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10000/142/885

MILITARY ZONES
DEC. 1944 - MAR. 1945

FILE CLOSED 29 March 1945

ALLIED COMMISSION

OFFICE OF THE HEADQUARTERS COMMANDANT

Printing Officer

SUBJECT: Proclamation - Military Zone.

FILE No. HQC/8

TO Civil Affairs Section.
(ATTN: Major Reakes)

28 March 194

1. Reference your request for composition of Proclamation on Military Zones.
2. The type has been set up and the printer has been instructed to hold the form with a view towards printing at a future time.
3. His name is Stabilimento Carlo Columbo, 74 Campo Marzio, ROMA.

C. A. Bongarzone
C. A. BONGARZONE,
1st Lt., AUS,
Printing Officer.

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PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, it is necessary to establish and maintain law and order in the area described in the Schedule hereto;

NOW, THEREFORE, I HAROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., M.C., A.D.C., Field Marshal, hereby proclaim as follows:

ARTICLE 1.

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ARTICLE 2.

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theater of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone and shall be exercised through and by the direction of such persons as I may from time to time appoint.

ARTICLE 3.

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4.

Any person who:

- (1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration...

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- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) After curfew, which, until further notice, is from sunset to sunrise, is out of doors without a permit issued under my authority;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (7) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (8) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court, be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offence under sub-para 1 above, the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be prescribed for such offence by Italian law.

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ARTICLE 5.

Military Courts are hereby established. Such courts shall consist of:

- (1) General Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment including death;
- (2) Superior Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than 10 years;
- (3) Summary Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than one year or a fine of more than 50,000 lire or both such imprisonment and fine.

Where a Superior or Summary Military Court imposes a term of imprisonment and a fine with a further term of imprisonment in the event of default, the aggregate of such terms shall not exceed 10 years and 1 year respectively.

ARTICLE 6.

(A) Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.

(B) No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ARTICLE 7.

This proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

SCHEDULE

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows:

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SCHEDULE

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows:

HAROLD R. L. G. ALEXANDER

Field Marshal

Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean

Theater of Operations

PROCLAMA

Poichè è necessario instaurare e mantenere il rispetto della legge e dell'ordine nel territorio descritto nella Tabella contenuta in calce al presente proclama;

IO, HAROLD R. L. G. ALEXANDER, G. C. B., C. S. I., D. S. O., M. C., A. D. C.,
Maresciallo di Campo, proclamo:

ARTICOLO I.

Il detto territorio è, col presente proclama, dichiarato Zona Militare. Esso è denominato qui di seguito « la Zona Militare ».

ARTICOLO 2.

Di tutti i poteri governativi e giurisdizionali e della suprema responsabilità amministrativa sono investito Io, nella qualità di Comandante Supremo Alleato del Teatro Meditteraneo di Operazioni e di Governatore della Zona Militare. Tali poteri sono esercitati dalle persone che Io nominerò di volta in volta, o sotto la loro direzione.

ARTICOLO 3.

Tutti i funzionari e impiegati statali e provinciali e tutti gli altri pubblici ufficiali, a meno che non siano destituiti, continuano a esercitare le loro presenti funzioni come funzionari e impiegati alle mie dipendenze.

Chiunque:

ARTICOLO 4.

- 1º) violi o abbia violato una disposizione della legge italiana;
- 2º) violi una norma, ordinanza o regolamento relativo alla amministrazione della Zona Militare o agli abitanti della medesima;
- 3º) trasgredisca un ordine impartito dietro mia autorizzazione o dietro autorizzazione delle Forze Alleate;

Poiché è necessario instaurare e mantenere il rispetto della legge e dell'ordine nel territorio descritto nella Tabella contenuta in calce al presente proclama;

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- 3º) trasgredisca un ordine impartito dietro mia autorizzazione o dietro autorizzazione delle Forze Alleate;
- 4º) partecipi a una dimostrazione o riunione non debitamente autorizzata;
- 5º) dopo il coprifuoco che, fino a nuovo avviso, è dal tramonto all'alba, si trovi fuori di casa senza un permesso rilasciato dietro mia autorizzazione;
- 6º) compia un atto pregiudizievole all'ordine pubblico nella Zona Militare;
- 7º) compia un atto pregiudizievole alla sicurezza delle Forze Alleate o dei suoi membri;
- 8º) cospiri o tenti di compiere, o assista o procuri la consumazione di un atto costituente reato a norma del presente proclama;

commette un reato e, se riconosciuto colpevole da un Tribunale Militare, può essere punito con la morte o col carcere o con la multa, o con entrambe queste ultime due pene, a criterio del Tribunale. Per i reati previsti nel numero 1º) può essere imposta una pena superiore a quella comminata dal diritto italiano per il reato corrispondente.

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ARTICOLO 5.

Sono istituiti i Tribunali Militari. Essi sono:

- 1º) Tribunali Militari Generali, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, compresa quella di morte;
- 2º) Tribunali Militari Superiori, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte e della reclusione per oltre dieci anni;
- 3º) Tribunali Militari Sommarî, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte, della reclusione per oltre un anno, della multa che superi le lire 50.000, o entrambe la reclusione e la multa.

Quando un Tribunale Militare Superiore o Sommarî impone una pena detentiva e una pena pecuniaria con un'ulteriore pena detentiva in caso di mancata esecuzione della pena pecuniaria, la durata complessiva della pena detentiva non può eccedere rispettivamente dieci anni e un anno.

ARTICOLO 6.

A) Chiunque sia condannato da un Tribunale Militare può, entro 14 giorni dalla condanna, presentare una istanza di revisione della condanna o della pena.

B) Nessuna sentenza di morte può essere eseguita se e fino a quando non sia confermata per iscritto da me o da un ufficiale da me espressamente autorizzato a ciò per iscritto.

ARTICOLO 7.

Il presente proclama entra in vigore nella Zona Militare al momento della sua prima pubblicazione nella medesima.

TABELLA

Il territorio sopra menzionato come territorio della Zona Militare è il seguente:

Quando un Tribunale Militare Superiore o Sommario impone una pena detentiva e una pena pecuniaria con un'ulteriore pena detentiva in caso di mancata esecuzione della pena pecuniaria, la durata complessiva della pena detentiva non può eccedere rispettivamente dieci anni e un anno.

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HAROLD R. L. G. ALEXANDER

Maresciallo di Campo

Comandante Supremo Alleato del
Teatro Mediterraneo di Operazioni

PROCLAMA

Perchè è necessario instaurare e mantenere il rispetto della legge e dell'ordine nel territorio descritto nella Tabella contenuta in calce al presente proclama;

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ARTICOLO 1.

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ARTICOLO 2.

Di tutti i poteri governativi e giurisdizionali e della suprema responsabilità amministrativa sono investito Io, nella qualità di Comandante Supremo Alleato del Teatro Meditteraneo di Operazioni e di Governatore della Zona Militare. Tali poteri sono esercitati dalle persone che Io nominerò di volta in volta, o sotto la loro direzione.

ARTICOLO 3.

Tutti i funzionari e impiegati statali e provinciali e tutti gli altri pubblici ufficiali, a meno che non siano destituiti, continuano a esercitare le loro presenti funzioni come funzionari e impiegati alle mie dipendenze.

ARTICOLO 4.

Chiunque:

- 1º) violi o abbia violato una disposizione della legge italiana;
- 2º) violi una norma, ordinanza o regolamento relativo alla amministrazione della Zona Militare o agli abitanti della medesima;
- 3º) trasgredisca un ordine impartito dietro mia autorizzazione o dietro autorizzazione

delle Forze Alleate;

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- commette un reato e, se riconosciuto colpevole da un Tribunale Militare, può essere punito con la morte o col carcere o con la multa, o con entrambe queste ultime due pene, a criterio del Tribunale. Per i reati previsti nel numero 1º) può essere imposta una pena superiore a quella comminata dal diritto italiano per il reato corrispondente.

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Data.

HAROLD R. L. G. ALEXANDER

Maresciallo di Campo
Comandante Supremo Alleato del
Teatro Mediterraneo di Operazioni

English checked and amended. 23/3/45

W.D. J. L.

21 MAR 1945
CARLO G. COL
ROMA - VIA CAMPO

PROCLAMATION

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ARTICLE 3.

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

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- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) After curfew, which, until further notice, is from sunset to sunrise, is out of doors without a permit issued under my authority;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (7) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (8) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence;

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Dated:

HAROLD R. L. G. ALEXANDER

Field Marshal

Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean

Theater of Operations

10306

96 152

208 577

123/4

PROCLAMATION

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- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) After curfew, which, until further notice, is from sunset to sunrise, is out of doors without a permit issued under my authority;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
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- (8) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offence under sub-para 1 above, the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be prescribed for such offence by Italian law.

ARTICLE 5

Military Courts are hereby established. Such courts shall consist of:

- (1) General Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment including death;
- (2) Superior Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than 10 years;

(3) Summary Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than one year or a fine of more than 50,000 lire or both such imprisonment and fine.

Where a Superior or Summary Military Court imposes a term of imprisonment and a fine with a further term of imprisonment in the event of default, the aggregate of such terms shall not exceed 10 years and 1 year respectively.

ARTICLE 6

(A) Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.

(B) No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ARTICLE 7

This proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

SCHEDULE

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows:

HAROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER
Field Marshal
SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER MEDITERRANEAN
THEATER OF OPERATIONS

DATED: _____

40-1031

PROCLAMA

Poiché é necessario instaurare e mantenere il rispetto della legge e dell'ordine nel territorio descritto nella Tabella contenuta in calce al presente proclama;

Io, Harold R. L. G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.B.I., D.S.O., A.C., A.D.C., Maresciallo di Campo,

PROCLAMO:

ART. I

Il detto territorio é, col presente proclama, dichiarato Zona Militare. Esso é denominato qui di seguito "la Zona Militare".

ART. 2

Di tutti i poteri governativi e giurisdizionali e della sua prema responsabilità amministrativa sono investito io, nella qualità di Comandante Supremo Alleato del Teatro Meditteraneo di Operazioni e di Governatore della Zona Militare. Tali poteri sono esercitati dalle persone che io nominerò di volta in volta, o sotto la loro direzione.

ART. 3

Tutti i funzionari e impiegati statali e provinciali e tutti gli altri pubblici ufficiali, a meno che non siano destituiti, continuano a esercitare le loro presenti funzioni come funzionari e impiegati alle mie dipendenze.

ART. 4

Chiunque:

- (1) violi o abbia violato una disposizione della legge italiana;
- (2) violi una norma, ordinanza o regolamento relativo alla amministrazione della Zona Militare o agli abitanti della medesima;
- (3) trasgredisca un ordine impartito dietro mia autorizzazione o dietro autorizzazione delle Forze Alleate;
- (4) partecipi a una dimostrazione o riunione non debitamente autorizzata;
- (5) dopo il coprifuoco che, fino a nuovo avviso, é dal tramonto all'alba, si trovi fuori di casa senza un permesso rilasciato dietro mia autorizzazione;
- (6) compia un atto pregiudizievole all'ordine pubblico nella Zona Militare;

Il detto territorio è, col presente proclama, dichiarato Zona Militare. Leso è denominato qui di seguito "la Zona Militare".

ART. I

Di tutti i poteri governativi e giurisdizionali e della suprema responsabilità amministrativa sono investito io, nella qualità di Comandante Supremo Alleato del Teatro Meditteraneo di Operazioni e di Governatore della Zona Militare. Tali poteri sono esercitati dalle persone che io nominerò di volta in volta, o sotto la loro direzione.

ART. 2

Tutti i funzionari e impiegati statali e provinciali e tutti gli altri pubblici ufficiali, a meno che non siano destituiti, continuano a esercitare le loro presenti funzioni come funzionari e impiegati alle mie dipendenze.

ART. 3

9 chiunque:

- (1) violi o abbia violato una disposizione della legge italiana;
- (2) violi una norma, ordinanza o regolamento relativo alla amministrazione della Zona Militare o agli abitanti della medesima;
- (3) trasgredisca un ordine impartito dietro mia autorizzazione o dietro autorizzazione delle Forze Alleate;
- (4) partecipi a una dimostrazione o riunione non debitamente autorizzata;
- (5) dopo il coprifuoco che, fino a nuovo avviso, è dal tramonto all'alba, si trovi fuori di casa senza un permesso rilasciato dietro mia autorizzazione;
- (6) compia un atto pregiudizievole all'ordine pubblico nella Zona Militare;
- (7) compia un atto pregiudizievole alla sicurezza delle Forze Alleate o dei suoi membri;
- (8) cospiri o tenti di cospirare, o assista o procuri la consumazione di un atto costituente reato a norma del presente proclama;

commette un reato^e se riconosciuto colpevole da un Tribunale Militare, può essere punito con la morte o col carcere o con la

multa, o con entrambe queste ultime due pene, a criterio del Tribunale. Per i reati previsti nel numero (1) può essere inflitta una pena superiore a quella comminata dal diritto italiano per il reato corrispondente.

ART. 5

Sono istituiti i Tribunali Militari - Essi sono:

(1) Tribunali Militari generali, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, compresa quella di morte;

(2) Tribunali Militari superiori, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte e della reclusione per oltre dieci anni;

(3) Tribunali Militari Somari, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte, della reclusione per oltre un anno, della multa che superi le lire 50.000.. o entrambe la reclusione e la multa.

Quando un Tribunale Militare Superiore o Somario impone una pena detentiva e una pena pecuniaria con un'alteriore pena detentiva in caso di mancata esecuzione della pena pecuniaria, la durata complessiva della pena detentiva non può eccedere rispettivamente dieci anni e un anno.

ART. 6

A) Chiunque sia condannato da un Tribunale Militare può, entro 14 giorni dalla condanna, presentare una istanza di revisione della condanna o della pena.

B) Nessuna sentenza di morte può essere eseguita se e fino a quando non sia confermata per iscritto da me o da un ufficiale da me espressamente autorizzato a ciò per iscritto.

ART. 7

Il presente proclama entra in vigore nella Zona Militare al momento della sua prima pubblicazione nella gazzetta.

31

T. A. B. S. L. L. A.

Il territorio sopra menzionato come territorio della Zona Militare è il seguente:

Sono istituiti i Tribunali Militari - Essi sono:

(1) Tribunali Militari generali, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, compresa quella di morte;

(2) Tribunali Militari Superiori, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte e della reclusione per oltre dieci anni;

(3) Tribunali Militari Somari, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte, della reclusione per oltre un anno, della multa che supera le lire 50.000.. o entrambe la reclusione e la multa.

Quando un Tribunale Militare Superiore o Somario impone una pena detentiva e una pena pecuniaria con un'ulteriore pena detentiva in caso di mancata esecuzione della pena pecuniaria, la durata complessiva della pena detentiva non può eccedere rispettivamente dieci anni e un anno.

ART. 6

A) Chiunque sia condannato da un Tribunale Militare può, entro 14 giorni dalla condanna, presentare una istanza di revisione della condanna o della pena.

B) Nessuna sentenza di morte può essere eseguita se e fino a quando non sia confermata per iscritto da me o da un ufficiale da me espressamente autorizzato a ciò per iscritto.

ART. 7

Il presente proclama entra in vigore nella Zona Militare al momento della sua prima pubblicazione nella medesima.

T A B E L L A

Il territorio sopra menzionato come territorio della Zona Militare è il seguente:

Harold R. L. ALEXANDER,
Esercitante di Campo
Comandante Supremo Allente del
Centro -edi terreno di Operazioni

Dela

4176

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

(14A)

AG/4176/L

24 Mar 45

SUBJECT : Military Zones - Proclamation

TO : Printing Officer - AC.

- 1 Proof print of the above Proclamation is returned to you for some small amendments. Please have the amendments made and forward a few copies for retention by this Section.
- 2 When sending copies please confirm that the Printer has been given instructions to keep the type set up and at the same time forward a note of his name and address for our files.

H. L. CHUTE
H. L. CHUTE Col.
CSO CA Section

~~Copy to file 6/5.B/CA~~

LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION	
CLO	
DCLO	
Chief Counsel	
CJO	
Italian Section	
CL RKS	
25 MAR 1945	

311

504

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION

AG/4176/L.

13A
/pa.
23 March 45.

SUBJECT : Military Zones.

TO : CA Sec.

1. Reference your 6/5 B/CA of 22 Mar 45.
2. Proof Print of Proclamation establishing a military zone is returned herewith approved subject to minor alterations as marked.

V. E. BARRIS,
Colonel,
Deputy Chief Legal Advisor.

Incls.

29

4126
HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

6/5.F/CA

22 Mar 45

SUBJECT : Proclamation

TO : Legal Sub-Commission

- 1 There is forwarded Proof print of Proclamation establishing a Military Zone along with English and Italian version for checking purposes. Please return Proof Print approved.
- 2 No further copies will be run off at present but the type will be kept up for use when necessary.

R.R. Criffts
R.R. CRIFTS Col,
CSO CA Section

English checked

LEGAL SUB COMMISSION	
CLO	
DCLO	
Chief Counsel	
CLO	
Station Section	✓
CL. LMS	

22 MAR 1945

for 9th

28

518

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

Ref: AC/4176/L

15 March 45

SUBJECT: Proclamation (Military Zones).

TO : Printing Officer, HQ. AC.

1. Reference is made to telephone conversation (Major REAKES Lt. BONGARZONI) when it was agreed that you would have set up in type this special form of Proclamation. This Proclamation may not require to be used but on the other hand if it is required it will be required urgently.

2. A space should be left between the Schedule and the signature. Please submit a proof for correction in due course.

J.R.
R.R. CHIPPS Col
CSO CA Section

Copy to our file 6/8B/CA

PROCLAMA

Poiché é necessario instaurare e mantenere il rispetto della legge e dell'ordine nel territorio descritto nella Tabella contenuta in calce al presente proclama;

IO, Harold R.L.G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., M.C.,
A.D.C., Maresciallo di Campo

PROCLAMO:ART. I

Il detto territorio é, col presente proclama, dichiarato Zona Militare. Esso é denominato qui di seguito "la Zona Militare".

ART. 2

Di tutti i poteri governativi e giurisdizionali e della sua preme responsabilità amministrativa sono investito IO, nella qualità di Comandante Supremo Alleato del Teatro Mediterraneo di Operazioni e di Governatore della Zona Militare. Tali poteri sono esercitati dalle persone che IO nominerò di volta in volta, o sotto la loro direzione.

ART. 3

Tutti i funzionari e impiegati statali e provinciali e tutti gli altri pubblici ufficiali, a meno che non siano destituiti, continuano a esercitare le loro presenti funzioni come funzionari e impiegati alle mie dipendenze.

ART. 4

Qualunque

- (1) violi o abbia violato una disposizione della legge italiana;
- (2) violi una norma, ordinanza o regolamento relativo alla amministrazione della Zona Militare o agli ²⁸ tanti della medesima;
- (3) trasgredisca un ordine impartito dietro mia autorizzazione o dietro autorizzazione delle Forze Alleate;
- (4) partecipi a una dimostrazione o riunione non debitamente autorizzata;
- (5) dopo il coprifuoco che, fine a nuovo avviso, é dal tramonto all'alba, si trovi fuori di casa senza un permesso rilasciato dietro mia autorizzazione;

atto presidiabile all'ordine pubblico

PROCLAMA:

ART. I

Il detto territorio é, col presente proclama, dichiarato Zona Militare. Esso é denominato qui di seguito "la Zona Militare".

ART. 2

Di tutti i poteri Governativi e giurisdizionali e della sua preza responsabilità amministrativa sono investito io, nella qualità di Comandante Supremo Alleato del Teatro Mediterraneo di Operazioni e di Governatore della Zona Militare. Tali poteri sono esercitati dalle persone che io nominerò di volta in volta, o sotto la loro direzione.

ART. 3

Tutti i funzionari e impiegati statali e provinciali e tutti gli altri pubblici ufficiali, a meno che non siano destituiti, continuano a esercitare le loro presenti funzioni come funzionari e impiegati alle mie dipendenze.

ART. 4

Chiunque:

- (1) violi o abbia violato una disposizione della legge italiana;
- (2) violi una norma, ordinanza o regolamento relativo alla amministrazione della Zona Militare o agli agenti della medesima;
- (3) trasgredisca un ordine impartito dietro mia autorizzazione o dietro autorizzazione delle Forze Alleate;
- (4) partecipi a una dimostrazione o riunione non debitamente autorizzata;
- (5) dopo il coprifuoco che, fino a nuovo avviso, é dal tramonto all'alba, si trovi fuori di casa senza un permesso rilasciato dietro mia autorizzazione;
- (6) compia un atto pregiudizievole all'ordine pubblico nella Zona Militare;
- (7) compia un atto pregiudizievole alla sicurezza delle Forze Alleate o dei suoi membri;
- (8) cospiri o tenti di compiere, o assista o procuri la consumazione di un atto costituente reato a norma del presente proclama

e/
commette un reato, se riconosciuto colpevole da un Tribunale Militare, può essere punito con la morte o col carcere o con la

././.

multa, o con entrambe queste ultime due pene, a criterio del Tribunale. Per i reati previsti nel numero (1) può essere imposta una pena superiore a quella comminata dal diritto italiano per il reato corrispondente.

ART. 5

Sono istituiti i Tribunali Militari - Essi sono:

- (1) Tribunali Militari Venerali, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, compresa quella di morte;
 - (2) Tribunali Militari Superiori, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte e della reclusione per oltre dieci anni;
 - (3) Tribunali Militari Somari, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte, della reclusione per oltre un anno, della multa che superi le lire 50.000.- o entrambe la reclusione e la multa.
- Quando un Tribunale Militare Superiore o Somario impone una pena detentiva e una pena pecuniaria con un'ulteriore pena detentiva in caso di mancata esecuzione della pena pecuniaria, la durata complessiva della pena detentiva non può eccedere rispettivamente dieci anni e un anno.

ART. 6

A. Chiunque sia condannato da un Tribunale Militare può, entro 14 giorni della condanna, presentare una istanza di revisione della condanna o della pena.

B. Nessuna sentenza di morte può essere eseguita se e fino a quando non sia confermata per iscritto da me e da un ufficiale da me espressamente autorizzato a ciò per iscritto.

ART. 7

25

Il presente proclama entra in vigore nella Zona Militare al momento della sua prima pubblicazione nella medesima.

T A B E L L A

Il territorio sopra menzionato come territorio della

(1) Tribunali Militari Venerali, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, compresa quella di morte;

(2) Tribunali Militari Superiori, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte e della reclusione per oltre dieci anni;

(3) Tribunali Militari Somari, che hanno potere di imporre qualsiasi pena legale, ad eccezione di quella di morte, della reclusione per oltre un anno, della multa che superi le lire 50.000.- o entrambe la reclusione e la multa.

Quando un Tribunale Militare Superiore o Somario impone una pena detentiva e una pena pecuniaria con un'ulteriore pena detentiva in caso di mancata esecuzione della pena pecuniaria, la durata complessiva della pena detentiva non può eccedere rispettivamente dieci anni e un anno.

ART. 6

A. Chiunque sia condannato da un Tribunale Militare può, entro 14 giorni dalla condanna, presentare una istanza di revisione della condanna o della pena.

B. Nessuna sentenza di morte può essere eseguita se e fino a quando non sia confermata per iscritto da me o da un ufficiale da me espressamente autorizzato a ciò per iscritto.

ART. 7

25

Il presente proclama entra in vigore nella Zona Militare al momento della sua prima pubblicazione nella medesima.

T A B E L L A

Il territorio sopra menzionato come territorio della Zona Militare è il seguente:

Harold R. L. S. ALEXANDER,
Maresciallo di Campo
Comandante Supremo Alleato del
Centro "editerraneo di Operazioni

4576
 legal 2884
 (9A)
 ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
 G-5 Section
 APO 512

G-5: 384.4-5

6 March 1945

SUBJECT: Establishment of Military Zones in Italy.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394.

Reference your AC/4176/L dated 9 January 1945 and same reference of 30 January 1945.

- (BA) 1. The draft proclamation attached to your letter of 30 January 1945 has been approved by the Supreme Allied Commander. For purposes of record a copy is attached hereto.
2. No such proclamation will be signed by the Supreme Allied Commander until he has decided to establish a military zone for a particular area. The proclamation can however now be set up in type, leaving the description of the area, and the date to be included after the proclamation has been signed.
3. If an emergency arises the procedure will be as follows:
- a. You will notify us of the emergency, recommend the establishment of the Military Zone and describe the exact area affected (quoting this letter).
 - b. We will submit the request to the Supreme Allied Commander for his decision and present the original proclamation (with the schedule completed) for his signature.
 - c. We will notify you immediately the proclamation has been signed.
 - d. On receipt of such notification you will then have the type completed and the necessary copies printed.

Incl:
 as above.

Charles M. Spofford
 CHARLES M. SPOFFORD,
 Brigadier General, G.S.C.,
 Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5.

2/



9B

P R O C L A M A T I O N

Whereas, it is necessary to establish and maintain law and order in the area described in the Schedule hereto;

NOW, THEREFORE, I HAROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., M.C., A.D.C. Field Marshal, hereby proclaim as follows:

ARTICLE 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ARTICLE 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theater of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone and shall be exercised through and by the direction of such persons as I may from time to time appoint.

ARTICLE 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4

Any person who:

- (1) violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) After curfew, which, until further notice, is from sunset to sunrise, is out of doors without a permit issued under my authority;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (7) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;

ARTICLE 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ARTICLE 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theater of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone and shall be exercised through and by the direction of such persons as I may from time to time appoint.

ARTICLE 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4

Any person who:

- (1) violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) After curfew, which, until further notice, is from sunset to sunrise, is out of doors without a permit issued under my authority;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (7) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (8) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offence under sub para 1 above, the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be prescribed for such offences by Italian law.

ARTICLE 5

Military Courts are hereby established. Such courts shall consist of:

- (1) General Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment including death;
- (2) Superior Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than 10 years;
- (3) Summary Military Court having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than one year or a fine of more than 50,000 lire or both such imprisonment and fine.

Where a Superior or Summary Military Court imposes a term of imprisonment and a fine with a further term of imprisonment in the event of default, the aggregate of such terms shall not exceed 10 years and 1 year respectively.

ARTICLE 6

- A. Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.
- B. No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ARTICLE 7

This proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

SCHEDULE

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows:

(3) Summary Military Court having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than one year or a fine of more than 50,000 lire or both such imprisonment and fine.

Where a Superior or Summary Military Court imposes a term of imprisonment and a fine with a further term of imprisonment in the event of default, the aggregate of such terms shall not exceed 10 years and 1 year respectively.

ARTICLE 6

A. Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.

B. No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ARTICLE 7

This proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

SCHEDULE

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows:

21

HAROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER
Field Marshal
SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER MEDITERRANEAN
THEATER OF OPERATIONS

Dated:

SECRET

8A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

30 Jan 45

AC/h176/L.

SUBJECT: Military Zones.

TO: AFHQ, G-5 Section.

- 1 Further to letter AC/h176/L of 9 Jan 45 and conference at AFHQ last Saturday (Brig. UPJOHN, Lt. Col. JACKLIN and Maj. ANDERSON), herewith is submitted a further draft of the proclamation to be issued by the Supreme Allied Commander for establishment of a military zone.
- 2 After a full discussion at this Headquarters this Commission is of opinion that it would be most unwise to post a proclamation introducing legislation by reference to Proc. 1. After some eighteen months experience of the Italian mind, it is thought that such a device would lead only to confusion and misunderstanding while many of the provisions of Proc. 1 are entirely unsuitable for a military zone in what is ex hypothesi a back area.
- 3 The original proclamation submitted with the earlier letter has been amended in two respects. Attention is drawn to Art. 4, Clauses 5-8 and Art. 5.
- 4 It is not considered that any other amendment is necessary or desirable. It should be noticed that the proclamation can only be required in areas which are at the time Italian Government Territory. AC officers, particularly legal officers, in this territory are working under Italian law and should therefore be sufficiently familiar with the provisions of Italian criminal law to operate Art. 4, Clause 1 of the attached draft. It is felt that Art. 4, as now drafted, provides the necessary legislation to enforce the requirements of the military zone.
- 5 It will be appreciated if the signature of the Supreme Allied Commander could be obtained as early as possible.

For the Chief Commissioner:

21

G.R. UPJOHN, Brig.,
VP CA Section,
DCIS AC.

Encl: Draft of Proc.

PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, it is necessary to establish and maintain law and order in the area described in the Schedule hereto;

NOW, THEREFORE, I HAROLD R.D.G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., M.C., Field Marshal, hereby proclaim as follows:

ARTICLE 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "the Military Zone."

ARTICLE 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theater of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone and shall be exercised through and by the direction of such persons as I may from time to time appoint.

ARTICLE 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4

Any person who:

- (1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) After curfew, which, until further notice, is from sunset to sunrise, is out of doors without a permit issued under my authority;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (7) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (8) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offence under sub-para 1 above, the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be

ARTICLE 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is herein-after called "the Military Zone."

ARTICLE 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theater of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone and shall be exercised through and by the direction of such persons as I may from time to time appoint.

ARTICLE 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4

Any person who:

- (1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) After curfew, which, until further notice, is from sunset to sunrise, is out of doors without a permit issued under my authority;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (7) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (8) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offense;

shall be guilty of an offense and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offense under sub-para 1 above, the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be prescribed for such offense by Italian law.

ARTICLE 5

Military Courts are hereby established. Such courts shall consist of:

- (1) General Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment including death;
- (2) Superior Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than 10 years;

3) Summary Military Courts having power to impose any lawful punishment other than death or imprisonment for more than one year or a fine of more than 50,000 lire or both such imprisonment and fine.

Where a Superior or Summary Military Court imposes a term of imprisonment and a fine with a further term of imprisonment in the event of default, the aggregate of such terms shall not exceed 10 years and 1 year respectively.

ARTICLE 6

A. Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.

B. No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ARTICLE 7

This proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

SCHEDULE

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows:

HAROLD R.L.C. ALEXANDER
Field Marshal
SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER MEDITERRANEAN
THEATER OF OPERATIONS

DATED:

SECRET.

7A

Ref: AG/4176/1.

9 January 1945.

SUBJECT: Military Zones.

TO : Allied Force Headquarters, attn: G-5 Section.

1. On each occasion when occupied territory has been restored to Italian administration the terms of restoration have expressly reserved the following right:

"The right to declare any area a Military Zone and to exercise therein the rights of an occupying power or enforce such other as may be determined by the Allied Commander-in-Chief".

2. Recently disturbances have occurred in territory which has been so restored and there is the possibility of similar disturbances taking place in such circumstances that the power to declare an area a military zone may have to be exercised at short notice.

3. To meet such an emergency, a form of proclamation establishing a Military Zone has been prepared: a copy is attached.

4. The description of the zone, which will be set out in the schedule to the proclamation, has inevitably been left blank. This course has been adopted so that prints of the body of the proclamation can be prepared in advance, leaving only the schedule to be completed after the final decision has been taken.

5. Will you please submit the attached form of proclamation to the Supreme Allied Commander for his consideration and, if he approves, for his signature?

6. On receipt of the proclamation signed, the necessary arrangements for the printing thereof will be put in hand.

7. It is presumed that the Supreme Allied Commander will desire to appoint a person to carry out his orders in a military zone. It is thought that it would only complicate matters and that it is in fact quite unnecessary to appoint a Deputy Military Governor and that all that is required is that the Supreme Allied Commander should appoint the Chief Commissioner, Allied Commission, to be his Chief Civil Affairs Officer of any Military Zone that may be created and thereupon the ordinary channel of command from the Supreme Allied Commander will operate in the territory restored to regional control.

WALTER G. BROWN
Lieutenant General, USA,
Chief Commissioner

Incl: Copy of Proclamation.

off to report, they will not be present. I must write my mother and inform her of the contents which

DECLARATION

WHEREAS, it is necessary to establish and maintain law and order in the area described in the Schedule hereto;

NOW, THEREFORE, I HEROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., M.C., Field Marshal, hereby proclaim as follows:

ARTICLE 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ARTICLE 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theatre of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone and shall be exercised through and by the direction of such persons as I may from time to time appoint.

ARTICLE 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4

Any person who:

- (1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (7) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court

ARTICLE 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ARTICLE 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theatre of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone and shall be exercised through and by the direction of such persons as I may from time to time appoint.

ARTICLE 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4

Any person who:

- (1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (7) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offence under sub-para 1 above, the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be prescribed for such offence by Italian law.

ARTICLE 5

Military Courts, which shall be General, Superior or Summary Military Courts, are hereby established and have such jurisdiction as shall be conferred upon them respectively.

for Annex Substituted the previous Art 12 of Para 1. (Leave out title and first word "Article")

Physical appearance of basement was in August 1968 was not very good. The basement was in poor condition. The basement was in poor condition. The basement was in poor condition.

5. After campfire while waiting for the water to boil, the water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

Several specimens were taken from the water. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(1) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(2) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(3) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(4) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(5) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(6) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(7) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(8) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(9) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

(10) The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good. The water was not very good.

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ARTICLE 6

- A. Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 12 days of conviction present a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.
- B. No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ARTICLE 7

This Proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

EXHIBIT 3

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows:

HAROLD R. L. G. ALEXANDER
Field Marshal
SOUTH AFRICAN ARMY
THEATRE OF OPERATIONS

DATED:

ARTICLE 7

This Proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

SCHEDULE

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows:

HAROLD R. L. G. ALFONSO
Field Marshal
SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER MEDITERRANEAN
THEATRE OF OPERATIONS

DATED:

page 2

SECRET

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

AC/4176/L.

/rlp.
30 December 1944.

SUBJECT : Military Zones.

TO : Regional Commissioner, SICILIA Region.

1. In reply to your RLE 013.13/MC of 19 Dec 44, this Commission has considered the question of the issue of proclamations in the event of military zones being created in any particular area.

2. It has been decided that it is not necessary to issue any of the existing proclamations. A special proclamation has been prepared of which a copy is annexed. *LB*

3. This proclamation has not yet been submitted to Field Marshal Alexander but action is being taken to obtain his approval thereto. So far as is known, Field Marshal Alexander has not delegated the authority to create a military zone so that the decision in each case would have to be taken by him personally.

4. You will notice that the area of the military zone is not defined in the body of the proclamation, but reference is made to the schedule. If the proclamation is approved and signed by Field Marshal Alexander, a certain number of printed copies will be prepared with the schedule left blank. It should then be possible for the area to be typed in without any undue waste of time.

By command of Rear Admiral STONE:

G. W. Urychin
G. W. URYCHIN, Brigadier
VP CA Sec
Dep CCB, AC

Incl: copy of procl.

Copy to: File AC/4074/L.

SECRET

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P R O C L A M A T I O N

WHEREAS, it is necessary to establish and maintain law and order in the area described in the Schedule hereto;

NOW, THEREFORE, I HAROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O., M.C., Field Marshal, hereby proclaim as follows;

ARTICLE 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone."

ARTICLE 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theater of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone.

ARTICLE 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4

Any person who,

- (1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military Zone;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (7) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court, be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offence under sub-para 1 above, the

ARTICLE 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone."

ARTICLE 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theater of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone.

ARTICLE 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall, unless dismissed, continue in their present duties as officials or employees under my orders.

ARTICLE 4

Any person who,

- (1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian law;
- (2) Violates any rule, order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof;
- (3) Disobeys any order given under my authority or the authority of the Allied Forces;
- (4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not duly authorized;
- (5) Does any act to the prejudice of good order or the Military Zone;
- (6) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of the Allied Forces or any member thereof;
- (7) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the commission of any act hereby constituted an offense;

shall be guilty of an offense and shall, upon conviction by a Military Court, be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offense under sub-para 1 above, the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be prescribed for such offense by Italian law.

ARTICLE 5

Military Courts, which shall be General, Superior or Summary Military Courts, are hereby established and have such jurisdiction as shall be conferred upon them respectively.

ARTICLE 6

A. Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present a petition for review of conviction or sentence.

B. No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ARTICLE 7

This proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

SCHEDULE

The area above referred to being the area of the Military Zone is as follows;

HAROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER
Field Marshal
SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER MEDITERRANEAN THEATER
OF OPERATIONS

Dated,

Whereas for the establishment and maintenance of law and orders it has been found necessary to declare certain areas to be military zones.

And Whereas this commune is situated in an area so declared to be and is a Military Zone.

Now therefore I.....etc. Do hereby ~~order~~ ^{direct} that the following ^{order} shall come into force and be observed in the said military zone.

(then continue with Art. 2 re numbering it 1.)

DRAFT

(5B)

Ref : AG/4176/L

26 Dec 44

SUBJECT : Proclamations

TO : R.C. Sicilia Region

Declaration of a Military Zone reference your HLE DL3/MC of
19 Dec.

- 1 It is considered that the use of Proclamations 1, 2 and 3 would not be appropriate but that a Special Proclamation should be used. One is in draft and copies will be sent to you as soon as it is approved.
- 2 The matter is being treated as one of urgency but if it should unfortunately become necessary to declare a Military Zone before the proclamation is approved and reaches you, you will,.....

22 DEC 1944
ALLIED COMMISSION
SICILIA REGION HEADQUARTERS
APO 394

22 DEC 1944

19 December 1944

FILE: RLE 013.13/MC

SUBJECT: Proclamations.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission - APO 394.
(Attn: Legal Sub-Commission)

1. It has recently come to my notice that this HQ. has no supply of the new Proclamations, which might possibly be required in the event of any part of Region 1 being declared a Military Zone.
2. Such an event is not of course anticipated or even probable but I consider it advisable to have the forms available for use in any possible emergency.
3. May I therefore please have 2000 copies of the Revised Proclamations 1, 2 and 3.
4. The above is written on the assumption that these Proclamations would be again used as I am not aware of any special Proclamation for use on such declaration of Military Zone or in the event of a re-occupation of territory.
5. If this matter has already been considered at HQ. I should also be obliged for information on any decisions made as to the powers to be exercised in any such Military Zone and as to which Proclamations should normally be posted.

Proc. drafted

not considered that they would be used

have been printed but not yet printed

It has to specify are & hardly practical to

M. Carr
M. CARR,
Brigadier,
Regional Commissioner.

sf

6104
10

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
AFC 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

SECRET

Ref: 4/35.2/01

2nd December, 1944.

SUBJECT: Intervention by the Allied Commission
at the request of the Italian Government.

TO : Chief of Staff.

1. Reference your 2506/CMS dated 20th November, 1944. I think a restatement should be made of the principles and problems involved in the declaration of military zones.

This paper is only concerned with the question of a declaration of a military zone where it has become necessary or desirable by reason of some civil disorder involving the rendering of military aid, and not with the declaration of a military zone for purely operational reasons.

2. Where a civil disorder has led the local authorities to ask for Allied military assistance to quell the disorder three distinct problems have to be faced:

- (a) It is for the local Allied Military Commander to decide whether to call out the military forces in aid of the civil power.
- (b) It is then a matter for SALARIO, or the persons duly authorised by him to decide whether to constitute a military zone.
- (c) It is then a matter for decision as to what form of military control should be instituted in the military zone.

As to para 2(a), the problem is a difficult one and I do not believe it is possible to formulate with great precision the principles on which the local Military Commander should be guided in giving assistance. Each set of circumstances must be judged as it arises and the decision must be at the discretion of the Military Commander. It has been laid down by AFM in a recent directive dated 24th September, 1944, (see 2506/CMS para 23 para 2(b)) that assistance should only be given if the local Commander is of the opinion that it is necessary for the protection of Allied military interests, but I doubt whether this is a comprehensive guide as a few examples will show.

For instance, if there is a riot, even a serious one, in the future there would be no real threat to our military interests, but it might be desirable (assuming Allied forces in sufficient numbers to be available in Calais) to render assistance in aid of the civil power to prevent widespread loss of life and breakdown of the local civilian administration, or a possible spread of the trouble. Confronted with this a very minor riot in the port of Bari might

1. Reference year 2606/005 dated 28th November, 1944, I think a statement should be made of the principles and problems involved in the declaration of military zones.

This paper is only concerned with the question of a declaration of a military zone where it has become necessary or desirable by reason of some civil disorder involving the rendering of military aid, and not with the declaration of a military zone for purely operational reasons.

2. Where a civil disorder has led the local authorities to ask for Allied military assistance to quell the disorder three distinct problems have to be faced:

- (a) It is for the local Allied Military Commander to decide whether to call out the military forces in aid of the civil power.
- (b) It is then a matter for SACEM, or the various duly authorized by him to decide whether to constitute a military zone.
- (c) It is then a matter for decision as to what form of military control should be instituted in the military zone.

3. As to para 2(a), the problem is a difficult one and I do not believe it is possible to formulate with great precision the principles on which the local Military Commander should be guided in giving assistance. Each set of circumstances must be judged as it arises and the decision must be at the discretion of the Military Commander. It has been laid down by AWM in a recent directive dated 24th September, 1944 (see 2606/005 folio 23 para 2(b)) that assistance should only be given if the local Commander is of the opinion that it is necessary for the protection of Allied military interests, but I doubt whether this is a comprehensive guide as a few examples will show.

For instance, if there is a riot, even a serious one, in Catanzaro there would be no real threat to our military interests, but it might be desirable (assuming Allied forces in sufficient numbers to be available in Catanzaro) to render assistance in aid of the civil power to prevent widespread loss of life and breakdown of the local civilian administration, or a possible spread of the trouble. Contrasted with this a very minor riot in the port of Bari might render it necessary for the local Commander to render assistance in order to secure an uninterrupted flow of military supplies to armies in the north.

I think it is easy to over-estimate the importance of disorder in Rome which is of little significance in the purely military sense. In Rome, it appears that the governing factor must be the desirability of leaving the Italian Government to deal with its own problems to the maximum possible extent, but it may be necessary to render military assistance to avert serious loss of civilian life or destruction on a widespread scale. For instance if a large Communist meeting on the Palatine Hill leads to such grave disturbances as to give rise to a serious probability that there will be grave loss of civilian life and destruction of property, immediate interference by the military might be essential.

BEST COPY POSSIBLE

- 2 -

even though there was no real suppression as to the safety of the Allied troops. On the other hand a riot of a few hundred prisoners in the Regina Coeli prison constitutes no threat to military security (now that security interests have been removed) and probably we should not interfere with such a riot until the Italian Government have shown themselves so incapable of dealing with it as to lead to disruptions in other parts of the city.

To sum up, it merits consideration as to whether the local military commander ought to decide to a request to lend military assistance if in the circumstances of any particular case:

- (a) Allied military interests will be directly affected, or
 - (b) where it is necessary to prevent widespread loss of civilian life and damage to property with the possibility of a serious breakdown of civilian administration in any area.
4. (a) As to para 2 (b) above, SACED has under various agreements with the Italian Government ample power to declare military zones whenever he deems it desirable to do so, and down to the present the attitude has always been taken that the rendering of military assistance in aid of the civil power will always be followed by the declaration of a military zone (see 26/6/58 folio 2 para 7, folio 18 para 7, folio 23 para 2(b)), but I think that this proposition requires reconsideration.

There is no legal or other principle which requires the giving of military assistance to be followed by the declaration of a military zone and though it may be a useful threat to hang over the head of the Government that the one will follow the other, it may not always be desirable to do so. For instance if troops are called out to quell a riot in Catanzaro, where I am assuming we have no military interest, there may well be no need as a matter of military necessity to establish a military zone.

Even where we have a direct military interest as in the port of Bari, there may be no need as a matter of military necessity to declare a military zone unless it is believed that a withdrawal of military aid will give rise to an immediate resurgence of the trouble or unless it is necessary for the reorganization of the area in the interests of our military installations.

To sum up, from a purely military angle it does not appear to be possible to lay down any principles upon which the declaration of a military zone should follow the giving of military aid, and each case as it arises must be judged on its own merits by those responsible.

(b) The above sub-paragraph does not take into consideration the political standpoint, but has dealt with the problem solely as a matter of military necessity.

As I have pointed out above we have always threatened that the of military aid would be followed by the declaration of a military zone if purely military considerations do not demand such a declaration. No convincing reason why political considerations should do so.

(b) where it is necessary to prevent widespread loss of civilian life and damage to property with the possibility of a serious breakdown of civilian administration in any area.

4. (a) As to para 2 (b) above, SACRED has under various agreements with the Italian Government, under power to declare military zones whenever he deems it desirable to do so, and down to the present the attitude has always been taken that the rendering of military assistance in aid of the civil power will always be followed by the declaration of a military zone (see 1606/300 folio 2 para 7, folio 18 para 7, folio 23 para 2(b)), but I think that this proposition requires reconsideration.

There is no legal or other principle which requires the giving of military assistance to be followed by the declaration of a military zone and though it may be a useful threat to hang over the head of the Government that the one will follow the other, it may not always be desirable to do so. For instance if troops are called out to quell a riot in Catanzaro, where I am assuming we have no military interest, there may well be no need as a matter of military necessity to establish a military zone.

Even where we have a direct military interest as in the port of Bari, there may be no need as a matter of military necessity to declare a military zone unless it is believed that a withdrawal of military aid will give rise to an immediate recurrence of the trouble or unless it is necessary for the reorganisation of the area in the interests of our military installations.

To sum up, from a purely military angle it does not appear to be possible to lay down any principles upon which the declaration of a military zone should follow the giving of military aid, and each case as it arises must be judged on its own merits by those responsible.

(b) The above subparagraph does not take into consideration the political standpoint, but has dealt with the problem solely as a matter of military necessity.

As I have pointed out above we have always threatened that the giving of military aid would be followed by the declaration of a military zone. If purely military considerations do not demand such a declaration no compelling reason why political considerations should be so. Policy to support the Italian Government and the declaration of a zone in Rome might have very serious repercussions on that Government. Other than the declaration of a military zone in Catanzaro it is not for military reasons would not, I suspect, affect the prestige of the Italian Government, and there would seem to be no good reason for declaring a military zone in any case.

To sum up, it seems to me that the question as to whether the giving of military assistance should be followed by the declaration of a military zone can only be decided on the merits of each particular case.

5. As to para 2 (c) above, if it is decided to declare any military zone then the Allied authorities can impose any form of control from the assumption of mere police duties up to complete control. It is my view that where a military zone is created A.M.C. should keep

- 3 -

fully imposed and it can be partially relaxed as may seem desirable after quite a short period, even as short as 24 hours. The Legal Sub-Commission has prepared a draft form of Proclamation which seems to me to be appropriate to meet any likely circumstance, and a copy is attached.

With regard to the area to be declared such a zone, I have carefully considered your suggestion that a particular building such as the Regina Hotel should be declared a military zone. The suggestion is, if I may respectfully say so, impractical, but I doubt if it is sound. If trouble occurs in our building only it would seem more appropriate to give military assistance and then to withdraw without declaring a military zone rather than take over a particular building. If the Government are incapable of running one establishment they must be so weak that it would appear desirable to take over a much larger area of their administration. Furthermore, there would be a real danger that the Government would fall in the first phase to take adequate steps to deal with the problem if they realized that we were willing to take over small trouble spots and relieve them of their responsibilities in respect thereof, and it must be borne in mind that the taking over of a prison, even in Rome, would not, I think, enhance the prestige of the Government unduly.

To sum up, I think that for administrative reasons it would be unwise to take over anything less than an administrative sub-division of the country, e.g. a province or, as in Naples, a comune. Col. Cherman informs me from personal experience that he thinks we should not get into difficulties if we adopt anything less than an administrative sub-division of the country.

6. In my opinion the whole problem requires review and I trust that this paper - which has the concurrence of the Directors of the Legal and Public Safety Sub-Commissions - may point out in greater detail than has hitherto been done the problems and difficulties that arise. My own view is that it is impossible to lay down beforehand any clear cut principles, except in the rather general way which I have done above. Each case as it arises must be judged in the light of all the circumstances, i.e. military interests, the locality, strength and character of the disorder, and finally the position, attitudes and actions of the Government in the matter.

V. P. P.
 V. P. P., Brig.
 V. P. P. Section.
 1947.

Encl. Draft Proclamation.

Copy to: Political Section.
 Legal Sub-Commission.
 Public Safety Sub-Commission.

prepared a draft form of proclamation which seems to me to be appropriate to meet any likely circumstance, and a copy is attached.

With regard to the area to be declared such a zone, I have carefully considered your suggestion that a particular building such as the Hagia Sophia should be declared a military zone. The suggestion is, if I may respectfully say so, ingenious, but I doubt if it is sound. If trouble occurs in one building only it would seem more appropriate to give military assistance and then to withdraw without declaring a military zone rather than take over a particular building. If the Government are incapable of running one establishment they must be so weak that it would appear desirable to take over a much larger area of their administration. Furthermore, there would be a real danger that the Government would fail in the first place to take adequate steps to deal with the problem if they realised that we were willing to take over small trouble spots and relieve them of their responsibilities in respect thereof, and it must be borne in mind that the taking over of a prison, even in Rome, would not, I think, enhance the prestige of the Government unduly.

To sum up, I think that for administrative reasons it would be unwise to take over anything less than an administrative sub-division of the country, e.g. a province or, as in Naples, a comune. Col. Chapman informs me from practical experience that he thinks we should soon get into difficulties if we adopt anything less than an administrative sub-division of the country.

6. In my opinion the whole problem requires review and I trust that this paper - which has the concurrence of the Directors of the Legal and Public Safety Sub-Commissions - may point out in greater detail than has hitherto been done the problems and difficulties that arise. My own view is that it is impossible to lay down beforehand any clear cut principles, except in the rather general way which I have done above. Each case as it arises must be judged in the light of all the circumstances, i.e. military interests, the locality, strength and character of the disorder, and finally the position, attitude and actions of the Government in the matter.

J. R. P. P. P.
 J. R. P. P. P., Brig.,
 HQ CA Section.
 1945.

Encl. Draft Proclamation.

Cover to: Political Section
 Legal Sub-Commission.
 Public Safety Sub-Commission.

PROCLAMATION

Whereas it is necessary to establish and maintain law and order in the area of

described in the Schedule hereto.

described in the Schedule hereto

Now, therefore, I HARRY S. TRUMAN, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim as follows:-

ART. I

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ART. 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theatre of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone, and shall be exercised under the direction of such Deputy Governor as I may appoint.

ART. 3

All states, provincial or other public officials or employees shall continue in their present duties as officials or employees under the orders of the Deputy Governor unless dismissed by him.

ART. 4

Any person who:

- 1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian Law.
- 2) Violates any rule order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof.

- 3) Disobeys any order given under the authority of the Allied Forces or the Deputy Governor.

b

Now, therefore, I HAROLD P. LAC. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., G.S.I., D.S.O.,
K.C., Field Marshal, hereby proclaim as follows:-

ART. 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is
hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ART. 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative
responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied
Commander Mediterranean Theatre of Operations and Governor of the Military
Zone, and shall be exercised under the direction of such Deputy Governor as
I may appoint.

ART. 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall
continue in their present duties as officials or employees under the orders
of the Deputy Governor unless dismissed by him.

ART. 4

Any person who:

- 1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian Law.
- 2) Violates any rule order or regulation governing the
administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants
thereof.
- 3) Disobeys any order given under the authority of the
Allied Forces or the Deputy Governor.
- 4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not authorized
by the Deputy Governor.
- 5) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the
Military Zone.
- 6) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security
of the Allied Forces or any member thereof.
- 7) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures
the commission of any act hereby constituted an offence.

shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction by a Military Court

- 2 -

be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offense under sub para 1 above the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be prescribed for such offense by Italian law.

ART. 5

Military Courts, which shall be General Superior or Summary Military Courts, are hereby established and shall have such jurisdiction as shall be conferred upon them respectively.

ART. 6

- a) Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present to the office of the Deputy Governor a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.
- b) No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ART. 7

This Proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

HAROLD E. L. G. ALEXANDER
Field Marshal
SIR HENRY ALLIED COMMANDER MEDITERRANEAN THEATRE
OF OPERATIONS

DATED:

SCOTT DUE

The annex also refers to light area 14-

Trilling Zone is a Prison.

ART. 5

Military Courts, which shall be General Superior or Summary Military Courts, are hereby established and shall have such jurisdiction as shall be conferred upon them respectively.

ART. 6

- a) Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present to the office of the Deputy Governor a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.
- b) No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorized in that behalf by me in writing.

ART. 7

This Proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

HAROLD R. L. G. ALEXANDER
Field Marshal
CHIEF OF THE ARMY MEDICAL SERVICES
OF OPERATIONS

DATED:

Letter No. 2

The area also referred to by the name of the

Training Zone is as follows:—

PROCLAMATION

Whereas it is necessary to establish and maintain law and order in the area of the city of Rome included within the following boundaries namely :-

On the NORTH, by the NORTH side of VIA DELLE MANTELLATE

On the EAST, by the EAST side of VIA DELLA LUNGARA

On the SOUTH, by the SOUTH side of VIA SAN FRANCESCO DI SALES
the WEST side of VIA DELLE PENITENZE and the
SOUTH side of VICOLO SAN FRANCESCO DI SALES

On the WEST, by the WEST side of VIA SAN FRANCESCO DI SALES.

Now, therefore, I HAROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O.,
M.C., Field Marshal, hereby proclaim as follows :-

ART. 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ART. 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theatre of Operations and Governor of the Military Zone, and shall be exercised under the direction of such Deputy Governor as I may appoint.

ART. 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall continue in their present duties as officials or employees under the orders of the Deputy Governor unless dismissed by him.

ART. 4

Any person who :

- 1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian Law.
- 2) Violates any rule order or regulation governing the administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants thereof.
- 3) Disobeys any order given under the authority of the Allied Forces or the Deputy Governor.
- 4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not authorised

On the WEST, by the WEST side of VIA SAN FRANCESCO DI SALES.

Now, therefore, I HAROLD R.L.G. ALEXANDER, G.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O.,
M.C., Field Marshal, hereby proclaim as follows :-

ART. 1

The said area is hereby established as a Military Zone and is
hereinafter called "The Military Zone".

ART. 2

All powers of Government and jurisdiction and final administrative
responsibility in the Military Zone are vested in me as Supreme Allied
Commander Mediterranean Theatre of Operations and Governor of the Military
Zone, and shall be exercised under the direction of such Deputy Governor
as I may appoint.

ART. 3

All state, provincial or other public officials or employees shall
continue in their present duties as officials or employees under the
orders of the Deputy Governor unless dismissed by him.

ART. 4

Any person who :

- 1) Violates or has violated any provision of Italian Law.
- 2) Violates any rule order or regulation governing the
administration of the Military Zone or any inhabitants
thereof.
- 3) Disobeys any order given under the authority of the Allied
Forces or the Deputy Governor.
- 4) Takes part in any demonstration or assembly not authorised
by the Deputy Governor.
- 5) Does any act to the prejudice of good order of the Military
Zone.
- 6) Does any act to the prejudice of the safety or security of
the Allied Forces or any member thereof.
- 7) Conspires or attempts to commit, or assists or procures the
commission of any act hereby constituted an offence.

Shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction by a Military

./.

Court be liable to punishment by death or by imprisonment or fine or both as the Court may determine and in respect of any offence under sub para 1 above the punishment which may be imposed shall not be limited to such punishment as may be prescribed for such offence by Italian law.

ART. 65

Military Courts, which shall be General Superior or Summary Military Courts, are hereby established and shall have such jurisdiction as shall be conferred upon them respectively.

ART. 76

- a) Any person convicted by a Military Court may within 14 days of conviction present to the office of the Deputy Governor a Petition for Review of conviction or sentence.
- b) No sentence of death shall be executed unless or until confirmed in writing by me or by an officer expressly authorised in that behalf by me in writing.

ART. 87

This Proclamation shall come into effect throughout the Military Zone upon its first publication therein.

Dated

HAROLD R.L.C. ALEXANDER
Field Marshal
SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER MEDITERRANEAN THEATRE
OF OPERATIONS

MAPS FILMED ON
35MM ROLL

DRAFTPROCLAMATION

PTH/jjr

WHEREAS, on the relation to Italian administration of (inter alia) the territory described in the schedule hereto, the right was reserved to declare any area a Military Zone, and so again to exercise therein the rights of an occupying power or to enforce such other controls over the same as might be determined by the Allied Commander in Chief

And WHEREAS, it is now deemed necessary to declare the territory described in the schedule hereto to be a military zone, and again to exercise therein the rights of an occupying power:-

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Harold R.L.G. ALEXANDER, CCB, CSI, DSC, MC, Field Marshal, Supreme Allied Commander in the Mediterranean Theatre of Operations and Military Governor of Italy, hereby proclaim as follows:

1. That the area described in the schedule hereto is declared to be and shall from the date hereof become a Military Zone and that all powers of Government and jurisdiction in such Military Zone and over its inhabitants and final administrative responsibility are re-vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander and Military Governor, and shall be exercised by or through the Chief Commissioner of the Allied Commission in his capacity as Chief Civil Affairs Officer of occupied territory under Allied Military Government in Italy.
2. All proclamations, orders, notices or regulations applicable in other parts of Italy at present under Allied Military Government shall, except as may be specifically varied in writing, apply to the area of the Military Zone described in the schedule hereto, ~~X~~ effective as and when published therein, as if such area had not been restored to the administration of the Italian Government and had remained territory administered under Allied Military Government.

rights of an occupying power:-

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Harold R.L.G. ALEXANDER, CCB, CSI, DSC, MC, Field Marshal, Supreme Allied Commander in the Mediterranean Theatre of Operations and Military Governor of Italy, hereby proclaim as follows:

1. That the area described in the schedule hereto is declared to be and shall from the date hereof become a Military Zone and that all powers of Government and jurisdiction in such Military Zone and over its inhabitants and final administrative responsibility are re-vested in me as Supreme Allied Commander and Military Governor, and shall be exercised by or through the Chief Commissioner of the Allied Commission in his capacity as Chief Civil Affairs Officer of occupied territory under Allied Military Government in Italy.
2. All proclamations, orders, notices or regulations applicable in other parts of Italy at present under Allied Military Government shall, except as may be specifically varied in writing, apply to the area of the Military Zone described in the schedule hereto, ~~as~~ effective as and when published therein, ~~as~~ if such area had not been restored to the administration of the Italian Government and had remained territory administered under Allied Military Government.

SCHEDULE

H.R. ALEXANDER
Supreme Allied Commander, Mediterranean Theatre

Notes:

- a) Type to be set but not to be printed till after signature by SAC
- b) Form designed so that all existing proclamations, etc. as now printed can be used.

0561