

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785021

ACC

10000/141/512

DRAFT DECREE
JAN. 1944 - AF

10000/141/512

DRAFT DECREE ESTABLISHING MINISTRY OF OCCUPIED ITALY
JAN. 1944 - APR. 1945

3047

MINUTE SHEET NO. 1

DATE	PAGE
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Minute No. 1

27 Dec
V.S.D.

1. Draft decree as to Ministry of Occupied Italy is at p. 3 ff. and preliminary queries are at p. 6.

2. It is submitted that this Sub Commission should be informed as to what agreements have been arrived at between the Allied Commission and the Italian Government with regard to the policies, organization and relationships of the new Ministry for Occupied Italy before we or other interested Sub Commissions can properly advise.

3. A perusal of the Decree makes it obvious that its contents are of interest not only to the Local Government Sub Commission but to others such as Patriots Branch, Public Health and Public Safety, and various Sub Commissions in the Economic Section. Obviously also the Legal Sub Commission must thoroughly pass upon the proposed Decree.

4. I shall be pleased to receive directions as to the sequence in which you wish this matter to be handled.

R. G. B. Spicer

R. G. B. SPICER, Colonel
Director, Local Govt. S/C

①

L. G.

SUBJECT:
TO

1. *CC. directs that this is to be treated as a most urgent matter but she will try & get P. M. to stall when she sees her tomorrow.*

2. *The agreement is big snub to you both with*

grain

500

ALLIED

INTER-OFFICE M

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Re: A. B. S. S. C. C.

R. C. B. SPECTER, Colonel
Director, Local Govt. S/C

500

ALLIED [REDACTED] C
INTER-OFFICE MEMO

SUBJECT:
TO

(1)

L. G.

1. C.E. directs that this is to be treated as a most urgent matter but we will try to get P.M. to stall when we see him tomorrow.
2. The agreement is being sent to you for this with

you for this with

Y. B. S.

20 Dec 44

(2)

Re: 2. 0. P. (1) we cannot get a trace any ~~element~~
(2) ~~Re: 2. 0. P. (1) we cannot get a trace any element~~
(3) legal should be asked to comment

Re: B. S. C.

61.

may have to make.

(b) Opinion of the above has been circulated to
Political Sec. and Sec. S.C.
Sec. Sec.
Legal. S.C.

to consult by 12 noon. 1 Jan. 45

(c) Will you please hand the copy of the agreement
to Legal S.C. by 1800 on 30 Dec. 44.

C.H.
29 Dec 44.
K. GOR.

R. R. Temple

31 Dec. C.A. Section.

5.

499

1. This new draft, page 11, raises no questions relating to the present local government organization or administration nor to the existing relationships between this Sub-Commission and the Ministry of the Interior.

2. Since it is desirable to maintain the present policy of sending communications between persons and bodies in Military Government Territory and the Italian Government through AG channels, it is suggested that we be assured by the Italian Government that paragraph 1 of Article 3 does not intend to change the existing channels after the "invaded territory" comes under AMG's jurisdiction.

R. R. Temple
R.R. Temple, Capt.
for Director,
Local Government Sub-Commission.

Tel. Ex. 478706.

2 Jan. 1945

Director:

1. Please see No. 12, which raises two questions:--
(a) whether it is necessary for AG to approve or disapprove these appointments, and
(b) what S/C should handle such appointments in the new Ministry.

12

MINUTE SHEET NO. 3

DATE	PAGE
	(6) continued 2. (a). On the first question, I would observe that while this S/C gives AC approval to appointments of Prefects and Vice Prefects in the provinces of Italian Government territory, it has never been directed that similar approval must be given to appointments of Prefects and Vice Prefects <u>as such</u> in any Italian Ministry. Approval is given to the appointment of Directors General of the Ministry of Interior and in practice these appointments are always held by officials of the rank of Prefect. Other appointments in the Ministry, however, e.g. that of Inspector General, are held by Prefects. Approval of such appointments (or to the appointment of Vice Prefects <u>in</u> the Ministry) has never been sought or given. 3. As to (b), the new Ministry would appear to be primarily, if not exclusively, a matter for Patriots Branch, which would appear to be the appropriate branch to pass upon these appointments--if it is considered necessary to pass upon them at all. 4. If the foregoing para is accepted, then this S/C would appear to be only concerned insofar as the appointment of the 8 officials named in No. 12 to hold office in the new Ministry takes them out of any "pool" formed or in process of formation for northern provinces. 5. Only two of the 8 officials are known to this S/C--CINAGLIA and GIBILLI300. Both were nominated by the Ministry as Vice Prefects for promotion to Prefect and utilization in the north: both have been passed by Security and the Ministry informed that they are acceptable accordingly to AC. 6. I would not, however, recommend that on this ground alone any objection be raised to the appointment of these two in the new Ministry. 7. I recommend that a ruling be sought from CA Sec. as to (a) what S/C or branch is to handle No. 12, and (b) to what extent any approval by AC is to be given to these appointments. 498 <i>[Signature]</i> C.C.R.W.

(7)

V.P. The point is clear as that we have

Vice Prefects as such in any Indian Ministry. Approval is given to the appointment of Directors General of the Ministry of Interior and in practice these appointments are always held by officials of the rank of Prefect. Other appointments in the Ministry, however, e.g. that of Inspector General, are held by Prefects. Approval of such appointments (or to the appointment of Vice Prefects in the Ministry) has never been sought or given.

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498

[Signature]
C.C.R.W.

(7)

V.P. My viewpoint is clear. eq. that we have
no concern in this Ministerial minor appointments
that we should inform the Ministry accordingly.
The reply should however be sent by
the Patriots Branch not by L.S.

[Signature]
Col.

L.G. 11

CAS will reply to it on your advice. Please
prepare reply for security of V.P. so you can take Ministerial
action to handle. You will ensure Patriots before sending the reply.

CAS
7 JAN 1945

MINUTE SHEET NO. 4

DATE		PAGE
23 Jan.	CAS. - Please see p. 17. 2. Letter from V.P.'s signature, pursuant to Lt. Col. White's instruction. R.R. Temple, Major Hq. S/C ⑨	17
Feb. 5	CA Section 1. Reference your instructions at minute ⑧ - Please see report at p. 27 which I approve. 2. Draft letter herewith for VP's signature As A/S/VP Island ⑩	27
10.	Letter # No. 26 signed by VP re: despatched today ⑪	26.
	⑫ To: Office of Ex Comm. Filer AC/9/7/LG and AC/4/1/135/LG passed to you in accordance with minute 497 ⑬ 17 file AC/4/1/135/LG and Connection Capt Morden - Maj. J. J. J. J. W.G.S. J. J. J. J. C. J. J. J.	

27

⑨

Dr. A. H. H. H.

②

To: Office of Ex Commr.

255

W. G. S. J. Island Marine
C. F. Sec.

13

(13) H. Fisher's Inquiry - see folios

11, 12A et seq, also Ref. 26. Mason/Kuo's Caffe

14

24 Seen by Security Branch. Hm

MINUTE SHEET NO. 5

DATE		PAGE
1945 Apr 16	15. Note: - Copy with Patriots Branch. R.	28.
Apr 17.	Apr 28. See <u>R. R. Lipp</u> cr.	496

SECRETF 62821
APR 20 1442F/8193
APR 21 0830B
PRIORITYAMRO SIGNED SIGNED CIVIL FROM
ACTION ALONG ROSE

FOR INFORMATION ONLY.

SECRET.

Reur 5344 of 14 April.

Considered that broadcasts to occupied ITALY should not be confined to Minister of occupied ITALY but should be made by various Ministers representing the 4 parties in the Government. Also considered desirable publication Prime Minister to open series.

Approval is given to broadcasts of types set out by you subject to their being given as indicated above. Approval is also subject to conditions suggested by you for script and censorship approval and to stipulation that should IRE be unable agree a particular broadcast which Italians desire to press broadcast be withheld and point at issue be referred to this Headquarters for decision.

LIST

ACTION: CA Sec
INFO: A/President
Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
Local Govt S/C
PRB
File 2
Fleet

**SECRET**

5580

AFHQ G-5

5344

14 APRIL 1945

PRIORITY

RESTRICTED PD

PARA ONE PD MINISTER OF OCCUPIED ITALY ANXIOUS TO MAKE DAILY BROADCASTS PD SCRIPT
WOULD BE APPROVED BY THIS COMMISSION CMA ALSO APPROVED AND CENSORED BY PWB PD

PARA TWO PD BROADCASTS WOULD BE CONFINED TO THE FOLLOWING CCM PAREN ONE PAREN
ACTIVITIES OF THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT PAREN TWO PAREN INFORMATION FROM PEOPLE IN
LIBERATED ^{VAL} ~~ITALY~~ TO RELATIVES IN THE NORTH PD THIS WILL BE WORDED SO AS TO AVOID
EXPOSING RELATIVES TO PERISALS PAREN THREE PAREN APPEALS FOR UNITY AMONG PATRIOTS
PAREN FOUR PAREN GENERAL APPEALS FOR ACTION AGAINST ENEMY PAREN FIVE PAREN INTERVIEWS
OF THE ITALIAN PRESS PAREN SIX PAREN CRITICISMS ON FASCIST AND GERMAN PROPAGANDA PAREN
SEVEN PAREN NEWS OF PATRIOTS PAREN EIGHT PAREN REVIEW OF THE EVENTS OF THE WEEK PD
PAREN TO AFHQ GEORGE FIVE FROM HQ ACOM CITE ACQUIS PAREN

PARA THREE PD THIS COMMISSION APPROVES THE PROPOSAL AND REQUESTS YOUR URGENT DECISION
AS MINISTER IS ANXIOUS TO COMMENCE BROADCASTING EARLY NEXT WEEK

INT DIST

EX COM

LOC GOV —

PRO

494

CA SECTION

608

A.D. BOHMAN-CARTER LT COL

NICHOLAS FIORINO
CWO, USA
Asst Adjutant

16/4/45. Note: Copy with Patriots Branch L.

5558

AC/9/7/LG

5 February 1945

SUBJECT: Officials for the Ministry of Occupied Italy.

TO : Director, Local Government Sub Commission

FROM : Major C. G. R. Williams

1. The Ministry of the Interior submitted the names of 8 officials whom the Italian Government desire to appoint to posts in the new Ministry of Occupied Italy--see folio 12. The instructions of CA Section--at Minute 8--are for this S/C to prepare a reply for the signature of the VP. The officials in question have now been cleared with Security and the reply can now be prepared. 12

2. Nothing is known in this S/C of the under-mentioned officials, but they have all been satisfactorily cleared by Security--see folio 20: 20

INGARRICA	Avv. Tito	VEV
COBIANCHI	Dott. Giuseppe	"
DEROSI	" Giulio	"
D'AGOSTINO	" Carmelo	"
TEDESCO	" Luigi	"

3. The under-mentioned officials have been previously cleared and approved by the Allied Commission for promotion to Prefect:

DELLI SANTI CIMAGLIA	Dott. Luigi
GIBILISCO	Dott. Antonio

The promotion of GIBILISCO has, however, not yet taken place.

4. As to the remaining official--SEVERINI--please see the special report from the Director, Public Safety S/C, at folio 19. In view of the fact that the Epuration Commission's verdict upon him was "non luogo a sanzioni", I think no objection should be raised to his employment in the new Ministry. 19

5. I recommend CA Section be advised that approval can be given to all these appointments--draft letter herewith at folio 26. 493

6. Reference the last sentence of Minute 8, I have not considered it necessary to consult Patriots Branch, as the considerations involved pertain to security and epuration and not anything directly affecting patriots.

CCR/pec

(26)

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

AC/9/7/AC

Tel: 478190

SUBJECT: Personnel for the Ministry of Occupied
Italy.

5 February 1945

TO : His Excellency the Minister of the Interior.

Your Excellency:

P. 12.

I refer to your letter 17772 Gabinetto, dated 26 December 1944,
and addressed to the Local Government Sub Commission. The Allied
Commission raises no objection to the employment in the Ministry of
Occupied Italy of the officials named in your letter.

G. R. UPJOHN, Brig.
VP CA Section
DCOS AC

Signed by VP and despatched on 10/2/45. JFW

492

3435

25

SUBJECT: Note of Interview - Ministry of the Interior.

DATE : 3 February 1945.

1. The Director, Local Government S/C, personally saw H. E. MOLE, the Under Secretary, and H. E. BERRUTI, Chief of Cabinet, this afternoon, on other matters.
2. He also mentioned to them the question of SCIORILLI-BORRELLI holding office in the Ministry of Occupied Italy. BERRUTI immediately said in English, "He is gone", and thereafter explained that by direct order of the Prime Minister, SCIORILLI-BORRELLI had been removed from office.

Early in the morning of 4 February 1945, SCIORILLI-BORRELLI called at this office and asked to see Major Temple. He was informed that Major Temple was not present and he left the building.

CUKw/pec

C O P Y

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION
APO 394

ACC/4/1/72/LG.

5 October 1944

SUBJECT : Prefect SCIORILLI - BORELLI

TO : His Excellency the Minister of Interior

Your Excellency,

1. I forward for your information copy of the record of interview I had which Prefect SCIORILLI-BORELLI yesterday, whose name was submitted to me as Prefect designate for a forward province and in which regard I interviewed him.

2. I have no wish to comment on the interview, which speaks for itself; nor have I any wish to comment further on the manner in which he referred to His Excellency Berruti in my presence, nor, indeed, in the manner to which he referred in Your Excellency, personally.

3. I have since received the enclosed letter which I forward together with the interview document for your information.

4. I must protest against receiving such a letter as this, since I treated Prefect SCIORILLI-BORELLI with every consideration. I have three witnesses consisting of myself, Captain Lewis, and 2nd Lt. Modiano who were present throughout the interview. The only possible interest I had in the interview was that of this gentleman as Prefect for a northern province, and I had to inform him repeatedly that it was not my business to listen to personal grievances. One of his excuses was that he had a son in Rome, and I felt it my duty to point out - and you will agree it was a fair remark - that I myself had a son in England who was still in school, and from whom I was perted.

5. I would conclude this letter by saying that I must protest against the receipt of such a letter from Prefect SCIORILLI-BORELLI.

Encl. as in 1 and 3 above

cg.

s/ R.G.B. SPICER
Colonel
Director
Local Governments/C

490

C O P Y

SUBJECT : Interview between Col. R.G.B. Spicer and H.E. SCIORILLI-BORELLI

PLACE AND DATE : ACC HQ. 4th October 1944

ALSO PRESENT : Captain Vernon Lewis

INTERPRETER : Signor D. Modiano

1. Col. Spicer intimated that he had desired to see H.E. SCIORILLI-BORELLI in connection with his nomination by the Italian Government for appointment to a northern province when liberated. The province as yet was not decided but would be one of a number enumerated by Col. Spicer. The latter enquired SCIORILLI-BORELLI's present position.
2. SCIORILLI-BORELLI stated that he was a Director General of the Ministry of Interior, a member of the Epuration Commission of Public Safety and Personnel and an official of Cooperativa di Consumo.
3. He stated that he did not know that he had been nominated for Prefectural appointment in a northern province and desired to express his reason why it was "better that he should stay in Rome". He produced many papers and documents in what Col. Spicer intimated he was not interested.
4. Col. Spicer made it clear that such nomination had been by the Government and not by ACC. It had merely been submitted to ACC which had resulted in this interview.
5. SCIORILLI-BORELLI stated that he had not been properly treated compared to other Prefects. He agreed that in the national interest it was an honour to go forward, but thought that he should have gone to Florence and had talked to one "Capt. Fraser" in that connection. He considered he should have a more important province than those referred to.
6. Col. Spicer pointed out that SCIORILLI-BORELLI had not been considered for the Florence appointment as he was amongst those nominated by President Bonomi. Col. Spicer was not prepared to listen to any talk which involved any criticism of the President by SCIORILLI-BORELLI.
7. SCIORILLI-BORELLI continued by stating that he wanted to point out an injustice. Col. Spicer interrupted to say that this was entirely a matter for SCIORILLI-BORELLI to deal with his own Ministry and referred to Italy's present plight and the urgent necessity for officials to go forward when needed.
8. SCIORILLI-BORELLI said he had 30 years service and was now the object of a "clique" and talk at the Viminale. Col. Spicer repeated that such subject was one concerning himself and the Government. SCIORILLI-BORELLI stated he had asked audiences with 3 different Ministers, but without result. 489
9. Col. Spicer said again that he could not entertain criticism of the Ministry. SCIORILLI-BORELLI, who had been submitted personally by the President to go

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9. Col. Spicer said again that he could not entertain criticism of the Ministry. SCIORILLI-BORELLI's name had been submitted personally by the President to go forward as a Prefect. The only question which concerned Col. Spicer was as to whether SCIORILLI-BORELLI did not wish or was otherwise unwilling to go forward. He (Col. Spicer) could not enter into personal grievances. They were not his business and he would not listen to them. Col. Spicer's interest following the nomination was merely whether SCIORILLI-BORELLI was a suitable Prefect to be sent to AMG areas.
10. SCIORILLI-BORELLI intimated that he personally had to decide whether he

would go or not. Col. Spicer disagreed.

11. SCIORILLI-BORELLI then stated that he wanted to denounce H.J. Berruti to the Epuration Commission, and said he would do so to Count Sforza and Signor Scoccimarro.

12. Col. Spicer asked to state definitely whether he was prepared to go on or not, following the Ministry's nomination.

13. SCIORILLI-BORELLI replied that he had wanted to go "but not now" as he desired to submit his case to the Ministry.

14. Col. Spicer reminded SCIORILLI-BORELLI of the recent Churchill-Roosevelt declaration and the desire to give greater power to the Italian Government. He was not prepared to discuss criticism of Bonomi or any others but desired only a definite answer as to whether or not SCIORILLI-BORELLI would go forward. The latter replied "At this moment I cannot do". He said that his son who had been collaborating with the Allied Armies had returned to Rome to take his degree. Col. Spicer drew attention to the family separation of Allied officers rendered necessary by war conditions and foreign service.

15. SCIORILLI-BORELLI asked why certain Fascists (unnamed) were still in office. Col. Spicer said that the enquiry was not his concern.

16. SCIORILLI-BORELLI then intimated that the Government were "playing a corridor game to shift him out of the Ministry". Col. Spicer asked if Italian officials did not take orders and SCIORILLI-BORELLI replied that Berruti was not senior to him. Although the letter with his nomination may have been over Bonomi's signature, Berruti had drafted it. Other Prefects had also refused to go forward and named De Cesare, nominated for Florence. Col. Spicer stated that De Cesare had produced a medical certificate. BORELLI referred to the Prime Minister personally in terms which could not be considered respectful.

17. Col. Spicer repeated that personal quarrels with the Italian Government were concerns of his.

18. SCIORILLI-BORELLI desired to emphasize that it was not a case of "will not go", but, "cannot go". He wanted to explain his case. He could not do it elsewhere therefore he had tried to do so in this interview.

19/ The grounds of his objections were recounted and agreed as follows:

1. that he deserved a better position
2. the "corridor game"
3. the return of his son to Rome.

20. Col. Spicer stated that there was no useful purpose served in continuing the interview.

21. Throughout, SCIORILLI-BORELLI was loquacious, and gave the impression of suffering under a sense of personal grievance.

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M. V. M. LEWIS
 Captain
 Staff Officer
 Local Government S/C

WVM/jgt

AC/5/7/LG

2 February 1945

SUBJECT: Ministry of Occupied Italy.

TO : Director, Local Government S/C.

FROM : Major C. G. R. Williams.

1. Please see No. 17 on this file--sent down to us via CA Section from the Chief Commissioner's office.
2. Major Temple conferred with Lt. Col. White on this and prepared for the VP's signature the reply at No. 18.
3. It came to Major Temple's ears last week (in conversation with Capt. Bruno of JICA - RAAC) that SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was, nevertheless, actually in service at the new Ministry of Occupied Italy. He instructed me to find out what I could about this when I next saw BERRUTI.
4. I had an appointment with the Ministry on 30 January on other matters. H. E. BERRUTI and Cav. CAMERA were present: Donna T. CAETANI interpreted.
5. I asked BERRUTI if he could tell me what the official post of SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was now. He replied yes, Dr. SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was in the Ministry of Occupied Italy: he would explain how this came about. He said the new Minister, SCOCIMARRO, had applied to the Prime Minister for the services of SCIORILLI-BORRELLI. The Prime Minister had refused, pointing out that a bad opinion of SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was held by the Allied Commission. He thereupon wrote the letter at No. 17 on this file. SCOCIMARRO had, nevertheless, taken SCIORILLI-BORRELLI into the Ministry, where he was acting as Director General--"a sort of factotum", said BERRUTI. SCOCIMARRO had also told the Prime Minister that SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was all right and that the Allies in fact had nothing against him.
6. I thanked BERRUTI for the explanation and told him we had received the Prime Minister's letter and prepared a reply to it. That reply was a mere acknowledgment, inasmuch as BONOMI was merely informing the Allied Commission of action already taken by him, which action was in conformity with the opinion previously expressed on behalf of AC. I stated that such a mere acknowledgment, however, was not to be taken as a withdrawal of any objections to SCIORILLI-BORRELLI previously expressed. So far as I was aware, such objections had not been withdrawn.

487

7. BERRUTI asked if what I had said was official and could be communicated to the Prime Minister. I said yes, so far as it went it was official.

8. I closed the ^{subject} observations by saying that I would report what BERRUTI

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3. It came to Major Temple's ears last week (in conversation with Capt. Bruno of JICA - RAAC) that SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was, nevertheless, actually in service at the new Ministry of Occupied Italy. He instructed me to find out what I could about this when I next saw BERRUTI.

4. I had an appointment with the Ministry on 30 January on other matters. H. D. BERRUTI and Cav. CAMERA were present: Donna T. CAETANI interpreted.

5. I asked BERRUTI if he could tell me what the official post of SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was now. He replied yes, Dr. SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was in the Ministry of Occupied Italy: he would explain how this came about. He said the new Minister, SCOCIMARRO, had applied to the Prime Minister for the services of SCIORILLI-BORRELLI. The Prime Minister had refused, pointing out that a bad opinion of SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was held by the Allied Commission. He thereupon wrote the letter at No. 17 on this file. SCOCIMARRO had, nevertheless, taken SCIORILLI-BORRELLI into the Ministry, where he was acting as Director General--"a sort of factotum", said BERRUTI. SCOCIMARRO had also told the Prime Minister that SCIORILLI-BORRELLI was all right and that the Allies in fact had nothing against him.

6. I thanked BERRUTI for the explanation and told him we had received the Prime Minister's letter and prepared a reply to it. That reply was a mere acknowledgment, inasmuch as BONOLI was merely informing the Allied Commission of action already taken by him, which action was in conformity with the opinion previously expressed on behalf of AC. I stated that such a mere acknowledgment, however, was not to be taken as a withdrawal of any objections to SCIORILLI-BORRELLI previously expressed. So far as I was aware, such objections had not been withdrawn.

487

7. BERRUTI asked if what I had said was official and could be communicated to the Prime Minister. I said yes, so far as it went it was official.

8. I closed the ^{subject} ~~discussion~~ by saying that I would report what BERRUTI had told me.

9. The following day--31 January--Capt. Bruno called and left with Major Temple and myself the report on SCIORILLI-BORRELLI which appears at No. 21 on this file.

10. Other relevant papers as to SCIORILLI-BORRELLI are on file 4/1/72 at the places flagged. No. 59 on that file is the letter expressing an adverse opinion of SCIORILLI-BORRELLI to which the Prime Minister alludes in his letter at No. 17 on this file.

CGRW/pec

C. G. R. WILLIAMS
Major
Local Government Sub Commission

Classified by Capt. Bruno, JICA, RAC

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

NO-295-45
S.I.D. 7209,
Eval. - 3-3
29 January, 1945.

SUBJECT: SCIORRELLI-BONZELLI, Umberto.

SOURCE: AMB and AC Reports and Colleagues of Subject.

Comment: The following information on subject was obtained from Public Security Office of AMB, Region 4, and Local Government Subcommission, AC. In order to check some of the derogatory statements made, colleagues of subject at the Ministry of Interior were contacted and practically all statements were corroborated. This biography is being submitted because, at the present time, subject is a candidate for a high position in the Ministry of Occupied Lands. From the following report, it is evident that his appointment to any public office would be decidedly detrimental to the interests of the Italian government and to the Allies.

Subject was born at CHINZI on 12 March 1892. Home address - 29 Via Luigi Luzantti, Rome.

Present position - career prefect and general inspector at the Ministry of Interior, at present "a disposizione" (available for assignment).

He entered the administration of the Ministry of Interior as a career civil servant in 1911. In 1920 he was transferred to the directive branch of the Ministry.

Was Vice-Prefect Inspector at Salerno where he left an unsatisfactory record. Was later assigned to the "General Direction of Public Health" and became the right-hand man of the General Director (Giovanni PENNACCHI, a Fascist prefect of ill-repute. In September 1942, he was appointed Prefect and assigned to TARANTO. Owing to his intrigues and despotic character, he made many enemies there. He was removed from office by the Fascist

486

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Was Vice-Prefect Inspector at Salerno where he left an unsatisfactory record. Was later assigned to the "General Direction of Public Health" and became the right-hand man of the General Director Giovanni PETTAMANI, a Fascist prefect of ill-repute. In September 1942, he was appointed Prefect and assigned to TARANTO. Owing to his intrigues and despotic character, he made many enemies there. He was removed from office by the Fascist government as punishment for participating in an incident (attending a dinner given to the local authorities by a wealthy land-owner) in which the Fascist Government exaggerated his importance for demagogic purposes. Subject submitted many requests and, through the influence of the Under-Secretary of the Interior, ALBINI, was able to have the discharge changed into the status of "available for assignment". In August 1943, during the first BADOLINI Government, he was assigned to CATTARO (SALINATA), as Prefect. He stayed there until the end of October 1943 when he was substituted by the German Command (according to Colonel SPICER,

(21A)

Director of Local Government Sub-Commission, Allied Commission, subject maintained a "really praiseworthy attitude" during that period). Other sources, however, claim that the fact that he was permitted to return to Italy in November 1943, indicates that he was not disliked by the German authorities since it is well known that German authorities did not allow any Italians to return to Italy unless they joined the so-called Fascist Republican Government. It does not appear that he carried out any particular political activities under the Fascist regime. Sources claim there is evidence, however, that he was always protected by the famous ROSSINI, Chief of Police, and that in January 1943, subject was awarded the order of the German Eagle upon a direct commendation of the German Embassy in Rome.

After Liberation of Rome, he tried to obtain a good position by contacting the Communist Party and especially His Excellency ACCIACCIARI who is Vice Commissioner of Epuration. He managed to be appointed a member of the Epuration Commission for the Personnel of the Pubblica Sicurezza. However, by decree issued by the President of the Council in October 1944, he was discharged from that office. Further information on this may be available at Public Safety Sub-Commission, Allied Commission.

In October 1944, subject was summoned by Colonel SPICER for a possible assignment as Prefect to one of the liberated provinces. The interview with him was very unsatisfactory and following is Colonel SPICER's report of his interview:

"Interviewed by Director on 4 October 1944. - In all my experience I have never met a more disloyal, a more loquacious, or a more egotistical prefect who appeared to me to place his own interests entirely before those of his own country. It was obvious he had no desire or intention of going to any forward area and proposed to pour out a long list of grievances which he had against both the Prime Minister and His Excellency ACCIACCIARI, which I cut short by telling him

485

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area and proposed to pour out a long list of grievances which he had against both the Prime Minister and his Excellency BUCHINI, which I cut short by telling him I had no desire to listen to him, that it was not my duty to hear anything against the Prime Minister or H.M. BUCHINI in this office. When faced by the direct question as to whether he was prepared to go as Prefect to a forward province, he stated unequivocally: 'I cannot and will not'. In my opinion this official would appear to me to be a menace in any capacity in the Italian Government."

Recently the Minister for Occupied Bands SACCIMARDO, (who apparently like BUCHINI and perhaps has no knowledge of his antecedents) has requested that BUCHINI be assigned to the Ministry for Occupied Lands. Prime Minister BUCHINI gave a negative reply and notified the Chief Commissioner, Allied Commission,

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

2113

of his objection (letter dated 17 January 1945). Apparently no action has been taken by Allied Commission. And, at the present time, it is reported that SCIORIELLO-BONNELLII is acting as General Director of the Ministry of Occupied Lands.

AWC Public Security Report sums up subject in the following words:

4 "BONNELLII is, therefore, considered an immoral and intriguing man. He is clever in gaining the trust of those who do not know him. Reportedly, he is about to join the Communist Party. Should be regarded as very dangerous in any office."

7008

CURIE P. BRUND, Capt., Inf.

0074

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785021

484

7008 CORL P. BRUNO, Capt., Inf.

3

CONFIDENTIAL

In any office.

1 CONFIDENTIAL 907

(20)

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

30 JAN 1945

Ref. : SD/23I.OI 30 January 1945

SUBJECT : Personnel for the Ministry of
Occupied Italy.

TO : Local Government Sub Commission.

1. Reference your AC/9/7/LG dated 22
January 1945.

2. According to your request the below
mentioned have been screened, and are accepta-
ble from a security standpoint.

INGARRICA	Avv. Tito	Vice Prefect	Vicario
COBIANCHI	Dott. Giuseppe	"	"
DEROSSI	" Giulio	"	"
D'AGOSTINO	" Carmelo	"	"
TEDESCO	" Luigi	"	"

John W. Chapman
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.
Director, Public Safety
Sub Commission.

CEF/mdp

483

CONFIDENTIAL

4856

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.F.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

30 JAN 1945

Ref. : SD/231.01

27 January 1945

SUBJECT : Dr. Ugo SEVERINI.

TO : Director, Local Government
Sub Commission.

I. Reference your AC/9/7/LG of 22 January 1945 requesting the screening of some officials to be assigned to the new Ministry for occupied Italy.

2. The first one on your list, Dr. Ugo Severini, Prefect 2nd class, has been screened and the following facts have been found :

- a. Subject has been squadrista and antemarcia, and served as Vice Podesta of Milan after 1941. He is said to have been very friendly with Vito Mussolini, nephew of the ex Duce, who is supposed to have helped him to his position in Milan.
- b. He is known to be an intelligent, cultivated and very capable official. The Epuration Commission has checked his fascist records and has not found it necessary to take any action against him.
- c. Subject is a great friend of the present Under Secretary of the Ministry of Interior Mole, who had tried without success to appoint him Assistant Chief of Police in the Political Branch.

3. From a purely security point of view it is thought that his record renders it undesirable that he should be appointed to a post within Army Areas or one which might influence events in newly captured territory.

4. Perhaps you may consider that the shortage of first class administrators is so great as to justify appointment in spite of his record, and if this is decided upon, perhaps you will acquaint us accordingly.

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John W. Chapman
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.D.
Director, Public Safety
Sub Commission.

CEE/mdp

CONFIDENTIAL

4855

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

AO/9/7/45

Tel: 286

SUBJECT: Ministry for Occupied Italy.

23 January 1945

TO : His Excellency the Minister of the Interior.

Your Excellency:

I acknowledge with thanks the receipt of your letter of 17 January 1945, concerning Dott. SCIORILLI BORRELLI.

FOR THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER:


G. R. URJOHN, Brig.
VP CA Section
DCOS AC

481

3852

9/7 Local Govt 17
The President of the Council of Ministers
Ministry of the Interior.

JAN 1945
Rome, 17th January, 1945.

SUBJECT : Ministry for Occupied Italy: Request for Prefects.

To : The Chief Commissioner, Allied Commission.

The Minister for Occupied Italy has asked that Dr. Prefect Umberto SCIORILLI BORRELLI should be instructed to report for service with that Ministry.

With a letter of even date I have replied that I cannot adhere to this request.

In fact, Dr. Sciorilli Borrelli is unfavourably known even to the Allied Commission, Local Government Sub-Commission, which has judged him more than unfavourably for his unbecoming conduct: as can be seen from the letter of the above-mentioned Sub-Commission, dated 5th October, 1944, No. 4/1/72/L G.

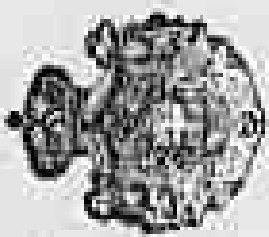
I refer the above to the Commission for its timely information.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL
Ministry of the Interior
Sd. BONOMI.

ea.

480

2774



IL PRESIDENTE
DEL CONSIGLIO DEI MINISTRI
MINISTRO DELL'INTERNO

Condato place.
19/1/45

(177)

Roma, 17 gennaio 1945.

1945

OGGETTO: Ministero per l'Italia Occupata:
Richiesta di Prefetti.

AL COMMISSARIO CAPO
della Commissione Alleata

R O M A

Il Ministro per l'Italia Occupata mi ha richiesto che
sia comandato a prestare servizio presso quel Ministero il Pre-
fetto dottor Umberto Sciorilli Borrelli.

Con lettera di pari data ho risposto che non potevo
aderire alla richiesta.

Invero, il Dott. Sciorilli Borrelli è sfavorevolmente
conosciuto anche da codesta Commissione, Sotto Commissione per
il Governo locale, che lo ha giudicato in modo del tutto sfavo-
revole per il suo cattivo comportamento, come risulta dalla let-
tera della Sotto Commissione predetta in data 3 ottobre u.s.,
n° 4/1/72/1 G.

Di quanto precede informo codesta Commissione per
opportuna sua notizia.

IL PRESIDENTE DEL CONSIGLIO
MINISTRO PER L'INTERNO

IL PRESIDENTE
DEL CONSIGLIO DEI MINISTRI
MINISTRO DELL'INTERNO

Roma, 17 gennaio 1945.

Jan 1945

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Richiesta di Prefetti.

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della Commissione Alleata

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tera della Sotto Commissione predetta in data 3 ottobre u.s.,
n° 4/I/72/L.G.

Di quanto precede informo codesta Commissione per
opportuna sua notizia.

IL PRESIDENTE DEL CONSIGLIO
MINISTRO PER L'INTERNO

Sciorilli

4734

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

AG/9/7/LG

Tel: 478190

SUBJECT: Personnel for the Ministry of Occupied Italy. 22 January 1945
TO : Director, Security Branch.

1. The Italian Government propose to assign to the new Ministry of Occupied Italy the under-mentioned officials now in service at the Ministry of the Interior: and they have requested the approval of the Allied Commission to this step:--

SEVERINI	Dott. Ugo	Prefect 2nd Class
INGARRICA	Avv. Tito	Vice Prefect Vicario
COBIANCHI	Dott. Giuseppe	" " "
DEROSI	" Giulio	" " "
D'AGOSTINO	" Carmelo	" " "
TEDESCO	" Luigi	" " "

2. Copies of biographical particulars supplied by the Ministry are annexed. May they please be screened and this Sub Commission informed of the results.

for R. G. B. SPICER
Colonel
Director
Local Government Sub Commission

CC/RW/psc
Encls. as in (2) above.

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR
Cabinet

ROME, 12 JAN. 1945

JAN 1945

File No. 749/5997
Encls,

TO : The Allied Commission
Local Government Sub Commission

ROME

P.14.

Ans. to the letter of 7/1 No. 9/7

SUBJECT : Personnel for the Ministry of Occupied Italy.

P.14.

Answering to the above named letter, we enclose the biographical notices of the officials pointed out for employment in the Ministry of occupied Italy.

The above named Ministry has not yet informed us if and which of the above named officials it has selected. Therefore it is not possible at present to inform in which offices they will be employed.

Concerning dott. Gibilisco, who, in due time, had been taken into consideration for the nomination of Prefect, we inform that the position of the same will be examined in occasion of the nominations that will be made in the near future.

BY ORDER OF THE MINISTER
The Chief of the Cabinet

477

15A

SEVERINI dott, Ugo

Grade : Prefect of 2nd class

Began career the 3.9.1920

Years of service : 24

Official of great merit who distinguish himself for intelligence,
balance, and moral integrity.

Lives : Rome - Piazza Cola di Rienzo, n. 85

476

4703

15B

INGARRICA avv. Tito

Grade : Vice prefect

Began career the 2.1.1901

Years of service : 41

Official who has a great knowledge and experience in administrative work, a sharp intelligence and a sound culture.

Lives : Rome, via Ezio, N. 19.

475

4707

15C

COBIANCHI Dott. Giuseppe -

Grade : Viceprefect

Began career the 22.1.1902

Years of service : 41

Serious Official, competent , well balanced.

Lives in Rome, Piazza 5 Giornate, N. 3

474

4702

(150)

DEROSI Dott, Giulio

Grade : Viceprefect

Began career : 22.1.1902

Years of service : 41

Official full of zeal; excellent intellectual and moral
qualifications.

Lives in Rome : Via XX Settembre n. 1

473

4702

155

D(AGOSTINO Dott. Carmelo

Grade : First Secretary

Began career the 10.4.1899.

Already retired, he has ~~been~~ recently resumed work, because
suffered politically. He had been sendⁱⁿ exile for political
reasons because he was against the past Regime.

Notwithstanding his age, he is
~~maxim~~ in excellent physical conditions and he can be
useful.

He lives in Rome via Emanuele Filiberto, n. 66 -

472

4708

15F

TEDESCO Dott. Luigi

Grade : Vice Prefect

Began career : 15.7.1940

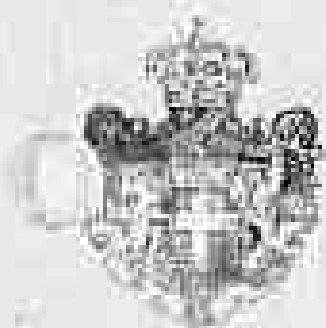
Years of service : 5

Official who possesses good qualities.

He lives : Prefecture Pescara.

471

4708



Ministero dell'Interno
Gabinetto

Divisione *Sez.*
Prot. N. 749/5997 *Allegati vari*

Mod. 808
156
12 gennaio 1945

15 JAN 1945

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione Governo
Locale R O M A

Risposta al f. del 7/1
Dir. *Sez.* *N. 9/7*

OGGETTO Personale per Ministero dell'Italia Oc-
cupata.

In risposta alla nota sopradistinta, si trasmettono le note biografiche dei funzionari segnalati per l'impiego presso il Ministero dell'Italia Occupata.

Detto Ministero non ha ancora fatto conoscere se e quali dei predetti funzionari abbia prescelto. Pertanto, non è per ora possibile comunicare in quali posti essi verranno impiegati.

Per quanto riguarda il dott. Gibilisco, che era stato a suo tempo preso in considerazione per la nomina a prefetto, si comunica che la sua posizione sarà esaminata in occasione delle nomine che saranno effettuate prossimamente.

D'ORDINE DEL MINISTRO
IL CAPO DI GABINETTO

Scint
470

Cam/Co

4707

Ministero dell'Interno

154

SEVERINI dott.Ugo

Grado : Prefetto di 2^a classe

Entrato in carriera il 3.9.1920

Anni di servizio : 24

Funzionario di grande valore che si distingue per ingegno, equilibrio e dirittura morale

Domicilio : Roma - Piazza Cola di Rienzo n.85.

469

4707

Ministero dell'Interno

INGARRICA avv. Tito

Grado : Viceprefetto

Entrato in carriera il 2.1.1901

Anni di servizio : 41

Funzionario che accoppia a una grande
competenza e pratica amministrativa
vivida intelligenza e solida coltura.

Domicilio : Roma, Via Ezio n.19.

468

4707

Ministero dell'Interno

COBIANCHI dott. Giuseppe

Grado : Viceprefetto

Entrato in carriera il 22.1.1902.

Anni di servizio : 41

Funzionario serio, competente, equilibrato di grande capacità e competenza.

Domicilio : Roma, P.zza 5 Giornate n.3.

467

4707

Ministero dell'Interno

DEROSSI dott. Guido

Grado : Viceprefetto

Entrato in carriera il 22.1.1902

Anni di servizio : 41

Funzionario pieno di zelo e di ottimi
requisiti morali e intellettuali.

Domicilio : Roma, Via XX Settembre n.3.

466

4707

Ministero dell'Interno

D'AGOSTINO dott. Carmelo

Grado : Primo Segretario

Entrato in carriera il 10.4.1899

Già a riposo é stato recentemente riassunto in servizio quale danneggiato politico, essendo stato assegnato al confino di polizia per ostilità verso il passato regime. Nonostante l'età avanzata é in ottime condizioni fisiche e può rendere utili servizi.

Domicilio : Roma - Via Emanuele Filiberto
n.66.

465

4707

Ministero dell'Interno

TEDESCO dott. Luigi

Grado : Vicsegretario

Entrato in carriera il 15.7.1940

Anni di servizio : 5

Funzionario che si dimostra in possesso
di buoni requisiti.

Domicilio : Prefettura Pescara.

464

4707

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

AC/9/7/LG

Tel: 478190

SUBJECT: Personnel for Ministry of Occupied Italy.

7th January, 1944.

TO : His Excellency, The Minister of the Interior.

Your Excellency,

1. I refer to your letter no. 17772 Gabinetto dated 26 December.
2. Please let me know to what posts in the new Ministry it is intended to appoint the officials in question.
3. Some information is already in the possession of this Sub-Commission as to Dr. CONZAGA DELLA SANTE CROCE and Dr. GIBILISCO. Please let me have the usual biographical particulars as to the remaining six, including their private addresses and dates of birth.
4. As to Dr. GIBILISCO, in your letter of 17 October he was proposed, along with four other Vice-Prefects, for promotion to the rank of Prefect in order to have in readiness an additional number of Prefects for the needs of northern provinces; and I wrote to you on 2 November (reference AC/4/22/LG) accepting him for this purpose.
5. The Allied Commission would not necessarily object to the transfer of Dr. GIBILISCO to the new Ministry merely on the ground that he has hitherto been regarded as available for a northern Province. I should like to be informed, however, whether the proposal so to transfer him means that his promotion to Prefect will not now take place.

R.G.B. Spicer
R.G.B. SPICER,
Colonel,
Director,
Local Government Sub-Commission.

CGR/pew.

B.F. 17/1.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

Tel. Ext.: 608.

Ref: 9/221/CA

31 Dec 44

SUBJECT: Draft Decree - Powers of
Ministry of Occupied Italy.

TO: Political Section,
Economic Section (2),
Land Forces Sub-Commission,
Public Health Sub-Commission.

- 1 Reference this Section letter AC/9/7/LG dated 29 Dec 44 to which was attached a draft decree as to the powers of the new Ministry of Occupied Italy. It is confirmed that the Decree that was forwarded to you has now been superseded by another draft which is attached hereto.
- 2 It would be appreciated if you will forward any comments which you may have on the new Decree to this Section for collation by 1200 hrs Wednesday 3 Jan 45.

R. R. Chipp
R. R. CHIPP, Col.,
CSO CA Section.

Copy to: Legal Sub-Commission.
Local Government Sub-Commission

You already have a copy of the decree

462

*4552/LG
674*

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR
Cabinet

9/7 3
Rome, 26 december 1944 (12)

File n. 17772

TO : ALLIED COMMISSION - Local Government S/C
SUBJECT : PERSONNEL OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE MINISTRY OF INTERIOR

We inform you that the "Ministero delle terre occupate" has asked to our Ministry to have at its disposition a certain number of officials of our administration for the organization of the services of that new ministry.

Granting such request, we have supplied the following names :

Prefects : Dott. Ugo SEVERINI *divided preparatory stages*
Dott. Luigi DELLI SANTI CIMAGLIA *mainly, from the prefect*
V. Prefects : Dott. Tito INGARRICA
Dott. Antonino GIBILISCO
Dott. Guido DE ROSSI
Dott. Giuseppe COBIANCHI
Segretari : Dott. Carmelo D'AGOSTINO
Dott. Luigi TEDESCO

We will let you know the name of the officials who will be chosen.

BY ORDER OF THE MINISTER
The Chief of Cabinet
s/ BERRUTI

461

4519



Ministero dell'Interno
Gabinetto

C

Roma 26 dicembre 1944

8 DEC 1944

(12A)

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione Governo
Locale R O M A

Divisione 14770 Leg.
Prot. N. 14770 Allegato

Rapporto al f. del N.°
Dir. Leg.

Oggetto: Personale dell'Amministrazione dell'In-
terno

Per notizia si comunica che il Ministero delle Terre Occupate ha chiesto a questo Ministero siano posti a sua disposizione un certo numero di funzionari dei ruoli di questa Amministrazione per l'organizzazione dei servizi del nuovo Ministero.

Aderendo a tale richiesta, sono stati forniti i seguenti nominativi:

Prefetti: Dott. Ugo SEVERINI

Dott. Luigi DELLI SANTI CIMAGLIA

Vice Prefetti: Dott. Tito INGARRICA

Dott. Antonino GIBILISCO

Dott. Guido DE ROSSI

Dott. Giuseppe COBIANCHI

Segretari:

Dott. Carmelo D'AGOSTINO 460

Dott. Luigi TEDESCO

Si fa riserva di far conoscere i funzionari che saranno prescelti.

D'ORDINE DEL MINISTRO
IL CAPO DI GABINETTO

[Signature] 4519

Cam/Co

ART. 1.

The Ministry for occupied Italy constituted by D.L. shall provide in respect of the occupied Italian territory for the intensification of the struggle and for the defense of national interests against the German invaders and against their fascist collaborators.

During the occupation by the enemy the Ministry shall maintain liaison with C.N.L.A.I which is delegated to represent the Government in the struggle against the enemy. After the liberation of the national territory and until the time when the powers of the Italian Government are extended thereto the Ministry shall assist in the solution of all problems concerning the position of patriots and their return to civil life.

ART. 2.

The following offices are established in the Ministry for occupied Italy :

- (1) for general matters
- (2) for military matters
- (3) for assistance
- (4) for liaison with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- (5) for press and propaganda.

ART. 3.

The office for general matters shall :

- 1) maintain contacts between the Government and National Committees of liberation, established in invaded territories, by coordinating their activities and receiving information on them and on their aims;

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The office for general matters shall :

- 1) maintain contacts between the Government and National Committees of liberation, established in invaded territories, by coordinating their activities and receiving information on them and on their aims;
- 2) coordinate all clandestine activities and direct the resistance of the population against the invaders;
- 3) collect all possible evidence on the behaviour of Italians towards the invader for the purpose of future rewards and punishments;
- 4) investigate the financial, monetary and economic situation of the occupied territories.

ART. 4.

The office for military matters shall :

- 1) maintain and ensure the development of relations with "volunteers of liberty" (Volontari della libert ) operating in occupied Italy;
- 2) provide for uniform organization and intensification of the struggle of the partisans against the Germans;
- 3) collect any evidence relating to the activities displayed by the Patriots for the purpose of historical documentation and eventual measures which might appear necessary.

ART. 5.

The office for assistance shall :

- 1) provide for any possible kind of assisted moral and material to Italians living in the invaded territory and for the exchange of news with their relatives residing in liberated Italy;
- 2) assist and receive Patriots both those in newly liberated zones and those who cross the lines. Supplying them with immediate material and moral assistance;
- 3) take care of any kind of material and moral assistance to all the patriots fighting in occupied territory and to their families.

ART. 6.

The liaison office with the Ministry for Foreign Affairs shall provide, in agreement with this Ministry, for maintaining contracts with the Patriots who are outside of the national territory because of the necessities of the struggle and for the protection of the patriots captured by the enemy.

- 3) collect any evidence relating to the activities displayed by the Patriots for the purpose of historical documentation and eventual measures which might appear necessary.

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ART. 7.

The office for information and propaganda shall gather all the information concerning the struggle in occupied Italy.

ART. 8

The Ministry for occupied Italy shall provide for the functioning of its own services by civil and military personnel assigned to it from other Government Departments and by temporary personnel employed in accordance with the provisions set out in RDL No. 100 of 4 February 1937 and subsequent amendments.

The tables of the personnel who can be assigned to it from other Government Departments and those of the personnel who can be employed with a temporary status will be approved by a decree of the Minister for occupied Italy after consultation with the Minister for the Treasury.

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- 2) coordinate all clandestine activities and direct the resistance of the population against the invaders.

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456

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The office for assistance shall :

- 1) provide for any possible kind of assistance moral and material, to Italians living in the invaded territory and for the exchange of news with their relatives, residing in liberated Italy;
- 2) assist and receive Patriots ~~in the invaded territory~~ ^{both those in newly liberated zones} and those who cross the lines. Supplying them with immediate material and moral assistance;
- 3) take care of any kind of material and moral assistance to all the patriots fighting in occupied territory and to their families.

ART. 6

The liaison office with the Ministry for Foreign Affairs shall provide, in agreement with this Ministry, for maintaining contacts with the Patriots

455

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- 3) collect any evidence relating to the activities displayed by the Patriots for the purpose of historical documentation and eventual measures which might appear necessary.

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- 1) provide for any possible kind of assistance moral and material, to Italians living in the invaded territory and for the exchange of news with their relatives, residing in liberated Italy;
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The tables of the personnel who can be assigned to it from other government Departments and these of the personnel who can be employed with a temporary status will be approved by a decree of the Minister for occupied Italy after consultation with the Minister for the Treasury.

Visto il decreto luogotenenziale 12 dicembre 1944, n. 395, che istituisce il Ministero ^{dell'}Italia occupata;

Visto il R. decreto legge 30 ottobre 1943, n. 2/B, e viste le sue successive modificazioni;

Visto il decreto legge luogotenenziale 35 giugno 1944, n. 151;

Sentito il Consiglio dei Ministri;

Sulla proposta del Presidente del Consiglio dei Ministri, Primo Ministro Segretario di Stato ^{e del Ministro per l'Italia occupata} e dei Ministri dell'Interno, di concerto con i Ministri degli Affari Esteri, ^{per} ~~del~~ Tesoro, della Guerra, della Marina, dell'Aeronautica e dell'Industria, Commercio e Lavoro;

ABBIAMO DECRETATO E DECRETIAMO:

Art. 1

Il Ministero dell'Italia occupata, istituito col D.L. 12 Dicembre 1944, n. 395, provvede, nei riguardi del territorio italiano occupato, alla intensificazione della lotta e alla difesa degli interessi nazionali contro i tedeschi invasori e contro i fascisti che con essi collaborano.

tramite il Consiglio delle Forze Alleate

dello

Il Governo e il Ministero, per il mantenimento del C.N.I. A.I., a cui è delegata la rappresentanza del Governo nella lotta contro il nemico, sono la liberazione del territorio nazionale e fino a fine guerra, in ogni caso, i poteri del Governo italiano, il Ministero concorre ~~con~~ ^{e collabora con la Commissione Alleata e con le altre Amministrazioni dello Stato per la} soluzione di tutti i problemi interessanti la posizione dei patrioti e la ripresa della vita civile.

Art. 2

Nel Ministero dell'Italia occupata sono istituiti i seguenti uffici:

Revised in red to agree with D.L. 20 Feb. 1944 no. 73, as published in Official Gazette of 24/3/45, no. 36. *CLH* 6/4/45

1) per gli affari generali;

~~2) per gli affari militari;~~

3) per l'assistenza; *Alleanza ed*

4) ~~di collegamento con il ministero degli affari Esteri;~~

5) ~~stampa e propaganda.~~

per il fronte ed in collaborazione con la Commissione Allente ed il Comando delle Forze Alleate

L'ufficio per gli affari generali;

NS. -
trasmessi
all'Ente
per l'Estero
dal doct
canc
L. G.

1) mantiene i rapporti tra il Governo ed i Comitati di Liberazione Nazionale, costituiti nei territori invasi, ^{al fine di garantire l'unità nazionale} ~~coordinandone l'azione~~ ^{di predisporre il piano di vita civile e politica del territorio invaso} ~~ne raccogliendone le informazioni e le aspirazioni;~~

2) coordina tutta l'azione clandestina e dirige la resistenza delle popolazioni contro l'invasore;

3) raccoglie tutti i possibili elementi sulla condotta tenuta dagli italiani nei confronti dell'invasore, ai fini delle future ricom-pense o punizioni;

4) compie accertamenti circa la situazione finanziaria, monetaria, economica dei territori occupati.

Art. 4

L'ufficio per gli affari militari:

1) mantiene ed assicura lo svolgimento dei rapporti con i volontari della libertà operanti nell'Italia occupata;

2) provvede alla organizzazione unitaria e alla intensificazione della lotta partigiana contro i tedeschi;

3) raccoglie tutti gli elementi relativi all'azione svolta dai Patrioti ai fini della documentazione storica e degli eventuali provvedimenti che si rendessero necessari.

Art. 5

per il tramite ed in collaborazione con la Commissione Alleata ed il Comando della Forza Alleata
L'ufficio per gli affari generali.

NS. - ...
attenzione
con estrema
attenzione
L.G.

- 1) mantiene i rapporti tra il Governo ed i Comitati di Liberazione Nazionale, costituiti nei territori invasi ^{al fine di garantire l'unità nazionale} ~~per assicurare il pieno sviluppo della vita civile e politica dei territori invasi~~ ~~ne e raccogliendone le informazioni e le aspirazioni~~
- 2) coordina tutta l'azione clandestina e dirige la resistenza delle popolazioni contro l'invasore;
- 3) raccoglie tutti i possibili elementi sulla condotta tenuta dagli italiani nei confronti dell'invasore, ai fini delle future ricompense o punizioni;
- 4) compie accertamenti circa la situazione finanziaria, monetaria, economica dei territori occupati.

Art. 4

L'ufficio per gli affari militari:

- 1) mantiene ed assicura lo svolgimento dei rapporti con i volontari della libertà operanti nell'Italia occupata;
- 2) provvede alla organizzazione unitaria e alla intensificazione della lotta partigiana contro i tedeschi;
- 3) raccoglie tutti gli elementi relativi all'azione svolta dai Patrioti ai fini della documentazione storica e degli eventuali provvedimenti che si rendessero necessari.

452

Art. 5

L'ufficio per l'assistenza:

- 1) provvede ad ogni possibile forma di assistenza, morale e materiale, in favore degli italiani viventi nello territorio invaso, o agli scambi di notizie con i loro congiunti abitanti nell'Italia liberata;
- 2) concorre ad accogliere i Patrioti delle zone appena liberate e quelli che passano le linee, fornendo loro una immediata assistenza materiale e morale;

3) cura ogni forma di assistenza materiale e morale a tutti i Patrioti combattenti nelle terre occupate e alle loro famiglie.

Art. 6

L'ufficio di collegamento col Ministero degli Affari Esteri provvede, d'accordo col Ministero stesso, a mantenere i rapporti coi Patrioti che per le necessità della lotta si trovano fuori del territorio nazionale e alla tutela dei Patrioti catturati dal nemico.

Art. 7

L'ufficio informazioni e propaganda raccoglie tutte le notizie sulla lotta nell'Italia occupata.

Art. 8

Il Ministero dell'Italia occupata provvede al funzionamento dei propri servizi con personale civile o militare comandiato da altre Amministrazioni dello Stato e con personale avventizio assunto secondo le norme del R. decreto legge 4 febbraio 1937, n. 100, e successive modificazioni.

Le tabelle del personale che può essere comandiato e di quello che può essere assunto in qualità di avventizio saranno approvate con decreto del Ministro per l'Italia occupata, di concerto con quello per il Tesoro.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

APO 394.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

MEMORANDUM OF DRAFT DECREE AS TO POWERS OF NEW MINISTRY OF
OCCUPIED ITALY

1. This memorandum supersedes that at folio 6 of this file. It incorporates and deals with the points raised therein in the light of the papers sent down to this S/C with minute 4 opposite.

2. From those papers, it would appear that:

(a) ^{an} ~~agreement~~ ^{with} has been concluded by the SAC ~~and~~ the CINAI;

(b) ~~That~~ the Italian Government is not a party to the agreement;

(c) ~~that~~ the agreement is in the form of ~~the~~ draft among the papers with the omission of the passages therein that are underlined;

(d) ~~that~~ it is or was intended to endeavor ^u to secure the adhesion of the Italian Government to the agreement and thereupon to incorporate in it the passages underlined in the draft;

(e) That representatives of the CINAI have raised objections to some of the underlined passages;

(f) ~~That~~ ^{and} the possibility of securing adhesion of the Italian Government ~~and~~ the objections of the CINAI were to be considered at a conference to be held on 17 December.

The following comments are therefore submitted subject to anything that may have transpired at the conference to be held on 17 December or subsequently which should be considered in the light of any subsequent happenings which are unknown to this S/C.

3.

Art. I, 2nd para

"After the liberation and until the administration of the liberated
territories passes to the Italian Government the Ministry maintains

450

2. From those papers, it would appear that:

- (a) ^{an} ~~a~~ agreement has been concluded by the SAC ^{with} ~~and~~ the CINAI;
- (b) ~~That~~ the Italian Government is not a party to the agreement;
- (c) ~~that~~ the agreement is in the form of ~~the~~ draft among the papers with the omission of the passages therein that are underlined;
- (d) ~~that~~ it is or was intended to endeavor ^{to} ~~to~~ secure the adhesion of the Italian Government to the agreement and thereupon to incorporate in it the passages underlined in the draft;

(e) That representatives of the CINAI have raised objections to some of the underlined passages;

(f) ^{and} That the possibility of securing adhesion of the Italian Government ~~and~~ the objections of the CINAI were to be considered at a conference to be held on 17 December.

The following comments are therefore submitted subject to anything that may have transpired at the conference to be held on 17 December or subsequently which should be considered in the light of any subsequent happenings which are unknown to this S/C.

3. Art. I, 2nd para

"After the liberation and until the administration of the liberated territory passes to the Italian Government the Ministry maintaining the contacts with the Allied military administration for the solution of the problems inherent in the passage of powers from the Committees of National Liberation....and in the resumption of civilian life."

4. The most important point in this arises from the phrase "the passage of powers from the Committees of National Liberation". In clause (1) of the draft agreement is a statement that the CINAI would be recognized as representative of all anti-Fascist political parties. This, however, is an underlined passage and therefore forms no part of the agreement actually signed by the SAC and CINAI. Moreover, the CINAI took objection to it. It is presumed,

N.B. - see note at end of Memo.

450

- 2 -

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however, that the statement in question may be taken as an indication of future policy with respect to the Committees of National Liberation of the north.

5. The agreement as signed, however, does ~~not~~ require the CLNAI to use their best endeavors after the Germans leave an area to maintain law and order and so on. It also requires the CLNAI, on the establishment of AMG in such an area, to immediately hand over all powers of control ^{and} of local government. It would appear, therefore, to be recognized that the CLNAI will in fact exercise certain powers ^{of} ~~the~~ government during the interval between the withdrawal of German or Republican Fascist authority and the establishment of AMG. It may be that the policy is to recognize such powers as lawfully held and exercised; or it may be intended to regard them merely as a de facto exercise of jurisdiction in the absence of any lawful authority, and to regard the CLNAI as primarily a political body and not as an executive or administrative one.

6. The comment this S/C would make on Art. 1 of the draft decree depends upon the exact nature of the recognition which Allied authority intends to give to the CLNAI. If it is to be regarded as a lawful instrument of government with power to exercise authority until the establishment of AMG, then there appears to be no objection to the language above quoted from Art. 1. On the other hand, if it is intended that the CLNAI should be recognized merely as representative of certain political parties, and that any powers they in fact exercise should be regarded as a de facto exercise of jurisdiction not in itself lawful (and possibly requiring confirmation) but on the other hand not necessarily to be deprecated, then it would seem undesirable to refer anywhere in this decree to the CLN's of the north as having "powers". Any reference in a memorandum of the Italian State such as this to the CLN's having powers raises the inference that they have in fact become an integral part of the administrative machinery of the

Law 449

area, to immediately hand over all powers of control of local government. It would appear, therefore, to be recognized that the CLNAI will in fact exercise certain powers ^{of} ~~and~~ government during the interval between the withdrawal of German or Republican Fascist authority and the establishment of AMG. It may be that the policy is to recognize such powers as lawfully held and exercised: or it may be intended to regard them merely as a de facto exercise of jurisdiction in the absence of any lawful authority, and to regard the CLNAI as primarily a political body and not as an executive or administrative one.

6. The comment this S/C would make on Art. 1 of the draft decree depends upon the exact nature of the recognition which Allied authority intends to give to the CLNAI. If it is to be regarded as a lawful instrument of government with power to exercise authority until the establishment of AMG, then there appears to be no objection to the language above quoted from Art. 1. On the other hand, if it is intended that the CLNAI should be recognized merely as representative of certain political parties, and that any powers they in fact exercise should be regarded as a de facto exercise of jurisdiction not in itself lawful (and possibly requiring confirmation) but on the other hand not necessarily to be deprecated, then it would seem undesirable to refer anywhere in this decree to the CLN's of the north as having "powers". Any reference in a ^{Law} ~~Memorandum~~ ⁴⁴⁹ of the Italian State such as this to the CLN's having "powers" raises the inference that they have in fact become an integral part of the administrative machinery of the State.

7. Art. 1 also gives rise to the second viewpoint as to whether the new Ministry will deal direct with AMG Armies and Regions or only with AC HQ. Under the present policy, the point of contact of all Italian Ministries is with the Allied Commission in Rome. The phrase "Allied military administration" might mean either. Note also that in Art. 7, the two phrases "Allied Commission and Allied military authority" are used.

- 3 -

8. There would appear to be nothing in the papers sent down to us for study indicating an intention to alter the present policy that the Italian Government communicates only with this HQ. It is recommended that the Italian Government be requested to clarify their drafting of Art. 1 in this sense.
9. A third point arising on Art. 1 is as to how it may affect the relations between this S/C and the Ministry of the Interior. It is part of the functions of this S/C to see that the structure of civil administration is re-established in newly liberated provinces. This would certainly appear to be an aspect of "the resumption of civilian life", which is one of the matters according to Art. 1 in respect to which the new Ministry has to maintain contact with Allied military administration. Are we then to deal with the new Ministry as to appointment of Prefects and prefectural officials, the application of R.D.L. No. 111 (dealing with local government structure and organization) and so on? Or is the new Ministry to act as liaison between us and the Ministry of the Interior? It would not appear to be of primary importance whether the S/C continues to deal with the Ministry of Interior with respect to all liberated Italy or with the new Ministry as regards certain provinces of the north and the Ministry of Interior with the rest. It is important, however, to know which course is to be adopted and for the areas in respect of which contact is to be made with the new Ministry to be clearly defined. It is recommended that this point be taken up with the Italian Government and that they be asked to clarify their intentions.
- 10.

Art. 3, para 1

"The Direction-General for Political Affairs:--

"(1) maintains the relations between the Government and the Committees of National Liberation constituted in the invaded territory, co-ordinating their action:..."

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10.

Art. 3, para 1

"The Direction-General for Political Affairs:--

"(1) maintains the relations between the Government and the Committees of National Liberation constituted in the invaded territory, co-ordinating their action:..."

448

11. Approval of this para as it stands might be taken by the Italian Government as authorizing them to depart from the present policy in respect of communications between them and persons or bodies in Military Government Territory. The present policy is that all such communications must come through AC channels. The para speaks merely of "invaded territory" and does not indicate whether there will be a difference in the relationship between the Government, AMG, and the CLN's and other local bodies when the area concerned comes under the jurisdiction of AMG. It is felt that the present policy upon such communications should be maintained. For this purpose, it would not appear necessary to change the draft of Art. 3, para(1), if an assurance could be obtained from

the Italian Government that they will continue to observe the channels of communication hitherto agreed.

12.

Art. 3, para 4

"The Direction-General for Political Affairs:--

"(4) prepares, in agreement with the Committee of National Liberation of Upper Italy, the plans for the politico-administrative re-ordering of the liberated areas."

12. On this para, the same point as to communications arises as is made in para 11 above of this memorandum. Secondly, the exact scope of the phrase "politico-administrative re-ordering" is not clear. It would seem that e.g. the setting up of the temporary local government structure ~~as~~ provided for in Executive Memorandum 39 and in the Italian Government's R.D.L. 111 is a part of such re-ordering. Does it follow, therefore, that the new Ministry will have to be consulted in such matters instead of or as well as the Ministry of Interior, and in cases where it is the policy to consult the Ministry of Interior at present? It would appear to be comparatively unimportant which Ministry this S/C is to deal with in such matters providing a clear understanding is reached with the Italian Government as to the exact spheres of the two Ministries concerned. It is recommended that this point be brought to the attention of the Italian Government and their views be sought.

*Note: - The new Draft decree at no. 11 at seq. was delivered to this S/C. While the above revised Memo. was in preparation it was accordingly not submitted to C.A. Section. Spf
2.1.45.*

447

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Note - The new Draft decree at no. 11 at exp. was delivered to this S/C while the above revised Memo. was in preparation. 447
it was accordingly not submitted to C.M. Section. Exp.
S. 1.2.55.

9/7
HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

Tel: 608

Ref. AG/9/7/16

29th December, 1944.

SUBJECT: Draft Decree - Powers of Ministry of Occupied Italy.

TO : Political Section.
Land Forces Sub-Commission.
Economic Section. (2)
Public Health Sub-Commission.
Legal Sub-Commission.

1. Attached is a draft Decree as to the powers of the new Ministry of Occupied Italy.

2. In order that this Section may coordinate the comments of all Sections and Sub-Commissions for submission to the Chief Commissioner would you please forward any remarks you may have to make concerning the proposed Decree to this office by 1200 hrs. on Monday, 1st January.

R.P.C.
R.P. CHIDYS, Col.
OSO CA Section.

Encl: Draft Decree.
(Economic Section 2 copies)

446

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LOCAL GOVERNMENT SUB COMMISSION

MEMORANDUM ON DRAFT DECREE AS TO POWERS OF NEW MINISTRY OF
OCCUPIED ITALY

1.

Art. I, 2nd para.

"After the liberation and until the administration of the liberated territory passes to the Italian Government the Ministry maintains the contacts with the Allied military administration for the solution of the problems inherent in the passage of powers from the Committees of National Liberation....and in the resumption of civilian life."

Points on this are:--

(a) Is the new Ministry to deal direct with AG Armies and Regions or only with AG HQ? Under the present policy, the point of contact is with the Allied Commission HQ. The phrase "Allied military administration" might mean either. Note also that in Art. 7, the two phrases "Allied Commission and Allied Military Authority" are used.

(b) How are the relations of Local Government Sub Commission with the Minister of the Interior affected? It is our business to see that the structure of civil administration is re-established in newly liberated provinces. This is surely an aspect of "the resumption of civilian life". Are we then to deal with the new Ministry as to appointment of Prefects and prefectural officials, the application of R.D.L. No. 111 (dealing with local government structure and organization) and so on? Or is the new Ministry to act as liaison between us and the Ministry of the Interior?

(c) The phrase "passage of powers from the Committees of National Liberation" is not clear without knowing exactly what powers they will have to pass. Have the Italian Government defined these powers, and if so, what are they?

2.

Art. 3 paras. (1) and (4)

"The Direction-General for Political Affairs:--

"(1) maintains the relations between the Government and the Committees of National Liberation constituted in the invaded territory, co-ordinating their action:

"(4) prepares, in agreement with the Committee of National Liberation of Upper Italy, the plans for the politico-administrative re-ordering of the liberated areas."

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(b) How are the relations of Local Government Sub Commission with the Minister of the Interior affected? It is our business to see that the structure of civil administration is re-established in newly liberated provinces. This is surely an aspect of "the resumption of civil life". We are then to deal with the new Ministry as to appointment of Prefects and prefectural officials, the application of R.D.L. No. 111 (dealing with local government structure and organization) and so on? Or is the new Ministry to act as liaison between us and the Ministry of the Interior?

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445

Points on this are:--

(a) On para (1): How does this affect the policy hitherto maintained that all communications from Military Government territory for the Italian Government must come through AG channels? The para speaks of invaded territories without indicating whether there will be a difference in relationship between the Government, the Committees of National Liberation and the Allied military authority after the latter enters the area concerned.

(b) On para (4): The same comment applies as in (a) immediately above. Moreover, the exact content of the phrase "politico-administrative re-ordering" is not clear. It would seem that, e.g. the application of R.D.L. No. 111 is a part of such re-ordering. If so, does this mean the new Ministry has a say in such matters?

(5)

PRESIDENCY OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS
OFFICE OF STUDY & LEGISLATION

Dear Colorel:

Dr. Savini Nicci leaves you two draft decrees as to the powers and organization of the new Ministry of Occupied Italy, recently instituted.

In view of the urgency of giving effect to the above-mentioned provisions, H. E. Bonomi would be grateful to know the opinion of the Allied Commission ^{before} ~~the~~ the next meeting of the Council of Ministers, fixed for next Wednesday.

I take the opportunity to send you my best wishes.

A. SORRENTINO

Col. R. G. B. SPICER
Director, Local Government Sub Commission
Allied Commission.

ROME

444

(4)

DECREEE

HUMBERT OF SAVOY

PRINCE OF PIEDMONT

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL OF THE REALM

By virtue of the authority delegated to Us;

Having seen the Lieutenantcy Decree-Law of the 25 June 1944, no. 151;

Having seen the decision of the Council of Ministers;

On the proposal of the President of the Council of Ministers, Prime Minister, Secretary of State in accord with all the Ministers

We have sanctioned and promulgated as follows

Art. 1

The powers of the National Commission ^{of} ~~under~~ the Office for the Patriots of Liberated Italy, established by the Lieutenantcy Legislative Decree of the 9 November 1944, no. 319, ~~are~~ ^{are} transferred to the Minister of Occupied Italy.

Art. 2

The present Decree enters into force on the day after that of its publication.

We order, etc.

3
HUMBERT OF SAVOY

PRINCE OF PIEDMONT

LIEUTENANT GENERAL OF THE REALM

By virtue of the authority delegated to Us;

Having seen Art. I, no. 3 of the Law of the 31 Jan. 1936, no. 100;

Having seen the Lieutenantcy Decree of the December 1944, no.

which establishes the Ministry for Occupied Italy;

Having seen the Royal Decree-Law of the 30 October 1943, no. 2/3 and its successive modifications;

Having seen the Lieutenantcy Decree-Law of the 25 June 1944, no. 151;

Having heard the Council of Ministers

On the proposal of the President of the Council of Ministers, Prime Minister, Secretary of State and Minister of the Interior, in accord with the Ministers of Foreign Affairs, the Treasury, War, Marine, Air, and Industry Commerce and Labour;

We Have Decreed and We Decree

Art. I

The Ministry of Occupied Italy established by Lieutenantcy Decree

provides, in respect of occupied Italian territory, for the protection of the national interests and for the intensification of the struggle against the German invaders and against the Fascists who collaborate with them.

After the liberation until the administration of the liberated territory passes to the Italian Government, the Ministry maintains the contacts with the Allied military administration for the solution of the problems inherent in the passage of powers from the Committees of National Liberation; in the

Having seen the Royal Decree-Law of the 30 October 1943, no. 2/3 and its successive modifications;

Having seen the Lieutenantcy Decree-Law of the 25 June 1944, no. 151;

Having heard the Council of Ministers

On the proposal of the President of the Council of Ministers, Prime Minister, Secretary of State and Minister of the Interior, in accord with the Ministers of Foreign Affairs, the Treasury, War, Marine, Air, and Industry Commerce and Labour;

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After the liberation until the administration of the liberated territory passes to the Italian Government, the Ministry maintains the contacts with the Allied military administration for the solution of the problems inherent in the passage of powers from the Committees of National Liberation; in the demobilisation of Patriots and in the resumption of civilian life.

Art. 2

In the Ministry of Occupied Italy are established the following offices:--

- (1) General Direction of Political Affairs;
- (2) General Direction of Military Affairs;
- (3) General Direction of Economic Affairs;
- (4) General Direction of Relief;
- (5) Office for Relations with Allied Authority.

Art. 3

The Direction General of Political Affairs:

- (1) maintains the relations between the Government and the Committees of National Liberation constituted in the invaded territories, co-ordinating their action;
- (2) directs and co-ordinates the clandestine political action carried out in the occupied territories and the resistance of the population against the invader;
- (3) collects all facts possible as to the conduct of Italians in relation to the invader, whether for the purpose of the historical documentation of the subject or for the purpose of future rewards or punishments;
- (4) prepares, in agreement with the Committee of National Liberation of Upper Italy, the plans for the politico-administrative re-ordering of the liberated zones.

Art. 4

The Direction General of Military Affairs, in accordance with the directives of the Allied Command:

- (1) assures the carrying out of the relations with the volunteers of liberty operating in occupied Italy;
- (2) provides for the organization and intensification of the partisan struggle against the Germans;
- (3) collects all the facts relative to the action carried out by the Patriots.

Art. 5

The Direction General of Economic Affairs:

- (a) inquires into the facts regarding the financial, monetary and economic situation of occupied territories;

(1) inquires into the facts

the invader;

- (3) collects all facts possible as to the conduct of Italians in relation to the invader, whether for the purpose of the historical documentation of the subject or for the purpose of future rewards or punishments;
- (4) prepares, in agreement with the Committee of National Liberation of Upper Italy, the plans for the politico-administrative re-ordering of the liberated zones.

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The Direction General of Military Affairs, in accordance with the directives of the Allied Command:

- (1) assures the carrying out of the relations with the volunteers of liberty operating in occupied Italy;
- (2) provides for the organization and intensification of the partisan struggle against the Germans;
- (3) collects all the facts relative to the action carried out by the Patriots.

Art. 5

The Direction General of Economic Affairs:

- (a) inquires into the facts regarding the financial, monetary and economic⁴⁴¹ situation of occupied territories;
- (b) inquires into the facts regarding war damage in territories not yet liberated, destruction and removals effected by the enemy and displacement and deportations of workmen;
- (c) ascertains the presurable state and trend of agricultural cultivation in the aforesaid territories, the degree of productivity of various branches of industry, the availability of labour, the situation of transport, the efficiency of commercial services, banking and insurance, and also the estimated availability of stocks of all kinds;

(d) takes part in the elaboration of financial, economic and technical plans for the re-establishment of the economic life of the said territories, from the moment of their liberation.

Art. 6

The Direction General of Relief:

- (1) collaborates with Allied Authority in collecting the Patriots of the zones newly liberated and others who pass the lines, supplying them with every form of material and moral assistance;
- (2) provides for every form of material and moral assistance to all Patriots and their families;
- (3) provides aid for the families of the victims of German or Fascist barbarism;
- (4) provides for every possible form of assistance, moral and material, for Italians living in invaded territories and for their relatives living in liberated Italy and for the exchange of news between them.

Art. 7

The Office for Relations with Allied Authority (Foreign Relations) in agreement with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs:

- (a) takes charge of the relation with the Allied Commission and the Allied Military Authorities in respect of everything concerning matters within the competence of the Ministry of Occupied Italy;
- (b) maintains contact with the Italian Committees of National Liberation in Switzerland and France;
- (c) concerns itself with problems relating to political and military refugees in France, Switzerland and Yugoslavia;
- (d) provides, according to the rules and customs of international law, ~~for~~

zones newly liberated and others who pass the lines, supplying them with every form of material and moral assistance;

(2) provides for every form of material and moral assistance to all Patriots and their families;

(3) provides aid for the families of the victims of German or Fascist barbarism;

(4) provides for every possible form of assistance, moral and material, for Italians living in invaded territories and for their relatives living in liberated Italy and for the exchange of news between them.

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(b) maintains contact with the Italian Committees of National Liberation in Switzerland and France;

(c) concerns itself with problems relating to political and military refugees in France, Switzerland and Yugoslavia;

(d) provides, according to the rules and customs of international law, ~~for~~ the care of Patriots captured by the enemy or forced, as a result of operations of war, to cross the borders of other states.

Art. 8

The Ministry of Occupied Italy ^{provides} for the functioning of its own services by means of civil and military personnel directed from other State Administrations and by means of temporary staff engaged according to the rules of the Royal Decree-Law of the 4 February 1937 no. 100 and successive modifications.

The schedules of personnel who may be directed and of those who may be engaged as temporary shall be approved by decree of the Minister of Occupied Italy in accord with the Minister of the Treasury.

- 4 -

Art. 9

The present decree shall come into force the day after that of its publication.

He order, to all whom it may concern, to observe the present decree and to cause it to be observed as a law of the State.

Col. Spicer

Sr

Det. Lorentina

Telephoned 09-40 hrs 25/12.
He would like to have
answer regarding draft
device by Wednesday
if possible

Wright - S/T

21607
1.1.2



Roma, 24 dicembre 1944

(2)

Presidenza del Consiglio dei Ministri
Ufficio studi e legislazione

25 DEC 1944

Caro Colonnello,

Il dr. Savini Nicci, Le lascia due schemi di decreti riguardanti le attribuzioni e l'ordinamento del nuovo Ministero dell'Italia occupata, di recente istituzione.

Data l'urgenza di dar corso ai suddetti provvedimenti, S.E. Bonomi gradirebbe conoscere l'avviso della Commissione Alleata, prima della prossima riunione del Consiglio dei Ministri, indetta per mercoledì prossimo.

Colgo l'occasione per esprimerLe, caro Colonnello, i miei auguri migliori

Suo

A. Lorenzini

Colonnello
R.G.P. SPICER
Direttore Sottocommissione
Governo Locale
Commissione Alleata

ROMA

438

①
ULBERTO DI SAVOIA
PRINCIPE DI PIEMONTE
LUOGOTENENTE GENERALE DEL REame

In virtù dell'autorità a noi delegata,
Visto il decreto-legge luogotenenziale 23 giugno 1944, n. 151;
Vista la deliberazione del Consiglio dei Ministri;
Sulla proposta del Presidente del Consiglio dei Ministri, Primo
Ministro Segretario di Stato, di concerto con tutti i Ministri;

ABBIAMO SANZIONATO E PUBLICATO QUANTO SEGUE:

Art. 1.

Le attribuzioni della Commissione Nazionale e dell'Ufficio per i
Patrioti dell'Italia liberata, istituiti con il decreto legislativo
luogotenenziale 9 novembre 1944, n. 319, sono devolute al Ministero
dell'Italia occupata.

Art. 2.

Il presente decreto entra in vigore al giorno successivo a quello
della sua pubblicazione.

Ordiniamo ecc.

UNIONE DI S. M. I.
Principe di Piemonte
Luogotenente Generale del Regno

In virtù dell'autorità a noi delegata;

Visto l'art. I. n. 3. della legge 31 gennaio 1926, n. 100;

Visto il decreto luogotenenziale dicembre 1944, n.

che istituì il ministero per l'Italia occupata;

Visto il d. decreto-legge 30 ottobre 1943, n. 2/B e viste le sue successive modificazioni;

Visto il decreto-legge luogotenenziale 25 giugno 1944, n. 151;

Sentito il Consiglio dei Ministri;

Sulla proposta del presidente del Consiglio dei Ministri, Primo Ministro Segretario di Stato e Ministro dell'Interno, di concerto con i Ministri per gli affari esteri, per il tesoro, per la guerra, per la marina, per l'aeronautica e per l'industria, il commercio ed il lavoro;

LA LEGGE N. 100 DEL 1944

Art. I

Il ministero dell'Italia occupata, istituito col D.L.

..... provvede, nei riguardi del territorio italiano occupato, alla protezione degli interessi nazionali/alla intensificazione della lotta contro i tedeschi invasori e contro i fascisti e con essi collaborano.

Dopo la liberazione e fino a quando l'amministrazione del territorio liberato non passerà al governo italiano, mantiene i contatti con l'amministrazione militare Alleata per la soluzione dei problemi inerenti al passaggio del potere da parte dei Comitati di Liberazione Nazionale, alla smobilitazione dei Partigiani e alla ripresa della vita ci-

0139

Visio l'art. I, n. 3, della legge 31 gennaio 1926, n. 100;

Visto il decreto luogotenenziale dicembre 1944, n.

che istituisce il Ministero per l'Italia occupata;

Visto il R. decreto-legge 30 ottobre 1943, n. 2/R e viste le sue successive modificazioni;

Visto il decreto-legge Luogotenenziale 25 giugno 1944, n. 151;

Sentito il Consiglio dei Ministri;

Sulla proposta del Presidente del Consiglio dei Ministri, Primo Ministro Segretario di Stato e Ministro dell'Interno, di concerto con i Ministri per gli affari esteri, per il tesoro, per la guerra, per la marina, per l'aeronautica e per l'industria, il commercio ed il lavoro;

DE CREDO GOVERNATO E DECORATI:

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Dopo la liberazione e fino a quando l'amministrazione del territorio liberato non passerà al governo Italiano, ^{esso} mantiene i contatti con l'amministrazione militare Alleata per la soluzione dei problemi inerenti al passaggio dei poteri da parte dei Comitati di Liberazione Nazionale, alla smobilitazione dei Patriotti e alla ripresa della vita civile.

Art. 2

Nel Ministero dell'Italia occupata sono istituiti i seguenti uffici:

- 1B
- 1) Direzione generale per gli affari politici;
 - 2) Direzione generale per gli affari militari;
 - 3) Direzione generale per gli affari economici;
 - 4) Direzione generale per l'assistenza;
 - 5) Ufficio per i rapporti con le Autorità Alleate.

Art. 3

La Direzione generale per gli affari politici:

- 1) mantiene i rapporti tra il governo ed i Comitati di Liberazione Nazionale, costituiti nei territori invasi, coordinandone l'azione;
- 2) dirige e coordina l'azione politica clandestina svolta nei territori occupati e la resistenza delle popolazioni contro l'invasore;
- 3) raccoglie tutti i possibili elementi sulla condotta tenuta dagli italiani nei confronti dell'invasore, sia ai fini della relativa documentazione storica, sia ai fini delle future ricompense o punizioni;

- 4) predispone, d'accordo con il Comitato di Liberazione Nazionale dell'Alta Italia, i piani per l'assetto politico-amministrativo delle zone liberate.

Art. 4

La Direzione generale per gli affari militari, in conformità alle direttive del Comando Alleato:

- 1) assicura lo svolgimento dei rapporti con i volontari della libertà operanti nell'Italia liberata;
- 2) provvede alla organizzazione e alla interseificazione della lotta partigiana contro i tedeschi;
- 3) raccoglie tutti gli elementi relativi all'azione svolta dai Patri-

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- 1) mantiene i rapporti tra il governo ed i Comitati di Liberazione Nazionale, costituiti nei territori invasi, coordinandone l'azione;
- 2) dirige e coordina l'azione politica clandestina svolta nei territori occupati e la resistenza delle popolazioni contro l'invasore;
- 3) raccoglie tutti i possibili elementi sulla condotta tenuta dagli italiani nei confronti dell'invasore, sta ai fini della relativa documentazione storica, sia ai fini delle future ricompense o punizioni;
- 4) predisponde, d'accordo con il Comitato di Liberazione Nazionale dell'Alta Italia, i piani per l'assetto politico-amministrativo delle zone liberate.

Art. 4

La Direzione generale per gli affari militari, in conformità alle direttive del Comando Alleato:

- 1) assicura lo svolgimento dei rapporti con i volontari della libertà operanti nell'Italia occupata;
- 2) provvede alla organizzazione e alla intensificazione della lotta partigiana contro i tedeschi;
- 3) raccoglie tutti gli elementi relativi all'azione svolta dai Patriotti.

Art. 5

La Direzione generale per gli affari economici:

- a) compie accertamenti circa la situazione finanziaria, monetaria ed economica dei territori occupati;
- b) compie accertamenti circa i danni arrecati dalla guerra nei territori non ancora liberati, circa le distruzioni e le asportazioni ef-

1C
fettuate dal nemico e circa gli spostamenti e le deportazioni dei lavoratori;

- c) accerta il presumibile stato di andamento delle culture agricole nei predetti territori, il grado di produttività conservato dai diversi settori industriali, la disponibilità di mano d'opera, la situazione dei trasporti, la efficienza dei servizi commerciali, bancari ed assicurativi, nonché la prevedibile consistenza delle scorte di ogni genere;
- d) concorre alla elaborazione dei piani finanziari, economici e tecnici per la riattivazione della vita economica di detti territori, all'atto della loro liberazione.

Art. 6

La Direzione generale per l'assistenza:

- 1) collabora con le Autorità Alleate per raccogliere i Patriotti delle zone appena liberate e quelli che posseggono le linee, fornendo loro ogni forma di assistenza materiale e morale;
- 2) cura ogni forma di assistenza materiale e morale a tutti i Patriotti e alle loro famiglie;
- 3) provvede ai soccorsi a favore delle famiglie delle vittime delle barbarie tedesche o fasciste;
- 4) provvede ad ogni possibile forma di assistenza morale e materiale, in favore degli italiani abitanti nelle terre invase, e dei loro congiunti abitanti nell'Italia liberata, e agli scambi di notizie tra gli uni e gli altri.

Art. 7

L'Ufficio per i rapporti con le Autorità Alleate (Rapporti con

l'Estero), in accordo con il Ministero degli Affari Esteri;

- a) cura i rapporti con la Commissione Alleata e con le Autorità mili-

ed assicurati, nonché la prevedibile consistenza delle scorte di ogni genere;

- d) concorre alla elaborazione dei piani finanziari, economici e tecnici per la riattivazione della vita economica di detti territori, all'atto della loro liberazione.

Art. 6

La Direzione generale per l'assistenza:

- 1) collabora con le autorità Alleate per raccogliere i Patrioti delle zone appena liberate e quelli che passano le linee, fornendo loro ogni forma di assistenza materiale e morale;
- 2) cura ogni forma di assistenza materiale e morale a tutti i Patrioti e alle loro famiglie;
- 3) provvede al soccorsi a favore delle famiglie delle vittime della barbarie tedesca e fascista;
- 4) provvede ad ogni possibile forma di assistenza, morale e materiale, in favore degli italiani dispersi nelle zone invase, e dei loro congiunti abitanti nell'Italia liberata, e agli scarti di notizie tra gli uni e gli altri.

Art. 7

L'Ufficio per i rapporti con le autorità Alleate (Rapporti con l'Estero), in accordo con il Ministero degli Affari Esteri;

- a) cura i rapporti con la Commissione Alleata e con le autorità militari alleate, per tutto ciò che attiene alle materie di competenza del Ministero dell'Interno;
- b) tiene contatti con i Comitati di Liberazione Nazionale italiani di Svizzera e di Francia;
- c) si occupa dei problemi relativi alla situazione dei rifugiati politici e militari in Francia, Germania e Jugoslavia;
- d) provvede, secondo le norme e gli usi del diritto internazionale,

1D

alla tutela dei Patrioti che siano catturati dal nemico ovvero che, in dipendenza delle operazioni belliche, siano costretti a soccorrere in territorio di altri Stati.

Art. 3

Il Ministero dell'Interno provvede al funzionamento dei propri servizi con personale civile e militare comandato da altre Amministrazioni dello Stato e con personale volontario assunto secondo le norme del R. decreto-legge 4 febbraio 1937, n. 100, e successive modificazioni.

Le tabelle del personale che può essere comandato e di quelle che può essere assunto in qualità di volontario saranno approvate con decreto del Ministro per l'Interno, esecutato, di concerto con quello per il Tesoro.

Art. 4

Il presente decreto entrerà in vigore il primo successivo a quello della sua pubblicazione.

Ordiniamo, a chiunque spetti, di osservare il presente decreto e di farne osservare come legge dello Stato.

433

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