

ACC 10000/143/2771

AC/14074/PS

WAR CRIMINALS

VOL. II

JUNE 1944 - MAR. 1946

CRIMINALS

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A.C. / 14-074 / P.S.

VOL. II

"WAR CRIMINALS"

ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE.

FASTEN Envelope by gumming this Label across Flap.
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Riservato solo per il personale
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CHS W.H.

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10000/143/2771

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THIS FOLDER

CONTAINS PAPERS

FROM JUN 44

TO MAR 46

C.A.S. -
 10/1/45
 247 A for signature, please
 13
 J. P. [unclear] Major SC
 for D.P.S.

Public Safety
 14
 No lists from Green have been published yet. I
 have therefore forwarded the letter. But this minute is
 a good method of reminding you that I have all the
 published lists.
 15 July [unclear] 10-7-45
 J. P. [unclear]
 CAS

20 Legal S/C Ref. 63A and 73A for information.
 1-8-45
 S. M. [unclear] Captain
 for D.P.S.

P.S. S/C.
 16.
 Notes. Thank you
 1-8-45 - 17-
 GA Section.
 2 letters for signature please
 15-2-45.
 [unclear] in
 C.A.S.

Public Safety S.C.
 Please resubmit as amended
 18
 [unclear]

a good method of reminding you that I have all the published lists.

15 July noted 107-45

1st Benhampton
CAS 6/6/61

20 Legal S/C - 15-

Ref. 63A and 73A for information.

1-8-45
R.M. Freeman, Capt. USA
for DP3

PS, S/C. 16.

Notes. Thank you

under
C.A.

1-8-45.

- 17-

CAS Section.

2 letters for signature please
for John W. Chapman, Colonel USA
15 Aug 45.

Pub Safety S.C.

18

Please resubmit as amended

W.R. Hadden
Col

CAS.
21 Aug

- 19-

CAS Section Resubmitted for signature please
23-8-45
for John W. Chapman, Colonel USA
Sent 24/8/45

To C/S Section - 20 -

for signature please Ref 92A.
for John W. Chapman, Colonel USA

Adm Sec: (Lt Farrell)
Ref. 40A for signature please. See result
of Aug 14a.
17.5.44

Q

To: P.S.

- ① The class is the transcript of doc. referred to in 18KMS/1
② Please D.T. when you receive the area to 19A.

R. P. Briggs

Adm Sec.

30 Aug. 44.

-10-

CAS Sec.

Folio 40A for signature please.
4/11/44
Room 8-52, 1st floor
Tel Ext 686
Colonel D.P.S.

mod. 11

CA Sec. 43 for signature please. J. H. Chapman Major AC
for D.P.S.

29/10/44

CAS Sec.

12

Signature 10/11/44

To: P.B.
 ① The class is the transcript of doc. referred to in 18KJTB1
 to 19A.
 ② Please B.C. when you receive the area to
 R.S. Gripps
 Cdr. Sec.

30 Aug. 44.

-10-

CAS Sec.
 Folio 40A for signature please, John W. Chapman
 C. Colonel D.P.S.
 4/11/44
 From 8-504 plan
 tel Ext 686

made. 11

CA Sec. 43 for signature please if possible Major AC
 for D.P.S.
 19/11/44

CAS Sec. 12
 HAS A for signature please
 For D.P.S./sc
 9/11/45
 #4
 257

Adm Sec.

The two cases are different. MASSA was a predominantly German enterprise, and apparently German spies directed operations although many Italian IS troops took part. It is evidence that para 5 of AFHQ incident # 27, Nov does NOT apply, and it is recommended that the case be treated as an ordinary German activity case and forwarded to AFHQ, with an explanatory covering letter. In view of the general provision of the incident this case would not safely be handed to the Italians at this stage.

ISRA appears to have been an Italian enterprise: there is no evidence that any of the 30 German soldiers had any part in or responsibility for the trial execution of the 11 men. This case appears to be covered by para 5 of the incident. The men therefore are not war criminals and the security provisions do not apply. Indeed the documents must be handed over if the Italian Government are to try the accused. I agree that copies can be forwarded.

127 Aug. 44

W. Schering
advis.

To A.V.P.

In spite of the recommendations in the first part above, I think it you would be advisable to let the H. G. have the names of the IS men concerned with a short resume of the affair. (under secret cover.)

G. R. Lippert

acknowledged. I believe we should not give the originals or some of information when making copies of

which will safely be handed to the Italians at this stage.
 ISTIA appears to have been an Italian outrage: there is no evidence that
 any of the 30 German soldiers had any part in a responsibility for the final
 execution of the 11 men. This case appears to be covered by para 5 of the
 Circular. The men therefore are not war criminals and the security
 provisions do not apply. Unless the documents were to be handed over to the
 Italian Government one is to try the accused. I agree that copies can be
 forwarded.

W. Schuler
 A.D.C.

131 Aug. 44

(C)

To A.V.P.

In spite of the recommendations in the first part above, do you
 think it is worth the advice to let the U.S. Gov. have the
 names of the 30 men concerned with a view to resuming of
 the affair. (under secret cover.)

G.R. Lippert

Arden. I believe we should not join the designations
 or some of information when making copies of
 the Italian affair.
 G.R.C.

7

To P.S.

Massa. The papers should be sent to
 A.F. Hq. The Admin Sec. The Italians should be
 apprehended & sent to 371 P.O.W. Camp.

Italian. Papers may be forwarded to Italian
 authorities for action. The report of Simon should be
 copied in such form as not to disclose the identity
 of source of source of the agent making the report. G.R.C.

Admin
27 JUL 1944

Admin. Sec

add to list under par 1

Revised Circular No 11 Natona 26 Jan 1944

22 July 1944

Richard K. Wolin

cc case
acting CLO

3

Admin. Section

Re 10^a (and enclosures) from AMG 9th Army

The two atrocities were mainly investigated & carried out by Germans. The Germans concerned have not been identified. Victims were implicated & some of these have been named.

Paragraph 5 of AFHQ memo dated 27th Nov. 1943

sums to cover this matter. Richard K. Wolin
Public Safety.

10th August 1944

4.

PS:

It is agreed that para 5 applies ^{copies of} the relevant papers should be sent the St. Govt and they should be informed that if and when required the originals will be produced in Combs

Admin
10 AUG 1944

Richard K. Wolin
cc case

22 July 1984

3

col case
Army CLO

Admin Section

Re 10^a (and inclosures) from AMER 7th Army.
The two & associates were minority witnesses & carried out
by Germans. The Germans concerned have not been
identified. Victims were implicated & some of these
have been named.

Paragraph 5 of AFHQ ^{memo} dated 21st Nov. 1943

needs to cover this matter.
Blindon is the
Public Safety.

10th August 1944

4.

PS.

It is agreed that para 5 applies ^{expansive of} the relevant aspects
should be sent the St. Govt and they should be informed that
it and when required the original copy is produced in AmC

[Signature]
for me

admin
10 AUG 1944

T. S. Doyle I am by no means certain that para 5 of
Att. Hov. directive #27 has really applies to circumstances
such as these; will you advise please. Furthermore
these reports are secret (see para 2) can we with the
Italian authorities enter these copies

[Signature]
11 August

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : AC/14169/PG

19 March 1946

SUBJECT : Bomb Explosion at Communist Party Hq., Rome

TO : Asst. POLAD (Br)

1. Reference your 105/46 dated 6 March 1946.
2. Forwarded herewith are copies of the Questura report on the above occurrence together with rough translations of the two letters which GRIBALDI sent to the Communist Party and his answers to interrogation.
3. No evidence has been officially obtained that the two men referred to were connected with any political party neither have they been identified to date.

W. H. Chapman
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

AHE/nb

00151

Copy of letter to P.S. file.
Att.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : AD/14169/PS

19 March 1946

SUBJECT : Bomb Explosion at Communist Party Hq., Rome

TO : Asst. POLAD (Dr)

1. Reference your 105/46 dated 6 March 1946.
2. Forwarded herewith are copies of the Questura report on the above occurrence together with rough translations of the two letters which GRIBALDI sent to the Communist Party and his answers to interrogation.
3. No evidence has been officially obtained that the two men referred to were connected with any political party neither have they been identified to date.

AK
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.C.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

AHR/nb

00150

RELATION OF REGIA QUESTURA DI ROMA ON 21 JANUARY 1946.

Subject: Explosion of a bomb at the Central Office of the Communist Party, 243, via Nazionale.

With reference to correspondence, and especially to my note p.m. of 27 Dec 45, I beg to inform you that the author of the attempt at the Central Office of Italian Communist Party, was identified as Gribaldi Giovanni, born in Naples on 1 Nov 1909; no fixed abode in Rome.

Gribaldi on 20 Nov 1939 was sent to 5 years "confinio" by the Commissione Italiana of the Regia Prefettura di Roma, "for having issued a statement addressed to the Duce, containing insulting sentences to him and to Italy".

He was released on 27 Oct 42 on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of the "Marcia su Roma" after having been in "confinio" at Macchiagodena (Campobasso). He wrote on 24 Nov 45 a registered letter to the Italian Communist Movement, forwarded to this office on 7 inst., by the Executive of the said Movement, who received it.

In this letter Gribaldi expressed his disgust towards the Communist Party, to which he claims to be inscribed, having not in any way been helped, although an ex-political confinee. The letter ends with threats against the Party, and the Minister TOGLIATTI, Gribaldi says he is waiting for the weapon and asks that a reply to his letter be published in "L'Unita". On 2 Dec 45, he wrote another letter (see encl.2) to the Director of the "Unita" recapitulating the contents of this previous letter and to carry out his proposals as soon as he received the weapon.

As Gribaldi, in his first letter, gave some indications about the locality where he took his meals, and as his personal description was known to this office, having been a political confinee, orders for his arrest were issued. But, on 7 inst., in the afternoon, Gribaldi presented himself to Comitato Provittime Politiche, admitting quite clearly his responsibility for the explosion which occurred in the proximity of the Italian Communist Party Offices. He was arrested by the P.S. Commissariat of Campitelli.

He was interrogated, first at the above Commissariat and after at this Political Office Gribaldi confessed to be the author of the said attempt, done as a grudge against the Communist Party. Two respectably dressed men who spoke with piemontese accent, with a car bearing letters TC, of whom he could not give a good description, but with whom he had various meetings since the first days of November, in various localities, and through whom he received a total amount of 3500 lire, induced him to his criminal action. They gave him the bomb and accompanied him near the Communist Office. The two unknown men, however, drove off before the bomb exploded and were never seen by him again, notwithstanding they had promised to come back and drive him to North Italy, where they would find him a job.

Numerous investigations have been made to identify these men who consigned the bomb to Gribaldi.

He has also asserted to have come to Rome after having uselessly

0013

a statement addressed to the Duce, containing information to Italy".

He was released on 27 Oct 42 on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of the "Marcia su Roma" after having been in "confinio" at Macchiagena (Campobasso). He wrote on 24 Nov 45 a registered letter to the Italian Communist Movement, forwarded to this office on 7 inst., by the Executive of the said Movement, who received it.

In this letter Gribaldi expressed his disgust towards the Communist Party, to which he claims to be inscribed, having not in any way been helped, although an ex-political confinee. The letter ends with threats against the Party, and the Minister TOGLIATTI, GRI BALDI says he is waiting for the weapon and asks that a reply to his letter be published in "L'Unita". On 2 Dec 45, he wrote another letter (see encl. 2) to the Director of the "Unita" recapitulating the contents of this previous letter and to carry out his proposals as soon as he received the weapon.

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He was interrogated, first at the above Commissariat and after at this Political Office Gribaldi confessed to be the author of the said attempt, done as a grudge against the Communist Party. Two respectably dressed men who spoke with piemontese accent, with a car bearing letters TO, of whom he could not give a good description, but with whom he had various meetings since the first days of November, in various localities, and through whom he received a total amount of 3500 lire, induced him to his criminal action. They gave him the bomb and accompanied him near the Communist Office. The two unknown men, however, drove off before the bomb exploded and were never seen by him again, notwithstanding they had promised to come back and drive him to North Italy, where they would find him a job.

Numerous investigations have been made to identify these men who consigned the bomb to Gribaldi.

001.3

He has also asserted to have come to Rome after having uselessly written from Naples to the Central Office of the Communist Party and found an abode in a shed in the Public Gardens of Monte Cavallo. This was confirmed by the gardener, Zanetti Chino, said Adamo, living at 84, via S. Giovanni in Laterano.

Gribaldi was therefore transferred to Regina Coeli Prison, pending the penal proceeding.

From the technical examination of the bomb, found on the spot, it is presumed that it was made with an internal covering of iron-plate of the thickness of a millimeter, containing "difenilclorosina", substance with irri-

./.

The year 1946, on 14 January in the Ufficio Politico of the R. Questura of Rome.

Before us, undersigned officials of P.S. is Gribaldi Giovanni, late Giuseppe elsewhere completely generalized, who, after request states as follows:

The letter you are showing to me dated 2 Dec 45 is mine and was addressed to Mr. Velio Spano, Director of "Unità". I confirm that the two men who consigned me the bomb are tall, both brown-haired, respectably dressed, with a piemontese accent (that I know well having been the "attendants" of a piemontese officer). One is about 35 years old and the other about forty. They are owners of a motor car of Turin. The younger wore a brown coat, had a yellow scarf with black little balls, brown hat and the nose lightly aquiline.

The elder had a little round crust on the left hand, exactly on the back, between the fore-finger and the middle. He wore a blue coat, a white silk scarf and was keeping quite always the right hand in the pocket.

Nothing else can I add about these men, but if I could see them again, I should recognize them at once. I saw the car of a shining black colour, bearing letters TO, only once. It was of "Berlina" type, tapestried in brown, guide on the right. I have not seen its number. The bomb, wrapped up a newspaper, was consigned to me by the younger man.

Read, confirmed and undersigned .

/s/ Gribaldi Giovanni

/ s/ Dr Bettino Carvina, Commissario P.S.

00148

The year 1946, on 14 January in the Ufficio Politico of the R. Questura of Rome.

Before us, undersigned officials of P.S. is Gribaldi Giovanni, late Giuseppe elsewhere completely generalized, who, after request states as follows:

The letter you are showing to me dated 2 Dec 45 is mine and was addressed to Mr. Velio Spano, Director of "Unità". I confirm that the two men who consigned me the bomb are tall, both brown-haired, respectably dressed, with a piemontese accent (that I know well having been the "attendants" of a piemontese officer). One is about 35 years old and the other about forty. They are owners of a motor car of Turin. The younger wore a brown coat, had a yellow scarf with black little balls, brown hat and the nose lightly aquiline.

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Read, confirmed and undersigned .

/s/ Gribaldi Giovanni

/s/ Dr Bettino Carmine, Commissario P.S.

The year 1945 on the 7th January in the Ufficio Politico della Regia Questura di Roma.

Before me, undersigned P.S. Official, is Gribaldi Giovanni late Giuseppe, born in Naples on 1 November 1909 elsewhere completely generalized; who after request states as follows:

I confirm wholly what I declared to-day at P.S. Commissariat of Campitelli.

I acknowledge for mine the long letter you show to me, dated 24 Nov. 45, that I sent registered to the Italian Communist Movement; located at 230, Via Nazionale. Such a registered letter was by me dispatched from the Postal Office of Corso Vittorio Emanuele.

I acknowledge also for mine, the letter addressed to the Ufficio Politico of the Questura di Roma, without date. This letter was by me dispatched after having laid the bomb near the Central Office of the Communist Party. I don't remember exactly the day, but certainly between Christmas and New Year's day.

I wrote also to Consulor Velio Spano; menacing that I should have revenged in the case he had not listed my requests and saying that I should have waited an answer which he should have been able to send me through the daily "Unità" of which I am a reader habitué. Effectively in my letter written to the Political Office, I explained that, after bomb, I was awaiting for a revolver with which I was obliged to wound the leader of my party.

This revolver has been promised to me by the two fellows who consigned me the bomb. They promised that at the return they would have brought the revolver. I would have wanted to wound the leader of my party and then I should have gone with them to North Italy.

I inscribed myself to the Communist Party on January or February 1944, by the Federazione of Naples, Margellina, but after two or three months, as I saw that I couldn't obtain something, I tore the ticket.

S/ GRIBALDI Giovanni,
Dr; BOTTINO Carmine
Commissario di Pubblica Sicurezza.

R. QUESTURA
ROME

tc/

About 23 or 24 inst, presented at this office, a Mazzi Orazio Franco of Ezio and of Podestà Sveldina, born at Carrara on 29 dec 1923, living at Carrara, 9, via della Libertà.

His declarations are enclosed herewith .

As it resulted from these, news about some attempts to be effected, probably the same night, against Dr. Togliatti, Vice President Nenni, Dr Pacciardi, prudential measures on the matter were taken.

Mazzi was invited to present himself next morning to this Political office, for the official report of his declarations. In the meanwhile having been informed that he was researched by the Questura of Turin, as belonged to the X Flottiglia MAS (Circular Questura Turin n. 014075 Gab. 1 July 1944) he was stopped. Next day we rung up to the Questura of Turin, which on 26 inst. by wire had informed that Mazzi was no more researched. Meanwhile, the Direction of the Communist Party, having been incidentally informed of Mazzi's stopped, requested his generality with the letter dated 26 inst.

In order to know the authenticity of the communist ticket, on Mazzi's hands, and examine the possibility to use his offered collaboration, Mazzi was introduced to Dr Fontana, of the said Party Secretary. Next morning he informed this Political Office, that the a/n Mazzi was effectively to be considered a communist and a partisan, much more, this office could have been able to use his collaboration.

Mazzi had to present this morning to this Office for some elements of this Political Office, having to join with him. But he came to inform that his Party Directors had advised him to go back to La Spezia where also he had to go find on 30 inst, being his leave over exactly on this date.

Investigations about the declarations done by the a/m are going on.

Fto Dott Carmine Bottino 90145

R. QUESTURA
ROME

to/

About 23 or 24 inst, presented at this office, a Mazzi Orazio Franco of Ezio and of Podesta Svelkina, born at Carrara on 29 dec 1923, living at Carrara, 9, via della Libertà.

His declarations are enclosed herewith.

As it resulted from these news about some attempts to be effected, probably the same night, against Dr. Togliatti, Vice President Nenni, Dr. Pacciardi, prudential measures on the matter were taken.

Mazzi was invited to present himself next morning to this Political office, for the official report of his declarations. In the meanwhile having been informed that he was remanded by the Questura of Turin, as belonging to the X Flottiglia MAS (Circular Questura Turin n. 014678 Gab. 1 July 1944) he was stopped. Next day he rung up to the Questura of Turin, which on 26 inst. by wire had informed that Mazzi was no more searched. Meanwhile, the Direction of the Communist Party, having been incidentally informed of Mazzi's stopped, requested his generality with the letter dated 26 inst.

In order to know the authenticity of the communist ticket, on Mazzi's hands, and examine the possibility to use his offered collaboration, Mazzi was introduced to Dr Fontana, of the said Party Secretary. Next morning he informed this Political Office, that the a/m Mazzi was effectively to be considered a communist and a partisan, such more, this office could have been able to use his collaboration.

Mazzi had to present this morning to this office for some elements of this Political Office, having to join with him. But he came to inform that his Party Directors had advised him to go back to La Spezia where also he had to find on 30 inst, being his leave over exactly on this date.

Investigations about the declarations done by the a/m are going on.

Sto Dott Carmelo Bottino

001:2

RELATION OF REGIA, QUESTURA DI ROMA ON 21 JANUARY 1946.

Subject: Explosion of a bomb at the Central Office of the Communist Party, 243, via Nazionale.

With reference to correspondence, and especially to my note p.n. of 27 Dec 45, I beg to inform you that the author of the attempt at the Central Office of Italian Communist Party, was identified as Gribaldi Giovanni, born in Naples on 1 Nov 1909; no fixed abode in Rome.

Gribaldi on 20 Nov 1939 was sent to 5 years "confinio" by the Commissione Italiana of the Regia Prefettura di Roma, "for having issued a statement addressed to the Duce, containing insulting sentences to him and to Italy".

He was released on 27 Oct 42 on the occasion of the twentieth anniversary of the "Marcia su Roma" after having been in "confinio" at Macchiagone (Campobasso). He wrote on 24 Nov 45 a registered letter to the Italian Communist Movement, forwarded to this office on 7 inst., by the Executive of the said Movement, who received it.

In this letter Gribaldi expressed his disgust towards the Communist Party, to which he claims to be inscribed, having not in any way been helped, although an ex-political confinee. The letter ends with threats against the Party, and the Minister Togliatti, Gribaldi says he is waiting for the weapon and asks that a reply to his letter be published in "Unita". On 1 Dec 45, he wrote another letter (see encl. 2) to the Director of the "Unita" recapitulating the contents of this previous letter and to carry out his proposals as soon as he received the weapon.

As Gribaldi, in his first letter, gave some indications about the locality where he took his meals, and an air personal description was known to this office, having been a political confinee, orders for his arrest were issued. But, on 7 inst., in the afternoon, Gribaldi presented himself to Comitato Provvisoria Politiche, admitting quite clearly his responsibility for the explosion which occurred in the proximity of the Italian Communist Party Offices. He was arrested by the P.S. Commissariat of Capitecchio.

He was interrogated, first at the above Commissariat and after at this Political Office Gribaldi confessed to be the author of the said attempt, done as a grudge against the Communist Party. Two respectably dressed men who spoke with pierontese accent, with a car bearing letters 20, of whom he could not give a good description, but with whom he had various meetings since the first days of November, in various localities, and through whom he received a total amount of 3500 lire, induced him to his criminal action. They gave him the bomb and accompanied him near the Communist Office. The two unknown men, however, drove off before the bomb exploded and were never seen by him again, notwithstanding they had promised to come back and drive him to North Italy, where they would find him a job.

Numerous investigations have been made to identify these men who consigned the bomb to Gribaldi.

He has also asserted to have come to Rome after having uselessly

001

diversary of the "Carrolo su Roma" after having been in Rome at the time of the attack on the Italian Communist Movement, he wrote on 24 Nov 45 a registered letter to the Italian Communist Movement, forwarded to this office on 7 inst., by the Executive of the said Movement, who received it.

In this letter Gribaldi expressed his disgust towards the Communist Party, to which he claims to be inscribed, having not in any way been helped, although an ex-political confinee. The letter ends with threats against the Party, and the Minister Folliari, Gribaldi says he is waiting for the weapon and that a reply to his letter be published in "L'Unita". On 2 Dec 45, he wrote another letter (see encl. 2) to the Director of the "Unita" recapitulating the contents of this previous letter and to carry out his proposals as soon as he received the weapon.

As Gribaldi, in his first letter, gave some indications about the locality where he took his meals, and on his personal description was known to this office, having been a political confinee, orders for his arrest were issued. But, on 7 inst., in the afternoon, Gribaldi presented himself to Comitato Provvisoria Politiche, admitting quite clearly his responsibility for the explosion which occurred in the proximity of the Italian Communist Party Offices. He was arrested by the P.S. Commissariat of Campitelli.

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Gribaldi was therefore transferred to Regina Coeli Prison, pending the penal proceeding.

From the technical examination of the bomb, found on the spot, it is presumed that it was made with an internal covering of iron-plate of the thickness of a millimeter, containing "difenilclorocaina", substance with irri-

./.

1. The following information is being furnished to you for your information only.

2. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

3. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

4. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

5. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

6. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

7. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

8. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

9. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

10. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

11. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

00160

12. The information is being furnished to you for your information only.

TRANSLATION D.S.

C O P Yno trace

On 7 January 1946 in the P.S. Campitelli Office of Rome, before me undersigned, P.S. Official, is Giovanni GRIBALDI, born in Naples on November 1st, 1909, residing there Via Gradone di Chiara, 62, unemployed, who on being asked, answers:

On September 8th, 1943 I was discharged by the Distretto Militare of Naples. From September 8th 1943 up to October 1945 I worked in Naples as a porter both for private people and for various firms; then I went to Rome in the hope of finding a better job. As I was a member of the Communist Party of Naples, I often addressed myself to the offices of said party in Naples and to the H.Q. in Rome, to which I sent many petitions, by registeree letters, in order to obtain a job, but they were never answered.

A.D.R. (being asked he answers): When I come to Rome I did not go personally to the Direction of the Communist Party, as I thought that I would not have obtained anything although I had been interned as a political confinee at Macchiagodina (Campobasso) from 1939 to 25 luglio 1943. Then I was set free and soon after recalled to military service.

A.D.R.: I was interned as a political confinee for having sent to Mussolini in 1939 a petition, written in a rather insulting manner.

A.D.R.: I did so because when I was released from military service, as permanent, it was impossible for me to find a job, as I was not a member of the P.N.F.

A.D.R.: In Rome I was not able to find a lodging owing to lack of money: then I resigned myself to sleep for some night in the open air and exactly in the public gardens situated in Via del Quirinale. After about seven days I was approached by the garden-er, one Zanetta Adamo, living in Rome Via S. Giovanni in Laterano, 84 to whom I told my sad story. Zanetta, having pity on me offered me hospitality in a small hut situated in the a/m gardens and which had been built during the war for the night warder.

A.D.R. The 'Comitato pro Vittime Politiche', situated in Campidoglio, Piazzale Caffarelli No 4, has granted me a subsidy of 1000 lire and sometimes 1500 lire per month.

18/3 A.D.R.: During my sanftering in the public gardens, and exactly after 1600 hrs., being alone, as the warder left at that time to go home, about the beginning of November, while I was sit-

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ting on a bench, two gentlemen aged about 40 years, tall, dark-skinned, well dressed and with a piedmontese accent, having seen me trying to make a cigarette with a piece of newspaper, offered me one of their cigarettes and began to talk.

A.D.R.: I told them my sad story and that I was a Communist and that in the past I had been persecuted for political reasons and that I was not able to find a job because my Party took no interest in my position. So I should have very willingly taken revenge.

A.D.R.: I made the above statement although I did not know either who those gentlemen were or what their feelings were, nor did I know to which Party they belonged.

A.D.R.: As I had told them that I suffered from hunger and I only ate at noon having my lunch at the economic kitchen of Circolo San Pietro - Via della Lungara, one of them gave me 50 lire to buy something in the nearby Parma Restaurant.

A.D.R.: On the next day they came again and after having asked me if I needed money, they gave me 100 lire and said that they were about to leave without specifying the place where they were bound for; besides they told me that when they had come back, they had come to see me again. In fact they came seven days after and gave me 500 lire giving assurance that they did so because they commiserated my sad conditions. Moreover they told me to cheer up as they should always have helped me and they were disposed to take me with them later to the North to work.

A.D.R.: On November 20 they came again and after having given me 500 lire they told me that if I had participate in a hostile action (that I guessed was a terroristic one in the damage of the Central Direction of the Communist Party) they would have definitively settled me.

A.D.R.: I agreed. Later, however, when I was left alone I thought of what had been proposed to me and not to feel remorse I thought to write again to the Communist Movement having its offices in Via Nazionale 230 to inform them of my conditions in order that they would at last take an interest in my position and support me. Besides I informed them that if they had not complied with my request, I had avenged myself of the injustices suffered and assured them that I was just awaiting for a weapon fit for such a purpose and which would have been delivered to me in a few days.

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A.D.R. : I made the above statements by means of a registered letter sent on November 24, 1945 through the Post Office situated Corso Vittorio Emanuele.

A.D.R. : To that Office I gave my very name, but not my address.

A.D.R.: The Post Office did not need my address to answer as in my letter (1) I suggested that they answered me by means of the advertisement column of the paper "L'Unità".

A.D.R.: I don't keep the receipt of the registered letter.

A.D.R.: After some days I sent another letter on the same tone to the director of the paper "L'Unità".

A.D.R.: having received no answer, the idea of taking revenge increased on me.

A.D.R.: I saw again on 12 December the two gentlemen, whom I never told to have written to the Party and planned with them the criminal action that I should have carried out.

A.D.R.: In such a circumstance they gave me no money as I told them that the previous day I had received 1000 lire from the "Comitato Pro Vittime Politiche".

A.D.R. : They came again to see me and after having given me 1000 lire told me that all was ready and that on the next day at 1500 hrs they should have come again to take me giving me an explosive apparatus that I should have put in the Offices of the Direction of the Communist Party.

A.D.R.: On December 24th, at 1500 hrs sharp they came to take me by a dark-coloured motor-vehicle the number of which I do not remember. So we went to Via Firenze where we waited for the vehicle for about half an hour. As I was wavering whilst awaiting, they assured me that the apparatus would have caused no damage as it only contained a composition apt to give out a harmless tear-gas.

A.D.R.: Before then I did not know that we had to deal with a bomb as in the previous agreements they had only spoken of a petard which is made to explode with a view to frightening people.

A.D.R.: One of the two gentlemen after having wound up the time-bomb and wrapped it in a sheet of paper, looked at the watch and told me to get off. Then I went to the H.Q. of the Party in Via Nazionale and as I did not dare put the bomb inside the offices, I went upstairs and put it on the floor under a window.

(1) copy 'nell'agosto' = in August (or 'nell'esposto' = message, letter).
Note translator.

001:1

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A.D.R.: Then I returned to the vehicle which was waiting for me.

A.D.R.: I left together with the two gentlemen without awaiting for the explosion.

A.D.R.: The two gentlemen made me get off in Via Aurelia after having given me 1000 lire and assured me that they would have come back to take me definitively with them.

A.D.R.: I have not seen them any more, nor do I know their names and addresses.

A.D.R.: I never asked them who they were, as I was intimidated by their apparent high social position.

A.D.R.: I knew that the bomb had exploded because I read the news on the newspaper. I have nothing to add.

Read, confirmed, and signed

(sgd) Gribaldi Giovanni
" Ventura Pietro,
Vice Commissary of P.S.

00120

TRANSLATION D.S.

C O P Y

Rome, 2.12.45

Dear Comrade,

I write you these few lines to inform you that I am an ex political confinee who was confined from 1939 to 26 July 1943. Six days after my release I was called to military service being of the Class 1909 which had been already serving since some time and was sent to Croatia, where I remained up to September 8th, 1943. During Fascism I was always out-of-work because I never became a member of the P.N.F.

I came to Rome in 1939 and was sent to the "Confino" owing to a statement giving evidence that I was against Mussolini. Now I have come to Rome again to take my revenge against Togliatti himself.

Naturally you would be surprised of my manner of speech as you are not aware of what I have suffered. During my period of confinement my father died and I was denied to go to see him for the last time; during the war my house was destroyed and what was left of my family - disbanded. I am here in Rome, homeless, without any means or moral support. I never thought that my party would have left me in such a condition. I believed for so many years in our policy, I fully believed, and never could I have thought of being deluded in such a manner. If you deem it convenient, go to the Italian Communist Movement in Via Nazionale. There you will find a registered letter which I sent them on November 24, 1945. In such letter all my sufferings are summarized. I am sure that you will be more pitiful towards me than Togliatti, who does not think of his sons, as he should be like a father to us. As I have told you I have sworn to take my revenge. I am waiting for this weapon to strike at any moment and I shall strike; I am in the right to do so after having been cheated for so many years. Now I know that a poor man who fought for the success of an idea is promised to obtain great things before, but later, when the promoters of such idea are successful, they push him aside and no longer think of him. That is what you have done to me and I thank you.

Dear comrade, I beg you not judge me badly for my actions as when I shall be prosecuted I will justify myself; then all of you will understand what it means to cheat a man. As I am homeless, in my registered letter I told the Italian Communist Movement that I would have liked an answer through our newspaper, but up to this moment I have read nothing: and as "silence gives consent" I will

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20139

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prepare myself to the final bill. So I have warned you too. The address that you see is not my very address, as I am not so stupid as to be caught.

I have written to you in order to know what you, who are the Director of the "Unità", think of my revenge.

(sgd) GRIBALDI Giovanni.

00138

TRANSLATION D.S.

C O P YPERSONAL REVENGE

You are begged to read from beginning to the end -

TO ITALIAN COMMUNIST MOVEMENT

R O M E

I undersigned Gribaldi Giovanni, of late Giuseppe, born in Naples on November 1st 1909, am an ex political confinee. After a period of 5 years confinement at Macchiagodene (Campobasso) I was set free on 25 July 1943. Six days later I was called to military service as my class had been already serving since some time and was sent to Croazia, where I remained up to the armistice. You cannot imagine how many difficulties I met to come back home. At last I arrived.

I soon thought of becoming a member of the P.C.I. (Italian Communist Party) because since my boyhood I looked forward to the pleasure of being a member of the Party. But you could not believe how often I was slapped by my school master because my mania was to draw our badge on my copy-books. When I was 18 years old my family wished me to become a G.B.F.F., but after having spent much money to prepare the necessary papers I was not admitted because there were the favourites who were Fascists, whilst I had never had the desire to become one. So I could not get the post. When my class was called to military service I was enlisted in the 56 Infantry Regiment where I remained during 16 months. When I came back I could not find a job for the aforesaid reasons and consequently I led a very strange life working whenever I found jobs here and there; so I went on as honestly as I could. Becoming sick of leading such a life, I have one day resolved to start for Rome, in 1939 and there I wrote a message against Mussolini and in Piazza Venezia I flung it at him: then I was taken, beaten, imprisoned and confined. When in Naples, I became a member of the P.C.I. I pointed out that I was unemployed, I described my sacrifices and sufferings and while I was confined, my father died and I was not allowed to see him for the last time. As to my being out-of-work, my party "turned a deaf ear" although every-time I was present at the meetings and there was something to pay for our newspaper, in spite of my poverty I always gave some money. I was always present at such meetings in order to listen to the word of our party even if spoken by some Fascist turned into a Communist, as I knew them very well, but everyone of them

/00127

- 2 -

justified himself by the usual pretext: "I only was a Fascist in order to be allowed to work". But in my opinion these men were not real Communists because they had rejected their faith in the party.

Don't you think this was the reply fit for those Fascists disguised as Communists?

At last after 4 months I received the membership card (but what card) a small white card bearing the following: to Gribaldi Giovanni, candidate to the P.C.I. and on the reverse side the payment for 4 months plus the badge - total 50 lire. I paid and withdrew the card and after a few days I returned and found there was a meeting on the organization of a cooperative to sell pasta, oil, eggs, etc. In order to take part in the above, each person had to pay 150 lire thus becoming a member; whosoever did not have said sum could not become a member; in my opinion it appears that to the Communist, this is not admitted, even more - this sickens me because this is not allowed in our party. Now then let's talk about the card, I that always was anti-fascist, I a political prisoner, a political confinee, was a candidate to the party, whilst there were Fascists who were effective members. The only thing I could do was to leave and tear that slip of paper to pieces, as it had no value for me and since then I never went to the meetings; not because I renounced to my creed, because to be a Communist does not mean to have the card, but to believe in the ideal; the card has no value. Have we not been many years without a card? Now I am consequently out-of-work because the jobs have been taken by the same persons; it is enough to change one's opinion for keeping the job. I have come back to Rome and saw the crowd of people with their flags going to the Palatine (text Paladino) Hill to claim for the Constituent and I thought within myself: If all those people had assembled during Fascism we should not have, for certain, found ourselves in such pitiful conditions. What would have Mussolini done facing all the Italian Movement? I don't think he would have had the power to suppress everybody: he would have got tired and we should have won; but then all that crowd did not exist and there were very struggling, while the others were all mind sheep who having lost their shepherd have scattered and gone to several sheds. Here is a practical example. Had Togliatti, instead of going to enjoy life at Moscow, led his Party here in Italy (and so I said about Nenni (1) and followers), had they kept our hearts enflamed, I believe we could have attained our aim: perhaps they were afraid to shed

(1) Text "Nenni"

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blood, but no revolution ever was succeeded in being victorious without martyrs. So it was necessary to struggle without waiting their (Togliatti and Nenni's) bosom friends to overthrow him (Mussolini), with the Allies' power. His party was apparently overthrown and then appeared again under another form like monarchy. Another example: the leader of the Party of Action, Parri, went to a reception to Quirinale to see the Luogotenente award the "collar" (1) to an American big man. But Parri is a partisan and he should never be in touch with one who is responsible (perhaps also Parri hopes to obtain a "collar"?) There is one of a goat if he wants it. Besides do you think it is right for the left parties to swear to one who is responsible of all our misfortunes? It is necessary to leave the government if we want to strike for the people's welfare because monarchy is a magnet aiming to attract everything in its favour. Give up all kind of honours and appointments to become "Excellencies". Are we communists or not?

Now after having explained everything I come to a conclusion. I have come back to Rome to take revenge for all that I suffered. I am homeless and penniless. So having seen that not even Togliatti took an interest in my case, nor in the other fellows' like me, I made up my mind to attempt to his life. I am going to get the weapon because as soon as I am ready, I will hit him, not for my being fond of blood, but it is the justice that he represents that compels me to commit this crime. I did not want any price, but I wanted to obtain at least the humblest job (even to clean lavatories); I did not ask to become an Excellency, but I only asked for a job that would enable me to have a family and a home. I could get nothing, so I am pining away more and more as I have nobody to assist or help me. Therefore when the moment comes don't lay the blame on me as I have the right to revenge against those who had not considered my situation. Here in Rome not to starve to death I was obliged to get so low as to be fed in the "Cucine Economiche" those of "Circolo San Pietro". While I was in confinement I became engaged to a girl of that country. Her parents did not like her daughter to become engaged to me as they said: How can this fellow, condemned by Fascism, support you? He would never get a job as long as there is Fascism, and they were right. But the girl believed in our victory and thought it could not fail. You cannot imagine how happy that poor girl was on July 25, 1943; she came with all of us confines to celebrate that blessed day and even her family was very happy. When I was released on September 8th, 1943 I

(1) evidently he means the "Collare dell'Annunziata"-Note trans.

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I went back to my fiancée's country to make plans about our wedding and to fix the day, that would naturally be when I could get a job. Dear me! That poor girl is still waiting for my going back and for the marriage! What bad a figure did I cut before the whole village? As I could not present myself to do my duty. Who knows how many humiliations that poor girl suffered for my sake, and the bad figure she cut before her countrypeople who are generally pleased when a girl marries a stranger. Now, for my sake, she cannot marry anybody else because it is a custom there nobody marries a girl who has been engaged to a stranger. So I have lost her too. Now then summing up everything, the total is: my father died and I could not see him for the last time, my house was destroyed, what was left of my family has been disbanded, and I am here in Rome sleeping in a hut together with many mice which very likely some fine night will assault me. So I have made up my mind to ruin myself. Do think scrupulously of my position as a "compagno" (comrade) can do - and when I say "Compagno" I mean more than a brother - and tell me: Am I guilty if I commit this act? I would not commit it, but I absolutely must do it, and I will do for justice's sake. Does "compagno" Togliatti remember Masaniello's case? He rose to power in order to defend people's right, but while enjoying power he forgot the people and those same people who brought him to power overthrew him for ever as they hit him well and precisely.

Here in Rome I have met many ex political prisoners and confinees. They also are in pitiful conditions and many come to the Circolo S. Pietro for soup. All of them hate the Government leaders for the manner in which they have treated us. One of them told me of a statement made by one of our associations to explain the pitiful conditions of those who have fought against Fascism (I mean ~~the~~ few of them as the intellectual people are settled well and don't care a button of us). Do you know what Parri answered? "They only did their duty". But perhaps Parri has misunderstood. We were not soldiers obliged to perform our duty, but were free citizens just as he was. But, as the sated do not believe the hungry, because if Parri, ex political prisoner and confinee as he was during Fascism, should find himself in our same condition, he would not have spoken in such a manner; also he himself would have claimed against our unjust treatment. But now Parri is Prime Minister and is O.K.... The Constituent has been promised us for Spring, but of which year? But have'nt you yet become aware that all the parties try

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00124

- 5 -

to delay Constituent in order to allow Monarchy to prepare and strengthen itself? The parties of the left-wing know all this, but their leaders keep silent in order to keep the plea of being called "Honourable". Now our "compagno" Togliatti is always in touch with the other "Papaveri"(1). The word "compagno" sounds bad to his Excellency's ears. Now I am 37, I have already lost my youth, I am alone: it is not worth-while for me to live, I had better end before a firing squad; but first I shall take revenge on he who leads our party. I was cheated for so many years by their propaganda. But now that is enough! I have struggled and suffered for my idea and I had never imagine that I could be in such a bad condition; I am wandering and what have I obtained after the fall of Fascism? Nothing; on the contrary I got worse; I lost my health, I have become a skeleton for my party's sake and my party never thought of me.

I beg you to keep my summary; it will be necessary when - I will be prosecuted after having done what is my right to do. It is useless for you to warn "compagno" Togliatti as I am quite aware where I shall hit him. And it is very difficult for you to find me out, as I am homeless, nor have I my rationing cards. My plan is ready and I know the manner to carry it out. I am only waiting for the weapon. The address you read on the envelope is false so it is useless to go there. As I read "l'Unità" you can reply to me through this channel. So I will read how I am judged by my party. I suppose you will lay blame on me, but I don't care. I have lost everything; now I will lose freedom too.

(sgd) Cribaldi Giovanni (Piazza della Scala 85 Roma)
Rome, November 24th 1945.

(1) "Papaveri"(block-heads) is the appella tive used in Italy to make fun of big whigs.

00123

TRANSLATION D.S.

ITALIAN COMMUNIST PARTY
Provincial Federation of Rome

ITALIAN SOCIALIST PARTY
Roman Socialist Union

CITIZENS!

On Christmas-eve a bomb containing toxical gases was made to explode against the Direction of the Italian Communist Party in Rome.

Fortunately there were no casualties.

The P.C.I. (Italian Communist Party) and the P.S.I. (Italian Socialist Party) denounce to the public opinion this provoking act by which criminals have attempted to create a serious tense situation in the country, recurring to the same methods of violence and terrorism used by Fascists!

The P.C.I. and P.S.I. energetically denounce the inefficiency of the authorities in charge of public order in Rome, inefficiency which allows terroristic organizations to exist and act with the utmost impunity during the day in the centre of the city, committing attempts against the safety and tranquillity of private citizens, and prevent the democratic parties from performing their activity.

The P.C.I. and P.S.I., being quite aware of their high responsibilities in maintaining order and democratic liberties, recommend all their members to keep calm and bear steadily watch. Besides they appeal to all honest citizens, to all democratic organizations, and Government bodies so that a decided and unanimous action be taken to prevent any recurrence of those forces, easily individualized, which enemies of democracy attempt to follow the violent Fascist ways.

The attempts against anti-fascist parties are attempts against democracy, against elections, against constituent.

TO OBTAIN PEACE IN OUR COUNTRY WE MUST BE ALL TOGETHER AGAINST NEO-FASCIST TERRORISM.

TO OBTAIN PEACE IN OUR COUNTRY WE ASK FOR ENERGETIC IMMEDIATE MEASURES AGAINST THE REACTIONARY FASCIST ORGANIZATIONS.

The ROMAN PROVINCIAL FEDERATION
of P.C.I.
" ROMAN SOCIALIST UNION

Xmas 1945

00122

WATSON D.S.

ITALIAN COMMUNIST PARTY
Provincial Federation of Rome

ITALIAN SOCIALIST PARTY
Roman Socialist Union

CITIZENS!

On Christmas-eve a bomb containing toxical gases was made to explode against the Direction of the Italian Communist Party in Rome.

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The P.C.I. and P.S.I., being quite aware of their high responsibilities in maintaining order and democratic liberties, recommend all their members to keep calm and bear steadily watch. Besides they appeal to all honest citizens, to all democratic organizations, and Government bodies so that a decided and unanimous action be taken to prevent any recurrence of those forces easily individualised, which enemies of democracy attempt to follow the violent Fascist ways?

The attempts against anti-fascist parties are attempts against democracy, against elections, against constituent.

TO OBTAIN PEACE IN OUR COUNTRY WE MUST BE ALL TOGETHER
AGAINST NEO-FASCIST TERRORISM.

TO OBTAIN PEACE IN OUR COUNTRY WE ASK FOR ENERGETIC
IMMEDIATE MEASURES AGAINST THE REACTIONARY FASCIST ORGANIZATIONS.

The ROMAN PROVINCIAL FEDERATION
of P.C.I.
" ROMAN SOCIALIST UNION

C O P I A

L'anno 1946 addì 7 del mese di gennaio nell'Ufficio di P.S. Campitelli in Roma. Innanzi al sottoscritto funzionario di P.S. è presente Gribaldi Giovanni fu Giuseppe e fu Palumbo Rachele, nato a Napoli il 1.11.1909, ivi domiciliato in Via Gradone di Chiara n.62, disoccupato il quale a domanda risponde:

L'8 settembre 1943, fui posto in congedo illimitato dal distretto militare di Napoli. Da detta data fino all'ottobre 1945 lavorai nella predetta città, facendo il facchino per conto di privati e di varie ditte, dopo di che mi trasferii a Roma nell'intento di trovare un impiego migliore. Essendo iscritto al Partito Comunista di Napoli, mi rivolsi spesso a questo ed alla Sede Centrale di Roma alla cui ultima inviai vari esposti raccomandati allo scopo di ottenere un impiego, ma purtroppo non ebbi mai risposta.

A.D.R. Giunto a Roma non mi sono personalmente presentato alla Direzione del Partito, perchè pensavo che non avrei nulla ottenuto, e ciò, malgrado sia stato conformato politico a Macchiagodina (Campobasso) dal 1939 al 25 luglio 1943, data in cui posto in libertà, fui subito richiamato alle armi.

A.P.R. Fui conformato politico per aver fatto pervenire nel 1939, un esposto a

Mussolini in forma eloquente oltraggiante.

A.D.R. Feci ciò perchè anche allora, terminato il servizio militare da permanente non riuscii ad ottenere alcun impiego perchè non iscritto al partito fascista.

A.D.R. A Roma non trovai alloggio per mancanza di denaro, quindi mi adattai a dormire per qualche notte all'aperto, e precisamente nei giardini siti in Via del Quirinale. Dopo circa sette giorni, fui avvicinato dal guardiviere del posto Zanetta Adamo, abitante a Roma in Via S. Giovanni in Laterano 84, al quale raccontai le mie triste condizioni. Lo Zanetta impietosito mi offrì ospitalità in una baracchetta che trovavasi nei giardini annessi, baracchetta costruita durante

la guerra per il guardiano notturno.

A.D.R. I mezzi per poter vivere mi sono stati elargiti nella misura di L.1000 e qualche volta di L.1.500 mensili dal Comitato Nazionale Pro Vittime Politiche sito in Campidoglio al Piazzale Caffarelli n.4.-

A.D.R. Durante il mio ozio nei giardinietti ed esattamente dalle ore 16 in poi rimanendo solo, poichè il guardiano in detta ora si allontanava per recarsi alla propria abitazione casa, verso i primi di novembre mentre stavo seduto su un sedile, mi si sedettero a fianco due signori dell'apparente età di una quarantina di anni, alti, bruni, ben vestiti e dall'accento piemontese, i quali visto che con un pezzo di giornale stavo per farmi una sigaretta, offertamente una delle loro, cominciarono ad attaccare discorso.

A.D.R. Ai predetti raccontai la mia triste sorte, dissi loro di essere un comunista e per il passato un perseguitato politico e che malgrado ciò non potevo trovare lavoro poichè il partito non si interessava di me per cui molto volentieri mi sarei vendicato.

A.D.R. Ciò affermai pur disconoscendo chi fossero costoro, come la pensassero ed

al partito appartenessero.

00130
mangiavo solamente a mezz-

do il facchino per conto di privati. Essendo iscritto al partito a Roma nell'intento di trovare un impiego migliore. Essendo iscritto al partito a Roma nell'intento di trovare un impiego migliore. Essendo iscritto al partito a Roma nell'intento di trovare un impiego migliore.

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A.D.R. Fui confinato politico per aver fatto pervenire nel 1939, un esposto a Mussolini in forma eloquente oltraggiante.

A.D.R. Feci ciò perchè anche allora, terminato il servizio militare da permanente non riuscii ad ottenere alcun impiego per mancanza di denaro, quindi mi adattai a dormire per qualche notte all'aperto, e precisamente nei giardini siti in Via del Quirinale. Dopo circa sette giorni, fui avvicinato dal guardiere del posto Zanetta Adamo, abitante a Roma in Via S. Giovanni in Laterano 84, al quale raccontai le mie triste condizioni. Lo Zanetta impietosito mi offrì ospitalità in una baracchetta che trovavasi nei giardini anzidetti, baracchetta costruita durante la guerra per il guardiano roturno.

A.D.R. I mezzi per poter vivere mi sono stati elargiti nella misura di L.1000 e qualche volta di L.1.500 mensili dal Comitato Nazionale Pro Vittime Politiche e qualche volta di L.1.500 mensili dal Comitato Nazionale Pro Vittime Politiche e qualche volta di L.1.500 mensili dal Comitato Nazionale Pro Vittime Politiche.

sito in Campidoglio al Piazzale Caffarelli n.4.-

A.D.R. Durante il mio esilio nei giardini ed esattamente dalle ore 16 in poi rimarando solo, poichè il guardiano in dette ore si allontanava per recarsi alla propria abitazione casa, verso i primi di novembre mentre stavo seduto su un sedile, mi si sedettero a fianco due signori dell'apparente età di una quarantina di anni, alti, bruni, br vestiti e dall'accento piemontese, i quali visto che con un pezzo di giornale stavo per farmi una sigaretta, offertamente una delle loro, cominciarono ad attaccare discorso.

A.D.R. Ai predetti raccontai la mia triste sorte, dissi loro di essere un comunista e per il passato un perseguitato politico e che malgrado ciò non potevo trovare lavoro poichè il partito non si interessava di me per cui molto volentieri mi sarei vendicato.

A.D.R. Ciò affermai pur disconoscendo chi fossero costoro, come la pensassero ed a quale partito appartenessero.

A.D.R. Avendo anche detto che soffrivo la fame e che mangiavo solamente a mezzogiorno prelevando le cibarie alla cucina economica del Circolo di S. Pietro in Via della Lungara, uno di loro mi consegnò lire 50 perchè mi recassi nel vicino ristorante Parna onde comprarmi qualche cosa.

A.D.R. Il giorno successivo ritornarono e dopo avermi chiesto se avevo bisogno mi consegnarono L.100 dicendomi, che sarebbero partiti, senza specificarmi la località, e che al ritorno sarebbero di nuovo venuti a trovarmi. Infatti dopo sette giorni ritornarono e mi regalarono lire 500 afferandomi che ciò facevano avendo compassione per le triste condizioni in cui versavo. Mi dissero altresì di farmi coraggio perchè mi avrebbero sempre aiutato, mentre non disdegnavano in seguito, di condurmi con loro in Alta Italia per farmi lavorare.

A.D.R. Il 20 novembre si fecero ancora vedere, e dopo avermi dato altre lire 500 mi dissero che mi fossi prestato a compiere un'azione ostile, che io intui ter-

o/o

roristica, ai danni della Direzione Centrale del Partito Comunista, mi avrebbero definitivamente sistemato.

A.D.R. Io acconsentii. Rimasto solo però incominciai a riflettere su quanto mi era stato proposto, e per non aver rimorso pensai di scrivere al Movimento Comunista d'Italia, sito in Via Nazionale n. 230 per rendere ancora note le mie condizioni affinché si decidessero una buona volta ad occuparsi di me e sollevare la mia triste sorte. Affermai altresì che se non mi fossero benevolmente venuto incontro mi sarei vendicato col Partito stesso per le ingiustizie subite, assicurando che aspettavo un'arma atta a far ciò e che dovevo fra qualche giorno essermi consegnata.

A.D.R. La lettera la spedii per raccomandata il 24.11.1945 dall'Ufficio Postale sito al Corso Vittorio Emanuele.

A.R.R. All'Ufficio detti il mio nome esatto ma non il recapito.

A.D.R. Il Partito non aveva bisogno del mio recapito per rispondere, poiché nell'agosto avevo suggerito che desideravo che la risposta mi pervenisse per mezzo degli annunci economici inseriti sul giornale "L'Unità".

A.D.R. Non conservo la ricevuta della raccomandata.

A.D.R. Pochi giorni dopo spedii un'altra lettera semplice al Direttore del giornale "L'Unità", quasi sullo stesso tenore.

A.D.R. Non avendo avute alcuna risposta acquistò maggiore consistenza in me l'idea di vendicarmi.

A.D.R. I due signori, ai quali non dissi di aver scritto al Partito, li rividi il 12 dicembre u.s. e con loro allora concretai l'azione delittuosa che dovevo compiere.

A.D.R. In tale occasione non mi dettero denaro perché affidai loro che ne ero fornito, per aver avuto in quei giorni lire 1000 dal Comitato Pro Vittime Politiche.

A.D.R. I predetti vennero nuovamente a trovarmi il 23 dicembre e dopo avermi dato lire 1000 mi assicurarono di essere pronti, e che il giorno successivo alle ore 15, sarebbero venuti a rilevarmi e mi avrebbero consegnato un ordigno esplosivo che io avrei dovuto collocare dentro gli uffici della Direzione del Partito Comunista.

A.D.R. Il 24 esattamente alle ore 15, venni a prendermi con una macchina targata 22 T.O. di colore scuro non ricordo il numero e ci portammo in Via Firenze. Ivi giunti attendemmo dentro la vettura circa mezz'ora. Durante detta attesa essendo io turbante i predetti mi assicurarono che l'ordigno, con l'esplosione non avrebbe recato danno contenendo solo una composizione atta a strappare del gas innocuo lacrimogeno.

A.D.R. Prima di detto momento, non sapevo che si trattasse di una bomba, poiché durante i precedenti accordi si era parlato di collocare un pedardo il cui scopo serve solo per far mettere paura.

A.D.R. Uno dei due signori data la carica alla bomba ad orologeria e collocata questa dentro un foglio di carta, guardato l'orologio mi disse di scendere. Disceso, recatommi alla sede del Partito in Via Nazionale, non avendo il coraggio di portare l'ordigno nell'interno degli uffici, salito le scale, la deposi a terra

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A.R.R. All'Ufficio detti il mio nome esatto ma non il recapito.

A.D.R. Il Partito non aveva bisogno del mio recapito per rispondere, poichè la risposta mi pervenisse per l'agosto avevo suggerito che desideravo che la risposta mi pervenisse per mezzo degli annunci economici inseriti sul giornale "L'Unità".

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A.D.R. Fatto ciò ritornai sulla macchina che mi attendeva.

A.D.R. Senza aspettare l'esplosione cori i due signori mi allontanai.

A.D.R. I predetti mi fecero scendere in Via Aurelia dopo avermi consegnato lire 1000 ed assicurato che sarebbero ritornati per condurmi definitivamente con loro.

A.D.R. Non ho più visto i predetti di cui sconosco il nome e l'abitazione.

A.D.R. Non ho mai chiesto chi fossero perchè provavo soggezione per le loro elevate apparecchi condizioni sociali.

A.D.R. Ho appreso che la bomba era scoppiata per averlo letto sul giornale.

Non ho altro da aggiungere.

Letto, confermato e sottoscritto.

F/to Gribaldi Giovanni
F/to Ventura Pietro, V. Commissario P.S.

COPIA

Roma 2.12.45

MIO COMPAGNO

Ti scrivo questa mia per farti sapere che io so un ex confinato politico per la durata di anni 5, dove rimasi dal '39 fino al 25 luglio 43 dopo 6 giorni che mi trovavo a casa mia a Napoli fui chiamato alle armi perchè la mia classe '909 già prestava servizio e io fui inviato in Croazia dove rimase fino all'otto settembre. Durante il periodo nero io non potè mai ottenere un posto per lavorare perchè non volle mai prendere la tessera del fu partito.

Io nel '39 venne a Roma e fui inviato al confino per causa di una esposta che io (eri) contro Mussolini. Ora sono di nuovo ritornato a Roma perchè mi debbo vendicare proprio contro il compagno Togliatti.

Tu naturalmente ti meravigliavi per questo mio parlare perchè non sai quello che ho o sofferto, durante il confino, mi morì mio padre e a me fu negato di poterlo vedere per l'ultima volta, durante la guerra o perso casa o senza mezzi della mia famiglia sbandato e io mi trovo qui a Roma senza casa e senza mezzi e privo di una parola di conforto. Non credo mai che al mio partito mi lasciasse in questo simile condizioni. O avuto fede per tanti anni nella nostra politica e o creduto ciecamente ma non immaginavo mai che dovevo rimanere così deluso. Se ti fa comodo vai al Movimento U.I. in via Nazionale la troverai una mia raccomandata che io spedì il giorno 24.II.45 la troverai tutto il riassunto delle mie sofferenze e credo che tu avrai un pò di coscienza più di Togliatti il quale tutto fa meno che di pensare i suoi figli perchè noi lui rappresente suo padre. E come ti ripeto o giurato di vendicarmi sto aspettando da un momento all'altro che mi viene consegnato l'arma che io debbo colpire e lo farei perchè è in mio diritto di farlo dopo essere stato ingannato per tanti anni me ora o tutto capito che quando un disonoriato lotta per la sua idea lo si fa salire alle stelle quando tutto è riuscito lo si

per la durata di anni 2, dove rimase
che mi trovava a casa mia a Napoli fui chiamato alle armi perchè la mia classe
909 già prestava servizio e io fui inviato in Croazia dove rimase fino all'otto
settembre. Durante il periodo nero io non potè mai ottenere un posto per lavore
rare perchè non volle mai prendere la tessera del fu partito.

Io nel 39 venne a Roma e fui inviato al confino per cause di una esposta
che io (eri contro Mussolini). Ora sono di nuovo ritornato a Roma perchè mi
debbo vendicare proprio contro il compagno Togliatti.
Tu naturalmente ti meravigliavi per questo mio parlare perchè non sai quello
che io o sofferto, durante il confino, mi morì mio padre e a me fu negato di
poterlo vedere per l'ultima volta, durante la guerra o perso casa il resto
della mia famiglia sbandato e io mi trovo qui a Roma senza casa e senza mezzi
e privo di una parola di conforto. Non credo mai che al mio partito mi lascia-
ste in questo simile condizioni. O avuto fede per tanti anni nelle nostre poli-
tica e o creduto ciecamente ma non immaginavo mai che dovevo rimanere così
deluso. Se ti fa comodo vai al Movimento C.I. in via Nazionale là troverai
una mia raccomandata che io spedì il giorno 24.II.45 la troverai tutto il
riassunto delle mie sofferenze e credea che tu avrai un pò di coscienza più
di Togliatti il quale tutto fa meno che di pensare i suoi figli perchè noi
lui rappresente suo padre. Po come ti ripeto o giurato di vendicarmi sto
aspettando da un momento all'altro che mi viene consegnato l'arma che io
debbo colpire e io fero perchè è in mio diritto di farlo dopo essere stato
ingannato per tanti anni ma ora o tutto capito che quando un disraziato lotta
per la sua idea lo si fa salire alle stelle quando tutto è riuscito lo si
butta in un cantuccio e non lo si pensa più questo e quello che a me mi avete
fatto e io vi ringrazio.

00129

Caro compagno ti prego di non giudicarmi male se io faccio un simile fatto
perchè quando sarà processato e dirò le mie ragioni e allora tutti voi compren-
derete cosa significa ingannare un uomo. Io non avendo fissa dimora nella mia
raccomandata feci capire al Movimento C.I. attentevo una risposta per tramite
del nostro giornale ma fino a questo momento nulla o letto riguardante a quel-
lo che io o scritto, e allora vuol dire che chi tace acconsente e io mi pre-
paro per il colpo finale. Così o avvertito anche te. L'indirizzo che vedi non

./.

e buono perchè io non sono tanto stupido da farmi prendere.

Se ti o scritto e per sapere da te che dirigi l'Unità come apprezzi
la mia vendetta.

Ti saluto

T/ro GRIHALDI Giovanni.

Conia

ETHANOSHA, VALENTINE A.

Si cerca di leggere da esso a fondo - AL POVI ENTO COMUNISTA D'ITALIA.

ROYA

Il sottoscritto Gribaldi Giovanni; fu Giuseppe nato a Napoli il 1/XI/1909 ex confinato politico per la durata di anni 5 trascorso nel Comune di Marchia-
ggione (Carpentras) dove rimase fino al 25/7/1943, dopo 6 giorni che mi tro-
vavo libero e senza più chiamato alle armi perché la mia classe già prestavo
servizio e fui inviato in Groenla dove rimasi fino al giorno dell'armistizio.
Non si lascio immaginare tutti i sacrifici che feci per arrivare a raggiungere
i miei cari finalmente arrivati.

Il mio primo pensiero fu di iscrivermi al P.C.I. perché fin da quando ero ragazzo è stato sempre questo il mio pensiero di potere far parte a questo partito, ma non puoi credere che andai scappellottati mi prendeva dal mio maestro di scuola perché aveva la mania di disegnare sopra i miei quaderni il nostro distintivo. Lasciamo andare tutte queste cose e prendiamo il neo scario. A l'età di 18 anni la mia famiglia desideravo che io facessi parte nelle guardie di finanza ma dopo tutti quei soldi a mesi per farmi le carte io non fui ammesso perché c'erano i preferiti cioè quelli iscritti al fascio cosa che io non volle mai far parte e così perse il primo posto. Quando la mia classe uscì di leva io mi presentai e fece parte al 56° Regg./to fanteria e feci la mia rego- lare firma di 16 mesi. Tornai e naturalmente non poté occupare nessun posto per la suddetta ragione e quindi mi toccava fare una vita sbandata oggi faceva una cosa domani un'altra e tirava la vita sventata onestamente come meglio pote- va. Sufficiente di fare quella vita un bel giorno mi decise a partir per Roma nell'anno 39 dove feci una magnifica esposta contro il duce e in Piazza Venezia gliela lanciavo, poi mi presero e bastonarono, mi incarcerarono, e mi confi- narono. Quando a Napoli mi sono iscritto al P.C.I. gli ho fatto presente la mia disoccupazione i socialisti che io o subito, durante il confino mi sord così mio padre e mi fu negato di poterlo vedere per l'ultima volta. Il mio partito riga tante alle mie disoccupazione fece crecchi da sorrente io ogni volta che mi presentavo a qualche riunione e si doveva cacciare qualche cosa per far fare il nostro giornale con tutta la mia disoccupazione miseria e sempre concorso. Io non mancavo mai alla riunione per ascoltare le parole del nostro partito anche se parlata da qualche fascista trucidato in comunista perché io li conosceva benissimo ma ogni uno di loro si scollava con la solita parabola (mai io era fascista per lavorare), ma allora per me non sei un vero comunista perché si rinnegato la tua fede verso il tuo partito.

...tati?

...tati?

...tati?

Fin la notte dopo 4 mesi ebbi la tessera (ma che razza di tessera) un cartoncino bianco con la seguente formula (al compagno Gribaldi Giovanni candidato al P.C.I. con dietro una nota che portavo il pecorante di 4 mesi più il distintivo totale L. 50, io pagai e mi prese la tessera dopo pochi giorni mi ritornò una riunione che stavano formando una cooperativa per vendere...

vole libero e cosa fui chiamato alle armi perché la mia classe già prestava servizio e fui inviato in Grecia dove rimase fino al giorno dell'armistizio. Non ti lascio immaginare tutti i sacrifici che feci per arrivare a raggiungere i miei cari finalmente arrivati.

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00128

Non ti sembra che era questa la risposta da dare ai tramutati?

Finalmente dopo 4 mesi ebbi la tessera (ma che razza di tessera) un carton- cino bianco con la seguente formula (al compagno Gribaldi Giovanni candidato al P.C.I. con dietro una nota che portava il pagamento di 4 mesi più il distin- tivo totale L. 50, io pagat e mi prese la tessera dopo pochi giorni mi rinre- sentai a trovar una riunione che stavano formando una cooperativa per vendere pasta, olio, uova, ecc. per fare parte alla suddetta ogni persona doveva sborsare 150 lire e così diventava scuola, chi non aveva tale somma non poteva far parte, nel mio criterio mi sempre che il comunista questo non lo ammette anzi a me mi fa schifo addirittura schifo perché non è permesso questo nel no- stro partito. Ora parlavo della tessera io come antifascista fin dalla nasci- ta, io detenuto politico, io confinato politico era candidato al partito ma- tre cerano fascisti con la loro tessera effettiva, l'unica cosa che mi restai di fare uscì fuori e stranisci quel pezzo di carta che per me non aveva nessun valore e dall'ora non mi presentai più alla sede del partito. Ma non perché ho abbia rinnegato la mia fede perché per essere comunista non occorre per- forza tenere la tessera basta tenere la tessera sempre accesa nel cuore la tes- sera non conta niente. Ce non siamo stati tanti anni senza la tessera? Ora io naturalmente mi trovo ancora disoccupato perché i posti sono rimasti ai

- 2

medesimi basti tramutarsi e il posto non si perde. Io sono dinuovo ritornato a Roma anzi mi sono trovato ad assistere alla grande massa di popolo con le loro riattive bandiere che si ricevano al Paladino per reclamare la Costituzione e in me o fatto questa riflessione. Se tutto questa massa si fosse verificata durante il periodo nero era sicuramente non ci trovassimo in queste condizioni pietose. Che cosa avesse fatto Mussolini di fronte al tutto il movimento italiano? Non credo che avesse avuto la forza di sopprimere tutti si sarebbe par stan- cuto e noi avremmo vinti, ma allora tutta questa folla non era pochi erano quel- li che anno lottato in campo aperto il resto erano tutte pecore mansuete che perdendo il loro pastore si sono sbandati in diversi ovile.

Esempio pratico, Togliatti invece si andarsi a godere la vita a Mosca aveva diretto il suo partito qui in Italia così anche per Nenni e compagni avessero mantenuto infiammati i cuori io credo che qualche cosa si avesse potuto raggiungere che forse si aveva paura di spargere sangue, senza martiri nessuna rivoluzione e mai riuscita vittoriosa, quindi si doveva lottare e non aspettare i suoi intimi amici con la forza degli alleati per abbatterlo il cui partito vero (per abbatterlo apparentemente e poi risorgere se to altra forma come la monarchia).

Prendiamo Parri il capo del Partito D'Azione che va a un ricevimento al Quirinale per assistere alla consegna del Collaro che il ligotamente dà ad una personalità americana.

Ma non lo sai che lui è un navigliato e non deve prendere nessun contatto di amicizia con un responsabile (che forse spara anche lui qualche collaro? ce ne uno di capra se vuole. Poi si sembra giusto che i partiti di sinistra presentino giuramente nelle mani di un responsabile di tutta queste sciocchezze? bisogna uscire dal governo se si vuole lottare di bene al popolo perchè la monarchia è galamita ed è capace di attirarsi tutto a suo favore. Lasciate perdere gli oneri e le cariche di essere eccellenti siamo o non siamo comunisti? Orache tutto vi o spiegate veniamo alla conclusione. Io sono ritornato a Roma per vendicarmi di tutto quello che o sofferto mi trovo senza casa e senza mezzi quindi visto che anche Togliatti non si è preso nessun interesse verso di me e verso gli altri come me o deciso di attentarlo sto per procurarmi l'arma non appena sarò pronto colpirò sicuro non perchè io sia un sanguinario ma è la giustizia che lui rappresenta che mi spinge a commettere questo fallo. Io non aspiravo a nessun premio ma volevo farlo meno che mi avessero riconosciuto pur dando il più umile posto a pulire i cessi. Io non chiedevo di essere Eccellenza ma chiedevo un posto da potermi formare anche io una famiglia e una casa. Tutto è non è stato possibile che io vado diminuito giorno per giorno perchè non o nessuno che mi aiuta e mi pensa. Quindi quando sarà il momento non mi giudicate male perchè è il mio diritto di vendicarmi contro coloro che non mi anno riconosciuto. Io qui a Roma per potere vivere mi o dovuto ribassare ad andare a mangiare nella cucine economiche quelle del C.S. Pietro seno a questora già sarei morto di fame. Durante il periodo che mi trovavo al confino mi fittarsi con una

no? Non credo che avesse avuto la forza di sopprimere tutti si sarebbe pur stan-
cato e noi avremmo vinto, ma allora tutta questa follia non c'era pochi erano quel-
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raggiungere che forse si aveva paura di sangue, senza martiri nessuna
rivoluzione e mai riuscita vittoriosa, quindi si doveva lottare e non aspettare
i suoi intimi amici con le loro degli alleati per abbatterlo il cui partito
vero (per abbatterlo apparentemente e poi ricorrere so to altra forma come
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Ma non lo sai che lui è un partigiano e non deve prendere nessun contatto
di amicizia con un responsabile (che forse snera anche lui qualche collare?)
ce ne uno di capra se vuole. Poi si sembra giusto che i partiti di sinistra
prestano giuramento nelle mani di un responsabile di tutta queste sciocchezze?
bisogna uscire dal governo se si vuole lottare di bene al popolo perché la
monarchia a Galamita ed è capace di attirarsi tutto a suo favore. Lasciate
perdere gli onori e le cariche di essere eccellenti siamo o non siamo comunisti?
Crache tutto vi o spiccate veniamo alla conclusione. Io sono ritornato a Roma
per vendicarmi di tutto quello che o sofferto mi trovo senza casa e senza mezzi
quindi visto che anche Togliatti non si è preso nessun interesse verso di me e
verso gli altri come me o deciso di attentarlo sto per procurarmi l'arma non
appena sarò pronto colpirò sicuro non perché io sia un sanguinario ma è la giu-
stizia che lui rappresenta che mi spinge a commettere questo fallo. Io non aspi-
ravo a nessun premio ma volevo farlo meno che mi avessero riconosciuto pur dan-
domi il più bello, posto a pulire i cessi. Io non chiedevo di essere Eccellenza
ma chiedevo un posto da potermi formare anche io una famiglia e una casa. Tutto
è non è stato possibile che io vado diminuito giorno per giorno perché non o-
nessuno che mi aiuta e mi pensa. Quindi quando sarà il momento non mi giudicate
male perché è il mio diritto di vendicarmi contro coloro che non mi hanno rico-
nosciuto. Io qui a Roma per potere vivere mi è dovuto ribassare ad andare a man-
giare nelle cucine economiche quelle del C.S. Pietro sono a questora già sarei
morto di fame. Durante il periodo che mi trovavo al confino mi fittanzai con una
ragazza del paese, la sua famiglia era contrario a questo passo preso dalla loro
figlia e non volevano perché loro dicevano, cosa può darti questo che ormai è
contaminato dal fascio, lui non potrà mai occupare un posto fin quando c'è il fa-
scio ed avevano ragione. Ma la ragazza aveva fede e credeva nella nostra vittoria
ha non poteva mancare. Non ti puoi immaginare la gioia provò quella poveretta
quando fu il 25 luglio 43 si riunì con tutti noi confinati per festeggiare quel
benedetto giorno, e anche la sua famiglia ne fu molto contenta. Terminato il
militare l'8.9.43 io ritornai al paese della mia fittanza per parlare di cose
riguardante alla nostra riunione di matrimonio e per fissare il giorno, natu-
ral-
ente questo doveva venire quando io avrei potuto ottenere un posto. Ai me quella
poveretta aspetta ancora il mio ritorno che vedo a sposarla. Che figura ho fatto
io davanti a tutto il paese? che non mi o potuto presentare per fare il mio dovere

- 3 -

quella ragazza chi sa quante soltificazioni a dovuto subire per causa mia, e la figura che ha fatto d'avanti ai suoi paesani i quali ci tengono molto quando una ragazza sposa un forestiero. Ora quella per causa mia non può sposare con nessuno perchè questa è la sua ingenuità una donna si lascia con un forestiero nessuno più la vuole. Così o perso anche questo. Ora tanto la donna il totale è questo. O perso mio padre senza poterlo vedere, casa distrutta, il resto della mia famiglia sbandata, io dormo qui a Roma dentro a una baracca in compagnia di molti topi che chi sa qualche bella notte mi daranno l'esalto, ora mi sono deciso di perdersi io. Ragionando con un po' di coscienza e come compagno che per me la parola compagno è più che un fratello, o torto se io cometto quest'atto che non vorrei farlo ma per forza maggiore pe' sete di giustizia io pur non volente lo farò. Si ricorda al compagno Togliatto la storia di Masaniello! il quale salì al potere per difendere i diritti del popolo, poi aiutando le gioie della legge si dimenticò del popolo ma il popolo che lo portò al potere quel medesimo popolo lo fece discendere per sempre perchè lo colpì bene e preciso. Qui a Roma o incontrato diversi detenuti e confinati politici tutti con le mie medesime condizioni e molti di questi vengono a prendere la sinistra dove la prendo io e tutti tramano un odio vero o i dirigenti il governo nel modo come ci è trattato. Anzi ce ne uno che mi ha detto che in una domanda fatta da una nostra associazione per spiegare in che condizioni vivono coloro che fanno lotta contro il fascismo (quei pochi intimisti perchè gli intellettuali si sono ben piazzati e se ne infischiano di noi). Parro sai cosa a rispostato? Anno fatto più che il loro dovere. Ma Parri forse a capito male mi non eravamo militare e dovevamo fare il nostro dovere ma eravamo dei liberi cittadini come lo era lui. Ha detto che il sazio non crede il digiuno perchè se Parri come confinati e detenuto che è stato durato il regno nero ci travasse nelle nostre condizioni non avrebbe parlato così a vrebbe anche lui protestato contro l'ingiustizia che ci è fatto verso di noi. Ma Parri ormai sta al governo e sta bene.... La Costituente ci è stata presentata a primavera ma di quale anno? Ma non ti sei accorto che i partiti cercano sempre allentare la per dare agio alla monarchia di prepararsi e di fortificarsi sempre più. Questo i partiti di sinistra lo sanno e taciono per non perdere i titoli di onorevole (questo va solo per i capi di partiti)

Il nostro compagno Togliatti ormai stando a contatto con gli altri pavaveri la parola compagno suona male alle sue orecchie di Eccellenza. Io o 387x 37 a anni quindi ormai l'amicizia gioventù lo persa sono solo achi serve a vivere per me e meglio che finiscono davanti ad un plotone di esecuzione ma prima mi debbe vendicare contro colui che rappresenta il nostro partito e poi finiro io. Sono stato deluso per tanti anni dalla propaganda ma ora basta o lotta to e sofferto per la mia idea ma non credevo mai che mi si facesse ridurre in questa pietosa condizione qual vado io o ottenuto io alla caduta del fascio? Ma il fascismo non o più salute sono diventato uno scheletro tutto

00122

dentro a una baracca in compagnia di perdemi io. Ragionando molto mi daranno l'esalto, ora mi sono deciso di perdersi io. Ragionando con un po' di coscienza e come compagno che per me la parola compagno è una che un fratello, o torto se io cometto quest'atto che non vorrei farlo ma per forza maggiore pe sete di giustizia io dir non volente lo farò. Si ricorda al compagno Togliatto la storia di Mussolino! il quale salì al potere per difendere i diritti del popolo, poi giustando le gioie della legge si dimenticò del popolo ma il popolo che lo portò al potere quel medesimo popolo lo fece discendere per sempre perché lo colpì bene e preciso... al a Roma o incontrato diversi detenuti e confinati politici tutti con le mie medesime condizioni e molti di questi vengono a prendere la minestra dove la prendo io e tutti tramano un'odio verso i dirigenti il governo nel modo come cia trattato. Anzi ce ne uno che mi ha detto che in una domanda fatta da una nostra associazione per spiegare in che condizioni vivono coloro che anno lottato contro il fascismo (quei pochi intantiamoci perché gli intellettuali si sono ben piazzati e se ne infociano di noi.). Parro sai cosa a fare sposto? Anno fatto più che il loro dovere. Ma Parri forse a capito male mi non eravamo militare e dovevamo fare il nostro dovere ma eravamo dei liberi cittadini come lo era lui. Ha detto che il sazio non crede il digiuno perché se Parri come confinati e detenuto che e stato duran e il regime nero ci travasse nelle nostre condizioni non avrebbe parlato così a vrebbe anche lui protestato contro l'ingiustizia che ci e fatto verso di noi. La Parri ormai sta al governo e sta bene.... La Costituente ci e stata per messo a primavera ma di quale anno? Ma non ti sei accorto che i partiti cerano sempre allontanati per dare agio alla monarchia di prepararsi e di fortificarsi sempre più. Questo i partiti di sinistra lo sanno e taciono per non perdere i titoli di onorevole (questo va solo per i capi di partiti) per non perdere i titoli di onorevole (questo va solo per i capi di partiti) per non perdere i titoli di onorevole (questo va solo per i capi di partiti)

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00122

C O P I A

PARTITO COMUNISTA ITALIANO
Federazione Prov. di Roma

PARTITO SOCIALISTA ITALIANO
Unione Socialista Romana

CITTADINI !

La sera della Vigilia di Natale un ordigno contenente gas tossici è stato fatto esplodere contro la Sede della Direzione del Partito Comunista Italiano.

Fortunatamente non si deplorano vittime.

Il P.C.I. e il P.S.I. denunciano all'opinione pubblica l'atto provocatorio con cui elementi criminali hanno tentato di creare una situazione di grave tensione nel Paese, facendo ricorso ai metodi della violenza e del terrorismo fascista !

Il P.C.I. e il P.S.I. denunciano energicamente l'attuale inefficienza delle autorità preposte a Roma alla tutela dell'ordine pubblico; inefficienza che permette l'esistenza di organizzazioni terroristiche le quali in pieno giorno e nel centro della città possono agire indisturbate, compiendo attentati che mettono in pericolo la incolumità e la tranquillità di privati cittadini, oltre che l'attività dei Partiti democratici.

Il P.C.I. e il P.S.I., consapevoli delle loro altissime responsabilità nel mantenimento dell'ordine e delle libertà democratiche, invitano tutti i loro militanti a conservare un atteggiamento di calma e vigile fermezza e fanno appello a tutti i cittadini onesti, a tutte le organizzazioni democratiche, agli organi del Governo affinché sia condotta a fondo un'azione concorde e decisa per stroncare ogni ripresa di quelle forze, bene individuabili, che - nemiche della democrazia - tentano la via del sovversivismo fascista.

Gli attentati contro i partiti antifascisti sono attentati contro la democrazia, contro le elezioni, contro la Costituente.

PER LA PACIFICAZIONE DEL PAESE TUTTI UNITI CONTRO IL TERRORISMO NEOFASCISTA.

PER LA PACIFICAZIONE DEL PAESE CHIEDIAMO ENERGICHE, IMMEDIATE, MISURE CONTRO LE ORGANIZZAZIONI REAZIONARIE FASCISTE.

NATALE, 1945

LA FEDERAZIONE PROV. ROMANA DEL P.C.I.
L'UNIONE SOCIALISTA ROMANA

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NATALE, 1945

LA FEDERAZIONE PROV. ROMANA DEL P.C.I.
L'UNIONE SOCIALISTA ROMANA

00126

96

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

10 December 1945

REF : AC/14074/PS

SUBJECT : Murder of Carabinieri

TO : Public Safety Div. Hq., AMG XIII Corps

1. Reference 13c/AMG/PS/802 of 29 July 45.
2. The general commanding CC.RR. requests that permission may be given for CC.RR. to investigate the matter on the spot.
3. In a report from the general, it appears that they may be carabinieri of a Lt. TONARELLI's command which fought against the Germans.

CH
JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

00120

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION
SECURITY DIVISION

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00124

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,
Colonel J.A.G.D.,
Director Public Safety,
Sub Commission.

CBH/nb

(Translation M.C.)

3- DIC. 1945

CC.RR. GENERAL COMMAND
Situation and Liaison Office

Rome 22 November 1945

647/5 R.P.

To ALLIED COMMISSION
SUB COMMISSION OF P.S.
R O M E

SUBJECT: Murdered Carabinieri.

Referring to AC/I4074 P.S. dated 8.8.1945.

Investigations ordered by this General Command to be carried out at once in connection with murdered carabinieri, have given no results because zone where seven bodies were found is in the Gorizia province, territory under Allied control.

And therefore unable to carry out direct inquiries in the spot, nor gather positive facts relating to identification of victims and culprits.

Meanwhile we communicate the following episode that might give a lead to enlighten matter.

Between 29 April to 1st of last May, in the Collio zone province of Gorizia, about 200 carabinieri were assembled by Lt. Alpo Tonarelli, at the moment commanding the Tenenza of Montagnana (Padova), who bore, together with Slav partisans and Italian Garibaldinians, a number of fights against Serbian-Croatian troops, on the Germans' side.

At sunset of May the first Lt. Tonarelli barricaded in an old castle and surrounded by overwhelming forces, about 4000 men, left with little to no ammunition, ordered his carabinieri to open a way out and attempt to reach Gorizia, to where he thought the Allies had already advanced.

In the fight that ensued 14 carabinieri and 10 Garibaldinians fell with honour.

When night came, the party always pursued by assaulters who had become aware of its manoeuvre broke up into various groups.

The largest group, always headed by Lieut Tonarelli, went towards Gorizia, where it was held up by the Slovene formation that were in possession of the city and ordered to a concentration camp.

Another group composed of about 9 carabinieri went down the Canale d'Isonzo zone and appeared before Titos' partisan military command, who had occupied that zone. The men were disarmed and taken prisoners. The carabinieri making up this group were: Modenini Fiore, Perruzzi Alessandro, Leone Salvatore, Picchierri Gosimo, Volante Gerardo, Draicchio Rocco, Satta Agostino

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00123

We have not been able to find out the names of the other two missing carabinieri.

Nothing more has been heard of these except Draicchio Rocco and Satta Agostino, who managed to escape.

The bodies found might be those of the seven missing carabinieri; in which case their death should be reckoned from 4 or 5 May last, i.e. two months and 18 days from date when remains were found.

Should a medical examination establish that death occurred over four months after the discovery of the bodies, it might regard the same Group in Gorizia which large in number during the German domination- joined the Slav brigades in the mountains.

It appears that many of the aforesaid carabinieri of whom nothing more was heard, were done away with by the same Slavs, who had seen them fight by their side.

And finally, while thanking you for your kind communication, we beg you to be so kind as to examine the possibility of authorizing this General Command to dispose of direct investigation on the spot by our own personnel.

The General Commander
BRUNETTO BRUNETTI

00123



26 NOV. 1945

RISERVATO PERSONALE

Comando Generale dell'Arma dei Carabinieri Reali

UFFICIO SERVIZIO - SITUAZIONE E COLLEGAMENTI

N. 647/5 di prot. R.P.

Roma, li 22 novembre 1945

Risposta al

del

n.

Allegati n.

OGGETTO: Sospetto crimine di guerra - Rinvenimento di sette cadaveri indossanti la divisa di carabiniere.

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA

- Sottocommissione per la Pubblica Sicurezza -

R O M A

~~~~~  
Fa riferimento al foglio AC/14074/PS in data 8.8.1945.

Le immediate indagini ordinate da questo Comando Generale in merito al crimine in oggetto, non hanno dato risultati, in quanto la zona dove furono rinvenuti i sette cadaveri indossanti la divisa di carabiniere, è in territorio della provincia di Gorizia, sotto controllo alleato.

**00121**

Non è stato possibile pertanto eseguire diretti accertamenti in luogo, nè raccogliere dati concreti per la identificazione delle salme e dei responsabili dell'eccidio.

Si comunica comunque un episodio che potrebbe costituire un filo conduttore per appurare la vera consistenza dei fatti.

Dal 29 aprile al 1° maggio u.s., nella zona di Collio, provincia di Gorizia, circa 200 carabinieri radunati dal Tenente Alpo TONARELLI, attualmente comandante la Tenenza di Montagnana (Padova), sostennero, unitamente ai partigiani slavi e garibaldini italiani, vari combattimenti contro truppe serbo-croate, al servizio dei tedeschi.

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- 2 -

Al tramonto del 1° maggio il Tenente TONARELLI, circondato e asserragliato in un vecchio castello da forze preponderanti - circa 4.000 uomini - rimasto quasi privo di munizioni, ordinò ai carabinieri di aprirsi un varco per tentare di raggiungere Gorizia ove credeva fossero già arrivati gli alleati.

Nei combattimenti sostenuti caddero gloriosamente 14 carabinieri e 10 garibaldini.

Il reparto, sopraggiunta la notte ed inseguito dagli attaccanti che avevano intuito la manovra, si frazionò in vari gruppi.

Il gruppo più numeroso, capeggiato sempre dal tenente TONARELLI, si diresse verso Plava, raggiungendo quindi Gorizia, dove tutti i militari furono fermati dalle formazioni slovene che avevano già occupato la città, e avviati in campo di concentramento.

Un altro gruppo di circa 9 carabinieri scese a valle e nella zona di Canale d'Isonzo si presentò, il mattino successivo, al comando militare partigiano di Tito, che aveva occupato la regione. Fu disarmato e fatto prigioniero.

Del gruppo facevano parte i carabinieri MODENINI Fiore - PERRUZZI Alessandro - LEONE Salvatore - PICCHIERRI Cosimo - VOLANTE Gerardo - DRAICCHIO Rocco - SATTA Agostino ed altri due, di cui non è stato possibile accertare il nome.

Di essi non si ebbe più alcuna notizia, eccezion fatta per i carabinieri DRAICCHIO Rocco e SATTA Agostino che, il giorno successivo, eludendo la vigilanza della guardia, riuscirono ad evadere.

I cadaveri rinvenuti potrebbero essere quelli dei sette scomparsi; e in questo caso, la loro morte risalirebbe al 4 o 5 maggio u.s., cioè a 2 mesi e 18 giorni dalla data del rinvenimento delle salme.

Se invece, come una perizia medica potrebbe stabilire, la morte risalisse ad oltre quattro mesi dal rinvenimento, potrebbe trattarsi di carabinieri, sempre del Gruppo di Gorizia, che numerosi - nel periodo di dominazione tedesca - raggiunsero le brigate slave delle montagne.

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- 3 -

22V 1945

Risulta che molti dei predetti carabinieri, dei quali non si ebbero più notizie, vennero eliminati dagli stessi slavi, che pur li avevano visti combattere al loro fianco.

Ciò premesso, mentre si ringrazia codesta Sottocommissione per la cortese comunicazione, si prega volersi compiacere esaminare la possibilità di far autorizzare questo Comando Generale a disporre accertamenti diretti sul posto per mezzo di personale proprio.

IL GENERALE COMANDANTE  
- Brunetto Brunetti -



00120

ZONE COMMISSIONER AND NAHLES DOMINANT PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER

8717

24 Nov 1945

ROUTINE

UNCLASSIFIED PD

8446

- 16 Nov 1945

REFERENCE SIGNAL EIGHT FOUR FOUR SIX FROM ALCON SITE AGENE DATED

ONE SIX NOVEMBER ONE NINE FOUR FIVE PD

PARA TO ZONE COMMISSIONER AND NAHLES DOMINANT PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER

FROM ALCON SITE AGENE DATED

PARA ONE PD BY AUTHORITY OF COMBINED CHIEFS OF STAFF PLEASE

ARRANGE FOR IMMEDIATE HANDOVER TO BRITISH CUSTODY RESCUEE GETTING

HELD IN ITALIAN CUSTODY AT NAHLES JUDICIAL PRISON CMA FOGGIORRAN

PRISON CMA SPARTO POLITICO AND REPORT THIS HEADQUARTERS SO THAT

ESCORT CAN BE LAID ON TO COLLECT PRISONER PD

PARA TWO PD RESCUEE REQUIRED FOR TRIAL IN CONNECTION WITH

SHOOTING BRITISH PRISONER OF WAR PD

00119

Public Safety Sub/Comm

561

R.J. BYE Col.  
DDP's

G.J. LEONE  
CWO NSA  
Asst Adjutant

|          |
|----------|
| 10/12    |
| 2344     |
| 14074/12 |

140013 NOV 1945  
STATION ROME  
RECORD No 2988  
CIVIL CENSORSHIP GROUP  
C.A 11272-45

CONFIDENTIAL

HQ ALLIED COMMISSION

From: UNKNOWN  
Hotel Spendlo  
Lugano, Switzerland

To: COLOMANO BARTA  
Via Corfinio 26  
Rome, Italy

Give place of postmark where there is no address

| Date of communication or postmark if letter is undated | Type mail          | Reg No. | Language                                                                       | Previously censored by | Enclosures                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 28 Sept. 1945<br>PM 29 Sept. 45                        | Registered         | 876     | Italian                                                                        | ---                    | ---                                                                                                        |
| Previous relevant record                               | Station allocation |         | Disposal of original communication                                             |                        |                                                                                                            |
| ---                                                    | S.M.R.E.<br>C.I.C. |         | G-2 (CC) AFHQ<br>AC HQ<br>FILE<br>DIR. INT. AFS WASH<br>IRB LONDON<br>G-2 (CI) |                        |                                                                                                            |
|                                                        |                    |         |                                                                                |                        | Had<br>Excised<br>Photographed<br>Sent with<br>comment to:<br>Passed P<br>Condemned<br>Return<br>to sender |

COMMENT

ALLEGED HUNGARIAN WAR CRIMINAL IN AMERICAN ZONE

"WULF fled from BUDAPEST and thus lost all of his positions. If he returned there he would be hanged. Already since March 1944 he had no authority whatsoever to sell my motors, but, as president of the corporation, he sold them to a Dutch firm. He did this exclusively to obtain some money. He had no authority from anyone to perform such transaction. At that time he was near PASSAN on a boat of the MFTR units which had been taken away from the Hungarians.... he is a public enemy of HUNGARY. He is already senile and has with him that gangster Luis NORMAN who was the agent of Dr. CLODIUS... It is my property and a Nazi emigre' sells it to third parties. It is incredible and I am not at all surprised that the Americans let them circulate in their zone."

00118

Los 811

Previous relevant record

Station Allocation

G-2 (CC) APHQ  
AC HQ  
FILE  
DIR. INT. AFFS WASH  
INB LONDON  
G-2 (CI)

Hold  
Excluded  
Photographed  
Sent with  
comment to:

Passed P  
Condemned  
Return  
to sender

S.M.R.E.  
C.I.C.

COMMENT

ALLEGED HUNGARIAN WAR CRIMINAL IN AMERICAN ZONE

"WULF fled from BUDAPEST and thus lost all of his positions. If he returned there he would be hanged. Already since March 1944 he had no authority whatsoever to sell my motors, but, as president of the corporation, he sold them to a Dutch firm. He did this exclusively to obtain some money. He had no authority from anyone to perform such transaction. At that time he was near PASSAN on a boat of the MTRR units which had been taken away from the Hungarians.... He is already senile and has with him that gangster Luis NORMAN who was the agent of Dr. CLODIUS... It is my property and a Nazi engine! sells it to third parties. It is incredible and I am not at all surprised that the Americans let them circulate in their zone."

|                       |          |            |          |
|-----------------------|----------|------------|----------|
| SEARCHED              | INDEXED  | SERIALIZED | FILED    |
| 10/23/45              | 10/23/45 | 10/23/45   | 10/23/45 |
| FBI - NEW YORK        |          |            |          |
| RECEIVED              |          |            |          |
| OCT 23 1945           |          |            |          |
| U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE |          |            |          |

00118

Lo 811

EXAMINER Italian Censor REVIEWER A.V.

EXAMINATION DATE 23 October 1945

SPECIAL NOTICE - The attached information was taken from private communications and is extremely confidential character must be preserved. The information must be confined only to those officials whose knowledge of it is necessary to prosecution of the war. In no case should it be widely distributed or copies made of the information (see (b) legal proceedings or in any other public way without express consent of the Civil Censorship Officer, Allied Commission.

CONFIDENTIAL

PS  
20 NOV 1945

14074

SECRET

Subject: MURDER OF ITALIAN CIVILIANS AT  
VECCHIA ZANO

20 NOV 1945

GHQ CMT

16200/A3

14 Nov 45

Signor Spertaco Cannarsa,  
Segretario Generale Alto,  
Comisario Per La Sanzion,  
Centra Il Fascismo,  
Palazzo Vimercato,  
ROME.

Copy to: HQ Allied Commission  
DJAG  
A-2

} without  
enclosures.

With reference to this GHQ letter 16200/A3 dated  
27 Oct 45.

1. Original proceedings of a Court of Inquiry together with  
copy of SIB report concerning the murder of 9 male civilians  
at VECCHIAZANO are forwarded for such action as you may wish to  
take against the accused.

2. The German officer, 2nd Lt BRANDE, Alois, is held in  
British custody and if you require him to be handed over to you  
for trial application should be made to this HQ through HQ  
Allied Commission at an early date.

3. It has not been possible to trace Major HAAS or Capt  
KOEPPEN and you may therefore consider that any proceedings  
should be limited to the trial of 2nd Lt. BRANDE for his  
responsibility in the alleged crime.

4. Please acknowledge receipt of the documents referred to  
in para 1 above.

Security  
Division

23/11  
2085

/jaml.

Encls:



J. Napier  
Major General,  
DAG.

Bitte initial reponse side

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Civil Affairs Section  
APO 394

28 September 1945

AG/14074/PS

SUBJECT : Prison Camps  
TO : G-5 Section AFHQ  
REF : G-5: OOO.5-1 of 11.6.45

1. The General Direction of the Public Security, Italian Ministry of Interior states that it has no knowledge of a concentration camp called "the Studio" Camp.

2. Appended for your information is a translation of a letter from the Rome Questore about a camp which was located in the neighbourhood indicated and may be the one referred to.

M. CARR,  
Brigadier,  
VP CA Section

NR

00116

92A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Civil Affairs Section  
APO 394

AC/14074/P.S.

September, 1945

SUBJECT : Prison Camps  
TO : G-5 Section A.F.H.C.  
REF. : G-5: 000.5-1 of 11.6.45

q/B.

1. We are advised by the General Direction of the Public Safety, Italian Ministry of Interior, that they have no knowledge of a "studio" concentration camp, but append the translation of some Questore report on the subject for your information.

*corrected  
rewriting in  
different report  
by the VP*

M. CARR,  
Brigadier,  
VP CA Section.

PFH/s

*see corrected copy*

00113

Ornamentation (S.)  
22 SET. 1945

Rome 13. 1. 1945

91A

68A

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR  
General Direction of P.S.

Division A.C.B. Section 15  
451/11539

TO ALLIED COMMISSION  
SUB COMMISSION of P.S.  
P.O.M.E.  
No. AC.14074 P.S.

SUBJECT: Castel di Guido Work-Centre.

In answer to a/m: We have no knowledge whatever that  
"static" concentration camp ever existed. 91B

As pointed out in attached letter by local Questura, a  
work-centre for confined and interned persons was instituted  
at Castel di Guido in 1942, but this ceased to exist, after many  
vicissitudes, on 8 September 1943.

For the Minister  
FERRARI

00114

Plon initial where L.H.

(Translation E.C.)

MINISTRY OF INTERIOR  
REGIA PREFETTURA DI ROMA

91B

P.022117/Div. R. F. C. S. E. 4

Addl 21 Agosto 1945

Ans. Note R. 5103/451/II533

del 20 August 1945

To Ministry of Interior  
General Direction of P. F.  
E. C. M. E.

SUBJECT: Castel di Guido - Concentration camp.

Ref. to a/m phonogram: Concentration camp never existed in this Province territory.

In 1943 this Ministry disposed of the constitution of a Work-Centre in Castel di Guido district, for confined and interned persons.

These were engaged by "Eugenio Parrini Co" for work ordered by the Governatorato di Roma.

The internees were watched over by the Commander of the CC. SS. Station at Castel di Guido and soldiers in his dependence, in compliance with direct agreement between this Ministry and the Arma Command.

No P. S. director or personnel were assigned to that Centre.

On the 25 th of July 1943 this Ministry appointed a P. S. Official with precise orders to release all political internees, except those who had been confined for common crimes or espionage.

On 7 th of September 1943, another batch of 58 internees was transferred to that Centre from Alberobello camp.

00113

After events of 8th September 1943 and the capture of the CC. SS. in the Capital, all the Carabinieri stationed at Castel di Guido took to the country. The internees left to themselves, all but six or seven, abandoned the place. Those who remained were sheltered by families in that district for being Jews; they were afraid to leave the place for fear of being captured by the German SS. and conveyed to Germany.

We were unable at the time to send an Official to enquire into the case, as the whole district was overrun by Germans, and owing to vicinity of sea-coast, SS. sequestered cars and regardlessly rounded-up persons.

It was only about the beginning of November 1943 and through an ex-internee, who had succeeded in crossing the German Block-lines that we were informed that his companions had all left Castel di Guido, through want of food or ration-cards, and for fear of being collected

./.

2

by Germans, as one internee had gone to work with the German Command as interpreter.

Finally: reckoning from 3 September 1943, the work centre at Castel di Guido, held neither interned or confined persons, and least of all militarized Carabinieri for vigilance of same.

By the Questore

COLIMANDO

00112

PC.



*Ministero dell'Interno*  
DIREZIONE GENERALE DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

*Divisione A.G.R. Sez. I*  
*Let. 1452/11539 Allegati*

*Roma* 10 - 9 - 1945

Al L'ON. COMMISSIONE  
ALLEATA - sottocommis-  
sione per la P.S.

ROMA  
Registrali del 3.7.45  
L. L. 14074  
P.S.

Oggetto: Ufficiale addetto a un campo  
di prigionieri.

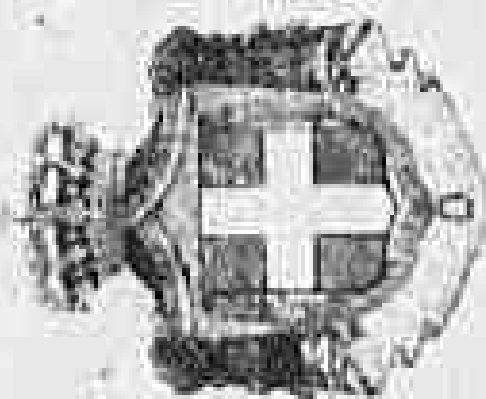
In risposta al foglio controindicato, si co-  
munica che non risulta mai esistito un campo di  
prigionieri denominato "Studio".

Come rilevasi dalle accluse informazioni  
fornite dalla locale Questura, nel 1942 venne isti-  
tuito, nella borgata Castel di Guido, un centro di  
lavoro per confinati ed internati, che però cessò  
di esistere, dopo varie vicende, fin dall'8 settem-  
bre 1943.

PEL MINISTRO

*[Signature]*

00111



*Ministero dell'Interno*

REGIA QUESTURA DI ROMA

N°029117/Div.U.P. Cat. D.4

Add 21 agosto 1945

Risposta a nota n°5103/451/II539  
del 20 agosto 1945

OGGETTO: Castel di Guido - Campo di concentramento.

AL MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO  
Direzione Generale della P.S.  
Div.Aff.Gen.Ris.

ROMA  
=====

In relazione al fonogramma suindicato, si comunica che nel territorio di questa Provincia non è mai esistito alcun campo di concentramento.

Per disposizioni di codesto Ministero, nel 1942 venne costituito alla borgata Castel di Guido, un centro di lavoro per confinati ed internati, per i lavori che la Ditt. "Eugenio Parrini" eseguiva in quella zona per conto dell'ex governatorato di Roma.

Alla vigilanza dei confinati ed internati vi provvedeva il Comandante la Stazione CC.RR. di Castel di Guido con i militari alla sua dipendenza, giusta accordi intercorsi direttamente tra codesto On.le Ministero ed il Comando dell'Arma, e pertanto non vi era alcun direttore nè personale della P.S. preposti al Centro stesso.

0013U

Alla data del 25 luglio 1943, quest'ufficio, per disposizione di codesto Ministero, inviò sul posto un Funzionario di P.S. con il preciso incarico di liberare tutti i confinati ed internati politici e pertanto rimasero in detto Centro, come da disposizioni Ministeriali, tredici internati e confinati per reati comuni e per sospetto di spionaggio.

La mattina del 7 settembre 1943, poi, provenienti dal campo di concentramento di Alberobello, giunsero in detto Centro altri 53 internati.

La mattina del 10 settembre 1943, poi, giunsero in detto Centro altri 53 internati.

OGGETTO: Castel di Guido - Campo di concentramento.

AL MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO  
Direzione Generale della P.S.  
Div. Aff. Gen. Ris.

R O M A  
=====

In relazione al fonogramma suindicato, si comunica che nel territorio di questa Provincia non è mai esistito alcun campo di concentramento.

Per disposizioni di codesto Ministero, nel 1942 venne costituito alla borgata Castel di Guido, un centro di lavoro per confinati ed internati, per i lavori che la Ditt.<sup>a</sup> "Eugenio Parrini" eseguiva in quella zona per conto dell'ex governatorato di Roma.

Alla vigilanza dei confinati ed internati vi provvedeva il Comandante la Stazione CC. RR. di Castel di Guido con i militari alla sua dipendenza, giusta accordi intercorsi direttamente tra codesto On.le Ministero ed il Comando dell'Arma, e pertanto non vi era alcun direttore nè personale della P.S. preposti al Centro stesso.

00140

Alla data del 25 luglio 1943, quest'ufficio, per disposizione di codesto Ministero, inviò sul posto un Funzionario di P.S. con il preciso incarico di liberare tutti i confinati ed internati politici e pertanto rimasero in detto Centro, come da disposizioni Ministeriali, tredici internati e confinati per reati comuni e per sospetto di spionaggio.

La mattina del 7 settembre 1943, poi, provenienti dal campo di concentramento di Alberobello, giunsero in detto Centro altri 58 internati.

Dopo gli avvenimenti dell'8 settembre 1943 e la cattura dei CC. RR. avvenuta nella Capitale, tutti gli appartenenti alla Stazione dei CC. RR. di Castel di Guido, abbandonarono detta località dandosi alla macchia, per cui i confinati ed internati rimasero abbandonati a se stessi, senza alcuna vigilanza, tanto che gran parte di essi si allontanarono e solamente sei o sette rimasero presso famiglie del luogo, in località

./.

diversa dal centro di lavoro, in quanto non intendevano di allontanarsi perchè, essendo sloveni, temevano di essere rastrellati dalle SS tedesche e condotti in Germania.

E non fu possibile neppure a questo Ufficio di poter inviare sul posto qualche funzionario, perchè si interessasse di essi e ne disponesse l'allontanamento, in quanto, in quella zona, gremita di truppe tedesche, oltre a non essere consentito il transito alla macchina, data la vicinanza alla zona marittima, le SS germaniche nel sequestrare - senza alcun riguardo - le auto che vi transitavano, rastrellavano anche le persone che si trovavano a bordo delle macchine stesse.

E solo nei primi del mese di novembre 1943, a mezzo di un internato che era riuscito a passare i posti blocco tedeschi, quest'ufficio venne informato che le poche persone che si trovavano già nel Centro suddetto, essendo rimaste senza mezzi di sussistenza, di vitto e di carte annonarie, si erano allontanate definitivamente dalla zona di Castel di Guido, anche perchè uno degli internati stessi si era volontariamente occupato presso un comando tedesco, quale interprete, e temevano così di essere rastrellati.

Da quanto sopra è detto si rileva che fin dall'8 settembre 1943 non esisteva più il Centro di Lavoro di Castel di Guido, dove non vi erano più nè confinati nè internati e tanto meno i militari dell'Arma preposti alla vigilanza del Centro stesso.

IL QUESTORE  
Solimando

*file*

*(90A)*

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub Commission  
APO 394

AC/14074/PS

3 September 1945

SUBJECT : Important Enquiry to trace CC.RR Officer.

TO : Commanding General CC.RR

1. Efforts are being made to trace an officer of Carabinieri, description as follows:-

"Captain of Carabinieri, Commanding CC.RR Headquarters at LAMIA, Greece, during July and August 1942. Tallish, good looking, dark hair, very fair skin. Age about 30 to 35 years."

2. Will you please have immediate enquiries made to trace this officer, and forward full particulars to this Sub Commission as soon as possible.

*John W. Chapman*  
f JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.G.D.  
Director

RCB/pl

Copy to : Land Forces S/C  
M.N.I.A.

(Reference your A.311 of 29 August 45)

00109

1st INDORSEMENT

891

AC/14074/PS

3 September 45

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION Civil Affairs Section

TO : War Crimes Commission AFHQ

1.

*891 all English*  
Forwarded for your consideration.

For V.P. Civil Affairs Section,

JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.G.D.  
Director.

00108

UNITED MILITARY GOVERNMENT  
HEADQUARTERS LIGURIA REGION  
APO 394  
PUBLIC SAFETY DIVISION

9.5-88A-  
BUREAU

31 AGO. 1945

14044  
2

REF : MIG/SAP/542 26 August 1945  
SUBJECT : WAR CRIMES.  
TO : Director, Public Safety Sub-Commission.  
Hqs. Allied Commission, APO 394

The attached letter from the Commissariato di Polizia, Ventimiglia, concerning war crimes, is forwarded for your information and onward transmission, please.

For the Regional Commissioner:

00107

31 AUG 1945

for *[Signature]*  
S. J. HOFFORD  
Lt. Colonel  
Regional Public Safety Officer.

|        |                                   |     |      |                |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-----|------|----------------|
| AC/140 | TO                                | INT | DATE | 3 September 45 |
| 1.     | War Crime                         | 77A | 3-9  | Section 1401   |
|        | Forwarded for your consideration. |     |      |                |
|        | For V.P. Civil Affairs Section.   |     |      |                |
|        |                                   |     |      |                |
|        |                                   |     |      |                |

JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.S.D.  
Director

COMMISSARIATO DI POLIZIA DI CONFINE DI

VENTIMIGLIA

N° 720 di prot.

Ventimiglia, 11 Agosto 1945

Oggetto: Geiger - maggiore dell'esercito tedesco, e Caibilla maresciallo delle stesse esercito.

Alla Questura di - IMPERIA

s.p.c.

Al Sg. Governatore

Cap. P. Garigue

- VENTIMIGLIA

00106

In questi ultimi tempi sono state scoperte, nella zona montana di questo Comune, già occupata dalle forze armate tedesche ed evacuata della popolazione civile, numerosi fosse comuni contenenti miseri resti di patrioti, di indiziati politici, e di altre persone. I loro cadaveri presentavano ferite di colpi di arma da fuoco in prevalenza al cranio.

La voce pubblicata ventimigliese accusa quale responsabile degli efferati delitti il maggiore tedesco Geiger. Certa De Rg Antonietta di Luigi e di Zolden Giovanna, nata a Canava (Udine) il 20/9/1924, residente in questa frazione Varase ha dichiarato in quest'ufficio che un militare tedesco di nome Carlo, dall'apparente età di 19 - 20 anni; ne aveva un giorno confidato di aver ucciso una bombina di circa 5 - 6 anni nei pressi del confine italo - francese per ordine del suo maggiore Geiger, comandante il 2° battaglione della 34ª divisione.

Girardo Antonio fu Antonio, nato il 5/12/1898 a Ventimiglia qui residente in Via Gellardi 14, ha dichiarato che il 7 maggio scorso avrebbe visto il maggiore Geiger a S. Giorgio Canavese in attesa dell'ar-

Al Sig. Governatore

Cap. F. Garigue

VENTIMIGLIA

00106

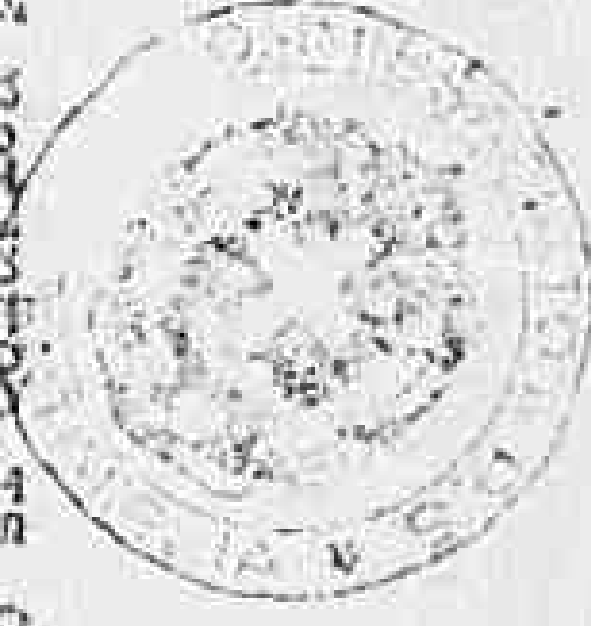
In questi ultimi tempi sono state scoperte, nelle zone montane di questo Comune, già occupate dalle forze armate tedesche ed evasuate dalla popolazione civile, numerose fosse comuni contenenti miseri resti di patrioti, di indiziati politici, e di altre persone. I loro cadaveri presentavano ferite di colpi di arma da fuoco in prevalenza al cranio.

La voce pubblica ventimigliese accusa quale responsabile degli efferati delitti il maggiore tedesco Geiger. Carla De Rg Antonietta di Luigi e di Zoldan Giovanna, nata a Caneva (Udine) il 20/3/1924, residente in questa frazione Varaze ha dichiarato in quest'Ufficio che un militare tedesco di nome Carlo, dall'apparente età di 19 - 20 anni; se aveva un giorno confidato di aver ucciso una bambina di circa 5 - 6 anni nei pressi del confine italo - francese per ordine del suo maggiore Geiger, comandante il 2° battaglione della 34ª Divisione.

Girardo Antonio fu Antonio, nato il 5/12/1928 a Ventimiglia qui residente in Via Gallardi 14, ha dichiarato che il 7 maggio scorso avrebbe visto il maggiore Geiger a S. Giorgio Canavese in attesa dell'arrivo delle truppe Alleate, avendo rifiutato di arrendersi ai partigiani.

Da ulteriori notizie sembrerebbe che detto maggiore sia stato successivamente avviato in un campo di concentramento nei pressi di Ivrea dove troverebbe tuttora insieme al maresciallo germanico Cimilla, pure designato dalla pubblica voce come esecutore materiale degli omicidi avvenuti in queste zone.

Tanto si comunica per il reintegro dei predetti originali



IL COMMISSARIO DI POLIZIA  
(Proc. Cinquiesola).

*DMV*

84A

CONFIDENTIAL

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

Tel : 489081-257

1 September 45

AC/14074/PS

SUBJECT : War Criminals

TO : Regional Commissioner Venezia Region  
attention RPSO

Ref: RMII/PS/14.3 of 31 July and 9 Aug. 45

1. We are advised by G-1 British at AFHQ that  
the last known address of -

was - T/Capt. G.E. Fullerton-Carnegie 233189 SG  
22 Civil Affairs Unit.

JOHN T. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.G.D.  
Director.

YTH/3

CONFIDENTIAL

00115

2874  
T. Safety  
86A

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS

CONFIDENTIAL

Subject:- LOCATIONS - OFFICERS

G-1(Br) 72657/A10

28 Aug 45

HQ Allied Commission (CA Section) ✓

T/Capt G.T. FULLERTON-CARVERIE (233189) - SG

Reference your letter AC/14074/PS dated 24 Aug 45, the last location of the above named officer known to this HQ or GCH 2nd Echelon records is :-

22 Civil Affairs Unit

30 AUG 1945

*[Signature]*

for Major General,  
D.A.G.,  
G-1(B).

| TO              |      |  |
|-----------------|------|--|
| DIRECTOR        | 119  |  |
| DEPUTY DIRECTOR | 19   |  |
| EXEC. OFF.      | 31-8 |  |
| POLICE          | 19   |  |
| DIS. A. REG.    |      |  |
| PRISON          |      |  |
|                 |      |  |
|                 |      |  |
|                 |      |  |

001.

30 AGO. 1945

85A

Subject : War Guinea.

Land Forces Sub Comm. AC.  
(L.F.I.A.)  
R O R E  
A 311

To : Public Safety Sub Commission AC.

29 Aug. '45.

14074  
m

Reference copy of attached letter G1/Br/16121/k-3 dated  
25 Aug. '45, received from A F H Q.

85B

It is requested that you inform this Sub Commission whether  
you are able to trace this officer through Carabinieri channels.

| TO              | INIT  | DATE |
|-----------------|-------|------|
| DIRECTOR        | 11/1  | 11/1 |
| DEPUTY DIRECTOR | 11/15 | 19   |
| EXEC. OFFICER   | 11/18 | 31-8 |
| POLAR           | 11/16 | 11/9 |
| LC. 1000        |       |      |
| POST            |       |      |
| PROG            |       |      |
| SEC. 10         |       |      |
| CHIEF CLERK     |       |      |

P.P. P. A. Q. 11

Major General,  
L.F.I.A.

1/10

Copy to : A F H Q (For G1(Br) )

001.3

SECRET

85B

Subject : War Crimes.

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS.

G1/Br/16121/A-3.

25 Aug. '45

Land Forces Sub Commission (M.I.I.A.)

1. This HQ is anxious to trace a Carabinieri Officer whose description is as follows : -

"Captain of Carabinieri Commanding Carabinieri HQ at LAMEA, GREECE in Jul and Aug 1942.  
Tallish, good looking with dark hair and very fair skin.  
About thirty or thirty-five years of age."

2. It is requested that every possible effort may be made to identify the above from Italian records and to trace his present whereabouts.

Major General,  
DAG, G1(Br).

0011-

27 AGO. 1945



84A

# Comando Generale dell'Arma dei Carabinieri Reali

UFFICIO SERVIZIO - SITUAZIONE E COLLEGAMENTI

N. 547/3 di prot. R.P.

Roma, li 24 agosto 1945

Risposta al

del

n.

Allegati n.

OGGETTO: Sospetto crimine di guerra.

14074  
es

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA  
-Sottocommissione per la P.S.-

R O M A 051.1

\*\*\*\*\*

Risponde al foglio n.AC./14074/ES. in data 8 agosto 1945.

Ringrazio per la cortese comunicazione, e ag-  
giungo che ho interessato il Comando della 1^ Di-  
visione CC.RR. delle indagini del caso.

78A

Referring to your letter dated 8 August 45, AC/14074/ES.  
I thank you for your kind communication, adding that I have  
informed the Command of the 1st CC.RR. Division for investigation  
on the case.

IL GENERALE COMANDANTE  
-Brunetto Brunetti-

*Brunetti*

Translation ac/

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| DIRUTTORE       |  |
| CAPO SEGRETERIA |  |
| CAPO SEGRETERIA |  |
| POLICE          |  |
| CC. & RR.       |  |
| PROV. A.        |  |
| PROV. B.        |  |
| PROV. C.        |  |
| PROV. D.        |  |
| PROV. E.        |  |
| PROV. F.        |  |
| PROV. G.        |  |
| PROV. H.        |  |
| PROV. I.        |  |
| PROV. L.        |  |
| PROV. M.        |  |
| PROV. N.        |  |
| PROV. O.        |  |
| PROV. P.        |  |
| PROV. Q.        |  |
| PROV. R.        |  |
| PROV. S.        |  |
| PROV. T.        |  |
| PROV. U.        |  |
| PROV. V.        |  |
| PROV. W.        |  |
| PROV. X.        |  |
| PROV. Y.        |  |
| PROV. Z.        |  |

Del 30/8  
31/8  
1/9



81A

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Civil Affairs Section  
A.C. 394

24 August 45

AC/14074/25

SUBJECT : Capt. Carnegie (Brigade of Guards)  
TO : G-1 (Br) Allied Force Headquarters.

1. We are attempting to trace the present location of the above-named officer about whom no other details are furnished except that he was attached to either 12th or 13th Corps in an AMB capacity operating in the Commune of Ospedaletto (Padova) during the latter part of April 1945. He was reputed to have gone to Austria shortly after that.

2. As important information is required from him, we will appreciate any information available.

For the Chief Commissioner :

*M. S. Black*  
for M. S. CARR,  
Brigadier,  
VP CA Section.



13 AGO. 1945

HEADQUARTERS  
VENETIAN REGION  
Allied Military Government  
APO 394

9 August 45.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394. ✓  
(attn. of Public Safety Sub-Commission)

SUBJECT : War Criminals.

FILE NO. : RMH/PS/14.3

1. Reference this HQ RMH/PS/14.3 of 31 July 45.
2. HQ No. 1 District and A.M.C. 13 Corps state they have no trace of Capt. CARNEGIE; no reply has yet been received from Military Government, Austria.
3. In the meantime, could you please approach AFHQ with a view to tracing Capt. CARNEGIE as information is now required from him on another matter.

*Lt. Col. Capt*  
for P.C. GREEN  
Lieut. Colonel,  
Regional Public  
Safety Officer.

Copy to: - P.P.S. 0772 14.3

| TO              | INIT | DATE |
|-----------------|------|------|
| DIRECTOR        |      |      |
| DEPUTY DIRECTOR |      |      |
| CHIEF           |      |      |
| SEC. ADJ.       |      |      |
| PERSON          |      |      |
| STAFF           |      |      |
| CHIEF           |      |      |
| CHIEF           |      |      |

0030

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

8 August 45

AC/14074/PS

SUBJECT : Suspected War Crime.

TO : Commanding General CG.RR.

77B  
Attached is a copy of a report received from 67 Section S.I.B. Military Police in regard to the finding of 7 corpses supposed to be CG.RR.

Any further report will be forwarded to you.

W2  
JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.G.D.  
Director.

WD/4

Encl/ Report

00000

RESTRICTED

Headquarters  
Allied Military Government  
13 Corps  
(Public Safety Division)

File No. 13C/AMG/PS/002

29 July 45

Subject: Suspected War Crime

→

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission.  
(attn: Director, Public Safety S/C)

1.

Attached hereto for information are copies of a self-explanatory report of 67 Section, S.I.E., C.F.P., relative to the finding at Canale, Gorizia, within occupied Venezia Giulia, of seven decomposed bodies, believed CO.MK and suspected victims of a war crime.

2.

Further enquiries are being made into this matter and developments or additional information will be reported without delay.

For the Senior Civil Affairs Officer.

|                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| TO             | 13C/AMG/PS/002 |
| DATE           | 29 JUL 45      |
| CLASSIFICATION | SECRET         |
| REMARKS        | MA 2-8         |
| INITIALS       |                |
| SIGNATURE      |                |
| DATE           |                |
| REMARKS        |                |
| INITIALS       |                |
| SIGNATURE      |                |
| DATE           |                |

G. Richardson, Major,  
Chief Public Safety  
Officer

Enclos - as above.

16A  
12

14074

16B

0000

Allied Military Government  
13 Corps  
(Public Safety Division)

4074

File No. 13C/AMG/PS/002 29 July 45

Subject: Suspected War Crime

to : Headquarters, Allied Commission.  
(attn: Director, Public Safety S/C)

46B

1. Attached hereto for information are copies of a self-explanatory report of 67 Section, S.I.S., C.M.P., relative to the finding at Canale, Gerizia, within Occupied Venezia Giulia, of seven decomposed bodies, believed CO.KK and suspected victims of a war crime.

2. Further enquiries are being made into this matter and developments or additional information will be reported without delay.

|         |     |     |
|---------|-----|-----|
| TO      | 13C | 3/8 |
| FROM    | 13C | 2/8 |
| SUBJECT | 77A | 2-8 |
| DATE    |     |     |
| TIME    |     |     |
| BY      |     |     |
| FOR     |     |     |
| REMARKS |     |     |

For the Senior Civil Affairs Officer.

*Richardson*

V. Richardson, Major,  
Chief Public Safety  
Officer

Enclos - as above.

RESTRICTED

768

RESTRICTED.

Headquarters,  
67 Section,  
Special Investigation Branch,  
Corps of Military Police,  
C.M. FORCES.

24th July, 1945.

REFERENCE:- SIB.67/WG/45/

SUBJECT:- WAR CRIME.

TO:- D.A.P.M.,  
67 Section S.I.B.,  
C.M. Police.

00000

READ & SUBMITTED.

Sir,

On Sunday 23rd July, 1945, information was received at this office by telephone from the A.P.M. 55 (Army) Area, that personnel of an American Unit had discovered seven dead bodies, dressed in Carabinieri uniform, near the village of Canale, Province of GORIZIA, ITALY. The assistance of this Branch was requested.

Captain,  
D.A. P.M. Section.

Enquiries were at once commenced, and I proceeded to CANALE where I contacted Lieut. KAISER, J. of "F" Coy., 360 Infantry Brigade, United States Army, the officer who reported the discovery of the bodies.

DISTRIBUTION.

DFM. HQ. SIB. (Dup)  
DFM. Rear 8th Army.  
AFM 13 Corps.  
AFM 55 (A) Area.  
PSO. AMG.,  
HQ. 13 Corps.  
File.

In company with this officer I went to a point Map Ref. H 725208. This point is practically at the top of a mountain and is reached only by a third class track. Off the track, about 5 yards, and lying in the thicket, I saw seven bodies. All were dressed in uniform similar to that issued to the Italian Carabinieri, and were badly decomposed, having reached the skeleton stage.

Close examination revealed that the wrists of each had been secured by wire, and the elbow of each had been wired to his neighbour. In each case the skull had been broken. Owing to the decay of clothes and bodies it was not possible to trace bullet or knife wounds, etc. The ground around the bodies was clean and revealed no trace of spent cartridge cases. From the state of things in general it would appear that the bodies had been there for at least four months.

- 2 -

Despite careful search and enquiries it has not been possible up to the present to establish the identification of the bodies, all documents and badges of rank having been removed. There is no skin left which might have given possible tattoo marks, and in only one instance is there a trace of hair; this is light brown in colour.

When questioned, Lieut. Kaiser stated that information had been received in the first instance from an Italian civilian in the village of CANALE, who had discovered the bodies while cutting grass in that area. Attempts to trace this man have been without result, but Lt. KAISER has promised to forward all particulars concerning him to this office as soon as he is located.

As this case appears to have all the characteristics of a WAR Crime, I respectfully suggest that any further enquiries deemed necessary be made by the War Crimes Section.

Respectfully submitted,

(W.J. SHARMAN ) Sergeant.  
67 Section, S.I.B.

# INCOMING MESSAGE

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

Originator's Reference: FX 32004

Message Centre No: 2700

Date/Time of Origin: AUG 04 1441B

Date Time Rec'd: AUG 05 0930

5 AUG 1945

Precedence: ROUTINE

FROM AFHQ SIGNED SACRED SITE PHOTEC

TO : ALCON, GREEKML, USMA BELGRADE, BMA BELGRADE, BMA ALEXANDRIA, BRITISH FORCES AUSTRIA, HQ 5 ARMY FOR G5, ACC ROMANIA BRIT DELEGATION, ACC BULGARIA BRIT DELEGATION, ACC ROMANIA US DELEGATION, ACC BULGARIA US DELEGATION, ACC HUNGARY (US DELEGATION)

SECRET.

**SECRET**

Following are names of persons listed by the Hungarian Government as war criminals.

SZALASI FERENC SEBESTYEN TASI LUDAS JENO RAJVIS FERENC USIA SANDOR  
 KOTARCI ERNE KANE KEMENTH GABOR MURCHEN BELA SZASZLAJUS FERENC  
 LASLO VASNA GABOR THERMI-SCHNEIDER LAJOS CASAR FERENC SZAVARY ERNE  
 EILERSHUTH VILMOS PABEY FIDEL EDRE LASLO GARY LASLO SZORATHY  
 MAUE FERENC REDEGYI VERGER KAROLY WERTH HUNRIE LASLO LAUSCHKE DEZSO  
 LAJOS LAJOS JENO BARDOSY RADE FERENC RUDRICKY ISTVAN TERNIEC KALAN  
 LORSA JAKOS BISSA FERENC RES LEVY HEISLER JOSEF RA CAS FERENC  
 SCHNEIDERMAN SZUCYI IOLTAN HANKOVSEKY GYULA MAREY SANDOR ZAKO ANDREAS  
 KISTI EDRE SASIA REEMER SZAVAY SANDOR HENKEY JAKOS TOMORY JENO  
 KALSVAY GYAZO CORAN DENES KOKUK (KOKAR?) ELEMER HORVATH SANDOR DEAK  
 CASLO DR DOMINICH VILMOS GRIMDY ROBERT DR RADO EDRE G ABOS JAKO  
 A SEURY ALBRECHT ARCHDUKE BARDOSY LASLO IMRE WEINRICH BELA ANPAL  
 ISTVAN HOMAN BALINT JAKOS ANDOR BABINYE TIMARER RUDER ANTAL BILOTAY  
 ISTVAN KOLOSVARY BOROSA LINALY DEAN GYORGY SURAY KALMAN (KALMAN?) MARSTEN  
 REISLER (DEISLER?) KAROLY DOVINYI GARY LAJOS BATHORY MUTTER JAKOS  
 SURAY SOLEMAN SANDOR BELA RASCH FERENCZ HAIN PEGER DR RESHO IOLTAN  
 KATI SANDOR AND ANOS (ANOS?) BELA.

If now or in the future you have in your custody any of the above mentioned; signal ACC HUNGARY US Delegation direct with information copy to Headquarters.

(DIST OVER)

**SECRET**

Please initial reverse

1835

HEADQUARTERS  
VENEZIA REGION  
Allied Military Government  
APO 394

LWT/wsm

147A  
RM

31 July 45.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394. ✓  
(attention of Public Safety Sub-Commission)

SUBJECT : War Criminals.

FILE NO. : RXII/PS/14.3

72A

1. Reference your AC/14074/PS of 26 July 45. 74B

2. Enclosed for your information is copy of a letter addressed by this HQ to GSI(b) 1 District, CMGSO Military Government, Austria, and SCAO, AMG Venezia Giulia, with a view to tracing Capt. CARNEGIE and obtaining evidence in this case.

3. Any further information received will be immediately communicated to you.

for *L. W. Green* Capt  
F.G. GREEN  
Lieut. Colonel,  
Regional Public  
Safety Officer.

*Recd 11/8  
4/8  
MA 4-8*

00001

COPY

(Copy)

LWT/WSM

HEADQUARTERS  
VENEZIA REGION  
Allied Military Government  
APO 394

74B

23 July 45.

TO : GSI(b), Headquarters, No. I District.  
C.M.G.S.O., Military Government, Austria.  
S.C.A.O., A.M.G., VENEZIA GIULIA.

SUBJECT : War Criminals.

FILE NO : RXII/PS/I4.3

I. A report has been received from the Provincial Public Safety Officer, Padova, to the effect that the below-described person, now held in the civil prison at Montagnana, Province of Padova, is wanted by the ~~Greek~~ Government.

2. Details : -

Capt. OSFICI Umberto Felice fu  
Giuseppe e fu Fortunata Rinaldi

Born - Salonicco, 31 July 1901

Arrested - 24 May 1945

3. The arrest was made by a Capt. CARNEGIE, a Guards Officer, who said he was assigned to A.M.G. I2 or I3 Corps. He entered the Commune of Ospedaletto in the latter part of April but some days elapsed before he made himself known to Major BRENNAN, the C.A.O. of the district.

4. Towards the end of May, a C.M.P. Captain called upon Major BRENNAN and requested information as to the whereabouts of Capt. CARNEGIE as orders had been received for him to proceed to Austria. The latter left the area on the following day and has not been heard of since.

SUBJECT : War Criminals.

FILE NO : RXIL/PS/I4.3

I. A report has been received from the Provincial Public Safety Officer, Padova, to the effect that the below-described person, now held in the civil prison at Montagnana, Province of Padova, is wanted by the Greek Government.

2. Details : -

Capt. OSPICI Umberto Felice fu  
Giuseppe e fu Fortunata Rinaldi

Born - Salonico, 31 July 1901

Arrested - 24 May 1945

3. The arrest was made by a Capt. CARNEGIE, a Guards Officer, who said he was assigned to A.M.G. I2 or I3 Corps. He entered the Commune of Ospedaletto in the latter part of April but some days elapsed before he made himself known to Major BRENNAN, the C.A.O. of the district.

4. Towards the end of May, a C.M.P. Captain called upon Major BRENNAN and requested information as to the whereabouts of Capt. CARNEGIE as orders had been received for him to proceed to Austria. The latter left the area on the following day and has not been heard of since.

5. Capt. CARNEGIE left no written evidence against OSPICI and the Italian authorities have no charges to prefer.

6. If Capt. CARNEGIE is under your command, it would be appreciated if he could be requested to furnish a statement setting out precise reasons for the imprisonment of OSPICI.

F.G. GREEN, Major,  
Acting Regional Public  
Safety Officer.

63A

Rome 17 July 45

SUBJECT : Bernabei Egisto fu Adamo - Massieri Anatolio  
di Giambattista - Turchi Ilio di Giuseppe

Reference sheet of 30.6 p.p. AC/14074/PS

Following the sheet P.N. of the 3rd instant we let you know that the Questura of Grosseto asked by us has furnished the following information :

- a-) Bernabei Egipto at AMG orders
- b-) Nessleri Anatolio e Turchi 140 prisoners in the a/m prison, have been transferred to the Allied internment camp of Aversa, waiting to be prosecute by the Allied Court.

|             |       |       |
|-------------|-------|-------|
| DATE        | 10/18 | 10/18 |
| TIME        | 10:45 | 10:45 |
| LOCATION    | 10:45 | 10:45 |
| REMARKS     | 10:45 | 10:45 |
| INITIALS    | 10:45 | 10:45 |
| SIGNATURE   | 10:45 | 10:45 |
| CHIEF CLERK | 10:45 | 10:45 |

For the Minister  
Ferrari

00303

0634

17 Luglio 1955

Ministero dell'Interno

DIREZIONE GENERALE  
DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

ALL'ON. COMMISSIONE

A L L E A T A -

Sottocommissione per la P.S.

Divisione A.G.R. R. I. C.P.C.

Prot. N. 979/1481 Allegato

R O M A

Restato al Foglio del 30.6.p.p.

Dir. Sp. N. 13/14074 ES

OGGETTO Bernabei Egisto fu Adamo - Messieri Anatolio di G. Patti -  
sta - Turchi Ilio di Giuseppe.

Di seguito al foglio p.n. del 3 corrente, si comunica che la  
Questura di Grosseto, opportunamente richiesta, ha fatto conoscere  
quanto appresso sul conto dei nominati in oggetto:

- BERNABEI Egisto fu Adamo trovasi tuttora detenuto nelle carceri  
di Grosseto a disposizione dell'A.M.G.;
- MESSIERI Anatolio e TURCHI Ilio, già detenuti nel detto carcere,  
risultano tradotti nel campo di concentramento alleato di Aversa in  
attesa del processo da parte del Tribunale Alleato.

PEL MINISTRO

*[Signature]*

*Divisione A.G.R. L. I° C.P.C.  
Prot. N. 979/I481 Allegati*

OGGETTO Bernabei Egipto fu Adamo - Massieri Anatolio di G. Patti-  
sta - Turchi Ilio di Giuseppe.

Sottocommissione per la P.S.

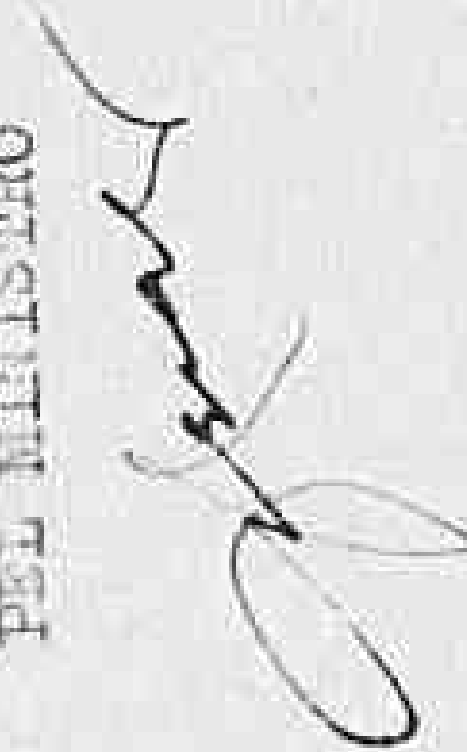
R O M A

*Requisito al Foglio del 30.6.p.p.  
Gin. L. N. 14074 PS*

Di seguito al foglio p.n. del 3 corrente, si comunica che la  
Questura di Grosseto, opportunamente richiesta, ha fatto conoscere  
quanto appresso sul conto dei nominati in oggetto:

- a) BERNABEI Egipto fu Adamo trovasi tuttora detenuto nelle carceri  
di Grosseto a disposizione dell'A.M.G.;
- b) MASSIERI Anatolio e TURCHI Ilio, già detenuti nel detto carcere,  
risultano tradotti nel campo di concentramento alleato di Aversa in  
attesa del processo da parte del Tribunale Alleato.

PEL MINISTERO



00303

PUBLIC SAFETY SUB-COMMISSION  
ALLIED COMMISSION *off*

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

Tel: 478709

26 July 45

AG/14074/PS

SUBJECT : War Criminals

TO : R.P.S.O. Venezia att: L.W. Toes Capt/

Ref : RXII/PS/14.1 of 9 July 45.

1. Attached letter from G-5 <sup>70A</sup> AMHQ forwarded.
2. Please furnish this office with particulars requested if procurable.

*John W. Chapman*  
JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.C.D.  
Director.

FPH/G

00000

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
A.P.C. 394  
PUBLIC SAFETY SUB COMMISSION  
SECURITY DIVISION

REF : SD/266.01

25 July 1945

SUBJECT : War Criminals

TO : G-5 AFHQ

1. The Questura of Novara has forwarded documents concerning the undermentioned Italians whom he desires to try as War Criminals in the future.

- a) UNGARELLI Ungarello - Captain
- b) KELIE Mario - Sergeant MTI
- c) MATTONI - Captain

2. They are at present P.O. in the hands of the Allies. The Questura of Novara wishes the return of the papers when the principals are handed over for trial.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN,  
Colonel J.A.C.D.,  
Director Public Safety,  
Sub Commission.

SPH/ad

Copy to : File 30/14074/PS

00300

No. 785015

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS  
G-5 Section  
APO 512

20 July 1945

G-5: 000.5-5

SUBJECT: War Criminal - OSFICI.

TO : Headquarters Allied Commission, APO 594.

1. Reference your AC/14074/PS of 15 July 1945.
2. Captain OSPICI is not so far included in the lists of War Criminals issued by the United Nations War Crimes Commission.
3. It is therefore not appropriate to make any approach to the Greek Government as yet on this matter.
4. If, however, there are adequate grounds for assuming that he is a War Criminal of interest to the Greek Government, full particulars would be welcomed, and the Greek Government will be asked whether they propose to include OSPICI in later lists.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5:

W.C.A. PARSONS,  
Colonel, G.S.

Copy to: G-1(B).

|          |  |     |
|----------|--|-----|
| TO       |  | Col |
| DATE     |  |     |
| TIME     |  |     |
| PLACE    |  |     |
| NAME     |  |     |
| ADDRESS  |  |     |
| CITY     |  |     |
| STATE    |  |     |
| COUNTY   |  |     |
| ZIP CODE |  |     |

0000

MINISTERO DELL'INTERNO  
Direzione Generale  
della Pubblica Sicurezza  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Div. A2G.R. Sez. 1<sup>a</sup> C.P.C.  
N. 979/1481

Roma, 3 July 1945

ALL'ON. COMMISSIONE ALLEATA  
Sottocommissione per la S.P.  
R O M A

Ref. AC/14074/PS dated 30/6/45

TRANSLATION M.C.

SUBJECT : War Criminals

In the acts of this Office, regarding persons referred to above number, we have the following information:

The Grosseto Questura, in letter dated 16-11-44, addressed to the High Commission for Sanctions Against Fascism, to this Ministry and to the Allied Military Police of Grosseto, referred that:

- 1) TURCHI Elio son of Joseph, born at Ciniigliano the 4/7/1904, living at Grosseto;
- 2) MASSIERI Anatolio son of Giovan Battista, born at Pitigliano the 4/12/1903, living at Grosseto;
- 3) BERNABEI Eusto son of Adamo, born at Castiglione d'Arcia, the 23/4/1896, living at Grosseto, were arrested the 21st of Aug. 1944 for assaulting an American aviator on the 26th of April 1943, and placed at the disposal of the A.M.G.

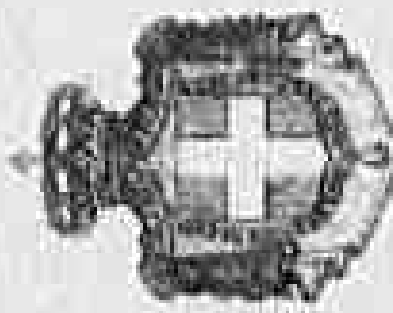
Further information will be given on request to the Grosseto Questura.

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| SECRET         |  |
| RECEIVED       |  |
| 77A 211        |  |
| DISPATCHED     |  |
| RECEIVED       |  |
| ADAM-OTTONE    |  |
| SECRET         |  |
| CHIEF OF STAFF |  |

For the Minister

/s/ Illegible.

00324



*Ministero dell'Interno*

DIREZIONE GENERALE  
DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Roma, 3 luglio 1945

*ALL'ON. COMMISSIONE*

*ADMINISTRA*

*Sottocommissione per la  
pubblica sicurezza*

*ROMA*

*Divisione A.S.P. L. 1° C.P.C.*

*Prot. N. 978/2481 Allegati*

*Risposta al Foglio del 30.6.45  
Dir. L. 1074/29*

OCCETTO *Oriminali di guerra.*

Negli atti di quest'ufficio, sul conto della persona di cui al foglio  
regunto e allegato, risulta quanto appresso:

La Questura di Grosseto, con lettera 15.11.1944 indirizzata all'Alto  
Commissariato per le Bandiere contro il Fascismo, e questo Ministero ed al  
Comando della Polizia Militare Alleata di Grosseto, riferiva che: 1°) Tur-  
chi Ilia (e non Ivo) di Giuseppe, nato a Cambrano il 4.7.1904, con-  
liato e Grosseto; 2°) MASSIMO ANTONIO di Giov. Battista, nato a Poggia-  
no il 4.12.1903, domiciliato a Grosseto; 3°) BENIAMINI EGISTO fu ADAMO, na-  
to e Cartiglione d'Orto il 23.4.1936, domiciliato a Grosseto, erano stati  
arrestati il 21.8.1944 per lesioni commesse il 25.4.1943 in persona di un  
ariatore americano e detenuti a disposizione dell'A.M.F.

Si fa presente di comunicare ulteriori notizie richieste alla Questura  
di Grosseto.

*DEL MINISTRO*

*Scanned*

00553

Divisione A.2.3. Sa. I^ 3.2.3.  
Prot. N. 2575/2481 Allegato

Richiesta al Foglio del 30.5.2.2.  
Dir. Sa. N. 3/24074/PS

OGGETTO: Crimini della guerra.

Negli atti di quest'ufficio, sul conto della persona di cui al foglio segnato a margine, risulta quanto appresso:

La Questura di Grosseto, con lettera 16.11.1944 indirizzata all'Alto Commissariato per le Sanzioni contro il Fascismo, e questo Ministero ed il Comando della Polizia Militare Alleata di Grosseto, riferiva che: 1°) Dur-  
chi ille (e non Ivo) di Giuseppe, nato a Cinigiano il 4.7.1904, comiss-  
liato a Grosseto; 2°) MASSIMI Amelio di Giov. Battista, nato a Pittigli-  
na il 4.12.1903, domiciliato a Grosseto; 3°) SEVERI Egidio fu Adamo, na-  
to a Castiglione d'Orcia il 23.4.1896, domiciliato a Grosseto, erano stati  
arrestati il 21.8.1944 per lesioni commesse il 25.4.1943 in persona di un  
aviatore americano e detenuti a disposizione dell'A.M.I.-

Si fa riserva di comunicare ulteriori notizie richieste alla Questura  
di Grosseto.

PER MINISTRO

*[Signature]*

00323

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

68A  
file  
Tel : 479709

3 July 1945

AC/14074/PS

SUBJECT : Prison Camp Officer.  
TO : Ministry of Interior,  
Attn/ Sig. De Carolis.

1. It is desired to ascertain the name of the Italian Commander and his staff who were in charge of a prison camp known as the "Studio" (maybe Castel del Guido) between 17 February 1944 and 10 March 1944.

2. Please advise this office what you are able to discover as to above.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, JAGD  
Director.

FFH/ae

00000

ALLIED [REDACTED] COMMISSION  
INTER-OFFICE MEMORANDUM

AC/14074/TS  
SUBJECT: *War. Camp*  
TO : *Major Hochster. B. Subler* FILE No. *2nd July 1945*

I return the attached letter. The Quarters has no records but suggests that enquiry be made of the Ministry of Interior and Ministry of War. who should have the information required. I understand that there was a camp in the Office.

*[Signature]*

00001

0  
ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS  
G-5 Section  
APO 512

CA Sec  
FTH/AMB/jjjr

2943  
14 GIU. 1945  
11 June 1945  
B for ACTION  
67B

G-5: 000.5-1

SUBJECT: Prison Camps.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394

In connection with an investigation which is now taking place, it is desired to ascertain the name of the Italian Commander and his Staff who were in charge of a prison camp known as "The Studio" located 8 to 10 kilometers from Rome between 17 February and 10 March 1944.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5:



*F. T. Hammond Jr.*  
F. T. HAMMOND, JR  
Colonel, G.S.C.  
Legal Adviser

1st IND.

16 June, 1945.

AC/14074/PS

FROM HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION Public Safety Sub-Commission

TO : Lt. Col. Millhouse, R.S.L.O., Questura, Via San Vitale Rome. ✓

Please take the necessary action on the above through the Questore and inform this office of the results.

*John W. Chapman*  
JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.C.D.  
Director Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.  
1841

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Civil Affairs Section  
APO 394

66A

AC/14074/PS

15 July 1945

SUBJECT : War Criminal

TO : G-5 AFHQ

1. Please advise us if the Greek Government seeks the following as a war criminal:-

Capt. OSPICI Umberto Felice fu  
Giuseppe e fu Fortunato Rinaldi  
Born - Salonico, 31 July 1901  
Arrested - 24 May 1945

2. He is held in jail now at Montagnana,  
Prov. of Padua, Italy.

For the Chief Commissioner.

G.R. UPJOHN, Brig.  
VP CA Sec.

03073

14074175

ER

LWT/bc

65A

See 72A

HEADQUARTERS  
VENEZIE REGION  
Allied Military Government  
APO 394

9 July 45.

TO : H.Q., Allied Commission, Civil Affairs  
Section. (Thru Public Safety Sub-Commission) ✓

SUBJECT : War Criminals.

FILE NO. : RXII/PS/14.1

1. A report has been received from the Provincial Public Safety Officer, Padova, to the effect that the below-described person, now held in the jail at Montagnana, Province of Padova, is wanted by the Greek Government as a war criminal.

2. Details:-

Capt. OSPICI Umberto Felice fu  
Giuseppe e fu Fortunata Rinaldi  
Born - Salonicco, 31 July 1901  
Arrested - 24 May 1945

3. The Italian authorities have no charges to prefer against this prisoner.

4. Would you please cause enquiries to be made of G.5 AFHQ with a view to ascertaining whether the person is actually a war criminal and advise as to his disposition.

| TO              |  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|
| DIRECTOR        |  |  |
| DEPUTY DIRECTOR |  |  |
| EXEC. DIRECTOR  |  |  |
| POLICE          |  |  |
| LEG. & GEN.     |  |  |
| PRISONS         |  |  |
| ADM. OFFICER    |  |  |
| SECURITY        |  |  |
| CHIEF CLERK     |  |  |

*A.W. Rowler* Capt  
for A.W. ROWLERSON,  
Lieut. Colonel,  
Regional Public  
Safety Officer.

00073

14004/PS

0

ER  
64A

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT  
LOMBARDIA REGION  
Regional Public Safety Office

PS/12.4

9 July 1945

SUBJECT : War Criminals

TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission, HQ. A.C.

64B

1. The attached report was received from the Italian police authorities of Varese, through the P.P.S.O.
2. A translation is also attached.
3. Forwarded for appropriate action, please.

For the Regional Commissioner:

*C.T. Francis*

C.T. FRANCIS  
Lt Colonel  
RPSC, LOMBARDIA REGION

Encls: as above

NWFF/wg

| TO              | INIT | FILE |
|-----------------|------|------|
| DIRECTOR        |      |      |
| DEPUTY DIRECTOR |      |      |
| EXEC. OFFICER   |      |      |
| POLICE          |      |      |
| I.C. & REG.     |      |      |
| PERSONS         |      |      |
| ATM. & P.O.W.   |      |      |
| SECURITY        |      |      |
| CHIEF CLERK     |      |      |

00077

TRANSLATION

COMITATO NAZIONALE DI LIBERAZIONE  
Commissariato di Pubblica Sicurezza

TO : CAPTAIN BELLAMY - AMG  
VARESE

Gallarate 29 Giugno 1945.

SUBJECT : Shot by nazi-fascists in the prison of  
MADONNA IN CAMPAGNA IN GALLARATE (Varese)

1. NATINI Vincenzo aged 30 years born in Palermo 18th April 1913  
residing in Arzano. Shot 25 February 1944, 7.30 a.m., in Via Ti-  
ro a Segno. Buried 28 February 1944 a Gallarate.
2. CILLARIO Luigi di Lorenzo and in Fioretto Natalia, aged 20, born  
in Dogliani 25 February 1924 residing in Ceva. Shot 25 February  
1944, 7.30 a.m. in Via Tiro a Segno. Buried 28 February 1944 a  
Gallarate.
3. DUO' Natale di Virginio e di Sarto Adelia, born 21 December 1904  
a Cantarina, profession baker, residing in Taglia di Po, Via Ro-  
ma 162.
4. RAVASIO Alberto aged 43, residing in Gallarate, profession road-  
asphalter, born in Zurigo, married to Freiden Marta. Shot in the  
cave near the Cemetery Urbano di Gallarate 15 July 1944, 5.16  
a.m.
5. PETERMAN Roland d'anni 24 residing in Chemnitz profession student  
born in Chemnitz 2nd November 1920, shot in the cave near the  
cemetery Urbano 10th July 1944, 5.33 a.m.
6. OLIVA Luigi aged 27 residing in Caronno Pertusello, born 18th  
July 1917 and di De Micheli Teresa. Shot in the court-yard of  
the prison Madonna in Campagna 23rd July 1944, 5.35 a.m. 09970
7. Sergeant TARDON Hans son of Rodolfo born in Settino (North Ger-  
many) 29 April 1921, residing in Stettino. Shot in the court-yard  
of the prison of Madonna in Campagna 23rd. July 1944, 5.35 a.m.
8. BESTIAMI Pietro residing in S. Giuliano Milanese - Cascina  
Cantalupo, profession agriculturer, born S. Giuliano Milanese  
on 10 October 1923 of Emilio and Brusoni Emilia. Shot 18th

1. NATTINI Vincenzo aged 30 years born in Palermo, Italy, in Via Ti residing in Arzano. Shot 25 February 1944, 7.30 a.m., in Via Tiro a Segno. Buried 28 February 1944 a Gallarate.
2. CILLARIO Luigi di Lorenzo and di Fioretto Natalia, aged 20, born in Dogliani 25 February 1924 residing in Ceva. Shot 25 February 1944, 7.30 a.m. in Via Tiro a Segno. Buried 28 February 1944 a Gallarate.
3. DUO' Natale di Virginio e di Sarto Adelia, born 21 December 1904 a Cantarina, profession baker, residing in Taglia di Po, Via Roma 162.
4. RAVASIO Alberto aged 43, residing in Gallarate, profession road-asphalter, born in Gurigo, married to Freiden Marta. Shot in the cave near the Cemetery Urbano di Gallarate 15 July 1944, 5.10 a.m.
5. PETERMAN Roland d'anni 24 residing in Chemnitz profession student born in Chemnitz 2nd November 1920, shot in the cave near the cemetery Urbano 10th July 1944, 5.33 a.m.
6. OLIVA Luigi aged 27 residing in Caronno Pertusello, born 18th July 1917 and di De Micheli Teresa. Shot in the court-yard of the prison Madonna in Campagna 23rd July 1944, 5.35 a.m. **0000**
7. Sergeant TARDON Hans son of Rodolfo born in Stettino (North Germany) 29 April 1921, residing in Stettino. Shot in the court-yard of the prison of Madonna in Campagna 23rd July 1944, 5.35 a.m.
8. BESTIANI Pietro residing in S.Giuliano Milanese - Cascina Cantalupo, profession agriculturer, born S.Giuliano Milanese on 10 October 1923 of Emilio and Brusoni Emilia. Shot 18th August 1944 in the court-yard of Madonna in Campagna, 6.20 a.m.
9. CARCIONI Tullio fu Marcello and of Montalbetti Innocenta, born in Morazzone the 4th of October 1925, residing in Morazzone. Shot 22nd August 1944 in Viale Milano. 19.15 o' clock by an execution platoon of the G.N.R. stationed at Varese.
10. KEIL Wilhelm aged 41 residing in Potsdam (Berlino). Shot 18th August 1944 in court-yard of the prison Madonna in Campagna, 6.20 o' clock.

11. Sergeant ALL. UFF. SASSO Piero or Luigi aged 21 (factory Manager) and of Dal Conte Anna, residing in Bassano del Grappa. Shot in the prison of Madonna in Campagna - Gallia rate on 11th October 1944 at 7 o' clock.
12. Serg. MAGG. AMBROSI Stefano (tram-driver) fu Giovanni and of Ulivo Maria Maddalena, born in Valle di Cadore 19th September 1894, married to Marchesini Ines 8th October 1928, residing in Rome Via dei Bresciani 12. Shot in the court-yard prison of Madonna in Campagna 10th November 1944, 7.30 o' clock.
13. TURATTA residing in Crescenzano. Shot in the prison Madonna in Campagna 15 March 1945.

=====

|                      |                                                                                   |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maresciallo SCHULTZE | Director of the Prison of Madonna in Campagna and Commander of Execution Platoon. |
| Hauptman NEULAND     | Commander of the City                                                             |
| Major HAUS LOER      | President of Military Court                                                       |
| Major KARI RUDOLPH   | Adjutant to the Court.                                                            |
| Hauptman EBERT       | Last Commander of the prison.                                                     |

00070

COMITATO NAZIONALE DI LIBERAZIONE  
COMMISSARIATO DI PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Rel. N. Ga Gallarate, 29/Giugno/ 1945

Proposta a nota N.

Dim. del

Stet-

OGGETTO: Fucilati dai nazi-fasvisti nelle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna  
in Gallarate.

ALLA QUESTURA DI VARESE  
e p.c. AL CAPITANO BELLAMY COMANDANTE POLIZIA PROVINCIALE ALLEATA  
VARESE

1 ° NATTINO Vincenzo anni 30 nato a Plermo l'8 aprile 1913 domiciliato  
ad Arzano. Fucilato il 25 febbraio 1944 ore 7.30 in via Tiro a Segno.  
Seppolto il 28 febbraio 1944 a Gallarate.

2 ° CILLARIO Luigi di Lorenzo e fu Fioretto Natalia, anni 20, nato a  
Dogliani il 25 febbraio 1924, domiciliato a Ceva. Fucilato il 25  
febbraio 1944 ore 7.30 in Via Tiro a Segno. Sepolto il 28 febbraio  
1944 a Gallarate.

3 ° DUO' Natale di Virginio e di Sarto Adelia nato il 21 dicembre 1904  
a Canterina, di professione panettiere, residente a Taglio di Po  
Via Roma, 162.

4 ° RAVASIO Alberto d'anni 43 residente a Gallarate professione asfal-  
tatore, nato a Zurigo coniugato con FREIDEN Marta. Fucilato nel  
Cavo presso il Cimitero Urbano di Gallarate il 10 luglio 1944 ore 5.16.

5 ° PETERMAN Roland d'anni 24 residente nel Comune di Chemnitz, profes-  
sione studente, nato a Chemnitz il 2 novembre 1920. Fucilato nel  
Cavo presso il Cimitero Urbano il 10 luglio 1944 ore 5.33.

6 ° OLIVA Luigi d'anni 27 residente a Caronno Pertusello il 18 luglio  
1917 di Giulio e di De Micheli Teresa. Fucilato nel cortile delle  
Carceri di Madonna in Campagna il 23 luglio 1944 ore 5.35.

7 ° Sergente TARDON Hans figlio di Rodolfo nato a Stettino ( Germania  
nord ) il 29 aprile 1921, residente a Stettino. Fucilato nel cortile  
delle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna il 23 luglio 1944 ore 5.35.

8 ° BESTIANI Pietro residente nel Comune di S. Giuliano Milanese  
Cascina Cantalupo, professione contadino, nato a S. Giuliano Mila-  
nese il 10 ottobre 1923 di Emilio e di Brusoni Emilia. Fucilato  
il 28 agosto 1944 nel cortile delle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna.

OGGETTO: Fucilati dai nazi-fascisti nelle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna in Gallarate.

ALLA QUESTURA DI VARESE  
AL CAPITANO BELLAMY COMANDANTE POLIZIA PROVINCIALE ALLEATA

e p.c.

VARESE

1 ° NATTINO Vincenzo anni 30 nato a Plermo l'8 aprile 1913 domiciliato ad Arzano. Fucilato il 25 febbraio 1944 ore 7.30 in via Tiro a Segno. Sepolto il 28 febbraio 1944 a Gallarate.

2 ° CILLARIO Luigi di Lorenzo e fu Fioretto Natalia, anni 20, nato a Dogliani il 25 febbraio 1924, domiciliato a Ceva. Fucilato il 25 febbraio 1944 ore 7.30 in Via Tiro a Segno. Sepolto il 28 febbraio 1944 a Gallarate.

3 ° DUO' Natale di Virginio e di Sarto Adelia nato il 21 dicembre 1904 a Cantarina, di professione panettiere, residente a Taglio di Po Via Roma, 162.

4 ° RAVASIO Alberto d'anni 43 residente a Gallarate professione asfaltatore, nato a Zurigo coniugato con FREIDEN Marta. Fucilato nel Cavo presso il Cimitero Urbano di Gallarate il 10 luglio 1944 ore 5.16.

5 ° PETERMAN Roland d'anni 24 residente nel Comune di Chemnitz, professione studente, nato a Chemnitz il 2 novembre 1920. Fucilato nel Cavo presso il Cimitero Urbano il 10 luglio 1944 ore 5.33.

6 ° OLIVA Luigi d'anni 27 residente a Caronno Pertusello il 18 luglio 1917 di Giulio e di De Micheli Teresa. Fucilato nel cortile delle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna il 23 luglio 1944 ore 5.35.

7 ° Sergente TARDON Hans figlio di Rodolfo nato a Stettino (Germania nord) il 29 aprile 1921, residente a Stettino, Fucilato nel cortile delle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna il 23 luglio 1944 ore 5.35.

8 ° BESTIANI Pietro residente nel Comune di S. Giuliano Milanese Cascina Cantalupo, professione contadino, nato a S. Giuliano Milanese il 10 ottobre 1923 di Emilio e di Brusoni Emilia. Fucilato il 18 agosto 1944 nel cortile delle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna ore 6.20.

9 ° CARCIONI Tullio fu Marcello e di Montabelli Innocenta, nato a Morazzone il 4 ottobre 1925, domiciliato a Morazzone. Venne fucilato il 22 agosto 1944 in Viale Milano ore 19.15 da un plotone di esecuzione della G.N.R. di stanza a Varese.

10 ° KRIE Wilhelm anni 41 domiciliato a Potsdam (Berlino) fucilato il 18 agosto 1944 nel cortile delle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna alle ore 6.20.

11 ° Sergente All. Uff. SESSO Piero di Luigi d'anni 21, (direttore di Fabbrica) e di Dal Conte Anna, residente a Bassano del Grappa.

# COMITATO NAZIONALE DI LIBERAZIONE COMMISSARIATO DI PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

Pol. N. Dir.  
Rispondente a nota N.  
Dir. del 20 foglio  
Gallarate, 29/ Giugno /1945

OGGETTO: Fucilati dai nazi-fascisti nelle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna di Gallarate.

./.

Fucilato nelle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna l'11 ottobre 1944 ore 7.<sup>00</sup>

I2 o Serg. Maggiore AMBROSI Stefano (tramviere) fu Giovanni e di Ulivo Maria Maddalena, nato a Valle di Cadore il 19 settembre 1894, coniugato con Marchesini Ines dall'8 ottobre 1928, domiciliato a Roma in Via Dei Bresciani, 12. Fucilato nel cortile delle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna il 10 novembre 1944 ore 7.30.

I3 o TURATTI residente a Crescenzo. Fucilato nel Carcere di Madonna in Campagna il 15 marzo 1945.

=====

|                            |                                                                                             |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <u>Maresciallo SCHULZE</u> | <u>Diruttore del Carcere di Madonna in Campagna e Comandante del Plotone di Esecuzione.</u> |
| <u>Hauptman NEUMANN</u>    | <u>Comandante della Piazza di Gallarate.</u>                                                |
| <u>Major HAUS LOER</u>     | <u>Presidente tribunale militare.</u>                                                       |
| <u>Major KARL RUDOLPH</u>  | <u>Aggiunto del tribunale.</u>                                                              |
| <u>Hauptman EBERT</u>      | <u>Ultimo comandante Carceri di Madonna in Campagna.</u>                                    |

=====



di Gallarate.

./.

Fucilato nelle Carceri di Madonna in Campagna l'11 ottobre 1944  
ore 7.

12 o Serg. Maggiore AMBROSI Stefano (traviere) fu Giovanni e di Ulivo  
Maria Maddalena, nato a Valle di Cadore il 19 settembre 1894,  
coniugato con Marchesini Ines dall'8 ottobre 1928, domiciliato  
a Roma in Via Dei Bresciani, 12. Fucilato nel cortile delle Carceri  
di Madonna in Campagna il 10 novembre 1944 ore 7.30.

13 o TURATTI residente a Crescenzo. Fucilato nel Carcere di Madonna  
in Campagna il 15 marzo 1945.

Maresciello SCHULZE

Hauptman NEUMANN

Major HAUS IOER

Major KARL RUDOLPH

Hauptman EBERT

*braccio di la prima*  
Direttore del Carcere di Madonna in Campagna e  
Comandante del Plotone di Esecuzione.  
*Comandante di sezione, polizia*  
Comandante della Piazza di Gallarate.  
*Comandante di la City.*  
Presidente tribunale militare.  
*fuil long Court*  
Aggiunto del tribunale. - *Adjudant to the Court*  
Ultimo comandante Carceri di Madonna in Campagna.  
*last Commandant of the prison*



IL COMMISSARIO CAPO DI P.S.  
G. H. V. (V. V. V.)

*[Signature]*

00070

folio 64A - dealing with  
not Criminal BASTININI. Giuseppe  
extracted from file - now in  
file 50/26601

003.-

V. B. D. Halli  
Security

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

*file 634*  
*100-73A*  
Tel : 478409

30 June 1945

AG/14074/PS

SUBJECT : War Criminals

TO : Director of Public Security, Ministry of the Interior.

1. It is urgently requested that the good offices of your Ministry be used to confirm or deny the reported presence of prisoners:

|          |          |
|----------|----------|
| TURCHI   | Ivo      |
| MASSIERI | Anatolio |
| BERNABEI | Egisto   |

in the prisons at Grosseto.

2. In view of an Allied interest in these inmates it is requested that the inquiry be expedited and the information forwarded to this Headquarters at your earliest convenience.

*R. M. d.*  
JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.G.D.  
Director.

RMF/pl

Copy : CA Section.

ALLIED COMMISSION  
PUBLIC SAFETY LIAISON OFFICE  
R.A.A.C. QUESTURA BLDG. VIA S. VITALE

62A

PSL/C/10

To : Director Public Safety S/C - AC/HQ -  
From : Lt. Col. R.T. Millhouse, L.O.  
Subject : War Crimes.

14074 pe

Rome, 27th June 45

62B

Attached report from CC.RR. is forwarded for  
your information.

*R.T. Millhouse*  
R.T. Millhouse, Lt. Col.  
A.C. Public Safety, L.O.

| TO            |          |      |
|---------------|----------|------|
| X DIRECTOR    | <i>W</i> | 29/6 |
| X DEPUTY D.   | <i>W</i> | 29/6 |
| EXEC. OFFICER | <i>W</i> | 29/6 |
| X POLICE      | <i>W</i> | 30/6 |
| INC. & REG.   |          |      |
| PRISONS       |          |      |
| ADM. SERVICE  |          |      |
| X SECURITY    | <i>W</i> | 30/6 |
| CHIEF CLERK   |          |      |

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62B

TRANSLATION

FROM : Compagnia Esterna I CC.RR.  
Date : 26/6/45  
N° : 58/75  
To : Ministry of Interior and M.P.

---

Presi Nicola and Mugnes Gaetano leaving at Pietralata village, just come back from Germany concentration Camps where they had been transported, have denounced To CC.RR. Ponte Mammolo Station that at Km.10 of TIBURTINA road there is a cave with 10 corpses of men shot by Germans on 21/10/43.

At 17.00 of 26th inst. CC.RR. have found the cave and the corpses.

The cave is patrolled waiting for the Court.

Capt. De Santis

00000

TRANSLATION MC.

MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR

61A

n:442/7480

Rome 17th June 1945

Subject : Cooperation with the British Police.

To : Allied Commission Public Safety s/c.

59A

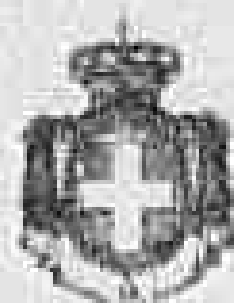
With reference to letter n:AC/14074/PS: dated 17th instant it is ascertained that the Questore of Rome has been authorised to furnish to the Commissary of the Maltese Police, copy of the list regarding the british and maltese subjects, who appear to be desertors.

For the Minister

Ferrari

|                 |      |  |
|-----------------|------|--|
| TO              |      |  |
| MR. FOR         | 19/6 |  |
| DEPUTY DIRECTOR | 19/6 |  |
| CHIEF OF POLICE | 19/6 |  |
| PROSECUTOR      | 19/6 |  |
| MR. A. B. C.    |      |  |
| PERSONAL        |      |  |
| ADJ. DIR. GEN.  |      |  |
| SECURITY        |      |  |
| CHIEF CLERK     |      |  |

00000



*Ministero dell'Interno*  
DIREZIONE GENERALE DELLA PUBBLICA SICUREZZA

*Prov. A.G.R. ... 2*  
*Pol. N. 442/7480 Allegato*

**URGENTISSIMO** *Translate*

*Roma 17 giugno 1945*

*All. ON. COMMISSIONE*

*ATTESA*

*Sottocommissione per la  
Pubblica Sicurezza*

*Rapporto del ... R O M A*  
*In ... N°*

Oggetto *Cooperazione con la Polizia britannica.*

In risposta alla lettera del 14 corrente  
AG/14074/PS, si assicura di aver autorizzato il  
Questore di Roma di fornire al Commissario della  
Polizia maltese, copia della documentazione concer-  
nente i sudditi inglesi e maltesi che risultano  
disertori.

00007

PEL MINISTRO

*Gianni*

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS  
G-5 Section  
APO 512

60A  
*file* FTH/AMB/jjjr

G-5: 000,5-1

11 June 1945

SUBJECT: Prison Camps.

TO : Headquarters, Allied Commission, APO 394

In connection with an investigation which is now taking place, it is desired to ascertain the name of the Italian Commander and his Staff who were in charge of a prison camp known as "The Studio" located 8 to 10 kilometers from Rome between 17 February and 10 March 1944.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-5:

F. T. HAMMOND, JR  
Colonel, G.S.C.  
Legal Adviser

1st IND.

7  
00016  
16 June, 1945.

AC/14074/PS

FROM HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION Public Safety Sub-Commission  
TO : Lt. Col. Millhouse, R.S.L.O. Questura, Via San Vitale Rome.

Please take the necessary action on the above through the Questore and inform this office of the results.

JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.G.D.  
Director Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

*file* *59A*  
HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

Tel : 478427-686

14 June, 1945.

AC/14074/PS

SUBJECT : Cooperation with British Police Authorities.

TO : Ministry of Interior,  
Attention : Director General of Public Security.

1. The Commissioner of Police of the Island of Malta is in Italy investigating cases of certain Maltese, British nationals, who are alleged to be war renegades. During the course of his investigations he has discovered essential evidence in the records of the Questura at Rome.

2. Your cooperation is requested to the extent of authorizing the Questore to furnish to the Commissioner photostatic copies of such records properly authenticated for use before British courts.

3. Your assistance in this matter will be appreciated.

*00000*  
JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, JAGD  
Director, Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

JWC/G.

*File*

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Civil Affairs Section  
APO 394

*58 A*

Tel: 478709-580

June 1945

AC/14074/PS

SUBJECT : War Crimes - Villa Gobio (Pietole).

TO : G-5 AFHQ.

The attached papers sent from AMG Lombardia  
Region are forwarded for onward transmission.

For the Chief Commissioner:

*AB* 93374  
G.R. UPJOHN, Brig.  
VP CA Section.

Incl.

C O P Y

55A

SUBJECT : War Crimes.

ALLIED FORCE HEADQUARTERS

G1/Br/15150/A-3.

11 May 45.

HQ. Allied Commission (5)  
 HQ. 15 Army Group (5)  
 HQ. Eighth Army (5)  
 HQ. Fifth Army Br Incr (5)  
 -----

pe.

1. The attached particulars of personalities and Units which have been identified during the course of investigation into a War Crime at QUOTA are forwarded.
2. It is requested that any information concerning the personalities listed or units exhibiting the signs in question may be forwarded to this HQ.
3. If any persons identified from the list are found among the German or Fascist forces they should be held in custody and this HQ notified by signal.

00000

sd/ (?)

for Major General,  
 DAG, G-1 (Br).

CA SEC DIST :-

RC Toscana Region  
 WM & POW S/C  
 Public Safety S/C  
 Legal S/C  
 File 4/29A/CA

| TO                | INITIALS | DATE |
|-------------------|----------|------|
| DIRECTOR          | WJ       | 12/5 |
| DEPUTY DIRECTOR   | WJ       | 13/5 |
| CHIEF OF STAFF    |          |      |
| CHIEF OF POLICE   |          |      |
| CHIEF OF REG.     |          |      |
| CHIEF OF LOGS     |          |      |
| CHIEF OF ADMS.    |          |      |
| CHIEF OF SECURITY |          |      |
| CHIEF OF CLERK    |          |      |

5824

Reference No.  
SIB.HQ/X/44/101.

SECRET

H.Q., Special Investigation Branch,  
C/o Provost Marshal's (Br) Office,  
Allied Force Headquarters, GHF.

SUBJECT :- War Crimes.  
Personalities and Units.

G1 (Br) - 50 copies.  
G2 (Br) - 25 copies.

The following personalities and Units have been identified during the course of investigation into a War Crime (atrocities) at QUOTA (BR Q. 1758 1:200,000), which occurred on 9/11 July 44, and are "Wanted" by this Branch.

1. PERSONALITIES.

|                           |                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Captain or<br>Lieutenant. | LENGNER Franz.<br>(Phonetical<br>spelling) | Alpine Police Unit.<br>Age 30 - 32 years, height<br>5' 7" or 8", well built,<br>complexion very fresh, blond<br>wavy hair, light blue eyes, high<br>forehead, round face, regular<br>nose, square shoulders, good<br>white teeth, short neck. Spoke<br>fluent English and some Spanish.<br>Believed educated in England.<br>Wore distinctive gold ring with<br>large greenish - yellow stone,<br>on left hand. |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

UNIT.

Consisted of 5 Officers and approximately 60 NCOs of various grades. All wore EIDELWEISS flower on headgear.

Exhibited the following sign outside their HQ.

00002

55B

G1 (EX) - 50 copies.  
G2 (FW) - 25 copies.

The following personalities and Units have been identified during the course of investigation into a War Crime (atrocity) at QUOTA (M. Q. 1758 1:200,000), which occurred on 9/11 July 44, and are "wanted" by this Bureau.

1. PERSONALITIES.

Captain or Lieutenant.  
LENGNER Franz. Alpine Police Unit.  
(Functional)  
(spelling)  
Age 30 - 32 years, height 5' 7" or 8", well built, complexion very fresh, blond wavy hair, light blue eyes, high nose, square shoulders, good white teeth, short neck. Spoke fluent English and some Spanish. Believed educated in England. Wore distinctive gold ring with large greenish - yellow stone, on left hand.

UNIT.

Consisted of 5 Officers and approximately 60 NCOs of various grades. All wore WIDELWEISS flower on headgear.

Exhibited the following sign outside their HQ.

|                |
|----------------|
| KOL            |
| EINREIT JAPNER |

00002

LOCATION.

RAVIA FRATAGLIA (M. Q. 2969 1:200,000 Sh at 13 ITALY)  
at Bella Vista Hotel on 11 July 44.

- 2 -

2. PERSONALITIES.

(a) (?) Sgt Major

i/c Unit of 'ALPINE ENGINEERS'.  
Age 40 years, height 5' 8", very  
robust build, complexion fresh,  
brown hair, bald on crown, blue  
grey eyes, low forehead, long  
flat face, short flat nose, large  
ears, close to head, good teeth,  
one gold upper tooth, overhanging  
blond eyebrows, thick lips,  
wound left of head and left arm.

(b) SCHMITZER Soldier  
Goffredo. (interpreter)

Age 25 years, height 5' 7" or 8",  
very fresh complexion, straight  
blond hair, brushed back, receding  
at temples, fat round face,  
straight mouth, thin lips, high  
forehead, short neck, speaks  
GERMAN and ITALIAN.  
Native of POLZANO.

(c) (?) Sergeant.

Age 28 - 30 years, height  
6' 4" or 2", slim build, fresh  
complexion, blond straight hair,  
blue eyes, high forehead, long  
face, long nose, large ears, good  
large teeth, lantern jawed,  
mouth large, pulls to left when  
speaking, lower lip protrudes.  
Good singer, loud base voice.  
Knock kneed, toes turned out and  
shoulders inclined forward.  
Native of BERLIN.

(d) FICHERT Soldier  
Enrico. (interpreter)

Age 22 years, height 5' 7",  
tubby build, ruddy complexion,  
low forehead, blond straight  
hair, light blue eyes, good  
teeth, thin lips.

UNIT.

"ALPINE ENGINEERS"

Exhibited sign

00001

fat face, short flat nose, large ears, close to head, good teeth, orange gold upper teeth, overhanging blond eyebrows, thick lips, wound left of head and left arm.

(b) SCHULTNER Soldier  
Geffredo. (interpreter)

Age 25 years, height 5' 7" or 8", very fresh complexion, straight blond hair, brushed back, receding at temples, fat round face, straight mouth, thin lips, high forehead, short neck, speaks GERMAN and ITALY.  
Native of BOLZANO.

(c) (?) Sergeant.

Age 28 - 30 years, height 6' 4" or 2", slim build, fresh complexion, blond straight hair, blue eyes, high forehead, long face, long nose, large ears, good large teeth, lantern jawed, mouth large, pulls to left when speaking, lower lip protrudes. Good singer, loud basso voice. Knocks knees, toes turned out and shoulders inclined forward.  
Native of BERLIN.

(d) PICKERT  
Enrico.

Soldier  
(interpreter)

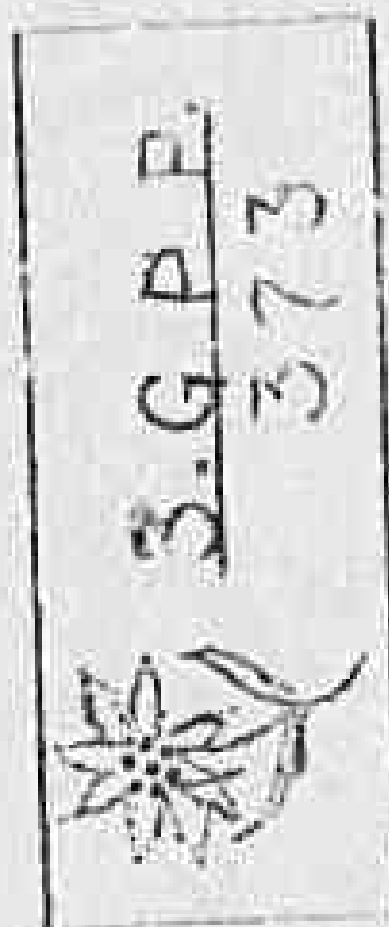
Age 22 years, height 5' 7", tubby build, ruddy complexion, low forehead, blond straight hair, light blue eyes, good teeth, thin lips.

UNIT.

00001

"ALPINE ENGINEERS"

Exhibited sign



LOCATION.

FELLOSGUARDO DI SOTTO (ON 9.2.64 1:200,000 Sheet 13 ITALY)  
on 11 July 44.

- 3 -

3. PERSONALITIES.

|                            |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (a) IZZO                   | Lieutenant. | Italian SS BATTALION DELLA MORTE.<br>Age 33 years, height 5' 9" or 10", pale complexion, dark wavy hair, dark eyes, high forehead, prominent cheek bones, large mouth, thick lips, good white teeth, large shoulders.<br>Native of ROME. |
| (b) MAG                    | Lieutenant. | Italian SS BATTALION DELLA MORTE.<br>Age 25 - 30 years, height 5' 8", slim build, dark complexion, high forehead, dark chestnut hair, long face, large mouth, fleshy lips, good teeth.                                                   |
| (c) GRASSI                 | Lieutenant. | Italian SS BATTALION DELLA MORTE.<br>Age 30 - 35 years, height 5' 7" or 8", slim build, pale pink complexion, thin face, brown hair.<br>Relieved to have been a Staff Officer at AREZZO in August 43.<br>Native of SARDINIA.             |
| (d) EMIDASSIERI<br>Camera. | Sergeant.   | Italian SS BATTALION DELLA MORTE.<br>Age 23 years, height 5' 5" or 6", dark hair, black wavy hair, grey eyes, high forehead, oval face, dark eyebrows.<br>Native of RASSTO.                                                              |

UNIT.

Italian SS BATTALION DELLA MORTE.

00000

LOCATION.

PARTINI (R 9.2565 1:200,000 Sheet 13 ITALY)



HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Civil Affairs Section  
APO 394

14076/PS.

Tel : 478709

16 March 1945

AC/4/29.1/CA

SUBJECT : War Crimes - TURCHI and MASSIERI  
TO : AFHQ, G-5

Reference your G-5 000.5-1 dated 5 March  
G-5 010.2 dated 28 January.

1. Instructions have been issued by the Ministry of Greece and Justice to the Director of Grosseto prison for the delivery of above subjects: TURCHI Ivo and MASSIERI Anatolio, to Allied escort personnel bearing authority for such delivery from your Headquarters.

For the Chief Commissioner :

|                  |  |  |
|------------------|--|--|
| Director         |  |  |
| Deputy           |  |  |
| Chief of Staff   |  |  |
| Chief of Section |  |  |
| Chief of Section |  |  |
| Chief of Section |  |  |
| Chief of Section |  |  |
| Chief of Section |  |  |
| Chief of Section |  |  |
| Chief of Section |  |  |

*R. C. Upjohn*  
R. C. UPJOHN, Brig.  
VP CA Sec.

000-3

copy to Pub. Sec. S/c.

630

37A

10074

AND REAR EIGHTH ARMY

HQ ALLIED COMMISSION PUBLIC SAFETY S/C

6073

6/11/44

RESTRICTED

PRIORITY

Public Safety S/C

RESTRICTED PD

30A

29A

PARA ONE PD REFERENCE FOR ONE EIGHT FIVE SIX DATED TWO EIGHT OCTOBER CM

ONE EIGHT SEVEN FIVE DATED THREE ZERO OCTOBER PD

PARA TWO AND REAR EIGHTH ARMY FROM HQ ALLIED COMMISSION PUBLIC

PARA TWO PD ADV COMMANDER OF HIGH COMMISSION FOR PURSUIT OF FASCISTS  
WILL PROCEED TO URBINO ON SEVENTH NOVEMBER TO DEAL WITH SUGLIERI TOPI PD

00000

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

5 November, 1944.

AC/11074/17

SUBJECT : COULIBAL Vincenzo and  
TOSI Luigi.

TO : H.Q., A.M.C., Eighth Army.

1. Reference is made to your letter CA/14/1 dated 22nd October 1944 and your signal 1/1356 dated 28th Oct. 1944.

2. The High Commissioner for the Punishment of Fascist Crimes, with the approval of this Sub-Commission, has authorized Avv. Federico Comandini, an ex-consul of the Republic of S. Marino to proceed to Urbino to arrange for the removal to Rome of

COULIBAL Vincenzo  
TOSI Luigi

These two men are at present detained under house arrest in Urbino, at the disposition of the High Commission.

3. Avv. Comandini has been told to report to the AMG in Urbino. Any assistance which can be rendered to him will be appreciated.

*[Signature]*  
JOHN A. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.G.D.  
Director Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

2 Copies to:  
High Commission for the Punishment  
of Fascist Crimes.

00007

AC/17.

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

Lib 25A

AM/14074/TS

5th November, 1944.

SUBJECT : Detained Fascists to be transported  
to Rome for trial.

To : The High Commissioner for the Punishment  
of Fascist Crimes.

1. With reference to Dott. Lanza's visit to this  
office and to subsequent telephone conversations, it is  
confirmed that -

Vincenzo GUGLIEMINI and  
Luigi TOPI

are detained at Urbino at the disposition of your High  
Commission. As soon as transport has been found this  
Sub-Commission should be notified and will at once issue the  
necessary travel permits for the drivers and persons responsi-  
ble for the transport of these men to Rome.

2. It is also confirmed that -

Vincenzo LARICIA and  
Donatore BRANCHI LARICIA from Reggio Calabria.

are held by the Quasore of Reggio Calabria at the disposition  
of your High Commission.

*Whitlock*  
John E. Whitlock  
Colonel, I.A.C.F.  
Director, Public Safety  
Sub-Commission

Copies to AGO 8th Army War.  
P.S.C. Southern Region  
(for P.S.C. Reggio Calabria).

AMW/1.

00006

**SECRET**

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
INCOMING MESSAGE

9954

TO: ACTION HQ AC FOR CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION ROME, INFO PUBLIC SAFETY LAMIC-UMERIAUM  
AC SOUTHERN REGION PUBLIC SAFETY, AC NAPLES SIGNAL MESSAGE CENTER No: 33/04  
FROM: ROBES ACC ZPSO REGGIO CLASSIFICATION:  
REFERENCE No: 12 PRECEDENCE: PRIORITY  
DATE AND TIME OF ORIGIN: NOV 021700A OFFICE OF ORIGIN:

**ACTION**

-4 NOV.1944

SECRET. Item number 5593. VINCENZO ZAMBARA and SENATORE TRAFINI LOMBARDO  
in custody QUESTORE REGGIO please advise re disposal and arrange transport.

DIST

ACTION: C.A. Sec 2  
INFO: A/CC  
Pub Safety S/C  
Lezio Reg  
File 2  
Float

HEADQUARTERS  
1 NOV 1944  
A. C.

**SECRET**

DATE and Time of RECEIPT NOV 041045A

Distribution:

3685

33A

10074

~~13A~~

AND REAR EIGHTH ARMY

HQ AC PUBLIC SAFETY S/C  
5856

2/11/44

CONFIDENTIAL  
PRIORITY  
PUBLIC SAFETY S/C

CONFIDENTIAL PD

PARA ONE PD REFERENCE YOUR R SLANT ONE EIGHT SEVEN FIVE DATED THREE ZERO  
OCTOBER FOUR FOUR PD

PARA TWO AND REAR EIGHTH ARMY FROM HQ ALLIED COMMISSION PAREN

PARA TWO PD SUBJECT MAY BE PLACED UNDER HOUSE ARREST PENDING ARRANGEMENTS FOR  
TRANSPORT FROM ROME TO CORRECT PD

00034

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION  
APO 394  
FINANCE SUB-COMMISSION

13085/F

1 Nov 1944

-3 NOV 1944

SUBJECT: Banca d'Italia, Urbino-Pesaro Province.

TO : Civil Affairs Section  
(Att: Lt. Col. White) ✓

1. I refer to a recent conversation (Col. Cripps - Lt. Col. White - Major Timmons) on the subject of the Banca d'Italia manager at Urbino.

2. There are attached:

- (a) letter from SFO, AMG 8 Army
- (b) telegram from SFO, AMG 8 Army
- (c) Finance Sub-Commission's reply to (b), in agreement with you.

3. As agreed you will ascertain from the Italian Government whether they desire Topi brought to Rome for trial.

for *BCL Timmons*  
Joint Director, *major*  
Finance Sub-Commission.

00050

Subject: Banca d'Italia, Urbino-Pesaro Province.

HQ Allied Control Commission.

*For Lance 13085/F*  
 AGC Eighth Army Rear.  
 DA/IN/I  
 22 Oct 44

1. Attached is copy of report submitted by M. Coduri present manager of the Banca d'Italia, Urbino, on Cav. Uff. Rag. Luigi Topi, former manager of the same bank, who is now being held in jail at Urbino.

2. This report was shown to FSS but apparently they are not going to take any further interest. Therefore it is the opinion of this HQ that complete investigation should be made of this case by Banca d'Italia, Rome, in conjunction with Italian Government, and if the results thereof warrant such action, Topi should be removed to Rome to stand trial before appropriate Italian Court.

✓ P.S.  
 ✓ J.F.  
 ✓ E.L.T.  
 ✓ J.L.  
 K.  
 S.H.  
 J.P.

Captain,  
 S.F.O.  
 For Group Captain,  
 Officer Commanding.  
 AGC EIGHTH ARMY.

*action and report*

*00372*

**CONFIDENTIAL**

32<sup>c</sup> 101

HQ AGO FOR GRAPPEY SMITH

1101/30

AND REAR 3TH ARMYFROM WASHDC

8/1875

IMMEDIATE

Oct 30 1944

**CONFIDENTIAL.**

Reference this HQ previous letter concerning former Director Bank of ITALY BANKING now in jail at WASHDC. Urgent that this HQ be advised if he is to be removed to ROME for trial as is our suggestion. Do you object to putting him in house arrest pending receipt of further instructions from you. Urgent.



00001

**CONFIDENTIAL**

October 30 1944

3550

CONFIDENTIAL

5787

AND 3. EIGHTH ARMY REAR

IN AD

5787

1 NOV 46

CONFIDENTIAL

PRECEDENCE

FINANCIAL SUB-COMMISSION

CONFIDENTIAL PD

PARA ONE PD REFERENCE YOUR ROGER DELIQUE ONE EIGHT SEVEN FIVE OF  
THIRTY OCTOBER PD

PARA TWO AND NO EIGHTH ARMY REAR FOR APO FROM RE ALLIED COMMISSIONER SIGNING  
JOHN PAPER

PARA TWO PD THIS MAY BE PUT IN REUSE AGAINST FINANCIAL COMMISSIONER  
WITH ITALIAN EMERGENCY AUTHORITIES REGARDING REMOVAL TO ROME FOR TRIAL

L. T. MERRITT, JR  
1/10/46 AND  
ADJUTANT

CONFIDENTIAL

31/10  
211  
TO: Col. White, Civil Affairs Section

Lt.Col.Friend James telephoned this message  
11.30 hrs today :

Italian Consul at SAN MARINO, one GUGLIELMI,  
is in jail at URBINO. The Italian Government have  
requested that he be tried in ROME. EIGHT Army state  
that his presence in present location causing certain  
embarrassment. Is Rome sending transport, if so please  
expedite.

*Please advise Friend James*

*ewf* Capt.,  
Office, Chief of Staff.

30 Oct 44.

00005

PS ✓  
*Can you please arrange for when  
GUGLIELMI will be handed over to the Italians.  
and get him there. Inform Friend James of  
arrangements*

CAS  
30 OCT 1944

3388

ALLIED ~~RESTRICTED~~ COMMISSION  
INCOMING MESSAGE

TO: HL ACC

SIGNAL MESSAGE CENTER No: 36/28

FROM: AID REAR EIGHT ARMY

CLASSIFICATION:

REFERENCE No: R/1856

PRECEDENCE: IMPORTANT

DATE AND TIME OF ORIGIN: OCT 28/1944

OFFICE OF ORIGIN:

28 OCT 1944

~~RESTRICTED~~.

Our sig R/1809 of 20 and letter OA/22 of 21. Subject GUGLIELMI Italian Consul to SAN MARINO in URBINO prison at disposal Italian authorities. SAN MARINO authorities expressing concern at his continued imprisonment there and pressing for a decision. Can you expedite

*Folio 16 A ref. Off.*

**ACTION**  
HEADQUARTERS  
28 OCT 1944  
A.C.C.

ACC DIST

ACTION : CA SEC (2)

INFO : A/CC  
LEGAL SC  
POL SEC  
FILE (2)  
FIAT

**RESTRICTED**

3325

DATE and Time of RECEIPT

OCTOBER 28/1947

Distribution:

**CONFIDENTIAL**

HQ AGC FOR GRAFFTEY SMITH

AND REAR 8TH ARMYFROM TRIALIN

W/1875

Oct 301500A

IMMEDIATE

*See 37A*

*FOR INFORMATION 00017*

**CONFIDENTIAL.**

Reference this HQ previous letter concerning former Director Bank of ITALY URBINO now in jail at URBINO. Urgent that this HQ be advised if he is to be removed to ROME for trial as is our suggestion. Do you object to putting him in house arrest pending receipt of further instructions from you. Urgent.

*[Handwritten signature/initials]*

*Act: FINANCE ②*  
*Mr. APC*  
*Rear Sa.*  
*Legal etc*  
*Sub. Supply*  
*TR ②*  
*Flint*

**CONFIDENTIAL**

*See 37A*

7F/4.5/CA ✓  
200 34A 0  
7/28A  
18  
5-2-1A  
AC PUBLIC SAFETY REGGIO EMILIA REGION SOUTHERN REGION - PUBLIC SAFETY LAZIO UMBRIA  
REGION PUBLIC SAFETY AC NAPLES

HQ AC

5593

OCT 28 25A

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

CA SECTION

RU ONE ZERO DATED TWO SIX OCTOBER PD PARIN TO AC PUBLIC SAFETY REGGIO EMILIA  
SOUTHERN REGION PUBLIC SAFETY LAZIO UMBRIA REGION PUBLIC SAFETY AC NAPLES FROM  
HQ AC FROM CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION SIGNED STONE PARIN ITALIAN GOVERNMENT REQUEST  
DELIVERY VINCENZO ZANGARA AND SENATORE TRAPANI LOMBARDO TO ITS CUSTODY FOR  
TRIAL FASCIST CRIMES PD YOU WILL ARRANGE ACCORDINGLY

00015

COPY TO  
PUBLIC SAFETY S/C HQ AC

L.T. MONTANT

1ST AND  
ADJUTANT

330

DF/4.5 ✓

file 24A

~~file~~

AMG 8 ARMY

HQ AC

5592

OCT 28

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

CA SECTION

REFERENCE: ZERO ABLE BLANK TWO TWO OF TWO ONE OCTOBER

PARIS TO AMG EIGHT ARMY FROM HQ AC FROM CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION

SIXTH FIVE FOUR ITALIAN GOVERNMENT REQUEST DELIVERY CUBANINI VINDICATO

TO ITS CUSTODY FOR TRIAL FASCIST CRIMES

00010

L.T. MORGANT  
1st LT AGO  
ADJUTANT

3314

~~Confidential~~ 26A  
14074

AC PUBLIC SAFETY REGIO INFO DO SOUTHERN REGION - PUBLIC SAFETY LARIO UMBRIA  
REGION PUBLIC SAFETY AC HANES

HQ AC

5593

OCT 23

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

CA SECTION

25A

RU GTS INFO DATED TWO SIX OCTOBER TO PARISH TO AC PUBLIC SAFETY REGIO INFO DO  
SOUTHERN REGION PUBLIC SAFETY LARIO UMBRIA REGION PUBLIC SAFETY AC HANES FROM  
IN AC FROM CIVIL AFFAIRS SECTION SENIOR DEPT. PARISH ITALIAN GOVERNMENT REQUEST  
DELIVERY VINCENZO MARCANI AND REACTION TRACCHI LORENZO TO THE CURRENCY FOR  
TRIAL PARISH CRIME TO YOU WILL ARRANGE ACCORDINGLY

| TO             | INIT | DATE |
|----------------|------|------|
| COL. CHAPMAN   |      |      |
| COL. YOUNG     |      |      |
| LT COL. WILCOX |      |      |
| MAJ. MARSON    |      |      |
| MAJ. WILSON    |      |      |
| MAJ. HENDRY    |      |      |
| MAJ. HARVEY    |      |      |
| MAJ. BALLANCE  |      |      |
| CPT. POWELL    |      |      |

0001

X

COPY TO  
PUBLIC SAFETY S/O HQ AC ✓

X

L.T. MONTANE

1ST AGO  
ADJUTANT

3919

**CONFIDENTIAL**

*CA Sect 25A*  
9223

PUBLIC SAFETY ACC ROME

RPID PUBLIC SAFETY ACC NAPLES

*DF/4.5 106/26 tda*

ACC PUBLIC SAFETY REGGIO

10

ROUTINE

OCT 26/1945

27001-1944

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

**CONFIDENTIAL.** VINCENZO ZANDANA ex Vice Segretario Partito Fascista H.Q. and ex  
Senatore TRAPANI LOMBARDO fascist Partito arrived this Region believed seeking sanctuary  
reply urgent necessary detain or remain liberty information may be obtained in future?  
questore ROME

ACC DIST

ACTION : LAZIO UMBRIA (2)

INFO : A/CC  
CA SECT ✓  
P SAFETY SC  
FILE



00015

**CONFIDENTIAL**

OCTOBER 26/2150

3215

## HEADQUARTERS

## ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION

Public Safety Sub-Commission

APO 394

ACC/14074/PS.

Tel. 489081 - 257.

14th October, 1944.

SUBJECT : Fascist and German crimes in the Province of Rieti.

TO : The High Commissioner for the Punishment of  
Fascist Crimes.

On the 4th September the Allied Military Government, Province of Rieti, forwarded to this Sub-Commission a report from the "Mazio" Royal Carabinieri Territorial Legion, signed by the Commanding Captain Leo Messina, with regard to the exhumation of 15 civilian bodies in the locality of "Campo Reatino".

It contains the following particulars : -

On the 8th July, 1944, a certain Antonio ONOFRI of Rome, refugee in Rivodutri, submitted to the Procuratore del Regno a request that excavations should be made in the locality known as "Campo Reatino", where, according to local gossip, about 15 political prisoners had been massacred by the nazifascists. Onofri was interested in the search because his son Adamo, who had been taken by the Germans on the 8th April, had given no further news of himself.

Indications were furnished by Mancini Augusto, watchman on the Terni road; near the airport, and Scipioni Valentino, watchman on the Cantalico road, who in the days following Easter, while keeping hidden at a distance, were able to observe German soldiers, in the said locality, busily working to fill a hole made by an aerial bomb.

On the 13th July the work of excavation was commenced and at a depth of m. 1.50 the first bodies were found in an advanced state of decomposition and therefore hardly recognisable. However, so far the following bodies have been identified : -

- 1) FELICE Giuseppe, son of Angelo and Del Bufalo Penelope,

SUBJECT : Fascist and German crimes in the Province of Rieti.

TO : The High Commissioner for the Punishment of  
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Indications were furnished by Mancini Augusto, watchman on the Terni road, near the airport, and Scipioni Valentino, watchman on the Cantalice road, who in the days following Easter, while keeping hidden at a distance, were able to observe German soldiers, in the said locality, busily working to fill a hole made by an aerial bomb.

On the 13th July the work of excavation was commenced and at a depth of m. 1.50 the first bodies were found in an advanced state of decomposition and therefore hardly recognisable. However, so far the following bodies have been identified : -

- 1) FELICE Giuseppe, son of Angelo and Del Bufalo Penelope, born in Rome on 6/2/23 - Student.
- 2) ONOFRI Adamo, son of Antonio and Paniconi Pierina, born in Rome on the 4/6/23 - Insurance Company Inspector - refugee at Rivedutri.
- 3) NOTTURA Antonio, Slav - not better identified.
- 4) PELLEGRINI Giannantonio, son of Luigi, born in Milan 29/9/26.

- 5) CIANSANTI Felice son of Luigi aged 44 years, born at Leonessa and resident at Apollonia di Rivotutri.
- 6) TUSELLI Diego, son of the late Cleto and of Bufalo Jole, born at Poggio Mirteto 18/12/22 and there resident.
- 7) SENZAMONTI Giuseppe son of Amadio and Conti Giovanna, born at Leonessa 4/8/21 and there resident.
- 8) PIETROSTEFANI Roberto son of Giuseppe and Pietrostefani Annunziata, born at Leonessa on 16/11/44. Resident at Leonessa. Lawyer.
- 9) BONACASATA Giorgio, son of Domenico and Romani Adalgisa, born at Torrita Tiberina, 22/10/25.

The bodies show numerous holes caused by firearms (machine gun bullets exploded in the spinal region from a short distance) several skulls are fractured or smashed and in one or two cases hands, arms and feet were not attached to the body.

As a result of enquiries it has been ascertained that : -

On the 6th and 7th April, 1944, the Germans and the Fascist militia carried out an extensive raid in the regions of Rieti - Rivotutri. It appears that over 100 persons were arrested, among them the Rivotutri CC.BR.

They were taken temporarily to the GIL building in Rieti. After 24 hours the CC.BR were freed with injunctions to present themselves daily to the German gendarmerie. The other prisoners were taken to Cinecittà which had been converted into a concentration camp. A small group of young men, among them Onofri, was taken to the Albergo Quattro Stagioni. In that Hotel an SS. Office had been installed where Capomaniolo Giudice acted as interpreter and - it seems - as tyrant, following the Nazi example. He went north before the Allied occupation.

On the night of April 8th the victims were cautiously taken away from the Hotel in a car and nothing more was heard of them until their bodies were found.

At that time republican officers Major Vincenti and Lt.

- 7) SENZAMENTO Giuseppe son of Amadio and Conti Giovanna, born at Leonessa 4/8/21 and there resident.
- 8) PIETROSTEFANI Roberto son of Giuseppe and Pietrostefani Annunziata, born at Leonessa on 16/11/44. Resident at Leonessa. Lawyer.
- 9) BONACASATA Giorgio, son of Domenico and Romani Adalgisa, born at Torrita Tiberina, 22/10/25.

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They were taken temporarily to the GIL building in Rieti. After 24 hours the CC.RR were freed with injunctions to present themselves daily to the German Gendarmerie. The other prisoners were taken to Cincittà which had been converted into a concentration camp. A small group of young men, among them Onofri, was taken to the Alborgo Quattro Stagioni. In that Hotel an SS. Office had been installed where Capomaiolo Giudice acted as interpreter and - it seems - as tyrant, following the Nazi example. He went north before the Allied occupation.

On the night of April 8th the victims were cautiously taken away from the Hotel in a car and nothing more was heard of them until their bodies were found.

At that time republican officers Major Vincenti and Lt. Esposito acted as liaison officers between Fascist and German units. It is believed that these two were present at the questionings of all prisoners and it is rumoured in some quarters that they may have been arrested themselves by the Germans towards the end of May as suspects.

It has been ascertained that Public Security Brigadier Ricci, driver of the Feld Gendarmerie was fully acquainted with the murders.

On the Tuesday following Easter Sunday, Onofri's father met this non-commis ioned officer and asked him for news of his son. Ricci answered very vaguely. CC.RR Brigadier Silvio Desideri was by chance present at the conversation as he had to present himself every morning to the German authorities, being Commander of CC.RR Station at Rivedutri. As soon as Onofri left, Ricci said to Desideri: "Would I tell him that the boy was killed three days ago?" Desideri then insisted on knowing the whole story and Ricci declared that the executions had taken place in the locality known as "Colonneta dell'Oramo" on the Salaria road, at a short distance from the Roccaseinbalda by pass. This locality is in a direction diametrically opposite to the one in which the bodies were found. From this it is deduced that :

- 1) Either the victims were transported later to Campo Reatino (which seems absurd and is inexplicable) or
- 2) That Ricci, repenting of having admitted so much and preoccupied as to the consequences which might ensue, tried to divert suspicion and confused the trail. This hypothesis seems more probable and admissible.

Enquiries made in the "Colonneta dell'Oramo" district have revealed that none of the farmers in that region admits to ever having seen German soldiers in the vicinity still less to having heard machine gun fire in the days immediately before or after Easter, 1944.

Ricci, together with Questore Pasquali, Marciallo, Severani and the Guard Lorenzetti, has followed the Nazis in their escape to the north. It is believed that at the moment they are residing in Venice.

Giovanni Guassone, Capo Squadra of the Militia and Mario Passarani, soldier of the Militia, who are both in jail at the disposal of the F.S.B. have been questioned but have thrown no new light on the drama. Enquiries are continuing but so far all the evidence seems to point to the Germans being the actual executors of the crime and the republicans who fled with them, their accomplices.

On the 6th October a further report from the same source indicated that subsequent enquiries show that the moral if not



"On the 1st April, 1944, I was seized by the Germans and taken to the S. Agnese Palace in Rieti. There I found myself in company with Avv. Alberto Pietrostefani. Count Vincenti visited us in company with the German Captain who had commanded the S.S. raiding party. Vincenti said, with reference to Avv. Pietrostefani, 'At last we have got one. You have finished with propaganda to partisans on the Leonessa square and with mentioning my name in order to get me shot. Now I will show you that I can put you before a firing squad'. A few days later he was, in fact, shot."

Vicenti fled before the arrival of the Allies and has not yet been traced.

Probable addresses are:-

- 1) Vatican City - with his brother-in-law who belongs to the Chinese Embassy.
- 2) Rome, Borgata S. Basilio (Ponte Mammolo) with his brother Dr. Tolco Vincenti.
- 3) Rome, Via Stamura 24, int. 20 (Piazza Bologna) with Signora Moneta.
- 4) Rome, Via Rabbirio 1, with Squadrista Colantoni Arduino.
- 5) Torain, in a mental home managed by his aunt Testi di Valcinuta.

The suggestion is made that for further enquiries in Rome it would be opportune to inform the S.I.M.

Vicenti's other relatives at Rieti and at Terracina, Contigliano, are under the supervision of Capt. Leo Messing.

The above information is forwarded for your information and for possible action.

933

JAC

JOHN W. CHAPMAN

Colonel, J.A.S.D.

Avv. Pietrostefani, 'At last we have got one. You have finished with propaganda to partisans on the Leonessa square and with mentioning my name in order to get me shot. Now I will show you that I can put you before a firing squad'. A few days later he was, in fact, shot."

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Probable addresses are:-

- 1) Vatican City - with his brother-in-law who belongs to the Chinese Embassy.
- 2) Rome, Borgata S. Basilio (Ponte Mammolo) with his brother Dr. Folco Vincenti.
- 3) Rome, Via Stamura 24, int. 20 (Piazza Bologna) with Signora Monete.
- 4) Rome, Via Rabbirio 1, with Squadrista Colantoni Arduino.
- 5) Frosinone, in a mental home managed by his aunt Testi di Valminuta.

The suggestion is made that for further enquiries in Rome it would be opportune to inform the S.I.M.

Vincenti's other relatives at Rieti and at Terracina di Contigliano, are under the supervision of Capt. Leo Messina.

The above information is forwarded for your information and for possible action.

JAC

JOHN W. CHAPMAN  
Colonel, J.A.C.D.,  
Director, Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

939-3

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

23A

13th October, 1944.

SUBJECT : Denunciation of Prefect Marzano of Milan.

TO : The High Commission for the Punishment of  
Fascist Crimes.

Enclosed anonymous denunciation of Prefect  
Marzano of Milan, now alleged to be entertaining  
Allies in Rome, is referred to you for such action  
as may be considered necessary.

John W. Chapman,  
Colonel, J.A.G.D.,  
Director, Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

00005

APW/en.

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT  
Province of Aieti.

1270

14074  
14074

CEB/vdt

4 September 1944

TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission REGION IV

SUBJECT : Atrocities.-

FILE NO : RJ/PS/18

14074 to 14074

00327

1. Reference your letter date 31st August 1944, a translated copy of report on enquiries made is forwarded herewith.-

2. The report has been circulated to the Regia Procura del Regno of Aieti.-

sgd. G.M. Bolt, Captain  
Provincial Public Safety Off.

Encl. 1

1st Ind.

Regional Public Safety Hd.

To:

8th September, 1944.

Acting Director Public Safety Sub-Comm. ACC. HQ.

1. The attached is forwarded for your information in continuance of your request for further details.

2. Copy of this will be handed to the new operators of Aieti and investigations will be carried out to the fullest extent, and any further important information on this subject will be forwarded to you without delay.

J.M. POLLOCK

Lt. Colonel

Chief, Public Safety

REGION IV.

REGION IV

Public Safety Sub-Commission

TO :

SUBJECT : Atrocities.-

FILE NO : RI/TS/18

00000

*submitted to 1947*

1. Reference your letter date 31st August 1944, a translated copy of report on enquiries made is forwarded herewith.-
2. The report has been circulated to the Regia Procura del Regno of Miti.-

Sgd. S. S. Bolt, Captain  
Provincial Public Safety Off.

Encl. 1

let ind.

Regional Public Safety HQ.

To:

8th September, 1944.

Acting Director Public Safety Sub-Comm. AGC. HQ.

1. The attached is forwarded for your information in continuance of your request for further details.
2. Copy of this will be handed to the new Masters of Miti and investigations will be carried out to the fullest extent, and any further important information on this subject will be forwarded to you without delay.

J. R. POLLOCK  
Lt. Colonel  
Chief, Public Safety  
REGION IV.

*To Director, Sub-Comm. AGC (this Col. Am.)*  
*1) R above please per 2A*  
*and 2-13 attached*  
*M. Wood*

10/10

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT  
PROVINCE OF RIETI

6 October 1944

TO : Chief, Public Safety Division - LAZIO UMBRIA REGION  
FROM : P.P.S.O. - Rieti & Terni  
SUBJECT : Enemy Atrocities.-  
FILE NO.: RI/PS/24

1. Reference your PS/24/40 dated 31st of August 1944 endorsing AGC/14074/PS dated 26 August 44.-
2. The report submitted by this Office on August 3rd plainly stated that the 15 civilians executed at Rieti had been shot in the back with a machine gun at a short distance.-
3. Attached please find translation of further report received by CC.RR. dealing with the same subject.-
4. The above is forwarded for your information and necessary action.-

*Edouard C/S*  
C. E. Belt, Captain  
P.P.S.O. - Rieti & Terni

| TO      | INIT | DATE |
|---------|------|------|
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00000

TRANSLATION

SUBJECT: Atrocities - Campo Aviazione.-

The active enquiries continued to date show, as moral if not material author of the atrocities of Campo Aviazione, MARCEL VINCENTI Giuseppe. He, with the rank of major, acted as liaison officer between the Nazi authorities and the republican ones.-

VINCENTI, he was present at all questionings and all arrests, should be very well acquainted with the tragic and macabre background of all massacres perpetrated in the Province of Vieti.-

Attached copy of a denunciation submitted by a political ex prisoner, by which VINCENTI is accused of having had a part in the shooting of Avv. PIETROSTEFANI Alberto (whose body was found in the Campo di Aviazione bomb crater).-

The suspect, who fled before the arrival of the Allies, has not yet been found.-

Probable addresses are:

- 1) Vatican City - with his brother-in-law who belongs to the Chinese Embassy.
- 2) Rome, borgata S. Basilio (Ponte Romano) with his brother Mr. Polce Vincenti.
- 3) Rome, Via Stenara 24, int. 20 (Piazza Bologna) with Sig. A. Meneta.
- 4) Rome, Via Rabirio 1, with squadrists COLOMBO and ARDUINO.
- 5) Formia, in a mental home managed by his aunt MARIA DI VINCENZA.

For further enquiries in Rome it would be opportune to inform the S.I.M.

Other relatives of VINCENTI, resident in Vieti and at TERRACINA and Centigliano, are actively controlled by the writer.

THE CAPTAIN COLOMBO  
- Leo Tessina -

000005

TRANSLATION OF DENUNCIATION

Apologues 27 August 1944

I the undersigned MARCEL VINCENTI Giovanni, born at Rivedattoli 1/1/1916 declare that on the 1st of April 1944 I was raided by Germans and taken to the S. Agnese palace in Vieti where I found myself with Avv. PIETROSTEFANI Alberto. A short while later Capt VINCENTI came accompanied by the band captain who had commanded the unit of SS. VINCENTI said these exact words: 'against Avv. Pietrostefani! At last we have got one. You have finished with propaganda to partisans on the Leonessa square? Giving my name also to get me shot. I will show you that I will have you put to arms' P.T.C.

21A

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 974

Tel : 489081  
Ext : 502

12 September, 1944

SUBJECT : Outstanding Correspondence.  
TO : R.P.S.C., Region IV.

Your early response to our under-mentioned letters  
is requested :

|                  |                        |
|------------------|------------------------|
| ACC/4119/4/2/2   | dated 1 September 1944 |
| ACC/14074/PS     | " 26 August 1944       |
| ACC/14613/PS     | " 24 " "               |
| ACC/14011/9/1/PS | " 11 " "               |
| ACC/14018/6/PS   | " 10 " "               |
| ACC/601/40/PS    | " 21 July "            |

19A  
Kobras PS Agent

A. E. YOUNG, Col.,  
Acting Director  
Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

Rel/C.

00004

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT  
Province of Rieti.

CEB/vdt

4 September 1944

TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission REGION IV

SUBJECT : Atrocities.-

FILE NO : RI/PS/18

1. Reference your letter date 31st August 1944, a translated copy of report on enquiries made is forwarded herewith.-

2. The report has been circulated to the Regia Procura del Regno of Rieti.-

sgd. C.E. Bolt, Captain  
Provincial Public Safety Off.

Encl. 1

1st Ind.

Regional Public Safety HQ.

8th September, 1944.

To:

Acting Director Public Safety Sub-Comm. ACC. HQ.

1. The attached is forwarded for your information in continuance of your request for further details.

2. Copy of this will be handed to the new Questore of Rieti and investigations will be carried out to the fullest extent, and any further important information on this subject will be forwarded to you without delay.

J.W. POLLOCK  
Lt. Colonel  
Chief, Public Safety  
REGION IV.

785015

#### REGION IV

Reference your letter dated 31st August 1944, a

The report has been circulated to the Regia Pro-

ed. C.E. Bolt, Captain

Encl. 1

1st Ind.

Continental Public Safety HQ.

September, 1944.

Native Director Public Safety Sub-Comm. ACC. HQ.

- The attached is forwarded for your information in continuance

...so this will be handed to the new Quagstore of Vieti and

THE POLLOCK

Lt. Colonel

Chief, Public

**for action/information**

| INIT | DATE |
|------|------|
| WGM  | 12/9 |

Unsink mother

rebut-

TRANSLATION

LEGIONE TERRITORIALE DEI CARABINIERI REALI DEL "LAZIO".

Subject: Exhumation of bodies in the locality of "Campo Reatino."

On the 8th of July 1944, one named ONOFRI Antonio from Rome, refugee in Rivodutri, submitted to the Procure of del Regno a request that excavations should be made in the locality known as "Campo Reatino" where -according to local gossip -about fifteen political prisoners had been massacred by the nazifascists. Onofri was interested in the search because his son Adam, who had been taken by the Germans on the 8th of April, had given no further news of himself.

Indications were furnished by Mancini Augusto, watchman on the Terni ~~road~~ <sup>road</sup>, near the airport, and Scipioni Valentino, watchman on the Centalice road, who in the days following on Easter, keeping hidden at a distance were able to observe in said locality German soldiers busily working to fill a hole made by an aerial bomb.

On the 13th of July the work of excavation was commenced and at a depth of m. 1.50 the first bodies were found in advanced decomposition and therefore hardly recognisable. So far the following bodies were recognised:

- 1°) = FELICI Giuseppe, son of Angelo and Del Bufalo Penelope, born in Rome on the 6/2/23.- Student.
- 2°) = ONOFRI Adamo, son of Antonio and Paniconi Pierina, born in Rome on the 4/6/23, inspector of an Insurance Co., refugee at Rivodutri.
- 3°) = HOTTURA Antonio, slav, not better identified.
- 4°) = PELLEGRINI Giannantonio, son of Luigi, born in Milan 29/9/26.
- 5°) = GIANSAANTI Felice son of Luigi aged of 44 years, born at Leonessa and resident at Apoleggia di Rivodutri.
- 6°) = TUSEBI Diego, son of the late Cleto and del Bufalo Jole, born at Poggio Mirteto 18/12/22 and there resident.
- 7°) = SENZAMENO Giuseppe son of Amadio and Conti Giovanna, born at Leonessa 4/8/21 and there resident.
- 8°) = PIETROSTEFANI Roberto son of Giuseppe and Pietrostefani Annunziata, born at Leonessa on 16/11/14. Resident at Leonessa. Lawyer.
- 9°) = BONACASATA Giorgio, son of Domenico and Romani Adalgisa, born at Torrita Tiberina, on 22/10/25.

The bodies present numerous holes caused by firearms (machine gun in the spinal region, exploded at a short distance.

Following inquiries made personally by the undersigned it has been

ascertained that:

On the 8th of July 1944, one named ONOFRI Antonio from Rome, refugee in Rivodutri, submitted to the Procure of del Regno, request that excavations should be made in the locality known as "Campo Reatino" where -according to local gossip -about fifteen political prisoners had been massacred by the nazifascists. Onofri was interested in the search because his son Adem, who had been taken by the Germans on the 8th of April, had given no further news of himself.

Indications were furnished by Mancini Augusto, watchman on the Terni ~~road~~, near the airport, and Scipioni Valentino, watchman on the Cantalice road, who in the days following on Easter, keeping hidden at a distance were able to observe in said locality German soldiers busily working to fill a hole made by an aerial bomb.

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- 5°) = GIANSAITI Felice son of Luigi aged of 44 years, born at Leonessa and resident at Apolemia di Rivodutri.
- 6°) = TUSEBI Diego, son of the late Cleto and del Bufalo Jole, born at Poggio Mirteto 13/12/22 and there resident.
- 7°) = SENZAMBRO Giuseppe son of Amadio and Conti Giovanna, born at Leonessa 4/8/21 and there resident.
- 8°) = PIETROSTEFANI Roberto son of Giuseppe and Pietrosterfani Annunziata, born at Leonessa on 16/11/14. Resident at Leonessa. Lawyer.
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The bodies present numerous holes caused by firearms (machine gun in the spinal region, exploded at a short distance.

Following inquiries made personally by the undersigned it has been ascertained that:

On the days 6 and 7 of April the Germans and Fascists militia operated an important raid in the region of Rieti- Rivodutri. It appears that over one hundred persons were arrested, among all them the Rivodutri CC.RR.

They were taken temporarily to Rieti in the building of the GIL. After 24 hours the carabinieri were freed with the order of command pulsorily presenting themselves every day to the German gendarmerie:

the mass of other prisoners was taken to Cinecittà which had been transformed into a concentration camp. A small group of young men, among them Onofri, was taken to the Albergo Quattro Stagioni. In that Hotel an authentic S.S. Office had been installed where Capomaniolo Giudice acted as interpreter and- it seems- as tyrant, following the Nazi example. He went north before Allied occupation.

On the night of April 8th the victims by now designated were cautiously taken away from hotel in a car and nothing more was heard of them until their bodies were found.

At that time republican officers Vincenti (Major) and Esposito (Lt.) acted as liaison officers between Fascist and German Units. It is believed that these two were present at the questioning of all prisoners and that, in turn, they were arrested by the Germans towards the end of May as suspects.

I have been able to ascertain that Brig. of P.S. Ricci, driver of the Feld Gendarmerie was fully acquainted with the murder.

In fact, the Tuesday following on Easter Sunday, Onofri's father met this non-commissioned officer and asked him for news of his son. Ricci answered in a very vague manner. Brig. CC.RR. DESIDERI Silvio, was present by chance at this conversation as he in duty bound- had to present himself every morning to the German authorities, he being commander of CC.RR. Station of Rivolutri. As soon as Onofri left the P.S. Brig. confessed to Desideri: "Could I tell him that the boy was killed three days ago?" As Desideri insisted on knowing the story, Ricci, declared that the executions had taken place in the locality known as "COLONNETTA DELL'ORARO" on the Saleria road, at a short distance from the Roccasinibalda by pass. The locality, as you see, is diametrically opposite the one in which the bodies were found.

From this I deduct that:

- 1°) = either the victims were transported later to Campo Reatino (which is absurd and unexplainable) or
- 2°) = that Ricci, repenting his having admitted so much and preoccupied about the consequences which might ensue, tried in every way to divert suspicion and confused the trail. This hypothesis seems more probable and admissible.

In any case I have made enquiries in "Colonnelle dell'Oraro". None of the farmers in that region admits ever having seen German soldiers in the vicinity and even less having heard machine gun fire in the days immediately before and after Easter 1944. Ricci, together with Questore PASQUALI, maresciallo Severini and the Guard Lorenzetti, has followed the Nazis in their escape to the north. It is believed that at the moment they are residing in Venice. I have questioned also Questore Giovannini, capo squadra, of the militia and Passerani Mario, soldier of the Militia, who are both in jail, at disposal of the P.S.S./ office. They however have not furnished

thoroughly search and they found them until their bodies were found.

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The captain commanding the Company  
Lec Messina.

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission  
APO 394

26 August 1944

AGO/14074/PS.  
SUBJECT : Enemy Atrocities.

TO : R.P.S.O. Region IV

1. Reference is made to your letter dated 18th August forwarding a report dated 3rd August 1944 from the Provincial Officer at Rieti regarding the exhumation of 15 civilians at Rieti.

2. The report contains no information as to how the 15 civilians met their deaths.

3. If a full report has not already been submitted to some other authority will you please have an enquiry made to determine how the civilians were killed, the identity of the persons responsible, together with the statements of witnesses.

*Paul G. Kirk*  
PAUL G. KIRK,  
Colonel, Inf.  
Director Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

RTW/ngd

00001

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT  
PROVINCE OF RIETI

Ex O (Prov)  
AUG 3 Rec'd  
185  
960

AUG 5 1944

3 Aug. 1944

Subject: Enemy Atrocities

To /PC

1. Reference is to the attached report on the exhumation of the bodies of 15 civilians killed by the Germans at Rieti.

2. Transmitted in compliance with directive requiring reports on German atrocities.

*Oliver D. Comstock* 00000

Oliver D. Comstock  
Capt PO

*P. Safety*

*Region IV  
for onward transmission  
PC  
1st Indorsement*

*R P S.O.*

*AB*

*18. 8. 1944*

*2nd  
Director, Public Safety Subcommittee  
H.C. H.R. H.R. 344.*

*Forwarded:*

*Post the and  
move*

*for L.S.T.  
R.P.S.*

HEADQUARTERS  
20 AUG 1944  
A. C. C.

*2nd Indorsement*

*Admin. Section*

*21st Aug 1944*

*W. J. H. H.*

*H.R.  
Reg.  
P. & Spec*

98A

10. P.S. (after Ltr. Wick in telephone conference?)

① The enclosure mentioned in attached doc. is a long & detailed report of the examination of the 15 Bodies.

② Will you please ascertain if any witness as to the killing of these persons has been obtained. Also by the many other H.P. If not will you ~~also~~ are enquiring to be made and report rendered to this office.

If possible signed statements from witnesses should be obtained, and a small report by the office. She makes the investigation. 055

R. H. Briggs  
et.

24 Aug. 44.

*To PS & file*  
*July 20*  
HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
R.C. & M.C. Section  
APO 394

14074  
SECRET

Phone: 1711  
478808

Ref/118/60/CA.

21 August 1944.

SUBJECT: Crimes committed by Fascism.

TO : "Z" Military Mission, GMP.

- 121*  
*1417 ref*  
*16A*
1. Attached hereto is a copy letter received from Royal Yugoslav Delegation dated 26 June 1944. We have ascertained that Carabinieri ANDREUCCI Ernesto (Corporal) is now on duty in Bari at the 335th OC.RN Section.
  2. Will you please take up the question of obtaining statements from the above-named Carabinieri with the Royal Yugoslav Delegation direct.
  3. If the Yugoslavs propose to interview this Carabinieri it is considered that an Allied Officer should be present to take notes of the proceedings.

*00005*  
*Stewart Baker May*  
*L*  
NORMAN E. FISKE,  
Colonel,  
Deputy Executive  
Commissioner.

Copy to: Admin. Section.  
Royal Yugoslav Delegation,  
66 Via Posilippo, Viale Costa,  
Villa Gemma, NAPLES. - Your 266 of 26 June refers.  
File 389/CA.

*714*

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
APO 394  
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

ACC/14074/P  
1/29.1/13

16A  
18 Aug 44

SUBJECT : Crimes Committed by Fascists.

TO : IC & MC Section

See 12A  
14A

00027

6A  
Reference to your 118/49/CA dated 8 July 1944.

1 Carabinieri ANDREUCCI Ernesto (Corporal) is now on duty in Bari at the 335th CC. HQ. Section.

2 If it is proposed by the Yugoslavs to interview this C.R., it is considered that an Allied Officer should be present to take notes of the proceeding.

*P.R. Cripps*

P. R. CRIPPS Col,  
for A/Head Adm Sec.

Ext: 608  
RPS/ls

*File*

15A

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
Administrative Section  
APO 394

14 August, 1944

ACC/14074/PS *See Acc. File. 4/29/45*SUBJECT : Atrocity at ISTIA,  
Province of Grosseto.TO : The High Commission for the Punishment  
of Fascist Crimes.

1. The following information has been reported to this HQs regarding an atrocity involving the deaths of 11 young men on 22nd March 1944 at a locality known as "Mariano Lavacchio" near ISTIA, Province of Grosseto.

2. In the early morning hours of 22 March 1944 some 250 Fascists and some 30 German soldiers gathered in the outskirts of Istia with the intention of making a thorough search of the surrounding hills for young men who had not answered the call to the Republican army. At about 0600 on 22 March 1944 they discovered 12 young men including a deserter from the German army. In the immediate confusion the German deserter succeeded in escaping. The captors took the men to a nearby farm house where an informal tribunal was held. At the tribunal were DE ANNA, Michele, who headed the search and who was commander of the Grosseto Guardia Repubblicana; RUCINI Inigo, founder and first political secretary of the Grosseto Fascio Repubblicano; GIABATTI Vittorio, a lieutenant in the Guardia Nazionale Repubblicana, and several others. The tribunal decision was execution in masse. The eleven executed were MATTEINI, Corrado; MATTEINI, Emanuele (brothers); GRAZI, Alfiero; GUIDONI Alvaro; MIGNAFRI Alcide; PASSANANTI Alfonso; CIATTINI Rino; BRANCATI Antonio; SPORZI Attilio; MINUCCI Alvaro; and BECUCCI Mario. Immediately before the execution the men asked to speak to a priest - this was denied them. Also before the execution several of the mothers present wanted to speak to their sons - this too was denied them.

3. Many, including those named above, responsible for the execution fled with the retreating German army; others have been interned for the duration of the war on other charges as well as this, and several others are still at large.

- 2 -

4. Attached to this memorandum are declarations and accusations made by the parents and other witnesses of the execution. Attached also is a report on the atrocity by the Committee of National Liberation.

5. All the documents in our possession are forwarded to you for action.

*G.R.C.*  
GERALD R. UPJOHN  
Colonel  
Acting Head,  
Administrative Section

Enclosures :

Report dated 27th June 1944 from Committee of National Liberation.

Cronaca dei fatti successi a Maiano Lavacchio  
22 Marzo 1944

Relazione dell'eccidio degli II di Istia

Verbale dell'interrogatorio del detenuto Lorenzini  
Pompilio

|                                                                            |      |   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---|
| Dichiarazione di Elia Sandri, residente ad Istia d'Ombrone                 | di " | " |
| Dichiarazione di Montani Novilla                                           | di " | " |
| Dichiarazione di Minucci Luisa                                             | di " | " |
| Dichiarazione di Guidoni Augusto                                           | di " | " |
| Dichiarazione di Cagneschi Carlo                                           | di " | " |
| Dichiarazione di Guidoni Palmira, madre del Martire Silvano                |      |   |
| Dichiarazione di Giselda Fabiani Becucci, moglie del Martire Mario Becucci |      |   |

|                                  |               |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Dichiarazione di Guidoni Augusto | dated 14-7-44 |
| Dichiarazione di Ciporiani Mario | " 14-7-44     |

AFW/G.

Translation RV.

CC.MR. Hq.

12 August 1944.

N. 46/27-1

Answer to the letter, dated 13/7/44, n. ACC/14074/PB.

Subject : Carabiniere ANDREUCCI Ernesto.-  
(Reply to welfare inquiry - a/m carabinieri.)

The corporal Andreucci Ernesto, who in the month of December has been on duty as CC.MR. in the Foggia Province, is on duty in Bari at the 335th CC.MR. Section and is enjoying good health.

Ordered by  
Colonel Chief of Staff  
- Romano della Chiesa -

00001



*147740* *P. Safety* *158*  
*Invalate*  
**Comando Generale dell'Arma dei Carabinieri Reali**  
**UFFICIO SERVIZIO** *14B*

Roma, 12 agosto

1944

N. 46/27-I di prot.

Risposta al foglio

del 13 luglio u/s. n. ACC/I4074/P.34egati n.

OGGETTO: Carabiniere ANDREUCCI Ernesto.-

S. B. *Reply to a query regarding the a/m Carabinieri*

ALLA COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI CONTROLLO

- Sottocommissione per la P.S. -

ROMA

L'appuntato a piedi A N D R E U C C I Ernesto,  
che nel mese di dicembre 1943 prestava servizio, col  
grado di carabiniere, in provincia di Foggia, pre-  
sta servizio a Bari presso la 335<sup>a</sup> sezione cc.rr.  
e gode buona salute.

00020

d'ordine  
IL COLONNELLO CAPO DI S.M.  
- Romano dalla Chiesa -



SECRET

13A

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
APO 394  
ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

16 Aug 44

4/29.1/AS

SUBJECT : War Crimes.

TO : HQ ~~12.1.~~

1 In accordance with paragraph 4 AFHQ directive G.18.3305/AS, dated 6th Feb. 1944, the following documents in connection with atrocities at Niccioletta, Province of Grosseto are forwarded for onward transmission to IJAG, AFHQ.

(i) Report dated 28th July 1944 from CIC 5th Army.

(ii) List of names of Italian S.S.

2 It is suggested that steps be taken to apprehend the Italian SS concerned and send them to 371 P. of W. Camp.

For Acting Chief Commissioner:

*S.R.C.*  
*for* S. R. UPTON, Col  
Admin Sec.

00022

Copy to: ACO/14074/AS.

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
R.C. & M.C. SECTION  
APO 394

12A

14974

9 August 44

REF : 118/56/CA

SUBJECT : Crimes Committed by Fascists.

TO : Administrative Section (for Public Safety Sub-Com.)

See 7A

1. Will you kindly let us know as soon as you are in a position to reply to our 118/49/CA dated 8 July 44 as correspondence remains unanswered until we hear from you.

*E. Gordon*  
HOMER E. FLISKE  
Colonel  
Deputy Executive Commissioner.

00021

SECRET

11A

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
R.C. & E.C. SECTION  
APO 394

Ref 773/18/Ga.

1 August 1944

SUBJECT : War Criminals.

TO : SCAG's Fifth & Eighth Armies  
R.C. Region VIII and IX.

1. The following is a copy of AFHQ Signal P75166 dated 25 July 1944 and passed to us by HQ. All.

Foreign Secretary has recently affirmed that, in view of Kesselring threat that there will be savage reprisals on Italians who help the Allies, he would ensure, so far as possible, that names of all guilty German Officers would be obtained and kept for future action."

2. The foregoing is for your information.

NORMAN E. FISKE  
Colonel  
Deputy Executive  
Commissioner.

00000

~~SECRET~~

HEADQUARTERS  
A.M.G. FIFTH ARMY  
APO 464 U.S. ARMY

CONFIDENTIAL

6th August 1944.

106/4

SUBJECT: Fascist Atrocities.

TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission, A.C.C.

1. I attach hereto reports in original compiled by the C.I.C. Fifth Army.

2. One refers to the wholesale massacre of practically all of the youth of NICCIOLETTA in the MASSA area of Grosseto, involving 45% of the adult males.

The other refers to the massacre of 11 young men at ISTIA also of Grosseto Province.

3. After perusal please pass to the commission investigating and trial of fascist crimes.

4. It is regretted that the names of the German officers involved has not been obtained, vidi R.C. & M.G. Section letter 773/18/CA dated 1st August 1944.

For the Commanding General:



E.B. MAYHE,  
Colonel, U.D.F.,  
Chief of Staff,  
A.M.G. Fifth Army.

Copy to:

R.F.S.O. Region VIII. )  
P.P.S.O. Grosseto. ) No Inc.

/hdp

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
Administrative Section.

20th July, 1944.

ACC/14074/PS

SUBJECT : War Criminals.  
TO : Headquarters A.A.I.

1. Reference is made to the following directions issued  
by A.F. H.Q.

Restricted Circular No. 11, NATOUSA 26 Jan 44.  
Secret Circular A.G. 000 5-1 G.A.P. - A.G.M.  
dated 27th November 1943.

Confidential Circular G. ID/3305/A3  
dated 6th February 1944.

2. In accordance with the directions contained therein  
the following documents relating to alleged war crimes are forwarded  
for the consideration of A.F. H.Q.

I) Letter dated 19th July 1944 from the Regional  
Security Officer, Rome Region.

II) Letter dated 24th June 1944 from the Sindaco of  
Rome (with translation)

III) Two letters dated 10th June 1944 from **03010**  
Gaetano Martire (with translation)

3. No investigation or verification has been undertaken  
by this H.Qs.

GERALD R. UPJOHN  
Acting Head  
Administrative Section.

AF/O.

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT  
ROME REGION  
APO 394  
REGIONAL SECURITY OFFICER

14074  
translate

10A

19 July 1950

GA

Ref

366/S

SUBJECT: German atrocities

TO: Capt. Stone, Acting Chief Commissioner  
Allied Control Commission

00017

1. The enclosed statement describes German Police atrocities committed in the town of Terralle.
2. We submit the facts to you for your information and action.
3. If the German Police captured by the 5th Army are those referred to by the signer of the statement you have a magnificent opportunity to punish guilty murderers and to obtain effective propaganda value by making the action public. The liaison officer for 5th Army could check the facts.

J. T. Heath  
for

A. E. HEATH  
Major I.C.  
Regional Security and  
Intelligence Officer

TRANS. N° 75

9B

HEADQUARTERS  
ROME AREA COMMAND  
G-2 SECTION  
TRANSLATION DEPARTMENT

16 JULY 1944

Translation of attached is as follows:

-----

Governorate of Rome  
General Secretary

Rome 24 June 1944

Subject: Transmission of denunciations

TO : Allied Military Headquarters.

We transmit to you the inclosed <sup>9017</sup>denunciation of murders and thefts which were submitted by a Colonel of Italian Army, Gaetano Martire, who lives in Via Dandolo 19 int. 10

The Sindaco (Mayor)

File N°6603  
Inclosures: 2

00016

TRANS. No 75

HEADQUARTERS  
ROME ARE COMMAND  
G-2 SECTION  
TRANSLATION DEPARTMENT

90

16 JULY 1944

Translation of attached is as follows:

-----

TO : The Allied Forces in Rome

Addressed through the Civil and Military Commander of Rome.

Denunciation of a murder.

The German Police, on 24 February 1944, at 3 o'clock came to evacuate the town of Terelle (M. Cairo) where a large part of the population of Cassino had taken refuge, and killed all the civilians who were not able to walk because of illness or because of physical defects.

Here are some names:

Lawyer Grosso Umberto fu Gustavo (my cousin); his mother Emilia Grossi, 80 years old and almost blind, died when she heard her son was hit.

Mr. Valente Ettore.

00010

Lawyer Spirito Guido and many others whose names you may get from eye witnesses who are now partly in Rome and partly in the liberated towns in the Province of Grosseto.

These murders were committed by or by order of three "Marescialli" of the Police attached to the Vienna Division which was operating in the Cassino Sector.

As I read in the newspaper that the valorous troops of the 5th Army, in their pursuit of the Huns beyond Rome, captured some Policemen, I place myself at the disposal of your Command to identify these three criminals.

(signed)

Gaetano Martire  
Via Dandolo 19 int. 10

Rome 10 June 1944

TRANS. N°75

9D

HEADQUARTERS  
ROME AREA COMMAND  
G-2 SECTION  
TRANSLATION DEPARTMENT

16 JULY 1944

Translation of attached is as follows:

-----

TO : The Allied Forces Headquarters.  
Addressed through the Civil and Military Commander of Rome.

Denunciation of acts of suppression and thefts.

During our stay in Terelle, the Germans committed continual thefts. They went to different houses and took away farm products even while the proprietors were there.

A spy who accompanied them in their thefts, a Belgian traitor who at first hid away from the Germans with us, put himself completely at their disposal. He spoke German.

00014

We learned later that the Belgian was an Italian.

He was in Terelle with a mistress who was born in Sorrento.

Their names may be supplied by the following persons who were in Terelle and are now in Alvito, at their parents' homes.

Prof. Pizzuti Luigi, who was born and lives in Terelle.

Mr. Giuseppe Biondi Postal officer of Terelle.

Mr. Raffaele Federici, who was born and lives in Piedimonte S. Germano.

They were among those who suffered from the actions of this criminal and a German Lieutenant who was an interpreter in the Vienna Division and who had intalled himself in their home and stole from them. His name can be gotten from the above mentioned persons.

(signed)

Gaetano Martire  
Via Dandolo 19 int. 10

Rome 10 June 1944.

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
R.C. & M.G. Section  
APO 394

Ref/58/29/0A.

15 July 1944.

SUBJECT: Anti-Allied Activity.

TO : R.C. Region V.

1. I have received from Legal Sub-Commission copies of RLC's letter dated 3 July 1944 and reply of the Legal Sub-Commission dated 13 July with reference to the alleged action of certain civilians in ASCOLI PICENO Province in handing over to German or Fascist authorities British POWs and/or Allied Italian agents.

2. Whilst legal action against these people may not be possible the RPSO should investigate and if the allegations are supported they could be interned. There is also the threat to public order caused by the intentions of the local patriot element.

00015  
WILLIAM E. FISKE,  
Colonel,  
Deputy Executive  
Commissioner.

Copy to: Admin Section (2)

PSSC

A/198

ADVANCE HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission.  
APO 394.

26 7A

13th July, 1944.

AGC/14074/PS.

SUBJECT : Carabinieri Andreucci.

TO : C.G. of CC.NR.

*see 12th*  
*GMB refer*

Will you please inform us of the whereabouts of Carabinieri  
ANDREUCCI who in December 1943 was stationed in Foggia Province.

OGAN/C.

PAUL G. KIRK  
Colonel Inf.  
Chief Public Safety  
Sub-Commission.

*Delivered by Capt Mastroianni*

00013

HEAD HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
AFC 394

*10 Jan 1947*  
(Date)

|                                                            |     |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| FROM:                                                      | TO: |
| Chief Commissioner                                         |     |
| Dep. Chief Commissioner                                    |     |
| Dep. Secretary General                                     |     |
| R.C. & M. & Section                                        |     |
| Political Section                                          |     |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Administrative Section |     |
| Education                                                  |     |
| Interior                                                   |     |
| Legal                                                      |     |
| Monument, Fine Arts                                        |     |
| Property Control                                           |     |
| Public Health                                              |     |
| Public Safety <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>          |     |
| Economic Section                                           |     |
| Agriculture                                                |     |
| Finance                                                    |     |
| Industry & Commerce                                        |     |
| Labor                                                      |     |
| Army                                                       |     |
| Communications                                             |     |
| Navy                                                       |     |
| War Materials                                              |     |
| G - 1                                                      |     |
| G - 4                                                      |     |
| Hq 2675th Regt                                             |     |
| Hq 304th (Main)                                            |     |
| Hq 304th (Rear)                                            |     |
| Adjutant (Main)                                            |     |
| Adjutant (Rear)                                            |     |
| Det Hq & Hq Co                                             |     |
| O.C. British Det                                           |     |
| Translators Pool                                           |     |
| Civil Censorship Group                                     |     |
| Medical Officer                                            |     |
| Security Officer                                           |     |
| Transportation Officer                                     |     |

FOR:

00011

|                        |                                     |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Signature              |                                     |
| Remarks/Recommendation |                                     |
| Information & Return   |                                     |
| Approval/Disapproval   |                                     |
| Appropriate Action     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Investigation & Report |                                     |

REMARKS: *Will you find the coal record and advise when you have done so*

*enc*  
(Initials)

10 JUL 1944

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
R.C. & M.C. SECTION  
APO 394

UG. 1944

8 July 1944

Ref/118/49/CA

SUBJECT: Crimes Committed by Fascists.

TO : Admin. Sect. (for Public Safety Sub-Comm.)

1. Attached hereto is copy of translation of letter received from Yugoslav Delegation dated 26 June 44.

2. It would be appreciated if steps could be taken to trace the individual named when further instructions would be given.

*Thorden*  
ROBERT E. FISKE  
Colonel  
Deputy Executive  
Commissioner

03310

A/105

TRANSLATION  
Royal Yugoslav Delegation,  
To the Advisory Council  
for Italy. No. 266

66  
Naples, 26 June 1944.  
66 Via Posilippo, Viale Costa  
Villa Gemma

Authorities appointed to investigate crimes committed by the occupying powers in Yugoslav territory have informed this Delegation of an Italian Carabinieri named ANDRUCCI, who during December 1943 was in "Commando Carabinieri" Foggia and has details of a number of crimes committed by the Fascist authorities in the town of BUDVA, Montenegro, Yugoslavia.

ANDRUCCI has been during the Italian occupation, at BUDVA and it appears he is prepared to give information on all he knows of these crimes.

This Delegation will be very obliged if through the mediation of the Allied organization in Italy, you are able to find the person in question and if you succeed in obtaining the information which interests the Yugoslav Government.

/s/ M.D. Šaifjanic

To the Allied Control Commission,  
Political Section.

00009

A/105

10 LBR

HEADQUARTERS REGION IV  
Allied Control Commission  
APO 394

7 July 1944

TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission.

SUBJECT: Report.

FILE NO: R4/PS/53.

1. Enclosed translation of CC.RR. Report 23/6/44,  
is forwarded to you for your attention.

S. B. Williams Lt. Col.  
Regional Public Safety Officer

00008

7 July 1944

TO : Public Safety Sub-Commission.

SUBJECT: Report.

FILE NO: R4/PS/53.

53

1. Enclosed translation of CC.RR. Report 23/6/44,  
is forwarded to you for your attention.

*F. H. Johnson* Lt. Col.  
Regional Public Safety Officer

00008

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
APO 394

sa.

LB

Translation.

Letter of : 23/6/44.

FROM : CC.RR. - Rome.

TO : Allied Military Command, Region IV, P.S. -Rome.

Seventh, current month, at 7 p.m.,  
twenty eight persons of the locality of Vicovaro (Tivoli)  
were arrested and killed by German troops, with machine -  
gun fire.

for Lt. Col. Minniti  
Major  
/s/ (Mario Spadafora)

00007

TRANSLATION

ALTO COMMISSARIATO PER LA PUNIZIONE DEI DELITTI E DEI REATI ILLECITI  
DEL FASCISMO

30 June 1944

SUBJECT: Rota Giovan Battista and Gianpieri Giovanni.

TO : Allied Control Sub-Commission

Following the denunciation of Major F.I. Robertson, P.W.B. proceedings have been started against the two men indicated in the subject for crimes committed with the Germans and for plundering. A warrant has been issued for their arrest and there are also orders to confiscate all the property existing in the house of Rota in Rome, Via Antongiulio Parrili N. 41.

Since we must deal quickly with the above measures, we are sending you copies of the warrants and the confiscation orders requesting that you send them to the Questore of Rome who will carry out the aboveorders.

Respectfully yours,

l'Alto Commissario

000.6

1st IND

Count Sforza

From : P.W. Rear HQ, ACC  
TO : Public Safety Advanced HQ,  
ACC Rome.

1st July, 1944

By the signature of some person related to the Italian Government.  
Provided the person are related to the Italian Government.

*Handwritten signature*

Col. Inf. C.I.S.



ALTO COMMISSARIATO PER LA PUNIZIONE  
DEI DELITTI E DEGLI ILLECITI DEL FASCISMO

L'ALTO COMMISSARIO AGGIUNTO

Prof. N. SALERNO, 30 giugno 1944  
Risposta alla lettera N.

del ON. SOTTOCOMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI  
  
OGGETTO CONTROLLO  
Rota Giovan Battista e  
Gianpieri Giovanni. = Divisione legale

*vergare*  
SALERNO

Su denuncia del maggiore F.I. Robertson, P.W.B., è stato  
iniziato procedimento contro i due individui indicati in  
oggetto, per i delitti di collaborazione con i tedeschi e  
per saccheggio. Contro i medesimi è stato emesso ordine di  
cattura e si è anche ordinato il sequestro di tutti i be-  
ni esistenti nell'abitazione del Rota, in Roma, Via Antongiu-  
lio Barrili n. 41.

Poichè occorre procedere con sollecitudine all'esecu-  
zione degli anzidetti provvedimenti, si rimettono a code-  
sta On. Sottocommissione le copie dell'ordine di cattura  
e del decreto di sequestro, con preghiera di provvedere a  
farle recapitare alla Questura di Roma, che è stata richiesta  
di darvi esecuzione.

Con osservanza.

Prot. N.

Risposta alla lettera N.

del

OGGETTO

Rota Giovan Battista e

Gianpieri Giovanni. =

Salerno, 30 giugno

1944

ON. SOTTOCOMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI

*verificare*  
~~CONTROLLO~~  
Divisione legale

SALERNO

Su denuncia del maggiore F.I. Robertson, P.W.B., è stato iniziato procedimento contro i due individui indicati in oggetto, per i delitti di collaborazione con i tedeschi e per saccheggio. Contro i medesimi è stato emesso ordine di cattura e si è anche ordinato il sequestro di tutti i beni esistenti nell'abitazione del Rota, in Roma, Via Antongiu=

lio Barrili n.41.

0000

Poichè occorre procedere con sollecitudine all'esecuzione degli anzidetti provvedimenti, si rimettono a codesta On. Sottocommissione le copie dell'ordine di cattura e del decreto di sequestro, con preghiera di provvedere a farle recapitare alla Questura di Roma, che è stata richiesta di darvi esecuzione.

Con osservanza.

L'ALTO COMMISSARIO

*Spina*

CCPI

SECRET

4690

RC & MG SECTION (Brig. Lish)

Secret

Priority

10 MAY 44

Vapor 5 - Lush

Fable

Chief Commissioner has been informed that according to sworn evidences given by the formerly prisoners of war, SMT Isaac Coen, Athanasios Kolentinis and Demetrius Servos, the Director of the Prisons in Sardinia, named Algero, ordered that all confined persons who dared to show an admiration for the English Nation should be struck to unconsciousness. PAREN to FABLE FOR CARR from ACC MAIN PAREN. Report earliest on accuracy this statement and whether Algero is still in charge.

0001

L. T. MONTANT, Jr.,  
1st Lieut. AGD.,  
ADJUTANT.

Copy to Adm. Sec.

SECRET.

HEADQUARTERS  
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION  
Public Safety Sub-Commission

Radio *LA* for action/information

C.P.S. ....

D.C.P.S. ....

Police ....

Prisons ....

Fire & G.D. ....

Regn. & Licensing ....

Adm. Officer ....

Remarks:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

00003

*Received  
27 March  
JN*

*PA*  
*14074*

Date \_\_\_\_\_

74

|                          |       |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Signature                | _____ |
| Remarks / Recommendation | _____ |
| Information only         | _____ |
| Approval / Disapproval   | _____ |
| Appropriate Action       | _____ |
| Investigation & Report   | _____ |
| Dispatch                 | _____ |

Dispatch Report

REMARKS: We have a copy of the report on the 11/11/11

CAI

Major Puller <sup>113</sup> landed  
me this yesterday. Our  
AMG personnel in Eighth  
Army area come under Army  
orders & it would appear  
that the taking of statements  
in such cases as that at  
S. ACATA recently is to  
be carried out by F.I.C.

By all means handling  
that case & they may be  
interviewed in this order.

*[Signature]*  
of [unclear]

00001

0731