

ARTICLE 5

Articles 2, 3 and 4 of this Order shall not apply to:

- (a) Persons employed in the northern territory by the Armed Forces of the Union; or
- (b) Members of the OCM in the northern territory who shall receive pay and allowances in accordance with the scales officially in force in the northern territory for the payment of all members of the OCM.

ARTICLE 6

The following provisions for the determination of maximum prices for food and other necessities shall from the effective date of this Order and until further Order of the Allied Military Government apply to each province in the northern territory.

- (a) The maximum price for any item of foodstuffs sold or offered for sale:
 - (i) shall be the official price prevailing therefor in such province on the 3rd April 1945; or
 - (ii) in the absence of such a fixed price shall be fixed by reference to the item for which an official price did prevail in such manner that the said maximum price shall stand in the same proportion to each other as they stood on the 1st May 1943.
- (b) The maximum price for any commodity, other than food, which has not been imported into the northern territory either from the southern territory or elsewhere:
 - (i) In respect of those items for which on the 3rd April 1945 a maximum price had in fact been established, shall be such maximum price.
 - (ii) In respect of all essential items not included in clause b(i) of this Article shall be fixed by reference to the items which are so included in such manner that the said maximum price shall stand in the same proportion only to another as they stood on the 1st May 1943.
- (c) The maximum price for any commodity other than food, which has been imported into the northern territory either from the southern

- (1) shall be the official price prevailing therefor in such province on the 3rd July 1945; or
- (2) in the absence of such a fixed price shall be fixed by reference to the item for which an official price did prevail in such manner that the said respective prices shall stand in the same proportion to each other as they stood on the 1st May 1938.
- (b) The maximum price for any commodity, other than food, which has not been imported into the northern territory either from the southern territory or elsewhere
- (1) to respect of those items for which on the 3rd April 1945 a maximum price had in fact been established, shall be such maximum price;
- (2) In respect of all essential items not included in clause b (1) of this Article shall be fixed by reference to the items which are so included in such manner that the said respective prices shall stand in the same proportion only to another as they stood on the 1st May 1938.
- (c) The maximum price for any commodity other than food, which has been imported into the northern territory either from the southern territory or elsewhere shall be either:
- (1) the price prevailing for such commodity in each province on 3rd April 1945; or in the absence of such price,
- (2) the cost to the importer thereof on entry into the northern territory together with the costs necessarily incurred in the subsequent distribution thereof.
- (d) In respect of medical supplies, transportation and utility services, rents and such other goods or services as may be hereinafter specified in such further order, the maximum prices shall be as laid down from time to time by further order of the Allied Military Government.

It is forbidden to demand, receive, offer or pay any sum in excess of the maximum prices hereinafter specified.

ARTICLE 7

For the purposes of this Order the term "essential items" shall, unless subsequently varied by notice of the Allied Military Government, include:

- (a) Metals, ferrous and non-ferrous, fabricated and non-fabricated.
- (b) Building materials.
- (c) Plywood.
- (d) Electrical materials.
- (e) Industrial gases and chemicals.
- (f) Hoop-iron, iron and manufactured products including rope and canvas.
- (g) Leather and all leather articles.
- (h) Hides and skins.
- (i) Greases and solvents.
- (j) Textile fibres.
- (k) Matting.
- (l) Phosphate rock.
- (m) Tanning materials.
- (n) Cellulose for paper-making.
- (o) Carbon disulphide.
- (p) Soap.
- (q) Sulphuric acid.
- (r) Sulphur rock and processed sulphur.
- (s) Newsprint and printing paper.
- (t) Solid fuel.
- (u) Petroleum products, oils and lubricants and containers therefor.
- (v) Tyres, rubber and rubber products.
- (w) Motor and animal drawn vehicles, and parts and accessories therefor.
- (x) Animals customarily used for draught purposes.

ARTICLE 8

All provisions of the Italian Law and all decrees and regulations in force on 6 September 1943 or enacted by the legitimate Italian Government after that date which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Order are hereby suspended from operation in the northern territory.

ARTICLE 9

Any person who fails to comply with this Order or otherwise disobeys the provisions thereof shall upon conviction by an Allied Military Court be liable to such lawful punishment as the said court may determine.

ARTICLE 10

This Order shall continue in full force and effect until varied or cancelled by further Order of the Allied Military Government.

- (p) Sulfuric acid.
- (q) Sulfur rock and processed sulphur.
- (r) Newsprint and printing paper.
- (s) Solid fuel.
- (t) Petroleum products, oils and lubricants and containers therefor.
- (u) Tyres, rubber and rubber products.
- (v) Motor and animal driven vehicles, and parts and accessories therefor.
- (w) Animals customarily used for draught purposes.

ARTICLE 8

All provisions of the Italian law and all decrees and regulations in force on 8 September 1943 or enacted by the legitimate Italian Government after that date which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Order are hereby suspended from operation in the northern territory.

ARTICLE 9

Any person who fails to comply with this Order or otherwise disobeys the provisions thereof shall upon conviction by an Allied Military Court be liable to such lawful punishment as the said court may determine.

ARTICLE 10

This Order shall continue in full force and effect until varied or cancelled by further Order of the Allied Military Government.

FOR THE SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER AND MILITARY GOVERNOR :

MARSH VERNER STONE,
Rear Admiral,
United States Naval Reserve,
Chief Civil Affairs Officer,

Dated :

ALLIED ~~CONTROL~~ COMMISSION
INTER-OFFICE MEMORANDUM

11A

SUBJECT: *Fixing of wages + Prices.*

FILE No.

TO *Economic Sec. (for Gen McKinley) 24/Apr/1945*

1. *Ref. attached papers, Article 7.*
2. *It is suggested that 'essential items' shall include all motor transport, spare parts, tyres and all animals normally used for transportation purposes.*

*Rubber & Products**M. Liff G.
In. Sec.*

28

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

APO 394

COMMERCE SUBCOMMISSION

Availability Section

CAM/lp

Ref. AC/5199/Commerce

16 March 1945

LIST OF CONTROLLED MATERIALSA. 1st CATEGORY - LIST OF MATERIALS CONTROLLED BY AFIR(I)B

a. Controlled by Engineering Materials Committee.

I. Metals - Ferrous.

1. Cable & Wire
2. Machine & Tool Steel
3. Structural Steel, sectional dimension exceeding mm. 150
4. Foundry Pig.

II. Metals - Non ferrous.

5. Brass, unfabricated
6. Copper, unfabricated and scrap
7. Chromium
8. Lead in all forms
9. Nickel
10. Solder
11. Tin
12. White metal for bearings

III. Timber.

13. Standing timber in the two areas reserved for British and American services in Calabrie.
14. Plywood

1. Cable & Wire
2. Machine & Tool Steel
3. Structural Steel, sectional dimension exceeding mm. 150
4. Foundry Pig.

II. Metals - Non Ferrous.

5. Brass, unfabricated
6. Copper, unfabricated and scrap
7. Chromium
8. Lead in all forms
9. Nickel
10. Solder
11. Tin
12. White metal for bearings

III. Timber.

13. ~~Standing timber in the two areas reserved for British and American services in Calabria.~~
14. Plywood

IV. Other Building Materials,

15. Paint
16. Pigments for paint
17. Varnish
18. Linseed & Linseed Oil
- 18.A. Cement all qualities.

NAILS
SCREWS
HYDRAULIC LINE

V. Electrical Materials.

19. Accumulators & Batteries
20. Copper and Aluminium conductors
21. Electric Light bulbs
22. Electric Light fittings
23. Motors
24. Portable generators
25. Switch gear
26. Transformers
27. Welding rods.
28. Wires & Cables

VI. Industrial Gases & Chemicals.

29. Gas bottles and containers
30. Ammonia
31. Caustic Soda
32. Calcium Carbide
- 32A. Soda Ash

b. Controlled by Miscellaneous Purposes Committee

- VII.33. Hemp: raw, tow and manufactured (excluding binder twine & 3rd, 4th and 5th quality rope).
34. Leather and all leather articles.

B. 2nd CATEGORY - RESTRICTED MATERIALS (MATERIALS CONTROLLED WITH PRIORITY FOR CIVILIAN NEEDS). **HIDES + SKINS**

1. Matches
2. Phosphate Rock
3. Tanning Materials
4. Cellulose for paper-making
5. Carbon Bichloride
6. Soap

C. 3rd CATEGORY - MATERIALS CONTROLLED BY THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY COMMERCE AND LABOUR

I. Metals.

1. Iron bars, iron plates, tin plates
2. Steel - in blooms, ingots, billets and slabs - other than special machine and tool steel.
3. Structural steel, sectional dimension of 150 mm. or less.
4. Aluminium in pig, ingots, plates or semifinished materials (rolled, drawing, powders, grains, etc.).
5. Scrap metals other than copper and lead already mentioned in category 1, para II.
6. Aluminium scrap.

II. Building Materials.

7. Trunks only of: fir, larch, pine and chestnut tree, average sectional dimension not less than 15 cm.
8. Sawdust.

C. 3rd CATEGORY - MATERIALS CONTROLLED BY THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY
COMMERCE AND LABOUR

I. Metals.

1. Iron bars, iron plates, tin plates
2. Steel - in blooms, ingots, billets and slabs - other than special machine and tool steel.
3. Structural steel, sectional dimension of 150 mm. or less.
4. Aluminium in pig, ingots, plates or semifinished materials (rolled, drawing, powders, grains, etc.).
5. Scrap metals other than copper and lead already mentioned in category I, para II.
6. Aluminium scraps.

II. Building Materials.

7. Trunks only of: fir, larch, pine and chestnut tree, average sectional dimension not less than 15 cms.
8. Sawn timber of the above mentioned trees (small boards, planks, big planks, cauts etc.) with a thickness of 20 mm. or more.
9. Beams of the above mentioned trees regardless of manufacture (axed or sawn), sectional dimension not less than 15 x 15 cms.
10. Small beams of the above mentioned trees regardless of manufacture (axed or sawn), sectional dimension not less than 7 x 7 cms.
11. Slats of the above mentioned trees regardless to their sectional dimension and length.
12. Glass (sheet).

III. Greases and solvents

- I3. Greases for industrial purposes, excluding petroleum products (I).
 I4. Solvents; (carbon tetrachloride, trioline, excluding petroleum products). (I)

IV. Textile fibres.

- I5. Artificial textile fibres
 I6. Cotton, cloth and other textile products.
 I7. Binder twine and 3rd, 4th and 5th quality rope.
17A Raw silk, yarn - waste - wool
 Miscellaneous
 I8. Sulphuric acid (pure, ~~and commercial~~ accumulators).
 I9. Sulphur rock and processed sulphur.

D. 4th CATEGORY - MATERIALS UNDER SPECIAL CONTROL.

- I. Solid fuel.
 2. P.O.L. (Petroleum products, oils and lubricants), methane gas. *containing for same*
 3. Newsprint and printing paper (for the Provinces given back to the Administration of the Italian Government and for Naples).

- (I) Petroleum greases for industrial purposes, petroleum lubricants and solvents must be considered as P.O.L. products.

W. J. Thompson

3. Newsprint and printing paper (for the Provinces given back to the Administration of the Italian Government and for Naples).

(I) Petroleum greases for industrial purposes, petroleum lubricants and solvents must be considered as P.O.E. products.

W. J. Zhang

(1013)

ESSENTIAL AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD PRODUCTSStaple Non-Seasonal

Wheat

Flour
Pasta

Corn

Corn meal

Barley

Barley flour

Rice

Onions and garlic

Dry legumes

Chestnuts

Chestnut flour

Salt

Sugar

Wine

Milk

Seasonal Fruits and Vegetables

Melons

Oranges

Apples

Peas &

Peaches

Potatoes

Cabbage

Tomatoes

Fats and Oils

Butter

Lard and Pork Fat

Olive oil

Seed and nut oils

Meats and Other Proteins

Beef

Mutton and lamb

Poultry

Rabbits

Fish

Pork

Cheese

Eggs

Processed products of the above:

Salami

Ham

Bacon

Sausage

Metals - fabricated or unfabricated

1-12.

13 Aluminum

Metals and ^{fab. + unfabricated} metal products

Building materials

Bricks material

Plywood

Electrical materials

Industrial gas & chemicals

Hemp - raw, tow & manufactured products including
rope and canvas

Leather & all leather articles

Hides & skins

Grease & oils

Textile fibres

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
FINANCE SUB-COMMISSION
APO 394

13239/F

19 April 1945

SUBJECT : General Order n. 41

TO : Deputy Chief Legal Officer

1. Reference is made to your AC/4074/25/L of 18 April and to the attached draft of General Order n. 41.

2. We think it highly undesirable to give publicity to the policy laid down in Article 5. To do so will, in our judgment, seriously endanger the whole effort to maintain, side by side, two economies with different price and wage levels. That in some measure the policy would become known to northern public employees can be taken for granted. Publishing Article 5 would accomplish this both much more immediately and much more widely.

3. There is no difficulty created for Finance Officers by refraining from publishing Article 5. Finance Officers, even in A.M.G. territory, do not approve budgets in any real sense. They merely supervise Italian provincial authorities in the discharge of this function. As for the credits in favour of transferred employees, these will be established in southern territory on the basis of data there available with regard to past payments and records of current payments sent from northern territory. The machinery for this will in no wise be influenced by publication or non publication of Article 5 or any part thereof.

4. With regard to the details of the credit provisions, we refer you to our 13006/F of 18 April 1945 where these

levels. That in some measure the policy would become known to northern public employees can be taken for granted. Publishing Article 5 would accomplish this both much more immediately and much more widely.

3. There is no difficulty created for Finance Officers by refraining from publishing Article 5. Finance Officers, even in A.M.G. territory, do not approve budgets in any real sense. They merely supervise Italian provincial authorities in the discharge of this function. As for the credits in favour of transferred employees, these will be established in southern territory on the basis of data there available with regard to past payments and records of current payments sent from northern territory. The machinery for this will in no wise be influenced by publication or non publication of Article 5 or any part thereof.

4. With regard to the details of the credit provisions, we refer you to our 13006/F of 18 April 1945 where these are set forth. *(Copy attached)* 23

5. We agree that the phrase "essential items" is vague and could perhaps be replaced or supported by some useful definition. It appears, in any event, that the large question of what are or are not "essential items" can only be settled administratively by issuance of a list or lists to implement this provision. A definition to be included in the General Order would nevertheless lay a sounder basis both for preparing such a list and enforcing the provision concerned.

6. It may be necessary to make an exception as regards wage policy in favour of the carabinieri. We should oppose any

- 2 -

unnecessary exceptions, however, and specifically placing of Finance Guards on southern rates. In our judgement, where transferred from southern posts, Finance Guards can be dealt with as any transferred civil servants.

A.P. Grassie Smith
Brig

JOINT DIRECTOR
 Finance Sub-Commission

LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION									
CLO									
DCLO									
Chief Counsel									
CJO									
Italian Section									
CL RKS									
20 APR 1945									

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
FINANCE SUB COMMISSION

18 April 1945

SUBJECT : Treatment of State and public employees
transferred to the North.

TO : Legal Sub Commission.

1. For the purpose of this order the term 'Northern Italy' shall be held to mean and include all that part of Italy north of Toscana and the provinces of Forlì and Ravenna; and the term 'Southern Italy' shall be held to mean and include all that part of Italy south of the northern boundaries of Toscana and the provinces of Forlì and Ravenna.

2. Employees of the State or of public bodies who are transferred temporarily or permanently to be employed in Northern Italy shall continue to be entitled to all the emoluments (salary, wages, allowances and pensions) which they at present enjoy according to the law in force of the legally established Italian Government.

3. The monthly payment of such emoluments will be restricted in Northern Italy to a sum not greater than that which would be payable to an official of equal service in the same grade and group in that territory.

4. Any balance of the said emoluments will be credited to the employee according to the existing administrative procedure at his normal office in the province from which he was originally transferred. 22

5. The transferred employee may, by written authority, grant his dependents power to withdraw for their maintenance any sums standing to his credit, as provided by the established administrative procedure.

2. Employees of the State or of public bodies who are transferred temporarily or permanently to be employed in Northern Italy shall continue to be entitled to all the emoluments (salary, wages, allowances and pensions) which they at present enjoy according to the law in force of the legally established Italian Government.
3. The monthly payment of such emoluments will be restricted in Northern Italy to a sum not greater than that which would be payable to an official of equal service in the same grade and group in that territory.
4. Any balance of the said emoluments will be credited to the employee according to the existing administrative procedure at his normal office in the province from which he was originally transferred. 22
5. The transferred employee may, by written authority, grant his dependents power to withdraw for their maintenance any sums standing to his credit, as provided by the established administrative procedure.
6. To ensure that adequate provision is made in advance for an employee's dependent he may be granted on request and advance of funds equal to one month's salary and travelling allowance.

(s) J.R.H. Hall, Major
for
Joint Director
Finance Sub Commission

JRHH/cl

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION

WHB/rmw

TEL : Ext. 204
REF : LSC/1303
SUBJECT: General Order No. 41
TO : Colonel W. E. Behrens
Legal Sub-Commission

19 April 1945

1. Reference your memorandum AC/4074/25/C, of 18 April on the above subject.

2. Following comments are offered on draft of General Order No. 41:

- (a) Articles 2, 3, 5, 6 and 7 deal with salaries and wages.

Article 4 deals with prices and commodities.

It is not clear why Article 4 is interposed in the middle of the other articles, since it deals with a different subject. It is suggested that Article 4 be placed after present Article 7.

Agree

- (b) Is it clear that "negotiate for" is quite distinct from "demand"? If it is not clear it becomes an offence under Article 2 to "demand" or request or ask for a wage increase during the progress of negotiations. It may be necessary to delete "demand" in Article 2 and to add a phrase, such as: "or to demand any sum in excess of the said rates save during the course of negotiations for wage variations."

"in Section Art 3, he person shall, save in accordance with the provisions of Art (b) keep, demand."

- (c) Article 6 - I do not much like "both individually and". We insist upon granting the right of freedom of Association for negotiations in respect of wages and conditions, but association implies collective bargaining rather than individual bargaining. In fact, we do not much care for individual bargaining on an ad hoc or personal basis. The point could be meant by deleting "both individually and collectively."

OK

- 2 -

- (d) If the order requires, as it should do, that negotiated wage increases should be submitted for consideration to AMG, it seems advisable that the order should submit the channels through which such submission should be made unless a footnote is to be added for information. Whichever method is adopted, it seems desirable to indicate that agreements for wage changes should be submitted to AMG via the nearest Ufficio del Lavoro.

W. H. Braine

W. H. BRAINE
Director
Labor Sub-Commission

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

APO 394

LEO SUB-COMMISSION

7A

AG/ 4074/25/L.

WEB/ap.
18 April 1945.

SUBJECT : General Order No. 41

TO : Economic Section
CA Sec.
Finance Sub-Commission
Labour Sub-Commission

1. Herewith is submitted for your immediate consideration preliminary draft of General Order 41.

2. Your attention is specifically drawn to the following points:-

Art. 4

B (11) Does Economic Section not consider that some definition is required of "essential items"? If so, please suggest appropriate definition or state classes of commodities to be included.

C (1)(11) This departure from the signal is for consideration.

Cover is not dealt with. A separate order is being prepared to cover prices and amassings.

Art. 5

Is it desirable to give publicity to this Article at all? If the Article is not published openly can Finance Sub-Commission approve accounts which will presumably be prepared in AMG territory and under AMG authority.

~~If the Article is to be included, will any persons go north for employment in industry? i.e. need we mention Article 3?~~

Credit : Will Finance Sub-Commission consider the details of the credit provisions.

19

Art. 7

Will CA Sec consider the provisions for payment of CCRR? Is it intended to place Finance Guards etc. on Southern rates, because, if so, they must be added.

3. It would be appreciated if your general comments on the draft, in addition to the points specifically mentioned above, could be forwarded to this Sub-Commission as soon as possible.



W. E. BEHRENS, Colonel,
Deputy Chief Legal Advisor.

1st Draft *Supplies* *7B*

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
OF OCCUPIED TERRITORY

GENERAL ORDER NO. 41.

I, ELLERY WHEELER STONE, Rear Admiral, United States Naval Reserve,
Chief Civil Affairs Officer, for and on behalf of the Supreme Allied
Commander and Military Governor hereby order as follows:

ARTICLE 1

This Order applies to all territory subject to Allied Military
Government and situated north of the northern boundaries of the Provinces of
Ravenna Firenze Pistoia and Lucca. Such territory is hereinafter referred
to as the northern territory and all other territory of Italy whether subject
to Allied Military Government or to the administration of the Italian
Government is hereinafter referred to as the southern territory.

This Order shall come into effect in any province or part thereof
in the northern territory on the date of its first posting therein.

ARTICLE 2.

Until further order of the Allied Military Government all persons
within ^{any province of} the northern territory who are at the effective date of this Order or
who may thereafter become employees of state administrations, including *7*
those under autonomous management, and of parastatal organizations and of
other institutions of this

This Order applies to all territory subject to Allied Military Government and situated north of the northern boundaries of the Provinces of Ravenna Firenze Pistoia and Lucca. Such territory is hereinafter referred to as the northern territory and all other territory of Italy whether subject to Allied Military Government or to the administration of the Italian Government is hereinafter referred to as the southern territory.

This Order shall come into effect in any province or part thereof in the northern territory on the date of its first posting therein.

ARTICLE 2.

Until further order of the Allied Military Government all persons ^{any person} within the northern territory who are at the effective date of this Order or who may thereafter become employees of state administrations, including ^{1.} those under autonomous management, and of parastatal organizations and of organizations created by public law shall Subject to the provisions of this

Order receive payment by way of salaries and allowances in respect of such employment at the rates which were in fact in force ^{in each province with effect from the 3rd April 1945} on the 3rd April 1945 for employees in the northern territory engaged in similar employment.

It is forbidden to demand receive offer or pay in respect of such salaries or allowances any sum in excess of the said rates.

ARTICLE 3.

In each province of the northern territory the rates of wages for labour of employees other than those mentioned in Article 2 of this Order shall from the effective date of this Order and until further order of Allied Military Government be the rates which were in fact in force in such province on 3rd

³ where such persons are not being employed.
1.

and
April 1945/no person shall demand receive offer or pay any sum for labour
in excess of such rates.

NOTE (4 5 6. / taken in 5.6.7)

ARTICLE 4 7

I The following provisions for the determination of maximum prices for food and other commodities shall from the effective date of this Order and until further Order of the Allied Military Government apply to each province in the northern territory.

(a) The maximum price for any item of foodstuffs sold or offered for sale shall be price at which the same was in fact publicly sold in such province on 3rd April 1945.

(b) The maximum price for any commodity, other than food, which has not been imported into the northern territory either from the southern territory or elsewhere

(i) In respect of those items for which on 3 April 1945 a maximum price had in fact been established, shall be such maximum price.

(ii) In respect of all essential items not included in clause B (i) of this Article shall be fixed by reference to the items which are so included in such manner that the said respective prices shall stand in the same proportion one to another as they stood on 1 May 1938.

(c) ~~fixed~~

The maximum price for any commodity other than food, which has been

been imported into the northern territory either from the southern territory or elsewhere

(1) In respect of those items for which on 3 April 1945 a maximum price had in fact been established, shall be such maximum price.

(ii) In respect of all essential items not included in clause B (1) of this Article shall be fixed by reference to the items which are so included in such manner that the said respective prices shall stand in the same proportion one to another as they stood on 1 May 1938.

(c) ~~(iii)~~

The maximum price for any commodity other than food, which has been imported into the northern territory either from the southern territory or elsewhere shall be either

(i) the price prevailing for such commodity in such province on

3 April 1945; or

(ii) the cost to the importer thereof on entry into the northern territory together with the costs necessarily incurred in the subsequent distribution thereof whichever is the higher.

(d) In respect of medical supplies, transportation services and such other commodities as may be hereafter specified in such further order, the maximum prices shall be as laid down from time to time by further order of the Allied Military Government.

3.

II It is forbidden to demand receive offer or pay any sum in excess of the maximum prices hereinbefore specified.

ARTICLE 4

Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 2 of this Order any person who on or shortly before the 3rd April 1945 was situated in the southern territory and who after the effective date of this Order and with the approval of the Allied Military Government becomes an employee as mentioned in the said Article in any province in the northern territory shall receive in addition to the payments specified in the said Article a credit of the difference between that payment and the total sum which he would have received in salary and allowances if he was employed on similar employment in the southern territory.

Such credits will accrue from month to month in the southern territory and will be payable at any time in the southern territory for the benefit and in accordance with the instructions of the persons in this Article mentioned provided and it is hereby enacted that no part of such credits so paid as aforesaid may be imported directly or indirectly into any part of the northern territory without express authority for such import from the Allied Military Government.

ARTICLE 5

Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 3 of this Order it shall be lawful for the employees therein specified to negotiate ~~both individually~~ ^{collectively} with their employers for the purpose of modifying the wages rates laid down by this Order provided always that any agreement made as a result of such negotiations shall be submitted ^{through the Allied Military Government} for consideration to the Allied Military Government and shall not be binding upon the employers or employees

Such credits will accrue from month to month in the southern territory and will be payable at any time in the southern territory for the benefit and in accordance with the instructions of the persons in this Article mentioned provided and it is hereby enacted that no part of such credits so paid as aforesaid may be imported directly or indirectly into any part of the northern territory without express authority for such import from the Allied Military Government.

ARTICLE 45

Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 3 of this Order it shall be lawful for the employees therein specified to negotiate ~~both individually and collectively~~ with their employers for the purpose of modifying the wages rates laid down by this Order provided always that any agreement made as a result of such negotiations shall be submitted ^{to the Allied Military Government} for consideration to the Allied Military Government and shall not be binding upon the employers or employees concerned and shall have no legal effect unless and until approved in writing by the Allied Military Government. It is forbidden to demand receive offer or pay any sum in respect of any such agreement unless and until the same has been approved as aforesaid.

ARTICLE 46

Articles 2, 3, 4 and 5 of this Order shall not apply to :-

- (a) Persons employed in the northern territory by the Armed Forces of the Allies ; or
- (b) Members of the OCRR in the northern territory who shall receive pay and allowances in accordance with the scales officially in force in

the southern territory for the payment of all members of the COUNCIL

ARTICLE 8

All provisions of the Italian law and all decrees and regulations in force on 8 September 1943 or enacted by the Italian Government after that date which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Order are hereby suspended from operation in the northern territory.

ARTICLE 9

Any person who fails to comply with this Order or otherwise disobeys the provisions thereof shall upon conviction by an Allied Military Court be liable to such lawful punishment as the said court may determine.

ARTICLE 10

This Order shall continue in full force and effect until varied or cancelled by further Order of the Allied Military Government.

FOR THE SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER AND MILITARY GOVERNOR :

HENRY MILLER STONE,
Rear Admiral,
United States Naval Reserve,
Chief Civil Affairs Officer.

Any person who fails to comply with this Order or otherwise disobeys the provisions thereof shall upon conviction by an Allied Military Court be liable to such lawful punishment as the said court may determine.

ARTICLE 10

This Order shall continue in full force and effect until varied or cancelled by further Order of the Allied Military Government.

FOR THE SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER AND MILITARY GOVERNOR :

MILITARY WHEELER STONE,
Rear Admiral,
United States Naval Reserve,
Chief Civil Affairs Officer.

Dated :

6A

AFHR G-3

3364

17 APRIL 45

PRIORITY

SECRET PD

SUBJECT IS NORTH ITALY PRICE AND WAGE POLICIES PD

PARA ONE PD FOLLOWING IS DRAFT OF SIGNAL PROPOSED FOR DISTRIBUTION TO REGIONS
PIEMONTE, LIGURIA, LOMBARDIA, EMILIA AND VENETIA; ARS 4 CORPS; O 5 REG 8 ARMY;
ARS 8 ARMY; FOR INFORMATION TO O 5 REG 15TH ARMY GROUP AND AVIATION. YOUR
CONCURRENCE REQUESTED PD

PARA TWO PD REPORTS FROM NORTHERN REGIONS INDICATE SUCH WIDE VARIATIONS FROM NORTH
ITALY PRICE AND WAGE SCALES THAT IT IS VITAL TO SEPARATE THE TWO ECONOMIES FOR SOME
INITIAL PERIOD PD ECONOMIC BOUNDARY LINE IS SET AT NORTHERN BOUNDARIES OF RAVENNA,
FIRENZE, PIACENZA AND LEGNA PROVINCES PD WIDE PRICE DIFFERENTIALS WILL MAKE SMUGGLING
AND BLACK MARKETING ACROSS THE ECONOMIC BOUNDARY PROFITABLE FOR BOTH CIVILIAN AND
MILITARY VEHICLES (ALLIED AND ITALIAN) PD EFFECTIVE BLOCKADES MUST BE ESTABLISHED
TO PREVENT ILLEGAL MOVEMENTS OF GOODS NORTH OR SOUTH ACROSS BOUNDARY PD 13

PARA THREE PD GENERAL ORDER AND DETAILED DIRECTIVES ARE BEING PREPARED PD IN THE
MEANTIME IT IS DIRECTED THAT THE FOLLOWING GENERAL POLICIES WILL BE EFFECTIVE NORTH
OF THE ECONOMIC BOUNDARY SUPERSEDING ALL PREVIOUS INSTRUCTIONS PD (A) PRICES OF

ECONOMIC SECTION

303

NICHOLAS PICCIRIO
CWO, USA
Asst Adjutant

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
 ATO 394
 LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION

LSC/911

5A

AS/6074/25/L.

LSC/ap.
13 April 1945

SUBJECT : General Order - Wages Regulation in Private Industry.

TO : Labour Sub-Commission.

Reference LSC/911 (11.06 ES) of 6 Apr.

1. Herewith draft of General Order and Form as asked.
2. Please consider and return them with any comments or suggestions you may wish to make.
3. The Decree referred to is the Decree now in course of preparation (translation attached). It is assumed that the provisions of the G.O. are intended to apply to all employees not covered by that decree? Will you please confirm that the assumption is correct? If not, please specify precisely to what employees it is intended to refer.

1 Campbell cr

fr

W. E. BEHRENS, Colonel,
Deputy Chief Legal Advisor.

11

~~6074 to Economic Section~~

Returned by Labour with comments - see opposite

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
OF OCCUPIED TERRITORY

(SB)

GENERAL ORDER NO.....

STABILIZATION OF WAGES IN PRIVATE INDUSTRY

I, ELLERY WHEELER STONE, Rear Admiral, United States Naval Reserve, Chief Civil Affairs Officer, for and on behalf of the Supreme Allied Commander and Military Governor, hereby order as follows:

ARTICLE I

It is permitted for all employees other than State employees through their organizations to negotiate with their employers or their organizations for the purpose of modifying existing wages rates.

?
Organizations

ARTICLE II

Any agreement made as a result of such negotiations will be submitted to the nearest Ufficio del Lavoro which will forthwith submit the same to the Allied Military Government for approval or rejection.

ARTICLE III

2197
Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

?
Organizations

It is permitted for all employees other than State employees through their organizations to negotiate with their employers or their organizations for the purpose of modifying existing wages rates.

ARTICLE II

Any agreement made as a result of such negotiations will be submitted to the nearest Ufficio del Lavoro which will forthwith submit the same to the Allied Military Government for approval or rejection.

10

ARTICLE III

No such agreement shall be binding or of any legal effect until approved in writing by the ^{allied} Military Government.

ARTICLE IV

It is forbidden pending receipt of such approval to receive or make any payment under any such agreement.

ARTICLE V

For the purpose of this Order a State employee ^(x) is any person to whom D.L.I. applies.

(x) See covering letter.

ARTICLE VI

This Order shall come into force in each Province or part thereof within Military Government Territory on the date of its first publication therein.

FOR THE SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER^{AND} MILITARY GOVERNOR:

ELLERY WHEELER STONE,
Rear Admiral, United States Naval Reserve
Chief Civil Affairs Officer.

Dated 1945.

9

Draft

Proposed variation of wage rates.

Decision by Allied Military Government.

WHEREAS the employees of
(acting through.....) and the said
..... (acting through
.....) have come to an agreement to vary the
remuneration to be received and paid by them respectively.

AND WHEREAS the said agreement was submitted by the
Ufficio del Lavoro of to the Allied
Military Government for approval or *rejection. rejection*...
as required by General Order No.....

NOW, I Regional Commissioner
..... Region hereby declare as follows:-

X Use as

applicable 1. X The said agreement is approved and shall come into
force as therein provided.

or

X The said agreement is ~~approved~~ *rejected*

or

X The said agreement is referred for reconsideration
by the interested parties.

as required by General Order No.....

NOW, I Regional Commissioner
..... Region hereby declare as follows:-

☒ Use as

applicable

1. ☒ The said agreement is approved and shall come into force as therein provided.

or

☒ The said agreement is ~~was~~ *rejected*

or

☒ The said agreement is referred for reconsideration by the interested parties.

2. The said Ufficio del Lavoro will communicate the above decision to the interested parties.

Dated

.....

Regional Commissioner

..... Region

TO: Ufficio del Lavoro.....

(4A)

AMG 5TH ARMY FOR ATTENTION OF LABOUR OFFICER

5020

8 APRIL 1945

CONFIDENTIAL
PRIORITYRESTRICTED PD

SUBJECT IS RATES OF WAGES TO BE APPLIED FROM ARMED FORCE WAGES SCALE TO CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF ARMED FORCES IN NORTHERN ITALY THAT IS TO SAY NORTH OF TOSCANY REGION BOUNDARY PD

FORN TO AMG 5TH ARMY FOR ATTENTION OF LABOUR OFFICER FROM ALCON CITE ACLAB

PARA

PARA ONE PD IT HAS BEEN DECIDED IN PRINCIPLE THAT THE RATES AT PRESENT PAID SHOULD NOT REPEAT NOT BE AUTOMATICALLY CARRIED FORWARD SINCE THIS WOULD CONTRAST TOO SHARPLY WITH WAGES STANDARDS BELIEVED TO BE APPLICABLE IN NORTH PD

PARA TWO PD COST OF LIVING BONUS MUST NOT REPEAT NOT BE ADDED TO BASIC RATE UNTIL AUTHORITY IS RECEIVED PD THEREFORE FIRST STEP ON ENTRY INTO NEW TERRITORY MUST BE ASCERTAINMENT OF LOCALLY PREVAILING RATE WHICH SHOULD BE TAKEN AS THE WAGE AGREEMENT RATE IN FORCE ON OR ABOUT THIRD APRIL TO AVOID RECOGNISING SUDDEN RECENT BREAKAWAY IN WAGES PD

PARA THREE PD THEN ADD FLAT RATE FAMILY ALLOWANCE AS CUSTOMARY FOR ARMED FORCE WAGES SCALE BASED ON NOTIONAL FAMILY OF MAN WIFE TWO REPEAT TWO DEPENDANTS AND WORK OUT NET WAGE PACKET PD

FIND IN ARMED FORCES WAGE SCALE TABLE THE NEAREST SIMILAR RATE AND FOR THIS PURPOSE REFER TO SARDINIA RATE OR SICILY RATE OR APPROPRIATE POINT IN MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM

ANG 5TH ARMY FOR ATTENTION OF LABOUR OFFICER

5022

8 APRIL 1945

CONFIDENTIAL
PRIORITY

FIXED FOR MAINLAND AND ENGLAND RATE SO WOULD TO APPLY PD

PARA FOUR PD ON NO ACCOUNT APPLY MAINLAND PRESENT MAXIMA WITHOUT ADEQUATE JUSTIFICATION WHICH WILL NOT REPEAT NOT INCLUDE SHORTAGE OF LABOUR BECAUSE HIGH RATES DO NOT PRODUCE OTHERWISE NONEXISTENT LABOUR PD

PARA FIVE PD IN THIS WAY IT IS HOPED TO AVOID SUGGESTION THAT PRIVATE INDUSTRY IN NORTH FEELS COMPELLED TO RAISE RATES BECAUSE ARMED FORCES INTRODUCE NEW STANDARDS PD

PARA SIX PD ON THE CONTRARY ARMED FORCES WILL FOLLOW LOCAL STANDARDS AND PRINCIPLE OF UNIFORM RATE FOR ALL EMPLOYERS OF ARMED FORCES IN ALL DISTRICTS WILL DISAPPEAR THERE WILL BE VARYING RATES FOR DIFFERENT DISTRICTS PD

PARA SEVEN PD EMPLOYING UNITS MUST OF COURSE RECEIVE PROPER INSTRUCTIONS FROM RESPECTIVE HEADQUARTERS AND THIS MESSAGE IS TO ACQUAINT YOU OF THE PRINCIPLES ESTABLISHED BY HIGHEST AUTHORITIES WHICH WILL BE TRANSLATED INTO ORDERS BY AFHQ PD

PARA EIGHT PD ALSO FOR YOUR INFORMATION ANG HOPE TO MAINTAIN PRICE AND COMMODITY CONTROL TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PRESENT WAGES STANDARDS IN NORTH PD

6

LABOUR SUBCOMMISSION

204

NICHOLAS PIONBINO
CMA USA
ASST ADJUTANT

(3A)

ECONOMIC POLICY FOR NORTHERN ITALY

INTRODUCTION

4. Reports from Northern Italy up to the end of March 1945 indicate that vigorous action has been taken to control prices and wages, so that most prices are reported to be substantially lower than those in the South. It is however possible that the control mechanism established will be used by the enemy in the last days of occupation deliberately to damage and confuse the economic structure for the purpose of rendering resumption of normal work, industry and trade more difficult. In any case it is probable that before the Allies can gain effective control there will be a period during which significant increases in prices may be expected.

5. This Board in its report of 4 April indicated that price, wage and distribution controls of the Italian Government in Southern Italy had not been effective, with the result that prices and wages have risen sharply and that goods were moving to a considerable extent outside the controlled distribution channels. It is expected that this trend toward inflation in the South will continue until corrective measures are applied.

6. Notwithstanding the possibility of a measure of inflation in the North as pointed out in Paragraph 5, it is probable that such inflation will be less than in the South. The best indications are that the Allies will find wages, prices and industrial costs at a level below those of the South.

I. RECOMMENDATION

A. The Board recommends that initially Northern Italy should be treated as a separate economy and that the area to be so treated comprises Emilia, Liguria, Piemonte, Lombardia and Venetia regions. This report deals only with this area and its administration by AMI. The Board will at a later date report on the problem of bringing the economies of the North and South back into their normal peacetime relationship to each other.

B. The above recommendation implies the creation of an economic boundary line at the northern boundary of Toscana and Marche. The effective application of the policies proposed in this report and of the administrative procedure to be recommended later will depend on vigorous action to make the boundary an effective economic barrier. Price differentials will exist which would make smuggling across the line extremely profitable for both civilian and military vehicles. It is recommended that road blocks be established under the direction of Allied Military Police with Italian personnel (Carabinieri, Guardia Finanza) attached to inspect civilian vehicles. Italian forces

C. Notwithstanding the possibility of a measure of inflation in the North as pointed out in Paragraph 4, it is probable that such inflation will be less than in the South. The best indications are that the Allies will find wages, prices and industrial costs at a level below those of the South.

I. RECOMMENDATIONS

A. The Board recommends that initially Northern Italy should be treated as a separate economy and that the area to be so treated comprises Emilia, Liguria, Piemonte, Lombardia and Venezia regions. This report deals only with this area and its administration by AMG. The Board will at a later date report on the problem of bringing the economies of the North and South back into their normal peace-time relationship to each other.

B. The above recommendation implies the creation of an economic boundary line at the northern boundary of Toscana and Marche. The effective application of the policies proposed in this report and of the administrative procedure to be recommended later will depend on vigorous action to make the boundary an effective economic barrier. Price differentials will exist which would make smuggling across the line extremely profitable for both civilian and military vehicles. It is recommended that road blocks be established under the direction of Allied Military Police with Italian personnel (Carabinieri, Guardia Finanza) attached to inspect civilian vehicles. Italian forces alone would be unable to deal with smuggling by military vehicles. Moreover, it has been pointed out that the armies would establish a control line at some point between presently liberated and occupied Italy. The economic boundary line proposed is relatively easy to guard because of the small number of roads crossing it and it is suggested that if the military control line and economic boundary coincided, the same personnel could handle both functions. The importance of preventing black market and smuggling operations by military personnel is demonstrated by the recent serious cases and court martials in France.

C. The appropriate military authorities should be urged to take action to prevent excessive spending by troops. Such action might take the form of limiting the portion of pay which could be drawn in the theater of operations, or the form of an appeal for voluntary cooperation. Most of the troops in Italy have seen the results of inflationary spending and the response to a request for voluntary curtailment might, therefore, be excellent.

- 2 -

II. BASIC PRICE AND WAGE POLICY

Prices and wages will be established at the officially recognized rates existing in the area on 3rd April 1945. Initially, where there is no official price the Provincial Price Committee will establish the appropriate levels.

III. ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC PRICES AND WAGES

The organization and procedure whereby recommendations for adjustments will be noted upon will be planned immediately in conjunction with the administrative and technical organizations who will be charged with carrying out the policy in the regions.

IV. PRICES

4. Goods for which prices must be considered fall into three general categories:

1. Relief goods - food, medical supplies and clothing.
 2. Non relief goods - including all industrial goods, and consumer goods not included in Category 1.
 3. Rents and services - including public utility and transport rates, as well as household rates.
5. The prices of relief goods imported from abroad or from Southern Italy will be related to the appropriate level even if it is necessary to provide a subsidy at point of entry in cases where the imported landed cost is higher, plus the 3 April Northern price. If landed costs are lower than appropriate local levels, pricing will still be at those latter levels. Such levels will also apply to all indigenous supplies.

6. The price for non relief supplies if imported from abroad will be the landed cost plus a mark-up limited to the actual cost of distribution. Imports from Southern Italy will be priced at Northern levels. A subsidy will be granted at point of entry if landed costs plus distribution cost exceed Northern levels. All supplies shown to the North will move at appropriate price levels.

- D. Rents and services - including public utility and transport rates, as well as household rents.
- E. The prices of various goods imported from abroad or from Southern Italy will be related to the appropriate level even if it is necessary to provide a subsidy at point of entry in cases where the imported landed cost is higher, plus the 3 April Northern price. If landed costs are lower than appropriate local levels, pricing will still be at those latter levels. Such levels will also apply to all indigenous supplies.
- F. The price for non relief supplies if imported from abroad will be the landed cost plus a mark-up limited to the actual cost of distribution. Imports from Southern Italy will be priced at Northern levels. A subsidy will be granted at point of entry if landed costs plus distribution cost exceed Northern levels. All supplies consigned to the North will move at appropriate price levels.
- G. All prices in the 3rd Category will remain at existing levels except road transport rates. Reports indicate that transport in the North has been so completely demoralized that there may be no standard rates in existence. Transportation is a basic cost item which influences all phases of the economy. Administration and enforcement of any transportation rate structure is greatly simplified by the absence of regional differentials. Therefore, a simple tariff, which will bear approximately the proper relationship to current levels reported in the North, will be established for use during the initial period throughout the Northern Regions.
- H. The Directive of 22 June 1944 will be withdrawn with respect to the Northern Regions.
- I. The maintenance of the above price policy will depend upon rigid rationing and other distribution controls and on the vigorous control of transport. It is recommended that all sale of imported industrial machinery and equipment should be on a conditional basis with re-sale permitted only to the first step in controlling civilian supplies. The Board recommends that competition for civilian supply be purchased only by government agencies or other agencies licensed by the government. Importing for supplies by AMG or licensed

agents will not be allowed. Other techniques of control will be developed by the specialists in A.C. sub-commissions into an operating program to be administered by A.C.

3. Organization for Controlling Prices and Payments

1. Regional and Provincial Italian Joint Advisory Price Boards will be established to advise the administrative officials with respect to adjustments in prices. These boards will include representatives of agriculture, industry, the distributive trades and the Government. In general, the posts will be honorary except that the Regional Commissioners will be authorized at his discretion to employ a paid secretariat for the regional board; or authorize a paid secretary for a provincial board; or employ as a board member any outstandingly valuable person not available on an honorary basis. The price boards will also include a member representative having no business interests in the area.
2. Provincial Officers, with the advice of the Provincial Price Board, will determine prices on a carefully limited list of commodities and within limited ranges. Beyond these prescribed limits the function of the provincial price organization is to collect, evaluate and transmit appropriate data and recommendations to the Regional Commissioners for final decision.
3. The Regional Commissioners will refer cases regarding his office to the Regional Advisory Board for further evaluation and recommendations. The final decision and responsibility will remain with the Regional Commissioners.
4. Near 18.09/45 of the Economic Section under date of 17 March 1945 will be withdrawn.

V. WAGE REGULATION IN AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE

It has been agreed in principle that wage rates prevailing in Italy and in other employment in the North on 3 April, 1945, should be recognized as the appropriate rates unless there is good reason to the contrary (such as the grant of an abnormal wage increase or a special reason to throw it into economy into disorder, or disproportionate wage rate fixed by a management board on which workers' representatives predominate); and also that no changes in wage rates will be recognized until 1946, through the Regional Commissioners, has indicated approval.

- Board, will determine prices on a carefully limited number of commodities and within limited ranges. Beyond these prescribed limits the function of the provincial price organization is to collect, evaluate and transmit appropriate data and recommendations to the Regional Commission for final decision.
3. The Regional Commission will refer cases reaching his office to the Regional Advisory Board for further evaluation and recommendations. The final decision and responsibility will remain with the Regional Commission.

4. Memo 18.09/23 of the Economic Decision under date of 17 March 1945 will be withdrawn.

V. WAGE REGULATION IN INDUSTRY AND COMMERCE

It has been agreed in principle that wage rates prevailing in industry and in other employment in the North on 3 April, 1945, should be recognized as the appropriate rates unless there is good reason to the contrary (such as the want of an abnormal wage increase or a political reason to throw it into disorder, or disproportionate wage rate fixed by a management board on which workers' representatives previously sat); and also that no changes in wage rates will be recognized until 1.10, through the Regional Commissioners, has indicated approval.

5. Requests for a review of proposed wage changes will reach the Regional Commissioner through the Ufficio del Lavoro. In transmitting the requests each office should attach observations confirming that the request related to an agreement, or alternatively recording the disagreement of one or the other of the negotiating bodies as representative of the interests concerned; indicating which important interests are outside or not parties to the agreement; give the relative precedent cases; refer to the corresponding wages paid in the area to employees of the Armed Forces; and make a recommendation regarding the particular request.

6. The Regional Commission will refer the request to the Regional Italian Joint Advisory Committee, which comprises representatives of the Italian Government, Italian Industry and organized labor, and will receive from that Committee a recommendation for the approval, or the rejection, or the reference back for further consideration of the proposals. Regional Italian Joint Advisory Committees will have

- 4 -

regard to local circumstances and particularly the effect of proposed wage changes on other industries in the same locality; and will also have regard to prevailing rates in similar industries in other parts of the Northern Regions; and to the rates of wages prevailing in other parts of Italy. In view of the policy of Allied Military Government to control the quality distribution and prices, the Advisory Committee will have particular regard to suggested inadequacy of control measure that may be advanced as a reason for increase of wage scale. The Advisory Committee may consider it appropriate to recommend action to remedy unauthorized price variations instead of recommending wage variations. In general, any approved wage changes will have regard to local variations of circumstances in Northern Provinces so that different rates may be approved within the same region.

D. Regional Labor Offices (ALC) and Regional Italian Joint Advisory Committees will keep themselves informed of progress of negotiations for wage changes in larger industries in principal localities.

2. Enforcement of Wage Agreements

The Labor Inspectorate of the Ministry of Labor, Industry and Commerce will be the agents of ALG for the enforcement of observance with the ALG order on the subject of wage regulation. Uffici del Lavoro in the respective localities will also be concerned with wage negotiations and the general observance of agreements. Uffici del Lavoro will report, as a matter of urgency, to Regional Italian Officers, through channels, any evidence of industrial unrest or any stoppage of work or strikes that may occur as a result of dissatisfaction with wages and conditions. Reports will be referred to the Regional Italian Joint Advisory Committee, whose intervention and advice will be sought.

VI. FURTHER ACTION

The Board will foster and coordinate development of inflation control measures by the technical and administrative organizations of ALG and ALG. The importance of such coordination is stressed because it is obvious that any one element of increasing prices or costs could destroy the entire system. Close coordination is also made necessary by the dependence of our area of economic control activity upon another. For example, the control of food supplies will depend largely upon control of transportation; and the control of prices themselves depends on control of supplies.

the respective localities will also be concerned with wage negotiations and the general observance of agreements. Uffici del Lavoro will report, as a matter of urgency, to Regional Fascist Officers, through channels, any evidence of industrial unrest or any stoppages of work or strikes that may occur as a result of dissatisfaction with wages and conditions. Reports will be referred to the Regional Italian Joint Advisory Committee, whose intervention and advice will be sought.

VI. FURTHER ACTION

The Board will foster and coordinate development of inflation control measures by the technical and administrative organizations of M.C. and M.C. The importance of such coordination is stressed because it is obvious that any one element of increasing prices or costs could destroy the entire program. Close coordination is also made necessary by the dependence of one area of economic control activity upon another. For example, the control of food supplies will depend largely upon control of transportation; and the control of prices themselves depends on control of supplies.

12 April 1945

Advisory Anti-Inflation Board

Italian text and
Translation of proposed
decree — State Employees
Salary in N. Italy.

2212

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785016

Date - - - - 1945

(x) Note: ~~The decree is the~~
~~time deals with regarding~~

2A

UMBERTO DI SAVOIA
PRINCIPE DI PIEMONTE
LUOGOTENENTE GENERALE DEL REGNO

In virtù dell'autorità a Noi delegata;
Visto il decreto-legge luogotenenziale 23 giugno

1944, n. 151;

Vista la deliberazione del Consiglio dei Ministri;
Sulla proposta del Presidente del Consiglio dei Ministri e del Ministro Segretario di Stato per il Tesoro:

ABILINO SANIOLATO E PROULGHIA C. U. FIO S. L. U. S.

Articolo Unico

Il trattamento economico e qualsiasi titolo dei dipendenti dalle amministrazioni statali, comprese quelle con ordinamento autonomo, e del personale degli enti parastatali e di diritto pubblico, con sede normale di servizio nelle provincie al Nord della Toscana e delle provincie di Forlì e Ravenna, resta stabilito nelle misure, alle condizioni e secondo le norme in vigore in detti territori al 3 aprile 1945, per effetto di provvedimenti adottati anteriormente al 9 settembre 1943, o che, se emanati successivamente dal sedicente governo della repubblica sociale italiana, vengono convalidati entro 60 giorni dalla pubblicazione del presente decreto nella Gazzetta Ufficiale del Regno.

Resta conseguentemente esclusa l'applicabilità nei medesimi territori dei provvedimenti in materia di trattamenti economici dei suindicati personali, emanati successivamente all'8 settembre 1943 dal Governo legittimo e non ancora entrati in vigore nei territori stessi.

Le disposizioni dei precedenti comari valgono altresì per i trattamenti di quiescenza nonché per le pensioni ed assegni privilegiati di guerra.

Il trattamento economico e quasi-salariale dei dipendenti dalle Amministrazioni statali, comprese quelle con ordinamento autonomo, e del personale degli Enti parastatali e di diritto pubblico, con sede normale di servizio nelle provincie al Nord della Toscana e delle provincie di Forlì e Ravenna, resta stabilito nelle misure, alle condizioni e secondo le norme in vigore in setti territori al 3 aprile 1945, per effetto di provvedimenti adottati anteriormente al 9 settembre 1943, o che, se emanati successivamente dal sedicente governo della repubblica sociale italiana, vengono convalidati entro 60 giorni dalla pubblicazione del presente decreto nella Gazzetta Ufficiale del Regno.

Resta conseguentemente esclusa l'applicabilità nei medesimi territori dei provvedimenti in materia di trattamenti economici dei suindicati personali, emanati successivamente al 10 settembre 1943 dal Governo legittimo e non ancora entrati in vigore nei territori stessi.

Le disposizioni dei precedenti commi valgono altresì per i trattamenti di quiescenza nonché per le pensioni ed assegni privilegiati di guerra.

Il presente decreto entra in vigore il giorno della sua pubblicazione nella Gazzetta Ufficiale del Regno.

Ordiniamo ecc.

Dato e

Te.

Translation of Proposed Decree

In virtue of the authority delegated to us

Considering the provisions of D.M. No. 151 of 25 June 1944

Considering the deliberation of the Council of Ministers

On the proposal of the President of the Council and of the Minister for the Treasury.

ARTICLE I

The remunerations of all types of the employees of State Administrations, including those under autonomous management, and of the personnel of parastatal institutions (Ente) and those constituted under public law, with usual sphere of action in provinces situated North of Tuscany and the provinces of Forlì and Ravenna, shall remain at the level and under the conditions and regulations which were in force in the said territories on 3 April 1945, in conformity with legislative provisions promulgated before 9 Sep 1943, or if promulgated subsequently by the so called government of the Italian Social Republic, only if ratified within 60 days of the publication of the present decree in the Gazzetta Ufficiale.

All legislation in connection with the remunerations of the above mentioned personnel promulgated by the legitimate government after 8 Sep 43 and not so far in force in the said territories shall remain excluded from such territories.

The above provisions shall have effect also in so far as pensions,

Tuscany and the provinces of Forlì and Ravenna, shall remain at the level and under the conditions and regulations which were in force in the said territories on 3 April 1945, in conformity with legislative provisions promulgated before 9 Sep 1943, or if promulgated subsequently by the so called government of the Italian Social Republic, only if ratified within 60 days of the publication of the present decree in the Gazzetta Ufficiale.

All legislation in connection with the remunerations of the above mentioned personnel promulgated by the legitimate government after 8 Sep 43 and not so far in force in the said territories shall remain excluded from such territories.

The above provisions shall have effect also in so far as pensions, grants and war remuneration are concerned.

The present decree shall have full force and effect of law on the day of its publication in the Gazzetta Ufficiale.

11074/25

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
O 394
ECONOMIC SECTION

(1A)

VHE/rmw

TEL : Ext. 550

6 April 1945

REF : LSC/914 (11.06 ES)

SUBJECT: Wages Regulation in Private Industry in Emilia,
Venezia, Liguria, Lombardia and Piemonte Regions.

TO : Legal Sub-Commission

1. It has been decided in principle that the wage rates prevailing in industry in Northern Italy on 3 April, 1945, should be recognized, but that no change in wage rates should be allowed to take effect unless previously approved by AMG through the Regional Commissioner.

2. It is requested that an Order be prepared for general promulgation through the Regions of Emilia, Liguria, Piemonte, Lombardia and Venezia giving effect to this decision and saying that proposals to vary wage rates, as the result of negotiations between representatives of industry and of organized workers, should be submitted to the nearest Ufficio del Lavoro for transmission to the appropriate Regional Commissioner for his approval. It is also requested that a form of approval, a form of rejection, and a form requesting the negotiating parties to reconsider the proposal be drafted in legal form.


A. G. ANTOLINI
Acting Vice President
Economic Section

1

Read by Lt (70063)

9 APR 1945

2218