

ACC

10000/143/281

VP'S INT
AUG., SEPT

10000/143/281

VP'S INTER-OFFICE MEMOS & FIELD TRIPS
AUG., SEPT. 1945

CONFIDENTIAL

17 SET. 1945	14001	17/7	189
SULL ATTLES SOUTHERN		17/7	
BOZAI - SOUTHERN		17/7	
DEPUTY DIVISION		17/7	
ASST. OFFICER		17/7	
PUBLIC		17/7	
IN. &		17/7	
PL.		17/7	
ADM		17/7	
SELL IV		17/7	
CHIEF CLU		17/7	

(c) Organization: No opportunity was afforded of discussing personally with the GOC XIII Corps the question of the nomenclature to be used in connection with Col. BOZAI's appointment. The matter, however, was discussed with the GCS who stated that the GOC was not in favor of making any change in the existing nomenclature.

(b) Report required on certain territory. This matter was discussed with the GOC XIII Corps and not received any definite reply to his D/G Letter in which he suggested that the matter should be dealt with by the specific Committee set up at ADHQ, but it was understood that the discussion was still under consideration. Instructions that the report was to be prepared by AD were received on 7 Sep 45 and immediately handed to GCS, who referred the matter to HQ XIII Corps on the morning of September 8th. GOC considered that XIII Corps would require much more detailed information to assist them in providing the information. It is understood that this matter has now been settled by the GOC or officers from this Headquarters to obtain the necessary information from XIII Corps HQ.

(c) Transmissions: During a visit to BOZAI (where the A/HQ was given, Lt. Col. MacARTHUR, the CO being away) it was reported that the local military authorities had received instructions from Higher authority as regards transmission between German and working on the railways, etc., and civilians and transportation between Allied personnel and Reich, German-speaking civilians. This situation was now considered to be satisfactory.

(d) Italian Troops, BOZAI - Discipline. The A/HQ was of the opinion that incidents were decreasing and that the situation had improved.

(e) Return of Detained Italians to TRIVENETO. As regards Italians who had moved or been deported into Yugoslavia territory and the agreements made that they should be returned to TRIVENETO, Lt. Col. GAN said that none or very few had so far returned to their families. Constant applications were received at AD HQ VENITA, CAVALLA regarding their return. AD HQ VENITA CAVALLA considered that the strongest possible pressure should be brought to bear on the Yugoslav authorities to implement the agreements made.

(a) Organization: No opportunity was afforded of discussing personally with the Q.O. III Corps the question of the name of officer to be used in connection with Col. BONILLA's appointment. The reason, however, was discussed with the Q.C. who stated that the Q.O. III was not in favour of making any change in the existing nomenclature.

(b) Report received on certain territory. This matter was discussed with the SDAO and SGS. The GOC XIII Corps had not received any definite reply to his D/C letter in which he suggested that the matter should be dealt with by the Special Committee set up at A/QO, but it was understood that the suggestion was still under consideration. Instructions that the report was to be forwarded by A/QO were received on 7 Sep 45 and immediately handed to SGS, who referred the matter to VENZLA Corp on the morning of September 10th. SGS considered that XIII Corps would require much more detailed information to assist them in providing the information. It is understood that this matter has now been settled by the disposal of officers from this headquarters to obtain the necessary information from XIII Corps.

(c) Transmissions: During a visit to SGS (where the A/QO was seen, Lt. Col. Leon T.M. the M. 3rd C.R.) it was reported that the local military authorities had received instructions from higher authority re regular retransmission between certain SOS messages on the railways, etc., and civilians and communication between Allied personnel and Reich German-speaking civilians. The situation was now considered to be satisfactory.

(d) Italian troops, BUZILO - Discipline. The A/QO sees fit the opinion that incidents were occurring and that the situation had improved.

(e) Return of Deported Persons to VENZLA. As regards Italians who had moved or been deported into Yugoslav territory and the agreements made that they should be returned to VENZLA, QMIL - H.Q. A/QD said that none or very few had so far returned to their families. Constant applications were received at A/QD VENZLA regarding their return. In A/QD VENZLA considered that the strongest possible pressure should be brought to bear on the Yugoslav authorities to implement the agreements made.

2. PUBLIC SAFETY

(a) Special Police Force - VENZLA, QMIL. This matter was discussed with GOC XIII Corps, SGS, T-207 Marshall and Lt. Col. STURGEON. Those concerned have all the necessary details as regards CO. 328. It was agreed that they also have a competent Ordnance Officer to advise them, what they did require was the assistance of a Finance Officer in the compilation of the scales of pay, allowances, etc., which they were endeavouring to draw up. A telegram was dispatched from HQ VENZLA QMIL recommending reinforcement of one or more Finance Officers. I will pursue this with the Finance Sub-Commission.

The prospects of obtaining clothing and equipment for the force had very much improved and the CGS A/T Crops was satisfied with the present position.

It was understood that authority for the formation of this Special Police Force was still awaited from CGS. As regards enrollment - 190 applicants were under training. Beyond this number were 2,000 other applicants, 800 of whom had already been finally passed and another 600 needed but not yet screened.

(b) VILLETTA REGIONS - Auxiliary Police.

The question of their future when AGS was withdrawn was discussed with the NC. It transpired that the strength of these auxiliary police is approximately 3,300. They were formed from ex-Partisans and while they come under the Questore they have not been absorbed into the normal Police Services as was the policy laid down for other Regions in the North.

They have, it seems, been authorized by Prefect's decree - in the case of FALMI Province alone a Prefect's decree exists authorizing establishment of auxiliary police of 1,000. The NC showed me a draft letter which he proposed sending to Prefects, telling them that the matter was one to be settled between Prefects and the Italian Government. I gave, as my view, that as the territory was under AGS and these auxiliary police had been authorized under decree approved by AGS, some other solution should be effected at this stage. The Italian Government were already informed HQ AG that they cannot withdraw these auxiliary police forces in the provinces.

(c) Questori - LIBERTÀ Region.

Regional Public Safety Officer reported that 3 new Questori and one Vice-Questore had been asked for and were elected very recently. Since the original application, a request has been made for a new Questore for SICILIA province which would mean no Questori in all 4 provinces in LIBERTÀ.

A new Questore for LA SPEZIA was reported to have arrived there on Saturday, 8 Sep 45. He came from MODENA and was 60 years old. He was asked to report to Provincial Headquarters the following Monday, 10 Sept., but it was stated that he had gone off to AGS as his did not like the look of the situation. Public Safety Sub-Commission to pursue. - *Naga* *Sgt*

(d) General, Public Safety conditions in the North seemed to be improving. This is probably mainly due to the arrival of fresh Allied troops and the support which is being given by these troops to the Guabbiendi whose morale in many places is improving. This brings out the importance of letting the Commissari and other Police Agencies efficiently armed and equipped at this stage in possible so that as and when Allied troops are withdrawn, this reaction is not too severe.

2 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLICE

(a) BOZZO. Discussed with A/TC the situation as regards combination of Questori and Commissari of the Commissari to determine facts

(b) VENETO - Auxiliary Police. The question of their future when the German régime was dissolved with the N.D. It transpired that the strength of these auxiliary police is approximately 2,300. They were formed from ex-Partisans and while they come under the Question they have not been absorbed into the normal Police agencies as was the Police laid down for other Regions in the North.

They have, it seems, been authorised by Prefect's decree - in the case of PARMA, Province alone a Prefect's decree exists authorising an establishment of auxiliary police of 1,000. The HQ showed me a draft letter which he proposed sending to Prefects, telling them that the matter was due to be settled between Prefects and the Italian Government. I have, as my view, that as the territory was under A.G. and these auxiliary Police had been authorised under decree approved by A.G., some other solution should be attempted at this stage. The Italian Government have already informed A.G. that they cannot authorise these auxiliary police forces in the provinces.

(c) Questori - LIGURIA section. Regional Public Safety Officer reported that a new Questore and one Vice-Questore had been arrested for and were expected very shortly. Since the original application, a request has been made for a new Questore for Liguria province which would mean new Questori in all 4 Provinces in LIGURIA.

A new Questore for LA SPEZIA was reported to have arrived there on Saturday, 8 Sep 45. He came from MODENA and was 66 years old. He was asked to report to Provincial Headquarters the following Monday, 10 Sept., but it was stated that he had gone off to R.G.T. as he did not like the look of the situation. Public Safety Sub-Commission to pursue. - *Sign.*

(d) Generally, Public Safety conditions in the North appeared to be improving. This is probably mainly due to the arrival of fresh Allied troops and the support which is being given by these troops to the Carabinieri whose morale in many places is improving. This brings out the importance of getting the Carabinieri and other Police Agencies efficiently armed and equipped at this stage if possible so that as and when Allied troops are withdrawn, the reaction is not too severe.

3. LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND ELECTION

(e) BOLZANO. Discussed with A/H the situation as regards compilation of Electoral rolls. The President of the Commission to determine facts in cases of doubtful citizenship had spent a few days in BOLZANO and was now in ROME. It seems urgent that the Italian Government should give a ruling as to the legal position in regard to citizenship of those who opted to go to Germany under the Hitler-Mussolini Agreement. Until such a ruling is given, the Commission cannot get to work. Local Government Sub-Commission to pursue.

(f) As regards Separation in BOLZANO province, the Provincial Legal Office still considered that an amendment to DL 159 to cover any Nazis holding office was still advisable. It was admitted that under G.O. 25, and the existing provincial Orders, Nazis holding higher offices could be dismissed if they were German citizens but they would defend on the grounds that they were not German citizens. In this connection, the

ziling at the Italian Government referred to in the previous sub-
ject is also recorded. The Legal Officer felt that there might
still be some outstanding cases of Nazis to be dealt with after
the 2nd Partition and that the I.M.G. would be informed.
Enquiry was made very slow progress. It was estimated that,
GOC had been received and so far the result had been one suspension.

- (c) VENEZIA GIULIA. The directive from GOCB that the Italian system of
futritional Commissari must be introduced in VENEZIA GIULIA and Government by
mid the year 1945 was discussed with the GOC, A.I.M. Corps
by G.C. II. A reply to this effect had already been sent to A.I.M. or
H.Q. Local AGS opinion was strongly opposed to any introduction
of Italian nomenclature at this stage.
- (d) I attended a meeting of Area Commissioners regarding the implementation
of G.C. II and possible non-co-operation on the part of the Slovenes.
The Area Commissioners were all of the opinion that the Slovenes would
co-operate, generally speaking, were it not for the directions which
were being given to them above.
- I later listened in at a meeting between the Deputy SCAA and I.M.
SKK who is President of the Yugoslav National Committee at TRIESTE.
SKK stated that the Slovenes would co-operate but not under G.C. II.
He asserted that this was a decision taken by himself as President
and his Local Committee and that he had not received any instructions
in the matter from higher authority nor had he issued any orders to
Yugoslav adherents in VENEZIA GIULIA not to co-operate. In making
these statements it is very doubtful whether he was telling the truth.
The Deputy SCAA stated that G.C. II would be implemented without
Slovene representation, but SKK was informed that Councils might be
re-arranged later if Slovenes decided to co-operate. In Councils which
were entirely Slovene and where the appointment of communal councils
would be impossible, direct Military Government would be applied if
necessary.
- (e) Compilation of Electoral Lists. This matter was discussed with GOC
A.I.M. Corps and SCAA. No letter had, at that time, been received from
A.I.M. or AG HQ, on this subject. In general, the GOC was not opposed to
all the Preliminary work being put in hand at this stage but he was not
in favour of actual compilation commencing at once. He agreed that
compilation of the rolls must be under AGC order which could be based
on Italian legislation. He felt, however, that some provision must be
made for inclusion in the rolls of non-Italian subjects who were normally
resident in VENEZIA GIULIA.
- In this connection a registration was now being carried out of every
person who was a resident in VENEZIA GIULIA on 1 May 45 and still in
VENEZIA GIULIA. The registration was to be divided into 3 categories,
i.e. normal residents, Yugoslavs normally not resident and Italians
normally not resident.

Government must be introduced in VENEZIA GIULIA and Government by the SDAC since General opinion was that the position was covered by G.O. II. A reply to this effect had already been sent to RIC or RIC, Local and opinion was strongly opposed to any introduction of Italian administration at this stage.

- (d) I attended a meeting of Area Committees concerning the implementation of G.O. II and possible co-operation on joint part of the Slovenes. Two Area Commissioners were all of the opinion that the Slovenes would co-operate, generally speaking, were it not for the directions which were being given to them from above.
- I later listened in at a meeting between the Deputy SCAC and M. BENE who is President of the Yugoslav National Committee at TRIESTE. M. BENE stated that the Slovenes would co-operate but not under G.O. II. He asserted that this was a decision taken by himself as President and his Local Committee and that he had not received any instructions in the matter from higher authority nor had he issued any orders to Yugoslav adherents in VENEZIA GIULIA, not to co-operate. In making these statements it is very doubtful whether he was telling the truth. The Deputy SCAC stated that G.O. II would be implemented without Slovene representation, but M. BENE was informed that Councils might be re-arranged later if Slovenes decided to co-operate. In Communes which were entirely Slovene and where the appointment of communal councils would be impossible, direct military government would be applied if necessary.

- (e) Compilation of Electoral Lists. This matter was discussed with GOC VENEZIA GIULIA and SCAC. No letter had, at that time, been received from M. BENE on the subject. In general, the GOC was not opposed to all the preliminary work being put in hand at this stage but he was not in favour of actual compilation commencing at once. He agreed that compilation of the rolls must be under AND order which would be based on Italian legislation. He felt, however, that some provision must be made for inclusion in the rolls of non-Italian subjects who were normally resident in VENEZIA GIULIA.
- In this connection a recommendation was now being carried out of every person who was a resident in VENEZIA GIULIA on 1 May 45 and still in VENEZIA GIULIA. The registration was to be divided into 3 categories, i.e. normal residents, Yugoslavs normally not resident and Italians normally not resident.

4 ITALY

- (a) Special Assize Courts - BULGARIC Province. Provincial Legal Officer reported that the Italian Government pending decree to enable these courts to try Nazi as well as Fascist collaborators was still awaited.
- 5 Matters of more detail have been put direct to Sections or Sub-Commissioners concerned.

DISTRIBUTION: Chief Commissioner
Executive Commissioner
Police (A)
Police (B)

Chief Legal Advisor
Public Safety Sub-Commission
Local Government Sub-Commission

ThL

CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

MEMORANDUM

2A

-1 SET. 1945

31 August 45

TO: Director, Public Safety Sub-Commission.

The following points arose at the Executive Commissioner's meeting this morning which affect your Sub-Commission.

- 1 A question has arisen as to the desirability and possibility of increasing the strength of the CC.RR.

In accordance with the figures you gave me, I reported the pre-war strength of the CC.RR. and pointed out that they were, in existing circumstances, carrying out extraneous duties.

It seems to me that we have got to tackle this matter from the point of view of the over-all picture and as a first step we might get from the Chief of Police the present authorised strength of all police agencies such as the CC.RR., Agents of Public Security, Railway Police, Highway Police, Economic Police, etc and, if possible, a table comparing their present authorised strength with that of pre-war.

- 2 The Executive Commissioner said that during his tour of the North, M.C.s. raised the question of the payment of Public Security Agents and possibly of personnel of other Police Agencies which were above authorised strength. I think the point was that, while such surplus personnel could be paid while the territory is under A.M.C., that Prefects could not budget for this additional expenditure when the territory came under the Italian Government. *Have we had the point raised before?*

- 3 After the meeting I spoke with the Executive Commissioner about the MODENA Camp situation. I am not certain that we are not working on the wrong lines. It may be that we are quite wrong in planning to take out of prisons a large number of political prisoners and put them in a tented camp with probably no beds, mattresses, straw, blankets, etc., in the face of winter. However, this situation would be primarily a matter for the Italian Government and I think we ought to warn the particular Department or Ministry which deals with this matter, of the conditions which will probably exist in any camp taken over.

The Executive Commissioner mentioned a camp at TERMEI which was said to be a very large camp and composed of huts or buildings. The Ex. C. said he thought that you would know all about this camp. Is this a possible line of approach to the problem?

M. CARR.
Brigadier,
VP CA Section.

2460

Copy to: CSO CA Section.

29 AUG 1948

CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

INTER-OFFICER MEMO

TO: Director, Public Safety Sub-Commission.

28 Aug 45

The following matters arose at the Executive Commissioner's conference this morning which affect you:

- 1 It was agreed that a paraphrase of the Top Secret wire on the subject we were discussing with MTA this morning, should be sent to Regional Commissioners in the North.

As agreed, you are opening a file on the subject. I think all we need do is to send a telegram or a letter to RCs in the North to say that certain instructions have been issued and that they should get into touch with local District or Sub-Area Commanders on the subject. Please let me see draft.

- 2 As regards the camp at MODENA, Col. Hoakes of MTA said that he understood that MTOUSA were offering another camp - probably one at PESA. It was suggested that we should press C-5 AFHQ regarding the allocation of this camp. I presume that by this time we have got a wire off to AFHQ about the disaster of MODENA Camp. If so, all we could do would be to send a following telegram saying that unofficial information had been received that MTOUSA had another camp under consideration. But we should first decide who is dealing with this matter because I see from a previous minute of the Executive Commissioner's meeting that Land Forces Sub-Commission were handling it.

- 3 The question was raised as to the pre-war strength of the Carabinieri in Italy and I was asked to furnish the figure. Please let me have the information if available.

mQ

M. CARR,
Brigadier,
VP CA Section.

2432

1918