Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ACC

10000/143/1006

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

10000/143/1006

REGINA COELI JAIL
AUG. 1944 - NOV. 1945

Minute Sheet

To: C.O. Victoria 12A-75A
~~1A-2A-3A~~ 4A. Regina
Coal disturbance: Chief Commissioner to
entrusted
23 July 1945

Glassco
Col. D.A.D.

Ex. Commissioner 2/

Files 1-4 for information.
First reports on Regina Coal strike.

23 July H.Q. Report now being drafted
in A.F.H.Q.

D.S. Bontoncarter
CAS. L-61

Quick

3/
First report received
1A. 28/7.

C. A. Sec 4/

Seen by Chief Commissioner & Ex. Commissioner.

27/7

(85)

15[illegible]

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Min. 48.

To J.P., cas.
64A for information.

6/4/45.

To Public Safety s/c 6 April.
I think a strong case on which we can ask AFHQ to
derequisition any Prisons VP will only put this up if he can
show strong cause viewing the position all over Italy
A.D'Bonhamfast- Lt Col

- Min.50 -

7 April 1945

VP CA Sec.

An urgent appeal for sufficient transport to transfer 800 prisoners from Regina Coeli to outlying prisons has been received from Ministry of Grace & Justice. The appeal is made as a result of a riot and jail break of 5 [redacted] wherein extensive damage was done and some prisoners escaped. Present population of prison is about 2100.

Because of consistent failure on the part of the Italian Judiciary to speed up processing of prisoners, in spite of all Allied efforts to expedite trials, and since the Ministry has shown little or no initiative in preventing such conditions from occuring repeatedly, this Sub-Commission is prepared to adopt a hands-off policy.

It is not considered that derequisitioning of prisons will be of any assistance in this situation. It is purely the problem of the Minister of Grace and Justice.

In view of Regina Coeli's position, however, the above is forwarded for any comment you may have.

Chapman

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, DPS.

7 April 45.

51

Public Safety

VP notes your views and agrees that the problem is due to the causes indicated

While we might help with transport if really necessary it is better to force them up to the last minute. They can usually do it! I understand that prisoners are moving to Sardinia

As a matter of interest, how many prisons in liberated Italy are occupied by requisitioned? Could Capt Freeman give

A.D'Bonhamfast Lt Col.

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show strong cause viewing the position all over Italy
A.D Bonham-Carter Lt-Col

- Min.50 -

VP CA Sec. 7 April 1945

An urgent appeal for sufficient transport to transfer 800 prisoners from Regina Coeli to outlying prisons has been received from Ministry of Grace & Justice. The appeal is made as a result of a riot and jail break of 5 [redacted] wherein extensive damage was done and some prisoners escaped. Present population of prison is about 2100.

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In view of Regina Coeli's position, however, the above is forwarded for any comment you may have.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, DPS.

7 Apr 45.

51

Public Safety

VP notes your views and agrees that the problem is due to the causes indicated. 150

While we might help with transport if really necessary it is better to force them up to the last minute. They can usually do it! I understand that prisoners are moving to Sardinia.

As a matter of interest, how many persons in liberated Italy are occupied by requisitions? Could Capt Freeman give

A.D Bonham-Carter Lt Col.

11-4-45

52

to. CAS. 1. Spaces in prisons on mainland requisitioned by army total 2283. would accommodate 5000 plus.
2. Ministry advised of attitude taken.

R.M. Freeman, Capt.
for DPS PS S/C

Thank you
11/4

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MINUTE 47

For the Record - Re Minute 45.

On 16 December 1944 at the directive of C.O.S. (minute 36) transmitted to P.S. by C.A.S. (minute 37) P.S. prepared and submitted for signature the letter at folio 43A in accordance with the instructions in the above mentioned minutes. The letter dated 20 December was actually submitted on 19 December. The file was held between the C.A.S. and the C.O.S. until 22 December when it was returned with the suggestion that a conference be held on the subject. By my own hand the file was taken to C.A.S. for informal discussion on that point as it was and is my opinion that the matter cannot be settled by conference with R.A.A.C. but must be submitted for decision to higher authority. On 28 December C.A.S. was of the same opinion and prepared minute 43 to that effect recommending that the letter be signed and dispatched which apparently was cancelled. The file was then returned to P.S. at an undetermined date. I was requested to submit list of conferences which had been previously held. The list was prepared by the Prisons Officer (folio 54A) as a report to me (not having the file at the time). Thus it went on the right hand side of the file and became a letter. Had it been put on the left hand side it would have been a minute. (A very picayunish criticism). Again in minute 45 it was recommended that this letter at 43A be signed. On 7 January 1945 by minute 46 P.S. was notified that letter would not be signed until after an inspection of the Gabelli Institute which was laid on for 9 January 1945. Our records indicate that during the period covered the file has been out of the possession of P.S. for at least half the time.

Another phase of this matter must be recorded as it is typical. Discussion of the advisability of a conference with R.A.A.C. was held with the Deputy Director P.S. in the offices of the C.O.S. without the knowledge of or advise to the Director thus foreclosing any opportunity of his expressing his opinion at the initial stage.

On 9 January V.P. and Director P.S. inspected Gabelli Institute and agreed that it must be retained for juvenile delinquents. At conference 10 January, V.P. and Director P.S. it was agreed that not only conference with R.A.A.C. would serve no useful purpose but that the letter at 43A should not have been addressed to R.A.A.C. but to A.F.H.Q. with request for decision. V.P. agreed to write such a letter.

It is pointed out that the letter at 43A is of such character that, whether or not conferences were held, it was unnecessary to withhold signature and dispatch.

Finally under date of 16 January 45, the V.P. C.A. Section got the letter written and dirpatched to A.F.H.Q.

Chapman

Chapman, Colonel,
Director Public Safety S/C

22 January, 1945.

15 U

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42

PS.

Draft at 43 A has been approved but it is considered that it is desirable to try to settle this matter personally without recourse to the formality of the letter. The letter however expresses the views to be put forward at any conference.

Will you please arrange an [illegible] [illegible] this matter can be settled.

[illegible signature]

CAS.
27 DEC. 1944

43.

COS

There have already been several meetings both with RAAC and the RC. We have discussed the position (Brig Upjohn – Col Chapman) and I am of opinion that no useful purpose will be served by attempting another meeting. I recommend that the letter (copy at 43A) be signed and despatched.

CAS.
28 DEC. 1944

[illegible]

To CGS.

For information: Letter of Prisoners Officers

[illegible signature]
Col – D.P.S.

4/1/45

45.

VP.

The letter for which your signature is now asked was drafted on 20th Dec when you were away, in response to the [illegible] of COS to take a [illegible] "fully [illegible] and watertight".

The draft was [illegible] by him but was not to be sent if the matter could be [illegible] of [illegible] a round table conference.

Col Chapman stated that many conferences [illegible] been held and that a further conference would serve no purpose.

You instructed me to obtain [illegible] of these conferences.

Min 42 was written on 22nd Dec and in spite of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] it has taken 16 days to 15[illegible] obtain the reply at 54A (which should have been a [illegible] [illegible] a letter) – I can see nothing in 54 A which [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] paper.

[illegible] informal and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a reason for not [illegible] [illegible] conference.

[illegible] [illegible] delayed. It is requested [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] as a record of our views and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

There have already been several meetings both with RAAF and the RC. We have discussed the position (Brig Upjohn - Col Chapman) and I am of opinion that no useful purpose will be served by attempting another meeting. I recommend that the letter (copy at 434) be signed and despatched.

CAS.
28 DEC. 1944

Lt Col Bse.

For information: Letter of Prisons Officer

C Chapman
Col - D.P.S.

4/1/45

[illegible]

1 JAN 1945

P.S. Before signing this letter I would like to inspect the Gaiola Inst + Fort Boccea on Tuesday at 1400 if this can be arranged. I should like Col Chapman to attend.

7 Jan 44

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PS.

Please see para 3c of Admin memo 29 of AFHQ dated
It is considered that the request to give up the East reformatory
is not reasonable within the terms of this para

Please write a reasoned letter stating all the facts and
that juveniles cannot be placed in other prisoners. that
in any case other prisoners are unprovided with the Italian
Parcels is unsatisfactory etc: Copy to AFHQ. — and if hope is good
enough to be provided AFHQ should the request — in the circumstances
is unreasonable. — the reasons there for instances hitting
reasons which if necessary they could give

Please also enable a letter to the Min of Interior refer to
drawing their attention to the fact that there proper channels
of communication is to this dtd. vide AFHQ Admin Instr 45

CAS.
16 DEC. 1944

J.H. Wilson Lt.
Secretary

To Cas Sec. 38

Draft of letter submitted for consideration
and approval.
19/12/44

Wm Hankey Lt.
Public Safety S/C.

COS. 39

Refer min 3c suggested reply is at 43A.
PS will write to the Min of Interior on return of min file.

R.I. Wright Lt.

20 DEC. 1944

15?

40

COS.

We discussed. Before final appeal in wartime let
RC with P.S. Sub Com. meet RAAC and try to

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Please also draft a letter to the Minister of Interior urging their attention to the fact that their proposed amendment of consolidation is to this Act will affect Administration [illegible]

CAS.
6 DEC. 1944

To CAS Sec. 38

Draft of letter submitted for consideration and approval.

19/12/44

Major Hornbuckle
Public Safety S/C.

COS. 39

Refer min 36 suggested reply is at 4 & A.
PS will write to the Min of Interior on return of main file.

20 DEC. 1944

15.x

CSO. 40

We discussed. Before final appeal in writing let R.C. with P.S. Sub Com. meet RAAC and try to arrange a satisfactory compromise. MS/24/xii

41

V.P. CAS

Please see above minute 40. Col Gurney was in this Office this morning. I showed him the file, and he said he agreed that a meeting with RAAC was advisable.

22-12-44.

Staff Major
Office of COS

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TO: C O S

35

Proposed evacuation of the Gabelli Institute.

1. This subject is introduced by a letter dated 6 Nov written by V.P., Civil Affairs Section to RAAC (folio 24A) in which it is said that it has come to notice that the Security Section of RAAC has expressed its intention of taking over the boys reformatory - Gabelli Institute for the security prisoners confined in Regina Coeli Prison. It is pointed out that there are no other reformatories available and there is no alternative except a regular judicial prison and asks for reconsideration.

2. The next development is a letter from RAAC dated 2 Dec inclosing a letter from the Ministry of the Interior on the same subject (folio 40C). This letter discusses the reasons for the demand and why an alternative location, Forte Boccea, is unsuitable. From our point of view it is equally unsuitable for juveniles as Italian Military prisoners are at present accommodated there (minute 33).

3. In conclusion this letter (folio 40 C) requests that the Instituto Gabelli may with as little delay as is practicable be made available wholly to RAAC by the evacuation of the juvenile delinquents and goes on to refer to AFHQ letter dated 26 Nov which in turn covered the AFHQ Administrative Memorandum No 29, subject Accommodation in Italy (folio 1, file 544/COS) pointing out that para 3 of the latter appears relevant.

4. In para 3 AFHQ Administrative Memorandum No 29 it is stated that: "The needs of all Italian agencies whether commercial or private are subordinate to those of the United Nations". This instruction ignores the fact that it is in the Army's interest that civil administration shall work smoothly and in reply to this Administrative Memorandum we presented our case in a letter dated 9 Dec (folio 3, file 544/COS).

5. Summed up the case presented by Civil Affairs Section is that:

a) There is no alternative reformatory to which the boys could be evacuated.

b) Civil prisons are everywhere overcrowded already.

c) In any case prisons are unsuitable accommodation for juvenile delinquents.

6. It is suggested by C.A. Sec that:

a) The matter be reported to RAAC in the terms of para 3 C of Administrative Memorandum No 29 i.e., "The United Nations' agencies will not make ~~unsuitable~~ unreasonable demands".

Alternatively

b) That the matter by raised with AFHQ as a follow up to our letter dated 9 Dec (folio 3, file 544/COS).

7. The matter is submitted to you for decision and I recommend that a

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Alternatively

b) That the matter by raised with AFHQ as a follow up to our letter dated 9 Dec (folio 3, file 544/COS).

7. The matter is submitted to you for decision and I recommend that a draft letter be prepared bringing it to the notice of AFHQ.

14 Dec 44

E.D. Worden
Captain

DCoS. CA Sec. 3L

Action on line of 6 a. with copy to AFHQ – but let our case be fully made & watertight. We should draw attention of this Intern to proper channels which are to AC and not direct to RAAC see AFHQ Admin Instr 48.

JBS (16/XII)

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Minute 54

COS.

Rome Area Command requires more space for security prisoners and asks the Italian Govt to evacuate the Gabelli institute, a reformatory. The Allied Forces have already taken over other reformatories; this is the last one left on the mainland. We have already pointed all this out to RAAC (24A/but their only answer is (see last para but one of 40 C) to point to AFHQs recent letter on accomodation and their Admin Memo 29 (at 1 and 2 of 544 COS). These point out that United Nations needs are paramount whatever inconvenience the Italian Govt or people may suffer.

These instructions ignore the fact that it is to the Army's interest that civil administration shall work reasonably smoothly and that it cannot function if it has not the facilities, and we have so represented(see 9 of 544/COS.)

All civil prisons are grossly overcrowded; it is quite unsuitable to put these boys into such prisons.

Can it be said that the request is an unreasonable demand within para 3 c of folio 1 of 544/COS considering the resources and facilities available to RAAC. In any case it is doubted whether RAAC would accept that view or whether there is any alternative to representations to AFHQ following 9/21.1/CA (at folio 9 on 544 COS).

CA Sec
13 Dec 44.

S.H. WHITE Lt Col
for VP CA Section.

15 c

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COS

29.

31 does only tally submitted to you, and COS has already had a report from PS S/C (see previous minute). Can you say what the present position is. If COS has sent a report to AFHQ can PS have a copy for this file please

CAS
30 NOV. 1944

H.H. Whitby Col
for JP.

30

CA Sec.

Ref 29 above + folio 32 no report has been sent to AFHQ & no further action is contemplated for the present.

J. Worden Capt
Office of COS.

30/1

31

CA Sec.

Attention is directed to folio 40-A-B-C. This subject was discussed with the Minister of Grace and Justice and the Italian officials are not in favor of moving these boys altho they did not refuse but asked for a direct order. This Sub-Commission is not in a position to give a direct order and as a result the boys are still in A. GABELLI.

The letter of the Commanding General of R.A.A.C. request that the institution be made available. This Sub-Commission feels this should be dealt with by higher Headquarters of Allied Commission.

12/12/44

E W Hawley Major
for D.P.O.

32

15 ~

COS

Our representation

PS

Please say whether in your opinion FORTE BRACCA is

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CA Sec.

Ref 29 above + folio 32 no report has been sent to AFHQ + no further action is contemplated for the present.

E.J. Worden Capt
Office of C.S.

30/11

31

CA Sec.

Attention is directed to folio 40-A-B-C. This subject was discussed with the Minister of Grace and Justice and the Italian officials are not in favor of moving these boys altho they did not refuse but asked for a direct order. This Sub-Commission is not in a position to give a direct order and as a result the boys are still in A. GABELLI.

The letter of the Commanding General of R.A.A.C. request that the institution be made available. This Sub-Commission feels this should be dealt with by higher Headquarters of Allied Commission.

12/12/44

E.W. Hawbury Major
for. D.P.S.

32

15 ~

CSO

~~Our appreciation~~

PS

Please say whether in your opinion FORTE BOCCEA is reasonably suitable for the reception of the boys from the Gabelli Institute

CAS
12 DEC. 1944

for CSO.

Minute
33

TO: C.A. Sec.

Forte Boccea is not suitable for boys. There are Italian Military Prisoners in it at this time.

13/12/44
Room 8 5th Floor

E. W. Hawbury Major
for. Colonel
D.P.S.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785019

COS

Refer 32.

31 were submitted to you, and Capt Hoffman has also
done a report (see previous minute). Can you say what
the present position is. If you have read any report in
AFHQ, can we have a copy for this file.

With regard to 33 the sending of unsolicited reports
by ~~editors~~ outside authorities to London and Washington on
matters relating to the responsibility of this command is
deprecated. The Ambassador, Chief of Mission, should
coordinate the work of his component, and normally there is no need
for action by the separate Service Attachés to communicate with
authority for their particular work. Each component is responsible only
to its own Government Department superior to another, which is not a
Government Department superior to another component which is not a
Service Attaché.

Regards to your friends in the Caucasus

V.P. Many I speak please

R.E.

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22.

Cont

Ref 206 + your minute 20 reply now submitted for your signature.

3/11

CAS

23.

Letter referred to in 21 signed + file returned

4/11

24.

CAS. Loose 23a.

P.S.

25.

If you have not already already written to R.A.A.C. opposing the proposal in para 2 of 23a, please draft a letter to R.A.A.C. for signature of D.C.O.S. (A). See, doing so and telling at in full the reasons for the objection.

Copy
5 Nov. 44.
X. 608.

26

CA Sec

Draft letter to RAAC at 24A for signature

6 Nov 44

15.-
E W H
Public Safety

27

PS

PS see VP's note on draft. The amendment is to

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C.A.S.

Letter referred to in 21 signed + file returned

4/11

2H

CAS. Loose 23a.

P.S.

25

If you have not already already written to R.A.A.C. opposing the proposal in para 2 of 23a, please draft a letter to R.A.A.C. for signature of D.C.O.S. (A). See, doing so and setting out in full the reasons for the objection.

C.A.S.
5 Nov. 44.
X. 608.

26

C.A. Sec

Draft letter to RAAC at 24A for signature

6 Nov 44

15.-
E.N.H.
Public Safety

27

P.S.

P.S. see W.P.'s note on draft. The matter is to be taken up with R.A.F.

28

7 NOV. 1944

C.A. Sec a report was asked for by Capt Worden of C.O.S. office which was given to him is that sufficient?

D.P.S.

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MINUTE SHEET

TO:- C.O.S. 28 Oct '44

I would draw your attention to the fact that the Regional Commissioner has been completely misinformed by his staff officers as to what took place at the meeting in the Palace of Justice on the 25 Sept, and referred to in Para. 2(d) of his letter dated 15 Oct. No orders were at any time given by the DCLO for the release of some 263 prisoners. A strong recommendation was made to the effect that as many prisoners as possible should be released on provisional liberty and lists were carefully gone through by those present at the meeting. Ultimately it was agreed by all present, including the representatives of the Italian Government, that 25 prisoners could properly be released. This was agreed in the presence of the DCLO. It is not understood what is meant by stating that they (Italians) were specifically warned that they were not complying with the order which had been transmitted to them through the Legal ~~Legal~~ sub-commission. As stated above at the close of the meeting all were agreed on the release of 25 prisoners only.

In justice to the DCLO I think this should be pointed out to Col. POLETTI and that subject thereto ~~then~~ the matter should be regarded as closed.

G.R. Rupert

G.R. UPJOHN. Brig.
VF CA Sec.
D.C.O.S.

GRU/ynb

20

DCOS CAS.

I agree - Please draft letter (for my signature).
What action has been taken on page 19 A?

MS/29.X

21

To COS.

1. Herewith draft letter. 15-6
2. As to 19a. (a) It is understood that all security prisoners have been removed but I

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to the effect that as many prisoners as possible should be released on provisional liberty and lists were carefully gone through by those present at the meeting. Ultimately it was agreed by all present, including the representatives of the Italian Government, that 23 prisoners could properly be released. This was agreed in the presence of the DCLO. It is not understood what is meant by stating that they (Italians) were specifically warned that they were not complying with the order which had been transmitted to them through the legal ~~...~~ sub-commission. As stated above at the close of the meeting all were agreed on the release of 23 prisoners only.

In justice to the DCLO I think this should be pointed out to Col. POLETTI and that subject thereto ~~...~~ the matter should be regarded as closed.

G.R. Rhyne

G.R. RHYNE. Brig.
VP CA Sec.
D.C.O.S.

GRH/jmb

Dear CAS. 20

I agree - Please draft letter (for my signature).
What action has been taken on page 19 A?

MS/29.X.

21

To COS

1. Herewith draft letter. 15-6
2. As to 19a. (a) It is understood that all security prisons have been reported but I am asking PS. to check again.

(b) i This was found to be unnecessary as A.A.I. in a recent directive have recognised the position that security prisons are a military responsibility who go to P.O.W. cages. See also recent directive at 21a.

b(ii) action not yet taken but will be immediately. GRRhyne

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MINUTE SHEET

To C.A Section (Through Legal)

Please see 20B. with legal please note any Comment they may have

E. W Hanbury Major
for. John W Chapman Colonel
D. P. S.

Public Safety
27. Oct 54

No "orders" of any kind were issued by ACC Hq. A strong recommend-ation was made that immediate provisional liberty be granted to all suitable personnel. After the lists had been partially examined 23 persons were found who were charged with small crimes, but who were said to be recidivists in petty crimes. The above recommendation was agreed and the Prov. Gov. Team agreed to release these 23 men. DCLA (the Sole representative of Hq ACC) then left the conference

2/Oct 54

[illegible]
CA
DCLA

1604- C.A Section.

The agreement over release of prisoners from Regina Gaol jail did not involve PS, SC. At a/pleas that it is between yourself and Regis Regis. Why should we annoy the Fuehrer?

J.W.C.

PS.

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27. Oct 44

D. P. S.

No "orders" of any kind were issued by ACC Hq. A strong recommendation was made that immediate provisional liberty be granted to all suitable persons. After the lists had been partially examined 23 persons were found who were charged with small crimes, but who were said to be recidivists in petty crime. The above recommendation was rejected and the Prov. Gen. Staff agreed to release these 23 men. DCLA (the sole representative of Hq ACC) then left the conference.

2/Oct 44

DCLA

A60A- E.A. Section.

The argument over release of prisoners from Regina Gaol jail did not involve PS, S/C, At all. What it is between yourself and Legis Regina. 15 J

Why should we carry the torch?

J. Hk

PS.

The reason for carrying these letters on a PS file are

a./ your file should be complete and show every thing that occurs otherwise you may be let down

b./ we carry no file on your subject - so it can have no other home

It is quite in order for CAS or higher echelon to operate on your file if a matter on your subject reaches a high level.

CAS.
27 OCT. 1944

for CSO.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

(Translation M.C.)

23 NOV. 1945

91A

MINISTRY OF GRACE AND JUSTICE

General Direction of Prisons

Office VI

Rome I6 Nov. I945

NºI48657/25-2I

R

Repl.to sheet AC/I4232/P.S. 22.IO.45

91A

To: ALLIED COMMISSION
SUB COMMISSION OF P.S.
R O M E

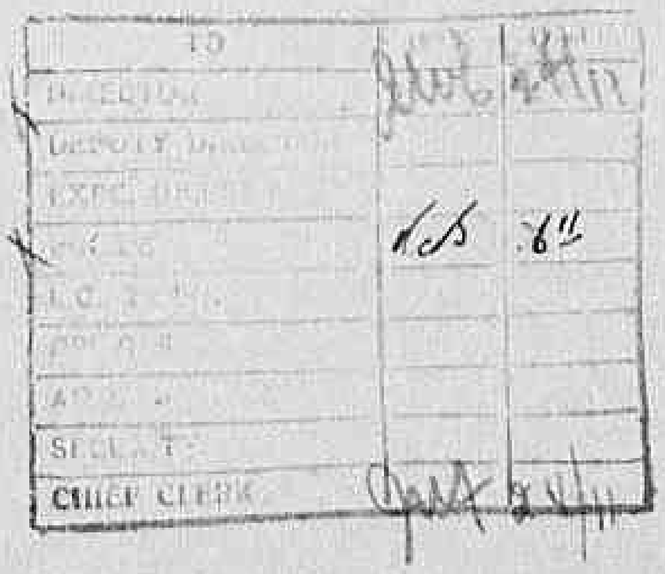
SUBJECT: Overcrowding of Regina Coeli.

Referring to a/m number,we communicate that this Ministry has never reglected to follow day by day the critical situation of Regina Coeli Jail, caused by the gross overcrowding of prisoners,and we have never, failed,when a possibility presented itself,to thin out number of prisoners and transfer them to other Institutes better fitted out.

But these measures were not sufficient to counterbalance space,capacity of said Prison owing to continual increase of prisoners and daily arrests brought about by the spread of criminality.

This Ministry trusts to remedy,at least for the moment,this alarming situation,by making use of a few wings of the not yet completed new Rebibbia Prison.

Since the 3I of Oct.last,we have provided to the transfer of 300 prisoners from said prison;but said thinning out has not been brought about in full,through want of the necessary authorization requested to the various judicial authorities on which prisoners de$ended.



For the Minister

VOLPE

15.

Mod. 1348 M.G.

19/XI

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

Direzione Generale per gli Istituti di prevenzione e di pena

Roma, 16 NOV. 1945

Ufficio VI

Prot.n.148657/25-21

Risp.al f.N.AC/14232/P.S.
del 22/10/1945

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione per la P.S.
ROMA

OGGETTO: Carcere di Regina Coeli - Affollamento.

Con riferimento al foglio sopra indicato, si comunica che questo Ministero non ha mai tralasciato di seguire, giorno per giorno, la critica situazione del carcere di Regina Coeli, derivante dall'eccessivo affollamento di detenuti in tale carcere, e non si è mancato, quando la possibilità di posti in altri istituti lo ha permesso, di porvi rimedio con opportuni tempestivi sfollamenti.

Ma tali rimedi non sono valsi a ristabilire un certo equilibrio tra la effettiva capienza del carcere in parola e le presenze in continuo aumento, e ciò a causa del crescente dilagare della delinquenza e dei conseguenti numerosi arresti giornalieri.

Questo Ministero ha fiducia di porre riparo almeno momentaneamente a tale allarmante situazione, mercè l'utilizzazione di alcuni padiglioni del nuovo carcere di Rebibbia, in corso di definitive sistemazione.

Intanto, sin dal 31 ottobre scorso, si è provveduto a sfollare dal precitato carcere in diverse sedi 300 detenuti; tale sfollamento però è stato eseguito solo in minima parte, dovendo le diverse Autorità giudiziarie, alle quali è stato richiesto, concedere il necessario nulla osta per l'allontanamento dei detenuti a loro disposizione.

Del Ministro

151

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Ufficio V

Prot.n.148657/25-21

Risp.al f.N.AC/14232/P.S.
del 22/10/1945

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione per la P.S.
ROMA

OGGETTO: Carcere di Regina Coeli - Affollamento.

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Pel Ministro

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ac/1232/95

Direzione del

Passporto detenuti

Fogl. n° 1044

Prov. di Roma
1° ottobre 1945

Denominazione e località del Campo	Capacità	Numero
Campo Mandamentale di Palombara Sabina loc. Palombara	25	4

30 settembre 1945

Gerardi Romano

All Persons Officers, Public Safety Sub-Commissioners
HQ Allied Commission, Sia Vietto -
Roma

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ac/A-32/PS - All. 10A

Direzione del

Rapporto detenuti

1094

Prov. di Roma
1° ottobre 1945

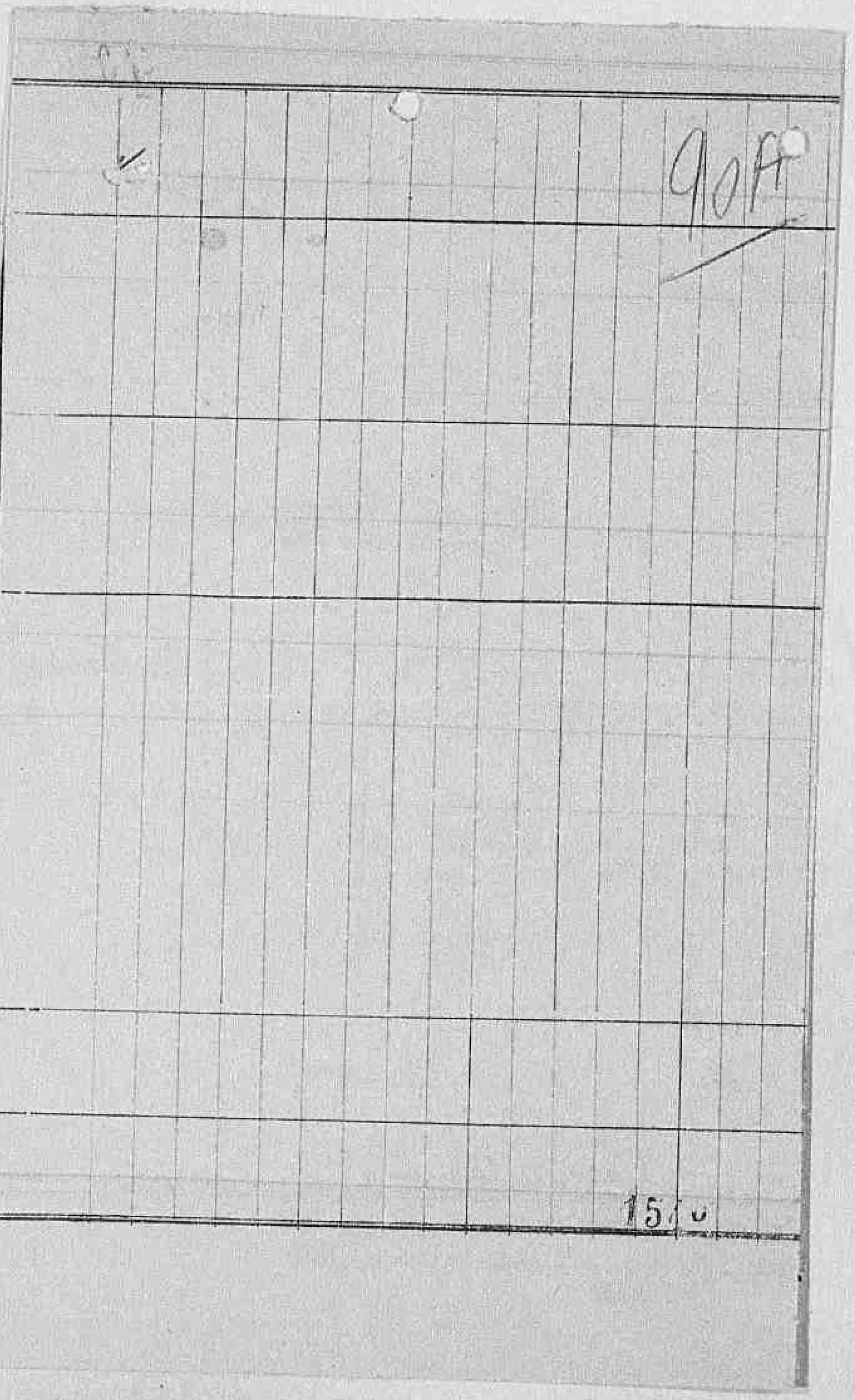
Denominazione e località del Campo	Capacità	Numero detenuti
Campo Mandamentale di Palombara Sabina loc. Palombara	25	4

30 settembre 1945

Gerardi Romano

Prisoner Officer, Public Safety Sub-Commission
HQ Allied Commission, Via Veneto -
Roma

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016



Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

89A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub Commission
APO 394

AC/14232/PS

22 Oct.43

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison

TO : Ministry of Grace and Justice

1. The attention of your Ministry is called to the progressively increasing population of Regina Coeli prison which contains approximately 1700 prisoners at the present time.

2. New arrests are exceeding releases and transfers at a rate which will insure the population reaching even more critical proportions in a very short time. In the light of past experience with this prison great concern is now felt over disturbances which may develop because of the progressive overcrowding of this most troublesome institution.

3. It is therefore suggested that every attempt be made to reduce the number of inmates at this prison by all means possible, and that this Sub commission be informed of the action taken or the contemplated program.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, JAGD
Director

15/c

RWF/pl

Copy to: HQ. Rome Area Allied Command.

1224

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

(Translation N.C.) Rome 25 Aug.1945 88A

MINISTRY OF GRACE AND JUSTICE

Office VI

To ALLIED COMMISSION
SUB-COMMISSION P.S.
R O M E

87A

Nº 141318

Ans. Nº A C/14232 P.S. of 4.8.45

SUBJECT: The transfer of Regina Coeli inmates.

Referring to a/m letter we inform that only two hundred inmates were transferred from ROME judicial jail to Naples Poggioreale. Though in same Ministerial you were also informed that an equal number of inmates were transferred from Poggioreale to S. EFRAMO Lunatic judicial Asylum.

Consequently, the two hundred inmates from ROME replaced the same number transferred to S. EFRAMO.

Comformably to arrangements made with that Honourable Commission, the Lunatic Asylum of S. EFRAMO had been evacuated of all its patients, hence, no obstacles to said transfer.

Concerning the late arrival of these prisoners at Naples - and the non- notice to Dr. Bonomi, we beg to inform you that these- transfers were arranged with utmost care, and that they took place according to the number of transportation placed at the disposal of this Ministry; we duly informed Dr Bonomi by phone, but could not precise the exact hour of arrival.

For the Minister

VOLPE

TO	INIT	DATE
DIRECTOR		
DEPUTY DIRECTOR		
EXEC. OFFICER	DVA	1-9
PMGO		
LEGAL		
	PMG	1-9
CHIEF		

— NFA.

15

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Mod.805 MG

28 AGO. 19[illegible]

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Roma 25 agosto 1945

Ufficio VI
Sez. 1ª 14131°

Risposta al foglio 1ª A 5/14232 P.S.
del 4/8/1945

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione di P.S.
Roma

OGGETTO Sfollamento delle carceri di Regina Coeli.-

In relazione al foglio sopra indicato, si conferma che dalle carceri giudiziarie di Roma furono trasferiti alle carceri giudiziarie di Napoli Poggioreale soltanto duecento detenuti.-Con la stessa ministeriale n.2208 del 20 luglio fu però comunicato a codesta Commissione che uguale numero di detenuti era stato trasferito dalle carceri giudiziarie di Poggioreale al manicomio giudiziario di S.Eframo.

Ne consegue che nessun aumento si è verificato nella popolazione detenuta delle carceri giudiziarie di Poggioreale, perchè i duecento detenuti ivi giunti da Roma hanno preso il posto dei duecento trasferiti a S.Eframo.-

Il manicomio di S.Eframo era stato già sgombrato di tutti i ricoverati; non vi era quindi alcun ostacolo perchè vi fossero trasferiti i duecento detenuti delle carceri di Poggioreale, giusta gli accordi presi con codesta Commissione.-

Circa l'arrivo ad ora tarda del convoglio dei detenuti a Napoli, e il mancato preavviso al Dott.Bonomi, è da tener presente che le

./. 15[illegible]

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

partenze dei detenuti furono effettuate con eccezionale premura, e man mano che i mezzi di trasporto venivano posti a disposizione di questo Ministero; ma erano stati presi accordi telefonicamente, e in tempo utile, col Dott.Bonomi, senza che si potesse però precisare l'ora dell'arrivo.-

Pel Ministro

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

File 84A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 124

Tel : 475709

4 August 45

AC/14-32/39

SUBJECT : Evacuation of Regina Coeli - Transfer of Prisoners to Poggioreale Judicial Prison

TO : Ministry of Grace and Justice.

86A

1. Reference is made to receipt of a copy of your communication Prot.205/1.10.3, dated 30 July 1945 addressed to Regional Inspector Dr. Romeo, Naples.

2. In this communication your Ministry states that in consequence of an agreement with Allied Commission, 200 prisoners from here would be transferred to the Judicial prison at P. Regina and 200 prisoners would likewise be transferred to the Judicial prison of Poggioreale.

3. It is called to your attention that no agreement was arrived by this Sub-Commission to transfer 200 prisoners to Poggioreale. Approval of transferring 200 prisoners to Regina Coeli, after the evacuation of that institution, was given and confirmed by this communication, AC/14-32/39, dated 19 July 1945, addressed to Mr Ray Hedley with a copy to your Ministry.

4. A report from Naples indicates that sufficient advance notice was not given to Mr Romeo and that serious consequences could easily have developed when the 200 prisoners arrived at Poggioreale at 2300 hrs.

5. The attention of your Ministry is directed to this unfortunate state of affairs with the hope that

15.2

6-8-45

Copied to Amb Kirby Smith and Lt

1228

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

such incidents will not re-occur. As indicated in Capt. Freeman's recent telephone conversation with Gen. Volpe there is every likelihood that any future attempts to send prisoners to Leavenworth, or other prisons in ANG territory under such circumstances, will result in their being refused admission.

Sincerely yours,

R. M. Freeman Captain

JOHN T. CRAWFORD
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director

JTC:J

File 14-00/XG

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

86A

TRANSLATION L.S

MINISTER OF GRACE AND JUSTICE
General Direction of Prevention on Penal Institute

4232.

Office	N.2208/1.20.1
DIRECTOR	
DEPUTY DIRECTOR	
EXEC. OFFICER	
POLICE	
LIC. & REG.	
PRISONS	
ADMIN.	
INSP.	
CT.	

July 20 1945

SUBJECT : Evacuation from Regina Coeli Prison for repairing works.

After the agreement taken with the Allied Commission for the evacuation of Regina Coeli, being necessary to empty some departments which are in need of restoration, I order as follows:

1) The lunatic judicial Asylum of Naples will temporary be used asjudicial prison.

2) The Officers of the a/m Lunatic Asylum and the guards will continue to do service in the same, during the temporary use.

3) The Direction of the Lunatic judicial Asylum will transfer the Lunatic Prisoner to Aversa.

4) The Direction of the Naples judicial Prison will transfer to the local Lunatic judicial Asylum, 200 prisoners the ~~best~~ least dangerous.

5) The Direction of the judicial Prison of Rome will transfere to the judicial prison of Naples 200 prisoners.

6) The same Direction in the contemporary of the transferment of the 200 prisoners to the Naples prison, will send in a temporary service to Naples Lunatic Asylum n0.5 agents of whom will write their names to this General Direction.

Waiting assurance for the movement already effected. 154

Pris. - Rm 1 4-8-45

For the Minister
/s/ Illegible

Mod. 1348 M.G.

URGENTISSIMA

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E PENA

Ufficio IV°
Prot. n. 2208/I.20.I

Roma, li 20 luglio 1945

All'ISPETTORE REGIONALE - Carcere Giud. NAPOLI
Ai DIRETTORI del Carcere Giud. ROMA
" Manicomio Giud. NAPOLI
" Manicomio Giud. AVERSA

e, per conoscenza:

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA
Sottocommissione di P.S. ROMA
AGLI UFFICI I- II- V- VI- VII- VIII- SEDE

OGGETTO: Sfollamento del carcere di Regina Coeli per lavori di restauro.

In seguito ad accordi presi anche con la Commissione Alleata per lo sfollamento del carcere di Regina Coeli, reso necessario allo scopo di sgombrare integralmente alcuni reparti che devono essere restaurati, dispongo quanto segue:

1) Il Manicomio giudiziario di Napoli viene, temporaneamente, utilizzato per carcere giudiziario comune;

2) I funzionari della Direzione del predetto Manicomio giudiziario e gli agenti di custodia continueranno a prestare servizio nell'istituto durante la sua nuova temporanea destinazione;

3) La Direzione del Manicomio giudiziario di Napoli trasferirà a quello di Aversa i detenuti folli ivi ricoverati;

4) La Direzione del carcere giudiziario di Napoli trasferirà al Manicomio giudiziario locale 200 detenuti, scegliendoli fra quelli meno pericolosi;

5) La Direzione del carcere giudiziario di Roma è autorizzata a trasferire al carcere giudiziario di Napoli 200 detenuti;

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

DIREZIONE GENERALE PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E PENA

Ufficio IV°
Prot. n. 2208/I.20.I

Roma, li 20 luglio 1945

All'ISPETTORE REGIONALE - Carcere Giud. NAPOLI
Ai DIRETTORI del Carcere Giud. ROMA
" Manicomio Giud. NAPOLI
" Manicomio Giud. AVERSA

e, per conoscenza:

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA
Sottocommissione di P.S. R O M A
AGLI UFFICI I- II- V- VI- VII- VIII- S E D E

O G G E T T O : Sfollamento del carcere di Regina Coeli per lavori di restauro.

In seguito ad accordi presi anche con la Commissione Alleata per lo sfollamento del carcere di Regina Coeli, reso necessario allo scopo di sgombrare integralmente alcuni reparti che devono essere restaurati, dispongo quanto segue:

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2) I funzionari della Direzione del predetto Manicomio giudiziario e gli agenti di custodia continueranno a prestare servizio nell'istituto durante la sua nuova temporanea destinazione;

3) La Direzione del Manicomio giudiziario di Napoli trasferirà a quello di Aversa i detenuti folli ivi ricoverati;

4) La Direzione del carcere giudiziario di Napoli trasferirà al Manicomio giudiziario locale 200 detenuti scegliendoli fra quelli meno pericolosi;

5) La Direzione del carcere giudiziario di Roma è autorizzata a trasferire al carcere giudiziario di Napoli 200 detenuti;

6) La stessa Direzione, contemporaneamente al trasferimento dei 200 detenuti al carcere di Napoli, invierà al Ma-

./.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 789046

nicomio giudiziario di Napoli, in servizio provvisorio, numero cinque agenti, dei quali trasmetterà i nominativi a questa Direzione Generale.

Si attende assicurazione di adempimento a movimento effettuato.

pel M I N I S T R O

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

14232/P1

134
85A

HQ ROME AREA ALLIED COMMAND
APO No.794, US Army

Ref: DO/MISC

28 Jul 45

Subject:- Press Report on Regina Coeli

Civil Affairs Sub-Commission,
HQ Allied Commission for Italy,
ROME. (Attention Lt Col Bonham-Carter)

It willbe recalled that there appeared in 'Stars and Stripes' on 23 July a report by Reuter's Rome representative on an interview with the Governor of Regina Coeli gaol. The Governor was represented as saying that an appeal to the Allied authorities for assistance had been refused. I have now received a letter from the Deputy Director of Public Relations, a copy of which is attached, which indicates that such a statement was in fact made by the Governor of Regina Coeli. If such an appeal for assistance had been made, it is of course probable that it would have been refused. I am, however, unaware, that any appeal was addressed to the Allied authorities during the recent disturbances, and it is therefore misleading and incorrect to say that it was refused.

The matter is passed to your hands for such action as you may consider necessary.

ALBAN LOW
Brigadier
Deputy Commander
Rome Area Allied Command

AL/rw

TO	INIT	DATE
		3/8
		3/8
PRISONS		3-8

1532

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

85B

COPY

HEADQUARTERS PUBLIC RELATIONS
CENTRAL MEDITERRANEAN FORCE

25 July 1945

2/PRS/100

Subject:- Press report on Regina Coeli

To: Brigadier Alban Low,
Deputy to Commanding General
RAAC

1. I have now had an opportunity of discussing with the Reuter's Rome representative the subject of a report on above subject attributed to that agency which appeared in Stars and Stripes of 23 July 1945.

2. Mr John Talbot, the correspondent in question, tells me that he personally interviewed the Governor of Regina Coeli jail, within the confines of the building, and that the Governor stated categorically that he had applied to the Allies for assistance in quelling the disturbance on the night of 22 July. The Governor further stated in most definite terms that assistance had been refused on the grounds that the quelling of the riot of Italian prisoners was a purely domestic situation.

3. The report by Reuters would therefore appear to be factually correct. It is suggested that the Governor may have applied at some time, though not necessarily through correct channels, since he obtained the reply that would in any event have been given to him.

(Sgd) P.R. ASTLEY
PRO
AFHQ

1520

1232

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

84A

RM

HEADQUARTERS EMILIA REGION
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division
Prison Section
APO 394

30 July 1945

REF. : RIX/A/PS/32

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison

TO : Director Public Safety Sub-Commission HQ., A.C.
(Attention Capt. R.M. FREEMAN)

84A

Your letter AC/14232/PS dated 26 July 1945 has been received, contents noted, and, as shown below, suitable action taken.

For the Regional Commissioner:

Armando Di Vincenzo

ARMANDO DI VINCENZO 31119083
T/4 Co. "I" 2675 Regt. A.C.
Prison Section
Public Safety Division

DISTRIBUTION :

1 - All P.C's, Emilia Region)with copy of above
)quoted letter for
)information and compliance

1 - R.P.S.O.
1 - Circulation file
1 - File

TO		
IN	Gen	2/8
	DPF	2-8
	PMF	2-8

153.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

TRANSLATION

- QUESTURA OF ROME -

837

11232

K°03101 Gab. 23rd. July, 45

.....Distribution omitted.

As the unrest among Regina Coeli inmates has been mastered, state of alarm for all Police Forces is hereby revoked.

All police measures inside and outside of the prison, as set forth in duty order K°63690 dated yesterday, shall be mantained in full efficiency. Officer Commanding CC.RR. Internal Coy and Commissario Belfiore will see that no persons from outside succeed in getting in contact with inmates.

As from 22.00hrs. tonight Commissario Catanzaro will assume control of defence services.

Shall be at his disposition: 1) All functionaries Commanded with duty orders 63690- 63390, and 03101 dated yesterday.

2) 50 P.S. agents from the Police School.

3) 25 P.S. Agents from P.S. Guard Division

4) 20 P.S. Agents from auxiliary Sec and 1st Mobile Coy.

5) 100 CC.RR?

He will, furthermore, avail himself of reinforcements sent by the Tank-Unit and Motorcyclist Unit.

The Questore

To Direction P.S. S/c.

25/7/45

Sent RAF

MODULARIO
L. - p. r. - 136

Mod. speciale T.-67

REGIA QUESTURA DI ROMA

GABINETTO

Ordine di servizio N. _____ *Pagina N.* _____

F O N O G R A M M A

Roma, lì 23 luglio 1945.=

N° 03101-Gab.

Uffici di P.S. Capitale
Comandi CC.RR. Capitale
Divisioni-Uffici-Squadre R. Questura
Signor Vice Questore
Comando Battaglione Mobile - Via Caltagirone -
Comando R.Scuola Tecnica di Polizia
Legioni Territoriale e Allievi R.Guardia Finanza

e,p.c.,:
Ministero Interno - Direzione Generale della P.S.
Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia
Regia Prefettura
Direzione delle Carceri di Regina Coeli.
Al Sig.Lt.Col.R.T. Millhouse - S.Vitale -
= =

Essendo stata contenuta l'agitazione dei detenuti alle locali carceri, la permanenza è tolta.

I servizi di vigilanza interni ed esterni alle carceri disposti con fonogramma N°63690 in data di ieri dovranno rimanere in piena efficienza e su ciò richiamo la particolare attenzione del Comandante la Compagnia Interna CC.RR. e del Cav.Uff. Belfiore, specie per quanto riguarda i servizi periferici diretti ad evitare che le famiglie dei congiunti dei detenuti o eventuali altri gruppi sedicenti tali, possano affluire al carcere turbando insieme all'azione delle forze di Polizia la pubblica circolazione.

Dalle ore 22 di stasera la direzione del servizio esterno per la prossima notte sarà assunta dal Commissario Cav. Cantasano che sarà coadiuvato dai funzionari aggregati all'Ufficio P.S.Trastevere coi fonogrammi N°63690 e N°63390 - 03101 in data di ieri, secondo

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

F O N O G R A M M A

Roma, lì 23 luglio 1945.=

N° 03101-Gab.

Uffici di P.S. Capitale
Comandi CC.RR. Capitale
Divisioni-Uffici-Squadre R. Questura
Signor Vice Questore
Comando Battaglione Mobile - Via Caltagirone -
Comando R.Scuola Tecnica di Polizia
Legioni Territoriale e Allievi R.Guardia Finanza

e,p.c.,:
Ministero Interno - Direzione Generale della P.S.
Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia
Regia Prefettura
Direzione delle Carceri di Regina Coeli.
Al Sig.Lt.Col.R.T. Millhouse - S.Vitale -
= =

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Dalle ore 22 di stasera la direzione del servizio esterno per la prossima notte sarà assunta dal Commissario Cav. Cantasano che sarà coadiuvato dai funzionari aggregati all'Ufficio P.S.Trastevere coi fonogrammi N°63690 e N°63390 - 03101 in data di ieri, secondo i turni di servizio predisposti dal Cav.Uff. Belfiore.

Il Cav. Cantasano per l'espletamento del servizio si avvarrà: di n°50 agenti della R.Scuola Tecnica di Polizia al comando di un

/./

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

MODULARIO
L. - p. a. - 136

Mod. speciale T.-67

REGIA QUESTURA DI ROMA

GABINETTO

Ordine di servizio N. _____ *Pagina N.* _____

(2)

ufficiale; di n°25 agenti in divisa del Comando Divisione Guardie di P.S.; di n°20 agenti tratti secondo le disponibilità dal Battaglione Ausiliario e dalla I^ Compagnia Mobile; di n°100 CC.RR. a piedi,oltre ai servizi già disposti dal Reparto Carristi e dal Reparto Motociclisti, che rimarranno invariati anche durante la notte.

I Comandi competenti faranno concentrare dette forze per le ore 22 di stasera alla caserma Podgora a disposizione del Commissario Cav. Cantasano, che riceverà in precedenza dal Cav.Uff. Belfiore, le consegne e le istruzioni sul servizio.

Alle ore 7 di domattina dovranno essere ripristinati,invece, agli ordini del dirigente l'Ufficio di P.S. di Trastevere,tutti i servizi disposti col fonogramma N°63690 in data di ieri ed il Cav.Uff. Belfiore,per la giornata di domani,oltrechè dai funzionari e dai volontari aggregati al suo Ufficio, sarà coadiuvato pure dal V.Commissario dr. Esposito.

Il Commissario Agg. dr. Magliozzi impossibilitato per malattia sarà sostituito dal Commissario Agg. dr. Gentile Antonio che si presenterà subito Ufficio Trastevere per assumere servizio.

Raccomando la massima diligenza,cura ed energia nella esecuzione di detti servizi che assumono la massima importanza,specie nell'attuale momento.

IL QUESTORE

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ufficiale; di n°25 agenti in divisa del Comando Divisione Guardie di P.S.; di n°20 agenti tratti secondo le disponibilità dal Battaglione Ausiliario e dalla I^ Compagnia Mobile; di n°100 CC.RR. a piedi,oltre ai servizi già disposti dal Reparto Carristi e dal Reparto Motociclisti, che rimarranno invariati anche durante la notte.

I Comandi competenti faranno concentrare dette forze per le ore 22 di stasera alla caserma Podgora a disposizione del Commissario Cav. Cantasano, che riceverà in precedenza dal Cav.Uff. Belfiore, le consegne e le istruzioni sul servizio.

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18.-

IL QUESTORE

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 783016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

WR 82A

TRANSLATION M.C.

DIREZIONE DELLE CARCERI GIUDIZIARIE
R O M A

14232

23 July 1945

SUBJECT : The riots in Regina Coeli jail

For information we communicate ~~you~~ that at 6 p.m. on the 21st inst. the "Partisan" enclosed in the 6th cell wing overpowering the warders poured into the next seventh and eighth wings.

Joined by the inmates of above wings they forced their way to the inner gates. Thus strenghened, they also forced open the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th gates, releasing the prisoners enclosed therein. They now all began shouting: "We want Togliatti, we are here too long, we want to be tried".

As they were about to force open the principal gate of the first rotunda, Carabinieri reinforcement arrived and thus helped the guards to prevent the irruption to the main gate.

Thrown back the rioters attempted to evade through a back main-exit spurring one another on, crying outthat they were much superior in number to the guards and so succeed in escaping; and that 8000 partisans awaited them.

Even the political prisoners attempted to evade but were obliged to make their way back to their cell wing by the warders and the timely arrivel of the carabinieri. These had also began to exavate a way of escape in one of their cells.

All day yesterday the inmates still held the cell wings and the corridors and in the evening burned-out the first rotunda with burning mattresses.

The only solution to these numerous outbreaks is the evacuation of the jail in order to get all the necessary repairing done. Therefore, a concentration camp near Rome is necessary. Trucks and petrol are also needed.

During the night the rioters threw lumps of masonry and stones at the guards and carabinieri below, these fired back in order to frighten them. Two inmates were lightly wounded and one was killed.

This morning the Minister of Justice visited the prison 15 and conferred with the inmates.

THE GENERAL INSPECTOR PTO

DIREZIONE
DELLE
CARCERI GIUDIZIARIE
di Roma

N. *Tit.* *Fasc.* *Lett.*

Allegati

Roma, li 23 luglio 1945 *194*

Via della Lungara, 29

COMANDO ALLEATO
Sottocommissione P.S.

ROMA

Risposta al f. *N.*

Uff. *Div.* *Sez.* *Tit.* *Fasc.* *Lett.*

OGGETTO: Sommossa di detenuti-

Per conoscenza comunico che la sera del 21, verso le ore 18, i "Partigiani" del sesto braccio hanno sopraffatto gli agenti di custodia e si sono riversati negli adiacenti bracci settimo e ottavo.

Insieme coi detenuti di tali bracci si sono ammassati nella prima rotonda sforzando i cancelli intermedi. Quivi giunti hanno sforzato anche i cancelli del I° II° III° e IV° braccio per riunirsi anche coi detenuti degli altri bracci.

Tutti insieme gridavano:"Vogliamo Togliatti" Siamo in carcere da molto tempo-I magistrati non ci interrogano.

Erano in procinto di sforzare anche il cancello di uscita della prima rotonda verso la porta principale,senonchè,nel frattempo sono sopravvenuti i carabinieri della Caserma Podgora a dare man forte agli agenti di custodia che cercavano di opporsi alla irruzione dei detenuti verso la porta principale.

Ricacciati indietro,i rivoltosi sono tornati nella seconda rotonda e si sono riuniti tutti nell'ottavo braccio e sfondando il cancello di uscita si sono riversati nel passeggio di tale braccio verso la porta dei carri nell'intendimento di poter raggiungere tale porta e evadere,incitandosi l'un l'altro dicendo:Forza compagni nè ammazzeranno una ventina ma noi siamo duemila e più e riusciremo a scappare; fuori ci attendono 8000 partigiani nostri amici.

Anche i detenuti politici al primo rumore hanno sforzato il

Telefoni 52.254 - 53.689

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Sottocommissione P.G.

N. Tit. Fasc. Lett.

Allegati

R O M A

Risposta al f. N.

Uff. Div. Sez. Tit. Fasc. Lett.

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./.

Telefoni 52.114 - 53.689

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Essi hanno pure scardinato l'inferriata del IV° piano del loro braccio che separe il loro cesso da quello del terzo braccio. Hanno pure iniziato l'escavazione di un buco nel pavimento di una cella verso l'esterno con l'intendimento di calarsi nel sottostante sotterraneo della lavanaia per uscire alle spalle dei carabinieri-

Durante la giornata di ieri i detenuti sono rimasti,come al solito padroni dei bracci e dei cortili e giunta la sera hanno dato fuoco alla prima rotonda mediante i pagliericci di crine;percui la rotonda è rovinata completamente distrutta.

Unico rimedio a tali devastazioni che si sono ripetute numerose volte in due anni è quello di sgomberare il carcere per poter mettere gli operai liberi in condizioni di poter riparare le porte e i cancelli rotti dai detenuti;percui essi sono padroni di liberamente vagare per il carcere senza possibilità di poterli rinchiudere; percui occorrerebbe un campo di concentramento vicino a Roma dove poterli mettere durante il periodo dei lavori. Occorrerebbero,anche, mezzi di trasporto-autotreni o camions- e la benzina che manca.

Durante il tumulto notturno i detenuti facevano piovere sui carabinieri e gli agenti tegole e pietre;i carabinieri erano obbligati a rispondere con colpi di moschetto per intimorire i rivoltosi e due di essi furono feriti leggermente ed uno morì.

Questa mattina il Ministro della Giustizia ha visitato il Carcere conferendo con i detenuti-

L'Ispettore Generale
Reggente la Direzione

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

file 81A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

All-845

Tel : 478709

AG/14232/PS

26 July 1945

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison

TO : Regional Commissioners - Liguria, Piemonte, Lombardia, Venezia, Emilia Regions
HQ Naples, Ancona, Livorno Communes

Due to the present condition of Regina Coeli prison, Rome, no prisoners will be sent to this institution for any reason whatsoever.

For your information and compliance.

P.P. Howard Craytup

JOHN T. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director.

RHP/G

15[illegible]

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

68 804

TRANSLATION M.C.

MINISTRY OF GRACE AND JUSTICE

Direzione Generale per gli Istituti di
Prevenzione e di Pena

Ufficio VI
n. 139865/25-21 14232 24 July 1945

SUBJECT : Prisoners transferred from Regina Coeli jail.

After the recent serious riots which took place in the judicial Rome jail and the indispensable evacuation of said estsblishment precise orders have been wired to the Directions of Penal Institutes and judicial jail within the territory administrated by the Italian Government, that for no reason whatever are prisoners to be send to a/m jail owing to urgent repairs to be done.

We beg the Allied Commission, to forward same orders to all the Directions of Penal Establishments existing in Italian Territory under the A.M.G. administration.

[illegible]		
[illegible]	4/8	28/7
[illegible]		
[illegible]		
[illegible]		
PE[illegible]	PWB	27/7
[illegible]		
SECURITY		
CHIEF [illegible]		

For the Minister
VOLPE

Letters to
all Regions
+ Commissioner
AMG 1530

Mod. 1348 MG.

URGENTE A MANO

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Ufficio VI

Prot.n.139865/25-21

Roma, 24 luglio 1945

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione per le P.S.
ROMA

OGGETTO: Trasferimento di detenuti nelle carceri di Regina Coeli.

In seguito ai gravi recentissimi disordini manifestatisi nelle carceri giudiziarie di Roma ed al conseguente indispensabile sfollamento di tale stabilimento, sono state impartite tassative disposizioni telegrafiche alle direzioni delle case penali e delle carceri giudiziarie, site nel territorio amministrato dal Governo Italiano, perchè temporaneamente non siano per qualsiasi motivo, effettuati trasferimenti di detenuti nelle carceri di Regina Coeli, dovendo provvedersi alle necessarie riparazioni edilizie.

Si prega codesta Commissione di voler impartire analoghe disposizioni anche alle direzioni degli stabilimenti penali, situati nel territorio italiano, ancora amministrato dall'A.M.G.

Pel Ministro

152

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Roma, 24 luglio 1945

Ufficio VI

Prot.n.139065/25-21

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione per la P.S.
ROMA

OGGETTO: Trasferimento di detenuti nelle carceri di Regina Coeli.

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Pel Ministro

152°

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Jib 1423.2/15 MA

25/7/45

Cpl C Kyparissos

Regg Cable reported calm
by Monetary, with transfers to
outlying Jails in progress.

0900 hrs. Cpl Kyparissos

JHLo.

Report K-8

Mob. 78A

14232

The "Partisans" of Via Foraggi cause a revolt at Regina Coeli

Yesterday at 16,30 the Partisans of Via dei Foraggi helped by other detainees broke open the doors of their cells and running through the corridors opened the doors of the other cells. About three thousand detainees in a short time were able to overpower the guards and reaching the yard tried to break open the gates.

The CC.RR. and the Agents surrounded the building

24/7/45

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 780016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

2 le. 7A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel: 478709

24 July 1945

AC/14232/PS

SUBJECT : Memorandum Report,- Regina Coeli

TO : Vice President, Civil Affairs Section.

1. Herewith is a report of the disturbance at Regina Coeli as of 21 and 22 July, 1945, and obtained by the undersigned by direct contact with the Director of that Prison.

2. At approximately 1800 hrs 21 July, 1945 the group of prisoners in the 6th wing, described as being mainly partisans, overpowered the guards of their wing, opened the main doors of the 6th wing, then those of the 7th and 8th wings. The combined groups then forced the doors into the 1st rotunda and liberated the inmates of the four wings which emanate from that center. This brought the entire prison population of 2360 inmates together.

3. The combined groups then prepared to assault the main doors of the front entrance but were stopped by the regular CC.RR. guards stationed there, augmented by another detachment called to the scene. They retreated to the 8th wing where ring-leaders, described as partisans and wearing red shirts, scarves or caps, made inflamatory speeches. "We want Tagliatti" was the theme of the shouted remarks of the rioters, with other allusions to long detention without trial, lack of interrogation by investigating magistrates, etc.

4. The crowd then broke out of the side door of the 8th wing, where they were prevented from breaking the outer gate by CC.RR. stationed there. Many threats were voiced to the CC.RR. the rioters claiming that they had 8000 helpers in Rome prepared to aid them in their bid for justice and liberty.

152.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

5. This situation continued all thru Sunday 22 July, 1945 with the entire population roaming at will thruout the interior of the prison. That night they set fire to the ceiling of the 1st rotunda with the result that the entire upper structure collapsed. The prisoners also threw tiles and other missile at the CC.RR., the latter retaliating with rifle and pistol fire. Result, 2 prisoners wounded and 1 killed.

6. In the morning, 23 July, Tagliatti, Ministry of Grace Justice, and other members of said Ministry, visited Regina Coeli and met with representatives of the several prisoner groups. As a result the prisoners promised to "behave", but later notified the Director that they would set fire to wings 3 and 4 that night.

7. Present perimeter security of the prisoners is maintained by CC.RR. with at least 5 armored cars and both mounted and foot detachments in the streets adjacent to the jail. Traffic is being stopped, screened, and re-routed if indicated, as a precaution against outside "partisan" interference which has been reported threatened since the recent raid on Partigiani Headquarters and the arrest of some 70 odd persons.

8. Present situation - 0900 hrs 24 July

A. Regina Coeli was relatively calm thruout the night. The prisoners' threat to fire additional wings did not materialise. Approximately 100 prisoners were transferred last night and between 200 and 300 are being prepared for transfer today. The Ministry plans to evacuate the jails entire population by transfers to Sulmona, Avellino, S.Gimignano, Procida, Portalongone, Capraia, and Volterra prisons.

B. The six women security prisoners, in custody of Allied personnel at the Womans prison (Montellate) were moved yesterday to the Security Prison ("A Gabelli") at 1500 hrs 23 July. There is now no allied personnel in the women's prison.

9. Remarks and Recommendations.

A. The published report that aid had been requested from Allied Authorities is categorically denied by the Director of Regina Coeli.

152.

B. There is a partican group, described as mainly self-designated, in Regina Coeli which contributed the leaders of the disturbance.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

C. The necessity for speeding up Italian judicial processes is more and more apparent. The failure of responsible Italian officials to alter their normal procedures to meet emergency conditionsm after over a year of advice from Allied authorities, further justifies a "hands-off" policy.

D. It is quite apparent that Italian authorities can handle such incidents if the alternative of Allied help is not available to them.

E. Unquestioned control of prisoners, with necessary force where indicated, is the only method by which prison discipline can be maintained. The precedent established at Regina Coeli while under AMG control has provided a most unfortunate example of Allied prison standards. If the Italian Government is attempting to copy the discipline methods endorsed by allied personnel in the early stages of our occupation, it should be dis-allusioned immediately.

F. Guard personnel is universally weak, unprofessional and demoralised. This one fact overshadows all other causes for the numerous disturbances which have occured under AMG/ACC/AC programs.

G. The continued use of prison establishments thruout Italy by Allied Authorities, and the complete inadequacy of a de-requisitioning program, is a matter of the greatest concern. It is necessary that the allied policy of reasonable assistance to the Italian government ~~must~~ be objectively applied to the prison situation if further disturbances are to be avoided.

R.N. Freeman, Capt. CMP.

R.N. FREEMAN, Capt. CMP
Prison Officer
Public Safety Sub-Commission

RNF/jwf

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

16A

COPY

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

File AC/4232/PS

AC/14210/PS

24 July 45

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison, Rome.

TO : AFHQ, G-5 Section.

16B

1 The attached is a report on the most recent troubles in Regina Coeli Prison and is a more detailed statement following our signals 2387 of 23 July and 2447 of 24 July.

2 It is intended to approach the Italian Government yet again in an effort to speed up the trial of accused and to take energetic steps to raise the standard and training of guard personnel.

3 Once more this Commission must draw your attention to the problem of prison accomodation and urge the immediate derequisitioning of every prison that can possibly be released. While the short comings of the Italian administration are admitted, this Commission is of the firm opinion that further troubles can be expected if more accomodation is not made available.

4 The failure, after so much time, of the Allied authorities to derequisition prisons is being used by the Italians as an excuse and it must be allowed that the statement is not without foundation.

FOR THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER :

G.R. UPJOHN Brig
VF CA Section

Copy to : Exec Commissioner
Legal S/C

152.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

COPY

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

76B

Tel : 478709

AC/14232/PS

24 July 45

SUBJECT : Memorandum Report - Regina Coeli.

TO : Vice President, Civil Affairs Section.

1. At approximately 1300 hrs 21 July, 1945 the group of prisoners in the 6th wing, described as being mainly partisans, overpowered the guards of their wing, opened the main doors of the 6th wing, then those of the 7th and 8th wings. The combined groups then forced the doors into the 1st rotunda and liberated the inmates of the four wings which emanate from that center. This brought the entire prison population of 2360 inmates together.

2. The combined groups then prepared to assault the main doors of the front entrance but were stopped by the regular CC.RR guards stationed there, augmented by another detachment called to the scene. They retreated to the 8th wing where ringleaders, described as partisans and wearing red shirts, scarves or caps, made inflammtory speeches. "We want Togliatti" was the theme of the shouted remarks of the rioters, with other allusions to long detention without trial, lack of interrogation by investigating magistrates, etc.

3. The crowd then broke out of the side door of the 8th wing, where they were prevented from breaking the outer gate by CC.RR stationed there. Many threats were voiced to the CC.RR., the rioters claiming that they had 8000 helpers in Rome prepared to aid them in their bid for justice and liberty.

4. This situation continued all thru Sunday 22 July, 1945 with the entire population roaming at will thruout the interior of the prison. That night they set fire to the ceiling of the 1st rotunda with the result that the entire upper structure collapsed. The prisoners also threw tiles, and other missile at the CC.RR., the latter retaliating with rifle and pistol fire. Result, 2 prisoners wounded and 1 killed.

5. In the morning, 23 July, Togliatti, Minister of Grace & Justice and other members of the Ministry, visited Regina Coeli and met with representatives of the several prisoners groups. As a result the prisoners promised to "behave", but later notified the Director that they would set fire to wings

15?

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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6. Present perimeter security of the prison is maintained by CC.RR. with at least 5 armored cars and both mounted and foot detachments in the streets adjacent to the jail. Traffic is being stopped, screened, and re-routed if indicated, as a precaution against outside "partisan" interference which has been threatened since the recent raid on Partigiani Headquarters and the arrest of some 70 odd persons.

7. Situation at 0900 hrs 24 July

A. Regina Coeli was relatively calm thruout the night. The prisoners threat to fire additional wings did not materialize. Approximately 100 prisoners were transferred last night (23 July) and between 200 and 300 are being prepared for transfer today (24 July). The ministry plans to evacuate the entire jail population by transfers to Sulmona, Avellino, S. Gimignano, Procida, Portolongone, Capraia, and Volterra prisons.

B. The six women security prisoners, in custody of Allied personnel at the Tomana prison (Rantellate) were moved to the Security Prison ("A Gepelli") at 1500 hrs 23 July.

8. Remarks

A. The published report that aid had been requested from Allied Authorities is categorically denied by the Director of Regina Coeli.

B. There is a partisan group, described as mainly self-designated, in Regina Coeli which contributed the leaders of the disturbance.

C. It is quite apparent that Italian authorities can handle such incidents if the alternative of Allied help is not available to them.

D. The continued use of prison establishments thruout Italy by Allied Authorities, and the complete inadequacy of a de-requisitioning program is a matter of the greatest concern. It is necessary that the allied policy of reasonable assitance to the Italian Government be objectively applied to the prison situation if further disturbances are to be avoided.

152-

R.M. FREEMAN, Capt. CMP
Prison Officer
Public Safety S/C

23/7/45 15A

TRANSLATION

From : Questura of Rome .

N° : 63732/03101 Gab.

TO : Ministero dell'Interno, Ministero Giustizia .
: Istituti Prev. e Pena
Col. Millhouse
Prefetto, Comando Legione CC.RR. Roma , Comando Gen.
Comando Gruppo Interno CC.RR. Ufficio P.S. Trastevere.
Comando Compagnia Tribunali - Reparto Celere.
Comando Carristi - Vice Questore.
Procuratore del Regno - Roma .

14A

Following the report of yesterday 63672/03101 it is reported that in consequence of the opening made by the prisoners into the political wing , the political prisoners have been evacuated to the prison hospital and vicinity.

About 5 p.m. prisoners in revolt made fire in the principal"rotonda" and it was not possible for the firemen to intervene so that at 10 pm; the cupola of the rotonda collapsed. During the fire the Police gave warning with shots from firearms to prevent the prisoners from breaking the gates and escaping. Common prisoner IPPOLITI Felice was wounded in the head and CARUZZI Artipano also a common prisoner was wounded by a bullet in the lower part of his back. He was taken to hospital and is expected to be discharged in about 8 days. The political prisoner FERRI Leonida was killed.

The fire is not yet out. The situation inside is not yet under control of Police but outside it is under control.

The Direction of Prison has decided not to distribute food or water to the prisoners in revolt. It is requested that additional precautions be taken.

The report continues with requests for men to be on service; etc.

152

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

TO : Misterc dell'Interno, Ministero Giustizia .
: Istituti Prev. e Pena
Col. Millhouse
Prefetto, Comando Legione CC.RR. Roma , Comando Gen.
Comando Gruppo Interno CC.RR. Ufficio P.S. Trastevere.
Comando Compagnia Tribunali - Reparto Celere.
Comando Carristi - Vice Questore.
Procuratore del Regno - Roma .

-144

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The report continues with requests for men to be on service; etc.

152.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Fonogramma R.Questura Roma li 23/7/1945

Nº 63732/03IOI GAB. Ministero Interno-Ministero Giustizia-Direz.Gen. Istituti Prev.e Pena-Sig.L.T.Col.MILLHOUSE-S.Vitale Prefetto-Comando Gen.Arma CC.RR.Comando Legione Roma Comando Gruppo Interno CC.RR.Ufficio P.S.Trastevere Comando Compagnia CC.RR.Tribunali-Reparto Celere Comando Carristi-Signor Vice Questore-

e per conoscenza Signor Procuratore Regno-Roma

Seguito segnalazioni ieri 63672/03IOI Gab.A.4.B.comunicasi che in conseguenza foro aperto da detenuti comuni nel braccio politici quest'ultimi venivano fatti evacuare e trasportati locali infermeria carceri ed adiacenze.

Circa ore I7 detenuti in rivolta appiccavano fuoco rotonda principale e non essendo possibile intervento pompieri incendio propagavasi finchè ore 22 circa cupola della rotonda rovinava.Durante incendio forza pubblica doveva fare uso armi a scopo intimidatorio contro detenuti che tentavano forzare cancelli per evadere et rimanevano feriti detenuto comune Ippoliti Felice da colpo d'arma da fuoco alla testa e Catozzi Artipano di Efrem anch'egli detenuto comune che riportava ferita da proiettile d'arma da fuoco alla regione posteriore dell'emitorace sinistro giudicato all'Ospedale di S.Spirito guaribile in giorni 8 s.o.,mentre il detenuto politico FERRI Leonida è deceduto.

Incendio non ancora domato,situazione interna non ancora del tutto controllata;situazione esterna garentita da servizi polisia rimasti sul posto rinforzati ed in stato di emergenza tutta la notte,continuano anche stamane in permanenza col dovuto cambio.

Direzione carceri è venuta determinazione non distribuire rancio nè acqua ai detenuti in rivolta e pertanto rivolge vive sollecitazioni dirigente servizi Cav.Uff.Belfiore e Comandante Compagnia Interna perchè vigilanza venga mantenuta nella più alta efficienza ed intensificata verso mezzogiorno al massimo.

Raccomando inoltre Cav.Uff.Belfiore rinforsare ove ne sorga necessità servizi esterni periferici onde evitare ammassamenti congiunti detenuti che si affollano sui Lungotevere e che potrebbero costituire un serio pericolo oltre ad intralciare la pubblica circolazione.

IL QUESTORE
SOLIMANDO

151°

Lo Lt Col. Millhouse

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Comando Gruppo Interno CC.RR.Ufficio P.S.Trastevere
Comando Compagnia CC.RR.Tribunali-Reparto Celere
Comando Carristi-Signor Vice Questore-
e per conoscenza Signor Procuratore Regno-Roma

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IL QUESTORE
SOLIMANDO

Sig. Lt. Col. Millhouse

151°

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

N. 59 d'ordine P. S.

MOD. *1.*
(Servizio anagrafico)

STABILE N. .....

di ..... ia .....

Proprietario .....

di ..... e di .....

nato in ..... Prov. .....

abitante .....

Amministratore .....

di ..... e di .....

nato in ..... Prov. .....

abitante .....

Portiere .....

V. foglio di famiglia N. ..... È munito certif. d'iscrizione (si - no)

Piani N. ..... int. N. .....

Balconi N. ..... su Via ..... N. ..... su Via .....

Finestre N. ..... su Via ..... N. ..... su Via .....

Feritoie N. ..... terrazzi N. ..... Portoni N. .....

Negozi N. .....

Sotterranei N. ..... e accessi .....

Lo stabile comunica con .....

Bocche d'incendio .....

Distributori di benzina .....

Accessi fogne .....

Cabine elettriche .....

» telefoniche .....

Depositi esplodenti infiammabili

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Proprietario .....

di ..... e di .....

nato in ..... Prov. .....

abitante .....

Amministratore .....

di ..... e di .....

nato in ..... Prov. .....

abitante .....

Portiere .....

V. foglio di famiglia N. ..... È munito certif. d'iscrizione (si - no)

Piani N. ..... int. N. .....

Balconi N. ..... su Via ..... N. ..... su Via .....

Finestre N. ..... su Via ..... N. ..... su Via .....

Feritoie N. ..... terrazzi N. ..... Portoni N. .....

Negozi N. .....

Sotterranei N. ..... e accessi .....

Lo stabile comunica con .....

Bocche d'incendio .....

Distributori di benzina .....

Accessi fogne .....

Cabine elettriche .....

» telefoniche .....

Depositi esplodenti infiammabili .....

Rilievi particolari .....

(1[illegible]) Roma, 1945 - Istituto Poligrafico dello Stato - G. U.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 780016

20/745

43A

4/2/A

TRANSLATION

From : Questura of Rome.
Date : 22nd July, 1945.
N° : 63390/03101 Gab.
To : Ministero of Interno.
: Ministero della Giustizia
: Regia Prefettura
: Ufficio P.S. Trastevere , Prati, Pretorio, Viminale.
: Reparto Celere - Reparto Carristi.
: Ch.omp. CC.RR. Interna, Tribunale, Comando Gruppo Interno.
: Comando Legione CC.RR. Roma - Direzione Carceri R.Coeli.

Following the notification of yesterday N°63310/03101, it is communicated that attitude of the prisoners can now be defined as quiter.

This morning it has been ascertained that prisoners had tried to dig a passage underground in the direction of the sewer. The attempts was frustrated as the necessary steps had been taken. Last night a group of young men passing in the vicinity of the prisons insulted the police patrols who were on duty outside. On the reaction of the agents the young men decamped, but one of them was arrested and will be tried.

It is requested P.S. Office of Trastevere and CC.RR. Command Tribunali, a more effective service inside and outside of the prisons with the greatest force at their disposition. I recommand P.S. Office of Trastevere to intensify also observation service over a larger area outside the prisons to take action against any surprise attack. Also that the Direction of P.S. Agents at the Jail will remain on service until the emergency has passed.

Follows further details of services to be made.

The Questore .

151

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Fonogramma R. Questura

Roma li 22/7/1945

N°63190/03101 Gab.

MINISTERO INTERNO=DIREZ.GEN.P.S.
MINISTERO DELLA GIUSTIZIA=Dir.Istituti prev.e pena
REGIA PREFETTURA=SIG.L.T.COL.R.T.MILLHOUSE=SAN.VITALI
UFF.DI P.S.TRASTEVERE=PRATI=C.PRETORIO=VIMINALE=
REPARTO CELERE=REPARTO CARRISTI=
COMP.CC.RR.INTERNA=TRIBUNALE=COMANDO GRUPPO INTERNO
COMANDO LEGIONE CC.RR.ROMA=DIREZIONE CARCERI R.COELI

Seguito segnazione ieri N. 63310/03101 comunicasi che atteggiamento popolazione carceraria può attualmente definisi tranquilla. Stamane è stato constatato che detenuti avevano tentato escavazione passaggio sotteraneo in direzione delle fogne. Tentativo è stato frustrato, essendo stati adottati provvedimenti di conseguenza. Notte decorsa, comitive giovinastri passando immediate prossimità carceri insultavano pattuglia Agenti Polizia in servizio esterno. Alla reazione degli agenti, giovinastri davansi alla fuga, ma uno di essi veniva tratto in arresto e sarà deferito A.G.. Prego Ufficio Trastevere et Comando Comp. CC. RR. Tribunali mantenere nella più completa efficienza servizi interni et esterni in atto ai carceri con le maggiori forze poste a disposizione. Raccomando ufficio P. S. Trastevere intensificare pure servizio osservazione a largo raggio lungo perimetro esterno carceri per prevenire eventuali sorprese dall'esterno. Dirigente l'Ufficio P. S. Trastevere assicurerà altresì permanenza Funzioni Polizia alle carceri finchè dura stato emergenza e sarà coadiuvato all'uopo dai funzionari Dr Bianchi Cosimo, Dr Magni Emilio et Dr Cavaliere Fausto che si presenteranno subito Ufficio P. S. predetto per ricevere istruzioni et disposizioni servizio. Reparto Celere, Reparto Carristi si manterranno in istato di allarme pronti a fare affluire ulteriori rinforzi al carcere. Prego Comando Gruppo Interno CC. RR. mantenere alla caserma Podgora riserva militari Arma da dislocare alla carceri in caso di ulteriori bisogni oltre ai maggiori in atto. Di ogni emergenza gradirò immediata comunicazione anche direttore Sup. delle Carceri di Regina Coeli, per gli immediati conseguenti provvedimenti.

IL QUESTORE SOLIMANDO

Sig. T.C.Col R.T.
Millhouse - San. Vitali

151.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 783046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Rome. 22/7/45.

No. 63672/03101.

It is reported that inside the local prison the common prisoners intend to make a hole in the wall which separates them from the political prisoners with the intention of using violence.

(Follows measures to be taken).

Penegrama

Roma 2.7.945

N° 63672/CIXOI. GAB.A.C.S.

Ministero I^a tenne-Min.Comando F.S.

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia-Dir.Gen. Gen.Istit. Provenienze e Pena.

Sig. L.T.Col.R.T.Millesimo (San Vitale).

Prefetto-Comando Generale Arma CC.RR.

Comando Legione C.C.R.R.Roma_Comando Gruppo Mob.CC.RR. e p.c. Ufficio P.S. Trastevere-Comando Comp. CC.RR.Mi

- -

Viene segnalato che interno locali carceri detenuti comuni sarebbero riusciti ferire mano divisorio tratto detenuti politici e in evidente intenzione usare violenza.

Pregasi Comando Comp. CC.RR. Tribunali intensificare al massimo servizio vigilanza interna facendo affluire congrua rinforzi di CC.RR. all'interno della Casa penale perchè situazione venga mantenuta sotto assoluto controllo.

Dirigente Ufficio P.S. Trastevere intensifichera pure vigilanza esterna con congrua rinforzi posti a sua disposizione.

Il Capo Are

Soltanto

151°

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

TRANSLATION

T2A

FROM /: Questura of Rome .

Date : 21st July, 1945.
N° : C3101 Gab.

TO : Ministry of Interior, Dir. Gen. P.S.
Ministry of Justice . Dir. Gen. Ist. Prev. e Pena.
R. Prefettura.
Lt.Col. R.T.Millhouse.
Ufficio P.S. Trastevere.
Comando Compagnia CC.RR. Interna .
Comando Gruppo Interno CC.RR.
Comando Legione Roma.

At 17.30 today(21st July, 45), the prisoners of the 6th wing of Regina Coeli , rebelled and induced the prisoners of the other wings to associate with them in order to take action against the political prisoners of the 4th wing and to protest against the Commission of the Ministry of Justice which had several days ago visited the jail promising several improvements demanded by the prisoners, which had not materialized.

The action to induce the prisoners of the other wings to partecipate in the demonstmation did not have the desired result ending in a general fight among the prisoners.

Than the original demonstrators, having succeeded opening the gates giving access to the various arms, went to the second rotonda trying,without success,to enter ~~the~~ 'the forth wing of political detenees.

Stopping in the rotonda they startef protesting agains.

Police patrols promptly reinforced suceeded to stop the demonstration and to send back the detainees in their wings, while the gates were reinforced with chains.

The situation of the jail remains difficult but controlled by police, that will remain reinforced for all the night. 151 = P.S. Office Trastevere and CC.RR. Compagnia Tribunali have been asked for reinforcement being at disposition for any emergency call.

(Sgd)The Questore .

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 783016

REGIA QUESTURA DI ROMA

N.03101 Gab. Roma, lì 21 luglio 1945.

FONOGRAMMA

Ministero dell'Interno Direzione Gen. di P.S.
Ministero della Giustizia - Dir.Gen.Istituti Prev. e Pena
R. Prefettura
Lt. Col. Millhouse
Ufficio P.S. Trastevere
Comando Compagnia CC.RR. Interna
Comando Gruppo Interno CC.RR.
Comando Legione Roma CC.RR.

Alle ore 17,30 di oggi detenuti del 6° braccio del carcere di Regina Coeli si sono ammutinati inducendo i detenuti degli altri bracci ad associarsi a loro e per compiere atti di rappresaglia sui detenuti politici rinchiusi nel 4° braccio e per protestare contro la Commissione del Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia che giorni fa è andata in visita nell'Istituto penitenziario promettendo vari provvedimenti sollecitati dai detenuti stessi, promesse rimaste tali.

L'azione di indurre i detenuti degli altri bracci a partecipare alla manifestazione, non ha ottenuto i risultati desiderati in quanto ha determinato colluttazioni tra detenuti stessi.

Quindi gli aderenti alla manifestazione di protesta avuto ragione sui cancelli di accesso ai vari bracci si sono portati nella 2^ rotonda dove hanno tentato, senza riuscirvi, ad entrare nel 4° braccio dei detenuti politici.

Soffermatisi nella rotonda anzidetta hanno cominciato a vociare ribadendo le vecchie proteste.

Servizi di polizia sul posto prontamente rafforzati 151° secondo le disposizioni di servizio già predisposte per evenienza del genere sono riusciti a contenere l'agitazione e a far rientrare i detenuti nei bracci, mentre i cancelli sono stati opportunamente rafforzati con

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Ministero dell'Interno Direzione Gen. di P.S.
Ministero della Giustizia - Dir.Gen.Istituti Prev. e Pen.
R. Prefettura
Lt. Col. Millhouse
Ufficio P.S. Trastevere
Comando Compagnia CC.RR. Interna
Comando Gruppo Interno CC.RR.
Comando Legione Roma CC.RR.

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1510

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Situazione dello stabilimento carcerario tuttora tesa ma controllata dalle forze di polizia su piede di emergenza.

I maggiori servizi saranno mantenuti anche prossima notte e fino al ritorno alla normalità.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Ufficio P.S. Trastevere e Comando Compagnia CC.RR. Tribunali n sono pregati di intensificare con le forze poste a loro disposizione i servizi stessi per prevenire e reprimere ulteriori tentativi di violenze e di evasione.

IL QUESTORE

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

85

EA

MIA

PRIORITY CA/5 SECTION

2447 24 JUL 82 ROUTINE

14232

IN CLEAR FM

PARA ONE FM SUBJECT IS KHAINA OBELI PRISON AND REFERENCE IS ALCON SIGNAL TWO

THREE EIGHT SEVEN OF TWO THREE JULY FM

EMBEN TO PRIORITY CHANGE FIVE WORDS FROM ALCON OVER ADCAB PARIS.

PARA TWO FM SITUATION REMAINS QUIET SINCE YESTERDAY AFTERNOON FM BIG SCALE

EVACUATION CAA NOW CONSIDERED UNAVOIDABLE BY EMBEN CAA HAS STARTED FM

PARA THREE FM THIS EVACUATION WILL REMAIN ACCOMODATION AT OTHER PRISONS WHERE

OPPOSITIONISTS ARE ALREADY WELL KNOWN FM ALCON MOST IMMEDIATE URGENT MESSAGE TO

THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT OF ANY PRISON ACCOMODATION THAT CAN CONCEIVABLY BE

SEARCH FM ACCOMODATION PROVIDE IS DESPERATE FM

PARA FOUR FM FURTHER REPORTS FOLLOWS

DPT CINC:-
Exec Comm
Pub Safety S/C

151-

CA Section

437

A. D. BONHAM CARTER LT Col

NICHOLAS PIGGOTT
CWO, USA
Asst Adjutant

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

704

TRANSLATION S.D.

DIRECTION OF THE PENAL HOUSE IN ROME 14232 pe

No. 13783 5 July 1945

SUBJECT : Prisoners workers in Allied Kitchen at "REGINA COELI" - Rome -

TO : The A.C. Public Safety S.C. - Rome - 694

With reference to your letter No. AC/232/PS of the 2nd inst. I assure that the prisoners who are working in the Allied Kitchen at Regina Coeli will not be removed without a request from the Administrative personnel C.I.C. or from the officer in direct charge of the British Guards. 151-

The General Inspector
Acting Director

Please initial reverse side.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

MODULARIO G. G. - a. 6 - 1942

Modello N. 25 (Carceri)

Mod. N. 51 (Riformatori)

DIREZIONE

del Carcere Giudiziario di Roma

Roma, li 5 luglio 1945

A3783 *Tit.* ___ *Fasc.* ..... *Lett.*

Risposta alla lettera

del 2 luglio 1945

Ufficio ^ *Num.* AC/232/PS

Allegati N. ^

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED
COMMISSION - Public Safety
Sub-Commission
APO 394

OGGETTO Prigionieri addetti alle cucine alleate del Carcere Giudiziario "Regina Coeli"ROMA

In esito alla nota suindicata assicuro che i prigionieri addetti alle cucine alleate non saranno cambiati senza richiesta del personale amministrativo del C.I.C.e dell'ufficiale addetto direttamente alla Guardia Britannica.

L'ISPETTORE GENERALE
REGGENTE LA DIREZIONE

Roma, 1942-xx Tip. Mastellato

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

P.A. original in Italian taken by hand to director, RC 69A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel:478709

AC/ 14231/PS 2 July 45

SUBJECT : Prisoner workers in Allied Kitchen Regina Coeli, Rome.

TO : The Director, Regina Coeli
and for information, Ministry of Grace and Justice.

1. This Sub-Commission is in receipt of a report that several changes in the personnel of the prisoners who are working in the Allied kitchen at Regina Coeli have been proposed by your direction. In this connection this headquarters presents the following.

2. The administrative personnel of CIC in charge of the prisoners at A Gabelli Institute have expressed themselves as desiring the continuance in service of these workers because they have proven themselves entirely satisfactory to this part of the Allied program.

3. The officer in direct charge of the British guards and Allied kitchen personnel has personnally expressed the wish ,that these prisoners be retained in service, stressing the fact that these prisoners are trustworthy and trained in their duties. This officer feels that the replacement of this personnel will cause a reduced efficiency in the Allied kitchen.

4. This Sub-Commission therefore requests the courtesy of your direction in retaining the personnel in the Allied kitchen at Regina Coeli.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director

RMP/pl

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

68A

Translation.

MINISTRY OF GRACE & JUSTICE

23rd May 1945.

N. 135613/12

Subject : Rome judicial prison - Disturbances occurred on the 20th instant.

To : A.C. P.S. S/C. (Capt. Freeman)

With ref. to the A.C.'s telephonical request, the following information is given:

"In the early afternoon of the 20th instant, the prisoners of the 2nd, 6th and 8th wing of Regina Coeli, rebelling against the disposed transfer of 75 transfers, made a serious riot, seizing 6 agents.

The General Director of the prison institutions went immediately on the spot and issued istructions to the prison Director and the CC.RR. Officers, who commanded the re-enforcement service, to the effect that all measures necessary in an emergency state be adopted.

The rioters released the seized agents, but later on broke through the roofs, in order to set fire and to escape.

During the night the prisoners returned to their wings.

The damages on the roof are not considerable and on the 21st instant the predisposed transfer has been put into effect.

For the Minister
Volpe

xv.

TO		
[illegible]	KW	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]	ZA	[illegible]
[illegible]		
[illegible]		
[illegible]	RM 4	26-5
[illegible]		
[illegible]		
CHIEF CLERK		

150

Mod. 1348 M.G.

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Ufficio VI

Prot.n. 135613/12

Roma, 23 MAG 1945

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione Pubblica Sicurezza
(Sig. Capitano Freeman)

OGGETTO: Carceri giudiziarie di Roma - Disordini verificarisi. il 20 maggio corrente.

In relazione alla richiesta telefonica di cotesta A.C. si comunicano le seguenti notizie:

" Nel primo pomeriggio del 20 corrente mese i detenuti del 2°, 6° e 8° braccio di Regina Coeli, onde ribellarsi alla predisposta traduzione di 75 detenuti, si misero in grave agitazione, sequestrando sei agenti.

Si recò subito sul posto il Direttore Generale degli Istituti di prevenzione e di pena il quale impartì sia al Direttore delle carceri che agli Ufficiali dei RR.CC. che comandavano i servizi di rinforzo, tutte le disposizioni consigliate dallo stato di emergenza.

I detenuti ribelli liberarono gli agenti sequestrati, ma sul tardi sfondando la soffitta, invesero i tetti allo scopo di incendiarli e di evadere.

Nella notte i detenuti sono rientrati nel braccio.

I danni al tetto non sono rilevanti e il 21 corrente la predisposta traduzione è stata eseguita."

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

DIREZIONE GENERALE PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Ufficio VI
Prot.n. 135613/12

Roma, 23 MAG 1945

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione Pubblica Sicurezza
(Sig. Capitano Freeman)

OGGETTO: Carceri giudiziarie di Roma - Disordini verificarisi. il 20 maggio corrente.

In relazione alla richiesta telefonica di cotesta A.C. si comunicano le seguenti notizie:

" Nel primo pomeriggio del 20 corrente mese i detenuti del 2°, 6° e 8° braccio di Regina Coeli, onde ribellarsi alla predisposta traduzione di 75 detenuti, si misero in grave agitazione, sequestrando sei agenti.

Si recò subito sul posto il Direttore Generale degli Istituti di prevenzione e di pena il quale impartì sia al Direttore delle carceri che agli Ufficiali dei RR.CC. che comandavano i servizi di rinforzo, tutte le disposizioni consigliate dallo stato di emergenza.

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I danni al tetto non sono rilevanti e il 21 corrente la predisposta traduzione è stata eseguita."

Pel MINISTRO 150.

ISTITUTO POLIGRAFICO DELLO STATO

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785076

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Title

64A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 478709

AC/14232/PS

22 May, 1945

SUBJECT : Translation of Press item "Avanti" 2 May, 1945

TO : Director, Public Safety Sub-Commission

648

1. Herewith is attached translation of report of disturbance at Regina Coeli. "AVANTI" 2 May, 1945.

2. Details received today from the Ministry of Grace and Justice give the following picture.

3. A group of 80 prisoners were being prepared for transfer to other jails, and 10 had already been taken from their wings preparatory to being loaded into trucks. Other prisoners threatened violence if these prisoners were not returned. Their demands not being met, they seized several guards as hostages and set several fires. Some shots were fired by custody personnel and tiles were thrown by the rioters. The fires were extinguished with difficulty and with damage that has not been estimated. The 80 prisoners have been transferred and the prison is now quiet.

4. The undersigned has knowledge that Regina Coeli is in an almost constant state of unrest. Due to the damage to doors, locks and walls committed during the riot of 5 April, the common prisoners enjoy almost unrestricted movement between cells and wings. There is an almost constant threat of violence to the political prisoners in the first and third wings. Precautions for the safety of these prisoners have been successful so far , and perimeter security is being successfully maintained by CC.RR. guards. The Ministry of Grace and Justice is

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

at its wits end to evacuate Regina Coeli entirely and institute a program of reconstruction which is admittedly not possible with the prison full of prisoners. Almost anything can happen at Regina Coeli.

R.M. Freeman Capt.

R.M. FREEMAN, Capt.C.M.P.
Prison Officer

/wg

1280

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

678

Translation.

At Regina Coeli

Last Saturday we have given information of an ultimatum issued by the prisoners of Regina Coeli to the Directorate of the prison.

Last Sunday, at 16,30 hours, the prisoners passed from words to action, justifying the attack with the transfer of fellow-mates, which had taken place in the morning, in spite of the ultimatum.

Soon fire broke out in some wings and the fire-men did not spare themselves in order to put out the fire.

The "mitra" shots of the agents were answered with throwing of tiles, but fortunately neither injuries nor victims are to be complained.

During the night the riot has been calmed down.

Immediate measures are necessary. H.E. Tupini must take decisions. The scandal is lasting for too long! Prisoners and prison guards are of one mind in claiming an improvement of their respective conditions.

In the near future an action of the prison guards is expected with a view to have their rights enforced.

We warn the General Director of the prison institutions, Avv. Volpe. The clique of Fascists, who are under shelter in his office, must be eliminated as soon as possible and urgent measures must be taken, to the effect that prisoners and prison guards enjoy humane treatment. Otherwise the worst shall come.

"Risorti"

22 May 1945

150 x

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

TO	NAME	DATE
DIRECTOR		
[illegible]		
EXEC. [illegible]		
POLICY		
LIC. & REG.		
PRISONS		
ADMIN. SERVICES		
SECURITY		
CHIEF CLERK		

file with DPP

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

66A

14282

Translation.

Directorate of the Judicial Prison
R o m e .

5th April, 1945.
N. 06941

Subject : Mutiny - Escape of several prisoners.

To : Ministry of Grace & Justice

To : Attorney of the Kingdom - Rome.

To-night at about 17,30 there occurred a mutiny of several hundred prisoners with the attempt of breach in masses from prison.

The prisoners of the 3rd wing, through the cellars in use as anti-air shelters, those of the 2nd wing through a gate of the exercise garden and those of the gallery through the gate of the 1st gallery which leads to the exercise garden, have broken onto the court-yards and went all together to the truck entrance.

The first alarm has been raised as soon as those of the 3rd Wing left their cells. The Podgora barracks and the Chief of Cabinet of the Questore were immediately contacted for immediate re-inforcement of CC.RR. and P.S. Agents.

In the meanwhile, due to the fact that during the day a part of the CC.RR. on duty at this prison had been removed, in spite of the objections raised by this Directorate, the truck entrance and that of the penal establishment were not guarded and before the first CC.RR. arrived on the spot, a small number of prisoners succeeded in escaping. In order to succeed in their intention the prisoners used a truck, which having to be repaired stood inside the yard and pushed it against the truck entrance breaking through the door. The arrival of the Guards Corps CC.RR., who made use of arms, has prevented the escape of further prisoners.

The first CC.RR. of the Podgora barracks arrived on the spot after about 20 minutes and began to block the other entrances, the streets in the vicinity of the prison and several buildings where the escaped prisoners might have found shelter.

Subsequently as soon as further re-inforcements of CC.RR. and P.S.agents arrived on the spot, arrangements have been made for the return of all prisoners to their cells.

The CC.RR. in repressing the attempted breach wounded 4 prisoners, one of whom rather seriously on the head, they are:

PROIETTI MERESI Goffredo son of Rodolfo
CIRHIANI Giuseppe
SCARPA Antonio son of Nicolò
D'ELIA Lalilla son of Ermenegildo

the first has been brought to the S.Spirito Hospital, the others to the prison infirmary.

The names of the escaped prisoners are not yet known as it has not yet been possible to check the prisoners due to the darkness and the still continuing excitement.

The judicial positions of the wounded prisoners are herewith enclosed.

1503

Director - Donati

DIREZIONE
DELLE
CARCERI GIUDIZIARIE
di Roma
3 8

N. 06941 Tit. Fasc. Lett.

Allegati

5 Aprile 1945

Roma, li 194

Via della Lungara, 29

Al Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

Direz.Gen.Ist.Prev.e Pena

Al Sig.Procuratore del Regno

R O M A

Risposta al f. N.

Uff. Div. Sez. Tit. Fasc. Lett.

OGGETTO: Ammutinamento - Evasione di alcuni detenuti.

Questa sera verso le ore 17,30 si è verificato un ammutinamento di varie centinaia di detenuti con tentativo di evasione in massa.

I detenuti del 3° Braccio, attraverso gli scanditi cubiti a ricovero antistorno, quelli del 2° Braccio attraverso un cancello che porta ai passeggi e quelli del transito attraverso al cancello del I° transito che porta pure ai passeggi sono sfociati improvvisamente nei cortili e si sono portati in massa verso il portone di porta carraia.

E' stato dato il primo all'arme appena quelli del 3° Braccio sono usciti dal proprio reparto. E' avvertita subito la Caserma Podgora e il Capo di Gabinetto del Questore per l'immediato invio di Militari dell'Arma e agenti di P.S.

Intanto per l'avvenuto ritiro in giornata di parte dei RR.CC. di presidio al Carcere, contro il parere di questa Direzione, gli ingressi do porta carrese e della Casa Penale sono rimasti comple= tamente sguarniti e per quando sono giunti i primi Carabinieri una

Telefoni 52-214 - 53.689

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Roma

Direz.Gen.Ist.Prev.e Pena

Al Sig.Procuratore del Regno

R O M A

N. 06941 Tit. Fasc. Lett.

Allegati

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Intanto per l'avvenuto ritiro in giornata di parte dei RR.CC. di presidio al Carcere, contro il parere di questa Direzione, gli ingressi da porta carrese e della Casa Penale sono rimasti completamente sguarniti e per quando sono giunti i primi Carabinieri una piccola aliquota di detenuti è riuscita a guadagnare la strada. Per fare ciò i detenuti all'interno si sono serviti di un automezzo in riparazione per catapulta contro il portone di porta carrese che è rimasto sfondato. L'arrivo dei Carabinieri del Corpo di guardia che ha no fatto uso delle armi, ha impedito l'evasione di altri detenuti.

Telefoni 52214 - 53680

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I primi Carabinieri della Caserma Podgora sono giunti dopo circa venti minuti dall'avviso ed hanno cominciato a bloccare gli altri ingressi, le vie circostanti al Carcere e alcune case che potevano aver dato ricetto agli evasi.

Successivamente giunti altri rinforzi di Carabinieri, agenti di P.S. si è provveduto a fare rientrare tutti i detenuti nei loro reparti.

Nel reprimere il tentativo in massa da parte dei RR.CC. sono rimasti feriti 4 detenuti di cui uno piuttosto gravemente alla testa e precisamente:

PROIETTI MERLI Goffredo di Rodolfo.

CIPRIANI Giuseppe di N.N.

SCARPA Antonio di Nicolò

D'ELIA Basilia di Ermenegildo

il primo ricoverato all'Ospedale di S. Spirito, gli altri all'infermeria del Carcere.

Non si possono ancora sapere i nomi degli evasi perchè non si è riusciti per l'oscurità sopravvenuta e per il perdurare dell'agitazione interna, a procedere al regolare conteggio dei detenuti.

Si allegano le posizioni giuridiche dei detenuti feriti.

IL DIRETTORE

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Modello 414 *(Carceri)*

MODULARIO G.G. - a.c. 424

28049

Direzione delle Carceri Giudiziarie di Roma

Ufficio di Matricola

POSIZIONE GIURIDICA

di Cipriani Giuseppe *figlio di* N. N.

d'anni 16.2.902 *nato a* Roma *di professione* muratore

arrestato il 19-1-1945

entrato in carcere il 19-1-1945 *a disposizione di* Procura Roma

quale Giudicabile

Sezione a vista seguita da morte

Roma li 6 Aprile 1945

IL COMANDANTE

150

Ord. 63 - 21-2-41-XIX - Roma, Tip. Manicliate (c. 200.000)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

MODULARIO
G.G. - a.r. - 422

Modello 414 *(Carceri)*

Direzione delle Carceri Giudiziarie di Roma

27618

Ufficio di Matricola

POSIZIONE GIURIDICA

di Spanò Antonio figlio di Nicolò

d'anni 18. 12. 920 nato a Piraino (Messina) di professione Operaio arrestato il 9/1 - 944

entrato in carcere il 12. 1 - 944, a disposizione di Procura Regia

quale Giudicabile.

Imputato di furto a scopo di rapina. Asportazione di denaro e sostituzione di persona per violazione di domicilio.

Roma, 6. 5. 944

IL COMANDANTE

150

Ord. 63 - 21-2-41-XIX - Roma, Tip. Mantellate (c. 200.000)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Modello 414 *(Carceri)*

MODULARIO G.G. - a.c. - 422

Direzione delle Carceri Giudiziarie di Roma

Ufficio di Matricola

POSIZIONE GIURIDICA

di D'Elia Babbo figlio di Ernesto e di
d'anni 4.4.926 nato a Roma di professione
entrato in carcere il 23.1.45 arrestato il 20.1.45
a disposizione di Com.do Militare Place
quale sospetto G/3

Resto di fuori

Roma 6.4.45

IL COMANDANTE

129

Ord. 63 - 21-2-41-XIX - Roma, Tip. Mantellate (c. 200.000)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Modello 414 *(Carceri)*

MODULARIO
G.G. - a.r. - 422

19139

Direzione delle Carceri Giudiziarie di Roma

Ufficio di Matricola

POSIZIONE GIURIDICA

di Sorietti Mario Goffredo figlio di Rodolfo

d'anni 1-1-918 nato a Roma di professione Cappellaio

entrato in carcere il 19.5.945 arrestato il 12.5.944

a disposizione di Procura

quale Giudiziaria

Fascista aggravato

Fermato il 26.6.1944 e rimesso in libertà il 30.1.1945

Roma li 6 Aprile 1945

IL COMANDANTE

Leo

Ord. 63 - 21-2-41-XIX - Roma, Tip. Mantellate (c. 200.000)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

65A

On 5th. April at about 1:00 hours a disturbance took place at Regina Coele prison. Twenty prisoners pushed a lorry against the gate of the main court yard and escaped. Another group of prisoners tried to escape from the windows but were immediately driven by the CCRR and P.S. agenti. Three prisoners were killed and four injured. Order was not restored last night, and the prisoners were not in their cells.

14232

S. A. Harvey
Major
Security Divn.

O.A.-J.

149.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

64 A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

6 April, 1945.

SUBJECT : Incident - Regina Coeli.

TO : Director Public Safety S/C.

Time : 17.45 hrs 5 April 1945.

Details

Prisoners of 2nd and 3rd wings broke side doors opening into exercise grounds, joined by some prisoners of transient winge. Pushed a truck against outer gate, broke it open, and about 30 escaped before CC.RR from front entrance arrived at scene. Shots fired for intimidation first, then for effect. Four prisoners wounded - one seriously. About 100 prisoners in the group attempting escape.

Damages to 2nd, 3rd and transient wings not estimated accurately, but are evidently serious.

Prison was orderly thruout night. CC.RR standing by and Director is confident that the situation is in hand.

The only reason advanced by the Director is the over-crowded state of Regina Coeli, and a fairly well organized (and timed) escape attempt.

R.M. FREEMAN Capt.
Public Safety S/C.

RMF/G.

149.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

10232 D-2464 63A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO=UMBRIA REGION
APO 394

Public Safety Division,
8 February 1945.

FILE N° :- LUR/48/PS

SUBJECT :- Giacomo ACERBO, prisoner in Regina Coeli.

TO :- HQ., A.C., Public Safety Sub-Commission.

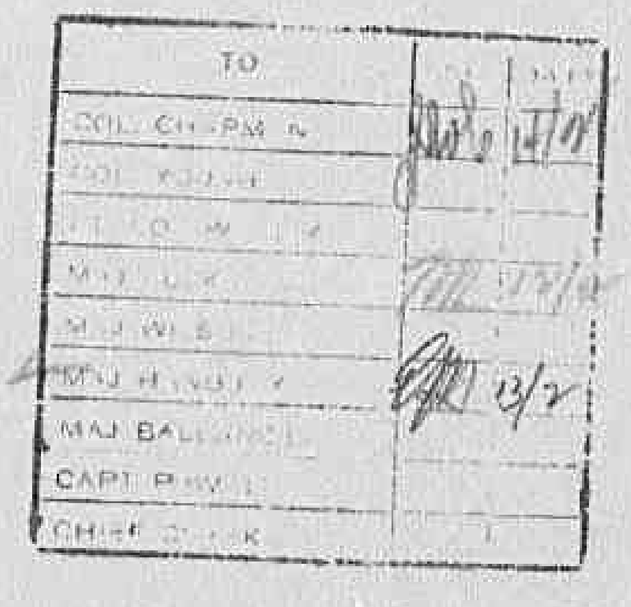
63B

(1) Translation of a small article in "Avanti" of 4th February 1945, with remarks by Regional Prisons Officer, is forwarded for your information.

(2) Inasmuch as the report is absolutely inaccurate, it is thought that the matter might be taken up by Public Relations Branch. – no

For the Regional Commissioner:

C.T.FRANCIS,
Lt. Colonel,
RPSO.,LAZIO=UMBRIA REGION.



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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Translation 6/2/45 AVANTI" 4/2/45 638

ACERBO HIT BY HIS PRISON COMPANIONS

The stay at Regina Coeli of Giacomo Acerbo provoked yesterday morning a small incident which was soon suppressed.

A group of political prisoners xkx who followed fascism in its harmful effects to the country, and who have been in prison for several months, happened to meet the ex-hierarch in one of the wings of the prison and began to upbraid him, saying that because of his misdeeds, they were far from their families. They then began to hit him and knock him about.

Several guards rushed to the scene anf got the baron of the Interior from the hands of his ex-comrades.

Director of Regina COeli greatly exercised over reports such as the above which appeared in most of Sunday's papers, because he says that newspaper reporters who are denied entrance to the prison deliberately manufacture entirely false reports of this kind, in order to embarass his administration. Says that the report is completely false: that ACERBO tripped on some stairs and injured his foot: that there was no attack, or threat of one.

HEADQUARTERS REGIONAL PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION. AMG/ACC.

149

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

62A

COPY

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Office of the Chief of Staff Tel : 478008

16 January, 1945

REF. ACC/14754/7/PS

SUBJECT : Security Prisoners in Civilian Jails

TO : AFHQ, G-5 Section.

Reference is made to your G-5: 014.5, dated 20th January, 1945.

1. It is regretted that the position is still most unsatisfactory and no solution has yet been found.

2. RAAC have taken over one action of the Gabelli institute (Minors' Prison) and are anxious to take over the remainings action owing to the pressure being brought on them to accommodate yet more and more internees being sent from the north.

3. This Commission is not willing to accede to this request in the light of recommendation made by the DCOS CA Section who has recently made a personal inspection of the Institutes. The reasons are:

(i) That it is the only remaining unrequisitioned institute for juvenile delinquents in liberated Italy; and

(ii) There is on the premises some excellent educational equiment of a non-movable nature including lathes and wood working apparatus which are in working order. Instruction in metal and wood work, tailoring and shoe-making is given and in spite of shortage of material it is possible to employ 20 to 30 children (out of a total of 110) at any one time in this work. Thus, by staggering classes all the children can be given instruction in these useful occupations.

4. In the opinion of this Commission it is most important that these educational facilities should be continued in the interests of the delinquents. Experience in every enlightened country has shown that occupational education of the character described above is the most powerful influence in re-establishing

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

young offenders, and in turning them into good citizens capable of taking their proper place in the world on release.

5. If the section used by the delinquents is taken over there is no alternative accomodation which is in the slightest degrre suitable, and the equipment in the premises could not be moved and used even if other premises could be found.

6. For these reasons it is impossible for this Commission to ask the Government to give up the Gabelli Institute.

7. It was admitted at the Gabelli Institute that security prisoners were detained for investigation for periods varying from 4 weeks to 5 months and it is the considered opinion of this Commission that investigations for such lengthy periods as not only quite unnecessary but reflects gravely on Allied justice and methods. It is felt that it must be possible to determine within a month whether a person has either (a) committed a crime for which he should be charged,(or (b) is a danger to security of such a character as to make his continued detention necessary.

8. It is submitted that the true solution is to speed up the period of investigations and thereby increase the turn round of personnel so that additional accomodation is not required and it is requested that you again approach G-2 and support this recommendation.

9. Owing to excessive requisitionin the whole prison situation in liberated Italy is most serious but it is proposed to submit to you a separate communication in this respect.

For the Chief Commissioner :

sgd. M.S. LUSH
Brigadier
Chief of Staff.

149~

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Translatim/MBe

MINISTRY of GRACE and J"STICE

SECTION IV

No. 1524/1.20.I

29th Jan. 1945

61A

1232

Ref: 1390 of 23.12.1944

To : the Ministry of Public Works

Copy to : Civilian Engeneer Corps

A.C. -P.S. S/C

SUBJECT: New penitentiary buildings at Casal dei Pazzi -

On the 26th Nov. 1944, by letter No 1186, we pointed out to you the serious situation of the Regina Coeli judicial prison in Rome, stating that the space was not sufficient to hold the very large multitude of prisoners, and asked you to draw up a complete financial and executive plan of the work works needed to complete the three buildings of the new penitentiary establishment, of Rome, (that are already built but not finished yet) and to use them as a prison.

By your letter 1390 of the 23rd Dec. 1943 you gave the necessary instructions to the Corps of Civilian Engineers, Rome building Section -

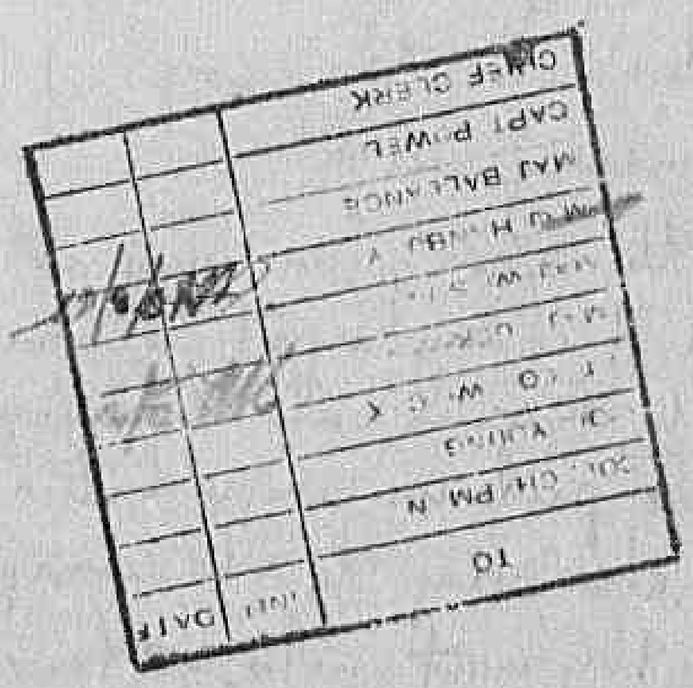
Up to now the a/m plan seems not to have been drawn up and it is very urgent to remove a number of prisoners from the Regina Coeli establishment which cannot hold all the prisoners assigned to it, whose number is ever increasing, also owing to the damages caused to it by the recent riots. Consequently we ask your most urgently, also in order to comply with the wish of the Allied Authorities, who want this situation

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

to be settled as soon as possible, to do your best so as to have the a/m plan drawn up -

We await your kind assurance as to the matter

for the Minister
Sig Ighilisco



Mod. 1348 M.G.

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREV. E PENA

UFFICIO IV
PROT.N.1524/1.20.I.

RISP.AL Fº DEL 23.12.1944
Nº 1390

Roma, 29 GEN 1945

Al Ministero dei Lavori Pubblici
Direz.Gen. Edilizia Statale e
Sovvenzionata
R O M A

e per conoscenza:

All'Ufficio del Genio Civile per
le Opere Edilizie della Capi-
tale
R O M A

Alla Commissione Alleata - Sotto-
commissione di P.S.
R O M A

URGENTISSIMA

OGGETTO: Roma - Nuove costruzioni penitenziarie in località Casal dei Pazzi.

Con nota in data 24 novembre u.s. n.1186, questo Ministero, nel rappresentare la grave situazione del carcere giudiziario di Regina Coeli in Roma, insufficiente a contenere la numerosissima popolazione detenuta, rivolte vive premure a codesto Ministero, affinché fosse d'urgenza redatto un completo progetto finanziario ed esecutivo dei lavori occorrenti pel completamento e l'utilizzazione ad uso carcere dei tre fabbricati dei nuovi stabilimenti penali di Roma, già costruiti ma non ultimati in località Casal dei Pazzi.

Codesto Ministero con nota del 23 dicembre successivo, n.1390, diede in proposito opportune disposizioni all'ufficio del Genio Civile per le opere edilizie della Capitale.

Siccome, però, a tutt'oggi non risulta che tale progetto sia stato compilato, mentre è urgente procedere al decongestionamento del carcere di Regina Coeli che non può ospitare i detenuti destinativi, in numero sempre crescente, a causa anche dei danni subiti

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

UFFICIO IV
PROT.N.1524/1.20.I.

RISP.AL Fº DEL 23.10.1944
Nº 1390

Roma, 28 GEN 1945

Al Ministero dei Lavori Pubblici
Direz.Gen. Edilizia Statale e Sovvenzionata
R O M A

e per conoscenza:

All'Ufficio del Genio Civile per le Opere Edilizie della Capitale
R O M A

Alla Commissione Alleata - Sottocommissione di P.S.
R O M A

URGENTISSIMA

OGGETTO: Roma - Nuove costruzioni penitenziarie in località Casal dei Pazzi.

Con nota in data 24 novembre u.s. n.1256, questo Ministero, nel rappresentare la grave situazione del carcere giudiziario di Regina Coeli in Roma, insufficiente a contenere la numerosissima popolazione detenuta, rivolte vive premure a codesto Ministero, affinché fosse d'urgenza redatto un completo progetto finanziario ed esecutivo dei lavori occorrenti pel completamento e l'utilizzazione ad uso carcere dei tre fabbricati dei nuovi stabilimenti penali di Roma, già costruiti ma non ultimati in località Casal dei Pazzi.

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

tutto il suo autorevole ed efficace interessamento per la pronta compilazione ed attuazione del progetto sopramennato.

Si gradiranno cortesi assicurazioni in proposito.

Pel MINISTRO

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 783016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

60A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO=UMBRIA REGION
APO 394

Public Safety Division
25th January 1945.

FILE N° : - LUR/39/PS.
SUBJECT : - Prisons - Overcrowding.
TO ; - HQ. AC. Public Safety, Sub-Commission.

59A 47A

1. Reference is made to this Headquarters letters LUR/39/PS of 15th December, 1944, and 9th Jan.'45 and your reply AC/14238/PS dated 18th January 1945. 54A

2. The letter from the Minister of Grace and Justice reveals a sorry state of affairs. Although expressing great anxiety regarding the overcrowding of Regina Coeli, the Minister has taken no active steps to remedy the state of affairs.

3. It will be seen that in the letter of 15th Dec.'44 the prison population of this jail was given at 988. The figures are now 1451.

4. This Headquarters agrees that the Minister's reply is most unsatisfactory and would appreciate being apprised of the result of higher level representation.

For the Regional Commissioner:

C.T.FRANCIS.
Lt. Colonel
RPSO.,LAZIO=UMBRIA REGION.

1451

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594

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 478709

AC/11232/PS

18 January, 1945

SUBJECT : Overcrowding Regina Coeli

TO : Regional Commissioner Lazio-Umbria
(Attn: R.P.S.O.)

1. In reply to your letter IIR/39/PS of 9 Jan. 1945, and same reference number of 15 December, 1944. I assure you this Office has been most interested in the situation and has brought it to the attention of the Minister of Grace and Justice.

2. I enclose for your information a copy of our letter of 20 Dec. 44, to Minister of Grace and Justice and also a copy of his reply as was received in this office to-day. If it appears that we delayed in answering your letter you must take into consideration that it was necessary to receive a reply from the Italian Government.

3. The reply received from the Ministry does not satisfy this Sub-Commission and I assure you it will be taken up at a higher level.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

2 Enclosures

B/F 24/1/45

EWH/WG.

1480

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

58A

Urgent.

Translation RV.

MINISTRY OF GRACE & JUSTICE 5 January 1945

58A N.135172/25-21

Reply to letter AC/14232/PS dated 20/12/1944.

Subject : Regina Coeli over-crowded.

To : A.C. Public Safety Sub-Commission - Rome.

With ref. to a/m letter we communicate that this Ministry is following day by day with due attention the numerical situation of the prisoners in the Regina Coeli prisons; since the 1st of October 1944, the direction of above prisons have been requested to transmit every day by cable the number of the priseners.

Unfortunately their number is continously increasing and this causes great anxiety also to this Ministry, which even though partaking fully the fears expressed by the Commission, would not be able to adopt other provision, than that to evacuate a considerable number of prisoners. Such provision presents serious difficulties, as we already noticed for the evacuation arranged following the last serious disturbances occurred in above prisons.

Therefore this Ministry is fully agreeing with the Commission in regard to the acceleration of the penal and preliminary procedures carried out by the judicial and P.S. Authorities, but being above question not of proper competence, it should limit itself to contact the competent Authorities, so that the relative matters be settled with quickness taking in due consideration the present moment.

58B

On same date, we have transmitted, therefore, to the General Procura at the Appeal Court in Rome and to the P.S. Gen.HQ. the letter same number, copy of which is herewith attached, with which said Authorities are requested to sollicit the dependent Offices in this regard. Said Offices, as from attached copy of letter from the Rome prisons HQ. N. 18018 dated 3rd Dec.1944 appears, are kept daily informed of the numerical situation of the prisoners detained in the prisons.

58C

For the Minister

TO	INIT	DATE
COL. CHAPMAN		
COL. YOUNG		
LT. COL WILCOX		
MAJ LUCKMAN		
MAJ WILSON		
MAJ HANBURY		
MAJ BALLANCE		
CAPT POWEL		
CHIEF CLERK		

148.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

588

Translation RV

MINISTRY OF GRACE & JUSTICE

5 January 1945

N. 135172/25-21

Subject : Over-crowding Regina Coeli judicial prisons.

To : Ministry of Interior - P.S. Gen. HQ.

To : General Procura of the Kingdom at the Appeal Court.

501

The Allied Commission has sent to this Ministry the letter AC/14232/PS, dated 20 December 1944, copy of which is herewith attached, in which the always increasing number of prisoners in the local judicial prisons is pointed out, a state of matters which will unavoidably cause again the well-known serious disturbances.

This Ministry being in complete agreement with the fears expressed by the Allied Commission, would not be able to adopt other provision, than that of evacuating a considerable number of prisoners, a provision which would present serious difficulties and which would only remove elsewhere the lamented incidents.

Therefore, it is necessary that you give precise and severe orders to the dependent Offices, so that the penal and preliminary procedures on behalf of the prisoners in the local judicial prisons be settled with rapidity in consideration of the present moment, adopting, if necessary , exceptional judicial and police provisions.

Would you please inform us on the dispositions given in this regard.

For the Minister

1480

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Translation.RV.

580

HQ. Judicial Prisons Rome

N. 18018

3rd December 1944.

Subject : Daily numerical situation of prisoners.

To : Attorney of the Kingdom - Rome
To : Questore of - Rome
and for information
To : Ministry of Grace & Justice - Rome

The Superior Authorities have recently decided the evacuation of a considerable number of prisoners to other prisons, thus both as an immediate provision due to the serious indisciplinary actions perpetrated by the prisoners and also in order to be able to carry out more rapidly the repairs of the buildings and installations of the prison.

The capacity of the prison is therefore strongly diminished and the number of the prisoners must be in connection with such capacity.

Therefore it isn necessary that the P.S. and Judicial Authorities be daily informed on the numerical situation of the prisoners and steps be taken for the solliciting of investigations and procedures, so that the number of those who entered is not superior to the number of those who were released.

In the last days happened the contrary, as it appears from below figures:

27.11.1944	Entered	38	released	6
28.11.1944	"	42	"	1
29.11.1944	"	14	"	2
30.11.1944	"	24	"	6
1.12.1944	"	18	"	3

Within a few days therefore we had an increase of 108.

Therefore I beg the P.S. Authorities to provide for the many prisoners, who since some time (some since months) appear still at its disposal and we beg the Judicial Authorities to sollicit the interrogateries and the provisions of release and provisional liberty and the many procedures in formal enquiries.

The numerical situation of the prisoners will be daily communicated by cable.

I point out that the present capacity of the prison can be fixed for 800 prisoners.

The Director
Sgd. Donati

1480

TELESPRESSO A MANO

Mod 805 MG

Roma 5 GEN 1945 19 A

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione per la P.S.
ROMA

Ufficio VI
Prot. N.° 135172/25-21

Risposta al f.° N. AC/14232/P.S.
del 20/12

OGGETTO: Affollamento Regina Coeli.

All.2

Con riferimento al foglio sopra indicato, si comunica che questo Ministero segue giorno per giorno con la dovuta attenzione la situazione numerica dei detenuti ristretti nel carcere di Regina Coeli, avendo sin dal 1° ottobre u.s. richiesto alla Direzione, che ne effettua giornalmente la trasmissione, di conoscere a mezzo fonogramma il numero dei detenuti presenti.

Tale numero, purtroppo, è in continuo aumento e ciò è causa di viva preoccupazione anche per questo Ministero, che, pur condividendo in pieno i timori espressi da codesta On. Commissione, non potrebbe adottare altro provvedimento all'infuori di quello di sfollare altrove un buon numero di detenuti, provvedimento questo che presenterebbe delle non lievi difficoltà, come si è potuto constatare per lo sfollamento disposto in seguito agli ultimi gravi incidenti verificatisi in detto carcere.

Questo Ministero, pertanto, si associa in pieno al desiderio espresso da codesta On.Commissione circa l'acceleramento dei procedimenti penali ed istruttorii da parte delle Autorità giudiziarie e di P.S., ma, esulando ciò dalla propria competenza, dovrà limitarsi ad interessare tali Autorità affinchè siano espletate, con la massima celerità e con piena comprensione dell'attuale momento, le relative pratiche.

In pari data, perciò, è stata trasmessa alla Procura Generale presso la Corte di Appello in Roma ed alla Direzione Generale della P.S. la nota pari numero, che qui si unisce in copia, con cui si invitano tali Autorità a sollecitare in tal senso i dipendenti Uffici, i quali, come si evince dall'unita copia della nota numero 18018 della direzione delle carceri di Roma in data 3 dicembre u.s., sono messi giornalmente al corrente della situazione numerica della popolazione detenuta nelle carceri stesse.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Sottocommissione per la P.S.

ROMA

Ufficio VI
Prot. N° 135172/25-21

Risposta al foglio N° AC/14232/P.S.
del 20/12

OGGETTO: Affollamento Regina Coeli.

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Pel MINISTRO

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Mod 605 N.G.

TELESPRESSO A MANO

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Roma 5 GEN 1945 *19* /

Al MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO
Direzione Generale della P.S.
ROMA

Alla Procura Generale del Regno
presso la Corte di Appello di
ROMA

Ufficio VI
Prot N.° 135172/25-21

Risposta al f.° N.°
del

OGGETTO: Affollamento carceri giudiziarie Regina Coeli.

All.1

La Commissione Alleata ha fatto pervenire a questo Ministero la nota AC/14232/P.S. in data 20 dicembre u.s. che qui si unisce in copia, con la quale viene segnalato il continuo crescente numero dei detenuti nelle locali carceri giudiziarie, ciò che inevitabilmente produrrà il ripetersi dei ben noti gravi incidenti.

Questo Ministero, nel condividere in pieno i timori espressi dalla Commissione Alleata, non potrebbe adottare altro provvedimento all'infuori di quello di sfollare altrove un buon numero di detenuti, provvedimento questo che presenterebbe non lievi difficoltà e che non servirebbe ad altro che a spostare altrove i lamentati incidenti.

E' necessario, pertanto che le Autorità in indirizzo si compiacciono dare precise e tassative disposizioni agli Uffici dipendenti perchè siano espletati con la massima celerità e comprensione dell'attuale momento i procedimenti penali ed istruttori a carico dei detenuti nelle locali carceri giudiziarie, proponendo anche, se del caso, eccezionali provvedimenti giudiziari e di polizia.

Si resta in attesa di conoscere le disposizioni che saranno impartite in merito.

Pel MINISTRO

1480

Per copia conforme *F.to Musillami*

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

ROMA

Ufficio VI
Prot. N° 135172/25-21

Rispostando N°
del

OGGETTO: Affollamento carceri giudiziarie Regina Coeli.

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Si resta in attesa di conoscere le disposizioni che saranno impartite in merito.

Pel MINISTRO

1480

F.to Musillami

MINISTERO DI GRAZIA E GIUSTIZIA

Per copia conforme

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

COPIA

DIREZIONE DEL CARCERE GIUDIZIARIO
DI ROMA

N.18018

lì 3/12-1944

Sig. PROCURATORE DEL REGNO DI ROMA

Sig. Q U E S T O R E di ROMA

e p.c.

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia
Direz.Gen. per gli Istituti di Prev.e di Pena
ROMA

OGGETTO: Situazione numerica giornaliera dei detenuti.

Le Superiori Autorità decisero recentemente un forte sfollamento di detenuti in altre carceri sia come provvedimento immediato in seguito a gravi atti d'indisciplina commessi da parte dei detenuti e sia anche per poter eseguire più celermente i lavori di riparazione ai fabbricati e agli impianti del carcere.

Nel fare ciò la capienza del carcere è fortemente diminuita o la popolazione detenuta deve essere contenuta in rapporto a tale capienza.

E' opportuno quindi che l'Autorità di P.S. e l'Autorità Giudiziaria siano giornalmente a conoscenza della situazione numerica della popolazione detenuta affinchè vengano con perseveranza date disposizioni di sollecitare le pratiche di indagini e le istruttorie, così che gli entrati non siano superiori agli usciti.

Negli ultimi giorni è avvenuto il contrario come rilevasi dai dati seguenti:

27.11.1944	Entrati	38	usciti	6
28.11.1944	"	42	"	1
29.11.1944	"	14	"	2
30.11.1944	"	24	"	6
1.12.1944	"	18	"	3

In pochi giorni quindi si è avuto un numero di 108 unità.

Prego pertanto l'Autorità di P.S. a provvedere alla decisione di numerosi detenuti che da tempo (alcuni da mesi) risultano ancora a sua disposizione e all'Autorità Giudiziaria a sollecitare gli interrogatori e i provvedimenti di scarcerazione e di libertà provvisoria e i numerosi procedimenti in istruttoria formale.

Giornalmente per fonogramma verrà comunicata la situazione numerica dei detenuti delle ultime 24 ore.

Segnalo che la capienza attuale del carcere, può essere stabilita per 800 unità.

IL DIRETTORE

declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785019

Ill.mo Sig. Q U E S T O R E di ROMA

e p.c.

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia
Direz.Gen. per gli Istituti di Prev.e di Pena
ROMA

OGGETTO: Situazione numerica giornaliera dei detenuti.

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Giornalmente per fonogramma verrà comunicata la situazione numerica dei detenuti delle ultime 24 ore.

Segnalo che la capienza attuale del carcere, può essere stabilita per 600 unità. 148

IL DIRETTORE
F/to Donati

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Mod. 1683 M. G. C.

MINISTERO DI GRAZIA E GIUSTIZIA

Biglietto urgente di servizio

All a Commissione Alleata

Sottocommissione per la P.S.

Bollo dell'ufficio postale di partenza

ROMA

Bollo dell'autorità mittente

Ord. 517-2-5- 1924-XII-Roma Tip. Mantellate (C. 50 000

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

12/232/RS. 57A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION
APO 394

D-178

Public Safety Division.
9th January, 1945.

File No. :- LUR/39/PS.
Subject :- Prisons - Overcrowding.
To :- HQ., AC., Public Safety Sub-Commission.

47

1. I would refer to my letter LUR/39/PS of 15th December, 1944, addressed to your HQ. to which no reply has been received.

570

2. I attach copy of a letter dated 8th January, 1945, from Regional Prisons Officer which again stresses the seriousness of the situation.

3. May I ask whether any action has been taken by your HQ. in the matter, particularly in regard to the suggestions contained in para. 6 of my letter of 15th December ?

For the Regional Commissioner:

C.T. FRANCIS.
Lt. Colonel.
RPSO., LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION.

TO	INIT	DATE
COL. CHAPMAN		
COL. YOUNG		
LT. COL. WILCOX		
MAJ LUCKMAN		
MAJ WILSON		
MAJ HANBURY		
MAJ BALLANCE		
CAPT POWEL		
CHIEF CLERK		

1480

572

Rome, January 8th, 1944

To: Lt.Col. F R A N C I S,
R.P.S.O.
R O M E

SUBJECT: Population -

1. Attention is requested to previous reports of the undersigned calling attention to the overcrowded population of REGINA COELI and other prisons in the region.

2. The population of REGINA COELI, as of 5 Jan. 1945, is 1146, with only one half of theprison available for use. This is the most critical overcrowding since the Allied entry into Rome.

3. Three other large prisons in the region (Perugia, Viterbo and Rieti) are overcrowded. Two district prisons (Arce and Sora) are also overcrowded.

4. No methods used so far (such as transfers and very limited use of provisional liberty) have shown any promise of preventing a re-occurrence of critical overcrowding. Italian judicial processes are just as slow, or slower, than ever before. We are facing, in the opinion of the undersigned, a situation that promises widespread disorder if some hitherto unused remedy is not applied.

5. The population situation is further complicated by the failure to supply the great bulk of the supplies requested by the various prison directors for the successful administration of their institutions. Blankets, soap, disinfectants, etc., have not been supplied, even where the need is most critical. The undersigned, who has visited these prisons, is frankly concerned over the evident inability of both Allied and Italian agencies to provide

1473

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Rome, January 8th, 1944

To: Lt.Col. F R A N C I S,
R.P.S.O.
R O M E

SUBJECT: Population -

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For your information.

R.M. Freeman, Capt.

R.M. FREEMAN, Capt., CMP.,
Prison Officer

HEADQUARTERS PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION A.M.G.I.C.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Public Safety 564

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION

14282

EJ/rx.

AG/4049/1. 15 Jan. 1945.

SUBJECT : Congestion of Regina Coeli Gaol.
Transport for process servers.

TO : H.E., the Minister of Pardon and Justice.

1. It was pointed out by various authorities concerned that one of the main reasons for the delay in the hearing of cases is the great difficulty experienced by the process servers in serving summons to defendants and witnesses because of lack of transport.

2. It has been suggested in the meeting of Vice Presidents of this HQ. that the Italian Government should requisition, as they have power to do, two or three small cars for this purpose.

3. This Sub-Commission would be glad to receive an early confirmation that the above suggestion is being considered.

G.G. Hannaford

G.G. HANNAFORD,
Lt. Colonel,
Officer i/c Italian Branch,
for Chief Legal Adviser.

Copy to : Public Safety S/C
" " : R.C. (att.R.L.O.),
Lazio-Umbria Region.

TO	INITIAL	DATE
COL CHAPMAN		
COL YOUNG		
LT. COL WILCOX		
MAJ LUCKMAN		
MAJ WILSON		
MAJ HANBURY		
MAJ BALLANCE		
CAPT POWEL		
CHIEF CLERK		

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

537A

Indorsement 9

Enquiries made through Minister of War have disclosed the following facts:-

1) All the prisoners were dispatched from Regina Coeli prison to the Internee Section of Afrigola Camp .

2) On 14th Oct 207 of the prisoners were freed and sent home but remain at disposal of M of W for any further investigation.

3) The remainder, still at Afrigola, are at the disposal of the Defascism Commissions which are awaiting instructions from Allied Authorities.

31 Oct/44

S P Bolton Capt
for AA & QMG.
M. M. I. A.

1270

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

PS.

Please take typed
copies of 43 A are kept
in this office to save
unnecessary handling.

A Kleshman SI/St
CH Sec.

- 7 OCT 1948

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

54A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

TO : Colonel John W. Chapman,
Director, Public Safety Sub-Commission.

The first conference about the Institute of A. Gabelli was held in Col. Fishers office at Rome Allied Area Command on 10 Nov. 1944. There were present Col. Fischer, R.A.A.C., Lt Col Pollock, Allied Commission, Lt. Col Young, R.A.A.C., Capt Freeman Prison Officer Lazio Region. Mr. Alnatero and Mr Amadeo of the Prison Section of the Ministry of Grace and Justice. They could not come to any decision. I was not present as I was not informed of this meeting. I was informed of the results a few days latter and I visited Col Fischer in his office and stated the case of the Allied Comission and offered the use of Fort Boccea to the Security. G-2 Col Fischer agreed to look it over and give me his answer.

This was on November 13, 1944. As I did not hear from him, about a week later I went to R.A.A.C. and was informed that Col. Fischer was in the Hospital but I was shown into the office of Lt Col Young, R.A.A.C. and was informed by Lt Col Young that Fort Boccea was unsatisfactory and that they wanted the Reformatory. I again laid the facts before Lt Col Young and he said we would wait untill Col Fischer returned from the hospital.

This was the end of our confrences and the next move took place on Thursday Nov. 23 - the day of the disturbance at Regina Coeli.

E. W. Hanbury

E.W. HANBURY
Major
Prison Section.

EWH/jwf

Discussion Brig. Upjohn with Brig. Low 4 Jan 45 j.w.c.

1476

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

D.b 53

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

AC/14232/PS 2 January 1945

SUBJECT : Dott. MORVILLO and Dott. SCANCA

TO : Ministry of Grace & Justice

50A

1. In reply to your letter No 74733 reference the above named Inspectors, the following is a statement on file in this office.

Dott. MORVILLO, he has removed on 16 July, his institution was the subject of unfavourable reports. The Reformatory over which he had jurisdiction represented the most glaring instance of lack of order, unsanitary and dirty conditions, a general lack of inspiration and administrative efficiency, and he was removed for this unefficiency.

Dott. SCANCA : Fascist before 1922, he collaborated with the Fascist party in the service of the Prefect Mori and the public. Prosecuted Giampietro for fighting antifascism under the pretence of repressing delinquency in Sicily. He endeavoured to get the fascist decoration "Sciarpa Littorio" but did not succeed. Through his fascist powerful connections he succeeded in being appointed General Inspector, although he exceeded the age limit (65 years), escaping then the duties of his office, performing simpler duties not proper to his degree. He is now 72 years old.

2. In Regina Coeli there is at present a Vice Director and as this office has been informed that Dottor Donati will return on Jan. 10, 1945 to his duties, there does not seem to be any reason for the appointment of any person to fill his place.

3. In regards to the two above mentioned names their past record does not show any good reason for their reinstatement.

JOHN W. CHANDLER
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission

1473

EWH/wgm.

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division, Lazio - Umbria Region
Headquarters, Prison Superintendent

D-905 52A

29 December 1944

51A

TO: John W. CHAIMAN
Colonel J.A.G.D.
Director, Public Safety Sub-Commission
Att. Major HANBURY

SUBJECT: Dott. SGANGA and Dott. MORVILLO
File AC/14232/PS

TO	INIT	DA
COL. CHAPMAN		
COL. YOUNG		
LT. COL WILCOX		
MAJ LUCKMAN		
MAJ WILSON		
MAJ HANBURY		
MAJ BALLANCE		
CAPT POWELL		
LT CLARK		

In reply to the communication referred to above, the following is submitted:

52A

1. Attached is copy of communication forwarded on 3/8/44 to Col. Kirk, Chief, P.S. Sub-Commission on the same subject.

2. Doctor Morvillo, ex-Inspector General of the Boys Reformatory was removed 18 July 1944. He, and his institution, had previously been the subject of an unfavourable report, made by the undersigned to his divisional superiors, prior to his removal. The Reformatory, over which he had jurisdiction represented the most glaring instance of lack of order, unsanitary and dirty conditions, and general lack of inspiration and administrative efficiency found in the experience of the undersigned. He was the only official whose removal could be justified solely on the basis of inefficiency. We have no adverse report on his political background.

1474

ATTERS R. M. Freeman Capt. & A.P.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

TO: John W. CHAIRMAN
Colonel J.A.C.D.
Director, Public Safety Sub-Commission
Att. Major HANBURY

SUBJECT: Dott. SGANGA and Dott. MORVILLO
File AC/14232/PS

TO	INIT	DATE
COL CHAIRMAN		
COL YOUNG		
LT. COL WILCOX		
MAJ LUCKMAN		
MAJ WILSON		
MAJ HANBURY		
MAJ BALLANCE		
P. POWEL		
F. CLERK		

In reply to the communication referred to above, the following is submitted:

1. Attached is copy of communication forwarded on 3/8/44 to Col. Kirk, Chief, P.S. Sub-Commission on the same subject.

2. Doctor Morvillo, ex-Inspector General of the Boys Reformatory was removed 18 July 1944. He, and his institution, had previously been the subject of an unfavourable report, made by the undersigned to his divisional superiors, prior to his removal. The Reformatory, over which he had jurisdiction represented the most glaring instance of lack of order, unsanitary and dirty conditions, and general lack of inspiration and administrative efficiency found in the experience of the undersigned. He was the only official whose removal could be justified solely on the basis of inefficiency. We have no adverse report on his political background.

R.M. Freeman Capt CMP.

HEADQUARTERS REGION IV PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION. AMG/ACC.

R.M.Freeman,Capt.CMP.
Prison Officer,Lazio-Umbria Region

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

526

3/8/44

TO: Paul G. KIRK, Col.Inf.
Chief, Public Safety Sub-Commission, ROME

Attention: Major Howley

Subject/ Appointments of ex-Prison Officials

1. In connection with your communication of 31 July 1944 (File ACC/14208/1/PS,) the following is submitted:

2. Appreciation is expressed of the Sub-Commission's decision to refuse authority for transfer of the above officials to other posts in AMG territory.

3. The following memorandum is on file in this office, as a result of investigations made by the undersigned immediately following the Allied entry into Rome. Its truth is vouched for by three of the other officials on the list in question.

SUBJECT: SGANGA, Dr Francesco, General Inspector.
Fascist before 1922. He collaborated with the Fascist party in the service of the Prefect Mori and the public. Prosecuted Giampietro for fighting antifascism, under the pretence of repressing delinquency in Sicily.
He endeavoured to get the fascist decoration "Sciarpa Littorio" but didnot succeed. Thru his fascist powerful connections he succeeded in being appointed General Inspector, although he exceeded the age limit (65 years), escaping then the duties of his office, performing simpler duties not proper to his degree. He is now 72 years old.

1470

4. The undersigned has, on the basis of his observations and accurate knowledge of the capabilities and general political background of Dr Carretta, Donato, ex-director of Regina Coeli, expressed his opinion to the Regional Commissioner and to the Chief, Public Safety Division, that Carretta appeared worthy of generous consideration by Allied Government personnel.
He reiterates this sentiment to the Sub-Commission.

5. It is not felt that any of the other persons are

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 780046

TO: Paul G. KIRK, Col.Inf.
Chief, Public Safety Sub-Commission, ROME

Attention: Major Honbury

Subject/ Appointments of ex-Prison Officials

1. In connection with your communication of 31 July 1944 (File ACC/14208/1/PS.) the following is submitted:

2. Appreciation is expressed of the Sub-Commission's decision to refuse authority for transfer of the above officials to other posts in AMG territory.

3. The following memorandum is on file in this office, as a result of investigations made by the undersigned immediately following the Allied entry into Rome. Its truth is vouched for by three of the other officials on the list in question.

SUBJECT: SGANGA, Dr Francesco, General Inspector.
Fascist before 1922. He collaborated with the Fascist party in the service of the Prefect Mori and the public. Prosecuted Giampietro for fighting antifascism, under the pretence of repressing delinquency in Sicily.
He endeavoured to get the fascist decoration "Sciarpa Littorio" but didnot succeed. Thru his fascist powerful connections he succeeded in being appointed General Inspector, although he exceeded the age limit (65 years), escaping then the duties of his office, performing simpler duties not proper to his degree. He is now 72 years old.

1473

4. The undersigned has, on the basis of his observations and accurate knowledge of the capabilities and general political background of Dr Carretta, Donato, ex-director of Regina Coeli, expressed his opinion to the Regional Commissioner and to the Chief, Public Safety Division, that Carretta appeared worthy of generous consideration by Allied Government personnel.
He reiterates this sentiment to the Sub-Commission.

5. It is not felt that any of the other persons are deserving of special consideration.

HEADQUARTERS REGION IV - AMG/ACC. PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION.

R.M. Freeman Capt CMP

R.M.Freeman,Capt.CMP.
Supt.of Prisons

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

1325

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Capt Freeman 5539

P.S.

5/A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 479709

28 December, 1944.

AC/14232/PS

SUBJECT : Dott. Spanga and Dott. Morvillo.

TO : Regional Commissioner,
Lazio-Umbria Region,
(Attention Captain Freeman Prison Officer).

1. Attached find a communication from the Minister of Grace and Justice reference the above named.

2. Will you inform this office if there has been any investigation made into the conduct of these men or any other information you may have.

3. Will you please return all the correspondence to this office.

JOHN T. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

EWH/G.

1430

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

14232

Translation RV MINISTRY OF GRACE & JUSTIC Copy 14231 (Screening) 50A

20 December 1944

N.74733

Subject : Direction of the Regina Coeli judicial prisons.

To : Major Hanbury-A.C. Public Safety S/C - Rome.

The director of the Regina Coeli judicial prisons, dott. Domenico Donati, is at present seriously ill in Naples, where he went in order to bring back his family.

It is foreseen that his recovery cannot take place before the second fortnight of January.

Being necessary to provide for his temporary replacement, this Ministry, having no other personnel available, could employ one of the two general Inspectors, dott. Sganga or dott. Morvillo, who,as is known, in consequence of the AMG ordinance dated 18 July 1944, were removed from their office, in order to examine their behaviour during the period in which the city was under German occupation.

We beg you to communicate, as soon as possible, whether there are reasons to the contrary on the part of the Commission.

14232

For the Minister

Mod. 1348 M.G.

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

Direzione Generale

per gli Istituti di prevenzione e di pena

Ufficio I°

N. 74733

Roma, 20 dicembre 1944

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione di PS.
Maggiore Hambury

Roma

OGGETTO: Direzione delle carceri giudiziarie di Regina Coeli.

Il direttore delle carceri giudiziarie di Regina Coeli, dott. Domenico Donati, trovasi gravemente ammalato in Napoli, ove erasi recato per ritirare la famiglia.

Si prevede che la guarigione non possa effettuarsi prima della seconda quindicina di gennaio.

Urgendo pertanto provvedere alla sua temporanea sostituzione, questo Ministero, non avendo altro personale disponibile, potrebbe utilizzare uno dei due ispettori generali, dott. Sganga o Dott. Morvillo che, come è noto, in base all'ordinanza del 18 luglio 1944 del Governo Militare Alleato, furono allontanati dall'ufficio, allo scopo generico di esaminare la loro condotta tenuta quando la città era sotto l'occupazione tedesca.

Si prega pertanto comunicare con cortese urgenza se vi siano ragioni in contrario da parte di codesta On. Commissione.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

per gli affari di [illegible] zione c di poma

Ufficio I°

N. 74733

Roma, 20 dicembre 1944

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione di PS.
Maggiore Hambury

Roma

OGGETTO: Direzione delle carceri giudiziarie di Regina Coeli.

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Si prevede che la guarigione non possa effettuarsi prima della seconda quindicina di gennaio.

Urgendo pertanto provvedere alla sua temporanea sostituzione, questo Ministero, non avendo altro personale disponibile, potrebbe utilizzare uno dei due ispettori generali, dott. Sganga o Dott. Morvillo che, come è noto, in base all'ordinanza del 18 luglio 1944 del Governo Militare Alleato, furono allontanati dall'ufficio, allo scopo generico di esaminare la loro condotta tenuta quando la città era sotto l'occupazione tedesca.

Si prega pertanto comunicare con cortese urgenza se vi siano ragioni in contrario da parte di codesta On. Commissione.

pel MINISTRO

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

File.
490

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION.
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 478709

AC/14232/18

28 December, 1944.

SUBJECT : Dott. Sganga and Dott. Morvillo.

TO : Regional Commissioner,
Lazio-Umbria Region,
(Attention Captain Freeman Prison Officer).

1. Attached find a communication from the Minister of Grace and Justice reference the above named.

2. Will you inform this office if there has been any investigation made into the conduct of these men or any other information you may have.

3. Will you please return all the correspondence to this office.

JOHN W. [illegible]
Colonel, J.A.C.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

E.H/C.

1460

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

file 48A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

AC/14232/PS

Tel : 478709

20 December, 1944.

SUBJECT : Overcrowding Regina Coeli.

TO : Minister of Grace & Justice.

1. This Sub-Commission wishes to call your attention to the fact that the Prison of Regina Coeli is again becoming overcrowded and this will lead again to disturbances as it had in the past.

2. The transferring of prisoners does not eliminate the condition and only leads to over crowding in other prisons and we must expect trouble as happened in Campobasso and Aquila.

3. It is necessary that steps be taken to speed up the action of the courts if serious trouble is to be avoided.

4. Will you kindly acknowledge this letter and inform us of the plans you have in mind in order to take care of this situation.

E. W. Hawkesworth Major

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel. J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

EWH/G.

1460

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

HEADQUARTERS
ALLI MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION
APO 394

W.O. 32 D. 1803 47 Sec 57 a.

Public Safety Division.
15th December, 1944.

File No. :- LUR/39/PS.
Subject :- Prisons - Overcrowding.
To :- HQ., Public Safety Sub-Commission.

36

1. I would draw attention to the report submitted by this Division to your Sub-Commission for the month of November, wherein concern is expressed owing to the rising prison population in Regina Coeli. It was stated that admissions were exceeding releases at the rate of 400-500 per month. Only half the prison capacity is available because of the damage caused by the recent riots.

2. Latest returns show an increase in the numbers in Regina Coeli of 239 during the past 16 days. This brings the total to 988, to be housed in the four wings, out of eight, available for use. Overcrowding is now as serious as it was prior to the recent disturbances, which conditions were in part responsible for the trouble.

3. There is still some unrest in this prison and, if the overcrowding continues or increases, there is the possibility of further disturbances.

4. Temporary measures taken by the transferring of prisoners, only complicate conditions in the prisons to which they are transferred, and several disturbances have already been reported. Also this does not touch the root of the trouble.

146.

5. The simple fact is that the Italian judicial authorities and their processes operate too slowly to even keep abreast of the situation.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

6. The time has come when Legal Sub-Commission and Public Safety Sub-Commission should warn the responsible Ministries of the Italian Government that the position is most serious and that action must be taken to speed-up trials and take other energetic steps to decrease the numbers in the existing prisons if they wish to avoid further trouble among the inmates.

7. I would be grateful if you would use your best endeavours in this respect.

C.T. FRANCIS.
Lt. Colonel.
RPSO., LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION.

TO	INIT	DATE
COL. CHAPMAN		
COL. YOUNG		
LT. COL WILCOX		
MAJ LUCKMAN		
MAJ WILSON		
MAJ HARDY		

X

1460

HEADQUARTERS

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT

REGION No. IV

APO 394

PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION

ROUTING SLIP

14232 file

Date 14-12-44

TO.	FROM
Lt. Col. J.R. POLLOCK	
Major A.W. BATTERS BEY	
Major W.E. COLLINS	
Major P.E. COXHEAD	
Capt. T.W.M. GREENHILL	
Capt. D.J. HOPKINS	
Capt. L.A. TOMPKINS	
Capt. R.M. FREEMAN	✓
Capt. A.E. BAKER	
Capt. W.L. WISSON	
Capt. A.T. BROWN	
Capt. BACKMAN	
P.P.S.O.	Roger Hackney
Chief Clerk	

ACTION

FOR YOUR	
✓	INFORMATION
	NOTATION & RETURN
	TRANSMISSION
	REMARKS & RECOMMENDATION
	NECESSARY ACTION
	CORRECTION & RETURN
	PUBLICATION
	ISSUANCE OF ORDERS
	SIGNATURE
	DISPATCH
	APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL
	TYPING
	FILING
	TRANSLATION

REMARKS

Copy - For your information

14/12

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Major W.E. COLLINS
Major P.E. COXHEAD
Capt. T.W.M. GREENHILL
Capt. D.J. HOPKINS
Capt. L.A. TOMPKINS
Capt. R.M. FREEMAN
Capt. A.E. BAKER
Capt. W.L. WISSON
Capt. A.T. BROWN
Capt. BACKMAN
P.P.S.O.
Chief Clerk

ACTION

FOR YOUR
✓ INFORMATION
NOTATION & RETURN
TRANSMISSION
REMARKS & RECOMMENDATION
NECESSARY ACTION
CORRECTION & RETURN
PUBLICATION
ISSUANCE OF ORDERS
SIGNATURE
DISPATCH
APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL
TYPING
FILING
TRANSLATION

REMARKS

Copy for your information

HEADQUARTERS REGION N. PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION AMGIACO

(Continue over)

INITIAL

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Rome, December 14th, 1944

To: Lt. Col. F R A N C I S
R.P.S.O. Lazio-Umbria Region

TO	
COL. CHAPMAN	
COL. YOUNG	
LT. COL. WILCOX	
MAJ. LUCKMAN	
MAJ. WILSON	
MAJ. [illegible]	X Ltr 16/12
MAJ. BALLARD	
CAPT. POWELL	
CHIEF CLERK	

SUBJECT: Prison population -

1) Attention is requested to monthly prison report submitted to Lt.Col. Pollock as of 30th November 1944, wherein the concern of the undersigned was expressed because of the rising prison population in Regina Coeli. It was stated that entries were exceeding releases at the rate of 400-500 per month, with only half of the prison capacity being available for use as a result of damage caused by the recent violent incidents.

2) The latest prisoner-count shows an increase in Regina Coeli's population of 239 during the past 16 days. With the present total count of 950, and the fact that only four wings of the total of eight are available for use, it is pointed out that overcrowding at Regina C. is about as serious now as when a similar condition was held partly responsible for the riots.

3) There is still some unrest in Regina Coeli which, if the overcrowding progresses much farther, can materially add to the possibility of further disturbances. Temporary stop-gaps by transferring prisoners to other jails, not only complicate conditions in these other prisons (several disturbances already having been reported) but do not go to the base of the problem.

4) The simple fact seems to be that Italian judicial authorities and their processes, operate too slowly and it is requested that the good offices of this Division be used to expedite the handling of arrest cases.

146

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 795046

Rome, December 14th, 1944

To: Lt. Col. F R A N C I S
P.W.B. Lazio-Umbria Region

TO	
COL. CHAPMAN	
COL. YOUNG	
LT. COL. WILCOX	
MAJ. BERMAN	
MAJ. WOLFE	
MAJ. HANLEY	X
MAJ. BALLANTINE	
CAPT. BROWN	
CHIEF CLERK	

SUBJECT: Prison population -

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R. M. Freeman Capt. CMP.

R.M. FREEMAN, Capt. CMP.
Prison Officer - Lazio-Umbria Region

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION
(Engineering Division)
APO 394

14232 45A

C/27

Date ..... 29/12 .....

P.W. (PC)	Via del Mare, 45	.....
HQ. ACC. (Public Safety)	Via Veneto	..V.....
G MIL CIVILS	Via Cavalambano; 10	.....
C.I.P.	Via del Tritone, 181	.....
S.R.E.	Via Poli, 14	.....

1460

Tel. 843274

WB/cv
109
01130

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Lazio-Umbria Region
(Engineering Division)
APO 394

19/12/44

TO : HQ.AC/Public Safety Sec.

SUBJRCT : Rome Prison - electric energy to Alessandroni M.

IN REPLY QUOTE : R4/ENG/700.2 R/794 see 384

Ref. : AC/14232/PS 2 Dec.

1. The RAAC El.Cotrol Board granted the concession of 15 days electric service to the above mentioned firm in Via dei Riari 73.

2. The connection was made and energy available immediately.

E.P. Wade-Brown

LT. E.P. WADE-BROWN R.A.
Chief E. &. M. Section

Copy to :

1) Ministery of Grazia e Giustizia (Ref.1231/1/20/27 Nov)

2) HQ.AC/PWU SC -Ref. 060/PWU/12/12/44

1402

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

1339

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Translation RV.

U R G E N T Maj Hanbury 44A

Ministry of Grace & Justice

14 December 1944.

N. 1385/1.20.I

Subject : Rome - judicial prison - Supply of industrial power to the firm Alessandroni Mariano - Via dei Riari 73.

To : the Communal concern - Electricity - Rome
and for information
To : Chief Engineer of the civil engineering Office
To : Major Hanbury - A.C. Public Safety S/C
To : Power allocation Committee G.4. Section R.A.D.C.

no copy to PSS-C.

With reference to previous correspondence, we beg that concern to kindly dispose - in granting of the request forwarded by the civil engineering Office in Rome, with letter n. 4595 dated 11 Dec. - the supply of industrial power to the firm Alessandroni Mariano for further 15 days, as the period granted previously has not been sufficient for the settling of the works.

We notify that the meter is registered in the name of the firm Palmeroni Augusto.

Assurance would be appreciated, thanking you

for the Minister

1 GC x

Mod.1348 M.G.

U R G E N T E

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

Direzione Generale per gli Istituti di Prevenzione e di Pena

UFFICIO IV.

Prot. N° 1385/ 1.20.I.

Roma, 14 DIC 1944

All'AZIENDA COMUNALE ELETTRICITA'

R O M A

e per conoscenza:

All'INGEGNERE CAPO DEL GENIO CIVILE

R O M A

All' A. C.

SOTTOCOMMISSIONE P.S.

Major Henbury

R O M A

Al POWER ALLOCATION

Committice

G. 4. Section R.A.D.C.

R O M A

O G G E T T O: Roma - Carcere Giudiziario - Fornitura energia industriale alla Ditta Alessandroni Mariano - Via dei Riari 73.

Con riferimento alla precorsa corrispondenza, si prega codesta Azienda di voler disporre - in accoglimento della richiesta inoltrata dall'Ufficio del Genio Civile di Roma, con la lettera 11 dicembre corr. n° 4595 - la fornitura della energia industriale alla ditta Alessandroni Mariano per un ulteriore periodo continuativo di 15 giorni, tenuto presente che il primo periodo concesso non è stato sufficiente all'espletamento dei lavori.

Si fa presente che il contatore è intestato alla ditta Palmeroni Augusto.

Si gradirà assicurazione e si ringrazia.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

UFFICIO IV.

Prot. N° 1385/ 1.20.I.

Roma, 14 DIC 1944

All'AZIENDA COMUNALE ELETTRICITA'

R O M A

e per coroscenza:
All'INGEGNERE CAPO DEL GENIO CIVILE

R O M A

All' A. C.
SOTTOCOMMISSIONE P.S.
Major Hanbury

R O M A

Al POWER ALLOCATION
Committice
G. 4. Section R.A.D.C.

R O M A

O G G E T T O: Roma - Carcere Giudiziario - Fornitura energia industriale alla Ditta Alessandroni Mariano - Via dei Riari 73.

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Si fa presente che il contatore è intestato alla ditta Palmeroni Augusto.

Si gradirà assicurazione e si ringrazia.

pel M I N I S T R O

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

13421

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

H3A

Ref :AG/14232/18

Not Sent

~~AG~~ Dec 44

SUBJECT : Security Prisoners.

TO : RAAC.

Reference your AL/TKB/mew of 2 Dec and .5136 of 17 Dec.

1 It is desired first to marshal the facts and then to submit the argument. As to the facts:

a) The Gabelli Institute is the only reformatory on the Italian Mainland still left in the possession of the Italian Govt.

b) Italian Law provides (as does also US and English Law) that children may not be placed in penal establishments with criminals.

c) The Italian prisons are in any event so grossly overcrowded as to make them even more unsuitable.

d) Fort Boccea is unsuitable for the children as it contains 260 Italian Military prisoners, who have to be kept separate from civil prisoners, for whom the Italian Govt has no alternative accomodation.

e) The Gabelli Institute is specially fitted for training these children; there are carpenters, metal, tailor and shoe repairing shops fitted with a large number of machines, presses, lathes, heavy work benches etc which are bolted into the floors.

f) The Italian Govt has no alternative accomodation for these children especially such as would be suitable to receive this machinery, which also it would be difficult to move.

g) If they were moved, reclamation and re-education of these children would cease.

h) Detainees do not need the special facilities which are contained in this institute.

i) The army has at its disposal hutting facilities and if there is a complete lack of available accomodation, a hutted camp may be a possible solution.

2 The Instructions dealing with the provision of accomodation for military and civilian agencies working for the Armed Forces are contained in Admin Memo 29 of 8 Jul 44. The arguments are based thereon and are:-

a) That AC is a military agency and is not merely working for but is a part of the Army; its duty is so to administer the country that the Commander is relieved of responsibility for such administration and for finding troops for that purpose.

b) That for the purpose of conserving manpower, it is the policy under which AC is directed to work that it shall wherever possible organise and employ Italian agencies. That such agencies are civilian agencies working for the Armed Forces.

1459

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

c) That if AC is to fulfill its functions it must have reasonable and adequate facilities for that purpose.
d) That one of the necessary facilities it requires for that purpose is prison accomodation.
e) That its needs in that respect are not simply a need of the Italian Govt but are definitely a need on behalf of the Allied Forces as a part of the measures necessary to secure good order behind the Armies.
f) That AC is as entitled to rely upon Admin Memo 29 as an authority for meeting its requirements as is any other part of the Army.
g) That this Memorandum is not an authority for depriving one part of the Army of its essential facilities (even if they are operated by a civilian agency) for the benefit of another part.

3 Further para 3c of Admin Memo 29 lays down that unreasonable demands shall not be made. It is submitted that not only is the request to take the last unrequisitioned reformatory on the mainland unreasonable, but that this same para directs that AC, as much as any other military agency, will not accept less than that which is necessary completely to fulfill its requirements.

4 It is regretted therefore that the proposed requisition of the Cabelli Institute cannot be assented to.

Brigadier
Chief of Staff

Copy to AFHQ. G[illegible]

1460

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

19 DIC 1944

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION
APO 394

19 DEC 1944

R/3153

18 December 1944.

SUBJECT : Security Prisoners

TO : ~~Office of the Chief of Staff~~, CA Sec.
Headquarters, Allied Commission.

1. Attached hereto copy of a letter from General Brown, Commander of Rome Area Allied Command, in regard to the above subject.

2. This matter has been referred to your office because the question is one that can be determined only at the national level of the Italian government.

3. This Headquarters request that action be taken as soon as possible in this matter by the Public Safety Sub-Commission, and that notification be given us as to the nature of this action so that an answer may be sent as quickly as possible to General Brown.

John D. Ames
JOHN D. AMES
Lt Colonel,
Acting Regional Commissioner

1 Incl.
As stated above.

146.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

42B
D. 1544

COPY

HQ ROME AREA ALLIED COMMAND
APO No.784, US Army

Ref. 5/126 TKB/AL/rw

Subject:- Security Prisoners 17 Dec 44

HQ LAZIO*UMBRIA Region AC/AMC

Reference is made to this HQ letter dated 2 Dec 44 in relation to the provision of suitable accommodation and custody of the security prisoners who have of necessity to be held by this HQ.

It will be recalled that this letter requested that the Istituto A. GABELLI might be put at our disposal for this purpose and that other accommodation might be found for the minor delincuents at present housed there.

It is understood that this matter was referred by you to HQ Allied Commission, but up to the present nothing further has been heard. The matter is of some urgency and it is requested that action may be taken in accordance with the request of this HQ.

The urgency of the matter is illustrated by the fact that on 11 Dec two Italian prisoners made good their escape: both were agents of the Germans, hostile to the Allied cause and therefore presumably to the present Italian Government. Their escape was made possible by the fact that shortage of available accommodation makes it necessary to confine more that one of these potential escapees in one cell. It could not have been effected if the earlier requests of this HQ had received prompt attention.

THOBURN K. BROWN
Brigadier-General, US Army
Commanding

1450

(2263)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

41 P

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 478709

AC/14232/PS

19 December, 1944.

SUBJECT : Institute A. Gabelli.

TO : Commanding General R.A.A.C.

1. In reply to your letter AI/TKB/WAW - 2 December 1944 reference the above subject. The Allied Commission wishes to place the following facts before you in reference to the conditions in prisons and reformatories in liberated Italy.

2. At the present time in all of liberated Italy there is only one Reformatory for minors at the disposition of the Italian Authorities and this one is located in Sicily, there is a reformatory for minors in Naples (Nisida) but this is occupied by an army formation as a Court Martial and holding Center, and the use of this Institution is denied the Italian Authorities.

In reference to the Institute of A. Gabelli the Institute at the present time houses about 140 minors divided into the following classes :-

19 under sentence for penal crimes
79 under sentence for minor crimes and the remaining 42 who are not sentenced by a Court for any offence but who are abandoned and stray children. All these minors are given a course in re education.

In the Institution they have a carpenter shop, a metal shop, a tailor and shoe repairing shops. In the Carpenter shop they have a large band saw and five laths. In the metal shop they have metal lathe gunders and power press with 25 heavy work benches. The tailor shop has 3 sewing machines. This is all heavy equipment and bolted and set in the floors and could not be easily moved. If these boys are moved from this Institution it will be impossible to continue their re education and will deprive them from the use of the above equipment.

Under Italian Law and the Laws of the United States and England, children who are abandoned or strays cannot be placed in a penal or judicial institution and in fact cannot be placed in any institution with other criminals. If the Italian Authorities are forced to move these children from this institution they will have to place them in either Regina Coeli Prison which is a Judicial prison and at the present time quite full of older and vicious criminals or to Fort Boccea which now has about 260 Italian Military prisoners which cannot be moved into Civilian Prisons due to the fact that Military prisoners are to be kept separate from Civilian Prisoners.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

3. It is asked by this Commission that consideration be given to the facts stated above and the present situation also that many prisons and reformatories are already requisitioned by Army formations (see attached list) that it is very undesirable to move these boys from this Institution and the lack of any suitable accommodation comes within the meaning of para 3 of AFHQ administrative Memorandum # 29 that

"Responsible officials of the United Nations Agencies will not make unreasonable demands".

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel J.A.C.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

EWH/C.

140

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 395

29 Nov. 1944

AC/14210/FS

SUBJECT : Prisons Occupied by Army Formations

TO : V.P. Civil Affairs Section.

1. As requested the following list shows the space occupied by Army formation in Civilian Judicial and Penal establishments.

Aversale		all
Risida	(Reformatory)	all
Portici		all
Orvieto		all
Palermo	(Reformatory)	all
Brindisi		all
Foggioreal		400
Sant Eframo		200
Benevento		150
S.Maria Capa Vetre		50
Avellino		50
Sansoviro		unkown
Aboli	(Reformatory)	100 refugees
A.Cabelli	(Rome) (Reformatory)	139

Also one prison in Florence the name is not known at this time or the space they have taken.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission

EWF/jwf

14c2

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION
APO 394

9 DEC 1944

Public Safety Division.
7th December, 1944.

9 DIC 1944

HEADQUARTERS 9 DEC 1944 8 DEC 1944

File No. :- PS/LUR/3152/1.

Subject :- Security Prisoners.

To :- HQ., Allied Commission.

1. Attached letter from the Commanding General, Rome Area Allied Command, ref. AL/TKB/waw, dated 2nd December, 1944, deals with a matter which is outside the jurisdiction of this Headquarters.

2. Briefly, the General requests that juveniles detained in the Instituto A. Gabelli be moved to Forte Boccea in order that the former can be used exclusively for security prisoners.

3. As will be seen the matter had previously been dealt with by Public Safety Sub-Commission and the Ministry of Justice, the latter referring the request to the Minister of the Interior.

4. It is not possible for this Region to deal with the matter and it is, therefore, referred to you for necessary action and reply direct.

Writer has been informed that his letter has been passed to your HQ.

TO	INITIAL	DATE
G-1 CHERMAN		
G-2 WOOD		
G-3 WILCOX		
G-4 GORDON		
G-5 WILSON		
G-5 HANNIGAN		
MAJ BALLANCE		
CAPT POWELL		
CHIEF CLERK		

J.D. AMES.
Lt.Colonel.
A/Regional Commissioner
Lazio-Umbria Region.

Encs.: 3
Letter from Commanding General, RAAC.
Letter from Ministry of Interior with translation.
Copy of letter this HQ. to Commanding General, RAAC.

406

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION
APO 394

Public Safety Division.
7th December, 1944.

File No. :- PS/LUR/3152/1.
Subject :- Security Prisoners.
To :- Commanding General, R.A.A.C.

1. Your letter ref. AL/TKB/waw of 2nd December, 1944, requesting that juvenile detainees in the Instituto A. Gabelli be moved to Forte Boccea in order that the former could be used exclusively for security prisoners, has been referred to Headquarters, Allied Commission, for necessary and immediate action.

2. A decision on the request made is beyond the scope of this Headquarters.

J.D. AMES.
Lt.Colonel.
A/Regional Commissioner
Lazio-Umbria Region.

1450

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 783016

Public Safety Division.
7th December, 1944.

File No. :- PS/LUR/3152/1.

Subject :- Security Prisoners.

To :- Commanding General, M.A.A.C.

1. Your letter ref. AL/TKB/waw of 2nd December, 1944, requesting that juvenile detainees in the Instituto A. Gabelli be moved to Forte Boccea in order that the former could be used exclusively for security prisoners, has been referred to Headquarters, Allied Commission, for necessary and immediate action.

2. A decision on the request made is beyond the scope of this Headquarters.

J.D. AMES.
Lt.Colonel.
A/Regional Commissioner
Lazio-Umbria Region.

1470

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Ex O 40c

-5 DEC 1944

ROME AREA ALLIED COMMAND
APO 794, US Army

AI/TPD/wsw

2 December 1944

SUBJECT: Security Prisoners

TO : Regional Commissioner, Lazio-Umbria Region, AC/A&G,
APO 394, US Army.

MOD

The attached memorandum has been received by this Hq from H.E. The Minister of the Interior.

Unfortunately, this Command has been put to the necessity of holding a number of prisoners, for the most part Italian, who have been found guilty, or are under suspicion, of having committed acts seriously hostile or prejudicial to Allied Military interests.

So far ahead as can be foreseen, a considerable number of such prisoners is likely to remain in Allied Military custody in ROME, but it is not at present possible to forecast what the numbers are likely to be at any future date. At present the numbers are in excess of 110.

On the occasion of an earlier series of riots in Regina Coeli Gaol, some two months ago, representations were made by this Hq of the undesirability of keeping these security detainees in the civil prison in proximity to common prisoners. These representations were accepted by the Italian Government who put forward a proposal that the security prisoners should be lodged in Forte Boccea. This place at the time was understood to be housing about thirty Italian military prisoners. It was carefully inspected by my representatives who pronounced it entirely unsuitable for the purpose, principally on the grounds that it is quite insufficiently provided with the separate cell accommodation which is absolutely essential for the custody of prisoners of this category. It was, however, considered to be eminently suitable for the reception of juvenile delinquents for whom the same provision of cell accommodation is not normally considered necessary. The proposal was therefore made by this Hq that the minors detained in the Instituto A. Gabelli should take over the former building. It was understood that this proposal had been accepted and that the Prime Minister had instructed the Minister of Grace and Justice to put it into effect.

FORTE BOCCEA

Nothing had been done in the matter, however, until the recent series of riots occurred in Regina Coeli Gaol last week, when in view of the seriousness of the situation and the imperative necessity to remove the security prisoners elsewhere, my Deputy Commander peremptorily arranged for one section of the Instituto A. Gabelli to be occupied for this purpose, while the remainder of the building remains in occupation by the juveniles. This arrangement, though possible as a temporary makeshift, presents several serious disadvantages and is not acceptable as a permanent solution. Accordingly the Sub Commission for

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Public Safety was requested to arrange for the whole building to be placed at the disposal of this Hq. The attached memorandum is in reference to the overtures of the Sub Commision .

It is regretted that its terms cannot be accepted. It is noted that observation 2 remarks that there are no other buildings where prisoners, foundlings and juvenile delinquents, can be housed safely. The same may be thought to apply to prisoners for whom an even higher standard of security is obviously necessary.

Observation 3 explains why it is impossible to use Forte Boccea for juveniles. It may be noted that public transportation in the form of electrict buses is in fact available within a very short distance of the fort.

Observation 4 suggests that, though it is not practicable for the reception of juveniles, security prisoners may be housed in Fort Boccea. This is the identical proposal which was made on the earlier occasion some two months ago, and which was then, after very careful consideration, rejected by my Hq.

The reasons which made Forte Boccea unsuitable then as accommodation for security prisoners, hold good today.

I request, therefore, that the Instituto A. Gobelli may, with as little delay as is practicable, be made available wholly to this Command by the evacuation of the juvenile detainees.

In this connection I wish to draw attention to AFHQ letter AG 336.2/179-GAP-O, dated 26 Nov. 44, which draws attention to AFHQ administrative Memorandum No. 29, dated 8 July, of which paragraph 3 appears relevant to the present case.

It is requested that this urgent matter may receive treatment as early as possible.

Thorburn K. Brown

THORBURN K. BROWN,
Brigadier General, US Army,
Commanding.

2 Incls.

14.0

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

TRANS. Nº
404

ROME AREA ALLIED COMMAND
Office of the AC of S, G-2
APO 794, US ARMY
Translation Department

28 NOVEMBER 1944

Translation of attached is as follows:

- - - - -

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR
Cabinet

26 November 1944

Telegraph and Code Office.

(in envelope)

TO: Brigadier General Low
Rome Allied Area Command

Maj. Hamburg of the Allied Sub-Commission for Public Safety has verbally requested from the Ministry of Justice, that the whole of the "A. Gabelli" Institute be turned over so that the prisoners of the third branch of Regina Coeli can be transferred there.

The foresaid Ministry makes the observation that:

1. The above mentioned institute functions as a tribunal and for the prosecution of minors; as a jail for minors awaiting judgement; for minors who have been deserted and picked up by the police, who await either judgement or assistance; and for juvenile delinquents. The number of those confined is 136, subdivided in 77 prisoners, 39 foundlings, 20 Juvenile delinquents.

2. In Rome there are no other buildings where prisoners, foundlings, and juvenile delinquents could be detained safely.

3. It is impossible to use Forte Boccea because military prisoners are held there and because it is located in an out of the way place, There is no public transportation or any other easy means of tranportation to reach it. It would be difficult to hold court audiences, hearings, and later assistance.

4. It would be opportune, as a last alternative to propose the transfer of political prisoners in a separate section of Forte Boccea.

I communicate the above so that the request will be

1355

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

examined keeping in mind the observation made by the Ministry, which appears to be well founded.

I would appreciate your courteous answer.

PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL
MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR
BONOMI.

1430

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Mod. 842

Ministero dell'Interno

GABINETTO

UFFICIO DEL TELEGRAFO E DELLA CIFRA

Telegramma N.

(in busta)

26 novembre 1944.

Brigadiere Generale L O W E
Comando Alleato Zona di R O M A

13135 Maggiore Hambury della Sottocommissione Alleata per la Pubblica Sicurezza ha richiesto verbalmente at Ministero Giustizia cessione totale Istituto "A.Gabelli" per trasferirvi detenuti terzo braccio Reginia Coeli.

Ministero predetto osserva che:

1. Istituto predetto funziona per tribunale e procura del Regno per minori; per carcere per minori detenuti imputati in attesa giudizio; per ricovero minori abbandonati raccolti da polizia in attesa provvedimenti giudiziari o di assistenza; per minori traviati. Detenuti ammontano a 186, suddivisi in 77 detenuti, 39 abbandonati, 20 traviati.
2. In Roma non vi sono altri fabbricati adatti ad assicurare coattivamente detenuti, abbandonati e traviati.
3. Non est possibile utilizzare Forte Boccea perchè ivi sono ristretti i detenuti militari et perchè trovasi in luogo eccentrico privo di pubblici et facili mezzi trasporto, onde resterebbe fortemente compromesso servizio giudiziario udienze, istruttoria et quello delle procedure assistenziali.
4. Sarebbe opportuno, in estrema ipotesi, proporre trasferimento detenuti politici in reparto separato Forte Boccea punto

Comunico quanto sopra per riesame richiesta tenendo conto osservazioni Ministero che appaiono fondate punto
Sarò grato cortesi notizie punto

PRESIDENTE CONSIGLIO MINISTRO INTERNO
BONOMI

5715

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION

14232

AC/4049/L. /ap.

7 December 1944.

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison.

TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission.

1. Reference your AC/14232/PS dated 27 Nov 44 to VP Civil Affairs Section.

2. Herewith copy of letter L/1016 dated 5 Dec 44 received from Acting Regional Commissioner, Lazio-Umbria Region together with copy of the report, for such action as you may deem necessary under paras 4 & 5.

TO		
COL. CHAPMAN		
COL. YOUNG		
LT. COL. W. COX		
MAJ LUCKMAN		
MAJ WILSON		
MAJ HANBURY		
MAJ BALLANCE		
CAPT POWELL		
CHIEF CLERK		

W. E. BEHRENS, Colonel,
Deputy Chief Legal Advisor.

R-E-S-T-R-I-C-T-E-D

Adjutant File.
394

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION, LEGAL DIVISION
APO 394

L/1016 5 December 1944

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison.

TO : Chief Legal Adviser, Legal Sub-Commission,
HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION.

1. In reply to your letter on Regina Coeli prison, AC/4049/1/L, 30 November 1944, attached is a report showing the disposition of the cases listed by that letter.

2. The Procuratore del Regno has had these cases brought to his attention for disposition under Italian law.

3. It is to be noted that BORELLI FRANCESCO is not in Regina Coeli and that there is a warrant of arrest dated 22 July 1944 outstanding against him; he has not been apprehended.

4. Oscar Schmidt is a security case, retained by G-2, RAAC, 12 September 1944.

5. CAPORALE Francesco, on 10 October 1944, and BIASCUCCI Armando, on 18 November 1944 were turned over to Public Safety Division for disposition.

6. Instructions have been issued that it is the function of the Italian authorities to maintain up to date prison records.

1440

JOHN D. AMES
Lt. Colonel,
Acting Regional Commissioner.

Incl.1 : List of 23 names.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

L/1016 5 December 1944

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison.

TO : Chief Legal Adviser, Legal Sub-Commission,
HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION.

1. In reply to your letter on Regina Coeli prison, AC/4049/7/L, 30 November 1944, attached is a report showing the disposition of the cases listed by that letter.

2. The Procuratore del Regno has had these cases brought to his attention for disposition under Italian law.

3. It is to be noted that BORSELLI FRANCESCO is not in Regina Coeli and that there is a warrant of arrest dated 22 July 1944 outstanding against him; he has not been apprehended.

4. Oscar Schmidt is a security case, retained by G-2, RAAC, 12 September 1944.

5. CAPORALE Francesco, on 10 October 1944, and BIASCUCCI Armando, on 18 November 1944 were turned over to Public Safety Division for disposition.

6. Instructions have been issued that it is the function of the Italian authorities to maintain up to date prison records.

1440

JOHN D. AMES
Lt. Colonel,
Acting Regional Commissioner.

Incl.1 : List of 23 names.

R-E-S-T-R-I-C-T-E-D

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO UMBRIA REGION
A.P.O. 394

5 December I944.

NAME	DISPOSITION AND DATE.
SCHMIDT OSCAR	Retained by G-2 RAAC.I2 Sept. I944 Security case.
SANTOLINI LUIGI	Referred to It. Courts on II Sept. 44 Signed by Procuratore.
MARTINELLI ARTURO S.C4	Referred to It. Courts from Superior Court on 24 June 44 .
STEFANI GUIDO	Sent from C.I.C. to Questura, and from Questura to Procuratore del Re. Note from Maj. Coxheadon 2I oct. 44 Receipt from Procuratore del Re. Signed 2I October 44.
DI MATTIA MARCELLO	Sent from C.I.C. to Procuratore del Re on I8 September 44. Signed by Procuratore.
BORELLI FRANCESCO S.C. 27	Forwarded Superior Court I2 July 44 Escaped from Palace of Justice ;issued warrant of arrest on 22 of july 44, but not notified of rearrest. Think this man not in prison.
CAREGNATO DESIDERIO	Sent from C.I.C. to Procuratore del Re on IO Sept. 44 . Signed by Procuratore.
MANTI ETTORE	Sent from C.I.C. to Procuratore del Re on 23 October 44.
CAPORALE FRANCESCO	C.I.C. Forwarded papers to Maj. Coxhead recommending that Subject be turned over to Political Section of Questura IO October 44.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

NAME	DISPOSITION AND DATE.
GATTUCCI ERNESTO	Referred to It. Courts on I7 July 44 Signed by Procuratore.
DI PASQUALE GIOACCHINO	Referred to It. Courts on I3 July 44 Signed by Procuratore.
FIORAVANTI GIOACCHINO	Sent from C.I.C. to It. Courts on 26 nov. I944.
SORDI AMLETO	Sent to C.I.C. on 23 of July 44. Signed for by Mario Restero, Agent.Later advised by C.I.C. that no security interest existed and papers were sent to Maj. Coxhead at Questura for It. Courts II Oct. 44.
POLITI ERNESTO	Sent to It. Courts on 26 July 44 Signed by Procuratore.
ASUNES PIETRO	Sent to It. Courts on I3 Sept. 44 Signed by Procuratore.
MACIOCCHI ETTORE	Sent to It. Courts on 4 August 44. Signed by Procuratore.
MOSCHELLA VINCENZO	Sent to It. Courts on 4 August 44. Signed by Procuratore.
BIASCIUCCI ARMANDO	Referred to C.I.C. Returned by C.I.C. recommended for release by C.I.C. to Maj. Coxhead.I8 Nov. 44 .
BONOMO GUIDO	From C.I.C. To It. Courts on IO Nov. 44 Signed by Procuratore.
BOVOLATO GIOVANNI	Sent to It. Courts on 28 August . 44 Signed by Procuratore.
MANCINI ENRICO	Sent to It. Courts on 28 August. 44 Signed by Procuratore. 1441
FELICI PERICLE	Sent to It. Courts on 3 Sept. 44. Signed by Procuratore.
STEFANINI VALENTINO	Sent to It. Courts on 2I Sept. 44. Signed by Procuratore.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

File. 38

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

2 December, 1944.

AC/14232/PS

SUBJECT : Electric Power.

TO : Public Utilities Section A.C.

File 45A

1. Kindly see Folio # 34 this file in reference Electric Power for 15 days for the firm Alessandroni Marino with workshop in Via Dei Fieri # 73.

2. This is a very necessary work and the request is proper and this Sub-Commission recommends its approval.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

EWR/C.

Send File
AC/14232/PS.

1410

Copy

1430

37

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division, Lazio - Umbria Region
Headquarters, Prison Superintendant

November 27th, 1944

To : Col. POLLOCK

Subject : Transfers of Prisoners -

The following information on transfers of prisoners from Regina Coeli is submitted :

Date	Number	Destination
24 / 11 / 44	100	Avellino
"	150	Spoleto
"	20	Viterbo
"	30	Soriano
"	26	Forte Boccea
"	150	Teramo
26/ 11 / 44	260	Campobasso
Total	736	

For your information.

1430

/s/ R.M.FREEMAN, Capt. CMP
Superintendent of Prisons, Lazio Umbria

Copy to Col Chapman (Regional Commissioner)
PS Lt Colonel AC

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

November 27th, 1944

To : Col. POLLOCK

Subject : Transfers of Prisoners -

The following information on transfers of prisoners from Regina Coeli is submitted :

Date	Number	Destination
24 / 11 / 44	100	Avellino
"	150	Spoleto
"	20	Viterbo
"	30	Soriano
"	26	Forte Boccea
"	150	Teramo
26/ 11 / 44	260	Campobasso
Total	736	

For your information.

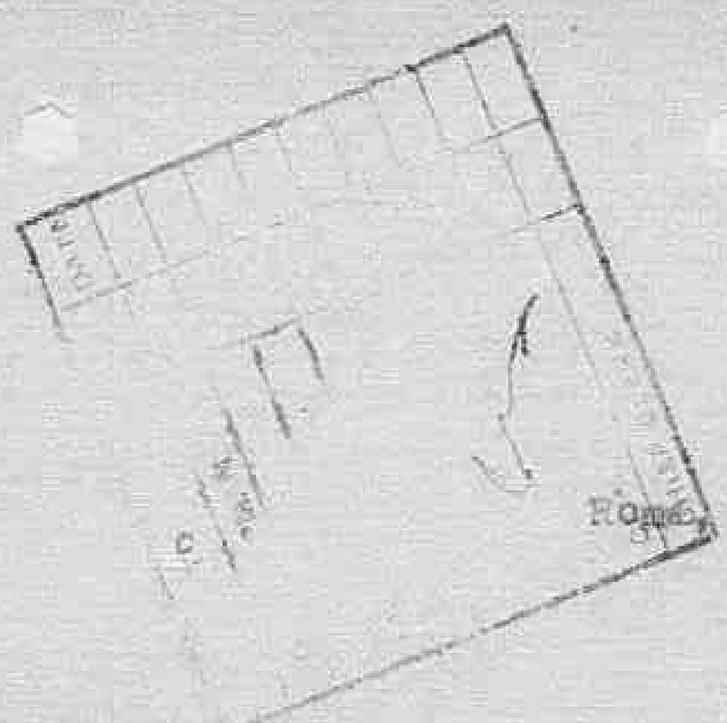
1483

/s/ R.M.FREEMAN, Capt. CMP
Superintendent of Prisons, Lazio Umbria

Copy to Col Chapman (Regt Major Staff)
PS Lt Col Comyn MC
Lt Col Lee

27/11

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046



14232 36

File

Rome, November 30th, 1944

To: Lt. Col. F O L L O C K
R F S O

Subject: Monthly Prison report -

The following observations on the prison situation in Lazio-Umbria region are herewith submitted.

REGINA COELI

1. Quiet and orderly following a series of incidents wherein several hundred common prisoners rioted because of either real or fancied grievances, secured control of the rear half of the prison and did enough damage by fire and breakage to require an estimated 2 months and up to ten millions lire to effect proper repairs. Three prisoners were injured as a result of firing by CC.RR. called in by the Administration.

2. 736 prisoners were transferred to seven other jails (Avellino, Spoleto, Viterbo, Soriano, Forte Boccea, Teramo and Campobasso) and the present population presents no problem of overcrowding. Food conditions are better in R.COELI than in any other prison in the region, with other supplies, such as bedding, soap, medicinal and sanitary items, comparing favorably with the best found elsewhere in Lazio-Umbria.

3. Pertinent points:

A) The transfer of prisoners from Regina Coeli offers a temporary stop-gap to ease the over crowding and [illegible]

1730

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Rome, November 30th, 1944

To: Lt. Col. P O L L O C K

A F S O

Subject: Monthly Prison report -

The following observations on the prison situation in Lazio-Umbria region are herewith submitted.

REGINA COELI

1. Quiet and orderly following a series of incidents wherein several hundred common prisoners rioted because of either real or fancied grievances, secured control of the rear half of the prison and did enough damage by fire and breakage to require an estimated 2 months and up to ten millions lire to effect proper repairs. Three prisoners were injured as a result of firing by CC.RR. called in by the Administration.

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3. Pertinent points:

A) The transfer of prisoners from Regina Coeli offers a temporary stop-gap to ease the over crowding and make repairs possible. This has, however, swelled the population of three other prisons in the region (Spoleto, Viterbo, Soriano) to the saturation point at a time when requests from these prisons for bedding, food supplies

1230

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repairs to war-damaged areas, electrical and water supplies, etc., have not been met. Official complaints and renewed requests from these respective administrations are expected momentarily.

B) The population of Regina Coeli, with the rear half of the prison unavailable for reception of prisoners, is swelling daily because of large numbers of arrests for common crimes. Entries are exceeding releases at the rate of 400-500 per month. It is believed that the slowness of Italian judicial processes and the failure to provide supplies of needed equipment will precipitate another period of critical proportions in a relatively short time.

The general situation.

1. Prison population for the Region was 5,567, as of the first of November. The latest informations, due in a few days, will - it is believed - significantly increase this figure.

2. There are eight Judicial prisons, nine Penal prisons, and 54 District prisons in use in the Region.

3. Of the seventy-odd prisons, every one has made and is making urgent requests for basic supplies. Blankets, food, medicine and sanitary supplies, transport, water and electrical energy, glass for broken windows, and building materials for war-damaged areas constitute the bulk of the requests. These requests have been routed thru the P.W. Subcommission and the proper Italian authorities have been contacted. In as much as these requests have been at hand for a month or more, with little or no supplies having been received, it is pertinent to remark that considerable work on the part of Allied personnel (and the administrative personnel of the prisons concerned) have, to date, been largely wasted.

143.

Recommendations:

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163.

Recommendations:

1. That all possible sources of needed supplies be tapped to accumulate a stock pile of these requirements.

../..

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2. That such supplies be pro-rated among the prisons in proportion to their needs.

3. That Allied influence be used and Allied sources of supplies be investigated to insure the above being accomplished.

4. That speed of action be the order of the day until these critical needs be met.

HEADQUARTERS REGIONAL PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION AMGIACO

P. M. Freeman, Capt. CMP

P.M. FREEMAN, Capt. CMP.
Superintendent of Prisons - Lazio-Umbria Region

1430

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

27 November, 1944.

AC/14232/PS

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli.

TO : VP, CA Section.

1. The following is a statement of the prisoners in Regina Coeli as of the 25 day of November 1944 that were taken into custody from day of occupation of Rome, June 5 1944 until the return to Italian Government Control on August 16 - 1944; all persons arrested after that date became the responsibility of the Italian Government.

JUNE - 5 to 30 - 1944

Total persons arrested and confined Regina Coeli 695

" Tried by Italian Courts 8
" Awaiting trial by Italian Courts 51
" disposition of C.I.C. 2
" " Italian Military Courts 3
Released for lack of evidence or completed sentence of AMG Courts 627
At the disposition of Allied Military Authorities 4

Total 695

JULY - 1 to 31 - 1944

Total Persons arrested and confined Regina Coeli 1639

" Tried by Italian Courts 22
" Awaiting trial by Italian Courts 54
" Released for lack of evidence or completed sentence of AMG Courts 1550
At the disposition of Allied Military Authorities... 13

Total 1639

1430

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AUGUST - 1 to 16 - 1944

Total Persons arrested and confined Regina Coeli 1245

" Tried by Italian Courts 15

" Awaiting trial by Italian Courts 25

" Tried by High Commissioner for Fascist Crimes 1

" Awaiting trial by High Commissioner for Fascist Crimes ... 1

Released for lack of evidence or completed sentence of AMG Court 1196

At the disposition of Allied Military Authorities 7

Total 1245

2. There are no security prisoners belonging to H.A.A.C., G-2 Section with the exception of seven (7) confined in the hospital section in Regina Coeli at this time.

3. Attached is a list by name of the prisoners shown on the records of Regina Coeli as at the disposition of the Allied Military Authorities, but I have personal knowledge that some of these have been turned over to the Italian Government but they have failed to notify the Record Office of Regina Coeli. Permission is asked to turn this list over to the Legal Section of Lazio Region with instructions that if all these cases have passed to Italian Government control that the prison be notified to change their records and that a statement be made as to the reason why any of the others have not been turned over.

JOHN M. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

KMH/C.

1432

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APPENDIX "A"

Date of Arrest	Name	Arrested by	Crime	Disposition
June - 10 - 1944	Schmitt Oscar	CC.RR.	?	A.M.G.
" 13 "	Santolini Luigi	CC.RR.	Rapine	A.M.G.
" 21 "	Martinelli Arturo	CC.RR.	Forgery	A.M.G.
" 26 "	Stefani Guido	P.S.Agent	Menace with arms	A.M.G.
July - 2 -1944	Di Mattia Marcello	P.S.	Bribery	A.M.G.
" 8 "	Borelli Francesco	P.S.	Robbery and detention of arms	A.M.G.*
13 "	Caregnato Desidero	P.S.	Collaboration - looting	Capt.Girleth A.M.G.
" 13 "	Mauto Vittore	P.S.	Collaboration	" "
" 13 "	Caporale Francesco	P.S.	Truffa	" "
" 15 "	Cattucci Ernesto	P.S.	Pick pocket	Capt.Hopkins A.M.G.
" 17 "	Di Pasquale Gioacchino	"	Furto	Capt.Girleth A.M.G.
" 19 "	Fiore Avanti Gioacchino	"	Espionage	Col. Pollock A.M.G.
" 21 "	Sordi Amleto	P.S.	Agent S.S.	A.M.G.
" 25 "	Politi Ernesto	P.S.	Furto	A.M.G.
" 27 "	Asunes Pietro	Allied Pol.Poss.	Grain	A.M.G.
" 31 "	Maciocchi Vittore	CC.RR.	Rapine	A.M.G.
" 31 "	Moschella Vincenzo	CC.RR.	Rapina	A.M.G.
August- 6 -1944	Rizzoiucci Armando	CC.RR.	Collaboration	A.M.G.
" 8 "	Ponomo Guido	P.S.	Agent S.S.	A.M.G.
" 10 "	Bovoleto Giovanni	P.S.	Forgery	Capt.Girleth A.M.G.
" 10 "	Mancini Enrico	P.S.	Forgery	" "
" 14 "	Felici Pericle	CC.RR.	Furto	A.M.G.
" 14 "	Stefanini Valentino	CC.RR.	Rapina	A.M.G.

1430

* Escaped from detention.

EMM/C.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

MG/ 14232

Ministry of Grace and Justice 27 November 1944

I231/I.20

34

to : Electricity Communel Society
and for information
: A.C.- Major Hambury

Subj.: Rome prison - Electric light to Ditta Alberoni Mariano,

As You know, in the Regina Coeli Prison, gravious riots have occurred, which have been maked easy by the fact that it was not possible to separate and enclose the rioting prisoners, owing to the breaking of all locks of cellars. Now the Prison has been nearly completely evacuated, and the Civil Engeneering Office has been intrusted with renewal of all locks, and works have been committed, according to letter 4363, 25 Nov. inst., to that Society, to Alessandroni Mariano Firm, with workshop in Via dei Riari, 73.

Works are urgent, in order to put the Institute in state of full functionning, but above Firm has stated that the supply of locks cannot be performed, owing to lack of industrial electric power.

This stated, we beg that Society, - as Civil Engeneering has already asked with above letter - to grant to Alessandroni Firm, electric power, for a period of at least 15 days. (the electric meter is headed: Palmeroni Augusto.

We would like to have assurance and we thank very much.

for the Minister

see 38

1430

Mod. 301 MG

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Roma 27 NOV 1944 19 A

All' Azienda Comunale
Elettricità
R O M A

Ufficio IV
Prot. N.° 1331/1.20.I

Risposta al foglio N.°
del

OGGETTO ROMA-carcere giudiziario.
Fornitura energia industriale alla Ditta Alessandroni
Mariano - Via dei Riari, 73.

e per conoscenza:

All'Ingegnere Capo del
Genio Civile
R O M A

All' A. C.
Sottocommissione P.S.
Major Hanbury
R O M A

Al Direttore carcere giudiziario
R O M A

Come é noto nel carcere giudiziario di Regina Coeli si sono verificati gravi incidenti disciplinari e ripetute sommosse, che hanno trovato elementi di facile esecuzione nel fatto che non si riusciva ad isolare e rinchiudere i detenuti rivoltosi per l'effrazione di quasi tutte le serrature delle celle.

Ora il carcere é stato quasi completamente sfollato e l'ufficio del Genio Civile é stato incaricato di procedere alla rinnovazione di tutte le serrature i cui lavori sono stati affidati, con lettera 25 nov. corr. n. 1181 dal detto ufficio inviata a

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Al 1° Azienda Comunale
Elettricità
R O M A

Ufficio IV
Prot. N° 1231/1.20.7

Risposta al f° N°
del

OGGETTO ROMA-carcere giudiziario.
Fornitura energia industriale alla Ditta Alessandroni
Mariano - Via dei Riari, 73.

e per conoscenza:

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Genio Civile
R O M A

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I lavori hanno carattere della massima urgenza per potere rimettere al più presto l'istituto in istato di piena funzionalità, ma la Ditta succitata obietta che non può portare a compimento la fornitura delle serrature per mancanza di energia industriale.

Ciò stante, si prega vivamente codesta Azienda di voler disporre - come richiesto dal Genio Civile con la predetta lettera - la fornitura dell'energia alla Ditta Alessandroni per un periodo continuativo di almeno 15 giorni (il contatore é intestato a Palmeroni Augusto).

Si gradirà assicurazione e si ringrazia.

Pol MINISTRO

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

TRANSLATION 21 /11 44 Direction of the Judicial Prison of Rome

To the Ministery of Grace and Justice 15/11/44 32

To Capt.Freeman

SUBJECT: Report of the conditions in the Judicial Prison of Rome

On the orders of your Ministery, I commenced work in this office on the 6th of the current month, and on the 13th I took over the direction of the prison from the extraordinary commissary Comm. Strazzera-Perniciani.

From what I was told and was able to ascertain in the days preceding and following on my assumption of office, I must declare that the prison conditions are seriously abnormal, so much so that I despair of being able to bring them back to normal.

Instead of describing minutely these conditions, already too well known to the public through exaggerated and inopportune press publicity, I shall indicate the measures which I consider indispensable for a gradual return to normality.

Following on the last riots, the conditions of the building are very precarious: the persian blinds destroyed, most of the windows missing, doors open as a result of broken locks with the consequent free circulation of the prisoners in the wings where they form groups and constitute a permanent danger for revolts. It is therefore necessary:

1. Speed up the repairs on the doors; locks, cancelli and windows of the passage of the 7th and 8th wings, to be followed by the other wings, as well as the placing of the second locks on the said wings.

2. The cell doors being relatively weak, it is necessary, at least for some of the cells, that they are protected by an interior nail studded lining.

3. Substitute the weak cancelletti that give access to the small exercise courtyards.

4. Enclose the ground covered by the small exercise courtyards between the 5th and 6th wings and the 3rd and 8th wings, so that even if the inmates should reach the courtyards, they could not arrive at the exits.

5. Fix as soon as possible the persian blinds to the outside 1430 of the windows to prevent the throwing of objects and the comunication with outside as also amongst the prisoners inside.

6. Urgent repair of the electrical installation and alarm bells, greatly damaged during the recent disorders.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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6. Urgent repair of the electrical installation and alarm bells, greatly damaged during the recent disorders.

It is also necessary to renew the electric lighting inside the wall of circumvallation and have at least four lamps on the external part overlooking the public street.

BEDDING

Is so deficient that if new prisoners arrive there is no more to distribute.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

There are not sufficient sheets (with t changes) for half the present inmates.

Ditto for the mattresses.

Winter clothes almost inexistent.

Insufficient alluminium objects for food and hygiene (mess tins, mugs, wash-basins). For reasons of hygiene and decency, each inmate should have his own recepticles.

FOOD

If the rations are reduced, it will cause new disorders, and prejudice any attempts of the new director to normalize the situation.

It is further necessary to:

1. Initiate a mess as soon as possible outside the prison for functionaries of the Ministery and other judicial offices of Rome, their presence causing a general movement, for several hours during the day, at the principal entrance and in the interior, thus constituting a permanent danger of prisoner evasion.

2. Transfer the CIC inmates of the 3rd wing to another building, in order to:

a) provide more room

b) eliminate interference in the duties (the military occupy part of the rooms for the magistrates, and for the interviews between prisoners and their relatives and lawyers.)

c) remove discontent amongst the common prisoners for the better food conditions of the 3rd wing.

d) eliminate the permanent danger of arms carried by the Allied military lodged in the 5th wing.

3. Arrange for the supplying of food by contract to avoid illicit profits and personal interests.

4. Removal and substitution of a large part of the personnel who have acquired bad fame for unscrupulous behaviour, though it must be admitted that not all of these questionable acts should be attibuted to them, as too many persons come in contact with the prisoners.

While the director will substitute certain personnel, it is necessary the the Ministery provide for the transfer of others, who will be indicated, and abstain from removing the best elements from Regina Coeli, to employ them in the Ministery or in other offices in the capital.

1423

As in the past, I shall put all my heart and energy into the arduous job entrusted to me, confident of the full support of the Allies, in the collaboration of the personnel and in the respect and esteem of the prisoners.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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THE DIRECTOR
(signed) Donati

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

14232

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26 NOV. 1944

Office of the Chief Commissioner

24 November 4

Report on Disturbance at Regina Coeli Prison

Chief of Staff Section
Civil Affairs Section

Mr. McBride at the American Embassy has requested that if any report is submitted to AFHQ regarding yesterday's disturbance at Regina Coeli Prison, a copy of such report would be appreciated. It should be forwarded to:

Hon. Alexander Kirk
American Ambassador
119 Via Vittorio Veneto
Rome

(illegible) 420

J. LANGIN

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Seemba VF Asce

Copy to Bullshit 31

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION

HEADQUARTERS REGIONAL PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION APO

Regional Public Safety H
24th Nov.1944.

To: Col.Poletti, Regional Commissioner.

Subject: - Regina Coeli prison disturbances - 21st-23rd November, 1944.

1. During the afternoon and evening of 21st Nov.1944, there were several hundred prisoners loose from their cells in the 2nd and 6th wings, and a slight fire, which was easily put out.

2. I was in attendance at the prison and in company of Dr. Donati, Prison Governor, with a little persuasion the prisoners went back to their cells quietly. Their chief grievance was the length of time they were in prison without "liberta' provvisoria" and without trial. There were then 1700 total prisoners in the jail, and the cases outstanding, awaiting trial by Italian courts were June 62, July 66, August (up to 15th) 64, from 16th August onwards approx. 800 - total untried 994.

3. Col. Poletti, specially visited the prison on 16th Nov.1944, and held a conference with prison and legal officials regarding the conditions of the prison, repairs, food complaints etc. On 17th Nov. Col. Poletti held another conference with the Procuratore, prison and legal officials and Representatives of the Comio Civile with the object of improving conditions and getting on with the trial of prisoners.

---

4. About 7.15 on 23 Nov.1944, the prisoners in the 6th wing and some in the 5th wing broke the communicating gate and some escaped into the courtyard but none from the prison itself. Others got up on the roof and top floors of 6th wing. In all between 500 and 600 were involved. The guards were powerless to bring them down or restore order and there was a fire on the roof and a smaller one on the ground floor. The fires were extinguished without much damage by 12 noon.

5. At 7.30 a.m. a strong force of CC.RR. was in and around the prison. Some shooting took place between 8 a.m. and 12 noon and 3 prisoners were injured (2 gravely and 1 slightly by bullet wounds.) Gradually the prisoners withdrew from the courtyard and hid under the roof and on top of the cell block. They refused to come down and barricaded themselves in.

6. In the meantime arrangements were made to evacuate the 150 security prisoners of the security wing by direction of Rome Commander. Pris.Low was in attendance. By 4.30 p.m. all the security prisoners (except 4) were transferred to the Boys Reformatory School "Aristide Gabelli" in Trastevere. We assisted by loaning the Ministry of Grace & Justice some trucks to transport 30 common prisoners to Soriano prison (Viterbo) and 20 Italian Military prisoners to Porte Boccea. This was completed by 1.30 p.m.

7. Commencing 8 a.m. today 24th Nov. the prison authorities will move from 300 to 400 more prisoners to other prisons and we will assist with transport.

8. During the afternoon of 23 Nov.1944 the CC.RR. had received orders from their Commander to give half an hour's ultimatum to the 500 prisoners to come down from their concealment and if they did not comply they would be shot down. Dr. Donati, the Prison Governor did not wish this course and appealed to me in writing to assist as in previous occasions to go with him and get the prisoners down by peaceful persuasion. I sought advice from Regional Commissioner who decided that we would not interfere but leave the matter entirely to the Italian authorities. I was asked point blank by the prison authorities if I agreed to the shooting and replied that although it was their affair entirely I would never advise such a course. As it was shortly becoming dusk I advised them to leave the prisoners alone and as they had had no meal that day they would probably

p.t.o.

4870

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

come down themselves during the night. There was no further incident at the prison and no further shooting. All remained quiet during the night, many of the prisoners came down into their cells and the position at 8 a.m. today 24th Nov. was all quiet, most of the prisoners have returned to their cells. Repairs of two wings ~~and~~ ~~entrust~~ complete and ~~will be~~ ready for temporary occupation in a few days, ~~and~~ The ring vacated by our Security branch will be available later today, 24th Nov.

J.R. POLLOCK
Lt. Col.
Chief Public Safety,
Lazio-Umbria Region.

had been almost

would have been

but the wings have been damaged by the rioting.

To Chief of Staff
AC H.Q.

Forwarded for information

Charles Poletti, Col.

To G.O.A.

Forwarded

at Nov. 24.

John W. Clapman
Colonel
A.P.M.S.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

For information Capt. Hanbury.
Public Safety Sub Commission
Regan Code Section

NOTE for Capt.A.J.Brown

1. The Rome Fire Brigade was called for a fire at the Regina Coeli jails on November 19th, 1944 at 6,10 PM. On arrival at the prison with two pumps and crew they found the 5th and 6th wings of the common crimes building on fire.

2. The locks of the cells were brocken during the Nazi-Fascist regime and so the prisoners circulate freely in the wings and under the roof. As has happened before, over 500 of them were massed togoether. They permitted the firemen to enter and inspect the part of the roof that was on fire, but for some time would not allow them to put out the fire. They threatened to attack the firemen with clubs, stones and iron bars they had procured from demolishing the building.

3. The police forces who were CC.RR. could not intervene because as soon as one showed himself a stream of stones, bricks and clubs were thrown at him. In order to advance it would have been necessary to use arms, which may have caused grave consequences.

4. The prison guards who were to accompany the firemen, several times had to retire because menaced by a deluge of stones.

5. Generally when firemen were circulating alone in the building they were only able to observe until the mob was persuaded to let the fire be put out.

6. The facts noted above, were partially repeated the following night, and are completely similar to what happened during the period 24-25-26th of September, 1944. Allied authorities were informed and on the night of the 24th September the Regional Commissionner, Colonel Poletti, and the Chief of Public Safety, Lt.Col.Pollock, were at the scene , and relized the difficulties of the situation.

7. On the night of the 19th November 1944, no Allied Officer was incounterd at the scene of the fire by the Comandante of the Fire Brigade, or the Officer in charge of the two squads sent.

The Comendante
Dott.Ing.Vito Magnotti.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

308

Report on fire

The night of the 21/11/44 at 22 hours a call was received to go to the Regina Coeli Prison. Inmates had set fire to the roof of the 6th wing by sticking straw from their mattresses into the wooden rafters and setting them on fire.
One Motorpump and one Water Tender were used in extinguishing the fire.
The firemen were atthe scene about 4 hours.

1420

Regina Coeli Jail

214

DIREZIONE GENERALE SERVIZI CARCERARIE DI ROMA

Rome 19/1/44.

SUBJECT: Disturbances in the prison of Regina Coeli.

This morning at 0630 a.m. at the distribution of bread the prisoners of the 3rd wing, refused it and asked to send a memorandum to the Allied Command.

We tried to let them understand that it was useless to refuse the meal, and that the memorandum would have been sent.

Some of them compelled their comrades to refuse not only their meal, but also the parcels sent by their relatives.

Appreciating that the situation could become worse we called the foreseen [illegible] reinforcements.

The prisoners still refused their meal, without exceeding, and the situation did not change until 1700 p.m. when they were able to give to an Allied officer the above-mentioned memorandum. Someone persisted in refusing to eat, compelling the other prisoners to act the same way.

Also the prisoners living in the 4th wing, who had been quite all day long, at 1700 p.m. without any reason held a mutiny, with the only aim of evading. Some of them succeeded to climb up to the roof and to put up fire.

Two times the F.C. agents extinguished the fire, always hindered by the prisoners. The third attempt to extinguish it was not successfull and fire corp had to be called.

The prisoners of the 2nd wing remained calm, but those of the 6th wing overflowed in the hall and one entered the 7th and the 8th wing, which are actually empty, on account of repairing works.

The fire-men did not succeed in climbing up to the roof, because the prisoners hindered them and they could not enter their machine because the doors were too narrow.

The prisoners climbed up to the roof and threw down some stones, bricks or pieces of iron they had taken away from the windows.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Rome 19/1/44.

SUBJECT : Disturbances in the prison of Regina Coeli.

This morning at 1630 c.e. at the distribution of bread the prisoners of the 2nd wing, refused it and asked to send a memorandum to the Allied Command.

We tried to let them understand that it was useless to refuse the meal, and that the memorandum would have been sent.

Some of them compelled their comrades to refuse not only their meal, but also the parcels sent by their relatives.

Apprehending that the situation could become worse we called the foreseen R.C.C. reinforcement.

The prisoners still refused their meal, without exceeding, and the situation did not change until 1700 p.m. when they were able to give to an allied officer the above mentioned memorandum. Someone persisted in refusing to eat, compelling the other prisoners to act the same way.

Also the prisoners living in the 6th wing, who had been quite all day long, at 1700 p.m. without any reason held a mutiny, with the only aim of evading. Some of them succeded to climb up to the roof and to put up fire.

Two times the F.B. agents extinguished the fire, always hindered by the prisoners. The third attempt to extinguish it was not successfull and Fire Corp had to be called.

The prisoners of the 2nd wing remained calm, but those of the 6th wing overflowed in the hall and some entered the 7th and the 8th wing, which are actually empty, on account of repairing works.

1424

The fire-men did not succeed in climbing up to the roof, because the prisoners hindered them and they could not enter their machine because the doors were too narrow.

The prisoners climbed up to the roofs and threw down some stones, bricks and tesses that they had taken away from the windows.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 795046

It was attempt to put on fire also the 5th and the 7th wing.

Some agents who were sent there the danger was higher (that is near the exit doors) found, in the premises said "I nuita" some prisoners truing to take away some foodstuffs and some tobacco, which had not yet been supplied and had been temporarily stored there.

6 prisoners were sent to the solitary confinement cell.

At 2200 p.m. the situation was calm again and security measures had been reduced.

The general situation up to this day is nearly insolible, because for lack of other premises, at any moment and with any pretext, prisoners are at the head of the situation.

I think that only the two following solutions could be carried out.

To transfer the most part of prisoners in some other prisons, in order to have in Regina Coeli a few number of detained, especially during the repairing works, or to leave to the military administration the management of the prison, until the above mentioned repairing works are finished.

The Director
Donati Donnelio.

1426

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785076

Regina Coeli File 000 11232

TRANSLATION OF REPORT FROM DR. DONATI, Director of Regina Coeli prison

1-8

INCIDENTS WHICH TOOK PLACE DURING THE DAY
of 23rd Nov.1944 at the Regina Coeli Prison
Rome

This morning at about 7.15, a number of prisoners of the 6th and 5th wing were able to break the communicating gate and go into the courtyard with the intention of escaping towards the entrance of the Penal Section, surprising the prison guards.

They were unable to surprise them as the prison personnel replied with arms; they then went back to the wing and in groups of always increasing numbers, they went up to the roofs where they threw down tiles. They then went to the 7th and 8th wings, breaking down and burning doors. A great damage was done also to the repairs already made.

Almost immediately all the service posts were reinforced and other public force was requested, the intervention of the Carabinieri up to the 2nd Rotonda and the firing of some shots made the prisoners go back to the 6th Wing and thus stop further damages. However in the said wing the prisoners barricaded themselves, and for almost the whole day no food was given to them.

Public force, which had intervened to avoid escapes, was not used offensively against the prisoners in the interior of the buildings, and continual news of the situation was given to the General Direction of Prisons.

Towards 13 hours dispositions were received to evacuate several hundred prisons and at 19 hours the Under-Secretary to Justice, in the presence of the Director of Prisons, Col. Pecorelli of the CC.RR. and Questore Morazzini, Comm. Caldarera Chief of Div. at the Ministry of Grace & Justice, and the Kings Proctor Donato, and other functionaries, authorised in writing the use of force if the evacuation could not be made in a persuading manner; in the evening calmness returned in the prison but the 6th Wing remained barricaded and no entrance thereto is allowed by the prisoners.

All the necessary security measures in the interior and exterior of the prison were taken to avoid escapes during the night.

At 23.30 hours the situation remained calm.

Three prisoners were slightly wounded during the above incidents.

Fifty prisoners were taken away during the day - a part to Forte Boccea and a part to Soriano (Viterbo)

It is believed that on Friday from 300 to 400 prisoners will be evacuated; these prisoners are from the 2nd Rotonda. They will go to Teramo, Campobasso, Avellino, Spoleto and Viterbo.

Lt. Col. Major Starbuck

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

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142-

Lt-Col Major Starling

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 788016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ALLIED [redacted] COMMISSION 27

INTER-OFFICE MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Regina Coeli Riots

FILE No.

TO : P.S. ✓

25th November 1944

27D

1. C.C.S. would like to know if P.S. received a copy of Col. Pollock's report of 21st November, and if so whether any action was taken on it.

2. C.C.S. suggests you arrange for R.A.A.C. to provide the Italian authorities with tear bombs to deal with any future trouble at Regina Coeli.

R.R. Cripps

R.R. CRIPPS, Col.
COS CA Section.

1402

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

27B

ALLIED COMMISSION OFFICERS' MESS 24 NOV. 1944

JCOS CAS.

The PRO paper is an attempted summary of the remainder. Ludgio Reggio seems to be down their best - the Italian legal authorities 142-
HS/CAS

1 ; HHs

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

22 November 1944. 276

SUBJECT: Regina Coeli Riots

TO : Major Fielden, DPR, AC.

1. According to your instructions of last night I got Lt.Col.Pollock's story this morning.

2. It seems that the fires lighted by the prisoners on the roof of the Regina Coeli Prison last week-end, like similar conflagrations a month ago, were actually kindled here, not there.

3. Again, as a month ago, the prisoners, many of whom are inside Regina Coeli today only because the confused Italo-allied legal system cannot try their cases, and all of whom chafe from overcrowding & unhygienic living conditions, clamored for a change by means of a riot.

4. Again, Lt.Col.Pollock scored the present Italo-allied system of jurisprudence in Rome today which retains all the evils of the Italian system (normally slow and complicated it is now doubly so owing to communication and transport difficulties) and does not successfully demarcate between the legal powers exercised by the allied and Italian judicial authorities so that certain cases are shunned by both civilian and military courts.

5. Again, Lt.Col. Pollock has sought solutions by direct action with the Italian authorities concerned, again the Legal Sub-Commission has said he can't do that and again Col. Poletti has declared his intention of letting events take their own course.

6. Again, (and this time he may be even righter than before) Lt.Col. Pollock has forecast a grave crisis at Regina Coeli.

7. The attached papers from Lt. Col. Pollock's office are the latest official memoranda on the subject.

JOHN ATKINSON,
1st Lieut.,
Public Relations Officer.

Chief of Staff.

In view of present developments at Regina Coeli you may like to see this

L Fielden

4855

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION

27D

Regional Public Safety HQ.

21st Nov.1944.

SUBJECT: REGINA COELI - CONDITIONS.

TO : Regional Commissioner (copy for Maj. Hendrickson, Legal Officer
Maj. Hembury, AG. HQ.
Brig. Low, Deputy Rome Commander)

1. I regret to say that the conditions in Regina Coeli are far from satisfactory, and we are again faced with a serious crisis.

2. The night before last there was a little disorder, and yesterday I went with Maj. Coxhead to quieten down the prisoners, who were in a very restless condition and unquestionably preparing for further trouble.

3. In short the place is overcrowded with No.1692 prisoners whereas the maximum normal total should never exceed 1000 men. What makes matters worse is that several wings are not repaired and for the moment unoccupied.

4. Othe troubles are shortage of soap, cleaning materials, disinfectants and BLANKETS. All these items are urgently necessary and Lt.Col. Vining has been struck off all other duties today to get these articles by hook or by crook to avoid further trouble.

5. The principal cause of the trouble is, however, the fact that so many prisoners have for several months been awaiting trial without their cases being heard. I understand the cases remaining untried by Italian Courts are as follows:

June	62	approx.
July	66	"
August 15th	64	"
16th onwards		
September...		" 1410
October.....	800	"
TOTAL	994	"

6. I have raised this matter time and time again, and Maj. Hendrickson has done everything in his power to probe the Italian Judiciary authorities and get them to speed up the cases. You,

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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Maj. Hamsbury, AC. HQ.
Brig. Low, Deputy Rome Commander)

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June	68	approx.
July	68	"
August ..... 15th 16th onwards)	64	"
September...	800	"
October.....		"
TOTAL	994	"

1410

6. I have raised this matter time and time again, and Maj. Hendrickson has done everything in his power to probe the Italian Judiciary authorities and get them to speed up the cases. You, yourself held a Conference a few days ago with all concerned, including the Procuratore, Prison people etc. when it became a case of passing around the responsibility from one to the other. Papers have been going around from one department to another for months, and meanwhile the prisoners remain untried.

1855

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

7. Months ago I saw this trouble coming and strongly pressed for the formation of a committee to "short-circuit" the long drawn out, complicated Italian legal machinery. This eventually had to be done in Bari and Naples, and I think something will have to be done immediately before the whole position becomes out of hand.

8. Yesterday I spent three hours in Regina Coeli among the prisoners. They are becoming desperate and further promises that their cases are going to receive attention will not keep them quiet for much longer.

9. I recommend therefore, immediate action and that the Italian legal authorities be forced to set up two separate committees to get all the papers together of the outstanding cases and hold Summary Courts, and that the prisoners be brought up before them in any case for examination.

10. In spite of all our pleadings for "liberta' provvisoria" this has not been exercised as liberally as one would like. Yesterday I found many instances of alleged minor thefts where it is quite obvious the persons would not run away and in my considered opinion suitable for the granting of "liberta' provvisoria". An example: there is one P.S agent, who has a fixed address, is well known and has been denounced for theft committed two years go. He is lying with the other common prisoners awaiting trial.

J.R.POLLOCK
Lt.Colonel
Chief, Public Safety
Lazio-Umbria Region.

141.

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14232/RS 2827

B-3938 26

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION

Regional Public Safety HQ.
17th Nov.1944. Recd 25/11

CONFERENCE AT 10 a.m. 17th Nov.1944 in Col. Poletti's office, Region -V HQ.

Present: Col. Poletti
Col. Pollock
Col. Vining
Col. Young
Maj. Hendrickson
Mr. Hemsley
Maj. Voxhead
Capt. Neufeld
Capt. Freeman
Capt. Pullum
Procuratore Generale del Re.
Procury del Re
R.S. Straccara-Cervicioni) Prisons
Dr. Ponti)
Two Representatives of the Genio Civile
Representative of the Prefect.

Col. Poletti opened the meeting by saying that everybody present must make sure that everything possible had been done in their power to better the situation at Regina Coeli prison, which was again becoming difficult.

Genio Civile regarding repairs at prison. R.S. Straccara said that all the work at the prison - double locks, roofs etc. should have been terminated today 17th Nov. as per agreement, whereas this was not the case. Col. Poletti asked that the work be speeded up as unless the cells were completely in order they were of no use to Dr. Ponti, who could not put prisoners into them. 1410

The Genio Civile was asked also to do what was possible and quickly with regard to gates into courtyards, concrete walls, electric lighting, and steel window blinds as suggested by Dr. Ponti in the conference of yesterday. If any approval was required to put up the matter to the Italian authorities, such approval could be obtained from Col. Pollock.

Security prisoners. Twenty-one security prisoners in cotton wing.

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17th Nov.1944. Rock 29/11

CONFERENCE at 10 a.m. 17th Nov.1944 in Col. Poletti's office, Region IV HQ.

Present: Col. Poletti
Col. Pollock
Col. Pining
Col. Young
Maj. Hendrickson
Maj. Newbury
Maj. Norhead
Capt. Benfield
Capt. Freeman
Capt. Stiles
Procuratore Generale del Re.
Procura del Re
N.S. Direttore-Carnicioni) Prisons
Dr. Donati)
Two Representatives of the Genio Civile
Representative of the Prefect.

Col. Poletti opened the Meeting by saying that everybody present must make sure that everything possible had been done in their power to better the situation at Regina Coeli prison, which was again becoming difficult.

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The Genio Civile was asked also to do what was possible and quickly with regard to gates into courtyards, concrete walls, electric lighting, and steel window blinds as suggested by Dr. Donati in the conference of yesterday. If any approval was required to put up the matter to the Italian authorities, such approval could be obtained from Col. Pollock.

Security prisoners. Twenty-one security prisoners in common wing, according to statement of Prison director. These cases were gone through on a list by Col. Young, who says that none of them are security as they are being held for theft etc. To be transferred immediately to Italian courts for action.

Three prisoners were still being held for account of Maj.

1410

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785246

Battersbey, and have been released by order of Col. Pollock.

Transfer of Security Prisoners elsewhere. The De Gabelli Reformatory for Minors was asked for this, but there is no place where the minors can go. Maj. Hembury stated that also Forte Bocca could be used as security prison, but Col. Young is against this as it is not suitable. The question of completely isolating a wing of Regina Coeli prison was also discussed, but this is impossible for various technical reasons. Maj. Hembury pointed out that there is no place near Rome where a prison with 150 separate cells can be found. Maj. Hembury also stated that three meals a day being served to security prisoners creates discontent among the normal prisoners. Col. Poletti was of the opinion that if the damaged wings at Regina Coeli could be quickly repaired and used for the prisoners the question of removing the security prisoners was not so urgent. Furthermore, if a section of the Florence prison could be used, not so many security prisoners would have to come down to Rome.

Blankets. Maj. Hembury is looking after this, will get blankets from salvage dumps for the prisoners in the whole of Region IV. Also prisons for minors included.

Eating utensils. Dr. Donati will attend to this matter direct with the Ditta in Borgio Reale who supplied these utensils for the prison in Naples.

Guards. The Procuratore del Re (Generale) said that the whole staff of prison guards should be substituted as the reports about them were very bad, but this was impractical at present owing to transfer difficulties. Dr. Donati said that he would pick the best men, whom he knew from his previous office in the prison, and gradually substitute the other guards. Maj. Hembury said that the following changes had already been made:

New Prison Director (Dr. Donati)
Two chief guards (new)
Ten guards already substituted, another ten would be substituted shortly.
30 extra guards would be forthcoming soon.

Vice Director of Prison. This appointment is necessary and it was agreed by all concerned that Dr. A. Durano (in the first instance removed from office) would be replaced.

Soap. Maj. Cornead to attend to getting the soap, through Lt. Col. Mason (Food) as Maj. Hembury says that this has already been authorised for the prisons.

Potatoes. Maj. Cornead to contact Capt. Lester regarding potatoes - getting a quantity from the Avezzano deal for Regina Coeli prison.

Military prisoners in Regina Coeli. There are about 150 military prisoners in Regina Coeli prison. Maj. Hembury will take up

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

minors can go. Maj. Hanbury stated that also forte Bravea could be used as security prison, but Col. Young is against this as it is not suitable. The question of completely isolating a wing of Regina Coeli prison was also discussed, but this is impossible for various technical reasons. Maj. Hanbury pointed out that there is no place near Rome where a prison with 180 separate cells can be found. Maj. Hanbury also stated that three meals a day being served to security prisoners creates discontent among the normal prisoners. Col. Poletti was of the opinion that if the damaged wings at Regina Coeli could be quickly repaired and used for the prisoners the question of removing the security prisoners was not so urgent. Furthermore, if a section of the Florence prison could be used, not so many security prisoners would have to come down to Rome.

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Vice Director of Prison. This appointment is necessary and it was agreed by all concerned that Dr. A. Marano (in the first instance removed from office) could be replaced.

Soap. Maj. Foxhead to attend to getting the soap, through Lt. Col. Mason (Food) as Maj. Hanbury says that this has already been authorized for the prisons. 1410

Potatoes. Maj. Foxhead to contact Capt. Lester regarding potatoes - getting a quantity from the Averzano deal for Regina Coeli prison.

Military prisoners in Regina Coeli. There are about 150 military prisoners at Regina Coeli Prison. Maj. Hanbury will take up the matter with the Army sub-commission and the transfer to Forte Bravea will be made before next Wednesday. Maj. Foxhead, through

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Maj. Hughes (P.A.A.I.) will provide the necessary trucks for the transfer.

This will ease the prison situation as these are the ones giving the most trouble.

Outstanding cases. Capt. Freeman pointed out that all arrests were made with Amg. arrest forms in the early days and the prison authorities thought that all these people were at the disposal of the Allies whereas as a matter of fact they were not. These lists have been gone through and most of the cases dealt with already. There seem to be some other such cases - 93 odd- which Maj. Hendrickson will deal with, when lists are supplied by the Prison Director.

The Procuratore Generale del Re stated that within two or three days interrogations take place when the cases are submitted to them. However, if 40 days have elapsed since date of arrest, Summary courts cannot be held for such cases, but the formal legal procedure followed. These people state that there is a delay on the part of the Questore, Col. Poletti agreed for a list of all cases passed to them with delay starting from to-day and covering a period of one week or ten days.

The Procuratore del Re stated that there were some 50 cases of persons charged with being collaborators of the Nazi-fascists covering June, July, August, which had only just been received by them. In such cases investigations are very lengthy.

Transportation difficulties also delay legal proceedings.

It was pointed out that 53 cases are disposal of questure at present without any indication as to charge, simply stating that they are for "investigation". These cases have been lying for 2 months, and these are the prisoners making the trouble also. These cases will be immediately checked up by the Prison Director and the Questore.

New decree will be shortly published regarding persons to go to Concentration Camp, who are also being held in common prisons for lengthy periods.

The Vice Questore was late for the Meeting, and called on Col. Pollock when it was terminated.

The difficulties were pointed out to him about delay on the part of the Questura in investigating cases.

It was suggested that cases of minor offence should be investigated as soon as possible so that the cases would not be delayed over the 40 day period allowed for Summary proceedings. In general all cases to be investigated as quickly as possible, and passed to the Procuratore del Re's office so that they could be dealt with immediately and stop the overcrowding in the prison.

The Vice Questore stated that he would immediately

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

will ease the grave situation of those are the ones giving the most trouble.

Outstanding cases. Capt. Freeman pointed out that all arrests were made with A.C. arrest forms in the early days and the prison authorities thought that all these people were at the disposal of the Allies whereas as a matter of fact they were not. These lists have been gone through and most of the cases dealt with already. There seem to be some other such cases - 93 odd- which Maj. Hendrickson will deal with, when lists are supplied by the Prison Director.

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The Procuratore del Re stated that there were some 50 cases of persons charged with being collaborators of the Fascists covering June, July, August, which had only just been received by them. In such cases investigations are very lengthy.

Transportation difficulties also delay legal proceedings.

It was pointed out that 53 cases are at disposal of Questura at present without any indication as to charge, simply stating that they are for "investigation". These cases have been lying for 8 months, and these are the prisoners making the trouble also. These cases will be immediately checked up by the Prison Director and the Questore.

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The Vice Questore stated that he would immediately report the matter to the Questore, and assured that full collaboration would be given.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

To R.S V.P. Amm of Ks.
Jch.
G R Capps

11232
RRL 25
ac.

Ref: 3615/17/COS. 21st November, 1944.

MEMORANDUM TO: Chief Commissioner.

1. Regional Commissioner, LAZIO-UMBRIA rang up at 15.15 hours to say that trouble had again broken out in the Regina Coeli Prison: there were disturbances in three wings and that the prisoners were already on the roof.

2. Regional Commissioner said that beyond sending an observer to watch the performance of the Italian authorities he proposed to take no intervening action but to make it quite clear to the Italian authorities that this was their affair and must be resolved by them. He told me he had warned Rome Area Command of the circumstances.

3. I approved the Regional Commissioner's line of action and asked him to keep this HQ in touch with the situation.

TO	
COL CHARLES	
COL YOUNG	
LT COL WALCOT	
MAJ LUCKMAN	
MRS WILSON	
MAJ HENBURY	26/11
MAJ BALLANCE	
CAPT POWELL	
CHIEF CLERK	

M3L/JG.

Brigadier,
Chief of Staff.

Copy to: DCOS QA Sec.

1410

4665

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

241

HEAD, ALLIED COMMISSION

Civil Affairs Section

APO 394

AQ/14232/RE

6 November, 1944.

SUBJECT : Reformatory A. Gabelli (Rome).

TO : Commanding General R.A.A.C.

1. It has come to the attention of this Commission that the Security Section G.2 of the R.A.A.C. have expressed their intention of taking over the boys reformatory of A. Gabelli of Rome for the security prisoners now confined in Regina Coeli.

2. In this institution at the present there are about 100 boys who would have to be moved to some other location. There are no reformatories in liberated Italy except one in Sicily under Italian Civil Control; the boys reformatory at Nisida, Naples is occupied by the Allied troops and if the institution of A. Gabelli is taken by G.2 R.A.A.C. there is no institution except a regular Judicial Prison to which these boys can be sent.

3. This Commission does not approve of the placing of delinquent minor in an institution with older and vicious criminals and make your Command to reconsider before taking action.

For Acting Chief Commissioner,

141~

C. H. DRIBON, Brig.
A.F., C.A. Section
Deputy Chief of Staff.

NOT SENT (W.O.) A/C.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

236

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Ref: AC/14232/PS. 3 November 1944

SUBJECT : Security Prisoners.

TO : Vice President, Civil Affairs Section.

1. On 1 November 1944, there were present in Regina Coeli Prison 176 male and 38 Female prisoners, belonging to the R.A.A.C. C-2 Section, of these 10 male 1 female were sentenced by A.M.G. Courts on Security grounds. These 11 are to be moved to the Island of Procida (Naples).

2. It has come to the attention of the Prison Section of Public Safety Sub-Commission that the G-2 Section of R.A.A.C. has intentions of taking over the Boys Reformatory of A. Gabelli at Rome. This will necessitate the movement of 100 boys and pla-cing them in some other institution and as there is no other Boys reformatory except in Sicily in Control of the Italian Government this Sub-Commission strenuously opposes this movement.

John W. Chapman

JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission

14 3652

EWH/jwc

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

22a

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
AND 3A
Office of the Chief of Staff

Tel: 47373

AGO/14023/25 3 Nov 44.

SUBJECT : Prisons.

TO : Region Lazio Umbria.

1 There appears to be some disagreement as to what took place at the meeting on the 25 Sep as the record in para 3-d of your letter does not agree with the report received by me. I understand from the PCLA that no order as to the release of 267 prisoners was ever given but that the Italian Authorities in conjunction with your officers were pressed to review certain lists (on which there may or may not have been 267 names) to pick out names suitable for release. According to the report received by me there was mutual agreement by all present at the meeting that 25 persons on those lists could properly be released that day.

2 Nor is the suggestion, that the Italians were warned that they were not complying with an order transmitted to them through the Legal Sub-Comm, understood. No such orders were given, but as pointed out above agreement was reached by all concerned as to the release of 25 persons.

3 It is I think desirable to place on record the difference in these reports. The incident is considered as closed.

By Command of the Acting Chief Commissioner.

M S Lush.

Brigadier,
Chief of Staff.

1410

2/7

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Civil Affairs Section
APO 394

ACC/11029/FS 29 October 1944

SUBJECT : Prisons.

TO : Regional Commissioners, Lazio-Umbria, Abruzzi-Marche, Toscana, Emilia, Liguria, Piemonte, Lombardia, Venezia.
S.C.A.C's 5th and 8th Armies.

1. Instances have been reported of civilians being detained in civilian jails without any proper record of the charges on which they have been arrested.

2. Renewed instructions will be given to Prison Directors not to admit prisoners unless they are supplied with full particulars of:
(a) the name of the prisoner,
(b) the name and identity of the person ordering the detention
(c) the grounds on which detention has been ordered.

3. As far as "security" prisoners are concerned FSS and CIC have already been instructed that when a "security" prisoner is temporarily lodged in a civilian jail an arrest report must accompany him. Moreover security prisoners may only remain in a civilian jail as a temporary measure pending removal to a P. of W. enclosure.

4. Public Safety Officers will be responsible for ensuring that no prisoner is detained in jail without proper documentation and that no delay occurs either in bringing prisoners to trial before the appropriate Court or in removing "security" prisoners to Prisoner of War enclosures.

5. If enquiry fails to disclose the reason for a prisoner's detention there should be no hesitation in ordering his immediate release.

BY COMMAND OF COMMODORE STONE:

R R Bapty

for G.R.UPJOHN Brig. 1403
V.P., C.A. Section
Deputy Chief of Staff

Copy to: Regional Commissioners,
Southern, Sicily and Sardegna Regions.
DCCAO
AFW/jwf

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

14232.

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Inter office Memo

25 OCT. 1944

From : Office of Chief of Staff.

SUBJECT : Prisons

File No. 3615/COS.

TO : Civil Affairs Section

23 October 1944

The attached letter from LAZIO-UMBRIA Region dated 18 October 1944 replies to Chief of Staff letter of 14 October 44, copy to you. — To P.S. 1/10.

This is for your action and you will no doubt submit your comments to Chief of Staff in due course.

See also letter of 13/10/44 to you (DC S) 3615/4/COS

E. S. MORDEN,
Captain,
Office of the Chief of Staff.

TO	INIT	DATE
DPW		
DIR P.W.		
D. DEPUTY		
D. DIR		
FIRE & C. D.		
R. OFFICERS		
C. & REG.		

1400

3065

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

3615

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO-UMBRIA REGION
A.P.O. 394

HEADQUARTERS
21 OCT 1944
A. C. C.

16A

18 October 1944

21 OCT Recd

SUBJECT : REGINA COELI PRISON
Reference 3615/13/COS.

TO : Chief of Staff,
Headquarters A.C.C.Hq.

1. In compliance with your request for an explanation with respect to the action taken on 25 September, 1944, in connection with the release of certain prisoners at the Regina Coeli Prison, you are advised as follows:

a. To begin with the order of the Vice-President of the Administrative Section was not cancelled, but merely deferred in order (1) that the responsible Italian Authorities might be afforded a period to recheck their list to insure themselves that no dangerous criminals were being turned loose to prey upon society (2) to avoid the risk which would naturally flow from releasing prisoners after night fall.

b. Actually the command issued by the Vice-President of the Administrative Section was carried out under my direction within 24 hours after it had been issued.

2. Since the course which I pursued in this instance was based upon certain developments, it is only right and proper that you have all the facts of these developments before you.

They are as follows:

a. Immediately following the rioting at the prison, conferences were held with all responsible Authorities and a plan of action was agreed upon.

b. This plan contemplated among other things the transfer of some 200 prisoners to Viterbo and the release of a number of prisoners (then estimated at 350) on provisional liberty.

c. Both the Public Safety Division and the Legal Division of this Headquarters were instructed to keep in constant contact with the situation to the end that the agreed

(3065)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

program would be executed by the responsible Italian Authorities with all due speed.

d. In the afternoon of 25 September, 1944, further conferences were called by Legal Sub Commission of A.C.C. Hq. and were concluded at a meeting in the Palace of Justice attended by the following persons:

Colonel W.E. BEHRENS D.C.L.O.
Major Robert C. HENDRICKSON R.L.O.
Captain Sam. B. GILREATH
Captain Rosario A. GAZIANO

Civilians:

Undersecretary of the Ministry of Grace and Justice, BASSANO CARLO

G. RUBBIANI — Procuratore Generale della Corte di Appello

Signor SCIACCA — Procuratore del Re

Giovanni MUSILLAMI, General Director of Prisons

At this meeting the Procuratore del Re and the Procuratore Generale were emphatically ordered by A.C.C. Hq. to release some 263 prisoners on provisional liberty. This they were reluctant to do on the ground that many of the prisoners, whose names appeared on the list submitted, were charged with very serious crimes and in many instances were habitual offenders. Ultimately under considerable pressure the Procuratore del Re and Procuratore Generale agreed with considerable trepidation that they had legal authority to release some 23 prisoners.

They were specifically warned that they were not complying with the order which had been transmitted to them through the Legal Sub Commission, but that under any circumstances there would have to be a partial compliance with that order, at least to the extent of 23 prisoners, the release of whom was to be effected without fail that night. Legal Officers of our Headquarters were left with instructions to see that this order was carried out. 1705

3. In compliance with instruction from me, the Regional Legal Officers furnished me with a full and complete report of the afternoon's developments from which I learned that the Italian Authorities themselves indicated great anxiety and concern over the blanket release of

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

so many prisoners in an atmosphere of speed and haste. I concluded that darkness was upon us, there was no advantage to be gained (political or otherwise) by turning prisoners loose at night at the risk of their being rearrested by the Carabinieri or falling into further difficulties. To the contrary, I felt there was much to be gained by deferring action until our Public Safety and Legal Divisions could be certain as to the type and character of the prisoners being released, and furnishing the Italian Authorities with the confidence which they so badly needed in what was obviously a real crisis.

4. I was convinced then, as I am now, that the order of A.C.C. Hq. should be executed with calmness and dignity rather than in an atmosphere of hectic haste. In the light of the fact that there was an orderly execution of the Vice-President's command without the slightest repercussions, it would seem that the temporary suspension of the order was not only justified, but in the light of the circumstances quite necessary and I trust that the Vice-President will feel satisfied.

5. Perhaps in due course, if A.C.C. Hq. sees fit, it would be helpful for A.C.C. Hq. to commend my officers in the field for the fine job they did in handling the Regina Coeli crisis.

Charles Poletti

CHARLES POLETTI,
Colonel, A.U.S.
Regional Commissioner

1403

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Copy

19A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

Office of the Chief of Staff

Ref : 3615/4/COS

13 October 1944.

SUBJECT : Prisons.

TO : DCOS,CA Section.

19B

1. I think it is a good thing that we should get comments on the prison situation from our P.R.O.

2. I am very concerned about the Regina Coeli Prison, first of all because I am not convinced that we put it into a proper state of administration during the period of AMG and, secondly, because of the presence there of persons arrested on suspicion by Allied security agents.

3. The time has come when we must get rid of this latter category from every italian jail. They are not jail criminals and should not be kept in jail.

4. Would you :

(a) have orders sent to Lazio Region to arrange with Rome Area Command to have them removed from the prison at once;

(b) draft a letter to AFHQ asking that :

(i) orders be issued that NO persons arrested by Allied Forces for security reasons be kept in jails which contain ordinary criminals :

(ii) a very definite limitation be placed on the powers of arrest by Allied Forces of civilians in territory administered by the Italian Government : such limitations to include an obligation to refer each case to the nearest AMG officer. I think there is a reference to this procedure in the administrative instructions issued by AAI on the turn over of territory.

Brigadier,
Chief of Staff.

C.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

PUBLIC RELATIONS BRANCH
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

PRB/R12

11 Oct 44.

SUBJECT : Prison Situation.

TO : Chief of Staff, A.C.C.

Although it is none of my business I would suggest that the prison situation still needs looking into, if it is not going to give the Allies a thoroughly bad name. There are two main - but unfortunately not always separate problems which are at the root of this trouble. The first is imprisonment on a grand scale for petty crimes invented by the Allies- i.e. being out after curfew, being in possession of Allied cigarettes, selling above controlled prices etc. ... for which crimes people are being kept far too long in jail without trial. We may say that this is for the Italian Government, but the Italian Government will say they are AMG crimes. The second problem is much more fundamental - the throwing into jail without previous accusations of persons suspected by the C.I.C., F.S.S., O.S.S., S.C.I., G 2 and so on and so on. We are using Gestapo methods and I do not believe they are necessary. In spite of all Pollock's attempts to get these security prisoners OUT of Regina Coeli, not only do they still remain but a new " round-up" has recently been made and there are 200 waiting there. Among them was one youth whose family I knew, and the boy was so patently incapable of plotting about anything that I followed up the case. He was seized by plainclothes men at 6 a.m. on October 5; they refused to tell his mother and father, who were terrified, either where he was going or what he was accused of : they came to me because they just did not know whether he had been taken by police or kidnappers. I traced him, not without difficulty, through the C.I.C. to Regina Coeli : and I then put all possible enquiries on foot. As a result (so I think) he was " returned" to his parents to-day and Colonel Young of G 2 telephoned to them to say that he was a "good boy" and there was " nothing against him." However, he had been thrown into a foul prison for five days. How many other such cases are tried ? Is it not time that we abandoned these methods here ? Admittedly we are at war and enemy agents may exist, but is it not possible to tell accused people what their accusation is and to let their families know where they are going ?.

I suggest that it is high time that there was a periodical review of prison cases everywhere, a review NOT confined to security.

LIONEL FIELDEN
Major
Public Relations Director.

Copy to: Colonel Fiske
Colonel Pollock.

1403 (251)

File 184

TRANSLATION.

TERRITORIAL LEGION, ROYAL CARABINIERI, ROME.

Establishment Office.

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM. Rome 25th September, 1944.

SUBJECT : Situation in Regina Coeli Prison.

^^^^^^^^^^^^

TO THE GENERAL COMMAND OF THE ROYAL CARABINIERI, ROME.
TO THE COMMAND OF THE 2ND DIVISION CC.RR "PODGORA", ROME.
TO THE COMMAND OF THE 4TH BRIGADE ROYAL CARABINIERI, ROME.

^^^^^^^^^^^^

The situation which has gradually manifested itself in Regina Coeli Prison demands careful watching and above all the adoption of urgent measures, the necessity for which has already been mentioned in vain for some time to the competent authorities.

All the eight wings of Regina Coeli are occupied by prisoners, including the sadly famous third wing, which passed from German to Allied control: but the 7th and 8th Wings particularly are crowded to capacity and are most easily manoeuvrable and most turbulent because ordinary promiscuous prisoners are kept there, five in a cell.

Regina Coeli Prison holds, among others, dangerous convicts, moved there at the time of the Allied occupation of Sicily, to make room in Southern Italian prisons.

Following the general exodus of June 4th (Allied liberation), the last four wings especially - the most crowded with exclusively ordinary criminals - are in a most precarious condition as regards safety; nearly all the locks are defective and various hinges and bolts are broken, so that the prisoners can, whenever they like, circulate, gather together, plot and hold meetings, merely by opening the iron gates, which face on to the "rotunda", with a small piece of wood.

It has now become usual for the 7th Wing to start attempts at escape and revolt which often end in the use of arms, not always without bloodshed, on the part of the Guards.

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TO THE COMMAND OF THE 2ND DIVISION CC.RR "PODGORA", ROME.

TO THE COMMAND OF THE 4TH BRIGADE. ROYAL CARABINIERI, ROME.

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The most serious indicent took place on the evening of the 23rd instant with a mass attempt at escape which had the unfortunate result of one dead and two wounded, all convicted of theft. At dawn on the 24th the attempt was renewed with the opening up of the roof, the hurling of projectiles into the courtyard against the Guards, the firing of straw mattresses in the 5th Wing, etc. Also on this occasion it was necessary to fall back on the use of arms which resulted in two wounded among the prisoners.

To combat the spreading fire, firemen were called in and these connived at the escape of three prisoners who possessed themselves of the firemen's mackintoshes.

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Through the intervention of the firemen, the prisoners also came into possession of long cords, with which they openly threatened to scale the roof - in part uncovered - to clear the courtyard by hurling tiles and débris onto the Guards, who would be forced to retire in face of this violence from which they had no cover - to force the gate, already previously forced, which from the 7th Wing gives on to a courtyard closed by a defective door and thus to escape, overcoming at any cost the resistence of the Guards, even if they used fire-arms.

The revolt was evidently kept going by the heads of sectors who did not cease directing operations from the interior of the various Wings.

In consequence of this state of affairs, on the 24th instant, I represented to the Head of the Police the undelayable necessity of adopting those few measures which would allow without undue effort a normalization of the situation and above all the necessity for imposing that discipline which especially to-day, while authority is tenuated, must be absolutely guaranteed in a prison because, if now the populace does not make common cause with ordinary criminal prisoners, it might, on the other hand dangerously aggravate the situation if political prisoners were involved, either for the purpose of liberating them or to get hold of them.

The urgent measures proposed are:-

1) The immediate evacuation by means of railway trucks, which I have heard that the Allied Authorities could provide, to other prisons (Ponza - Procida - Tremiti - Viterbo etc.) of prisoners concentrated here from other prisons and of all those who in recent times have been heads of sectors and promotors of disturbances organised at Regina Coeli, all well-known to the prison guards;

2) Immediate provisional liberty for all prisoners detained for crimes for which the mandate does not provide obligatory imprisonment, including those arrested for the unlawful possession of foodstuffs and who have been waiting a long time to be questioned. In this way it would be possible to reduce by 30% the number of prisoners held in Regina Coeli;

3) Total evacuation of the 7th Wing (which is the least safe or the most damaged from the security angle) with the transfer of the remaining prisoners to other Wings;

4) Most urgent repairs, by means of about 30 specialized workmen, to all the 7th Wing, to put it in the necessary condition

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3) Total evacuation of the 7th Wing (which is the least safe or the most damaged from the security angle) with the transfer of the remaining prisoners to other Wings;

4) Most urgent repairs, by means of about 30 specialized workmen, to all the 7th Wing, to put it in the necessary condition of safety;

5) The gradual repair - by the same system - of all the other Wings;

6) The total renewal of the Guard personnel of the prison, who are frightened of the prisoners, support them, enter with them into various conspiricies which afterwards tie their hands. For example, the guard personnel sometimes, for reward, omit to be present at the interviews granted to prisoners with their relations, from whom they can easily receive notes, packages etc.; prisoners who are detailed

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for work in the prison, who by 5 p.m. should be locked in the cells, are still in circulation at 8 p.m.; the Guards on duty at the main door traffic willingly with civilians, obviously for gain; the examination of parcels for the prisoners is carried out by a few women who have close ties of interest with the prison guards, who take it upon themselves to lighten the parcels before they reach the prisoners who consequently lament in vain, the more so because the things removed from the parcels are exactly those which are later sold at the rate of 250 lire a packet of cigarettes, 100 lire a longish roll of bread etc. - Neither can order and discipline be kept under the present prison director, Dr. STRAZZERI Amedeo who enjoys no prestige or authority and who seems to have been nominated and to be held in office through ecclesiastical influence.

His Excellency the Head of the Police promised at once to intervene in this matter which, even though chiefly a question for the Ministry of Grace and Justice was turning daily into one of public order.

In the afternoon of the 24th September a meeting took place in the office of the Director of Regina Coeli, at which were present Colonel Poletti, Lt. Col. Pollock, the Questore MORAZZINI, the Prison Director, a high official of the Ministry of Grace and Justice and other officers of the Allied Control Commission among whom was Lt. Col. Wilcox.

In the course of the meeting, which lasted six hours, Col. Poletti who had seen the state of the Wings and had spoken briefly with the prisoners, expressed the decided opinion that the Italian Authorities should provide with their own means for the re-establishment of order in the situation at Regina Coeli, making it quite clear that failing this power would again revert to the Allied Authorities.

The Questore showed himself to be worried at the thought of using for this purpose a Police Force attacked in the Press, very little protected and discouraged, who would make a poor showing without the intervention of the Allied Military Police.

At the request of Col. Poletti I went to the prison where I found Lt. Col. Pollock and Lt. Col. Wilcox who informed me of the delicacy of the situation which would certainly shift from the public safety to the political field if the Italian Authorities could not assume the entire responsibility for the situation at Regina Coeli.

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On being asked the specific question, and in view of the circumstances explained by the two Allied Officers, I immediately declared that I would assume full responsibility for the situation in the sense that I would:-

- prevent, contain and supress attempts at escape that might take place during the night;

- guarantee for this morning the concentration and transfer from the 7th Wing of a couple of hundred of the most turbulent prisoners.

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I immediately brought up 200 Carabinieri, in addition to those already on the spot, who would deal, under my orders, with any disturbances during the night and I made the necessary arrangements for the transfer mentioned.

The night passed without incident and at 8 o'clock this morning the concentration of the prisoners of the 7th Wing was started.

In spite of the fact that they had started in the interior of the Wing three small fires (burning straw mattresses) it was possible to concentrate 155 prisoners who at 1 o'clock p.m., were sent under strong Carabinieri escort to the Command of a Captain at the Prison at Soriano del Cimino.

I further obtained from the Allied Authorities; through the good offices of Lt. Col. Pollock, the concession that the entire 4th Wing (which gives the greatest guarantees of safety) till now used by the Allied Command, should pass to the use of the Italian Authorities; during the day the prison personnel is arranging to shift the remaining prisoners from the 7th and 8th Wings to the one newly made available, so that work can be commenced immediately on the gradual reconditioning of the 7th and 8th Wings already mentioned as the most damaged.

Generally speaking, with the adoption of these measures the situation at Regina Coeli is to-day much improved; to return it to normality I reiterate that it will be necessary to:-

- finish the work of shifting above described;

- speed up and rapidly conclude the legal proceedings in the cases of many prisoners interned for some time, on grounds of slight importance, and who have not yet even been interrogated;

- speed up the examination of appeals made by prisoners who consider themselves unjustly or unduly severely condemned by the Allied Court;

- speed up the interrogation of soldiers, detained for disertion, for over a month. In this connection it should be borne in mind that prisoners cannot receive the moral comfort of interviews with their families until such time as they have been interrogated by the presiding Judge;

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- improve the scale of nourishment, which is actually very scarce in relation to the official rations, and improve the hygiene of the cells which are infected with miriads of insects.

Having examined the position of the prison personnel at present in service with a view to rigorous selection I find them to be without authority, tainted and idle and that they should be entirely replaced by new elements - it would be best

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if these could come from Military prisons, at least for a time, until a sense of discipline is re-established in Regina Coeli.

As regards the contribution of the Carabinieri to this thankless service which is not strictly within their competence but to which they necessarily lend themselves in the absence or deficiency of other authority, on request by the Allies and above all in the interests of the country, I must submit that these not infrequent exceptional services cause, above all considerable fretfullness among the personnel, obliged to face and overcome with serious difficulty situations gravely compromised by neglect, and detrimental reflections on the other institutional services of the Carabinieri by reason of the negligence and deficency of the personnel used for the purpose.

The Lieut. Colonel Commanding

- Carlo Perinetti -

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The Lieut. Colonel Commending

- Carlo Perinetti -

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COPIA

LEGIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DI ROMA
- Ufficio Servizio -

PROMEMORIA RISERVATO PERSONALE Roma, lì 25 settembre 1944

OGGETTO: Situazione del carcere di Regina Coeli.=

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AL COMANDO GENERALE DELL'ARMA DEI CARABINIERI REALI ROMA
AL COMANDO DELLA 2^ DIVISIONE CC.RR. "PODGORA" ROMA
AL COMANDO DELLA IV^ BRIGATA CARABINIERI REALI ROMA

^^^^

La situazione che si è venuta determinando nel carcere di Regina Coeli merita la più vigile attenzione e sopratutto urgenti provvedimenti la cui necessità è stata prospettata già da tempo - invano - alle autorità competenti.

Tutti gli otto bracci di Regina Coeli sono occupati da detenuti, compreso il tristemente famoso terzo braccio che dalla gestione tedesca è passato alla gestione alleata; ma sono particolarmente saturi i bracci 7° e 8°, più facili alla manovra e più turbolenti perchè vi si custodiscano detenuti comuni promiscui in misura di 5 per cella.

Nel carcere di Regina Coeli sono detenuti, fra gli altri, pericolosi pregiudicati spostati qui fin dal tempo della occupazione della Sicilia per sfollamento delle case di pena dell'Italia meridionale.

In seguito all'evasione in massa del 4 giugno (liberazione alleata) specialmente gli ultimi quattro bracci -i più affollati da detenuti esclusivamente comuni- si trovano in quanto mai precarie comdizioni di sicurezza: sono infatti divelte quasi tutte le serrature e spezzati i vari congegni di chiusura cosicchè i detenuti

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possono ogni qualvolta vogliono circolare, riunirsi, complottare, tener comizi aprendo le cancelle di ferro che si affacciano sulla "rotonda" con pur semplice pezzetto di legno.

E' diventato ormai consuetudine del settimo braccio inscenare tentativi di evasione e di rivolta che finiscono spesso con l'uso delle armi non sempre incruento da parte della forza pubblica.

Gli episodi più gravi si sono verificati la sera del 23 corrente con un tentativo di evasione in massa che ha avuto il doloroso epilogo di un morto e di due feriti, tutti pregiudicati per furto. All'alba del 24 il tentativo è stato ripreso, con scoperchiamento del tetto, lancio di suppellettili nel cortile contro gli agenti della forza pubblica, incendio di pagliericci sviluppatosi nel quinto braccio ecc.- Anche in detta circostanza si è dovuto ricorrere all'uso delle armi e si sono avuti due feriti fra i detenuti.

Per domare l'incendio sviluppatosi intervennero i vigili del fuoco, i quali hanno favorito l'evasione di tre detenuti che si sono impossessati dei loro impermeabili.

I detenuti attraverso l'intervento dei vigili sono anche venuti in possesso di corde lunghe con le quali minacciano apertamente di scalare il tetto in parte scoperchiato, di fare il vuoto nel cortile sottostante con il lancio di tegole e detriti sulla forza pubblica, che dovrebbe necessariamente sottrarsi a questa violenza contro la quale non avrebbe riparo, far impeto sul cancello -già forzato- che dal settimo braccio immette nel cortile delimitato da una porta carraia e quindi evadere superando a qualunque costo la resistenza anche a fuoco della forza pubblica.

La ribellione viene evidentemente tenuta desta dai caporioni che non cessano dal comiziare nell'interno dei vari bracci.

In conseguenza di tale stato di cose il 24 corrente ho rappresentato al Capo della Polizia la improrogabile necessità di adottare

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quei pochi provvedimenti che possono consentire senza eccessivo sforzo una normalizzazione della situazione, e sopratutto la imposizione di quella disciplina che oggi specialmente, mentre l'autorità tentenna, deve essere assolutamente garantita in un carcere perchè se per ora la popolazione non fa causa comune con i detenuti per reati comuni, ma potrà invece aggravare pericolosamente la situazione quando si tratti di detenuti politici sia che voglia tentare di liberarli o di impadronirsene.

I provvedimenti urgenti proposti sono:

I°) immediato sgombero anche a mezzo di carri ferroviari che l'autorità alleata da me sentita potrebbe concedere, verso altre case di pena (Ponza - Procida - Tremiti - Viterbo etc.) i detenuti qui concentrati dalle altre case di pena e tutti quelli che in questi periodi sono stati caporioni e promotori delle sommosse organizzate a Regina Coeli, ben noti alle guardie carcerarie;

2°) libertà provvisoria immediata a tutti i detenuti per reati per i quali non sia previsto il mandato di cattura obbligatorio, compresi quelli arrestati per illecito possesso di generi alleati e che da molto tempo attendono di essere interrogati. Sarebbe così possibile ridurre almeno del 30% il numero dei detenuti custotidi a Regina Coeli;

3°) vuotamento totale del settimo braccio (che è il meno sicuro o il più danneggiato nei congegni di sicurezza) con lo spostamento dei detenuti residui in altri bracci;

4°) riattamento urgentissimo, mediante una trentina di operai specializzati, di tutto il settimo braccio per rimetterlo nelle necessarie condizioni di sicurezza;

5°) riattamento graduale, con lo stesso sistema, di tutti gli altri bracci;

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6°) sostituzione totale del personale di custodia addetto alle car= ceri, che ha paura di detenuti, li subisce, entra con essi in compromessi di vario genere che ne vincolano poi l'azione. Ad esempio, il personale di custodia trascura, talvolta per interes= se, di presenziare i colloqui che i detenuti hanno con parenti, dai quali possono facilmente ricevere biglietti, pacchetti ed altro; i detenuti adibiti a lavori, che alle ore I7 dovrebbero essere assicurati nelle celle, alle ore 20 sono ancora in cir= colazione; l'agente di custodia in servizio alla porta princi= pale traffica volentieri con civili con fini evidentemente non disinteressati; la confezione dei pacchi per i detenuti di Re= gina Coeli viene fatta da poche donne che hanno stretti vincoli di interessi con le guardie carcerarie le quali si incaricano di alleggerire i pacchi stessi prima che raggiungano il detenuto il quale poi si lamenta invano, tanto più che i generi sottratti nei pacchi sono proprio quelli che vengono poi commerciati sul= la base di 250 lire un pacchetto di sigarette, I00 lire uno sfila= tino di pane etc.= Nè l'ordine e la disciplina possono essere mantenuti dall'attuale direttore delle carceri, Dr. STRAZZERI Amedeo che non gode di alcun prestigio od autorità, e sembra sia stato nominato e mantenuto in carica per interferenze ec= clesiastiche.

L'Eccellenza il Capo della Polizia promise senz'altro il suo sollecito intervento nella questione che pur riguardando in linea di massima il Ministro di Grazia e Giustizia, sfocia quasi quotidianamente in una questione di ordine pubblico.

Nel pomeriggio dello stesso 24 ebbe intanto luogo nell'uffi= cio di direzione di Regina Coeli una riunione a cui partecipa= rono il colonnello POLETTI, il Ten.Col. POLLOCK, il questore MO=

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RAZZINI, il direttore delle carceri, un alto funzionario del Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia ed altri ufficiali Alleati fra cui il Ten.Col. WILCOKS della Commissione Alleata di Controllo.

Nel corso della riunione, durata oltre sei ore, il colonnello POLETTI che vide anche la situazione dei bracci e parlò brevemente ai detenuti espresse recisamente l'avviso che l'autorità Italiana doveva provvedere con i propri mezzi a ristabilire l'ordine nella situazione di Regina Coeli, facendo ben capire che in caso diverso i poteri sarebbero ripassati nelle mani dell'Autorità Alleata.

Il questore dimostrò tutta la sua perplessità circa un eventuale impiego delle forze di polizia che attaccate dalla stampa, mal protette e scoraggiate avrebbero dato scarso rendimento senza un diretto intervento della polizia militare alleata.

A richiesta del Colonnello POLETTI mi recai allora al carcere dove trovai il T.Col. POLLOCK ed il Ten.Col. WILCOKS i quali mi accennarono alla delicatezza della questiome che sarebbe stata certamente spostata dal campo dell'ordine pubblico al campo politico, se l'Autorità Italiana non avesse saputo assumersi per intero la responsabilità di regolare la situazione di Regina Coeli.

Ad esplicita richiesta formulatami in tal senso, e con questa premessa, dai due ufficiali alleati, dichiarai immediatamente che assumevo in pieno la responsabilità della situazione nel senso di:

- impedire, contenere e reprimere tentativi di evasione che si verificassero nella notte;
- assicurare per la mattina di oggi il concentramento e la traduzione di un paio di centinaia di detenuti più turbolenti del settimo braccio.

Concentrai immediatamente 200 carabinieri che in aggiunta alle forze già presenti in luogo, avrebbero fronteggiato ai miei ordini

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durante la notte eventuali turbolenze ed approntai tutto il necessario per la traduzione accennata.

La notte passò senza incidenti e stamane alle ore 8 fu iniziato il concentramento dei detenuti del settimo braccio.

Nonostante che costoro avessero appiccato nell'interno del braccio tre lievi incendi (bruciando i paglericci) fu possibile concentrare I55 detenuti che alle ore I3 furono avviati sotto buona scorta dell'Arma, al comando di un capitano alla casa di pena di Soriano del Cimino.

Ottenevo intanto dall'Autorità Alleata, mercè l'interessamento del Ten.Col.POLLOCK, che l'intero quarto braccio (che dà le massime garanzie di sicurezza) finora in uso per il comando alleato, passasse a disposizione dell'autorità italiana; in giornata il personale carcerario sta provvedendo allo spostamento dei detenuti residui del 7° e 8° braccio, in quello così liberato, in modo da poter immediatamente iniziare i lavori di sistemazione graduale del 7° e 8° braccio anzidetti che sono i più danneggiati.

In sostanza la situazione di Regina Coeli con tali provvedimenti è oggi molto migliorata; per restituirla nella sua normalità conferma che occorre:

- ultimare i lavori di spostamento sopra accennati;
- affrettare e rapidamente svolgere l'istruttoria sommaria nei riguardi di molti detenuti, internati da tempo, anche per fatti di scarsissima importanza e che non sono stati neanche interrogati;
- affrettare gli esami di appello di detenuti che si ritengono ingiustamente o eccessivamente condannati dalla Corte Alleata;
- affrettare gli interrogatori di militari, detenuti per diserzione, da oltre un mese. A tal riguardo è anche da tener presente che i detenuti non possono avere il conforto morale di un colloquio con i famigliari fino a quando non sono stati interrogati

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dal giudice istruttore;

- migliorare la confezione del vitto, che si presenta anche ben scarso in relazione ai generi costituenti la razione, migliorare l'igiene delle celle infestate da miriadi di insetti.

Esaminata, ai fini di una rigorosa selezione, la posizione del personale carcerario attualmente in servizio, privo di autorità, tarato e neghittoso che dovrebbe essere integralmente soppiantato da elementi nuovi, -meglio se degli stabilimenti militari di pena- almeno per un certo periodo, finchè non sia ristabilito in quel carcere il senso della disciplina.

Per quanto riguarda il contributo dell'Arma in questi servizi ingrati che non sono di sua spettanza ma che vengono necessariamente prestati in assenza o deficienza delle altre autorità, per richiesta degli Alleati e sovratutto nell'interesse del Paese, debbo sommettere che tali prestazioni eccezionali non infrequenti mentre causano, oltre tutto, un notevole logorìo del personale, costretto ad affrontare e superare con laboriosi servizi situazioni gravemente compromesse per la incuria, la negligenza e le deficienze del personale appositamente preposto vanno a detrimento dei tanti altri servizi istituzionali dell'Arma.=

IL T. COLONNELLO COMANDANTE
- Carlo Perinetti -

139=

14232

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION No. IV
APO 394

PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION

ROUTING SLIP

Date 15 OCT 44

TO.	FROM
Lt. Col. J.R. POLLOCK	
Major A.W. BATTERS BEY	
Major W.E. COLLINS	
Major P.E. COXHEAD	
Capt. T.W.M. GREENHILL	
Capt. D.J. HOPKINS	
Capt. L.A. TOMPKINS	
Capt. R.M. FREEMAN	X
Capt. A.E. BAKER	
Capt. W.L. WISSON	
Capt. A.T. BROWN	
Capt. BACKMAN	
P.P.S.O.	
Major Hanbury Chief Clerk	

ACTION

FOR YOUR	
X	INFORMATION
	NOTATION & RETURN
	TRANSMISSION
	REMARKS & RECOMMENDATION
	NECESSARY ACTION
	CORRECTION & RETURN
	PUBLICATION
	ISSUANCE OF ORDERS
	SIGNATURE
	DISPATCH
	APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL
	TYPING
	FILING
	TRANSLATION

GHS 21/X

REMARKS

Translation of article in IL PARTIGIANO of 15 OCT 44.

The deliberate viciousness of the article is self-evident. The undersigned wonders if the writers who are responsible for such rot cant be made to either prove their assertions or "shut up."

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ROUTING SLIP

Date 18 OCT 44

TO.	FROM
Lt. Col. J.R. POLLOCK	
Major A.W. BATTERS BEY	
Major W.E. COLLINS	
Major P.E. COXHEAD	
Capt. T.W.M. GREENHILL	
Capt. D.J. HOPKINS	
Capt. L.A. TOMPKINS	
Capt. R.M. FREEMAN	X
Capt. A.E. BAKER	
Capt. W.L. WISSON	
Capt. A.T. BROWN	
Capt. BACKMAN	
P.P.S.O.	
Major Hanbury	
Chief Clerk	

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FOR YOUR	
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	NOTATION & RETURN
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	SIGNATURE
	DISPATCH
	APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL
	TYPING
	FILING
	TRANSLATION

Etd 21/X

REMARKS

Translation of article in IL PARTICIANO of 16 OCT 44.

The deliberate viciousness of the article is self-evident. The undersigned wonders if the writers who are responsible for such rot cant be made to either prove their assertions or "shut up."

R. M. Freeman Capt CMP

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION - AMG/ACC.

R. M. Freeman, Capt/CMP., Dept of Prisons, Regional

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TRANSLATION 19/10/44 IL PARTIGIANO 16/[illegible]/44

1117

29/10/44

PRISON REFORM

RIOTS IN REGINA COELI

If Strazzera at Regina Coeli consulted the stars, he would not find a very good horoscope. Trastevere, which together with Regina Coeli, has always accounts to pay, spoke the first word by lynching Carretta. The public didnot understand, but we who have been in prison understand perfectly. Because if the police is hated, the prison personnel is loathed, and not altogether without reason. The commissary will remember it.

We have had a series of riots in Regina Coeli during the last of which the prisoners set fire to their cells and the police and firemen had to intervene. Conclusion: some dead and wounded and 155 inmates sent to penal houses to undergo rigorous disciplinary measures. They will be able to experience that discipline through which we have all passed without having to expiate a crime.

The chronicle didnot go beyond the facts however, we know the phenomenon but not the causes. Nor do we believe that the little things such as "Il Partigiano" has begun to take about in "Prison Reform": bugs, dirtiness, windows without light, cells without cess pools, exercise without fresh air, have caused the riots.

Only one daily paper "Il Tempo" has told us that thousands of the inmates have been awaiting trial for months, some for years, several hundred who have already served their sentence are still waiting release.. We have no reason to disbelieve this, because we remember at the beginning of this year in the prison infirmary, there was a limping and vociferous inmate who made himself heard every time the guard passed by. The poor man, a wreck of a man, had been asking to be released for 8 or 10 months, having finished his sentence - he said. And it was true but all the guards did nothing but laugh. Something indeed to laugh about!

Let us now examine the rules a moment, an extract of which should be at the disposition of every prisoner, but which no one has ever seen. We have by chance a copy ourselves. No. 91 says: "The inmates can always apply to the director, directly or by means of the persons charged with their surveillance, whenever they consider they have plausible motives, but they may not ever express their complaints in the presence of their companions, and must wait to be called in order to give their reasons. The inmates may also ask to be visited by the prison chaplain, the doctor, the comandante or head guard, by applying to the jailor on duty. The women prisoners may apply to the nuns or the guards.

1385

Art. 164 stipulates punishment by cell confinement on bread and

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Art. 164 stipulates punishment by cell confinement on bread and water for those who insist on making obviously unfounded complaints, and maybe demanding justice and long-awaited liberty comes into that category. Art.165 orders cell confinement on bread and water for a complaint made by several persons together. Art.166 says that tumults, and seditious shouting are punishable by the punishment cell, but says nothing else. Those who have experienced it can speak.

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As can be seen punishments are not lacking, and we political prisoners were immediately menaced by the head guard, when we were ingenious enough to complain that the quantity of bread had been reduced. Evidently the supplier entered into the category of the superior authorities which are mentioned in Art.90 and who extend from the head of the government to the directing authority.

In the concrete case of the last riot, we do not ask for an inquiry, because we are accustomed not to receive any answer from the Government; exceptions proue the rule. We limit ourselves to joining the protest of the prisoners on whom the public forces fired, the firemen poured torrents of water, and the prison guards did the rest. And the protest goes beyond Mr. Strazzera who, although an excellency, is neither better nor worse than any other prison director; it goes beyond Minister Tupini who is at the rudder of the judicial ship, and does not steer it any better than the fly in the fable which from the cart wishes to drive the mule. Fedro calls it "ridendo imbecillcrum superbiloquentia", but in this case it is much worse; for our ministers are anything but imbeciles, and they give vent to their "superbiloquentia" in speeches very able though not persuasive in defending that which can not be defended; as for instance the delaying of justice and liberty to unhappy people - no longer men, but numbers according to the rules. The fable has its own moral which decides "qui sine virtute vanas exercet minas", but here the menaces have not been mere words. Those who demanded justice and liberty were answered by lead and the galleys. Countrymen! Fascist and anti-fascist justice will always be the same for your children whether sacred to heroism or crime, rebels of the law, or victims of poverty; there is nothing else, do not expect anything else from this old world.

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HEADQUARTERS,
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION,
APO 394

Office of the Chief of Staff

Ref: 3615/13/OCS.

14 October 1944.

SUBJECT: Regina Coeli Prison.

TO : Regional Commissioner, LAZIO Region.

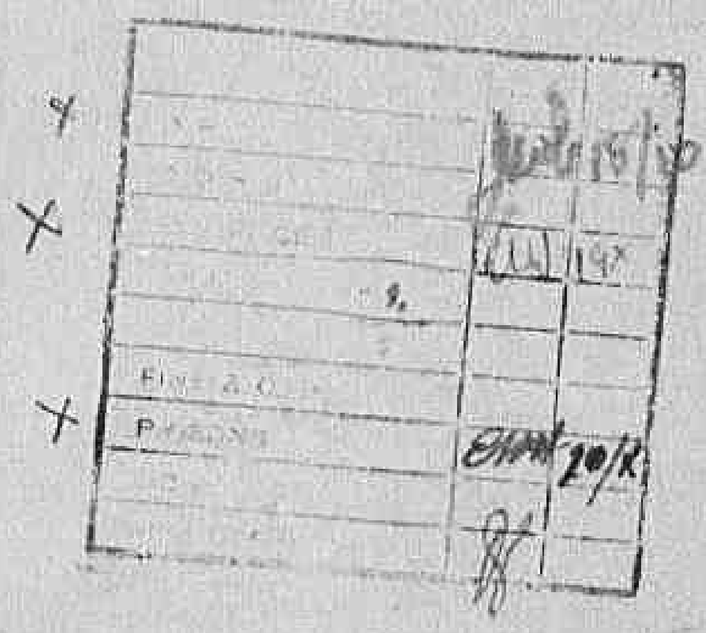
As a result of the disturbance in Regina Coeli Prison it was arranged in consultation with the Vice President, Chief Administrative Section, that 25 prisoners should be released on provisional liberty. Without any explanation you cancelled that order. I should be glad of an explanation.

17 OCT. 1944

Brigadier,
Chief of Staff.

NEL/AG.

Copy to: DCOS CA Sec



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16 15A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 489031
Ext : 257

ACC/14232/PS

9 October, 1944.

SUBJECT : P r i s o n s.

TO : R.P.S.O., Iasio.

14A

1. Reference is made to a report dated 7th October 1944 from Supt. of Prisons, Iasio Region, giving details of the progress made in improving conditions in Regina Coeli prison.

2. It is noted that the Supt. of Prison has been in direct communication with the Ministry of Grace & Justice.

3. This Headquarters is in constant touch with the Ministry of Grace & Justice and as you will realise it can only cause confusion and overlapping if individual Regional or Provincial officers approach Government Departments.

4. It must again be emphasised that all communications with Italian Government Departments or superior formations must be submitted from Regional P.S. Officers to this Sub-Commission.

JOHN T. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

AFW/G.

1356

Put in ✓ file
Regina Coeli File
Prison Files

14232, 8/c 44

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division, Region IV
Headquarters, Prison Superintendent

Rome, October 7th, 1944

To

Lt. Col. POLLOCK, R.P.S.O.
Lazio-Umbria Region
R O M E
Via Lucullo, nº 6

Subject: Security measures and Personnel problems of Regina Coeli -

1. Herewith is present situation at Regina Coeli:

Locks

1st wing: Repairs completed -
2nd " : " " -
3rd " : C.I.C. wing -
4th " : About 45 locks still unrepaired -
5th " : A few locks still unrepaired -
6th " : Locks repaired on 48 locks of 1st and 2nd floor; work proceeding on others -
7th " : 76 locks repaired on 1st and 2nd floor, while work is proceding on others -
8th " : No repairs to date. Practically all locks broken

Gates

Work proceding on repairs to main gates to rotundas to prevent opening by prisoners.

Roof

Fair progress in these repairs.

Other works

Inmate labor also whitewashing and disinfecting 7th wing. To be followed by other wings.

1280

2. Note: No responsible authority can be satisfied with rate

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Rome, October 7th, 1944

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Lazio-Umbria Region — R O M E
Via Lucullo, nº 6

Subject: Security measures and Personnel problems of Regina Coeli -

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1280

2. Note: No responsible authority can be satisfied with rate of progress. An appalling lack of initiative is evident at all stages of the repair program. It is

../..

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division, Region IV
Headquarters, Prison Superintendent

felt, however, that under such circumstances, the progress being made is about all that can be expected.

3. Personnel - The undersigned is completely "fed up" with the prison guard personnel and has consistently recommended removal enmasse. He has recently made this suggestion directly to the Ministry of Grace and Justice and by communication to the P.S. Sub-commission. He endorses your similar suggestion and states his belief that no security for Regina Coeli or decent administration of its affairs will ever be attained except through replacement of present personnel with honest, capable people. This cannot be attained through transfers of personnel from other prisons, who are equally dishonest or incapable. The use of Italian military personnel is easily the best suggestion yet.

4. Transfers - 218 prisoners have been transferred from Regina Coeli since 25 September 1944. 449 have been released, either unconditionally or provisionally. The total count as of midnight 6 Oct. 1944, was 1418. This includes 183 C.I.C. prisoners in the 3rd wing.

5. Transfer of Security prisoners serving sentence. Minister of Grace and Justice contacted, given specifications for an acceptable location, and the suggestion of an island (Ponza, Elba or other) location. He promises to get cracking in short order. Col. Young informed.

For your information.

R. M. Freeman Capt. C.M.P.
R.M. FREEMAN, Capt. C.M.P.
Sup't of Prisons
Lazio Region

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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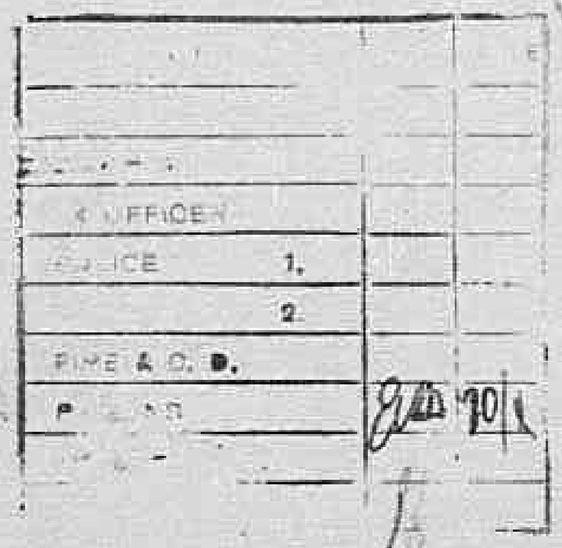
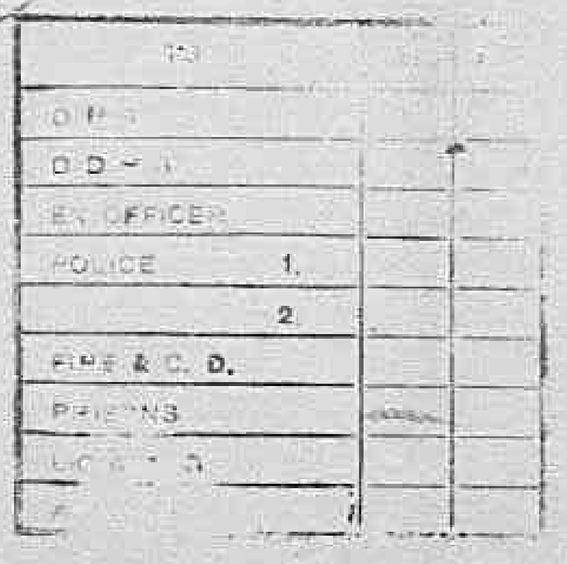
Lazio Region





Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 788016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Civil Affairs Section
APO 394

ACC/14232/PS

8 October, 1944.

SUBJECT : Disorder at Regina Coeli Prison.

TO : A.F.H.Q., G-5 Section.

1. Reference your G-5.250.1 dated 30 Sept. 44.

2. In the letter from H.A.A.C. it is stated that the Metropolitani are underpaid and undernourished, also that the morale of Carabinieri and Metropolitani is low.

3. Since 13 June 1944 Agents of Public Security, which includes Metropolitani, have been fed on Heavy Workers Scale C rations. This was considered inadequate and the Acting Chief Commissioner has now issued instructions that all Public Safety agencies in Italy will draw rations on a scale equivalent to the Italian Army ration scale (which is already enjoyed by the Carabinieri).

4. Steps are being taken to improve morale. A meeting was held at A.C.C. H.Q. attended by the Commanding Generals of CC.RR and CC.PP and the Director General of Public Security, Ministry of the Interior. It was agreed that morale was low and that energetic measures must be taken to improve matters.

5. The Ministries concerned are being pressed to consider increases in pay. The question of clothing and equipment is receiving attention. Carabinieri, whose present strength is 43,000, are all being issued with serviceable uniform, overcoat, boots, pullover, blankets, pants, shirt and messkit.

6. Finance Guards and Agents of Public Security are unable to draw uniform from Army sources but the provision of cloth and boots is being considered by the Economic Section.

7. Finally, by arrangement with P.W.B. the Italian Press has been asked to refrain from publishing unwarranted and destructive criticism of the police and to give publicity to the good work being accomplished by the Police Services.

For Acting Chief Commissioner :

1380

G.R. [illegible] Brig.
V.P., C.A. Section
Deputy Chief of Staff.

PJW/G.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

SECRET Public Safety (Pol)

970

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

14233/12/10-B

TBJ/seb
G-5: 250.1 30 September 1944

SUBJECT: Disorders at Regina Coeli Prison

TO : Headquarters, Allied Control Commission
APO 394.

1. Attached is a copy of letter of 25 September from Commander Rome Allied Area Command.

2. Your comments and recommendations on paragraph 5 are requested soonest.

For the Asst. Chief of Staff, G-5:

T. B. JACKMAN
Lt. Colonel

Incl:
as above.

HEADQUARTERS
1 - OCT. 1944
A. C.

138

SECRET

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

COPY

SECRET

(12B)

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND
APO #794, US ARMY
Office of the Commanding General

TEB/jr
25 September 1944

Subject: Disorders at Regina Coeli Prison.

To : Commanding General, AFHQ, APO #512, US Army.

1. During the period 23rd and 24th September 1944 certain disorders have occurred in Regina Coeli Prison in which locks and doors to cells have been broken, an attempt to start a fire on the roof was made, and a general mob action has taken place.

2. In the Regina Coeli Prison there are, roughly, 2400 prisoners confined on civil charges, and about 200 held under my jurisdiction on security charges. The security prisoners are held in two separate wings of the prison and guarded by our military police personnel. These security prisoners and guards have not been involved in the disturbances, but the possibility of becoming involved has caused me some concern, and for this reason I have been in conference with the Director of Region IV, AMG, and have investigated conditions at the prison.

3. I find that the prison is overcrowded and that many of the prisoners have been held for months without even an investigation into the charges under which they were confined. The Italian Civil Courts have a big backlog of cases pending, and in my opinion are not making an effort to reduce it. The prisoners cannot be confined in their cells, and apparently roam at will through the corridors and rotunda to which they have access. On the 23rd of September, about thirty of the prison guards deserted their posts. The Prison Governor states that he cannot depend upon the city police to do their duty.

4. The situation is at present under control, and steps are being taken to correct the deficiency at the prison itself. I am taking steps to move the security prisoners to another location in order that they, and our guards, will not become involved in any further disturbances that may take place.

5. It is not so much the present situation that is alarming as it is the implications of inefficiency and inability of the Civil Power to exercise control. The morale of the Metropolitani, and even the Carabinieri, is low, and they do not have the confidence of the people, nor proper support from the government. The Metropolitani are underpaid and under-rationed. I have taken this matter up with the Director of Region IV and with the Allied Control Commission. They all agree that the Metropolitani should receive an equal ration with the Carabinieri and Regular Army, but for some reason no action has been taken.

12B-

6. This situation disclosed the lethargy and inefficiency of the Civil Government, and sooner or later it will be necessary to use Allied troops to maintain order, with the resultant return to Allied Military Government in the Rome area, and a consequent fall of the present Civil Government. These implications of course are serious. This report is submitted as a matter of information

SECRET

THOBURN H. BROWN
Brigadier General, US Army, Commanding

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

1445

14137 12/10 11A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION IV
APO 394

At Regina Coeli Prison
8:00 p.m.
24 September, 1944

Subject: Disorder at Regina Coeli Prison

To : Col. POLETTI, Regional Commissioner
(Copy to: Dept. REGIS, Acting Commissioner
Public Safety Sub-Commission

1. Some 1,100 common prisoners are still loose in wings B, C, and 7 of Regina Coeli Prison. They can get access to the roof but cannot escape from the jail without some difficulty. Most cell locks and gates forced and insecure.

2. About 30 guards deserted as previously reported and are replaced temporarily by Fire Brigade men and civil police.

3. Since 8:30 p.m. 24 September, 194_, about 300 Carabinieri and Finance Guards have been held in reserve in the prison out of sight. Only a few Metropolitani were available. Order was maintained during the night without any show of armed force. Two A.M.G. police and I remained on duty at the prison -- no incident.

4. Brigadier LOH, of R.A.A.C. visited at 9:30 p.m. on 24th September, 1944 and sent 2 fire engines complete with pumps which are standing by to meet any possible fire contingency.

5. During the night, in conjunction with Carabinieri and prison authorities, arrangements were made for the transfer of 200 convicted criminals (deemed dangerous) to VITERBO prison from Regina Coeli. Carabinieri had NOT enough transport and I arranged with C-G (R.A.A.C.) to supply SEVEN lorries trucks to Regina Coeli, at 7:00 a.m. 25th September, 1944. The loading of these 200 prisoners is now in progress (at 8:10 a.m.)

1330

1885

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

5. The situation is quiet at present and I think we can "save it" but I ask urgent consideration on the following points:

(a) About 150 security prisoners (I.....) are occupying wings - Nos.3 and . May I suggest as urgent; that the security prisoners be transferred entirely from Mian + into No. 6 (in where there is ample room to accommodate all. We could then transfer 350 convicted common prisoners from the troublesome wings into Mian + where they would be easily under control. Better still could not all these 500 (I.....) security prisoners be transferred forthwith to Yol Camp which is cleared and empty - or is it too accessible, owing used to Germans?

(b) 450 prisoners awaiting trial since June, July, and earlier. Measures required to finish all these cases today. Major [illegible] and I have been chasing them for weeks on this matter.

(c) Provisional liberty to be instituted forthwith by procedure in all suitable and trivial cases awaiting trial.

(d) Shortage of food is causing trouble also. Can you let me have as temporary measure stock of truck loads of flour or broken rations?

(e) Ten Indian Engineers (I.E.F.) officer some short and help the Italian locksmiths to get the locks, doors and bars repaired in Wings 5,6, and 7 please? I'm sure a few R.....s engineers could also help if asked for here' H.Q.A.F?

(f) Civil police failure. We have constantly appealed for more rations for the civil police and only last week I gave an order to prevent trouble for them to go out into the country and buy what food they could find. They must get additional rations if we are to try and maintain their morale.

(g) Our A.M.G. have police staff consists only of:

Major [illegible] (D)
Capt. [illegible] (D)
Capt. [illegible] (D) (wholly occupied with passes and visitors; etc. at Questura.)
Lieut. [illegible] (A)

1377

Col Talbot
Capt. Isaacs
Capt. Ellen
Capt. Price

7. No less than 10 A.M.G. police have been transferred elsewhere from here since 18th June, 1944, and I hope it is possible to leave me 5 or 6 good officers for a week or so until we get over the present difficult period.

Wills M.

Headquarters
Allied Control Commission
Public Safety Sub-Commission.

(11B)

25th September, 1944.

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison.

TO : Vice President, Administrative Section.

1. At the meeting held by Col. Poletti, Regional Commissioner, Region 4, in Regina Coeli Prison Rome, yesterday evening to discuss measures for supressing disorder in the Prison, the attitude of the Questore in Rome, Dott. Morazzini , was far from satisfactory.

2. The Questore has at his disposal in Rome a strength of some 12.000 CC.RR: GS.PP, and Agents of Public Security.

3. The Questore took the view :-

a) that he could not get sufficient Italian Police to control ~~1,500~~ 1.500 prisoners, and

b) that the morale of the Police was such that they could not be relied on to deal with the situation.

He therefore asked for Allied Police assistance.

4. During the course of the meeting two grave defects in the Policing of Rome were revealed:

1) Although the unrest at the Prison had been well known for several days the Questore had not kept a group of Police on reserve to be called out.

2) Only a handful of Police were on duty in Rome at night.

5. The defeatist attitude of the Questore contrasted very strongly with that of Col. Perinetti, Commanding the CC.RR in Rome, who arrived at the prison at 8 p.m. Col. Perinetti immediately said that he could control the prison with 200 CC.RR. As Col. Pollock suggested 300 CC.RR in addition to 100 other Police. Col. Perinetti agreed to

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

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6. I told Col. Perinetti that it was important for the Police to control the prisoners as any failure to do so would shake public confidence in the Italian Police. I suggested that if he had any doubts about the situation he might wish to communicate with his Commanding General. Col. Perinetti said he was satisfied that he could control the prisoners and he would not therefore refer to his Commanding General. This confident attitude was in marked contrast to the behaviour of the Questore.

(188)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

7. When I called at the prison shortly before 11 p.m. I was informed that 300 CC.RR were on duty but that no reserve of Agents of Public Security had yet arrived. Col. Pollock has been asked to ascertain from the Questore why he had not arranged for reserves of Police to be available and the reason for the delay in the arrival of Agents of Public Security.

8. In my view the Questore of Rome has shown himself unable to cope with his responsibilities and provided the Regional Commissioner agrees I propose to advise the Director General of Public Security to appoint a new Questore for Rome.

P.E. Wilcox
H.M.C.
Public Safety Adviser

137.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Public Safety 3689/1986

14232/12/Pt 10A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 478709

24 September, 1944.

ACC/14202/3/1/PS

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison.

TO : R.P.S.O., Region 4.

1. Enclosed is a copy of a letter dated 20th September 1944 from the Commanding General R.A.A.C. together with our acknowledgement.

2. Will you please report in accordance with 4 of General Brown's letter in order that a further reply may be sent.

3. This Sub-Commission will appreciate a report on the disturbance in the prison on the night of 23/24 th September 1944. } This has been received Thanks

A. W. YOUNG, Col.,
Acting Director
Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

FIN/GOVT
HQ G
25 SEP 1944
REG IV

AFHQ.

Public Safety Sect Comm

Please see copy of report attached. The answer is (a) referring to (b) referring paragraph etc quickly as possible also reasons for delay in a report

Leave for Berlin

1370

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND
APO 794, US ARMY

TKB/pab

20 September 1944

SUBJECT: Regina Coeli.

TO : Acting Chief Commissioner, ACC.
(Attention Public Safety Sub-Commission).

1. I wish to call your attention to certain disturbances which have occurred in the Regina Coeli civil jail:

On 18 Sept 44 at approximately 2300 hours prisoners in Arms 7 and 8 caused a disturbance by leaving their cells and milling about. Italian guards quelled the incipient riot only after shots were fired which resulted in the wounding of two prisoners.

On 19 Sept 44 at approximately 2100 hours a similar disturbance occurred which was quelled without gunplay.

On two previous occasions (once in early September and again on 13 Sept 44) there were similar disturbances which were quelled by the Italian guards with the assistance of Allied troops on duty with security section of Regina Coeli (Arms 3 and 4).

2. It is felt that contributing causes of these disturbances are :

a. Insecure means of fastening doors on cells in Arms 7 and 8.

b. Loud playing of radios in civilien dwellings adjacent to jail.

c. Civilians in streets adjacent to Regina Coeli shouting to prisoners.

d. Failure of Italian prison personnel to deal firmly with unruly prisoners.

1370

3. The conditions mentioned above are of concern to me because I am responsible for the safety of the persons Arms 3 and 4 of Regina Coeli, in which security prisoners arrested by Allied agencies are housed.

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4. It is requested that measures be taken to improve the security of Regina Coeli, and that a report of steps taken be given me in due course.

THOBURN K. BROWN,
Brigadier General, U.S. Army
Commanding

HEADQUARTERS
21 SET. 1944
A. C. C.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Public Safety

10

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

AGC/14202/3/1/PS

24 Sept 44

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli Prison.

TO : Commanding General B.A.A.C.

1. Reference is made to your letter dated 20th Sept 1944. which has been referred to the Regional Public Safety Officer. Region IV who is responsible for advising the Italian authorities in charge of Regina Coeli Prison.

2. Steps are being taken (a) to strengthen the locks in the cell doors in Areas 7 and 8 (b) to patrol the streets adjacent to the prison to prevent shouting by civilians. (c) to replace the Prison Director and certain members of the staff with more suitable officials.

3. You will be kept informed of measures taken to improve the security in Regina Coeli Prison.

A.H YOUNG Col.
Acting Director
Public Safety
Sub-Commission

EHH/jwf

Copy to: Region IV

IN | OUT
HQ
AMG
25 SEP 1944
REG
IV

1375

Copy to Maj. HANBURY Wood

CONFIDENTIAL

1423

9A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION IV

Regional Public Safety HQ.
26th Sept.1944.

SUBJECT: Regina Coeli prison - disorder 23rd to 25th Sept.1944.

TO : Col. Charles Poletti, Regional Commissioner.

1. Detailed reports have already been submitted about the serious disorder at Regina Coeli on 24th-25th Sept.1944, when over 1100 prisoners broke from their cells and freely roaming around 5,6,7 and 8 wings of the prison, presented a serious menace to the safety of the prison and inmates.

2. The feelings of these prisoners were extremely high following the killing of one prisoner and wounding of 6 others by the C.S.S. before Allied arrival.

3. Complete order was eventually established by 4.30 p.m. 25th Sept.1944 without any further casualties or blood shed.

4. It is no use disguising the fact that for a time the situation was extremely grave and we were faced with a distinct possibility of a complete prison break, losing prisoners and the whole or part of prison being burnt to the ground.

5. The facts may be recounted briefly as follows:-

Late on the night of 23rd Sept.1944, the prisoners broke loose from their cells and the trouble was mostly in the 7th wing, and there was some connexion. Some prisoners attempted to force bars and windows leading to the courtyard and others were able to get on to the roof. C.S.S. were called on, shot one prisoner dead and wounded 2. Some semblance of order was restored during the night.

At 7.30 a.m. 24th Sept.1944, however, disorder again broke out and wings 5,6,7 and 8 were concerned. I should perhaps say here that these four wings radiate from a central rotunda. Although there were iron gates separating the four wings, all these prison gates have been forced and some 80 odd warders have vanished. It is understood they have not returned to the prison and have deserted.

I was first informed of the trouble at 8 a.m. on 24th Sept.1944 and I went immediately to the prison with Maj. Cornhend.

1352

On arrival I found a slight fire on the roof, and there still a few persons on the roof. The C.S.S. were firing intermittently on the prisoners, who were yelling and shouting

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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5. The facts may be recounted briefly as follows:-

Late on the night of 23rd Sept.1944, the prisoners broke loose from their cells and the trouble was mostly in the 7th wing, and there was some commotion. Some prisoners attempted to force bars and windows leading to the courtyard and others were able to get on to the roof. C.C.R. were called on, shot one prisoner dead and wounded 2. Some semblance of order was restored during the night.

At 7.30 a.m. 24th Sept.1944, however, disorder again broke out and wings 5,6,7 and 8 were concerned. I should perhaps say here that these four wings radiate from a central rotunda. Although there were iron gates separating the four wings, all these prison gates have been forced and some 2½ odd wardens have vanished. It is understood they have not returned to the prison and have deserted.

I was first informed of the trouble at 8 a.m. on 24th Sept.1944 and I went immediately to the prison with Maj. Foxhead.

On arrival I found a slight fire on the roof, and there were still a few persons on the roof. The C.C.R. were firing intermittently on the prisoners, who were yelling and shouting in a menacing attitude inside. I appealed to the C.C.R. to cease fire temporarily and without difficulty the prisoners came down from the roof when they saw us. The fire was confined to some old rubbish and timber and it was quickly put out. There was evidence of some

1378

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

prisoners' ~~m~~tresses mattresses being dragged to the roof, no doubt with the intention of setting fire to them but these were not alight.

We went to wing 5, where 500 prisoners were out of their cells and creating serious disturbance. The guards had fled and the Colonel of the fire brigade, after the fire was extinguished on the roof left some 40 fire brigade men to act temporarily as guards together with some Metropolitani in the background. Feelings against police and C.C.R. were very strong.

There were still four wounded men near the gates (men with shot wounds) & others had shot graces but nothing serious. The mob was in fury because nothing had been done to take these men to hospital. With conciliatory methods Oxhead and I approached the crowd and they backed into their cells.

After a cell gate was pick locked with the assistance of a prisoner, we entered and brought out the wounded men for treatment, and moved about 50 whom I thought were perhaps the ring leaders in the disturbance. I found many of the cell door locks burst and the door panels damanged. The four gates dividing off the wings in the rotunda could not be locked properly because the prisoners themselves with a piece of wood could slip the lock.

Things were fairly quiet during the day and extra guards were placed.

The Prison Governor was then advised to get the locks repaired as quickly as possible, and extra guards.

Later in the evening the prisoners of 5,6,7 and 8 wings again became troublesome but an appeal made by Col. Foletti in each of their wings quietened them down a bit. Later, however, the prison governor informed that they were again out of hand and we might anticipate very serious trouble after dark. It was also brought to my notice that it was rumoured that some of the prisoners had arms, probably given to them by the deserting prison guards, and that the prisoners might during the night make a "big" for freedom and fire the prison.

Special measures were immediately taken and some 350 C.C.R. and Finance Guards remained in reserve at strategic points in the prison out of sight of the prisoners. In view of the possibility of another fire breaking out, Brig. Low of R.A.F. assisted with 2 Allied fire engines with equipment and necessary personnel to stand by outside the prison for emergency. The Questore was asked to provide Metropolitani, but he told Col. Foletti at our conference quite plainly that his Metropolitani were demoralised and no reliance could be placed on them to preserve order or hold the prisoners, which is a lamentable state of affairs. [illegible] the prison officers had no more

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

It was also within my knowledge that some prisoners knew where the master switch of lights was, and it would not be difficult for the prison to be plunged into darkness.

Special measures were taken by R.A.A.C. to place extra protection on their security wing where some 160 security prisoners were held.

At 8.15 p.m. with Maj. Coxhead we had a chat with the prisoners and I got them to form committees of 5 or 6 men in each wing to be spokesmen, and assured them that their complaints would be carefully considered by the prison authorities the following morning if they behaved themselves during the night. I addressed a request to all the prisoners to help me to maintain order and that we were anxious to avoid any bloodshed or harm to any of them. They became quieter and settled down shortly after.

Coxhead and I remained on duty at the prison and during the night arrangements were made in conjunction with the prison authorities to remove 800 of the most dangerous convicted criminals who were serving sentence up to 10 years, to Viterbo prison.

G-4 of R.A.A.C. kindly loaned me 7 large trucks with drivers, and at 7 a.m. on 28th Sept.1944, under CC.RR. supervision the prisoners commenced to be loaded. When about 40 were taken, the others selected refused to emerge from the riotous wing and preparations were made for a concerted attack by the CC.RR. on the whole 3,6,7 and 8 wings to drive them all back into their respective cells.

I should here mention that it was then reported that 2 fires had broken out: one on the roof of the 7th wing and the other on the ground floor, which is near the carpenter's shop where there is a lot of wood and inflammable materials. A few prisoners had again got on to the roof. Some fire brigades, assisted by the Allied firemen quickly extinguished these small fires by 10 a.m. without much difficulty.

One prisoner who claims to be communist named Guglo REVILACQUA age 37 years, awaiting trial for horse stealing volunteered that he could get the rest of the prisoners out without a show of armed force or possible blood-shed. This man Revilacqua was supplied with a list of the prisoners wanted and it is a tribute to this prisoner that he went in among the angry mob and succeeded in bringing out over 100 wanted criminals without difficulty or need for CC.RR. concerted attack. By 11 a.m. a few short of the 800 were sent to Viterbo prison.

On recommendation the R.A.A.C. agreed to evacuate wing 4 and keep all security prisoners in wing 3. This released the congestion considerably and by 2 p.m. 205 prisoners were taken from the dangerous wings to wing 4 where they were less congested

1378

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G-4 of S.A.A.C. kindly loaned me 7 large trucks with drivers, and at 7 a.m. on 25th Sept.1944, under CC.RR. supervision the prisoners commenced to be loaded. When about 40 were taken, the others selected refused to emerge from the riotous wing and preparations were made for a concerted attack by the C.C.RR. on the whole 5,6,7 and 8 wings to drive them all back into their respective cells.

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One prisoner who claims to be communist named Carlo BEVILACQUA age 37 years, awaiting trial for horse stealing volunteered that he could get the rest of the prisoners out without a show of armed force or possible blood-shed. This man Bevilacqua was supplied with a list of the prisoners wanted and it is a tribute to this prisoner that he went in among the angry mob and succeeded in bringing out over 100 wanted criminals without difficulty or need for C.C.RR. concerted attack. By 11 a.m. a few short of the 200 were sent to Viterbo prison.

On recommendation the S.A.A.C. agreed to evacuate wing 4 and keep all security prisoners in wing 3. This released the congestion considerably and by 2 p.m. 225 prisoners were taken from the dangerous wings to wing 4 where they were less congested and at all events finally secure. About 100 more prisoners were moved from wing 7 to wing 2, which also helped.

Some repairs were effected to the locks in the rotunda, order was restored and prisoners in 5,6,7 and 8 wings went quietly back to their cells and got started to "clean up the mess".

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 795046

At 4.30 p.m. 25th Sept.1944, good order was completely restored and conditions became normal. Some additional guards were on duty and arrangements had been made to bring other guards from the Viterbo area.

Later in the day Italian engineers and 2 British R.E.M.E. engineers (by arrangement with Brig. Lee) made a survey of all the broken locks, doors, insecure bars etc. and early steps are being taken, I understand, to get the necessary repairs carried out.

6. Although the general position is quiet, the following urgent remedial measures are necessary, in my opinion, to prevent any recurrence of this extremely ugly situation:-

a) An immediate purging of the whole staff of the prison guards. It was clearly evident to me throughout that they were weak, demoralised and in the event of a prison break could not in my opinion be relied upon to take any measure to stop it. To replace the desertion some new guards should be on duty today but in my submission this is not enough. Surely there are plenty of good, honest and fearless ex- Italian army officers and men who could be appointed to prison guard duties forthwith. I place on record that some such steps should be taken immediately by the Italian Government in this direction. Normally there are only some 70 guards for all the wings and with the present heavy population of the prison there should be at least 150 guards. I recommend the Italian Government face up to the question immediately, a clean sweep, replace the guards by good ex- army men and give them a new revised scale of wages which will afford the men a reasonable living and stamp out a ruption, which I understand has been no rotten in the prison.

b) Security measures: Practically all the locks on gates and cell doors are old and worn, many of them useless and can easily be opened. As a matter of fact after the trouble had died down yesterday one person inside wing 5 made a special appeal to me to hear his case. He said he felt he could not tell me the facts properly from inside the bars and he promptly took out a piece of wood from his pocket, slipped the lock, opened the gate and came into the rotunda to lodge his petition. This, whilst certainly very amusing - was alarming. I advised them to get chains and padlocks around these gates quickly. Today, 26th Sept. I suggest the Italian Government be told in no uncertain terms to get all the locks, doors and gates repaired at once and tell them that the Allies view with serious concern the slip shod methods and weak preventive measures at the jail. Whilst the R.E.M.E. engineers are willing to help, the Italian Government should be forced to get on with this themselves.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

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c) Overcrowding: The prison was very much overcrowded and this inter-alia was part of the trouble. About 200 convicted criminals have gone but it is recommended more convicted criminals be removed. Really serious attempts should be

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made to keep the "ceiling" of prison population to not higher than 1100 or not more than 1150.

c) Cases outstanding: Over 45 cases remain outstanding for June, July and August, which have not yet processed through the Italian courts. Here again was the cause of restlessness and many prisoners have been languishing for months without trial. The trouble has precipitated the speeding up of these cases, but unless better legal machinery is introduced the trouble will "boil over" again in three or four months' time or sooner. Every case should be dealt with quicker by the Italian courts and in all minor cases of theft, selling black market goods at higher prices, curfew offenders and the least & 55 serious Italian penal code offences, should be examined, and where the person's address is known and a suitable "surety" could vouch for the individual, the prisoner should not be detained in prison at all, or even taken to prison but released pending trial. If this procedure were introduced with broad interpretation it would not matter much if 2 or 3 months occurred before the prisoner came before the courts. In England for very many years past, prisoners brought to police stations, for less serious crimes, are "bailed" out either on their own recognisance or by written guarantee or surety, pending their appearance at court. To quote only one example of what I mean is:when a prominent Roman citizen, who for 30 odd years has had a shop in Rome, sells a bar of soap for Lire 30 is sent off to prison and there he remains indefinitely until his trial. I do not sympathise with this individual and his breaking the law but I think his continued detention is a real deterrent to other would-be black-marketeers. In these cases persons should be allowed freedom, subject to certain guarantees, until their appearance before the courts.

d) Policing: Col. Poletti and I received a nasty shock when the Questore told us that his Metropolitan could not be relied upon to deal with the rioters in the prison and that they were afraid. The whole question of policing in this city seems also to warrant immediate action by the Italian Government. I have reported time and again that the civil police are not getting enough food and their rations should be increased if they are expected to do a good job. Next their pay is too low and simply opens the way for graft, bribery and corruption - they should have better pay, pensions and improved conditions of service. Thirdly they have not the backing and support of the general population or the press. It is doing a great deal of harm and more and more undermining the morale of the civil police. No police officers, I do not care how good he is, can work well unless he has the respect and confidence of the public. I have worked with these men since the night of 4th/5th June, 1944, and there are many excellent men among them, only too ready to do a good job and give faithful service to the public. Something should be done by the Italian Government to put these men on their feet. I would like to see an early appeal by the Italian Government to the general population to aid the police a fair chance [illegible]

1363

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

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1360

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7. Conclusion:

I would like to place on record the excellent work performed by Insp. P. Oxhead (S) 279299 - who is now doing the some A.C.M. policing. He has performed outstanding service recently in connection with the political riot at Ispan Farnese (French Embassy), the Caruso trial and the rioting at Regina Coeli prison. But for his assistance I am of the opinion that we might have experienced a complete prison break with tragic consequences. It is all very well saying that it is the responsibility of the Italian Government, but if things had gone wrong badly it would be a reflection on us because the Italian people know we are still here, and whatever is said to the contrary, they look to us for help, guidance and support. Oxhead has been recently recommended for promotion, and I think his great responsibility in Rome, apart from his outstanding qualities, warrants his immediate advancement to the rank of Lt. Colonel.

J.M. POLLOCK
Lt.Colonel
Chief,Public Safety
ALLIED IV.

Public Safety Branch Distribution

Folio for action/information

	DATE
D. P. S.	29/9
D. D. P. S.	28/9
Ex Officer	
POLICE	3*
Prisons	29.9.47
Fire & C. D.	
Regs. & Licensing	
Adm. Offices	
REGISTRY	

I agree with Col Young
I think discussion with Ex necessary
before action

136.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION IV
APO 394

At Regina Coeli Prison
8:00 a.m.
25 September, 1944

Subject: Disorder at Regina Coeli Prison

To : Col. Poletti, Regional Commissioner
(Copy to: Capt. SHONE, Acting Commissioner
Public Safety Sub-Commission

1. Some 1,100 common prisoners are still loose in wings 5, 6, and 7 of Regina Coeli Prison. They can get access to the roof but cannot escape from the jail without some difficulty. Most cell locks and gates forced and insecure.

2. About 30 guards deserted as previously reported and are replaced temporarily by Fire brigade men and civil police.

3. Since 8:30 p.m. 24 September, 1944, about 350 Carabinieri and Finance Guards have been held in reserve in the prison but out of sight. Only a few Metropolitani were available. Order was maintained during the night without any show of armed force. Two A.M.G. police and I remained on duty at the prison — no incident.

4. Brigadier LOW, of R.A.A.C. visited at 9:30 p.m. on 24th September, 1944 and sent 2 fire engines complete with pumps which are standing by to meet any possible fire contingency.

5. During the night, in conjunction with Carabinieri and prison authorities, arrangements were made for the transfer of 200 convicted criminals (deemed dangerous) to VITERBO prison from Regina Coeli. Carabinieri had NOT enough transport and I arranged with G-4 (R.A.A.C.) to supply SEVEN lorry trucks to Regina Coeli, at 7:00 a.m. 25th September, 1944. The loading of these 200 prisoners is now in progress (at 8:10 a.m.)

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5. The situation is quiet at present and I think we can "save it" but I ask urgent consideration on the following points:

(a) About 100 security risoners (I.S.C.) are occupying wing - Nos 4 and . May I suggest, as urgent, that the security prisoners be transferred entirely to wing 4 also so. I am sure there is ample room to accomodate all. We could then transfer 230 convicted common prisoners from the troublesome wings into wing 4 where they would be securely under control. Better still could not all 100 I.S.C. security prisoners be transferred forthwith to Via Tasso which is cleared and empty or is it too notorious, being used by Germans?

(b) 400 prisoners awaiting trial since June, July, and mid-August. Pressure required on Italian authorities to clit all these cases today. Major [illegible] and I have been chasing them for weeks on this matter.

(c) Provisional liberty to be instituted forthwith by Procuratore in all minor and trivial cases awaiting trial.

(d) Shortage of food is causing trouble also. Can you not let us have as temporary measure some 2 truck loads of flour or broken rations?

(e) Can Peiron's Mariners (F.S.S.) officer come along and help the Italian locksmiths to get the locks, doors and bars repaired in wings 3, 4, and 7 please? I'm sure a few R.E. ... engineers could also help if asked for this' R...A.F.

(f) Civil police rations. We have constantly appealed for more rations for the civil police and only last week I gave authority to prevent trouble for them to go out into the country and buy what food they could find. They must get additional rations if we are to try and maintain their morale.

(g) Our A.M.G. home police staff consists only of:

Major [illegible] (B)
Capt. [illegible] (B)
Capt. [illegible] (B) (Wholly occupied with 1360
passes and callers; etc.
at present.)

Lieut. [illegible] (A)

7. No less than 16 A...F. police have been transferred elsewhere from here since 15th June, last, and I hope it is possible to leave us [illegible] for a week or so until we get over the present difficult period.

J.T. [illegible], Chief, Public Safety

14232.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION IV
APO.394

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Regional Public Safety: ac

24th Sept.1944.

CONFERENCE AT REGINA COELI PRISON
2.30 p.m. 24th September,1944.

Present: Governor of Prison
Director of Prisons from Ministry of Grace & Justice
Procuratore del Re.
The Questore
A Representative of Col. Tarinetti CC.RR.
Maj. Fielden
Maj. Mansbury
Col. Pollock
Maj. Cornwall
Capt. Freeman
Capt. Caviano (Legal office)
C.I.C. Representative

1. This meeting was called to see if something could be done to ease the prison situation in view of the disorder which had taken place on the night of Sept. 23rd.

2. In accordance with information given by the C.I.C. The Questore and the Prison Governor were informed of those in whom the C.I.C. were interested and those in whom they were not further interested.

3. Those in whom the C.I.C. were still interested to be transferred forthwith to the Security Wing. Those in whom they were no longer interested, seem to be looked into by the Questore, and if no crimes against Italian penal code to be liberated.

4. The Procura del Re reported that the lists handed over to him of cases outstanding for June, July and August had been gone through - those that could be liberated had been liberated, and those against whom proceedings had already been started were being attended to as soon as possible. All this work had not yet been terminated but it was proceeding as rapidly as possible.

1364

5. During the course of the meeting it resulted that there is per day an intake into prison of 40 to 50 people, and the prison[illegible]

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Regional Public Safety Officer

Gale
Regina Coeli.

24th Sept.1944.

CONFERENCE AT REGINA COELI PRISON
2.30 p.m. 24th September,1944.

Present: Governor of Prison
Director of Prisons from Ministry of Grace & Justice
Procuratore del Re.
The Questore
A Representative of Col. Pennetti CC.RR.
Maj. Fielden
Maj. Lamsbury
Col. Pollock
Maj. Cornead
Capt. Trudeau
Capt. Garlano (Legal office)
S.I.C. Representative

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1364

5. During the course of the meeting it resulted that there is per day an intake into prison of 40 to 50 people, and the Procura del Re stated that his office goes through 60-70 cases a day, and that of these 40 to 50 are put on liberta' provvisoria so as not to congestion the prison.

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6. The Governor of the Prisoner stated however, that there were roughly 400 people in prison, some arrested since June 5th, 6th, who had never been interrogated and nothing was known of their position. He requested that these cases be gone through immediately and dealt with on the face of the charge imputed, and where possible liberated forthwith as it was his opinion that all these cases were for trivial offences.

7. It appeared that this could not be done in accordance with Italian legal laws, and therefore the opinion and the authorisation of the Government was requested. It was not possible to get into direct touch with the Chief of Government, but the Chief of the Cabinet said that it was his personal opinion that the prisoners should not force the hand of the Government - that first order should be reinstated and then their cases would be dealt with as quickly as possible. The Prison Governor seemed to think that if a couple of hundred prisoners could be liberated immediately it would ease the whole situation.

8. Col. Poletti who also attended the meeting later, when there was also Brig. Upjohn, was of the opinion too that order should be reinstated first before anything should be done with regard to the cases pending.

9. After lengthy discussions the following decisions were made:

a) 200 of the most dangerous prisoners to be transferred immediately to the prison at Soriano del Cimino (Viterbo).
b) As many political prisoners as possible transferred to Forte Bravetta (Rome).
c) Prisoners in security wing to be transferred if possible to Concentration Camp.

10. The Italian officials present were asked, in view of the special circumstances, if authority could not be obtained from the Govt to put as many people out as possible on libertà provvisoria.

11. The most important thing was to reinstate order and maintain it. Arrangements were then made with this view between Col. Perinetti, CC.RR. and the Questore. Col. Pollock, Maj. Corhead, Capt. Wilson, Capt. Freeman to be present to give advice.

- Conditions of prison very bad - locks broken, roof burnt in 7th Wing, etc. etc.

- Police morale very low in view of attacks made by the press and getting no support from the Government.

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

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1232

Public Safety 51
2218

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION IV

Regional Public Safety HQ

25th Sept.1944.

SUBJECT: Disorder At Regina Coeli Prison - Report No.2

TO : Col. Poletti, Regional Commissioner
copy to Capt. Stone, Acting Commissioner.
Public Safety Sub-Commission.

8.00 a.m.

1. Some 1,100 common prisoners are still loose in wings 5,6,7 and 8 of Regina Coeli Prison. They can get access to the roof but cannot escape from the jail without some difficulty. Most cell locks and gates forced and insecure.

2. About 30 guards deserted as previously reported and are replaced temporarily by Fire Brigade men and civil police.

3. Since 8.30 p.m. 24th September 1944, about 350 C.C.RR. and Finance Guards have been held in reserve in the prison out of sight. Only a few Metropolitani were available. Order was maintained during the night without any show of armed force. Two A.M.G. police and I remained on duty at the prison - no incident.

4. Brigadier Low, of R.A.A.C. visited at 9.30 p.m. on 24th September 1944, and sent two fire engines complete with pumps which are standing by to meet any possible fire contingency.

5. During the night, in conjunction with CC.RR. and prison authorities, arrangements were made for the transfer of 200 convicted criminals (deemed dangerous) to VITERBO prison from Regina Coeli. CC.RR. had not enough transport and I arranged with G-4 (R.A.A.C.) to supply SEVEN large trucks to Regina Coeli at 7.00 a.m. 25th Sept.1944. The loading of these 200 prisoners is now in progress (at 8.10 a.m.)

6. The situation is quiet at present and I think we can "save it" but I ask urgent consideration on the following points:

a) About 160 security prisoners (R.A.A.C.) are occupying 2 wings - Nos. 4 and 3. May I suggest, as urgent: that the security prisoners be transferred entirely from wing 4 to into No.3 wing where there is ample room to accommodate all. We could then transfer 350 convicted common prisoners from the troublesome wings into wing 4 where they would be securely under control. Better still could not all these 160 G-2 (R.A.A.C.) security prisoners

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

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copy to Capt. Stone, Acting Commissioner.
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4. Brigadier Low, of N.A.A.C. visited at 9.30 p.m. on 24th September 1944, and sent two fire engines complete with pumps which are standing by to meet any possible fire contingency.

5. During the night, in conjunction with C.C.R. and prison authorities, arrangements were made for the transfer of 200 convicted criminals (deemed dangerous) to VITERBO prison from Regina Coeli. C.C.R. had not enough transport and I arranged with G-4 (N.A.A.C.) to supply SEVEN large trucks to Regina Coeli at 7.00 a.m. 25th Sept.1944. The loading of these 200 prisoners is now in progress (at 8.10 a.m.)

6. The situation is quiet at present and I think we can "save it" but I ask urgent consideration on the following points:

a) About 160 security prisoners (N.A.A.C.) are occupying 2 wings - Nos. 4 and 5. May I suggest, as urgent: that the security prisoners be transferred entirely from wing 4 to into No.5 wing where there is ample room to accommodate all. We could then transfer 350 convicted common prisoners from the troublesome wings into wing 4 where they would be securely under control. Better still could not all these 160 G-2 (N.A.A.C.) security prisoners be transferred forthwith to VITERBO which is guarded and empty - or is it too NOTORIOUS, being used by Germans?

HEADQUARTERS 26 SEP 1944 A.C.C.

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b) 450 prisoners awaiting trial since June, July, and mid-August. Pressure required on Italian authorities to sift all these cases today. Major HENDRICKSON and I have been chasing them for weeks on this matter.

c) Provisional liberty to be instituted forthwith by Procuratore in all suitable and trivial cases awaiting trial.

d) Shortage of food is causing trouble also. Can you let me have as temporary measure about 2 truck loads of flour or broken rations?

e) Can Region 4 Engineers (T.C.U.) officer come along and help the Italian locksmiths to get the locks, doors and bars repaired in wards 5,6, and 7 please? I am sure a few R.E.M.E. engineers could also help if asked for through M.A.A.C.?

f) Civil police rations. We have constantly appealed for more rations for the civil police and only last week I gave authority, to prevent trouble, for them to go out into the country and buy what food they could find. They must get additional rations if we are to try and maintain their morale.

g) Our A.M.G. Rome police staff consists only of:

Maj. Coxhead (B)
Capt. Wilson (E)
Capt. Baker (B) (wholly occupied with passes and callers, etc. at Questura)

Capt. Hopkins (B)
Lt. Davenport (A)

7. No less than 16 A.M.G. police have been transferred elsewhere from Rome since 18th June 1944, and I hope it is possible to loan me 2 or 4 good officers for a week or so until we get over the present difficult period.

8. Position up to 11 a.m. 25th September 1944. There was some difficulty in attempting to move the 200 prisoners for transfer to VITERBO. About 60 were brought out from their cells, but the others refused to come out from the 1100 confined loosely in wing 7. Up to present 170 are out and on way to VITERBO.

9. Prisoners started slight fires on roof of 7th wing and on the ground floor of wing 8. The fires were quickly brought under control and extinguished by 10 a.m.

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c) Provisional liberty to be instituted forthwith by Procuratore in all suitable and trivial cases awaiting trial.

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g) Our A.C.C. Rome police staff consists only of;

Maj. Cuthbert (S)
Capt. Wilson (S)
Capt. Baker (S) (wholly occupied with passes and callers, etc. at Questura)

Capt. Hopkins (S)
Lt. Davenport (A)

7. No less than 18 A.M.G. police have been transferred elsewhere from Rome since 18th June 1944, and I hope it is possible to loan me 3 or 4 good officers for a week or so until we get over the present difficult period.

8. Position up to 11 a.m. 25th September 1944. There was some difficulty in attempting to move the 200 prisoners for transfer to VITERBO. About 80 were brought out from their cells, but the others refused to come out from the 1100 confined loosely in wing V. Up to present 170 are out and on way to VITERBO.

136

9. Prisoners started slight fires on roof of 7th wing and on the ground floor of wing 8. The fires were quickly brought under control and extinguished by 10 a.m.

10. R.A.A.C. (G-2) have consented to move their security prisoners out of 4th wing into wing 3. This will allow us to transfer at least 250 common prisoners into wing 4.

11. General situation quiet and being handled without resort to armed force.

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12. Efforts being made to move as many convicted prisoners as possible to SPOLETO. Signal sent asking approval, accommodation etc.

13. Security prisoners moved from 4th to 3rd wing - 3 p.m. 4th wing evacuated by Security.

14. 220 from common wing - transferred from troublesome wings- to 4th wing.

15. Italian engineers with help of R.A.A.C. (R.E.M.E.) will commence repairs required on 26th Sept. (tomorrow).

16. It has been planned to send approx. 100 prisoners to Forte Boccea (Rome) tomorrow morning. Not sending any to Spoleto at the present.

17. I am pleased to report that complete law and order has been restored throughout the whole prison at 6.30 p.m. today, 25th Sept.1944. There was no clash with police - nor casualties or injuries. Many of the locks are insecure but the prisoners are quiet and orderly and I do not anticipate any further trouble.

18. Sufficient prison wardens are now on duty, others are reporting from Viterbo at 9 a.m. tomorrow -27th Sept.1944.

19. Conclusion It is most imperative that every single prisoner's case in Regina Coeli be examined without delay.

J.L.POLLOCK
Lt.Colonel
Chief, Public Safety
REGION IV.

Public Safety Section
Folio

D.P.S.
D.D.P.S.
Ex Officer
P.C. C.E.
Prisons
Fire & C.D.
Reg. & Licensing
Com. Officer

1300

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

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O. POLLOCK
Lt.Colonel
Chief, Public Safety
REGION IV.

Public Safety Section

Folio

D.P.S.			
D.D.P.S.			
Ex Officer			
M.E.			
Prisons			
Fin. & C.D.			
Reg. & Licensing			
Adm. Officer			
REMARKS			

1360

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 759046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

14232

5A

Translation RV.

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR
Cabinet

24/9/1944 1100 hrs (fc) CR

To : A.C.C. Public Safety Sub-Commission

Cable N. 9426

For information we are forwarding a copy of the cable addressed on same date to the Ministry of Grace & Justice re the incidents which took place in the judicial prisons of Rome.

President of the Council
Minister of Interior
Bonimi

Copy Cable.

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR
Cabinet

24/!/1944 1100 hrs. (fc)

To : H.E. Minister of Grace & Justice - Rome.

N. 9423.

Serious incidents occured in the judicial prisons of Rome show the urgent necessity to immediately adopt adeguate m measures. It is particularly necessary to urgently dispose interrogations by inquiry magistrateship of the prisoners of the „7th wing" awaiting since a long time for trial. It is necessary to evacuate those wards, in which the number of prisoners is superior to the normal. V.E. is besides invited to put into action the other provisions necessary for the normalising of the situation, assuring and refering.

President of the Council
Minister of Interior
Bonomi

Public Safety Sub-Commission
Folio for action information

	INF.	DATE
D. P. S.		
D. D. P. S.		
Ex Officer		
POLICE		
Prisons		
Fire & C. D.		
Regr. & Licensing		
Adm. Officer		
REMARKS		

1350

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
REGION No. IV
APO 394
PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION

14232

File ✓
Regina Cable
attn Capt Buck

Regina
Code
file

ROUTING SLIP

Date 16 Sept 44

TO:	FROM
Lt. Col. J.R. POLLOCK	
Major A.W. BATTERS BEY	
Major W.E. COLLINS	
Major P.E. COXHEAD	
Capt. T.W.M. GREENHILL	
Capt. D.J. HOPKINS	
Capt. L.A. TOMPKINS	
Capt. R.M. FREEMAN	
Capt. A.E. BAKER	X
Capt. W.L. WISSON	
Capt. A.T. BROWN	
Capt. BACKMAN	
P.P.S.O	
X Major Hanbury	
Chief Clerk	

ACTION

FOR YOUR	
X	INFORMATION
	NOTATION & RETURN
	TRANSMISSION
	REMARKS & RECOMMENDATION
	NECESSARY ACTION
	CORRECTION & RETURN
	PUBLICATION
	ISSUANCE OF ORDERS
	SIGNATURE
	DISPATCH
	APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL
	TYPING
	FILING
	TRANSLATION

REMARKS

Herewith copy of report , by representative of the Ministry of Grace and Justice, on the first incident at Regina Coeli--August 28, 1944. I received my copy 3 Sept 44.

Reports from prison personnel immediately after the incident stressed food as a prime cause of the discontent. This report mentions lentil [illegible]

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Major W.E. COLLINS	
Major P.E. COXHEAD	
Capt. T.W.M. GREENHILL	
Capt. D.J. HOPKINS	
Capt. L.A. TOMPKINS	
Capt. R.M. FREEMAN	
Capt. A.E. BAKER	X
Capt. W.L. WISSON	
Capt. A.T. BROWN	
Capt. BACKMAN	
P.P.S.O.	
X Major Hanbury	
Chief Clerk	

ACTION

FOR YOUR	
X	INFORMATION
	NOTATION & RETURN
	TRANSMISSION
	REMARKS & RECOMMENDATION
	NECESSARY ACTION
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	TYPING
	FILING
	TRANSLATION

REMARKS

Herewith copy of report , by representative of the Ministry of Grace and Justice, on the first incident at Regina Coeli--August 28, 1944. I received my copy 3 Sept 44.

Reports from prison personnel immediately after the incident stressed food as a prime cause of the discontent. This report mentions length of detention as a major cause but does not believe that this class of prisoner took part in the disturbance.

It is doubtful, in my opinion; if much stress would have been placed on the delay in getting prisoners to trial, if the number of cases at the disposition of Italian courts had been known to the investigating personnel.

(Continue over)

INITIAL R.M. Freeman, Capt CMP

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785046

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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TRANSLATION 4/9/44 Regina Coeli.

Ministery of Grace and Justice,
General Direction for Prevention and Penal Institutes.

TO : The General Direction for Prevention and Penal Institutes.

According to the instructions received from you, I immediately proceded to hold an inquiry on the 29th and 30th of the current month, on the attempted disorders which took place in the Judicial Prison of Rome on the afternoon of 28th August.

I interrogated various inmates in the 7th and 8th wings, where the disorders took place, besides the custody personnel who were on duty in the above-mentioned wings at the actual time of the disturbance.

The facts may be summed up as follows: Shortly before 4.30 various prisoners in their respective cells, were told by other inmates who, in the carrying out of domestic duties, circulated freely in the wings, that at about 17 hrs. there would be an attempted jail break ("sganciamento", I repeat the actual word used by the prisoner interrogated by me to illustrate the better the probable truthfullness of the version given me).

In fact at the hour agreed on, shouts were heard coming from the 8th wing, and immediately after about 20 prisoners from the different floors of the wing, rushed against the gate which leads into the second rotunda - radiating centre of the various wings.- The inmates passed into the 7th wing, fraudulently opening its respective gate. They were joined by another 30 prisoners, who in the meantime had left their respective cells taking advantage of the weak locks which had been hurriedly repaired after the damage suffered in the previous disorders of October 1943 and June 1944.

The wildly shouting small group of about 50 prisoners went towards the courtyard adjoining the 7th wing by means of a small gate which they easily forced. In the said courtyard there is a carriage gate which leads into Via S.Francesco di Salen and through which a carriage of the administration was about to pass at that moment. The guard on duty, RUSSO PIETRO, had for this purpose opened the internal door of the carriage gate, which works like a water-tight compartment inasmuch as once the vehicle has passed the first door, this is closed, and in its turn the second one which leads into the street is opened. When the guard on duty saw the group of prisoners heading towards the carriage gate, he attempted to close the inner door, but was accosted by the inmates who wished to force him to consign to them the keys of the second external gate. The guard RUSSO, helped by the carriage driver, put up an energetic resistance thus giving time to the two Finance Guards on duty outside the external gate, to give the alarm by means of shots fired in the air.

At the sound of the shots the prisoners remained perplexed, all the more so as the guard RUSSO told them that outside there was a

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platoon of Finance Guards who would shoot to kill them all. They then retreated towards the little gate of the 7th wing from whence they had come. The guard RUSSO had thus time to close the internal door and to open the external one so as to permit the entrance of the two Finance Guards and with them to confront the inmates who, on seeing the rifles levelled against them, re-entered the wing by means of the said little gate.

In the meantime on hearing the alarm, many custody guards, carabinieri, and Finance Guards had arrived in the second rotunda; and the inmates who had tried to get out, thus found themselves bottled up in the 7th wing - to which they had returned - and confronted from the direction of the rotunda by the public forces which had arrived, and from the little gate which leads into the courtyard of the carriage gate by the two Finance Guards who, as stated above, had entered the internal courtyard. As the inmates continued to yell menaces, the public forces considered it advisable to fire several shots in the air with a view to intimidating them.

As a number of these shots were fired from inside the rotunda, some of the ricochetting bullets hit two prisoners: one a certain FOGLIAMANZILO ANDREA, was wounded in the upper right clavicle region, and the other a certain GIOVANELLI ALVEZIO, received a contused jagged wound on the back of the nose. The above wounds are declared to be curable in ten days. The Finance Guard MADDALONI FILIPPO, was also wounded by a ricochetting bullet on the back of his left hand.

The duration of the disturbance didnot exceed 30 minutes, after which the few prisoners who had participated in it, regained their calm, and up to date conditions remain quiet in the establishment.

I interrogated numerous inmates in the 7th and 8th wings (see attached statements) and they all denied having taken part in the disorder. One of them, PIRONTI RAFFAELE, vice brigadier of the Carabinieri told me that amongst the group of prisoners who had commenced the disturbance, he had distinguished personally several whose duties were to distribute parcels to the inmates from their families.

It is difficult to guess at the motives which induced the small group of inmates to indulge in such an irrational demonstration, but many whom I interrogated, complained of the length of their detention without any definite measures having been taken either for their release or conviction. I donot believe,however, that the prisoners in this category took part in the disorder, but rather those already sentenced for common crimes or charged again with the same offenses. Those belonging to the latter category complained instead that they had not received the hoped for amnisty here as was prevalent in southern Italy.

I didnot receive complaints about the food which, although not varied given the difficulties of the market, consists of a vegetable

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soup with biscuits, besides 50 grs. of bread daily. I donot consider either that the inevitable deficiency in bedding and in other services (such as baths, shaving etc.) are the cause of the events which took place; they should rather be attributed to the desire of a few prisoners to take advantage of the present moment to re-acquire their liberty.

Considered in this light, the above-mentioned facts may be represented as a small incident in prison life.

Regarding the complained of delay in taking measures concerning the prisoners who have been detained a long time, I would suggest that the central administration took diligent action with the various authorities from whom the inmates depend, for hastening the settlement of the individual cases. With this object they could send one or more functionaries, delegated by the Ministery, to occupy themselves personally at the various offices of the PS, at the Commands of the Carabinieri, and at the Military Tribunal, for dispatching in the shortest possible time, the cases of the prisoners detained for a considerable period. The same thing should be done with the judicial authorities who investigate the prisoners cases.

The Commissary H.E.STRAZZERA PERNICIANI, previously of the Prison Visiting Commission, and at present Superintendent of the prison services, displays diligent zeal in the praiseworthy hastening of this work, and his task would be greatly facilitated if the proposal of the undersigned was accepted. I have requested H.E.STRAZZERA to give orders to the matricola office to compile a list of the prisoners detained over a long period and indicating their judicial position, in order to examine the cases more thoroughly and to permit this Ministery to speed up their settlement. H.E.STRAZZERA has reserved to himself the right of transmitting the said list to this Ministery within 4 or 5 days.

To avoid the possible repetition of further disorders, I consider it urgent to get in touch with the civil engineers so that they repair and strengthen all the locks of the prison cells, replace the locks of the gates which lead into the wings from the central rotundas, as well as replacing entirely the little gates which lead from the wings into the internal courtyards. This would constitute a real security measure, as even if the inmates succeeded in reaching the corridors of the wings, they could in no way communicate with each other. Thus any movement of the inmates would be immediately isolated and would give time to the guards to confront it with adequate reinforcements. It is however also necessary that the prindipal entrances to the wings (gates of the central rotundas, and little gates leading to the internal courtyards) should be constantly watched by the agents who are most to be relied on for their diligence.

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Regurding the custody, it is to be noted that it has suffered from the economical and political events of recent times, and the administration should turn its attention to obtaining a better selection. Also the force on duty in the Home establishment should be augmented in order to ease the heavy duty under which the custody is often submitted, especially if one considers that the present number of inmates reaches about two thousand.

I should like to propose a word of praise and if possible a financial reward for the agent RUSSO PIETRO on guard at the carriage gate, for his shrewd and energetic behaviour which prevented the prisoners jail break. It would be an example to the other guards and a just recognition of his own work. On the other hand the work of the guards on duty in the 7th and 8th wings was not equally praiseworthy, their behaviour being from the first moment of the disturbance too submissive. In their justification however, the large number of prisoners under their supervision should be considered.

To avoid malcontents among the custody personnel, it would be opportune that the agents attached to the special services (offices, kitchen, storerooms etc.) should also take their share periodically in the turns of supervision duty in the different sections, in order that they should not be considered as having extra privileges.

Finally it is necessary to ask the direction to reduce as far as possible the inmates attached to the internal services of the establishment, or at least to entrust the latter to those inmates who are better, either as regards the offense charged with, or in their preceding penal and disciplinary record.

I also herewith mention that on the inquiries being completed, I went to see Capt. Freeman of the American Police, to inform him of the interest of the Ministery in the recent disorder, and to thank him for the personal aid which he gave in suppressing the disturbance. On this occasion Capt. Freeman requested me to state to the Ministery that the facts which had taken place in the prison have not been objectively reported by some of the Roman newspapers (TEMPO) which have in his opinion greatly exaggerated the events.

Rome, 30 August 1944

(signed) Dott. Ugo Caldarera
Judge attached to the Ministery of Grace and Justice

135 -

Translation - Ragusa Prof.

Allied Military Government
Public Safety Section
Supt. of Prisons
4-9-44

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

3A

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 478709

ACC/14232/PS

16 September, 1944.

SUBJECT : Regina Coeli.

TO : His Excellency,
Minister of Grace & Justice.

24

1. In reply to your letter 191485/12 the facts as stated are not in perfect accord there are at the present time no cases awaiting trial by the Allied Military Courts except about 16 charged with espionage whose trial will be held in a very short time.

2. All others altho arrested by Allied Authorities are awaiting trial by the Italian Courts and if there is delay it is not the responsibility of the Allied Governments.

A. E. YOUNG, Col.,
Acting Director
Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

ENH/G.

135

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

MINISTRY OF GRACE AND JUSTICE

28

N.131485/12

SUBJECT: Prisoners restricted in the judicials jails of Rome for custody on suspicion.

TO A.C.C., P.S. Sub-Commission, Rome. See 11

Following an attempted disorder which took place in these judicial jails on the 28th August 44, an enquiry has been made by this Ministry, to ascertain the responsibility and causes of these disorders.

On such occasion, to the magistrate who was proceeding with the enquiry, many prisoners have lamented the state of great moral uneasiness in which they live owing to the prolonging of their detention on suspicion, which, in some cases has been already postponed of a few weeks, without the m undergoing the first examination.

This Ministry, following verbal agreements with Capt. Freeman, has communicated to the latter, an integral copy of the results of the enquiry, pointing out the a/m inconveniences.

Moreover, the Italian judicial authorities have taken an interest, for their competent action to determine the juridical position of the prisoners in custody on suspicion.

This ministry turns to this commission, drawing its attention to the a/m delays and consequently, where it should deem necessary, to solicit the cases concerning prisoners in custody on suspicion.

With such a view, in order to ease this commission's charge, two lists of prisoners, restricted in the Rome judicial jails at the disposal of the Allied authorities are attached, with all the details conce rning their judicial position.

Public Safety Sub-Commission

Translation 7/9/44
AC/

Folio

for action information

	INT.	DATE
D. P. S.		
D. D. P. S.		
Ex Officer	[illegible]	29/9
POLICE		
[illegible]		
[illegible]		
Prisons	[illegible]	12/9
Fire & C. D.		
Regn & Licensing		
Adm Officer		11/9/44

REMARKS

13

Mod.605 MG

Traduzione

Roma lì 19 4

Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

Alla Commissione Alleata
di Controllo -
Sottocommissione di P.S.
R O M A

Ufficio 6°
Prot. N.° 131485/12

Risposta al f.° N.°
del

OGGETTO detenuti ristretti nelle carceri giudiziarie di Roma per custodia preventiva.

Allg. 2

A seguito di un tentativo di disordine, avvenuto in queste carceri giudiziarie il 28 agosto u.s. , da parte di questo Ministero si é proceduto ad una inchiesta al fine di accertare la responsabilità e le cause dei disordini stessi.

In tale occasione, al magistrato che procedeva all'inchiesta, molti detenuti hanno lamentato lo stato di grande disaggio morale in cui essi vivono a causa del prolungarsi della loro detenzione preventiva, che in alcuni casi si protrae già da alcune settimane, senza che si sia proceduto al primo interrogatorio degli stessi.

Questo Ministero, in seguito ad accordi verbali con il Signor Capitano Freeman, ha comunicato allo stesso copia integrale dei risultati dell'inchiesta, segnalandogli i sopraddetti inconvenienti.

Si sono inoltre interessate le autorità giudiziarie iteliane, per i procedimenti di loro competenza, a definire la posizione giuridica dei detenuti in custodia preventiva.

Questo Ministero si rivolge altresì a codesta On. Commissione perché si compiaccia portare la propria attenzione sui ritardi sopra segnalati ed in conseguenza, ove lo ritenga del caso, sollecitare le pratiche inerenti a detenuti in custodia preventiva.

A tale scopo per agevolare il compito di codesta On. Commissio-

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

DIREZIONE GENERALE
PER GLI ISTITUTI DI PREVENZIONE E DI PENA

di Controllo -
Sottocommissione di P.S.
ROMA

Ufficio 5°
Prot. N° 131485/12

Risposta all'f. N°
del

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A tale scopo per agevolare il compito di codesta On. Commissione, si allegano due elenchi di detenuti ristretti nelle carceri giu-

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

N. O.	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data di arresto
237	23283	Gara Mario di Giovanni	Associazione a del.ed altro	14.8.1944
238	23284	Pochetti Romolo di Giuseppe	"	"
239	23292	Aquilano Salvatore di N.N.	Violazione proclama n.1	"
240	23293	Novelli Vincenzo fu Camillo	"	"
241	23294	Carmillo Giuseppe di n.n.	art.242 C.P.	"
242	23303	Scarpetti Ferruccio di Attilio	furto aggr.ed altro	"
243	23304	Serafini Valerio fu Fabbio	"	"
244	23306	Biondi Vincenzo fu Francesco	detenzione ogg.militari	"
245	23317	Domini Fernando di Armando	furto benzina	"
246	23321	Pellegrini Luigi fu Pietro	ricettazione	12.8.1944
247	23327	Curto Calogero di Raimondo	furto	13 " "
248	23349	Carboni Gino di Angelo	" aggravato	14 " "
249	23371	Casali Giovanni di Angelo	fabbrica e vend.biglietti falsi di banca	10 " "

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Titolo del reato	Data di arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
Associazione a del.ed altro	14.8.1944	Autorità Alleata	
"	"	"	
Violazione proclama n.1	"	"	
"	"	"	
Art.242 C.P.	"	"	
Furto aggr.ed altro	"	"	
"	"	"	
Detenzione agg.militari	"	"	
Furto benzina	"	"	
Ricettazione	"	"	
Furto	12.8.1944	Disp.Cap.Gibreak	
" aggravato	13 " "	Autorità Alleata	
Fabbrica e vend.biglietti falsi di banca	14 " "	"	
	10 " "	Cap.Gibreak	

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N. D.	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data arresto
204	2I75I	Viola Giorgio fi Giuseppe	Furto auto	29/7.I944
205	2I755	Bragaglia Augusto di Orlando	Possesso olio	28.7.I944
206	2I758	Guidi Guglielmo fu Umberto	Possesso gomme	28/7.I944
207	2I762	Ceyrani Dante di Pio	Sosp.autore di rastrellamento	29.7.I944
208	2I77I	Bembeaigno Mario di Michele	Furto di una bicicletta	29.7.I944
209	2I783	Ruggeri Gino di Angelo	Calunnia contro segretario Comun.	29.7.I944
2I0	2I843	Currò Angelo di Salvatore	Estorsi ne	5.7.I944
2II	2I868	Garbini Francesco fu Salvatore	Truffa	29.7.I944
2I2	2I869	Nesi Fernando fu Giuseppe	Truffa	29.7.I944
2I3	2I879	Petacchia Ferdinando di Domenico	Furto	30.7.I944
2I4	2I886	Gualdi Alessandro di Tito	?	29.7.I944
2I5	2I938	Rizzotti Antonio fu Alfredo	Coprifuoco	30.7.I944
2I6	22015	Fanucci Ulderico fu Carlo	Indagini	3I.7.I94I
2I7	22019	Spirito Pasquale fu Angelo	Furto con destrezza	3I.7.I944
2I8	22036	Moschella Vincenzo ?	Rapina e lesioni	30.7.I944
2I9	22002	Liocci Orlando fu Benedetto	Possesso generi alleati	I.8.I944
220	22213	Giannelli Bruno di Domenico	Furto con destrezza	3I.7.I944
22I	22220	Gregordo Luigi di Battista	Furto	29.7.I944
222	22232	Colapicchioni Bellissario fu Tomm.	Sottrazione pane.	3I.7.I944
223	22233	Chiavini Vittorio di Enrico	Sottrazione pane	3I.7.I944
224	22236	Mazzoli Alfredo fu Egidio	Borseggio	3I.7.I944
225	22242	Moretti Carlo fu Romolo	Collaboratore con la SS.fascis.	I.8.I944
226	22272	Anginelli Ercole fu Domenico	Furto	2.8.I944
227	222767	Baldissoni Giuseppe fu Tommaso	Art.624 C.P.	I.8.I944
228	22306	Pecder Antonio di Emilio	Truffa e minaccia	I.8.I944
229	223II	Proietti Primo di Vincenzo	Possesso gomma	3I.7.I944
230	223I9	Migliorati Paolo di Omero	Furto di ortaglia	I.8.I944
23I	22320	Federiconi Renato di Alfredo	" " "	I.8.I944
232	22322	Cerchiello Gaetano di Giacinto	Possesso di carte annonarie false ed altro.	I.8.I944
233	22377	Cenatiempo Italo fu Francesco	Sprovvisto di permesso	3.8.I944
234	23280	Felice Pericle di Angelo	Ass.a delinquere ed altro	14.8.1944
235	23281	Moscatelli Lorenzo di Felice	" "	"
236	23282	Dente Aldo di Eugenio	" "	"

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Titolo del reato	Data arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
rto auto	29/7.I944	Autorità Alleate	
ssesso olio	28.7.I944	" "	
ssesso gomme	28/7.I944	" "	
sp.autore di rastrellamento	29.7.I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
rto di una bicicletta	29.7.I944	" " "	
unnia contro segretario Comun.	29.7.I944	Autorità Alleate	
rtorsi ne	5.7.I944	Tribunale Alleato	
ruffa	29.7.I944	" "	
ruffa	29.7.I944	" "	
urto	30.7.I944	" "	
?	29.7.I944	" Militare Alleato	
prifuoco	30.7.I944	" " "	
ndagini	3I.7.I94I	" " " Rieti	
urto con destrezza	3I.7.I944	Capitano Hprins	
apina e lesioni	30.7.I944	Autorità Alleate	
ossesso generi alleati	I.8.I944	Tribunale Alleato	
urto con destrezza	3I.7.I944	" "	
urto	29.7.I944	" "	
ottrazione pane.	3I.7.I944	" "	
ottrazione pane	3I.7.I944	" "	
orseggio	3I.7.I944	" "	
collaboratore con la S.fascis.	I.8.I944	Capitano Gibreat	
urto	2.8.I944	Autorità Alleate	
rt.624 C.P.	I.8.I944	Tribunale Alleato	
Truffa e minaccia	I.8.I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
Possesso gomma	3I.7.I944	" " "	
Furto di ortaglia	I.8.I944	" " "	
" " "	I.8.I944	" " "	
	I.8.I944	" " "	
Possesso di carte annonarie falsc ed altro.	I.8.I944	" " "	
Sprovvisto di permesso	3.8.I944	" " "	
ass.a delinquere ed altro	14.8.1944	aturità alleata	
" "	"	" "	
" "	"	" "	

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N. O.	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data di arresto
I70	2I559	Musco Cipriiano fu Raffaele	Concorso in truffa	24.7.I944
I7I	2I583	Giuliettè Angelo fù Giulio	Furto	23.7.I944
I72	2I586	Pascàle Michele fu Bartolòmeo	Furto	24.7.I944
I73	2I594	Politi Ernesto di Eugenio	Furto	25.7.I944
I74	2I599	Antinozzi Macio di Michele	Furto	I9.7.I944
I75	2I600	Rozza Luigi di Gagriele	Furto	I9.7.I944
I76	2I60I	Danzelli Costante di Angelo	Concorso in Furto	I9.7.I944
I77	2I602	Latini Fulvio fu Belardino	Concorso in furto	I9.7.I944
I78	2I605	Angiolino Raniero di Antonio	Possesso sale	25.7.I944
I79	2I6I2	Avvantaggiati Nicola fu Antonio	Collaborazione cài tedeschi	25.7.I944
I80	2I642	Strippoli Antonio di;Michele	Furto di un cavallo e carretto	25.7.I944
I8I	2I678	Marrosu Antonio di Ettore	Collaborazione coi tedeschi	27.7.I944
I82	2I679	Pompi Giovanni fu Alfredo	Furto doppiamente aggravato	26.7.I944
I83	2I680	Marchetti Ferdinando di Agostino	Autorè di ferimento grave	26.7.I944
I84	2I68I	Bernoni Virgilio di Cesare	" " " "	25.7.I944
I85	2I690	Sennino Santoro di Giacobbe	Furto	27.7.I944
I86	2I69I	Fiorito Giulio fà Pasquale	Colabotazione cài tedeschi	26.7.I944
I87	2I693	Gallerini Cesare fu Benedetto	Sospetto autore di furto	26.7.I944
I88	2I697	Boggiani Filippo di Clauco	Possesso grano	27.7.I944
I89	2I698	Asunis Pietro fu Francesco	" "	27.7.I944
I90	2I705	Franceschini Sergio di Pietro	Possesso di gomme	27.7.I944
I9I	2I706	Maggioli Attilio di Nicola	Furto aggravato	27.7.I944
I92	2I7I8	Pigliapoco Orlando fu Lorenzo	Furto di due cavalli	27.7.I944
I93	2I7I9	Mariotti Nazzareno fu Francesco	Possesso cassoli munizioni	26.7.I944
I94	2I720	Fermi Augusto di Alfredo	" " "	26.7.I944
I95	2I72I	Valentini Dante di Ernico	Lesioni seguite da aborto	27.7.I944
I96	2I723	Trippini Innocenti di Artibale	Furto aggravato di farina	27.7.I944
I97	2I724	Cirilli Perfeo fu Giulio	Furto	25.7.I944
I98	2I725	Cirilli Valerio fu Giulio	Furto	25.7.I944
I99	2I726	Beato Mario di Edoardo	Furto	25.7.I944
200	2I738	Guidi Otello di Armando	Vendita stoffa rubata	27.7.I944
20I	2I743	Bagagnini Sante fu Cesare	Detenzione di armi ed altro	27.7.I944
202	2I749	Vignati Giovanni fu Andrea	Furto	28.7.I944
203	2I750	Nicoli Oreste fu Giovanni	Furto	28.7 .I944

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lo del reato	Data di arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
o in truffa	24.7.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
	23.7.1944	" "	
	24.7.1945	" "	
	25.7.1944	" "	
	19.7.1944	Capitano Okophins	
	19.7.1944	" "	
so in Furto	19.7.1944	" "	
so in furto	19.7.1944	" "	
so sale	25.7.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
orazione cdi tedeschi	25.7.1944	" "	
di un cavallo e carretto	25.7.1944	" "	
orazione coi tedeschi	27.7.1944	Colonnello Collok *	
doppiamente aggravato	26.7.1944	Autorità Alleate	
di ferimento grave	26.7.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
" " "	25.7.1944	" "	
	27.7.1944	Autorità Alleate	
tazione cdi tedeschi	27.7.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
tto autore di furto	26.7.1944	" " "	
so grano	27.7.1944	" " "	
" "	27.7.1944	" " "	
sso di gomme	27.7.1944	" " "	
aggravato	27.7.1944	" " "	
di due cavalli	27.7.1944	Autorità Alleata	
so cassoli munizioni	26.7.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
" " "	26.7.1944	" " "	
ni seguite da aborto	27.7.1944	" " "	
aggravato di farina	27.7.1944	" " "	
	25.7.1944	Capitano Okopkins	
	25.7.1944	" "	
	25.7.1944	" "	
	27.7.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
ita stoffa rubata	27.7.1944	" "	
zione di armi ed altro	28.7.1944	Autorità Alleato	
	28.7 .1944	" "	

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N. O.	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data di arresto
136	21299	Gattola Francesco di Ostilio	Coll.nazi-fascista	18.7.1944
137	21305	Latini Aurelio fu Serafino	furto bicicletta	16.7.1944
138	21309	Brizzi Renato fu Augusto	"	17.7.1944
139	21310	Sebastianelli Agostino fu Francesco	Sosp.att.nazi-fascista	12.7.1944
140	21318	Fratta Marcello di Amedeo	Tentato furto aggravato	17.7.1944
141	21342	Fieravanti Gioacchino fu Loreto	Spia della SS.via Tasso	19.7.1944
142	21347	Stella Raffaele di Enrico	tentato furto	17.7.1944
143	21349	Fionda Pietro di Antonio	furto aggravato	18.7.1944
144	21367	Faticoni Giuseppe fu Michele	detenzione materiale esplosivo	15.7.1944
145	21375	Rastelli Claudio fu Amadio	furto	17.7.1944
146	21379	Zannini Amelio fu Ugo	lesioni	19.7.1944
147	21380	Basilidi Agostino fu Umberto	rapina a mano armata	17.7.1944
148	21381	Simeoni Michele fu Saverio	" "	" "
149	21382	Manini Giulio fu Demetrio	" "	" "
150	21383	Simeoni Tommaso di Giuseppe	" "	" "
151	21384	Crocigni Amedeo di Paolo	" "	" "
152	21393	Guerrucci Girolamo fu Luigi	possesso cibarie alleate	18.7.1944
153	21394	Rosi Amelio di Pietro	furto di una vacca	20.7.1944
154	21395	Lazzeri Giovanni fu Luigi	" "	" "
155	21396	Sgreccia Achille fu Oreste	minacce oltraggio p.uff.	" "
156	21427	Sordi Amleto di Remo	facente parte S.S.	" "
157	21429	Bortoloni Pietro di Antonio	furto	" "
158	21431	Pellacci Pugliolli Amedeo fu Gerardo	Si qualificava maggiore R.Guardia Finanza	" "
159	21437	Notargiacomo Bernardino fu Domenico	borseggio	21.7.1944
160	21438	De Santis Ferdinndo fu Vittorio	tentato borseggio	" "
161	21439	Cerbara Romeo di Cesare	" "	" "
162	21443	Antonangelo Federico fu Alessandro	furto	" "
163	21444	Cursi Ferruccio di Cesare	"	" "
164	21446	Pansieri Alessandro di Clemente	tentato borseggio	" "
165	21458	Mancini Edmondo fu Antonio	coll.coi nazi-fascisti	18.7.1944
166	21514	Carola Giuseppe fu Pietro	furto	23.7.1944
167	21515	Accettulli Giovanni fu Luciano	"	" "
168	21557	13/4 Riva Carlo fu Giuseppe	"	24.7.1944
169	21558	Agri Alberto di Antonio	truffa	" "

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	Titolo del reato	Data di arresto	autorità da cui dipende	annotazioni
	Coll.nazi-fascista	18.7.1944	Cap.F.Aimeather	
	furto bicicletta	16.7.1944	" Hophins	
	"	17.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
	ecesso Sosp.att.nazi-fascista	12.7.1944	" "	
	Tentato furto aggravato	17.7.1944	" "	
to	Spia della SS.via Tasso	19.7.1944	Col.Pollok	
	tentato furto	17.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
	furto aggravato	18.7.1944	" "	
	detenzione materiale esplosivo	15.7.1944	" "	
	furto	17.7.1944	Cap.Gibreak	
	lesioni	19.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
	rapina a mano armata	17.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
	" "	" "	" "	
	" "	" "	" "	
	" "	" "	" "	
	possesso cibarie alleate	18.7.1944	" "	
	furto di una vacca	20.7.1944	" "	
	" "	" "	" "	
	minacce oltraggio p.uff.	" "	" "	
	facente parte S.S.	" "	" "	
	furto	" "	" "	
Gerardo - ~~Carlo~~	Si qualificava maggiore R.Guardia Finanza	" "	" "	
enico	borseggio	21.7.1944	" "	
erio	tentato borseggio	" "	" "	
	" "	" "	" "	
sandro	furto	" "	" "	
	"	" "	" "	
nte	tentato borseggio	" "	" "	
	coll.coi nazi-fascisti	18.7.1944	" "	
	furto	23.7.1944	" "	
no	"	" "	" "	
	"	24.7.1944	" "	
	truffa	" "	" "	

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N. Pol.	N. Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data d'arresto
103	21006	Chesi Alfredo fu Mario	Collaborazione con la S.S.	7.7.1944
104	21024	Succi Sebastiano fu Domenico	furto	10.7.1944
105	21097	Marchioni Aurelio fu Egidio	Coll.con i tedeschi	11.7.1944
106	21061	Marino Antonio fu Pasquale	Omicidio in pers.ca-rabiniere	11.7.1944
107	21131	CAREGNATO DESIDERIO DI ANTONIO	COLL.CON LA SS.	12.7.1944
108	21132	MANTO ETTORE DI GAETANO	SOSPETTO COLL.CON I TEDESCHI	11.7.1944
109	21136	CAPORALE FRANCESCO DI ANIELLO	TRUFFA	12.7.1944
110	21138	D'AMEO GREGORIO DI NICOLA	FURTO	" "
111	21143	ZANGRILLI GIOVANNI FU GIUSEPPE	FURTO	" "
112	21148	CATARDI RAFFAELE DI SALVATORE	Generale della PAI	13.7.1944
113	21151	Canale Ernesto fu Nicola	Reato annonario ed altro	12.7.1944
114	21153	Salvatore Enrico fu Luigi	Fiduciario Fascista	13.7.1944
115	21154	Ciaglia Mario fu Brizio	Squadrista	13.7.1944
116	21171	Bianchi Antonio fu Ercole	Atti di violenza	" "
117	21180	Basili Valdimiro di Gervasio	furto aggravato	" "
118	21181	Mencacci Lorenzo fu Francesco	Coll.Nazi-fascista	14.7.1944
119	21182	Pasquazzi Ugo di Enrico	" "	" "
120	21183	Gravella Giovanni fu Giovanni	" "	" "
121	21184	Coltellacci Mario fu Luigi	Borseggio	14.7.1944
122	21188	De Angelis Orlando fu Francesco	"	13.8.1944
123	21209	Gattucci Ernesto di Alfredo	"	" "
124	21218	Piscedda Giuseppe fu Manzio	furto	15.7.1944
125	21222	Sereni Terruccio di Gaetano	Concorso in furto agg.	" "
126	21247	Caracci Ugo di Salvatore	Appropriazione indeb.	" "
127	21250	Trobbiani Ruggero di Domenico	Complicità in furto	14.7.1944
128	21252	D'Amore Guerrino di Antonio	Lesioni	16.7.1944
129	21253	Oggiani Remo di Giuseppe	furto bicicletta	13.7.1944
130	21261	Raffo Cesare fu Francesco	Art.624-625-322 C.P.	16.7.1944
131	21265	Caroddu Salvatore di Giovanni	Attività nazi-fascista	16.7.1944
132	21268	Di Pasquale Gioacchino fu Domenico	furto con scasso	10.7.1944
133	21274	Riparbelli Pilade fu Ovidio	possesso scarpe alleate	14.7.1944
134	21286	Scripanti Amelio di Basilio	possesso cibarie varie	17.7.1944
135	21275	Ruggeri Alfredo di Vincenzo	possesso di postola	16.7.1944

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Titolo del reato	Data d'arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	annotazioni
Collaborazione con la S.S.	7.7.1944	Capitano Gibreak	
furto	10.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
Coll.con i tedeschi	11.7.1944	Cap.Gibreak	
Omicidio in pers.ca-rabiniere	11.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
COLL.CON LA SS.	12.7.1944	CAP.GIBREAK	
SOSPETTO COLL.CON I TEDESCHI	11.7.1944	" "	
TRUFFA	12.7.1944	" HOPHINK	
FURTO	" "	Trib.Mil.Alleato	
FURTO	" "	" "	
Generale della PAI	13.7.1944	Colonnello Pollok	
Reato annonario ed altro	12.7.1944	Autorità Alleata	
Fiduciario Fascista	13.7.1944	Cap.Hephins	
Squadrista	13.7.1944	" "	
Atti di violenza	" "	" Gibreak	
furto aggravato	" "	Trib.Alleato	
Coll.Nazi-fascista	14.7.1944	Cap.Fairvvatter	
" "	" "	" "	
" "	" "	" "	
Borseggio	14.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
"	13.7.1944	" "	
"	" "	" "	
furto	15.7.1944	" "	
Concorso in furto agg.	" "	" "	
Appropriazione indeb.	" "	" "	
Complicità in furto	14.7.1944	Cap.Gibreak	
Lesioni	16.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
furto bicicletta	13.7.1944	Cap.Gibreak	
Art.624-625-322 C.P.	16.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
Attività nazi-fascista	16.7.1944	" "	
furto con scasso	10.7.1944	Cap.Gibreak	
possesso scarpe alleate	14.7.1944	" "	
possesso cibarie varie	17.7.1944	Trib.Alleato	
possesso di postbla	16.7.1944	" "	
		" "	
		" "	
		" "	
		" "	
		Cap.Gibreak	
		Trib.Alleato	
		Cap.Gibreak	
		Trib.Alleato	
		" "	
		Cap.Gibreak	
		" "	
		Trbb.Alleato	
		" "	
		" "	

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N°.	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data arresto	
70	20566	D'Ario Vittorio fu Eugenio	?	3 - 7 -I944	T
7I	20575	Sesio Carlo fu Eugenio	Collaboratore tedesco	4 - 7 - I944	
72	20576	Paris Massimo fu Bartolo	" "	4 - 7 - I944	
73	20577	Errei Cosimo fu Gaetano	Furto	3 - 7 - I944	
74	20579	Fabris Giulio fu Luigi	Appropriazione indebita	3 - 7 - I944	
75	20587	Rossi Pietro fu Giuseppe	Art.8I-624-625 C.P.	3 - 7 - I944	
76	206I9	Brasi Fausto di Giovanni	" 629 C.P.	2 - 7 - I944	
77	20645	Ferneti Luigi fu Giovanni	Oltraggio	3 - 7 - I944	
78	20649	Piano Bernardino fu Raimondo	Maltrattamenti	3 - 7 - I944	
79	2072I	Massi Arnaldo fu Primo	Furto	5 - 7 - I944	
80	20722	Martelli Aldo di Silvio	Furto	5 - 7 - I944	
8I	20726	Giovaruscio Vincenzo fu Alfonso	Furto	5 - 7 - I944	
82	20728	Giuliani Bernardo di Francesco	Ferimento	4 - 7 - I944	
83	20766	Montagna Nicola fu Vincenzo	Furto	6 - 7 - I944	
84	20767	Di Giovanni Fernando fu Domenico	Furto	6 - 7 - I944	
85	20768	Papa Orhelio Di Eugenio	Furto	6 - 7 - I944	
86	20787	Vece Ugo fu Antonino	Indagini	7 - 7 - I944	C
87	20793	Sbricoli Alfredo fu Silvio	Truffa	3 - 7 - I944	T
88	20799	Cruciani Otello fu Emilio	Tentato furto	6 - 7 - I944	C
89	20803	Olivares Vittorio fu Gaetano	Truffa	5 - 7 - I944	T
90	208I9	Mannanti Giorgio di N.N.	Furto	7 - 7 - I944	
9I	2082I	Proietti Mario di Angelo	Spionaggio	6 - 7 - I944	
92	20822	Sarperi Antonio fu Domiziano	"	6 - 7 - I944	
93	20854	Filippi Albino di Angelo	Furto e abuso di qualifica	7 - 7 - I944	
94	20865	Borelli Francesco di Pietro	Rapina ed evasione	6 - 7 - I944	
95	2087I	Bucci Vincenzo fu Angelo	Spaccio di biglietti di banca Falsi.	7 - 7 - I944	
96	20872	Ciotti Antonio di Giuseppe	" " " "	7 - 7 - I944	
97	209I7	Colacicchi Leo fu Umberto	Sospetto autore di furto	8 - 7 - I944	
98	20932	Renzi Ruggiero di Francesco	Furto	8 - 7 - I944	
99	2095I	Mari Americo fu Carlo	Furto	8 - 7 - I944	A
I00	20952	Mari Marco fu Carlo	Furto	8 - 7 - I944	
I0I	20975	Ribera Adriano di Alvergo	Art.408-640 C?P.	I0 - 7 - I944	T
I02	20987	Liroti Pietro di Domenico	Peculato furto ed altro	9 - 7 - I944	

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Titolo del reato	Data arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
?	3 - 7 -I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
laboratore tedesco	4 - 7 - I944	" " "	
" "	4 - 7 - I944	" " "	
	3 - 7 - I944	" " "	
to	3 - 7 - I944	" " "	
prèpriazione indebita	3 - 7 - I944	" " "	
.8I-624-625 C.P.	3 - 7 - I944	" " "	
629 C.P.	2 - 7 - I944	" " "	
traggio	3 - 7 - I944	" " "	
l ytrattamenti	3 - 7 - I944	" " "	
rto	5 - 7 - I944	" " "	
rto	5 - 7 - I944	" " "	
rto	5 - 7 - I944	" " "	
rimento	4 - 7 - I944	" " "	
rto	6 - 7 - I944	" " "	
rto	6 - 7 - I944	" " "	
rto	6 - 7 - I944	" " "	
rto	7 - 7 - I944	Colonnello Pollek	
ndagini	3 - 7 - I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
ruffa	6 - 7 - I944	Capitano Hopkins	
entato furto	5 - 7 - I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
ruffa	7 - 7 - I944	" " "	
urto	6 - 7 - I944	" " "	
urto	6 - 7 - I944	" " "	
pionaggio	6 - 7 - I944	" " "	
"	7 - 7 - I944	" " "	
urto e abuso di qu lifica	6 - 7 - I944	" " "	
apina ed evasione	7 - 7 - I944	" " "	
paccio di biglietti di banca	7 - 7 - I944	" " "	
alsi. " " " "	8 - 7 - I944	" " "	
ospetto autore di furto	8 - 7 - I944	" " "	
Furto	8 - 7 - I944	Autorità Alleata	
Furto	IO - 7 - I944	" "	
Furto	9 - 7 - I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
Art.408-640 C?P.		" " "	
Peculato furto ed altro			

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N. D.	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e paternità	Titolo del reato	Data di arresto	
36	I9880	Tavernese Pasquale fu Domenico	Delatore SS. Tedesca	I9 - 6 - I944	C
37	I9895	Venditti Fortunato di Carlo	Furto caserma C°.RR.	I8 - 6 - I944	A
38	I9898	Di Marco Antonio fu Giuseppe	Furto Aggravato	20 - 6 - I944	
39	I9939	Costantino Enrico fu Amilcare	Maghiorazione prezzi	22 - 6 - I944	
40	I9966	Padde Efisio di Salvatore	Tentato furto e coprifuoco	22 - 6 - I944	
4I	20003	Pileri Pietro di Giuseppe	Indagini	23 - 6 - I944	
42	20007	Platania Sergio di Alberto	Furto	20 - 6 - I944	
43	20021	Staccini Deblio fu Domenico	Collaboratore dei Tedeschi	8 - 6 - I944	
44	20025	Conflitti Ettore di Giovanni	Furto	25 - 6 - I944	
45	20028	Stefani Guido fu Riccardo	Minaccia con arma	22 - 6 - I944	
46	20047	Lanni Carlo fu Giuseppe	Furto aggravato	22 - 6 - I944	
47	20048	Pascucci Alberto di Camillo	" "	22 - 6 - I944	
48	20060	Bottoni Silvio fu Vincenzo	" "	22 - 6 - I944	
49	20II7	Ciocci Fiore di Bonaventura	Possesso biglietti da mille falsi	26 - 6 - I944	
50	20II8	Ciocci Alberto di Fiore	" " " "	26 - 6 - I944	
5I	20I24	Domini Motta Emilio fu Gaetano	Truffa	27 - 6 - I944	
52	20I82	Fasi Luigi di Damiano	Minaccia a mano armata	26 - 6 - I944	
53	20I95	Alegiano Arnaldo di Vincenzo	Rapina	26 - 6 - I944	
54	203I3	Mascagna Giacomo fu Francesco	Collaboratore nazi-fascisti	30 - 6 - I944	
55	20228	Scaffoni Dardolo fu Francesco	Estorsione	27 - 6 - I944	
56	20320	Calace Melchiorre fu Francesco	Sfruttamento prostitute	29 - 6 - I944	
57	20335	Casseri Rodolfo di Anselmo	Truffa	30 - 6 - I944	
58	20345	Fidato Alberto fu Luigi	Collaboratore esecuz.capitale	30 - 6 - I944	
59	20360	Rossi Augusto fu Amerigo	Delaziona a carico patrioti	29 - 6 - I944	
60	2036I	Loriga Ferruccio fu Vincenzo	" " " "	29 - 6 - I944	
6I	20364	Palmieri Giorgio fu Edoardo	?	30 - 6 - I944	
62	204I0	Mondelli Giovanni fu Stanislao	Estorsione	27 - 6 - I944	
63	20479	Di Mattia Marcello di Vincenzo	Ricatto	29 - 6 - I944	
64	2048I	Mistracca Silvestro di Enrico	Furto	I - 7 - I944	
65	20483	Stefanini Carlo fu Michele	Omicidio colposo	II - 6 - I944	
66	20486	Verdini Rodolfo fi N.N.	Collaboratore tedesco	30 - 6 - I944	
67	2049I	Cerrieri Nicola fu Mauro	Furto	I - 7 - I944	
68	20529	Caruso Giovanni fu Nicola	Collaboratore nazi-fascista	3 - 7 - I944	
69	20544	Bianchetti Vincenzo di Alessandro	Furto	I - 7 - I944	

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Titolo del reato	Data di arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
tore SS. Tedesca	I9 - 6 - I944	Capitano Gilreath	
o caserma C^{a}.RR.	I8 - 6 - I944	Autorità Alleata	
to Aggravato	20 - 6 - I944	" "	
ioramento prezzi	22 - 6 - I944	" "	
to furto e coprifuoco	22 - 6 - I944	" "	
gini	23 - 6 - I 44	" "	
to	20 - 6 - I944	" "	
laboratore dei Tedeschi	8 - 6 - I944	" "	
to	25 - 6 - I944	" "	
to	22 - 6 - I944	" "	
naccia con arma	22 - 6 - I944	" "	
to aggravato	22 - 6 - I944	" "	
" "	22 - 6 - I944	" "	
" "	22 - 6 - I944	" "	
sesso biglietti da mille	2[illegible] - 6 - I944	" "	
lsi " " " "	26 - 6 - I944	" "	
uffa	27 - 6 - I944	" "	
naccia a mano armata	26 - 6 - I944	" "	
pina	26 - 6 - I944	" "	
llaboratore nazi-fascisti	30 - 6 - I944	" "	
torsione	27 - 6 - I944	" "	
ruttamento prostitute	29 - 6 - I944	" "	
affa	30 - 6 - I944	" "	
ollaboratore esecuz.capitale	30 - 6 - I944	" "	
lazione a carico patrioti	29 - 6 - I944	" "	
" " " "	29 - 6 - I944	" "	
?	30 - 6 - I944	" "	
	27 - 6 - I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
etorsione	29 - 6 - I944	" " "	
icatto	I - 7 - I944	"" " "	
urto	II - 6 - I944	" " "	
micidio colposo	30 - 6 - I944	Capitano Hopkins	
ollaboratore tedesco	I - 7 - I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
urto	3 - 7 - I944	" " "	
ollaboratore nazi-fascista	I - 7 - I944	" " "	
urto		" " "	
		" " "	
		" " "	
		" " "	
		" " "	
		" " "	

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N° D.	Matric.	Cognome nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data di arresto	
I	I9487	Marchioni Alessandro di Umberto	?	5 - 6 -I944	Tr
2	I9488	Bedini Aniceto di Natale	?	5 - 6 -I944	
3	I9547	Landi Valentino fu Filippo	Collaborazione SS.Tedesca	7 - 6 -I944	Au
4	I9548	Morelli Aldo fu Vitulio	?	7 - 6 -I944	
5	I9549	Ricciarelli Giovanni fu Carlo	?	7 - 6 - I944	
6	I9556	Vasvari Franchel Nicola fu Riccardo	Attività in danno di patrioti Italiani	7 - 6 - I944	
7	I9568	Antonino Claudio fu Colombo	Collaborazione SS.Tedesca	7 - 6 -I944	Tr
8	I9592	Sodano Silvano di Vincenzo	" " "	8 - 6 -I944	
9	I9599	Morelli Armando di Augusto	" " "	8 - 6 -I944	
IO	I9608	Tolusso Guido di Luigi	Interprete presso l'eserc.F.R.	9 - 6 - I944	
II	I964I	Di Biagio Biagio fu Salvatore	Collaborare con la SS.Tedesca	IO - 6- I944	
I2	I9642	Zai Zeno fu Raffaele	" " " "	IO - 6 - I944	
I3	I9647	Crisafulli Guido fu Agostino	Del tore di patrioti alle SS. Tedesca	IO - 6 - I944	
I4	I9658	Trababa Vincenzo fu Americo	Convivenza con militari tedeschi	IO - 6- I944	
I5	I9700	Scapigliati Ettore fu Antonio	Ha fatto parte della SS.Tedesca	II - 6 - I944	Ce
I6	I9706	Govenzi Andrea di Francesco	Delazione a carico dei patrioti	II - 6 - I944	Tr
I7	I97I7	Santolini Luigi fu Pietro	?	I3 - 6 - I944	Au
I8	I9747	Lazzarini Attilio di Francesco	Collaborare con la SS.Tedesca	I5 - 6 - I944	Tr
I9	I9749	Costantini Giovanni fu Saverio	Essendo Federale ha somm.olio di ricino	I5 - 6 - I944	
20	I9750	Pantaleone Nicolò fu Rodrigo	Peculato	I5 - 6 - I944	
2I	I9755	Catelli Gian Giacomo fu Luigi	Collaborare con i tedeschi	I5 - 6 - I944	
22	I9756	Fortusi Bhujri di Anthdi	Infrazione annanoria	I5 - 6 - I944	
23	I9760	Magrini Livio di Dante	?	I6 - 6 - I944	Au
24	I9764	Fonte Venanzio fu Pelino	Spionaggio a favore dei tedeschi	I6 - 6 - I944	Tr
25	I9767	Corazza Adolfo fu Raimondo	Collaborare con la SS. Tedesca	I6 - 6 - I944	
26	I9768	Cocchi Luigi di Romano	" " " " "	I6 - 6 - I944	
27	I9769	Casali Luciano di Pietro	" " " " "	I6 - 6 - I944	
28	I9800	Martini Sosio di Giuseppe	Attività in danno forze alleate	I4 - 6 - I944	Au
29	I9804	Bonelli Mario fu Giacomo	Furto con destrezza	I7 - 6 - I944	
30	I9805	Brandonisio Aldo fu Vincenzo	Collaborare con la SS.Tedesca	I4 - 6 - I944	
32	I98II	Ceci Domenico fu Giuseppe	Indagini Polizia politica	I5 - 6 - I944	
33	I9836	Blasi Valerio di Umberto	Violazione proclama A.M.G.art.5	I8 - 6 - I944	
34	I9865	Farina Salvatore fu Giovanni	Vecchio fascista violente ed us patore	I7- 6 - I944	
35	I9889	Dinisio Antonio di Vincenzo	Confidente SS. Tedesca	I9 - 6 -I944	Ca

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Titolo del reato	Data di arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni.
?	5 - 6 -I944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
?	5 - 6 -I944	" " "	
razione SS.Tedesca	7 - 6 -I944	Autorità Alleata	
?	7 - 6 -I944	" "	
?	7 - 6 - I944	" "	
vità in danno di patrioti	7 - 6 - I944	" "	
rami			
razione SS.Tedesca	7 - 6 -I944	Tribunale Alleato	
" " "	8 - 6 -I944	" "	
" " "	8 - 6 -I944	" "	
cete presso l'esercF.R.	9 - 6 - I944	" "	
rare con la SS.Tedesca	IO - 6- I944	" "	
" " "	IO - 6 - I944	" "	
e di patrioti alle SS.	IO - 6 - I944	" "	
nza con militari tedeschi	IO - 6- I944	" "	
to parte della SS.Tedesca	II - 6 - I944	Corte Alleata	
me a carico dei patrioti	II - 6 - I944	Tribunale Alleato	
?	I3 - 6 - I944	Autorità Alleata	
rare con la SS.Tedesca	I5 - 6 - I944	Tribunale Alleato	
Federale ha somm.olio di	I5 - 6 - I944	" "	
to	I5 - 6 - I944	" "	
rare con i tedeschi	I5 - 6 - I944	" "	
one annanoria	I5 - 6 - I944	" "	
?	I6 - 6 - I944	Autorità Alleata	
gio a fabored=dei tedeschi	I6 - 6 - I944	Tribunale Alleato	
rare con la SS. Tedesca	I6 - 6 - I944	" "	
" " " " "	I6 - 6 - I944	" "	
" " " " "	I6 - 6 - I944	" "	
tà in danno forze alleate	I4 - 6 - I944	Autorità Alleata	
con destrezza	I7 - 6 - I944	" "	
rare con la SS.Tedesca	I4 - 6 - I944	" "	
ni Polizia politica	I5 - 6 - I944	" "	
one proclama A.M.G.art.5	I8 - 6 - I944	" "	
o fascista violente ed us	I7- 6 - I944	" "	
nte SS. Tedesca	I9 - 6 -I944	Capitano Heath	

DIREZIONE DEL CARCERE GIUDIZIARIO CENTRALE DI ROMA

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E L E N C O

DEI DETENUTI A DISPOSIZIONE DELLA
AUTORITA' ALLEATA DOPO IL 15
AGOSTO 1944

Roma, 2 Settembre 1944

IL COMMISSARIO
(A. Strazzera Perniciani)

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

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N.° Matric.	Cognome, nome e paternità	Titolo del reato	Data di arresto
309	23936 Tesei Angelo di Egisto	Possesso di armi	29.6.1944
310	23939 Cerbone Amedeo fu Angelo	Lesioni	"
311	23940 Pollini Berto di Luigi	Macinazione cland.grano	28.6.1944
312	23941 Vincenzi Angelo fu Stefano	Furto	30.6.1944
313	23942 Marioni Francesco su Domenico	Possesso di sigarette	"
314	23943 Schiavi Armando fu Giovanni	Vorreggio	29.6.1944
315	23944 D'Uffizi Giovanni di Settimio	"	28.6.1944
316	23945 Mantella Pompeo fu Giuseppe	"	30.6.1944
317	23946 Stefanucci Domenico fu Antonio	Possesso di sigarette	30.6.1944
318	23950 Attasi Giovanni fu Bruto	Annonario	"
319	23951 Manerba Domenico fu Gaetano	Possesso oggetti alluati	28.6.1944
320	23952 Mazzarini Enrico fu Domenico	Annonario	30.6.1944
321	23953 Fiatti Alberto di N.N.	Furto	"
322	23954 Mosca Catalao di Felice	"	"
323	23955 Del Duca Riccardo di Antonio	"	"
324	23956 Torquati Egisto di Raffaele	"	"
325	23957 Fumagalli Giancarlo di Mario	Favoreggiamento alla prostituzione	28.6.1944
326	23964 Giandulli Ernesto fu Nazzareno	?	31.6.1944
327	23966 Leonardi Giovanni fu Antonio	?	"
328	22384 Spagnoli Bernardo fu Vincenzo	Appropriazione indebita	2.6.1944
329	22385 Pangialli Ugo di N.N.	Possesso di farina	?
330	22394 Villani Fortunato fu Carlo	Indagini di polizia	3.6.1944
331	22430 Caporiccio Fobia fu Tobia	Collaborazione col nemico	3.6.1944
332	22432 Clivieri Vincenzo di Armando	Indagini di polizia	3.6.1944
333	22528 D'ATTICO Antonio di Domenico	Tentata estorsione	3.6.1944
334	22530 Ricca Gaetano fu Gregorio	Possesso di cognac	4.6.1944
335	22564 Schiavoni Giuseppe di Achille	Possesso di sigarette	4.6.1944
336	22566 Di Rienzo Nicola fu Francesco	" " "	4.6.1944
337	22606 D'Amico Elpidio fu Eustacchio	Indagini	4.7.1944
338	22627 Luciani Aldo di Pio	Saccheggio	16.7.1944
339	22628 Luciani Guglielmo di Pio	Furto con saccheggio	16.7.1944
340	22630 De Luca Giovanni di Luigi	Furto aggravato	23.7.1944

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Titolo del reato	Data di arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
Possesso di armi	29.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
Lesioni	"	" "	
Ricettazione c/and.grave	2 .. .1944	" "	
Furto	30. .1944	" "	
Possesso di sigarette	"	" "	
Sorseggio	29. .1944	" "	
"	20. .1944	Capit.Gilreath	
"	30.8.1944	" "	
Possesso di sigarette	31. .1944	Tribunale Alleato	
Annonario	"	" "	
Possesso oggetti alleati	2e. .1944	" "	
Annonario	30. .1944	" "	
Furto	"	" "	
"	"	" "	
"	"	" "	
"	"	" "	
Favoreggiamento alla prostituzione	2 .. .1944	" "	
?	31. .1944	" "	
?	"	" "	
Appropriazione indebita	2.8.1944	" "	
Possesso di farina	?	"	
Indagini di polizia	3.8.1944	Magg.Batterubej	
Collaborazione col nemico	3.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
Indagini di polizia	3.8.1944	Autorità alleate	
Tentata estorsione	3.8.1944	" "	
Possesso di cognac	4.8.1944	" "	
Possesso di sigarette	4.8.1944	" "	
" " "	4.8.1944	" "	
Indagini	4.7.1944	Magg.Battersbey	
Saccheggio	16.7.1944	Autorità Alleato	
Furto con saccheggio	16.7.1944	" "	
Furto aggravato	23.7.1944	" "	

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N°	Matric.	Cognome, nome e paternità	Titolo del reato	Data di arresto
275	23865	D'Egidio Domenico fu Francesco	Furto	29.8.1944
276	23867	Corsi Imperio di Amerigo	Prezzi maggiorati	"
277	23868	Casadio Palmo di Lorenzo	Lesioni	"
278	23870	Nobili Gino fu Romeo	Furto	28.8.1944
279	23871	Celi Salvatore di Raimondo	"	27.8.1944
280	23872	Caldieri Vincenzo di Romolo	Possesso di Sigarette	29.8.1944
281	23873	Granioli Nicola di Ambrogio	" " "	"
282	23874	Forti Vincenzo fu Antonio	Furto	"
283	23875	Valente Luigi Fu Domenico	Oltraggio	28.8.1944
284	23876	Cortesini Giulio di Valentino	Annonario	"
285	23885	Reverselli Renato fu Luigi	"	29.8.1944
286	23886	Roscioni Aristiua fu Enrico	"	"
287	23890	Scuto Luigi fu Concetto	Possesso di benzina	"
288	23891	Caruso Renato fu Ercole	" " "	"
289	23892	Paravillini Guerrino di Giuseppe	" " "	"
290	23896	Bocconi Carlo fu Camillo	Appropriazione indebita	"
291	23899	Nostosi Vasco fu Fortunato	Possesso di sigarette	30.8.1944
292	23900	Uraci Carlo di Oreste	" " "	30.8.1944
293	23901	Curti Rinaldo di Arcangelo	Prezzi maggiorati	"
294	23902	Pandolfi Augusto fu Pietro	Furto	"
295	23903	Paroci Saverio fu Francesco	Possesso di sigarette	29.8.1944
296	23905	Caroni Giuseppe fu Loreto	Prezzi maggiorati	30.8.1944
297	23906	Ottaviani Ciro di Francesco	Truffa	29.8.1944
298	23907	Giordano Vincenzo fu Vincenzo	Possesso di sigarette	"
299	23908	Pagtavelli Giovanni fu Giuseppe	Furto	"
300	23909	Negri Pietro di Domenico	Possesso pistole	28.8.1944
301	23910	Cretoni Pietro fu Giuseppe	Possesso cioccolata	"
302	23911	Lunicisi Angelo fu Luigi	Possesso indumenti	30.8.1944
303	23916	Barbaro Bruno fu Vincenzo	Truffa	27.8.1944
304	23933	Crescenzio Vinicio fu Giulio	Coprifuoco ed altro	30.8.1944
305	23934	D'Anibale Stefano fu Antonio	Frode in commercio	"
306	23935	Sambeti Carlo di Elio	Gioco d'azzardo	?
307	23936	Pecci Biagio fu Paolo	Macinazione cland.grano	23.8.1944
308	23937	Cesaretti Enzo fu Giacomo	Furto	30.8.1944

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Titolo del reato	Data di arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
	29.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
ni maggiorati	"	" "	
ni	"	" "	
	28.8.1944	Capit.Gilreath	
	27.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
sso di sigarette	29.8.1944	" "	
" "	"	" "	
	"	" "	
aggio	26.8.1944	" "	
nario	"	" "	
	29.8.1944	" "	
	"	" "	
	"	" "	
sso di benzina	"	" "	
" " "	"	" "	
" " "	"	" "	
ppriazione indebita	"	" "	
sso di sigarette	30.8.1944	" "	
" " "	30.8.1944	" "	
zi maggiorati	"	" "	
o	"	" "	
sso di sigarette	29.8.1944	" "	
zi maggiorati	30.8.1944	" "	
ia	29.8.1944	" "	
sso di sigarette	"	" "	
o	"	" "	
sso pistole	28.8.1944	Capit.Gilreath	
sso cioccolata	"	Tribunale Alleato	
sso indumenti	30.8.1944	" "	
fa	27.8.1944	" "	detenuto per altra causa
rifucco ed altro	30.8.1944	" "	
e in commercio	"	" "	
o d'azzardo	"	" "	
inazione cland.grano	23.8.1944	" "	
to	30.8.1944	" "	

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N°	Matric.	Cognome, nome e paternità	Titolo del reato	Datta arresto
242	23781	Terranova Stefano fu Salvatore	Annonario	25.8.1944
243	23782	Lasciolandare Mario di Rodolfo	delatore della SS.Tedesca	"
244	23784	Ortolani Massimo fu Clemente	Annonario	"
245	23785	Antellini Angelo di Enrico	Furto	"
246	23786	Ferrazza Angelo fu Luigi	Borseggio	"
247	23787	Martelli Umberto fu Stefano	"	"
248	23788	Peruzzini Luigi fu Giuseppe	Art.341 C.P.	"
249	23789	Ponti Orfeo fu Tullio	Annonario	"
250	23790	Rotondi Amilcare fu Bartolomeo	Furto	27.8.1944
251	23794	Alesi Giuseppe fu Onofrio	Possesso di sigarette	"
252	23795	Rosi Leopoldo di Alcide	" " "	"
253	23796	Sangini Pietro fu Giuseppe	Annonario	"
254	23811	Grillo Antonio fu Giuseppe	Coprifuoco	25.8.1944
255	23812	Ulissi Amedeo fu Nazzareno	Gioco d'azzardo	25. .1944
256	23815	Parzi Otilio fu Pompilio	Art.624-625 n.1 C.P.	27.8.1944
257	23816	Parlocci Guido di Luciano	" " " " "	"
258	23817	Guarino Evaristo di Giuseppe	Art.648 C.P.	"
259	23818	Chessa Demetrio di Demetrio	Furto	27.8.1944
260	23819	Serapi Italo di Romano	?	5.6.1944
261	23820	Di Cesare Angelo di Diomede	Coprifuoco	28.8.1944
262	23821	Cucchi Gastone di Guglielmo	"	"
263	23822	Ricci Giuseppe fu Mario	Possesso sigarette	"
264	23823	Serini Virgilio fu Rinaldo	Maggiorazione prezzi	"
265	23824	Brevetto Luigi di Gennaro	Oltraggio	27.8.1944
266	23825	Gregorio Enrico fu Bernardino	Tentato borseggio	28.8.1944
267	23827	Lucarini Cesare fu Luigi	Furto e macell.clandest.	27.8.1944
268	23830	Cipriani Oreste fu Costantino	Ricettazione	23.8.1944
269	23831	Salvatori Ernesto fu Augusto	Lesione e maltrattamento	27.8.1944
270	23833	Maciolla Pio fu Alessandro	Possesso scatolame	28.8.1944
271	23839	Appeuecchi Angelo di Egisto	Furto con circostanze aggr.	"
272	23840	Policari Giovanni fu Costantino	Collaborazione coi tedeschi	27.8.1944
273	23855	Lombardi Costantino fu Ettore	Possesso di sigarette	26.8.1944
274	23864	Cattani Paolo fu Virgilio	Possesso burro ed altro	29.8.1944

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Titolo del reato	Data arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	annotazioni
ario	26.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
tore della SS.Tedesca	"	" "	
ario	"	" "	
	"	" "	
egio	"	" "	
	"	" "	
41 C.P.	"	" "	
nario	"	" "	
o	"	" "	
esso di sigarette	27.8.1944	" "	
" " "	"	" "	
nario	"	" "	
ifuoco	"	" "	
o d'arnese	25.8.1944	" "	
624-625 n.1 C.P.	26.8.1944	" "	
" " " "	27.8.1944	" "	
8 C.P.	"	" "	
	"	" "	
	27.8.1944	" "	
	9.8.1944	" "	
uoco	26.8.1944	" "	
	"	" "	
	"	" "	
esso sigarette	"	" "	
orazione presso	"	" "	
egio	27.8.1944	" "	
to borseggio	25.8.1944	" "	
e tacch.clandest.	27.8.1944	" "	
tazione	23.8.1944	" "	
one e maltrattamento	27.8.1944	" "	
esso scatolame	25.8.1944	" "	
con circostanze aggr.	"	" "	
berazione coi tedeschi	27.8.1944	" "	
esso di sigarette	26.8.1944	" "	
esso burro ed altro	29.8.1944	" "	
		" "	nieti
		" "	"
		Capit.Gilreath	
		Tribunale Alleato	
		" "	
		Capit.Gilreath	
		" "	
		" "	
		Tribunale Alleato	
		" "	
		" "	
		" "	
		" "	
		" "	
		" "	

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Nº	Matric.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data arresto
208	23692	Buscarini Giuseppe fu Prospero	Possesso sigarette	24.8.1944
209	23694	Lucangeli Pietro fu Marco	Ammongardo	25.8.1944
210	23695	Mancini Settimo fu Serafino	Furto	24.8.1944
211	23697	Mangieri Giuseppe fu Domenico	Venuita sigarette	24.8.1944
212	23698	Bussi Giulio fu Alessandro	" "	24.8.1944
213	23702	Caselli Triestino fu Manfredo	Ammonario	25.8.1944
214	23704	Mariaecci Raimondi fu Alberto	Possessi benzina	25.8.1944
215	23708	Massaroni Cataldo fu Alessandro	Lesioni	22.8.1944
216	23709	Spano Giovanni fu Luigi	possesso di cioccolato	25.8.1944
217	23712	Zarlenga Antonio fu Xxx Elio	" d'armi	25.8.1944
218	23729	Baldolieri Francesco fu Nicolo	" indumenti	24.8.1944
219	23730	Moretti Giovanni fu Pasquale	Possesso benzina	25.8.1944
220	23731	Minucci Massimo di Pietro	appropriazione indebita	25.8.1944
221	23735	Carnali Angelo di Paride	possesso di farina	27.8.1944
222	23737	Fciomanzillio Andrea fu Luigi	Coprifuoco	26.8.1944
223	23738	RICHI Pietro fu Giovanni	Possesso sigarette	26.8.1944
224	23739	Tripoti Giovanni fu Vincenzo	Possesso sigarette	26.8.1944
225	23740	Marchetti Fiorino fu Biagio	Annonario	25.8.1944
226	23741	cioccicla Lelio fu Demetrio	"	"
227	23742	Lucidi Orlando fu Francesco	Possesso di cerini	26.8.1944
228	23749	Meneguolo Antonio di Carlo	" " "	"
229	23744	Montagnani Alberto fu Francesco	Possesso di farina	"
230	23751	Soldo Matteo di Nicola	" " "	"
231	23756	Perfetto Cesare fu Ernesto	Annonario	25.8.1944
232	23759	Perfetto Mario fu Ernesto	"	"
233	23761	Bruno Giuseppe di Angelo	Sprovvisto di permesso	26.8.1944
234	23762	Fratoli Franco fu Luigi	Furto di benzina	"
235	23763	Succi Giuseppe fu Angelo	" " "	"
236	23764	Caino Giorgio di Vincenzo	" " "	"
237	23776	Benapielli Alfredo fu Pietro	Annonario	25.8.1944
238	23777	Santini Romeo di Salvatore	"	"
239	23778	Mirabile Michele fu Giuseppe	"	"
240	23779	Maccorelli Cesare fu Giuseppe	"	"
241	23780	Gattori Oreste fu Oreste	"	"

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Titolo del reato	Data arresto	Autorita da cui dipenden	Annotazioni.
ssesso sigarette	24.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
nonario	25.8.1944	" "	
rto	24.8.1944	" "	
naita sigarette	24.8.1944	" "	
" "	24.8.1944	" "	
nonario	25.8.1944	" "	
ossesai benzina	25.8.1944	" "	
sioni	22.8.1944	" "	
ossesso di cioccolato	25.8.1944	" "	
" d'armi	25.8.1944	" "	
" indumenti	24.8.1944	" "	
ossesso benzina	25.8.1944	" "	
ppropriazione indebita	25.8.1944	" "	
ossesso di farina	27.8.1944	" "	
orrifuoco	25.8.1944	" "	
ossesso sigarette	26.8.1944	" "	
ossesso sigarette	26.8.1944	" "	
nnonario	25.8.1944	" "	
"	"	" "	
ossesso di cerini	25.8."1944	" "	
" " "	"	" "	
ossesso di farina	"	" "	
" " "	"	" "	
nnonario	25.8.1944	" "	
"	"	" "	
provvisto di permesso	25.8.1944	" "	
rto di benzina	"	" "	
" " "	"	" "	
" " "	"	" "	
nnonario	25.8.1944	" "	
"	"	" "	
"	"	" "	
"	"	" "	
"	"	" "	

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N°	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data arresto
I73	23607	Giuliani Luigi fu Leonardo	Saccheggio	20.6.I944
I74	23610	D'Ascenzo Pasquale fu Giovanni	Art.34I C.P.	22.6.I944
I75	23611	Borzi Giovanni fu Giovanni	Furto	22.6.I944
I76	23612	Viti Federico di Giovanni	Annonario	22.6.I944
I77	23613	Pellegrini Luigi fu Michele	Furto	22.6.I944
I78	23614	Attili Tommaso fu Natale	Borseggio	22.6.I944
I79	23621	Bangelli Angelo fu Pietro	Furto	23.6.I944
I80	23622	Ascoli Umberto di Leonardo	Possesso di sigarette	23.6.I944
I8I	23623	Sellistri Romolo di Vincenzo	Furto	23.6.I944
I82	23624	Volpi Luigi fu Giuseppe	Furto	23.6.I944
I83	23625	Paoletti Vito fu Angelo	Furto	20.6.I944
I84	23626	Tennoli Mario fu Alessandro	Furto	20.6.I944
I85	23650	Picchi Osvaldo fu Armando	?	24.6.I944
I86	23651	Grassi Vincenzo fu Raffaele	Possesso scatolette	24.6.I944
I87	23652	Fabbrizzi Zenco fu Adolfo	" "	24.6.I944
I88	23656	Lozi Olivio fu Giuseppe	Possesso di armi	24.6.I944
I89	23661	Romacci Gaetano fu Lorenzo	?	25.6.I944
I90	23662	Brunelli Secondo fu Pietro	?	23.6.I944
I9I	23663	Morini Licinio fu Nicola	?	23.6.I944
I92	23671	Fensori Dario di Cesare	Oltraggio	24.6.I944
I93	23672	Serroino Alberto fu Cristoforo	Annonario	25.6.I944
I94	23673	De Angelis Domenico fu Giovanni	Possesso Scatolame	25.6.I944
I95	23675	Tavani Angelo fu Domenico	Furto	22.6.I944
I96	23676	Cherubini Giovanni fu Mario	Possesso valigia	22.6.I944
I97	23677	D'Ambrosio Alberto fu Arturo	" "	22.6.I944
I98	23678	Mazzoni Alessandro fu Luigi	" scatolette	22.6.I944
I99	23680	Scarciafolo Mario fu Giovanni	Furto	24.6.I944
200	23681	Anci Gennaro fu Giovanni	Furto	24.6.I944
20I	23682	De Angelis Attio fu Benedetto	Furto	24.6.I944
202	23684	Saviano Gennaro fu Michele	Possesso di sigari	24.6.I944
203	23686	Franceschelli Duilio fu Vincenzo	" " "	24.6.I944
204	23687	Di Vanna Luigi fu Antonio	" " "	24.6.I944
205	23688	Pellegrini Angelo fu Antonio	" " "	24.6.I944
206	23689	Manca Giovanni fu Paolo	Annonario	24.6.I944
207	23690	Quattrella Vincenzo di Francesco	Possesso sigarette	24.6.I944

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Titolo del reato	Data arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
cheggio	20.8.1944	Autorità Alleata	
.341 C.P.	22.8.1944	" "	
to	22.8.1944	" "	
onario	22.8.1944	" "	
rto	22.8.1944	" "	
seggio	22.8.1944	" "	
rto	23.8.1944	" "	
sesso di sigarette	23.8.1944	" "	
rto	23.8.1944	" "	
rto	23.8.1944	" "	
rto	20.8.1944	" "	
rto	20.8.1944	" "	
?	24.8.1944	Capitano Gibreatk	
sesso scatolette	24.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
" "	24.8.1944	" "	
sesso di armi	24.8.1944	" "	
?	23.8.1944	" "	
?	23.8.1944	" "	
?	23.8.1944	" "	
ltraggio	24.8.1944	" "	
nnonario	25.8.1944	" "	
sesso scatolame	25.8.1944	" "	
urto	22.8.1944	" "	
ossesso valigia	22.8.1944	" "	
" "	22.8.1944	" "	
" scalotelle	22.8.1944	" "	
urto	24.8.1944	" "	
urto	24.8.1944	" "	
urto	24.8.1944	" "	
ossesso di sigari	24.8.1944	" "	
" " "	24.8.1944	" "	
" " "	24.8.1944	" "	
" " "	24.8.1944	" "	
annonario	24.8.1944	" "	
ossesso sigarette	24.8.1944	" "	

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N°	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e paternit	Titolo del reato	data arresto
139	23556	Mazzei Pericle di Corrado	Tentato furto di benzina	21.6.1944
140	23557	Vasselli Luigi di Adriano	Furto	20.6.1944
141	23563	Nicolai Giulio di Serafino	Tentato furto	21.6.1944
142	23566	Pignatelli Ferdinando di Giovani	Furto di bicicletta	21.6.1944
143	23567	Guardascioni Isaia di Matteo	Alterazione di permessi	21.6.1944
144	23568	Geiresi Enrico fu Giuseppe	vendita sigaretta	21.6.1944
145	23569	Raffaeli Aldo fu Gaetano	vendita sigari	21.6.1944
146	23570	Proietti Giovanni di Agostino	Giuoco d'azzardo	21.6.1944
147	23571	Scarsella Pietro di Luigi	Tentato furto con scasso	20.6.1944
148	23572	Magliancsi Alessandro fu Giuseppe	vendita olio ed altro	21.6.1944
149	23574	Zeppini Romolo di Luigi	possesso i dumenti alterati	22.6.1944
150	23575	Pizzi Sergio fu Orlando	Furto	21.6.1944
151	23576	Masi Giuseppe fu Francesco	Furto aggravato	21.6.1944
152	23579	Roncacci Giuseppe di Francesco	Rottura filo telefonico	22.6.1944
153	23580	Rupolo Angelo di Pietro	Omessa denuncia arma.	22.6.1944
154	23582	Di Bartolo Pietro di Pietro	Acquisto legna prov.furtiva	21.6.1944
155	23583	Migliorini Carmelo di Giovanni	" " " "	21.6.1944
156	23585	Proietti Gofredo di Rodolfo	Possesso merce varia	22.6.1944
157	23586	Marconi Otello di fu Umberto	" " "	22.6.1944
158	23587	Ferri Gino di Ferruccio	Furto	21.6.1944
159	23588	Nicolai Alberto di fu Edoardo	?	21.6.1944
160	23590	Castellani Vincenzo di Pietro	Furto	20.6.1944
161	23591	Vespini Alfredo di N.N.	Infrazione al proclama N°1	20.6.1944
162	23592	Fantasia Pietro fu Oreste	" " " " "	20.6.1944
163	23593	Baglioni Vincenzo di Pasquale	Furto	22.6.1944
164	23594	Buccini Abrogio fu Domenico	furto	22.6.1944
165	23596	Petraia Alfredo fu Giacomo	furto	22.6.1944
166	23597	Cucciolo Otello fu Vincenzo	Estorsione	23.6.1944
167	23598	Zampetti Carlo fu Giulio	rapina	22.6.1944
168	23599	Corallo Giuseppe fu Angelo	Annonario	22.6.1944
169	23600	Ercoli Romualdo di Daniele	"	22.6.1944
170	23603	Di Marco Otello fu Getulio	Lesioni	21.6.1944
171	23604	Ciarli Giuseppe fu Gioacchino	Furto	21.6.1944
172	23606	Ghigi Luigi di Ettore	Lesioni	17.6.1944

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Titolo del reato	date arresto	Autorita da cui dipende	annotazioni
tato furto di benzina	21.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
tto	20.8.1944	" "	
ntato furto	21.8.1944	Capitano Hopkins	
rto di bicicletta	21.8.1944	" Gibraatk	
terazione ai permessi	21.8.1944	Autorita Alleata	
ndita sigaretta	21.8.1944	" "	
ndita sigari	21.8.1944	" "	
uoco d'azzaruo	21.8.1944	Capitano Gibraatk	
ntato furto con scasso	20.8.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
ndita olio ed altro	21.8.1944	" " "	
ssesso i cumenti alleati	22.8.1944	" Alleato	
rto	21.8.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
rto aggravato	21.8.1944	Capitano Gibraatk	
ttura filo telefonico	22.8.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
messa denuncia arma.	22.8.1944	" " "	
cquisto legna prov.furtiva	21.8.1944	" " "	
" " " "	21.8.1944	" " "	
ossesso merce varia	22.8.1944	Autorita Alleata	
" " "	22.8.1944	" "	
rto	21.8.1944	Capitano Gibraatk	
?	21.8.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
rto	20.8.1944	Autorita Alleata	
frazione al proclama 3°I	20.8.1944	" "	
" " " " "	20.8.1944	" "	
rto	22.8.1944	" "	
rto	22.8.1944	" "	
rto	22.8.1944	" "	
torsione	23.8.1944	" "	
pina	22.8.1944	" "	
monario	22.8.1944	" "	
"	22.8.1944	" "	
sioni	22.8.1944	" "	
rto	21.8.1944	" "	
sioni	17.8.1944	" "	

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Nº+	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo del reato	Data arresto
104	23482	Maenza Vincenzo fu Cosentino	Furto	19.8.1944
105	23483	Consalvo Federico di Giuseppe	Furto	19.8.1944
106	23484	Diana Giuseppe fu Giuseppe	Furto	19.8.1944
107	23487	Drago Basildofu Filippo	Possesso indum.alleati	20.8.1944
108	23488	Drago Croce fu Filippo	" " "	20.8.1944
109	23489	Degli Effetti Aldo di Cesare	Coprifuoco e annonario	19.8.1944
110	23492	Magrini Aldo di Giuseppe	tentato borseggio	18.8.1944
111	23495	Mondini Lorenzo fu Gaston e	Macellazione clandestina	20.8.1944
112	23496	Marconi Sergio di Italo	" "	20.8.1944
113	23497	Corrieri Enrico di Vittorio	" "	20.8.1944
114	23498	Corrieri Renato di Pasquale	" "	20.8.1944
115	23499	Giusti Giovanni di N.N.	Tentato borseggio	18.8.1944
116	23501	Giantoni Alfredo di Giovanni	Fabbricaz.cland.carte annonarie	19.8.1944
117	23505	Cimino Pasquale fu Luigi	Possesso sigarette	18.8.1944
118	23506	Tempesta Catalde fu Senino	Maggiorazione prezzi	18.8.1944
119	23507	Dorma Ottorino di Domenico	" "	18.8.1944
120	23511	Rossi Augusto di Crescenzo	Furto	18.8.1944
121	23513	Ferrarelli Giuseppe fu Augusto	Possesso sigarette	18.8.1944
122	23515	Petuaggi Bixio di Giovanni	Possesso tessera annonaria falsa.	18.8.1944
123	23516	Piergiovanni Francesco di Pietro	possesso sigarette	20.8.1944
124	23518	Villani Antonio di Sante	Possesso benzina	20.8.1944
125	23525	Migliazzi Antonio di N.N.	Possesso scatolame	21.8.1944
126	23526	D'Ambrosio Sergio fu Antonio	Furto;	20.8.1944
127	23527	Di Primo Francesco di Carmelo	detenzione sigarette	20.8.1944
128	23528	Grimaldi Antonio di Francesco	possesso sigarette	20.8.1944
129	23536	Paravani Fernando di Raffaele	annonario	20.8.1944
130	23538	Nicoletti Aldo di Cesare	Furto	21.8.1944
131	23540	Neri Pio di Renzo	possesso sigarette	20.8.1944
132	23549	D'Agostino Luigi di Alberto	Furto benzina	21.8.1944
133	23550	Berardi Raffaele fu Sante	" "	21.8.1944
134	23551	Tomasi Luigi fu Giovanni	" "	21.8.1944
135	23552	Bernasconi Osvaldo fu Gaetano	" "	21.8.1944
136	23553	Abuiso Augusto di Leonida	Tentato furto benzina	21.8.1944
137	23554	Gasperini Renzo fu Luigi	" " "	21.8.1944
138	23555	Lenghini Mario di Francesco	passaggio zona proibita	21.8.1944

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Titolo del reato	Data arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
rto	19.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
rto	19.8.1944	Capitano Hopkins	
rto	19.8.1944	" "	
sesso indum.alleati	20.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
" " "	20.8.1944	" "	
rifucco e annonario	19.8.1944	Autorità Alleata	
tato borseggio	18.8.1944	Tribunale Milita e Alleato	
cellazione clandestina	20.8.1944	" " "	
" "	20.8.1944	" " "	
" "	20.8.1944	" " "	
" "	20.8.1944	Autorità Alleata	
" "		" "	
ntato borseggio	18.8.1944		
bbricaz.cland.carte annonarie	19.8.1944	Capitano Gibreat	
sesso sigarette	18.8.1944	Autorità Alleata	
ggiorazione prezzi	18.8.1944	" "	
" "	18.8.1944	" "	
rto	18.8.1944	" "	
sesso sigarette	18.8.1944	" "	
sesso tessera annona= a falsa.	18.8.1944	" "	
sesso sigarette	20.8.1944	" "	
sesso benzina	20.8.1944	" "	
sesso scatolame	21.8.1944	" "	
rto;	20.8.1944	Capitano Gibreatk	
tenzione sigarette	20.8.1944	Tribunale Alleato	
sesso sigarette	20.8.1944	" "	
nnonario	20.8.1944	Capitano Gibreatk	
rto	21.8.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
sesso sigarette	20.8.1944	" Alleato	
rto benzina	21.8.1944	" "	
" "	21.8.1944	" "	
" "	21.8.1944	" "	
" "	21.8.1944	" "	
ntato furto benzina	21.8.1944	" "	
" " "	21.8.1944	" "	
sseggio zona proibita	21.8.1944	" "	

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N°	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e paternità	Titolo del reato	data arresto
70	23392	Basili Genasio fu Colombano	?	I7.6.I944
7I	23400	Conti Fernando fu Rinaldo	Furto	I7.6.I944
72	23401	Renzi Lorenzo fu Pietro	Furto	I7.6.I944
73	23404	Florenzano Carlo di Nicola	Truffa	I7.6.I944
74	23405	Federici Giulio fu Antonio	Possesso generi alleati	I6.6.I944
75	23410	Barbaresi Franco fu Antonio	Maggiorazione prezzi	I7.6.I944
76	23411	Kannewiff Giovanni di Giacomo	possesso sigarette	I6.6.I944
77	23414	Droghini Adelmo fu Secondo	vendita sigarette prezzi magg.	I7.6.I944
78	23415	Rossati Teobaldi di Luigi	possesso sigarette	I7.6.I944
79	23416	Massari Rocco di Gaetano	detenzione armi	I7.6.I944
80	23424	Simbani Carmine di Nicola	abbuso divisa ed altro	I5.6.I944
8I	23425	Casali Vittorio di Giuseppe	?	I7.6.I944
82	23426	Prati Alfio di Paris	Appropriazione indebita	I6.6.I944
83	23428	Amicucci Umberto di Vincenzo	Possesso oggetti atti scasso	I7.6.I944
84	23430	Salvi Mario di Pietro	Furto aggravato	I6.6.I944
85	23431	Del Bufalo Antonio	furto	I7.6.I944
86	23432	Passi Pietro di Luigi	furto	I7.6.I944
87	23435	AscaniLuigi di Giovanni	furto	I7.6.I944
88	23436	Porroni Enrico fu Fulvio	furto	I7.6.I944
89	23442	Mattu Gavino di Pasquale	possesso generi rialleati	I7.6.I944
90	23443	Bordini Giovanni fu Luigi	" " "	I7.6.I944
9I	23445	Portigallo Vincenzo di N.N.	borseggio	I6.6.I944
92	23446	Mancuso Fila Adelfio di Giovanni	Borseggio	I6.6.I944
93	23453	Luciani Bixio di Guglielmo	Art.707 C.P. I2I T.U.P.S.	I6.6.I944
94	23454	Musella Vincenco di Umberto	Art.707 C.P.	I6.6.I944
95	23455	Olivieri Alberto di Luigi	" " " "	I6.6.I944
96	23456	Biancahini Giovanni fu Raimondo	" " " "	I6.6.I944
97	23458	Bernasconi Mario fu Stanislao	Vendita uova prezzi maggiorati	I6.6.I944
98	23461	Spaziani Umberto di fu Giacomo	Lesioni	I6.6.I944
99	23462	Parapetti Costantino fu Giuseppe	Furto	I6.6.I944
I00	23467	D'Ingello Tiberio fu Tommaso	Vendita uova prezzi maggiorati	I7.6.I944
I0I	23469	Tiburzi Giovanni fu Zefferino	Rifiuto obbligo Polizia alleata	I9.6.I944
I02	23470	Palmieri Luigi di Rodolfo	Possesso scarpe alleate	I9.6.I944
I03	23471	Salvatore Giuseppe di Stefano	Furto	I9.6.I944

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Titolo del reato	data arresto	autorità da cui dipende	annotazioni
?	I7.8.1944	Autorità Alleate	
	I7.8.1944	" "	
	I7.8.1944	" "	
	I7.8.1944	" "	
so generi alleati	I6.8.1944	" "	
razione prezzi	I6.8.1944	" "	
so sigarette	I8.8.1944	" "	
a sigarette prezzi magg.	I7.8.1944	" "	
so sigarette	I7.8.1944	" "	
ione armi	I7.8.1944	" "	
divisa ed altro	I5.8.1944	" "	
?	I7.8.1944	" "	
rrazione indebita	I8.8.1944	A.M.G.	
so oggetti atti scasso	I7.8.1944	Autorità Alleate	
aggravato	I8.8.1944	" "	
	I7.8.1944	" "	
	I7.8.1944	" "	
	I7.8.1944	" "	
	I7.8.1944	" "	
	I7.8.1944	" "	
so oggetti rialleati	I7.8.1944	Capitano Hpkins	
" "	I7.8.1944	" "	
ggio	I8.8.1944	Autorità Alleate	
ggio	I8.8.1944	" "	
C.P. I2I T.U.P.S.	I8.8.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
7 C.P.	I8.8.1944	" " "	
" "	I8.8.1944	" " "	
" "	I8.8.1944	" " "	
a uova prezzi maggiorati	I8.8.1944	" " "	
ni	I8.8.1944	" " "	
	I8.8.1944	" " "	
a uova prezzi maggiorati	I7.8.1944	" " "	
o obbligo polizia alleata	I9.8.1944	" " "	
go scarpe alleate	I9.8.1944	" " "	
	I9.8.1944	" " "	

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N° D.	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e paternità	Titolo del reato	Data arresto
36	22725	De Blasi Luigi di Giovanni	Indagini	27.6.1944
37	22730	Perfetti Pasquale fu Antonio	"	27.6.1944
38	22731	Lignori Aldo Goffredo di Genaro	Truffa	27.6.1944
39	22732	Carpena Francesco fu Arturo	Indagini	14.6.1944
40	22733	De Stasio Giuseppe di Frncaesco	"	10.6.1944
41	22734	Tata Giovanni di Francesco	"	12.6.1944
42	22735	Dore Giovanni fu Paolo	"	12.6.1944
43	22736	Spedicato Antonio di Giuseppe	"	6.6.1944
44	22737	Fruzzetti Enrico fu Pietro	"	8.6.1944
45	22741	Giovannucci Tancredo di Ercole	Coprifuoco, eccesso velocità	6.6.1944
46	22752	Biasciusci Armando di Angelo	Collaboratore nazi-fascisti	5.6.1944
47	22755	Viti Vincenzo di Arturo	Possesso benzina	4.6/1944
48	22756	Viti Romolo di Ettore	" "	4.6.1944
49	22757	Pacifici Benedetto di Luigi	" "	4.6.1944
50	22762	Balbinetti Alfredo di Sebastiano	proclama art.5	6.6.1944
51	22768	Risi Remo Romolo fu Antonio	furto	4.6.1944
52	22778	Gonella Giovanni di Pietro	rapina a mano armata	10.6.1944
53	22837	Zaccardelli Renzo fu Vincenzo	Possesso sigarette	7.6.1944
54	22838	Vergini Mario di N.N.	" "	7.6.1944
55	22841	Passaro Roberto di Pasquale	spendita biglietti da 1000 falsi	6.6.1944
56	22850	Cevenini Vittorio di Giuseppe	prezzi maggiorati	6.6.1944
57	23314	Casatelli Arcangelo di Enrico	furto	15.6.1944
58	23326	Di Biagio Pietro fu Filippo	furto	16.6.1944
59	23332	Mulas Matteo fu Alessio	furto	16.6.1944
60	23333	Onofri Federico di Luigi	furto	16.6.1944
61	23342	Collegari Ugo di Bruno	Oltraggio rest.forza pubblica	15.6.1944
62	23343	Baroni Giulio di Adolfo	tentato furto	15.6.1944
63	23348	Forlivesi Umberto di Antonio	indagini	15.6.1944
64	23350	Mugnani Bruno di Francesco	rapina	16.6.1944
65	23351	Paris Antonio di Rosario	"	15.6.1944
66	23352	Marchetti Andrea di Alfredo	"	16.6.1944
67	23376	Marcomeni Tommaso fu Francesco	tentato furto	16.6.1944
68	23378	Ghirardini Vittorio	furto	17.6.1944
69	23379	Carucci Tolmino di Guido	annonario	16.6.1944

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Titolo del reato	Data arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazione
gini	27.6.1944	Maggiore Batterbej	
	27.6.1944	" "	
	27.6.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
fa	14.6.1944	Maggiore Batterbej	
gini	10.6.1944	" "	
"	12.6.1944	" "	
"	12.6.1944	" "	
"	6.6.1944	" "	
"	6.6.1944	" "	
grifuoco, eccesso velocità	6.6.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
llaboratore nazi-fascisti	5.6.1944	" " "	
sesso benzina	4.6/1944	" " "	
" "	4.6.1944	" " "	
" "	4.6.1944	" " "	
oclama art.5	6.6.1944	" " "	
rto	4.6.1944	" " "	
pina a mano armata	16.6.1944	" " "	
sesso sigarette	7.6.1944	" " "	
" "	7.6.1944	" " "	
pendita biglietti da 1000	6.6.1944	" " "	
alsi			
reati maggiorati	6.6.1944	" " "	
rto	15.6.1944	" " "	
rto	16.6.1944	Autorità Alleate	
rto	16.6.1944	" "	
rto	16.6.1944	" "	
ltraggio rest.forza pubblica	16.6.1944	" "	
ntato furto	15.6.1944	" "	
ndagini	15.6.1944	" "	
apina	16.6.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
"	15.6.1944	" " "	
"	16.6.1944	" " "	
tentato furto	16.6.1944	Autorità Alleata	
furto	17.6.1944	" "	
annonario	16.6.1944	" "	

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N° D.	Matr.	Cognome - Nome e Paternità	Titolo e el reato	Data arresto
I	22867	Coria Giuseppe du Augusto	Furto aggravato e false gene=ralità	7.8.1944
2	22881	Piermattei Salvatore di Antonio	Possesso benzina	7.8.1944
3	22914	Peuone Giuseppe fu Giuseppe	Militante SS. Tedesca	7.8.1944
4	22915	Bonomo Guido fu Vincenzo	" " "	7.8.1944
5	22922	Ferrari Otello fu Giuseppe	Possesso Sigarette	8.8.1944
6	23054	Bovolato Giovanni di Domenico	Fabbricaz.biglietti da 100	6.8.1944
7	23055	Mancini Enrico fu Pietro	falsi. " " "	6.8.1944
8	23059	Capriolo Umberto fu Secondo	Indagini	10.8.1944
9	23105	Polacco Giovanni fu Gasparre	"	7.8.1944
10	23106	Miraglia Emilio di Pompilio	"	7.8.1944
II	23126	Luca Carmelo di Giuseppe	Ubriachezza e porto di coltello	11.8.1944
I2	23139	Corsi Gabriele fu Augusto	Collaboratore coi tedeschi	9.8.1944
I3	23155	Marini Paolo fu Coriolamo	fabbricaz.biglietti da 100	10.8.1944
14	23156	Virgolino Aldo di Alberto	falsi. " " "	10.8.1944
I5	23160	Giacometti Giulio di Luigi	Concorso in furto	9.8.1944
I6	23174	Fucili Igino fu Aurelio	favoreggiamento prostitute	II.8.1944
I7	23187	D'Angelo Angelo di Uliano	collaboratore coi fascisti	I2.8.1944
I8	23192	Verdini Gino di Celestino	Minaccia Pubbl.Uff.ed altro	I3.8.1944
I9	23208	Di Chiappari Alfredo di Giuseppe	Collaboratore nazi-fascisti	10.8.1944
20	23211	Giovannardi Giampaolo fu Ferdinando	furto	3.8.1944
21	23215	Tedesco Davide fu Bartolomeo	favoreggiamento prostitute	I2.8.1944
22	23220	Raimondi Domenico fu Vincenzo	detenzione rivoltella	I2.8.1944
23	23258	Principessa Arturo fu Antonio	furto di una bicicletta	I3.8.1944
24	23260	Caputo Felice di Giuseppe	false generalità	I3.8.1944
25	23264	Borsetti Giovanni di Antonio	Furto aggravato	I2.8.1944
26	23265	Aloisi Fernando di Armando	sospetto autorre furto	I2.8.1944
27	23266	Ciani Carlo di Giovanni	Possesso ruota autocarro	I4.8.1944
29	23658	Salamone Angelo fu Vincenzo	correità in furto	4.8.1944
30	22660	Cetro Rocco fu Carmine	diserzione	5.8.1944
31	22676	Vannone Augusto fu Livio	prezzi maggiorati	4.8.1944
32	22682	Lagerenza Giacomo fu Angelo	" "	5.8.1944
33	22683	Esu Salvatore di Francesco	Annonario	5.8.1944
34	22707	Kovaca Antol di Giovanni	Furto	5.8.1944
35	22705	Ferruri Francesco fu Giovanni	possesso gomme	5.8.1944

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Titolo o si reato	Data arresto	Autorità da cui dipende	Annotazioni
to aggravato e false gene= ità	1.6.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
esso benzina	7.6.1944	" " "	
itante SS. Tedesca	1.6.1944	" " "	
" " "	1.6.1944	" " "	
esso Sigarette	6.6.1944	" " "	
bricaz.biglietti da 100	6.6.1944	" " "	
si. " " "	6.6.1944	" " "	
agini	10.6.1944	Maggiore Battersbey	
"	1.6.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
"	1.6.1944	" " "	
riachezza e porto di coltelloli.6.1944		" " "	
llaboratore coi tedeschi	9.6.1944	" " "	
bricaz.biglietti da 100	10.6.1944	" " "	
si. " " "	10.6.1944	" " "	
ncorso in furto	9.6.1944	" " "	
voreggiamento prostitute	11.6.1944	" " "	
llaboratore coi fascisti	12.6.1944	" " "	
naccia Pubbl.Uff.ed altro	13.6.1944	" " "	
llaboratore nazi-fascisti	10.6.1944	" " "	
rto	3.6.1944	" " "	
voreggiamento prostitute	12.6.1944	" " "	
tenzione rivoltella	12.6.1944	" " "	
rto di una bicicletta	13.6.1944	" " "	
lse generalità	13.6.1944	" " "	
to aggravato	12.6.1944	Autorità Alleata	
ospetto autorre furto	12.6.1944	Tribunale Militare Alleato	
ossesso ruota autocarro	14.6.1944	" " "	
rreità in furto	4.6.1944	" " "	
serzione	5.6.1944	" " "	
rezzi maggiorati	4.6.1944	" " "	
" "	5.6.1944	" " "	
nonario	5.6.1944		
rto	5.6.1944		
ossesso gomme	5.6.1944		

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ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Public Safety Division, Rome
Headquarters, Prison Superintendent

29/8/1944

TO: Lt. Col. Pollock
Chief P.S. Division.

SUBJECT: Report of Incident, Regina Coeli.

1) The undersigned reports that, about 17.30 hrs. 28/8/44, while in his office at Regina Coeli, he was advised by 'phone that an attempted jail break was in progress in the 2nd Cancello of the Prison. He immediately proceded to the scene and found the follow=ing situation in progress, or having reportedly eventuated just prior to his arrival:

2) A small group of common prisoners in the 7th and 8th wings had chosen a favourable moment and escaped from their wing into the central portion of Cancello N°2. They were met by a group of the civilian guards who succeeded in forcing them back into their wing with the help of a small detachment of British soldiers who are on duty as guards for the 3rd and 4th (CIC Security) wings. Several shots were fired, for the purpose of intimidation only; but one prisoner was wounded in the right shoulder and another injured slightly by flying glass. One guard was wounded in the left hand, evidently from a ricochet bullet. None of the injuries are consi=dered serious.

3) The undersigned arrived on the scene after the prisoners had been herded back into their wing. He immediately ordered all fi=ring to cease, and relieved the British soldiers from further duty, placing the control of the situation in the hands of the civilian director.

4) Causes of the disturbance vary. There are reports that some of the prisoners said that they were hungry. Others state that a few malcontents precipitated the incident by various types of inflammatory remarks.

5) The prison was quiet during the night but extra CC.RR. are patrolling the interior and exterior ares as a precautionary measure.

6) The undersigned made a complete inspection of the 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th wings from 0500 to 0630 hrs this morning (29/8/44). Some unnecessary overcrowding was found and is being corrected. Otherwise conditions were satisfactory.

7) Many rumours are current regarding renewed disturbances

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The undersigned is passing such information as he receives on to the civilian director, with pertinent suggestions for inmate security.
Personnel of CIC wing is alerted and prepared. It is not felt that the undersigned can assume command of and full responsibility for the situation, but will stand by to maintain a measure of control.

8) Newspapers reports of the incident are mainly grossly inaccurate, vicious, or otherwise unfair.

9) Further reports will be made as occasion warrants.

R. M. Freeman Capt CIC P.

R.M. FREEMAN Capt.
Asst. Dir. of Prisons, Region IV.

HEADQUARTERS REGION IV
PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION
APO 696 MGIACC

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