

ACC

10000/141/54

LOCAL GOV'T
APR. - SEP

10000/141/54

LOCAL GOV'T ORGANIZATION, COSENZA PROVINCE
APR. - SEPT. 1944

1028

1/7/3

(4)

TRANSLATION No. 220

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR
Cabinet
File No. 6143
Reply to letter ACC/1/7/3 Int.

ROME, 30 August 1944

[Handwritten signature]
RET

SUBJECT; Cosenza - Government action.

TO : A.C.C.
INTERIOR SUB-COMMISSION
R O M E

P. 2.

With reference to the above-indicated letter, we inform you that we have called the attention of the prefect of Cosenza to the matter indicated by the A.C.C.

BY ORDER OF THE MINISTER

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220

Med. 868

Roma 30 agosto 1944

Ministero dell'Interno
Gabinetto

1 SEP 1944
Alla Commissione Alleata
di Controllo
Sottocommissione Interni
ROMA

Divisione *1/7/3*
Tel. N° *0143* Allegati

Prospetto n° *del 25/8*
Dir. *Int.* *AKCC/1/7/3*
Int.

OGGETTO Cosenza - Azione di Governo.

Con riferimento alla nota soprade-
scritta, si comunica che è stata richia-
mata l'attenzione del prefetto di Cosenza
per quanto segnalato da codesta Commissio-
ne.

D'ORDINE DEL MINISTRO

Cant/Co

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HEADQUARTERS REGION VII
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

File Ref. RVII/R/71/51

Date: 9 Aug. 44.

SUBJECT: Monthly Report, Region VII, July 44.

Headquarters,
Allied Control Commission
R.C. & M.G. Section (Civil Affairs Branch).

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.....

B. Local Government - Provincial.

4. Reggio is still the only province which has a Deputazione Provinciale. In Catanzaro it is in process of formation and members are expected to be nominated shortly. Nothing has been done in this direction at Cosenza. 1808

5. Reggio now joins with Catanzaro in boasting a Giunta Provinciale, the members of this body being elected at a meeting of the Deputazione Provinciale on 10 July. Giunta Municipalesi have been formed so far only for the municipalities of Reggio and Catanzaro. The work of forming the Giunta in the communes is however proceeding apace.

There is nothing to report from Cosenza where progress in local government is held up pending the appointment of a new Prefect.

6. The Prefect of Catanzaro continues to be dilatory in enforcing defascistization, raising first one pretext and then another.

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
INTERIOR SUB COMMISSION
APO 394

ACC/1/7/3/Int

25 August 1944

SUBJECT: Local Government in Cosenza

TO : His Excellency the Minister of Interior

Your Excellency:

1. I wish to bring to your attention that in the report by the Regional Commissioner, Region VII, for the month of July 1944 he states that very little progress in local government has taken place in Cosenza.
2. It is hoped that with the assumption of the office of Prefect by the new appointee that impetus in the reorganization of local government will be had.

*R. R. Temple
Capt*

for R. G. B. SPIDER
Colonel
Director
Interior Sub-Commission

RRC/jet

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1/7/3

INTERVIEWS (1) Director - Prefect COSENZA - 14 Aug.

- 1 Prefect warned that Comitato di Liberazione has no official standing. The Committee's advice may be sought by the Prefect if he so desires.
- 2 The Prefect replied that he had received similar instructions from the Ministry of Interior.

1806

REAR HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
INTERIOR SUB COMMISSION
APO 394

28 April 1944.

Subject: Report on a Survey of the Province of Cosenza -
Region VII (Calabria).

To: : Lt.Col.R.G.B. Spicer, ~~Acting~~ Director, Interior Sub
Commission.

From : Capt.C.G.R. Williams, Assistant Executive Officer,
Interior Sub-Commission.

I. GENERAL BACKGROUND

(1) The Province of Cosenza is the most northerly of the three
provinces comprised in Region VII which is identical with
the former Italian Compartimento of Calabria.

Prior to 23/4/44 it formed part of Region II.

(2) Area - 6,666 kmq = 2573 square miles.

(3) Population resident in	1936	1941
Province	587,025	633,730
Provincial capital	40,032	44,627

(4) Communes - 152 of which

1 has a population exceeding 30,000 Cosenza

5 have population over 15,000 Acri, Corigliano, -
Calabro, Paola, Rossano
San Giovanni in Fiore

9 have a population over 8,000 Amantea, Cassano al-
l' Ionio, Castrovillari
Cetraro, Fiumefreddo,
Montalto, Uffulo,
Rende, S. Marco Argen-
tano.

137 have a population under 8,000.

(5) The distribution of the working population for the whole
of Calabria is roughly:

Agriculture	67.7 %
Industry, Commerce and Trans- port	25.0 %
Administration, Professions etc.	7.3 %

Separate figures for Cosenza Province are not available but
as industry is to be found mainly around Reggio and Crotona, the
percentages for agricultural workers and for workers in administra-
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Separate figures for Cosenza Province are not available, but as industry is to be found mainly around Reggio and Crotona, the percentages for agricultural workers and for workers in administration and services would be higher than those given above.

(6) Most of the province is wild mountain land, densely wooded, but the coastal strips and especially the valley of the R. Crati around Cosenza are fertile and closely cultivated.

In order of importance, the principal crops are olives, cereals, potatoes, pulses and the vine. There is grazing for sheep and goats in the lower slopes of the mountains. It is difficult to assess the extent of industry in the province at the present time. Of the three Calabrian provinces, Cosenza appears to be the most rural.

- 2 -

- (7) The province seemed, comparatively speaking, to have been directly affected by the operations of war to a slight extent only. There is some bomb or shell damage in the capital city and around some of the bridges and railway stations. Surprisingly few of the bridges have been blown and the main roads (insofar as I used them) are in good condition - rather better than those further south and distinctly better than those in Campania and Lucania.
- (8) The population appeared to be poorer and more ragged than in the case further to the north. On the other hand, their appearance suggested a comparatively sound and vigorous state of health.

II. ACC ADMINISTRATION.

- (9) On 23/4/44, Col.R.G.Kirkwood (A) assumed command of Region VII (Calabria).
- (10) The Provincial Commissioner is Lt.Col.E. H. J. Nicolls, DSO, MC (B).

His staff consists of:

Capt. Eddings (B)	-	Provincial Police Officer
" Fletcher (B)	-	Finance "
" O'Brien (B)	-	Supply "
" Little (A)	-	Legal " , part time.

Captain Little is Provincial Legal Officer for all 3 Calabrian provinces and appears to be mostly at the central point of Catanzaro: he has now become Reg. Legal Officer, Region VII.

(11) 1 British and about 5 U.S. Officers were temporarily attached to this province from Region IV: they are now being withdrawn.

(12) The P.C. has worked his province in 4 areas - Cosenza, Paola, Castrovillari and Rossano - with an officer in charge of each, who tours his district and maintains contact with the Sindaci and other local administrators. The withdrawal of the officers temporarily attached from Region IV will oblige the P.C. to abandon this practice, but the district system will continue to be used for such purposes as periodical meetings of Sindaci - see below at para (19).

(13) The main problems occupying the attention of the P.C. 1804

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(13) The main problems occupying the attention of the P.C. appeared to be: 1804

(a) The amassing of crops. The present "ammassi" system seems to be considered almost unworkable: the farmers distrust the Italians in charge of the Provincial Consorzio Agrario and the accounts and production estimates taken over from the Fascist regime are considered to be fictitious and quite unreliable. An attempt is being made at present to get in more olive oil.

(b) Refugees. The principal factor in this problem was stated to be the high cost of transporting the refugees' rations

to the various communes which made it very difficult for the Sindaci to distribute, e.g., bread at the price fixed. The billeting of the refugees in private houses was proceeding without special difficulty.

III. STATE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

(14) The P.C. did not know of the Administrative Instructions or of any Regional Order as to the temporary reform of the Italian Local Government. The Prefect Mancini, however, displayed considerable knowledge of the terms of the forthcoming Royal Decree-Law.

(15) In the Communes, the Prefect has just completed the replacement of all Sindaci; this term is in use in all cases. The Prefect proposes to proceed with the appointment of Giunte Municipali in communes of over 8,000 population first.

(16) The Provincial Administration is in the hands of a Commissario Straordinario and Vice Commissario, but the term Preside is still used. The Prefect has in mind a Deputazione Provinciale of 5 members (exclusive of the Presidente and Vice-Presidente) on a territorial basis.

(17) The G.P.A. was reconstituted in November 1943 and continues to function with 4 elective members and 2 alternates, 5 of whom are avvocati and one an engineer. Neither the Ragioniere Capo or the official exercising the functions of Provincial Inspector are members of the G.P.A. in this province.

(18) On the instructions of the Ministry the Prefect will take no steps actually to make appointments till the Decree is promulgated but he was proceeding with the selection of the names. He stated he appreciated the importance of securing representation for all political and economic interests and undertook to consult with the P.C. as to nominations.

(19) Meetings of Sindaci are being held at intervals in each of the 4 districts mentioned in para (12) above. The P.C. initiated these, though the Prefect calls the meetings and presides.

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