

ACC 10000 | 143 | 2604

149.01 / FG (D)

GATTOLA FRANCESCO

SEPT. 1944 - AUG. 1945

98

in Old Range  
Nevada

89

11911

4

REGNO D'ITALIA



TESSERA DI RICONOSCIMENTO

. Comando Militare Nazionale .(4). National Military Command .

DELLA CITTÀ DI ROMA OF THE CITY OF ROME

Roma 5-6-44  
Cognome De Michele  
Nome Giorgio  
di fn Riccardo  
nato Roma  
a 9-1-26  
grado caporale nella Banda

Rome 5-6-44  
Surname De Michele  
Name Giorgio  
of fn Riccardo  
born Roma  
in 9-1-26  
rank caporale in the Company

FIRMA DEL TITOLARE

Giorgio De Michele

Il patriota possessore della presente  
tessera, è agente di polizia.

IL COMANDANTE

FIRM OF THE TITULAR

Giorgio De Michele

The patriot possessor of the present  
ticket, is police-agent.

COMMANDER

88

44

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Mi ha chiesto di Massimo  
e di via Antonelli??

CERTIFIED THE TRUE COPY



Louis A. Sabatino  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Prosecutor, General  
Military Court.

87

Manca  
Via Cola di Rienzo 111  
Vicino a P.zza Cavour

~~SECRET~~

CERTIFIED THE TRUE COPY

*Louis A. Sabatino*

Louis A. Sabatino  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Prosecutor, General **85**  
Military Court

*file*

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
A.P.O. 394  
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION  
SECURITY DIVISION.

SD/ ~~SECRET~~ 149.01 (FG)

25 August 1945

SUBJECT: Vladimiro MANCA di Costantino

To : G-2 (CI) A. F. H. Q.

1. In accordance with AFHQ letter Ref G-5: 383.7-15 of 20 December, 1944, forwarded herewith is an appeal on behalf of Subject, an internee at "R" Civilian Internee Camp.

*C. Chapman*  
✓ JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
COLONEL J.A.G.D.  
DIRECTOR, PUBLIC SAFETY  
SUB COMMISSION.

TRANSLATION

MINISTRY OF GRACE & JUSTICE  
H.S. THE MINISTER'S CABINET

Ref No: UC/4213

Rome, 20 August 45

SUBJECT: Vladimiro Manca di Costantino.

TO : Allied Commission, Public Safety Sub Comm. Rome.

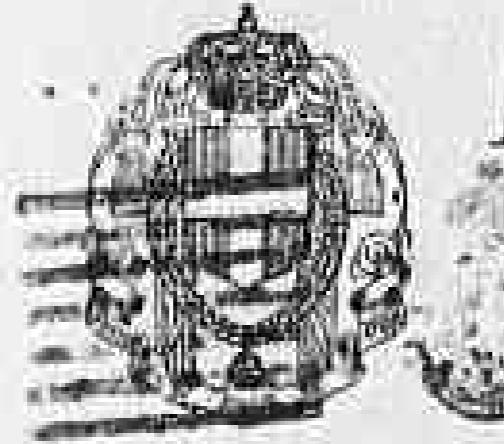
For whatever action you deem necessary we herewith forward a petition regarding the a/m subject who is interned in the Concentration camp of Terni.

We also attach a medical certificate and statement made by a partisan, begging you to please examine such documents and to notify this office of Manca's actual position.

Liaison Officer  
/s/ (Dr. Giorgio Bonelli)

cc.

xx



MINISTERO DI GRAZIA E GIVSTIZIA

Gabinetto di S.E il Ministro

Roma, 20 agosto 1945

Alia Commissione Alleata  
Sottocommissione di P.S.

Oggetto: Vladimiro Manca di  
Costantino.

R O M A

Si trasmette per competenza l'unita istanza  
relativa al nominato in oggetto ristretto al campo  
di concentramento di Terni.

Si allega anche il certificato medico e una  
dichiarazione di un partigiano, con preghiera di  
esaminare tali documenti e di comunicare a questo  
Ufficio l'attuale posizione del Manca.

24/8  
9651  
~~550.04~~ 149.01-FG. L'UFFICIALE DI COLLEGAMENTO  
(Dr. Giorgio Bonelli)

Bonelli

TO: H.E. The Minister, Palmiro Togliatti.

Rome, 11 August 1945

My son Vladimiro Manca di Costantino, Student in the 3rd year of Jurisprudence, has been interned in the concentration camp of Terni.

In the last November a trial was made on his account by the Allied from where he was absolved, but in spite of this he was not put in liberty.

He is effected with tuberculosis as it results in the certificate here attached by Follianini and it is natural that he particular attention and treatment which the camp cannot give him.

I do not know if the accusations charged against my son are so serious so to give him such punishment: He belongs to the 1923 class, artillery officer, born and grown up in a famous climate of the unhappy revolution, in spite of the contrary theories of the family, in his studies he was forced to absorb that characteristic exuberance of the teaching that today put him in the index of our true institution. Giuseppe Mucciaccia well known in the Communist Party saw my son grow up (as he was assiduous at my house) and he can say up to what point the boy could have come less to the principles of good and honest citizen.

As a mother that cries with the pain of all the other mothers far from theirs sons who retains them pure of sentiments towards his Nation, I beg you Excellency to please return my son to me.

/s/ Maria Manca Ugo  
Via Cola di Rienzo III

cc.

81

16.VIII.47

L. Branca

Roma il II agosto 1945

a S. E. Il Ministro Guardasigilli Palmiro Togliatti

R O M A

Mio figlio Vladimiro Manca di Costantino, studente nel 3 anno di giurisprudenza, da oltre un anno si trova nel campo di concentramento di Terni. Gli alleati, nello scorso novembre, gli fecero subire un procedimento dal quale venne assolto. Tuttavia però non gli ridettero la libertà.

Egli è affetto da tubercolosi polmonare come risulta dalla dichiarazione acclusa del Forlanini e naturalmente ha necessità di particolari cure e attenzioni che la vita del campo gli nega.

Io non so se gli aggebiti mossi a mio figlio siano di natura tali da costringerlo ad una così lunga cattivita': giovane della classe del 23, allievo ufficiale di artiglieria, nato e venu- to su nel clima famoso della infelice rivoluzione, nonostante le teorie contrarie della famiglia, negli studi ha attinto per forza quella esuberanza caratteristica dell'insegnamento che oggi lo mette all'indice presso le nostre vere istituzioni.

Mio figlio è stato visto crescere (in quanto assiduo della famiglia) dal compagno Giuseppe Mucciaccia ben conosciuto presso il Partito Comunista e lui può dire sino a che punto il ragazzo sia potuto venir meno ai principi di buono e onesto cittadino.

Io come madre che da un anno piango con quel dolore di tutte le madri orbate del proprio figlio e che ritiene questo suo figlio puro di sentimenti verso la sua Nazione, chiede a V.E. che gli venga restituito con un atto di clemenza di V. stessa Eccellenza.

Con devozione

Maria Manca Ugo 80  
Maria Manca Ugo  
Via Cola di Rienzo III

CONFIDENTIAL

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS  
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2  
APO 512, U.S. Army

GMI.389.495/32-A.

3 May, 1945.

SUBJECT: DE NICHOLS.

TO : Security Division,  
Public Safety Sub-Commission,  
Allied Commission.

Security	7/5
Info	1262
Recd	119.01 (GA)
File	
Action	

Reference your SD/149.01 - Cattola dated  
30 April, 1945.

Herewith copy of our reply to your SD/149.  
01 - Cattola dated 22 March, 1945, subject as above.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2:

*Dinner Capt*  
R. EALM B. NICHOLS,  
Colonel, C.S.C.,  
Asst AC of S G-2.

Incls: as above.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

C O P Y

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS  
Office of the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2  
APO 512, U.S. Army

GBI.369.455/52-A.

25 March, 1945.

SUBJECT: DI MICHELE, Giorgio.

TO : Commandant,  
"A" Internee Camp,  
C.P.F.

1. Authority is given for the handing over of subject to the Italian Authorities under the conditions set forth in this Headquarters letter AG 000.5/003 GBI-O dated 4 and 51st January, 1945.

2. The Italian Authorities will be responsible for the safe return of subject to "A" Internee Camp on the completion of his interrogation.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2:

/s/ E. DALY LEWIS,  
Major, C.S.,  
for E. B. NICHOLS,  
Colonel, C.S.C.,  
Asst. A.C. of S., G-2.

COPY to: Security Division,  
Public Safety Sub-Commission,  
Allied Commission.

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
A.P.O. 394  
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION  
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/149.01 Gattola

29 March 1945

SUBJECT : DE MICHELE Giorgio - Interno

TO : Ministry of Interior,  
General Direction of Public Safety.

1. The investigating Judge of the Tribunal of Rome (Dr. Carlucci) has requested the handing over of the above named internec for trial for the murder GIZZIO Massimo.

2. Please inform Dr. CARLUCCI that authority has been given for this man to be handed over to the Italian authorities.

3. The arrest of subject, also for murder, is sought by the Prefect of Sala Consilina. In any case subject may be handed over to either authority at your discretion.

4. Warrant in duplicate issued by the Rome Tribunal is returned herewith.

a. It is a condition of the release that the Italian Authorities shall not, after any hearing or completion of any sentence imposed, release any internees without the consent of the Allied Command. The Allied Command reserves the right to re-intern any person if the sentence is insufficient to meet Allied security needs.

b. When release of an internec is authorised, the Italian Authorities will be responsible for transportation of internec from, and if necessary; to the Internec Camp, and also for the safe custody of the Internec while at their disposal.

John W. CHAPMAN,  
Colonel J.A.G.D.,  
Director Public Safety,  
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

76

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
A.P.C. 394  
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION  
SECURITY DIVISION

R.D.

SD/520.1

D.E.

MICHELÉ

29 March 1945

SUBJECT : 1. COGNOLI Giovanni di Giuseppe  
2. MIGLIUZI Enrietta fu Alberto  
3. FANTOLI Orazio fu Benedetto  
4. DI MICHELE Giorgio di Riccardo —

TO :

Ministry of the Interior,  
General Direction of Public Safety.

1. The arrest of the above named persons said to be detained at "A" Internec Camp, Padua, is requested by the Procurator of Consilina. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 for espionage, and No. 4 for homicide.

2. With regard to No. 1, please verify the spelling of the name. An Internec COGNOLI Giovanni di Giuseppe was released from "A" Camp in Jan. 1945 and his present address is not known.

3. Please verify the spelling of No. 2. It is thought that some mistake has arisen here and the woman cannot be handed over if there is doubt as to the identity.

4. With letter from this office SD/520.1-29 of 30 Jan. 1945, permission has already been given for FANTOLI Orazio to be handed over for trial to the procuratore of Cassino in Roma.

5. It would be appreciated if these matters could be clarified as soon as possible.

John S. Chapman,  
Colonel J.A.G.D.,  
Director Public Safety,  
Sub Commission

75

SD/nb

CONFIDENTIAL

627

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
A.F.C. 394  
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION  
SECURITY DIVISION

Ref: SD/149.01

30 April 1945

Subject: DE MICHELE Giorgio

To : G-2 (CI) AFHQ

Would you please expedite reply to our letter ref. SD/149.01-Gottola  
dated 22 March 45 subject as above.

CH

JOHN W. GILPFMAN  
COLONEL, J.A.S.D.P.,  
DIRECTOR, PUBLIC SAFETY  
SUB COMMISSION.

76

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
A.P.O. 394  
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION  
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/149.01-Gattola

22 March 1945

SUBJECT : DE MICHELE Giorgio

TO : G-2 (CI) AFHQ

1. The Investigating Judge of the Tribunal of Rome requests permission to interrogate Subject respecting the murder GIZZIO Massimo.

2. As it is most probable that proceedings will follow, the Judge asks that he be informed in the event of the possible release of Subject.



JOHN W. CHAPMAN,  
Colonel J.A.G.D.,  
Director Public Safety,  
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

AFHQ Reply

TRANSLATION

TO: THE OFFICE OF THE C.I.C.  
(Sig. Capt. Gardini)

Piano 3 Via Sicilia 59

R.O.M.E.

This office is taking proceedings against DE MICHELE Giorgio of Riccardo, for the intentional homicide of PIZZILO Massimo.

As DE MICHELE is held at the disposition of the Allied Authorities and is interned in the concentration camp at Padula, we beg you to please authorize the execution of the Warrent of Arrest, of which we enclose a copy. We also ask you to please let us know if we can send our magistrate to interrogate the above mentioned internee.

THE JUDGE  
/s/ (Dott. Cesare Carlucci)

v.f.

HEADQUARTERS,  
426th C.I.C. Detachment,  
~~MEMORANDUM~~  
A.P.O. 512, US Army

18/3  
SG42  
S20.

DATE: 17 March 1945

SUBJECT: DE MICHELE, Giorgio Riccardo.

TO : Security Division, A.C., APO 394, US Army.

The attached is forwarded:

- For your information  
 For necessary action  
 For compliance  
 For action deemed necessary  
 For your files  
 Forwarded as a matter pertaining to your command.  
 Report requested  
 Note and return  
 Request internment orders be issued on Subject,  
if your office concure  
 Request receipt

*Floyd C. Snowden*  
FLOYD C. SNOWDEN, *Gen*  
Lt. Col., M.I.,  
Chief, CIC, Rome Area Allied Command.

DISTRIBUTION:

Al. Ufficio C. P.  
(S.g. cap. Gardini)  
Piano 3:  
Via Sicilia 54

1183

Genna

Quest'ufficio provoca contro De Mita gravi critiche  
Ricevendo la sua visita volontaria vi permetto di

Ci sono -

Poi eh... il D. M. Michele è a disposizione della Corte  
solo attualmente nel campo di  
concentramento di Paola, Hugo Neri autorizzò  
quest'azione del mandato di cattura, che  
qui si conclude quella favolosa farsa dei  
notiziari on the air e Hugo Altimi & vola  
per giorni con sé a bonifica pro edere allo stesso  
momento quello stesso da parte del magistrato.  
Si sente in attesa di un contatto telefonico

mentre -  
(Genna) 1-3-1949

IL GIUDICE IN TRATORE  
(Dott. Cesare Carducci)

- banchi.

Grazie Massimo

Perch - il Dottor Michele è a disposizione della Corte  
vito Altavilla ed interviene nel campo di  
concentramento di Paolillo, fuggì nella auto ej-  
gono l'indagine del magistrato di Gallura, che  
qui si vedevole copia, favorendo l'esodo au-  
tomatico dei carri e fuggì. Altri furono  
fatti conosceri che è possibile forse vedere allo inter-  
rogatorio dello stesso da parte del magistrato.  
Si è stata in attesa di un'intera settimana

riscontro

Giugno 1-3-1949

IL GIUDICE ISTRUTTORE  
(Dott. Cesare Carducci)

Cesare

REC 7 - MAR  
**70**

7/884

~~S E C R E T~~

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

2 September 1944

SUBJECT: Statement made by MANCA VLADIMIRO relative copy of message signed by M5, countersign of MANCA VLADIMIRO, found in possession of GIORGIO DE MICHELE, dated May 1, 1944, found on him at time of arrest July 2, 1944. (See attached copy of message).

Translation of attached document is as follows:

-----  
2 September 1944

I, the undersigned MANCA VLADIMIRO di COSTANTINO, residing in Via Cola di Rienzo 111, of my own free will and without being subject to coercion and violation, of my own free will, declare as follows:

I admit having been the author of the denunciation against the Pharmacy of Doctor URODA, situated in Piazza Capranica 96. The plan of the shop, which is at the bottom of the denunciation sheet signed M5 has been drawn by me. I received the information from a ~~very~~ ~~informant~~ woman informer who worked in the V SD. I know neither the name or the surname of the girl. I remember that we called her GHIGHI ~~\*\*\*\*~~. She is a blond girl of about 20 years of age, rather homely. Just as soon as I had received this information, I communicated it to UFFREDUZZI who charged GIORGIO DE MICHELE with making further investigations.

(s) MANCA VLADIMIRO

Translated by:

*Claude J. Bove*  
Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC

S E C R E T

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

2 Settembre 1944

Io sottoscritto MANCA VIADIMIRO di COSTANTINO, abitante in Via Cola di Rienzo lll, di mia spontanea volonta e senza essere stato soggetto a pressioni o violazioni della mia volonta dichiaro quanto segue:

Riconosco di essere l'autore della denuncia contro la Farmacia del Dottor URODA sita in Pza Capranica 96. La pianta del negozio che si trova in calce al foglio della denuncia firmata M5 e stata da me disegnata. Ricevetti l'informazione da una informatrice che lavorava nel V SD. Non so il nome ed il cognome della ragazza. Ricordo che la chiamavamo GHIGHI \_\_\_\_\_. E una ragazza bionda di circa 20 anni, piuttosto bruttina. Non appena ricevuta l'informazione, la comunicai all'Uffreduzzi il quale incaricò GIORGIO DE MICHELE di far ulteriori indagini.

(f) MANCA VIADIMIRO

Witnessed by:

*Claude J. Bove*  
Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2 RAAC

~~SECRET~~

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

3 September 1944

SUBJECT: Copy of message signed by M5, countersign of MANCA VLADIMIRO,  
found in possession of GIORGIO DE MICHELE, dated May 1, 1944.

"Alla Farmacia del Dottor URODA M. situata in Pza Capranica 96, vedi  
pianta acclusa, faceva recapito, fino a poco tempo fa e forse tutt'ora il  
Dott. Cupini, noto Badogliano ed anti fascista. Sia il proprietario della  
farmacia che dottori e dottoresse che lavorano in essa professano le stesse  
idee.

Stazionano molto sevente davanti alla farmacia Macchine targate C D;  
nella farmacia si vedono molto sovente alti prelati.

1/5/44

M.5

(Diagram of Pharmacy at Pza Capranica 96 is then indicated).

- - - - -

Translation of above message is as follows:

"At the Pharmacy of Doctor URODA M, situated in Piazza Capranica 96, see  
enclosed sketch, has been seen up to a short time ago and perhaps now, Doctor  
CUPINI, well known follower of Badoglio and an anti-Fascist. Both the proprietor  
of the pharmacy as well as the doctors and doctresses that work there, profess  
the same ideas.

Very often there are parked in front of the pharmacy vehicles with plates  
marked CD; very often, there are high prelates to be seen in the pharmacy.

1/5/44

M5

A true copy of original.

*Claude J. Bove*  
Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

S E C R E T

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

6 September 1944

SUBJECT: Statement made by MANCA VLADIMIRO relative his activity from September 8, 1943 to June 4, 1944.

Translation of attached statement is as follows:

Rome, 6 September 1944

I, the undersigned MANCA VLADIMIRO DI COSTANTINO, residing in Via Cola di Rienzo 111, of my own free will, without having been subject to coercion or any violation of my free will on the part of the investigating authority, declare the following:

On the day of 8 September 1943, I was not at Rome but at Aspra Sabina, // together with my folks. Towards the end of September, I came to Rome for two or three days in order to take a physical examination at the Istituto Torlanini from whence I returned to Aspra Sabina. I returned definitely to Rome about the end of October or the first few days of November.

I had the first contacts with the "PARANZA" during the month of December, presented by UFFREDUZZI. I declare emphatically that I have not taken part in the "PARANZA" or the "COSO" group (counter-subversive) and that I have never heard talk of it. Also, during the month of December I found out from MASSIMO UFFREDUZZI that the heads of the PARANZA were VITO VIDETTA and MASSIMO UFFREDUZZI. I made the acquaintance personally of VIDETTA on the 6th of February; that is, the day previous to when the "PARANZA" was officially recognized and legalized by the Fascist Republican Party with the name GRUPPI FASCISTI D'AZIONE GIOVANILE "ONORE E COMBATTIMENTO". I entered to become part of these groups at the very moment of their foundation. Among the organizers were: GUIDA CARLO, DE MICHELE GICRGIO, UFFREDUZZI MASSIMO and ALDO ROMANO. None of the members of the Group had a regular identification card but a simple "pass" signed by VIDETTA.

-2-

S E C R E T

About the 10th of February, UFFREDUZZI, DE MICHELE, VIDETTA and all the other members of the "PARANZA" went to Ravenna to take part in the funeral exercises of "Ettore Muti". ALDO ROMANO and I remained in Rome and I presented to him my regular enrollment request. Upon the return to Rome of the "PARANZA", VITO VIDETTA charged UFFREDUZZI to "maintain contact with the German Commands". UFFREDUZZI begged me and GIORGIO DE MICHELE to help him in his work. We accepted the job. About the end of February, VITO VIDETTA appointed me as head of the Ufficio Raccolta Notizie (Office for the Collection of Information), an office which had the task of gathering all information of a political character that was furnished by the members of the Group. The office was sub-divided into four sections: one for military information, one for political information, one for diplomatic information and another for economic information. The political section was given to ERNESTO MARIA BISOGNO, the military section to LUCIO GABRIELLI and the diplomatic one to MASSIMO UFFREDUZZI. The economic section was given to no one in particular since it did not engage in any activity. Information, after it was controlled by the heads of the sectors, was passed on to the Squad Sections. About the Signora MARGHERITA ROOSEVELT, I do not remember exactly if <sup>my</sup> ~~her~~ name was denounced in ~~his~~ office or not. During the month of March, I participated in the operation of Via del Vantaggio about which I have already made with a separate declaration. Also during the month of March, I went ~~to~~ ERNESTO MARIA BISOGNO, and other persons whom I do not know, to a shop situated in the Prati quarter where, according to a denunciation which had come to us, there were supposed to be some arms hidden. We made a search and found nothing. Again during the month of March, I accompanied BISOGNO to search a private ~~apartement~~ apartment, located in the vicinity of Foro Traiano in which we were supposed to find some arms. I do not know if these arms were or were not found because I went away before the search was ended.

About the end of March, UFFREDUZZI came to my home and proposed to me to

-3-

~~S E C R E T~~

enter and be part of the V SD. I accepted the proposal. About the first days of April, UFRREDUZZI presented me at the Headquarters of the V SD in via Antonelli to DOCTOR AGOSTINI, the head of the Group itself, who explained to me that I was bound by secrecy relative to all that occurred in the V SD and that any indiscretion on my part would be punished by death. After three or four days, 10 April, AGOSTINI called me in great secrecy and after having inquired relative to my capacities and social capabilities, he told me that he wanted to put me in contact with the head of the English Sabotage Service who had already received from AGOSTINI a financial backing of 400,000 lire. AGOSTINI knew the name and the nationality of this person but he did not reveal it to me. My job was to have consisted in establishing a friendship with this person and becoming acquainted with his habits. I believe that AGOSTINI intended to perform some theft of documents in his home since he ~~had~~ added that it was necessary for him to know of some professional in this type of work. I did not accept the offer since AGOSTINI indicated to me that even the slightest indiscretion in this mission on my part would have been punished by death.

After some time, UFRREDUZZI, about the 15th of April, called me into his office and told me that at the Federation of the Fascist Republican Party in Via Veneto, persons were being arrested and allowed to go free upon a monetary consideration and he begged me to take an interest in the matter. Since the mission pleased me, I accepted. I was then charged to approach the G.N.R. Captain, POZO. The mission entrusted to me was not accomplished.

Upon the door of the office in Via Antonelli as well as later on that of Via Dosso Faiti, I read a notice in which it was stated that the apartment was the headquarters of a subordinate command of the SICHERHEITSPOLIZEI u. S.D. and that any attempt of violence on the part of strangers would have been judged by the German Military Tribunal subject to the existing articles of war of the Reich.

-4-

~~SECRET~~

My job in the V SD was that of informer. My reports were to be consigned to UFFREDUZZI; in his absence, to DE MICHELE. My number was M5 and my pseudonym was WALTER. I admit having been the author of the denunciation against the URODA Pharmacy relative to which I have already made a declaration.

About the 15th of May, the subsection was transferred to Via Dosso Faiti 9. This section was to be composed of four groups subdivided into: Anti-Partisan, Propaganda, Anti-Communist, and Black Market Control. These were the principal directives but all information was accepted. UFFREDUZZI was absolute head of this section of Via Dosso Faiti and GIORGIO DE MICHELE was his substitute or UNTERABTEILLUNGSCHEF. About the middle of May ~~max~~ this division of the V SD section was established by UFFREDUZZI.

About the 25th of May, UFFREDUZZI called us into his office and told us that we had to leave. There were present GATTOLA, UFFREDUZZI, I and, I believe, GIORGIO DE MICHELE. GATTOLA and I declared that we did not want to leave and we asked to remain in Rome to do espionage work for the V SD. UFFREDUZZI said that after he had spoken with AGOSTINI he would give us the answer. On the following day, ~~in~~ UFFREDUZZI told us that AGOSTINI had accepted the proposal and that he was going to present ~~in~~ us to the person that was going to be the head of this vast espionage group. In fact, about the 28th of May, UFFREDUZZI presented GATTOLA and myself to OSVAIDO SCACCIA, who was going to be the head of this group. I had already had the occasion of knowing SCACCIA previously. I accepted the proposal to work for SCACCIA and promised to prepare a list of informers, specifying their abilities, specialties and linguistic knowledge. Immediately afterward, UFFREDUZZI presented to me MARIO CALOSSO who was with the GUF and who was to find in GUF (Gruppo dei Fascisti Universitari) persons inclined to work as informers. The appointment to bring this list was established for Sunday, June 4, at 1000 H at Via Dosso Faiti. MARIO CALOSSO did not come to this ~~expirintm~~ appointment.

63

On the day of the 3rd of June, Uffreduzzi told me that he was going to leave

-5-

S E C R E T

that evening, begging me to go to Via Antonelli where he was to consign to me: a sum of 50,000 lires which I was to consign to SCACCIA (this sum was to serve to cover our expenses), a list of informers that UFFREDUZZI knew, and a map where were indicated the Fascist Bands of Southern Italy. GATTOLA and I arrived at Via Antonelli but UFFREDUZZI had already left. We spoke with a certain CALUSI (CHIUSI), whom I believe ~~is~~ may be also called RAPPO, who offered to GATTOLA and myself the opportunity to purchase pictures and rugs - a proposal which was immediately accepted by us. GATTOLA went to his home but returned with the sum of 3000 lires, giving it as a deposit for the above-mentioned pictures and rugs which were those of Via Antonelli, of the V SD headquarters. We ~~were~~ loaded said objects on an automobile and we brought them to GATTOLA'S home. In the meantime, BISOGNO telephoned to inquire to whom he had to go in order to leave. RAPPO told me to answer him that he should be the following morning at Via Antonelli at 0800 H. When we had placed these goods in GATTOLA'S home, I was accompanied to my home in an automobile and there I had my father consign to me the sum of 15000 lires. This money I handed over to a representative of RAPPO. I accompanied him up to the Headquarters of the Xth Mas (Piazza Bainsizza) to verify the consigning of said sum to AGOSTINO.

On the 4th of June, I met GATTOLA AND DE MICHELE. I asked DE MICHELE to consign to me my AUSWEIS as well as that of GATTOLA. He gave us an AUSWEIS (declaration) of the OBERKOMMANDO DER WEHRMACHT, AMT ABWEHR, NEST ROM. 62 I was authorized by the German Military Command to effect arrests, perquisitions and to have freedom of action anywhere. My purpose in obtaining this permission was to destroy it later but first to use it in the eventuality of meeting with any ~~group~~ ~~or~~ ~~German~~ ~~person~~ German Group or German person.

(s) MANCA VIADIMIRO

Translated by:

*Claude J. Bove*  
Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC

HEADQUARTERS UNITED NATIONS  
C.H.A.  
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION  
SECURITY DIVISION

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

Ref : 3D/149.01      Date : 8 November 1944  
Subject : Prosecution of Enemy Agents :  
LEONCA Vladimiro - CAPITOLIA Francesco.  
To : Lt. Col. D.A.D. YOUNG, G-2 Branch  
Rome Allied Area Command.

Index to Witnesses and Evidence.

1. Captain J.G. FLETCHER, Jr. 3 S.C.I. Unit  
(Will also identify papers which were handed  
to him on 30/6/44 by second witness).
2. Signor ANTICO, Civilian Employee NO. 3 S.C.I. Unit  
para 20.
3. Ernesto BIGOTTO, Via Montenaro 235 (Dir. 4), Rome.  
para. 23 - 28.
4. Cesaldo SCACCHI, q/o G-2 Branch R.A.A.C. para. 29 - 35.
5. Lieut. Giani J. BOZI, q/o G-2 Branch R.A.A.C. para. 36 - 38.
6. Dr MITCHEL Giorgio, q/o G-2 Branch R.A.A.C. para. 39 - 40.

( Production of copy of German permit requested by ANTICO and CAPITOLIA **60**  
from the witness).

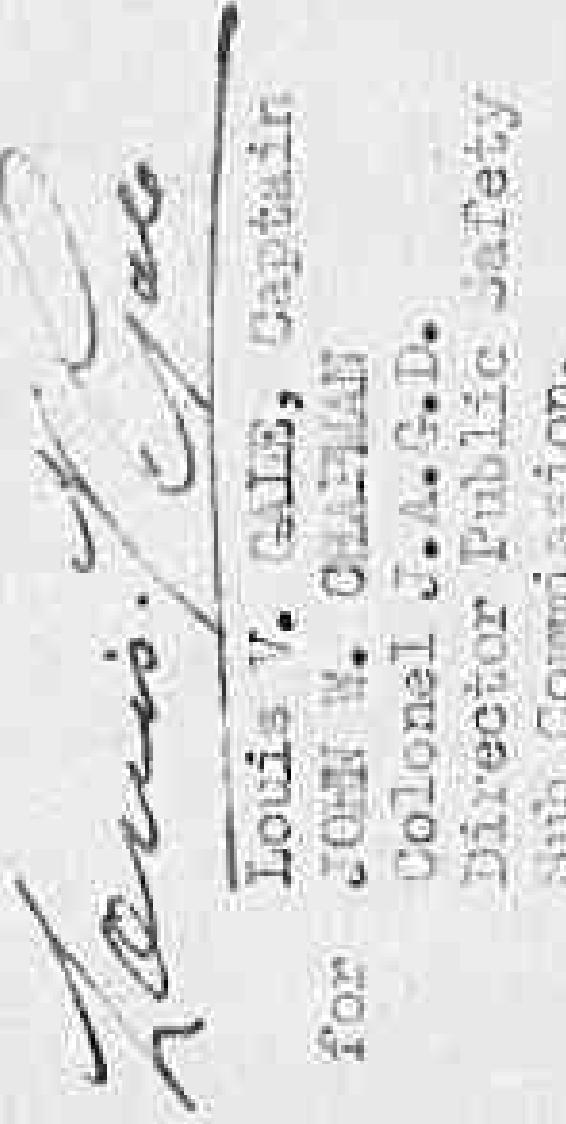
With the exception of No. 6 (Dr MITCHEL) the various written  
statements made by the above witnesses are submitted to the prosecutor -  
Lieut. L. Sabatino. The attached report, however, covers the main,  
relevant facts of this case.

Index to Witnesses and Evidence.

1. Captain J. G. PAINTER, No. 3 S.C.I. Unit  
(Will also identify buyers which were handed  
to him on 20/3/44 by second witness).  
Pages. 6 - 19
2. Signor ALVANIO, civilian employee NO. 3 S.C.I. UNIT  
para 20.
3. Ernesto ISOTTO, Mr. Nonantana 225 (Int. 4), Rose.  
Pages. 23 - 26.
4. Cavallo SCOTTI, q/o G-2 Branch R.A.A.C.  
Pages. 29 - 35.
5. Lieut. Claudio BOVÉ, q/o G-2 Branch R.A.A.C.  
Pages. 36 - 38.
6. DR. ITALIE Giorgio, q/o G-2 Branch R.A.A.C.  
Pages. 39 - 40.

( Production of copy of German permit requested by MAKS and CAROLA  
from the witness).

With the exception of No. 6 (DR ITALIE) the various written  
statements made by the above witnesses are submitted to the Prosecutor -  
Lieut. L. Scattino. The statement report, however, covers the main,  
relevant facts of this case.

  
Louis V. GALLE, Captain  
for JOHN W. CHAMBERS  
Colonel J.A.S.D.  
Director Public Safety  
Sub Commission.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
C.I.T.  
PUBLIC SECURITY SUB-COMMISSION  
SECURITY DIVISION

Ref : SB.149.C1/DS MICHELE Giorgio etc.

8 November, 1944.

Subject : Prosecution of Enemy Agents (Group 2D) :-

(i) DE MICHELE Giorgio : student; born 9.3.26

at Rome; address - Via Po 30, Rome.

(ii) MUSCA Vincenzo : law student; born 15.2.23,  
at Bielle; address - Via Cola di Riencio 111,  
Int. 2, Rome.

(iii) SAVOIA Francesco : medical student; born  
21.4.24 at Rome; address - Via Sicci 1,  
Int. 2, Rome.

To : Lieut-Colonel D.A.D. Young, G-2 Branch,  
Rome Allied Area Command.

1. With reference to the three Italians mentioned above, who are held  
in custody at Regina Coeli Gaol, as suspected enemy agents :-
2. Full investigation of the facts and evidence in the particular case  
of DE MICHELE Giorgio, show that, although this man was a pre-occupational  
agent and informer for the Germans in Rome, he has done nothing to show that  
he intended to serve them as a spy or saboteur, after allied occupation of  
Rome. It seems certain that his remaining here was quite involuntary and  
that no mission had been assigned to him. There is evidence that he made  
frantic efforts to get transport to leave Rome before Allied arrival and to  
follow his German employers to the North, but he was unable to get away.  
This, combined with the fact that he has committed no overt act, precludes the  
possibility of instituting a successful prosecution against him under  
Allied Proclamations.
3. With regard to his possession of arms, ammunition and explosives, there  
is evidence that he was holding a part thereof on behalf of a certain  
Captain CORRICO, Leader of a Section of Italian Partisans. DE MICHELE, in  
defence, has stated that he considered himself authorised, therefore, to  
collect such other materials as he could, on the same behalf. I do not  
think that a conviction could be obtained on the evidence available.
4. It is therefore recommended that no charges be preferred against DE  
MICHELE but that he be interned indefinitely and that such evidence as is  
available on his crimes against Italians, as an informer during the German  
occupation, be passed to Italian authorities, with a view to action being  
taken to bring him before an Italian Court.
5. In the cases of MUSCA and SAVOIA, the prosecution will be able to  
show that they were members of the same German Intelligence group as

With reference to the three Italians mentioned above, who are held in custody at Regina Coeli Gaol, as suspected enemy agents :-

1. Full investigation of the facts and evidence in the particular case of DE MIGELE Giorgio, show that, although this man was a pre-occupational agent and informer for the Germans in Rome, he has done nothing to show that he intended to serve them as a spy or saboteur, after Allied occupation of Rome. It seems certain that his remaining here was quite involuntary and that no mission had been assigned to him. There is evidence that he made frantic efforts to get transport to leave Rome before Allied arrival and to follow his German employers to the North, but he was unable to get away. This, combined with the fact that he has committed no overt act, precludes the possibility of instituting a successful prosecution against him under allied Proclamations.

2. With regard to his possession of arms, ammunition and explosives, there is evidence that he was holding a part thereof on behalf of a certain Captain HORCERO, leader of a Section of Italian Partisans. DE MIGELE, in defence, has stated that he considered himself authorized, therefore, to collect such other materials as he could, on the same behalf. I do not think that a conviction could be obtained on the evidence available.

3. It is therefore recommended that no charges be preferred against DE MIGELE but that he be interned indefinitely and that such evidence as is available of his crimes against Italians, as an informer during the German occupation, be passed to Italian authorities, with a view to action being taken to bring him before an Italian Court.

4. In the cases of MUCCA and GATTULLI, the prosecution will be able to show that they were members of the same German Intelligence Group as DE MIGELE - the Group known as "GROUP 3D" - but that the two former individuals were members of a Section of that group who were left behind by the leaders, under instruction of the German Embassy to obtain and transmit military information regarding the Allied Forces. They were instructed to do this through a certain individual (a witness in this case - SCACCIA Ostaldo) and evidence will show that they fully intended to carry out the mission. Unfortunately for them, however, the men through whom they were instructed to contact for this purpose - SCACCIA - happened to be an Allied agent who had succeeded in penetrating the German Intelligence organization. The evidence for the prosecution, concerning with evidence of arrest, is as follows :-

5. Captain J.G. FLIRZETTER, No. 2 S.C.I. Unit, will say that, as a result of information obtained from other witnesses, he formally arrested MUCCA Vladimiro on 30 June, 1944, when the latter was brought to his office for questioning.

- 2 -

7. On LUNCA's arrival at the office, Captain Fairweather asked him to relate the facts of his connection with the German "Group S.D." organization. LUNCA maintained that he had no connection whatsoever with such an organization and declared that he was completely innocent of any espionage activity.

8. After a brief interrogation Captain Fairweather left the office for a few minutes, leaving LUNCA under surveillance of Signor ATTONIO, an Italian employee. On the Captain's return ATTONIO handed to him a sheet of paper which can be identified by the Captain and which contained what appeared to be a message, whilst on another piece of paper handed by ATTONIO to the Captain was a name and address. (Further evidence regarding these papers will be given by Signor ATTONIO - see paragraph 20). Captain Fairweather then ordered LUNCA's removal to Regia Coeli Gacl.
9. On 16 July, 1944, having received further information regarding LUNCA's activities, Captain J. B. Fairweather questioned him in greater detail at Regia Coeli Gacl. LUNCA, on being given certain facts showing his connection with "V Group SD" gave a fuller account of himself. He said that prior to 25 July 1943 he was a law student and a member of GUF, and his friends were Conte Bassimo UFFREDUZZI, Francesco CARLOTA and Rolando ALLEGRETTI (all of whom will later be shown as leaders of the previously mentioned group). From July - November 1943, LUNCA was with his parents at ASIA (Prov. SABINA) and from then onwards spent his time in Rome.
10. Early in May 1944, he met UFFREDUZZI, and this led to further meetings, on one of which, at the latter's invitation, LUNCA accompanied him to Via Antonelli 47 to a flat on the second floor. After knocking the door was opened and they found themselves covered by a machine gun and armed civilians, who recognized UFFREDUZZI with great respect. They were only there for a short time and when LUNCA enquired, UFFREDUZZI told him that it was a German Headquarters.
11. Subsequently LUNCA visited there on numerous occasions and was introduced to Antonio ACOSTA, chief of the organization. LUNCA was usually in the company of UFFREDUZZI and agreed to assist him in his political plans, but he claimed that he did not become officially enrolled in the group. UFFREDUZZI told him that he was preparing a new Italian Republican Party, under which the country would be divided into regions. He invited LUNCA to remain in Rome after the Allied occupation to act as his and the Republican Party's representative. When the Party's plans had been completed, UFFREDUZZI would send them to LUNCA by courier across the lines.
12. Continuing his story to Captain Fairweather, LUNCA said that some time previously he had visited a certain Osvaldo SCACCIA in order to arrange for publication of a novel. A few days before the Allied occupation, UFFREDUZZI took him to see SCACCIA and said that the latter had a wireless transmitting set and would receive and transmit messages from LUNCA. Prior to the arrival of the courier with the Republican Party's completed plans, LUNCA was to collect political information and give it to SCACCIA for transmission to UFFREDUZZI.

58

5. MUNCA's activities, Captain J. Fairweather questioned him in greater detail at Regina Coeli Col. MUNCA, on being given certain facts showing his connection with "V Group SD" gave a fuller account of himself. He said that prior to 25 July 1943 he was a law student and a member of GUP, and his friends were Conte Massimo UMBRELLI, Francesco SARTORI and Rolando ANGELINI (all of whom will later be shown as leaders of the previously mentioned group). From July - November 1943, MUNCA was with his parents at AFPJ. (Prov. SHIIA) and from then onwards spent his time in Rome.

10. Early in May 1944, he met UMBRELLI, and this led to further meetings, on one of which, at the latter's invitation, MUNCA accompanied him to Via Antonelli 47 to a flat on the second floor. After knocking the door was opened and they found themselves covered by a machine gun and armed civilians, who recognized UMBRELLI with great respect. They were only there for a short time and when MUNCA enquired, UMBRELLI told him that it was a German headquarters.

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13. MUNCA admitted that, in May 1944, he had recruited his school friend Francesco CAROLI, for "V Group SD" at Via Antonelli 47, Rome, in order to avoid CAROLI, a deserter from the Army, being arrested. MUNCA said that he did not know what duties CAROLI subsequently performed, but knows that he was enrolled. He and CAROLI went to the headquarters in Via Antonelli, the night before the entry of the Allies, but found that UMBRELLI and the other Chiefs had left. They found a certain Dott. RIEPO on the premises, selling the effects. MUNCA bought carpets and pictures for 16,000 lire and left them at CAROLI's house. Considering his story to Captain Fairweather, CAROLI gave particulars of certain personalities whom he had met in "V Group SD". Among these was BISCHI Ernesto (a prosecution witness mentioned later in this report).

On 15th July 1944, CAPITOLI, Francesco, was brought to Captain Fairweather for interrogation at the end of which he was allowed to go home again. During the interrogation he gave formal personal particulars and said that he had been forced to serve in the Italian Republican Army, deserting from Florence in April 1944, then returning to his family in Rome.

14. On 2.5.44 he met MILIO, Vittorio, an old school friend, told him of Group under AGONCILLO - MAC, promised to speak to the leaders and in consequence introduced him to UNTILIZZI and later to AGO.D.LI, who enrolled him and allocated him to the task of seeking out and denouncing Jews. He declared that he had not carried out any work of this nature.
15. He admitted accepting from UNTILIZZI at about the end of May to stay in Rome as a post-occupational agent having been given the option of doing that, or of going North. He said that he was introduced soon afterwards to SAGGIA Gervasio who, he understood, had a wireless transmitting set and would relay all information to North Italy, and from whom he would receive all instructions.
16. He admitted accepting from UNTILIZZI at about the end of May to stay in Rome as a post-occupational agent having been given the option of doing that, or of going North. He said that he was introduced soon afterwards to SAGGIA Gervasio who, he understood, had a wireless transmitting set and would relay all information to North Italy, and from whom he would receive all instructions.
17. On the day before the Allied entry he had been with MACA to Via Antonelli 47, Group Headquarters, to seek another member who was to remain in Rome. They found, however, that everybody had gone, except a DR. RAFFO who was selling the furniture and effects and from whom MACA bought, for 18,000 lire, some crystals and pictures which were taken to CAPITOLI's home nearby.
18. On the day of the Allied arrival, Italian Police called at his home and confiscated the property. Later an explanation of his possession of the property was demanded by C.I.C. but he gave a satisfactory explanation. He decided to go at once for the time being to stay with his mother at Avellino and had returned on the day of his interrogation - 15th July 1944. He denied any intention of carrying out espionage for the Germans and was allowed to remain at liberty.
19. During the morning of 18th July, 1944, CAPITOLI was arrested by Dott. REGGIO Cittario of Pubblica Sicurezza, and placed in Regina Coeli Gaol, on instructions from Captain Fairweather, acting on further information received (see evidence of witnesses later in this report).
20. SIG. ARTONIO, an Italian employee of No. 3 S.C.I. Unit, will say that on 30 June, 1944, he was left in Captain Fairweather's office with MILIO, Vittorio, in the Captain's absence. During that time MACA wrote two notes in red pencil, which the witness can identify, and asked him to convey them to the address shown on one of them. The witness agreed to do so, but instead handed the notes to Captain Fairweather. One note read: "MACA - Via Gole di Renzo 111, Vicino a Pza Garibaldi the other bore the words - "Mi ha chiesto di Massimo e di Via Antonelli" ("I have been asked about Massimo and Via Antonelli").

59

16. He admitted seeing the PREMUTOZZI at about the time of his stay in Rome as a post-occupational agent having been given the option of doing visit, or of going North. He said that he was introduced soon afterwards to SAGGIO Cittadino who, he understood, had a wireless transmitter set and would relay all information to North Italy, and from whom he could receive still instructions.

17. On the day before the Allied entry he had been with MANGA to Via Antonelli 47, group headquarters, to see another member who was to remain in Rome. They found, however, that everybody had gone, except a Dr. LUPO who was selling his furniture and effects and from whom MANGA bought, for 18,000 lire, some carpets and pictures which were taken to SAGGIO Cittadino's home nearby.

18. On the day of the Allied arrival, Italian Police called at his home and confiscated the property. Later an explanation of his possession of the property was demanded by C.I.O. but he gave a satisfactory explanation. He decided to go at once for the time being to stay with his mother at Avellino and had returned on the day of his interrogation - 15th July 1944. He denied any intention of carrying out espionage for the Germans and was allowed to remain at liberty.

19. During the morning of 18th July, 1944, SAGGIO Cittadino was arrested by D.C.P. REGIC Cittadino of Pubblica Sicurezza, and placed in Regime Coeli Gaol, on instructions from Captain Fairweather, acting on further information received (see evidence of witnesses later in this report).

20. Sig. ANTONIO, an Italian employee of No. 3 S.S.I. unit, will say that on 20 June, 1944, he was left in Captain Fairweather's office with MANGA Medamiro, in the Captain's absence. During that time MANGA wrote two notes in red pencil, which the witness identified, and asked him to convey them to the address shown on one of them. The witness agreed to do so, but instead handed the notes to Captain Fairweather. One note read: "MANGA - Via Colle di Sieno 411, Vicino a P.zza Savoia e via Antonelli ( "I have bore the words - Mi ha chiesto di Massimo e di via Antonelli").

21. The significance of the writing by MANGA, as above, is significant since it is apparent that he wished to warn somebody that "V Group SD" was under Allied investigation. Massimo MANGA - will say "Via Antonelli" the Group headquarters. Another witness - SAGGIO Cittadino informed of that MANGA had arranged with his (MANGA's) father to keep SAGGIO Cittadino informed of his movements. The address "MANGA - via Jolla di Nienzo 111" is that of MANGA's father. At the time of writing the message MANGA was still under the impression that SAGGIO Cittadino was a bona fide German agent.

22. Evidence will be given by BISOGNO Ernesto, the original informant upon whose information Captain Fairweather acted. The evidence of BISOGNO must necessarily be treated with reserve, as it is evidence of an accomplice. There is, however, a considerable amount of corroboration by other witnesses of the facts given by him.

23. Ernesto BISOGNO, a student, age 17½, of Via Montagna 292, Rome, was a former local leader of C.I.L. and later a leading member of the "Opera Battile" a Republican Fascist Youth organization, and agent of the "Ufficio Politico". He will say that, in December 1942 he commenced to frequent the Headquarters at via Antonelli 47 of a Group of agents of the Germans led by one Dott. Antonio AGOSTINI and known as the "V Group SD". These he met Giuseppe ZEMAROGLI and Conte Cesario UMBERTIZZI, both leading persons in German "SD" Sections.

24. There he also met LANCI Vincenzo, who became known to him as Head of the Political Section of "V Group S.D.", and DE NICELLE Giorgio, an acquaintance of student days, whom he knew to be a leading member of the group, immediately subordinate to UMBERTIZZI.

25. BISOGNO took an active part in the activities of the "V Group SD" between December 1943 and March 1944, in making arrests, searches, seizures and denunciations on behalf of the German Authorities, but it was not until the latter month that he became an actual recognized member, when he was given the number "Y03", later changed to "V.6". All members of the group had to swear and sign an oath of allegiance to the Fascist Republic, the Duce and German High Command.

26. In May 1944, BISOGNO initiated a scheme for obtaining a reward of 100,000 lire for war materials seized by the group. This scheme was carried out with the connivance of UMBERTIZZI, who was to be handed the money by BISOGNO, for distribution as arranged. On 3rd June 1944, however, UMBERTIZZI had to go North and instructed BISOGNO to give the reward money to DE NICELLE, but owing to confusion at the time BISOGNO did not succeed in collecting it.

27. On 29 May 1944, BISOGNO learned that Dr. Meyer had ordered "V Group SD" to prepare to leave Rome, and that two lists of members were to be prepared, (i) to leave with the German Embassy, (ii) to leave with Counter Espionage elements. Dr. AGOSTINI gave orders that BISOGNO and LANCI were to leave with Counter Espionage elements, all others, and told BISOGNO that anybody left behind would be shot by the group.

28. On 3rd June 1944, BISOGNO telephoned V Group Headquarters asking for particulars of the time and place of his departure. LANCI answered the phone and told him to be at via Antonelli the following morning. He did not go there, however, but went into hiding and later through various channels denounced the group members to the Allies.

56

24. There he also met MANGA Vladiastro, who became known to him as Head of the Political Section of "V Group S.D.", and DE NIZZIE Giorio, an acquaintance of student days, whom he knew to be a leading member of the group, immediately subordinate to USTREZZI.

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29. Another witness - Dott. Osvaldo SCACIA, State employee, age 35, residing at Via Innio Quirino Visconti 90, Rome - will say that, on instructions of Captain LUANA Lucio, Head of the Information Office, Italian Communist Party, he penetrated the Republican Fascist Federation and German Intelligence Service, becoming connected in December 1943 with Antonio AGOSTINI and Massimo USTREZZI of "V Group SD" both of whom he knew to be wholehearted collaborators with the German authorities. AGOSTINI who was the Head of "V Group SD" operating from Via Antonelli, appointed SCACIA as leader of a section to be left in Rome as German agents and commenced to organise a network and a system of couriers and radio V/T for transmitting military information.

56

- 5 -
30. At the end of May 1944, UFFERDUZZI, on orders of AGOSTINI presented MANGA and another man (GUDIA Carlo) to SCACCHI, informing him that these three men were to remain in Rome in charge of a group of about 35 informers, the list of which would be consigned by MANGA, at an opportune moment, to SCACCHI, whose assistant he was to be and with whom he would be the only direct contact. The other two were to be section chiefs but would not have direct contact with MANGA.
31. On 1st or 2nd June 1944 SCACCHI again met UFFERDUZZI, GATTOLA, GUDIA, and MANGA when they re-confirmed their desire to work for the Germans and were formally directed under SCACCHI's authority. On this occasion UFFERDUZZI told MANGA that he was going to consign to him on the following day - (1) 50,000 Lires as expenses for MANGA, GATTOLA and GUDIA, (ii) a list of persons whom he trusted and (iii) a map of Southern Italy showing the location of Fascist Partisan bands. MANGA was to compile a list of informers. That was the last meeting which SCACCHI had with UFFERDUZZI. He made an appointment with MANGA for midday 3rd June to receive the lists and map, but Dr. MEYER of the German Embassy telephoned SCACCHI postponing the appointment until 4th June. MANGA duly called but said UFFERDUZZI had left without giving him any documents.
32. On 7 - 8th June, 1944, at about 1930 hours, MANGA visited SCACCHI at the latter's house and asked to be provided with a place of hiding as the police had been looking for him. He had told his father to keep SCACCHI posted regarding his movements. He stated that UFFERDUZZI had left without seeing him and that he was, therefore, without documents or money; also he had not seen anything of GUDIA. He said, however, that he was preparing his list of informers, and that he had already ascertained that the Allies had placed around Rome, 200 anti-aircraft batteries and that he had identified some English and American regimental insignia. He again avowed his intention of working for the Germans.
33. SCACCHI will say that he was present and assisted at several interrogations of MANGA, which were conducted by Lieutenant Claude J. BOIS (American) Asst. C-2, R.A.A.C. at Regime Coeli Gaol, when statements were made and signed by the prisoner without witness of any kind.
34. During one such interrogation, MANGA, whilst Lieutenant BOIS was away from the room for a few minutes, threatened SCACCHI that if the latter did not speak in his favour, he would make sensational revelations about SCACCHI. The latter communicated this at once to the Lieutenant SCACCHI on his return.
35. SCACCHI's only evidence regarding DE MICHELE Giorgio is purely hearsay. The name became familiar to the witness during the period from April 1944 onwards as that of a man who was part of the directing nucleus of "V group 3D"; his number was 23 or 25 and he was personal aide to UFFERDUZZI. According to SCACCHI, DE MICHELE was intended to leave for North Italy with the directors of the group but was left behind owing to the haste of their departure. It is also known to SCACCHI that DE MICHELE made frantic attempts to get a vehicle to leave Rome on 4th June. It would therefore seem that DE MICHELE was not part of the post-occupational group of German agents but was a collaborationist who became lost stranded by them, accidentally or

Declassified E.O. 12356 Section 3.3/NND No. 785016

fire as expenses for MANCE, ANTONI and PUDI, (ii) a list of persons whom he trusted and (iii) a map of Southern Italy showing the location of Fascist Partisan bands. MANGA was to compile a list of informers. That was the last meeting which SCACCOLA had with UFFREDUZZI. He made an appointment with MANGA for about 3rd June to receive the lists and map, but Dr. JELVER of the German Embassy telephoned SCACCOLA, postponing the appointment until 4th June. UFFREDUZZI called but said UFFREDUZZI had left without giving him any documents.

32. On 7 - 8th June, 1944, at about 1930 hours, MANGA visited SCACCOLA at the latter's house and asked to be provided with a place of hiding as the police had been looking for him. He had told his father to keep SCACCOLA posted re movements. He stated that UFFREDUZZI had left without seeing him and that he was, therefore, without documents or money; also he had not seen anything of G.D.A. He said, however, that he was preparing his list of informers, and that he had already ascertained that the Allies had placed around Rome, 200 anti-aircraft batteries and that he had identified some English and American regimental insignia. He again avowed his intention of working for the Germans.
33. SCACCOLA will say that he was present and assisted at several interrogations of MANGA, which were conducted by Lieutenant Claude J. DUVL (American) Asst. S-2, R.A.A.C. at Regime Coeli Col., when statements were made and signed by the prisoner without witness of any kind.
34. During one such interrogation, MANGA, whilst Lieutenant DUVL was away from the room for a few minutes, threatened SCACCOLA that if the latter did not speak in his favour, he would make sensational revelations about SCACCOLA. The latter commented this at once to the Lieutenant DUVL on his re-entry.
- 55
35. SCACCOLA's only evidence regarding DE LUIGHELE Biorgio is purely hearsay. He was became familiar to the witness during the period from April 1944 onwards as that of a man who was part of the directing nucleus of IV Group (ID); his number was 73 or 75 and he was personal aide to UFFREDUZZI. According to SCACCOLA, DE LUIGHELE was intended to leave for North Italy with the directors of the Group but was left behind owing to the haste of their departure. It is also known to SCACCOLA that DE LUIGHELE made frantic attempts to get a vehicle to leave Rome on 4th June. It would therefore seem that DE LUIGHELE was not part of the post-occupational group of German agents but was a collaborationist who became left stranded by them, accidentally or otherwise.
36. Lieutenant Claude J. DUVL, Asst. S-2, R.A.A.C., will say that MANGA, MANGA made voluntary written statements to him, which were signed by MANGA in the Lieutenant's presence. These statements, dated 2nd, 3rd, 5th and 21st September, 1944, are being submitted to the Prosecutor.
37. These statements deal very largely with the activities of MANGA, SCACCOLA and DE LUIGHELE as agents and informers for the Germans in Rome prior to occupation by the Allies. The matter contained in the statements is scarcely relevant, except as background, to the question of charging them under Allied Proclamations. Those parts of the statements which are relevant,

- 6 -

merely confirm the facts already given by GATTOLA as to their undertaking espionage work on behalf of the Germans and being left behind in Rome for the purpose. He admitted that it was at their own request that he and GATTOLA were left behind in Rome to do espionage work for the Germans. MARON said that, for several days after arrival of the Allies, he did not see GATTOLA, but on 12-13th June the letter said that he was going to Naples. Thereafter, he received no further news of GATTOLA. The bulk of the statements made by MARON are largely confirmation of the activities of GATTOLA, GATTOLA, DE MICHELE and himself, as German agents and informers during the German occupation of Rome.

38. Lieutenant BUCI will also give evidence regarding voluntary,

5th September 1944. These statements, too, deal largely with the activities of the aforementioned persons (part 37) as German informers and "V Group SD", during German occupation of Rome. These statements also largely confirm the facts given by GATTOLA Ostraldo. The statement of GATTOLA (5th September) differs from that of MARON, in that he only mentions the latter having requested to be left behind in Rome to stay for the Germans, whereas MARON says that both of them made the request.

39. DE MICHELE Florio, who is previously mentioned cannot be brought to trial under Allied Proclamations, also made certain statements to Lieutenant BUCI. In view of the details which DE MICHELE gives in the statements, it seems desirable that he, too, be called to testify to the matters to which he referred in his statements. The most important facts to which he is able to testify are (i) that GATTOLA was known to him in "V Group SD" as "the Partisan" (GATTOLA claimed that he had never revealed to the Group his connection with the Partisans); (ii) GATTOLA told him that he (GATTOLA) had voluntarily accepted the task of carrying out espionage work for the Germans, after Rome came under Allied occupation. (iii) On 15 - 20 June, GATTOLA told him that he had destroyed all compromising documents and had hidden a revolver. (iv) On 4th June 1944, MARON and GATTOLA asked him to provide them with certain German permits with a false seal demanding help and assistance to the holders, in the name of the German Reich. (A copy is submitted for Prosecution).

40. The remainder of the matter contained in DE MICHELE's statements relates only to the activities of the Group prior to the arrival of the Allies. Therefore, these statements are not attested, but DE MICHELE can give evidence personally on the points mentioned above, as well as on the pre-occupational background to this case.

41. It seems that very little comment is needed in this case. There is undisputed evidence of the two prisoners' connection with German Intelligence, of their having been left in Rome for the purpose of obtaining military information and transmitting it to the Germans. There seems to be no doubt as to their intention to carry out their mission, and they remained at large for a considerable time without declaring themselves. Further

activities of the aforementioned persons (page 37), as German informers and "Y" group "SD", during "British occupation of Rome. Those statements also largely confirm the facts given by SCOCIA. Ovaldo. The statement of SCOCIA (See, however) differs from that of MARCHI, in that he only mentions the latter having requested to be left behind in Rome to assist for the Germans, whereas MARCHI says that both of them made the request.

35. DE LUCA, Lucio, who was previously mentioned cannot be brought to trial under Allied Proclamations, also made certain statements to Lieutenant BOOG. In view of the details which DE LUCA gives in the statements, it seems desirable that he, too, be called to testify as to the nature to which he referred in his statements. The most important facts to which he is able to testify are (i) that SCOCIA was known to him in "Y" group "SD" as "The Partisan" (CATCOLA claimed that he had never revealed to the group his connection with the Partisans); (ii) CATCOLA told him that he (CATCOLA) had voluntarily accepted the task of carrying out espionage work for the Germans, after Rome came under Allied occupation. (iii) On 15 - 20 June, CATCOLA told him that he had destroyed all counterfeiting documents and had hidden a revolver. (iv) On 4th June 1944 MARCHI and CATCOLA asked him to provide them with certain German permits with a false seal demanding help and assistance to the holders, in the name of the German Reich. (A copy is submitted for prosecution).

40. The remainder of the matter contained in DE LUCA's statements relates only to the activities of the group prior to the arrival of the Allies. Therefore, these statements are not attached, but DE LUCA can give evidence personally on the points mentioned above, as well as on the pre-occupation background to this case.

44. It seems that very little comment is needed in this case. There is undisputed evidence of the two prisoners' connection with German Intelligence, or their having been left in Rome for the purpose of obtaining military information and transmitting it to the Germans. There seems to be no doubt as to their intention to carry out their mission, and they remained at large for a considerable time without declaring themselves. Further from MARCHI's declaration to SCOCIA at their meeting after the arrival of the Allies and his having, in fact, passed a certain amount of military information to him for transmission, the intention in the particular case of MARCHI, seems well proven, especially with the additional fact that even whilst detained he endeavoured to convey a message to SCOCIA, of the subject of his interrogation. It is certain that but for the fact that SCOCIA happened to be an allied agent, and that both he and MARCHI denounced them, MARCHI and CATCOLA would have completed their mission.

•/•

- 7 -
42. therefore, it is submitted that both MINCA and GATTOLI are "spies" within the meaning of Chapter 2, Article 29 of the Hague Convention and should be charged as such under Allied Proclamations.
43. A separate report will be submitted on DE LICINIO Giorgio, at the conclusion of this case for consideration of his trial by an Italian Court for his crimes against Italians during the German occupation.

Louis V. GALE

Louis V. GALE, Captain

For JOHN W. CHAFAN  
Colonel J.A.C.D.  
Director Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

53

## Traduzione

FOGLIO D'ACCUSA

Luogo: Roma, Italia

Data : 23 novembre 1944

## Nome dell'accusato:

MANCA Vladimiro  
Via Cola di Rienzo 111, int. 9  
Roma.

PRIMA ACCUSA:

L'accusato MANCA Vladimiro è imputato di una violazione del Proclama I, Parte II, Articolo IV, Paragrafo I, in quanto egli servì il nemico (Tedeschi) come spia.

Particolari:

L'accusato Manca Vladimiro è imputato della suddetta violazione in quanto egli, come membro del Gruppo Spionaggio tedesco noto come "7 Gruppo SD", il giorno 6 giugno 1944 o circa, a Roma, Italia, riferì ad un certo Scaccia Osvaldo, agente tedesco e superiore dell'accusato, che egli, l'accusato, aveva accertato che le Forze Alleate avevano piazzato intorno alla città di Roma circa 200 batterie antiaeree, che egli aveva osservato circo 100 reggimentali sui soldati Britannici ed Americani e che egli preparava una lista di informatori che avrebbe lavorato per l'accusato e sotto la sua direzione, in violazione di detto Proclama.

52



Louis A. Sabatino  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Prosecutor General  
Military Court.

I 26 on 17 P<sup>14</sup>

darling Stephen  
Be an angel and  
help this boy (one of  
mine) to ride for only  
a few hours -  
I'd be grateful to you  
for ever -  
Love from Priscilla

51

RABARBARO COMPOSTO PIERANDREI

26 Maggie

Sophie

Ica Antonelli 45

Busalle (Borromeo Ridolfi)

Nel nome di Dio e  
dell'Italia giuro di  
eseguire gli ordini del  
DUCE e di servire con  
tutte le mie forze e se  
è necessario col mio  
sangue la causa della  
Rivoluzione Fascista.

COMANDO FEDERALE GLA.  
DELL'UNDE



75

50

# GIOVENTÙ ITALIANA DEL LITTORIO

XIX

(1)



P  
N  
F

P. N. F.  
GIOVENTU ITALIANA DEL LITTORIO  
anno XIX

N° 172822  
l'Avanguardista  
Moschettiere  
*Di Michele Giorfio*  
di Riccardo  
nato il 9.1.26  
è iscritto alla G. I. L. dal 1934  
appartenente al comando della  
G. I. L. del Fascio di combattimento  
di prov di *3*  
Legione Centocelle  
IL COM.<sup>III</sup> GENERALE  
MUTI

I possessori della presente tessera usufruiscono delle provvidenze stabilite dallo statuto della Cassa mutua assistenza « Arnaldo Mussolini » della G. I. L. sempreche ricorrano le condizioni dell'apposito regolamento per le concessioni assistenziali e secondo le norme in esso contenute.

I benefici di massimo sono per il caso d'infortunio e consistono in lire 2 di giorno per invalidità temporanea a partire dall'undicesimo giorno da quello in cui la lesionè ha avuto inizio e fino ad un periodo massimo di giorni 70

L. 5000 in caso di morte.  
— — — 30000 in caso di invalidità permanente totale o una indennità proporzionalmente ridotta in caso di invalidità permanente parziale

P. N. F.

GIOVENTÙ ITALIANA DEL LITTORIO  
COMANDO FEDERALE DELL'URBE "BRUNO MUSSOLINI."

Comando della G.I.L. di Fascio o Gruppo

di \_\_\_\_\_

IL GIOVANE FASCISTA  
L'AVANGUARDISTA  
IL BALILLA

di

e di

nato il

domiciliato

iscritto dal

ha versato L. 6 per tessera A. XXI

63448

IL COMANDANTE DELLA G.I.L.

8/2/963

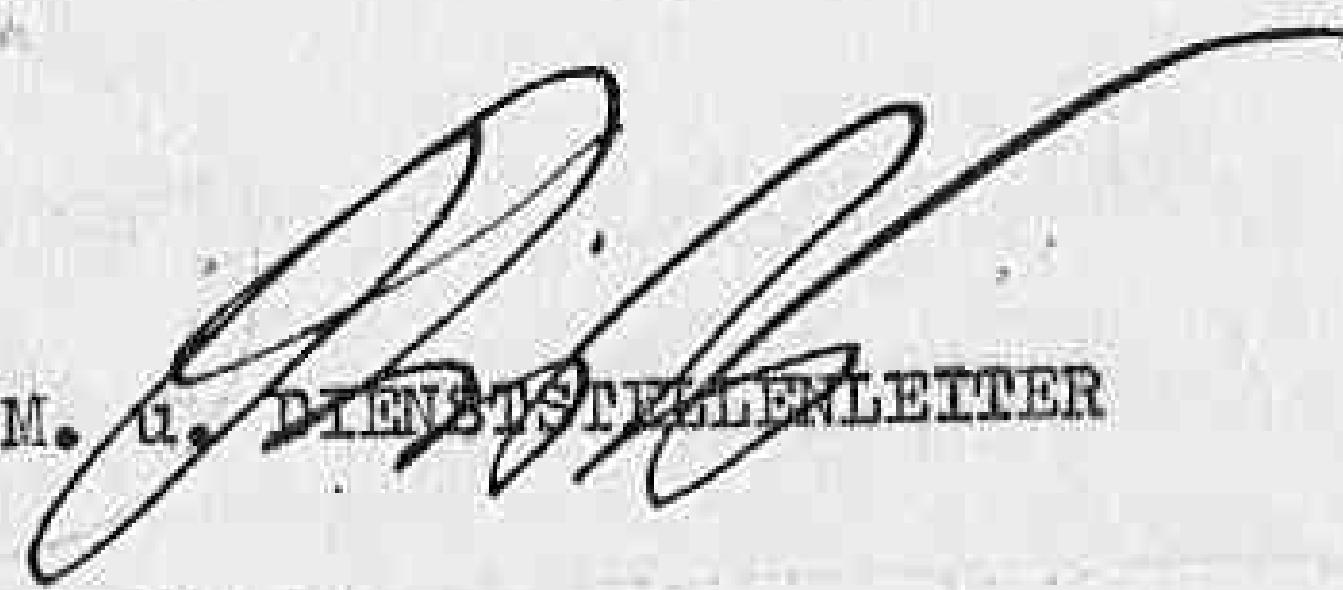
OBERKOMMANDO DER WEHRMACHT  
Amt Abwehr , st Rom

(2)

(2)

48

RITTM. u. DIENSTSTELLENLEITER



OBERKOMMANDO DER ~~EHRMACHT~~  
Amt abwehr, West Rom

(2)

RITTM. u. DIENSTSTELLENLEITER



OBERKOMMANDO DER WEHRMACHT  
Amt Abwehr, Nest Rom

(2)

(2)



RTTM.u. DIENSTSTELLENLEITER

*[Handwritten signature over the stamp]*

PARTITO FASCISTA REPUBBLICANO

DELEGAZIONE DI ROMA

(3)

FEDERAZIONE DEI FASCI REPUBBLICANI DI

Si prega codesta Federazione di dare al Camerata.....

.....*Dr. Michele Giorgio*.....

ogni possibile assistenza.

LA FEDERAZIONE DEI FASCI REPUBBLICANI DI ROMA

*Nicetta*

1  
OBERKOMMANDO DER WEHRMACHT

Rom, den 10/4/44

(S)

Die italienischen und deutschen zivil und Militärbehörden werden gebeten, Herrn ..... beider Durchführung seiner Aufträge behilflich zu sein.

Herr ..... ist nicht berechtigt zivilen oder militärischen Unternehmen, die nicht von diesem Kommando abhängig sind, Aufklärung über seine Aufträge zu geben. Nur nach meinem Gutachten, kann über seine Tätigkeit berichtet werden.

Herr ..... ist berechtigt, frei zu handeln und Festnahmen, Durchsuchungen und Requirierungen zu verzunehmen. Alle diejenigen die Genannten in seiner Tätigkeit, werden dem Deutschen Kriegsgericht unterworfen.

traduzione:

Tutte le autorità italiane e germaniche vengono pregate di accordare al Camerata ..... ogni aiuto e protezione possibile nell'esplorazione delle sue funzioni.

Il Camerata ..... non è autorizzato a dare delucidazioni sul carattere delle sue missioni ad altri enti civili e militari non dipendenti da questo Comando. Soltanto a sua discrezione potranno essere fornite spiegazioni sull'attività svolta.

Il Camerata ..... è autorizzato ad effettuare arresti, perquisizioni e requisizioni e comunque ad agire liberamente.

Chiunque cercasse di privarlo della sua libertà personale o della sua libertà d'azione verrà punito secondo le Leggi di Guerra del Reich.

RITTMEISTER UND  
PLATZSTELLENLEITER

45

*W. W. W.*

Partire per il fronte è il momento più vivo di tutti noi. Il momento di partire per il fronte è necessario lasciare dietro di noi un'organizzazione completa capace di provvedere a tutti i vasti complessi compiti d'inquadramento, organizzazione, propaganda, preparazione culturale e fisica dei rimasti. Una delle cause non ultime del 25 luglio è stata la morte al fronte di oltre 1300 gerarchi. Questi gerarchi erano senza dubbio i migliori. La loro sostituzione con altri meno pratici e meno abili ha provocato senza dubbio la tremenda catastrofe. Occorre comunque provvedere a queste.

È necessario perciò che prima della nostra partenza si provveda alla formazione dei quadri. Quadri esperti in tutti i rami dell'organizzazione ed in particolare molto in quello da loro preferito. Occorre quindi di fare una cernita accurata di tutti i nuovi iscritti, scegliere quelli che danno più affidamento ed istruirli con cerse apposite della durata di 28 sulle branchie dell'organizzazione.

Dette cerse comprendono quattro materie principali:

PROPAGANDA; cos'è il Fascismo, cos'è il Nazismo, cosa vogliono .Finalità della guerra; metive dell'alleanza, come fare propaganda  
ORGANIZZAZIONE; come si organizza un ufficio, principio sull'inquadramento, unità di somanee.

SPORTIVO; attrezzi, corsa, salto armi e munizioni, tiri, moto, auto.

CULTURA GENERALE; disfattismo attivo - positivo - negativo. Come si impianta un ufficio politico, azioni, interrogatori pronte soccorso letti giapponesi.

Al termine di dette cerse una battuta contro i partigiani servirà, da esame per i partecipanti

(10)

OBERKOMMANDO DER WEHRMACHT  
Amt Abwehr, Nest Rom

Rom, den

BUONO DI PRELEVAMENTO

IL ..... è autorizzato da questo  
Comando a prelevare dai magazzini dell'Unione Militare:

.....  
.....

Si prega pertanto di accordare il prelevamento di questo materiale  
con una certa sollecitudine dovendo il Lettore delle presenti ripren-  
dere il suo posto di combattimento in linea.

der Rittmeister und Dienstleiter



43

1. Powers Award Of - Advances  
Pennwest Petroleum  
Frances Gathen  
Pennwest Refining machine.

(1)

12

S.Ten. SCACCIA Cesalvo

(I) GATTOLA Franco Via Siacchi I int. 3. ha distrutto tutti i documenti comprendenti essendo già stato chiamato al suo Commissariato.

MANCIA Vladimiro, BISOGNO Ernesto, via Nomentana 295 che parteciparono ad una operazione in via dei ventaglio per cui furono presi diversi kg. di tritolo, armi e numerosi sabotatori che in seguito vennero fucilati. I loro nomi risultano sul verbale che fu fatto dall'azione nel commissariato del rione.

42

Il camerata .....  
.....

fa parte dei GRUPPI FASCISTI DI AZIONE GIOVANILE  
"ONORE E COMBATTIMENTO" e pertanto è autorizzato  
ad accedere nei locali di detti Gruppi.

L'ISPETTORE PROVINCIALE  
Segretario del G.U.F.  
(Videtta)  
*Melit*

41

PARTITO NAZIONALE FASCISTA  
DIRECTORIO NAZIONALE

S E C R E T

FROM ALLIED ARMY COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AG O' S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

2 September 1944

SUBJECT: Statement made by MANCA VLADIMIRO relative copy of message signed by M5, countersign of MANCA VLADIMIRO, found in possession of GIORGIO DE MICHELE, dated May 1, 1944, found on him at time of arrest July 2, 1944. (See attached copy of message).

Translation of attached document is as follows:

-----  
2 September 1944

I, the undersigned MANCA VLADIMIRO di COSTANTINO, residing in via Cola di Riенzo 111, of my own free will and without being subject to coercion and violation, of my own free will, declare as follows:

I admit having been the author of the denunciation against the Pharmacy of Doctor URGDA, situated in Piazza Capranica 96. The plan of the shop, which is at the bottom of the denunciation sheet signed M5 has been drawn by me. I received the information from a ~~very~~ woman informer who worked in the V SD. I know neither the name or the surname of the girl. I remember that we called her GIGLI ~~very~~. She is a blond girl of about 20 years of age, rather homely. Just as soon as I had received this information, I communicated it to OFFREDUZZI who charged GIORGIO DE MICHELE with making further investigations.

(#) MANCA VLADIMIRO

Translated by:

*Claude J. Rose*  
Claude J. Rose  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAMC

40

39

SECRET

HIGH ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

2 Settembre 1944

Lo sottoscritto VANCA VIADIERO di COSTANTINO, abitante in via Cola  
di RIENZO 111, di mia spontanea volontà e senza essere stato soggetto a  
pressioni o violazioni della mia volontà dichiuro quanto segue:

Riconosco di essere l'autore della denuncia contro la Farmacia del  
Dottor UGOLA sita in pza Capranica 96. La pianta del negozio che si trova  
in calce al foglio della denuncia firmata M5 è stata da me disegnata.  
Ricevetti l'informazione da una informatrice che lavorava nel V SD. Non so  
il nome ed il cognome della ragazza. Ricordo che le chiamavano CHIQUI \_\_\_\_\_.  
È una ragazza bionda di circa 20 anni, piuttosto bruttina. Non appena  
ricevuta l'informazione, la comunicai all'ufficiale il quale incaricò  
GIORGIO DI MICHELE di far ulteriori indagini.

(f) VANCA VIADIERO

Witnessed by:

*Claudio J. Bove*  
Claudio J. Bove  
1st Lt. U.S.A.  
Asst G-2 R.A.C.

~~SECRET~~

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
AFO 794, 'IS LEGT

3 September 1944

SUBJECT: Copy of message signed by M5, counter-sign of MARCO VLADIMIRO,  
found in possession of GIORGIO DE MICHELE, dated May 1, 1944.

"Alla Farmacia del Dottor IRGDA M. situata in Pza Capranica 96, vedo  
piuttosto acciuffato, faceva recarito, fino a poco tempo fa e forse tutt'ora il  
dott. Cuplini, noto Badogliano ed anti fascista. Ma il proprietario della  
farmacia che dottori e doctoresse che lavorano in essa professano le stesse  
idee.

Stazionario molto sovraffollato davanti alla Farmacia Vaccina targate C.D.;  
nella farmacia si vedono molto sovraffollati alti prelati.

1/5/d

M.S.

(Diagram of Pharmacy at Pza Capranica 96 is shown indicated).

Translation of above message is as follows:

"At the Pharmacy of Doctor IRGDA M., situated in Piazza Capranica 96, see  
enclosed sketch, has been seen up to a short time ago and perhaps now, Doctor  
CUPLINI, well known follower of Badoglio and an anti-fascist. Both the proprietor  
of the pharmacy as well as the doctors and doctoresses that work there, profess  
the same ideas.

Very often there are parked in front of the pharmacy vehicles with plates  
marked C.D.; very often, those are high prelates to be seen in the pharmacy.

1/5/d

M.S.

A true copy of original.

*Frank Bove*  
Frank J. Bove  
1st Lt. P.A.  
Asst G-2, RMAC.

738

~~SECRET~~

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AG OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

30 September 1944

SUBJECT: Supplementary to Interrogation of VLADIMIRO MANCA.

- - - - -

(Sheet 1)

After Vladimiro MANCA was interrogated briefly on 30 June 1944 by Captain Fairweather of SCI, he was left in the charge of an Italian employee. He thereupon wrote the attached notes and tried to persuade the Italian to carry them to the address indicated.

Antonio agreed and instead passed them to Captain FAIRWEATHER.

- - - - -

(Sheet 2)

MANCA -

Via Cola di Rienzo 111  
vicino a Piazza Cavour.

- - - - -

(Sheet 3)

Mi ha chiesto di

Translation:

He questioned me

MASSIMO e di

about MASSIMO and about

Via Antonelli ??

Via Antonelli ??

- - - - -

Duplicates of original copies.

*Claude J. Bove*  
Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

130 of 184  
Supplementary to Annexes  
Madison Manus

On 30 June 1944 by Captain Jonathan  
of Sci, he was left in the charge  
of a Stab. employee (his name unknown)  
he thought with  
name of Chens. He attached notes and  
remained the Stab.  
to the address indicated.  
In the course of his  
and instead issued the  
Captain Jonathan.

206  
Bureau of Internal Revenue White  
He attached notes and typed his  
personal address  
to the address indicated.  
~~Mr. G. C. Tamm~~ to agent  
and wanted reward  
and punishment.

36

Copy only to [redacted] and [redacted]

S E C R E T

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AD OF S, Q-A  
APO 734, US ARMY

21 September 1944

SUBJECT: Statement made by MAJCA VLADEKRO DI COSTANTINO relative ERNESTO BISOGNO.

Translation of attached document is as follows:

- - - - -

Rome, 21 September 1944

I the undersigned MAJCA VLADEKRO DI COSTANTINO, resident in Via Cola di Riante 112, in Rome, of my own free will and without having been subject to any coercion or ministrance violation of my free will on the part of the investigating authority, declare as follows:

I made the acquaintance of ERNESTO BISOGNO at the GRUPPI FASCISTI DI AZIONE GIOVANILE (GFG) at the beginning of the month of February. I knew from various persons and from himself that he had taken part in the squads of Palazzo Braschi under the orders of PULASTRINI and the political office of Palazzo Braschi together with UCCIO BARLUZZE who, from March 1st on became part of the SS in VIA TASSO. This was about September - October '43. He was enrolled in the forming of the Gruppi Fascisti Giovani and collaborated with UFFICIO 1 as well as with VIGETTA, bringing them information. With the establishing of the Office for the Collection of Information, (at the end of February), directed by me, BISOGNO was put in charge of political and military information. At the same time, he collaborated with BERNASCOPI, head of the Political Office of the Federation (Via Veneto). He was part of this office, received a monthly salary of over a 1000 lire and possessed a card which authorized him to bear arms and to circulate during curfew hours. I don't know if this card allowed arrests and searches. At the same time, BISOGNO also frequented Via Tasso and, I believe, even the Embassy. All at the Movimento knew that BISOGNO frequented Via Tasso. I believe that at the same time he used to see MAJOR PASCA OTTIRINO of the 2035

-2-

## S A U K H A

Regional Military Command, being part of SIM. The most important information that BISOGNO had, he brought directly to VIDETTA, head of the Movimento Giovani. VIDETTA belonged to the SS; I saw his SS card several times and he himself confirmed it to me. BISOGNO often used false names - that is, Lieutenant MANFREDI, which was the most common and then Lieutenant DEL VANTAGGIO. On several occasions I as well as other persons criticised UFFREDUZZI since he always maintained contact with BISOGNO but UFFREDUZZI would answer that it was necessary to bear his charaterizing. Since BISOGNO every now and then brought in good information,

on the 7 March, I took part in the operation of Via del Vantaggio, along with CARROCCI, MARAVILLI and ALBERTO & \_\_\_\_\_, a second lieutenant of the Navy who later left as a private in the "Narco", BERNASCONI and two other officers of PERUSCONI'S office. A few days later, BISOGNO gave us 5000 lires each, saying that they had been sent by BERNASCONI. The fact that it was BISOGNO who received all of the money in order to then distribute it to us shows that it was he who headed the operation.

I know that BISOGNO had informers who worked for him and who came very often to Colonna to ask either for him or for Lieutenant MANFREDI, his other name. After the affair of Via del Vantaggio, BISOGNO took on the name of Signore DEL VANTAGGIO and was more highly thought of by BERNASCONI.

Continuing as always to give information to UFFREDUZZI when UFFREDUZZI went into the V SD, BISOGNO kept on passing in information. His number in V SD was V6.

Later, BISOGNO became a member of the band of BERNASCONI under the orders of TAMBURINI, head of the Italian Police. BISOGNO had a card from the Ministry of the Interior; white, rectangular, with photograph, which authorized the bearing of arms and circulation after curfew hours. He gave information relative to the BERNASCONI band to UFFREDUZZI for the benefit of V SD. BISOGNO frequented ~~open~~ first Via Antonelli, then Via Doso Faiti. At Via Antonelli, he went to see

-3-

**SECRET**

AGOSTINI, UFFREDUZZI and VON TOLA (ANGELUTTI). AGOSTINI did not think very much of him; usually, he made him wait for hours and then he did not receive him. ANGELUTTI made a comparison parody between an old rusty knife and RISCONO saying that the knife, although old and rusty, could still be of use; so BISCONO, although a chatterbox and egoistic, could always be useful. UFFREDUZZI was the one who thought of him the most and listened to him the most. So much so that when the section was transferred to Via Dossi Faizi, he went to visit him almost exclusively.

RISCONO occupied himself with the discovery and concentration of hidden merchandise -- I believe he did it for BRASCHI and the Regional Military Command. About the end of May, RISCONO presented himself at Via Dossi Faizi, saying that he had brought about the concentration of optional instruments valued at one million lire, to the Regional Military Command. His part was 10% - that is, 100,000 lire. He offered the reward money to UFFREDUZZI - most probably because all rewards received by the members of V SD had to be turned in to the group. On the 3rd of June, UFFREDUZZI, since he had to leave, charged BRASCHI to receive this sum of which 50,000 lire were to be consigned by me to BRACCIA OTTAVIO and 50,000 lire BRASCHI was to bring in Northern Italy. So far as I know, the 100,000 lire were never received.

On the evening of the 3rd of June, RISCONO telephoned to Via Antonelli, asking what time he had to leave and where he was supposed to be. I was ordered to tell him, by a certain RAPO (R CATUBI) ~~known~~ that he was to be at Via Antonelli the following morning at 0800 h. I went there about 0900 h but I found no one. From that time on, I had no further contact with RISCONO.

I know that RISCONO gave some information to V SD relative to students of the "Giulio Cesare" school. I know also that he denounced the President of this School as belonging to the Committee of National Liberation. The people <sup>32</sup> ~~she~~ can confirm or give more information on RISCONO are ANGELUTTI, ROLANDO, a school <sup>33</sup> ~~she~~

-4-  
S E C R E T

panion of BISOGNO at the "Giulio Cesare" Liceo and stenographer at the V SD,  
GIORGIO DE MICHELE who knew BISOGNO since February, GATTOIA FRANCO and any  
other belonging to the Movimento Fascista Giovanile or to the V SD.

All of the above information is strictly true and I am ready to repeat it  
in Court under bond of oath.

(a) MANCA VLADIMIRO

I know that BISOGNO was concerned with a certain WALTER BECK, who escaped  
from Via Tasso; this WALTER BECK is a friend of mine. He is a German who fled  
from Germany for a motive that I do not know. There was a reward out of 200,000  
lires for whoever found him. BISOGNO tried to have him arrested. In fact,  
according to BISOGNO, he arrested BECK at least three times. Instead, I know  
that this was not true, knowing where BECK was hidden, that he had ~~shaved~~ dyed his  
hair and since I was in contact with him. This WALTER BECK can be traced through  
a friend we have in common by the name of COLANTUONO ALBERTO, resident in Rome,  
Via Agvi 6, Apartment 15.

(a) MANCA VLADIMIRO

One of the informers that BISOGNO HAD about the ~~month~~ month of May was GIULIO  
CARADONNA who, through BISOGNO, furnished information to V SD and to BERNASCONI.  
He frequented Via Dosso Faiti, looking for BISOGNO in order to furnish him with  
information. One day he said that WALTER BECK had gone to the Casina delle Rose  
and he wanted us to accompany him in order to arrest him. (BECK).

Translated by:

Claude J. Bové  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

**S E C R E T**

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 774, US ARMY

Roma, 21 Settembre 1946

Io, sottoscritto MARCO VLADIMIRO DI COSTANTINO, abitante in Via Cola di Riccio 111, in Roma, di mia spontanea volontà senza essere stato oggetto di nessuna pressione o violazione della mia libera volontà da parte dell'autorità inquirente, dichiaro quanto segue:

Ho conosciuto ERNESTO BISOGNO ai GRUPPI FASCISTI di AGIUME GIOVANILE (GFG) all'inizio del mese di Febbraio. Suppi da varie persone e da lui stesso che aveva fatto parte delle squadre di Palazzo Braschi alle dipendenze di POLLASTRINI e dell'Ufficio Politico di Palazzo Braschi insieme a LUCIO GARRIENI, che faceva parte da marzo '44 in poi della SS a Via Tasso. Questo verso Settembre - Ottobre '43. Era iscritto dalla fondazione ai Gruppi Fascisti Giovanili e collaborava sia con UPTREDUZZI che con VIDETTA, portando loro informazioni. Alla fondazione dell'Ufficio "Raccolta Notizie", (fine Febbraio), da me diretto, BISOGNO venne incaricato delle informazioni politiche e militari. In pari tempo, collaborava con BERNARDONI, capo dell'Ufficio Politico della Federazione (Via Verri). Egli faceva parte di detto ufficio, ricevava stipendio superiore alle 3000 (mille) lire mensili e possedeva la tessera che autorizzava al porto d'armi ed alla circolazione durante il coprifuoco. Non so se detta tessera permetesse arresti e perquisizioni. In pari tempo, il BISOGNO frequentava anche via Tasso e credo anche l'Ambasciata. Tutti sapevano al Movimento che il BISOGNO frequentava via Tasso. Credo che in pari tempo frequentasse il MAGGIORE PARCA INTERNO del 200<sup>o</sup> Corrando Militare Regionale, facente parte del STM. Le informazioni più importanti che aveva BISOGNO le portava direttamente al VIDETTA, capo del Movimento Giovanile. VIDETTA apparteneva alla SS; vidi alcune volte la sua tessera della SS e lui stesso me lo confermò. BISOGNO usava sovente nomi falsi - cioè: Tenente MANFREDI, che era il più comune e poi 31

-2-

~~SECRET~~

DEL VANTAGGIO. In alcune occasioni, sia io che altre persone, rimproverammo l'UFFREDUZZI poiché manteneva sempre contatti col BISOGNO ma l'UFFREDUZZI rispondeva che bisognava sopportare le sue chiacchiere poiché il BISOGNO ogni tanto portava ottime notizie.

Il 7 marzo, presi parte all'azione di via del Vantaggio, insieme con CAROCCI, MANDOLISI e ALBERTO \_\_\_\_\_, s/t della Marina poi partito come semplice soldato nella "Nembo", BERNASCONI e due altri ufficiali, dell'Ufficio di BERNASCONI. Il BISOGNO era stato il promotore ed il Capo di detta azione. Pochi giorni dopo il BISOGNO ci dette lire 5000 a persona, dicendoci che erano mandate da BERNASCONI. Il fatto che sia stato il BISOGNO a ricevere tutto il denaro per poi distribuirlo a noi dimostra che è stato lui il capo di detta azione. ~~Si vede  
il BISOGNO~~.

Sa che il BISOGNO aveva degli informatori che lavoravano per lui e che molto spesso venivano a Palazzo Colonna a chiedere sia di lui che del Tenente MANFREDI, suo altro nome. Dopo l'affare di Via del Vantaggio, il BISOGNO venne chiamato Signore DEL VANTAGGIO e fu molto più stimato dal BERNASCONI.

Continuando sempre a dare informazioni all'UFFREDUZZI quando UFFREDUZZI andò al V SD, il BISOGNO continuò a passar gli informazioni. La sua sigla al V SD era V6.

In seguito, il BISOGNO divenne membro della banda di BERNASCONI alle dipendenze di TAMBURINI, capo della Polizia Italiana. Il BISOGNO aveva una tessera del Ministero degli Interni; bianca, rettangolare, con la fotografia e che autorizzava al porto d'armi ed alla circolazione dopo il coprifuoco. Lui dava informazioni su detta Banda BERNASCONI all'UFFREDUZZI per beneficio del V SD. Il BISOGNO frequentava spesso prima Via Antonelli, poi Via Desco Fatti.

A Via Antonelli, lui visitava AGOSTINI, UFFREDUZZI e VON TOIA (ANGELUTTI). AGOSTINI lo stimava poco; di solito lo faceva attendere delle ore e poi non lo riceveva.

10

二〇〇〇年

L'ANGELOTTI fece un pausone tra un vecchio coltello arrugginito ed il BESOGNO  
dicendo che il coltello, benché vecchio, arrugginito, poteva ancora servire e  
così il BESOGNO, benché ciacchierone e vanaglioso, poteva sempre essere utile.  
L'UFRIZZI era quello che lo stinava ed ascoltava di più. Tanto vero che  
al trasferimento della senica a via Dossi Faati, la frequentò quasi esclusivamente.  
Dunque si osservò anche di movimenti o spostamenti di mezzi nascosti - credo  
che lo facessero per certo di BENACONI e del Comitato Milano Regolare. Verso  
la fine di Maggio, il BESOGNO si presentò a via Dossi Faati, dicendo che aveva  
fatto costruire strumenti ottici per il valore di lire 3.000,00 al Comitato  
Milano Regolare. A cui fecesse il 10% - cioè, lire 300,00. Egli offriva  
il prezzo ad UFRIZZI - molto probabilmente perché tutti i preni ricevuti  
dal mondo del V SD dovevano essere dati a detto Gruppo. Il 3 Giugno, LUFIZZI,  
dal mondo del V SD dovevano essere dati a detto Gruppo. Il 3 Giugno, LUFIZZI,  
dovendo partire, incarica il De MONEA di ricevere duecento lire di cui lire  
50,000 dovevano essere consegnate a me per STACCI SVAJDO o lire 50,000 doveva  
permettere il DE MONEA nell'Italia Settentrionale. A quanto mi risulta le  
100,000 lire non sono mai state ricevute. Ma quanto che è rimasta

La sera del 3 Giugno IL BISCGO telefonò a via Antonelli, domando a chi era  
doveva partire e dove doveva trovarsi. Si fu ordinato di aspettarlo, da un  
certo RAPPO (o GAULX) si trovarà la mattina seguente alle ore 8 a via Antonelli.  
Io mi recai verso le nove ma non trovai nessuno. Un'altra notte ebbi più messaggi  
contattato col BISCGO.

Se ciò si riscontra delle precedente informazioni al V SD riguardo a alcuni dei  
se ciò si riscontra delle precedente informazioni al V SD riguardo a alcuni del  
Liceo "Giulio Cesare". Se anche che deputato il Consiglio di detto Liceo come  
appartenente al Comitato di Liberazione Nazionale, le persone che possono  
concedere e dare ulteriori informazioni sul BISOGNO sono ANDRETTI ROLANDO,  
compagno di scuola del BISOGNO al Liceo "Giulio Cesare" e dattilografo al V SD,  
GIOVIO DE MICHELE che conobbe il BISOGNO sin dal FEBBRAIO, GATTOLA FRANCESCO  
chiunque altro appartenente al Movimento Fascista Giovani o al V SD. 29

~~SECRET~~

Tutte queste notizie sono rigorosamente vere e sono pronto a ripeterle in tribunale sotto il vincolo del giuramento.

(f) MANCA VLADIMIRO

So che il BISOGNO si occupava di un certo WALTER BECK, evaso da Via Tasso; detto WALTER BECK è mio amico. Egli è un tedesco fuggito dalla Germania non so per quali motivi. C'era su di lui un premio di lire ~~200,000~~ 200,000 a chi lo trovava. Il BISOGNO tentò di farlo arrestare. Anzi, secondo il BISOGNO, egli arrestò il BECK per ben 3 volte. Io invece sapevo che ciò non era vero, sapendo dove era nascosto il BECK, che aveva tinti i propri capelli ed essendo in contatto con lui. Detto WALTER BECK può essere intracciato da un comune amico che si chiama COLANTUONO ALBERTO, abitante in Roma, Via Agvi 6. interno 15.

(f) MANCA VLADIMIRO

Uno degli informatori di BISOGNO, verso il mese di Maggio, era GIULIO CARADONNA, il quale, tramite BISOGNO, forniva informazioni al V SD ed a NERMI-SCONI. EGLI FREQUENTAVA Via Posso Faiti cercando il BISOGNO per fornirgli informazioni. Un giorno disse che il WALTER BECK sarebbe andato alla Casina delle Rose e ci invitò ad accompagnarlo per arrestarlo.

witnessed by:

Claudio J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

~~SECRET~~

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

Roma, 6 Settembre 1944

Io, ~~xxx~~ sottoscritto MANCA VLADIMIRO DI COSTANTINO, abitante in Via Cola di Rienzo 111, di mia spontanea volonta, senza essere stato oggetto di nessuna pressione o violazione della mia libera volontà da parte della autorità inquirente, dichiaro quanto segue:

Il giorno 8 Settembre '43 io non mi trovavo a Roma ma a Aspra Sabina insieme ai miei genitori. Alla fine di Settembre venni a Roma per due o tre giorni per passare una visita medica all'Istituto Forlanini quindi feci ritorno ad Aspra Sabina. Ritornai definitivamente a Roma verso la fine di Ottobre o i primi di Novembre.

Ho avuto i primi contatti con la "PARANZA" nel mese di Dicembre presentato da UFFREDUZZI. Dichiaro nel modo piu' assoluto di non aver fatto parte della "PARANZA" ne del Gruppo "COSO" (controversissimo) e non ne ho mai sentito parlare. Sempre nel mese di Dicembre seppi da MASSIMO UFFREDUZZI che capi della PARANZA erano VITO VIDETTA e MASSIMO UFFREDUZZI. Conobbi personalmente il VIDETTA il 6 Febbraio e cioè il giorno prima che la "PARANZA" venisse ufficialmente riconosciuta e legalizzata dal P.F.R. con il nome GRUPPI FASCISTI D'AZIONE GIOVANILE "ONORE E COMBATTIMENTO". Entrai a far parte di detti gruppi all'atto stesso della loro fondazione. Tra i fondatori erano: GUIDA CARLO, DE MICHELE GIORGIO, UFFREDUZZI MASSIMO ~~XXX AXE~~ e ALDO ROMANO. Nessuno degli appartenenti al Gruppo aveva una tessera regolare ma un semplice "lasciapassare" firmato da VIDETTA.

Verso il 10 Febbraio, UFFREDUZZI, DE MICHELE, VIDETTA e tutti gli altri appartenenti alla "PARANZA" si recarono a Ravenna per partecipare ai funerali di "Ettore Muti". Restammo a Roma io ed ALDO ROMANO al quale presentai la mia regolare domanda di iscrizione e al ritorno a Roma della "PARANZA", VITO VIDETTA

XXX -2-

~~SECRET~~

incarico UFFREDUZZI di "mantenere i contatti con i comandi tedeschi". UFFREDUZZI pregò me e GIORGIO DE MICHELE di aiutarlo nel suo lavoro. Accettammo l'incarico.

Verso la fine di Febbraio, Vito VIDETTA nominò me capo dell'Ufficio Raccolta Notizie, Ufficio che aveva il compito di raccogliere tutte le notizie di carattere politico che venivano fornite dagli appartenenti al Gruppo. L'ufficio era suddiviso in quattro settori: uno per le informazioni militari, uno per le informazioni politiche, uno per le informazioni diplomatiche ed un altro per le informazioni economiche. Il settore Politico era affidato a ERNESTO MARIA BISOGNO, il settore militare a LUCIO GABRIELLI e quello diplomatico a MASSIMO UFFREDUZZI e quello economico a nessun titolare in quanto che non svolgeva nessuna attività. Le informazioni, dopo essere state controllate dai capi settore venivano passate, alla Sezione *Squadre*. Circa la Signora MARGHERITA ROOSEVELT non ricordo con precisione se il suo nome venne denunciato al ~~mio~~ ufficio oppure no. Nel mese di Marzo ho partecipato all'azione di Via del Vantaggio sulla quale ho già fatto una deposizione a parte. Pure nel mese di Marzo, mi recai con Ernesto MARIA BISOGNO, ed altre persone che non conosco, in un magazzino sito nel quartiere Prati in cui, secondo una denuncia pervenutaci, dovevano essere nascoste delle armi. Facemmo una perquisizione e non trovammo nulla. Sempre nel mese di Marzo accompagnai il BISOGNO a fare una perquisizione in un appartamento privato situato nelle vicinanze del Foro Traiano in cui dovevamo trovarsi delle armi. Non so' se queste armi vennero o no rinvenute perché mi allontanai prima che la perquisizione avesse termine.

Verso la fine di Marzo, UFFREDUZZI venne a casa mia e mi propose di entrare a fare ~~markout~~ (parte) del V SD. Accettai la proposta. Verso i primi di Aprile, UFFREDUZZI mi presentò nel Comando del V SD in via Antonelli al DOTTOR AGOSTINI, Capo del Gruppo stesso, il quale mi spiegò che ero legato dal vincolo del segreto per tutto quello che avveniva nel V SD e che qualsiasi mia indiscrezione sarebbe stata punita colla morte. Dopo tre o quattro giorni, (10 Aprile), <sup>26</sup> l'AGOSTINI

\*\* -3-

S E C R E T

mi chiamò in gran segreto e dopo aver richiesto quali erano le mie capacità e le mie attitudini di società, disse che voleva mettermi in relazione con il Capo del Servizio di Sabotaggio Inglese il quale aveva già ricevuto dall'Ufficio di AGOSTINI un finanziamento di 400,000 lire. L'AGOSTINI sapeva il nome e la nazionalità di questa persona ma non me le rivelò. Il mio compito avrebbe dovuto consistere nella stringere amicizia con questa persona e conoscerne le abitudini. Credo che l'AGOSTINI intendesse compiere qualche furto di documenti in casa sua in quanto che aggiunse che aveva necessità di conoscere anche un ladro di professione. Non accettai l'incarico poiché l'AGOSTINI mi fece presente che anche la più lieve indiscrezione su questa missione da parte mia sarebbe stata punita colla morte.

Dopo qualche tempo, l'UFFREDUZZI, verso il 15 di Aprile, mi chiamò nell'Ufficio e mi disse che alla Federazione del P.F.R. in Via Veneto, si arrestavano persone lasciandole liberi dietro compenso in danaro e mi pregò di interessarmene. Siccome la missione mi piaceva, accettai. Venni allora incaricato di avvicinare il Capitano della G.N.R., POZZO. La missione affidata non mi riuscì.

Sulla porta dell'ufficio di via Antonelli come successivamente su quello di Via Dosso Faiti lessi un avviso in cui era precisato che quell'appartamento era sede di un comando distaccato della SICHERHEITSPOLIZEI u. S.D. e che qualsiasi tentativo di violenza da parte di estranei sarebbe stato giudicato dal Tribunale Militare Germanico secondo le vigenti leggi di guerra del Reich. \*

Il mio compito nel V SD era quello di informatore. I miei rapporti dovevano essere consegnati all'UFFREDUZZI; in sua assenza, al DE MICHELE. La mia sigla era M5 ed il mio pseudonimo era WALTER. Riconosco di essere l'autore della denuncia contro la Farmacia URODA della quale ho già fatto deposizione.

-4-

~~SECRET~~

Verso il 15 Maggio, la sottosezione si trasferì a Via Dosso Faiti 9. Questa sezione doveva essere composta di quattro gruppi suddivisi in: Lotta contro i partigiani, propaganda, lotta contro il Comunismo, e contro la borsa nera. Queste erano le direttive principali però si accettavano tutte le notizie. UFFREDUZZI era Capo assoluto di detta sezione di Via Dosso Faiti e GIORGIO DE MICHELE era il suo sostituto o UNTERABTEILLUNGSCHEF. Verso la metà di Maggio fu stabilita dall'UFFREDUZZI questa divisione della Sezione del V SD.

Verso il 25 di Maggio l'UFFREDUZZI ci chiamò nel suo ufficio e ci disse che dovevamo partire. Erano presenti GATTOLA, UFFREDUZZI, io e credo GIORGIO DE MICHELE. GATTOLA ed io abbiamo dichiarato che non volevamo partire ed abbiamo richiesto di restare a Roma in missione di spionaggio per conto dell'V SD. L'UFFREDUZZI disse che dopo aver parlato con l'AGOSTINI ci avrebbe dato la risposta. Il giorno seguente, ci comunicò l'UFFREDUZZI che AGOSTINI aveva accettato la proposta e che ci avrebbe presentati alla persona che sarebbe stato il capo di un vasto gruppo di spionaggio. Infatti, verso il 28 Maggio, UFFREDUZZI presentò GATTOLA e me ad OSVALDO SCACCIA, che doveva essere il Capo di detto gruppo. Io aveva già avuto occasione di conoscere lo SCACCIA precedentemente. Accettai la proposta di lavorare per SCACCIA e promisi di preparare una lista di informatori, specificando attitudini, specializzazioni e conoscenze linguistiche. Subito dopo, l'UFFREDUZZI mi presentò MARIO CALOSSO che stava al GUF e che avrebbe dovuto trovare nel GUF delle persone disposte a lavorare come informatori. L'appuntamento per portare questo elenco era fissato per Domenica, 4 Giugno, alle ore 10 a Via Dosso Faiti. Il MARIO CALOSSO non venne all'appuntamento.

Il giorno 3 Giugno, l'UFFREDUZZI mi disse che sarebbe partito la sera, pregandomi di andare a Via Antonelli ove mi avrebbe consegnato: una somma di 50,000 lire che io avrei dovuto consegnare alla SCACCIA (detta somma avrebbe dovuto servire per coprire le nostre spese), un elenco di informatori che UFFREDUZZI conosceva, ed una carta ove erano segnalate le bande fasciste.  
24ell.

-5-

~~SECRET~~

Italia Meridionale. Arrivammo GATTOLA ed io a Via Antonelli ma l'UFFREDUZZI era già partito. Parlammo con un tale CALUSI (CHIUSI) che credo forse si chiamasse anche RAPPO, il quale offri' a GATTOLA ed a me di acquistare i quadri ed i tappeti - proposta da noi immediatamente accettata. Il GATTOIA andò a casa ma tornò con la somma di lire 3000, dandola come anticipo per detti quadri e tappeti che erano quelli di Via Antonelli, della sede del V SD. Caricammo detti oggetti su di una automobile e li portammo a casa di GATTOIA. Nel frattempo, BISOGNO chiamò al telefono per chiedere a chi ora lui doveva venire per la partenza. Il RAPPO mi disse di rispondergli di trovarsi la mattina dopo a Via Antonelli alle ore 8 del mattino. Messa questa merce a casa del GATTOIA, venni accompagnato in automobile a casa mia ed ivi mi feci consegnare da mio padre la somma di L 15000. Questo denaro lo consegnai ad un incaricato del RAPPO. Lo accompagnai fino al Comando della X<sup>o</sup> Mas (Pza Bainsizza) per verificare si consegnava detta somma all'AGOSTINO.

Il giorno 4 Giugno m'incontrai con il GATTOLA e con il DE MICHELE. Dissi a DE MICHELE di consegnarmi il mio AUSWEIS come anche quello del GATTOIA. Ci consegnò un AUSWEIS dall'OPERKOMMANDO DER WEHRMACHT AMT ABWEHR, NEST ROM. in esso ero autorizzato dal Comando Militare Tedesco ad effettuare arresti, perquisizioni e comunque ad agire liberamente. Il mio scopo per ottenere questo permesso era distruggerlo ulteriormente ma prima di usarlo nell'eventualità di un incontro con qualche gruppo o persona tedesca.

(f) MANCA VIADIMIRO

Witnessed by:

*Claude J. Bove*  
 Claude J. Bove  
 1st Lt. F.A.  
 Asst G-2, RAAC.

DETACHMENT 2615 TECHNICAL SUPERVISION REGIMENT (ATT. LT. CLAUDE J. BOVÉ) NORTHERN  
BASE SECTION APO 386 CORSICA

HEADQUARTERS Lazio Umbria Region

RESTRICTED

6965

PRIORITY

241100

LEGAL

RESTRICTED PD

REPORT TO LT. LOUIS SABATINO PALACE OF JUSTICE ROME IMMEDIATELY

PAPER TO DETACHMENT 2615 TECHNICAL SUPERVISION REGIMENT (ATT. LT. CLAUDE J. BOVÉ)

NORTHERN BASE SECTION APO 386 CORSICA FROM HEADQUARTERS Lazio Umbria Region P.P.

SABATINO SIGNED FOULOTTI PAPER

TO TESTIFY IN SPY CASE TO BE TRIED UPON YOUR ARRIVAL PD

*JB*  
JOSEPH CALLUZO  
NOJC USA  
ASST ADJT

22

22

~~SECRET~~

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

3 September 1944

SUBJECT: Statement made by MANCA VLADIMIRO relative to FRANCO GATTOLA.

Translation of attached document is as follows:

- - - - -

Rome, 2 September 1944

I the undersigned MANCA VLADIMIRO di COSTANTINO, resident in Via Cola di Rienzo 111, of my own free will, without having undergone any coercion or violation of my free will on the part of the investigating authority, declare as follows:

I know GATTOLA for about 8 years and we are close friends. During the month of MAY, GATTOLA came to me and begged me to help him because he had been denounced at the Military Court as a deserter. I told GATTOLA that I would talk about his case to UFFREDUZZI who already knew him for about a year.

Several days later, I spoke to UFFREDUZZI about GATTOLA, begging him to help him out. UFFREDUZZI told me that if GATTOLA was disposed to enter into the V SD and to work for him, he would help him out. I referred the matter to GATTOLA who accepted the proposal. Two or three days later, he met UFFREDUZZI in via Antonelli. GATTOLA and UFFREDUZZI retired into a small room and spoke about the acceptance application of GATTOLA.

After this meeting, GATTOLA frequented the office of Via Antonelli and later the sub-section of Via Dosso Faiti. At first, GATTOLA had the job of watching the papers and noting all the information regarding the Badoglio Government and the activities of the Allies in the zones of Italy already liberated. Both in Via Antonelli as well as in Via Dosso Faiti, we jokingly called GATTOLA "the partisan", because before he was taken into the V SD he had been for two weeks in a partisan band which he then had abandoned for reasons I do not know. 21

-2-

S E C R E T

About the end of May, GATTOLA received the invitation from UFFREDUZZI to prepare to transfer to the North, along with the V SD. GATTOLA told to UFFREDUZZI THAT he preferred to have a mission confided to him in Rome itself.

UFFREDUZZI accepted the request of GATTOLA and arranged to make him part of the SD ESPIONAGE GROUP which was to remain in Rome after the arrival of the Allies. On 30 May, UFFREDUZZI presented GATTOLA to SCACCIA who was to be the head of the Group itself. Even in the presence of SCACCIA, GATTOLA re-confirmed his intention to remain in Rome and to undertake espionage work in favor of Germany. After the arrival of the Allies, for two or three days I had no news of GATTOLA. Days later, about the 12th or 13th, GATTOLA told me that he was going to Naples where his family resided (Paese di Pago di Lauro). About the 15, I learned that GATTOLA had left for Naples after which I had no further news from him.

All of the above is absolutely true and I am ready to repeat it in Court under oath.

(s) MANCA VLADIMIRO

The countersign of GATTOLA in the V SD must have been either Q8 or Q9.

(s) MANCA VLADIMIRO

Translated by:

*Claude J. Bove*  
Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

~~S E C R E T~~

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE ACCOF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

Roma, 2 Settembre 1944

Io sottoscritto MANCA VLADIMIRO di COSTANTINO, abitante in Via Cola di Rienzo 111, di mia spontanea volontà, senza aver subito nessuna pressione o violazione della mia libera volontà da parte della autorità inquirente dichiaro quanto segue:

Conosco il GATTOLA da circa otto anni, e sono legato a lui da rapporti amicizia. Nel mese di Maggio il GATTOLA venne da me e mi pregò di aiutarlo in quanto che era stato denunciato al Tribunale Militare come disertore. Dissi al GATTOLA che avrei parlato del suo caso all'UFFREDUZZI che già lo conosceva da circa un anno.

Pochi giorni dopo parlai all'UFFREDUZZI del caso GATTOLA, pregandolo di aiutarlo. L'UFFREDUZZI mi disse che se il GATTOLA era disposto ad entrare nel V SD ed a lavorare per lui lo avrebbe aiutato. Riferii la cosa al GATTOLA il quale accettò la proposta. Due o tre giorni dopo si incontrò con UFFREDUZZI in via Antonelli. Il GATTOLA e l'UFFREDUZZI si ritirarono in un solottino e parlarono delle modalità per l'accettazione del GATTOLA.

Dopo questo incontro il GATTOLA frequentò l'ufficio di via Antonelli successivamente la sottosezione di Via Dosso Faiti. Nei primi tempi il GATTOLA ebbe l'incarico di compulsare i giornali e segnalare tutte le notizie che riguardavano il Governo Badoglio e l'attività degli Alleati, nelle zone dell'Italia già liberate. Sia in Via Antonelli che in Via Dosso Faiti chiamavamo scherzosamente il GATTOLA "Il Partigiano", perché prima di essere accolto nell'V SD era stato per una quindicina di giorni in una Banda di partigiani che poi aveva abbandonato per ragioni che non sono di mia conoscenza. Verso la fine di Maggio, GATTOLA ricevette l'invito dell'UFFREDUZZI di prepararsi per trasferirsi nel Nord, insieme col V SD. Il GATTOLA disse all'UFFREDUZZI ch~~19~~

-2-

S E C R E T

preferiva che gli venisse affidata una missione a Roma stessa.

L'UFFREDUZZI accolse la richiesta del GATTOLA e lo destinò a far parte del Gruppo di Spionaggio SD che sarebbe rimasto a Roma dopo la venuta degli Alleati. Il 30 MAGGIO, L'UFFREDUZZI presentò il GATTOLA a SCACCIA che ~~gadens~~ doveva essere il capo del Gruppo stesso. Anche in presenza dello SCACCIA, il GATTOLA riconfermò la sua intenzione di restare a Roma e di svolgere opera di spionaggio a favore della Germania. Dopo l'arrivo degli Alleati, per due o tre giorni non ebbi alcuna notizia del GATTOLA. Giorni dopo, verso il 12 o il 13, il GATTOLA mi disse che si sarebbe recato a Napoli ove dimostrava la sua famiglia (Paese di Pago di Lauro). Verso il 15 seppi che il GATTOLA era partito per Napoli dopo di che non ebbi di lui più nessuna notizia.

Tutte queste notizie sono rigorosamente vere e sono pronto a ripeterle in Tribunale sotto il vincolo del giuramento.

(f) MANCA VLADIMIRO

La sigla del GATTOLA nel V SD doveva essere o Q8 o Q9.

(f) MANCA VLADIMIRO

Witnessed by:

*Claude J. Bove*  
Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

Roma 2 Settembre 46.

Io professore Irace Wladimir J. Costantini, abitante  
in via Cesa 5. Rango 111 d. ma spontanea  
volonta, senza aver subito nessuna pressione o  
violazione della mia libera volontà da parte della  
autorità inquirente dichiaro quanto segue:

Conosco il Gattola da circa otto anni e sono  
legato a lui da rapporti amicizia. Nel mese d.  
Maggio il Gattola venne da me e mi pregò d.  
aiutarlo in quanto egli era stato denunciato al  
Tribunale militare come desertore. Dopo al  
Gattola che avrei parlato del suo caso all'Uff.  
dazzi che già lo conosceva da circa un anno.

Pochi giorni dopo parla all'Uff. dazzi del  
caso Gattola, pregandolo di aiutarlo. ~~Non fu~~   
~~mai~~ L'Uff. dazzi mi disse che n. il  
Gattola era stato arrestato nel T.S.O ed a  
lavorare per lui lo avrebbe aiutato. Riferi-  
la cosa al Gattola il quale accettò la proposta.

Due o tre giorni dopo si incontrò con l'Uff. dazzi  
in via Autonelli. Il Gattola e l'Uff. dazzi ri-  
tirarono in un solotto e parlaron di ~~che~~  
modalità per l'accettazione del Gattola.

21

Dopo questo incontro il Gattola frequentò l'ufficio d. V.ia Autorelli, successivamente la Sottoseg. d. V.ia Domo Faiti. Per primi tempi il Gattola ebbe l'incarico di compilare i giornali e segnalare tutte le notizie che riguardavano il governo Baloglio e l'attività degli alleati nelle zone dell'Italia già liberate. Ora in V.ia Autorelli che in V.ia Domo Faiti chiamavamo Mazzorza mente il Gattola "il Partigiano" perché prima d'essere accolto nell'<sup>Uff.</sup> S.D. era stato per una guibicina 5 giorni in una Banda di partigiani che poi aveva abbandonato per ragioni di cui non sono di mia conoscenza. Verso la fine di Maggio Gattola ricevette tram l'inizio dell'Uffreduzzi di prepararsi per trasferirsi nel Nord insieme col Uff. S.D. Il Gattola disse all'Uffreduzzi che preferiva che gli venisse affidata una missione a Roma stessa.

L'Uffreduzzi accolse la richiesta del Gattola e lo fece fare parte del Gruppo S. Sp. maggio S. D. che sarebbe rimasto a Roma. Dopo la venuta degli alleati, il 30 Maggio l'Uffreduzzi, **16** presentò il Gattola a Scaccia che sovra

31

essere il capo del gruppo stesso. Anche se  
 prenza dello Skacchia il Gattola riceveremo  
 la sua infanzia di restare a Roma e di  
 svolgere opera di spionaggio a favore della  
 Germania. Dopo l'arrivo Seg. alleato  
 per due o tre giorni non ebbi alcuna  
 notizia del Gattola. Giorni dopo, verso il 12°  
 o 13° il Gattola mi disse che si sarebbe recato  
 a Napoli dove dimora la sua famiglia  
 (Palma d. Rago d. Savoia) Verso il 15 seppi che  
 il Gattola era partito per Napoli solo che  
 non ebbi da lui più nessuna notizia +  
 Tutte queste notizie sono rigorosamente vere e  
 sono pronto a ripeterle in Tribunale sotto il  
 vincolo del Giuramento.

La sigla del Gattola nell'I.G. Savoia come a Q85Q9

S E C R E T

ROME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

2 September 1944

SUBJECT: Statement made by MANCA VLADIMIRO relative GIORGIO DE MICHELE.

Translation of attached document is as follows:

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Rome, 1 September 1944.

I, the undersigned MANCA VLADIMIRO di COSTANTINO, residing in Via Cola di Rienzo 111, declare of my own free will, without having been subjected to any coercion or violation of my free will on the part of the investigating authority, the following:

I met GIORGIO de MICHELE during the month of February at the Fascist Youth Movement (Piazza Colonna). I believe that he was introduced to me by UFFREDUZZI. He was one of the founders of this Movement and was a man held in ~~our~~ great confidence both by VIDETTA (Head of the Movement) as well as UFFREDUZZI. He occupied himself in going to Cisterna, Littoria and Rosi, to help the war sufferers. I believe that de MICHELE occupied himself at the Movimento Giovanile even of political affairs, along with VIDETTA and UFFREDUZZI. When I entered to become part of the V SD (May) I found de MICHELE THERE. He was arguing with AGOSTINI about a question of reimbursing expenses. When the sub-section on via Dosso Faiti 9 was founded, he was appointed, by UFFREDUZZI, Vice-Chief (UNTERABTEILUNGSCHEF). His official function was to substitute the ABTEILUNGSCHEF (UFFREDUZZI); that is, to issue orders and to receive reports. Relative to the relations of DE MICHELE with the Band of Captain BORROMEO, I know absolutely nothing.

UFFREDUZZI declared, in the presence of myself and GATTOLA FRANCO that de MICHELE was an old friend of his and that he placed the greatest of confidence in him. Before myself and GATTOLA, a few days before the arrival of 14

-8

~~SECRET~~

THE Allies, de MICHELE declared that he absolutely intended to leave for the North, along with UFFREDUZZI. He begged me and GATTOLA, on the 4th of June, to help him find a vehicle in order to leave.

He also declared that he had been one of the first to belong to the V SD. Among the members of the V SD, it was said that de MICHELE went frequently to Rajano, declaring that he was going to pay a visit to his family but instead he was establishing contact with partisan bands which he then denounced to UFFREDUZZI who, as I found out because I had affirmed it once, knew well the allocation of the Partisan bands in the North. It was also said that de MICHELE, passing as a partisan, approached English agents at the front lines from whom he gathered information which, after he had made UFFREDUZZI see it, he reconsigned it to the proper parties.

UFFREDUZZI, who was of a diffident character, had the most absolute faith in de MICHELE; so much so that he would not tolerate the arising of doubts relative to the fidelity of de MICHELE. For what precise reason UFFREDUZZI had such faith in de MICHELE I can not say although every time UFFREDUZZI had to confer with de MICHELE he made all the agents present go out of the room.

It is known to me that UFFREDUZZI left suddenly before the hour of departure. The departure was so hasty that UFFREDUZZI was not even able to make an appointment which he had fixed with me in Via Antonelli, on which occasion he was to have consigned to me a sum of money (50,000 lire) and a list of persons in which he had confidence and who could serve as informers; items which I was to consign as soon as possible to SWALDO SCACCIA, ~~he~~ who had been designated by UFFREDUZZI as our superior and the 50,000 lire were to be used for the expenses that I, GATTOLA and GUIDA were going to incur in order to bring to a conclusion our mission. On this point I believe it is opportune to note precisely that neither I nor GATTOIA had the intention to **13**

-3-

~~SECRET~~

carry out our mission. Also, on the 4th of June, de MICHELE presented a friend of his to me on the street, saying that he also had to leave for the North and that therefore he was seeking desperately a vehicle. This person said that he had to go North because he had had a fight with his wife!!! During this conversation, FRANCO GATTOLA was present. I do not remember the name of the person presented to me but I can say however that he was a man of about 30 years of age, 1,80 meters tall, a very robust build, almost athletic; I do not remember ~~xxxxxx~~ exactly if he did or did not have a moustache. I believe that upon seeing him I would be able to recognize him.

In prison, I had the occasion once to exchange a few words with de MICHELE. De MICHELE told me that he had been arrested because they had found arms in his home and that he had confessed that he was an officer of the SS.

All of the above information is strictly true and I am ready to repeat them before a Court under oath.

(s) MANCA VLADIMIRO

Translated by:

Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

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Rome, 2 September 1944

I the undersigned MANCA VLADIMIRO di COSTANTINO, residing in via Cola di Rienzo 111, ~~amplifying amplifying~~ amplifying what I have previously declared relative to GIORGIO DE MICHELE declare this other particular which I know as well as FRANCO GATTOIA.

About the 25th of May, called together in his room myself, FRANCO GATTOIA

12

-4-

~~SECRET~~

and GIORGIO DE MICHELE telling us that DE MICHELE had succeeded in finding a cutter who had already reproduced false German seals and that he (De Michele) had immediately reported it to UFFREDUZZI so that he could be utilized also by the V SD, to reproduce German seals which could be useful to the group ~~itself~~ itself to prepare those documents or those orders which the Germans themselves did not consider opportune to grant to the V SD. UFFREDUZZI invited us to contribute financially to the expenses which would be incurred in making this seal. Io and GATTOLA made representations to UFFREDUZZI to the effect that we were minors in a family and that we could not sustain such an expense. DE MICHELE instead did not object at all and remained to confer with UFFREDUZZI after our exit.

Several days later, we knew that UFFREDUZZI was in possession of the false seal desired. DE MICHELE also offered to UFFREDUZZI, in the eventuality he remained in Rome, the possibility of procuring for him such aid and support so that UFFREDUZZI would have nothing to fear on the part of the patriots or the Allies.

DE MICHELE had for UFFREDUZZI a real veneration which can be confirmed by GATTOLA as well as all those who frequented the V SD. About Professor REGDO SCODRO, I do not know him personally. I believe, though, that he might be one of the directors of "Roma Fascista". I am sure, however, that SCODRO was one of the collaborators on this paper since I remember having read, previous to 25 July, several of his articles.

(s) MANCA VIADIMIRO

Translated by:

*Claude J. Bove*  
Claude J. Bove  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G02, RAAC.

S E C R E T

RCME ALLIED AREA COMMAND  
OFFICE OF THE AC OF S, G-2  
APO 794, US ARMY

Roma, 1 Settembre 1944.

Io sottoscritto MANCA VLADIMIRO di COSTANTINO abitante in Via Cola di Rienzo 111 dichiaro di mia spontanea volontà, senza essere stato oggetto di nessuna pressione o violazione della mia libera volontà da parte dell'Autorità inquirente, quanto segue:

Conobbi GIORGIO DE MICHELE nel mese di Febbraio al movimento Giovanile Fascista (Piazza Colonna). Credo che mi sia stato presentato da UFFREDUZZI. Egli era uno dei fondatori di detto movimento ed era anche uomo di fiducia sia del VIDETTA (Capo del Movimento) come di UFFREDUZZI. Egli si occupava di andare a Cisterna, Littoria e Rosi, per aiutare i sinistrati. Credo che il de Michele si occupasse al Movimento Giovanile anche di cose politiche, insieme al VIDETTA ed all'UFFREDUZZI. Quando entrai a far parte del V SD (Maggio) vi trovai il de Michele. Egli si mise in contrasto con il ~~Agostini~~ AGOSTINI circa una questione rimborso spese. Quando fu fondata la sottosezione a Via Dosso Faiti 9, egli venne nominato dall'UFFREDUZZI, Vice-Capo (UNTERABTEILUNGSCHEF). Il suo incarico ufficiale era quello di sostituire l'ABTEILUNGSCHEF (UFFREDUZZI); cioè di dare direttive e di ricevere i rapporti. In quanto alla relazioni del DE MICHELE colla Banda del Capitano BORROMEI non so assolutamente nulla.

UFFREDUZZI dichiarò, in presenza mia e di GATTOLA FRANCO che il de MICHELE era un suo vecchio compagno di lotti e che riponeva in lui la massima fiducia. Davanti a me e GATTOLA, pochi giorni prima dell'arrivo degli Alleati, il de MICHELE dichiarò che intendeva assolutamente partire per il Nord, insieme all'UFFREDUZZI. Pregò me ed il GATTOLA, il 4 Giugno, ~~sia~~ di aiutarlo a trovare una macchina per partire.

10

Dichiarò altresì di essere stato uno dei primi appartenenti al V SD.

-2-

~~SECRET~~

Fra gli appartenenti al V SD, si diceva che il de MICHELE si recasse spesso a Rajano, dichiarando di recarsi a far visita alla famiglia mentre invece prendeva contatti con Bande di Partigiani che poi denunciava all'UFFREDUZZI il quale, come mi risulta per averlo una volta constato, conosceva perfettamente la dislocazione delle Bande Partigiane nel Nord. Si diceva pure che il de MICHELE , facendosi passare per partigiano, accostava sulle linee del fronte agenti inglesi dai quali si faceva consegnare informazioni che poi, dopo aver fatto vedere all'UFFREDUZZI, riconsegnava agli interessati.

L'UFFREDUZZI, di carattere diffidente, aveva nel de MICHELE la fiducia piu' assoluta; tanto che, non tollerava che si potessero sollevare dubbi sulla fedeltà del de MICHELE. Per quale precisa ragione l'UFFREDUZZI avesse una tale fiducia nel de MICHELE non posso dirlo in quantoche ogni qual volta l'UFFREDUZZI doveva conferire con il de MICHELE faceva uscire dalla stanza tutti gli agenti presenti.

Mi risulta che l'UFFREDUZZI partì improvvisamente prima dell'ora fissata. La partenza fu così precipitosa che l'UFFREDUZZI non poté nemmeno venire ad un appuntamento che mi aveva fissato in Via Antonelli, in occasione del quale avrebbe dovuto consegnarmi una somma in denaro (50,000 lire) ed una lista di persone di sua fiducia che avrebbero dovuto servire come informatori; cose che io dovevo consegnare al piu' presto ad OSWAIDO SCACCIA, il quale era stato designato dall'UFFREDUZZI come nostro capo e le 50,000 lire dovevano servire per le spese che io, il GATTOLA ed il GUIDA avremmo dovuto sostenere per portare a termine la nostra missione. A proposito della quale credo opportuno precisare che ne io ne il GATTOLA avevamo intenzione di portare a termine detta missione. Pure il 4 Giugno, il de MICHELE mi presentò in istrada un suo amico, dicendomi che anch'esso avrebbe dovuto partire per il Nord e che perciò cercava disperatamente una macchina. Questo

-3-

~~S E C R E T~~

tal disse che doveva recarsi nel Nord perché aveva litigato colla moglie!!! A questa conversazione ha assistito il Franco GATTOLA. Non ricordo il nome della persona presentatami, posso dire però che era un uomo sulla trentina alto circa m 1,80, corporatura molto robusta, quasi atletica; non ricordo con precisione se portasse i baffi oppure no. Credo che rivedendolo sarei in grado di riconoscerlo.

In prigione ho avuto una volta occasione di scambiare con de MICHELE brevi parole. Il de MICHELE mi disse che era stato arrestato perché gli avevano trovato in casa delle armi e che lui aveva confessato di essere ufficiale delle SS.

Tutte queste notizie sono rigorosamente vere e sono pronto a ripeterle in Tribunale ~~sotto~~ sotto il vincolo del giuramento.

(f) MANCA VLADIMIRO.

Witnessed by:

Claude J. Bové  
Claude J. Bové  
1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

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Roma, 2 Settembre 1944

Io sottoscritto MANCA VLADIMIRO di COSTANTINO, abitante in via Cola di Rienzo 111, a completamento di quanto precedentemente dichiarato nei riguardi di GIORGIO DE MICHELE faccio presente questo altro particolare che è di conoscenza mia e di FRANCO GATTOLA.

Verò il 25 Maggio l'UFFREDUZZI convocò nella <sup>mia</sup> stanza me, FRANCO GATTOLA e GIORGIO DE MICHELE comunicandoci che il DE MICHELE era riuscito a trovare un incisore che aveva già riprodotto dei falsi timbri tedeschi e che lo aveva subito segnalato all'UFFREDUZZI perché venisse utilizzato anche dal V SD, per riprodurre timbri tedeschi che potevano essere utile al gruppo stesso per preparare quei documenti o quegli ordini che i tedeschi stessi

-4-

~~SECRET~~

non ritenevano opportuno concedere al V SD. L'UFFREDUZZI ci invitò a contribuire finanziariamente alle spese cui si andava incontro per fare questo timbro. Io ed il GATTOLA facemmo presente all'UFFREDUZZI che data la nostra situazione di figli di famiglia non potevamo sostenere questa spesa. Il DE MICHELE invece non obiettò nulla e rimase a confabulare con l'UFFREDUZZI, dopo la nostra uscita.

Alcuni giorni dopo, sapemmo che l'UFFREDUZZI era in possesso del timbro falso desiderato. Il DE MICHELE OFFRI' pure all'UFFREDUZZI, nel caso in cui questi rimanesse a Roma, la possibilità di procurargli appoggi tali per cui l'UFFREDUZZI non avrebbe avuto nulla a temere da parte dei patrioti o degli Alleati.

Il DE MICHELE Aveva per UFFREDUZZI una vera e propria venerazione come possono anche confermare il GATTOLA e tutti coloro che frequentavano il V SD. Circa il Professore REGDO SCODRO non lo conosco personalmente. Credo però che fosse uno dei direttori di "Roma Fascista". Sono certo però che lo SCODRO era uno dei collaboratori di questo giornale dato che ricordo di aver letto, prima del 25 Luglio, alcuni suoi articoli.

(f) MANCA VIADIMIRO

Witnessed by:

*Claude J. Bové*  
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1st Lt. F.A.  
Asst G-2, RAAC.

1 Roma 1 settembre 1947

Lo sottoscritto Manlio Vladimiro S. Costantino  
abitante in via Cola di Riupo 11 dichiara di una  
spontanea volontà, non esser stato oggetto di nessuna  
pressione o violazione della mia libera volontà da  
parte dell'autorità inquirente quanto segue:

Conobbi Giorgio De Michele nel mese di Febbraio al  
Movimento Giovannile Fascista (la Colonna). Credo che  
mi sia stato presentato da Uffordi - Egli era  
uno dei fondatori di questo Movimento ed era anche  
uno dei fiduciari del Videlta (Capo del Movimento)  
come vi Uffordi - Egli si occupava di andare ~~per~~  
a Cisterna, Pitteria e Rosi, per aiutare i sinistri.  
Credo che il De Michele si occupasse al Movimento  
Giovannile anche di cose Politiche, juridiche all'Udita  
e all'Uffordi - Questo entrai a far  
parte del V.S.D. Maggio/ e trovai il De Michele -  
Egli si mise in contatto con il Agostini circa una  
questione di imbarco spese - Quando fu fondata  
la sottoscrizione a via Dossi Faits d'egli venne  
nominato dall'Uffordi Vice-Capo / Unterabteilungsleiter/  
Il suo incarico ufficiale era quello di sostituire  
l'Abteilungsleiter (Uffordi) cioè di dare direttive e di

Inviato per corriere

2      1

ricevere i rapporti - n questo alle relazioni del  
de Michele nella Bande del Capitano Borromini ignorare  
non so assolutamente nulla - Ufficio Ufficio  
Siciliano, in presenza mia e di Gattola Francesco che  
il de Michele era un suo vecchio compagno di lotto e  
che riponeva in lui la massima fiducia -  
Davanti a me e Patti la pochi giorni prima  
dell'arrivo degli Alleati, il de Michele dichiarò che  
intendeva assolutamente partire per il Nord insieme  
all'Ufficio Ufficio + pregò me di il Patti di  
aiutarlo a trovare una macchina per partire +  
dichiarò altresì di essere stato uno dei primi  
appartenenti al T.S.D. Tra gli appartenenti  
al T.S.D. si diceva che il de Michele si recasse  
spesso a Rajano dichiarando di recarsi a far  
visita alla famiglia mentre invece frequentava  
contatti con Bande partigiani chi fosse  
conosciuta all'Ufficio Ufficio il quale, come mi  
risulta pur avendo ma volta constato, conosceva  
perfettamente la dislocazione delle Bande partigiane  
nel Nov. Si diceva pure che il de Michele  
faceva parere per partigiani accostava sulle  
linee del fronte agenti inglesi dai quali 5;  
faceva congiunti informazioni che poi dopo aver

3

fatto vedere all'Uffuggi, non ugnava agli interlocutori.

L'Uffuggi, di carattere siffidente aveva nel De Michele la fiducia più assoluta tanto che non tollerava chi si potessero sollevare dubbi sulla fedeltà del De Michele. Per quale precisa ragione l'Uffuggi avesse in tale fiducia nel De Michele non posso dirlo in quantoché ogni qual volta l'Uffuggi doleva confidò con il De Michele facendo uscire dalla stanza tutti gli agenti presenti. —

Mi risultò che l'Uffuggi partì improvvisamente prima dell'ora fissata. La partenza fu così precipitosa che l'Uffuggi non poté nemmeno venire ad un appuntamento che mi aveva fissato in Via Fotonelli, in occasione del quale avrebbe dovuto consegnarmi una somma in banconote (50'000 lire) ed una lista di persone la sua fiducia che avrebbero dovuto servire come informatori. con cui io dovrò consegnare al più presto al Ovallo Scaccia il quale era stato designato dall'Uffuggi come nostro capo e a 50'000 lire serviranno per le spese che io e il Gattia ed il Guida avremmo dovuto sostenere per portare a termine la nostra missione. A proposito della

Li

quali avrò opportuno precisare chi ne è u. il  
 Gattola avranno intenzione di portare a termine  
 detta missione. Pure il 4 giugno il de Michele mi  
 presentò un istituto un suo amico dicendomi che  
 anch'esso dove avrebbe dovuto partire per il Nord e  
 che forse cercava disperatamente una macchina.  
 Questo tale disse che doveva recarsi nel Nord perché  
 aveva litigato colla moglie (!!) A questa  
 conversazione ha assistito il Tenente Gattola —  
 Non ricordo il nome della persona presentatami  
 fino qui finché era un uomo sulla trentina  
 alto circa m. 80, corporatura molto robusta, quasi  
 atletica non ricordo con precisione se portava  
 baffi oppure no. Credo che vedendolo sarei in  
 grado di riconoscerlo — In prigione ho avuto una  
 volta occasione di scambiare con lui de Michele brevi  
 parole — Il de Michele mi disse chi era stato arrestato  
 perché gli avevano trovato in casa delle armi e che  
 lui aveva confessato di essere ufficiale delle S.S.  
 Tutte queste notizie sono ugualmente vere e saranno  
 fronte a ripetere in Enghien sotto il vincolo del  
 Giuramento —

Domenico Vassalli

3

Dom. 2 Settembre 44.

Lo sottosegretario Manca Wlad. mio si Costantino abitante  
in via Cola di Rienzo 111 a confrontamento di  
quanto precedentemente dichiarato nei riguardi di  
Giorgio de Michele faccio presente questo  
altro particolare che è di conoscenza mia ed  
Francesco Gattola. Verso il 25 maggio il  
Re mi l'Uffreduzzi convoco nella sua  
stanza me, Franco Gattola e Giorgio de Michele -  
~~François~~ è ricordato coi mani addosso che il  
de Michele era riuscito a trovare in incisione  
che aveva già riprodotto dei falsi timbri tedeschi e  
che lo aveva subito segnalato all'Uffreduzzi  
perché venisse utilizzato anche dal V.S.D. per  
rifornire i nostri tedeschi che potevano essere  
utili al souppo Steno per preparare quei  
documenti o quegli ordini che i tedeschi  
stessi non ritenevano opportuno concedere al  
V.S.D. L'Uffreduzzi ci inviò a contribuire  
finanziariamente alle spese cui si andava  
incontro per fare questo timbro - Lo ed il  
Gattola facemmo presente all'Uffreduzzi **2**  
che dato la <sup>frosta</sup> stagione si figli di fantaglia non  
potevamo sostenere questa spesa. Il 2

2

Se Michele moia non si fosse nulla e rimanesse  
a consigliare con l'Ufficio, dopo la nostra uscita -

Alcuni giorni dopo sappiamo che l'Ufficio  
era in possesso del timbro falso riservato.

Il d<sup>o</sup> Michele offri pure all'Ufficio, nel  
caso in cui questi gli rimanesse a Roma  
la possibilità di procurargli appoggi tali per  
che l'Ufficio, non avrebbe avuto nulla a  
temere da parte dei Patrioti o degli Ellettorati -

Il d<sup>o</sup> Michele aveva per Ufficio, una  
viva e profonda venerazione come possono  
anche confermare il Sattolo e tutti coloro che  
frequentavano il V.P. Circa il Professor  
Rigoberto Scodro non lo conosco personalmente  
credo però che fosse uno dei direttori di "Roma  
Fascista"; sono certo però che lo Scodro  
era uno dei collaboratori di questo giornale dato  
che vicino si aveva letto, prima del 25 Luglio  
alcuni suoi articoli -

Franco Fabrisin

1242