieri. It is appreciated that agreement of the Italian Ministries concerned will be necessary for implementation of the proposals made.

(e) The scope of this section is limited to recommendations affecting Carabinieri only, and the suggestions made are confined to that organisation. It is quite clear, however, that to obtain the maximum benefit from increased efficiency in the CC.RR., all other Italian Police Agencies (the Questura in particular) should be subject to extensive survey and consequent improvement. Therefore the proposals affecting CC.RR. have been made with regard to the possibility of implementation: -

- (i) as confined entirely to CC.RR.
- or
- (ii) as part of a general overhaul of Italian Police Agencies.

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If, in future, all Italian Police Agencies are to be subject to survey, the recommendations made now will necessarily be liable to minor amendments, but the main proposals regarding Carabinieri are capable of adoption in either case (i) and (ii) above.

H. Michall

H. MICHALL, Lt. Col.
GSO I, CC.RR. Section.

HLU/am

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785015

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CCRR/G/12 of

June 1946

RE - ORGANISATION
OF
CARABINIERI

PART I

ORGANISATION

2381

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785015

RE - ORGANISATION
OF
CARRIAGE

PART I
ORGANISATION

2154

SUBJECT : CC.RR. Re-organisation.

LAND FORCES SUB-COMMISSION.AC.
ITALIA
ROME.

CCRR/G/14

June 1946

P A R T I - O R G A N I S A T I O N

1. ORGANISATION.

- (a) The authorised strength of CC.RR. is 75.000 Officers, NCOs and men.
- (b) Agreement has been reached with CGRR GHQ on a new Interim Order of Battle, and an abridged Order of Battle as recommended by this HQ is attached at Appendices "A" "B" "C" and "D" Part I.
- (c) Briefly, the method of calculation has been based on :--
 - (i) Raising WE of all CC.RR. stations to a minimum of 7 (NCO and CC.RR).
 - (ii) Approximately 20% increase of strength in each Legion.
 - (iii) Separate WEs for Training Schools.
 - (iv) Revision of WE for CC.RR. HQs.
 - (v) Establishment of WE for Legion Workshops.

1. ORGANISATION.

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 - (ii) Approximately 20% increase of strength in each Legion.
 - (iii) Separate WEs for Training Schools.
 - (iv) Revision of WE for CC.RR. HQs.
 - (v) Establishment of WE for Legion Workshops.
 - (vi) Dissolving WE of Mobile Bn Group Companies.
 - (vii) Employment of TRIESTE Legion, not yet activated.

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2. RECOMMENDATIONS.

- (a) Establishment of Directorate of Training.
- (b) Establishment of CC.RR. Inspectorate at HQ.
- and or (c) Establishment of CC.RR. Inspectors at Army Territorial Commands.
- (d) Disbandment of Divisional Commands.
- (e) Disbandment of Brigade Commands.

3. DIRECTOR OF TRAINING.

- (a) (i) This is dealt with here as being a matter of organisation, and only the principle involved is at issue, details of powers and duties will be dealt with under "Training".

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(Part I)

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- (ii) At present there are 3 permanent training schools and 2 temporary schools. Two of the permanent schools deal with recruits, and the other with Officers and NCOs. Each school has more or less it's own syllabi and organisation.
- (iii) In addition to the schools, training is supposed to be given in Legions. This latter instruction depends to a great extent on the zeal of the Legion or Group Commanders, also on the conditions respecting crime, disturbance, manpower, etc., as between one Legion and another.
- (b) (i) By CC.RR. Regulations, Divisional Commanders should exercise supervision over schools and Training generally. In practice, the supervision is negligible.
- (c) (i) It is therefore recommended that a CC.RR. Officer be appointed as Director of Training at CC.RR. HQs, with general duties of co-ordinating all CC.RR. training, supervision of training establishments and refresher courses in Legions.
- (ii) The appointment of a Director of Training with adequate staff is considered to be a prerequisite to efficient re-organisation and no alternative can be envisaged.
- (iii) The adoption of this recommendation (in principle) was taken into consideration when considering the...

disturbance, manpower, etc., as between one Legion and another.

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(ii) The appointment of a Director of Training with adequate staff is considered to be a prerequisite to efficient re-organisation and no alternative can be envisaged.

(iii) The adoption of this recommendation (in principle) was taken into consideration when considering Order of Battle shown at Appx. "a" to Part I.

(iv) Suggested WE for Training Directorate is shown in Appx. "b" to Part I.

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4. CC.RR. INSPECTORATE AT HQ.

(2) (i) The CC.RR. dispersed as they are over the whole of Italy with local Commanders, need a supervisory authority from the central HQ.

The CC.RR. Force now represents 75,000 Officers and ORs broken down into HQs, Training Establishments, Divisional HQs (3) Brigade HQs (6), Legions (21), and Mobile Bns (12).

(ii) Inspection of Training Establishments and Legions comes within the duties of Divisional and Brigade Commanders.

(Part I)

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- (b) (i) It is considered that there should be a separate Inspectorate, which may take the following form :- an officer of Divisional General Rank, assisted by 3 Brigadier Generals should form an Inspectorate. The Divisional General should have his office at HQ, while the 3 Brigadiers would have jurisdiction corresponding to the present Divisional Areas.
- (ii) The duties of each Brigadier General should consist in general with visits of inspection to all Legion Stations down to Tenenzas at least once per year, examining administrative records, crime statistics, disciplinary offences, welfare of men, etc., state of clothing, arms and transport.
- (iii) He would report on the efficiency of the Legions under his jurisdiction, and should submit such reports to the Senior Inspector at HQ. that the Legion is efficient, or otherwise. If he cannot give a certificate of efficiency, the causes, effects and suggested remedies will be submitted for action by such authority as may be necessary.
- (iv) Fuller details of inspectors suggested duties are given in Appendix "B" to Part I.
- (v) The Senior Inspector should be responsible for submitting recommendations made by his Staff to the C.G. together with his own observations. He also should visit each Brigadier at least once per year. There should be a conference of the Inspectorate Staff at CC.RR. HQ at least

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- (iii) He would report on the efficiency of the Legions under his jurisdiction, and should submit such reports to the Senior Inspector at HQ, that the Legion is efficient, or otherwise. If he cannot give a certificate of efficiency, the causes, effects and suggested remedies will be submitted for action by such authority as may be necessary.
- (iv) Fuller details of Inspectors suggested duties are given in Appendix "F" to Part I.
- (v) The Senior Inspector should be responsible for submitting recommendations made by his Staff to the C.C. together with his own observations. He also should visit each Brigadier at least once per year. There should be a conference of the Inspectorate Staff at CC.RR. HQ at least once per year.

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5. CC.RR. INSPECTORS AT ARMY TERRITORIAL COMMANDS.

- (a) (i) As an alternative, or/adjunct, to the CC.RR. Inspectorate outlined in para.5., it is suggested that a high ranking CC.RR. Officer be appointed at each Italian Army Territorial Command HQ.
- (ii) His duties would be similar to those as outlined in Appendix "F" and in addition he would act as a Liaison Officer at Territorial Command on the matter of supplies of clothing, equipment, etc. being distributed to Legions. He would also act as a Liaison Officer with the Ministry of Interior Inspector of Public Safety for co-ordination of P.S. matters.

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(Part I)

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- (iii) The area of jurisdiction would conform generally to the arce of the Italian Army Territorial Command.
- (b) (i) The rank should be Brigadier General, promoted from Legion Commanders who have held active command of a Legion for not less than 3 years.
- (ii) It is essential that the Officers appointed to these positions are experienced CC.RR. Officers and have sufficient status having regard to their work with Army Territorial Commands and Ministry of Interior Inspectors of P.S.
- (iii) All such officers should visit HQ at least once in each six months. A conference of all such Officers should be held at HQ once per year, or more often as required.
- (c) (i) The following points are given in favour of creation of the HQ Inspectorate as in para 5; (a) Officers would be able to give their whole time to inspecting Legions; (b) They would have a representative at HQ to press recommendations; (c) They would personally report on the efficiency of the Legions under their jurisdiction.
- (d) (i) In favour of Territorial Inspectorate (para 6):-- (a) There would be a greater number of officers, thereby decreasing the area of supervision (b) as the system for supplies of clothing etc., to CC.RR. Legions as already agreed works through Territorial Army Commands, the CC.RR. Officer would be able to watch CC.RR. interests more closely, (c) the Officer to make more frequent visit to

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In favour of Territorial Inspectorate (para 6):-

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(ii)

Against a combination of the two proposals is the fact that it would tend to develop into exactly similar functions as Divisional and Brigade Commands, which it is proposed should be abolished.

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- (iii) The Territorial Inspectorate is recommended as being the better of the two plans, and the suggested Order of Battle (Appendix "A" to Part I) is calculated on that premise.

6. DIVISIONAL AND BRIGADE COMMANDERS.

- (a) (i) There appears little doubt that these Commands were set up after the last War (1914-1918) as an easy means of finding positions for surplus senior officers. While much depends on the personality of the individual officer, the position does lend itself to becoming a sinecure.
- (ii) In theory, these Commands should assume responsibility for the efficiency and discipline of the Legions under their Command, and their particular functions are set out in the attached extracts from CC.HR. Regulations (Appendix "G" to Part I).
- (iii) However as the result of observations of P.S. Officers during the time of ING, and particularly the thought given to the matter by IOs since this Branch was set up, it is the consensus of opinion that these Commands, as at present set up and staffed, are redundant. Their Chief Function in actual practice appears to be a channel for orders from HQ to the Legions, a procedure which retards rather than quickens transmission of orders. Their duties as Inspecting Officers during recent years have admittedly been nullified by lack of transport, but it is stated that even in normal times inspections were not as frequent or effective as they should be.

2149 (b) (i) A comparison of the detailed duties of Divisional/Brigade (Appendix "G") and Legion

- (iii) However as the result of observations of P.S. Officers during the time of I.M.G. and particularly the thought given to the matter by LOs since this Branch was set up, it is the consensus of opinion that these Commands, as at present set up and staffed, are redundant. Their Chief Function in actual practice appears to be a channel for orders from HQ to the Legions, a procedure which retards rather than quickens transmission of orders. Their duties as Inspecting Officers during recent years have admittedly been nullified by lack of transport, but it is stated that even in normal times inspections were not as frequent or effective as they should be.
- 2149(b) (i) A comparison of the detailed duties of Divisional/Brigade (Appendix "Q") and Legion Commanders, (Appendix "H" to Part I) indicates that the key men of the organisation is the Legion Commander.
- (ii) Legions are very self-contained units (varying in strength from 2000 to 4000) and on many matters deal direct with CC.RR. HQ, a fact which in itself tends to show that Divisional and Brigade Commands are redundant.

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(Part I)

- (iii) Very little in the way of records relating to the Legions is available at Brigade or Divisional HQs, so that in practice, though LOs of this Section are working at Brigade level, they have to apply direct to Legions for any information required.
- (iv) It would appear that the Chief occupation in Brigade HQs, at present, is investigation relating to offences against discipline by Officers and Other Ranks, again often acting only as "submitting" authority or "confirming" authority.
- (c) (i) On the WE of 75,000 each Divisional and Brigade HQs, has an establishment of 4 Officers and 10 ORs. In practice, it is known they had many more. The HQ CC.RR. are at this time proposing to increase these figures to
- | | |
|------------------------|--------|
| Divisions - 5 Officers | 40 ORs |
| Brigades - 3 " | 33 " |
- Pay, Administration, etc., of these Commands are carried out at the HQ of Legion in which situated.
- (ii) At present there are 3 Divisions and 6 Brigades; CC.RR. HQ are contemplating the forming of another Brigade HQ.
- (d) (i) It is proposed that Divisional and Brigade Commands, should be abolished and the alternative proposal, set out in paras 4 and 5 adopted.
- (ii) It is felt that by abolishing Divisional and

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(d) (i) It is proposed that Divisional and Brigade Commands, should be abolished and the alternative proposal, set out in paras 4 and 5 adopted.

(ii) It is felt that by abolishing Divisional and Brigade Commands, and substituting them by a CC.RR. Inspectorate, it will (a) create a more live, efficient and younger supervisory staff, (b) give a pointer to the CC.RR. and the public that effective re-organisation has begun, (c) increase the prospects of promotion for all ranks, thus improving conditions of service and raising morale.

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7. CONDITIONS OF SERVICE. Promotion.

(a) (i) It is pointed out that promotion in the CC.RR. has been stagnant for some years and a filling now would infuse a new spirit and incentive amongst all ranks, especially Marascialli and Junior Officers.

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(Part I)

- (ii) With the recommendation of setting up a Directorate of Training, there would be an increase from the present rank of Commandant of the school (colonel) to Brigadier with corresponding upgrading of his HQ Staff.
- (iii) By the appointment of full time training staff at Legions and Groups, there would be vacancies for 28 Captains and 132 Marescialli.
- (iv) By the setting up of Territorial Inspectorates, and abolishing Divisions and Brigades, there would be a loss of 3 Divisional Generals but a gain of 5 Brigadiers.
- (b) (i) It is recommended that pressure be brought to bear immediately on the Ministry of War to speed up
 - (a) Expiration of CC.RR. Officers. ↓
 - (b) Retirement of Officers due for reasons of age.
 - (c) Recruiting of Officers for CC.RR.
 - (d) Unblocking of promotion.
- (ii) There are 4 points which have been discussed with the CC.RR. Senior Officers. The causes, of course, are attributed to War conditions, and the political aspect. The Ministry of War and the Italian Government are blamed by CC.RR. for lack of drive and policy. They are points which must be faced up-to by the Italian authorities, the particulars of which are familiar to them. They are matters which are seriously retarding re-organisation and consequently affecting efficiency.

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8. ENLISTMENT.

(a) (i)

It is recommended that the conditions of enlistment be altered, so that the minimum age of entry be raised to 19/20 years.

(ii)

The present method of recruiting is (a) candidates join at 17 years (b) men elect to join the CC.RR. when called up for the Army at ages varying from 16 - 20 years old. The numbers are roughly 80% of (a) and the remainder of (b).

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(Part I)

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- (iii) A recruit is sent to one of the Training Schools, where he has six months course of instruction, which is devoted to military training and instruction in police duties, but chiefly of the former. On completion of the course, the recruit is posted to a Legion where he performs the police duty of a CC.RR. and receives further instruction, refresher courses etc., from his seniors.
- (b) (i) The average type of man who enlists in the CC.RR. is from Continental stock and therefore the standard of education is not very high.
- (ii) The following points are suggested as disadvantages of the present age minimum. 17 years is too young to expect or be expected to assume the heavy responsibility of a Police Officer. The recruit (bearing in mind his standard of education), is not fully mentally developed to assimilate the multitudinous aspects of law and police procedure, at the time when he is also receiving military training.
- (c) (i) Men in the army who are contemplating joining the CC.RR. could be encouraged to prepare themselves by provision of preparatory educational and technical instruction on similar lines to British Army Vocational Training centres, attachment to Military Police Training Schools, or reduce army service by say 4 - 6 months if transferring to CC.RR. Approved army service to count for CC.RR. pension.
- (ii) As the Ministry of War regard CC.RR. as soldiers, they should be prepared to assist

disadvantages of the plan is that a 17 years is too young to accept or be expected to assume the heavy responsibility of a Police Officer. The recruit (bearing in mind his standard of education), is not fully mentally developed to assimilate the multitudinous aspects of law and police procedure, at the time when he is also receiving military training.

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- (ii) As the Ministry of War regard CC.RR. as soldiers, they should be prepared to assist prospective CC.RR. in the lines suggested.

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9. TERMS OF SERVICE.

- (a) (i) Closely allied to terms of enlistment is the question of length of service.
- (ii) A recruit enlists in the first instance for 3 years and can then re-engage for 3 further periods of 3 years. On completion of 12 years he can apply to re-engage for 1 year at a time. A CC.RR. receives increments of pay up to the 15th year of service also a bonus when re-engaging for the 3 year periods. He is eligible for pension (60% of pay) at 30 years of service

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increased to 30% of pay after 25 years of service. A CC.RR. can leave the effective service on giving one month's notice, but goes into 'Congede' a sort of reserve (without retaining fee) from which he can be recalled into service under certain conditions.

- (b) (i) There are disadvantages from the Police point of view to this system: (a) many men leave when they have completed 12 years service thus the Force is constantly losing experienced men. (b) The Force does not know from year to year what men will be retiring. (c) loss of continuity of service (d) the annual intake of recruits is between 3000-4000, which is quite a big proportion of the total strength, (many men who have not been promoted leave after 12 years owing to the marriage ban).

- (c) (i) It is recommended that the present system of short term enlistments be abolished and a "career-term" introduced.
- (ii) A suggested period is 25 years with full pension after that period of approved service, with modified pension after 20 years.
- (iii) In addition, there should be introduced a short term period of 10 or 12 years with a gratuity on completion, and eligibility to re-engage at any time for the full period of 25 years.

10. MARRIAGE.

- (a) (i) The marriage ban should be modified considerably.
- (ii) At present CC.RR. are not allowed to marry until they are 28 years of age, and then only a small percentage are granted permission.

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- (ii) At present CC.RR. are not allowed to marry until they are 28 years of age, and then only a small percentage are granted permission.
- (iii) While not advocating permission to marry too soon, it is recommended that all CC.RR. should be allowed to marry at the age of 28 years.

- (b) (i) It is appreciated that present economic conditions are difficult, but consideration should at once be given by the Italian Government to the repair and building of the Casernes for CC.RR. and provision of married quarters should be taken into account.

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(Part I)

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- (ii) In addition some houses in new housing estates could be earmarked for CC.RR. with a simple system of alarm bells (similar to British Volunteer Fire Brigade System) for calling out CC.RR. in cases of emergency.

11. PAY.

- (a) (i) The Police Service is one which demands the highest degree of integrity, honesty and good moral character, coupled with intelligence, initiative and education.
- (ii) The conditions under which he serves (i.e) irregular meals, night duty, personal danger and risks, limitation of social life, all tend to make the life an arduous one, calling for special consideration in matters of pay.

- (b) (i) It is considered that the present rates of pay to the CC.RR. are inadequate for the present cost of living, and unjust for the duties performed.

- (ii) Instances are given of typical rates of pay:-
- (a) Married Captain (8 year in rank), 2 children
13,181 lire per month.
- (b) Maresciallo (20 years service) Single.
7,088 lire per month.
- (c) Carabiniere married, 2 children.
6,655 lire per month.

In each case rations are supplied (Rate of exchange is now 900 lire to the £ sterling).

- (iii) It is realised that an increase of pay rates for CC.RR. (however well justified) would create demands from all State employees for increases, and in the present financial conditions of the country such recommendations

and risks, limitation of social life, all tend to make the life an arduous one, calling for special consideration in matters of pay.

(b) (i)

It is considered that the present rates of pay to the CC.PR. are inadequate for the present cost of living, and unjust for the duties performed.

(ii)

Instances are given of typical rates of pay:-

(a) Married Captain (8 year in rank), 2 children
13,181 lire per month.

(b) Maresciallo (20 years service) Single.
7,058 lire per month.

(c) Carabiniere married, 2 children.
6,655 lire per month.

In each case rations are supplied (Rate of exchange is now 900 lire to the £ sterling).

(iii)

It is realised that an increase of pay rates for CC.PR. (however well justified) would create demands from all State employees for increases, and in the present financial conditions of the country such recommendations would not be acceptable.

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(c) (i)

CC.PR. pay is supplemented by allowances, two of which, Lodging Allowance and Public Safety Duty allowances, are both charged to the Ministry of the Interior.

(ii)

The Lodging allowance was created in 1925 (ORs) and 1928 (Officers) and has not been changed since then. It varies from 66-87 lire per month for NCOs and CC.PR. 140-923 lire per month to married Officers, and 70-461 lire per month to single Officers. The present annual cost is approx 27,000,000 Lire.

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- (iii) The Public Safety Allowance was instituted during the war, and is paid to CC.RR. while actually on duty (i.e) not while on leave, sickness, etc., The daily rate is from 14 lire for a CC.RR. to 42 lire for a Divisional General. The present annual cost is approx. 470,000,000 Lire.
- (iv) It will be readily realised that the lodging Allowance bears no comparison with present day costs. An increase of this allowance would be felt only by a proportion of the Force. It is therefore suggested that the Italian Government be strongly recommended to increase the lodging Allowance to 5 times the present rate, and the P.S. Allowance by 3 times.
- (v) It is believed that recommendations for increase in allowance are more likely to be favourably received than recommendations for increases in basic rates of pay.

12. ACCOMMODATION.

- (a) (i) Living conditions in Casermas leaves much to be desired, and as so many of the CC.RR. spend so much of their time in the Casermas, it should be a matter of deep concern to the authorities.
- (ii) It is suggested that the Italian Government be recommended to consider the ownership by the Stato, of all CC.RR. Casermas, replacing the present privately owned premises by new buildings, provision of more married quarters, improved accommodation in dormitories, study rooms, recreation rooms, drying rooms, and the furnishing of Casermas by the Government instead of the present

increase in allowance are more likely to be favorably received than recommendations for increases in basic rates of pay.

12. ACCOMMODATION.

(a) (i)

Living conditions in Casornas leaves much to be desired, and as so many of the CC.RR. spend so much of their time in the Casornas, it should be a matter of deep concern to the authorities.

(ii)

It is suggested that the Italian Government be recommended to consider the ownership by the State, of all CC.RR. Casornas, replacing the present privately owned premises by new buildings, provision of more married quarters, improved accommodation in dormitories, study rooms, recreation rooms, drying rooms, and the furnishing of Casornas by the Government instead of the present "Contractor" system.

243 WELFARE OFFICER.

(a) (i)

It is recommended that an officer of the Territorial Inspectorate Staff should, in addition to the other duties, be nominated as Welfare Officer, with the responsibility of investigating all cases where CC.RR. are injured or killed on duty, pensions and gratuities to dependants in such cases, and take a general interest in conditions affecting

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the rank and file. It is known that much time does elapse at present in settlement of dependant's allowance pensions.

14. ADMINISTRATION.

- (a) (i) The CC.RR. form part of the Italian Army, and in numerical strength represent about 1/3rd of the total of the present "interim" army. It has a separate HQ Staff; although the administration of officers is controlled from the War Ministry and the Ministry has the controlling power in provision and distribution, of clothing, equipment and transport.
- (ii) With the exception of training and operational control, there appears no need for parallel administrative officers at the Ministry of War and at CC.RR. HQs.
- (b) (i) It is suggested that the Ministry of War study the question of absorbing administrative and 'Q' officers and Staff of the CC.RR. into the Ministry of War.
- (ii) The advantage would be chiefly to the CC.RR. though both the Ministry of War and the CC.RR. would gain by there being a close liaison, particularly in "Q" matters, speeding up of communications, more personnel contacts, and saving in man power. This matter is further amplified in Part III.
- (c) (i) The CC.RR. are at present without accommodation for their HQs and are using a portion of the Cadets Training School, which is a serious handicap to the training programme. The rooms now occupied by the HQ Staff are urgently required for the training Staff and Cadets.

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(b) (i) It is suggested that the Ministry of War study the question of absorbing administrative and 'Q' officers and Staff of the CC.RR. into the Ministry of War.

(ii) The advantage would be chiefly to the CC.RR. though both the Ministry of War and the CC.RR. would gain by there being a close liaison, particularly in "Q" matters, speeding up of communications, more personal contacts, and saving in man power. This matter is further amplified in Part III.

(c) (i) The CC.RR. are at present without accommodation for their HQs and are using a portion of the Cadets Training School, which is a serious handicap to the training programme. The rooms now occupied by the HQ Staff are urgently required for the training Staff and Cadets. The provision of accommodation for HQs is a matter of urgency, and the transfer to the War Ministry of some of the Staff indicated above would alleviate the situation.

(d) (i) It is also proposed that the GOC should continue to be appointed by the Ministry of War in accord with the Italian Government.

(ii) The Deputy Commander should always be a CC.RR. career Officer with executive powers,

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and that he be NOT subject to removal by any change of Government, but only for his lack of efficiency and subject to the regulations governing retirement on age-limit etc.

(iii) A proposed Chain of Command is shown at appendix "I" to Part I.

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Appendix "A" to Part I

Suggested Order of Battle
on authorized establishment
of 75,000

Unit	Officers	OR's	Remarks
CC. RR. HQ	45	267	
Central School, Florence	26	170	
Cadets School, Rome	56	2624	Inc. 800 Recruits
Cadets School, Turin	20	934	
Directorate of Training	23	138	
Territorial Inspectors	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	13	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
"	4	12	
Roma Legion	45	4393	+ Includes 360 Royal Guard
Roma Mob. Bn.	25	526	
Lazio Legion	59	3443	
Lazio Mob. Bn.	25	526	
Abruzzi Legion	42	2268	+ 360 from Trieste
Agliari Legion	43	2931	
Agliari Mob. Bn.	25	526	

App. "A" to Part I.

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Unit	Officers	OR's	Remarks
Milan Legion	59	3967	
Milan Mob. Bn.	25	526	
Belzano Legion	42	2532	+ 360 from Trieste
Padova Legion	39	2441	
Padova Mob. Bn.	25	526	
Verona Legion	37	1887	+ 360 from Trieste
Turin Legion	42	2339	
Turin Mob. Bn.	25	526	
Alessandria Legion	49	2334	+ 360 from Trieste
Genoa Legion	48	3121	
Genoa Mob. Bn.	25	526	
Trieste Legion	40	2830	

Total

1494 73506

75.000

=====

✓ Staff = 434 ORs
 Reno School, 1600 Cadets
 Bari School 600) temporary
 Cagliari School 600)

Footnote:

Based on (1) Divisional HQ's, Brigade HQ's; Mobile Bn Group HQ's, being abolished.
 (2) Adoption of Directorate of Training, (3) Adoption of Territorial Inspectorate, (4) Separate W.E.'s for Reno and Turin Training Schools, (5) Trieste Legion not activated on own territory.

Comma Mob. Bn.
Trieste Legion

40 2380

Total	1494	73506
	75.000	

=====

7 Staff = 434 ORs
Rome School, 1600 Cadets
Bari School 600 temporary
Cagliari School 600

Footnote :

Based on (1) Divisional HQ's, Brigade HQ's; Mobile In Group HQ's, being abolished.
(2) Adoption of Directorate of Training, (3) Adoption of Territorial Inspectorate, (4) Separate V.E.'s for Rome and Turin Training Schools. (5) Trieste Legion not activated on own territory.

Appendix "B" to Part I.Suggested W.E. forReno Training SchoolOrganisation :

Commandant and Staff
 3 Battalions Comprising
 9 Companies
 Equitation School.

OfficersHQ Staff :

Commandant
 Asst Commandants
 A/Q
 Medical
 G.S.
 Band

Colonel
 2 Lt. Colonels
 1 Major, 1 Captain
 1 Major, 1 Captain
 3 Captains
 1 Captain

1
 2
 2
 2
 3
 1

Battalions :

O.C. Company
 Company Instructors

1 Captain
 3 Lieutenants

1
 3

Equitation School :

Chief Instructor

1 Captain
 2 Lieutenants

1
 2

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HO Staff :

Commandant
Asst Commandants
A/Q
Medical
G.S.
Band

1
2
2
2
3
1

Colonel
2 Lt. Colonels
1 Major, 1 Captain
1 Major, 1 Captain
3 Captains
1 Captain

Battalions :

O.C. Company
Company Instructors

1
3

1 Captain
3 Lieutenants

Equitation School :

Chief Instructor
Assistant "

1
2

1 Captain
2 Lieutenants

Maroscialli: Maggiore, Capit
and Alloggio

Instructors (Technical)
(Discipline)
(Equitation)

45
27
2
31
17

Band
Admin.

122

.....2

- 2 - App. "B" to Part I

Brigadieri and Vice-Brigadieri

Instructional Staff	125
Band	20
Admin.	30
	175

Appuntati and CC.RR.

Admin.	61
Orderlies, etc.	20
Band	40
Trumpeters	16
	137

TOTALS

Colonels	1
Lt. Colonels	2
Majors	5
Captains	19
Lieutenants	29
	56
	=====

Maroscielli	122
Brigadieri and Vice Brigadieri	175
Appuntati and CC.RR.	137

TOTALS

Colonels
Lt. Colonels
Majors
Captains
Lieutenants

1
2
5
19
29
56
=====

Maroscialli
Brigadier and Vice Brigadier
Appuntati and CC.RR.

122
175
137
434
=====

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Cadets Training

1600

16
137

Trumpeters

Appendix "C" to Part I.Suggested W.E. for Turin Training School.Staff

Lt/Colonels	1
Captains	6
Lieutenants	5
2/Lieutenants	8
Marasciulli	12
Brigadiers and Vice/Brigadiers	49
Appuntati	4
CC.RR.	69

Totals = Officers = 20

W.O.S., N.O.O.'s
and Ptes. = 134

=====

Cadets in Training

2/Lieutenants	12
Maroscielli	
Brigadiers and	49
Vicc/Brigadiers	
Appuntati	4
CC.RR.	69

Totals = Officers = 20

W.O.S., N.C.O.'s
and Ptes. = 134

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Cadets in Training

800

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Appendix "D" to Part I.

Suggested W.E. for Territorial Inspectors.

Brigadier General	1
Lt/Colonel	1
Captains	2
Marescialli	2
Brigadieri and Vice/Brig. (Clerks)	6
Appuntati and CC.RR. (Orderlies)	4

Summary = 11 Inspectors

Brigadier Generals	11
Lt/Colonels	11
Captains	22
Marescialli	22
Brigadieri and V/Brig.	66
Appuntati and CC.RR.	44

Appuntati and CC.RR.
(Orderlies)

4

Summary = 11 Inspectors

11

Brigadier Generals

11

Lt/Colonels

22

Captains

22

Marescialli

66

Brigadieri and V/Brig.

44

Appuntati and CC.RR.

Total = Officers - 44

Other Ranks -134

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Appendix "E" to Part I.Suggested W.E.Directorate of TrainingAt CC.FR. HQ - Rome

Director	1 Brigadier General
Deputy Director	1 Colonel
Chief Staff Officer	1 Lt. Colonel
Staff Captains	2 Captains
Staff Lieutenants	3 Lieutenants
Marescialli (Clerks)	2 Marescialli
Brigadiori (Clerks)	4 Brigadiori

At each Legion HQ (21 Legions)

Supervision and co-ordination	1 Captain
Officer	1 Maresciallo
Staff	

At each Group HQ (III Groups)

Instructor	1 Maresciallo
------------	---------------

Summary :

Brig. General	1
Colonels	1
Lt. Colonels	1
Captains	23
Lieutenants	3
Marescialli	134
Brigadiori	4

At each Legion HQ (21 Legions)

Supervision and co-ordination

Officer

1 Captain

Staff

1 Maresciallo

At each Group HQ (III Groups)

Instructor

1 Maresciallo

Summary :

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Brig. General	1
Colonels	1
Lt. Colonels	1
Captains	23
Lieutenants	3
Marescialli	134
Brigadiere	4

Total :

Officers	29
WOS and NCOs	138

2 4 2 1

Appendix "F" to Part I.

Suggested re-allocation of functions of

CC.RR. Inspectorate

1. Exercise supervisory control over Legions within his jurisdiction, on all matters effecting efficiency of officers and men, efficiency of the Legions, discipline, administration, welfare, accommodation, control of clothing and equipment, transport etc, in accordance with scales, distribution of manpower according to W.E., advising and directing Legion Commanders as necessary.
2. Make to G.H.Q. such recommendations as may be advisable to increase efficiency of the CC.RR. as a whole, with special attention to co-ordination between Legions, and uniformity of practice.
3. Arrange regular meetings with Legion Commanders of from 3 to 5 adjoining Legions, where common problems can be discussed, promote co-operation between Legions, and information exchanged.
4. Visit and inspect CC.RR. stations down to Tenenzas once per year.
5. Report on the efficiency of each Legion under his jurisdiction, reporting the result of his annual inspection to H.Q. and giving a certificate of efficiency or otherwise. If inefficiency is found, he will report accordingly, together with action he has taken to effect immediate remedy, or recommendations for action by HQ.

necessary.

2. Make to G.H.Q. such recommendations as may be advisable to increase efficiency of the CC.RR. as a whole, with special attention to co-ordination between Legions, and uniformity of practice.
 3. Arrange regular meetings with Legion Commanders of from 3 to 5 adjoining Legions, where common problems can be discussed, promote co-operation between Legions, and information exchanged.
 4. Visit and inspect CC.RR. stations down to Tenonzas once per year.
 5. Report on the efficiency of each Legion under his jurisdiction, reporting the result of his annual inspection to H.Q. and giving a certificate of efficiency or otherwise. If inefficiency is found, he will report accordingly, together with action he has taken to effect immediate remedy, or recommendations for action by HQ.
2133. C.G. or his Deputy will visit Inspectors at least once per year. All Inspectors will attend a conference at HQ, at which Heads of Administrative Departments, Training Director, etc., will be present, annually, or more often as ordered by C.G.
7. Liaise with the Inspector General of P.S. (Ministry of Police Interior) on co-operation and employment of CC.RR. and other Police Agencies.
 8. Deal with such matters as may be necessary between Territorial Army Commands relating to CC.RR., especially distribution of clothing, arms etc., for CC.RR. from Territorial Commands.

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App. "F" to Part I.

9. One Officer of the Inspectors Staff will be nominated to deal with all matters concerning welfare of men in Legions under his jurisdiction paying particular attention to domestic difficulties of the men, claims re injuries on duty, maintenance of dependents of men killed on duty, etc.

10. Direct transfer of such Officers and CC.RR. from one Legion to another under his jurisdiction, for temporary duty, in the event of emergencies, (feared riots, strikes, special cases of crime etc.).

NOTE :

The following duties formerly included in Divisional and Brigade Commanders functions should be transferred :-

To Commanding General

- (a) Permission to visit CC.RR. Commands in the Colonies (if and when applicable).
- (b) Permission for Colonels and above (other than Legion Commanders) to proceed on leave.
- (c) Decision on applications for candidates for special promotion examinations for Marasciulli Maggiori, (on recommendation of Legion Commander and Director of Training).
- (d) Appeals against yearly re-enlistment, where refused by Legion Commanders.
- (e) Authorise the holding of enquiries into cases of inefficiency, indiscipline or other serious matters affecting the CC.RR. as may be necessary.
- (f) Grant leave of absence to Legions Commanders.

To Commanding General

- (a) Permission to visit CC.RR. Commands in the Colonies (if and when applicable).
- (b) Permission for Colonels and above (other than Legion Commanders) to proceed on leave.
- (c) Decision on applications for candidates for special promotion examinations for Marescialli Maggiori, (on recommendation of Legion Commander and Director of Training).
- (d) Appeals against yearly re-enlistment, where refused by Legion Commanders.
- (e) Authorise the holding of enquiries into cases of inefficiency, indiscipline or other serious matters affecting the CC.RR. as may be necessary.
- (f) Grant leave of absence to Legions Commanders.

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To Director of Training

- (.) Supervision of Training Schools, and training in Legions.
- (b) Permission for leave of absence to Commanders, vice/Commanders of Training Establishment and HQ Training Staff.
- (c) Supervision of professional instruction of Officers.

To Legion Commanders

- (a) Transfer of NCOs and privates between Legions by mutual consent, for family, health, etc, reasons.
- (b) To authorise NCOs and appuntati to marry within limits fixed by G.H.Q., forwarding particulars of applications refused to HQ.
- (c) Authorise triennial re-enlistments.

Appendix "G" to Part I.

EXISTING DUTIES OF DIVISIONAL COMMANDERS

The generals of division of the CC.RR. have the following attributions, apart from those that the G.O.C. may think proper to attribute them:

- (a) to exercise a direct command on the depending brigades and ensure the regular carrying out of duty and discipline within the limits of their respective jurisdiction.
- (b) to supervise the schools of recruiting and instruction of the CC.RR. (Legione Allievi and Central School) assigned to their respective jurisdiction, caring that the educational and didactical policy be carried out in accordance with the views of the G.O.C.
- (c) to propose to G.H.Q. the necessary steps to insure uniformity and regularity of operation of depending CC.RR. units and keep it informed of the most important questions that may present themselves.
- (d) to request G.H.Q. for the permission of inspection, either directly or indirectly, of the CC.RR. commands and units in the Dodecanese or Colonies.
- (e) to dispense for the transfer of N.C.O.s and privates from one to the other of the depending legions belonging to different brigades.
- (f) to concede leave of absence to general officers commanding brigades and to the officers commanding the schools of recruiting and instruction of the CC.RR. under their orders.
- (g) to express an absolute decision on demands of admission of candidates to competitions for special promotion and to the competition of "Marescialli Maggiori" for special appointments.
- (h) to authorise the concession of yearly reenlistments as an experiment; grant the annual reenlistment refused by legion commands; grant the annual reenlistment to G.H.Q. demands on

and keep it informed or on most of themselves.

(d) to request G.H.Q. for the permission of inspection, either directly or indirectly, of the CC.RR. commands and units in the Delecanese or Colonies.

(e) to dispose for the transfer of N.C.O.s and privates from one to the other of the depending legions belonging to different brigades.

(f) to concede leave of absence to general officers commanding brigades and to the officers commanding the schools of recruiting and instruction of the CC.RR. under their orders.

(g) to express an absolute decision on demands of admission of candidates to competitions for special promotion and to the composition of "Marescialli Maggiori" for special appointments.

(h) to authorize the concession of yearly reenlistments as an experiment; grant the annual reenlistment refused by legion commanders; transmit for ultimate decision to G.H.Q. demands on students, which they have expressed a negative decision.

(i) to authorize N.C.O.s and "appuntati" to marry, within the limits fixed by G.H.Q., forwarding to G.H.Q., for further decision, demands on which they may have expressed a negative decision.

In the interest of superior vigilance they visit depending commands so as to get acquainted with the activity and efficiency of the officers and with the questions of major importance and regulate service relations between commands, on the basis of the practical requirements of the service and of their respective sphere of action.

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App. "G" to Part I.

EXISTING DUTIES OF BRIGADE COMMANDERS

The Brigadier Generals of CC.RR. depend directly from the Commands of Division of CC.RR. in all that regards the general order and functioning of the legions and units in their jurisdiction. For all that refers to the observance of the orders that, apart from the special duties inherent to their own organisation, the "Carabinieri" have in common with the other branches of the Army, they personally depend from their Army corps commander.

They correspond directly with Army Corps and Territorial Defence H.Q. in matters of military character entrusted to the CC.RR. commands situated in the respective territory.

Brigadier Generals of CC.RR. :

- (a) Exercise a direct command on the legions and other units in their jurisdiction, and direct their attention to discipline and the special duties of the service; Forwarding suggestions to Divisional H.Q. and other competent authorities;
- (b) propose to Divisional H.Q. the necessary measures to ensure regularity of functioning of dependent CC.RR. units, and keep H.Q. informed of their routine and requirements.
- (c) direct and advise commanders directly dependent and their subalterns, intervening when necessary so as to obtain good results in every branch of the service.
- (d) assure themselves that dependent commands be well prepared to carry out all their duties in case of mobilisation, and that all instructions be kept constantly up to date with superior orders, and be of both practical and rapid execution.
- (e) verify that there be no waste of man power in Commands and offices, but only what is strictly necessary.
- (f) look after the maintenance of the

Brigadier Generals of CC.RR. :

(a) Exercise a direct command on the legions and other units in their jurisdiction, and direct their attention to discipline and the special duties of the service; forwarding suggestions to Divisional H.Q. and other competent authorities;

(b) propose to Divisional H.Q. the necessary measures to ensure regularity of functioning of dependant CC.RR. units, and keep H.Q. informed of their routine and requirements.

(c) direct and advise commandants directly dependant and their subalterns, intervening when necessary so as to obtain good results in every branch of the service.

(d) assure themselves that dependant commands be well prepared to carry out all their duties in case of mobilisation, and that all instructions be kept constantly up to date with superior orders, and be of both practical and rapid execution.

(e) verify that there be no waste of man power in Commands and offices, but only what is strictly necessary.

2139 (f) look after the professional instruction and training of their officers, with particular attention to the lieutenants newly admitted in the Service.

(g) carry out those special duties, that the Ministry of the Interior may entrust them with

(h) in the case G.H.Q. should, at the request of the Ministry of War or of the Interior charge them of particular duties for special reasons of a military, police, or public order character, they may, in agreement with the military authorities or the competent prefect, see to the coordination of the employment of the CC.RR. in the territory of the dependant legions and the division of the personnel

.....3

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App. "g" to Part I.

(i) dispose for the transfer of N.C.Os and privates from one to the other of the depending legions.

(l) authorise triennial reinlistments

(m) concede leave of absence to legion commanders, after having obtained the permit from the proper superior authority.

In the interest of a superior vigilance on dependent commands the generals :

(a) visit each of their dependent legions once a year

(b) visit the officer commands, over which, for some specified reason, a control may be useful, remembering that this, whilst taking in account the general trend of the command visited and of its dependent organs, must not descend to the station, unless for the purpose of examining the results of the action of command.

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Appendix "H" to Part I.

EXISTING DUTIES OF LEGION COMMANDERS

The Commandants of Legion carry out the obligations that devolve on corps commandant from military regulations and penal codes. On them falls therefore the high direction of duty and discipline with its consequent responsibility and vigilance on the administration and good preservation of materials.

The Legion Commandants depend directly from CC.PP. Brigade H.Q. for all that refers to the general order and functioning of the legions; and from G.H.Q. for these questions for which direct communications are consented.

In everything that refers to local military orders, independent from the special duties inherent to their own organisation, they depend from the Infantry Divisional H.Q. and Military Zone H.Q. according to circumstances.

They keep the relations, fixed by present regulations and orders, with the various Ministries and different civil military authorities.

On request they give "appuntati" and privates discharged after twelve years service without right to pension, a special certificate for acquiring the place of agent in the armed corps or of sworn guard in State administrations (communal, rural guards etc.).

They decide on demands of enlistment :

(a) of conscripts due for enrolment

(b) of ordinary volunteers

They also decide on demands of reenlistment in the CC.PP. of M.C.Os and privates of other branches of the Army, Navy and Airforce on the discharged list.

They also authorise the concession of yearly reenlistments

organization, they depend from the circumstances.

Military Zone H.Q. according to regulations and orders, with the relations, fixed by present regulations and different civil military orders, with the various Ministries and different civil military authorities.

On request they give "appuntati" and privates discharged after twelve years service without right to pension, a special certificate for acquiring the place of agent in the armed corps or of sworn guard in State administrations (communal, rural guards etc.).

They decide on demands of enlistment :

(a) of conscripts due for enrolment

(b) of ordinary volunteers

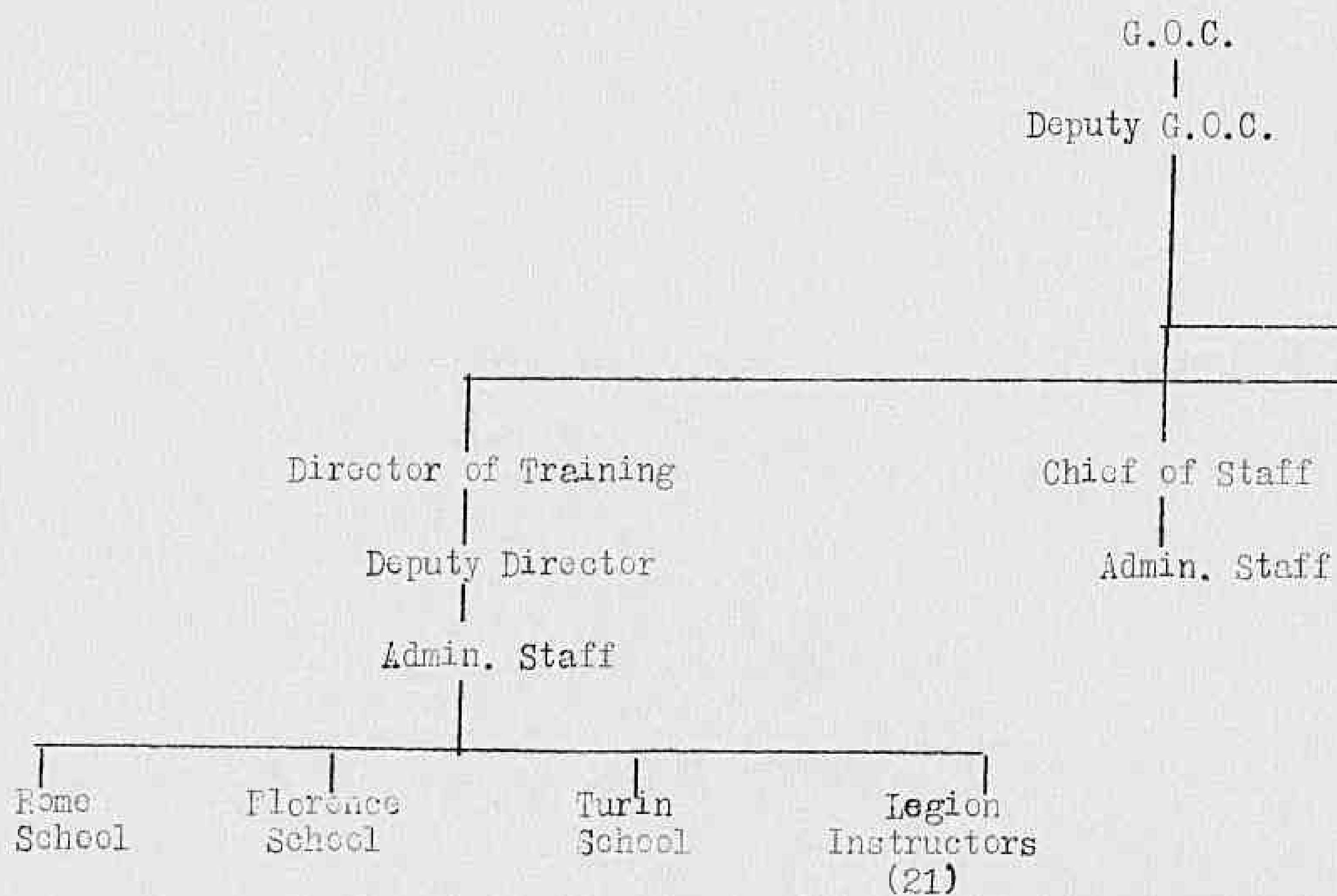
They also decide on demands of reenlistment in the CC.RR. of N.C.Os and privates of other branches of the Army, Navy and Airforce on the discharged list.

21. They also authorize the concession of yearly reenlistments subject to forwarding to G.H.Q. for ultimate decision the demands which may have been negatived.

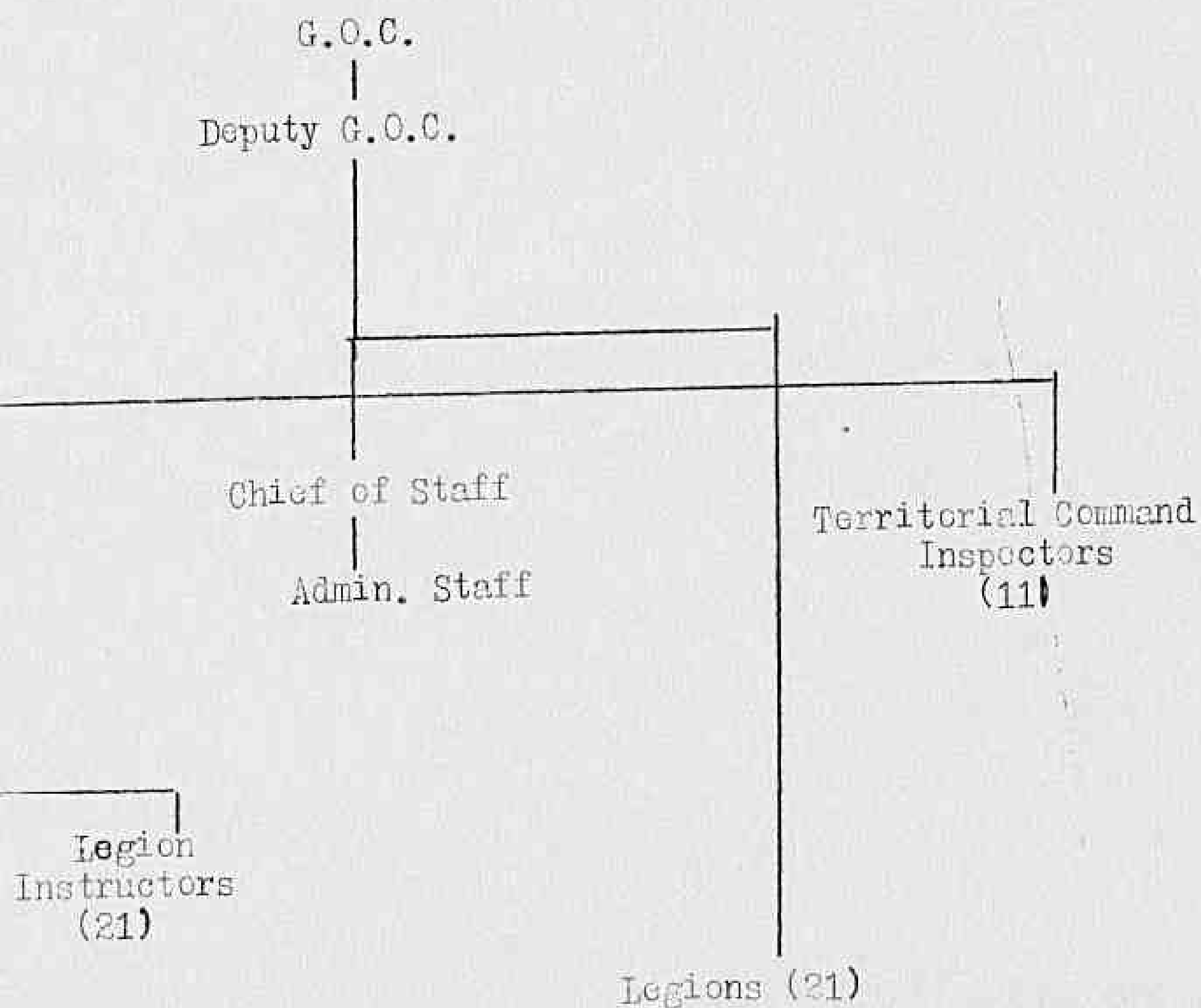
The Legion Commandants watch over the general trend of the special duties inherent to their organization and obtain from G.H.Q. all necessary dispositions for its regularity, speed and efficiency, specially caring for unity of action and cohesion amongst detached Commands.

Legion Commandants must keep in touch with the commandants of the army corps residing in the same town as the Legion H.Q.

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C.C.R.R.Proposed Chain of Command

Legions

Appendix "I" to Part I.C.C.R.R.Proposed Chain of Command

CCRR/G/12 of

June 1946RE-ORGANISATION

O F

CARABINIERIPART II

SCHOOLS AND TRAINING

RE-ORGANISATION

O F

CARABINIERI

PART II

SCHOOLS AND TRAINING

2128

SUBJECT : CC.FR. Reorganisation.

LAND FORCES SUB-COMMISSION, AG.
MIA

CCFR/G/14

June 1946.

PART II - SCHOOLS AND TRAINING

1. DIRECTORATE OF TRAINING.

- (a) (i) It is recommended that a Director of Training be appointed forthwith. It is essential that one Officer, with a good Police or Legal/Scholastic background should hold such an appointment to ensure that sound and progressive training programmes are drawn up and carried out. Further specialised training is required for prospective WCO's, Instructors, Officers, Specialists (CID, etc) and refresher courses for CCFR in Legion down to Group level.

(ii) The importance of uniformity in training, cannot be over emphasised; at present it rests with the individual School Commandants as to what syllabus shall be given, a system which has obvious disadvantages.

(iii) With a view to increasing the practical police

1. DIRECTORATE OF TRAINING.

(a) (i)

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(ii) The importance of uniformity in training, cannot be over emphasised; at present it rents with the individual School Commandants as to what syllabus shall be given, a system which has obvious disadvantages.

(iii) With a view to increasing the practical police efficiency of the GUR, recommendations are made elsewhere (Part IV) for introduction of more up to date CID methods, and this will naturally involve training in specialised subjects, which can only be done efficiently on a uniform basis, directed by a central authority.

(b) (i)

At present there are two temporary Schools, one at Bari and one at Cagliari; it is recommended that these Schools should be closed down, and all training carried out at existing recruits Schools at Rome and Turin, and the Officers/WCO's School at Florence.

(c) (i)

In addition to the training at the three Schools, it is recommended that there should be refresher courses carried out in each Legion,

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at Group level. This is being done to some extent in some Legions, but it is haphazard, depending on the zeal of the Legion Commander and the availability of suitable instructors. The lack of good men -- free of other duties -- as instructors seriously retards this scheme.

It is recommended that an Officer (Captain) be appointed by the Director of Training to each Legion as Training Officer. The Legion training officer should be responsible to the Legion Commander that the training policy of the Director of Training is thoroughly carried out.

(ii) This Officer would supervise and co-ordinate training--chiefly refresher courses, in the Legion.

(iii) Further it is recommended that there shall be appointed an Instructor (Maresciallo) to each Group HQ's working under the direction of the Training Officer, at Legion HQs.

(iv) The important point is that these instructors should be wholly employed on training, and will have been specially selected and trained in these duties.

(a) (i) Special thought has been given to W/E's for the Directorate of Training, Training Schools and Legion Instructors.

(ii) Recommended W/E's are shown as Appendices "A" "B" "C" and "D" to Part I (Organisation Report).

(iii) A detailed list of the duties of the Director of Training is given in Appendix "A" to Part II.

- (iii) Further it is recommended that there shall be appointed an instructor (Barosciallo) to each Group He's working under the direction of the Training Officer, at Legion HQs.
- (iv) The important point is that these instructors should be wholly employed on training, and will have been specially selected and trained in these duties.
- (a) (i) Special thought has been given to "E's for the Directorate of Training, Training Schools and Legion instructors.
- (ii) Recommended "E's are shown as Appendix "A" up "q" and "T" to Part I (Organisation Report).
- (iii) A detailed list of the duties of the Director o. Training is given in Appendix "A" to Part II.

2. ENLISTMENT - TERMS OF SERVICE.

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- (a) (i) These subjects are dealt with fully in Part I, paras 6 and 7, but they are matters closely related to training.
- (b) (i) It is strongly recommended that 18-20 years is minimum age at which CCM recruits should be accepted. Also that a longer term than a 3 years engagement should be introduced.
- (ii) By prolonging the engagements by a number of years, it would, after the first few years, the considerably reduce the annual discharges, the consequent intake of recruits, and have a

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stabilizing effect on the service as a whole.

(iii) The decreased annual intake of recruits will materially improve the situation at the training schools, allowing for more accommodation for classes-rooms, which is urgently needed, smaller classes, tending to more individual instruction, and eventually a surplus of trained instructors.

(c) (i) It is recommended that these instructors as they become surplus at the schools, be transferred to the Regions as Group Instructors, replacing casualties, or with the view of exchange, as continued instructional duties tends to stultify.

(ii) Even until such surpluses arise, it is recommended that exchanges should be made between instructors from the Schools and those at Groups, as those at Groups are in close touch with practical police work, while those at Schools are more conversant with theoretical training. Exchanges should react to the common good.

3. N.C.C.'s SELECTION AND PROMOTION.

(a) (i) Up to the present time all N.C.C.'s have been taken from the ranks of the CC.RR. and are given a special 3 months course at the Central School in Florence. The students are either Junior N.C.C.'s or Carabinieri who have passed the entrance examination for the course, or possess a Secondary School Certificate and have shown ability.

(ii) Even until such surpluses arise, it is recommended that exchanges should be made between instructors from the Schools and those at Genoa, as those at Genoa are in close touch with practical police work, while those at Schools are more conversant with theoretical training. Exchanges should result to the common good.

3. N.C.O.'s SELECTION AND PROMOTION.

- (a) (i) Up to the present time all N.C.O.'s have been taken from the ranks of the CC.RR. and are given a special 9 months course at the Central School in Florence. The students are either Junior N.C.O.'s or Carabinieri who have passed the entrance examination for the course, or possess a Secondary School Certificate and have shown ability.
- (ii) There has been no difficulty in finding those men from the ranks of the Carabinieri and as a rule the average N.C.C. is a sound and efficient type.
- (b) (i) With the view to increasing the standard of efficiency and attracting a better type of recruit a proposal was made some time ago by the CC.RR. HQ. to the War Ministry that approximately two thirds of the vacancies for N.C.O.'s should be kept open for men recruited direct from civilian life, of secondary School education.
- (ii) The plan is for those men to go direct to the N.C.O.'s School at Florence for 12 months training with the rank of Carabinieri. If found suitable they would then be posted to a Station to gain practical experience and at the end of the second year would be given a further course

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(Part II)

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of training and examination at Florence. The successful candidates would then pass out as Junior W.C.O.'s.

- (iii) As it is intended to give these recruits thorough training and sufficient time to gain practical experience in the field, the scheme is sound and one worthy of trial.
- (iv) No definite decision has yet been taken in this matter and at the present time the recruitment of W.C.O.'s remains unchanged.
- (c) (i) It is recommended that the scheme outlined above be adopted, and that the War Ministry be pressed to give immediate approval and put it into effect.

4. OFFICERS : ENLISTMENTS.

(a) (i) There has been no recruitment of regular C.O.'s during the past 5 years.

(ii) The following scheme has now been approved and will be given the final assent in the course of the next few days.
300 Junior Officers to be recruited as soon as possible from the following sources :-

100 from senior W.C.O.'s who passed the qualifying examination held in 1943.

100 from Junior Officers at present serving in the Italian Army.

100 from other sources, preference to be given to men who have served with distinction in the Italian Army and who have held

effect.

4. OFFICERS : ENLISTMENTS.

(a) (i) There has been no recruitment of regular CC.RR. Officers during the past 5 years.

(ii) The following scheme has now been approved and will be given the final assent in the course of the next few days.

500 Junior Officers to be recruited as soon as possible from the following sources :-

100 from senior N.C.O.'s who passed the qualifying examination held in 1943.

100 from Junior Officers at present serving in the Italian Army.

100 from other sources, preference to be given to men who have served with distinction with the Army of Liberation and who have held Army commissions.

(iii) It is proposed to give the 100 N.C.O.'s a short course in administrative matters at the Central School in Florence and put them into service immediately.

(iv) The remaining 200 from the other two sections will be selected from applications submitted to G.K.Q. CC.RR. A complete report with family history, educational attainments and other qualifications will be forwarded to the War Ministry where the selection is made. The applicants must have at least the Higher School Certificate and be not more than 28 years of age. Successful applicants will then be sent

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to the Central School, Florence for training.

- (b) (i) With regard to the 100 it is proposed to take from other than regular army officers or Carabinieri N.C.O.'s, this is subject to criticism and is liable to be abused.
- (ii) It is understood that preference will be shown to men who have given good service with recognized partisan units and who have held commissions in the Army. This is insufficient, as it means that in many cases the applicant has no previous Carabinieri experience or at most limited military training.
- (iii) It would be impracticable to mix a section of these recruits with either Junior army officers or Carabinieri N.C.O.'s and a separate training plan would have to be devised. The C.O.N. is far too important to permit sentimental reasons to interfere with recruitment, especially of officers and only the best men should be sought.
- (c) (i) As an alternative it is recommended that one half should be taken from the senior N.C.O.'s and the other half from junior officers at present serving in the Italian Army. The advantages are
 - (a) the N.C.O.'s are men of long police experience, of proved ability and would require little extra military training. This would also give a much needed fillip to promotion of N.C.O.'s.
 - (b) The Junior Army officers need no military training, are disciplined and of good education. It would be possible

these recruits with either Junior army officers or Carabinieri N.C.O.'s and a separate training-plan would have to be devised. The C.C.F. is far too important to permit sentimental reasons to interfere with recruitment, especially of officers and only the best men should be sought.

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(b) The Junior Army officers need no military training, are disciplined and of good education. It would be possible to include in this group, men who have held Army commissions recently, but who have completed their military training. The point is that men from quasi-military organisations must be avoided at all costs.

(ii)

It is recommended that the War Ministry be pressed to reconsider their scheme, and that the alternative proposal suggested by this Branch be approved and put into immediate effect.

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5. PAY.

- (a) (i) Further to the recommendations made in Part I of the Report, para II, consideration should be given to a system of "EFFICIENCY" increments in pay.
- (ii) Under the present system there is no grading of Carabinieri, and an inefficient or lazy Carabinieri may receive the same rate of pay as an efficient and zealous one.
- (iii) There is a system of awarding a monetary grant for special acts of meritorious service, which should be retained in addition to the proposed "efficiency" increments.
- (iv) Also, there an increment given at the end of each period of service of 3 years, up to the 15th year, granted on terms of service only, without regard to zeal or efficiency.
- (v) The result is that a Carabinieri who may be zealous and efficient but not possess all the required qualifications for promotion may lose incentive when the probability of his promotion is unlikely.
- (b) (i) Having regard to recommendations made elsewhere to introduce a longer period of service, it is particularly desirable that a Carabinieri should have some financial reward for efficient and zealous service.
- (c) (i) It is recommended that efficiency increments be paid to Carabinieri, the first at the end of 12 years service, and the second at the end of 17 years service.
- (ii) The increments should be pensionable, and

- (iv) Also, there an increment given at the end of each period of service of 3 years, up to the 15th year, granted on basis of service only, without regard to zeal or efficiency.
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- (c) (i) It is recommended that efficiency increments be paid to Carabinieri, the first at the end of 12 years service, and the second at the end of 17 years service.
- (ii) The increments should be pensionable, and additional to the existing "service" increments.
- (iii) They should be granted (a) automatically to a Carabinieri who has passed the qualifying entrance examination for the IGO's Course, but who may have failed to pass the final qualifying examination for promotion (subject to no other disqualification, see below) (b) to Carabinieri recommended by their Legion Commander as being efficient and zealous, and free of punishment for disciplinary offences for a period of not less than 3 years.

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6. TRAINING ESTABLISHMENTS.

- (a) (i) The accommodation and equipment necessary for the existing training programmes leaves much to be desired.
- (ii) Practically nothing has been done during the war years in the way of repairs or reconstruction, with the result that much is required particularly at the Recruits Schools at Turin and Rome.
- (iii) Turin School has only recently been re-occupied by the C.S.R.R. having been used as a Refugee Centre. It was extensively damaged during the war, but the site and layout are ideal for school purposes.
- (b) (i) It is estimated that a sum of at least 10,000,000 Lire is required for immediate repairs to make it habitable for next winter. Up to date, only 3,000,000 Lire has been granted.
- (ii) When Turin School is in good repair it can accommodate 1000 recruits, compared with the present 300, and it will then be possible to close down the provisional schools at Bari and Cagliari.
- (iii) Even under the present financial state of the country, it is considered that the estimated expenditure on this School is absolutely essential.
- (iv) The War Ministry is apt to overlook the fact that there is a lag of 6 years in ordinary repairs to make up, plus the war damage.
- (c) (i) It is recommended that the War Ministry be

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- (iii) Even under the present financial state of the country, it is considered that the estimated expenditure on this School is absolutely essential.
- (iv) The War Ministry is not to overlook the fact that there is a lag of 6 years in ordinary repairs to make up, plus the war damage.
- (c) (i) It is recommended that the War Ministry be pressed to approve the necessary expenditure to make this School habitable for 1000 recruit and Staff before next winter.
- (ii) It is stated that most of the required materials are available in the Turin district.
- (d) (i) Rome School is totally inadequate for present requirements and training suffers accordingly
- (ii) Approximately 1/3rd of the accommodation is occupied by the COO and his Staff, and no improvement can be expected until this accommodation is returned to the School Staff and recruits.

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- (iii) Considerable improvement in training should result when the whole of the school buildings become available for the school purposes.
- (e) (i) It is recommended that immediate action be taken by the War Ministry to provide suitable alternative accommodation for the GOC and his staff.
- (f) (i) Chiefly as a result of the War, very little money has been spent on equipment for training establishments.
- (ii) The following items are considered urgent necessities both for present training and to enlarge the scope of programmes :-

Cadets School, Rome

- Equipping of dining rooms for 1500 cadets, with chairs and tables (at the present time they have to take their meals outside standing).
- Desks and chairs for class rooms for 1500 cadets. (What little class room equipment exist at the moment is old and dilapidated).
- Re-equipping of two gymnasiums and the supply of gym shoes.
- The fitting of a photographic Dept with cameras, enlargers, opidiscopes for lecture purposes.
- Signal equipment for signal course.
- Typewriters for stenography course.
- Re-equipment of libraries and rooms for private studies.

(iii) Similar items are required for the Schools at

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Cadets School, Rome

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Desks and chairs for class rooms for 1500 cadets. (What little class room equipment exist at the moment is old and dilapidated.).

Re-equipping of two gymnasiums and the supply of gym shoes.

The fitting of a photographic Dept with cameras, enlargers, episcopes for lecture purposes.

Signal equipment for signal course. Typewriters for stenography course. Re-equipment of libraries and rooms for private studies.

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(iii) Similar items are required for the Schools at Turin and Florence.

It is realised that a considerable amount of money is required, but it is emphasised that the initial training and environment in which a recruit finds himself is so important that the expenditure is more than justified.

(g) (i) It is recommended that a small Commission be formed to review the whole position of requirements, costs and availabilities, and make recommendations to the War Ministry for immediate action.

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7. TEXT-BOOKS.

- (a) (i) Chiefly as a result of the war, little attention has been given to the compilation of a standard text-book of instruction.
- (ii) One is in circulation but it does not meet modern requirements.
- (b) (i) It is recommended that work should be commenced at once on a new edition, for issue to each Carabinieri.

8. CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION.

- (a) (i) The formation of an efficient Criminal Investigation Department embracing specialised knowledge of finger-print work, modus operandi system, Criminal records, forensic science and dissemination of information, is considered to be essential for the efficiency of the CC.PP. force.
- (ii) Detailed recommendations are made in Part IV.
- (iii) This Part II will deal only with the training aspect of the specialist staff required for this very important work.
- (b) (i) Very little use has been made of finger-prints as a means of identification by the CC.PP., and there are no trained personnel in the service.
- (ii) The Scientific Police Section (Public Safety, depending from the Ministry of Interior) in

The formation of an efficient criminal investigation Department embracing specialized knowledge of finger-print work, means operandi system, Criminal records, forensic science and dissemination of information, is considered to be essential for the efficiency of the CC.PP. hereof.

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Very little use has been made of finger-prints as a means of identification by the CC.PP. and there are no trained personnel in the service.

- (ii) The Scientific Police Section (Public Safety, depending from the Ministry of Interior) in Rome, have for many years classified finger-prints and are supposed to serve the whole country.

- (iii) The Department also has a number of trained men attached to each Questura in the Country, but owing to depleted staff, improper use of trained men, and lack of interest by responsible officials, this important section of Police work has been neglected.

- (iv) As a result, the Police agencies as a whole are not taking advantage of a fairly efficient Finger Print Department operating in Rome.

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(Part II)

- (iv) Lack of liaison between CCRR, Questura and Prison Officials, results in many discrepancies. Many persons arrested for serious crimes are not finger-printed though the chances are that they may be wanted in other parts of the Country.
- (c) (i) Closely related to the above are criminal records and circulation of information, which have been neglected and also shows a lack of liaison between the principal Police agencies.
- (ii) The CC.RR. are responsible for dealing with a large percentage of serious crimes, often in localities where there is no close contact with Questura officials, and it is considered that they should have some knowledge and facilities to make effective use of finger-prints and marks/traces found at scenes of crime.
- (a) (i) It is recommended that as a means of identification of arrested persons, and to assist in the detection of crime, that (a) 25 Tenontli or Carabinieri be given expert instruction at the Public Safety Department in Rome. When trained, they should be posted to Legions to carry out these specialised duties: (b) elementary instruction be given to the students at the CCRR training establishments. (c) a supply of finger-print cards and of finger-print equipment be provided for use at each Tenonza.
- (ii) It would be necessary to obtain the cooperation of the Ministry of Interior, so that qualified instructors could be seconded from

with Quoture officials, and it is recommended that they should have some knowledge and facilities to make effective use of fingerprints and marks/traces found at scenes of crime.

- (d) (i) It is recommended that as a means of identification of arrested persons, and to assist in the detection of crime, that (a) 25 Tenenti or Maroscielli be given expert instruction at the Public Safety Department in Reno. When trained, they should be posted to Legions to carry out these specialised duties: (b) elementary instruction be given to the students at the CORR training establishments. (c) a supply of finger-print cards and of finger-print equipment be provided for use at each Tenenza.

- (ii) It would be necessary to obtain the cooperation of the Ministry of Interior, so that qualified instructors could be seconded from Public Safety to CORR schools.

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- (iii) No great expense would be involved, and results should show how important is this branch of Police work.

9. RECREATIONAL TRAINING.

- (a) (i) An important feature of school programmes is recreational training. As mentioned above gymnasium equipment is an urgent necessity.
- (ii) In addition, there is a lack at each school of suitable sports grounds and equipment.

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(b) (i) It is recommended that provision be made in the financial estimates for funds to rent sports grounds and buy equipment.

10. SYLLABI.

(a) (i) The attached syllabi have been carefully checked and agreed with the CC.IR. HQ.

(ii) As a result of representations by this Branch, more time is being given to instruction in practical police duty.

(iii) It is recommended that the syllabi are approved and continued.

(iv) The syllabi are shown at Appendices B, C, D, to Part II.

END OF PART II

(iv) The syllabi are shown at Appendices B, C, D, to Part II.

END OF PART II

Appendix "A" to Part II.

DIRECTOR OF TRAINING

LIST OF DUTIES

- (a) Screening of the present teaching staff and instructors.
- (b) Arranging of instructors courses.
- (c) Review of syllabi and amendments.
- (d) Employment of specialist instructors from outside the CC.RR. service.
- (e) Systemisation of the training programme.
- (f) Maintenance of schools and supervision of training.
- (g) Preparation of examinations.
- (h) Introduction of organised games, provision of sports ground and equipment.
- (i) Re-organisation of refresher courses at Group level.
- (j) Appointment of specialist officers.
- (k) Training of specialists i.e. Finger prints, modus

- (c) Review of syllabus and
- (d) Employment of specialist instructors from outside the CC.RR. service.
- (e) Systemisation of the training programme.
- (f) Maintenance of schools and supervision of training.
- (g) Preparation of examinations.
- (h) Introduction of organised games, provision of sports ground and equipment.
- (i) Re-organisation of refresher courses at Group level.
- (j) Appointment of specialist officers.
- (k) Training of specialists i.e., Finger prints, modus Operandi, Criminal Records, C.I.D; personnel and clerks.

21044 Compilation of Standard text-books.

Appendix "B" to Part II

CCRR GENERAL COMMAND HQ

PROGRAMME FOR OFFICERS.

OFFICERS COURSE OF TRAINING FOR 1 LIEUTS OF INFANTRY
CAVALRY, ARTILLERY AND ENGINEERS RECRUITED TO THE
CAPTAINIERY AND FOR SENIOR NCO's OF THE CC.RR.

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(Translation)

OFFICERS COURSE OF TRAINING FOR 1 LIEUTS OF INFANTRY
CAVALRY, ARTILLERY AND ENGINEERS RECRUITED TO THE
CARAPINIERI AND FOR SENIOR NCO'S OF THE CC.RR.

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(Translation)

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App. "B" to Part II

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COURSE OF TRAINING FOR OFFICERSSubjects dealt with in the course of training.

1. Technical training.
2. Military Law.
3. Penal Code.
4. Penal Proceedings.
5. Penal Code of War. Penal Code of Peace.
6. P.S. Laws and Regulations.
7. Scientific Instruction.
8. Information Service - Military Police.
9. Training in correspondence, files and criminal records.
10. Book-keeping.
11. Horsemanship and maintenance of horses.
12. Physical Training.
13. Construction and use of motor vehicles.
14. Miscellaneous subjects.

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- " 2. Military law.
- " 3. Penal Code.
- " 4. Penal Proceedings.
- " 5. Penal Code of War.
- " 6. P.S. Laws and Regulations.
- " 7. Scientific Instruction.
- " 8. Information Service - Military Police.
- " 9. Training in correspondence, files and criminal records.
- " 10. Book-keeping.
- " 11. Horsemanship and maintenance of horses.
- " 12. Physical Training.
- " 13. Construction and use of motor vehicles.
- " 14. Miscellaneous subjects.

App. "B" to Part II

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COMPLEMENTARY TRAINING

- (a) Complementary Training to be examined on
N. II. Horsemanship and maintenance.
- (b) Complementary Training NOT to be examined on
N. 12. Physical Training.
- (c) Complementary Training not taken into consideration
at final examination.
N. 14. Miscellaneous subjects.

- (b) Complementary Training NOT to be examined on
N. 12. Physical Training.
- (c) Complementary Training not taken into consideration
at final examination.
N. 14. Miscellaneous subjects.

App. "B" to Part II

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N. 1. TECHNICAL TRAINING.

- (a) History of C.C.P.R.
- (b) Instructions, organisation and character of the Corps.
- (c) Special work of Officers and N.C.O.s and particularly of the Commanders of stations and Tenenzas.
- (d) Jurisdiction - connection with military and civil authorities.
- (e) Principles dealt within the "Nota Preliminare" of the General instructions.
- (f) Instruction and education of CRs.
- (g) C.C.P.R. duties. Behaviour and general duties of the C.C.P.R. service.
- (h) Ordinary service - activities of C.C.P.R. on duty.
- (i) Eventual service " "
- (j) Information service.
- (k) Organisation and service in the Barracks - Barrack equipment.
- (l) Periodical checks. - Training and equipment.
- (m) Changes of residence.
- (n) Discipline - faults and penalties.
- (o) Check on service and discipline.
- (p) General policy on the preparation of personal remarks on N.C.O.s
- (q) The C.C.P.R. Officer;

N. 2. MILITARY LAW.

- (a) Operations on the recruiting - refusal to join the Army-- Duties of C.C.P.R. Corps.
- (b) Recruiting abroad.
- (c) Recruiting of C.C.P.R. - Extension of period of service.
- (d) Promotion of CRs.
- (e) Promotion of time serving officers.

- (19) Ordinary service - activities of COAR on duty.
 (i) " " "
 (j) Eventual service.
 (k) Information service.
 (l) Organisation and service in the Barracks - Barrack equipment.
 (1) Periodical checks. - Training and equipment.
 (m) Changes of residence.
 (n) Discipline - faults and penalties.
 (o) Check on service and discipline.
 (p) General policy on the preparation of personal remarks on R.C.O.s
 (q) The CCRR Officer;

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- (a) Operations on the recruiting - refusal to join the Army - Duties of CCRR Corps.
 (b) Recruiting abroad.
 (c) Recruiting of CCRR - Extension of period of service.
 (d) Promotion of ORs.
 (e) Promotion of time serving officers.

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N. 3. PENAL CODE.

- (a) Penal law; Succession of penal law regulations - Duty to obey the penal law; Crimes committed abroad - Political crimes - Penalties - Reckoning, comparing and changing of penalties.
 (b) Division of crimes; crimes and infractions - intentional breaches, breaches beyond intentions; non intentional breaches; cases of physical and non-physical accidents - circumstances of the crime and their influence on the penalty.

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App. "B" to Part II

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PENAL CODE (Contd)

- (c) Responsibilities of crimes. Causes which may have an influence on the responsibility - habitual criminals etc.
- (d) Attempts to commit crime - accomplices in crime - persons offended or damaged by the crime.
- (e) Causes annulling a crime - suspension of penalty - conditional release.
- (f) Action of P.S. authorities - work of surveilling judge.
- (g) Crimes against the Government.
- (h) Crimes against Public Administration.
- (i) Crimes against the Administration of Justice.
- (j) Crimes against religious feelings, against piety to the dead, against public order and security.
- (k) Crimes against public faith, public economy, industry and commerce.
- (l) Crimes against morality and decency, against the health and integrity of the race, against a family.
- (m) Crimes against individuals.
- (n) Crimes against patrimony.
- (o) Branches of police administration and regulations and of regulations on the social activities of the public administration.

NOTE.

After a full explanation of the a/m subjects an explanation will also be given as to the logical and juridical causes.

N. 4. PENAL PROCEEDINGS.

- (a) Penal actions - personal responsibility-civil actions.
- (b) Judicial Police and their functions - officials and agents of the Judicial Police - reports of the Judicial Police -

- (l) Crimes against morality and decency, against the integrity of the race, against a family.
- (m) Crimes against individuals.
- (n) Crimes against patrimony.
- (o) Breaches of police administration and regulations and of regulations on the social activities of the public administration.

NOTE.

After a full explanation of the a/m subjects an explanation will also be given as to the logical and juridical causes.

N. 4. PENAL PROCEEDINGS.

- (a) Penal actions -- personal responsibility-civil actions.
- (b) Judicial Police and their functions -- officials and agents of the Judicial Police -- reports of the Judicial Police -- inspections, searches, confiscations and patrols.
- (c) Persons arrested in the commission of a crime; juridical instruction in such cases -- duty or faculty to arrest them -- holding of suspected persons.
- (d) Orders of Judicial authorities, warrants for arrest -- provisional liberty.
- (e) Jurisdiction (of territory or competence)
- (f) Penal sentences -- types and degrees of penal sentence -- Proceedings by decree and rapid proceedings; organisation of the "Corti di Cassazione".
- (g) Execution of sentences -- carrying out of sentences and fines -- Identification of the person charged. Duties of surveilling Judge and his authority.
- (h) Methods of appeals and re-examination; special hearings for minors (less than 18 yrs).
- (i) Amnesties, grace and re-habilitation.

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App. "E" to Part II

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PENAL PROCEEDINGS (Contd.)

- (j) Carrying out of security measures - records.
- (k) Italian Judicial System; Career of Magistrates, ranks and functions.

N. 5. MILITARY PENAL CODE OF PEACE AND WAR.

- (a) Military penal law; persons who are bound to obey it - Penal law in peace time and cases when it is applied - military penalties.
- (b) Military crimes - administrative security steps.
- (c) Crimes against faithfulness and against military defence.
- (d) Crimes against military service and discipline.
- (e) Special crimes against the military administration, persons and patrimony.
- (f) Military penal law of war and cases when it is applied - military crimes and penalties in war time.
- (g) Penal proceedings, military jurisdiction - preliminary acts of instruction and work of judicial military police.

M. 6. LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF P.S.

- (a) Police administration; objects of the police; police divisions, security police, press regulations - public order.
- (b) P.S. organisation in Italy and its aims. Determination of qualities of P.S. officials and agents.
- (c) Authority of the P.S. - Identity cards.
- (d) Public meetings and crowding in public places; religious ceremonies outside the churches; civil and religious processions - Duties of the CC.PH.
- (e) Arms - permit to carry - manufacture - collection - sale and distribution.
- (f) Dangerous and noisy industries - professions and industries liable to cause trouble.

- (f) Military Penal Law of war and cases when it is applied - military crimes and penalties in war time.
- (g) Penal proceedings, military jurisdiction - preliminary acts of instruction and work of judicial military police.

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- (d) Public meetings and crowding in public places; religious ceremonies outside the churches; civil and religious processions - Duties of the CC.PP.
- (e) Arms - permit to carry - manufacture - collection - sale and distribution.
- (f) Dangerous and noisy industries - professions and industries liable to cause trouble.

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- Regulations on public shows and entertainments, public places, agencies - printing offices - posting of notices - pedlars.
- (h) Private investigating offices - Aliens.
- (i) Special instruction on classes of persons considered dangerous to public society.
- (j) Prostitution - instruction to forbid the trading of women and children.
- (k) Discipline of associations - organisations working in Italy and in the colonies.

N. 7. SCIENTIFIC INSTRUCTION.

- (a) Organisation, aims and methods of the scientific section - reports and identification.

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App. "B" to Part II

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SCIENTIFIC INSTRUCTION (Contd)

- (b) Descriptions of wanted persons and important physical particulars.
- (c) Reports by description -- by photograph -- anthropometric -- descriptive report -- finger prints.
- (d) Central Criminal Records Office -- inter-change of information of criminal records.
- (e) Psychology -- diseases of the brain. Emotions and passions in connection with crime. Degrees of insanity.
- (f) Psychological examination of the criminal -- Biological records Bulletin of re-searches.
- (g) Division of criminals into classes in accordance with Penal Code.
- (h) Collective criminality -- criminal groups and crowds.
- (i) Visits to scenes of crime and judicial activity.
- (j) Methods of questioning -- value of witnesses. Identification.
- (k) Scientific enquiries in crimes of violence and cases of insanity.
- (l) Forensic medicine and use of scientific aids.

N. 3. INFORMATION SERVICE MILITARY POLICE.

- (a) Organisation of the information service.
- (b) Preventive steps to be taken among the soldiers in order to keep a military secret.
- (c) Espionage.
- (d) Counter-espionage.
- (e) Military Police -- organisation and means -- aims -- tasks of the COAR -- co-operation of other executive bodies in the military police services.
- (f) Italian laws on espionage.

N. 3. TRAINING ON CORRESPONDENCE, FILES, RECORDS, ETC.

- (j) Method of questioning - value of questions.
- (k) Scientific enquiries in crimes of violence and cases of insanity.
- (l) Forensic medicine and use of scientific aids.

II. 8. INFORMATION SERVICE MILITARY POLICE.

- (a) Organisation of the information service.
- (b) Preventive steps to be taken among the soldiers in order to keep a military secret.
- (c) Espionage.
- (d) Counter-espionage.
- (e) Military Police - organisation and means - aims - tasks of the CORR - co-operation of other executive bodies in the military police services.
- (f) Italian laws on espionage.

II. 9. TRAINING ON CORRESPONDENCE, FILES, RECORDS, ETC.

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- (a) Aim, limits and divisions of the written work - classification in the station-command HQ and Officer commanding HQ. - Files.
 - (b) Letters - reports - "processi verbali" - signals - archives.
 - (c) Report on situation - matters of 1st and 2nd Divisions referred to in the situation report or in special letters or reports.
 - (d) Records of 3 Divisions. Reports on serious crimes and on special facts (Circular letter - Comando Arma Italia Livorno).
 - (e) Checks of the station commanders on the facts to be reported. Facts and arrests which can interest the military authorities.

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App. "E" to Part II

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TRAINING ON CORRESPONDENCE, FILES, RECORDS, ETC. (Contd)

- (f) Special reports on serious and important facts -- Reports on discipline which are connected with ordinary duty.
- (g) Practical regulations on the making out of the reports and of the office-letters, specially on the disciplinary reports and on reports on service.

N. 10. BOOKKEEPING.

- (a) Administration of the CCR sections -- Men and horses.
- (b) Salaries of the troops -- and of the officers.
- (c) Book-keeping of the station.
- (d) Book-keeping on the expenses charged on other Ministries.
- (e) Book-keeping on barracks equipment.

COMPLEMENTARY TRAINING
complementary training to be examined on;N. 11. HORSEMANSHIP AND HORSEKEEPING.

The Officers who take part in the course of training will learn how to ride a horse both in a riding-school and on the streets, in order to be able to ride in the correct position at any time. They will be trained on the following subjects;

- the body of the horse.
- the horse-blankets.
- the water and food.
- the hygiene of the horses' feet and the horse-shoes.
- diseases and their treatment.

COMPLEMENTARY TRAINING NOT to be examined on.N. 12. PHYSICAL TRAINING.

Physical training is not to be examined on. The course of training is to be given to all officers and men who are trained.

Complementary training to be examined on;

N. 11. HORSEMANSHIP AND HORSEKUPPING.

The Officers who take part in the course of training will learn how to ride a horse both in a riding-school and on the streets, in order to be able to ride in the correct position at any time. They will be trained on the following subjects;

- the body of the horse.
- the horse-blankets.
- the water and food.
- the hygiene of the horses' feet and the horse-shoes.
- diseases and their treatment.

COMPLEMENTARY TRAINING NOT to be examined on;

N. 12. PHYSICAL TRAINING.

In addition to the Standard P.T. course officers are trained in practical ju-jitsu and fencing with sword and sabre.

Complementary Training not to be taken into consideration at the final results.

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App. "B" to Part II

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N. 13. MOTOR-CAR DRIVING AND MOTOR-CYCLE RIDING.

Such training completes the programme of the "technical means" of the Academy of Infantry and Cavalry Modena and the programme of the training of the NCOs of CCR; it enables the officers to drive military motor-vehicles and to know the causes of break-downs, the spare parts, etc.. It consists in;

- (a) learning the names of the parts of the vehicles, their use and their importance.
- (b) learning how to find any trouble in the engine and how to deal with it.
- (c) learning how to put the pieces together and how to separate the different parts (most common ways to do it)
- (d) training on the use of trailers and trailers.
- (e) driving school.

N. 14. CONVERSATIONS ON VARIOUS SUBJECTS.

II. 14. CONVERSATIONS ON VARIOUS SUBJECTS.

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App. "B" to Part II.

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EXAMINATIONS

List of subjects taught at the training school for 1st Lt's of Infantry Cavalry, Artillery, and Engineers who wish to be transferred to the OCRR divided into groups as they are at the examinations;

Number of Subjects	No. of Programs	S u b j e c t	Duration of Examination
1	-	Development of a thesis of professional character	4 hrs
2	1	Technical Training.....	
3	3 4 5	Penal Code..... Penal Proceedings..... Military Penal Code of Peace and Military Penal Code of War.....	
4	6 7	Laws and Regulations of PS..... Scientific Police.....	
5	2 8	Military Law..... Information Service - Military Police.....	
6	9	Training on Correspondence, Files	

1	-	Development of a thesis of professional character	4 hrs
2	1	Technical Training.....	
3	3 4 5	Penal Code..... Penal Proceedings..... Military Penal Code of Peace and Military Penal Code of War.....	
4	6 7	Laws and Regulations of PS..... Scientific Police.....	
5	2 8	Military Law..... Information Service - Military Police.....	
6	9 10	Training on Correspondence, files records, etc..... Bookkeeping.....	
7	11	Complementary Training to be examined on: Horsemanship (x), Hrsoo-keeping.....	
	12	Complementary Training not to be examined on: Physical Training..... Professional capacity...	

(x) Each officer has to show that he
is a capable horseman.

Appendix "G" to Part II

PROGRAM IS OF INSTRUCTION - EXTRACTS FOR THE CADET NOG'S

(Translation)

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

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App. "G" to Part II

MINISTRY OF WAR

Nr. 3490 bis

APPENDIX TO THE RULE OF INTER SERVICE OF THE CARBON-
NIBER CENTRAL SCHOOL (approved by the Ministry - signal Nr.
35326 on 12/2/1933)

PROGRAMS OF INSTRUCTION, EXTRACTS FOR THE NCO'S CADETS,

Programme Nr. 1	Italian Language
" 2	Ordinary Penal Code
" 3	Code of Penal Proceeding
" 4	Military Penal Code
" 5	Notes of Public Law, Social Legislation, Special Penal Legislation.
" 6	P.S. Law and Rules.
" 7	Notes of signalment, identification and technical enquiries of judicial police.
" 8	Organic and General Rule of GCRN and organic notions.
" 9	Instruction on records-keeping.

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Programme Nr. 1	Italian Language
" 2	Ordinary Penal Code
" 3	Code of Penal Proceedings
" 4	Military Penal Code
" 5	Notes of Public Law, Social Legislation, Special Penal Legislation.
" 6	P.S. Law and Rules.
" 7	Notes of signalment, identification and technical enquiries of judicial police.
" 8	Organic and General Rule of CCRH and organic notions.
" 9	Instruction on records-keeping.
" 10	Book-keeping of the station.
" 11	Military Discipline Rules.
" 12	Instructions on weapons, shooting and explosives.
" 13	Horse-keeping (for the Mounted police cadets only).
" 14	Dispositions on advancement of CCRH.
" 15	War Service and War Informations Service.

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App. "C" to Part II

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|---------------|----|--|
| Programme Nr. | 16 | Rule of the individual training and rule of collective infantry training.
Instructions on horse back (for Mounted Police cadets only.). |
| " | " | 17 Physical education (gymnastic, cycling and horsemanship for Mounted Police Cadets). |
| " | " | 18 Foreign Languages: English, French, German |
| " | " | 19 Supplementary Instructions for which no examination is required. |
| " | " | 20 Professional practice. |
| " | " | 21 Courses of Special training. |

PROGRAMME Nr. 1Italian Language

By a properly selected thesis, the cadet MCC's will be exercised to write down his ideas, logically, concisely and correctly, using legible hand-writing.

The exercises will be read in the class by the teacher, who will point out the errors in order that everybody can profit from the corrections.

Written examination will be given and will consist in a talk or letter, extraneous to the facts of service, the theme being given by the HQ of 2nd OCRR Division 'Podgora'.

PROGRAMME Nr. 2Ordinary Penal Code.

PROGRAMME Nr. 1Italian Language

By a properly selected thesis, the cadet NEO's will be exercised to write down his ideas, logically, concisely and correctly, using logical hand-writing.

The exercises will be read in the class by the teacher, who will point out the errors in order that everybody can profit from the corrections.

Written examination will be given and will consist in a tale or letter, extraneous to the facts of service, the theme being given by the HQ of and CORF Division, "Podgora".

PROGRAMME Nr. 2Ordinary Penal Code.

21st thesis - Brief notes on the Penal Code and its repertition.
Notes on crime and penalty: Inadmissibility of not knowing the Penal Law. Penalties: their particulars.

2nd " - Distinction of crimes. Punishments. Crime committed and attempted crime.

3rd " - Circumstances of crime. Complicity to crime. Continual crime.

4th " - Professional crime. Tendency to crime.

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App. "C" to Part II

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PROGRAMME Nr 2 (Contd.)

- 5th thesis - Complicity of persons to crime: denunciation. Causes of crime and penalty.
- 6th " - Administrative measures of Security.
- 7th " - Notes of the principal offences against members of Government.
- 8th " - Notes of principal offences against public administr.
- 9th " - Notes of principal offences against the administration of justice, religious feelings, respect of deceased persons and public order.
- 10th " - Notes of principal offences against public economy, industry and commerce etc. Offences against society.
- 11th " - Notes of principal offences against public moral, against the integrity and good health of the family, against persons.
- 12th " - Notes of principal offences against property.
- 13th " - Offences against public order and public quiet; Prevention of same kind of offences, moral squad and the social activity of public administration.
- 14th " - Fascist crimes and illegal dealings; Means of punishment.

PROGRAMME Nr. 3Code of Penal Proceedings.

- 1st " - Penal action created by the offences: report, statement, denunciation, complaint, request and claim.
- 2nd " - Duties of the Judicial Police: Officers and Agents

- 11th " - Notes of principal offences against public moral, against the integrity and good health of the family, against persons.
- 12th " - Notes of principal offences against property.
- 13th " - Offences against public order and public quiet; Prevention of same kind of offence, moral squad and the social activity of public administration.
- 14th " - Fascist crimes and illegal dealings; Means of punishment.

PROGRAMME Nr. 3

Code of Penal Proceedings.

- 1st " - Penal action created by the offence: report, statement, denunciation, complaint, request and claim.
- 2nd " - Duties of the Judicial Police. Officers and Agents of Judicial Police. Auxiliary members of Judicial Police. Reports of Officers and Agents of J.P. with the Judicial Authority. Reports and Questioning reports.
- 2100 3rd " - Judicial Police: inspections, searches, sequestration of the bodies of crime, summary investigation and confrontation. Unlawful arrest of persons. Disciplinary action against Officers and Agents of J.P. Professional secret.

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App. "C" to Part II.

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PROGRAMME Nr 3 (Contd)

4th thesis - Flagrante. Obligatory and facultative arrest. Arrest of persons suspected. Delivery of prisoners to the Judicial Authority. Warrants and their serving, persons in hiding. Policy for young offenders (under 16 years). Juvenile Court. Serving of sentences. Security measures.

PROGRAMME Nr. 4Military Penal Code

1st thesis - Peace time Military Penal Code. Military punishments. Notes on military offense, offenders, imposing and serving of penalty, extinction of the offense and of punishment, administrative security measures.

2nd " - Offences against military defence.

3rd " - Offences against military service.

4th " - Offences against military discipline.

5th " - Special offences against military administration, persons and property. Notes on military personnel on leave, mobilized civilian personnel, persons extraneous to the Armed Forces of the State, request of penal proceeding.

6th " - War time military penal code, military offenses and penalties.

7th " - General dispositions concerning military offences in War time and crimes against faith and military defence.

8th " - Offences against War Service.

9th " - Notes on chief offenses against the law and policy

serving of penalty, extinction of the offence and of punishment, administrative security measures.

- 2nd " -- Offences against military defence.
- 3rd " -- Offences against military service.
- 4th " -- Offences against military discipline.
- 5th " -- Special offences against military administration, persons and property. Notes prepared by Military personnel on leave, mobilized civilian personnel, persons extraneous to the Armed Forces of the State, request of penal proceedings.
- 6th " -- War time military penal code, military offences and penalties.
- 7th " -- General dispositions concerning military offences in war time and crimes against faith and military defence.
- 8th " -- Offences against War Service.
- 9th " -- Notes on chief offences against the Law and Policy of War.
- " -- Notes on military penal proceedings in peace and in war time, with particular attention to those concerning the CC.RM.

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PROGRAMME Nr. 5

Motions of Public Law, Social
Legislation, Special Penal
Legislation.

1st thesis -- Control and outer organs of the State Administration.

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App. "C" to Part II.

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PROGRAMME Nr. 5 (Contd.)

- 2nd thesis - Brief notes on the General Italian Confederation of Labour and the functioning of Syndicates.
- 3rd " - Notes on laws concerning the protection of labour, employment and discipline of apprentices.
- 4th " - Notes on the present policy concerning insurance.
- 5th " - Notes on the law concerning: hunting and protection of animals; fishing; forest police.
- 6th " - Notes on Sanitary Law, Law on lunatic asylums and lunatics.
- 7th " - Notes on dispositions concerning the repression of offences against food veterinary law and the discipline of commerce and prices.
- 8th " - Notes concerning dispositions on weight and measures, marking of precious metals, press.
- 9th " - Notes on Road Police.

PROGRAMME Nr. 6P.S. Law and Rules

- 1st thesis - Notes on P.S. service. Police measures and their serving. Authorisations of the police.
- 2nd " - Officers and Agents of P.S., Authorized and unauthorized, public meetings.
- 3rd " - Policy concerning weapons. Prevention of accidents.
- 4th " - Dangerous industries and noisy works. Public shows and assemblies. Shops, Bars, Hotels etc.
- 5th " - Printers and similar. Public Agencies. Gambling

- 23rd " - Notes concerning dispositions on "Bright and Measures, marking of precious metals, pions.
- 24th " - Notes on Road Police.
- PROGRAMME No. 2
P.S. Law and Rules
- 1st thirds - Notes on P.S. services. Police measures and their serving. Authorizations of the police.
- 2nd " - Officers and Agents of P.S., Authorized and unauthor, public meetings.
- 3rd " - Policy concerning weapons. Prevention of accidents.
- 4th " - Dangerous industries and noisy works. Public shows and assemblies. Shops, Bars, Hotels etc.
- 5th " - Printers and similar. Public Agencies. Gambling professions. Particular guards and private investigating offices. Residence of foreigners in the Kingdom.
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- 6th " - Persons dangerous to society, dispositions concerning particularly to warning and "police bounds".
- 7th " - Prostitution.
- 8th " - Associations, Firms and Institutions. Public Danger and State of War.

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App. "C" to Part II

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PROGRAMME Nr. 7

Notes of signals, identification
and technical enquiries of judicial
police.

- 1st thesis - Signals (report on persons) and identification.
- 2nd " - Particulars of a person and description.
- 3rd " - Notes on Finger-Prints, photographic and anthropometric records.
- 4th " - Information Forms. Informations by wire. Warrants for wanted persons. Previous convictions records.
- 5th " - Inquiring of technical and judicial Police. Search on the part of crime.
- 6th " - Examination of corpse.
- 7th " - Notes on criminal technique.
- 8th " - Technical notes. Informations, questionings, Reports.

PROGRAMME Nr. 8

Organical and General Rules
of the Carabinieri

- 1st thesis - Institutions and prerogatives, Notes on general rules, strength and recruiting of CC.M.
- 2nd " - Dependence from and reports with the Civil and Military Authorities of the Commands of stations.
- 3rd " - Advises on instructions.
- 4th " - Order of service Conduct.

- 5th " - Inquiry of technical and judicial Police. Search on 3rd part of crime.
- 6th " - Examination of corpse.
- 7th " - Notes on criminal techniques.
- 8th " - Technical notes. Informations, Questionings. Reports.

PROGRAM Nr. 8

Organical and General Rules of the Carabinieri

- 1st thesis - Institutions and prerogatives. Notes on general rules, strength and recruiting of C.C.R.
- 2nd " - Dependence from and reports with the Civil and Military Authorities of the Commands of stations.
- 3rd " - Advises on instructions.
- 4th " - Order of service. Conduct.
- 5th " - Duties and attributions of the commander of the Station.
- 6th " - Ordinary service with a particular regard to patrols, inspections, correspondence, transport of prisoners, services during meetings and riots. How to prevent, disband, etc.
- 7th " - Special services with a special regard to: assistance to debates, assistance to authorities. Special C.C.R. services as escort of honour or security.

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App. "C" to Part II

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PROGRAMME Nr. 8 (Contd)

- 8th thesis - Information services.
- 9th " - Barracks and Barrack equipment.
- 10th " - Barrack services: services concerning NCO's and men.
- 11th " - Ordinary barrack duty: reusing and cleaning; cleaning of horses; cleaning of horses belonging to the absent or sick personnel; watering and foraging. Sick personnel; death of personnel; sick horses; men sent out on duty; food; reserve of food; CC.RR. not drawing food.
- 12th " - Evening leave; curfew; silence and visits; special evening leaves; salaries; purchase of bread and feed. Purchase of forage; purchase of equipment. Cleaning of laundry; washing and hairers; posting and withdrawal of correspondence.
- 13th " - Special services and operations. Entrance of Judicial Authority in barracks; entry in the barracks of civilians, Finance Guards, Tax Collectors and Public Health Agents.
- 14th " - Change of lodging.
- 15th " - Discipline: The faculty of punishing given to CC.RR. NCOs.

PROGRAMME Nr. 9Instruction on records-keeping

- 1st thesis - The purpose of instruction on records-keeping of a station. Classification and division of files.
- 2nd " - Letter or report. Dictation of a letter or report. List. Notes. Telegram and Phonogram. Signature.

evening leaves; salaries; purchases of bread and food; purchase of forage; transportation of equipment; cleaning of barracks; washing and barbering; posting and withdrawal of correspondence.

- 13th " - Special services and operations. Entrance of Judicial Authority in barracks; entry in the barracks of civilians, Finance Guards, Tax Collectors and Public Health Agents.
- 14th " - Change of lodging.
- 15th " - Discipline: The faculty of punishing given to CC.RR. NCOs.

PROGRAMME Nr. 9

Instruction on records-keeping

- 1st thesis - The purpose of instruction on records-keeping of a station. Classification and division of files.
- 2nd " - Letter or report. Dictation of a letter or report. List. Notes. Telegram and Phonogram. Signature. Code tolograms. Codes. Delivery of urgent messages.
- 3rd " - Verbal reports and judicial reports.
- 4th " - File-keeping. Prohibition to copy official papers for particular use or with intention of showing them to other persons. Rules for expedition of ordinary and secret mail.
- 5th " - Incidents of importance, to be reported to higher commands, by the commander of station.

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App. "C" to Part II

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PROGRAMME Nr. 10Book-keeping of the station

- 1st thesis - Wages and extra pay.
- 2nd " - Trip tickets. P.S. Indemnity.
- 3rd " - Administration of clothing.
- 4th " - Administration of food. Statement of forages. Transit personnel. Personnel Records.
- 5th " - Indemnity of billeting and its registration. Malaria Insurance. Various indemnities. Registration of expenses for the transport of military or civilian prisoners. Expenses for repair. maintenance and transport of bicycles. Salaries of men who have been punished. Bedding. Inventory.
- 6th " - Statement of expenses made by stations.

PROGRAMME Nr. 11Rules of military discipline

- 1st thesis - Military discipline. Subordination. Offences against subordination. Order.
- 2nd " - Purpose and importance of the instruction. Moral duty of each man. Uniform. Personal dignity. Civilian clothes. Absences and leave.
- 3rd " - Duty of a superior.
- 4th " - Duties of a subaltern. Applications and claims. Salute.
- 5th " - Duties between personnel of the same rank. Duties of a NCO. Duties of a pte and examples of special

of expenses for the transport of military or civilian prisoners. Expenses for repair, maintenance and transport of bicycles. Salaries of men who have been punished. Bedding. Inventory.

8th " - Statement of expenses made by stations.

PROGRAMME Nr. 11

Rules of military discipline

1st thesis - Military discipline. Subordination. Offences against subordination. Order.

2nd " - Purpose and importance of the instruction. Moral duty of each man. Uniform. Personal dignity. Civilian clothes. Absences and leave.

3rd " - Duty of a superior.

4th " - Duties of a subaltern. Applications and claims. Salute.

5th " - Duties between personnel of the same rank. Duties of a NCO. Duties of a pte and examples of special cases.

2096th " - Military rewards.

7th " - Disciplinary punishments: particulars of punishments and the power of punishing. Punishment of a WCO: particulars and duration of punishment. Punishment of Cols and Ptes: particulars of punishment and duration.

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App. "C" to Part II

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PROGRAMME Nr. 12Instruction on use of arms, shooting and explosives.

- 1st thesis - Classification of weapons. Rifle mod. 1938: name of parts, accessories and spare parts of it.
- 2nd " - Functioning and maintenance of rifle mod. 1938.
- 3rd " - Automatic pistol mod. 1934: name of parts and functioning of it.
- 4th " - Arms for rifles mod. 1938 and pistol 1934. Swords for the CC.RR.
- 5th " - MG Pict mod. 1935 and Breda mod. 1937. SMG Breda mod. 30.
- 6th " - Chemical means. Use and defuse.
- 7th " - Notes on various explosives. Hand grenade.
- 8th " - Explosives. Brief notes on their removal, transport and destruction.

PROGRAMME Nr. 13Horse-keeping (for the Mounted Police MCO Cadets only)

- 1st thesis - Condition of horses and mules.
- 2nd " - Foraging and watering of horses. Stables.
- 3rd " - Cleaning of a horse. Exercise and rest. Maintaining of horse during a trip.
- 4th " - Horse-shoeing.
- 5th " - Illnesses and treatment of them.

- 6th " - Chemical warfare.
- 7th " - Notes on various explosives. Hand grenade.
- 8th " - Explosives. Brief notes on their removal, transport and destruction.

PROGRAMME Nr. 13

Horse-keeping (for the Mounted Police NCO Cadets only)

- 1st thesis - Condition of horses and mules.
- 2nd " - Foraging and watering of horses. Stables.
- 2nd " - Cleaning of a horse. Exercise and rest. Maintaining of horse during a trip.
- 4th " - Horse-shoeing.
- 5th " - Illnesses and treatment of them.

PROGRAMME Nr. 14

Dispositions on advancement of CCPR

- 2095 1st thesis - Notes on chief dispositions concerning the promotions of NCOs and Ptes of CCPR.
- 2nd " - Notes of chief dispositions concerning the stage of service of NCOs and Ptes.

PROGRAMME Nr. 15

War service and War Information Service.

- 1st thesis - Discipline of war. Special duties of soldier during the war. Discipline in rear area. Punishments. Military Courts.

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App. "C" to Part II

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PROGRAMME Nr. 15 (Contd).

- 2nd thesis - Police Service. Cooperation between Territorial and Mobilised CC.RR. units. Hqs of Mobilised CC.RR. units. Police measures in a station during the movement and combat. Measures concerning Road and Railway police.
- 3rd " - Surveillance of civilians working for the Army. Passes. Surveillance of civilians. Police measures in occupied territory. Counter-espionage. Enemy deserters. Prisoners of war. Various duties of a CC.RR.

PROGRAMME Nr. 16

Rule of the individual training and rule of the collective infantry training.

DRILL INSTRUCTION ON HORSE BACK. (for cadets of mounted police only).

To the cadet NCOs (mounted and on foot) : will be given following instructions :-

Individual drill instruction;
Leading of a squad or a platoon of fusiliers or a squad of MGners in close order;
Leading a squad and a platoon of fusiliers during exercises and combats.

Besides this, the Mounted Police Cadet NCOs will be instructed :-

-shooting when mounted on the horse, in movement or stationary (with pistols and rifles):

... of men and leading of a mounted

Rule of the individual training and rule of the collective infantry training.

DRILL INSTRUCTION ON HORSE BACK. (for cadets or mounted police only).

To the cadet NCOs (mounted and on foot) : will be given following instructions :-

Individual drill instruction; leading of a squad or a platoon of fusiliers or a squad of MGNers in close order; leading a squad and a platoon of fusiliers during exercises and combats.

Besides this, the Mounted Police Cadet NCOs will be

instructed :-

- shooting when mounted on the horse, in movement or stationary (with pistols and rifles);
- Individual instruction of men and leading of a mounted platoon.

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PROGRAMME Nr. 17

Physical Education (Gymnastic)

The NCO Cadets will be instructed and trained, gradually, on exercises such to develop their muscles with particular intent of giving to the men vivacity, decision, boldness and courage. These exercises will be as follows :- marches, running, jumping, free body exercises, gymnastics with instruments, throwing and casting, struggle, boxing.

.....11

Ann. "C" to Part II

- 11 -

PROGRAMME Nr. 18Foreign languages

(English, French, German)

Reasonable and practical lessons will be given by teachers, following the Berlitz system, in order to enable pupils to speak and understand foreign languages in short time.

The examinations will be given in order to ascertain:

- a) degree of knowledge of the language (very good, good, translator without dictionary, translator with dictionary);
- b) degree of merit which, if superior to 14/20 will contribute to the classification of person concerned accordingly to paras 527, 528, 529 of the present rule.

PROGRAMME Nr. 19

Supplementary instruction for which examination will not be required

Conferences will be held on following arguments;

- a) Notes of hygiene and first aid (Sanitary Legislation, infectious diseases, denunciation of infection, disease and inquiry intended to discover its cause. Prophylaxis. Medications and bandages of more frequent wounds. Transport and removal of wounded or sick persons, artificial respiration, contusions, fractures, burnings, freezings, sunstrokes, poisonings, etc.);
- b) Notes of horse-keeping for the MOOs of mounted police;
- c) Notes of Finance Police (monopoly, custom-taxes and general taxes. Smuggling. Policy of Finance Police and collaboration with the Finance Guards).

- b) degree of merit which, if superior to 14/20 will contribute to the classification of person concerned accordingly to paras 527, 528, 529 of the present rule.

PROGRAMME No. 12

Supplementary instruction for which examination will not be required

Conferences will be held on following arguments;

- a) Notes of hygiene and first aid (Sanitary Legislation, infectious diseases, denunciation of infection, disease and inquiry intended to discover its cause. Prophylaxis. Medications and bandages of more frequent wounds. Transport and removal of wounded or sick persons, artificial respiration, contusions, fractures, burnings, freezings, sunstrokes, poisonings, etc.);
 - b) Notes of horse-keeping for the 100s of mounted police;
 - c) Notes of Finance Police (monopoly, custom-taxes and general taxes. Smuggling. Policy of Finance Police and collaboration with the Finance Guards).
 - d) Notes of organics.
 - e) Topography. (Graphys scale. Scale of proportion. Indication names of land. Special signs. Orientation. Use of a map).
 - f) Notes of mobilisation (Posters, calling post-cards, regularities. Contribution of CC.RR. to the calling of recruits).
 - g) Notes of military intelligence service, espionage, counter-espionage, military police duty. Rules for keeping of secret and confidential documents.
- Note Bone : The cadets will be trained on reading maps on land when possible.

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App. "C" to Part II

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PROGRAMME Nr. 20

Professional practice

The cadet NCCs will be trained by performance of daily routine work of CC.HR., such as writing of reports and statements on various imaginary facts, inquiries, searches, questioning, interrogatory, search of proofs, acknowledgement of documents, licences, permissions, passports etc.).

The degree of the capacity will be considered during the general classification of the professional capacity.

PROGRAMME Nr. 21

Special training courses

The cadets will be divided in three groups and any group will follow one of the courses mentioned in paras a), b) and c) of the present appendix. At the end of each course, after examination of cadets, the following classification will be given: "Very good", "good", "satisfactory", "bad".

The above classification will appear in personal records of cadets.

The cadets classified "very good" or "good" will have an increase of 15/100 and 5/100 of general classification mentioned in para 527 of actual rule.

a) Typewriting.

The pupil must type at least 200 letters in 2 minutes.

b) Driving.

Pupils will be allowed to drive motor-vehicles in Military service and will be given the certificate of driving.

Special training courses

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The above classification will appear in personnel records of cadets.

The cadets classified "very good" or "good" will have an increase of 15/100 and 5/100 of general classification mentioned in para 527 of actual rule.

a) Typewriting.

The pupil must type at least 200 letters in a minute.

b) Driving.

Pupils will be allowed to drive motor-vehicles in Military service and will be given the certificate of ability

prescribed.

2093 The instruction will be completed by exercises of mounting and dismounting of parts of vehicle which are more liable to damage. Notes on working of these parts and of tractors will be given.

c) Motorcycles.

Pupils will be enabled to drive motor-cycles in military service and will be given the certificate of ability prescribed. The instruction will be completed by exercises of mounting and dismounting of parts of motor-cycles which are more

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App. "C" to Part II

- 13 -

frequently damaged.

Note. The programmes are not to be altered, at the exception of cases when it is impossible to organise motor-vehicle and motorcycle training. In this case the only course of typewriting will be followed and will be considered as facultative course.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

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Appendix "D" to Part IICORR COMMAND H.C.

PROGRAMME OF INSTRUCTION FOR

CADET - CARABINIERI.

-----c0o=====

(Translation)

-----CO-----
(Translation)

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App. "D" to Part IICADET LEGION OF CCRR OF ROME
Service Office

SUBJECT : Programme of instructions to be given to cadet CCRR
at the schools in ROME, TURIN, BARI and CAGLIARI.

While passing the directives for the performance of instructions to be given to cadets, I point out;

1)- The programme of theoretical-practical instructions will be performed in six months, viz. in 25 weeks of work, and will commence within the next week after the destination of the class in a unit.
It is divided in three periods;

(a) PERIOD OF ONE MONTH INSTRUCTION

In this period pupils will be given instructions intended to give them general idea and prepare them to the service and the life in the barracks.

(b) PERIOD OF 4 MONTH INSTRUCTION.

the real military instruction (drill instr.);
Professional instruction of the carabinieri.

(c) PERIOD OF ONE MONTH INSTRUCTION.

Repetitions and preparations for final examination.

2)- The cadets, immediately after their definitive admission, are divided in companies for the different classes of instruction which correspond at the maximum, to the strength of a platoon.

performed in six months, viz. in 29 weeks of work, and will commence within the next week after the destination of the class in a unit. It is divided in three periods;

(a) PERIOD OF ONE MONTH INSTRUCTION

In this period pupils will be given instructions intended to give them general idea and prepare them to the service and the life in the barracks.

(b) PERIOD OF 4 MONTH INSTRUCTION.

the real military instruction (drill instr.); Professional instruction of the carabinieri.

(c) PERIOD OF ONE MONTH INSTRUCTION.

Repetitions and preparations for final examination.

2)-- The cadets, immediately after their definitive admission, are divided in companies for the different classes of instruction which correspond at the maximum, to the strength of a platoon.

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One officer or Maresciallo Maggiore will be appointed for the instruction of a class, from its beginning to the end, i.e. until the promotion of the cadets. This officer or Maresciallo will be responsible to the commander of unit for the results of instructions. He is assisted by a ECO chief of class and, if necessary, by one or two corporals, = second instructors.

4)-- Each class of recruits receives the same instruction which is reviewed before the end of each course and the necessary adjustments made..

5)-- The cadets who have not completed the rifle and small arms course and have not had the territorial service course, normally will not be employed on guard duties, except in exceptional circumstances.

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- 2 -

App. "D" to Part II

- 6)- Daily leave will be granted to junior cadets when the commanders of detachments are satisfied that they can salute properly, have a good military appearance and have been instructed sufficiently to appear outside the barrack with credit. Instructions will be given to cadets in "leave uniform" in order to accustom them with the salute with the military baton.
- 7)- At the end of first period of instruction, the commanders of companies and battalions will verify if any single cadet is fit to be admitted to the second course.
- The cadets unfit to the second course will be admitted again to the first period after a fortnight, so that his promotion to carabiniers will suffer a delay of 15 days.
- The final examination for the promotion to the carabiniers is given in the second part of the 5th month of instruction, and it is given before a commission formed with the commanders of the company and of the platoon; which commission will give its opinion on the state of preparation of the cadet. The undersigned can intervene when the judgement of the commission is not definitive.
- If the opinion of the commission is contrary, the cadet will be re-examined 15 days later and his promotion to carabiniers will be delayed consequently.
- The final examination includes, beside the verbal questioning, a brief written examination.
- After the examination names of deserving instructors (officers, NCOs and Corporals) will be reported to the Legion HQ with the notes of commander concerning proposals for reward, praise etc.
- On 15 and 30 of each month the commander of the battalion will report names of cadets to be given a praise-leave (3 per cent of the present strength) as reward for good conduct, activity and good votes obtained during the examination.

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If the opinion of the commission is contrary, the cadet will be re-examined 15 days later and his promotion to carabinieri will be delayed consequently.

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On 15 and 30 of each month the commander of the battalion will report names of cadets to be given a praise-leave (3 per cent of the present strength) as reward for good conduct, activity and good votes obtained during the examination.

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28)-

Normally, the cadets have the promotion to carabinieri within the last fortnight of six months after their enrolment to the Legion.

Special promotions: Cadets who have the graduation certificate (technical school, supplementary school, first class of superior school, etc.) may be promoted carabinieri at the end of 5th month.

Commander of the battalion will take care of these cadets and will make out a special programme of instruction for them in order to allow them finishing the course in five months.

- 9)- Every 15 days the commanders of the companies will send to the Legion HQ a list of cadets considered fit for the ordinary and special promotion. For the ordinary promotion at least 150 days of instruction are necessary.

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App. "D" to Part II.

As far as it concerns the conduct of cadets, the promotion is delayed of 15 days for punishments not superior to 5 days of prison, and of a longer period for more important punishments, which are fixed by superiors.

During the instruction the following policy must be followed: Theoretical instructions will be given in different classes, under direction of a junior officer or maresciallo maggiore.

Practical instruction will be given, generally in Companies or Battalions with the participation of all officers, NCOs and Instructors of the Units.

As it is prescribed by the "Rule of discipline N. 391", the Commanders of the Coys must take an active part in the instruction and not limit themselves to the simple "act of presence". A particular effort is to be made for the morale education of cadets bearing in mind that :-

- (a) the part of the morale educator is that of an officer, especially the commander of a unit.
- (b) every occasion is to be used to bring a beneficial influence on the minds of young cadets and have them trained and prepared so that they always feel their sense of duty, discipline and responsibility.

Particular instruction is to be given on individual training as this is the principal basis of the training of the whole Unit. Practical instruction will be given gradually and methodically. Collective instruction will not be given until every man has shown capacity in individual movement.

Particular care is to be paid to drill instruction in the first period. Then, it will be repeated during the second period according to the development of instruction.

During the practical instructions on CORR service, particular care is to be paid to details concerning transport of prisoners, patrols, search of persons and premises, arrest of suspected persons, rule for the ascertainment of personal particulars.

2088 Instructions are not to be limited to only the explanation

not to be limited by some example

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Particular care is to be paid to drill instruction in the first period. Then, it will be repeated during the second period according to the development of instruction.

During the practical instructions on CORR service, particular care is to be paid to details concerning transport of prisoners, patrols, search of persons and premises, arrest of suspected persons, rule for the ascertainment of personal particulars.

2088 Instructions are not to be limited to only the explanation of rules, but are to be completed by some example.

The arming of cadets is not to be a simple act of ordinary administration, but must have the importance of a ceremony for the whole unit, to which all officers, NCOs and men have to take part. On such an occasion the commander of the unit will briefly explain to the men their condition of privilege upon the other citizens, as soldiers and agents of public forces, and their duty concerning the keeping and use of arms.

Exercises on firing are to be commenced as soon as the cadets have had the necessary preparation on use and pointing of arms, and in any case, not before the end of the first month of instruction.

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- 4 - APP. "D" to Part II.

INSTRUCTION TO BE GIVEN TO CADETS (1st part)

PRACTICAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Rule for the individual training - CCRH Manual.
 Instructions without arms, from para 2 to para 24.
 Instructions with arms, from para 26 to para 52.
 Training with the arms.

Rule for the training of the Infantry - edition of 1929
 closed ranks: formation and movement of platoon
 (pages 1/22).
 Instruction on preparing of knapsacks; wearing of
 knapsacks.
 How to prepare the personal equipment for ambulation
 (pages 16/20).

Instruction of military gymnastics -
 Exercises of "free body" (see also rule for
 individual training).
 Exercises and games of the period of preparation.

TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS.

Rule of Military discipline (see the handbook of instructions for the carabiniers - edition 1944):

History of the CCRH Corps (page 5) - Army - OATH -
 Flag - Military Discipline - Subordination - Esprit
 de Corps - Scale of ranks - Offences against
 subordination - Order - Moral duty of Carabiniers -
 Duties of a subaltern - Military rewards - Disciplinary
 actions - (pages 39/44) Wages (pages 63/65).

Organical rule of CCRH corps (see the handbook of the
 instructions for Carabiniers - edition 1944).

Inner rules of CCRH corps - Aim and prerogatives of
 the corps - reports with the military and civilian

Instruction of military gymnastics -
Exercises of "free body" (see also rule for
individual training).
Exercises and games of the period of preparation.

TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS.

Rule of military discipline (see the handbook of instructions for the carabinieri - edition 1944):

History of the CCRR Corps (page 5) - Army - OATH -
Flag - Military Discipline - Subordination - Espirit
de Corps - Scale of ranks - Offences against
subordination - Order - Moral duty of Carabinieri -
Duties of a subaltern - Military rewards - Disciplinary
actions - (pages 39/44) Wages (pages 63/65).

Organical rule of CCRR corps (see the handbook of the instructions for Carabinieri - edition 1944).

Inner rules of CCRR corps - Aim and prerogatives of
the corp. - Reports with the military and civilian
authorities - Assistance to the authorities and
public forces (pages 8/10).

Penal Code for the Army (see the handbook of the instructions for Carabinieri - edition 1944).

Offences and punishments - Treason - Espionage and
infractions of service - Refusal to obey an order -
Insubordination - Desertion - Beating and injuries
among carabinieri - Voluntary mutilation - Sale or
loss of military property - Robbery - Unlawful
appropriation - Fraud - (pages 100/107).

Rule for the service in the garrison (instruction handbook
for Carabinieri, edition 1944).

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App. "D" to Part II.

Guard service - Different kinds of guard - Duties of a sentry - the honour to be a sentry or a guard - Orders (pages 46/47).

Rule for leaves (see instruction handbook for Carabinieri - edition 1944).

General policy - Various kinds of leave - conduct of men on leave - Extensions (pages 59/60 and the circular of the Ministry 400-II dated 10 Jan. 44)

Rule of uniforms (see handbook for Carabinieri - edition 1944)

Prescriptions concerning the various parts of the uniform (page 61)

Various complementary instructions for the moral, intellectual and professional preparation of the Carabinieri.

Matters to be taught on Sundays and days without the drill instr.

General duties of the Carabinieri (see handbook of Carabinieri, edition 1944)

Conduct and aspect - Cleanliness of uniforms - sense of honour - sense of responsibility (pages 33/34)

Special duties of a Carabinieri (see handbook for Carabinieri, edition 1944).

Reports with superior ranks - reports with the authority and civilian population - Behaviour during the service - Appearance without feebleness - Prudence without cowardice - Tact (pages 35/38)

Rule of living:

Rules of common education and mode of eating, drinking etc.

and professional preparation of the Carabinieri.

Matters to be taught on Sundays and days without the drill instr.

General duties of the Carabinieri (see handbook of Carabinieri, edition 1944)

Conduct and aspect - Cleanness of uniform - sense of honour - sense of responsibility (pages 35/34)

Special duties of a Carabinieri (see handbook for Carabinieri, edition 1944).

Reports with superior ranks - reports with the authority and civilian population - Behaviour during the service - Forbearance without feebleness - Prudence without cowardice - Tact (pages 35/38)

Rule of living:

Rules of common education and mode of eating, drinking etc.

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Rule of hygiene.

Names of commanders.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BE GIVEN TO THE CADETS (2nd part)

PRACTICAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Rule of the individual training - edition 1925

technical training :

(a) exercises of shooting with rifle and pistol
(pages 273/278/283 and 342/344)

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App. "D" to Part II.

(b) instruction of throwing of hand grenades (paras 231 and 248)

(c) Instruction on machine-guns.

tactical training:

(a) General (Nrs 407-421)

(b) patrol and observation service (topography, how to know where one is, purchase of informations etc. - paras 422/433)

(c) signal means and their employment (paras 435/444 and 469/470)

(d) estimation of distance (paras 471/438)

Rule for the training of Infantry - edition 1929 - VII

Training of units in closed rank (school of platoon company, battalion, regiment) (para 1 to para 55)

THEORETICAL INSTRUCTION

General rule of CCIR Corps (see Carabiniers handbook edition 1944)

Instruction, - the proper service of the Corps - Behaviour Behaviour during the service - Ordinary service - Extraordinary service - Information service, use of chains and handcuffs - inner duty in barracks - Change of barracks - Offences (pages 11/33)

Penal Code for the Royal Army:

Repetition and development of the latter treated during the first period of instruction.

Common penal Code : (see Carabiniers handbook edition 1944)

Distinction of crimes - Penalties - Punishments -

2 5 2 3

Training of units in closed rank (school of platoon company, battalion, regiment) (para 1 to para 55)

THEORETICAL INSTRUCTION

General rule of CCHR Corps (see Carabinieri handbook edition 1944)

Instruction, - the proper service of the Corps - Behaviour
Behaviour during the service - Ordinary service - Extra-
ordinary service - Information service, use of chains and
handcuffs - inner duty in barracks - Change of barracks -
Offences (pages 11/33)

Penal Code for the Royal Army:

Repetition and development of the matter treated during
the first period of instruction.

Common penal Code : (see Carabinieri handbook edition 1944)

Distinction of crimes - Penalties - Punishments -
Impunability - Offence committed by more than one person -
Right of complaint - extinction of the crime and of
punishment - Offence against a person - Offence against
property - Principal small offences - Police offences
(infractions) - (pages 75/90)

Code of penal proceedings: (see Carabinieri handbook, edition
1944)

Penal action - Reports - Referendum - Denunciation -
Claim - Flagrant crime - Arrest - Arrest of suspected
persons - Warrants - persons on hiding - Searches -
Meetings - Policy for entering of premises where a meeting
is held (pages 91/99)

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- 7 -

App. "D" to Part II.

P.S. Laws (see Carabinieri handbook edition 1944):

Identity card and similar documents - Police authorities - Public meetings - unlawful public meetings - Weapons - permits to carry arms - Shows - Shops, bars, hotels etc. - Rambling professions - Foreigners residing in the Kingdom - Warning - Expulsion - Prostitution (pages 108/119)

Special Laws and rules (see Carabinieri handbook edition 1944)

Read police (give a proper explanation concerning what a Carabinieri has to do when a road incident has happened)

Laws of hunting and fishing - Measures for repression of unlawful sale of drugs (cocaine, morphine etc) - What to do with explosive materials, bombs etc, accidentally found - Various (pages 120/140)

War services; (part concerning CORR service - control of troops, Military Police, etc.)

Supplementary instructions intended for the moral, intellectual and professional education of a Carabinieri.

To be taught on Sundays and days when drill instruction is off.

Moral instruction:

Duty of a Carabinieri during the service and on leave

Lessons on literature:

exercises of reading and writing, compositions, arithmetic.

Instructions of custody of prisoners (2nd extraordinary mission of the official bulletin of CORR 1912)

of unlawful sale of drugs (cocaine, morphine etc) -
 What to do with explosive materials, bombs etc,
 accidently found - Various (pages 120/140)

War service; (part concerning CCRN service - control of
 troops, Military Police, etc.)

Supplementary instructions intended for the moral, intellectual
 and professional education of a Carabinieri.

To be taught on Sundays and days when drill
 instruction is off.

Moral instruction:

Duty of a Carabinieri during the service and on leave

Lessons on literature:

exercises of reading and writing, compositions,
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Instructions of custody of prisoners (2nd extraordinary
 edition of the official bulletin of CCRN 1912)

Instructions of Hygiene and first aid (Carabinieri hand-
 book edition 1944 - pages 72/74)

Venerable Diseases (prophylactics)

Signed : Mario IMASSI

The Colonel Commander

CCRR/G/12 of

June 1946

RE-ORGANISATION

O F

CARRABINIERIPART IIICLOTHING, ARMS, TRANSPORT, COMMUNICATIONS

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785015

PART III

CLOTHING, ARMS, TRANSPORT, COMMUNICATIONS

2083

SUBJECT : Re-organisation of Carabinieri.

LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION, AC.
M. M. I. A.
ROME.

CCRR/G/12

June 46.

- PART III -

CLOTHING, ARMS, TRANSPORT, COMMUNICATIONS.

I. ADMINISTRATION and CHANNELS of SUPPLY.

- (a) CC.RA. supplies - with the exception of F.O.L. - are furnished by and through the War Ministry.
- (b) The Administration Staff of Carabinieri are housed at G.H.Q. CC.RA. As supplies for CC.RA. are made through Army channels, it is recommended that the CC.RA. Administrative Staff be transferred to the War Ministry. Their duties will remain exactly as now, but the advantage, both to the Carabinieri and the War Ministry, of the proposed transfer of this staff will be considerable. Confusion and delay in communications between CC.RA. G.H.Q. and War Ministry on administrative matters will cease.
- (c) The War Ministry have agreed to the proposal for CC.RA. supplies to be made through Army channels and are at present working out details.
- (d) No further recommendation in administration appears to be necessary.

2. UNIFORM and CLOTHING.

- (a) A scale for the supply of uniform and clothing has now been approved by the War Ministry. Issues to scale will in the near future be made.
- (b) Uniform will be similar to that supplies to the Italian Army (i.e. Gray-green cloth). Further supplies of dark blue cloth for the manufacture of the traditional and standard uniform of the Carabinieri are not available.
- (c) It is to be regretted that the traditional standard blue uniform of the Carabinieri will not in the future be seen, as when present issues are worn out there will be no replacements.

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 - (c) It is to be regretted that the traditional standard blue uniform of the Carabinieri will not in the future be seen, as when present issues are worn out there will be no replacements.
 - (d) The dress uniform is being retained for ceremonial wear.
 - (e) Improved distribution will ensure issues reaching CC.RR. according to scale.
 - (f) For scale see attached Appendix "A" to Part III.

3. ARMED.
- (a) automatic arms should be used in cases of serious necessity only. The objective should be for reversion to the normal weapons (i.e. pistol and carbine) of the Carabinieri. Nevertheless it is essential that the CC.RR. should be capable of dealing with aggressors, large numbers of whom are armed with automatic weapons. Until these criminals are rounded up - which task almost invariably falls to the lot of the Carabinieri - it is necessary for CC.RR. to be in possession of their automatic weapons.
 - (b) The War Ministry are competently supplying Carabinieri with arms and ammunition and no further recommendations are necessary.

4. MOBILE BATTALIONS.
- (a) The equipment of the Mobile Battalions to scale has been greatly appreciated.
 - (b) Training is progressing satisfactorily, but varies according to the initiative of commanders. Such variations will disappear when the Director of Training (see Part I, para 3) assumes responsibility for the

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- 2 -

necessary co-ordination.

(c) It is to be hoped that the Mobile Battalions will be wisely used and that local authorities will show discretion in not dispersing the personnel concerned.

(d) No further recommendations are necessary regarding Mobile Battalions.

5. TRANSPORT.

(a) Although difficulty has been experienced in obtaining efficient transport, the situation regarding it has improved to such an extent as to show marked improvement in CC.RR. efficiency.

(b) The W.E. is satisfactory and determined efforts are being made to supply the required vehicles.

(c) It is recommended that no reduction in the number of vehicles shown in the W.E. be permitted, as the scale is the minimum required for efficient service.

6. COMMUNICATIONS.

(a) Telephones. - The provision of a private telephone system is strongly recommended. CC.RR. agree, and are obtaining details of requirements. Italian civilian telephone systems are unsatisfactory for police work, as so many civilian operated public telephone systems are for part time service only. Therefore the only satisfactory solution is for a private telephone system to be installed throughout the CC.RR. organisation for the transmission of important and routine information.

(b) Wireless. - The provision of wireless sets has been of great satisfaction to the Carabinieri and the system is being worked out in detail. by CC.RR. and S.O.R.E. (M.M.I.A.) at present. The fullest possible advantage will be taken by Carabinieri of the increased communication facilities now available by wireless.

It is recommended that wireless installations be maintained as shown on Appendix "B" to Part III.

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It is recommended that wireless installations be maintained as shown on Appendix "B" to Part III.

APPENDIX "A" to PART III
to CCIR/G/12 of June 1946

SCALE OF CLOTHING.

<u>WINTER</u>	<u>SUMMER</u>
2 jackets winter	2 jackets summer
2 trousers winter	2 trousers long, 1 short
1 pullover	-
2 heavy vests	2 light vests
2 caps	1 cap
1 overcoat	-
1 raincoat	-
2 pairs boots	2 pairs shoes
2 shirts	2 shirts
2 unders short	2 short underpants
2 towels	2 towels
3 pairs socks	3 pairs socks
3 handkerchiefs	2 handkerchiefs
2 waist belts	2 waist belts
2 pairs puttees	2 pairs puttees
1 belt	1 belt

2 jackets summer
 2 trousers long, 1 short
 -
 2 light vests
 1 cap
 -
 -
 2 pairs shoes
 2 shirts
 2 short underpants
 2 towels
 3 pairs socks
 2 handkerchiefs
 2 waist belts
 2 pairs puttees
 1 belt

2 jackets winter
 2 trousers winter
 1 pullover
 2 heavy vests
 2 caps
 1 overcoat
 1 raincoat
 2 pairs boots
 2 shirts
 2 trousers short
 2 towels
 3 pairs socks
 3 handkerchiefs
 2 waist belts
 2 pairs puttees
 1 belt

APPENDIX "B" to PART III
to CORR/G/12 of June 46.

WIRELESS INSTALLATIONS

Nr GROUPS

GROUPS

LEGIONS:

Roma Interno
Roma Esterno
Squadrons Group

Laziale Primo
Laziale Secondo
Frosinone
Viterbo
Terni
Rieti
Latina
Perugia

Chieti
Aquila
Campobasso
Terni
Pescara

Cagliari Interno
Cagliari Esterno
Sassari
Nuoro

Firenze Interno
Firenze Esterno
Arezzo
Siena

Rome

Lazio

Abruzzi

Cagliari

Florence

3

8

5

4

5

8

5

4

5

4

7

5

.../2.

Lazioale Secondo
Frosinone
Viterbo
Terni
Rieti
Latina
Perugia

Chieti
Aquila
Campobasso
Teramo
Pescara

Cagliari Interno
Cagliari Esterno
Sassari
Muro

Firenze Interno
Firenze Esterno
Arezzo
Siena
Pistoia

Ancona
Pesaro
Macerata
Ascoli Piceno

Bologna Interno
Bologna Esterno
Ferrara
Modena
Ravenna
Reggio Emilia
Forlì

Livorno
Pisa
Lucca
Apuania
Grassano

Abruzzi

Cagliari

Florence

Ancona

2079

Bologna

Livorno

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<u>LEGIONS</u>	<u>GROUPE</u>	<u>Nr GROUPS</u>
Naples	Napoli Interno Napoli Esterno Caserta Salerno Benevento Avellino	6
Bari	Bari Interno Bari Esterno Lecce Brindisi Taranto Matera Foggia	7
Catanzaro	Catanzaro Interno Catanzaro Esterno Cosenza Reggio Calabria Potenza	5
Palermo	Palermo Interno Palermo Esterno Trapani Agrigento Caltanissetta	5
Messina	Messina Interno Messina Esterno Catania Siracusa Ragusa Enna	6
Milan	Milano Interno Milano Esterno Bergamo Brescia Como	

Catanzaro Interno
Catanzaro Esterno
Cosenza
Reggio Calabria
Potenza

5

Palermo Interno
Palermo Esterno
Trapani
Agrigento
Caltanissetta

5

Messina Interno
Messina Esterno
Catania
Siracusa
Ragusa
Enna

6

Milano Interno
Milano Esterno
Bergamo
Brescia
Como
Sondrio
Varese

7

Bolzano Interno
Bolzano Esterno
Trento
Belluno

4

Padova
Rovigo
Venezia
Treviso
Udine

5

.../3...

Catanzaro

Palermo

Messina

Milan

2078 Bolzano

Padova

- 3 -

Nr GROUPSGROUPS

Verona
Mantova
Vicenza
Cremona

4

Torino Interno
Torino Esterno
Novara
Aosta
Vercelli

5

Alessandria
Asti
Cuneo
Pavia

4

Genova Interno
Genova Esterno
La Spezia
Imperia
Savona
Piacenza
Parma

7

106LEGIONS

Verona

Turin

Alessandria

Cuneo

TOTAL LEGIONS : 20

TOTAL GROUPS :

Genova Interno
Genova Esterno
La Spezia
Imperia
Savona
Piacenza
Parma

TOTAL GROUPS :

7

106

TOTAL LEGIONS : 20

Genoa

2077

CCRR/G/12 of

June 1946RE-ORGANISATION

O F

CARABINIERIPART IVRECORDS OF CRIME AND CRIMINALS WANTED

PART IV

RECORDS OF CRIME AND CRIMINALS WANTED

2076

SUBJECT : Re-Organisation of Carabinieri.

LAND FORCES SUB COMMISSION, A.C.
M. M. I. A.
ROME.

CCIR/G/12

June 1946.

- PART IV -

RECORDS OF CRIME AND CRIMINALS WANTED.

1. The efficiency of any Police Force is chiefly determined by one single factor, i.e. ability to prevent and detect crime.
2. No police force can function efficiently unless it possesses a standard system for the recording of crimes.
3. The Carabinieri do not maintain efficient records of crime. Consequently, the value of increased strength, transport, wireless communications, and improved training is negated.
4. At the present time when a crime is reported to the Carabinieri and investigated by them, three copies of the report are made. One copy is kept at the CC.III. Station where the complaint is received, one to the Legation or Company Office, and the third to the local legal authorities. It is recommended that a fourth copy should be made and sent to Legion HQs.
5. Details should then be abstracted from the report at Legion H.Q. and put on to a simple type of Crime Form, which should be completed in duplicate. One copy of the Crime Form should be sent to CC.III. G.H.Q. and the other should remain at Legion HQ. From these two copies of the Crime Form, the following indexes will be built up at CC.III. G.H.Q. and Legion HQ:

- (a) Modus Operandi;
- (b) Notional index of all persons wanted, suspected, convicted, or otherwise coming under Police notice. Each man's file would contain details of his criminal record;

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4. At the present time when a crime is reported to the Carabinieri and investigated by them, three copies of the report are made. One copy is kept at the CC.M. Station where the complaint is received, one to the Procura or Company Office, and the third to the local legal authorities. It is recommended that a fourth copy should be made and sent to Legion HQs.
5. Details should then be abstracted from the report at Legion H.Q. and put on to a single type of Crime Form, which should be completed in duplicate. One copy of the Crime Form should be sent to CC.M. G.H.Q. and the other should remain at Legion HQ. From these two copies of the Crime Form, the following indexes will be built up at CC.M. G.H.Q. and Legion HQs:

- (a) Index Operandi;
- (b) Mental index of all persons wanted, suspected, convicted, or otherwise coming under Police notice. Each man's file would contain details of his criminal record;
- (c) Wanted persons;
- (d) Stolen cars and vehicles;
- (e) Stolen cycles;
- (f) Valuable identifiable stolen property;
- (g) Numbers and details of motor-cars owned or used by thieves, receivers, travelling pickpockets, etc.;
- (h) Collection of photographs of convicted persons (see paras 7 and 8).

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6. Wherever information is obtained by Carabinieri regarding a suspect from: (a) the Questore, (b) the Municipio at the place of his birth, (c) the Courts, (d) or any other source, then copies of this information should be sent to Legion HQ. and CC.M. G.H.Q., so that files can be kept up to date and the information made proper use of in the various indexes.

7. It would be of course far better if the actual Carabinieri who investigated the crime was the man who made out the Crime Form, but this is quite impossible as most Carabinieri cannot even write out an ordinary report.

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The reports on Crimes are almost always done by a Maresciallo or Brigadiere, who forwards them to the local legal authorities. If the Maresciallo or Brigadiere had to do a Crime Form in addition they would be even more overworked than they are at present. Consequently it is suggested that the Crime Forms be done at the Legion HQ. to save the time of the local Marescialli.

8. A camera should be supplied at each of the 111 GRUPPI HQs and photos would be taken of:

- (a) Every person arrested for crime;
- (b) Every fingerprint found at the scene of the crime;
- (c) When necessary at the scene of serious crimes.

Copies of (a) would always be sent to Legion HQ. and CC.RR. G.H.Q.,
Copies of (b) would always be sent to CC.RR. G.H.Q.

9. The fingerprints of all persons arrested by the Carabinieri should always be taken in duplicate. One copy should be sent to CC.RR. G.H.Q. and the other copy to Legion H.Q., where it would be placed on the prisoner's personal file.

10. All fingerprints should be classified and a single fingerprint collection would be made up at CC.RR. G.H.Q.. A separate index should be made of all fingerprints found at the scene of a crime and unidentified.

11. The present Bulletin issued by the Ministry of the Interior is quite useless and a waste of time and money. The Carabinieri should publish their own Crime Bulletin daily from CC.RR. G.H.Q. and circulate it to all Casermas. Such a Crime Bulletin should be indexed and contain:

- (a) Full description of wanted persons;
- (b) A photograph where available;
- (c) Details and numbers of stolen motor-vehicles if not recovered within 48 hours;
- (d) Description of valuable identifiable stolen property;
- (e) Warning notices of travelling thieves and gangs, with full description, photos and motor-car numbers;
- (f) Release of important criminals from prison, with description photo and intended address.
- (g) Criminal deportees, with full descriptions, photos and intended address.

Such information should be sent direct from any Caserma by post to CC.RR. G.H.Q. for insertion in the daily Crime Bulletin.

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12. Training of personnel. Police Officers experienced in the classification of fingerprints should be required to train the Carabinieri to classify fingerprints and build up the fingerprint collection at CC.RR. G.H.Q.. It is recommended that the required experts for training should be obtained from New Scotland Yard.

It is suggested that 10 Carabinieri for CC.RR. G.H.Q. and 4 per Legion HQ., making a total of 90 men, be trained to build up and operate the various indexes at G.H.Q. and Legion HQs, as enumerated in para 5. A separate staff would be necessary to deal with and compile the daily Crime Bulletin.

To commence with it is suggested that 2 Carabinieri per Gruppo, NOT Legions, be thoroughly trained to be able to take photos of prisoners, photos of scenes of crime, photos of fingerprints found at scenes of crime, to take prisoners' fingerprints, to understand how science and ballistics can aid in crime detection, so that when they visit the scene of crime they can make best use of their knowledge, preserve whatever they find and take it safely to the laboratory. Two Carabinieri properly trained should be able to instruct others, for there are at present small investigation squads at each Gruppo HQ.. There are still smaller squads at Company HQ, and at some Tenenzas. The two trained Carabinieri could go round the whole Gruppi, gradually training the

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- 3 -

personnel in these squads. A complete establishment could eventually be worked out for these investigation squads, which today vary from 20 men to 2 men.

The whole standard of instruction given to Carabinieri Officers and M.C.O.s at FLORENCE in Criminal Investigation should be considerably improved, and students should receive much better instruction on:

- (a) Crime detection;
- (b) Searching scenes of crimes;
- (c) Scientific aids to crime detection;
- (d) How to make the best use of the local Provincial Laboratories;
- (e) Ballistics;
- (f) Photography, especially taking photos of scenes of crimes and fingerprints found at the scene of the crime;
- (g) How to preserve and find fingerprints and how to take a prisoner's fingerprints;
- (h) How to run a Criminal Record Office;
- (i) How to operate an M.O. System.

Promotion should be more rapid for men serving in the Carabinieri Investigation Squads, so that the best type of Carabinieri is attracted to this work.

13. Carabinieri Officers should be made "crime conscious" and responsible for crime detection. A Carabinieri Officer should visit the scene of every serious crime. At the present time, with few exceptions, Carabinieri Officers take little interest in crime detection. This outlook will have to change completely if any success is to be achieved.

14. Expenditure will be incurred by the provision of:

- (a) At least 111 Cameras (one per Gruppo) together with the necessary films, printing and developing material, etc.;
- (b) Sufficient typewriters so that every Caserma has at least one typewriter. Extra typewriters at Legion HQ. and at the Criminal Record Office at CC.RR. G.H.Q.;
- (c) Filing cabinets at CC.RR. G.H.Q. and at each of the 26 Legion HQs;
- (d) A small number of magnifying glasses and microscopes at CC.RR. G.H.Q.;
- (e) The cost of producing, printing and distributing the Bulletin.
- (f) The cost of extra stationery, and forms and index cards required.

15. The establishment in the CC.RR. of a criminal record system on the lines recommended is a task of considerable magnitude and its introduction will require the approval of the appropriate Italian Ministries. If such approval is given, the system recommended is capable of adoption without difficulty.

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- (c) Filing cabinets at CC.RR. G.H.Q. and at each of the 20 Legion HQs;
- (d) A small number of magnifying glasses and microscopes at CC.RR. G.H.Q.;
- (e) The cost of producing, printing and distributing the Bulletin.
- (f) The cost of extra stationery, and forms and index cards required.

15. The establishment in the CC.RR. of a criminal record system on the lines recommended is a task of considerable magnitude and its introduction will require the approval of the appropriate Italian Ministries. If such approval is given, the system recommended is capable of adoption without difficulty, provided that the expert opinion of British Police Officers is made available to devise standard procedure and stationery required.

It is submitted that the system recommended is capable of implementation either:

- (a) as confined entirely to CC.RR. organisation, or
- (b) as part of the re-organisation of the Italian Police.

16. The practical application of the proposals made should be under the supervision of the members of a duly authorised Special Police Mission.

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