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PROPERTY OF PARTISANS CONFISCATED BY FASCISTS
JUN., JULY 1944

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785016

FILE CLOSED 18 July 1944

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION
APO 394

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ACC/4159/1/L

18 Jul 44

SUBJECT: Franco PIZZOLATO - Partizan's property
confiscated by Fascists.

TO : H.E. The Minister of Justice.

1. The correspondence in this case is forwarded to Your Excellency
for whatever action may be required.

2. It appears clear that some kind of legislation will have to be
passed to compensate the partisans who have lost most or all their property
to the Fascist through their patriotic activities

G.G. HANNAFORD
Lt. Colonel
Officer i/c Italian Branch.
for Chief Legal Officer.

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HEADQUARTERS REGION IV
Allied Control Commission
APO 394

Legal (Rean)
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TO : Chief Legal Officer, A.C.C., Legal Sub-
Commission.
FROM : Regional Legal Officer, Region IV.
SUBJECT: Property of Partizans confiscated by Fascist
Republican Government.
REF : R4/L5/Reg/C/7.
DATE : 3 July 1944.

1. The attached petition of Franco Pizzoloto has been passed to this Division by the Provincial Authorities of Grosinone.
2. It would appear that the desired relief should come from an Italian source, rather than by any judgment of this region of the Allied Control Commission, as involving a general question of the validity of the acts and directions of the Fascist Republican Government.
3. The petition is forwarded to you (together with a typewritten copy of the English statement and translations of the Italian^x accompanying statements) for you to transmit to such authority as you deem fit, or to advise us thereon.

*H. C. Wimmer*

Colonel,
Regional Legal Officer
Region IV.

All except petition forwarded
to us by 9

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Confidential

The Oldies' Military

Communist

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by ~~profession~~ profession - some months ago

to the fall of fascism, joined the secret movement of opposition to the fascist Party and immediately after the armistice gathered together 200 men who formed an armed band resolved to hinder in every way possible the war operations of the German enemies.

The Political-administrative authorities of Supino, by means of threats, succeeded in dispersing the armed band and denounced the undersigned to the fascist Federal Command as well as to the Political German Command.

The fascist Republican Party at once ordered the arrest of Supino, which took place on the 8th March 1944.

The reason of arrest was declared to be the following:

1. Fascist republicans and a military policeman broke into the house of the undersigned at 11 o'clock at night on the above mentioned date and operated a perquisition of the whole house, hoping to find a broadcasting radio of the whole house.

formed an armed band every way possible the war. operations of the German enemies.

The Political-administrative Authorities of Suisio, by means of threats, succeeded in dispersing the armed band and denounced the undersigned to the Fascist Federal Command as well as to the Political German Command.

The Fascist Republican Party at once ordered the arrest of Piriolato, which took place on the 8th March 1943.

The reason of arrest was declared to be the following:
The Fascist Republicans and a military policeman broke into the house of the undersigned at 11 o'clock at night on the above mentioned date and operated a perquisition of the whole house, hoping to find a broadcasting radio set and documents which might prove communication with the Anglo-Americans, accusing him of being the leader of an armed band. The above mentioned Republicans took from the house a typewriter a receiving radio set, all the best clothes and food of different kinds, holding back the keys of the house. Piriolato was taken to Frosinone the same night.

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and handed over to the German Police Command, from whom he received the most degrading treatment and insults of all kinds for being an officer with favorable sentiments to Badoglio and the Anglo-Americans and consequently contrary to the Fascist Republican Party.

From Frosinone he was taken to the prison at Paliano and after 3 months of hard imprisonment was liberated on the 6th March 1944.

When Piscolato returned to Surpino he found that his house had been despoiled entirely of everything leaving him with only the clothes he was wearing.

The Fascists also despoiled him of the rest of his property in land which had been legally purchased by him on 23rd November 1933 and 2nd June 1935, placing it

in the possession of Maddalena Zuccaro, in the territory of Surpino, sotto Pivida, who destroyed a small rustic house after taking all the furniture and tools it contained.

They have also handed over grounds on the Lane Road (territory of Frosinone) to Maria Spelta, Augusta Spelta and Giuseppe Zuccaro.

About a week after Piscolato's return to Surpino 7th March and in consequence of the arrest of ~~the~~ Lieutenant Perrino Scheltrona which took place on the 4th March 1944 as belonging to the armed band of Piscolato. he was informed that he was to be arrested again, only to be shown to death together with the above

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in land which had been captured on 23rd November 1933 and 2nd June 1935, placing it in the possession of Maddalena Guecero, in the territory of Sulpino, sotto Prividera, who destroyed a small rustic house after taking all the furniture and tools it contained. They have also handed over grounds on the Lane Road (territory of Frosinone) to Maria Spelta, Augusta Spelta and Giuseppe Guecero.

About a week after Pirrolato's return to Sulpino ^{on 7th March} and in consequence of the arrest of ~~the~~ Lieutenant Perrino Scheltona which took place on the 4th March 1944 as belonging to the armed band of Pirrolato. he was informed that he was to be arrested again, only to be condemned to death together with the above mentioned lieutenant.

The German Command has issued a sentence of death in contumacy against Pirrolato and his secretary Genzera Luapisi.

Pirrolato was able to escape on the 22nd March 1944

and still persecuted by the German Police succeeded in reaching the Anglo American front where after the necessary explanations and expressing the idea of reaching Surpino, he was advised the best way to take and arrived home on the 3rd June 1944.

Pizzolato now invokes the protection of the Anglo American Military Command to return in possession of all his property.

Surpino 9th June 1944

Pizzolato Panno

