

ACC

10000/141/43

LOCAL GOV'T OF
AUG. 1944 - JAN

10000/141/43

LOCAL GOV'T ORGANIZATION, TERAMO PROVINCE
AUG. 1944 - JAN. 1945

0617

MINUTE SHEET No. 2.

PAGE

3
K+ Walbran clear that both the VPs. require medical boarding and or removal - cleaning out for more efficient activities.
Please take up with Hqn. ~~request~~ ✓

Director
Spoke to General yesterday evening as directed above. Cld ✓
K+ with what result? Report progress or action by 1/10. Hqn. ✓
Spm

Capt. W. -
1. In the light of your survey tour have you any observations to make on this report (P. 7 ff.)? How is the V. Rep situation? See also Col. Spicers memo No. 5.
2. Please acknowledge receipt of information.
3. Have staff card corrected data, please.
R.R.T.

Loaded. 18/10. Hqn. ⑦
NOTE - No 10C-G was brought by Capt. LORENZINI, to Prefetto Reggente of Terni when he came to see the Director on 18 October - Cld

10C-G.

Board ed. - p. 12 Hqn. ✓

12 Hqn.

Sept 27.

Oct. 27.

Oct. 12

19 Oct.

Jan. 29

Please take up with Hqn. staff ¹/₂
 Shown to camera yesterday evening as directed above. ⁴
 with what result? Report progress on ⁵
 action by 1/10 Oct. lat. ⁶

Capt. W. -

①

1. In the light of your survey-
 tour have you any observations to make
 on this report (F. 7 ff.)? How is the V. Ref.
 situation? See also Col. Spicera memo

No. 5.

2. Please acknowledge receipt of
 information.

3. Have staff card corrected
 data, please.

R. R. T.

Landed. 19/10. fr.

②

NOTE - No 10C - G was brought by Capt. LORENZINI, to
 Profeta Reggente of Terni when he came to see the
 Director on 18 October - C. G. 12

Boarded - p. 12/11 ff.

10C-G.

12/11

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MINUTE SHEET No. 1

PAGE

DATE

Feb 21 -

①

1.D. Draft letter to effect that a long state of affairs is disclosed, but that under the present command, we have no doubts that matters will be rectified. At this stage nothing more would appear to be necessary to say as the P.C. has the machine in motion.

2. Would it be too indirect to ask for the names of the officers of the previous officers in charge? ?

3. Can we please have further -

fuller details of the

Arrest

V - Arrest Vicario

V - Arrest like those

as it is necessary for the sub-commission to notify the Italian

Govt - to maintain full records

no doubt that matters will be rectified. At this stage nothing more would appear to be necessary to say as the P.C. has the machine in motion.

3. Would it be too indiscreet to ask for the name of the officer of the previous officer in charge" ?

3. Can we please have further -
fuller details of the

Refused

V - Prefect Vicario

V - Prefect L'Espresso

as it is necessary for this sub-
mission to satisfy the Italian
Govt - to maintain full records
ourselves.

S44.

2. She will draft letter asked for 1984

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2.

0621

file
teramo
loc. Govt. April 1945

1/5/5

(12)

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION
APC 594

SUBJECT: LORENZINI, Captain Giovanni, Prefect Regent of TERAMO

TO : Col. R. G. B. Spicer

FROM : Captain C. G. R. Williams

1. On 16 September, Count SPORZA wrote to this S/C enclosing a "promemoria" accusing this Prefect Regent of fascism, incapacity, etc.. On 19 September, the Minister of Interior also wrote this S/C, with a copy of the same document: in this case, however, the "promemoria" was not so headed, but was entitled "Order of the Day Presented by the Party of Action to the Teramo Committee of Liberation at its meeting on 11 September 1944". In Count SPORZA's letter, he stated that the "promemoria" had been sent to him by a person of absolute probity: the Minister in his letter merely stated that he had not received any official report confirming or otherwise the accusations, and that he forwarded it for such investigations as AGC might think fit to make.

2. Copies of the documents above-mentioned are attached.

3. I made the fullest inquiries I could about all this on my recent survey of the Province. I interviewed:--

(a) Major J. D. SCHOLTZ, Executive Officer, Abruzzi-Marche Region, Major SCHOLTZ was the first PC, Teramo, and the first Allied Officer to enter the town.

(b) Lt. Col. J. W. HOLMES	Outgoing PC	Teramo, etc.
(c) Major G. J. MAUNDERS	Incoming PC	Teramo, etc.
(d) Capt. T. COTTON	PPSO	Teramo, etc.
(e) Capt. () BELLAMY	PO	Teramo, etc.
(f) Sgts. JACKSON & BROWNING	FBS	stationed at Teramo

I also had a long interview with Captain LORENZINI himself.

4. Apart from the usual vague and abstract denunciations, incapable of either proof or disproof, the specific charges made by the Teramo Party of Action are as follows:

- (a) It is unknown who first appointed LORENZINI;
- (b) He fought in the Spanish War;
- (c) He joined the AMMAZZALORSO Patriot Group only at the last moment;
- (d) He dismissed the Anti-Fascist Vice Prefect and appointed in his place a Blackshirt;

Boaled - 29/1/45 se

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- 2 -

12A

(e) He kept in office and promoted the following Fascists:

DE ROSA	Oath to Fascist Republic
TARRICONI	Blackshirt Officer and taken oath to Fascist Republic
ALUFANO	An "Anti-Marchia" and taken oath to Fascist Republic
PARCONI	A fanatical Fascist
DE LUCA	An "Anti-Marchia"

(f) He is incompetent.

5. To take these accusations one by one:--

(a) On 16 June, the Patriots took over Teramo and formed a Committee of Liberation with LORENZINI as President. The Committee appointed LORENZINI Acting Prefect. Major SCHOLTE arrived on 19 June and confirmed LORENZINI in office. He has subsequently been formally confirmed by the EC.

(b) In my opinion, the truth of this is that he was a keen soldier and saw an opportunity for the active exercise of his profession.

(c) LORENZINI did not join the AMMAZOLORSO group at all. He took to the hills after 8 September 1943 and formed and led his own band from then until 16 June 1944.

(d) The former Vice Prefect DELLA RUCCA was dismissed for laziness and political intrigue, and with the full approval of AMK. He is still in Teramo intriguing with the political parties and making himself a nuisance.

(e) I could find no information to prove or disprove the allegations about the five officials named above. DE ROSA is a Consigliere di 2a classe, acting as VPI. He was on sick leave, but voluntarily returned to duty on 4 October to assist the Prefect, who has very little expert assistance. TARRICONI is the Capo Ragioniere. None of the Schede Personale for any of these could be traced.

Boat
dict.

(f) LORENZINI certainly has had no experience in public administration, and he is very conscious of this fact.

6. LORENZINI is a Genoese, age 30 (born 15 April 1914). He was educated as a Surveyor, and did his military service from 1932 to 1934. He was recalled to the Army with the rank of 2nd Lieutenant in 1935 and served continuously as a regular officer of the Artillery from then until September 1943. He was then stationed at Teramo with the rank of Captain. He refused to obey the orders of his Colonel to take the oath to the Fascist Republic Government, collected all the arms he could and some of his men and took to the hills, where he was joined by escaped P.O.W.s (British and Yugoslavian) and 500 young men from the Teramo neighbourhood. He carried on guerilla warfare from then until June 1944: at one time the Germans sent an armoured division against him. On 16 June 1944, he came down into Teramo with his men as mentioned above.

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- 3 -

7. LORENZINI is an extremely hard worker. He starts his day at anything from 06:30 to 08:30 hours and goes on until dark. He is a quiet, serious man. Up to 8 September 1943, he did, I think, serve the Fascists faithfully and well, but in the capacity of a soldier keenly interested in his profession, and without political purpose. His basic motive is now, I feel, to serve his country. He does not want to be Prefect of Teramo, and only took the appointment because it seemed to be his duty. He does not want to continue in office. He would like more than anything to join the British Army, but realizing that is impossible, he would like to serve as the Prefect Regent of some Province nearer the line. He impressed this request on me quite strongly.

8. As stated above, he has no experience whatever in public administration. He has, however, a clear and logical mind and a grip of essentials. What he needs is support. All the Allied Officers to whom I spoke on the subject agreed on this matter. He has had little or no support so far. In the Prefettura, he has two Consiglieri acting as VIV and VPI respectively--both side men--and three Segretari. There has been no questore or senior officer of G.D. until recently. On the A.D. side, the PG controls Chieti and Pescara as well as Teramo, and he has so few officers that he has been forced to concentrate them at Chieti and can only send a Provincial Officer to Teramo three or four times a week.

9. Throughout our conversation, LORENZINI showed himself very conscious of his lack of administrative experience and of people to whom he can turn for advice and support. It is for this reason, I think, that his tendencies are to go slow and act "diplomatically" as he puts it. For the same reasons, he is sometimes inclined to give way where he should stand firm. For instance, one day recently a certain amount of rioting outside the Prefettura took place, mostly women complaining about inadequate rations. Stones were thrown and windows broken. The Police do not seem to have been of much use, and the Prefect dealt with the situation by releasing a quantity of grain, for which he was afterward called sharply to order by the PG.

10. In numbers, the strongest political party in the Province are the Communists. The noisiest is the Party of Action. The other parties do not count for much. While acting as a Patriot leader, LORENZINI's affiliations were with the Communists, simply because it was from them that he drew most of his Italian Patriot personnel. Since he has been Prefect, he has dropped all such connections. All Allied Officers seem quite satisfied of his impartiality and all speak very highly of him.

11. I consider the whole matter an unpleasant piece of party politics. My conclusion is that the Party of Action wants to get the lead in the Province--that they find the Prefect too impartial and too genuinely devoted to his country for their needs--and that they have accordingly made this libellous attack on him in the hope of getting him out.

12. My recommendations are that LORENZINI should be supported. He should send him as soon as possible two loyal and experienced men as VIV and VPI. His request for transfer to another Province should not be granted at present: it would be interpreted in Teramo as a sign of weakness and as a victory for the dissidents. When, however, the administration is more firmly established in Teramo, he might be considered for some-

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where in the Po Valley.

13. LORENZINI has had no contacts with this HQ or the Italian Government, except once when he came to Rome: and unfortunately, the man he then saw was CANEVALLI. I advised him on his next visit to see BELAFFI, and also to see Col. Spicer. He will be in Rome on the 16th and 17th of October and proposes to come to this HQ on the morning of Tuesday, 17 October. When the Director has formed his own conclusions from the interview, replies can be drafted to Count SPORZA and the Ministry.

14 October 1944.

CCRW/pec

C. G. R. WILLIAMS
Captain
Local Government Sub Commission

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION
APO 394

ACC/1/5/5/10

26 October 1944

SUBJECT: Local government in Teramo Province.

TO : RC, Abruzzi-Marche Region.

1. Thank you for your letter R5/507/29 of 4 October, to which I have delayed my reply until I could receive and consider Capt. Williams' report on his recent survey of this Province, of which I enclose a copy.
2. The reorganization of local government has certainly made excellent progress since your last report. There are only one or two points to which I need call your attention.
3. Vice Prefects: I have taken this up with the Ministry and will send you down a good Vice Prefect Vicario and Vice Prefect Ispettore as soon as I can. The former Vice Prefect DELLA ROCCA should be got out of Teramo, where his presence is a hindrance to smooth functioning of the administration. Please arrange for him to come to Rome and give him orders to report himself to the Minister of the Interior.
4. I should like the position in the communes of ROSETO, DEGLI, ABRUZZI, MODRO d'ORO to be watched. While I agree at present with the Prefect's reason for putting in Commissari Prefettizi in these two cases, that must not be regarded as a permanent solution. One of the duties of the Commissari should be to become acquainted with the local people and local feeling, and to keep the Prefect informed on the possibility of constituting a Sindaco and Giunta Comunale out of the best Anti-Fascist elements available.
5. I am writing you a separate letter about the position of the Prefect LORENZINI. In connection with the reorganization of local government, however, I hope that he will proceed with more speed now that he realizes rather better than he did that he can count on the support of this HQ, as well as ACC officers at Region and Province.
6. I fully appreciate what you say in para 7 and 8 of your local government report as to the difficulty of looking after this Province with the PC and his small staff having to be concentrated at Chieti, from whence they have to administer three Provinces. The difficulty will not be the less now that the Provinces have passed to the Italian Government.

for R. G. B. SPICER

Colonel

Director

Local Government Sub Commission

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CC/1/pec

Copy enclosed for RC

Encl. as in (1) above.

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19 OCT 1944

R. R. R. E. P. E. T. T. U. R. A. D. I. T. E. R. A. M. O.

m)

N. 11524 Gab.

Teramo, 13. October 1944

SUBJECT: Report on the political-economic-administrative situation of the Province of Teramo.

TO : ALLIED COMMISSION OF INVESTIGATION

ROMA

I consider it my duty to inform this Commission of the developments of the situation in this province after its liberation (16 of June, 1944) till now.

RELATIONS WITH THE A.M.C.

These relations have always been characterised by a spirit of complete faithful, loyal and active collaboration given to the allied military authorities by the undersigned and by the various authorities and provincial organs.

This collaboration has always been appreciated by the Provincial Committee, who has always acted and provided, with comprehension towards the wants and needs of the province, adopting nearly all the measures proposed by the undersigned, and as a result, he saw his work and that of the collaborating authorities very much facilitated by the normalisation and amelioration of the situation in the province.

POLITICAL SITUATION.

The political situation can be considered normal, on the whole, although the serious problems of provincial reconstruction and food supply. problems are partly unsolved, do not guarantee this durability.

This state of affairs is confirmed by sporadic episodes of public and excited protests that have happened in the county-town or the other communes of the province, because of the insufficient food rations and because of their irregular distribution.

The intense, organised or organisative activity of the various parties has no noticeable effect on the public order. However, the fact that in some provincial centres, the political leaders have no comprehension of the actual particular necessities and duties, creates certain preoccupation and requires constant vigilance.

Often political interests are confused with personal facts and local affairs, this causing abnormal situations not easily controlled.

THE ECONOMIC SITUATION

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THE ECONOMIC SITUATION

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This situation is very serious if one considers the fact that it is impossible to employ the available labour for considerable works of public utility.

In the next winter season we shall have a nearly complete unemployment and we do not see what possibilities the working classes will have to face the essential necessities of life considering the terrible increase of prices in general.

This state of affairs has greatly preoccupied me and I have lost no occa-

sion to facilitate, in stimulating particularly the private initiatives, the revival of various industrial activities. In these places where the war-damages and the technical and building materials at hand make it possible.

At present some food industries are functioning but on a very reduced scale because of the extreme difficulties, the lack of raw materials, of transport of electric force and fuel renders the revival of industrial activities very difficult if not impossible.

FOOD SITUATION

The food situation is also serious. In fact the ration of 200 grams of bread a day per person, excluding the monthly ration of Kg. 3 of pasta is absolutely insufficient especially if you take into consideration the fact that there is a complete lack of other food-stuff and that the population cannot supply themselves at the irregular market because of the high prices.

The distributions of fats in general are irregular and in very small quantities, this also happens to the other essential rations.

As the fruit and vegetable production will cease shortly, one can foresee that the food situation will take a still graver aspect.

The food problem must be attentively examined, also because, apart from the physiological factor, it represents the fundamental base on which one can count on a political situation.

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION

These should sensibly improve.

The province needs absolutely other motor-vehicles especially for the transport of goods, and regular supplies of fuel, especially of oil-gas.

PUBLIC WORKS.

The nearly complete lack of iron and other various building-material (cement, bricks, lime, plaster) is every serious obstacle to the necessary restoration of work especially for the reconstruction of bridges (about 150) and of the public and private buildings damaged by the war.

I have given my particular attention to this sector, and with the precious help of the Provincial Commissioner of the A. N.C. I did everything to stimulate the activity of the provincial technical organs.

However it is necessary for the Allied Military Government to grant help and concessions, because the provincial initiatives, even if given the greatest stimulus, cannot operate because of the complete lack of raw-materials.

ADMINISTRATIVE SITUATION

The offices of the Prefecture try to meet, in the best way possible, the considerable exigencies of the moment. It is necessary, therefore to assign to this office at least four specialized officials of the grades 5 and 6 of the group A and 7, 8 of the group B to fill the vacancies who have occurred as a result of some officials being retired and some removed for reasons of com-

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The administrative situation of the Communes is not satisfying itself with the appointments of the Sindaco, and the installation of the Giunta Municipale.

Recent ly, the Provincial Deputation and the new Provincial Giunta of Administration have installed themselves.

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(3)

THE FUNCTIONING OF THE SERVICES OF PUBLIC SECURITY.

The Arm of the Carabinieri and the Questura leave much to be desired, as they have particularly suffered from the effects of the political events after the liberation of the Province.

The Arm of the Carabinieri is, however, reorganising itself as a result of the recent nomination of the new Group Commandant who is actively interesting himself in the reconstitution of the periphereo organizations.

This cannot be said for the R. Questura which is completely disorganised because of the lack of the chief and of the capable and proper specialised personnel.

The disagreements, the jealousies, the resentments of the various officials of the Questura are publicly known and have done much to disorganize the Institution.

It is therefore urgent to send an energetic Questore and other capable officials who will be able to collaborate efficiently for the reestablishment of the police services.

DISPATCHES ON

In accordance with the directions sent by the Government and the Military Authorities, numerous persons, known for their Nazi-fascist sentiments have been removed and substituted by anti-fascist elements in all public and private Offices.

Shortly the proper Provincial Commission for Examination will begin to function and will take in examination the positions of the employees.

THE PROJECT
(Giovanni Lorenzini)

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DECLASSIFICAZIONE

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Shortly the proper Provincial Commission for Reorganisation will begin to function and will take in examination the positions of the employees.

THE PROJECT
(Giovanni Lorenzini)

1562 :

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R. P R E S E N T A D I T E R A M O

m)

N. 11521 Gab.

Teramo 13 ottobre 1944

Oggetto: Rapporto sulla situazione politico-economico -amministrativa della provincia di Teramo.

ALLA SOTTO-COMMISSIONE AIUTATA DI CONTROLLO

R O M A

Ritengo doveroso riferire brevemente a codesta Commissione sugli sviluppi della situazione di questa provincia dopo la liberazione di essa (16 giugno 1944) ad oggi.

RAPPORTI CON L'A.M.G.

Tali rapporti sono sempre stati improntati a spirito di dove-rosa, leale e fattiva collaborazione indistintamente prestata a tutte le autorità militari alleate dal sottoscritto e dalle varie autorità ed organi provinciali.

La collaborazione è stata apprezzata dal Commissariato Provinciale, il quale ha sempre agito e provveduto con adeguata comprensione delle esigenze e delle necessità della provincia, accogliendo quasi tutti i provvedimenti proposti dal sottoscritto, il quale, pertanto, ha visto di molto facilitato il compito suo e delle autorità collaboratrici per la normalizzazione della situazione provinciale e per il miglioramento della stessa.

SITUAZIONE POLITICA.

La situazione politica, nel complesso può ritenersi normale per quanto i gravi problemi della ricostruzione provinciale e del rifornimento alimentare, problemi in parte insoluti, non garantiscono il perdurare di essa.

Tale stato di fatto trova conferma in episodi sporadici di pubbliche e vivaci proteste che si sono verificate sia nel Ca-

tiva della provincia di Teramo.

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tuaria distribuzione di alcuni di essi.

L'intensa attività organizzativa e propagandistica dei vari partiti si svolge senza notevoli riflessi sull'ordine pubblico. Peraltro, in alcuni centri della provincia, la situazione desta una certa preoccupazione e richiede attenta e continua vigilanza a causa della incomprensione, da parte di alcuni esponenti politici, delle necessità e dei particolari doveri del momento.

Spesso gli interessi politici sono volutamente confusi con i fatti personali e beghe locali, il che determina situazioni anormali e non facilmente controllabili.

SITUAZIONE ECONOMICA-

Tale situazione è grave ove si consideri che non vi è possibilità alcuna di impiegare la mano d'opera disponibile in notevoli lavori di pubblica utilità.

Nell'imminente stagione invernale si avrà una quasi completa disoccupazione e non si vede quindi quali possibilità abbiano le classi lavoratrici di fronteggiare le più essenziali esigenze di vita in relazione al crescendo impressionante dei prezzi in genere.

Di tale stato di cose mi sono vivamente preoccupato e non ho mancato di agevolare, in tutti i modi, stimolando particolarmente l'iniziativa privata, la ripresa delle varie attività industriali, là dove ciò era reso possibile dalla tenuità dei danni di guerra subiti e dalla disponibilità in loco di materiali tecnici ed edilizi.

Al presente funzionano alcune industrie alimentari con ritmo peraltro ridotto poiché lo stato precario della visibilità, la insufficienza di materie prime, di mezzi di comunicazione, di carburanti e di energia elettrica costituiscono ostacolo gravissimo, se non insuperabile, per la necessaria ripresa delle attività industriali.

SITUAZIONE ALIMENTARE

La situazione alimentare, nel suo complesso, è pure grave.

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Infatti la razione testatica di pane fissata in gr.200 giornaliere, con esclusione della razione mensile di Kg.3 di pasta, è assolutamente insufficiente specie ove si considerino la deficienza di altri generi supplementari e l'impossibilità da parte della massa della popolazione, di rifornirsi, attraverso il mercato irregolare a causa della elevatissima dei prezzi praticati.

Da tempo sono saltuarie e minime le distribuzioni di grassi in genere e di altri prodotti essenziali razionati e contingentati.

Inoltre venendo, tra breve, a cessare la produzione orto-frutticola, è da prevedere che la situazione alimentare assumerà aspetti sempre più preoccupanti.

Il problema alimentare va pertanto attentamente esaminato anche perché, a prescindere dal fattore fisiologico, esso costituisce l'elemento fondamentale sul quale è basato il mantenimento di una situazione politica controllabile.

TRASPORTI E COMUNICAZIONI-

Necessitano di sensibili miglioramenti.

La provincia ha bisogno assoluto di altri automezzi soprattutto per trasporto merci e di adeguati e regolari rifornimenti di carburanti, in specie di gasolio.

LAVORI PUBBLICI.

La mancanza quasi assoluta di ferro e di materiale edilizio vario (calce, cemento, gesso, mattoni) è di gravissimo ostacolo alla ripresa dei necessari lavori specie per la ricostruzione dei numerosi ponti (circa 150) e degli edifici pubblici e privati danneggiati dagli eventi bellici in provincia.

Ho particolarmente dedicata a questo settore la mia personale attenzione stimolando e convogliando l'attività degli organi tecnici provinciali con il prezioso appoggio del Commissariato Provinciale del Governo Militare Alleato.

Occorre peraltro che il Governo Militare Alleato sia largo di aiuti e concessioni, poiché le iniziative provinciali, per quanto stimulate al massimo, non possono estrinsecarsi per la deficien-

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za assoluta di materie prime.

SITUAZIONE AMMINISTRATIVA -

Gli Uffici della Prefettura cercano di fronteggiare, nel miglior modo, le notevolissime esigenze del momento. E' necessario peraltro assegnare a questa sede almeno quattro funzionari di concetto dei gradi 5° e 6° di gruppo A e 7° e 8° di gruppo B per colmare i vuoti verificatisi in seguito all'allontanamento per motivi contingenti d'opportunità, di alcuni funzionari ed al collocamento a riposo di altri.

La situazione amministrativa dei Comuni va sempre più normalizzandosi a seguito dell'insediamento in corso dei Sindaci e delle Giunte municipali.

Sono state di recente, insediate la Deputazione Provinciale e la nuova Giunta provinciale amministrativa.

FUNZIONAMENTO DEI SERVIZI DI P.S. -

Lasciano assai a desiderare poiché l'Arma dei Carabinieri e la Questura hanno particolarmente risentito delle vicende politiche verificatesi dopo la liberazione della provincia.

I servizi dell'Arma dei R.R.CC. sono peraltro in via di riassetto a seguito della recente nomina del nuovo Comandante del Gruppo il quale si sta attivamente interessando per la ricostituzione degli organi periferici.

Altrettanto non può dirsi per la R. Questura i cui servizi sono completamente disorganizzati per la mancanza del titolare e di personale di concetto idoneo e capace.

I dissensi, i risentimenti e le gelosie reciproci fra i vari funzionari di Questura sono di pubblico dominio ed hanno concorso a screditare l'Istituzione.

E' pertanto assai urgente provvedere all'invio di un energico Questore e di altri capaci funzionari che possano validamente collaborare con esso nell'indispensabile riassetto di tutti i servizi di polizia.

DEFASCISTIZZAZIONE.

In omaggio alle direttive del Governo e dell'Autorità Mi-

1558

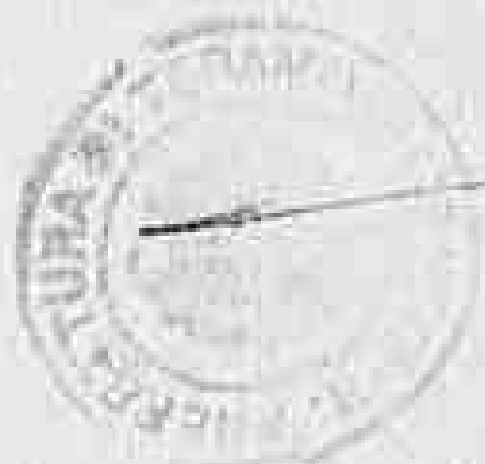
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litare Alleata sono stati sospesi dai pubblici e privati Uffici numerose persone di notori sentimenti nazi-fascisti e costituite con elementi antifascisti.

Tra breve inizierà il suo funzionamento l'apposita Commissione Provinciale di Epurazione per l'esame delle posizioni dei dipendenti degli Enti locali.

IL PREFETTO
(Giovanni Lorenzini)



1557

HEADQUARTERS
ARMED CONTROL COMMISSION
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION
ARO 394

(9)

ACC/1/5/5/10

16 October 1944

SUBJECT: Teramo Province--Operation of Military Personnel.

TO : RI, Abruzzi-Marche Region.

1. In a letter addressed to this S/C the Minister of Interior states that the Prefecture of Teramo has formed a Commission to review the position of Italian Army Officers and NCOs who reported themselves after 8 September 1943.
2. The Minister points out that the official arrangements for this are under the control of the Ministry of War and that the appropriate official body to examine into the actions of Army personnel is the Centro Riordinamento Settore Adriatico. The Prefect has, it is stated, informed the Centro of the Commission set up by him.
3. It would appear desirable--as in fact the Minister of Interior suggests--that dealings in this way with Army personnel should be left to the Agency or official in charge of the matter. I have no doubt that the Prefect's intentions were of the best: it is probable that his past record as an Army Officer and a Patriot leader have induced him to set up his informal Commission. It should, however, be brought to his attention that only overlapping and confusion can result and he should be directed to take no further steps in the matter himself, but forward any information his Commission may have obtained to the Centro.

RRT
R. C. B. SPICER
Colonel
Director
Local Government Sub Commission

CCJW/psc
Copy to Army S/C

1556

2535 2347

TRANSLATION NO. 357

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR

File No. 5214/3113

SUBJECT: Commission formed by the R. Prefecture of Teramo for the re-examination of the status of officers and non-commissioned officers.

TO : A.C.C.
INTERIOR SUB-COMMISSION
R O M E

M.M. A.	65
FILE REF.	119
Date Recd	7/15/44

The War Ministry has communicated that the Prefecture of Teramo has informed the Adriatic Sector Reorganization Center that it has formed a commission to re-examine the status of officers and non-commissioned officers who reported after 8 September.

The above-mentioned Department has pointed out that if its own agencies carry out the census of the recovered military personnel and their screening, a discrepancies in the various provinces may result; it prefers, therefore, that each examination be reserved to its jurisdiction.

Since the matter concerns a Province not yet restored to the Royal Government, it is being reported to the Commission for whatever jurisdictional measures it may take, a notice of which will be appreciated.

BY ORDER OF THE MINISTER
Chief Cabinet

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M.M. A.	1
FILE REF.	1
Date Recd	1

ROME, 29 September 1944

The War Ministry has communicated that the Prefecture of Teramo has informed the Adriatic Sector Reorganization Center that it has formed a commission to re-examine the status of officers and non-commissioned officers who reported after 8 September.

The above-mentioned Department has pointed out that if its own agencies carry out the census of the recovered military personnel and their screening, a discrepancies in the various provinces may result; it prefers, therefore, that each examination be reserved to its jurisdiction.

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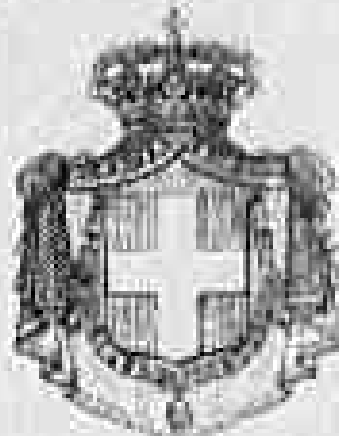
BY ORDER OF THE MINISTER
Chief Cabinet

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Ministero dell'Interno

GABINETTO DEL MINISTRO

LA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI
CONTROLLO = Sottocommissione Interni

ROMA

Prot. V. 5214/3113

Allegati

OGGETTO Commissione istituita dalla R^a Prefettura di Teramo
per la revisione della posizione di Ufficiali e Sottuffi-
ciali.

Il Ministero della Guerra ha segnalato che la Prefettura di Teramo ha comunicato al Centro Riordinamento Settore Adriatico di aver proceduto a nominare una commissione per la revisione della posizione di ufficiali e di sottufficiali presentatisi dopo l'8 settembre.

Il predetto Dicastero ha osservato che, procedendo con propri organi sia al censimento dei militari recuperati che alla loro discriminazione, potrebbe determinarsi una situazione di disparità nelle diverse province; gradirebbe, pertanto, che ogni esame in materia fosse riservato alla sua competenza.

Poichè si tratta di Provincia non ancora restituita al R^o Governo, si segnala quanto sopra a codesta On. Commissione per i provvedimenti di competenza, di cui si gradirà aver notizia.

D'ORDINE DEL MINISTRO
IL CAPO DI GABINETTO

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MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO
GABINETTO DEL MINISTRO

LA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI
CONTROLLO - SOTTOCOMMISSIONE INTERNI
ROMA

8B

Prot. No. 5214/3113 Allegato

OGGETTO Commissione istituita dalla R. Prefettura di Teramo per
la revisione della posizione di Ufficiali e Sottufficiali.

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sparita' nelle diverse province; predirebbe, pertanto, che ogni esa-
me in materia fosse riservato alla sua competenza.

Poiche' si tratta di Provincia non ancora restituita al
R. Governo, si nega quanto sopra a questa OA. Commissione per i
provvedimenti di competenza, di cui si gradira' aver notizia.

PER ORDINE DEL MINISTRO
IL CAPO DI CABINETTO

(Sgd)

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MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO
CABINETTO DEL MINISTRO

LA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI
CONTROLLO - SOTTOCOMMISSIONE INTERNI
ROMA

Prot. No. 5214/3113 Allegato

OCCORRENZA Commissione istituita dalla R. Prefettura di Teramo per
la revisione della posizione di ufficiali e sottufficiali.

Il Ministero della Guerra ha segnalato che la Prefettura
di Teramo ha comunicato al Centro Riordinamento Settore Adriatico
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provvedimenti di competenza, di cui si gradiva' aver notizia.

D'ORDINE DEL MINISTRO
IL CAPO DI CABINETTO

(sgd)

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363 TO : HQ , R.C. & M.G. Section.
 FROM : HQ AMG Abruzzi - Marche Region.
 SUBJECT : Local Government - Italian.
 REF : R5/507/22.
 DATE : 4 Oct 44.



Further to this office letters of even number dated
 1 Sep & 20 Sep 44 and your ACC/1/5/5/Int dated 5 Sep & 28 Sep 44.

Attached please find further report on local government
 for the Province of Teramo, covering the period 25 Aug to 25 Sep 44.

It will be seen from this report that the state of local
 government in this Province has improved and that the replacements
 of the two Vice-Prefects should be sufficiently well established
 to function normally.

FOR REGIONAL COMMISSIONER:

J.D. Scholtz
 J.D. SCHOLTZ,
 Major,
 Executive Officer.

TC/WBC.

Copy to:- Vice-President, Administrative Section.

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S

V. P. Administration

RM 7

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LOCAL GOVERNMENT REPORT ON PROVINCE OF TERAMO OR THE PERIOD
FROM 25 AUG 44 TO 25 SEP 44.

1. DEPUTAZIONE PROVINCIALE

- (a) The following members have now been nominated for the Deputazione Provinciale:-

PRESIDENT

AVV CARAVELLI Vito

MEMBERS

Geom LUCCHESI Francesco
Avv PARTENZA Aristide
Avv CIPOLLONE Giulio
Dott SALVONE Curzio
Dott CARPOLI Antonio
Avv BIANCONI Umberto
Geom D'EMILIO Domenico
Avv D'IGNAZIO Ignazio

) Supplementary
0 Members

- (b) The members have been suggested for appointment by the local Committee of National Liberation and they represent the political interests of the following parties:-

Communist
Socialist
Partito D'Azione
Democratico Cristiano
Democratico del Lavoro
Liberal

- (c) Although these members, belonging to the professional classes and the local Administration, also represent the principal economic interests as representatives of the organized parties of the workin and agricultural classes.

Avv PARTENZA Aristide and Avv D'IGNAZIO Ignazio are well experienced in commercial and administrative matters and enjoy a good reputation.

- (d) No meetings have yet been held owing to the fact that the Deputazione has only been recently formed.

- (e) Owing to the shortage of Allied officers it is doubtful whether it will be possible for one to be present at each meeting.

- (f) See (d) above.

- (g) The President was appointed by the Prefect Regent with the approval of the Provincial Commissioner, on the recommendation of the Committee of National Liberation. He is

AVV. CARAVELLI Vito, a lawyer.

- (h) Owing to the Deputazione Provinciale not having yet held any meetings

Avv. GEFOLONE Giulio
Dott. SALVONE Curzio
Dott. CAROLI Antonio
Avv. BIANCONE Umberto
Geom. D'EMILIO Domenico
Avv. D'IGNAZIO Ignazio

) Supplementary
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(f) See (d) above.

(g) The President was appointed by the Prefect Regent with the approval of the Provincial Commissioner, on the recommendation of the Committee of National Liberation. He is

Avv. CARAVELLI Vito, a lawyer.

(h) Owing to the Deputazione Provinciale not having yet held any meetings it is not possible to make any appraisal of either the body or the President.

2. GIUNTA PROVINCIALE AMMINISTRATIVA

The election of the members of the Giunta Provinciale by the Deputazione Provinciale according to R.D. 1111 is proceeding and the appointments are expected to be approved by the Prefect and Provincial Commissioner very shortly.

/3. GIUNTA MUNICIPALE

3. GIUNTA MUNICIPALE

The only Commune in the Province with a population of more than 15,000 inhabitants is that of TERAMO. A Giunta Municipale has been formed for the Commune of Teramo, details as follows:-

(a) The members have been appointed by the Prefect Regent on the recommendations of the National Committee of Liberation and have been approved by the Provincial Commissioner.

(b) The Giunta Municipale for the Commune of TERAMO is composed as follows:-

Sig CAMARDELLA Alessio	Merchant
Avv CASTAGNA Aurelio	
Sig DE CICCIO Italo	Artisan
Sig DE PAULIS Fedele Ercole	
Rag DE ROSA Rosario	
Dott CERULLI Mario	Professor
Sig D'ALESSANDRO Arturo	) Supplementary
Sig DE NICHIS URBANI Beniamino	) Members

(c) The members represent the following political parties and are also representative of the various economic interests and classes of people:-

Communist
Socialist
Liberal
Democratic Christian
Democratic Workers

(c) Numerous meetings have been held.

(d) No Allied Officers have yet attended meetings.

(e) The main items on the agenda of meetings have been those regarding:-

Food Supply in the Commune
Employment
Refugees

(f) Now that the Municipal Administration is now functioning properly according to the provisions of RDL 111, the state of affairs in TERAMO seems to have improved. As the Giunta Comunale has only recently been formed it is not possible to make any definite appraisal thereof.

The Prefect Regent is taking steps to ensure that Giunta Comunale are appointed in all the other Communes of the Province.

4. ITALIAN OFFICIALS

(a) The appointment of the Prefect Regent has now been regularised by the Regional Commissioner

(b) and (c) It appears that both Vice Prefects reported in the previous report were appointed by the Prefect Regent in a temporary capacity.

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Artisan

Sig DE CICCIO Italo
 Sig DE PAULIS Fedele Ercole
 Rag DE ROSA Rosario
 Dott CERULLI Mario
 Sig D'ALESSANDRO Arturo
 Sig DE NIGRIS URBANI Beniamino

Professor
) Supplementary
) Members

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4. ITALIAN OFFICIALS

(a) The appointment of the Prefect Regent has now been regularised by the Regional Commissioner

(b) and (c) It appears that both Vice Prefects reported in 15 months' report were appointed by the Prefect Regent in a temporary capacity as the previous holders of the appointments had either been arrested or fled on the occupation of the Province.

Both Acting Vice Prefects should be removed as soon as it is possible to replace them.

(d) No change

(e) It is understood that the Director of Religious Affairs has since died. There is therefore no longer any need to have him removed. It is not known who is responsible for the appointment of his successor.

/5. SINDACI

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5. SINDACI

(a) Since the last report 34 Sindaci have been appointed. This does not mean that 34 new Sindaci have replaced others, but that the Prefect has now officially appointed them as Sindaco instead of Commissario Straordinario as he had done previously.

(b) There are 11 Commissari Prefettizi in the Province.

(c) The appointment of 34 Sindaci have now been regularised since the last report. The Prefect is considering the appointment of suitable Sindaci to replace the 11 Commissari Prefettizi in the other Communes.

(d) No Sindaco receives any salary other than expenses.

(e) The Prefect is finding it difficult to find capable persons willing to take the appointment of Sindaco without salary and recommends that Sindaci are allowed some compensation at the end of each month.

(f), (g) & (h) No change.

6. DEFASCISTISATION

All former Fascists holding positions of any importance have been removed from office by order of the Prefect Regent.

The Provincial Defascism Commission has not yet commenced to function owing to the fact that the Italian Government have not yet appointed the third member.

7. RELATIONSHIP OF AMG WITH ITALIAN OFFICIALS

(a) The relationship between the officers of AMG and the Italian officials remains very good. With the limited number of officers available, however, it is not possible to give sufficient "prodding" to keep the Italian officials up to scratch.

(b) The Administration of the Province remains satisfactory with the exception of the Vice Prefects who should be removed as soon as practicable.

8. SPECIAL PROBLEMS

With only one Provincial Officer for the whole of the Province, it is very difficult to ascertain the progress being made with regard to the local Government organisation in Communes.

The re-organisation of Local Government on a Provincial level has improved considerably since the last report, and with the completion of the Giunta Provinciale Amministrativa, Local Government in the Province of TERAMO should be able to function properly in accordance with the provisions of FOL III.

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Lt. Col.

Provincial Commissioner,

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CHIEFT

2 Oct 44

CHIEFT
Lt. Col.,
Provincial Commissioner,
AMG CHIETI, PESCARA & TERAMO PROVINCES.

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TO : HQ.ACC. (For Interior Sub-Commission).
FROM : HQ. Region 5 - A.M.C.
SUBJECT : Local Government - Italian.
REF : R5/501/22
DATE : 28 September 1944.

SEP 1944

P.2

Reference your memo ACC/1/5/5/INT. dated 25 September 1944, the requested reply was forwarded to you under this office letter of even number dated 20 Sep. 44.

P.3

FOR THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER:



W. Shumhall Collo
JS

J.D. SCHOLTZ
Major
Executive Officer.

TC/In

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
INTERIOR SUB COMMISSION
APO 394

ACG/1/5/5/Int

23 September 1944

SUBJECT: Vice-Prefects for LUGIA, PISTOIA, and VERANO

TO : His Excellency the Minister of Interior

Your Excellency:

1. As has already been represented in a recent interview between Cav. Onuma and Capt Williams, it is necessary to provide immediately for Vice-Prefects Vicario for the provinces of LUGIA and PISTOIA and two Vice-Prefects for the province of VERANO.
2. The Vice-Prefect of LUGIA, Dr. Alpinolo FRUGGI, has had to be dismissed on account of his relations with the Fascist Republicans. It is probable that the Vice-Prefect of PISTOIA will be dismissed for similar reasons. Nominations for these two posts are therefore urgent.
3. As to VERANO, both Vice-Prefects are in bad health and appear to be unable to discharge their duties. SCARAMUCI, Dott. Guido, the Vice-Prefect Vicario suffers from liver trouble: he has had one month's special leave and has just been granted a further two months on the report of two doctors. The acting Vice-Prefect Isottore, BOSCHI, Dott. Mario is a Consigliere di 2^a classe appointed to exercise inspectorial functions by the Prefect. He suffers from eye disease and has been away ill in another instance. It is desired to substitute both these officials as soon as possible, so that the Prefetto Ruggente may have adequate assistance.

✓
R. G. B. SPIER
Colonel
Director
Interior Sub-Commission

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
INTERIOR SUB-COMMISSION
APO 394

ACC/1/5/5/Int

28 September 1944

SUBJECT: TERAMO officials

TO : RC, Abruzzi-Marche Region

1. Thank you for your R5/507/22 of 20 September and the enclosures.
2. I have asked the Minister of the Interior to nominate new Vice-Prefects Vicario and Ispettore for this province; and I will have them screened and sent down to you as soon as I can.

CVW/jst

R. G. B. SPICER
Colonel
Director
Interior Sub-Commission

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TO : H.Q. A.C.C. (For Interior Sub-Commission).

FROM : H.Q. REGION V - A.C.C.

SUBJECT : Local Government - TERAMO.

REF : R5/507/22.

DATE : 20 September 1944.

1/5/5

26 SEP 1944

P.2.

1. Reference your ACC/1/5/5 dated 5 September 1944.

Attached please find Biographical data in respect to the officials concerned as requested.

2. Provincial Commissioner wishes to comment as follows on the undermentioned:-

(i) Prefect.

An Army Officer. Evidently a good man. Has had no previous training in Prefectural Administration, but is hard-working, and evidently "straight".

(ii) Vice-Prefect.

Suffers from Liver trouble. Has had one month's special leave, and just been granted leave for a further period of two months on the report of two doctors. Should be removed.

(iii) Vice-Prefect Inspector.

Unsatisfactory. Has been away ill in another Commune and suffers from eye disease. Is certainly not recommended by me for the job.

3. It is understood that the appointment of the Prefect is now properly regularised, the position in respect of the other two is not known.

FOR THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER :

J.D. Scholtz
J.D. SCHOLTZ
Major
Executive Officer.



TC/mc

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3A
Biographical data respecting the Prefect of Teramo.

LORENZINI Giovanni fu Sobrino and fu Isnadi Pola.

States he was born at Genoa on 15th. April, 1914. His father was a Captain in the Bersagliere, and was killed whilst fighting in the last war in 1917.

Education.

Went to school at the age of six years at the Vittorio Emanuele Elementary School which he attended until the age of 11 years when he attended the College of Don Bosco (Order of Salesians) which he left at age of 14 to attend the Technical Institute Mocoli, and was there until the age of 17 years. He then attended the Institute of Agrimensura and in the same year qualified as a geometer. He ceased his education at this period when he was called for service with the armed forces.

Career.

On joining the army he attended the Military Academy at Salerno from 1932 to '33 and was appointed to the rank of Sergeantant, served as soldier until 1934 when he was released from Army service. For the next few months he was employed privately as a Geometrical expert for the insurance companies, including the Alleanza (Alliance).

In 1935 he was appointed to the rank of 2nd. Lieut. in Artillery on the reserve list of 7th. Regt. of Artillery, but after his nomination as such was almost continuously in Military service. In 1939 - Jan'y. he was sent with the Artillery to Spain and took part in the civil war there. The Italian Govt. of that day had sold artillery pieces to Spain and men were required to instruct and operate this equipment.

On 6th. June, 1939 he was sent on leave to Italy and subsequently was transferred to the 11th. Regt. of Frontier Guards, being stationed at Ventimiglia, on the French Frontier. He took part in the war against France and entered France with his Regt.

Following his activities in France he was on 10th. Decr. 1940 sent to Albania where he remained in his military capacity until 1st.

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Went to school at the age of six years at the Vittorio Emanuele Elementary School which he attended until the age of 11 years when he attended the College of Don Bosco (Order of Salesians) which he left at age of 14 to attend the Technical Institute Mocoli, and was there until the age of 17 years. He then attended the Institute of Agrimensura and in the same year qualified as a geometer. He ceased his education at this period when he was called for service with the armed forces.

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On joining the army he attended the Military Academy at Salerno from 1932 to '33 and was appointed to the rank of Sergeantant, served as soldier until 1934 when he was released from Army service. For the next few months he was employed privately as a geometrical expert for the insurance companies, including the Allianz (Alliance).

In 1935 he was appointed to the rank of 2nd. Lieut. in Artillery on the reserve list of 7th. Regt. of Artillery, but after his nomination as such was almost continuously in Military service. In 1939 - Jan. he was sent with the Artillery to Spain and took part in the civil war there. The Italian Govt. of that day had sold artillery pieces to Spain and men were required to instruct and operate this equipment.

On 6th. June, 1939 he was sent on leave to Italy and subsequently was transferred to the 11th. Regt. of Frontier Guards, being stationed at Ventimiglia, on the French Frontier. He took part in the war against France and entered France with his Regt.

Following his activities in France he was on 10th. Decr. 1940 sent to Albania where he remained in his military capacity until 1st. August, 1941 when he came back to Italy to continue service in the 49th. Infantry Regt; in which he had served in Albania, always in the capacity of artillery officer attached to infantry. As from 1st. Jan. 1942 he was appointed Captain and in March 1942 was transferred to Teramo with the 49th. Regt. where he remained until 8th. September 1943 when the

(over)

Armistice with the Allied Nations was signed.

After the Armistice orders were given by Badoglio for the Military in Italy to resist the Germans but his Colonel (Leopold Di Scarienzi) ordered their arms to be handed over to the Germans. The Captain refused to do so and took off arms to the mountains at Bosco della Martese, where he was joined by allied ex-prisoners of war- English and Yugo slav - and then by about 500 youths of Teramo region who formed themselves into a band under his leadership. This band of men opposed the Germans and fought against them in this area, destroying seven german trucks and 2 cars

They took prisoner the German Commander a Major RHODAS, whom they shot because he had given an order for the shooting of six Italian boys aged about 15 years. The Germans in the area were about 300 strong and were compelled to retire, but next day sent a Panzer Divn. against the patriots who were compelled to disperse into about ten bands.

After the fall of Rome they reunited and decided to deliver Teramo and succeeded in doing this two days before the arrival of allied troops. They then formed the Committee of Liberation and he was elected their President.

On 19th. June, 1944 A.M.G. officials arrived and he was appointed temporarily as Prefect of the Province of Teramo.

Notes appended and the foregoing obtained by Capt. Bellamy, A.M.G.
Teramo Province Officer.

Thos. Bellamy
Capt. P.O.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785021

Biographical report on the Vice Prefect of Teramo Province.

SCARAMUCCI Giulio di Francesco and di Galosi Pompelia.

States he was born at Castignano in the Province of Ascoli Piceno on 12th. July, 1907. His father was and still is a master farmer in that town.

Education

Attended the elementary school at Castignano from the age of 6 to 9 years, and then attended the local Gymnasium School, directed by Priests at Monte Alto until reaching the fourth class at the age of 13 years. He then attended the Gymnasium School at Ascoli Piceno for the next five years, leaving the middle school at the age of 18 years. Then attended the University of Rome, where he studied law. In 1929 at the age of 22 years he took his Doctor's degree in law and subsequently took the State examination for entry into the Ministry of State for Internal Affairs. He was appointed as vice-secretary at the Ministry of Interior on 1st. June, 1930. Whilst studying for this examination he was for a time employed by the legal office of Avv. Franchi at Ascoli Piceno, from Decr. 1929 until May 1930.

Career.

After appointment as a vice-secretary he was sent to the Prefettura at Ascoli Piceno as vice secretary to the Prefettura there. He remained in this post until Feby. 1931 when he was transferred to the Prefettura at Cuneo in the same capacity. He was there until May, 1931 when he returned to Ascoli Piceno in the same capacity until Feby. 1936. He was then transferred on promotion to First Secretary, with advisory functions, to ROVIGO where he remained until June, 1939 when he was transferred to Prefettura Teramo as first secretary.

In October 1939 and also in 1940 took further examinations and was appointed Consigliere on 1st. June, 1940 and on 1st. June, 1942 was

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In October 1939 and also in 1940 took further examinations and was appointed Consigliere on 1st. June, 1940 and on 1st. June, 1942 was appointed first class consigliere at Teramo. He was first given the office of Vice Prefect Inspector on Aug. 1st. 1944 and appointed vice-Prefect on 28th. Aug. 1944.

States he was inscribed in the Fascist Party on 21st. April, 1927 but never held any political position under this regime. In 1928 he was inscribed in the Milizia Volontaria Sicurezza Nazionale, but this was

only formal and was never issued with uniform and was inscribed at Castignano when he actually lived at Ascoli Piceno. He was not eligible for military conscription as he was an only son, but on 1st March, 1943 was called for military service and went as a soldier in 13th. Regt. of Artillery to the Depot at Aquila. He did little service as he was very frequently released for the performance of his other duties. He performed no military service after the Armistice. He did not collaborate with the Fascist Prefect and during that time was mainly occupied in the capacity of Social Supervisor. He continued to work as he has a wife and child to support and if he had refused to work would have been sent home and very probably arrested.

On 13th. June, 1944 the Fascist Sindaco of Teramo escaped and from then until 24th. June he temporarily filled the position of Sindaco, being released at his own request as he found it impossible to do that job as well as his other one.

Aforegoing obtained personally by Capt. Bellamy, A.M.G.
Teramo Province.

Mr. Bellamy
Capt.
P.O.

Curriculum vitae.

Doct. Mario De Rosa di Pasquale and Angiolina Grimani, born at Ururi (Campobasso Prov.) on 24 March 1906, married, councillor of 2nd class at the Prefettura of Teramo.

From Oct. 1912 to July 1916 elementary school in his native place. For reasons of study he went then to Pozzuoli (Naples Prov.) where he had to repeat (1916-17) the fourth elementary class, and in Oct. 1917 to Naples where he entered into the first class of the inferior Gymnasium of the R. Lyceum-Gymnasium "A. Genovesi" and remained there for eight years (five years of Gymnasium and three years of Lyceum), obtaining in July 1927 the diploma of classic maturity; in the following October he entered into the University of Naples (Law) and got his doctor's degree in autumn 1931.

In all these years he conserved his residence dwelling at his family's in his native place, living only during the few months of lessons first at Pozzuoli and then at Naples.

In 1932 he took part in the competition for the place of Vice-Secretary of the civil personnel of the War-Ministry and in 1933 in that of Vice-Secretary of the Home-Secretary. After his appointment to Vice-Secretary of the Civil Administration of the Home-Office with validity from April 15, 1934, he was sent to the Prefettura of Enna (Sicily), where he served from May 1934 to February 1936, administering too, from

Sept. 34 to July 35, as Commissioner of the Prefect, the Comune of Aidone. - On 1st March 1936 was transferred to Teramo. On January 28,

1939 promoted Secretary, on July 4, 1940 first Secretary and in April 1943 Councillor whose functions he had already had since November 1941.

Had the functions of Capo di Gabinetto (Chief of the Prefect's Office) in the Prefettura di Teramo from May 1942 to September 1943 and administered, as Commissioner sent by the Prefect, the following

comunes in the province of Teramo:

Araise (Oct. 36 to April 37)

Castellalto (Oct. 37 to Sept. 38)

Cernigiano (February 1940 to Sept. 41)

Castelli (Oct. 41 to April 42).

signed: dott. Mario De Rosa.

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
INTERIOR SUB COMMISSION
APO 394

AGC/1/5/5/Int

5 September 1945

SUBJECT: Local Government TERAMO Province

TO : RC, Region V

1. Reference your R5/507/11 dated 1 September and attached report on TERAMO Province:
2. Local Government in TERAMO appears to be in a sorry state, but now that the present RC has set the machine in motion, I have no doubt that matters will be rectified.
3. May further particulars please be sent of:
 - (i) Prefetto
 - (ii) Vice-Prefetto Vicario
 - (iii) Vice-Prefetto Ispettore
4. The details asked for above are required for the records of this Sub-Commission and for notification to the Italian Government.


R. G. B. SPIGHER
Colonel
Director
Interior Sub-Commission

Encl: as in 1
RMH/jst

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785021

To: INTERIOR
From Admin Sec.

2 Sept 1944

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4 SEP 1944

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Heckler

S. H. WHITE
Lt Col. W. R.

4 SEP. 1944

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Admin Sect
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To: HQ ACC (For Executive Commissioner, RC and NC Section)
From: HQ Region 5 AMG.
Subject: Local Government - Italian.
Ref: 13/507/22.
Date: 1 Sep 44.

4 SEP 1944

Further to this office letter of even number dated 14 Aug 44.

Attached please find Local Government (Italian) report for the province of Teramo.

The Provincial Commissioner reports that difficulty was experienced in the compilation of this report as the previous officer in charge had left the whole matter with the Prefect.

There appears to have been no Deputazione Provinciale, etc., appointed, but the Provincial Commissioner has reported that it will be got going immediately.

For the Regional Commissioner:

[Signature]

C.H.A. FRENCH.
Lieut. Colonel.
Executive Officer.

TC/REY

HEADQUARTERS
3 SEP 1944
A. C. C.

Copy to: Vice-President, Administrative Section.

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LOCAL GOVERNMENT REPORT ON PROVINCE OF TERAMO FOR THE PERIOD FROM
OCCUPATION BY ALLIES TO 25 AUG 44.

1. DEPUTAZIONE PROVINCIALE

- (a) Owing to lack of instructions from previous AMG Officers, a Deputazione has not yet been appointed by the Prefect, but since the Province was liberated the Provincial Administration was committed to an Extraordinary Commission. This Commission is headed by a lawyer, VITO CARAVELLI, who was appointed by the Committee of Liberation. Its functions have been to administer according to the ancient Provincial Legislation (Preside and Rettorato).
- (b) The Prefect was informed at the Conferenza at AQUILA on 20 Aug 44 that a properly constituted Deputazione Provinciale should be set up without delay and he has since been informed by the Provincial Commissioner that the Administration of the Province should conform to the legislation provided in RIL of April 4th, 1944 No. 111, subject to the approval of nominations by the Provincial Commissioner.
- (c) The Prefect has been informed that it is of the greatest importance that the representatives selected for the various Provincial and Communal bodies must represent the will of the people and the various economic and political interests of the Province.

2. GIUNTA PROVINCIALE AMMINISTRATIVA

- (a) Up to the present the Giunta Provinciale has not yet been formed for the same reasons as stated in para 1 (a) above.
- (b) The Prefect is forming this body as quickly as possible in accordance with the instructions received as mentioned in para 1(b) above.
- (c) AS 1(c) above.

3. GIUNTA COMUNALE

NO Giunta Comunale or Municipale exist in the Province owing to lack of instructions on the formation of the same. Giunta, in accordance with the provisions of RIL No. 111, are being formed as quickly as possible.

4. Biographical Data on ITALIAN OFFICIALS

- (a) PREFECT REGIMENT - Capt. LORENZINI Giovanni (an Officer of the Artillery, age 31, a former Leader of the Patriots, was appointed by the previous Provincial Commissioner, apparently without the written approval of the Regional Commissioner (see Special Order No. 1, copy of which is attached). Is very keen, pre-Alpine and popular in most parts of the Province with the mountain folk and peasants. Is tied up with many former friends, who are rather difficult to shake off. Although he is lacking in many of the administrative qualities necessary for the position he holds, being a professional soldier, he is ably assisted in the administration of the province by the
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4/4/44

(c) The Prefect has been informed that it is of the greatest importance that the representatives selected for the various Provincial and Communal bodies must represent the will of the people and the various economic and political interests of the Province.

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- (b) **VICE PREFECT VICAR** - Dott. SCARABUCCI Giulio, an older man, nominated by the Prefect Regent and approved by the Committee of Liberation and the previous Provincial Commissioner. He has had many years of experience in an administrative capacity and no complaints have been received against him.
- (c) **VICE PREFECT INSPECTOR** - Dott. DE ROIA. Nominated by the Prefect. A conscientious worker.
- (d) **COUNSELLORS** (i) Dott. LONGO Giorgio
(ii) Dott. CASSANDRO Antonio
- Both of these men have been vouched for by the Prefect and Committee of Liberation.

/ (e)

(c) DIRECTOR OF RELIGIOUS AFFAIRS - Bishop MICCOLI Antonio, age 62. Great Fascist. Understood to have been friend and collaborator with Germans, and would no doubt give a great deal of trouble if he were not suffering from cancer and likely to die within a few weeks. Quite immoral and wicked man who should be removed from office immediately.

(f) See para 5.

5. SINDACI

- (a) The term "podesta" has been abolished.
- (b) No sindaci have been appointed in the Province as it was considered necessary, in the absence of definite instructions from previous AMG Officers, to have Commissari Straordinari appointed by the Prefect in place of Podesta. The appointment of Sindaci will now be made by the Prefect in accordance with ROL No. 111.
- (c) The podesta of the Province have all been dismissed and replaced by Commissari Straordinari appointed by the Prefect subject to the approval of the previous Provincial Commission, from anti-Fascists. All appear to be doing their work well with the exception of GIULIANO RICCARDO, a Communist, who is being replaced.

(d) No information is available.

(e) No difficulty has been experienced in getting persons to act as Commissari Straordinari and it is anticipated that the same will apply when Sindaci are appointed.

(f) Majority of Commissari Straordinari satisfactory with the exception mentioned in para 5(c) above.

(g) Relations between Commissari and Secretaries are generally good and Secretaries are doing their utmost to assist the Commissari.

(h) Secretaries are fairly efficient. Only 3 have been dismissed owing to their Political views.

6. DEFASCISTICATION

- (a) A list of former Fascists still in senior appointments is not available. In accordance with previous instructions, the majority of elements of the Fascist party holding Administrative posts were removed from office and replaced by personnel approved by the Committee of Liberation as anti-Fascist.
- (b) Scheda Personale have been completed in respect of the majority of officials.

7. RELATIONSHIP OF AMG WITH ITALIAN OFFICIALS

- (a) The relationship between the officers of AMG and the Italian officials is very good and the utmost co-operation is given by the senior Italian officials. A great deal of supervision is still required. A certain amount of "prodding" is necessary to overcome the inherent tendency to put things off until tomorrow.

The Prefect

(c) The Prefect of the Province have all been dismissed and replaced by Commissari Straordinari appointed by the Prefect subject to the approval of the previous Provincial Commissioner, from anti-Fascists. All appear to be doing their work well with the exception of GIULIO RICCARDO of GIULIANOVA, a Communist, who is being replaced.

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(b) The Administration of the Province appears to be satisfactory. The Prefect is an alert man with plenty of "push". Other officials, as stated, have a tendency to put things off.

/9. SPECIAL PROBLEMS

- 3 -

8. SPECIAL PROBLEMS

Like all other Provinces, once a man is appointed, he makes enemies if he tries to do his duty.

The political and economic situation is closely related in so far as it is probable that if we could obtain more olive oil, fats, etc., and a larger ration for the people, there would be no possibility of criticism.

With the shortage of officers it is impossible to give a comprehensive picture of the local Government organisation in the Communes.

It is astounding to find that the various Giuntas etc., have not been set up and it can be taken for granted that there will be some action in this respect immediately.

29 AUG 44
CHIETI
JHW/RP

[Signature]
Lt-Col.
Provincial Commissioner,
ANG CHIETI, PESCARA & TERAMO PROVINCES.

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