

ACC 10000 | 143 | 2322 550 / 12 INTERNEES IN ITALIAN CUSTODY
JAN. 1945 - JUNE 1946

SECURITY INFORMATION
FILE
WIRELESS

No. of message	Date	Subject
1.	21 Jan.	Instrument to Security Grounds
2.	12 Feb.	Instrument
3.	17 "	Instrument to Security Grounds
4.	20 "	"
5.	24 "	"
6.	4 April	Instrument
7.	19 "	Circular Letter
8.	"	Instrument by Station Anti-bentels
9.	30 "	Normalized Circular
10.	22 June	Colonies of Ants & Circular
11.	2 June	Quest of German materials
12.	17 Jan. 45	Instrument to Security Grounds
13.	11 Sept.	Disposal of "A" Instrument Camp Site
14.	30 March 46	Report
	2 June 46	FAIRBANKS
	26 June 46	Envisio

28063

INTERFACES IN ITALIAN CUSTODY

INTERFACES IN ITALIAN CUSTODY

1000/43/2322

THIS FOLIO
CONTAINS PAPERS
FROM JAN 1945
TO APR 1946

CATALOGUE

RECORDED BY JESSE G. COOPER
FBI - NEW YORK CITY
MANHATTAN DIVISION

REF: 5/25/50, 12-15

25 June 1965

SUBJECT: PAGELINI Service

TO: Il Direttore, Consorzio Giudiziario,
Via Orione, TORINO

1. Reference your letter of 16 May 1965
2. There is no objection so far as GI is concerned to the
attached letter being forwarded.

OK

Re: NYag
Colombia
A/Director Public Interest
Self Government

A.M./m

206-

892

8605

Security

SUBJECT :- FABRINI Enrico.

GHQ CMF.

16414/A-3.

14 June 46.

HEADQUARTERS,
Allied Commission.

Reference your SD/550.12 of 3 June 46.

1. The attached correspondence forwarded with the above quoted letter are returned for disposal as you may think fit.
2. The contents have been noted and there is no objection to FABRINI receiving them as far as this Headquarters is concerned.

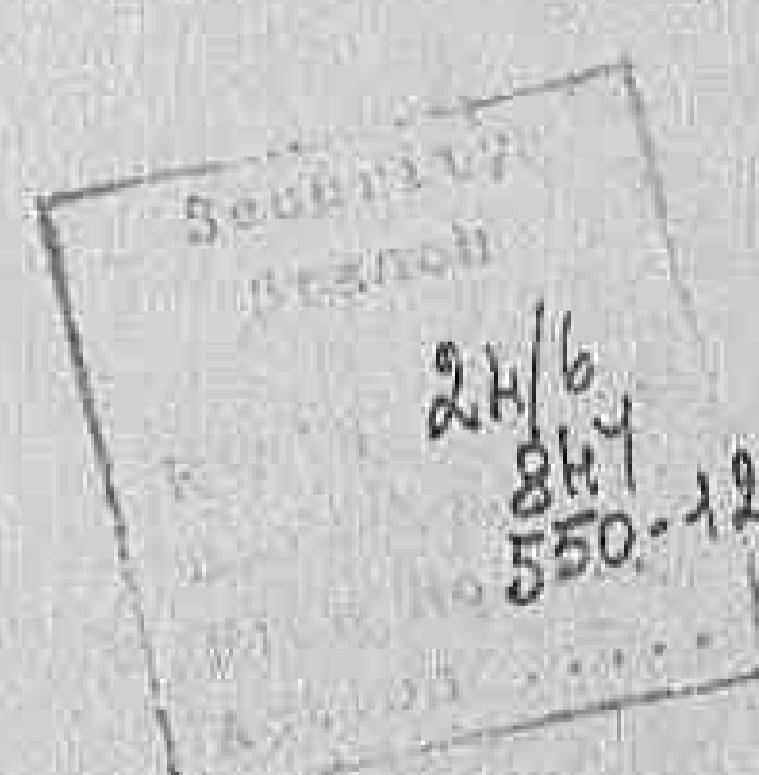
RW (Signature)

for Brigadier.

DAG.

/hs

208-



DIREZIONE CARCERI GIUDIZIARIE - Via Ormea - TORINO

SUBJECT : Correspondence.

16 May 46

Commissario War Crimes Branch
Mediterraneo - Firenze

Herewith attached are two letters from Enrico Fabbrini who is
detained in Turin prison.

Will you please censure and return them to be forwarded.

208

Direzione Carcetti Giudiziarie

Dear Wanda and Giordano

Today I got your letter. I thank you very much for what you are doing for me. I do not know what I have to tell you about those things I have at home. Vera has not answered to me yet. I told her that I suppose that the Questura of Florence was not informed of my arrest, which occurred in Sept., by the Questura of Turin.

At present, I am at disposition of the Allied Command in Florence but I do not know when I will be brought there.

Many regards,

Yours sincerely.

S/Enrico

P.S. What did Ugo say about my position?
Many regards to him.

S/Enrico

2058

Direzione Carceri Giudiziarie

Dear Vera,

I have been detained here for 8 days and I do not know yet when I shall be brought to Florence. I got the letter from Renzo and uncle Bruno.

If my letter will reach you in Florence ~~by~~ to learn something about my position, because the Allied Command ordered my arrest.

I think that when I was arrested the first time, the Questura of Turin did not inform the Questura of Florence on this matter. May be I have been arrested for this reasons.

Will you please, do your best in order to know something?

Giorgio wrote to me that the lady with whom he works, wants the room. She will give him today the money for the settlement.

But he does not want anything at present. They do not know where to put our things.

Believe me, I am very tired of this matter.

I have to close now.

I hope that my letter will find you in the best of health. Is your sister Giuliana better? Many regards and wishes to you and children,

Your sister and Giordano every day bring to me something to eat.

I am waiting for a letter from you.

Regards and wishes,

Yours,

S/Enrico

20

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.T.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
INVESTIGATORY DIVISION

REF : SD/550.12

5 June 1945

SUBJECT : FABBRONI Enrico

TO : D.A.C.P. G.H.Q., G.M.F.

(h)

1. Forwarded herewith letter received from the Director of TURIN prison together with the two letters referred to, together with rough translations.

2. This HQ has no knowledge of this case therefore it is considered advisable that enclosures be forwarded for your information and such action as you may deem necessary.

J. W.
J. J. [Signature]
Colonel,
A/Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

A.D./nb

17

2054

552

DIREZIONE CARCERI GIUDIZIALE - Via Ormea - TORINO

SUBJECT : Correspondence.

16 May 46

Commissario War Crimes Branch
Mediterraneo - Firenze

Herewith attached are two letters from Enrico Fabbrini who is
detained in Turin prison.
Will you please censure and return them to be forwarded.

205:

Direzione Carcetti Giudiziarie

Dear Wanda and Giordano

Today I got your letter I thank you very much for what you are doing for me. I do not know what I have to tell you about those things I have at home. Vera has not answered to me yet. I told her that I suppose that the Questura of Florence was not informed of my arrest, which occurred in Sept., by the Questura of Turin.

At present, I am at disposition of the Allied Command in Florence but I do not know when I will be brought there.

Many regards.

Yours sincerely,

S/Enrico

P.S. What did Ugo say about my position?
Many regards to him.

S/Enrico

205

Direzione Carceri Giudiziarie

Dear Vera,

I have been detained here for 8 days and I do not know yet when I shall be brought to Florence. I got the letter from Renzo and uncle Bruno.

If my letter will reach you in Florence ~~very~~ to learn something about my position, because the Allied Command ordered my arrest.

I think that when I was arrested the first time, the Questura of Turin did not inform the Questura of Florence on this matter. May be I have been arrested for this reasons. Will you please, do your best in order to know something?

Giorgio wrote to me that the lady with whom he works, wants the room. She will give him today the money for the settlement.

But he does not want anything at present. They do not know where to put our things.

Believe me, I am very tired of this matter.

I have to close now.

I hope that my letter will find you in the best of health. Is your sister Giuliana better? Many regards and wishes to you and children,

Your sister and Giordano every day bring to me something to eat.

I am waiting for a letter from you.

Regards and wishes,

Yours,

S/Enrico

20:9

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550.12

30 March 1946

(14)

SUBJECT: NUNZIATI Roberto

TO : Ministry of Interior,
General Direction of Public Safety.

1. The attached appeal has been received by the Division from the wife of the above named and is forwarded for favour of onward transmission to the authorities concerned as NUNZIATI appears to be in Italian custody at Florence.

J.W.C.
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

AHE/nb

204

204

CA/

Carmignano, 15 Feb. 46

ALLIED COMMISSION
R O M E

The undersigned Ida NUNZIATTI makes the following declaration:

In 1944 her son Mauro, born in 1923, had to present himself for the Military Service, after 8 Sept. 43, as orders issued by Repubblica Sociale Italiana. His parents advised him to hide himself. For this reason he was researched by Major Carità and his family was threatened if he would not return to the Army. Later on the Germans took away her husband, but he was able to escape from the German Camp and hide himself.

The Germans, then, made a perquisition in their house, looting away everything. But all was over - as my hopes - when the Allies arrived. But on April 45 my husband was arrested by Italian Authorities for being allegedly involved in a politic matter occurred in 1921 at Poggetto di Carmignano and during which an old man, a Federico Grassi, was killed.

Many persons took part to this fact - as it is alleged - but only nine of them were arrested, among whom is my husband Roberto NUNZIATTI. He claims not to have been present at that crime. The undersigned, owing to the misfortunes occurred to her during Nazi-Fascist occupation, begs your Commission to take interest on the matter, in order that her husband detained, at the present, at Florence prisons, be acquitted of every charge and given back to his family being his presence very necessary at his house. Hoping in a favourable answer, thanks in advance.

20 "

/s/ Ida Nunziati

P.Safety - SECURITY DIV.

Carmignano, 15.2.19

On. Commissione Militare Alata di Controllo
FIRENZE

La settecentina Ida Nunziati di Giovanni espone quanto
 appresso:

Nell'anno 1944 la scrivente aveva il suo figlio Mauro che
 sse 1923 il quale dopo l'8 di settembre 1943 avrebbe, secondo le leggi del-
 la pseudo Repubblica Sociale Italiana allora costituitasi, dovute presentar-
 si alle armi. La scrivente unitamente al proprio consorte Roberto Nunziati
 consiglio il figlio di darsi alla macchia. Fu per tale fatto ricercato dal-
 la banda del Maggiore Carità e tutta la famiglia fu varie volte minacciata
 se non avesse fatto rientrare nelle file dell'esercito il giovane remiten-
 te.

Successivamente si vide partire via il marito dai tedeschi
 nei tanti rastrellamenti che effettuavano, deportazione che ebbe come epi-
 logo la fuga di mio marito dal campo tedesco e quindi anch'egli ucciso di
 bocca. I tedeschi poi effettuarono una perquisizione in casa e pertarono via
 quante di meglio vi era.

Ma il tutto finì e arrivano gli alleati liberatori e la
 settecentina sperava che i malfatti fossero finiti semonché nell'aprile
 del 1945 mio marito venne arrestato dalle autorità Italiane perché si dice
 fosse coinvolto in un episodio politico avvenuto nel lontano anno 1921 in
 località Peggetto di Carmignano nel quale episodio rimase uccisa un vecchie
 certe Grassi Federigo.

Faccio presente che a tale fatto (così almeno corrono le
 voci) partecipassero un numero considerevole di individui ed invece furono
 arrestati solo nove e fra questi mio marito Roberto Nunziati che afferma
 non essere stato presente all'eccidio.

La settecentina in considerazione delle disgrazie avute du-
 rante il periodo Nazifascista chiede a cedesta On. Commissione di interve-
 nire presso le Autorità Italiane perché il proprio marito attualmente dete-
 nuto politico nelle carceri delle Murate di Firenze sia esonerato da ogni
 responsabilità e restituire alla famiglia, ove la sua presenza sarebbe dav-
 vere necessaria.

Sicura che cedesta On. Commissione prenderà in serio esame
 il caso esperto, in attesa di buon esito ringrazia ed esequia.

15/20
4306

~~SECRET~~
9086

15 OTT. 1948

SUBJECT: - "A" Internco Camp.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
CENTRAL MEDITERRANEAN FORCES

3726/A2

TO : - Headquarters,
Allied Commission,
Public Safety Sub Commission,
Security Division.

16 Oct 45 — file
B — Avail further
request from HQ of Sub
C.B.H. 22/10
M.

1. Reference your SD/550 of 11 Sep 45 and SD/550.12-13
of 11 Oct 45.

2. As "A" Internco Camp Site is being fully utilised
by Headquarters, 3 District for the accommodation of married
families and T.B. cases from the CIETNAK camp it is regretted
that it cannot be handed over to the Italian Authorities.

G.R. Davies
G.R. DAVIES, Captain,
Staff Captain,
for Major General,
D.A.G.

GID/AP



SECURITY	
Division	
Sec. No.	22/0
Book No.	1555
File No.	550.12-13
Action	<i>file</i>

2042

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(13)

REF : 30/550.12-13

11 October 1945

SUBJECT : "A" Civilian Internes Camp

TO : D.A.C., GHQ.,
C.M.F.

1. Reference your 3726/A-2 of 10 Oct. 1945.
2. The purpose for which the above camp is required is to house political prisoners arrested by the Italian Authorities.
3. The prisons in Italy are greatly overcrowded and political prisoners have to be mixed with criminals. This has caused a number of prison riots and is altogether undesirable.
4. It is pointed out that a number of prisons in Italy have been destroyed or rendered unusable as a result of the war and the prison population has increased.
5. This Sub Commission has an intimate knowledge of the conditions prevailing at present in Italian prisons and is accordingly most anxious that the application for the camp to be handed over to the Italian Authorities should receive your favourable consideration.

J.H. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.U.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

2042

*Public Safety SIC
Jewell*

SUBJECT:- "A" Civilian Internee Camp.

CMQ AF

3726/MS2

1 Oct 45

TO :- HQ., Allied Commission,
(Public Safety Sub-Commission).

Copy to:- Q(Maint)
PZ(CI).

550.12

Reference your SD/DDU of 11 Sep 42.

Will you please fully inform this HQ of the purpose for
which the above Camp is required by the Italian authorities.

Franklin R. Condon

FRANKLIN R. CONDON,
Major, D.A.A.G.,
for Major General,
D.A.G.

CMQ AF

Security
Division
Rec'd... 4/10.
Book No 079
File No P
Action ...

550.12

2039

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.C. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(P)

REF : SD/550

11 September 1945

SUBJECT : Disposal of "A" Internee Camp Site

TO : G-2 (CI) AFHQ

1. Enquiries have been received from the Italian Authorities with regard to the site of "A" Internee Camp. This Camp would be of very great value to them and it is requested that the transfer of the site to them be given favourable consideration.

2. They also ask if the dismantling of the camp could be suspended while the decision as to its disposal is being reached.

3. An early reply would be appreciated.

Att. B.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

GMI/nb

2031

V.S.

988

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550/93

17 January 1945

4240

SUBJECT : Internment on security grounds

TO : Ministry of the Interior

1. In May 1944 a circular from your Ministry was received in Palermo authorising the arrest of certain German nationals on security grounds.

2. This matter has been cleared up with the Political Office of the questura in Palermo, but this Headquarters would be grateful to know whether any Italian authority has any person in internment on security grounds (as distinct from imprisonment) and, if so, how many there are and where they are held.

3. It is requested that you will report as soon as possible on the above.

J.W.C.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

203

JAM/nb

CONFIDENTIAL

(i) corrected
7905

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

TBJ/jjjr

G-5: 383.2-10

13 January 1945

SUBJECT: Arrest of German Nationals.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394

1. Reference is made to your SD/550/93 of 2 January enclosing a very full report from the Regional Public Safety Officer.

2. It is agreed that the report above referred to satisfactorily disposes of the specific matter originally raised but G-2 this HQ have asked that enquiries be made as to whether the Italian authorities have any persons in internment on security grounds (as distinct from imprisonment) and if so how many there are and where they are held.

3. It is requested that you will report as soon as possible on the above.

For the Acting Asst. Chief of Staff, G-5:

T. B. JACKMAN
Lt. Colonel.

Copy to:- G-2(C.I.) Your endorsement 5 of 10 Jan.
on IRS GBI-389.463/10 refers.

203
14 Jan
4159.
550-93

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.C. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550-qb/5911.

2 January 1945

SUBJECT : Arrest of German Nationals

TO : G-5 Section AFHQ

1. With reference to your G-5 383.22-10 of 6th December 1944 concerning the above, please find attached a copy of report from the Regional Public Safety Officer.

2. The directive AG 383.01/215 has been forwarded to the Regional Commissioner and the Commissioner of the Political Office of the Questura at Palermo has been informed that Allied authority for such steps as were taken (now cancelled) must not be quoted.

J.W.C.
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission

SJD/nb

CONFIDENTIAL

Priority 6594

ALLIED COMMISSION

SICILIA REGION HEADQUARTERS

APO. 394

(PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION)

HEAD

FILE NO: RPS/S/47/JTM

DATE 23rd December, 1944.

28

SUBJECT: Arrest of German Nationals.

TO: Headquarters, Allied Commission.
(For atttn. of Public Safety Sub-Commission
Security Division).

Reference your SD/550 dated 8th December, 1944, and en=
closures. =

1. Early in October of this year information was received from Field Security Section that the Questura Palermo, was giving directions for a number of women of German Nationality to be sent to places of enforced domicile on the mainland. A number of these women were aged, had lived for many years in Sicily, were in poor health and were not in any way considered by P.S.S. a danger to military security, and it was alleged that what appeared to be unnecessary drastic measures as regards these persons, were being taken in the name of the Allied Authorities.

2. The Commissioner of the Political Office of the Questura was asked on what authority the above measures were being adopted, it being pointed out to him that such action as that described above must not be taken in the name of the Allied Military Authorities. The Commissioner then explained that following the receipt of a circular letter in May, 1944, from the Ministry of the Interior a conference was held with representatives of C.I.C. (the then military security organisation in Palermo) and of C.S., at which it was decided to recommend that the measures as to enforced domicile be taken against all German Nationals. It appears that a U.C.C. was the C.I.C. representative at this Conference but no records on the subject were left with C.I.C. when they relieved C.R.C. in Palermo. At that time (October, 1944) action had only been taken as regards one woman sent to Avellino, but the cases of 15 others (13 women and 2 men) were then being dealt with.

3. The Commissioner was informed by me that circumstances had changed between May and October, 1944, and whilst it was not the intention to interfere in any way with orders received through Italian channels it was being made perfectly clear that Allied Authority should not be quoted for despatching persons who were not in any way considered a danger to military security, to places

SUBJECT: Arrest of German Nationals.

TO: Headquarters, Allied Commission.
(Formerly, Public Safety Sub-Commission -
Security Division).

Reference your SD/350 dated 8th December, 1944, and enc
closures. =

1. Field Security Section that the Questore, Palermo, was receiving directions for a number of women of German nationality to be sent to places of enforced domicile on the mainland. A number of these women were aged, had lived for many years in Sicily, were in poor health and were not in any way considered by P.S.S. a danger to military security; and it was alleged that what appeared to be unnecessary domestic measures as regards these persons, were being taken in the name of the Allied Authorities.

2. The Commissario of the Political Office of the Questure was asked on what authority the above measures were being adopted, it being pointed out to him that such action as that described above must not be taken in the name of the Allied Military Authorities. The Commissario then explained that following the receipt of a circular letter in May, 1944, from the Ministry of the Interior a conference was held with representatives of C.I.O. (the then military security organisation in Palermo) and of G.S., at which it was decided to recommend that the measures as to enforced domicile be taken against all German Nationals. It appears that e.W.C. was the C.I.O. representative at this Conference but no records on the subject were left with P.S.S. when they relieved C.I.O. in Palermo. At that time (October, 1944) section had only been taken as regards one woman sent to Avellino, but the cases of 15 others (13 women and 2 men) were then being dealt with.

3. The Commissario was informed by me that circumstances had changed between May and October, 1944, and whilst it was not the intention to interfere in any way with orders received through Italian channels it was being made perfectly clear that Allied Authority should not be quoted for despatching persons who were not in any way considered a danger to military security, to places of enforced domicile on the mainland; also the suggestion was made that the Questore might wish to collaborate with P.G.S. in investigating the persons concerned and deciding as to their future disposition.

4. The foregoing suggestion was adopted by the Questore who held-up the orders for the arrest of these 15 German Nationals and later obtained the authority of the Ministry of the Interior for - (a) 13 women to be permitted to remain at their present addresses in Palermo, (b) for the women previously sent to Avellino to return to Palermo if she so desires and (c) for the domicile measures to be taken against the two German males only. At the

One (c) has not been carried out for the reason that one has lodged an appeal with the Ministry of the Interior and the other is now serving a sentence of imprisonment for selling medicines at high prices.

5. So far as the information available at this office is concerned, there is no reason to believe that any of these German citizens are a danger to the Allies, and P.S.S., who have investigated their histories, are in agreement; although in the case of the woman at Arellino they have not completed their inquiries and as regards the man now in prison, he is spoken of as being an unscrupulous business man but is not believed to be dangerous to military security.

6. It is felt that the cancellation of the measures against the 14 women is satisfactory and that after the views of P.S.S. as regards the two men are made known to the Questore, the decision as regards their cases might be left to the Italian Authorities.

7. Submitted for information. Also attached are copies of reports by P.S.S. and the Commissario of the Political Office of the Questore.

J.T. MANUEL,
Captain.
Asst. Regional Public Safety Officer.

Forwarded.

Russell A. STOCK,
Lt. Colonel,
Regional Public Safety Officer.

2029

CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT - German nationals in Palermo Province.

To - Asst. R.F.S.C., Sicilia Region, A.C. Ref. 51/S/AC
From 51 Field Security Section.

1. This Section's letter of 16 Oct 44 refers.

2. The Commissario of the Political Office of the Questura has informed this Section that in May 1944 a meeting was held, at which an N.C.O. of the CIC and an N.C.O. of the OS were present, when it was agreed upon to send 16 enemy nationals residing in Palermo Province to enforced domicile or internment. No record of such a meeting has been found in the files left behind by the CIC, and the CIC agent in charge of investigations of enemy nationals, when handing to this Section, did not mention any of these 16 persons as being suspect. Furthermore, it is pointed out that since May 1944 the majority of Allied troops and material have left the Island, thus leaving very restricted scope for enemy espionage and sabotage activities.

3. According to verbal information from Commissario PIPITONI of the Questura, new orders have been received by him from the Ministry of the Interior, and the position now is, - Out of 16 persons (14 women and 2 men - see Appendix "A")

13 women will be permitted to remain at their present residences in Palermo Province.

1 woman (Xisthe PAULAND No.3) who has already been sent to enforced domicile at AVELLINO will be permitted to return to Palermo if she wishes.
TSCHIRKE Vincenzo (male.) Instructions are awaited from the Ministry of the Interior before further action is taken.

INTERHOF, Hans. As things stand at present, this man will be interned upon his release from UG TARDONE Prison, on 4 Jan 1945.

4. Appendix "A" list the 16 persons concerned and shows the following points to be taken into consideration, as per directive of 2 Dec 44 from 3 District; -

- 1) Continuous absence from Germany since 1933.
- 2) Having no relatives in Germany.
- 3) Never having been a member of any Nazi organisation.
- 4) Being of advanced age or in a poor state of health.

when it was agreed upon to send 16 enemy nationals residing in Palermo Province to enforced domicile or internment. No record of such a meeting has been found in the files left behind by the CIC, and the CIC agent in charge of investigations of enemy nationals, when handing to this Section, did not mention any of these 16 persons as being suspect. Furthermore, it is pointed out that since May 1944 the majority of Allied troops and material have left the Island, thus leaving very restricted scope for enemy espionage and sabotage activities.

3. According to verbal information from Commissario PIPITONE of the Questure, new orders have been received by him from the Ministry of the Interior, and the position now is,- Out of 16 persons (14 women and 2 men - see Appendix "A")

13 women will be permitted to remain at their present residences in Palermo Province.

1 woman (Frathe FAULAND No.2) who has already been sent to enforced domicile at AVELLINO will be permitted to return to Palermo if she wishes.

TSCHIUNE Vincenzo (male.) Instructions are awaited from the Ministry of the Interior before further action is taken.

WEYERHOF, Hans. As things stand at present, this man will be interned upon his release from UCCITARDONE Prison on 4 Jan 1945.

4. Appendix "A" list the 16 persons concerned and shows the following points to be taken into consideration, as per directive of 2 Dec 44 from 3 District:-

- 1) Continuous absence from Germany since 1933.
- 2) Having no relatives in Germany.
- 3) Never having been a member of any Nazi organisation.
- 4) Being of advanced age or in a poor state of health.
- 5) Being of Jewish origin.

It will be seen that nearly all these persons come under one or more of these headings.
 Most of these persons belonged to some Nazi organisation such as the Freiheitskampf and attended Party meetings at the German Consulate. They did this, however, under the threat of having their passport cancelled, whereby they would be forced to return to Germany and be called up to the Labour Front. The following is a translation of a circular sent by the German Consulate to women in domestic service who had been negligent in their attendance at Nazi meetings,-

CONFIDENTIAL

"NSDAP Palermo & German Consulate.

The German People demands that the Germans living abroad should prove themselves members of the German National Community. This can only happen by each German abroad taking part in the meetings of the German Colony, the Women's Work Front, and the Party. Who does not do this, consciously places herself outside the German National Community and can expect no assistance from the Party or from the German Authorities. You have up to now not appeared at these meetings. You have always justified your absence on the grounds that your employers will not give you time off to take part in the meetings. If this is really the case, you can tell your employers that the party and the German Consulate will do the necessary to have you repatriated to Germany.

If you should fail from now on, then the validity of your passport will be altered to an early expiry date, so that you will be compelled to make an early return to Germany. Please bring this circular to the attention of your employer.

Heil Hitler!

(signed) Schaefer
Kom. Ortsgruppenleiter.

5. All 12 persons contacted by this Section say that they were told by Italian officials that their internment was being carried out upon orders from the Allies. Later, when they were informed that their departure had been postponed, they were not told that this was due to Allied intervention on their behalf.

6. This Section is of the opinion that the 16 persons listed do not constitute a threat to military security, with the following reservations:-

a) PAULAND Zytthe. Investigations have not yet been completed, but there is no reason to believe her dangerous.

2020

b) MEYERHOF, Hans. This Section endorses the views of Capt. Brod, CIC (see Appendix "A") that Subject is not believed capable of activity on behalf of the enemy, and has indeed suffered persecution at the hands of the Fascists. However, seeing that the present-day conditions in Sicily present unscrupulous businessmen (such as MEYERHOF) with ample opportunities for black market transactions, it is felt that it is unwise to permit Subject unrestricted liberty. It is recommended that MEYERHOF be placed under confinement to the following conditions and

Business meetings between your employers will not give you time off to take part in the meetings. If this is really the case, you can tell your employers that the Party and the German Consulate will do the necessary to have you repatriated to Germany.

If you should fail from now on, then the validity of your passport will be altered to an early expiry date, so that you will be compelled to make an early return to Germany. Please bring this circular to the attention of your employees.

Heil Hitler!

(signed) Schaefer
kom. Ortsgruppenleiter.

5. All 12 persons contacted by this Section say that they were told by Italian officials that their internment was being carried out upon orders from the Allies. Lately when they were informed that their departure had been postponed, they were not told that this was due to Allied intervention on their behalf.

6. This Section is of the opinion that the 16 persons listed do not constitute a threat to military security, with the following reservations,-

a) PAULAND Luther. Investigations have not yet been completed,
but there is no reason to believe her dangerous.

b) MEYERHOF, Hans. This Section endorses the views of Capt. Brod, CIC (see Appendix "A") that Subject is not believed capable of activity on behalf of the enemy, and has indeed suffered persecution at the hands of the Fascists. However, seeing that the present-day conditions in Sicily present unscrupulous businessmen (such as MEYERHOF) with ample opportunities for black market transactions, it is felt that it is unwise to permit Subject unrestricted liberty. It is recommended that MEYERHOF be placed under surveillance for a period at least up to the finishing date of his original sentence, viz.- 4 July 1945 and that he be warned not to seek the acquaintance of Allied officers. Under such circumstances this Section would be prepared to make representations to the Italian Authorities to cancel his internment.

7. It is noteworthy that, whilst the Italian authorities took the view that all German subjects must be interned automatically, they do not appear to have concerned themselves with German-born wives of Italians, two or three of whom are under suspicion of pro-Nazi sentiments.

GA OILLES Capt.
O.C. 51 Field Security Section.

In the Field

WOMEN.

1. SPEL Maria. Age 48. Children's nurse, now unemployed. Continuously resident in Italy since 1925.
2. PROINE Helene. Age 64. Housewife. Continuously resident in Palermo since 1919. Never in a Nazi organization. German passport taken away from her on account of her association with a Jew.
3. PAULAND Tetra. Age 40. Formerly a nurse, now of no occupation.
(Investigations not completed.)
4. WOLFF Elisabeth. Age 62. Housewife. Continuously resident in Italy since 1908. Never in a Nazi organization. Married to an Italian in November 1944. In a poor state of health.
5. LANDNER Antonie. Age 55. Caretaker. Continuously resident in Italy since 1928.
6. GRATZER Theresa. Age 50. Governess. Continuously resident in Italy since 1925. To near relatives in Germany.
7. THOMAS Maria Wilhelmina. Age 58. Teacher; now a library assistant. Continuous residence in Italy since 1911.
8. ECKER Emilie. Age 51. Domestic servant. No relatives in Germany. Continuously resident in Italy since 1920.
9. STINDLER Anna. Age 44. Children's nurse. Born in Vienna, but father Czech and mother Slovak. Lived in Czechoslovakia for 20 years (1912-1932) - her status as an enemy national (1944 doubtful). Continuous residence in Italy since 1933.
10. NEIGER Elsa. Age 52. Governess. One brother is naturalised American, serving in U.S. Army. Resided in Italy since 1929, broken by short holiday trips to Germany in 1932 and 1938.
11. STIMM Berta. Age 42. Governess. Did not belong to any Nazi organisation.
12. LINGITZ Anna. Age 49. Lives at Cucaneo. No further details known.
13. MAIER Louise. Age 61. Working at VICARI at an Institute for the Poor. Presumably destitute.
14. HILPERT Johanna. Age 61. Continuously resident in Italy since 1931. - has not been back to Germany since 1921.

- since 1908. Never in Nazi organisation. Married to an Italian in November 1944. In poor state of health.
5. LANDAUER Antonie. Age 55. Caretaker. Continuously resident in Italy since 1928.
6. GRÄTZER Theresia. Age 50. Governess. Continuously resident in Italy since 1925. No near relatives in Germany.
7. THOMAS Maria Vilhelmina. Age 58. Teacher; now a library assistant. Continuously resident in Italy since 1921.
8. BECKER Emilie. Age 51. Domestic servant. No relatives in Germany.
9. SINDLER Anna. Age 44. Children's nurse. Born in Vienna, but father Czech and mother Slovak. Lived in Czechoslovakia for 20 years (1912-1932) - her status as an enemy national 1938/1944 doubtful. Continuous residence in Italy since 1933.
10. METZLER Elsa. Age 52. Governess. One brother is naturalised American, service in U.S. Army. Resided in Italy since 1929, broken by short holiday trips to Germany in 1932 and 1938.
11. STIER Berta. Age 42. Governess. Did not belong to any Nazi organisation.
12. LINGITZ Anna. Age 49. Lives at Caccamo. No further details known.
13. MAIER Luise. Age 61. Living at VICART at an Institute for the Poor. Presumably destitute.
14. HIRFERT Johanna. Age 61. Continuously resident in Italy since 1931. - has not been back to Germany since 1921.
- M E N.
15. SCHINKE Vincenzo. Age 56. Proprietor of an antique shop. Was born in Palermo and passed most of his life there. His father's birthplace was REICHENBERG (Bohemia) and after the 1914-18 War Subject of Czech-Slovak citizen, which he remained until the Nazi conquest Czech national. He registered his son at birth as a William, normally resident at TAGLIAMI, who was interned by the Fascists the first part of the war. Appointed to be well respected in Palermo, and many leading personalities have vouched for him.

MAYERHOP, Hans. Age 63. Believed to be a moderate state of health. The following is a report from Capt. BROD, O.C. CIO Palermo:-

"ZEM MEYERHOP has been known to the C.I.C., 7th Army, and to C.I.C., I.P.S., since the first days of occupation of the City of Palermo by the Allied Forces. He has always been under suspicion as an espionage suspect and has been the subject of investigation and surveillance from time to time. He has indicated a common scheme and plan to become familiar with as many Allied officers as possible, and that he was successful in this regard is proven by the fact that he carried with him twelve different letters and cards of identification attesting to his being known to several officers. He, at one time, was extensively checked by 7th Army C.I.C. with relation to his probable espionage activities in view of his over-friendly attitude with Allied officers. However, this investigation and a detailed night and day surveillance of him over a period of 10 days revealed nothing more than that he was extensively engaged in making contracts with various officers, obtaining apartments for reconnection by them with a view of becoming friendly. He is known to the Questura who have a large file on him setting forth in detail his life's history and certifying to his confinement to concentration camp for a period of several years because of his Jewish background. The undersigned has carefully analyzed this file of the Questura from the point of view that it might have been manufactured as a background to justify his position here in Palermo as an agent. However, this office is satisfied that Subject is, in fact, a Jew and that his confinement to concentration camp was pursuant to the racial laws of Nazi and Fascist regimes, and that Subject, while not an agent of the German Government and while not a Fascist, is nothing more than a mediocre confidence man of an unscrupulous background and character."

2023

Palermo 15th December, 1944.

According to the verbal agreements taken, I beg to inform you as follows, -

The Local Office informed our Office about the text of a Ministerial Circular Letter, under which the internment or assignment of German Subjects to places which have no military importance was ordered. These measures - added the s/m letter, shall be taken upon a careful ascertainment of the political feelings of each Subject.

These measures shall not affect the following persons, - Persons under 15 and over 65 years of age; persons seriously ill and affected with an incurable infirmity which strongly injures their natural constitution.

In order to apply the said provisions, Vice Commissioner DiPIAZZA, the Director of the Political Office, a N.C.O. of the G.I.C. and another established as a whole to propose to the Ministry of the Interior to assign to proper places all German Subjects who were residing in our Province and were for their age or physical conditions in the situation foreseen by the aforesaid Circular Letter. They also decided not to attach importance to the political activity carried out by these Subjects, as the Ministry himself, had established that these measures should be taken upon ascertainties of the only political feelings of each Subject.

Letter to the Local C.S. Sub-Centre, forwarded to our Political Office 15 proposals for the internment of as many German Subjects, 13 of whom were women, the majority of them in advanced age, bad health condition, and who had been residing in our Province for long time, and 2 men, a certain TSCHIENE, who is a well known merchant of Palermo, who was born here, and a certain LUTHEROP, who is held in custody at the local prisons for he was sentenced by the Allied Tribunal charged with receiving medicinals and selling them at exorbitant prices.

C.S.'s proposals were all identical and did not include concrete elements or specific circumstances which could legitimate the adoption of the measures requested against these Subjects.

However, in compliance with the directions I received from you concerning the directives which shall be followed in order to execute the e/m Ministerial Circular Letter, our Office, by note No. 05242, dated 22nd October, 1944, requested the Superior Ministry to examine the advisability of giving the German Subjects, who had been proposed for internment by the C.S. Centre the opportunity to reside in the Local Cities where they were at present situated to

These measures shall not affect the following persons, - persons under 15 and over 65 years of age; persons seriously ill and affected with an incurable infirmity which strongly injures their natural constitution.

In order to apply the said provisions, Vice Commissioner D. PIAZZA, the Director of the Political Office, a M.C.C. of the O.I.C. and another ex N.C.O. of the C.S. met in the month of May last at the a/m Office and established as a whole to propose to the Ministry of the Interior to assign to proper places all German Subjects who were residing in our Province and were for their age or physical conditions in the situation foreseen by the aforesaid Circular Letter. - They also decided not to attach importance to the political activity carried out by these Subjects, as the Ministry himself, had established that these measures should be taken upon ascertainment of the only political feelings of each Subject.

Latera the Local C.S. Sub-Centre, forwarded to our Political Office 15 proposals for the internment of 13 young German Subjects, 13 of whom were women, the majority of them in advanced age, bad health condition, and who had been residing in our Province for long time, and 2 men, a certain TSCHIUMI, who is a well known merchant of Palermo, who was born here, and a certain LIEVENHOF, who is held in custody at the local prisons for he was sentenced by the Military Tribunal charged with receiving medicinals and selling them at exorbitant prices.

C.S.'s proposals were all identic and did not include concrete elements or specific circumstances which could legitimate the adoption of the measures requested against these Subjects.

However, in compliance with the directions I received from you concerning the directives which shall be followed in order to execute the a/m Ministerial Circular Letter, our Office, by note No.05242, dated 22nd October, 1944, requested the Superior Ministry to examine the advisability of giving the German Subjects, who had been proposed for internment by the C.S. Centre the authorization to reside in the localities where they were at present, submitting them to a proper vigilance, and in consideration of their age, their long residence in Palermo and their conduct which was not deemed to be an effective danger for the military security.

Therefore, in full accordance with our Office's proposals, on November 20th, the Ministry of Interior ordered that the aforesaid 13 women shall reside in the localities where they are at present living, while the measures shall only be taken against TSCHIUMI and LIEVENHOF.

Measures will be taken against LIEVENHOF when his punishment will be over. No measures have yet been taken against TSCHIUMI as we are waiting for the results of a petition he sent to the Ministry of the Interior.

P.S. VICE COMMISSIONER
Director of the Political Police Office

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
 A.P.C. 394
 PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

93

REF : SD/550 / 5445

8 December 1944

SUBJECT : Arrest of German Nationals
 To : Regional Commissioner, Sicily Region

1. Forwarded is an AFHQ directive on the a/c subject dated 28th November 1944 and a letter, dated 6th December 1944 regarding same subject.

2. Can you please cause an investigation to be made into the allegations made in letter of 6th Dec. 44 and report findings to this HQ.

W.H. Clegg
 (John W. CHAPMAN,
 Colonel J.A.G.B.,
 Director Public Safety,
 Sub Commission.)

Tel:- 489081
 Ext:- 367

SJR/nb

2820

CONFIDENTIAL

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

TSD/mjs

O-5: 383.2-30

6 December 1944

SUBJECT: Arrest of German Nationals.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394.

1. It has been reported that Italian authorities in Palermo recently arrested 19 German civilians and were planning to ship them to the mainland for internment for the duration. It is further stated that the Italian action was taken on the basis of a Ministry of Interior circular which calls for the internment of all enemy nationals and quotes purported Allied authority for this.
2. In fact the persons were not regarded as a security threat by the Allied Intelligence Authorities, and it is clear that the Italian Government should not quote Allied authority in such cases.
3. It is requested that you will have the facts investigated and report thereon to this Headquarters.

For the Acting Asst. Chief of Staff, O-5:

2
T. B. JACKMAN,
Lt. Colonel.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED FORCE
APO 512

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Security
Division
S/1
0352 ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Book No. 340
Rule No. 550

AG 365.01/215 GDI-O

AF-202

ATK/VNG

28 November 1944

SUBJECT: Internment of German and Japanese Nationals

TO : Commanding General, Peninsular Base Section, APO 782
Commanding General, Rome Area Allied Command, APO 794
General Officer Commanding, Number 3 District

1. Due to the advance of the Allied Armies northwards, thereby carrying the zone of actual operations an increasing distance from Southern Italy, a re-examination of the policy concerning the internment of German nationals, as set forth in letter, Headquarters Allied Armies in Italy, reference number AM/1401/7/GSI(b), dated 8 July 1944, can now be permitted.

2. In the line of Communications area as defined in letter, this headquarters, file AG 323/035 GCT-O, dated 28 September 1944, German nationals will not henceforth be interned merely on the grounds of their nationality, but only if they appear, on reasonable evidence, to constitute a danger to the security of the operations of Allied forces or Military Government, by virtue of their position, personality, sentiments or record.

3. The following will be taken into account in considering whether an individual constitutes a danger to security:

- a. Continuous absence from Germany since 1933.
- b. Having no relatives in Germany.
- c. Never having been a member of any National Socialist organization.
- d. Being of advanced age or in a poor state of health.
- e. Being of Jewish origin or in any other respect a refugee from persecution by the Germans.

f. Ability to produce reliable evidence of having assisted Allied prisoners of war, or of having in any other way worked against the Germans and in favor of the Allies.

4. The cases of all persons at present interned in 371st Prisoner of War Camp, whose normal place of residence is in the above mentioned area, will be

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Ltr AFHQ, AG 383.01/215 GBI-0,
dated 26 November 1944 (Cont'd)

reviewed in the light of this directive and recommendations forwarded to this
headquarters for consideration of release.

5. The policy regarding Japanese nationals is not altered.

By Command of General WILSON:

/s/ C. E. CHRISTENSEN,
/t/ C. E. CHRISTENSEN,
Colonel, AGD,
Acting Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

- 2 - Sa addressee
- 1 - GSI(b) Hq AAI
- 1 - C-1 (B)
- 1 - C-1 MTOUSA
- 1 - C-5
- 1 - Dr Res Min
- 1 - US POLad
- 1 - 1 SCI Unit
- 1 - OC, 371st Ftr Grp
- 1 - ALCOM
- 1 - MADIST
- 1 - H & D
- 2 - AG Records
- 1 - Hq Allied Commission

REPRODUCED: HQ ROME AREA MTOUSA, APO 794, US Army, 3 December 1944 JRC/TEC

Security File
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TRANSLATION S.D.

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR - General Directorate of P.S.

No. 441/05253 Div.AGR Sez.I

22 June 1945

SUBJECT : Colonies of Isili and Asinara

TO : A.C. Public Safety S.C.

Reference to letter SD/550.0.93 of the 30 April 1945.

In regard to the dangerous Fascists convicted at Isili and Asinara Colonies, the Ministry of Grace and Justice reports the following:

" " " With reference to the a/m letter we communicate that wired news have been requested both to the Direction of the Penal Institutes of Isili and Asinara, and to the General Procura of Cagliari.

As soon as possible we shall communicate the number of the persons convicted in the a/m Penal Institutes.

f. Minister
sgd illegible

Security
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Ministero dell'Interno
Roma, 22 giugno 1945

DIREZIONE GENERALE
DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Al direttorio
Ufficio di Sicurezza
Sottocommissione per la P. S.

Carissime Signore

Provvedere

Ordine

Per

Il

21 giugno 1945

Allegato

Ordine

Per

Il

22 giugno 1945

Proposta di Tagliabue

Dir.

22 giugno 1945

OOGGETTO: COLONIA DI ISOLAI ED ASIABILI

Con riferimento al foglio 2 not. 1, di comunicazione quanto riservata il Ministero di Grazie e Giustizia in merito al numero delle persone sottratte nelle colonie di Isolai ed Asinara, quali fascisti varicati sono:

"...In relazione alla nota sopra citata, si comunica che sono state date notizie telefoniche, sia alle direzioni delle case penali di Isolai ed Asinara, sia allo Procura Generale del Regno di Cagliari, in merito a quanto chiesto con la nota a cui si fa riferimento.

Si fa riserva di comunicare il numero delle persone ristrette nelle quali case sono state pervenute tali notizie, nono

PALMIERI

201-

Domenica 1.
Ind. N. 11. 05253 Allegato

Proposta d'Indalo del 30.4.49 PD
Gior. 1950. C. 93

OSSERVO COLO-EL. A ISOLA DI ASTIARA

Con riferimento al foglio a mezzo, si comunica quanto riferito al Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia in merito al ministro delle persone costituite nella Colonia di Isola di Astiara, quali fascisti vengono lasciati:

In relazione alla nota sopra citata, si comunica che sono state date notizie telefoniche, sia alla direzione della carabinieri di Varese ed Astiara, sia alla Procura Generale del Regno di Varese, in merito a quanto riportato con la nota a cui si riferisce.

Gi è stata al comunicato il ministro delle persone costituite nulla mai fatto caso a simili appena percorso tali notizie.

PEL MINISTRO
204-

PUBLIC SAFETY SUB-COMMISSION
ALLIED COMMISSION

TRANSLATION NC.

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR.

Security

Rome 12th May 1945

16/5.
1449
550.93.

N:441/03634

SUBJECT : Colonies of Isimi and Asinara.
TO : Allied Commission Public Safety Subcommission.

With reference to letter SD/5 O.C.93, dated 30th April
it is communicated that the agricultural colonies depend on
the Ministry of Grace and Justice.

The a/m Ministry will communicate as soon as possible t
the number of the prisoners who are in the Colonies of
Asinara and Isili, as dangerous fascists.

We will inform you as soon as the reply will be received.

201~

for the Minister



Ministero dell'Interno
DIREZIONE GENERALE DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Roma 12 maggio 1945

On. COMMISSIONE ALLEATA
SOTTOCOMMISSIONE PER
LA P.S. ROMA

Direzione A.G.R. L. 1^a
Tel. 1^a 441/03634 Mayolo

Rispondente del
Dir. to V°

Oggetto : Colonie di Isili e Asinara-

Con riferimento al foglio SD/550.C.93 del 30 aprile u.s., si comunica che le Colonie Agricole dipendono dal Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia.

E' stato, pertanto, interessato quel Dicastero a far conoscere, con cortese urgenza, il numero delle persone detenute nelle Colonie di Asinara ed Isili, quali fascisti pericolosi.

Non appena si avrà la risposta, verrà subito comunicata a questa On. Sottocommissione.-

PEL MINISTRO

2011

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : 9D/550e-93

30 April 1945

SUBJECT : Ministerial Circular.
TO : Ministry of Interior.
General Direction of Public Safety.

Reference your A.G.R. Sez. I, Prot.N. 441/02940
of the 22 April 1945.

1. Acknowledgement is made with thanks of the letter
referred to above.

2. It will be much appreciated if this office could
be kept informed of any further orders of this nature, and
also of the number of persons detained, as dangerous fascists,
at Isili and Asinara penal colonies.

✓
JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel A.G.R.A.
Director Public Safety
Sub Commission

Copy to: G-2 (C-1) AFHQ
(att'n Major Daly Lewis)

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CBR/af

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550c-93

30 April 1945

SUBJECT : Ministerial Circular

TO : G-2 (C-I) AFHQ.
(att'n Major Daly Lewis)

1. With reference to your GBI 309.450/2 of the
11 April 1945, a copy of the circular to all prefects and
High Commissioners is attached for your information.

2. You will be informed immediately of any
further developments.

J. Chapman
JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel A.G.R.A.
Director Public Safety
Sub Commission

CBH/af

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王之仁曰：「吾子之言，誠知其義矣。」

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the first time, and the author's name is given as "John Smith". The book is described as "A New and Complete System of Penmanship, Containing the History of the Art, and a Practical Description of the Several Methods of Writing, with Numerous Examples, and a Large Number of Plates, Illustrating the Various Forms of Letters, and the Different Modes of Arranging them in Paragraphs, &c." The book is bound in a dark cover with gold lettering on the spine and front cover. The title page is dated "London, 1790".

THE 15TH OF NOVEMBER, 1944.

785016

The three steps of the institutional
Connections Committee were taken on
July 25, 1991, at a meeting of the
Committee on August 25, 1991, and
the final step, which concerned the
recommendations of the committee, was
taken on September 16, 1991.

the same time, the oil companies have been compelled to increase their production of gasoline and kerosene to meet the demand. The result has been a great increase in the cost of living, particularly in the cities. The price of gasoline has risen from 10 cents a gallon to 15 cents a gallon, and the price of kerosene has risen from 12 cents a gallon to 18 cents a gallon. This has had a very serious effect on the economy of the country, especially in the rural areas where there is no electricity or gas. The increase in the cost of living has forced many people to leave their homes and seek work in the cities, which has led to a great increase in the unemployment rate. The government has tried to combat this by increasing its spending on social welfare programs, but this has only served to exacerbate the problem. The situation is likely to continue until there is a significant reduction in the cost of oil and gas.

the first time. The first time I saw him, he was sitting in a chair, looking at me with a very serious expression. He was wearing a dark suit and a white shirt. He had short, grey hair and a mustache. He was holding a small object in his hand, which I later learned was a pipe. He was talking to me, but I could not understand what he was saying. I was very nervous and did not know what to do. I tried to smile and nod my head, but I was not sure if I was doing it right. He was looking at me with a very serious expression. He was holding a small object in his hand, which I later learned was a pipe. He was talking to me, but I could not understand what he was saying. I was very nervous and did not know what to do. I tried to smile and nod my head, but I was not sure if I was doing it right.

the first time, I have been able to get a good deal of information from the people who have been here before me, and I have also been able to get some information from the people who have been here after me. The information that I have been able to get is as follows:

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that he can't wait or is awaiting his return to the
country in connection with the action of the
Government.

In the event of these circumstances there is no doubt
that certain steps should be taken who having to
pay less money or less hinderance will be more content
to stay longer in the non-political substance of the
country, than as they object the action of the Government
at the moment.

Therefore an energetic closure of ports is necessary
in provincial cities of the provinces of organized fascists
who, in account of the impossibility of their being shown in
relief to the people which fascism has brought to the
country, should be shut out with every means available.

On the other hand the suggestion to be set up by
A.P.C. of I.D.I. No. 125 on the 17th July, 1944, constitutes
a social punishment and therefore the measures
which it recommends are directed to the best interests
of the law, but of the limited extent of the law are
excluded, which, as is known, establishes that regulations to
be followed under police supervision cannot be ordered, when
for the same reason several proceedings have been started,
and what, if it is necessary, the aforementioned police measure
cannot be applied.

The the same thing oftenes a situation should the following
complaints were to have been set up, or where they will
be set up, order for the same occasions the measure which
their competence for persons already assigned to 2nd class
under police supervision, it would be equivalent to consigning
the police measure adopted.

It is sufficient to add that your Excellencies should
give the maximum collaboration to the Commission foreseen
by Art. 6 of I.D.I. No. 125 of the 27th July, 1944, with will
shortly commence to function, in conformity with the directive
issued by the High Commissioner for the punishment of
present crimes with Order No. 6 of the 2nd instant.

We have been requested by the Ministry of Justice and Justice,
there exist at present two following agricultural colonies,
while there is a detention in houses for work, which have
only been organized in January 1944.

Category	1st	2nd	3rd
Total population	104	119	175

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the same time, the *Principles* were published in the *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society*, and the *Principles* were also published in the *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society*. The *Principles* were also published in the *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society*.

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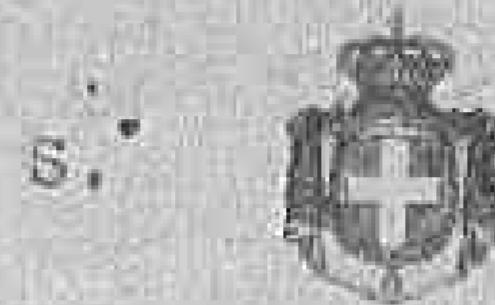
THE ESTATE OF THE KING OF SINGAPORE

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b) on the application to the new democratic Thailand 2158, to
be named in July 1944, a month, 1945, to
and those on the measure which are held in
connection with possible Japanese interests;

c) on the application to local Japanese police



S.
Ministero dell'Interno
DIREZIONE GENERALE DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Mod. 52

Roma, 22 Aprile 1945

ALL'ON.COMMISSIONE
ALLEATA
SOTTOCOMMISSIONE PER LA P.S.

Divisione A.G.R. N. 1°

Prot. N. 441/02940 Allegato

ROMA

Registrazione 1° corr.

P. 1° SD/550-93

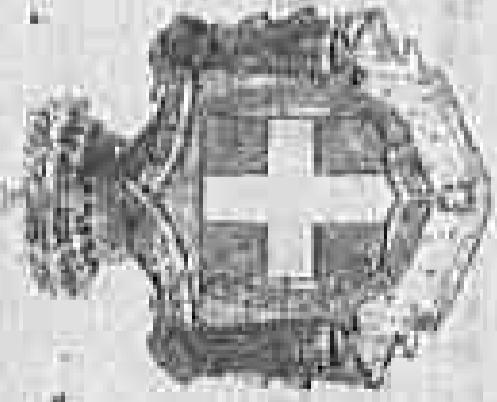
Oggetto Richiesta di una circolare ministeriale.

In relazione al foglio a margine si trasmette a codesta On.Sottocommissione una copia della circolare N.9057/8090 in data 21 marzo u.s., relativa all'applicazione delle sanzioni di cui all'art.8 del T.L.L. 27 luglio 1944 n.159.

PEL MINISTRO

Jervay

Security
Division
Rec'd 29/4/45
Book N. 1057
Date No. 550-93
Action



Ministro dell'Interno

Gabinetto di S.E. il Ministro

Prot.N. 9057/8090

Roma
21 marzo 1945

A.S.E.L'ALTO COMMISSARIO PER LA SICILIA
A.S.E.L'ALTO COMMISSARIO PER LA SARDEGNA
ILLE LL.EE. I PREMESSI DELL'ITALIA LIBERATA.

OSSERVAZIONI:
OGGETTO:- Applicazione delle sanzioni di cui all'art. 8 del D.L.I. 27.7.
1944, n.159.

E' stato rivolto il quesito se possono o meno essere deferite alla Commissione Provinciale per i provvedimenti di polizia, prevista dal vigente testo unico delle leggi di Publifica Sicurezza, le persone che siano da ritenersi socialmente pericolose per l'attività politica svolta sotto il ceso regime fascista, non essendo state ancora costituita, nella maggior parte delle provincie, la Commissione Provinciale prevista dall'art. 8 del D.L. L. 27 luglio 1944, n.159, modificato dall'art. 2 del D.L.L. 4 gennaio 1945, n. 2. Opina il Ministero serivente che, a norma delle vigenti disposizioni legislative, il quesito non abbia ragion d'essere, in quanto la Commissione Provinciale per i provvedimenti di polizia, per la diversa natura degli organismi, della materia ad essa deferita e delle sanzioni da erogare, opera ed agisce in una sfera di competenza che non interferisce in alcun modo in quella delle Commissioni provinciali di cui al cennato art. 8 del D.L.L. 27 luglio 1944, n.159.

Invero, il D.L.L. sopraccitato ha lasciato inalterata la competenza delle Commissioni provinciali per i provvedimenti di polizia previsti dal vigente testo unico delle leggi di P.S., modificato dal D.L.L. 10 dicembre 1944, n.419. Pertanto, in forza dell'art.181 del cennato testo unico possono, fra gli altri, essere assegnati al confine di polizia, qualora siano pericolosi alla sicurezza pubblica, "coloro che svolgono od abbiano manifestato il proposito di svolgere un'attività rivolta a esercitare violentemente gli ordinamenti politici, economici o sociali costituiti nello Stato o a contrastare o a ostacolare l'azione dei poteri dello Stato".

Due elementi si richiedono, pertanto, per l'adozione del provvedimento del confine:

- a) che la persona proposta sia pericolosa alla sicurezza pubblica;
- b) che essa svolga o abbia manifestato il proposito di svolgere un'attività tale da contrastare od ostacolare l'azione dei poteri dello Stato. Alla stregua di tali considerazioni non vi è dubbio che possono esservi colpiti del provvedimento del confine tutti coloro che, con mano filo-sciamate più o meno larvata, costituiscono un pericolo permanente per la libertà

A.S.D.L'ALTO COMMISSARIO PER L' SICILIA.
A.S.D.L'ALTO COMMISSARIO PER LA SARDEGNA.
L.I.E. LL.ES. IL PREFETTI DELL'ITALIA LIBERATA.

OSSGETTO:- applicazione delle sanzioni di cui all'art.8 del D.L.L.27.7.
1944,n.159.

E' stato rivolto il quesito se possano o meno essere deferite alla Commissione Provinciale per i provvedimenti di polizia, prevista dal vigente testo unico delle leggi di Pubblica Sicurezza, le persone che siano da ritenersi socialmente pericolose per l'attività politica svolta sotto il cessto regime fascista, non essendo stata ancora costituita, nella maggior parte delle provincie, la Commissione Provinciale prevista dall'art.8 del D.L.L. 27 luglio 1944, n.159, modificato dall'art.2 del D.L.L.4 gennaio 1945, n.2. Opina il Ministero scrivente che, a norma delle vigenti disposizioni legislative, il quesito non abbia ragion d'essere, in quanto la Commissione Provinciale per i provvedimenti di polizia, per la diversa natura degli organi, delle materie ad essa deferite e delle sanzioni da erogare, opera ed agisce in una sfera di competenza che non interferisce in alcun modo in quella delle Commissioni provinciali di cui al cennato art.8 del D.L.L.27 luglio 1944, n.159.

Invero, il D.L.L.sopraccitato ha insegnato inalterata la competenza delle Commissioni provinciali per i provvedimenti di polizia previsti dal vigente testo unico delle leggi di F.S., modificato dal D.L.L.10 dicembre 1944, n.419. Pertanto, in forza dell'art.181 del cennato testo unico possono, fra gli altri, essere assegnati al confine di polizia, qualora siano pericolosi alla sicurezza pubblica, "coloro che svolgono od abbiano manifestato il proposito di svolgere un'attività rivolta a scuotere violentemente gli ordinamenti politici, economici o sociali costituiti nello Stato o a costituire o a ostacolare l'azione dei poteri dello Stato". Due elementi si richiedono, pertanto, per l'adozione del provvedimento del confine:

- a) che la persona proposta sia pericolosa alla sicurezza pubblica;
 - b) che essa svolga o abbia manifestato il proposito di svolgere un'attività tale da contrastare od ostacolare l'azione dei poteri dello Stato.
- Alle stragi di tali considerazioni non v'è dubbio che possono essere colpiti dal provvedimento del confine tutti coloro che, con meno filofasciste più o meno larvate, costituiscono un pericolo pernante per la libertà nel rinnovato clima politico del Paese, in quanto costoro ostacolano l'azione dei poteri dello Stato democratico.
- S'impone, quindi, senza ulteriori indugio un'energica opera di disintossicazione degli ambienti provinciali dai criminosi residui fascisti che, per l'insensibilità che dimostrano all'immane tragedia cui il fascismo ha scinato la Patria, vanno perseguiti con ogni mezzo a disposizione.
- ./.

La Commissione, invece, prevista dall'art. 8 del D.L.L. 27 luglio 1944, numero 159, costituisce una giurisdizione penale speciale e, pertanto, per i provvedimenti da essa promossi si applica il disposto dell'ultimo comma dell'art. 181 del t.u. delle leggi di F.S. che, come è noto, stabilisce che non può essere ordinata l'assegnazione al confino di polizia che non può essere fatto, sia stato iniziato procedimento penale e che, in tal caso ipotisi, non può essere applicata la connata misura di polizia.

Alla stregua, pertanto, di tale statuzione, qualora le Commissioni provinciali siano state costituite, o quando lo saranno, promuovano per gli stessi fatti il procedimento di loro competenza nei confronti di persone già assoggettate al confino, deve disporsi la sospensione della misura di polizia adottata. E' superfluo aggiungere che lo S.L.L. devono dare la massima collaborazione alle Commissioni provviste dall'art. 8 del D.L.L. 27.7.1944, n. 159, che inizieranno tra breve il loro funzionamento, in conformità alle direttive impartite dall'alto Commissariato per le sanzioni contro il fascismo con circolare n. 6 del 3 corrente.

Giusta quanto ha comunicato il Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia, esistono attualmente 12 seguenti colonie agricole, mentre difettano 10 case di lavoro che erano state organizzate soltanto in provincie dell'Italia settentrionale:

	(capionza)	194
-	(presenti)	119
-	(disponibili)	75
- Colonia agricola di Isili		/

(capionza)	400
(presenti)	247
(disponibili)	153

E' ovvio che, in mancanza di caso di lavoro, coloro ai quali viene applicata tale misura, li sicurezza devono essere avviati alle colonie agricole. Si invitano, pertanto, le LL.EE. ad agire con la massima energia per l'elimitazione dalla vita provinciale degli elementi che, comunque, possono costituire un pericoloso per un ordinato svolgimento della nuova vita democratica italiana e, a tal scopo, si prege di riferire mensilmente con rapporto in triplice copia sui provvedimenti che verranno adottati:

- per l'assegnazione al confino degli ex fascisti socialmente pericolosi;
- per l'assegnazione alle colonie degli elementi previsti dal citato articolo 6, in base ai provvedimenti adottati dalla competente Commissione.

✓. IL MINISTRO

Michele

fatto, sia stato iniziato procedimento penale e che, in tale ipotesi, non può essere applicata la connivenza ai polizia.

Ma è stato, peraltro, di tale stazione, quando lo seanno, promuovano per gli stessi fatti il procedimento di loro conoscenza nei confronti di persone già assoggettate al confine, deno disposti la sospensione della misura di polizia adottata. E, superfluo soggiungere che lo D.L. devono dare la massima collaborazione alle Commissioni previste dall'art. 8 del D.L.L. 27.7.1944, n.159, che inizieranno tra breve il loro funzionamento, in conformità alle direttive impartite dall'Ufficio Commissario per le sezioni contro il fascismo con circolare n.6 acq. 3 corrente.

Giusta questo ha comunicato il Ministero di Grazia e Giustizia, esistono attualmente 18 seguenti colonie: 85 colonie, mentre difettano 16 case di lavoro che erano state organizzate soltanto in provincia dell'Italia settentrionale:

- Colonne acciodee di tessili	(capionza 194 presenti 119 disponibili 75)
- Colonne acciodee di stinare	(capionza 400 presenti 247 disponibili 153)

E' ovvio che, in mancanza di caso di lavoro, colono ai quali viene applicata tale misura si sconsiglia di essere avviati alle colonie agricole. Si invitano, pertanto, lo D.L. ad agire con le massime energie per l'istituzione di un protocollo per un ordinato sviluppo di elementi che, comunque, possono costituire un pericoloso monstremto delle nuove vite domande dei poliziotti e dei suoi provvedimenti che vorranno adottarli.

- a) per l'assegnazione al confino degli ex fascisti socialmente pericolosi;
- b) per l'assegnazione alle colonie degli elementi previsti dal citato articolo 8, in base ai provvedimenti adottati dalla competente Commissione.

/ IL MINISTRO

Molè

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
 A.P.O. 394
 PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550-93

19 April 1945

SUBJECT : Internment by Italian Authorities
 TO : G-2 (CI) AFHQ
 (Major E. Daly Lewis)

1. Reference your letter GRI 389.450/2 of 11 April 45.
2. A copy of a letter received from the Ministry of the Interior clarifying their letter of the 15 Feb. 1945 is attached for your information.
3. In August 1944 the Italian Authorities had a plan to utilise part of the Penal Colony of Aginara Island, north west of Sardinia as an Internee Camp for dangerous fascists, but it is not thought that the scheme was proceeded with other than the nomination as director of the establishment of a man who, it is interesting to note, was himself a "squadrista", "marcia su Roma" and "sciarpa littoria".
4. Application will be made for a copy of the Ministry of the Interior circular referred to in para. 4 of your letter.

J Hayes
 JOHN W. CHAPMAN, Cap.
 Colonel J.A.G.D.,
 Director Public Safety,
 Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

199.

TRANSLATION

Rome 12 April 1945

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR
General Direction
of

Public Safety

TO: Allied Commission
Public Safety Sub Commission
R O M E

Div. A.G.R. Sez. II

Prot. N. 422/10816

Answer to: SD/550-93 dated 4.4.1945

SUBJECT: Internment.

Reference to your letter SD/550-93 of 4 April 45,
we beg to communicate to you that the Italian Government has not the
possibility to form new concentration camps and is therefore trying to
put in good conditions the ones already existing.

At the moment the only one we have been able to
put into action is the one situated in the Isola di Ustica (Palermo)
where the ordinary civil criminals are sent, mostly those who have been
caught in the province after the noted events.

At the moment there ar no political confinees
interned in concentration camps.

As soon as other concentration camps are put up
we will keep your Commission informed.

FOR THE MINISTER

199.

AF.

M.R.

Roma, 12 aprile 1945

Ministro dell'Intend

Security	Division
DIREZIONE GENERALE DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA	ANTIFASCIA
Per:	SOPROCOMMISSIONE PER LA P.S.
Da:	R.O.M.A.
F.I.L.	
Action:	
Par. N. 12/16/Magaz	Proposta al Tagliabùff 4 corz.
Occhetto	Dir. N. 33/550-93

Par. N. 12/16/Magaz

Occhetto Internamento.

In relazione alla nota sopraddistinta, si comunica che il Governo Italiano, non avendo la possibilità di costituire nuovi campi di concentramento, sta cercando di rimpicciolire quelli già esistenti.

Attualmente si è riusciti a mettere in funzione soltanto quello situato nell'Isola di Ustica (Palermo) dove sono stati fatti effluire delinquenti comuni, in specie i "voltoi" rastrellati nelle province di Reggio dopo i noto morti. Per ora nessuno confinato politico è rimasto in campi di concentramento.

Si segnala che si terrà imminente sede della Commissione dei ripristino di altre colonie di confino.

P.R.E. MINISTRAO

J. G. J.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.C. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

7

REF : SD/550-93

19 April 1945

SUBJECT : Circular letter
TO : Ministry of the Interior,
General Direction of Public Safety.

1. On the 21 March 1945, a circular letter was issued from your Ministry signed by Undersecretary MOLI and addressed to the High Commissioners for Sicily and Sardinia and to all the Prefects of Liberated Italy, instructing to send to confinement all persons who are dangerous to Public Safety.

2. The Allied Command would much appreciate a copy of this letter.

Ch

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

33

CONFIDENTIAL

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2
APO 512, U.S. Army

CBI.389.450/2.

11 April, 1945.

Dear Harvey,

Many thanks for sending (a) 8 copies of General Order No.35, (b) 6 copies of Executive Memorandum No.67 (revised) and (c) your Security Report for the month of March, 1945.

Some days ago I spoke to you about the newspaper report which was published in the middle of last month about the Italian Government's declaration on the measures adopted for the suppression of Fascism in Liberated Italy. The ~~Minister~~ then expressed approval for the institution of a concentration camp for dangerous elements. *for recd*

We would be most interested to learn details of any internment camp opened by the Italian Authorities. The only information on this subject that we hold is a letter from the Ministry of the Interior dated 15 February, 1945 addressed to the Security Division of Allied Commission stating that no concentration camps are available and that persons interned are not kept as real prisoners but merely sent to Comunes other than their own where they are otherwise at liberty.

I understand that the only action taken to restrict the activities of dangerous Fascists is by a circular letter issued by the Ministry of the Interior on 21 March, 1945 signed by Undersecretary MILE' and addressed to the High Commissioners for Sicily and Sardinia and to all the Prefects of Liberated Italy. It instructs the above authorities to sentence to confinement all those who:

- a. are dangerous to public safety.
- b. are carrying out or plan to carry out any action which would hamper or oppose the action of the State

These provisions thus apply to all persons who, by conducting a more or less clandestine pro-fascist activity, represent a permanent danger to freedom in the new democratic Italy.

CONFIDENTIAL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The letter also requests that a monthly report be submitted by the local authorities, indicating provisions taken regarding:

- a. The confinement of socially dangerous Fascists.
- b. The assignment to agricultural colonies of those people tried by the provincial Commissions on the basis of article 8 of the law of 27 July, 1944..

We would be very interested to see a copy of this letter if you can obtain it and to have details of any similar measures taken by the Italian Authorities in future.

Yours sincerely,

Edward Daly Lewis

Major S.J. Harvey,
Security Division,
Public Safety Sub-Commission,
Allied Commission.

30

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(B) 6

REF : SD/50-93

4 April 1945

SUBJECT : Internment -

TO : Ministry of the Interior
General Direction of Public Safety.

Reference ACR Sez.2 Prot.No.451/10494 of the
24 Feb.1945.

1. I have to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of your letter referred to above, with lists of internees.
2. In connection with this matter, a demand by S.R. ENRLINGUER appears in today's press, that fascists should be detained in concentration camps.
3. I should appreciate information as to whether the Italian Government proposes to build new camps or reconstitute the camps referred to in your letter, which have been destroyed.
4. I assume that at the moment the position is the same as before, namely, that no persons interned by the Italian Government are actually detained in concentration camps, but all are in "obligatory residence".
5. If any change in the method of detention of internees is contemplated, I should be very glad of the information.

CH
JOHN W. CHAPMAN
Colonel J.A.G.D.
Director, Public Safety
Sub Commission.

CEH/af

19

S. Security
Division
Rec'd. 26/12/53
Book No. 5332
File No. 550-93.
Action.

Ministro dell'Interno

DIREZIONE GENERALE
DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Procuratore A.G.R. 2°
Ind. N. 451/10494 Magg.

Oggetto: Internamento in campi di sicurezza.

Con riferimento ai fogli SD/550-93 del 12 e 20 corrente, si ripete la
domanda On. Commissione quanto è stato già riferito con ministeriale N. 451/
10244 del 15 corrente:

In relazione alla nota sopraddistinta, si trasmettono le code della On. Sottose-
commissione gli elenchi dei cittadini politici, degli internati italiani e
degli internati stranieri, con l'indicazione delle località d'internamento
e d'assegnazione a residenza obbligate e, per i cittadini delle località e
della durata del periodo d'esegnazione.

Come è stato fatto presente con la precedente lettera N. 451/10098 del
23 gennaio u.s., durante lo stato di guerra si è provveduto ad istituire la
misura dell'internamento, la cui durata, in linea di massima, è limitata alla
durata della guerra.

Con l'occasione, poi, si deve chiarire che il numero degli internati 146-
111 è di 164, e non di 8, come, per errore di scritturazione, si comunicò
con la precedente lettera del 23 gennaio u.s.

In fine si comunica, in relazione alle richieste contenute nell'ultima
parte della nota alle quali si risponde, che gli internati, consegnati in campi
di concentramento, non sono dei veri e propri carcerati, oggi liberi
di svolgere attività consentite in uno spazio abbastanza vasto, rettificato
da filo spinato e vigileto da un rullo e sorvegliati, del quale fanno parte,

Divisione A.C.R. *G* ²⁹
Prot. N. 451/10494 *Allegato*

Oggetto Internamento in campi di sicurezza.

Così riferimento ai fogli SD/550-93 del 12 e 20 corrente, si rivolge a
codesta C.R. Commissione quanto è stato già riferito con ministeriale N. 451/
10244 del 15 corrente:

"In relazione alla nota sopraddistinta, si trasmettono a codesta Or. Sottose-
cressione gli elenchi dei confinati politici, degli internati tritellini e
degli internati stranieri, con l'indicazione delle località d'internamento
o d'esigenza a residenza obbligata e, per i confinati delle località e
della durata del periodo d'assegnazione,

Così è stato fatto presente con la precedente lettera N. 451/10098 del
23 gennaio u.s., quanto lo stato di guerra si è provveduto ad istituire la
misura dell'internamento, la cui durata, in linea di massima, è limitata alle
durata della guerra.

Con l'occazione, poi, si deve chiarire che il numero degli internati lire-
liani è di 164, e non di 8, come, per errore di scritturazione, si comunicò
con la precedente lettera del 23 gennaio u.s..

Iniziane si comunica, in relazione alle richieste contenuta nell'ultima
parte della nota alle quali si risponde, che gli internati, eseguiti in cam-
pi di concentramento, non sono dai verni e propri carcerati, ma *gigli* liberi
di svolgere attività consentite in uno spazio abbastanza vasto, recintato
da filo spinato e vigileto da guardie e caninieri, del quale, però, non sono
sono allontanati.

Dato, però, che i campi di concentramento sono stati distrutti, denegata

ti e saccheggiati in conseguenza degli eventi bellici - come si è comunicato con la succinente lettera del 23 gennaio 1948, N. 451/10244 - gli interenati vengono inviati in condizioni diverse dalla loro abituale residenza, dove possono liberamente muoversi ed esplorare la propria atti-vità, senza, peraltro, doversene allontanare".

PEL MINISTRO



HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

(4)

REF : SD/550-93

0 February 1945

SUBJECT : Internments for security reasons

TO : Ministry of the Interior
Gen. Direction of Public Safety

1. Reference your AGR Sec. 2 N. 451/10098 of the
23 Jan. 1945, and our letter SD/550-93 of 26 Jan. 1945.

2. An early reply to our letter referred to above
would be appreciated.

CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

GBH/nb

1984

*Security**643*

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS
G-5 Section
APO 512

KFM/mls

C-5: 383.2-10

18 February 1945

SUBJECT: Internment on Security Grounds.

Security

TC : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394.

20/2
5125
550-93

1. Reference is made to your SD/550-93 dated 27 January 1945.

2. It is pointed out that no action can be taken on this letter until the information referred to in para 3 is forthcoming. It is requested, therefore, that this is furnished as soon as possible.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5:

198

K. P. Hannock
K. P. HANNOCK,
Jr. Comdr.

*19 FEB 1945**A.*

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.C. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

3

REF : SD/550-93

17 February 1945

SUBJECT : Internment on Security Grounds

TO : G-5 AFHQ

1. Reference your letter G-5 383.2-10 of the 13 Jan. 1945.
2. Attached is a copy letter from the Ministry of the Interior, giving details of internees.

CH

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CEH/nb

193

500

TRANSLATION

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR
General Direction
of
Public Safety

Rome 15 February 1945

TO:- Allied Sub-Commission
Public Safety Sub-Commission
Security Division

R O M E

451/10244
SUBJECT:- Internment in concentration camps.

Reference the above subject, we transmit to your sub-commission a list of all the political internees, Italian and foreign, with indication of the localities they have been obliged to reside in or camp they are interned in and the period of their internment.

As we have already brought forward to you in our letter N 451/10098 of the 23 January, the internment of an internee in war time is generally limited to the duration of the war.

We beg to point out that in our letter of the 23 Jan. the number of Italian internees should read 164 and not 8.

Relating to the request asked for in the last part of your letter, we inform you that the internees assigned to concentration camps are not kept as real prisoners but are free to work in a space vast enough, enclosed with barbed wire and watched by guards and carabinieri, and from which they cannot go further.

As the concentration camps have been destroyed, damaged or plundered through the war, please refer to our letter 23 Jan 45 N.451/10244, the internees are sent to communes other than their own, where they are free to carry on their activities. Naturally they have been ordered that they cannot leave the commune assigned them.

af.

FOR THE MINISTER

C O P YELenco degli Internati Civili Stranieri

Cognome e nome		Paternita' Nazionalita'	Comune di internamento	Motivi che hanno determinato l'internamento per attivita' spionistica
1. GILLIUM Eduardo	Eduardo	tedesca	Positano	
2. TREIT Anna	Giuseppe	"	Trapani	id.
3. HAAG Eleonora	Alfredo	"		si e' in attesa di per sospetti di collaborare a conoscere la localita' di internamento
4. DUC Doria	Carlo	"	id.	id.
5. GOTTLU Leone	Tobiu	"	id.	id.
6. WOLFF Elisabetta	?	"	Padula a cura del Com. Alleato	per sospetti di spionaggio
7. TRAUTNER Anna	Antonio	"	Internata a cura Com. Alleato. Non specificata local.	
8. LANG Maria	Antonio	"	Padula	per sospetti di collaborazionismo.
9. FINGERMEL Elfriede	Antonio	"	id	id.
10. WEISZ Anna	Benedetto	austriaca	Viterno. Non risulta avere raggiunta localita'.	id.
11. KALATZOFF Andrea	Doris	greca	id.	id.
12. MEIDL Francesco	Giuseppe	tedesco	Stigliano (Matera)	

1975

MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO
DIREZIONE GENERALE P... - DIVISIONE G.R.

PROVVEDIMENTI DI POLIZIA

N.	Cognome Nome e Paternità	Residenza obbligata	localita' di internamento	Provincia	Annotaz.
1	BETTIDI Paolo di Cherubino	Nusco		Avellino	"
2	BOSCHI Giulio di Guido	Bagnoli Irpino			"
3	GIOCAGNOLI Dino fu Antonio	Morra de Sanctis			"
4	MARTINELLI Giovanni di Baldassarre	Pisaccia			"
5	MASI Dino di Alessandro	Gesualdo			"
6	PARDINI Giuseppe di Pietro	Calistri			"
7	PEL Marino di Gustavo	Montemarano			"
8	ROSSI Filippo fu Carlo		Torrella dei Lombardi		"
9	SABATINI Floriano di Ferdinando	Torrella dei Lombardi			"
10	TANZI Ugo di Macario	Nusco			"
11	BAUDI Angelo fu Pilade	Avella			"
12	BAONE Alberto fu Antonio	Teora			"
13	BOTTACHIARI Gino di Attilio	Frigento			"
14	CACCIANI Gino di Celso		Teora		"
15	CEOCETI Fiorenzo di Augusto	Tora			"
16	CIFERRI Nazzareno fu Angelo	S. Angelo dei Lombardi			"
17	COLLAROTTI Aldo di Angelo	S. Martino V.C.			"
18	CORTES Antonio di Domenico	Trevico			"
19	CRIVELLI Giuseppe fu Ottavio	Grotta Minarda			"
20	FARELLI Aurelio di Antonio	Greci			"
21	FANTINI Bruno fu Benvenuto	Montimiletto			"
22	GRASSI Giuseppe di Pietro	Teora			"
23	GESOMMI Umberto fu Giustino	Castel Baronia			"
24	GROSSEI Pasquale fu Giuseppe	Trevico			"
25	INNOCENTINI Giuseppe fu Santo	Trevico			"
26	MARIN Serse fu Beldino	Flumeri			"
27	NGURAKI Gaetano di Vincenzo	S. Angelo dei Lombardi			"
28	PACI Alessio di Domenico	Avella			"

- 2 -

N.	Cognome nome e paternità	Residenza Obbligata	Località di Internamento	Provincia	anno.
D.					
29	QUERCIOLI Settimio di Domenico		Grotta Minarda	Avellino	"
30	RALLI Giuseppe fu Ferdinando	Boiano			"
31	REMBO Luca fu Matteo	Teora			"
32	ROSSI Ugo fu Domenico	Mirabella Eclano			"
33	SALUCCI Romolo fu Giuseppe	Torrella dei Lombardi			"
34	SCATENI Vito fu Luigi	Castel Baronia			"
35	SIROCCHI Giuseppe di Antonio	Montella			"
36	STANGHERLING Antonio luigi fu Antonio	Adretta			"
37	TABURINI Vincenzo fu Giuseppe	Grotta Minarda			"
38	VILIGGIARDI Mario di Quintilio	Castel Maronia			"
39	VIOLA Romolo fu Carlo	Savignano di Puglia			"
40	DRAGONI Angelo fu Giuseppe	Avella			"
41	PIERONI Giuseppe di Gaspare	Gesualdo			"
42	MCAULIFFE Sergio fu Gesualdo	Montemarano			"
43	CAVICCHIA Adelmo di Angelo	id.			"
44	BONIN Giovanni fu Vincenzo	Morra de Sanctis			"
45	CRESTANI Aldo di Antonio	Torrella dei Lombardi			"
46	PAPI Publio fu Giovanni	Calistri			"
47	JISTI Mario fu Carlo	S.Angelo dei Lombardi			"
48	GIORNALI Pietro di Ruggero	Montecalvo Irpino			"
49	CORDINI Urbano di Luigi	Frigento			"
50	PASTINI Felice di Fabrio	Flumeri			"
51	FILIPPONE Alessandro di Carlo	Nusco			"
52	SACCHI Mario fu Alfonso	Mirabella			"
53	FROLINI Pietro fu Luigi	Gesualdo			"
54	CATTARATICO Ubaldo di Pasquale	Mirabella			"
55	PIERMARTELLI Guerrino di Domenico	Montefusco			"
56	MARINI Mario fu Umberto	Castel Baronia			"
57	MILIANI Gaetano di Nicola	Flumeri			"
58	CORTINI Sergio fu Ottorino	Montiniletto			"
59	CASI Giovanni fu Cassiano	id			"
60	MASTRANGELLI Domenico fu Salvatore	Montemarano			"
61	VIDINI Eugenio di Angelo	Torrella dei Lombardi			"
62	ROSSI LADILIA fu Giovannii.	id.			

- 3 -

N. Cognome nome e paternita'	Residenza obbligata	localita di Internamento	Provincia	Ann.
D.				
63 CATALUCCI Bruno fu Daniele	Bagnoli Irpino		Avellino	
64 VASELLI Getulio fu Lazzaro	Mirabella Eclano		id.	
65 ARA Aldo di Casimiro	Padula		Benevento	
66 BETTARINI Walter di Armando	Benevento		id.	
67 CONTI Roberto fu Vittorio	id.		id.	
68 PUGGIONI Pietro di Giovanni	Padula		id.	
69 SANDRONI Mario di Angelo	sconosciuta		id.	Non si cono bene il co di residenz obligata.
70 TONINI Luigi fu Salvatore	id.		id.	
71 ZANI Domenico di Rodimisto	id.		id.	
72 CARTISAN Fulvio di Renzo		Mandas	Cagliari	
73 FISCO Cornedo di Vincenzo		Maletto	Catania	
74 CARDINALE Enzo di Fulvio	Cassano Ionio		Cosenza	
75 MAGNONI Francesco di Antonio	Castrovilliari		id.	
76 VINENZA Adolfo di Martino	id.		id.	
77 VEGNI Fulvio di Filippo			id.	Non e' sta comunicato comune di sidenza ob gata
78 CIAI Amerigo fu Corrado	Cassano Ionio		id.	
79 Paoli inita di Raimondo	S.Onofrio		Catanzaro	
80 CIAI Domenico fu Fernando	S.Giuseppe Vesuv.		Napoli	
81 CRUCIANI Pasquale fu Giuseppe	S.Anastasia		id.	
82 PAPPALAI' Antonio fu Salvatore	id.		id.	
83 BARTOLucci Alfredo fu Giuseppe	Poggio Marino		id.	
84 BARTOLOZZI Domenico di Pietro	S.Anastasia		id.	
85 BO CHITTI Armando di Angelo	Pomigliano d'arco		id.	
86 DI BA ILIO Felice fu Francesco	id.		id.	
87 URANO Gonaria fu Giovanni	Nuoro		Nuoro	
88 MAURO Mario di Stefano	Potenza		Potenza	
89 MONTENAJO severino di Pietro	id.	/	id.	

- 3 -

Nome	Cognome e paternità	Residenza obbligata	Località di Internamento	Provincia	Anno
	LUCCHI Bruno fu Daniele	Bagnoli Irpino		Avellino	
	LLI Getulio fu Lazzaro	Mirabella Eclano		id.	
	Aldo di Casimiro	Padula		Benevento	
	TARINI Walter di Armando	Benevento		id.	
	TT Roberto fu Vittorio	id.		id.	
	GIONI Pietro di Giovanni	Padula		id.	
	DNONI Mario di Angelo	sconosciuta		id.	
					Non si conosce bene il comune di residenza obbligata.
	INI Luigi fu Salvatore	id.		id.	
	NI Domenico di Rodimisto	id.		id.	
	SUSAN Fulvio di Renzo		Mandas	Cagliari	
	ECO Cornedo di Vincenzo		Maletto	Catania	
	DINALEL Enzo di Ettvio	Cassano Ionio		Cosenza	
	NONI Francesco di Antonio	Castrovilliari		id.	
	ENRA Adolfo di Martino	id.		id.	
	NI Fulvio di Filippo			id.	
					Non e' stato comunicato il comune di re- sidenza obli- gata
	I Amerigo fu Corrado	Cassano Ionio		id.	
	di Anita di Raimondo	S. Onofrio		Catanzaro	
	I Domenico fu Fernando	S. Giuseppe Vesuv.		Napoli	
	ANT Pasquale fu Giuseppe	S. Anastasia		id.	
	PAIA' Antonio fu Salvatore	id.		id.	
	SOLICCI Alfredo fu Giuseppe	Pogio Marino		id.	
	TOLOZZI Domenico di Pietro	S. Anastasia		id.	
	CHIOTTI Armando di Angelo	Pomigliano d'arco		id.	
	ILIO Felice fu Francesco	id.		id.	
	CONARIA fu Giovanna	Nuoro		Nuoro	
	RO Mario di Stefano	Potenza		Potenza	
	MINARO Severino di Pietro	id.		id.	

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N.D. Cognome nome e paterota! Residenza obbligatoria localita' di interna- Provincia
mento Ann.

		Potenza
90	PALAZZOLI Roberto fu Francesco	Potenza
91	PICCIOLI Galileo fu Giulio	id.
92	POLCHI Emanuele fu Giuseppe	id.
93	MAZZA Elvezio fu Leon Bruno	id.
94	BELLIORI Marsilio fu Domenico	Fiscopagano
95	DASSANE I Italio di Pietro	Calvello
96	VITANI Renzo di Pietro	Potenza
97	C. DELLA Amedeo fu Luigi	id.
98	CARDONE Carlo di Dalmio	id.
99	CHIARICCI Dutilio fu Pietro	Calvello
100	COLONNA Romano fu Francesco	Acarenza
101	FCOGI Guglielmo di Renzo	Gallitochio
102	GILEOTTI Tommaso fu Giuseppe	id.
103	GAIBOTI Gastone fu Alfredo	Melfi
104	GIARUCCI Gino fu Giovanni	Albano di Lucania
105	PILATINI Iffreto di Giuseppe	Potenza
106	RAGHETTI Primo di Giovanni	id.
107	Ravelli Marcello fu Raffaele	Tolve
108	TAUCOGLI Guglielmo di Filippo	Callicchio
109	VELINCUTI Giorgio di Bernardo	id.
110	LADOUCCI Lorenzo fu Bartolomeo	Laurenzana
111	ZINGONI Eligio di Cesare	Potenza
112	GREGANTI Giovanni di Domenico	Satriano di Lucania
113	MOCTELLI Giuseppe di Domenico	Laurenzana
114	REBORA Piero fu Enrico	Avgliano
115	SCHELTINI Bruno fu Alfonso	Albano di Lucania
116	SPRI Piero fu Raffaele	Melfi
117	DUCCI Giovanni di Benedetto	Albano di Lucania
118	TONDELLI Pietro fu Giuseppe	Bella
119	TONDELLI Amoroso fu Giuseppe	Bella
120	LIPPI Michele Angelo fu Vincenzo	Potenza
121	VITOLINI Bruno di Vittorio	id.

- 6 -

In

N. Cognome non e paternita' Residenza Coligata Localita' Ente/Comune Provincia Ammin.

150	PIOGI Giacomo di Alfredo	Belloguardo	Salerno
151	ROCCONOLI Guglielmo fu Alessio	Giffoni Valle Piana	id.
152	ROSSI Emilio di Giuseppe	Corte Civita	id.
153	SARTORI Giacomo di Alessandro	Pescopagano	id.
154	SATTA Giuseppe di Giovanni	Piazzina	id.
155	STROPIONI Pompilio di Marsilio	Giffoni Valle Piana	id.
156	STRAMPANTI Floriano di Renato	Baroniessi	id.
157	TOPSI Qualtieri fu Giuseppe	Sala Consilina	id.
158	VITOLA Giovanni fu Artilio	Vello di Lucania	id.
159	BISTECCATI Armando di Adelmo	Montecorvino Rovella	id.
160	VASTROMILLI Gaetano gli si susseguono	Ogliastro Cilento	id.
161	NARDI Floriano fu Giuseppe	Auletta	id.
162	PESENTI Vincenzo fu Donato	Salerno	Nauro
163	SPICIGLIO Mario fu Francesco	Uscioiada	Lessina
164	TRICARI Matteo fu Benedetto	Ostrorosale	

C O P Y

CONDANNATI POLITICI

N.	Cognome nome e paternita'	Provenienze	Durata di Confinio	Localita' confino
1.	MINDOLITO Giovanni fu Raffaele	Taranto	2 anni	Maschito (Potenza)
2	CALIANO Francesco fu Ruggero	Bari	2 anni	Alberobello (Bari)
3	CAPIT Francesco di Antonio	Cagliari	2 anni	Gavoi (Nuoro)
4	CHIARIELLO Salvatore fu Franco	Taranto	2 anni	Maschito (Potenza)
5	CORONCIU Ernesto fu Celestino	Cagliari	3 anni	Aritzo (Nuoro)
6	DE LEO Felice fu Rocco	Bari	2 anni	Alberobello (Bari)
7	FERRERI Giuseppe di Salvatore	Cagliari	3 anni	Girifalco (Catanzaro)
8	MARTINO Pasquale di Marco	Bari	3 anni	Alberobello (Bari)
9	MASSARI Saverio fu Raffaele	Bari	2 anni	Alberobello (Bari)
10	MELLINE Adolfo di Cosimo	Taranto	3 anni	Rende (Cosenza)
11	NEDDU Fausto fu Ferdinando	Cagliari	2 anni	Urzulei (Nuoro)
12	NEDDU Luigi fu Ferdinando	Cagliari	3 anni	Ulassai (Nuoro)
13	NURCHI Antonio fu Achille	Cagliari	3 anni	Esterzili (Nuoro)
14	PANI Antonino di Erminio	Cagliari	2 anni	Bortigali (Nuoro)
15	PARDINI Anselmo di Attilio	Lucca	(1)	Sicignano degli Alburni (Salerno)
16	PANISI Guglielmo fu Federico	Taranto	1 anni	Putignano (Bari)
17	PIDI Paolo fu Reimondo	Cagliari	1 anni	Ortueri (Nuoro)
18	FINNA Enrico fu Osvaldo	Cagliari	2 anni	Glierzu (Nuoro)
19	FECIA Nicolo fu Tommaso	Bari	2 anni	Castrovilliari (Cosenza)
20	SORGNELL Guido fu Ferruccio	Cagliari	2 anni	(2) (nuoro)
21	SPINA Gaetano di Onofrio	Bari	2 anni	Alberobello (Bari)
22	SPINA Salvatore fu Giov. Antonio	Sassari	2 anni	Ianusci (Nuoro)
23	SPINA Emanuele di Raimondo	Cagliari	3 anni	Perdasdefogu (Nuoro)
24	TALIA Francesco di Cataldo	Taranto	2 anni	Castrovilliari (Cosenza)
25	NOTARO Davide fu Angelo	Chieti	3 anni	(3) (Avellino)
26	D'ANTONIO Otello di Iguoto	Chieti	2 anni	(4) (Avellino)
27	PATRIZIO Brillantino di Antonio	Chieti	5 anni	(5) (Avellino)
28	CALALE' Michele fu Vitoorio	Chieti	5 anni	(6) (Avellino)
29	FERMI Umberto fu Nicola	Chieti	5 anni	(7) (Avellino)
30	DOLMANI Marino di Alfredo	Chieti	5 anni	(8) (Avellino)
31	GENUTTO Mario di Girolamo.	Taranto	3 anni	Girifalco (Catanzaro)

(1) Il Pardini e' confinato del cessato regime e risulta tuttora a Sicignano degli Alburni. Si attendono al riguardo ulteriori informazioni dal Prefetto di Salerno

(2) Non e' stata ancora comunicata la localita' di confino del Prefetto di Nuoro

(3) Non e' stata ancora comunicata la localita' di confino del Prefetto di Avellino.

- (4) idem
- (5) idem
- (6) idem
- (7) idem
- (8) idem.

1938

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

[Handwritten signature]
[Handwritten signature]

REF : SD/550 - 93

12 February 1945

SUBJECT : Internment

TO : Ministry of the Interior General Direction of
Public Safety

1. Reference your letter AGR Sec. 2 451/10098 of the 17 Jan. 1945.
and letter from this office SD/550 - 93 of the 26 Jan. 1945.
2. An early reply on this matter would be appreciated.

[Signature]

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

1935

484.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.C. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550 - 93

12 February 1945

SUBJECT : Arrest of German Nationals

TO : C-5 AFHQ

1. Reference your letter 383.2.10 of the 8 Feb.
1945 and letter from this office SD/550 - 93 of 27 Jan. 45.

2. A reply on the above mentioned subject is still
awaited from the Ministry of the Interior.

3. The Ministry has been asked to expedite the
reply, and as soon as it is received, an answer will be given to the
points raised in your letter.

SDH
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CBM/nb

193

4885

R. Safely (Security)
G870

CONFIDENTIAL

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS TBJ/mls
G-5 Section
APO 512

8 February 1945

G-5: 383.2-10

SUBJECT: Delegation of Power to intern to Italian High Commissioner
for Sicily.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394.

1. Attached is a copy of Headquarters 3 District Memo 4/GSI of
1 February to G-2(CI) this Headquarters.

2. Reference is made to G-5 memo 383.2-10 of 13 January under
subject "Arrest of German Nationals" in which a request was made on
behalf of G-2 this Headquarters for information as to the numbers of
persons that the Italian authorities may have in internment on security
grounds and as to where these may be held.

3. It is requested that your reply to (1) above may cover the
points raised in (2) above and that your reply be expedited as much as
possible.

For the Asst. Chief of Staff, G-5:

T. B. JACKMAN
Lt. Col.

T. B. JACKMAN,
Lt. Colonel.

Copy to:
G-2(CI) your IRS of 4 Feb refers.

SECURITY
Division
Rec'd. 1/2
Book No. 1195
Page No. 5.5.C.93
Action



1945

CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT: Delegation of power to intern to Italian High Commissioner for SICILY.

CONFIDENTIAL

AFHQ.
G-2 (CI).

C O P Y

3 District
Baseball, Ext 6
4/GSI

1 Feb. 45

Reference conversation DALY LEWIS/TOWNSEND.

1. The following is extracted from a report by 51 FS Section:

" It is understood that the Italian Government may delegate authority to the High Commissioner for Sicily to intern on the island of USTICA, off PALERMO, persons carrying out subversive activity, the procedure to be as follows:

- (a) The Questura to arrest and prepare the case for the local Prefect.
- (b) The Prefect to convene a special Tribunal to deal with such cases.
- (c) The findings of this Tribunal to be sent to the High Commissioner for his approval.
- (d) If approved, the subject to be interned.

This Section has been in consultation with the Regional Public Safety Officer, N. Sicilia Region, ALCOM on this matter, and it has been agreed that should this system come into force, this Section should be kept informed of persons involved.

Under these circumstances, this Section does not intend to ask for authority from 3 District to intern persons arrested by the Questura in CALTANISSETTA for fascist activities, (see FSR No.14, Appx "B" and para 2 (b)(ii) B of this report) until the position has been clarified. It will be noted, however, that it may be possible to have these internments effected by the Italian authorities themselves.

It is realised that this system, without proper supervision, may lead to abuse. It is reported that 100 persons arrested for complicity in the RAGUSA affair have already arrived on USTICA, and rumour has it that amongst them are several innocent persons."

2. Further information is promised when available.

/s/ T. C. TOWNSEND Capt
for Maj Gen
Comd

TCT/VH.

1934

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.Q. 194
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

2B

1

27 January 1945

TO : 85/550-93

SUBJECT : Interrogant on security grounds

TO : O-5 APHQ

1. With reference to your O-5-183-2-10 of 13 Jan.
1945 respecting the above, the attached reply has been received from
the Italian Government.

2. I have asked them to clarify 3 (b) (c) and (d)
and to give names, locations etc, although it would appear that no
persons are in interrogant physically due to the demolition of the
buildings. Their "confined" in the word "confino" which means ~~more~~
"banishment" and restriction of liberty to a specified locality more
than actual physical incarceration.

3. Upon their reply being received you will be further
advised.

J.H.

Colonel J.H.C.B.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

SH/nb

1982

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.C. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/550-93

26 January 1945

SUBJECT : Internment in Security Grounds
TO : Ministry of Interior, Public Safety,

1. With reference to your letter n. 451/10098
of 23rd January 1945 regarding the above.

2. It would be appreciated if you would give
details of the names, the duration and locality of the persons referred
to in b) c) and d) in para. 3 of your letter, viz:-

(W)
31 Persons confined for political reasons
8 Italian internees
12 Foreign internees.

3. Owing to difficulties in translation it is
not quite clear whether the internees sent to free communes are actually
incarcerated or are permitted restricted liberty. Will you please say
which is correct.


JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

1945

SJM/nb

TRANSLATION

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR
GENERAL DIRECTION OF
OF PUBLIC SAFETY

Rome, 23 January 1945

To Allied Commission
Public Safety Sub Commission
Security Division

ROME

Division A.G.R. Section 2nd
N. 45I/I0098

Answer to the letter SD/550/93
dated 17/I/1945

Subject : Internments for security reasons.

With reference to the request contained in the above mentioned note we inform the Commission, that according to the law in force, the preventive measures taken against the persons guilty of petty crimes and, in exceptional cases, against the politically dangerous people who must not be denounced to the judiciary authorities, are confinement, internment and restriction to a certain zone.

1) Confinement is explained in paragraph V of the P.S. law. With the legislative Decree n.419 dated 10th of December 1944, the new democratic spirit has brought forward some new changes regarding the formation of the provincial and appeal commissions. The letter of the Ministry n. 45I/I0097 dated 21st inst. refers to the above said changes.

2) The measure of internment mentioned in the R.D.L. n.1374 dated 17 of September 1940, has been adopted in order to be able to take an immediate action during war time. Sadi measure is similar to confinement without the formal proceedings foreseen for the latter.

3) When still in Salerno, and on proposal of the General Staff with the agreement of our Ministry, the new democratic Government has adopted for military reasons the measure of confinement for those who must be kept away from military important localities because of their political past, and this in order to prevent them from circulating freely in a certain zone.

We inform you that at present there are :

- a) 63 persons confined for petty crimes
- b) 31 persons confined for political reasons
- c) 8 Italian internees
- d) 12 foreign internees

e) 159 persons restricted to a certain zone.

As the confinement and concentration camps have been destroyed, damaged or pillaged through the war events, the confinees and internees had to be sent to free communes.

In case the Commission desires it, we shall send the list of the above mentioned persons with the indication of the duration of the punishment for each of them, and the locality to which they are assigned.

/S/ THE CHIEF OF THE POLICE
Ferrari

mdp



beni
Roma 23 Gennaio 45

Ministero dell'Interno Security
DIREZIONE GENERALE
DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA Division
Rec'd. 24/1/45
Bock No. 570.9
File No. 570.9
Action. . .

Archivio n. 17 del 17/1/1945
Dm.

OGGETTO Internamenti per motivi di sicurezza.

In relazione alla richiesta contenuta nella nota sopradistinta, si ha il pregio di comunicare e contesta On. Commissione che contro le persone difamate per delitti comuni ed in casi eccezionali, anche contro gli individui pericolosi in linea politica, quando nei loro confronti non ricorrono gli estremi per la denuncia all'autorità giudiziaria, in virtù delle vigenti disposizioni vengono adottate le misure preventive di polizia del confino, dell'internamento e della residenza obbligata.

1) - Il confino è disciplinato dal Capo V° della Legge di P.S.- Lo spirito informetore del nuovo clima democratico, col Decreto Legislativo 15 ottobre 1944 n. 419, ha apportato ad esso alcune modifiche, per quanto riguarda la composizione delle commissioni provinciali e d'appello. Si fa, al riguardo, riferimento alla ministeriale in data 21 o.n. n. 451/10097.

2) - Durante lo stato di guerra per dar modo di adottare un provvedimento con carattere di urgenza, è stata istituita la misura dell'internamento, cui al R.D.L. 17 settembre 1940 N. 1374, che è in sostanza simile al confino, senza le formalità procedurali previste per questo.

3) - Infine, su proposta dello Stato Maggiore Generale, di concerto con questo Ministero, dal nuovo governo democratico, quando era a Salerno, fu adottata, per ragioni militari, la misura delle "residenza obbligata",

Rec'd. 24/1/45
Sack No. 370/2
File No. 451/10098 *Migali*
Action . . .

OOGGETTO Internamenti per motivi di sicurezza.

Roma
Risposta al foglio del 17/1/1945
Dir. I.S.D./550/93

In relazione alla richiesta contenuta nella nota sopradistinta, si ha il pregio di comunicare a cotesa On. Commissione che contro le persone diffuse per delitti comuni ed in casi eccezionali, anche contro gli individui pericolosi in linea politica, quando nei loro confronti non ricorrono gli estremi per la denuncia all'autorità giudiziaria, in virtù delle vigenti disposizioni vengono adottate le misure preventive di polizia del confino, dell'internamento e della residenza obbligata.

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- 2) - Durante lo stato di guerra per dar modo di adottare un provvedimento con carattere di urgenza è stata istituita la misura dell'internamento, cui al R.D.L. 17 settembre 1940 N. 1374, che è in sostanza simile al confino, senza le formalità procedurali previste per questo.
- 3) - Infine, su proposta dello Stato Maggiore Generale, di concerto con que sto Ministero, dal nuovo governo democratico, quando era a Salerno, fu adottata, per ragioni militari, la misura delle "residenza obbligata", nei confronti di individui che, per il loro passato politico, si riteneva opportuno di allontanare da località militarmente importanti, ed impedire loro di muoversi liberamente oltre una determinata zona.

Ciò premesso, si comunica che attualmente:

- a) - i confinati comuni sono 63 ;
- b) - i confinati politici 31;
- c) - gli internati italiani 8 ;
- d) - gli internati stranieri 12 ;
- e) - gli assegnati a residenza obbligata 159 .

In conseguenza degli eventi bellici, le colonie di confine ed i campi di concentramento sono stati distrutti, danneggiati e saccheggiati, e non essendovene neppure uno in efficienza, i confinati e gli internati sono stati inviati in comuni liberi.

Nel caso che cotesta On. Commissione lo richedesse, non si mancherà di inviare l'elenco delle personeenzidette, con l'indicazione, per ciascuna della durata della misura di polizia e della località assegnata.

IL CAPO DELLA POLIZIA

J. Moro

10431