

ACC

10000/143/1445

10000/143/1445

YUGOSLAV - TRIESTE INCIDENTS
APR., MAY 1945

Minute. 3

C.A.

Folio 4 For information, together with an account of the Trieste Procession incidents in the Risorgimento literale. This is the first occasion that cudgels have been carried and used as dangerous weapons by the communists.

The R. Questore in his report is very guarded in his reference to the "red" element.

P.S.

5 May, 1945.

Walter Doherty
Lt. Col.

Ex. Commission

For information Folio 4.

5 May

G. D. Bingham
Lt. Col.
CAS

The paper on sometimes effective

specimen

C.A. Sec

Ex Com? has seen.

10/8/45

No further action

G. D. Bingham
Lt. Col.

3405

Minute Sheet
-1-

20th April, 1948

SUBJECT: Yugoslav - Trieste incidents.

TO: VP CA Section.

1. Information has been received, through the Carabinieri Command, that in Sicily, on 23rd April, 1948, at Messina, Agrigori and at Termini Imerese, Palermo, approximately 1,000 students, at each place, demonstrated against Yugoslav designs on Italian territory.
2. At the same time at Genoa, 1,000 students similarly demonstrated against Yugoslav designs on Istria. Having satisfied themselves with orderly demonstrations, the students created no further incidents.
3. This would appear to be a joint action by the students of the mainland and Sicily. Any further developments will be reported.
4. No indication has been given as to association with any political party.

Walter Loherty

for JOHN W. CHAFFIN,
Colonel, A.A.S.D.,
Director, Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

-2-

*Executive Commission**Minute 1 for information**G. B. Bonham for - 261 CAS
29 April**MS [unclear] [unclear] MS [unclear]*

3404

CC.RR. Headquarters

10 May 1945
375/12

SUBJECT: Demonstrations for the liberation of Northern Italy or for Trieste.

TO : A.C. Public Safety S/C Rome.

Terre Ausunziata (Naples)

On 29th April 45, by the initiative of that section of the National Wounded Association and Invalids of War, there was a demonstration for the liberation of Northern Italy, more than 2,000 persons took part including all the civil and military authorities of the place.

The demonstrators, preceded by the municipal band and by two platoons of Italian soldiers, went through the main streets of the town.

On the Corso Vittorio Emanuele a memorial to Captain Angelo Iovene, fallen in the war 1915 - 18 was unveiled.

Some orators praised the figure of the fallen and the value of the patriots of Northern Italy.

No incidents.

Latina

On the 2nd inst. about 150 High School students went through the main streets of the town, in protest against the occupation of Trieste by the Yugoslav troops.

Giugliano (Naples)

On 2nd inst., about 4000 persons went through the main streets of the town carrying flags and rejoicing for the end of the war in Italy.

Mugnano (Naples)

On the 2nd inst. about 1000 went through the main streets of the town rejoicing for the liberation of Northern Italy and the end of the war on Italian territory.

Ancona

On the 2nd inst. about 200 persons, mostly students, went through the main streets of the town in protest against the occupation of Trieste by the Yugoslav troops.

Some elements of the Communist party tried to avoid the manifestation thus provoking disturbances which were immediately calmed down by the Public Force.

Soriano nel Cimino (Viterbo)

On the 2nd inst. about 3000 persons went through the main streets of the town rejoicing the end of the hostilities in Italy.

During the demonstration a number of boys entered the house of the ex-squadrista and Republican Fascist Pandimiglio Marino, who was out of town, taking away clothing, foodstuffs and damaging the furniture.

Everything was recovered and returned to the relations of the owner.

The CC.RR. avoided further disorders.

Salerno

On the 2nd inst. several pamphlets were found exalting Trieste and Istria to the Italians.

On the following day 3rd inst. about 3000 persons, with flags, went through the main streets of the town, rejoicing the liberation of Northern Italy.

From the balcony of the Prefettura building the avv. Cilento pronounced a brief speech.

No incident.

Caserta (Naples)

On the 3rd inst. about 500 persons, with music and national flags, went through the main streets of the town rejoicing the liberation of Northern Italy and Trieste and Istria to the Italians.

Gavinia

(2)

The mayor pronounced aspeech.
No incident.

Prato (Florence)

On the 4th inst. numerous pamphlets were thrown along the main streets of the town. These were the words:

" IF THERE IS ANYONE IN ITALY WHO SAYS THAT TRIESTE IS NOT OURS HE IS SOLD TO THE FOREIGNERS"

WILL TRIESTE REMAIN TO ITALY? YES. THE SIX HUNDRED DEAD OF VITTORIO VENETO ARE WATCHING US".

CHRISTIAN DEMOCRACY.

Naples

On the 4th inst. about 500 students avoided going to their classes in order to improvise a demonstration re-affirming Trieste to the Italians.

Owing to the ready intervention of the Public Force the demonstration did not take place.

On the same day, at 1200 hrs, about 200 students of other institutes obliged the head masters of the schools "Mario Pagano" and "Umberto I" to let the scholars out in order to improvise a manifestation of rejoicing for the occupation of Trieste and Istria by the Allied troops.

An odd stone was even thrown against the windows of said institutes, bearing no consequences.

Translation as/

340

(2)

(2)

The mayor pronounced a brief speech.

No incident.

Prato (Florence)

On the 4th inst. along the main streets of the town, numerous pamphlets were thrown by unknown persons, on which were written:

" WILL TRIESTE REMAIN ITALIAN? YES. THE 6000 dead of Vittorio Veneto are looking at us".

If there is anyone who says that Trieste is not ours he

Translation.

CC.RR. Gen. HQ/

9th May 1945.

N. 375/20 R.P.

Subject : Demonstration for the Italian character of Trieste.

To : A.C. P.S. S/C.

NUORO - On the 25th and 26th of April last, middle school students went through the main streets of the town carrying flags and banners with patriotic inscriptions, emphasizing the Italian character of Trieste, Trento and Fiume.

NAPLES - On the 30th of April last, roughly 900 students did not attend lessons, in order to celebrate the liberation of Northern Italy.

CARBONIA (Cagliari) - During the night from the 2nd to the 3th instant, the population went through the main streets of the village, carrying red and three-coloured flags and singing the hymn "red flag", as a target of enthusiasm for the end of the war in Italy.

Thousands of gears were exploded, causing no damages. A workman while throwing a hand-grenade injured his hand. No other accident.

Commanding General
-Brunetto Brunetti-

rv.

3401

14602/15
104
Translation

CC.RR. Gen. HQ.

7th May 1945.

N. 375/6 R.F.

Subject : Demonstration for the Liberation of Northern Italy
And the Italian character of Trieste.

To : A.C. P.S. S/C.

IONIA (Catania) - On the 4th instant, the middle-school students, during a demonstration emphasizing the Italian character of Trieste, throwing odd stones against the windows of the quarters of the separatist movement section, broke them to pieces; they even removed the board, which they burned.
No other incident.

SASSARI - On the 4th instant, furthered by the provincial National Liberation Committee, a demonstration of joy for the liberation of Northern Italy took place. Roughly 2000 persons participated.

Speeches were held by the Mayor, Avv. DEVILLA Ignazio and Avv. DORE Francesco, of the Sardinian party, who was several times interrupted by the ex fighters and by elements with a monarchic tendency, as he had spoken against the monarchy.
No incidents.

MARSALA (Trapani) - On the 5th instant, about 500 students, of the middle-schools, went through the main streets of the village, as the news had spread that Italy has been allowed to the S.Francisco Conference.

On the same day, another demonstration took place, made by roughly 1000 students, rejoicing the liberation of Northern Italy.

Speeches were held by the prefectual Commissioner and the principals of the middle-schools.
No incidents.

Commanding General
-Brunetto Brunetti-

rv.

3400

TRANSLATION, EC.CO. MR. GENERAL HQ.

Rome 4th May 1945

N/375/4

Subject: Demonstration for the liberation of Northern Italy
and for the Italian character of Trieste.

To.....: Allied Commission Public Safety Subcommittee.

PORTO CERENQUE (Atriporto)

On the 22th April about one hundred students of the middle schools, headed by the vice-Mayor Mr. Sinigaglia, crossed the streets protesting to the unity of Italy.

SALERNO

On the 25th April, about 2000 students, made a demonstration to protest the designs of Marshal Tito in regard to Fiume and Trieste.

BRINDISI

On the 25th April about one hundred students made a demonstration of protesting for the exclusion of Italy from the S. Francisco conference, and in regard to the designs of Marshal Tito for Trieste.

PORTOFINO

On the 25th April, about five hundred students of the middle schools, crossed the most important streets of the town, carrying two flags at half mast.

They stopped for about 10 minutes in front of the English and American consulates, in order to protest for the exclusion of Italy from the S. Francisco conference.

PISA

On the 26th April, about one hundred students made a demonstration in order to protest for the exclusion of Italy from the S. Francisco conference.

CHIETI

On the 27th April, for initiative of the Education Pool, and of the Teachers, a demonstration for the liberation of Northern Italy, and for the Italian character of Trieste, took place.

Prof. Torrese of the Classic Liceum, secretary of the local

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TRANSLATION NO.

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communist section, praised the valour of the patriots, and the celebration given by the Italians to the victory of the Allies. No incidents.

CAGLIARI

On the 27th April, about 1500 students crossed the most important streets of the town, praising the liberation of Northern Italy, going afterwards in front of the Hq. of the Sardegna High Commissariate. H. E. Pinna had a little speech praising the fatherland, the allied forces and our partisans.

OSTUNI (Brindisi)

On the 27th April, about four hundred persons, with band and three colored flags, rendered homage at the monument to the fallen in order to praise the liberation of Northern Italy. Doct. Barnaba Rendetto and Roma Salvatore made short speeches, which were greatly appreciated.

MESSINA

The 27th April, the students of the middle schools, praising the liberation of Northern Italy, tried to enter the Hq. of the separatist movement section. For the immediate intervention of CC.NN. the aim was not reached. Afterwards the exponents of the separatist movement made a demonstration in order to protest. The police dispersed the demonstrators and detained 27 persons, among whom lawyer Restuccia Francesco, vice president of the movement.

CHIERI

On the 28th April, in square "Valignani" took place a meeting, to which participated the greatest part of the population carrying national flags and posters in order to praise the liberation of Northern Italy. The representatives of the six parties to the Government raised the valour of our partisans, and to the Italian character of Trieste. The exponents of the communist and of the socialist party disapproved the great slowness of the Government in regard to the epuration. No incidents.

TREPPUZZI AND SALICE (Lecce)

On the 29th April, during a praising manifestation, made by students

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TRANSLATION

-3-

for the victorious actions of partisans in Northern Italy, some persons affiliated to the republican party, hauled down the three colored flag, bearing Savoia, which was expounded on the Hospital and removed the sign of the Prefecture. Immediate intervention of CC.RR. avoided further incidents.

NAPLES

On the 3rd May, about seven hundred students of the middle schools crossed the streets of the town in order to praise the end of the war in Italy and to demonstrate the Italian character of Trieste. Other five hundred students of the middle schools and about six hundred of the university, bearing the three colored flag, tried to make same demonstration. The CC.RR. immediately intervened and avoided the demonstration.

CHIETI

On the third instant the students of the middle schools made a demonstration for the end of the war in Italy, praising also to the Italian character of Trieste.

Many speeches have been made.

The disorder which took place among students and elements of the various parties was met by the CC.RR. who succeeded in re-establishing order.

CATANISSETTA

On the 3th instant, about 5 hundred students of the middle schools climbed to the monument to the fallen to praise for the end of the war in Italy.

Commanding General

Brunette Brunetti

3337

TRANSLATION, ea.

CARABINIERI GENERAL COMMAND

No. 375/2 R.P.

Rome, 5th May, 1945.

SUBJECT: Demonstration for the liberation of Northern Italy
and the Italianisation of Trieste.

TO: A.C., P.S., S/S. Rome.

In Messina on the 26th April last, there was a demonstration for the liberation of Northern Italy and to proclaim the Italian character of Trieste.

In Nocera (Salerno) on the 26th April last, about 300 students went through the streets of the village in sign of protest for the presumptions of Marshal Tito on Trieste and Istria.

In Sanfeti (Salerno) on the 27th April last, students of the college there refused to assist at lectures in sign of protest for Yugoslav demands over Trieste and Istria.

In Florence on the 27th April last, about 200 students went through the streets of the city jubilating for the liberation of Northern Italy.

In Antria (Bari) on the 27th April last, about 300 students went through the streets of the village to affirm the Italian character of Trieste. The demonstrators distributed a hand-bill of which copy is attached.

In Bari, on the 28th April last, about 1,000 students of the university went through the streets of the city singing patriotic hymns and carrying the national flag, acclaiming the Italian character of Trieste, Fiume and Zara.

In Barcellona (Messina) on the 28th April last, students of the intermediate schools formed a procession through the principal streets affirming the Italian character of Trieste and Fiume. The Mayor, Avv. Imbriani, spoke briefly and concluded by enjoining faith in the justice of the Allies.

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In Messina on the 26th April last, there was a demonstration for the liberation of Northern Italy and to proclaim the Italian character of Trieste.

In Nocera (Salerno) on the 26th April last, about 300 students went through the streets of the village in sign of protest for the presumptions of Marshal Tito on Trieste and Istria.

In Scafati (Salerno) on the 27th April last, students of the college there refused to assist at lectures in sign of protest for Yugoslav demands over Trieste and Istria.

In Florence on the 27th April last, about 200 students went through the streets of the city jubilating for the liberation of Northern Italy.

In Ancona (Bari) on the 27th April last, about 300 students went through the streets of the village to affirm the Italian character of Trieste. The demonstrators distributed a hand-bill of which copy is attached.

In Bari, on the 28th April last, about 1,000 students of the university went through the streets of the city singing patriotic hymns and carrying the national flag, acclaiming the Italian character of Trieste, Fiume and Zara.

In Barcellona (Messina) on the 29th April last, students of the intermediate schools formed a procession through the principal streets affirming the Italian character of Trieste and Fiume. The Mayor, Avv. Maimone, spoke briefly and concluded by enjoining faith in the justice of the Allies.

In Catania on the 2nd instant, students of the intermediate schools went through the principal streets of the city proclaiming the Italian character of Trieste.

Some separatists took possession of the flag which was carried at the head of the procession and the students tried to invade the Separatists Movement Section, however, they did not succeed on account of the prompt intervention of the force who prevented further incidents.

In Acireale (Catania) on the 3rd instant, students of the intermediate schools and large numbers of the population, exulting in the liberation of Northern Italy, asked for the immediate

closing of the separatist movement section and the expulsion of the national flag.

The force in order to prevent disorders had the flag pulled down and guarded the premises.

No incident.

In Bagheria (Palermo) on the 3rd instant, some separatist students, attempted to disturb a demonstration of about 100 students who were celebrating the liberation of Northern Italy and the unity of all Italy.

The force dispersed the demonstrators without incident.

In Palermo on the 3rd instant, at 0830 hours, students of the Umberto 1st school attempted to stage a demonstration for the end of the war in Italy.

The prompt intervention of the public force prevented the project being carried out.

No incident.

THE COMMANDING GENERAL
- Brunetto Brunetti -

YOUNG MEN 1

While the war of liberation realises foot by foot, with further sacrifice of blood, our national territory, thus regaining the Unity reached with the Risorgimento, other peoples are already attacking the integrity of our national frontiers with inadmissible proposals for Trieste and Istria.

From the altar of the country, from the Ossario of Redipuglia and from thousands of cemeteries on the Carso and in the Trentino, the shadows of our fathers who fell call to us that Vittorio Veneto is blood and grandeur of all the Italian people.

In Palermo (Palermo) on the 1st instant, some separatist students, attempted to disturb a demonstration of about 100 students who were celebrating the liberation of Northern Italy and the unity of all Italy.

The Force dispersed the demonstrators without incident.

In Palermo on the 1st instant, at 0830 hours, students of the Umberto 1st school attempted to stage a demonstration for the end of the war in Italy.

The prompt intervention of the public Force prevented the project being carried out.

No incident.

THE COMMANDING GENERAL

- Brunetto Brunetti -

YOUNG MEN !

While the way of liberation remains foot by foot, with further sacrifice of blood, our national territory, thus regaining the Unity reached with the Risorgimento, other peoples are already attacking the integrity of our national frontiers with inadmissible proposals for Trieste and Istria.

From the altar of the country, from the Casario of Radipaglia and from thousands of cemeteries on the Carso and in the Trentino, the shadows of our fathers who fell call to us that Vittorio Veneto is blood and grandure of all the ITALIAN PEOPLE.

New founts of irredentism, new aims of secret societies, new ideas of national unity, will fatally open the way to future war.

The attempt is therefore against Italy and peace.

We, the younger generation, in the name of Dante, rise ready, with one unanimous cry of protest:

LONG LIVE ITALIAN TRIESTE AND ISTRIA! LONG LIVE ITALY!

RISERVA D PERSONALE

Comando Generale dell'Arma dei Carabinieri Reali

UFFICIO SERVIZIO - SITUAZIONE E COLLEGAMENTI

N. 375/2

di prot. R.P.

Roma, li 5 maggio 1943

Risposta al

del

Allegati n.

OGGETTO: Dimostrazioni per la liberazione dell'Italia settentrio-
nale e per l'italianità di Trieste.

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA

-Sottocommissione per la I.S.-

R O M A

In Messina, il 26 aprile scorso, vi fu una dimostrazio-
ne di esultanza per la liberazione dell'Italia settentrio-
nale e per proclamare l'italianità di Trieste.

In Nocera Inferiore (Salerno), il 26 aprile scorso,
circa 300 studenti percorsero le vie del paese in segno
di protesta per le pretese del Maresciallo Tito su Trie-
ste e l'Istria.

In Scafati (Salerno), il 27 aprile scorso, gli studen-
ti di quel ginnasio si rifiutarono di assistere alle le-
zioni in segno di protesta per le richieste jugoslave di
Trieste e dell'Istria.

3334

In Firenze, il 27 aprile scorso, circa 200 studenti, percorsero le vie della città inneggiando alla liberazione dell'Italia del Nord.

In Andria (Bari), il 27 aprile scorso, circa 300 studenti percorsero le vie del paese per riaffermare l'italianità di Trieste. Dai dimostranti fu diffuso un manifestino, di cui si allega copia.

In Bari, il 28 aprile scorso, circa 1000 studenti universitari percorsero le principali vie della città, al canto di inni patriottici e con bandiere nazionali, acclamando all'italianità di Trieste, Fiume e Zara.

In Barcellona (Messina), il 28 aprile scorso, gli studenti delle scuole medie percorsero, in corteo, le vie principali del paese, per riaffermare l'italianità di Trieste e Fiume. Parlò brevemente il Sindaco, avv. Maimone, che concluse dichiarando di aver fiducia nel senso di giustizia degli alleati.

In Catania, il 2 corrente, gli studenti delle scuole medie percorsero le vie principali della città inneggiando all'italianità di Trieste.

Poiché alcuni elementi separatisti si erano impadroniti della bandiera tricolore, recata in testa al corteo, gli studenti tentarono d'invadere quella sezione del movimento separatista, senza riuscirci per il pronto intervento della forza pubblica, che impedì ulteriori incidenti.

In Acireale (Catania), il 3 corrente, gli studenti delle Scuole medie e numerosa popolazione, esultanti per la liberazione dell'Italia del Nord, chiesero l'immediata chiusura di quella sezione del movimento separatista e l'esposizione del

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la bandiera nazionale.

L'Arma, per evitare disordini, fece issare la bandiera e piantonò i locali.

Nessun incidente.

In Bagheria (Palermo), il 3 corrente, alcuni studenti separatisti, tentarono disturbare una dimostrazione di circa 100 studenti impegnati alla liberazione dell'Italia del Nord e all'unità italiana.

L'Arma sciolse i dimostranti, senza incidenti.

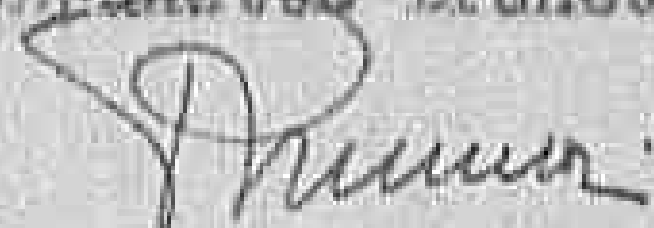
In Palermo, il 3 corrente, alle ore 8,30, gli studenti del ginnasio-liceo Umberto I° tentarono di improvvisare una dimostrazione di giubilo per la fine della guerra in Italia.

Per il pronto intervento della forza pubblica, lo scopo non fu raggiunto.

Nessun incidente.

IL GENERALE COMANDANTE

-Brunetto Brunetti-



G I O V A N I :

Mentre la guerra liberatrice redime palmo a palmo, con nuovo sacrificio di sangue, il territorio nazionale, ricomponendo l'Unità raggiunta col Risorgimento altri popoli pensano già ad intaccare l'integrità dei suoi naturali confini proponendo inammissibili rivendicazioni su Trieste e sull'Istria.

Insorgono dall'Altare della Patria, dall'Onorario di Redipuglia e dai mille cimiteri del Carso e del Trentino le ombre dei nostri padri caduti ed ammoniscono che Vittorio Veneto è sangue e grandezza DI TUTTO IL POPOLO ITALIANO.

Nuove fonti d'irredentismo, nuovi scopi di società segrete, nuovi moti di unità nazionale, riaprirebbero fatalmente la via a guerre future.

L'attentato è dunque all'Italia e alla pace.

Noi giovani, nel nome di Dante, leviamo, pronti a tutto un grido unanime di vibrata protesta :

VIVA TRIESTE E L'ISTRIA ITALIANE ! VIVA L'ITALIA !

Roma, li 5 maggio 1945



E. C. C.
CAPO UFFICIO
Ruggiero Ruggieri

Ruggieri

3397

TRANSLATION, ea.

CONFIDENTIAL.

CARALINIERI GENERAL COMMAND.

No. 72/453 R.P.

Rome, 4th May, 1945.

SUBJECT : Rome - Students manifestation.

TO : AC., P.S. E/G., Rome.

I transcribe the following report No. 18/270 of the 3rd May, received from the Internal Command, Rome, CC.RR.:

"No-day, 3rd instant, at 0830 hours, while some students were normally entering the Commercial Institute "Duca degli Abruzzi", Via Palestro, another 200 roughly, staged a demonstration for the complete liberation of Italian soil.

At the intervention of the President and the Professors the students refused to enter their classes.

Thereupon with a small Italian flag and with banners proclaiming the Italian nature of Trieste they went through the streets of the city.

At 9 o'clock 2,000 students went to Via Cavour to induce their colleagues of the "Leonardo da Vinci" institute to break class. Some of them climbed up the Institute by the windows of which many were broken by the throwing of stones and pieces of wood.

The Senior Maresciallo Ippoliti Mariasante, the Commander of the CC.RR station in Via Milano, while he was using persuasion in the confusion was hit by a sharp instrument on the right ear and slightly wounded. As one of the demonstrators was more active than the rest in throwing stones at the windows of the Institute Maresciallo Ippoliti reproved him energetically, but a mass of students turned on the RCO, whose attitude however was firm and very naturally drew his pistol and covered those who were assaulting him.

I transcribe the following report No. 18/270 of the 3rd May, received from the Internal Company, Rome, CC. RR.:

"To-day, 3rd instant, at 0830 hours, while some students were normally entering the Commercial Institute "Duce degli Abruzzi", Via Palestro, another 200 roughly, staged a demonstration for the complete liberation of Italian soil.

At the intervention of the President and the Professors the students refused to enter their classes.

Thereupon with a small Italian flag and with banners proclaiming the Italian nature of Trieste they went through the streets of the city.

At 9 o'clock 2,000 students went to Via Cavour to induce their colleagues of the "Leonardo da Vinci" institute to break class. Some of them climbed up the institute by the windows of which many were broken by the throwing of stones and pieces of wood.

The Senior Maresciallo Ippoliti Mariamante, the Commander of the CC. RR. station in Via Milano, while he was using persuasion in the confusion was hit by a sharp instrument on the right ear and slightly wounded. As one of the demonstrators was more active than the rest in throwing stones at the windows of the Institute Maresciallo Ippoliti reproved him energetically, but a mass of students turned on the MGC, whose attitude however was firm and very naturally drew his pistol and covered those who were assaulting him.

The students were immediately afterwards dispersed by platoons of P.S. Agents who arrived in a char-a-banc.

At 10 o'clock about 300 students from the intermediate schools gathered together at the Tasso school in Via Sicilia and went towards the Viminale (Ministry of the Interior) to protest against the occupation of Trieste by Yugoslav troops.

At 10.30 about 300 students coming from the Viminale went to the Hqs of the Communist Party in Via Nazionale No. 243, where they staged a demonstration for the Italianization of Trieste and Venezia Giulia.

Unidentified members of the Communist Party represented to the demonstrators the inadvisability of the demonstration which might compromise the political position of Italy.

The students insulted them accusing them of connivance with Tito and Stalina.

A struggle followed which was at once brought to an end by Allied M.P.s who dispersed the demonstrators, some of whom were slightly wounded.

Handbills were thrown bearing the following words:

"Students, Friday, 4th May at 0945 everyone in Piazza Esedra to render homage to our fathers who fell for the unity of Italy and to confirm the inviolability of our frontiers.

The Integrity of Italy Front
The Giulian Front."

There were no other incidents".

THE COMMANDING GENERAL
- Dr. Pietro Eranetti -

and by Allied M.P.s who dispersed the demonstrators, some of whom were slightly wounded.

Handbills were thrown bearing the following words:

Students, Friday, 4th May at 0945 everyone in Piazza Sedra to render homage to our fathers who fall for the unity of Italy and to confirm the inviolability of our frontiers.

The integrity of Italy Front
The Sicilian Front. "

There were no other incidents".

THE COMMANDING GENERAL
- Brunetto Drusetti -

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
Public Safety Sub-Commission
APO 394

Tel : 478427-580

AC/14602/1/PS

4 May, 1945

SUBJECT : Discipline - Italian Officer

TO : Land Forces S/G (M.M.I.A.)

1. A demonstration took place in Rome today organised by the Italian War Veterans' Association who were joined by Students.

The Communist Party organised a counter parade which was not authorised by the Italian authorities and a clash took place in the Piazza Esedra.

2. A revolver shot was fired by a civilian as a result of which a civilian was wounded. The person who is alleged to have fired the shot was dressed in civilian attire. He was disarmed and arrested being taken later to the Questura for interrogation.

This interrogation revealed that the man was a 2/Lieut. of the 152 Parachute Regiment at Bracciano. His name is given as Spinello, 23 years; he had leave for one day. He gave the name of his Commanding Officer as Col. Marcello, PALMA.

3. This information is passed for such action as you may determine.

Walter Doherty
for JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission.

3390

WD/wg.

Translation.

CC.FB. Gen. HQ.

N. 71/444 R.P.

3rd May, 1945.

Subject : Rome - Students' Demonstration.

To : A.C. P.S. S/C.

I transcribe the following cable n. 18/265 dated 2 May received from the CC.RH. Int. Company of Rome :

" This morning at 0900 hours about 200 students of the Tasso Lyceum at Via Sicilia did not attend the lessons in protest against the occupation of Trieste, they left in group bound towards Piazza Cinquecento in order to re-unite with students of other schools and to go to Piazza Viminale. At 0930 hours about 1000 students went to Via Cavour and Via Annibaldi in order to induce the students of the Technical Institution Leonardo da Vinci and Virgilio to abandon the lessons and to make a demonstration for the Italian character of Trieste. F.S. Agents and CC.RH. avoided the departure of the students from the a/m institutions.

The other students left in small groups; up-to the present time no incident has been reported."

Commanding General
-Brunetto Brunetti -

rv.

TO	INIT	
DIRECTOR		
DEPUTY DIRECTOR		
CHIEF OF STAFF		
PL. OF		
DC & REG.		
PROSEC.		
CHIEF OF POL.		
SEC. OF		
CHIEF OF		

33-3

PUBLIC SAFETY - LIAISON OFFICE
ALLIED ~~REDACTED~~ COMMISSION
INTER-OFFICE MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Report on Disruption 4/5/45 FILE NO. 78/L/173
TO : Public Safety Sub. Commission D.C. 3/5 1945

Herewith copy of report received from Division
re incident on the 4th inst.

W. P. Sullivan
W. P.

3338

TRANSLATION

FROM : Questura di Roma.
 DATE : 4/5/45
 File : NO1000 Gab.
 To : Chief of Police
 : Prefect
 for inf. : Lt. Col. R. T. Millhouse, L.O.

As it had been informed yesterday by a special duty order, this morning was to take place the demonstration of 'Front for Italy's integrity' with a procession bound for the Country's Altar where four-crowns should be put on the unknown soldier's grave.

But, even since 8.30 hrs. a large number of persons, apparently workmen, were standing at Piazza Esedra, where, according to what was the first schedule of the organizers, the demonstrators ought to have gathered to reach Piazza Venezia through Via Nazionale

At 9.20 hrs. about, large groups of persons started to concentrate at Piazza Esedra, who obviously had not timely been informed about the gathering place, change.

A truck also came there carrying about 20 war-blind men, followed by wounded on tricycles, also parking near S. Maria Degli Angeli Church.

Notwithstanding the Police tried to convince them, it was not possible to convey a/m group along Viale Principe di Piemonte, from where the authorized procession would have started.

Meanwhile other large groups of students were reaching Piazza Esedra from all leading-in streets.

The workmen groups, which had reached the square first, saying to be communists, stated their presence in the spot should be considered as a protest demonstration for the shoutings which had been uttered yesterday against the Communist H.Q. at Via Nazionale and added they were also willing to join the patriotic procession provided it would not be made mention either of King or of Monarchy. It must be pointed out now that at 9.45 hrs. about H.E. Keale, Foreign Affairs Undersecretary, had been seen reaching the square, wearing a gray suit, bareheaded and accompanied by 5 or 6 persons.

While the a/m arguments were taking place, a column of students hailing to the King and Monarchy, went on the spot coming

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While the a/m arguments were taking place, a column of students hailing to the King and Monarchy, went on the spot coming from via 20 Settembre. A set of riots then started between ~~23~~ men and students during which 9 persons were wounded among whom Capt. Apollonio Ranzo, who was stabbed while, as he says, was settling in order the members of the "Italy's Integrity Front". Apollonio is one of the promoter of the meeting and yesterday he applied to this office for authorization.

The Police intervened and appressed the rioters, but a column of demonstrators preceded by the blind's truck and followed by a thousand people, were able to cross Piazza dei 500 and took Via Cavour aiming for Via dell'Impero and Piazza Venezia.

- 2 -

Simultaneously another procession formed by all the elements who had reached the Square before the time established for the meeting, took Via Nazionale aiming for Piazza Venezia.

This Square was reached first by the procession coming from Via Nazionale. Near the Country's Altar a man believed a member of the Communist Party and afterwards said to be R.D. Scoccimarro spoke to the crowd.

In the meanwhile the procession marching along Via Cavour reached the Square too, but its members stopped along Via Cavour about two hundred yards from the big stairs.

About 6,000 people are reckoned to have been in the Square in that time.

After the first ceremony was ended, its members went off the Monument, stopping in the Square, while the procession which had stopped at Via Dell'Impero made for the Unknown Soldier's Grave. During this movement some people shouted: "Death to the King", which induced the members of "Italy's Integrity Front" to settle lines of men in the first steps of the staircases in order to prevent strange elements from melting with them.

This gesture was not well considered by those who were on the square. They all rushed against the men lines provoking a riot during which sticks and clubs were used.

The police intervened and the order was reestablished. In the riot 5 persons were injured, who were taken to hospital and will recover within 12 days.

When the peace was settled down again in the square, another column of 1500 demonstrators was put together, which, preceded by wounded on tricycles and formed mostly by students and patriots aimed for Piazza Del Vininale for another demonstration for Trieste and Venezia Giulia.

In the Square, while the demonstrators were going to select a commission to be sent to the Ministry, other groups supervised armed with sticks and more affrays started which were presently dealt with by the Police. Meanwhile another column of about 500 demonstrators were getting near Piazza Del Quirinale, but were timely pushed back by the Police there on duty.

At about 12.30 hrs. another group of men armed with clubs lay in wait at both the entrances of Massimo high school, Piazza dei 500, in order to hit the pupils who were about to leave the school. They also were dispersed by the Police who

3300

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Also in Piazza Esedra, Spinelio Salvatore, an officer of Italian army, was arrested because caught in the very act of firing a pistol.

After 12.30 hrs. the other small groups still circulating in the middle of the city dispersed and public order turned normal.

82A. II Questore



REGIA QUESTURA DI ROMA

GABINETTO

Roma, li 4 maggio 1945

n. 01000 Gab.

Oggetto: Tonogramma a mano.

A S.E. IL CAPO DELLA POLIZIA

A S.E. IL PREFETTO

C.-P.-C. Sig. Lt. T. Col. Millinetti M. A.

Come era stato preannunciato con ordinanza pari numero in data di ieri, doveva svolgersi stamane la manifestazione del Fronte per l'Integrità d'Italia con un ordinato corteo che si sarebbe diretto all'Altare della Patria per deporre corone sulla Tomba del Milite Ignoto.

Senonchè, sin dalle ore 8,30, un numeroso gruppo di persone, dall'apparenza operai, sostata in Via Nazionale, all'altezza della sede del P.C.I. e poco più tardi si spostava in Piazza dell'Esedra ove, secondo il primo programma dei promotori della manifestazione, avrebbero dovuto adunarsi i partecipanti alla manifestazione stessa per raggiungere Piazza Venezia, percorrendo Via Nazionale.

Verso le ore 9,20 cominciavano ad affluire in Piazza dell'Esedra, lato Basilica S. Maria degli Angeli, numerosi gruppi di persone evidentemente non avvertite in tempo del cambiamento del luogo di adunata. Giungeva pure un autocarro con a bordo circa 20 ciechi di guerra, seguito da mutilati su tricicli, che sostavano pure all'altezza della Basilica.

Malgrado l'opera di persuasione svolta dalle Forze di Polizia, non si riusciva a convogliare tali gruppi per il Viale Principe di Piemonte, da dove sarebbe partita la manifestazione autorizzata.

Intanto altri folli gruppi di studenti convergevano in Piazza dell'Esedra da tutte le vie di accesso.

I gruppi di operai, che per primi erano giunti sulla Piazza, dichiarandosi comuni-

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I gruppi di operai, che per primi erano giunti sulla Piazza, dichiarandosi comunisti, affermavano che la loro presenza sul posto doveva essere ritenuta come dimostrazione di protesta contro coloro che ieri avevano lanciato ³³⁰⁵ grida ostili contro la sede del P.C.I. di Via Nazionale ed aggiungevano che erano pure disposti a partecipare alla manifestazione patriottica a condizione che nel corteo della medesima non si fosse accennato alla Monarchia ed al Re.--Giova precisare che verso le ore 9,45 era stato visto giungere in Piazza dell'Esedra S.B. Reale-Sottosegretario di Stato agli Esteri, indossante abito grigio e senza cappello, seguito da cinque o sei persone.--

///.



REGIA QUESTURA DI ROMA

- 2 -

Mentre avvenivano le discussioni anzidette, sopraggiungeva, proveniente da Via XX Settembre, una colonna di studenti inegianti alla monarchia ed al Re. Nasceva allora e si svolgeva una serie di tafferugli tra operai e studenti, nel corso della quale rimanevano ferite nove persone, fra cui il Capitano Apollonio Renzo, di Aldo che veniva colpito da una pugnale, nel mentre, a suo dire, incolonnava gli appartenenti al Fronte dell'Integrità d'Italia. L'Apollonio è uno dei promotori della manifestazione, presentatosi ieri in questo Ufficio a richiedere la relativa autorizzazione.

Sedati i tafferugli per l'intervento della Forza Pubblica, un corteo di dimostranti con alla testa il camion dei ciechi di guerra, seguito da circa mille persone, cui si aggiungevano altri gruppi che si trovavano sul Viale Principe di Piemonte riusciva ad attraversare la Piazza del Cinquecento ed imboccava Via Cavour, dirigendosi verso Via dell'Impero e Piazza Venezia.

Contemporaneamente altro corteo, composto di tutti gli elementi convenuti sulla Piazza prima dell'ora stabilita per l'adunata s'incanalava per Via Nazionale, dirigendosi a Piazza Venezia.

Su questa giungeva prima il corteo proveniente da Via Nazionale, che si portava sull'Altare della Patria, dove un individuo ritenuto come appartenente al P.C. e poi indicato come S.E. Scoccimarro, arringava la folla.

Nel corso di tale manifestazione sopraggiungeva il corteo che si era diretto per Via Cavour, i cui componenti si attestavano sulla Via dell'Impero a circa duecento metri dalla scuola.

Si calcola che sulla Piazza vi erano complessivamente circa seimila persone. Terminata la prima cerimonia, gli intervenuti si allontanavano dal Monumento, soffermandosi sulla Piazza mentre il corteo, che si era attestato sulla Via dell'Impero si portava alla Tomba del Milite Ignoto.

Quando tale movimento venivano lanciate dalle 3³ Piazza stessa ripetute grida di

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Durante tale movimento venivano lanciate dall'3^a Piazza stessa ripetute grida di "A morte il Re"; il che indusse gli aderenti al Fronte per l'Integrità d'Italia a disporre sui primi gradini della scalas dei cordoni per impedire che elementi estranei si infiltrassero nelle loro file.--

Tale gesto non veniva ben visto da coloro che sostavano sulla Piazza, i quali in massa cozzavano contro il cordone provocando una mischia, durante la quale si faceva uso di mazze e di bastoni.--

L'intervento delle Guardie di P.S. e successivamente della Polizia Alleata riusciva a ristabilire l'ordine. Nella zuffa rimanevano ferite 5 persone che, all'Ospedale di S. Giacomo, venivano giudicate guaribili nel massimo in dodici

REGIA QUESTURA DI ROMA

- 3 -

giorni per contusioni varie.-

Ristabilita la calma sulla Piazza, si costituiva un'altra colonna di 1.000 dimostranti che, preceduta da mutilati su tricicli e composta in maggioranza da studenti e partigiani, si dirigeva sulla Piazza del Viminale per altra manifestazione a favore dell'italianità della Venezia Giulia.

Sulla piazza, mentre detti dimostranti sostavano in attesa di prescegliere una commissione per inviarla al Ministero, si verificavano altri tafferugli provocati da altri gruppi sopraggiunti, armati di bastone, che venivano però dispersi dalla Forza Pubblica.

Fratanto una colonna di circa 500 dimostranti si avvicinava alla Piazza del Quirinale ma veniva tempestivamente respinta dalla Forza Pubblica ivi predisposta di servizio.-

Verso le ore 12,30 un gruppo di individui armati di randelli, si appostava ai due ingressi dell'Istituto Massimo in Piazza dei Cinquecento allo scopo di percuotere gli allievi in procinto di lasciare la scuola.

Anche qui i predetti venivano dispersi dalle Forze di Polizia prontamente intervenute, che precedevano pure all'arresto di Gentili Italo di Alfredo, reossi responsabile di resistenza alla Forza Pubblica. Il Gentili, che era armato di un nodoso bastone è stato trovato in possesso della tessera di appartenenza al P.C.I.-

Anche in Piazza dell'Esedra, nel corso dei tafferugli veniva tratto in arresto perciò sorpreso nell'atto di sparare Spinello Salvatore di Nicola, sottotenente di artiglieria.

Dopo le ore 12,30 gli ulteriori piccoli gruppi che ancora circolavano per il centro si distoglievano e l'ordine pubblico ritornava normale.

Ristabilita la calma sulla Piazza, si costituiva un'altra colonna di 100 dimostranti che, preceduta da mutilati su tricicli e composta in maggioranza da studenti e partigiani, si dirigeva sulla Piazza del Vincolo per altra manifestazione a favore dell'italianita della Venezia Giulia.

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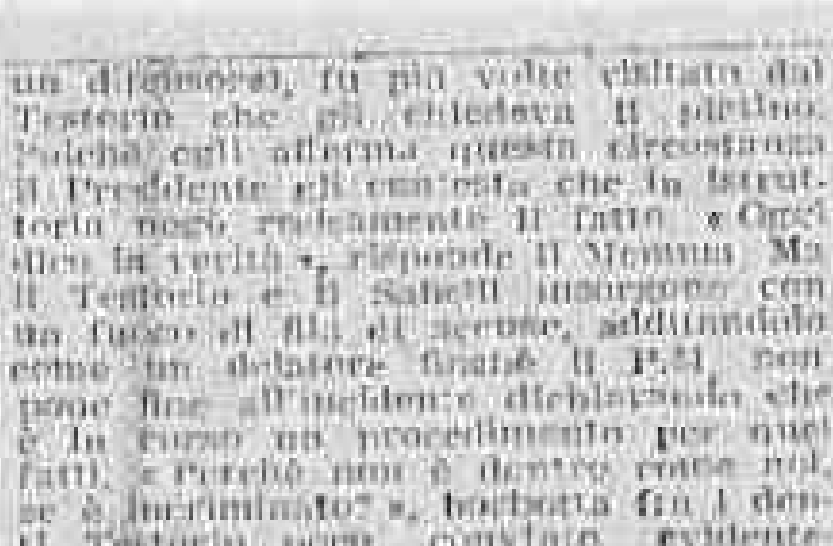
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3303

IL QUESTORE





mentre. Poiché il G.M. annuncia ai testi un elenco del Testorio e dei Sabelli, viene esposto il testimonio di Balestro.

Giorgio Sannicola afferma di aver a lungo sospirato del commiserio. Un belno cuor delidato dei suoi poveri fratelli, e si non sapera spiegare i suoi, che abbino potuto spuntare il Balestro, loro amico ed intimo amico, alla delazione. Altri testi riferiscono alcuni particolari, forse quindi il breve

Quindi l'udienza viene tolta e chiusa a una riunione. Verso le ore 12.30 avrà la cadavere.

A lunedì la sentenza del processo Salvatore

rando nell'udienza di ieri i difensori di Del Piano, avvocati Ottorino Pelopoli e Libero Crispi, un secondo difensore per l'imputato Gallo e per l'imputata deligiorno. Lunedì mattina partirà il difensore di Umberto Salcarona, avv. Tito Mancuso, la cui pratica occuperà probabilmente l'udienza antimafiaiana e quella pomeriggio, in serata, si avrà, quasi certamente, la sentenza.

*** SPETT**

« La Forza del Destino » all'Opera

Così questa, più che decretata esibizione della « Forza del destino » il teatro...

nell'opera in un primo passo si sofferma su quel costume di salubrità e d'ordine, di purezza vocale e stilistica di cui le esecuzioni di questo lavoro ci hanno offerto tanti e così rilevanti documenti. Alito del felice cambiamento sembra dovuto al buon gusto e alla perizia del maestro Gabriele Santini, elaborato al perfezionamento di questa morbida stoffa lirica italiana. E non la verità si deve ri-

«L'assassinio della sua eccellenza è l'atto di insensibilità sociale di preparazione, la dimostrata da un bene equilibrato insieme d'energie e da un impegno d'alta stilizzazione rivolto a contenere in un ritmo serrato e peralente gli shock mediocristiani e spettacolari, del qual trabocca quest'opera vera, nobilitamente assai inusuale. Tutto lo stile nella la sommità orchestra dall'ipera ha rivelato risorse in

di ricchezza di timber. Il resto è mo-

te alle parti, nessuno senza affetti. Così la voce piena e pastosa, della signora Maria Casiglia (Gianna Nicotri), perfettamente in chiave nei panni di più intenso imperio drammatico, è però insufficiente, la quelli a «mezzo voce». A lei è a fianco il Ghigi (Don Alvaro), dal quale il ricordo che ne avevamo ci faceva attendere di meglio. Il pubblico ha trinitato in que-

La conclusione del Muret e delle
Gallerie di Lima può dirsi presso che
intatta, essendo state le perdite in-
numerosa no di ingente valore arti-
stico. Tutto il resto di lusso, al mo-
mento, le incomparabili nostre colle-
zioni torneranno all'ammirazione del
pubblico nostrano e straniero.

NOTIZIARIO

H dr. Lapare tratterà, oggi alle 16,
presso l'Istituto Superiore di Cultura
Bellogica (n. della Difesa) il tema:
«Il galarino».

L'on. Egidio Martini parlerà anch'egli
alle 16, all'Oratorio Borromini, su-
«La personalità di S. Filippo».

Domani alle 16,30 al Cine Attualità
verrà proiettato per i soci dell'Ass.
Cin. Cin. il film: «La notte dell'in-
ferno».

I combattenti dell'Aeronautica parteci-
peranno alla MAN. in che abbiano i titoli

L'on. **Giulio Martini** parla così:
«Le 17. all'Oratorio Borgomini, su
«la personalità di S. Filippo»

I combattenti dell'Aeronautica iscritti all'ANCO, che abbiano i titoli per essere iscritti sono invitati a partecipare alla riunione di oggi alle 16 in D. Grassi, presso l'ANCO, nel corso del quale saranno discussi argomenti che li interessano.

Al Bosco Tre Fontane avrà luogo domani la riunione dei giovani esponenti di Roma già fissata per domenica scorsa.

Le Chiese Evangeliche di Roma si riuniranno domenica 5 corr. per celebrare un culto solenne di rendimento di grazie a Dio per la fine della

Notizie sportive

Acido murlattico veniva gelato da tal-
Maurizio Mancarelli contro la ven-
tichiamerie moglie Anna Virgili ed
il secondo, Paolo Virgili, di anni

invece dall'ufficio Iltan escono le dalla
partiti alla fine di ogni anno
state rinviate all'ospedale di San

Prossima riapertura del museo

Oltre a ciò una commissione nominata dall'on. Arraigo Ruiz è composta dai proff. Genello Venturi, Pietro

ACOLI*

« La Forza del Destino » all'Opera

coltivanti da quel costume di em-
bria e d'approssimazione vocale e sil-
labica di cui le escursioni di questo
inverno ci hanno offerto tanti e così

Quaranta Ore 18.30. Comp. Ruggeri « Il Rapimento di Costantino » di Tieni.
Sala Umberto II ore 18.30. « Parata di stelle » con Vera Bergman.
Sala Margherita ore 17. Teatro Napoli-
Jenny di Eduardo con Titina De Filippo
« Napoli milionaria » 3 atti di Eduardo.

Venezia: «Rebi di guesanti»,
Alfred Comp. Epdara.
Vinschutti: «Nonno torna indietro».
Viola: «Castello o lenzu?».
Vogler: «Viaggio non impossibile».
Wick: «Diletti sul mare».
Yesselin: «Mare Malibari».
Zuccato: «Classe d'onore».

Castello: Coop. Italiani-Fiorani e Simi «La
vita nella tempesta».

20: Musica del mattino — 8.45: Melodie romante — 11.45: Radio Noja — 12.15: Musica da camera — 12.30: Potere di stile — 12.45: Orchestra Armadori — 13.45: Con-

MARIO PANNUNZIO
Direttore responsabile

tab. Tip. de « Il Giornale d'Italia »

FOR THE DAY AFTER THE DAY AFTER

NAPOLI-SARI: torpedone giornaliero

Assicurando e trasportando merci per tot-
te le località - Offero a domicilio gli
ogni viaggiatori.

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a cerata-Tolentino giornallero
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tel. 680.236, 681.214 — AGENZIA: Via
Albo, 11 (ang. A. Depretis), tel. 43.815

PARATE A BALLARE

C. PICCIONI e Carlo GHERUBINI

ROMA - FIRENZE

In torpedone
Partenza sabato 5 maggio, ore 7,30

BARI in torpedoes

'ermar Via XX Settembre,
primo piano

Per il trasporto
delle vostre merci
rivolgetevi alla

CENEDALE

Via Po, 55 - Tel. 804.472

DEPOSITO CUSTODIA
MIRCI IN PARTENZA

E' stata chiesta la dichiarazione
ante presunta di Moroni Giuseppe
consulato di Terni, emigrato in Fr

a che non ha dato più notizie
dal 1929. Chiusque ne abbia ne
è invitato a comunicarlo al Tiro
di Aviano.

Sono di questa natura degli incidenti gli «
rischi» più disastrosi. Che non integrano a se-
stare.

Cooperativa Riequilibrio. — Da oggi ha inizio la vendita di sapone tipo Mela ed altri generi vari.

di disciplina finanziaria e di revisione di bilanci. Il resto è me-

Galleria: Comp. Foselli-Magry, ore 10 e Folli della radice.

3382

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La radio

NOTIZIARI: 7, 8, 13, 14, 18, 21, 22, 23, 30
 — 7.00: L'Italia combatte — 7.30: Roma
 — 7.55: Miniere caratteristiche —
 8.20: Musica del mattino — 8.45: Melodie
 e romanze — 11.00: Radio Italia — 12.15:
 Musica da camera — 12.30: Polvere di guerra
 — 13.15: Orchestra Armonica — 15.45: Con-
 versazione del P. G. I. — 14.10: Il teatro
 locale — 14.15: Cronaca dello sport —
 14.25: Orchestra Harry James — 14.30: La
 voce di Londra — 17: Profili e informazioni
 — 17.30: Il programma dei piccoli — 18.15:
 Catechismo — 18.30: Battimo — 18.40:
 Vittorini musicali — 19: La voce dei gio-
 vani — 19.15: Università dell'aria — 19.30:
 Complessi caratteristici — 19.45: Il mondo
 della radio — 20: Trasmissione del Governo
 — 20.15: Asci e stelle di Broadway al mi-
 crofono — 20.45: L'Italia risorge — 21.30:
 Concerto sinfonico diretto dal M. I. Pa-
 retti — 22.00: Musica leggera — 22.10:
 L'Italia combatte.

MARIO PANNUNZIO
 Direttore responsabile

Stab. Tip. de «Il Giornale d'Italia»

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 morte presunta di Mercol Giuseppe fu
 Romualdo da Terni, emigrato in Fran-
 cia da dove non ha dato più notizie di
 sé dal 1920. Chiunque ha notizia del
 suo stato è invitato a comunicarlo al Tri-
 bunale di Avezzano.

AVV. AUGUSTO D'ANDREA

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 (Feriali ore 8-20 - Festivi ore 8-13)

Trieste situation.

No.3.

11.30 hours. Report by telephone from Lt.Col. Millhouse, L.O., Rome.

It has been ascertained that the person who fired the revolver in

Piazza Esedra this morning was 2/Lieut Spinello, 23 years,

of the 152 Parachute Regiment, stationed at Bracciano.

He was in civilian garb and was on one day's leave.

Spinello was identified by two communists as the person who fired the

shot, as a result of which one person was wounded. The

revolver was taken possession of by a man who said he would

hand it to the police, so far this has not been done.

Spinello remains in custody and his case is being referred to the

Land Forces S/C. M.M.I.A.

It is stated that other persons fired in addition to the above case.

P.S.
4 May, 1945.

Lt.Col.
D.B.P.S.

3381

Trieste situation.

No.2.

10.30 hours Report by telephone from Lt.Col. Millhouse, L.O. Rome.

The Communist party staged an unauthorised counter demonstration to that organised by the Students. The Communists processed in Via Nazionale and eventually clashed with the students. A man fired a revolver, shooting into the air. He was mauled by several processionists and apprehended and taken to the Quastora.

It has been later ascertained that the War Veterans organised the procession and invited the students to take part. Everything was in good order until the Communists arrived.

P.S. S/C.
4 May, 1945.

Lieut.Col.
D.D.P.S.

3380

No.1.

Trieste situation

10.00 hours. Report by telephone from Capt. Ellis, Security Division.

Demonstration advertised took place in Piazza Estera today.

2000 persons assembled.

Clashes between Students and Communists resorting to fistcuffs.

Procession entered Via Nazionale contrary to prearranged route.

Communist Hqrs in Via Nazionale apparently the object of attention.

Police are taking suitable action in regard to the deviation from route.

P.S. S/C
4 May, 1945.

Lt.Col.
D.D.P.S.

TOUCHDOWN 4th May at 10 everyone to Piazza Esedra to
bring flowers to the Unknown Soldier.

INTERNAL ITALIAN FRONT.

TRIESTE! TRIESTE! TRIESTE!

unconquered call

ITALY

The cry which Austria tried in vain to
strangle in Guglielmo Oberdan.

Gallican Front.

TRIESTE GORIZIA Fiume NOVA ZARA

Honour and glory to 600,000 fallen, to the
wounded, to all those who for the redemption
of Venezia Giulia, dressed heroic dresses of
Apollonia and Martyrs, the radiant Mecca of an
entire people, strenuously and victoriously
fighting.

Gallican Front.

INTEGRAL ITALIAN FRONT.

TRIESTE! TRIESTE! TRIESTE!

unconquered call

ITALY

The cry which Austria tried in vain to
strangle in Guglielmo Oberdan.

Gialler Front.

TRIESTE CORICIA PUNES POLA ZARA

Honour and glory to 600,000 fallen, to the
wounded, to all those who for the redemption
of Venezia Giulia, dreamed heroic dreams of
Apollon and Martyrs, the radiant Mosa of an
entire people, strenuously and victoriously
fighting.

Giulian Front.

33.8

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DOMANI 4 maggio

10 tutti a Piazza Es

portare fiori al Milite

Fronte Integ

ANI 4 maggio alle ore
a Piazza Esedra per
iori al Milite Ignoto.

Fronte Integrità d'Italia

Trieste! Trieste

Indomito ch

ITALIA

Il grido che a Guglie

l'Austria invanc

Trieste! Trieste

ndomito chiama

ITALIA

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Il grido che a Guglie

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invano strozzò

Trieste Gorizia Fiume

Onore e gloria ai 600

ai Mutilati, a tutti

redenzione della Vene

eroico di apostoli e di m

di tutto un popolo, stre

orizia Fiume Pola Za

ria ai 600.000 Cadu

ti, a tutti coloro che pe

della Venezia Giulia, so

ostoli e di martiri, mèta rad

popolo, strenuamente e v

Fiume Pola Zara
100.000 Caduti,
tutti coloro che per la
Venezia Giulia, sogno
di martiri, mèta radiosa
, strenuamente e vitto-

**Onore e gloria ai 600
ai Mutilati, a tutti
redenzione della Ven
eroico di apostoli e di m
di tutto un popolo, str
riosamente combattero**

oria ai **600.000** Cad
ati, a **tutti** coloro che p
della **Venezia Giulia**, se
postoli e di martiri, mèta rac
popolo, strenuamente e v
combattono.

From

**100.000 Caduti,
tutti coloro che per la
Venezia Giulia, sogno
di martiri, mèta radiosa
, strenuamente e vitto-
terono.**

Fronte Giuliano

Translation.

CC.RR. Gen. HQ.

27th April 1945.

N. 34/55

Subject : Foggia and Lucera - Demonstrations.

To : A.C. P.S. S/C.

I transcribe the following cable n.400/2 dated 25th instant received from the Lucera CC.RR. Group:

"Yesterday morning 24th instant, at Foggia and Lucera, students' processions took place emphasising the Italian character of Trieste. At Foggia roughly 1000 students, to the greater part belonging to middle-schools, and at Lucera roughly 300 middle-schools students participated. In the afternoon of the same day the Communist party in protest against these students' demonstrations organised at Foggia and Lucera meeting and processions and while at Foggia a nineteen years old student, who expressed himself as against Tito and for Trieste, was slightly injured by slaps and punches, at Lucera the demonstrators misinterpreting the inopportune acclamations of 2 or 3 Fascists standing at the entrance-door of the apolitical local club, broke into the premises of the club, where they hit the members and smashed windows, chairs etc. causing damages of roughly 50.000 Lire. 7 persons were slightly injured among whom the Attorney of the Foggia Tribunal and two magistrates of the Prefecture as well as 1 CC.RR. Brigadiere on public order duty. As soon as re-enforcements had arrived public order was re-established. Investigations are being made in order to ascertain the responsibilities and to proceed to denunciations and arrests."

Commanding General
-Brunetto Brunetti-

RV.

33.6

