

0494

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785021

ACC

10000/141/104

10000/141/104

ADMINISTRATION, UDINE PROVINCE
JULY 1945 - JULY 1946

FILED	MINUTE SHEET NO.	PAGE
16 Apr.	Minute N. 69	To : CA Section I reference your minute 68 and proposed draft letter at folio 62A I am taking this comment: I had a telephone conversation with Col. Bright on 14 April, principally in connection with getting a replacement for the Prefect of Udine, who had submitted his resignation. Col. Bright brought up the question of the position of the CIN in his province. He raised the same points that he did in the letter to you of 7 April (fol. 61A). I answered him practically along the same lines as you have in your draft at fol. 62A. Frankly I was a little bit amazed at the questions he raised concerning the status of the CIN, inasmuch as the policy on this had long been established and should have been known to every Provincial Commissioner by now. In answer to his queries I pointed out that as far as AGO is concerned the position of CIN was the same after the elections as it was before the elections, namely, that of an extra governmental body - a group of parties representatives, which might wish to give advice on various governmental matters, which advice could be accepted or ignored by the Provincial Commissioners. The fact that elections had taken place and the Municipal councils had been elected have the effect of weakening the position of the CIN since AGO now could refer less to the CIN or not at all as he saw fit. The question of dissolution of the CIN should never enter the picture except when they attempt to do something contrary to direct orders of AGO or interfere with the administration by AGO directly. I also told Col. Bright that it was not incumbent upon us to request the Italian Government for a definition of the position of CIN nor did we intend to do so. All this was elementary and being so well known, or should be, to AGO, I saw no reason to have a directive issued as Col. Bright requested setting forth the status of CIN. However I was not aware that a letter had already been sent posing certain questions. 3 So far as your letter is concerned, which is obviously necessary in view of Col. Bright's letter, I agree with it fully. The only correction I suggest was be made is in the last paragraph. I strongly suggest that you strike out the clause "if you are in agreement with the foregoing". I think that whether Col. Bright is in agreement or not your statement as to the position and your proposal not to take any further action should stand. 4 I should like to make an further comment of Col. Bright's letter.

1 Reference your minute 68 and proposed draft letter at folio 62A. I am making this comment:

2 I had a telephone conversation with Col. Bright on 11 April, principally in connection with getting a replacement for the Prefect of Uruine, who had submitted his resignation. Col. Bright brought up the question of the position of the GLM in his province. He raised the same point that he did in the letter to you of 7 April (Vol. 61A). I answered him practically along the same lines as you have in your draft at Vol. 62A. Basically I was a little bit amused at the question he raised concerning the status of the GLM, inasmuch as the policy on this had long been established and should have been known to every Provincial Commissioner by now. In answer to his queries I pointed out that as far as AMC is concerned the position of GLM was the same after the elections as it was before the elections, namely, that of an extra governmental body - a group of parties representatives, which might wish to give advice on various governmental matters, which advice could be accepted or ignored by the Provincial Commissioners. The fact that elections had taken place and the Municipal councils had been elected have the effect of weakening the position of the GLM since PCs now could refer less to the GLM or not at all as he saw fit. The question of dissolution of the GLM should never enter the picture except when they attempt to do something contrary to direct orders of AMC or interfere with the administration by AMC directly. I also told Col. Bright that it was not incumbent upon us to recruit the Italian Government for a definition of the position of GLM nor did we intend to do so. All this was elementary and being so well known, or should be, to PCs, I saw no reason to have a directive issued as Col. Bright requested setting forth the status of GLM. However, I was not aware that a letter had already been sent posing certain questions.

3 So far as your letter is concerned, which is obviously necessary in view of Col. Bright's letter, I agree with it fully. The only correction I suggest ~~was~~ be made is in the last paragraph. I strongly suggest that you strike out the clause "if you are in agreement with the foregoing". I think that whether Col. Bright is in agreement or not your statement as to the position and your proposal not to take any further action should stand.

4 I should like to make one further comment of Col. Bright's letter. I ~~now~~ question the propriety of his sending a copy of his letter to all those indicated in his distribution list. His letter having been sent to you, he should thereupon wait a response after which he would be in a position if he so desired to inform the GLCs and other officers as to the position. Why 13 Corps has been drawn in is beyond my comprehension. You may suggest to Col. Bright that since he has given his letter such a wide distribution, that he likewise give same distribution to your response.

RPD
2748 TWPLS

Major,
Director, Local Govt. S/O

RNT/or

FILE	MEMO'S SHEET NO. 1	PAGE
1946		
8 Jan.	Capt. C - after securing copy of schedule referred to in folio 8a, take up with Min. of Justice. RBY	8 8a
10th Jan.	Staff. Legal S/C any schedule referred to in Minute 1 will be sent to us shortly. Bring this file up for action when schedule is received. <u>RBY</u>	
10 Jan 46	Noted. <u>Mr. L. Mansfield</u> please note. <u>RBY</u>	
10 Jan 46	Noted. <u>RBY</u>	
21 Jan.	Capt. R. Please scan this list (p. 899) I don't think many affect us. I believe Legal S/C has an index of them. <u>RBY</u>	
22 Jan 46	Mr. Dickinson Ref. folios 8, 8A and 9.; I saw Mr. Lisapia of Legal S/C. (Room 344) who is handling this. He informed me that the Order in question is now being printed & that, so far as he knew, Civil Affairs Section had agreed to this. Mr. Lisapia said that if I still wished to consult his index, for the purpose of replying to para 6 of folio 8, I could do so. <u>RBY</u>	

10 Jan 46

Staff. Legal S/C any schedule referred to in Chapter 1 will be sent to us shortly. Bring this file up for action when schedule is received.
WPK

10 Jan 46

Noted. ⁽³⁾ Lt. Mansfield please note.
Notes RAY: J

21 Jan

Capt. R. Please scan these list (p. 899) I don't think many affect us. I believe legal S/C has an index of them.
RRV

To Director

22 Jan 46

Ref. folios 8, 8A and 9.; I saw Mr. Pisapia of legal S/C. (Room 344) who is handling this. He informed me that the Order in question is now being printed & that, so far as he knew, Civil Affairs Section had agreed to this. Mr. Pisapia said that if I still wished to consult his index for the purpose of replying to para 6 of folio 8, I could do so, but the intention was to print the Order without waiting for further comment from S/C's.

In view of this, it appears too late for this S/C to offer any comments. Should you wish or search to be made for our own information this could still be done.

2745 Juk

No further action with legal S/C. TO
be forwarded to Venable Law-RRV
28 Jan 46

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 784
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

18 July 1946

TO : Major G. L. P. Gilshenan
AMF HQ,
Udine

7/13/46

Kaisely has shown me your letter. A directive was issued by GA Section on 17 December 1945 of which I enclose a copy. This is the only one issued so far as concerns this S/C. If there has been any other directive on the subject of the Hitler Mussolini Accords originating from any other S/C, I am pretty sure I should know about it as Local Government has always had the job of handling these questions.

The Directive of 17 December won't be of much use to you, I am afraid, as it relates only to the preparation of electoral lists which is now a matter entirely for the Italian Government - even in your province. As you know the policy is to treat Udine just like Italian Government territory except in purely military matters, so that in a matter as eminently civilian as elections and electoral lists the Italian Govt. deals with Udine just like any other province.

The Directive was really a final attempt to get the Italian authorities in Bolzano province to get on with their lists and that is why the Directive lays down some rules (see paras. 4 & 5 of it) as to who should or should not be inscribed. As a matter of fact there has always been some doubt as to the exact citizenship of certain classes of Italians who under the Hitler Mussolini Accord opted for the Italian citizenship, and I personally doubt the validity of some of the statements in the Directive. It is not in the form which I advised.

The Italian Government have always taken the position that the situation of many optants is not clear and must be clarified by further legislation. The policy of the Parri Govt. was that there must be a special commission appointed to inquire into doubtful cases and settle whether they are Italian citizens or not. This commission will be appointed by a decree which will lay down rules for the determination of citizenship of doubtful cases. This was the policy of the De Gasperi Govt. too and I suppose it will be the policy of the Government which has just been formed.

The Government has however been stalling over the preparation of the new decree and the appointment of the special commission for months and months. Since Upper Adige was returned to Italian control on 31 Dec 45 we have refrained from making inquiries or press the Government on the matter as it then became exclusively their business.

I hope this rough note will be of some use to you. Kaisely is taking it

2744

Knissely has shown me your letter. A directive was issued by CA Section on 17 December 1945 of which I enclose a copy. This is the only one issued so far as concerns this S/C. If there has been any other directive on the subject of the Hitler Mussolini Accords originating from any other S/C, I am pretty sure I should know about it as Local Government has always had the job of handling these questions.

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The Government has however been stewing over the preparation of the new decree and the appointment of the special commission for months and months. Since Upper Adige was returned to Italian control on 31 Dec 45 we have refrained from making inquiries or press the Government on the matter as it then became exclusively their business.

I hope this rough note will be of some use to you. Knissely is taking it up with him tomorrow. I am going on release next Monday, after which there will be no more Local Govt. S/C.

CCRM/an

Incl. 1

9131

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

AC/45/12/LG.

Tel: 478706

SUBJECT: The Upper Adige etc. - Preparation of
Electoral Lists.

17 December 1945

TO : See Distribution below.

1. Executive Memorandum No. 5 gives directions for the compilation of the electoral lists throughout Military Government territory. Para 2 thereof states that these directions include the Provinces of Bolzano and Udine for which supplemental instructions would be issued. The supplemental instructions in question are contained in the present directive.
2. This directive applies to all provinces containing areas referred to in the Italo-German Accords of 1939 (as subsequently amended), i.e. the Provinces of Belluno, Bolzano, Trento and Udine.
3. Persons of Italian birth or speech who were never affected by the said Accords will be inscribed in the electoral lists in the normal way.
4. The following classes of German-speaking inhabitants of these provinces are, under Italian law, Italian citizens and will be inscribed in the lists:--
 - (a) those who opted under the Accords for Italian citizenship, or
 - (b) those who opted for German citizenship but took no other steps in the direction of acquiring that citizenship.
5. The class of optants described in para 4 (b) therefore provisionally excludes from inscription in the lists those optants for German citizenship who, for example, transferred their residence to Germany (whether they have since returned to Italy or not) or obtained a certificate of German naturalization and entered the German civil or military service.
6. The inclusion of any name in an electoral list is provisional and will not be taken as evidence of nationality and it does not confer any permanent rights on the person concerned nor exclude the possibility that such name may be subsequently deleted from the Register.
7. Prefects will be directed to transmit these instructions at once to Sindaco and Electoral Commissions, and to ensure that these Authorities apply them uniformly and generally. Every effort will be made to complete the lists as rapidly as possible.

BY COMMAND OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER

S.H. WHITE

27/3

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BY COMMAND OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER

S.H. WHITE
Lt. Colonel
A/Vice President
Civil Affairs Section

RCE/vw

2743

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
UDINE PROVINCE

13 July 1946.

SUBJECT: Directive on German Nationals.

TO : Captain A. W. Knisely,
Civil Affairs Section,
Headquarters Allied Commission, Rome.

REF. : SLC/HQ AC/JUL/

My dear Alan,

I shall be greatly obliged if you could help me over a pressing need for a directive which was sent out by Brigadier Upjohn, I think in July or August 1945. The subject matter was acquisition by Italians of German nationality and consequent loss of Italian citizenship. The directive dealt with the position of individuals who had opted for German nationality under the Hitler-Mussolini agreement and the legal effect of their subsequently taking up residence in Germany or remaining in Italy. I have several cases under consideration here and the directive would be of very great assistance to me. Strangely enough, it never seems to have reached this Province although I certainly saw it in Trento Province when I was there last summer. If you could possibly have a copy of the directive turned up and sent to me, I shall be infinitely grateful. Unfortunately, at this distance of time I am unable to recollect whether it was issued in reference to epuration, electoral lists, registration of aliens, or heaven knows what.

I hope you are enjoying life in Rome and sometime in the near future your duties will render a weekend in Udine absolutely imperative.

With kind regards, I am

Yours sincerely,

Major C. L. P. GILSHENAN

C. L. P. Gilshenan

0505

*Udine
H.Q. Admin 8625
1/12/4*

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
UDINE PROVINCE
OFFICE OF THE PROVINCIAL COMMISSIONER

16

CAS

Tel. No. 1516
A. M. G. Udine Ext. 4
File No.

Date: 21 June 46

PC/11

24 GIU. 1946

Subject : "Order of the day" of the Provincial
Deputation of Udine.

To : H.Q. ALLIED COMMISSION
R O M E

MD
CAS

The attached Order of the Day of the Provincial
Deputation of Udine is forwarded for such action as
may be deemed advisable.

HNB/gt.

H.N. Bright

H.N. BRIGHT, Lt.Col., 2741
Provincial Commissioner.

Local Govt Off.

Cpl. Trans. latim. pte.
Pl. 22/6

Encl.: 1

W. H. Bright 22/6



16 H

TRANSLATION

PROVINCIAL ADMINISTRATION OF UDINE

Excerpt from book of resolutions of the Provincial Deputation of
UDINE

Meeting of 13 June 1946

RESOLUTION

The Provincial Deputation
is pleased to learn that through elections held on 3 June,
Friuli, has given no less confirmation than other Italian regions,
of serene behaviour and of civil and political maturity;
it welcomes

the advent of the Republic, feeling sure that the constitutional
reform will be a guarantee of civil harmony and fruitful peace
activities, fostering the full moral and physical revival of
democratic Italy;

and it hopes that an
Eastern frontier, marked by a just peace, will permit Italian
Julian towns to live, since they may only revive and advance
if they remain united to their territory from which they could
not be separated without risk of death.

2740

9899

AMMINISTRAZIONE PROVINCIALE DI UDINE

RESISTENZA

dal verbale delle deliberazioni della Deputazione provinciale di Udine

Seduta del giorno 13 Giugno 1946

Presenti il Signor
Deputati provinciali coll'assistenza del Segretario generale dott. Luigi Zanoni.

N. _____

di protocollo
delle deliberazioni

OGGETTO

ORDINE DEL GIORNO

DELIBERAZIONE

LA DEPUTAZIONE PROVINCIALE

Rilevato con compiacimento che nella grande consultazione popolare del 2 Giugno, il Friuli, non meno che le altre regioni italiane, ha dato prova della più serena compostezza e della sua maturità civile e politica,

s a l u t a

l'avvento della Repubblica nella certezza che la riforma istituzionale - arra di concordia civile e di feconde opere di pace - segnerà la piena rinascita morale e materiale dell'Italia democratica

e d a u s p i c a

che i confini orientali, in una pace con giustizia, consentano la vita alle consorelle Città Giuliane che hanno la loro ragione di rinascita e di progresso in funzione del territorio da cui non potrebbero - senza lesione mortale - essere avulse. -

Presenti il Signor

Presidente e N.

Deputati provinciali coll'assistenza del Segretario generale dott. Luigi Zanoni.

N. _____
di protocollo
della deliberazione

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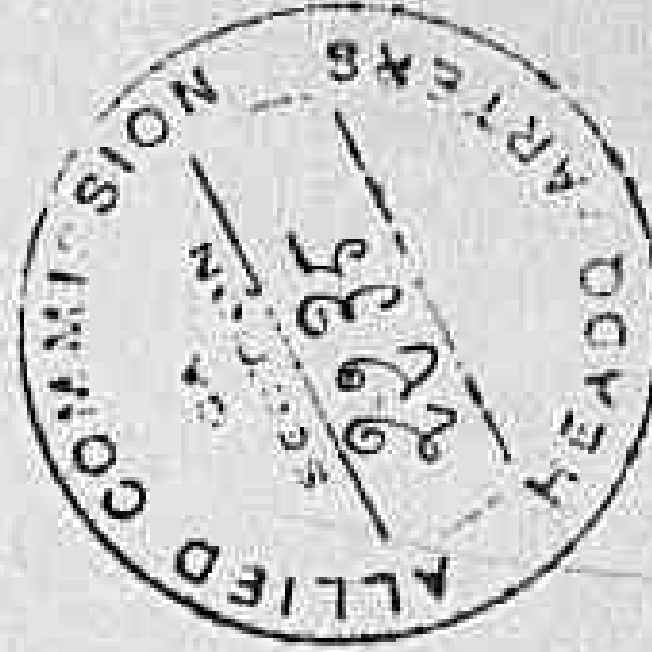
s a l u t a

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785021

~~SECRET~~ SECRET

TO: H. Q. ALLIED COMMISSION
(Civil Affairs Section)

FROM: PROVINCIAL COMMISSIONER,
AMG Udine Province.

For Information.



Local Govt etc
17/6
[Signature]

SECRET 8396 CAS ~~12~~

PREFETTURA DI UDINE

GABINETTO W 17 JUN 1946 15

N. 2402/600.

Add June 8th; 1946 194

Risposta a nota N.

del 194

OGGETTO: ~~SUBJECT~~: Politic elections and
Referendum in Tarvisio zone.

ALLEGATI N.

To H.E. THE PROVINCIAL COMMISSIONER A.M.G.

UDINE

For due notice I communicate you the following report which I received from the RR.CC., concerning the developement of the polling in the Tarvisio zone.

At Tarvisio 27 electors have refused to vote and also another not stated number in the other Communes of Valcanale. The abstention from the vote took place, of course, amongst the Austrian, Slovenian allogenes, who had received the order to deny the vote from the respective chiefs of the U.A.I.S. of Gorizia and of the Austrian annecting movement of the Alto Adige. The promoters of such an absenteeism must be found in :

Puker Lamberto fu Tomaso, class 1896, from Camporosso;
Krisman Gaspare Giuseppe late Stefano, class 1906, from Tarvisio;
Domenic Giovanni of Joseph, class 1910, from Malborghetto.

It does not appear, however, that the allogenes' abstention may have been the result of intimidations and threats from the part of their respective leaders. The decision of refusing the vote was originated during the local meetings and as a result of the dispositions given in the Zone A of the Venezia Giulia for the Slovenians and of the Alto Adige for the Austrians.

At Cave del Predil the blank ballots have been 61; the number of certificates non delivered and that of the abstentions is in full 287. The Communist Party has got 31 ballots while the Christian Democracy got instead up to 206. The Slavs, for the most part, have not voted; on the walls of the country places the following inscriptions have been briefly made:

"THIS IS A CONTESTED LAND, THIS IS CONQUERED LAND, WE SHALL NOT VOTE = THESE LANDS ARE NOT ITALIAN "".

There is every reason to believe that these inscriptions have been written in the night by : SOSSIO Alessandro of Antony, class 1927, his brother FLOREANO, both from Cave del Predil and Cernuta Andrea Leopoldo of Andrea, class 1910, also from Cave del Predil.

At Tarvisio: Monarchy number 757 - Republic N. 974
At Pontebba: Monarchy " 660 - Republic N. 1129
At Malborghetto: Monarchy 127 - Republic N. 293



SECRET

... 9346

Out of the 265 allogenes of the Commune of Malborghetto
90 have voted, the remaining 175 did not. ""

THE PREFECT
(Vittadini)

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 324
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

AG/V/12/4/10

Tel: 314

SUBJECT: Reconstitution of Communes in Uline Province.

16 April 1946

TO : The Ministry of the Interior
(Direction General of Civil Administration)

In reply to the Ministry's letter No. 15387.2 dated 29 March, the Allied Commission has no objection to the reconstitution of the communes therein mentioned and the Ministry may proceed with the requisite legislation for that purpose.

C/PM/PM

RLS
RALPH R. TEMPLER
Major
Director
Local Government Sub Commission

Copy to : PC ULINE
(ref. your PC/26 of 6 April)

2737

8164

1/12/46
HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
UDINE PROVINCE

Ex: 2

18
19 APR 1946 *flu*

To : Headquarters Allied Commission
(Local Government Sub Commission).

6 Apl 46

Subject: Reconstitution of Communes.

File No: PC/26

Ref your AC/1/12/4/LG of 3 April 46. *fo. 12*

I have no objection to the proposals contained
in the Minister of the Interior letter of 29 March. *fo. 11*

H.N. Bright MBE
-H.N. BRIGHT MBE
for Lt.Col.
Provincial Commissioner.

BHA/ad

2736

8215

HEAD OFFICE UNITED COMMISSION
APO 594
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

AC/1/12/4/LG

Tel: 314

3 April 1946

SUBJECT: Reconstitution of Communes.

TO : PC Lima

1. Herewith copy English translation of letter No. 15387.2 of 29 March, Ministry of the Interior to this Sub Commission, upon which I shall be glad to have your observations.
2. In principle, the reconstitution of communes amalgamated by the Fascist Government is a matter which is best left to the present Italian Government. Subject therefore to anything you may have to say, I should propose to tell the Ministry that there is no objection to the proposals contained in the a/q letter.



RALPH R. TETTER
Major
Director
Local Government Sub Commission

OG/1/12

2735

8142

The Ministry of the Interior
Direction General of the Civil Administration

Div 2. Sez 2

Rome the 29th March 1946.

Ref 15387.2

Subject : Reconstitution of Communes in the Province of Udine.

The Prefecture of Udine has transmitted to this Ministry The documents relating to the reconstitution of the Communes of S. Martino al Tagliamento Pagnano and Arzene which the fascist Government had suppressed and attached to the Communes of Valvasone, Tavagnacco and Valvasone respectively.

The ~~xxx~~ necessary investigations have been carried out and had a favourable result; it has in fact been possible to ascertain that the desire of those populations to obtain back their administrative autonomy is fully justified.

However, before taking any legislative action, we should be glad to know if any objection is raised by the Hon. Allied Commission.

For the Minister
Vicedomini.

JC
2 April 1946.

2734

8157



Ministero dell'Interno
DIREZ. GENER. AMM./NE CIVILE

Divisione 2^a *Sez.* 2^a
Fid. N. 15387.2 *Allegato*

Mod. 114
Roma 29 11 20 6
29 MAR 1946
All'On. Commissione Al-
leata * R O M A

Risposta del
Dir. *Sez.* 3^a

OGGETTO Ricostituzione di Comuni in Provincia
di Udine.-

Dalla Prefettura di Udine sono stati
trasmessi a questo Ministero gli atti rela-
tivi alla ricostituzione dei Comuni di S.Mar-
tino al Tagliamento, Pagnano e Arzene, soppres-
si durante il periodo fascista ed aggregati
rispettivamente ai Comuni di Valvasone, Tava-
gnacco e Valvasone.

L'istruttoria è stata espletata con esito
favorevole ed è stato possibile accertare che
la richiesta delle popolazioni dei menzionati
centri di riottenere l'autonomia amministrati-
va è pienamente giustificata.

Tuttavia, prima di promuovere i relativi
provvedimenti legislativi, si gradirebbe cono-
scere se nulla osti da parte di codesta On.

D.

27 33
2157

0517

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785021

Commissione.-

PEL MINISTRO

[Handwritten signature]

10

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMISSIONER
SENT TO: P.C. UDINE

Ref. 601/93/EC

25 Feb. 1946.

Subject: Powers of P.C. Udine
To: P.C. Udine

.....
.....
.....

b) LOCAL GOVERNMENT

You have the right of appointment of the more important officials but the approval of this HQ is required for these appointments. Minor officials may be appointed by you without any reference to this HQ. The appointment of Prefect will be made only by this HQ.

For the Chief Commissioner

Sgt D.S. Lamb

Longfellow

Executive Commission

0519

4
1/19/44

Recd. Encl.
HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
INTERNAL SUB-COMMISSION

1/2 January 1946.

AC/4010/4/L.

SUBJECT : Italian Legislation Udine Province.

TO : Chief Commissioner and Executive Commissioner.
All Sections and Sub-Commissions.

Further to this Sub-Commission's memorandum AC/4010/4/L of 29 Dec 45 herewith the schedule of the decrees previously excluded from Allied Military Government territory is certain part thereof:

SCHEDULE

- R. Decree - Law No. 15 of 14 January 1944;
- R. Decree - Law No. 133 of 5 May 1944;
- R. Decree - Law No. 156 of 2 June 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 211 of 24 August 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 212 of 24 August 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 224 of 10 August 1944;
- Presidential Decree 22 Sept. 1944 (appointing a Commissioner for "Cioravie d'Italia" Official Gazette No. 63 of 3 October 1944);
- Presidential Decree 22 Sept. 1944 (appointing a Commissioner for "Il Messaggero" Official Gazette No. 63 of 3 October 1944);
- Presidential Decree 22 Sept. 1944 (appointing a Commissioner for "Il Raro Mitoriale degli Agricoltori" Official Gazette No. 63 of 3 October 1944);
- Presidential Decree 22 Sept. 1944 (appointing a Commissioner for "Agenzia Stefani" Official Gazette No. 63 of 3 October 1944);
- Ministerial Decree 5 October 1944 (appointing an extraordinary Commissioner for "Istituto Italiano di Credito Fondiario" Official Gazette No. 66 of 10 October 1944);
- Ministerial Decree 8 October 1944 (Official Gazette No. 68 of 14 Oct. 1944);
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 279 of 19 Oct. 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 311 of 19 Oct. 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 319 of 9 November 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General 31 August 1944 (Official Gazette No. 89 of 2 December 1944);
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General of 9 Nov. 1944 (Official Gazette No. 91 of 7 Dec. 1944);
- Legislative Decree No. 395 of 12 December 1944;
- Ministerial Decree of 5 March 1945 (Official Gazette No. 34 of 20 March 1945);
- Ministerial Decree of 7 October 1945 (Official Gazette No. 36 of 1 February 1945);

Further to this Sub-Commission's memorandum 10/4010/L of 29 Dec 45 herewith the schedule of the decrees previously excluded from Allied Military Government territory on certain part thereof:

SCHEDULE

- R. Decree - Law No. 13 of 14 January 1944;
- R. Decree - Law No. 133 of 3 May 1944;
- R. Decree - Law No. 156 of 2 June 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 244 of 24 August 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 242 of 24 August 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 224 of 10 August 1944;
- Presidential Decree 22 Sept. 1944 (appointing a Commissioner for "Cioranle d'Italia" Official Gazette No. 63 of 3 October 1944);
- Presidential Decree 22 Sept. 1944 (appointing a Commissioner for "Il Messaggero" Official Gazette No. 63 of 3 October 1944);
- Presidential Decree 22 Sept. 1944 (appointing a Commissioner for "Il Raro Editoriale degli Agricoltori" Official Gazette No. 63 of 3 October 1944);
- Presidential Decree 22 Sept. 1944 (appointing a Commissioner for "Agenzia Stefani" Official Gazette No. 63 of 3 October 1944);
- Ministerial Decree 5 October 1944 (appointing an extraordinary Commissioner for "Istituto Italiano di Cremona Fondario" Official Gazette No. 66 of 10 October 1944);
- Ministerial Decree 8 October 1944 (Official Gazette No. 68 of 14 Oct. 1944);
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 279 of 19 Oct. 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 344 of 19 Oct. 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 349 of 9 November 1944;
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General 31 August 1944 (Official Gazette No. 89 of 2 December 1944);
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General of 9 Nov. 1944 (Official Gazette No. 91 of 7 Dec. 1944);
- Legislative Decree No. 395 of 12 December 1944;
- Ministerial Decree of 5 March 1945 (Official Gazette No. 29 of 8 March 1945);
- Ministerial Decree of 7 October 1945 (Official Gazette No. 34 of 20 March 1945);
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 36 of 1 February 1945;
- Ministerial Decree 10 October 1944 (Official Gazette of 3 April 1945);
- Ministerial Decree of 15 February 1945 (Official Gazette No. 40 of 3 April 1945);
- Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 15 of 25 January 1945;
- Royal Decree - Law No. 23/8 of 7 December 1943;

Royal Decree No. 12 of 13 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 103 of 23 March 1944;
 Royal Decree No. 121 of 23 March 1944;
 Royal Decree No. 122 of 5 April 1944;
 Royal Decree No. 156 of 2 June 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 276 of 20 July 1944;
 Ministerial Decree of 28 September 1944 (Official Gazette No. 79 of 9 November 1944);
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 303 of 2 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 351 of 19 October 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 360 of 19 October 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 386 of 2 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 400 of 4 December 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 424 of 5 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 434 of 22 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 28 of 4 January 1945;
 Bando No. 3 of 8 October 1943;
 Bando No. 10 of 4 November 1943;
 Bando No. 11 of 4 November 1943;
 Bando No. 12 of 1 November 1943;
 Royal Decree-Law No. 12/3 of 2 December 1943;
 Royal Decree-Law No. 14/3 of 2 December 1943;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 24/3 of 13 December 1943;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 6 of 3 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 11 of 13 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 18 of 2 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 19 of 24 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 24 of 31 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 43 of 20 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 74 of 2 March 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 80 of 2 March 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 84 of 10 April 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 102 of 27 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 103 of 27 January 1944;
 Royal Decree No. 129 of 13 April 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 152 of 3 July 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 158 of 4 June 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 187 of 10 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 230 of 3 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 231 of 3 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 233 of 6 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 234 of 8 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 240 of 24 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 248 of 28 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 253 of 3 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 254 of 3 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 273 of 21 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 293 of 19 October 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 312 of 26 October 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 329 of 28 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 325 of 17 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 376 of 23 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 377 of 29 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 380 of 9 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 436 of 22 December 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 16 of 3 January 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 29 of 11 January 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 31 of 19 January 1945;

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Bando No. 3 of 8 October 1943;
 Bando No. 10 of 4 November 1943;
 Bando No. 11 of 4 November 1943;
 Bando No. 12 of 1 November 1943;
 Royal Decree-Law No. 12/3 of 2 December 1943;
 Royal Decree-Law No. 14/3 of 2 December 1943;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 24/3 of 13 December 1943;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 6 of 3 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 11 of 13 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 18 of 2 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 19 of 24 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 24 of 31 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 43 of 20 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 74 of 2 March 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 80 of 2 March 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 84 of 10 March 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 102 of 27 January 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 103 of 27 January 1944;
 Royal Decree No. 129 of 13 April 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 152 of 3 July 1944;
 Royal Decree - Law No. 158 of 4 June 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 187 of 10 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 230 of 3 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 231 of 3 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 233 of 8 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 234 of 8 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 240 of 24 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 246 of 26 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 253 of 3 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 254 of 3 August 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 273 of 24 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 293 of 19 October 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 312 of 26 October 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 329 of 28 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 335 of 17 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 376 of 23 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 377 of 29 September 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 380 of 9 November 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 406 of 22 December 1944;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 15 of 5 January 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 29 of 11 January 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 31 of 19 January 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 35 of 1 February 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 39 of 18 January 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 53 of 1 February 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 56 of 12 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 57 of 18 January 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 60 of 3 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 67 of 8 February 1945;

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 91 of 19 April 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 104 of 1 February 1945;
 Decree of the Chief of the Government of 30 December 1943 (Official Gazette No. 21 of 22 April 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 2 May 1944 (Official Gazette No. 24 of 3 May 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 19 April 1944 (Official Gazette No. 26 of 10 May 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 23 May 1944 (establishing the amount of remuneration to be taken into account when computing contributions due for 1 hour aside Official Gazette No. 53 of 3 June 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 28 March 1944 (Official Gazette No. 38 of 5 July 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 28 June 1944 (Official Gazette No. 30 of 5 July 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 26 July 1944 (Official Gazette No. 40 of 27 July 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 31 May 1944 (Official Gazette No. 44 of 8 August 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 19 September 1944 (Official Gazette No. 59 of 23 September 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 14 November 1944 (Official Gazette No. 82 of 16 November 1944);
 Ministerial Decree of 1 December 1944 (Official Gazette No. 6 of 13 January 1945);
 Ministerial Decree of 1 January 1945 (Official Gazette No. 7 of 16 January 1945);
 Ministerial Decree of 22 January 1945 (Official Gazette No. 15 of 30 January 1945);
 Ministerial Decree of 13 February 1945 (Official Gazette No. 21 of 17 February 1945);
 Ministerial Decree of 30 March 1945 (Official Gazette No. 41 of 5 April 1945);
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 148 of 22 April 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 149 of 26 April 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 21 April 1945 (Official Gazette No. 53 of 2nd May 1945);
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 150 of 2 May 1945 (as stated in para three of the MG Order published in the Official Gazette No. 62 of 24 May 1945);
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 167 of 5 April 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 169 of 22 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 198 of 29 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 202 of 26 April 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 211 of 8 February 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 226 of 22 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 228 of 5 April 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 10 May 1945 (appointing a Commissioner for Societal Insurance Issuances and Cooperative with head office in Milano) Official Gazette No. 76 of 26 June 1945;
 Ministerial Decree of 19 May 1945 (establishing an average or conventional daily remuneration to be paid to agricultural workers for the 1945 threshing of crops) Official Gazette No. 64 of 28 May 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 213 of 15 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 244 of 22 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 250 of 14 April 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of the 28 May 1945 (establishing the remuneration to be paid to the Vice Commissioners of the High Commission for Alimentation) Official Gazette No. 68 of 7 June 1945;
 Ministerial Decree of 4 June 1945 (prices for the 1945 crops of cereals to be assigned to the People's Granaries) Official Gazette No. 68 of 7 June 1945;
 Ministerial Decree of 8 June 1945 (rules relating to the sowing of dry leguminous seeds of the 1945 production) Official Gazette No. 72 of 16 June 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 200 of 20 April 1945;
 Ministerial Decree of 7 June 1945 (breeding fertilizers, fungicides and insecticides) Official Gazette No. 74 of 21 June 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 15 June 1945 (appointing a Commissioner for the temporary administration of the

Ministerial Decree of 1 December 1944 (Official Gazette No. 6 of 13 January 1945);
 Ministerial Decree of 1 January 1945 (Official Gazette No. 7 of 16 January 1945);
 Ministerial Decree of 22 January 1945 (Official Gazette No. 13 of 30 January 1945);
 Ministerial Decree of 13 February 1945 (Official Gazette No. 21 of 17 February 1945);
 Ministerial Decree of 30 March 1945 (Official Gazette No. 41 of 5 April 1945);
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 118 of 22 April 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 149 of 26 April 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 21 April 1945
 (Official Gazette No. 53 of 2nd May 1945);
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 150 of 3 May 1945 (as stated
 in para three of the IG Order published in the Official Gazette
 No. 62 of 24 May 1945);
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 167 of 5 April 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 169 of 22 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 198 of 29 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 202 of 26 April 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 211 of 3 February 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 226 of 22 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 228 of 5 April 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 10 May 1945 (appointing
 a Commissioner for Societa' e Assicurazioni Enti Cooperative
 with head office in Milano) Official Gazette No. 76 of 26 June 1945;
 Ministerial Decree of 19 May 1945 (establishing an average or conventional
 daily remuneration to be paid to agricultural workers for the 1945
 treading of crops) Official Gazette No. 64 of 28 May 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 213 of 15 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 244 of 22 March 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 250 of 14 April 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of the 28 May 1945
 (establishing the remuneration to be paid to the Vice Commissioners
 of the High Commissioner for (livestock) Official Gazette
 No. 68 of 7 June 1945;
 Ministerial Decree of 4 June 1945 (prices for the 1945 crops of cereals to be
 consigned to the people's granaries) Official Gazette No. 68 of
 7 June 1945;
 Ministerial Decree of 8 June 1945 (rules relating to the crossing of dry
 leguminous seeds of the 1945 production) Official Gazette No. 72 of 2729
 16 June 1945;
 Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 165 of 20 April 1945;
 Ministerial Decree of 7 June 1945 (procuring fertilizers, fungicides and
 insecticides) Official Gazette No. 74 of 21 June 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 15 June 1945 (Appointing
 a Commissioner for the temporary administration of the "Societa' Anonima
 Editrice Regionale", publisher of the newspaper "Il Solco Fascista" of
 Reggio Emilia) Official Gazette No. 77 of 28 June 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 15 June 1945 (appointing
 a Commissioner for the temporary administration of the "Societa'
 Editrice" of the daily paper "Gazzetta dell'Emilia" of Modena)
 Official Gazette No. 77 of 28 June 1945;
 Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 15 June 1945 (appointing
 a Commissioner for the temporary administration of the Societa' Edit-
 trice of the daily paper "Il Popolo di Friuli" of Udine) Official
 Gazette No. 77 of 28 June 1945;

Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 15 June 1945 (Appointing a Commissioner for the temporary administration of the S.A.C.A. Societa' Editrice of the daily paper "Il Veneto" of Padua) Official Gazette No. 77 of 28 June 1945;

Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 15 June 1945 (Appointing a Commissioner for the temporary administration of the Societa' Editrice of the daily paper "L'Arena" of Verona) Official Gazette No. 77 of 28 June 1945;

Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of 15 June 1945 (Appointing a Commissioner for the temporary administration of the Societa' Editrice of the daily paper "La Provincia" of Cune) Official Gazette No. 77 of 28 June 1945;

Decree of the Prime Minister of 15 June 1945 (Appointing a Commissioner for the temporary administration of the Societa' Editrice of the daily paper "Vedetta Fascista" of Vicenza) Official Gazette No. 77 of 28 June 1945;

Bando of the Chief of the General Staff No. 49 of 24 June 1945; Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 332 of 4 June 1945;

Ministerial Decree of 15 June 1945 (Official Gazette No. 38 of 24 July 1945); Ministerial Decree of 1 August 1945 (Prices for dry leguminous seeds of the 1945 production consigned to the People's Granaries) Official Gazette No. 93 of 4 August 1945;

Ministerial Decree of 8 September 1945 (modifying the Ministerial Decree of 8 June 1945 relating to the reserving of dry leguminous seeds of the 1945 production) Official Gazette No. 112 of 18 September 1945;

Articles 14, 15, 16 of the Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 625 of 5 October 1945;

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 545 of 7 September 1945 (as stated in para two of the Allied Military Government Order published in the Official Gazette No. 127 of 23 October 1945);

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 546 of 7 September 1945 (as stated in para two of the Allied Military Government Order published in the Official Gazette No. 127 of 23 October 1945);

Price List No. 26 of 17 September 1945 relating to oil prices (Official Gazette No. 115 of 23 September 1945);

Price List No. 26 of 5 October 1945, relating to prices of Sulphur and glass produced at Pietri and there as well as for fertilizers (Official Gazette No. 125 of 10 October 1945);

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 621 of 14 September 1945; Ministerial Decree of 19 October 1945 (Official Gazette of 23 October 1945);

Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 693 of 1 August 1945;

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 702 of 9 November 1945 (as stated in para two of the Allied Military Government Order published in the Official Gazette No. 147 of 7 December 1945);

Price List No. 29 of 3 November 1945 relating to prices of tires for bicycles and motor vehicles (Official Gazette No. 142 of 27 November 1945);

Price List No. 31 of 7 November 1945 relating to prices of gun powder and phosphates. (Official Gazette No. 142 of 27 November 1945);

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 669 of 12 October 1945;

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 721 of 5 October 1945.

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No. 77 of 28 June 1945;

Decree of the Price Minister of 15 June 1945 (Appointing a Commissioner for the temporary Administration of the Societa' Editrice of the Daily paper "Vedetta Pascinta" of Vicenza) Official Gazette No. 77 of 28 June 1945;

Bardo of the Chief of the General Staff No. 49 of 24 June 1945;

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 332 of 4 June 1945;

Ministerial Decree of 15 June 1945 (Official Gazette No. 66 of 24 July 1945);

Ministerial Decree of 1 August 1945 (Prices for dry leguminous seeds of the 1945 production consigned to the People's Granaries) Official Gazette No. 23 of 4 August 1945;

Ministerial Decree of 8 September 1945 (modifying the Ministerial Decree of 6 June 1945 relating to the preserving of dry leguminous seeds of the 1945 production) Official Gazette No. 112 of 16 September 1945;

Articles 14, 15, 16 of the Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 625 of 5 October 1945;

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 545 of 7 September 1945 (as stated in para two of the Allied Military Government Order published in the Official Gazette No. 127 of 23 October 1945);

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 546 of 7 September 1945 (as stated in para two of the Allied Military Government Order published in the Official Gazette No. 127 of 23 October 1945);

Price List No. 26 of 17 September 1945 relating to oil prices (Official Gazette No. 115 of 23 September 1945);

Price List No. 28 of 5 October 1945, relating to prices of Sulphur and glass produced at Viterbi and also as well as for fertilizers (Official Gazette No. 125 of 11 October 1945);

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 621 of 14 September 1945;

Ministerial Decree of 19 October 1945 (Official Gazette of 23 October 1945);

Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 693 of 1 August 1945;

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 702 of 9 November 1945 (as stated in para two of the Allied Military Government Order published in the Official Gazette No. 147 of 7 December 1945);

Price List No. 29 of 3 November 1945 relating to prices of tires for bicycles and motor vehicles (Official Gazette No. 142 of 27 November 1945);

Price List No. 31 of 7 November 1945 relating to prices of gun powder and phosphorus. (Official Gazette No. 142 of 27 November 1945); **2723**

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 669 of 12 October 1945;

Legislative Decree of the Lieutenant General No. 721 of 5 October 1945.

JOHN K. WEBER,
Colonel, Infantry,
Chief Legal Advisor.

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*Local Cont.**1/12/4**8*

7 JAN 1946

13

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION

AC/45AC/4/L.

/pa.
29 Dec 45.

SUBJECT : Italian Legislation Udine Province.
TO : Chief Commissioner and Executive Commissioner,
All Sections and Sub-Commissions.

1. Your attention is invited to the enclosed draft order which it is proposed to publish in the Italian Official Gazette.

2. As you are aware, problems are bound to arise due to the fact that the Province of Udine will continue to be administered by AMG until further notice.

3. For the purpose of Italian Legislation the Province of Udine will be treated in the same manner as the rest of the territory which is now being restored.

4. Decrees previously implemented in the said Province by the usual AMG orders will continue to be regarded as having come into effect on the date provided for in the said orders and not on the date of the "handover".

5. A number of Decrees have, however, been modified by AMG implementation orders, especially in relation to the dates from which certain benefits granted under the provisions of a decree would accrue or various tariffs established by decree would enter into effect. All such modifications will remain in force unless expressly derogated.

6. It is therefore suggested that Sections and Sub-Commissions discuss as soon as possible the problems arising out of the special position of the Province of Udine with the Italian Ministries concerned taking into consideration the provisions of the enclosed draft order.

G. G. Hannaford
G. G. HANNAFORD,
Lt. Colonel,
Deputy Chief Legal Advisor.

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DRAFT ORDER

WHEREAS the Allied Military Government in Italy will be discontinued on 31 December 1945 except in Venezia Giulia and in the Province of Udine,

Now, Therefore, I, M. Clark Brigadier, C.B.E., M.C., in the name and on behalf of the Chief Civil Affairs Officer, Allied Military Government, hereby order as follows:

1. The decrees listed in the schedule below which have been previously excluded from Allied Military Government territory or certain parts thereof including the Province of Udine shall become operative and shall have full force and effect of law in the Province of Udine as from the 1st January 1946.

2. All decrees promulgated in the Gazzetta Ufficiale issue No. 144 of 1st December 1945 and in following issues shall until further order become effective in the Province of Udine on the same date as in the territory administered by the Italian Government without an express order of the AMG to that effect. Provided, however, that the Provincial Commissioner of the said Province shall have power to suspend or modify in part or in full by Provincial Order the provisions of any decree contained in any of the aforementioned issues of Gazzetta Ufficiale as applied in the said Province.

Date :

Note : Schedule will be sent under separate cover.

What?

Tomorrow or day after

9.

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Memorandum to General: The nomination for the office of Prefect.

~~b. Elections: Except for the unrealistic prophecy that the Ministry of Elections will be held the last week of February (few lists have been compiled and none approved in Udine as yet) I have no comment. The sending of reports on progress in the preparation of electoral lists directly to the Ministry is quite satisfactory to me.~~

~~a. Correspondence in general: Although not mentioned in this memorandum I suggest that there be included a paragraph which would direct that correspondence be forwarded from the Prefect through the Provincial Commissioner directly to the Ministry of Interior. Local Government Sub Commission would be available for advice and assistance where the Provincial Commissioner thought it necessary.~~

TO : Civil Affairs Section

1. Reference is made to your letter of 27 December (File 9/6P/CA) with attached memorandum describing position after hand-over in Venezia region.

2. With regard to paragraph 1 in said memorandum I make the following comment:

a. Officials: It is not clear what is meant by "more important appointments." In any event I recommend that all officials who cannot be obtained locally be secured from the Italian Government.

Correspondence for the securing of personnel should be through direct communication between the Prefect and the Italian ministry concerned through the channels of the office of the Provincial Commissioner, except with regard to a vacancy in the office of Prefect itself, in which case the Provincial Commissioner should communicate directly with the Ministry or through the channels of the Local Government Sub Commission. The use of Local Government Sub Commission depends in great part on a policy decision as to how much this Headquarters is to be involved in the government of Udine. For practical purposes ordinarily the Sub Commission, because of its experience and contact with the Ministry of Interior, is in the best position to obtain the nomination for the office of Prefect.

b. Elections: Except for the unrealistic prophecy that the Ministry of Elections will be held the last week of February (few lists have been compiled and none approved in Udine as yet) I have no comment. The sending of reports on progress in the preparation of electoral lists directly to the Ministry is quite satisfactory to me.

c. Correspondence in general: Although not mentioned in this memorandum I suggest that there be included a paragraph which would direct that correspondence be forwarded from the Prefect through the Provincial Commissioner directly to the Ministry of Interior. Local Government Sub Commission would be available for advice and assistance where the Provincial Commissioner thought it necessary.

RAJEN R. TESTE
Major
Director
Local Government Sub Commission

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RRR/100

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nomination for the office of Prefect.

Elections: Except for the unrealistic prophecy that the Ministry of Elections will be held the last week of February (few lists have been compiled and none approved in Udine as yet) I have no comment. The sending of reports on progress in the preparation of electoral lists directly to the Ministry is quite satisfactory to me.

Correspondence in general: Although not mentioned in this memorandum I suggest that there be included a paragraph which would direct that correspondence be forwarded from the Prefect through the Provincial Commissioner directly to the Ministry of Interior. Local Government Sub Commissioner thought it necessary.

20 : Civil Affairs Section

1. Reference is made to your letter of 27 December (file 9/67/CA) with attached memorandum describing position after hand-over in Venetia region.
2. With regard to paragraph 1 in said memorandum I make the following comment:

a. Officials: It is not clear what is meant by "more important appointments." In any event I recommend that all officials who cannot be obtained locally be secured from the Italian Government.

Correspondence for the securing of personnel should be through direct communication between the Prefect and the Italian ministry concerned through the channels of the office of the Provincial Commissioner, except with regard to a vacancy in the office of Prefect itself, in which case the Provincial Commissioner should communicate directly with the Ministry or through the channels of the Local Government Sub Commissioner. The use as to how much this Headquarters is to be involved in the government of Udine. For practical purposes ordinarily the Sub Commissioner, because of its experience and contact with the Ministry of Interior, is in the best position to obtain the nomination for the office of Prefect.

b. Elections: Except for the unrealistic prophecy that the Ministry of Elections will be held the last week of February (few lists have been compiled and none approved in Udine as yet) I have no comment. The sending of reports on progress in the preparation of electoral lists directly to the Ministry is quite satisfactory to me.

c. Correspondence in general: Although not mentioned in this memorandum I suggest that there be included a paragraph which would direct that correspondence be forwarded from the Prefect through the Provincial Commissioner directly to the Ministry of Interior. Local Government Sub Commissioner would be available for advice and assistance where the Provincial Commissioner thought it necessary.

RAVEN R. TEMPLER
Major
Director
Local Government Sub Commissioner

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RAY/abc

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785021

copy of part two on Venezia file 1/12/45

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

1/12/45

Ref : 9/6B/CA

SUBJECT : Position after Handover

TO : All CA Sub-Commissions

Recd 28 Dec 27 Dec 45

ABT

Please submit to this office your comments on the following Memorandum received from Regional Commissioner Venezia Region on the above subject by 29 Dec 45.

H.E. Anson

H.E. ANSON, Major,
for VP CA Section

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C O P Y

MEMORANDUM

POSITION IN RESPECT OF AMG UDINE, AND LIAISON GROUP
TREVISO AFTER 31 DEC 1945

PART I - UDINE

CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

1. LOCAL GOVERNMENT -

a) Officials - Prefect of Udine: Avv. Agostino CANDOLINI.

The appointment of all Italian Government officials including the Sindaci of Communes remains the responsibility of the Provincial Commissioner AMG.

In view of the possible hand back of Udine Province within the year, it will frequently be desirable to secure agreement with the Italian Government in respect of the more important appointments.

I suggest that this be done by direct correspondence, between P.C. Udine and the Italian Ministry concerned, copy to 13 Corps.

b) Elections -

It is probable that administrative elections will be held in the last week of February, and elections for the Costituente on the first Sunday in May. It is most desirable that Udine Province follow, in respect of elections, the exact pattern laid down by the Italian Government in the rest of Italy. For the purpose of these elections Udine forms part of the second "College" in the Veneto, comprising Venezia, Treviso, Udine and Belluno. Reports required by the Italian Government in respect of the preparation of electoral lists should be forwarded by the Prefect, through P.C. Udine, direct to the Ministry of the Interior, ROME.

2. LEGAL

a) Proclamations -

All proclamations issued heretofor under AMG in Udine will remain in force. These include General Orders 1, 2, 18, 20, 24, 25, 27, 29, 33, 35, 35A, 39, 39A, 41, 45; Regional Orders 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and such Provincial Orders as may from time to time have been issued.

The power of making Provincial Orders for the Province of Udine will continue to lie with the Provincial Commissioner. It is however, suggested that issue of Provincial Orders be limited to matters of real urgency and that necessary local administrative action be taken by Prefect's decrees, endorsed by AMG. It is most desirable that proclamations issued in Zone "A" in the light of the special circumstances obtaining there should not be also made applicable to Udine.

b) Legislation

All Italian legislation hitherto implemented in North Italy by order of the

2723

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b) Legislation

2723

All Italian legislation hitherto implemented in North Italy by order of the Chief Commissioner has automatically become law in Udine. It is possible that, in future, there may be no Legal Sub-Commission in Rome to carry out this function of screening and implementing Italian legislation. It therefore appears desirable that a copy of each Gazzetta Ufficiale be sent direct by the Ministry of Justice to the Provincial Commissioner Udine, in order that he may at once carry out the procedure implementing the D.L.L. contained therein.

A more simple method, which contains a certain derogation of AMG powers but possesses several practical advantages is to say that all D.L.L. as they are passed by the Italian Government become automatically law in Udine, unless expressly excluded from implementation by the Provincial Commissioner.

- 2 -

c) AMG Courts -

Udine Province will have on present plans two experienced Legal Officers. Cases involving violations of AMG Proclamations and Orders can therefore be tried by AMG Courts.

It must however be realised that with the possible disappearance of the Legal Sub-Commission there would be no Reviewing officer. It is suggested therefore that authority to review cases should be vested in the Provincial Commissioner or such Officer as may be designated by him. At the same time jurisdiction to try violations of AMG Proclamations and Orders should be conferred on Italian Courts subject to the supervision and observation of the AMG Legal Officers.

It is my experience that except in respect of the infliction of the death penalty, Italian Courts are as severe in their sentences as any Allied Court would be likely to be.

I suggest that the Provincial Commissioner should be empowered to convene AMG General Courts and the Senior Officer of the Province authorised to act as President.

d) Italian Courts

Appeals from Tribunali are to Court of Appeal, Venice and from Extraordinary Courts as laid down in D.L.I. 702.

e) Epuration

To continue on the lines and subject to the control by AMG indicated in recent directives from C.A. Section.

3. PUBLIC SAFETYa) Carabinieri -

Group of Udine - Commander Major ANTICO
Forms part of the Legion of Padova - Commander Col. DE VITO

b) Guardia di Finanza

Circolo di Udine - Commander Major D'ABROSIO
Forms part of Legion of Udine - Commander Col. MARINI

c) Corpo Forestale

Group of Udine - Commander Capt. COLO
Forms part of Legion of Padova - Commander Lt. Col. GRAZIANI

d) Agenzia di Pubblica Sicurezza

Questore Col. DURANTE Umberto

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0 5 3 5

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I suggest that the Provincial Commissioner should be empowered to convene AMG General Courts and the Senior Officer of the Province authorised to act as President.

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To continue on the lines and subject to the control by AMG indicated in recent directives from C.A. Section.

3. PUBLIC SAFETY

a) Carabinieri -

Group of Udine - Commander Major ANTICO
Forms part of the Legion of Padova - Commander Col. DE VITO

b) Guardia di Finanza

Circolo di Udine - Commander Major D'ABROSIO
Forms part of Legion of Udine - Commander Col. MARINI

c) Corpo Forestale

Group of Udine - Commander Capt. COLO
Forms part of Legion of Padova - Commander Lt. Col. GRAZIANI

d) Agenzia di Pubblica Sicurezza

Questore Col. DURANTE Umberto

e) All the above Police Agencies work in AMG territory under the general direction of the Provincial Public Safety officer. It will however be clear that it is most desirable that the normal Italian channels of Command, Legion Commander, etc, be encouraged to function to the maximum extent. It will be obviously dangerous for the future wellbeing of the various Italian Public Safety services, if the Udine Sub-Divisions are allowed to develop an overstrong spirit of autonomy under the regime of AMG.

f) There are 567 auxiliary and 105 railway police employed in Udine. These can be continued in employment and function under the authority of the Provincial Commissioner. It is however strongly urged that the Province of Udine should follow

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- 3 -

the procedure laid down in D.L.L. 601 of 21 Aug 1945 for the gradual absorption of these auxiliary police as reinforcements for the existing national police agencies.

4. PUBLIC HEALTH

Medico Provinciale Prof. Dott. CELOTTI

There will be no AMG Public Health officer on the staff of Provincial Commissioner Udine. All Public Health services in Venezia Region have already been turned over to the Italian Government and the Medico Provinciale has been authorized to correspond direct with the Ministry at Rome.

5. EDUCATION

Provveditore agli Studi Dott. TAMBURLINI -

There will be no education officer in the staff of the Provincial Commissioner, Udine. The Provveditore agli Studi will be instructed to communicate direct with the Ministry at Rome on all technical matters.

6. MONUMENTS AND FINE ARTS

There will be no M.F.A.A. Officer on the staff of the Provincial Commissioner Udine. The area is under the general supervision of the Superintendent of monuments, Udine (Prof. Piazza), who comes under the direction of the Ministry of Public Instruction, Rome.

7. PATRIOTS

The provincial Italian Patriot Liaison officer have already, in AMG territory, been placed under the orders of the Prefect. This course should be followed in Udine. Their work now depends from the Ministry of Post War Assistance.

PART II

PROVINCES OF UDINE, TREVISO, VENICE

Also: PADOVA, ROVIGO, VICENZA, VERONA, TRENTO.

8. A small Liaison Group (under command Lt.Col. F.O. Mavis (A)) will be established at Treviso, with General Liaison Mission over the eight provinces above named.

A similar group will be established at Bolzano.

9. Instructions defining the functions of these Liaison Groups will shortly be issued by HQ Allied Commission. In general, however, that these groups exist to advise HQ Rome and thereby the Embassies, of the conditions in the Provinces also to assist in every way possible relations between the Allied Military Authorities and the Italian civil administration.

11. However, have no executive status and the Italian Government

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There will be no education officer in the staff of the Provincial Commissioner, Udine. The Provveditore agli Studi will be instructed to communicate direct with the Ministry at Rome on all technical matters.

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There will be no M.F.A.A. Officer on the staff of the Provincial Commissioner Udine. The area is under the general supervision of the Superintendent of monuments, Udine (Prof. Piazzo), who comes under the direction of the Ministry of Public Instruction, Rome.

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The provincial Italian Patriot Liaison officer have already, in AMG territory, been placed under the orders of the Prefect. This course should be followed in Udine. Their work now depends from the Ministry of Post War Assistance.

PART IIPROVINCES OF BELLINO, TREVISO, VENICE

Also: PADOVA, ROVIGO, VICENZA, VERONA, TRENTO.

8. A small Liaison Group (under command Lt.Col. F.O. Navis (A) will be established at Treviso, with general Liaison Mission over the eight provinces above named.

A similar group will be established at Bolzano.

9. Instructions defining the functions of these Liaison Groups will shortly be issued by HQ Allied Commission. In general, however, that these groups exist, advise HQ Rome and thereby the Embassies, of the conditions in the Provinces also to assist in every way possible relations between the Allied Military Authorities and the Italian civil administration.

10. The groups will, however, have no executive status and the Italian Government will have full sovereign rights in the above named provinces (except in respect of a few specially reserved matters affecting Allied troops).

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

APO 394

Office of the Executive Commissioner

REF: 502/50/20

24 November 1945

SUBJECT: Interrogation of Inhabitants of Terziole

TO : G-5, AFM

26 NOV 1945

1. ^{Can} Enclosed ~~is~~ ^{are} extract from a report received from the Regional Commissioner Venetia Region for your information and any action you may wish to take.

"(a) On the 4th October it is reported that representatives of the Allied Commission in Austria accompanied by a Delegate of the Austrian Government, went to the Municipality at Terziole and requested information concerning the nationality of the local population.

(b) It is understood that the Germans furnished certain data of which neither I nor the GAC had been informed.

(c) It is also reported that the Commission contacted a number of local people who had opted for Germany, and were still resident in the Landamento of Montebelluna, and further sought to obtain information of those who migrated to Germany on or after the German sponsored plebiscite in that area in 1939.

(d) Subsequently, it is alleged, the Commission interrogated Messrs Schindler, Bruno, Frau Schindler and Maria Schindler, Austrian citizens now resident in Terziole, who had opted for Germany and acted as propaganda agents for that cause."

2. It is felt you will agree that such a method of obtaining information without the knowledge and assistance of Allied Military Government of this region, or of the responsible Italian officials of the Province, is most irregular.

3. We would be grateful if, in the future, we could be informed when representatives of the Allied Commission Austria wish to visit Italy officially. Were such information made available it is considered that incidents such as that described would not occur.

For the Chief Commissioner:

Copy to: SAC III Corps
EC, Venetia Region
Field (A)
Field (B)
CA Section

W.B. [Signature]
for [Signature] Brigadier
Executive Commissioner



2712/45

REGIONE VENETA PROVINCIA UDINE Luglio 1945

Data della nomina	Cognome	Nome e titolo	Qualifica e grado ricoperto attualmente
I. PREFETTO Prefetto	GANTOLINI	Avv. Agostino	Prefetto Commissario di II Classe (IV)
Vice Prefetto Vicario	FRADELLA	Dr. Roberto	Vice Prefetto Vicario (Vo)
Vice Prefetto Ispettore f.f.	HOFEMANN	Dr. Roberto	Consigliere di I ^a Cl. (VII) f.f. Di V.P.I.VI.
Consiglieri	LIGENI	Dr. Livio	Consigl. di I ^a Cl. VII ^e
"	BOZZOLA	Dr. Paolo	" Direttore di Uff. per gli Aff. di Culto (VIII)
"	Spedini	Dr. Ferdinando	Cons. di I ^a Cl. (VII ^e)
"	CAPITANIO	Dr. Domenico	Cons. di II ^a Cl. (VIII ^e)
"	PIVA	Dr. Alberto	" di II ^a Cl. (VIII ^e)
Segretari	BACCOS	Dr. Giorgio	Capo di Gabinetto Segretario (X)
Gruppo R. Rag. Capi	COLLO	Rag. Michele	Rag. Capo di I ^a Cl. Secretario di Gabinetto (VIII ^e)
"	NICOLELLA	Dr. Rag. Eugenio	Rag. Capo di I ^a Cl. (VII) Reggente la Ragioneria
"	VERTOVEC	Rag. Giuseppe	Rag. Capo di II ^a Cl. VIII ^e
Vice Ragioniere	SILLI Rag.	Rag. Giovanni	idem
"	BRUCOLI	Rag. Giuseppe	Vice Rag. (XI ^e)
Vice Prefetto	DANTELI	Ing. Luigi	Vice Prefetto (VI ^e)
"	CUTTINI	Geom. Aldo	Vice Prefetto

- 2 -

IV. Amministrativo Provinciale

1. Presidente e Capo dell'Amministrazione Provinciale	4.6.1945	CHIUSI	Dr. Melchiorre	Presidente della Deputazione Provinciale
2. Segretario Generale o Provinciale	7.7.1930	ZANON	Dr. Luigi	Segretario Generale

Si o No	Data
si	4.6.1945

3. E' stata costituita una Deputazione Provinciale?

NUMERO TOTALE: -- 11 -- MEMBRI + 4 SUPPLEMENTI

V. Giunte Provinciali Amministrative

1. Sono stati nominati i 4 membri elettivi della Giunta Provinciale Amministrativa?

si	5.7.1945
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COMUNI

1. Numero totale dei Comuni	172
2. Numero dei Comuni con una Giunta Comunale	171
3. " " " un Sindaco	171
4. " " " Commissario Prefettizio	1
5. (i) " " " Segretario Comunale di Carriera	113
(ii) " " " " non di carriera	69

11/2/4

SECRET "V"

U.S. AIR FORCE

1. Persons interviewed: - Lt. Col. M. M. M. (a) - 10
- Prefect Regent
- Prefect Regent
- Prefect Regent
- Prefect Regent
2. Date: 9 and 10 July 1945
3. This is the largest and most populous province of the Region - 172 Communes
3 Subdivisions - 25 Subdivisions.
4. Many of the officials have not yet been confirmed and the position as to
Regent's Council is uncertain; some 70 Communes have been combined under
one Regent or have a temporary one.
5. The material for the electoral lists was delivered to the Prefecture 3
days before my visit. In the course of conversation with the Prefect and his
officials, it became evident that they had not yet read the Ministry's instructions
or opened the parcels. No decision had been taken as to the official to be head
of the electoral office. At my interview with the Prefect, he gave the Prefect
strict instructions (a) to place Com. G. in charge of the electoral office
(b) that he was to begin work in the morning and (c) that
the Prefect was to report when ready when he would arrange transport.
6. In some 10 cases the communal "mayor" have suffered war damage.
7. The Deputations Province was appointed about a month ago, nominations
for the 4 elective members of the CPA are under consideration by the Deputations.
8. The Desplacé of the Municipality of Portofino has suffered some small
damage; those of Tolentino and Udine are in order.
9. The "a-b-c" in the Prefecture is as follows: --

Vice Prefect Comandante	-	Comm. M. M. M. (Communist)
"	-	Comm. M. M. M. (Socialist)
"	-	Comm. M. M. M. (Socialist)
"	-	Comm. M. M. M. (Socialist)
2 Consiglieri (Grade VII)	-	Comm. M. M. M. (Comm. Grade VII ff. VII)
2 " (Grade VIII)	-	Comm. M. M. M. (Comm. Grade VII ff. VII)
1 Segretario	-	Comm. M. M. M. (Comm. Grade VII ff. VII)
10. The Vice Prefect Inspector has no transport; the Prefect thinks he can
requisition.
11. I had a full discussion with the Prefect about the situation, who is obstructive
and uncooperative and was more than one occasion has disobeyed direct orders.
The latest of these occasions arose during my visit. He had at the meeting of
Prefects at Milan in spite of the Prefect's orders that he was
not to go. He subsequently gave an interview to the local press in which he
made statements derogatory to me. The Prefect decided to dismiss him.
12. The Prefect who was called in to be told of this decision, admitted that

5. The material for the electoral lists was delivered to the Prefecture 3 days before my visit. In the course of conversation with the Prefect and his officials, it became evident that they had not yet read the Ministry's instructions or opened the parcels. The material had been taken as to the official to be head of the electoral office. At my interview with the PG next day, he gave the Prefect strict instructions (a) to place Comm. GILBERTO in charge of the electoral office (b) that in case to begin work on preparing the material that afternoon (c) that the Prefect was to report when ready when PG would arrange transport.

6. In some 10 cases the communal "transporte" have suffered war damage.

7. The deputations provinciales was appointed about a month ago, nominations for the 4 elective members of the CCA are under consideration by the deputations.

8. The Unsellario of the Tribunale of Portofino has suffered some small damage; those of Tolmezzo and Udine are in order.

9. The "set-up" in the Prefecture is as follows: --

Vice Prefect Commissario	- Dott. BELTRAMI (Communist)
"	- Dott. BELTRAMI (Socialist)
"	- Dott. BELTRAMI (Grade V)
"	- Dott. BELTRAMI (Comm. Grade VII ff. VII)
2 Consiglieri (Grade VII)	
2 " (Grade VIII)	- one of whom, Dott. BELTRAMI is Capo Gabinetto
1 segretario	- Dott. BELTRAMI

10. The Vice Prefect Inspector has no transport: the Prefect thinks he can requisition.

11. I had a full discussion with the PG about BELTRAMI, who is obstructive and uncooperative and one more than the occasion has disobeyed direct orders. The latest of these occasions arose during my visit. BELTRAMI had at 2.30 p.m. a meeting of Prefects at Milan in spite of the PG's express orders that he was not to go. He subsequently gave an interview to the local press in which he made statements derogatory to me. The PG. decided to dismiss him.

12. The Prefect who was called in to be told of this decision, admitted that Beltrami was continually with the running of the Prefecture, especially when his party was concerned. He said it would be necessary to replace him with another Communist to preserve the "equilibrium of the parties" and thought the CCA might resign en bloc. The PG. ultimately decided to dismiss Beltrami personally as uncooperative and to direct the Prefect not to fill the post without further instructions. I advised this course to give the PG time to consider whether local politics did really make a replacement necessary.

13. At the same time, I advised that, from the point of view of good administration, the post seemed quite unnecessary: with the career officials it has the Prefecture should be able to function satisfactorily.

- 2 -

14. The other political Vice-Prefect Ing. DANIELI, is not really political. He is a young man who seems to be doing something useful in supervising public works.

15. The Prefect (a Demo-Christian) did not impress me; but I think he has had great difficulty in maintaining his authority in the face of Beltrami's interference.

16. Discipline in the Prefecture is bad. Officials were disputing among themselves, as to which was to be head of the Electoral Office (nobody wanting the job) and the Prefect had apparently not been able to give a definite order on the subject and enforce it. The elimination of Beltrami may effect and improve in this respect.

2713

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

5 July 1945

TO: Brigadier Dunlop:

2. Boundaries in Udine: Brigadier Upjohn informs me that the Chief Commissioner's instructions have been forwarded to you by the hand of Mary Proby and there is no more I can do in the matter until such time as you have attended the meeting on 6 July.

R. R. CRIPPS

(original on file 45/A/LG)

2716

HEADQUARTERS
VENETIAN REGION
Allied Military Government
APO 394

1 July, 1945

SUBJECT: Udine Province: Future Administration.

TO : H.Q., Allied Commission
Attention: Executive Commissioner.

1. On the occasion of the Chief Commissioner's conference held on the morning of Wednesday last, 27 June, I submitted a proposal that, whereas the seven southerly provinces of Venetian Region could be returned to Italian Government control by September 1st, the frontier provinces of Udine, Belluno and Bolzano should remain under A.M.G. control for a considerably longer period.

2. Since Wednesday morning certain important developments have taken place.

3. On Thursday morning a statement made by General McHarney in the United States was widely reported in the Allied and Italian press. The statement was to the effect that by September 1st, the whole of Northern Italy would be returned to Italian Government control except possibly for Bolzano and Venezia Giulia. By implication therefore the province of Udine would pass to Italian control at the same time as the rest of Northern Italy.

4. This morning at A.M.G. 8th Army it was learnt as a result of a telephone conversation Lt. Col. Barrett, G-5 A.F.H.Q. with Major Wynors, G.M.S. 8th Army, that A.F.H.Q. were studying a plan whereby, on September 1st, the province of Udine should remain under A.M.G. control, but should be linked with Venezia Giulia under 13 Corps.

5. It was also learnt at the same time that there is, under consideration a plan for the immediate future whereby the rear boundary of 13 Corps should lie west of the western boundary of Venezia Giulia. This would presumably take effect when U.S. 8th Army moved into Austria. According to this plan, whereas most of the province of Udine would be within 13th Sub Area, some easterly communes would come within the territory of 13 Corps.

2713

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4. This morning at A.M.S. 8th Army it was learnt as a result of a telephone conversation Lt. Col. Harratt, G-5 A.M.S., with Major Wynne, A.M.S., 6th Army, that A.M.S. were studying a plan whereby, on September 1st, the province of Udine should remain under A.M.S. control, but should be linked with Venetia Giulia under 13 Corps.

5. It was also learnt at the same time that there is, under consideration a plan for the immediate future whereby the rear boundary of 13 Corps should lie west of the western boundary of Venetia Giulia. This would presumably take effect when 8th Army moved into Austria. According to this plan, whereas most of the province of Udine would be within 201 Sub Area, some easterly counties would come 274th the territory of 13 Corps.

6. In view of these developments, it appears desirable to submit to you certain considerations in regard to the special position of Udine province. The arguments are illustrated by the attached marked map of the frontier district.

7. The province of Udine became part of Italy in 1866 and, except for two small territorial gains at the close of the last war, referred to below, its frontiers have remained unchanged for nearly eighty years.

- 2 -

8. After the last war a small group of communes in the neighborhood of Tarvisio were taken from Austria and added to Italy. The local population was a mixture of Austrian, Italian, and Slovene.

In the southeast corner of the province a piece of land round Cervignone, formerly Austrian, was incorporated in Udine, instead of being allowed to remain with the new Italian province of Trieste. The population of this territory is almost wholly Italian.

These frontier rectifications are shown on the attached map.

9. It is submitted that the present special position of Udine in the international political world depends on two main factors,

(i) its importance as the line of communication for the British Army in Austria,

(ii) the fact that Jugoslavs have stated their intention to make a claim at the peace treaty for the inclusion of a portion of Udine within Jugoslavia.

10. It is understood that, seeing that the port of Venice is now open, Trieste, in the future, will in the main be used for the local maintenance of Allied Troops in Venezia Giulia. The principal maintenance route for the British Army in Austria will be through the port of Venice, and then by road or rail via, Mestre, Treviso, Udine, Tarvisio. Part of this route runs close to the frontier of Venezia Giulia, such of it runs through territory claimed by Jugoslav nationalists.

11. Jugoslav aspirations may be said to take two forms, the first an extremist claim to include all the province up to the river Tagliamento, the second a much more strongly pressed claim to include all the eastern portion of the province up to the line Cividale-Tergeme-Gemono. These lines are shown on the attached map.

12. It is to be expected that the Jugoslavs will support their claims to this territory by all possible means, propaganda, infiltration of agents, threats of reprisals, etc. It is submitted that such pressure might easily be too strong for a recently reconstituted Italian administration, that, in fact, a state of serious unrest might develop across the lines of communication to Austria unless order were maintained by an adequate team of Allied Military Government.

2714

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11. Yugoslav aspirations may be said to take two forms, the first an extremist claim to include all the province up to the river Tagliamento, the second a much more strongly pressed claim to include all the eastern portion of the province up to the line Cividale-Tarvisio-Udine. These lines are shown on the attached map.

12. It is to be expected that the Jugoslavs will support their claims to this territory by all possible means, propaganda, infiltration of agents, threats of reprisals, etc. It is submitted that such pressure might easily be too strong for a recently reconstituted Italian administration, that, in fact, a state of serious unrest might develop across the lines of communication to Austria unless order were maintained by an adequate team of Allied Military Government.

2714

13. It appears from the A.F.M.G. report already mentioned, that attention is already being paid to the need for A.F.M.G. in Udine in spite of its apparent divergence from the Scherney declaration. The plan is at present being considered that, presumably after September 1st, the province should be linked with Venezia Giulia under S.C.A.G. 13 Corps.

14. Such a linking appears to have many defects.

- 3 -

In the field of international politics it would undoubtedly give power and impetus to Jugoslav hopes of securing territory in Udine. At the same time it would be a serious embarrassment to the new Italian Government.

As a matter of A.M.C. administration it would appear to reintroduce all the complications that were avoided when A.M.C. Venezia Giulia was divorced from A.M.C. Venezia Region. S.M.A.O. 13 Corps would have to administer two different systems of courts, two different police systems, two different financial systems, and to possess two loyalties. Moreover it would introduce a change after months of A.M.C. work during which A.M.C. Udine had been part of Venezia Region.

15. There are similar, and so severely less grave, disadvantages in the suggestion that the rear boundary of 13 Corps should lie within the confines of Udine Province.

16. It is submitted that in this case the simplest solution is really the best. It has already been made clear that Bolzano will remain under A.M.C. control as part of the newly reconstituted Allied Mission. There should not be grave difficulty in announcing, at the earliest possible date, that in addition to Bolzano and Venezia Giulia, the province of Udine will remain under normal A.M.C. control. From evidence recently gained I am of the opinion that such a pronouncement would be welcomed by the majority of Italians in Udine.

17. Until the "link" plan referred to above was mentioned it was anticipated that No. 1 District with its headquarters at Padova would be the military formation responsible for the whole of Venezia, but not Venezia Giulia.

18. Inasmuch as for legal and financial reasons it appears desirable to have a regional echelon in Allied Military Government, it would appear most logical that A.M.C. in the province of Udine, Bolzano, and possibly Belluno, should be coordinated from a regional headquarters at Padova in close touch with headquarters, No. 1 District.

It would probably be desirable to have A.M.C. control over the comune of Venice, and to have liaison officers at Treviso and Verona.

19. It is submitted that, in present circumstances, it is permissible to ask military administration to take into consideration political factors. It therefore is proposed that when H.M. Army moves to Austria in the near future,

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15. There are similar, and scarcely less grave, disadvantages in the suggestion that the rear boundary of 13 Corps would lie within the confines of Udine Province.

16. It is submitted that in this case the simplest solution is really the best. It has already been made clear that Bolzano will remain under A.M.C. control as part of the newly reconstituted Allied Division. There should not be grave difficulty in accomplishing, at the earliest possible date, that in addition to Bolzano and Venetia Giulia, the province of Udine will remain under normal A.M.C. control. From evidence recently gained I am of the opinion that such a pronouncement would be welcomed by the majority of Italians in Udine.

17. Until the "link" plan referred to above was mentioned it was anticipated that No. 1 District with its headquarters at Padova would be the military formation responsible for the whole of Venetia, but not Venetia Giulia.

18. Inasmuch as for legal and financial reasons it appears desirable to have a regional echelon in Allied military Government, it would appear most logical that A.M.C. in the province of Udine, Bolzano, and possibly Belluno, should be coordinated from a regional headquarters at Padova in close touch with headquarters, No. 1 District.

It would probably be desirable to have A.M.C. control over the comune of Venice, and to have liaison offices at Treviso and Verona.

19. It is submitted that, in present circumstances, it is permissible to ask military administration to take into consideration political factors. It therefore is proposed that when 5th Army moves to Austria in the near future, then H.Q. 201 Sub Area come under No. 1 District, and the territory of 201 Sub Area be co-terminous with the province of Udine. The rear boundary of 13 Corps would then be the present boundary between the province of Udine on one hand and the province of Trieste and Gorizia on the other. There would appear to be little administrative difficulty in allowing 13 Corps to retain local control over any of its technical administrative that have to be left behind in Udine province. There are plenty of precedents for such an action.

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20. The scheme set forward in para. 19 above, to which the code name, "Scheme San Marco" could be given, should clearly be merged into the larger scheme set forth in the Chief Counsellor's memorandum to SACRA.

21. It is submitted that scheme San Marco does provide a simple plan which can develop straight out of the present position with the minimum change of personnel or lines of command.

22. As it is believed that SAC, A.S.H.Q. proposes to proceed to H.A. 5th Army on July 6th to discuss these plans, it appears desirable that the above recommendations should reach you as soon as possible. I am therefore sending a staff officer to your H.A. with these papers tomorrow.

Encl. (1 copy)

JED/lgo

Regional Commissioner

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