

785016

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550/1/D

REVIEW OF INTERNEES

OCT. 1944 - MAY 1945

0600

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785016

10000 / 43 / 2270

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FROM Oct. 1944
TO MAY 1945

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8 Nov.		VALENTINI Herbert
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FULL
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THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

87

REF : SD/550.1-87/3198.

11 December 1944

SUBJECT : Signorina Maria Sylvia KLOSS

TO : Lt. Col. Brown. Liaison Division

1. The above named was arrested and interned for the duration of hostilities as a German citizen, likely to be a danger to Allied Military Security.

2. The case is likely to be reviewed in the near future and I will be pleased to inform you of the result.

SJW
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

Tel:- 489081
Ext:- 367

SJH/nb

2791

785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Liaison Division
Office of Chief of Staff

Ref: 105/200L/L

Tel: No. 478001
9 December 1944

SUBJECT: The case of Signorina MARIA SYLVIA KLOSS

TO : Director Public Safety S/C AC.

1. Inclosed will be found a copy of a letter dated 30 October 1944 from the Honorable Myron C. Taylor and copy of a memorandum from the Secretariat of State of His Holiness dated 27 Oct. 44.
2. These communications were forwarded by this office to the Liaison Office RAAC 31 October 44 but no report has been rendered.
3. G-2 RAAC suggested, today that they be forwarded to you for necessary action. In view of the fact that we have received another inquiry from Mr Taylor's office this office would appreciate being informed of the result of your investigation of the case.

Erich Brown
Director
Liaison Division

1st. Ind

Ref: SD/550Y1-8/3499
HQ. A.C., Security Division, Public Safety, Sub Commission APO 394
TO: G-2 RAAC

See 3481
Book No 5501

1. In view of the amended instructions re the German nationals, will you please take into account the attached letters when considering your decision, and let me know in order that I might advise the Ambassador of the result.

2790

12 Dec 44

SJB/nb

John W. Chapman
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

COPY

THE PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO HIS
HOLINESS THE POPE

2 Via Boncompagni
Rome

October 30, 1944

Dear Colonel Brown,

For the information of the appropriate authorities
I am enclosing a copy of a Note which I have received from the
Secretariat of State of the Holy See, concerning Signorina Maria
Sylvia KLOSS who was arrested by Allied Police on October 12, 1944.

Sincerely yours,

s/ Myron C. Taylor

Enclosure: Copy of Note

Lt Col Enoch Brown
Liaison Division
Allied Control Commission
Rome.

2789

C O P Y

No 85912/SA

27 October 1944

MEMORANDUM

The intervention of the Secretariat of State has been asked by the Very Reverend Father General of the Discalced Carmelites on behalf of Signorina Maria Sylvia Kloss who was arrested by Allied Police on 12 October 1944.

The Very Reverend Father relates: Signorina KLOSS is of German nationality, her father was German, her mother Italian. She was formerly employed in the German Embassy to the Holy See. She was arrested by three members of the Allied Police on 12 October 1944. One of the police agents was American, one Italian and one British. The lady was advised by the police to carry winter clothing with her. She was taken to the Allied Police office in Via Genova for questioning.

The Father General adds that her absence leaves her aged mother alone, another daughter is a cloistered nun in the Carmelite Convent of Regina Coeli in Rome.

During a visit to the Secretariat of State the Father General added that previously Signorina KLOSS had received the permission of the Allied Authorities to remain in Rome. He recommended the lady as being of excellent character and stated that she did not receive telephone calls or visitors and could not therefore, as far as he would know, become suspect of espionage.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

87

REF : SD/550.1 / 2986

18 November 1944

SUBJECT : Internee Miss. Maria KLOSS

TO : Copy. Geach 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. The attached correspondence
regarding the a/n internee is forwarded for information.

JOHN W. CHAFFAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission

Tels:- 489081
Ext:- 367

2787

COMITE' INTERNATIONAL DE LA CROIX-ROUGE
DIRECTION GENERALE DES DELEGATIONS EN ITALIE

Rome, le
28, Via Gregoriana, Tel. 63-368
Telegr: INTERCRUX-ROME

PRO MEMORIA

We are bringing to your kind attention the case of Miss Kloss interned at camp 371.

Mrs. Anna Prinaldini, Italian citizen is begging to have her daughter Miss Maria Kloss liberated on account of her poor health. She has been under treatment of Dr. Mario Porzio, Via Milano 55 - Rome, since 1930 of whom we enclose a medical certificate. Miss Kloss is suffering of meningitis serosa cronica and Dr. Porzio says that there are several reasons to fear a recurrence of the disease.

Rome, November 17th 1944.

2786

18/11
Book No 2981
File No 5501
Action

M. PORZIO
Studio: Tel: 485-765
Abiter: Tel: 82-417

Roma 17 11 1944

So certifica col presente che la signorina Sylvia Kloss e' stata in cura del sottoscritto dal 1930 a tutt'oggi. Essa ha sofferto sino al 1936 di manifestazioni tbc a carattere prevalentemente sieroso; e piu' precisamente di peritonite e pleurite essudativa (radigr. controllabile); nel 1935 ha fatto anche un periodo di sanatorio a Miazina (Prov. Trevisan). Successivamente, nel 1940 ha presentato reazioni sierose semplici delle meningite (meningite sierosa cronica), a carattere saltuario e complicati da violenti disturbi vertiginosi tipo Meniere. Quest'ultimo disturbo e' tutt'ora presente e puo' connettersi probabilmente a insufficienze complesse epatiche o anche residui delle cure antiche assai forti fatte per piu di un quinquennio (sali d'oro; antigeni metilici, ecc.) Per quanto la Sign. Kloss passa ritenersi in questo momento apparentemente in buono stato di salute, per i fatti menigei sopraricordati, vertiginosi e tossici, (ipotensione, crisi di peritonismo surrenalico ecc), si hanno sufficienti ragioni per ritenerla in perenne e continuato pericolo di recidiva.

In fede

Firmato Dr. M. PORZIO

2785

SJH/nb

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

86

REF : SD/550.1/2997

18 November 1944

SUBJECT : Internee E. SCHNEIDER - BERTUCH

TO : Capt. Geach 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. The attached correspondence
regarding the a/n internee is forwarded for information.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

Tels- 469081
Ext:- 367

2784

785016

3JH/nb

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.C. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

86

REF

: SD/550.1/2997

18 November 1944

SUBJECT : Internee E. SCHEIDER - BERTUCH

TO : Capt. Geach 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. The attached correspondence
regarding the a/n internee is forwarded for information.

JOHN E. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

Tels:- 469081
Ext:- 367

2784

COMITE INTERNATIONAL DE LA CROIX-ROUGE
DIRECTION GENERALE DES DELEGATIONS EN ITALIEROME, le.....
28. Via Gregoriana, Tel 63.368
Telegr.: INTERCRUX-ROME

PRO-MEMORIA

Referring us to our Pro-Memoria of november 7th concerning Mrs. Elise Schneider-Bertuch who was an internee in the Camp 371 and was transferred to the "Ospedali Riuniti di Salerno", we inform you, that the Delegate of the International Red Cross Committee of Naples, Dr. med. P. Burkhard, has visited Mrs. E. Schneider-Bertruch. Dr. Burkhard that she is suffering from tuberculosis of the bones, located in the skull. We enclose a medical certificate of Dr. Cammerano under whose care Mrs. Schneider has been. That physician as well as Prof. G. Guglielmi advises the patients prompt transfer to the clinica Marconi in Rome - specialised clinic.

Rome November 17th 1944

2783

Security
18/11
Book No 2982
File No 5501
Access

OSPEDALI RIUNITI

S. Giovanni di Dio e Ruggi D'Aragona

S A L E R N O

Si attesta che la Signorina Elsa Schneider-Bertruch affetta da localizzazione tubercolare della testa del primo metatarsale destro non ha bisogno di cure ospedaliere, per cui e' necessario che venga inviata alla Clinica Marconi di Roma, Istituto Specializzato per la terapia della tubercolosi chirurgica. L'affezione non presenta caratteri di contagiosita'.

Salerno 10 Novembre 1944

per il Direttore

Firmato Dr. Pasquale Cammerano

2782

S.Vito Chietino, the 20th October 1944.

To the Superior Allied Command in Italy

I undersigned Lucia Iavicoli Bianco, ask you to re-examine the case of my husband Giuseppe Bianco who has been interned in the 371 P.W. Camp 11 months ago, and ask you also to investigate again his political activity.

My husband belonged to the Fascist Party but he never harmed anybody and never had an anti-Allied activity.

During his twenty years of honest work as regent of the "Banca Abruzzese", and also while he hold the charge of Communal Vice Secretary, my husband always gave his help and his protection to those who needed it. He is only guilty of having had faith in Fascism, but he never used this faith as an arm against anybody.

My husband never took advantage of his position, and event spent his own money to help other people.

I apply to your sense of justice hoping you will allow him to go back to his family and to his work, and I can assure you he will never have any political activity again.

/S/ Lucia Bianco Iavicoli

1st. Ind.

18 Nov. 1944.

REF: SD/550.1

HQ. A.C., Security Division, Public Safety, Sub-Commission A.P.O. 394
To: Capt. Geach, 371 P.O.W. Camp

MDP

1. Forwarded.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D. 2781
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

Tel:- 489081
Ext:- 367

785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

84

REF : SD/550.1-84

30 April 1945

SUBJECT : SCHIFI Lorenzo

TO : Signora Silvani SCHIFI
Via dei Silvestri 25, Rome.

1. With reference to your application for the release of your husband, I have to inform you that the reasons for which he was interned are serious and that he cannot be released at the present time.

CK
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

2780

SECRET

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2:
APO 512, U.S. ARMY.

GBI.389.450/2-E.

26 April, 1945.

SUBJECT : SCHIFI Lorenzo.

TO : Security Division,
Public Safety Sub Commission,
H.Q. Allied Commission.

SEARCHED

INDEXED

28/4

FILED

10/16

SERIALIZED

550.1-84

NOTED

Reference SD/550.1-84 dated 19 April, 1945.

1. This man's case has been studied as a result of the appeal received from his wife and the medical certificate accompanying it.

2. Subject is a sabotage agent trained by the German Intelligence Service. Under these circumstances it is considered most undesirable that he should be released from internment.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2:

L Murray Capt
EARLE B. NICHOLS,
Colonel, G.S.C.,
Asst A.C. of S., G-2:

2779

SECRET

785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550.1-84

19 April 1945

SUBJECT : SCHIFI Lorenzo

TO : C-2 (CI) AFHQ

84

1. Reference letter from this office SD/550.1 of 10 April 1945, it would be appreciated if your consideration could be given to the appeal enclosed with the letter.

Ch.
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commissio,

CEH/nb

2778

785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550.1 - 84

10 April 1945

SUBJECT : SCHIFT Lorenzo

TO : G-2 (CI) AFHQ

1. In accordance with AFHQ letter Ref. G-5: 383.7-15 of 20 Dec. 44, forwarded herewith is an appeal on behalf of Subject an internee at "A" Civilian Internee Camp.

(Doctor's certificate referred to is enclosed)


JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

2777

TRANSLATION

TO: English Command
via Sicilia - Teatro delle belle Arti -

R O M A

The undersigned

Silvana Petrolati,
married to SCHIFI Lorenzo of Ferruccio, class 1915, interned
at Camp no. 371 - PADUA (Salerno) wishes to make present
the following:

Owing to her husband being interned she is finding her-
self in serious economical conditions;

she has her daughter affected with a serious form of
whooping-cough and is afraid of not being able to save her;
her husband has not had the pleasure of seeing his baby be-
cause she was born only a month ago, the writer therefore
begs that her husband be allowed to come and see his baby
before anything happens to her;

he has urgent family matters to attend to, which the
writer is unable to see to herself not being sufficiently
competent.

Trusting that her position will be considered, she
thanks your Command

/s/ Petrolati Silvana Schifi

living in [via dei Silvestri No. 25]

[ROME]

Rome 5 April 1945

(enclosed is Doctor's certificate)

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SJH/nb

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

84

REF : SD/550.1 / 2984

18 November 1944

SUBJECT : SCHIFT, Lorenzo, Internee

TO : Capt. Geach, 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. An appeal on behalf of the e/m is
herewith forwarded for your consideration when subject's
case is reviewed.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel, J.A.C.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

Tel:- 489081
Ext:- 367

CONFIDENTIAL

2774

TO THE ALLIED COMMAND.

R O M E

May this Command take into consideration the present matter and, if deemed necessary, grant what is here below asked for:-

I am a poor wife who is to become mother for the first time.

My husband, SCHIFI Lorenzo, class 1915, employed at the Railway Station as assistant to the engine driver, on 13th November 1943, was forced by the German Authorities to go to the ALA and take a quick exam after having attended a course.

On 22nd December he was sent back to Italy where he resumed service. But as he learned that they wanted to send him North, he wounded his hand by himself in order to be unable to work for the enemies of his country.

His hand was cured at the Hospital of the Railway Company and from the records can be found the truth.

He was unable to work for five months. Meanwhile, the Allies arrived and he went and explained them what he had been through before. He was praised for what he had done and went back to his family.

But after a few days he was arrested and sent to Regina Coeli Prison.

After the investigation he was acquitted of any charge, but was sent to a concentration camp at Padula (Salerno) where he is still at present.

As I have said above, I will become mother in a few days and the innocent creature will not have the father's kiss; and that is not all.

I'm without means of living and I'm sharing the little rations that an old relative of mine has. Giving birth to the child, which is a glad anxiety for the other mothers, is a terrible anxiety for me.

Therefore, I ask you to send my husband back to me, the father of this innocent child. So that he can work as before and give me the help which every mother has right to.

The prayers of a poor mother will be all for you that are doing so much

On 22nd December he was sent back to Italy where he resumed service. But as he learned that they wanted to send him North, he wounded his hand by himself in order to be unable to work for the enemies of his country.

His hand was cured at the Hospital of the Railway Company and from the records can be found the truth.

He was unable to work for five months. Meanwhile, the Allies arrived and he went and explained them what he had been through before. He was praised for what he had done and went back to his family.

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I'm without means of living and I'm sharing the little rations that an old relative of mine has. Giving birth to the child, which is a glad anxiety for the other mothers, is a terrible anxiety for me.

Therefore, I ask you to send my husband back to me, the father of this innocent child. So that he can work as before and give me the help which every mother has right to.

The prayers of a poor mother will be all for you that are doing so much for the oppressed people.

Rome, 14th November 1944.

2773

SCHIRI SILVANA

Rome, Via dei Silvestrini, 23
(Forte Portuense)

presso Camillo Apolloni BONCHI
Piazza Sforza Cesarini 41 - 52974.

ROME.

785016

PRO-MEMORIA

FONTANA MENOTTI fu Adelfio nato a Roma il 20 settembre 1901, coniugato con prole, domiciliato in Roma in Via Piccarda Donati n. 5, impiegato delle FF. dello SS; fu arrestato il 13 luglio corr. anno perchè sospetto di aver avuto rapporti con un suo cugino, tale Fontani Danilo, il quale, a sua volta, sarebbe stato a contatto con le SS.

Dopo due mesi di carcere, trascorsi a Regina Coeli, non essendosi appurato nulla che avesse potuto minimamente attribuirsi a colpa del Fontana Menotti, le Autorità Italiane emisero ordine di scarcerazione che non fu eseguito perchè le Autorità Alleate a loro volta, a semplice scopo precauzionale, assegnarono il predetto Fontana al campo di concentramento di Padula ove si trova internato dal 14 settembre u.s. .

Si fa presente che il Fontana non è mai stato filofascista e tanto meno filo nazista in dipendenza di una mentalità estranea ed avversa ad ogni forma di violenza e che se dovette piegarsi a sopportare il non chiesto e deprecato titolo

*Copy sent to Mr. Menotti
Mr. Case to Capt. G. G. G.
Generally. JH 12/4*

SD/SSO.1-83

83

File

Dopo due mesi di carcere, trascorrendosi appurato nulla che avesse potuto minimamente attribuirsi a colpa del Fontana Menotti, le Autorità Italiane emisero ordine di scarcerazione che non fu eseguito perchè le Autorità Alleate a loro volta, a semplice scopo precauzionale, assegnarono il predetto Fontana al campo di concentramento di Padula ove si trova internato dal 14 settembre u.s. .

Si fa presente che il Fontana non è mai stato filofascista e tanto meno filo nazista in dipendenza di una mentalità estranea ed avversa ad ogni forma di violenza e che se dovette piegarsi a sopportare il non chiesto e deprecato titolo di squadrista - attribuitogli arbitrariamente per adescarlo ad un mai ottenuto concorso in fatti delinquenziali - vi fu costretto dalla necessità di mantenere il suo piccolo impiego, tale rimasto fino ad ora, come unica fonte di ~~mantenuta~~ ²⁷⁷⁸ vita per lui e per la sua famiglia.

A prova di quanto si afferma si possono citare i seguen-

ti fatti che serviranno ad acclarare quanto ostinatamente il Fontana sia stato avverso a partecipare in qualunque modo alla vita politica dragonianamente imposta al popolo italiano:

a) sollecitato ad accettare la carica di fiduciario del gruppo rionale Esquilino rifiutava nettamente adducendo motivi di lavoro incompatibili con la attività necessaria allo svolgimento dell'incarico offertogli.

b) si sottraeva sistematicamente ai ripetuti inviti per adunate o manifestazioni in genere.

c) appena gli fu possibile, e cioè nel 1937, si dimise dalla Milizia Ferroviaria ove si era lasciato incorporare per necessità di vita.

Nel suo impiego non ha ottenuto speciali promozioni e nella condotta della sua vita si è sempre mantenuto ad un livello di dignità irreprensibile che lo teneva, quindi, estraneo al malcostume politico che per venti anni ha tenuto l'Italia schiava di una tirannica volontà.

Questa sua condotta gli ha peraltro nociuto in modo tale

mento dell'incarico offertogli.

- b) si sottraveva sistematicamente ai ripetuti inviti per adunate o manifestazioni in genere.
- c) appena gli fu possibile, e cioè nel 1937, si dimise dalla Milizia Ferroviaria ove si era lasciato incorporare per necessità di vita.

Nel suo impiego non ha ottenuto speciali promozioni e nella condotta della sua vita si è sempre mantenuto ad un livello di dignità irreprensibile che lo teneva, quindi, estraneo al malcostume politico che per venti anni ha tenuto l'Italia schiava di una tirannica volontà.

Questa sua condotta gli ha peraltro nociuto in modo tale da vedersi leso in molti suoi diritti. 2771

Rinunciando a qualsiasi apprezzamento nei riguardi del provvedimento di internamento, si fa presente che lo stato di salute della persona in oggetto, già precario in precedenza all'arresto, è andato sempre più aggravandosi fino a divenire allarmante e quindi si fa appello ai più umani sensi di com-

- 3 -

prensione perché ove non si ritenga di restituirla alla propria famiglia sia almeno tolta dal campo di concentramento ed inviato in un ospedale, e ciò anche in base a quanto previsto dai regolamenti della Croce Rossa Internazionale.

Il Fontana è da anni sofferente di ulcera duodenale, colecistopatia e coliche croniche come risulta dagli allegati certificati medici del dott. Francesco Murgia Pittau e del radiologo prof. Marbo Santoro.

Questa grave malattia esasperata dai disagi dell'internamento, ha provocato nel Fontana un gravissimo deperimento organico con conseguente rimarchevole riflesso sulle condizioni degli organi visivi che fin dalla nascita hanno richiesto l'uso di lenti.

Una semplice visita medica potrà facilmente constatare quanto di afferma e quindi si confida che la umana pietà delle Autorità preposte varrà a scongiurare il grave pericolo che incombe sulla salute di un padre ed a restituirlo alla fami-

cistopatia e colite cronica come
tificati medici del dott. Francesco Murgia Pittau e del ra-
diologo prof. Mario Santoro.

Questa grave malattia esasperata dai disagi dell'interna-
mento, ha provocato nel Fontana un gravissimo deperimento or-
ganico con conseguente rimarchevole riflesso sulle condizioni
degli organi visivi che fin dalla nascita hanno richiesto l'u-
so di lenti.

Una semplice visita medica potrà facilmente constatare quan-
to di afferma e quindi si confida che la umana pietà delle
Autorità preposte varrà a scongiurare il grave pericolo che
incombe sulla salute di un padre ed a restituirlo alla fami-
glia che con trepida ansia aspetta.

2770

Mon. Angelo Sacta-Caselli
Decapo Camera Apostolica
Città del Vaticano

0630

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785016

Città del Vaticano.

Mons. Angelo Gaeta - Caselli
Decano dei Prelati della R. Camera Apostolica

53962

(dalle 15^h alle 19)

2799

785016

SJM/nb

CONFIDENTIAL

83

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550.1

16 November 1944

SUBJECT : PONTANA MENOTTI, Internee

TO : Capt. Geuch, 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. Forwarded herewith is an appeal for release
of a/m subject. For your aid in screening Subject.

SJM
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

Tel: 489081
Ext: 367

2768

CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM

Fontana Menotti son of Adelio, born in Rome on the 20th September 1901, married with children, living in Rome at via Piccarda Donati, 5, employed with FF.SS., was arrested on the 13 July 1944 under the accusation of having been in touch with his cousin Fontani Danilo who collaborated with the SS.

After two months of imprisonment in Regina Coeli the Italian Authorities ordered his release from prison. However said order was not executed because the Allies thought it safer to intern him, and sent him therefore to Padula, on the 14 September 1944.

Fontana Menotti never had pro-fascist or pro-nazi sentiments. He was not a real squadrista, but had to accept this title in order to keep the very modest post which allowed him to maintain his family.

The following facts will prove that Fontana Menotti never took an active part in the political life of the Fascist Party.

a) When he was asked to be Secretary of the fascist group "Esquilino", he refused saying his work didn't leave him enough time.

b) He always avoided to take part to political meetings or manifestations.

c) In 1937 he retired from the "Milizia Ferroviaria" in which he entered because of the necessities of life.

He never received any promotion and did his possible to keep away from every political activity. His behaviour has even prejudiced him because often was obliged to give up his rights.

His state of health which was not very good even before his arrest, has greatly grown worse, and we apply to your sense of humanity hoping you will have him recovered in a hospital.

The attached medical certificates signed by Dr. Francesco Murgia Pitteau, and by Prof. Mario Santoro, state Fontana Menotti suffers with a duodenal ulcer. Besides, his present state of health has also affected his eyes which have been weak all his life.

We hope the Allied Authorities will understand his situation and allow him to go home.

MDP

27f7

MINISTRY OF DEFENSE - WED. 10/1/45

in

MINISTRY OF GRACE AND JUSTICE
CABINET OF H.E. THE MINISTER
Liaison Office with A.C.

Rome, 13 November 1944

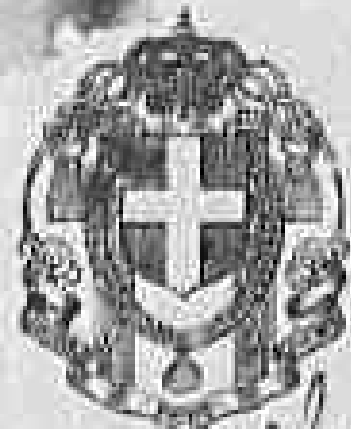
Subject : Fontana Menotti son of Adelio

To Allied Commission
Public Safety Sub Commission
ROME

We send you, for your information the attached memorandum regarding the above named, interned in the concentration camp of Padule, and beg you to verify the facts stated in said memorandum.

/S/ The liaison Officer
(Dr. Giorgio Benelli)

2766



MINISTERO DI GRAZIA E GIUSTIZIA

Gabinetto di S. E. il Ministro
Ufficio di Collegamento con l'AC

Roma, 13 novembre 1944

Prot. N° 320/320

OGGETTO: Fontana Menotti fu Adelio.

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione di P.S.R o m a

Si trasmette per competenza l'unito promemoria relativo al nominato in oggetto, attualmente ristretto nel campo di concentramento di Padula con preghiera di esaminare se quanto è detto nel promemoria stesso corrisponde a verità.

L'Ufficiale di collegamento
(Dr. Giorgio Bonelli)

Bonelli

Summary
Crimes
Rev. d. 14/11
Book No. 3901
File No. 5301
Action

785016

SJH/ND

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

82

Ref

: SD/550.1/2725

16 November 1944

Subject : GASEBARI Alberto

To : Capt. GEACH, 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. Forwarded are originals and translations concerning release of a/m Subject. Forwarded for your aid in screening Subject's case.

[Signature]

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

Tel: 489081
Ext. 367

2764

CONFIDENTIAL

MINISTRY OF GRACE AND JUSTICE
Cabinet of H.E. the Minister
Liaison Office with A.C.

Rome, 11 November 1944

Subject : Alberto Gasbarri, lawyer.

We send you, for your information the attached memorandum regarding the case of Mr. Alberto Gasbarri, lawyer, ex "Podestà" of Chieti, at present interned in the concentration camp of Padula.

We beg you to control the facts explained in the above mentioned memorandum, and inform us of Mr. Gasbarri's real position.

/S/ The Liaison Officer
(Dr. Giorgio Bonelli)

Translations
originals and copy of
translations to 371

Summary TranslationMEMORANDUM REGARDING MR. ALBERTO GASBARRI, LAWYER, PODESTA OF CHIETI IN 1940 AND DURING THE GERMAN OCCUPATION

Mr. Alberto Gasbarri, Podesta of Chieti from 1940 until the arrival of the Allies in this city, helped very much the population at the time of the German domination.

He often made attempts to disobey or to discuss the orders given by the Germans, and has even been interned in a concentration camp under the accusation of making sabotage. He remained in the concentration camp only for a couple of days because the population began to protest, and also because of the personal intervention of the Archbishop of Chieti. Attached are a letter of the Archbishop in which he informs Mrs. Gasbarri that her husband will be released, and two letters signed by Fuchs and Schaffer, Commander of the German Garrison, where they complain about the bad functioning of the Work Office (forced Labours) which has been intrusted to Mr. Gasbarri who did everything in order to save the inhabitants of Chieti from forced labours.

Being the "Podesta" of Chieti Gasbarri had to be in touch with the Germans, but in the same time all those who were persecuted and sought by the Germans found a friend and a protector in him.

Underneath are some examples of his character.

a) 5 persons remained hidden in the cellar of his house for a whole day while the Germans were arresting and taking away all the men they could find. A search was also made in his house. (attached are the letters of the Majors Mario Ricci and of Marshall Major Di Tizio).

b) To Mrs. Ebe Trevi who implored him to help her Jewish husband, and to Mrs. Giulia Volterra, a Jew herself, he released a false identity card and some food cards. (attached are the letters of Mrs. Ebe Trevi and of Mrs. Argia Terracina).

c) He protected Mr. and Mrs. Kardos who were interned for their Jewish origin, and after Mr. Kardos's death Gasbarri's sister in law gave hospitality to his widow. (attached is a letter of Mrs. Kardos).

d) He obtained the released of Colonel Bersani guaranteeing personally his innocence. (attached is a letter of Col. Bersani).

e) Gasbarri employed for the Comune General Russo Umberto who was continually sought by the Germans, and refused to accept the services of Zulli Alberto, Lieutenant of the Republican Army. In his letter dated 4 May 1944 and addressed to the Chief of the Province, Colonel Ettore Attanasio, Commander of the 23rd Provincial Military Command deplored Mr. Gasbarri's disobedience. (Attached is the letter of Col. Attanasio.)

f) He hid 20 English prisoners and many patriots ^{276?} their arms in the house of Mr. Verna. (attached is a letter of Mrs. Verna).

g) He sent money to the patriots hidden in the mountains near Chieti, and allowed Di Iorio Tonino to consign daily 10-15 Kg. of bread for the patriots. (Mr. Lannutti employed in the Municipality of Chieti, and the postman Di Iorio Tonino can testify it).

h) Gasbarri succeeded in avoiding the destruction of some house damaged by the Germans. (the owner of these houses, Mr. Giovanni Caporale can testify it).

i) He also saved many families considered "undesirable" from leaving their houses and their city.

The above mentioned facts can be proved with documents and with witnesses, and show how patriotic Gasbarri's behaviour has always been.

He cannot be condemned for his relations with the Germans, as he remained in touch with them especially in order to obtain favours and facilitations for the population.

Nobody should accuse him for having adhered to the Republican Fascist Government, because he did it wishing only to keep his position and to continue his action of help and protection. He knew very well that otherwise his post would have been given to the Vice Prefect Licheri who was known to have very pro-German sentiments.

Alberto Gasbarri has always been a very honest Fascist, he never received any personal compensation for the charges he held, and earned his life exercising his profession. He used to manifest openly his opinions, and has therefore been excluded from the fascist party for two years, (1935-1937) and made himself many enemies who tried to hinder him in his profession.

This memorandum is to explain the honest and moral personality of a man who wants justice to be done and who wishes to back to his house where a mother and two small children are awaiting him.

We beg therefore the Allied Authorities to re-examine the case of Alberto Gasbarri who has been interned at Fadula three months ago.

MDP

2761

Letter of Monsignore Venturi Archbishop of Chieti

(Copy)

Chieti I3-XII-43

Dear Lady,

I am glad to inform you that your husband will be allowed to go back to his home and to his city where everybody loves him for all the good he has done with so much unselfishness.

The German Officer assured me your husband will be released.

I told this officer several time in my name and in the name of all the inhabitantsof Chieti that the Podestà, Mr. Alberto Gastbarri is a very good man who certainly doesn't deserve to be punished.

Giving you this good news, I bless you and wish you much luck.

/s/ Giuseppe Venturi.

2760

Copy

Garrison Command of Chieti

II/57I944

To H.E. The Prefect of Chieti
and for information to the Archbishop and
to the "Commissario Prefettizio of
Chieti.

Excellency,

In my letter dated 26/5/44 I explained that the measures we took would be the last attempt to obtain workers through the offices. I thought the Italians would understand the necessities of the present hard moments.

I tried to release the "Prefettura", the Comune and the Hospitals releasing about 2000 exonerated from forced labours. On the request of the Vice Prefect I have even exonerated the students of the National, Industrial and Technical Institute, and hoped that the question of the forced labours would at last be settled, but I was wrong.

I really don't understand this lack of discipline. Yesterday afternoon we called 100 persons and only 16 presented themselves this morning.

I consider this a real lack of good will and I am therefore obliged to give the following ultimatum.

If until this evening II May 1944 at 19 o'clock the 60 requested workers will not be at our disposition, I shall annul all the exonerations and give my soldiers the order to take all the workers they can find. The population will answer for the further development of the present situation.

Naturally the Superior Authority will be informed about the behaviour of the population of Chieti.

Attached is a copy of the "Gazzetta Ufficiale 1944" nr 48 of the 28.2.44 where is published the decree of the 24.12.43 regarding forced labours for all men from 16 to 60 years of age.

/S/ Schafer

COPY

The original is in the Labour Office

COMMAND OF THE CHIETI GARRISON

18 March 1944

TO THE PODESTÀ OF CHIETI
CHIETI

Podestà,

The marshall attached to the Labour Office informs me that it is very difficult to recruit the workers who all try to be exonerated. As we need workers I must therefore annul all the medical certificates.

If the Labour Office will not send us a sufficient number of workers, the men of the town will be taken without any distinction.

Besides I recall you that Forced Labour is one of the conditions for which the city has not been evacuated.

I beg you to do all your possible to change the present situation, this if you wish to guarantee the regular life of the city.

If this will not be done, I shall suppress the Labour Office and make known my decisions and your incapacity through public declarations.

/S/ Fuchs
War Counsellor and Commander of the Garrison

Copy

Chieti, 30 October 1943

Dear Sir,
I thank you for the hospitality given in your house on the
27 October, while the Germans were searching all the houses.
Your kind hospitality has really saved me.
I greet you together with your wife.

/S/ Mario Ricci

2757

Copy

I, undersigned Di Tizio Antonio, living in Chieti at Vico Storto Teatro Vecchio, 2, state the following.

Towards the end of October 1943 the Germans increased their taking away the men of the town. One morning they blocked all the streets and began to search the houses. I could not escape and was sure to be taken with my sons.

Happily, Mr. Alberto Gasbarri, though knowing the great risk he ran, offered me to hide in the cellars of his house.

This generous offer saved me, my three sons, (Ornelio, Lieutenant of the Engineer Corps, Camillo, Corporal A.U.C. of Artillery, and Alberto born in 1926) and our neighbour Major Mario Ricci.

Mr. Gasbarri told me to remain until the danger would not pass, and allowed me to use this hiding place every time it would be necessary.

I state also that Mr. Gasbarri always informed me in time if there was any danger in view.

In faith

/S/ Di Tizio Antonio, Marshal Major of the Army.

Chieti, 30 August 1944

Copy

Chieti, 13 November 1943

Dear Sir,

I must express you all my gratitude for the release of my little Paola. My child is now with me and I owe you this great joy.

I will keep the copy of the beautiful letter you wrote in order to obtain the release from jail of a child who is only eight years old.

You are a father yourself, and you understood this pitiful case. God will bless you for all the good you are doing to your fellow-citizens with so much generosity and unselfishness. Our dear city is intrusted to you, and we hope you will be able to save it.

Now that thanks to your help my sufferings are over, I thank you with all my heart for your spontaneous intervention, and my child will always remember you in her prayers.

/S/ Ebe Trevi

Copy

Chieti I2 - 2 - 44

Dear Sir,

I feel it my duty to express you all my gratitude, and I am sure Godd will bless you for all the good you have done to us.

I thank you in the name of my niece Giulia Volterra for all the assistance you gave her after her escape from the camp, and she hopes to be soon able to thank you personally.

Might God recompense you for all the good your are doing in these very difficult moments.

/S/ Argia Carusi widow Terracina

Copy

Chieti, 2 - 4 - 44

Dear Sir,

I write the present letter to express my gratitude for all the good you have done to me and to my husband during our stay in Chieti from February 1941 until to day, and especially when we ran the great risk of being again interned by the Germans.

You have continued to protect me also after my dear husband's death sending me to your sister in law's house where I found kindness and affection.

I know very well that on the 2nd May 1944 your intervention saved me from internment in a concentration camp. You warned me in time and you even discussed with the Germans and the Republicans who persecuted me because I am a Jew, and in spite of my being a widow without any means to live on until I will be able to join my family.

I thank you again with all my heart and send my best greetings to your wife and to your children.

/S. Teresa Polgar widow Kardos.

COPY

Dear Sir,

I am very grateful to you and thank you with all my heart because through your intervention I have been released from the Germans.

With my best greetings

/S/ Bersani

I2 - II - 1943

COPY

23rd PROVINCIAL COMMAND
Personnel Office

n. 785 - 7 - 8 - P.

Posta da Campo 889

Subject : Russo Umberto

2 May 1944

TO THE CHIEF OF THE PROVINCE OF
CHIETI

With reference to the letter 832-832 dated 18 April, addressed to the "Commissario Prefettizio" of the Comune of Chieti in which you ordered that RUSSO Umberto be dismissed and kept away from the town, I am sorry to inform you that the above named still holds his post. Besides, in the same Comune there is now another employee, a certain MARRONE Pasquale, living at Chieti, who presented himself to military service only when he began to fear the capital punishment.

I am really surprised to see how the Comune doesn't seem to care about the political sentiments and the sincerity of its employees.

I am also sorry to see that a man like Lieutenant ZULLI Alberto, whose name has been mentioned to you in the letter 750-8-P dated 20-4-1944, and who joined the Republican Army freely since the first moment, in spite of his age, cannot get to work in the Comune though he needs a job very badly.

If ZULLI doesn't wear a military uniform, it is because of his age and not because of a lack of patriotism.

I am sure Your Excellency will intervene in order to put an end to such unpleasant situation, and order a job be given to ZULLI who has already been Adjoined Communal Secretary of Ripa Teatina.

/S/ the Commander, Lieutenant
Colonel Ercole Attanasio.

A copy of the present letter has been given to Gen. Russo and to Lt. Marrone.

/S/ 2nd Lieutenant Mammoliti Mario

COPY

Chieti, 14 August 1944

I, undersigned Anna Manetta Verna state that I gave hospitality to the partisans and kept in my house the arms and the munitions which were to be sent to the partisans hidden on the mountain "Mafiella".

I did this only because of my friendship with Mr. Alberto Gasbarri, ex Podestà of Chieti who, did all his possible, together with the Archbishop, to save the town and help the population.

Mr. Gasbarri sent me also 20 British prisoners and I gave them hospitality in spite of the great risk I was running.

I can testify Mr. Gasbarri is a very honest man who had to do many things he didn't wish only because the Germans suspected he double crossed.

When the present Commissioner of the Commune Mr. Spezioli and Prof. Mattone were arrested, he did everything in order to have them released.

The Germans did not like him and nobody knows it better than I do.

I beg therefore the Allied Command to take my statement into kind consideration.

In faith

/S/ Anna Verna Manetta

COPY

INFORMATION ABOUT LIEUTENANT ALBERTO GASBARRI

The above named has been my dependent from August 1917 until April 1918.

During this period I could see Gasbarri was a very good element. He is of a serious character, has many qualities, and his behaviour has always been perfect either on duty or in his private life. He proved to be intelligent, efficient, and to have very patriotic sentiments.

While Gasbarri commanded the "Pistola-Mitragliatrice" Section which belonged to my Company, he performed his duty very well. He was courageous, had self control, and during the retreat of Caporetto encouraged his soldiers not to surrender, and protected in this way the retreat of the rest of the Army from S. Gabriele to the Piave, saving a great quantity of arms and munitions.

Gasbarri was well liked by his superiors, his colleagues and also by his dependents though he always had the necessary influence on them.

Lussimpiccolo 6 July 1925

/S/ Lieutenant Mario Bertelli
Commander of the 10th Company
264 Infantry during the war.

COPY

INFORMATION ON LIEUTENANT ALBERTO GASBARRI

Gaeta, 13 June 1925

Lieutenant Alberto Gasbarri was my dependent from October 1917 until April 1919. He commanded the platoon "Pistole-Mitragliatrice" and later on became my adjutant.

He was an intelligent and cultivated person.

He was of good character, energetic, very courageous and never tried to avoid danger.

He had influence on his dependents and was well liked by his colleagues. I liked him and esteemed him.

He was always of great help to me.

/S/ Major Wofango Fazi

785016

SJH/nb

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

81

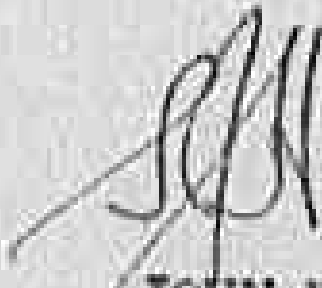
REF : SD/550.1 / 2910

14 November 1944

SUBJECT : Internee - BUCCHERI Ernesto

TO : Capt. Geach 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. The attached appeals on behalf of the
a/n are forwarded for consideration when this case is reviewed, please.


JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

2747

CONFIDENTIAL

785016

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR
General Direction of
Public Safety

Rome, 10 November 1944

To Allied Commission
Public Safety Sub Commission
Rome

Subject : Buccheri Ernesto - interned at Padula

We send you, for your information, the copy of the letter written by the above named person and the copy of the information given by the CC.RR. which were transmitted to us by the High Commissioner for War Prisoners.

/S/ For the Minister

2746

3 August 1944

Excellency,

My name is BUCCHERI Ernesto and I am from Sortino (Siracusa).

On the 1st August 1942 I entered as simple typer in the local Comune, and during my eleven months of service I never had any public activity and never handled any money.

I joined the Fascist Party in 1934 and never held a political charge. Once, I have also been interrogated and punished by the Fascist Discipline Commission. As we had to live on my very small wages and on an allowance I received in 1932 as ex Guard of the Finance, my family practically suffered hunger.

I was arrested on the 29th July 1943 and sent to Africa where I elected to follow Monarchy, and later on I was transferred to the concentration camp of Padula.

If you will ask the local Authorities you will see I have told you the truth.

My present economical condition is very bad and my wife awaits my return to be operated from an ulcer in her stomach.

Excellency, the Allies have harmed so many innocent people that I think somebody must have cheated them.

Excellency, I implore you to allow me to go back home.

/S/Buccheri Ernesto
371 POW Camp - Italy

LEGIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DI MESSINA
STAZIONE DI SORTINO

Sortino, 2 October 1944

Answer to the letter n.1850/Mil/I/C.5 of the 9th September 1944

Subject ; Result of information

To the High Commissioner for War Prisoners
ROME

From the inquiries made results that the Corporal Major (Caporal Maggiore) Buccheri Ernesto from Sortino never took an active part in the fascist party in this Comune.

He worked as typist in the Comune of Sortino.

It is reported that false information has been given about him to the Allied Command.

/S/The brigadier commander of the
Section - Serri Salvatore

S.


Luigi Br.
Mod. 812
Roma 10 Novembre 1944

Ministero dell'Interno
DIREZIONE GENERALE DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Al'On. COMMISSIONE
ALLEATA

Sottocommissione per la
Pubblica Sicurezza

Divisione A.G.R. 10
Prot. N. 447/6807 *Allegati*

Risposta n. 1 del ROMA

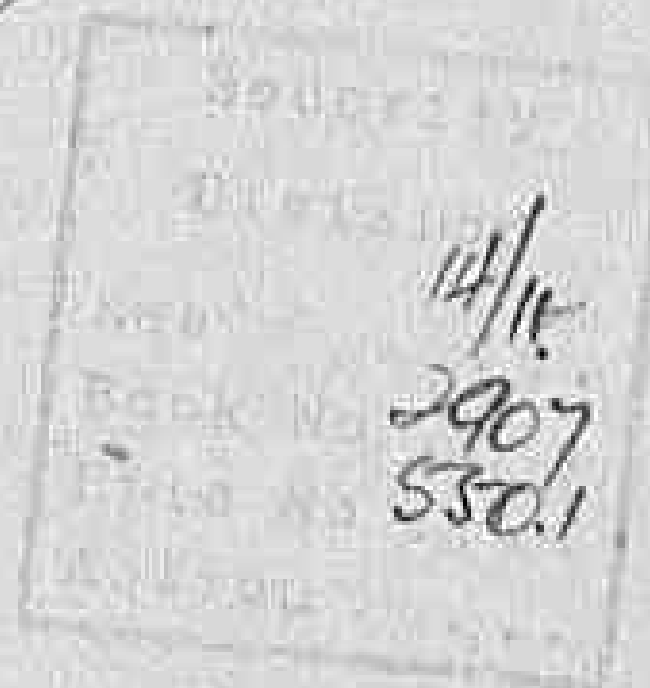
Dir. Fa. N.

OGGETTO: Buccheri Ernesto - internato a Padula.

Per l'esame di competenza, si trasmette
copia di una lettera dell'internato in oggetto
e copia di informazioni fornite in merito dai
CC.RR. qui fatte pervenire dall'Alto Commissa-
rio per i Prigionieri di Guerra.

PEL MINISTRO

[Signature]



2743

C O P I A

3 Agosto 1944

Eccellenza,

Sono BUCCHERI Ernesto, da Sortino (Siracusa) impiegato comunale sin dal 1° Agosto 1942, scritto all'ex p.n.f. 1934, quale datilografo (quindi senza mai aver servito pubblico, nè aver avuto denaro in consegna durante i miei undici mesi di onorato servizio), iscritto all'ex p.n.f. 1934, non esercitai nessuna attività politica, nè ricestii cariche (anzi giudicato dalla Commissione di Disciplina e punito). Vivevo, in una mia tenera famiglia, soffrendo addirittura la fame, con il misero stipendio ed di una irrisoria pensione avuta nel 1932 quale appartenente alla R. Guardia di Finanza.

Arrestato in ufficio il 29 luglio 1943 per impellenti operazioni militari in Sicilia in corso fui trasferito in Africa immediatamente ove interpellato aderii per la Monarchia. Rimpatriato il 22 maggio u.s. sono rimasto qui Vi prego ordinate serie informazioni a mio riguardo presso le locali Autorità presente e passato, poichè non temo smentita alcuna di quanto sopra esposto. Trattasi di un caso abbastanza pietoso, date le disperate condizioni finanziarie e per giunta mia moglie ammalata cronica che attende di giorno in giorno il mio ritorno per essere operata di ulcera duodenale.

Eccellenza qualcuno dato il momento, ha carpito la buona fede degli Inglesi, e ha fatto operare loro tanto male e ciò ritengo per beghe personali o per ragioni di lavoro.

Eccellenza! Vi prego fatemi restituire alla famiglia nel nome di Dio.

Con perfetta osservanza - Buccheri Ernesto - 371 POW Camp Italia

8 8 5 8

e punito). Vivevo, in una alla mia tenera famigliola, soffrendo addirittura la fame, con il misero stipendio ed di una irrisoria pensione avuta nel 1932 quale appartenente alla R. Guardia di Finanza.

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Eccellenza qualcuno dato il momento, ha carpito la buona fede degli Inglesi, e ha fatto operare loro tanto male e ciò ritengo per beghe personali o per ragioni di lavoro.

Eccellenza! Vi prego fatemi restituire alla famiglia nel nome di Dio.

Con perfetta osservanza - Buccheri Ernesto - 371 POW Camp Italia

P. C. C.



2742

Pas/ag

C O P I A

LEGIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DI MESSINA

STAZIONE DI SORTINO

N° 34/176 di prot.div.III

Sortino, lì 2-10-1944

R.al foglio N° 3850/MIL/I/C.5 del 9 settembre 1944

OGGETTO: Esito informazioni.

ALL'ALTO COMMISSARIO PER I PRIGIONIERI DI GUERRA

R O M A

Da indagini praticate risulta che il caporal maggiore BUCCHERI Ernesto, da Sortino, non esplicò mai in questo Comune attività politica verso il cessato p.n.f.

Prestava servizio quale dattilografo nel Comune di Sortino.

Corre voce che al suo riguardo siano state date informazioni errate alle Autorità Alleate.

Il brig.comand.della stazione
F/to Sarri Salvatore

P. C. C.



ALL'ALTO COMMISSARIO PER I PRIGIONIERI DI GUERRA

R O M A

Da indagini praticate risulta che il caporal maggiore BUCCHERI Ernesto, da Sortino, non esplicò mai in questo Comune attività politica verso il cessato p.n.f.

Prestava servizio quale dattilografo nel Comune di Sortino.

Corre voce che al suo riguardo siano state date informazioni errate alle Autorità Alleate.

P. C. C.



Il brig.comand.della stazione
F/to Sarri Salvatore

2741

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550.1-80

26 March 1945

SUBJECT : Dott. CAVALLARI Angelo

TO : Ministry of Grace and Justice
Ufficio Superiore del Personale

1. Reference 1235/004/0 of 12 Jan. 1945.
2. Subject has been released from internment because he has been considered to be no longer a danger to security.

CA

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

CONFIDENTIAL

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2
APO 512, U.S. Army

GHI.389.450/2-E.

22 March, 1945.

SUBJECT: Dott. Angelo CAVALLARI.

TO : Security Division,
Public Safety Sub-Commission,
Allied Commission.

Reference SD/550.1-80 dated 20 March, 1945.

Subject's case was reviewed in December,
1944 and he was released because he was considered to
be no longer a danger to our security.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2:

Murray East
E. B. NICHOLS,
Colonel, G.S.C.,
Asst. A.C. of S., G-2.

Security
Division
Rec'd. 26/3.
Book No 6134
File No 550.1-80.
Action

CONFIDENTIAL

2739

785016

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

80

REF : SD/550.1/4,97

16 January 1945

SUBJECT : CAVALLARI Angelo

TO : G-2 (CI) AFHQ.

1. Forward is appeal on behalf of above named interned at No. 1 Internment Camp for consideration when case is reviewed by Board.


JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission

JAM/nb

2738

CONFIDENTIAL

785016

Public Safety

Request for release of DOTT.ANGELO CAVALLARI
Pretore of Giulianova who was arrested for political
reasons and interned at Padula. (Salerno)

Petition is addressed to P. S. Sub-Commission

Sub-Commission

0 6 6 5

785016

Mod. 1348 M.G.



Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia

UFFICIO SUPERIORE DEL PERSONALE

UFF. 3° 123° 604/0

Roma, 12 gennaio 1946

Alla Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione Legale
Via Veneto

CS

R O M A

OGGETTO: Dott. Angelo CAVALLARI - pretore di Giulianova.

2 alleg.)

Si ha il pregio di trasmettere a cotesta Commissione Alleata, l'unito documentato esposto presentato dal dott. Antonio CAVALLARI, nell'interesse del proprio fratello dott. Angelo, pretore di Giulianova, attualmente internato nel campo di concentramento di Grumo Appula (Bari).

PEL MINISTRO

Alleg.

15 Jan
4175
SSO. I.

OGGETTO: Dott. Angelo CAVALLARI - pretore di Giulie-
noVE.

2 alleg.)

Si ha il pregio di trasmettere a cotesta Commis-
sione Alleata, l'unito documentato esposto presentato
dal dott. Antonio CAVALLARI, nell'interesse del proprio
fratello dott. Angelo, pretore di Giulianova, attualmen-
te internato nel campo di concentramento di Grumo Appu-
la (Bari).

PEL MINISTRO

M. L. M.

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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15 Jan 1945	
4175	
580 P.	
ACTION	

2737

785016

To the

PUBLIC SAFETY A. C.

Security Division

R O M E

I, the undersigned Dr. Cavallari Antonio - 91, Via Alessandria - Rome - submit to you what follows:

My brother, Dr. Cavallari Angelo, judge in Giulianova (Teramo) on the 19/6/44 was captured by the Polish M. Police whilst being in his residence. At first he was sent to the 207 P.O.W. Camp in Grano Appula (Bari) and afterwards to the 371 P.O.W. Camp in Certosa di Padula (Salerno) where he is staying at present.

He had been accused with philonazismus - Those who made this accusation are a man named Ridolfi, a lawyer named Leone, both of them from Giulianova, and the same clerk of the judge's office.

The accusation is merely a calumny found out by atrocious men with the purpose of taking vendetta of a magistrate who always accomplished his duty.

Really my brother, with risk of his own life, refused to swear in the hand of fascist republican Government, and in April 1944 dismissed from the jail some citizens of Giulianova accused of having not given their own bicycles to the German Authority (documents about this were given to the O.C. of 371 P.O.W. Camp.) - In an other occasion my brother did not obey to a German imposition to force the results of the trial of a man named Nanni, and replied worthily to the German H.Q. of Giulianova with the rectitude and the independence spirit peculiar of a magistrate (see No 8 enclosed letters of summary of declarations committed to the O.C. 207 P.O.W. Camp.).

On the contrary about the two informers I am able to supply you with the following informations:

Ridolfi is notoriously a dark individual, profiteer of women, rescuer and words seller. - About him you can have detailed informations by Judge Cente, at present on duty in the Ministry of Justice in Rome (General Division of Civil Affairs) who knew the man very well when he used to be judge in Giulianova.

Lawyer Leone was a trickster and rescuer and therefore he

is has been accused with philandering - those who made this accuse are a man named Ridolfi, a lawyer named Leone, both of them from Giulianova, and the same clerk of the judge of office.

The accuse is merely a calumny found out by atrocious men with the purpose of taking vendetta of a magistrate who always accomplished his duty.

Really my brother, with risk of his own life, refused to swear in the hand of fascist republican Government, and in April 1944 dismissed from the jail some citizens of Giulianova accused of having not given their own bicycles to the German Authority (documents about this were given to the O.C. of 371 P.O.W. Camp.) - In an other occasion my brother did not obey to a german imposition to force the results of the trial of a man named Menni, and replied worthily to the German H.Q. of Giulianova with the rectitude and the independence's spirit peculiar of a magistrate (see N° 8 enclosed letters of summary of declarations committed to the O.C. 207 P.O.W. Camp.).

On the contrary about the two informers I am able to supply you with the following informations:

Ridolfi is notoriously a dark individual, profitor of women, rescuer and words seller. - About him you can have detailed informations by Judge Conte, at present on duty in the Ministry of Justice in Rome (General Division of Civil Affairs) who knew the man very well when he used to be judge in Giulianova.

Lawyer Leone was a trickster and rescuer and therefore he was in the black reputation of the local judge.

Neither Leone as well as Ridolfi are now in jail for Knavery - The register of the judge office was published by my brother, some time ago, because he perpetrated hustful deeds against the good going of the Justice.

Moreover in 1941 my brother was accused with antifascism, by means of anonymous letter^{and} he was tried in front of a Court of Inquiry in Aquila.

As much as that will result to you.

However the detention of my brother threw in the sorrow his family, two women and two children, who are obliged to ramble about from

785016

a camp to an other, from a Country to an other, and permitted to those evil doers to realise their criminal planes. They profited by the good faith of Polish police inventing bad accuses and justified with the scandal the detention of the magistrate in front of the village population by which he was beloved.

I beg you to question the men shown in the enclosed letters; and to collect all documents above mentioned.

I hope you will return back my brother to his family and to his honest job, as I can guarantee personally that he never fell down and never will fall down his duty.

Sincerely your

(Dott: Antonio Cavallari)

Antonio Cavallari

Rome, 10 december 1944.

Enclosed copies of declarations sent before to other Authorities and a declaration in original of Judge Conte, will the English translation.

0 6 7 0

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

DONT: GUIDO CONTE'S DECLARATION

At request of Dr. Angelo Cavallari I, the undersigned
Dr. Guido Conte fu Ernesto dwelling in Rome - 82 Corso Trieste - declare
what follows:

Since many years I use to know Dr. Cavallari, and I am
able to assert that in the speeches, I had with him in the first year of the
war, never he showed fascist feelings.

On the 26 th of July 1943, as I was on leave in Giuliana-
nova, I paid a visit to him in his office, and he looked to be really satisfied
with the fall of the Fascist Government, as the only one responsible of the
difficult situation in which Italy was laying and especially because of the
declaration of war to the United Nations; that he used to describe as an
extravagance. I remember he hoped a suddenly peace, even if the presence of
German troops in our Country would create serious difficulties.

After the 8 th. of September 1943, as I left the Ministry
of Justice, to which I am applied, in many occasion I spoke with Cavallari
about the political situation, and always he confirmed his hate against the
fascist Party and the new Republican Party, as well as I did not hesitate to
tell him my mind of not obeying to the various impositions received from the
Cremone's Ministry to teach immediately that town.

Beside, when I was obliged by menaces of that Ministry
to give up Giulianova and go in to the Country with my family, I wrote a letter
to Cavallari, begging him to let the Cremone's Ministry know that I had left
the town for unknown destination. What he made.

I can add at last that Cavallari, in our speeches, never
had word of sympathy for Germans.

In faith.

Rome, 19 th. October 1944

S. = GUIDO CONTE

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I can add at last that Cavallari, in our speeches, never had word of sympathy for Germans.

In faith.

Rome, 19 th. October 1944

S.- GUIDO CONTE

SJH/nb

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF

: SD/550.1/3118

24 November 1944

SUBJECT : Internee - CAVALLARI Angelo

TO

: Chief Legal Advisor, Legal Sub Commission

1. Reference your AG/4082/3/L dated 11 Nov. 44/
2. The a/n was arrested because he was considered to be a danger to Allied security.
3. However, his case will be reviewed next month and his release is anticipated consequent upon this review.

Tel:-489081
Ext:- 367

[Signature]
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission

2734

785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550.1-80

20 March 1945

SUBJECT : Dett. Angelo CAVALLARI

TO : G-2 (CI) AFHQ.

1. The Legal Sub Commission request any information that may be available as to the reasons for which Subject was released from internment.

2. His case is being examined from the point of view of sanctions against fascism.



JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub-Commission

CHH/ef

2733

785016

550.1-80-93

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION

ES/pa.
17 Mar 45.

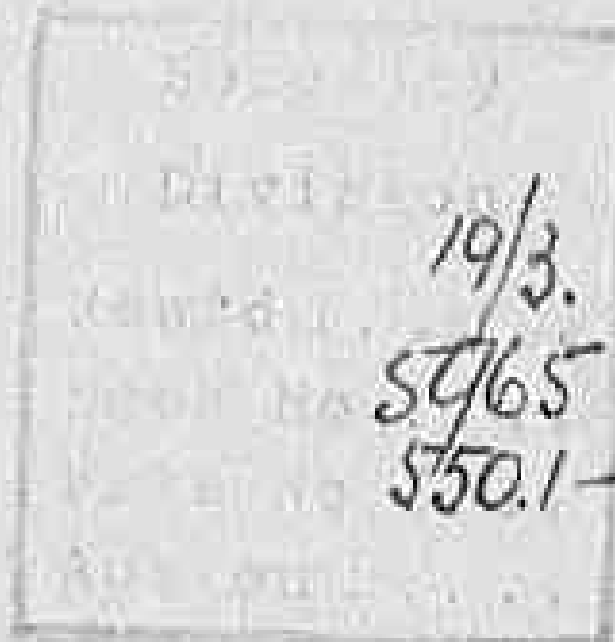
AC/4082/3/L.

SUBJECT : Dott. Angelo CAVALLARI - Pretore of Giulianova-
political internee.

TO : Security Division of the Public Safety Sub-Commission.

1. Reference your SD/550.1 of 24 Nov 44.

2. The Ministry informs this Sub-Commission that the above judge has been released from the Padula camp and his position will now be examined pursuant to the Italian law on sanctions against fascism. For this purpose the Ministry would appreciate any information which you could supply as to the reasons which lead to the release of Dott. CAVALLARI.



G. G. Hannaford

G. G. HANNAFORD,
Lt. Colonel,
Officer i/c Italian Branch,
for Chief Legal Advisor.

2732

785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

80

Ref : SD/55Q.1 *2888*

13 November 1944

Subject : Internee - CAVALLARI Angelo

To : Capt. Geach 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. Would you please forward your comments on the attached letter, regarding the a/n internee, received from Legal Sub Commission this Hq.

JW
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

2731

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 39:
LEGAL SUB-COMMISSION

Security

ES/rm.

11 Nov. 1944.

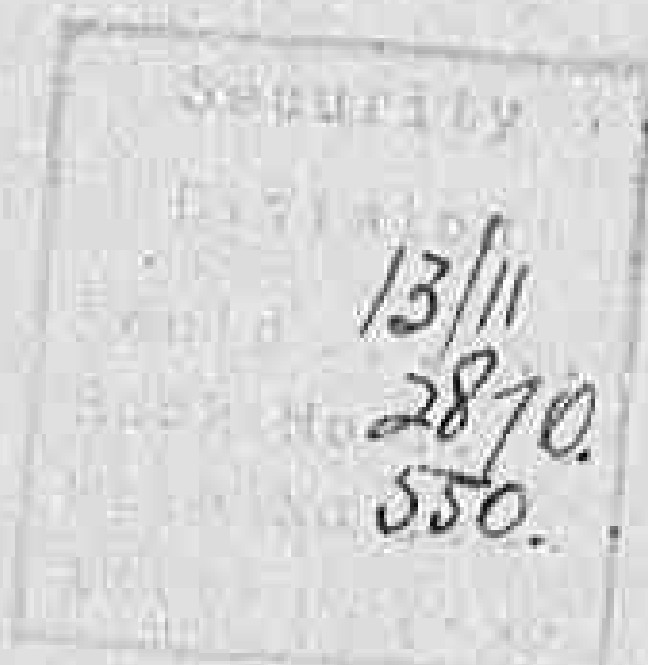
AG/1082/3/L.

SUBJECT : Internment of Dott. CAVALLARI Angelo,
pretor of mandamento di Giulianova
(Teramo).

TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission.

1. The Minister of Justice reports that the above official was arrested on 19 June 1944 at Mosciano S. Angelo (Teramo) by Polish Military Police and brought to Grumo Appula (Bari) by order of British Military Authorities; then he is said to have been transferred to 371 P.W. Camp at Fucula where he has been interned.

2. This Sub-Commission would appreciate any information as to the present position of the above official, the reasons for his internment and his chances for release.



A.R. Thackrah
A.R. THACKRAH,
Lt. Colonel,
Italian Branch,
for Chief Legal Advisor.

2730

File

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.F.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION



Ref: SD/550.1 ✓

19 February 1945

Subject: Avv. Luigi MAGGI PEDORARO

To : G.2 (CI) A.F.H.Q.

1. In accordance with AFHQ letter ref. g-5: 383.7-15 of 20 DEC 44, forwarded herewith is an appeal on behalf of Subject an internee at "A" Civilian Internce Camp.

2. Would you please forward such information regarding subject as is considered suitable for inclusion in a reply to Gen. Adolf Infante.

CH
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
COLONEL, J.A.C.D.
DIRECTOR, PUBLIC SAFETY
SUB COMMISSION.

CONFIDENTIAL

2729

5111

C O P Y

TRANSLATION NO. 530

14 Feb. 1945

THE FIRST AIDE-DE-CAMP OF HIS
ROYAL HIGHNESS THE LT. GEN. OF THE KINGDOM

TO: GENERAL G.R. UPJOHN
Acting Vice-President
Administrative Section.
Allied Commission
R O M E

Dear General,

Rodolfo Maggi, Attorney, residing in Rome, has requested H.R.H. the Lieutenant General of the Kingdom to take an interest in the position of his brother, Avv. Luigi Maggi Pecoraro, a recalled captain in the Cavalry who is a war invalid and has been interned in the concentration camp of Padula since March 1944.

Captain Maggi was arrested in Palermo on 29 July and released on 10 August of the same year; he was arrested again on 21st August and since then no charge has been advanced against him; he therefore does not know any reasons for his arrest and internment.

Various reasons lead one to believe that a mistake has been made in regard to Captain Maggi which has not been clarified because no charge has been formulated against him; moreover almost all the persons who had carried out in the province of Palermo functions of even a greater importance than those carried out by Captain Maggi have never been stopped or have long since been released.

Avv. Maggi is seriously ill with duodenal ulcers which he contracted while fighting; because of this illness in October 1943 the doctors of the Palermo jail advised that he be transferred to a hospital. The prolonged detention has caused his condition to deteriorate, causing his family anxiety and worry.

2728

On behalf of the Prince I beg you to take this case into consideration and to let me know what steps can be taken in favor of Avv. Maggi.

785016

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
SECURITY BRANCH
A.P.O. 394

(21)
79

Ref : SB/140 R.

16 September 1944

Subject : MAGGI PICCORARO Luigi

To : Capt. Geach, 371 P.W. Camp.

1. Please inform us of the position of this man, at your earliest convenience.

2. If he has not been already interviewed, please review his case as soon as possible.

FOR THE DIRECTOR:

McKay
JOHN A. MCKAY,
Major,
Security Branch.

2727

Moral Handling

Ref 513 1440 R

Subject: MAGGI Pecoraro Luigi
To: Capt. Grach 371 Pw Camp

1. Please inform us of the position of this man at your earliest convenience.
2. If he has not been already interviewed, please reach his base as soon as possible.

For the Director:

interviewed

re

(1/1)

JOHN M. MCKAY
11/2/26

MAGGI PECORARO LUIGI

Arrestato in provincia di Palermo nell'agosto dello scorso anno. Dal marzo 1944 trovosi presso il campo di concentramento di Padula. Non è stato mai interrogato durante i tredici mesi della sua detenzione. Egli ignora i motivi che hanno determinato l'azione nei suoi riguardi.

Il Maggi ebbe delle cariche durante il regime fascista, ma la sua azione si svolse quasi sempre nel settore tecnico-sindacale (Organizzazione degli Artigiani).

Deliberatamente egli si tenne il più possibile lontano da ogni vera e propria attività di partito ed era nota a tutti coloro che avevano occasione di avvicinarlo il suo spirito di critica indipendente ed intransigente nei confronti del regime; soprattutto negli ultimi tempi egli era da molti considerato un avversario dei metodi e della mentalità dominanti nel fascismo. Il Maggi, che aveva già manifestato la sua ostilità alla Campagna di

0 6 8 21
riguardi.

Il Maggi ebbe delle cariche durante il regime fascista, ma la sua azione si svolse quasi sempre nel settore tecnico-sindacale (Organizzazione degli Artigiani).

Deliberatamente egli si tenne il più possibile lontano da ogni vera e propria attività di partito ed era noto a tutti coloro che avevano occasione di avvicinarlo il suo spirito di critica indipendente ed intransigente nei confronti del regime; soprattutto negli ultimi tempi egli era da molti considerato un avversario dei metodi e della mentalità dominanti nel fascismo. Il Maggi, che aveva già manifestato la sua ostilità alla campagna di Etiopia e che si dichiarava apertamente in favore di una politica di amicizia con l'Impero Inglese, non nascondeva la sua recisa opposizione alla guerra attuale. Per questo egli fu varie volte severamente richiamato dalle gerarchie fasciste.

Per tali motivi si ritiene che il provvedimento a-

dottato contro di lui, possa essere stato determinato da erronee informazioni e da accuse fatte da qualche elemento che ha agito, spinto da animosità di carattere privato e personale.

Si invoca perciò, dall'alto spirito di giustizia che caratterizza l'azione del Comando Alleato, un riesame della situazione del Maggi.

E' opportuno far rilevare come il Maggi appartenga ad una vecchia e nobile famiglia e come la sua attività pubblica sia stata non solo del tutto disinteressata, ma anche svolta con sacrifici economici personali.

Maggi Pecoraro Luigi

Arrested in the province of Palermo in August of last year 1943. Since March 1944 in the prison camp of Padula.

He has never been interrogated during the 13 months of his imprisonment. He ^{does not know} ~~ignores~~ the reason for his arrest.

Maggi had held positions in the Fascist Regime but his job was always in the technical-sindacal sections (organization of the specialized workers.)

Deliberately he kept as far as it was possible from any real party activity, and he was well known to all who had occasion to come in contact with him for his ^{252 1/2} independent criticism and for being intransigent towards the

regime, especially during the end when he was considered by many to be an enemy of the methods and the mentality of the fascist regime.

Haggi, who had already manifested his hostility towards the Ethiopian campaign and who declared himself openly in favour of a policy of friendship with England, did not hide his opposition towards the present war. For this he was called up and spoken to very severely by his fascist officials.

For these motives it is thought that his actions taken against him, may be caused by erroneous information and of false accusations given by elements for personal reasons of animosity.

2723

We beg therefore, ^{sure of} ~~guided by~~ his high spirit of justice which characterizes his actions of

to altered command, a reexamination of ~~the~~
Maggi's position.

We think it opportune to say that Maggi
belongs to an old and noble family, and
that any public activity he may have
carried out was a completely disinterested one,
often carried out sacrificing himself economically.

785016

Security Branch
276
Rec'd
Book No. 2227
File No. 140 R.
Action File

FI's *Security* *9406*
SUBJECT MAGGI PECORARO Enigi. Civilian Internee.

37I P.W.CAMP, C.M.F.
 37I/I400/AC.
 21 Sept 44.

Director, Security Branch. A.C.C.

Ref. SB/I40 R. dated 16 Sept.

1. With reference to the a/n Civilian Internee, his case was reviewed on the 16 June 44, and owing to his strong Fascist record he was still considered a security danger and it was further recommended he would be held for the DURATION.

2. This man was interned on the 21 Aug 43, by C.I.C. at Palermo, SICILY. "Squadrista", "Director of Confederazione Nazionale Fascista Delega Artigiani", "Secretario Politico of VICARI", "Member of the Federal Council", 1940 to 1943, Italian Government Official, representative to the Chamber of Deputies, Rome.
 He is further suspected of doing espionage work. He strongly denies this.
 Recommended period:- Duration.

3. This case was reviewed by Major Richardson of Special Police Department, Public Safety, Sicily. He confirmed C.I.C. recommendation of DURATION.

4. Forwarded for your information.



(F.G. GEACH) *Capt.*
 Security Branch. A.C.C. Attache *2721* P.W.Camp.
 C. M. F.

SJH/nb

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(79)

Ref : SD/550.1 2881.

12 November 1944

Subject : MAGGI PECOFARO Luigi

To : Capt. Geach 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. The attached appeal on behalf the a/n
is forwarded for consideration when this case is reviewed,
please.

SJH
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

2721

785016

To the Allied Command
ROME

I, undersigned Anna Nicola widow Maggi, mother of MAGGI PECORARO Luigi who is at present interned in the concentration camp of Padula, apply to your sense of justice and state the following.

My son was arrested in the province of Palermo on the 29th July 1943. He was released after 10 days and arrested a second time a few days later. Since March 1944 he is interned at Padula. He has never been interrogated and ignores what he is accused of.

He had some charges under the Fascist Regime, but they nearly always were of a technical-syndical character (organisation of the artisans). He always kept away from every specific activity with the Fascist Party and very often criticised it, especially in these last years he was considered an opposer of the fascist systems. My son disapproved the Ethiopian campaign and openly declared himself favourable to a friendly political with the British Empire. For these reasons he often times received a warrant from the fascist hierarchs. I believe therefore, that the measure taken against him is due either to a wrong information or to a false denunciation.

If the accusation made against him concerns his activity while he was controlling the mills, I beg you to consider the following facts.

1. My son was appointed to this post by the Sindacal Organisation on which he was dependent, and held this charge for a very short time.
2. He accepted this task only when he heard it had an economical character. This centre has been put in order to fight against the black market and guarantee to the population its ration of bread.
3. He has been chosen for his well known honesty and probity.
4. He worked without any personal compensation.
5. He did everything to avoid strong measures, and took action only against the speculators who took advantage of the poor people. It is therefore very probable that somebody of these speculators denounced him.

I must also say that my son belongs to an old and noble family and that his public activity was not only gratuitous but cost him a lot of money.

I beg you therefore to re-examine his case and I beg you also to consider that my son suffers with an ulcer, and that the consequences of a long internment might be very serious for him.

Rome, 28 October 1944

/S/ Anna Maggi

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Rome, 28 October 1944

/S/ Anna Maggi

MDP

2720

On.le COMANDO ALLEATO

R O M A

La sottoscritta Anna Micela ved. Maggi, madre dell'interneto civile MAGGI PROORARO LUIGI del campo di concentramento di Padula, si rivolge all'alto spirito di giustizia di codesto Comando facendo presente quanto segue:

Il di lei figlio fu arrestato in provincia di Palermo il 29 Luglio 1943. Rilasciato dieci giorni dopo, fu nuovamente arrestato a Palermo dopo qualche giorno.

Dal marzo 1944 trovassi nel campo di concentramento di Padula.

Non è stato mai interrogato durante i quattordici mesi della sua detenzione. Egli ignora i motivi che hanno determinato l'azione nei suoi riguardi.

Egli ebbe delle cariche durante il regime fascista, ma la sua azione si svolse quasi sempre nel settore tecnico-sindacale (organizzazione degli Artigiani).

Deliberatamente egli si tenne, il più possibile, lontano da ogni vera e propria attività di partito ed era noto a tutti cono

mendo facendo presente quanto segue:

Il di lei figlio fu arrestato in provincia di Palermo il 29 Luglio 1943. Rilasciato dieci giorni dopo, fu nuovamente arrestato a Palermo dopo qualche giorno.

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2.-

Il Maggi, che aveva già manifestato la sua ostilità alla Campagna di Etiopia e che si dichiarava apertamente in favore di una politica di amicizia con l'Impero Inglese, non nascose la sua recisa opposizione alla guerra attuale. Per questo egli fu varie volte severamente richiamato dalle gerarchie fasciste.

Per tali motivi si ritiene che il provvedimento adottato contro di lui, possa essere stato determinato da erronee informazioni e da accuse fatte da qualche elemento che ha agito, spinto da animosità di carattere privato e personale.

Al riguardo si può supporre che qualche accusa sia stata determinata dall'azione svolta dal Maggi nel settore del controllo ai molini. Per il caso in cui tale supposizione dovesse corrispondere alla realtà, la sottoscritta si permette pregare codesto Comando di voler considerare:

1) che l'incarico di controllo ai molini fu dal Maggi brevemente tenuto e che allo stesso fu imposto dalla Organizzazione sindacale dalle quale egli dipendeva come impiegato;

Per questo egli fu varie volte severamente richiamato dalle gerarchie fasciste.

Per tali motivi si ritiene che il provvedimento adottato contro di lui, possa essere stato determinato da erronee informazioni e da accuse fatte da qualche elemento che ha agito, spinto da animosità di carattere privato e personale.

Al riguardo si può supporre che qualche accusa sia stata determinata dall'azione svolta dal Maggi nel settore del controllo ai molini. Per il caso in cui tale supposizione dovesse corrispondere alla realtà, la sottoscritta si permette pregare codesto Comando di voler considerare:

1) che l'incarico di controllo ai molini fu dal Maggi brevemente tenuto e che allo stesso fu imposto dalla Organizzazione sindacale dalla quale egli dipendeva come impiegato;

2) che il Maggi si decise ad accettare solo quando gli fu fatto presente come non si trattasse di incarico di carattere politico, ma esclusivamente economico, il cui espletamento gioveva all'intera popolazione. Intatti il suo controllo era rivolto a lottare contro le speculazioni della borse ne

3.-

ra e ad assicurare al popolo la razione di pane.

3) che il Maggi fu scelto in queste delicatissima funzione per la sua certa onestà e per la sua probità universalmente riconosciuta.

4) che l'incarico era disimpegnato gratuitamente

5) che il Maggi nell'espletamento dell'incarico fece quanto era a lui possibile per evitare misure di rigore. Durante la sua gestione si agì solo contro speculatori ed affamatori del popolo. E appunto da taluno di questi elementi che può essere partita quella che ingiusta accusa.

E' opportuno far poi rilevare come il Maggi appartenga ad una vecchia e nobile famiglia e come la sua attività pubblica sia stata non solo del tutto disinteressata, ma anche svolta con sacrifici economici personali.

La sottoscritta madre si permette perciò invocare l'alto spirito di giustizia che caratterizza l'azione del Comando Alleato un riesame della situazione del figlio.

Si permette altresì pregare codesto On.le Comando di voler

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

5) che il Maggi nell'espletamento dell'incarico fece quanto era e lui possibile per evitare misure di rigore. Durante la sua gestione si agì solo contro speculatori ed affamatori del popolo. E appunto da taluno di questi elementi che può essere partita qual che ingiusta accusa.

E' opportuno far poi rilevare come il Maggi appartenga ad una vecchia e nobile famiglia e come la sua attività pubblica sia stata non solo del tutto disinteressata, ma anche svolta con sacrifici economici personali.

La sottoscritta madre si permette perciò invocare l'alto spirito di giustizia che caratterizza l'azione del Comando Alleato un riesame della situazione del figlio.

Si permette altresì pregare codesto On.le Comando di voler considerare che essendo il figlio affetto da malattia cronica (ulcera duodenale, contratta in guerra, per cui fu dichiarato "invalido di guerra") le sue condizioni di salute risentono profondamente della lunga detenzione e possono improvvisamente divenire gravissime e letali. ~~Richiedere~~ ^{Richiedere} un intervento chirurgico di assolu-

4.-

te urgenza.

Con fiducia che la presente venga benevolmente accolta,

Anne Maggi

Anna Maggi

Roma, 28 Ottobre 1944

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Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No.

785016

Roma, 28 Ottobre 1944

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ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO - UMBRIA REGION
PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICE
ROME

D-3017

Rome, November 3rd 1944

TO : Security Branch
Public Safety SubCommission
H.Q. Allied Commission
A.P.O. 394
Thro Regional Commissioner

SUBJECT: MAGGI Pecoraro Luigi.

1. The attached petition received at this Office is forwarded to your Office with the request that it be transmitted to the competent authority Padula Camp.

P.E. Coxhead
P.E. COXHEAD
MAJOR
PS.O.
ROME

Forwarded

Charles Polette, Col

Security
Division
Rec'd 10/11
Book No 2802
File No 5501
Action

CONFIDENTIAL

SJI/nb

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
Civil Affairs Section

SD/550.1-79

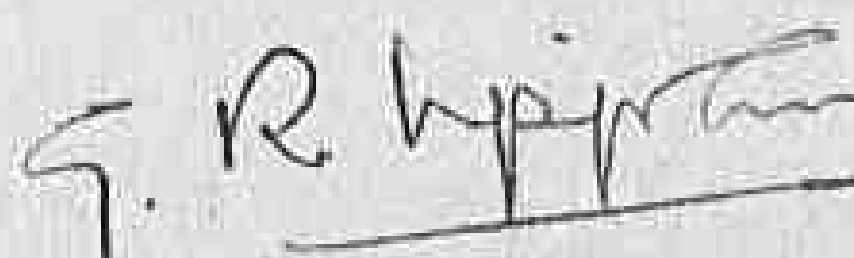
30 November 1944

Dear General Infante.

I refer to your letter 766/mil di prot.

The case of MAGGI PECORARO Luigi has already been reviewed, and it was considered inadvisable to recommend his release from internment.

It will again be considered by the Reviewal Board in due course.

G.R. UPJOHN, Brigadier,
VP, CA Sec.,
DCOS, AC.

Gen. Adolfo INFANTE,
Primo Aiutante di Campo Generale
di S.A.R. il Luogotenente Generale
del Regno

2714

Copy in
ACC/14029/1/PS - 52A - 33A

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.F.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION.

SD/ 550.1 - 77

2 July 1945

SUBject: Maria, BRETSCHNEIDER

To : G-2 (CI) A. F. H. Q.

1. In accordance with AFHQ letter Ref G-5:
383.7-15 of 20 December, 1944, forwarded herewith is an appeal
on behalf of Subject, an internee at "A" Civilian Internee
Camp.

Hayes
JOHN W. HAYMAN
COLONEL J.A.G.D.
DIRECTOR, PUBLIC SAFETY
SUB COMMISSION.

All papers fused

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CONFIDENTIAL

SMH/lm.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

Ref. : SD/550.1 2848 11 November 1944
Subject : Internee - Mrs. Mary Bretschneider
To : Capt. Geach 371 P.W. Camp.

1. The attached appeal has been received in this office from the International Red Cross and is forwarded to you for your consideration.


JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety,
Security Division.

CONFIDENTIAL

2712

COPY

COMITE INTERNATIONALE DE LA CROIX ROUGE
Direction Generale des Delegations en Italie

Pro-Memoria

We bring to your kind attention the request of Mr. Bretschneider junior on account of the liberation of his sick and old mother Mrs. Mary Bretschneider, interned at Camp 381. - Mrs. Bretschneider is 64 years old and of very poor health. She has been under the care of Dott. Gaspare Capparoni, whose medical certificate on this effect we are joining to the present as well as the result of a laboratory test, made by Dott. Lorenzo Beretti. Mrs. Bretschneider suffers also from a cataract of the eyes.

The liberation of her daughter, Miss Erminia Bretschneider interned at the same camp, would be very desirable, so as to permit the latter to take care of her sick old mother.

Rome, November 7th 1944

2711

COPY

LABORATORIO PER ANALISE MEDICHE

Dott. Lorenzo Beretti
giadirigente del Laboratorio dell'Ospedale del Bambin Gesù
e già Aiuto dei Laboratori Patologici e Aiuto Medico degli Ospedali di
Roma

ROMA - VIA CASSIODORO, 19 - TELEFONO 33-166

ABITAZIONE E CENTRO DI RACCOLTA
Lungotevere Flaminio 24 tel 391324

il 3-II-1944

Ho avuto occasione di esaminare ripetute volte la pressione arteriosa, le urine e determinare il tasso azotemico della Sig. Maria Bretschneider.

La pressione è sempre risultata alta oscillando la massima tra i 260 ed i 300 mm. di Hg. con la minima tra 140 e 100 mm di Hg.

Nelle urine ho sempre riscontrato albumina in quantità variabile da 0,10 a 0,50%, con presenza nel sedimento di numerosi cilindri ialini e granulosi.

L'azotemia non è stata mai inferiore a 0,50 %, una volta raggiunse il 0,65 %.

La glicemia ha sempre oscillato tra 1,30 ed 1,50 %.

/S/ Lorenzo Beretti

2710

Summary Translation

Since the 18th of May 1940 I am the doctor of Mrs. Maria Bretschneider who is 64 years old and lives at via Cassiodoro, 19. Her state of health is very bad and it is therefore absolutely necessary for her to lead a very quiet life and to follow a regime. I state Mrs. Schneider's illness is incurable and that she needs a lot of assistance.

/S/ Gaspare Capparoni

CONFIDENTIAL

SJH/lm.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(76)

Ref.

: SD/550.1 2847

11 November 1944

Subject : Internae - Mrs. Else Schneider-Bertuch

To : Capt. Geach 371 P.W. Camp.

1. The attached appeal has been received in this office from the International Red Cross and is forwarded to you for your consideration.

[Signature]
JOHN. W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety,
Security Division.

2708

CONFIDENTIAL

COPY

COMITE INTERNATIONALE DE LA CROIX ROUGE
Direction Generale des Delegations en Italie

Pro-Memoria

We bring to your kind attention the case of "rs. Else Schneider-Lertuch who was an internee in Camp 37I and was transferred to the "Ospedali Riuniti di Salerno" - Medical Section - Chief Doctor - Prof. Guglielmo. This lady writes begging to come to her assistance, as she would like to be transferred to another hospital, in preference to Rome. At Salerno she does not receive adequate care and the food ration is so small that she is suffering from hunger, being unable for lack of personal means to buy extra food and having no one to bring her food from the outside.

In Rome she was under the care of Prof. Marroni - Clinica via Rovigo, I - specialised in the treatment of tuberculosis of the bones. Her desire would be to continue the treatment under the care of Prof. Marroni and at his clinic - via Rovigo I, Rome.

We are joining a medical certificate to this effect delivered by Prof. Marroni

Rome, 7th November 1944

Rome, 1st November 1944

I declare that Mrs. Elsa Schneider Bertuch suffers with "Artrite Tubercolare" on her right foot, and has been recovered in our clinic for rather a long time. When she left it her health had improved and her fistulas were healed. However, as soon as she remained without medical assistance she grew worse, and in the Month of April 1944 her fistulas were again open. After a second stay in this clinic she felt better, but the sudden forsaking of her cure must have been very detrimental to her.

/S/Ottorino Marroni

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JH/lm.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
SECURITY DIVISION

75

Ref. : SD/55a.1. 2844 11. November 1944
Subject : PFATEROT von ARMIN Elae
To : Capt. Geach 371 P.W. Camp.

1. The attached letter received from the International Red Cross concerning the a/n is forwarded for consideration when this case is reviewed, please.

JH
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety,
Security Division.

2705

C O P Y

COMITE' INTERNATIONAL DE LA CROIX - ROUGE
Direction Générale des délégations en Italie

P R O M E M O R I A

Could the liberation of Mrs. PFAFFEROT von ARMIN Else interned
in P.W. Camp 371 be reconsidered?

So far as we are informed, she lead a very quiet life in Rome.

Her mother, widow von Armin, born Broodwood, lives in Switzerland
and has retaken her British citizenship since her widowhood.

Rome, November 8th 1944.

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CONFIDENTIAL

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ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2

Security File

GBI-389.450/2-E

14 November, 1944

SUBJECT : FRANK, Joseph.TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission,
H.Q. Allied Commission.

(74)

Reference SD/550.1 dated 10 Nov 44, enclosing letter from the International Red Cross requesting permission for subject to attend his wife's funeral.

FRANK has been interned on security grounds and, while on principle this headquarters would not object to him returning to ROME to attend his wife's funeral, an escort and transport will have to be provided. Assuming, therefore, that you can provide these, no objection will be raised to his temporary release for the purpose proposed.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2.

Informed Capt. Kefauver of
the Red Cross
20/11 *[initials]*

Earle B. Nichols
EARLE B. NICHOLS,
Lt. Colonel, GOC.,
Asst. AC of S, G-2.

Copy to : Commandant,
371 P.W. Camp.

Security
Division
Head's
Book No.
File No.
Action

17 NOV 1944

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(74)

Ref : SD/550.1/2828.

10 November 1944

Subject : Internee - Joseph Frank

To : G-2 (C.I.) A.P.H.Q.

1. The attached has been received in this office from the International Red Cross and is forwarded to you for your consideration.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

2702

COMITE' INTERNATIONAL DE LA CROIX-ROUGE
Direction Générale des délégations
en Italie

REF.: _____

ROME, le _____
28, Via Gregoriana
Tel. 63-368

PRO-MEMORIA

We bring to your kind attention the notice we have just received of the death of Mrs. Joseph Frank, who died at the Casa delle Diaconesse, Via Alessandro Farnese 18, Roma.

Mrs. Joseph Frank was the wife of Mr. Joseph Frank an internee of the camp 37I, flat 9;

We should be very grateful to you to obtain the permission for Mr. Frank to assist in Rome to his wife's funeral., the date of which could be only fixed after receiving the aforesaid permission. We are letting know at the same time by the kind offices of Major Minchin Commander of camp 37I the sad news to Mr. Joseph Frank interned at this camp.

Rome, 7th November 1944.

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File copy

(73)

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.F.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

19 Jan 45

Ref: SD/550.1/4260.

Subject: Vincenzo TRANCHINA.

To : G.2 (CI) A.F.O.C.

1. In accordance with AMRQ letter ref. G-9: 383.7-15 of 20 DEC 44, forwarded herewith is an appeal on behalf of Subject an internee at "A" Civilian Internee Camp.

SN
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
COLONEL, J.A.G.D.
DIRECTOR, PUBLIC SAFETY
SUB COMMISSION.

2700

TO THE ALLIED COMMISSION

R O M E

The undersigned Maria Tranchina married Ceruti, living in Rome, Via Polesina 8, implores once again your Excellency to please set free her brother Dr. Vincenzo Tranchina of Palazzolo-Acreide (Siracusa) who is interned in Padula since October 1943.

The mentioned brother was ex-Podesta of Palazzolo-Acreide he has been a victim of calumny and anonymous letters sent by vulgar and malicious persons. During the period that he helped his country as Podesta, he has always been serious and honest and has never been a fascist. What the writer is stating is the pure and sacred truth. Keeping the brother away from his family for two long years for nothing, is not giving peace to the writer, the family or to his many friends who love and esteem him. The brother is also affected with heart trouble, and this has been recognized by the English medical officers. Therefore the rigid climate as well as the special cure he needs which he cannot have in the camp may be fatal to his health.

This is the reason why the writer is worried over her brother whom she knows is really innocent.

Aristide was condemned because the population were tired of hearing speak of justice; the brother of the writer was kept away from his family because he had been too honest and very strict. Take pity therefore, Sir, on my brother who is the victim of some fascists who are happy at him being interned.

The writer implores you to free her brother who is honest and has never harmed anyone and who has never had any fascist sentiment.

Trusting in your justice

thanking you,
respectfully,

Rome 15/1/1945

Maria Tranchina in Ceruti
Via Polesina n.8

Telephone 851289

AF.

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SJ, 2.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
SECURITY DIVISION

73

Ref. : SD/550.1 11 November 1944

Subject : Internee TRANCHINA Vincenzo

To : Capt. Geach 371 P.W. Camp.

1. The attached appeals on behalf of the a/n are forwarded for consideration when this case is reviewed, please.

JWH
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel, J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety,
Security Division.

Excellency,

I, undersigned Tranchina Maria, living in Rome via Polesine, 8, appeal to your sense of justice and humanity.

My brother, Tranchina Vincenzo, doctor-surgeon at Padazzolo Acreide (Siracusa) is interned at Padula since the month of October 1943 because he was Podestà of Padazzolo Acreide when the place was liberated by the Allied troops.

Excellency, my brother never had anything to do with Fascism and joined the Party only in 1932, but some jealous people succeeded in having him interned.

My brother suffers from a very serious heart disease and is married with two small daughters, and I implore you to release him because he is ill and never had any fascist activity.

Hoping you will hear my prayer, I thank you with all my heart.

Rome, 18-7-1944

/S/ Tranchina Maria
Via Polesine, 8
Scala A int. 20

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/S/Tranchina Maria
Via Polesine, 8
scala A int.20

Rome, 18-7-1944

MDP

2697

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR
Subdivision of
Public Safety

Rome, 7 November 1944
To Allied Commission
Public Safety Sub Commission
ROME

Subject : TRANCHINA Vincenzo son of Giuseppe, interned at Padula.

We transmit you, for your information, the attached petition of Mrs. Tranchina Maria who asks for the release of her brother interned at Padula. The Prefettura of Siracusa, to which we asked some information, gave us the following answer.

"Dr. Tranchino Vincenzo son of Giuseppe and of Bordonali Benedetta, born at Palazzolo Acreide on the 16th January 1897, doctor of the Comune of Palazzolo Acreide (surgeon, dentist, obstetrician), has good political precedents and didn't belong to a political party before he joined the fascists. He took part to the war 1915-18 with the rank of 2nd Lieutenant of Infantry and has been at Tolmezzo and in Albany, later on he was discharged, but after he took his degree he enrolled himself in the Sanitary Corps, was promoted 1st Lieutenant, and resigned in 1926 after his marriage, because he wife didn't want him to serve in the colonies. He exercised his profession at Palazzolo Acreide and joined the Fascist Party in 1932 in order to continue his profession without any troubles.

We inform you also of the following.

1. Mr. Tranchina has not been persecuted by the Fascists.
2. He never made pro-fascist propaganda.
3. He accepted the post of "podestà" in 1941 because the "Prefettura of Siracusa" wanted him to accept it, and also because he feared he would be recalled to military service.
4. During a meeting held at the "refettura" in spring 1940, and to which was present the Chief Secretary of the Comune, Tranchina received a remark because he wore only the black shirt and not the whole fascist uniform.
5. We could not find out the accusations which were made against Tranchina to the Allied Authorities, and the reason of his internment in a concentration camp. However, we learned that Mr. Tranchina, who suffered from heart disease and was very irascible especially when exercising his profession, had many enemies. He never made any abuses, and always worked for the interest of the Comune, but he was not liked because of the very unkindly manner in which he used to treat the simple people. He worked in the Comune from the first March 1941 until the 25th September 1943, and never took advantage of his position during such period.

6. Dr. Tranchino suffers from a heart disease but we don't know anything about his state of health since his internment in the concentration camp. The people do not like him because of his very difficult character, but this is the only thing which can be said against him.

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He took part to the war 1915-18 with the rank of 2nd Lieutenant of Infantry and has been at Tolmezzo and in Albany. Later on he was discharged, but after he took his degree he enrolled himself in the Sanitary Corps, was promoted 1st Lieutenant, and resigned in 1926 after his marriage, because he wife didn't want him to serve in the colonies. He exercised his profession at Palazzolo Acreide and joined the Fascist Party in 1932 in order to continue his profession without any troubles.

We inform you also of the following.

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4. During a meeting held at the "prefettura in spring 1940, and to which was present the Chief Secretary of the Comune, Tranchina received a remark because he wore only the black shirt and not the whole fascist uniform.
5. We could not find out the accusations which were made against Tranchina to the Allied Authorities, and the reason of his internment in a concentration camp. However, we learned that Mr. Tranchina, who suffered from heart disease and was very irascible especially when exercising his profession, had many enemies. He never made any abuses, and always worked for the interest of the Comune, but he was not liked because of the very unkindly manner in which he used to treat the simple people. He worked in the Comune from the first March 1941 until the 25th September 1943, and never took advantage of his position during such period.

6. Dr. Tranchino suffers from a heart disease but we don't know anything about his state of health since his internment in the concentration camp.

The people do not like him because of his very difficult character, but this is the only thing which can be said against him.

He has a wife and three daughters. Benedetta born on the 20-2-1927, Gabriella born on the 26-7-1928, and Claudia born on the 29-8-1942. After his arrest the above remained without any means and nobody to look after Tranchina's properties, and his release would therefore be the only salvation.

Our Office has nothing against Tranchina's release".

/s/ For the Minister 2696

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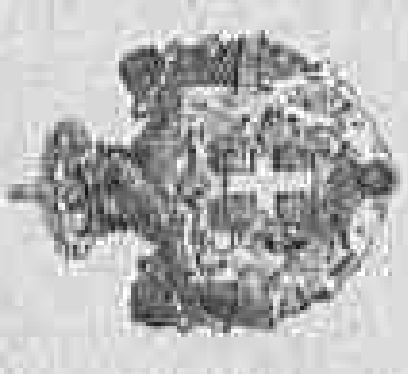
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Mod. 872

Security Branch

Roma 7 novembre 1944

Le



Ministero dell'Interno
DIREZIONE GENERALE
DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

All'On. Commissione Alleata
Sottocommissione per la Pub-
blica Sicurezza
R O M A

Security Division
Rec'd.
Book No. 2805
File No. 5301
Action

Divisione A.G.R. I^a
Prot. N. 447/4050 Allegato 1

Risposta al Foglio del
Dir. Sec. N.

OGGETTO TRANCHINA Vincenzo fu Giuseppe-internato a Padula.

Per l'esame di competenza, si trasmette l'unita istanza della Si-
gnora Tranchina Maria, intesa ad ottenere la liberazione del fratello
Vincenzo, internato a Padula.

La R. Prefettura di Siracusa, a cui erano state chieste informazio-
ni, comunica che il Dr. Tranchina Vincenzo fu Giuseppe e fu Bordonali
Benedetta, nato a Palazzolo Acreide il 16. I. 1897, medico chirurgo denti-
sta, ostetrico del comune di Palazzolo, risulta di buoni precedenti poli-
tici e di non avere militato in alcun partito, prima di iscriversi al
cessato regime fascista. Durante la guerra 1915-18 prese parte alla
campagna col grado di S. Tenente di Fanteria, prima a Tolmezzo e poi in
Albania. - Successivamente congedato, ed appena conseguita la laurea in
medicina, si arruolò volontariamente nel corpo di Sanità, ove conseguì
il grado di tenente medico in S. P. E., congedandosi nel 1926 in seguito
a matrimonio contratto con l'attuale moglie, per non aver consentito
costei acchè egli si recasse a prestare servizio in colonia. Ha svolto
in seguito la sua attività di medico dentista a Palazzolo Acreide, ove

Per l'esame di competenza, si trasmette l'unita istanza della Signora Tranchina Maria, intesa ad ottenere la liberazione del fratello Vincenzo, internato a Padula.

La R. Prefettura di Siracusa, a cui erano state chieste informazioni, comunica che il Dr. Tranchina Vincenzo fu Giuseppe e fu Bordonali Benedetta, nato a Palazzolo Acreide il 16.1.1897, medico chirurgo dentista, ostetrico del comune di Palazzolo, risulta di buoni precedenti politici e di non avere militato in alcun partito, prima di iscriversi al cessato regime fascista. Durante la guerra 1915-18 prese parte alla campagna col grado di S. Tenente di Fanteria, prima a Tolmezzo e poi in Albania. - Successivamente congedato, ed appena conseguita la laurea in medicina, si arruolò volontariamente nel corpo di Sanità, ove conseguì il grado di tenente medico in S. P. E., congedandosi nel 1926 in seguito a matrimonio contratto con l'attuale moglie, per non aver consentito costei acchè egli si recasse a prestare servizio in colonia. Ha svolto in seguito la sua attività di medico dentista a Palazzolo Acreide, ove nel 1932 si iscrisse al p. n. f. per aver modo di svolgere la sua attività senza alcun disturbo politico.

In merito, poi, a quanto forma oggetto l'esposto, si comunica:

2693

1°) Non risulta che il Tranchina sia stato perseguitato dal partito fascista;

./.

- 2°) che non ha mai svolto attività propagandistica a beneficio del partito stesso;
- 3°) che nel 1941 accettò la carica di Podestà in seguito a pressione amichevole avuta dalla Prefettura di Siracusa a mezzo dell'Ispettore Provinciale, e perchè, temendo il richiamo alle armi, accettò detta carica con piacere per risparmiarsi il richiamo;
- 4°) che in una riunione tenutasi in Prefettura nella primavera del 1942, alla quale partecipò anche il segretario capo al comune, il Tranchina venne richiamato perchè si presentò con la sola camicia nera, giacca d'abito civile e non divisa fascista di prescrizione;
- 5°) che non è stato possibile accertare quali accuse siano state mosse dal pubblico al Tranchina e dirette alle Autorità Alleate, nè di conoscere i motivi dell'internamento al campo di concentramento. E' stato solo possibile accertare che il Dott. Tranchina, elemento irascibile, facilmente eccitabile a causa della malattia al cuore, durante lo svolgimento dei suoi atti d'ufficio, e specie col popolino, non sempre si comportava urbanamente, e quindi si era creato un ambiente contrario, senza peraltro commettere abusi o soprusi, ma per il solo modo di sgarberie con cui trattava il pubblico, mentre d'altra parte operava il massimo interesse per la comunità allo scopo di ottenere quanto era necessario fosse assegnato al Comune. Durante il periodo della sua permanenza al Comune, che va dal 1° marzo 1941 al 25 settembre 1943, data quest'ultima in cui venne inviato al campo, non è risultato che il Tranchina abbia tratto profitto personale od economico;
- 6°) che il Tranchina è stato effettivamente ammalato di cuore, ma si sconsigliò quali accertamenti egli abbia subito dal giorno del suo internamento al campo di concentramento.

dal pubblico al Tranchina e dirette alle Autorità Alleate, nè di conoscere i motivi dell'internamento al campo di concentramento. E' stato solo possibile accertare che il Dott. Tranchina, elemento irascibile, facilmente eccitabile a causa della malattia al cuore, durante lo svolgimento dei suoi atti d'ufficio, e specie col popolino, non sempre si comportava urbanamente, e quindi si era creato un ambiente contrario, senza peraltro commettere abusi o soprusi, ma per il solo modo di sgarberie con cui trattava il pubblico, mentre d'altra parte operava il massimo interesse per la comunità allo scopo di ottenere quanto era necessario fosse assegnato al Comune. Durante il periodo della sua permanenza al Comune, che va dal 1° marzo 1941 al 25 settembre 1943, data quest'ultima in cui venne inviato al campo, non è risultato che il Tranchina abbia tratto profitto personale od economico: 6°) che il Tranchina è stato effettivamente ammalato di cuore, ma si sconsce quali accertamenti egli abbia subito dal giorno del suo internamento al campo di concentramento.

In pubblico non gode stima per difetto del suo carattere, ma nessun addebito specifico di altro genere è stato raccolto.

La sua famiglia, che si compone della moglie e di tre figli: Benedetta, nata il 20.2.1927, nubile; Gabriella, nata il 26.7.1928 e Claudia, nata il 29.8.1942, con l'allontanamento del Tranchina è rimasta priva di assistenza e, quel che è peggio, che nessuno può accudire alla direzione dei beni terreni di proprietà dello stesso e della di lui consorte, per cui il rien-

./.

Miss. 872

Roma 19

M

Risposta al Foglio del
Dom. 19Divisione
Post. N. 2
Is.
Allegato

OGGETTO

- 2 -

tro in famiglia del Tranchina sarebbe l'unico sollievo. Politicamente
il Tranchina in paese è ritenuto elemento incapace.

Da parte di questo Ufficio nulla osta alla liberazione del Tranchi=
na. »

PEL MINISTRO



Presume *Sc.*
Prot. N.º *Allegati*

Proposta al Regio del
Dir. Sc. N.º

OGGETTO

- 2 -

tro in famiglia del Tranchina sarebbe l'unico sollievo. Politicamente
il Tranchina in paese è ritenuto elemento incapace.

Da parte di questo Ufficio nulla osta alla liberazione del Tranchi-
na. »

PEL MINISTRO

Forneri

2694

Foso

Min. Difesa Per
Min. San. P.S.

Lecce.

La sfortunata, Branchina Maria, abitante
a Roma in Via Polverine-8, si permette
rivolgere alla signora di Vostra Eccellenza
per un atto di giustizia: voglia, Eccellenza,
perdonare l'arresto!

La signora ha un fratello, per nome
Branchina Vincenzo, medico-chirurgo
a Palazzolo-Acreide (Siracusa), che è
internato a Padula (Salerno) dall'ottobre
1943 perché all'atto dell'occupazio-
ne del paese (Palazzolo-Acreide) da
parte della truppa Alleata era podestà.
Palazzolo-Acreide venne liberato dagli

a Roma in Via Tolosane-8, si permettono
rivolgere alla conoscenza di Vostra Eccellenza
per un atto di giustizia: voglio, Lucchini,
perdonare l'ordine!

La scrivente ha un fratello, per nome
Francesco Vincenzo, medico-chirurgo
a Palazzolo-Arcore (Braun), che è
internato a Tadula (Saborno) dall'ot-
tobre 1943 perché all'atto dell'occupa-
zione del paese (Palazzolo-Arcore) da
parti della truppa Altkak era podestà.
Palazzolo-Arcore venne liberato dagli
anglo-americani il 12 luglio 1943.

La sottoscritta ora ripresenta a V. P.
che il detto fratello da podestà mai
fu l'apologia del fascismo, la sua

terra d'iscipine al V.M.F. era del
1907. Alcuni individui di Palappolo
Acride, facendo calunnie ricorri-
mo rivisit. a farlo internare.

Il menzionato fratello è gravemente
ammalato di cuore, e sponte, ha
due figlie minorenni, che ha

dato lasciare a Palappolo-Acride

Costando la salute neppure con tutte

le cure del suo amico V. Scelluso,

puoi volere ordinare la liberazione

del fratello Dott. Vincenzo Franchina

internato a Padula in carcere,

giacchè è ammalato e addepresso non

ha molta attività fisica.

Procuriam di essere emendati,

per grazia vivamente e

con tutto l'animo

con perfetta operosità

Roma 18.7.1944.

Gent. Scallapà Costa

Ugentina e Delfina

Branchina e Maria

abitante a Roma in

Via Polverine 178. La

A. Detenno 20.

2692

785016

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(72)

Ref : SD/550.1

11 November 1944.

Subject : Internee CENCIARELLI Tiresia

To : Capt. Geach, 371 P.W. Camp.

1. The attached appeal on behalf of the a/m internee is forwarded for consideration when this case is reviewed please.

JW
JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel J.A.G.D.
Director Public Safety
Sub Commission

2691

785016

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR
General Direction of
Public Safety

Rome, 27 November 1944

To Allied Commission
Public Safety Sub Commission
ROME

Subject : Cenciarelli Tiresia son of Alessandro.

We send you for your information the attached petition of Giulia Cenciarelli in which she asks the release of her brother Tiresia, interned in the 371 P.O.W. Camp.

/S/ For the Minister

MDP

2690

To the Ministry of Interior
General Direction of the
Civilian Internee Office
ROME

I, undersigned Giulia Cenciarelli, daughter of Alessandro, living at Talieno (?) (Frosinone), beg you to examine the position of my brother Teresia who is at present interned in the 381.P.O.W. Camp.

He is interned since the month of July 1944 and we don't know the reason of such measure. I think there could be a political reason because in 1941 he was for some time political secretary. However, while he held this charge he never harmed anybody and was well liked and esteemed. Some of his friends who collaborated with the nazifascists were interned after him and are at present free. I hope therefore that also my brother will soon be released.

/S/Giulia Cenciarelli

Roma, 27 October 1944

MDP

2689

Lc



Ministero dell'Interno
DIREZIONE GENERALE DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Security Branch
Roma 7 novembre 1964

L'On. COMMISSIONE ALLEATA
Sottocommissione per la Pub-
blica Sicurezza

ROMA

Divisione A.G.R. *Sez. I*
Aut. N. 447/5782 *Allegato*

Risposta al f. del
Dir. Sez. N.

OGGETTO Cenciarelli Tiresia fu Alessandro

Per l'esame di competenza, si trasmette
l'unita istanza con la quale Cenciarelli Giu-
lia chiede la liberazione del fratello Tiresia,
internato nel campo di concentramento n.371
P.O.W.

PEL MINISTRO

Security
Division
Rec'd 10/11
Book No 2804
File No 5501
Action

2688

6782
77.8.73

Minister Tell
Divisione Generale
Ufficio Internati
P.S.
Proli

Per lettera scritta 9 luglio (Lunedi) a Salvo pres. di
Commissione albanese a cadetti, Ministero
di Giustizia ex religione del prof. no
rabbell. Pierini attivamente internati
al campo di concentramento n. 371 POW.
per presunta che è stato internato, dal
doppio scopo per motivi alla noi di famiglia
desideranti. La fine, che ha tra anni
di motivi politici in quanto che nel 1941
per loro tempo ha avuto l'incarico di
repentinamente politico, in detto carica non ha
avuto rapporto e un certo Carlo chiacchier
lontani che in paese era ben voluto e stimato.
Altri suoi amici che hanno ricoperto
cariche fasciste durante l'occupazione tedesca.
de l'una interwar dopo di lui sono stati
a più liberati, perciò la lettera che era
stessa che, nel 1941

785016

(al cuneo di cui cuneo) che è stato in emat, dal
 per presenza dei motivi alla noi di famiglia
 duplo come per cui, che ha tra tutti anni
 debent. Di più, che ha tra tutti anni
 di motivi politici in d'una, che nel 1941
 per loro ha avuto l'incarico di.
 repubblicano politico, in d'una carica una la
 stati rap, respingendo e uno certo verso chi c'è
 loro che in parte era per volute e stato.
 altri suoi amici che hanno ricoperto
 cariche fasciste durante l'occupazione tedesca.
 che furono interrotti dopo di lui. Sono stati
 a più liberati, perciò la letteratura era
 sperare che avrebbe frasi med; mentre senza
 essere al proprio fratello. 2687
 che essi sono in un
 di un'occasione

marzo 27 ottobre 1944

785016

Translation RV.

First Aide-de-camp
of H.R.H. the Luogotenente Generale of
the Kingdom.

Rome, 12 November 1944.

N. 1666/A.G.

Dear General Upjohn,

I received your letter, dated 8 inst. and
I thank you very much for the kind information concerning
the release of Prof. Riccardo del Giudice.
With best greetings.

(General Adolfo Infante)

To Brigadier G.R. UPJOHN
V.P. Civil Affair Section
Headquarters Allied Commission
APO 394 ROMA

Security
Divis 13/11
Rec'd 2892
Book No. 2680
File No.
Action

-276/

2680

785016



IL PRIMO AIUTANTE DI CAMPO GENERALE
DI S.A.R. IL LUOGOTENENTE GENERALE DEL REGNO

Roma, 12 NOV 1944

1666/A.G.

Care General Upjohn,

ho ricevuto la Sua lettera dell'8 corrente e La ringrazio molto per la cortese comunicazione riguardante il rilascio del Prof. Riccardo del Giudice.

Con i migliori saluti.

(Generale Adolfo Infante)

me off - A. Infante

Al Brigadier G.R. UPJOHN
V.P. Civil Affairs Section
Headquarters Allied Commission
APO 394 ROMA

2685

4118

COPY

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION
A.P.O. 394

Ref. : SD/550.I

8 November 1944

(71)

My dear General

I refer to your letter I45I A/G dated 23
Oct. 1944. Prof. De Giudice was released from
internment on 31st October 44.

Yours sincerely

/s/ G.D. UPJOHN
Brigadier
V.P. Civil Affairs
Section

General Adolfo INFANTE
First A.D.C. to H.M.H. The Lieutenant
General of the Realm
Palazzo Quirinale
Rome.

2684

785016

2511

CONFIDENTIAL.

Security

SUBJECT/: Del GIUDICE Riccardo. Civilian Internee.

37I P.W.CAMP, C.M.F.
37I/I400/AG
31 Oct 44.

Director, Public Safety Sub-Commission,
Allied Commission, H.Q.

Security
Division
Rec'd... 7/11
Book No 2761
File No 5501
Action.....

Ref.SD/550.1. Dated 28 Oct 44.

1. The above named was liberated this morning 31 Oct 44, by
authority of AFHQ on my recommendation.

2. Forwarded for your information.

FGG.



F. G. Geach
(F.G.GEACH) Capt.
Reviewing Officer 37I P.W.Camp.
Allied Commission Southern Region.

2683

SJH/nb

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
C.M.F.
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

Ref : SD/550.1

28 October 1944

Subject : Prof Riccardo del GIUDICE

To : Capt Geach 371 P.O.W. Camp

1. Reference the attached copy letter.
2. Would you please inform this Office the reasons for detention of subject, his present state of health and whether there is a possibility of early release.

[Signature]
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

2684

CONFIDENTIAL

C A Sec

Translation

1151 A/C

Rome 23 October 1944

26 OCT 1944

Dear General Lush,

H.R.H. the Lieutenant General of the Kingdom has been asked to take an interest in the case of Prof. Riccardo del GIUDICE, ex-president of the confederation of the commerce workers, then Undersecretary of State for National Education, and now in a concentration camp in Padua.

The technical character of Prof. del GIUDICE's activity, his moderation and the fact that the Professor collaborated actively and profitably with an underground organization which gave help to the employees, have induced the Italian Authorities to absolve him from any responsibility. It seems that the inquiry made by the Allies has given the same result, in which case the family wants to know whether it would be possible, if the professor cannot be set free, for him to live at home, remaining at the disposal of the Allied Authorities; this authorization has already been given in identical cases.

Will you kindly examine Prof. del GIUDICE's case; his health is bad. Waiting for your answer, I remain,

Yours sincerely,

GENERAL ADOLFO INFANTE
/s/ A. Infante

DCOS Civil Affairs Section

I am directed by the Chief of Staff to forward attached papers for necessary action.

Security Division
Rec'd ... 24/10
Book No 2582
File No 146 Q
Action ...

24/X/44

A. Infante

Major

Not COS

Roma, 23 OTT 1944



IL PRIMO AIUTANTE DI CAMPO GENERALE
DI S.A.R. IL LUOGOTENENTE GENERALE DEL REGNO

1451 A
g

Caro General Lush,

è stato invocato l'interessamento di S.A.R. il Luogotenente Generale del Regno in favore del Prof. Riccardo del GIUDICE, già presidente della confederazione dei lavoratori del commercio e successivamente sottosegretario di stato all'Educazione Nazionale, attualmente assegnato al campo di concentramento di Fucula.

Il carattere tecnico della attività svolta dal Prof. del GIUDICE, che ebbe a portare notevole contributo di moderazione e di equilibrio e la circostanza che dopo l'8 settembre lo stesso Professore collaborò attivamente e proficuamente a una organizzazione clandestina diretta a sussidiare gli impiegati hanno indotto la Autorità italiana a prosciogliere il Prof. del GIUDICE da ogni responsabilità. Sembra che analogo risultato abbia avuto l'istruttoria da parte Alleata, nel qual caso la famiglia desidererebbe che fosse esaminata la possibilità, ove non si ritenga di revocare il fermo, di consentire al Professore di rimanere nella propria abitazione a disposizione delle Autorità Alleate,

Al Brigadiere Generale M.S. LUSH
Commissione Alleata di Controllo

R O M A

2680

.../...

Roma, 23 OTT 1944



IL PRIMO AIUTANTE DI CAMPO GENERALE
DI S.A.R. IL LUOGOTENENTE GENERALE DEL REGNO

1451A
g

Caro General Lush.

è stato invocato l'interessamento di S.A.R. il Luogotenente Generale del Regno in favore del Prof. Riccardo del GIUDICE, già presidente della confederazione dei lavoratori del commercio e successivamente sottosegretario di stato all'Educazione Nazionale, attualmente assegnato al campo di concentramento di Paola.

Il carattere tecnico della attività svolta dal Prof. del GIUDICE, che ebbe a portare notevole contributo di moderazione e di equilibrio e la circostanza che dopo l'8 settembre lo stesso Professore collaborò attivamente e proficuamente a una organizzazione clandestina diretta a assistere gli impiegati hanno indotto la Autorità italiane a prosciogliere il Prof. del GIUDICE da ogni responsabilità. Sembra che analogo risultato abbia avuto l'istruttoria da parte Alleata, nel qual caso la famiglia desidererebbe che fosse esaminata la possibilità, ove non si ritenga di revocare il fermo, di consentire al Professore di rimanere nella propria abitazione a disposizione delle Autorità Alleate,

2680

Al Brigadiere Generale M.S. LUSH
Commissione Alleata di Controllo

R O M A

.../...

autorizzazione che sarebbe stata data in precedenti analoghi casi.

Io la prego di voler prendere in benevola considerazione il caso del Professore del Giudice, le cui condizioni di salute sono cagionevoli, è gradirò a suo tempo ricevere dalla Lei cortesia un cenno di riscontro.

Nel ringraziarla anticipatamente, Le porgo i migliori miei saluti.

(GENERALE ADOLFO INFANTE)

A. Infante

0 7 4 6

785016

MEMO TO ~~VP.~~, V.P. C.A. SECTION

Draft letter herewith for approval please.

B. J. Harvey Maj.
B. J. HARVEY
Major
Security Division

7 November 1944.

b7D

P.S.

- (a) V.P. has signed your draft, as it is perfectly satisfactory, I enclose the final "draft".
- (b) Take a copy before dispatched.

C.H.S.

8 Nov 44.

X. 608.

R.R. Carpenter

2679

SJH/nb

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(70)

Ref : SD/550.1/2790

8 November 1944

Subject : VALENTINI Herbert

To : The Minister of the Royal Household

1. I refer to your letter no.1431 dated 14 Oct. 44 addressed to Brig. LUSH of this Commission.
2. The above named internee was released from 371 P.O.W. Camp on 7 Sept. 44.

[Signature]
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

2678

CONFIDENTIAL.SUBJECT: VALENTINI Herbert. Civilian Internee.

37I P.W.Camp, C.M.F.

37I/I400/ AC.

24 Oct 44.

Chief Commissioner, Public Safety Sub-Commission,
H/Q, Allied Commission.

Ref. SD/550.I. 19 Oct 44.

1. The a/n Civilian Internee was released on the 7 Sept 44.
2. Forwarded for your information.

FGG.



(F.G.GEACH)

Capt.

Public Safety Sub-Commission,
Southern Region, Attached 37I P.W.Camp.

2677

P. Safety
Security

Security
Division
Rec'd
Book No. 2766
File No. 550.1
Action

To Allied Command
ROME

(69)

My husband, Cavallini Bartolomeo, living at via della Scrofa, 103 was arrested by the Allied Police on the 23rd August 1944. As he was accused of collaboration with the Nazi-fascists he has been interned in the 371 P.W. Camp.

I am sure his arrest is due to a false denunciation. My husband is a real socialist, he worked for us and passed his life between the house and the restaurant "Alfredo" at via della Scrofa where he worked helping the customers to find some transportation means.

He joined the Fascist Party in 1924 only because some fascists forced him to do it with ill-treatments, and I really cannot understand how he can be accused of collaboration with the Nazi-fascists. He ought not to be punished because he is a poor crippled man who had to work very hard for his family and always did his duty. Besides, the whole neighbourhood can testify his behaviour has always been good.

I beg you to examine his case and apply to your sense of justice hoping you will allow him to go back to his wife and to his children.

Rome, 28.10.44

/s/ Cavallini Adele

1st Ind

Ref : SD/550.1
Subject : CAVALLINI Bartolomeo
From : Security Division Public Safety Sub Commission A.C.
To : Capt. Geach 371 P.W. Camp

1. The attached appeal on behalf of the

Rome, 28.10.44

/s/ Cavallini Adele

Ist Ind.

Ref : SD/550.1

Subject : CAVALLINI Bartolomeo

From : Security Division Public Safety Sub Commission A.C.

To : Capt. Geach 371 P.W. Camp

1. The attached appeal on behalf of the
a/n is forwarded for consideration when this case is
reviewed, please.

MDP

2676

W
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

785016

DRAFT

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

Ref : SD/550.1/2807.

11 November 1944

Dear Sir,

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of 11th October, 1944, to Lord Rennell of Redd.

Your case will be re-examined together with other internees by the Reviewal Board at the internment camp, and your medical condition will be taken into consideration when they give their decision.

The date of the reviewal is a matter for the Commandant of the Camp.

(s) G.R. Upjohn.
G.R. UPJOHN,
Brigadier,
V.P. Civil Affairs
Section.

Sig. BOCCARINI Giovanni,
371 P.O.W. Camp
ITALY

2670

SJH/nb

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.F.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

Ref : SD/550.1

7 November 1944

✓
All that was
needed was a
suitable reply -
8 NOV 1944

Subject : Internee BOSCARINI Giovanni

To : V.P. Civil Affairs Section

1. The cases of all persons interned from Sicily have been reviewed many times by various reviewal boards, and none but the most serious cases are retained.

2. The Medical Officer at the Camp submits immediate recommendations for release when a patient's condition is so detrimental to his health that it outweighs security.

3. All serious ^{medical} cases are sent to the Military Hospital at Salerno.

4. I do not think any useful purpose would be served in sending the letter again to the Camp as they are so well aware of his case, and there is nothing in the letter to throw fresh light on his loyalty or otherwise.

W. W. Chapman
W. W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.I.
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

3867

785016

General Lord Baron Rennell Rodd
Comando Generale Alleato
ROMA

Security

-4 NOV. 1944

Camp Hospital, 11 Oct 1944

My Lord,

You certainly remember the report I sent you on 6 January from the field No 222 in Siracusa. Since then I always hoped you would be good enough to take an interest in my case which, after a year of prison (from 11 Oct 1943), the reason of which I neither know nor can imagine, has become pitiful.

You surely remember I met you in Noto, after the occupation, and I received your congratulations and those of Deputy General Sir H. Alexander.

I request again your Excellency's intervention to obtain my release and assist my children who, since I left home, are abandoned and without means.

I am at Padula, Prov of Salerno, camp No 371, and I am in a field hospital suffering from duodenal ulcer.

I sincerely thank you for your kind intervention.
Believe me

BOSCARINI GIOVANNI

BOSCARINI GIOVANNI

371 POW Camp ITALY

Security
Division
6/11
Book No 2736
File No 350.1
Action

2673

3687

0 7 5 4
Camp Hospital - Oct. 11, 1944.
My Love

Ella certamente ricorderà il mio esposto
inviato alla Eccellenza Vostro il 6 gennaio del cam-
po 122 Suda. Da allora ho sperato in suo bene-
volto intervento al mio caso divenuto ormai pietoso
se dopo un anno di prigionia (arr. nel 11.8.43) di
cui ignoro ne saprete la ragione.

Ella sicuramente non si sarà dimenticata di
me e del mio responsabile anche perché obbi a
militarmi le concessioni dell'Ente e quelle
del Reparto Generali. Si spera.

Ora torno ad invocare l'intervento di V.E.

perché libertà mi possa essere restituita per eni-
re la perquisizione totale dei miei bambini che sta-
tamente son dopo un anno di mia assenza di co-
sa si trovano cosa meriti di disegni della strada.

Mi trovo a Padova, via di Soleno camp 371

785016

FROM.
MITTENTE.
ABSENDER.
NOME
VOR UND ZUNAME
PRIG. A GUERRA NO.
GEFANGENENNUNMER

Barbarini Giovanni
St. P.O.W. Camp 1744

PRISONER OF WAR POST.
SERVICE DES PRISONNIERS DE GUERRE.
KRIEGSFANGENENPOST.

TO
A
AN

General Lord Baron Pennele Redd
Comando Generale Allero

Roma

785016

FROM.
MITTENTE.
ABSENDER.
NOME
VOR UND ZUNAME
PRIG. GUERRA NO.
GEFANGENENNUMMER

Besseri Giodani
32. P.O.W. Camp 17.14

PRISONER OF WAR POST.
SERVICE DES PRISONNIERS DE GUERRE.
KRIEGSFANGENNEPOST.

TO
A
AN

General Lord Baron Penneil Roda

General Alberto

P.O.W.

C.A. Section:

Draft submitted for approval, please.

11 Nov 44.

Signed.

Spencer
Major.
Security Division

Sub

SJH/nb

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(68)

Ref

: SD/550.1 2/65

7 November 1944

Subject : Internee BOSCARINI Giovanni

To : V.P. Civil Affairs Section

1. The cases of all persons interned from Sicily have been reviewed many times by various reviewal boards, and none but the most serious cases are retained.

2. The Medical Officer at the Camp submits immediate recommendations for release when a patient's condition is so detrimental to his health that it outweighs security.

3. All serious ^{medical} cases are sent to the Military Hospital at Salerno.

4. I do not think any useful purpose would be served in sending the letter again to the Camp as they are so well aware of his case, and there is nothing in the letter to throw fresh light on his loyalty or otherwise.

[Signature] 2670
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

PS (for Legat) ✓

Thank You
File
Feb 1950
No matter is closed. GH

MG/
The First General Aide-de-camp
of H.R.H. the General Lieutenant of the Kingdom

to Brig. G.R. Upjohn
Deputy Chief of Staff
Allied Commission

Rome, Nov. the 1st, 1944

(67)

Sent	
Rec'd	6/11
Book	2735
File	550.1.
Act	

My dear General Upjohn,
I thank You very much for kind assurance You have given me, with Your letter of 19 inst., regard what I have pointed out to you, about Prof. Hans Krüger Appelius

Best greetings

2669

Gen. Adolfo Infante



IL PRIMO AIUTANTE DI CAMPO GENERALE
DI S.A.R. IL LUOGOTENENTE GENERALE DEL REGNO

Tranclato
Roma, 1 NOV 1944

1557
H.G.

Care friend Upjohn,

ringrazio vivamente della cortese assicurazione datami con la lettera del 19 corr., in relazione a quanto ebbi a segnalare nei riguardi del Prof. Hans Krüger Appelius.

I migliori miei saluti,

(Generale Adolfo Infante)

Yours very sincerely

A. Infante

Al Brig.G.R. UPJOHN
Vice Presidente, C.A. Section
Deputy Chief of Staff
ALLIED COMMISSION

2668

R O M A

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3598

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