

ACC 10000/146/446

091.411/a

EMPLOYMENT + SUPPLY OF LABOR

AUG. 1943 - MAY 1945

EMPLOYMENT + SUPPLY OF LABOR

AUG. 1943 - MAY 1945

Q. M. C. Form 1040 Nov. 49
Revised July 19, 1948

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. 321.511Employment + Procurement

1-595

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM	DATE	TO	SYNOPSIS
37	1 N.S. letter to Food etc			
38	7 N.S.	10-5-44	1 N.S.	Importation of food etc
39	1 N.S.	10-5-44	1 N.S.	Procurement
40	A.C. Salerno	1-5-44	Capt Albright	Availability of Civilian Labor
41	Com. Sec.	2-5-44	Labor	Calling up of classes
42	Disarmament	Article 9 May 1944		
43	Labor	18-5-44	Col Bain	Civilian exemption cards
44	PWB	29-5-44	Labor	Post Employment Offices
45	Civil Labor	5-6-44	Provincial Council (Salerno)	Civil Labor - exemptions
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47	Labor	22-6-44	Director Commission and commission	Wages of Italian State Employ
48	Executive Comm.	23-6-44	Distribution below	A.C.C. / A.U.G. certificates of employ
49	Com. Sec.	28-6-44	Labor	Freedom into Mideast
50	Recruitment	31-6-44		

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Q. No. C. FORM 348 (10A No. 60)
Revised July 26, 1948

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. *Q11.411*

EMPLOYMENT + ACQUISITION

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM	DATE	TO	SYNOPSIS
19	<i>John</i>	<i>4-3-48</i>	<i>Postwar</i>	<i>Specialist John</i>
20	<i>Capt. B. H. H.</i>	<i>12-3-48</i>	<i>W. H. H.</i>	<i>Civil John - mil. serv.</i>
21	<i>Capt. H. H. H.</i>		<i>W. H. H.</i>	<i>Improvement of service</i>
22	<i>ACMF</i>	<i>11-3-48</i>	<i>John</i>	<i>Supplies & services to military</i>
23	<i>RAI</i>	<i>17-3-48</i>	<i>John</i>	<i>Vol. Army, Army of</i>
24	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>25-3-48</i>	<i>John</i>	<i>Report John, Family, etc., etc.</i>
25				<i>Employment, etc., etc.</i>
26	<i>John H. H.</i>	<i>10-3-48</i>	<i>John</i>	<i>Callous & classes</i>
27	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>10-3-48</i>	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>Callous John</i>
28	<i>C. H. H.</i>	<i>10-3-48</i>	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>Callous John</i>
29	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>3-11-48</i>	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>Callous John</i>
30	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>5-11-48</i>	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>Callous John</i>
31	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>5-4-48</i>	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>Callous John</i>
32	<i>Capt. H. H. H.</i>	<i>5-4-48</i>	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>Callous John</i>
33	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>7-4-48</i>	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>Callous John</i>
34	<i>Capt. H. H. H.</i>	<i>15-4-48</i>	<i>H. H. H.</i>	<i>Callous John</i>
35	<i>H. H. H.</i>			<i>Callous John</i>
36	<i>H. H. H.</i>			<i>Callous John</i>

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Instructions:—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

Q. M. G. Form 332 (11-12-40) No. 400
Revised July 26, 1944

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. 091.411

EMPLOYMENT & PROCUREMENT

SERIAL NUMBER	FROM	DATE	TO	SYNOPSIS
1	Ufficio Provinciale Del Lavoro - Palermo	-	Labor Sub. Commission	Andamento della mano d'opera
2	C. S. O. Hq. Palermo	27-8-43	" " "	Employment of Civil Labor in Corps Areas
3	A.M.G. Sicily	25-11-43	" " "	Public Works - Not Work Relief
4	A.M.G. Region III	13-1-44	CAPT ROBERTSON	Recap. of Region III Labor Supply
5	Hq. No. District 1121 Q	25-1-44	Labor Sub. Commission	Specialist Labor
6	Capt. Scicchuna	26-1-44	Charman Labor	Selective Priority of Labor
7	J. O. M. Ashley Col. C. of S.	7-2-44	Negotiated Committee	Labor Exchanges
8	A.M.G. III	15-2-44	Labor Sub. Commission	Labor Information
9	Maj. Babcock	15-2-44	Col. Bain	Employment of Ital. Civilians by the Ital. Army
10	R. M. Foster Air Commodore	16-2-44	Col. Sauley	Permission to fly to Sicily for Capt. F. Dr. Bella
11	A.M.G. III	17-2-44	Whom it may concern A. M. J. Branch	Bulletin No. 6
12	Col. Bain	17-2-44	(Ital) Labor Office Headquarters, No. 2 District Director	Specialist Labor
13	Capt. L. Frager	25-2-44	Labor Sub. Commission Regional Commission	Specialist Labor
14	Col. Smith	26-2-44	Region III	Dr. Silvio Malfettani MMIA 0231
15	Franko	22-2-44	ALL	Bulletin, Wash. men's Comm. Rel. #254
16	W. M. P. Tuckman	22-2-44	Franko	Bulletin, U.S. Government
17	Capt. Tuckman	25-2-44	Franko	W. M. P. Tuckman
18	Capt. Scicchuna	24-2-44	Min. of I Col	Civ. Mobilization

INSTRUCTIONS - When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

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U.S. CONFIDENTIAL Equals British CONFIDENTIAL

PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE BRANCH
Allied Forces Headquarters
Unit 8 APO 512
U.S. Army

29 May 1944

SUBJECT: Port Employment Offices.

TO : A.G.C., Labour Section.

1. Reference your query on item 6 of report on "Conditions and Developments in Naples Area", of the 20th April.
2. Our source is a usually reliable informant who lives in Salerno, but comes to Naples every week. He maintains the assertions made in paragraph 1 of item 6 (in Supplementary Report No. 2, of April 20th, 1944) which, he asserts, reflect the feelings and experiences of certain Neapolitan workers.
3. As to paragraph 2 of item 6, there was a slight mis-translation which gives the wrong impression to the reader. The British Navy is not among the "certain organisations which employ labour..." The complaints made refer to "agencies which have sprung up within certain labour employment agencies that work for the Allies including the British Navy..."
4. Our informant has now sent in a further report on the subject. We have attached the most relevant information together with a few remarks, which he thought fit to add, and which - for what they are worth - we think may be of interest to you.

/s/ E. WHILTON
Major, I.C.
"D" Section
PWS, Unit 8

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U.S. CONFIDENTIAL Equals British CONFIDENTIAL

Translation Pfc. PiraniNaples Provincial Labor Office

It is the district employment office for the Province of Naples.
Located at Via Duomo

It has among its functionaries, former directors of the "Unione Provinciale Fascista dei Lavoratori del Commercio" viz. Levi, Matera and Avallone, who are now employment inspectors.

Mango Luigi, a mechanic living at Via Vecchia Capodimonte N. 69, applied for employment back in December of 1943, and as yet has not been employed. He registered as a mechanic. It seems that also in other sections of employment, jobs are very slowly found, even though the line of people seeking employment at the Provincial Labor Office starts from the ground floor, and they express discontentment. That however could be due to an innate tendency towards discontentment that all Neapolitans have.

Private Enterprises For The Employment Of Labor For The Unloading Of Allied Shipping In The Port Of Naples

There exists, at present, two of these, operated by family groups.
Ditta Luise Salvatore - Via Tre Vannoni N. 46 (located in the rear of the University).

Ditta Luise - Via Piazza Larga, N. 6.

Are these establishments duly authorized?

Was not the business of engaging workmen to be left entirely to the "Ufficio Provinciale del Lavoro" as was stated by them?

They are establishments that have not even an identification sign posted, they seem to be a temporary hit or miss affair. The Luise Salvatore establishment consists simply of a store with a table.

The assignments for the workers are given out around the hours of 6 and 13 near the Grefici square, where small groups of unemployed gather.

The aforementioned establishments sign up and list the workers, take them to their work and consequently pay them and feed them their daily food ration.

There naturally exists no form of publicity. When there is need for extra workers, the word is passed around in certain localities and the unemployed come running.

Naturally these establishments must make a profit or they would not interest themselves.

Allied Military Organizations That Recruit Workers Independently Of The "Ufficio Provinciale del Lavoro" Offices That Are Purposely Set Up For The Recruiting Of Labor Or With The Recruiting System For Who Has Need For Labor.

This deals with Allied Military establishments that pay high salaries to workers; furnishing also food rations, and offering relatively stable employment with opportunities for advancement they attract a large number, and the better grade of employees at the moment - and for psychological reasons for the majority of workers, employed or not employed by these establishments offer interesting material for studying the Labor problem.

Said establishment seeing that they are under the direction of Allied Personnel who, in general do not understand the Italian language, and have necessarily avail themselves of civilian interpreters (who are taken as a whole.

from elements that learned English as workers at the port, or at hotels or tourists' homes, or working as guides in Neapolitan localities frequented by Anglo-Americans).

These interpreters would consequently hire only people that are friends of theirs, or people that are recommended by friends, they deprive people from being hired who have no special introduction. The answer that is given to the latter is that "they have all the personnel that is needed", and "that no more will be hired", "that they had better drop around later" or lists are made up with the names of the favored ones on top so that they get the best jobs.

The establishments noted are:

Royal Navy Barracks

The personnel employed are workmen, labourers etc., they are hired directly by the S.A.O., or through their interpreter Salvatore De Pascale who works as intermediary for S.P.O. Ingham, C.P.O. Hall or Paymaster Commander Lt. Hughson who do not understand Italian and hire the personnel not coming from the Base Accountant's Office.

Previously the hiring was also done by P.O. Hill who had to submit to an inquiry for reasons not exactly determined and therefore was relieved of his duties. Hill is now engaged by the Victualling Store of the Royal Navy Barracks.

Port Labour Control Office (American) (Located at Piazza Nicola Amore)

The interpreter "Carlo" (known only by this name) works as intermediary for American Lieutenant San Louis, contractor for Italian personnel, directors, qualified workers, and non-qualified workers for occupied establishments.

The place at which this contracting is done is next to the "Mandrachio" (Located at Naples Port)

Not qualified casual employees: are selected directly by interpreter Laidato, at Piazza Nicola Amore, in a special recruiting office located on the ground floor.

Base Accountant Office (English) (Via Partenope - Ex. Cooks office)

Central Recruiting Office

The recruiting of personnel - directors, qualified and non-qualified, is at present carried on by British officers and non-cons, assisted by an interpreter. This position was held from November of 1943 to March of 1944 by an accountant named Sommella - who was released because of reasons not exactly determined and now the recruiting is handled by a certain Canzanella, who selects at his discretion, the personnel that works at the various stores and depots of the British Navy in Naples.

The lack of publicity (placards, manifests, clearly posted) leads one to believe that even here the selecting is done on purely personal basis or on recommendation by people already employed by the S.A.O. In fact, in order to obtain work, one has to be known or recommended, otherwise the answer is almost always negative or evasive.

Victualling Depot (Galleria Vittoria)

The recruiting of non-qualified casual employees is done directly by a Captain Jannone.

The recruiting of directive, qualified and non-qualified permanent personnel, is done by the British (or by Paymaster Commander Lt. Frank Clemens) through interpreter Di Gennaro Mario or Manganella Raffaele a foreman.

Other personnel comes directly from the B.A.O., who selects it and sends it to this office.

Reading through the list of employees there can be easily found surnames that are the same or people having the same addresses. It deals with relatives or friends of people already employed that had others employed.

Four directive positions as manager foreman, are held down two pair of brothers: the brothers Masdocchi and Scartacini; Mr. and Mrs. Petrucci work at the Clothing Store, and as secretary at the Victualling Depot respectively.

Reading thorough the list of employees, we find this contemporaneity of employment between surnames or of people who live in the same neighborhoods.

The Italian Chief at the B.A.O. Officera mess (at Via Tasso - Villa Cat-tinara) had (he is now dead because of an air raid) two sons, Luigi and Michele working at the Royal Navy Barracks, at the time when S.P.O. Hill was doing the hiring Luigi was discharged from the R.N. Barracks, but was rehired the very next day to work for the Clothing Store at the victualling Depot. This can be seen from the lists of payments made to the various enti by the B.A.O.

In expectation of the coming departure of the victualling Depot for a place nearer the front, each manager - foreman has had instructions to designate 6 trustworthy men from their own group to be engaged through a special labor contract, which is very favorable because it contains insurances for life, food, lodging, clothes and a special pay for the new locality into which they move.

Does not this favor the creation of a small clique?

D. A. D. L. (British)

Located in Naples (at Piazza della Carita') has published clear and specific methods. It enjoys the confidence of many workers. No complaints were heard from the people that were awaiting their turn to be hired, and few people were seen waiting at all, a sign that all others seeking work have already in their proper turn been hired, it results that the employment is carried on quickly and rapidly.

The employment system - due to the delicateness of the matter - should be one and independent of personnel that avails itself of preselected workers.

The employment - for selection and judgement on the ability of the aspirant - should be left entirely to Allied personnel that knows Italian.

The D.A.D.L. at Salerno (Via Roma 35) does well in being the only employment office for the whole city, and functioning with all British personnel that knows the Italian language for the hiring of Italian labor.

There has never been any complaining by the people of Salerno regarding employment.

HEADQUARTERS
ALBANY COUNTY COMMISSION
LAMES HILL COMMISSION
APR 1944

Cross Reference Sheet

File:

411

Subject:

Civilian Exemption Cards

Date:

18.5.44

To:

Col. Bain

From:

H. H. Pannamano

Documents Filed:

4491

2824

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HEADQUARTERS
ARMY COMMISSION COMMISSION
LARGE SUB-COMMISSION
APR 1944

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: "Redigimento" article 9.5.44

Date: _____

To: _____

From: _____

Documents Filed: 4612

2823

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HEADQUARTERS
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
LARGE DISTRICT - CONSTRUCTION
APO 900

Group Reference Sheet

File: U11

Subject: Italian Army - Calling up of classes

Date: 8.5.44

To: Labor

From: Economic Sec.

Document File: .0491

1000

(41)

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LASOS SUB-COMMISSION
APO 39L

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Availability of Critical Labor for employment
with the Allied Force

Date: 1.5.44

Re: A.C.C. Labor

From: P.C. Salerno Province

Locusts: 4612

7821

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
APO 394

JTB/tw

13 May. 1944

LAB 091.411

SUBJECT: Minutes of Regional Commissioners' Conference
15 - 16 April. Page 6, Item 4 (g).

TO : Executive Officer, Economic Section

1. You have a memo from Agriculture Sub-Commission. I have discussed with Lt. Col. Brewster (Refugees Sub-Commission). The matter is not one for this Sub-Commission in the first place.
2. The position as I understand it is that refugees are "folded" in camps for screening and delousing, and, at as early a date as possible, dispersed to the Regions where they are housed.
3. Putting them to work, if capable, is obviously necessary, but the problem is one for the Regional Commissioners, who should know their (the refugees') abilities and the local demand.
4. Personally, I believe the problem to be a small one; about 80% are women and children (up to 14 years); the remainder consists of a high proportion of sick and elderly. True, there may be isolated cases of pockets of able-bodied doing nothing, but such cases, if proven, should be easily dealt with by the Regional Labor Officer (if any).

J. T. R. BAIN.
Colonel,
Director, Labor Sub-Commission

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
APO 394

JTRH/tbw

LAB 091.411

7 May, 1944

SUBJECT: Refugees

TO : Director, Agriculture Sub-Commission, A.C.C.

1. It is desired to place on record the fact that this Sub-Commission is prepared to discuss at your convenience Item No. 4 (g), page 6 of the Minutes of Regional Commissioners Conference dated 15 - 16 Apr 44.

J. T. R. BAIN,
Colonel,
Director, Labor Sub-Commission

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HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Agriculture Sub-Commission
APO 394

AGR/NAH/11
6 May 1944

AGR/33050

SUBJECT: Refugees.

TO : Labor Sub-Commission.

1. Ref minutes of RC's Conference 15 April, para. 5-8.

2. It is suggested that agricultural workers and farmers among refugees be located as near as possible to their former homes. We understand that under present program a farmer or agricultural laborer is just as apt to be shipped to the farthest point in southern Italy as he is to be held in a camp near his former home. The closer agricultural workers and farmers are located to their former homes and crops the less difficulty will be experienced in having those individuals returned to their homes and crops after the military situation permits.

3. Special effort should be made to locate agricultural workers and farmers in agricultural labor deficit areas, such as; Campobasso, Foggia, Matera, and other large wheat production areas. If refugee camps have not been located in such areas, it is suggested that consideration be given to doing so.

4. Refugees in southern camps who were formerly agricultural workers or farmers should be given priority when refugees are returned to their homes. This will make it possible for them to plant crops or have olive or nut or other crops harvested at the earliest possible date after the military situation permits.

W. A. Hartman
W. A. HARTMAN
Major
Director

DISTRIBUTION:

Refugees Sub-Commission
Economic Section

SEEN	
Col. Bain	
lt. Col. Smith	
Major	
Capt.	
Capt. Scipione	

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2817

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WORKING POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER
CLASSIFIED BY REGION AND BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY
CENSUS OF 1936
(FIGURES ROUNDED TO NEAREST 1,000)

Region	Total	Agricultural Hunting and Fishing	Industry	Transport and Communication	Commerce
Kingdom	18,345,000	8,843,000	5,375,000	702,000	1,505,000
Piemonte	1,845,000	786,000	670,000	55,000	161,000
Liguria	663,000	168,000	252,000	61,000	84,000
Lombardia	2,740,000	784,000	1,301,000	80,000	273,000
Venezia Tr.	326,000	164,000	77,000	10,000	33,000
Veneto	1,817,000	966,000	488,000	53,000	143,000
Venezia G.Z.	459,000	175,000	135,000	31,000	48,000
Emilia	1,515,000	907,000	347,000	47,000	173,000
Toscana	1,303,000	620,000	393,000	52,000	107,000
Marche	597,000	398,000	112,000	3,000	28,000
Umbria	325,000	210,000	61,000	8,000	5,000
Lazio	1,119,000	467,000	274,000	54,000	99,000
Abruzzo-Mol.	665,000	495,000	88,000	3,000	28,000
Campania	1,373,000	663,000	1,352,000	72,000	25,000
Puglia	961,000	511,000	266,000	40,000	66,000
Lucania	230,000	173,000	31,000	4,000	8,000
Calabria	674,000	458,000	112,000	22,000	33,000
Sicilia	1,329,000	684,000	320,000	72,000	138,000
Sardegna	376,000	213,000	78,000	15,000	23,000

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WORKING POPULATION AGED 15 OR OVER
CLASSIFIED BY REGION AND BY ECONOMIC CATEGORY
CENSUS OF 1936
(FIGURES ROUNDED TO NEAREST 1000)

Industry	Transport and Communication	Commerce	Credit and Insurance	Liberal arts and Church	Public Administration	Private Administration
5,375,000	702,000	1,505,000	121,000	269,000	809,000	81,000
670,000	55,000	161,000	10,000	27,000	69,000	10,000
252,000	61,000	84,000	6,000	14,000	38,000	5,000
1,301,000	80,000	273,000	23,000	42,000	98,000	17,000
77,000	10,000	33,000	2,000	6,000	18,000	1,000
428,000	53,000	143,000	8,000	20,000	68,000	9,000
136,000	31,000	48,000	4,000	5,000	34,000	2,000
347,000	47,000	113,000	7,000	18,000	57,000	5,000
393,000	52,000	107,000	7,000	20,000	56,000	5,000
12,000	3,000	28,000	2,000	7,000	21,000	2,000
66,000	8,000	15,000	1,000	5,000	12,000	1,000
274,000	54,000	99,000	12,000	32,000	105,000	7,000
88,000	3,000	28,000	1,000	6,000	20,000	1,000
352,000	72,000	125,000	6,000	26,000	65,000	5,000
266,000	40,000	66,000	3,000	12,000	39,000	3,000
31,000	4,000	8,000	=	2,000	7,000	=
112,000	22,000	33,000	1,000	6,000	20,000	1,000
320,000	72,000	118,000	5,000	19,000	64,000	5,000
78,000	15,000	23,000	1,000	3,000	19,000	1,000

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POPULATION AGED 15 OR OVER
 BY REGION AND BY ECONOMIC CATEGORY
 CENSUS OF 1936
 (ROUNDED TO NEAREST 1000)

Region	Commerce	Credit and Insurance	Liberal arts and Church	Public Administration	Private Administration	Domestic Service
1	1,505,000	131,000	269,000	809,000	81,000	661,000
2	161,000	10,000	27,000	69,000	10,000	57,000
3	84,000	6,000	14,000	38,000	5,000	36,000
4	271,000	23,000	42,000	98,000	17,000	21,000
5	33,000	2,000	6,000	18,000	1,000	15,000
6	143,000	8,000	20,000	68,000	9,000	62,000
7	48,000	4,000	9,000	34,000	2,000	22,000
8	11,000	7,000	18,000	57,000	5,000	44,000
9	107,000	7,000	20,000	56,000	5,000	42,000
10	28,000	2,000	7,000	21,000	2,000	13,000
11	5,000	1,000	5,000	12,000	1,000	8,000
12	99,000	12,000	32,000	105,000	7,000	69,000
13	28,000	1,000	6,000	20,000	1,000	13,000
14	125,000	6,000	26,000	65,000	5,000	49,000
15	66,000	3,000	12,000	39,000	3,000	22,000
16	8,000	=	2,000	7,000	=	12,000
17	33,000	1,000	6,000	20,000	1,000	19,000
18	118,000	5,000	13,000	64,000	5,000	43,000
19	23,000	1,000	3,000	19,000	1,000	22,000

Labovs S.C. 411
"B" Civil Labour Unit,
94 Sub Area, CMF.

15 Apr 44.

Dear Albright,

I attach a copy of notes on the
meeting with Signor Petti in Lt Col Robertson's
office on the 12 Apr and copy of a letter I have
written Signor Petti with regard to establishing
Collocamento.



Yours sincerely

Wendy Magee

Capt Albright,
ACC HQ, Salerno.

Note: Forwarded for information only.
34 Petti in Albright's
Capt Magee

Subject : Civilian Labor.

XCS/2A.

Signor Petti,
Il Direttore dell'Ufficio Provinciale del Lavoro
di Salerno.

With reference to our conversations with Lt.Col. Robertson,
SCAO, Salerno Province, good, permanent, Collocatore, with an
established office, are required in the following centres:

Angrì
Nocera / Pagani
Cava
Pontecagnano
Giffoni
Baronissi
Montecorvino Rovella
Battipaglia
Eboli
Campagna

I understand from Capt Albright that the Ministry of
Labour will have no objection to such Collocatore being paid a
reasonable salary. I suggest that a salary of 2000 to 2500 lire
per month would enable the Collocatore to pay full-time attention
to their job.

Field,
15 Apr 44.

Handwritten signature
Major, DADL.
"E" Civil Labour Unit.

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2815

NOTES ON MEETING HELD AT OFFICE OF SACO, SALERNO PROVINCE
2000 HOURS, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12 1944.

Present : Lt Col Robertson, SACO, Salerno Province.
Signor Pettit, Il Direttore dell'Ufficio Provinciale.
Capt Albright, Liaison SAC Commission, ACC.
Major Casaley, DADL, 94 Sub Area.

1. Agreed that Capt Albright should approach Italian Ministry of Labour to request they control wages paid by Communes, Municipalities and contractors of Communes and Municipalities, in order to bring them into line with our rate for unskilled labour of 50 lire per day.
2. Lt Col Robertson agreed to cancel immediately the additional dried vegetable ration issued to heavy workers surplus to the general dried vegetable ration accorded the population of Nocera, Pagani, etc. consequent on the destruction of vegetable cultivation by the eruption of Vesuvius.
3. Agreed that Signor Pettit should establish permanent, strong, Collezione in centres to be indicated by DADL and these Collezione be paid a reasonable salary. (Present stipend varies from 300 to 900 per month. Suggested salary 2000 - 2500 lire per month). Capt Albright to smooth the way for this with Italian Ministry of Labour.
4. Arranged that Signor Pettit and Capt Albright should accompany DADL to Nocera, Pagani, Angri etc. on Thursday, April 13, to inspect Collezione and examine means of improving them and of ensuring that they produce labour required.
5. Lt Col Robertson mentioned that he was pressing for the institution in Salerno Province (i.e. King's Italy) of extra rations. The extra rations to be introduced in AMG territory will eliminate the mid-shift meal, and will be issued to the whole population. They will consist of:
200 grs of bread, or 150 grs of bread and 40 grs of pasta, per day.
Plus for heavy workers, 75 grs of bread and 210 grs of dehydrated soup, and 700 grs of pasta per week.
DADL pointed out that elimination of mid-shift meal would affect availability of labour for the Forces.

General dried vegetable ration accorded the population of Nocera, Pagani, etc. consequent on the destruction of vegetable cultivation by the eruption of Vesuvius.

3. Agreed that Signor Pettit should establish permanent, strong, Collocatore in centres to be indicated by DADL and these Collocatore be paid a reasonable salary. (Present stipend varies from 300 to 900 per month. Suggested salary 2000 - 2500 lire per month). Capt Albright to smooth the way for this with Italian Ministry of Labour.
4. Arranged that Signor Pettit and Capt Albright should accompany DADL to Nocera, Pagani, Angri etc. on Thursday, April 13, to inspect Collocamento and examine means of improving them and of assuring that they produce labour required.
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 Plus for heavy workers, 75 grs of bread and 210 grs of dehydrated soup, and 700 grs of pasta per week.
 DADL pointed out that elimination of mid-shift meal would affect availability of labour for the Forces.

Field,
15 Apr 44

34
W. H. B. B. B.
 Major, DADL.
 Civil Labour Unit.

HEADQUARTERS
ARMED FORCES COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
APO 504

Gross Reference Sheet

File: .411

Subject: Civil labor

Date: 7 April 64

To: ACC

From: AAI

Documents Filed: .4612

2813

33

HEADQUARTERS
ARMED CONTROL COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION

APV 394

L.A. 09.1.4//

6 April, 1944

SUBJECT: Ministerial Circular to Prefects -- Civil Mobilization

TO : Deputy Director, Labor Sub-Commission

FROM : Capt. E. J. Scioluna, Labor Relations Officer

Reference above subject, attached Circular of Minister Corbino applies.

1. The Minister has transferred the juridical responsibilities previously borne by the Fascist Party and by the Corporazioni to the Ministry, but the executive functions have not been entrusted to the Labor Offices. The Prefect and the Consigli d'Economia act on behalf of the minister, and the Provincial Labor Offices are only mentioned incidentally, viz., "the prefects shall also be able to make use of the Provincial Labor Offices wherever these exist."

2. The legality of making such radical changes to the fascist Civil Mobilization Law by means of Circular is doubtful. There are substantial amendments which should only be brought about by legislative measures. Pending the enactment of a new law or the amendment, by decree, of the existing law, it were well to accept the measures that Corbino intends to take through this circular, and one can accept this as representing an effort to meet our request not to delay the rehabilitation of civil mobilization law.

3. If we accept as valid the machinery set up by the Ministerial circular, it would then be our responsibility to circularize the Armed Forces regarding the procedure to be followed in freezing their existing personnel or in mobilizing new workmen.

EJS/tbw

E. J. Scioluna
E. J. SCIOLUNA,
Captain,
Labor Relations Officer,
Labor Sub-Commission.

32

2812

CIRCOLARE AI PREFETTI SULLA MOBILITAZIONE CIVILE

Com'è noto, la mobilitazione dei cittadini italiani per il servizio del lavoro in tempo di guerra è tuttora regolata dalle norme contenute nel testo unico delle leggi sulla disciplina dei cittadini in tempo di guerra, approvato con R.D. 31 ottobre 1942 n. 1611, e nel regolamento per l'esecuzione di detto testo unico, approvato con R.D. 31 ottobre 1942 n. 1612.

Poiché tuttavia le norme suddette, così come sono formulate, più non sembrano pienamente rispondenti allo scopo, sia perché esse presupponevano la mobilitazione di importanti e numerose attività industriali di guerra che più non esistono, sia perché prevedevano a tali attività il piano di mobilitazione civile da effettuarsi per gradi, in attesa che nuove norme siano emanate in materia, si ritiene opportuno - per il momento - contenere in più ristretti limiti il meccanismo di tale mobilitazione.

La necessità infatti di rimettere in efficienza, sia pure in provvisoriamente ridotte e con adattamenti alle mutate esigenze della nazione, lo strumento della mobilitazione civile ora che la vita va riprendendosi nelle province liberate, si rivela ogni giorno più urgente non solo per soddisfare le richieste dei Comandi delle Forze Armate Italiane ed Alleate, che incontrano sempre maggiori difficoltà nell'ingaggiare la mano d'opera ad essi occorrente, ma anche e soprattutto per rendere indisponibili per altre attività quei lavoratori che, occupati alle dirette o indirette dipendenze dei predetti Comandi, cercano di abbandonare il lavoro perché attratti da maggiori e più facili guadagni in un campo talvolta diverso da quello proprio professionale.

Pertanto, dovendosi riattivare d'urgenza, se pure limitatamente, il servizio del lavoro ai fini di una ridotta mobilitazione dei cittadini, si dispone che per l'avvenire e fino a quando non saranno emanate nuove disposizioni al riguardo, tale mobilitazione venga attuata nel modo seguente:

- 1) Con l'avvenuta soppressione del Partito Nazionale Fascista, tutti i poteri, le funzioni e i compiti ad esso demandati per effetto delle norme contenute nel testo unico delle leggi sulla disciplina dei cittadini in tempo di guerra, approvato con R.D. 31 ottobre 1942 n. 1611, e nel regolamento per l'esecuzione di detto testo unico, approvato con R.D. 31 ottobre 1942 n. 1612, debbono intendersi devoluti al Ministero dell'Industria, del Commercio e del Lavoro.
- 2) Perifericamente al Ministero dell'Industria, del Commercio e del Lavoro esercita i poteri, le funzioni ed i compiti ad esso attribuiti dalle suddette disposizioni, nonché quelli derivatigli a seguito della soppressione del Partito Nazionale Fascista, a mezzo dei prefetti commissari dei Consigli Provinciali dell'Economia; i quali potranno servirsi anche degli uffici provinciali del lavoro ove questi esistano.
- 3) I centri provinciali del servizio del lavoro, sorti dalla fusione dei centri federali e degli uffici provinciali del servizio del lavoro, debbono intendersi comunque soppressi, e le loro funzioni, per quanto predette, attribuite ai consigli provinciali dell'economia che le adempiranno esclusivamente a mezzo del personale consiliare;
- 4) In attesa che venga emanato un provvedimento di carattere generale con il quale si dichiarino emobilitati tutti o parte degli enti mobilitati ai termini dell'art. 9 del suddetto testo unico, i cittadini che prestano e che prestavano servizio alle dipendenze degli enti stessi - eccettuati quelli

- 2 -

dipendenti dalle pubbliche amministrazioni e dai pubblici servizi operanti-
debbono ritenersi già mobilitati.

- 5) Possono essere mobilitati civilmente dal prefetto commissario del Consiglio provinciale dell'economia i cittadini nominativamente e numericamente richiesti dai Comandi della Forza Armata Italiana ed Alleata e dalle pubbliche amministrazioni centrali e periferiche dello Stato per essere adibiti alle loro dipendenze ovvero alle dipendenze di aziende e servizi operanti sotto il loro controllo;
- 6) I prefetti, esaminate le richieste e deciso sull'accoglimento totale e parziale di esse, provvedono:
 - a) per le richieste nominative, ad assegnare i nominativi ai Comandi ed enti richiedenti ed a procedere con precettazione individuale alla mobilitazione attraverso i rispettivi Consigli Provinciali dell'economia;
 - b) per le richieste numeriche, a comunicare ai rispettivi uffici di collocamento il numero dei cittadini da segnalare per l'assegnazione a ciascun Comando ed ente richiedente. Gli uffici di collocamento, a loro volta, scelgono i nominativi fra quelli disponibili, segnalandoli ai prefetti che provvederanno all'assegnazione e alla mobilitazione giusta quanto è detto alla precedente lettera a).Qualora gli uffici di collocamento non abbiano disponibili per la segnalazione nominativi di cittadini disoccupati della categoria richiesta ne daranno subito comunicazione ai prefetti i quali dovranno rivolgersi ai prefetti delle province limitrofe per ottenere - per quanto possibile - una volontaria migrazione di cittadini da provincia a provincia a scopo di lavoro.
Le migrazioni di cui sopra dovranno essere comunicate di volta in volta a questo Ministero - Servizio del Lavoro - con l'indicazione del numero e della categoria dei cittadini migrati, del Comando e dell'ente assegnatario, nonché dei comuni di provenienza e di destinazione.
- 7) I Comandi e le amministrazioni di cui al n. 5, allo scopo di poter trattenerne alle proprie dipendenze o alle dipendenze di aziende o servizi operanti sotto il loro controllo i cittadini già ivi occupati, possono richiedere la mobilitazione di questi ultimi secondo la procedura e le disposizioni anzidette.
- 8) La cessazione della condizione di mobilitato si ottiene:
 - a) per licenziamento dal servizio;
 - b) su richiesta dei Comandi o delle Amministrazioni di cui al n. 5 e 7;
 - c) per accoglimento della richiesta avanzata dell'interessato.

La cessazione della condizione di mobilitato viene di volta in volta dichiarata dal prefetto commissario del Consiglio provinciale dell'economia, cui i Comandi e le Amministrazioni predette sono tenute a comunicare i nominativi dei cittadini licenziati e di quelli per i quali si chiede la dichiarazione di cessazione della condizione di mobilitato. Limitatamente invece alle richieste avanzate dagli interessati ai Comandi ed alle amministrazioni dalle quali direttamente o indirettamente essi dipendono, decide il prefetto, sentito il Comando l'Amministrazione medesima.

- 9) Per tutto quanto non disciplinato dalla presente circolare rimangono in vigore, in quanto applicabili, le disposizioni contenute nel testo unico del-

- 3 -

le leggi sulla disciplina dei cittadini in tempo di guerra, approvate con R.D. 31 ottobre 1942 n. 1611, e nel regolamento per l'esecuzione di detto testo unico, approvato con R.D. 31 ottobre 1942 n. 1612.

2809

TRANSLATION PFC. PIRANI

CIRCULAR TO THE PREFECTS ON THE MOBILIZATION OF CIVILIANS

AS is known, the mobilization of Italian citizens for war labor is regulated by laws regarding the discipline of citizens in time of war, approved by R.D. 31 October 1942 No. 1611, and in the regulation for the execution of said text, approved by R.D. 31 October 1942 No. 1612.

Since all of the above mentioned regulations; as they are formulated, do not seem to fulfill requirements, be it because, they presupposed the mobilization for important and numerous war industries that do no longer exist, be it because they proportioned according to said activities, the rate of civil mobilization to take place by grade, with the understanding that new regulations will emanate, we think it opportune- for the moment - to maintain in a limited fashion the machinery of said mobilization.

In fact the necessity to reestablish it, be it in reduced proportions, and according to the existing changes in the nation, the instrument of civil mobilization now that matters are being straightened out in liberated provinces, appears more urgent each day, not only for the satisfaction of the Commands of the Allied and Italian Armed Forces, who are continually meeting difficult obstacles in engaging labor necessary to them, but even above all else to make available for other activities those workers that, employed directly or indirectly by the Commands, seek to abandon their work in fields other than their regular professions.

Therefore, having to reactivate immediately, even though in a limited way, the drafting of citizens, we order that until new regulations are issued, said

2808

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- 2 -

mobilization be activated in the following manner:

- 1) With suppression of the National Fascist Party, all the powers, functions, and duties administered by it through regulations contained in the text of the law governing the discipline of citizens in time of war, approved by R.D. 31 October 1942 No. 1611, and in the regulations for the execution of said text, approved by R.D. 31 October 1942 No. 1612, are to be considered transferred to the Ministry of Industry, Commerce and Labor.
- 2) In accordance with the above, the Ministry of Industry, Commerce and Labor, exercises the powers, functions, and duties attributed to it by the abovementioned dispositions, and including those given to it before the suppression of the National Fascist Party, through the prefect commissioners of the Provincial Economic Council; they may also avail themselves of the services of the provincial labor offices wherever they exist.
- 3) The provincial labor centers, the results of the merging of 1888 federal centers and provincial offices of labor; have to interest themselves however pressed; and their functions, as stated previously, attributed to the provincial economic council which they will fulfill exclusively through the personnel council.
- 4) In expectation that there will be a provision of a general character, which will declare demobilized all or part of the establishments mobilized by Art. 9 in the previously mentioned text, the citizens that work or did work for these establishments, except those dependent on public administration or public service, are to consider themselves demobilized.
- 5) There can be mobilized through the prefect commissioner of the provincial economic council, the citizens by name and number

- 3 -

as requested by the ~~provincial~~ Command of the Allied Armed Forces and Italian, and by the central public administration office, and subsidiaries of the State operating under them, or also those dependent on firms and services operating under their control;

6) The prefects, having examined the requests and decided on the total or partial drafting, make the following provisions:

- a) all specific requests by name making assignments to the various Commands, and associations, are to proceed immediately to the respective Economic Council;
- b) for requests by number, requesting of the respective employment offices the number of citizens desired for assignment to the various Commands and associations the employment office, will select nominations from those available, advising the prefect who will provide assignment and mobilization as is stated in section a) above.

Whenever the employment office has not available disoccupied citizens, by name, of the requested category, they will immediately contact the prefect who will in turn revert the case to a neighbouring provincial prefect to obtain - when possible - a voluntary migration of citizens from province to province for the purpose of working.

The abovementioned migration will have to be reported from time to time to this Ministry - Labor Service - with the indication as to number, and the category of the migrated citizens, and to what assigned, and even what provinces migrated from and to.

2886

- 7) The Commands and the administrations referred to in No. 5, in order to maintain their proper dependencies or the dependencies of firms or services operating under their control, where citizens are already employed, can require the mobilization of the latter

- 4 -

according to procedure and dispositions aforementioned.

8) The cessation of mobilization is brought about when:

a) enlisted in the service;

b) if requested by the Command or Administration as per
No. 5 and 7;

c) on receipt of a request sent by the interested party.

The cessation of the mobilization will from time to time be declared by the prefect commissioner of the provincial economic council, to whom the Commands and the Administrations aforementioned are required to pass on, the names of conscripted citizens, and for those for which a request for declaration of cessation of mobilization conditions has been made, limited instead to the requests advanced by the interested parties in the Commands and Administrations on which they are dependent directly or indirectly, the prefect will make decisions, heard by the Command of the same Administration.

9) Although not affected by the present circular there remains in force, where applicable, the dispositions contained in the only text of the law concerning ~~discipline~~ discipline of citizens in time of war, approved by R.D. 31 October 1942 No. 1611, and in the regulation for the execution of said text, approved by R.D. 31 October 1942 No. 1612.

2805

HEADQUARTERS
CALIFORNIA CENTRAL COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
APR 3/4

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Repatriation of Italian Prisoners of War
Tradersmen

Date: 6.4.44

To: Ex-Commissioner RC + MG Section

From: Labor

Documents Filed: 446

2804

51

UFFICIO REGIONALE DEL LAVORO

DIVISIONE Ispettorato del lavoro

N. di Protocollo

883

5 APR. 1944

NAPOLI

VIA DUOMO, 20

Tel. 3014

OGGETTO. Trasmissione notizie riguardanti
le qualifiche professionali nell'industria.

SIG. Lt JOHN GIAMMARCO
SUB COMMISSIONE ALLEATA DI
CONTROLLO PER IL LAVORO
N A P O L I

Con riferimento alla Sua richiesta Le trasmetto gli
allegati elenchi concernenti le qualifiche professionali vi-
genti nelle seguenti branche di industria:

- 46142 1)-industria per la lavorazione del legno; *industria*
46141 2)-industria meccanica, fonderie e affini; *meccanica*
46146 3)- " molitoria e della pastificazione; *pastifica*
4614 4)- " edile; *edile*
4614 5)- " delle conserve alimentari; *conserv.*
4614 6)- " conciaria; *conci.*
4614 7)- " dolciaria; *dolci.*
4615 8)- tipografie di giornali.

Un nono elenco riguarda le categorie impiegate per
l'industria.

IL CAPO DELL'ISPETTORATO DEL LAVORO
(Ing. V. Sparacio)

Sparacio

Allegati: n. 8 elenchi

MS/MR

fu' 6/4/44

30

HEADQUARTERS
ARMED CONTROL COMMISSION
LAWYER SUB-COMMISSION
APR 594

Group Reference Sheet

Pilot: 411

Subject: Civil Labor

Date: 31.3.44

To: ACC

From: AAI

Documents Filed: 4612

2802

29

RESTRICTED - PERSONAL

Major-General Sir Brian H. Robertson Bt.,
Chief Administrative Officer,
H. Q., Allied Armies in Italy,
C.M.F.
HQ/ CAO.

28 Mar. 44.

Dear General,

I attach an extract from a letter I have received from Dowler,
who is now M.G.A., M.E.F.

This question was raised when I was in NORTH AFRICA. Lush and
myself were in consultation on the matter. It was then decided not to
bring forward these Italians from BRITISH, on account of the food position
and complications in regard to the pay which they have been receiving in
BRITISH, in comparison with that which they would receive in NORTH AFRICA.

It is a fact that we could absorb a considerable number of arti-
sans here now, and it may be that the objections which obtained formerly
could now be disregarded.

I should be grateful of your advice in this matter, and also to
know whether, if you view the proposal with favour, you would agree to ta-
ke it up, or, alternatively, whether you would like me to take it up with
A.F.H.Q.

Yours

/S/ B. H. ROBERTSON

Lieutenant-General F.M. Mason MacFarlane,
K.C.B., D.S.O., M.C.,
Chief Commissioner,
Allied Control Commission.

BHR/emb.

2801

28

V. 446

SECOND. I have recently been on a tour in ERITERA and found that from the Military Government's point of view there are about 20,000 more Italians than the country can support. The Chief Civil Affairs Officer informed me that there were a large number of artisans and I find that these were offered to FREEDOM for use in ITALY or elsewhere. FREEDOM, however, replied in their PSIG cite FEMOS dated 13 Jan that they were unable to utilize them. While it is true that ERITERA is somewhat remote, I am wondering whether you have still the same need for skilled personnel as existed when I was in ITALY, for if you have, I think you will probably like to lay your hands on some of these bodies.

I estimate that with three months' notice, 4,000 artisans could be produced and this number would include men of mechanical trades, MT drivers, fitters, turners, carpenters, plumbers, and painters. About 50% would be skilled men and the remainder semi-skilled. Naturally, they would have to be subject to a reasonable trade test.

The families of most of these men are in occupied ITALY and I understand they would volunteer for ITALY if given a reasonable living wage and provided they would not be conscripted for the Italian Army.

If this is of any interest to you, would you let me know and I will get down to brass tacks.

2800

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LARGE SUB-COMMISSION
APO 52

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Italian Military Labor

Date: 14.3.44

To: ACC

From: Hq. AA1

Documents Filed: 4612

2799

27

TRADE ARTS
ARMED CONTROL COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
APR 1944

Gross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Calling up of classes

Date: 16.3.44

To: Labor

From: Army Int/c

Documents Filed: 4491

2793

(26)

411

2795

SURNAME <i>Cognome</i>		REGISTER No. <i>N. del Registro</i>	
CHRISTIAN NAME <i>Nome</i>		MARRIED <i>Sposato</i>	AGE <i>Età</i>
ADDRESS <i>Indirizzo</i>			
IDENTITY No. <i>Trascritta No.</i>		OCCUPATION <i>Occupazione</i>	

1646

SURNAME <i>Cognome</i>		
CHRISTIAN NAME <i>Nome</i>		
MARRIED <i>Sposato</i>	AGE <i>Età</i>	REGISTER No. <i>N. del Registro</i>
ADDRESS <i>Indirizzo</i>		
OCCUPATION <i>Occupazione</i>		
IDENTITY No. <i>Trascritta N.</i>		
DATE CARD STARTED		

2795

SURNAME <i>Cognome</i>		REGISTER NO. N. del Registro	
CHRISTIAN NAME <i>Nome</i>		MARRIED <i>Sposato</i>	AGE <i>Età</i>
ADDRESS <i>Indirizzo</i>			
IDENTITY No. <i>Fascia No.</i>		OCCUPATION <i>Occupazione</i>	

1636

SURNAME <i>Cognome</i>		
CHRISTIAN NAME <i>Nome</i>		
MARRIED <i>Sposato</i>	AGE <i>Età</i>	REGISTER NO. N. del Registro
ADDRESS <i>Indirizzo</i>		
OCCUPATION <i>Occupazione</i>		
IDENTITY No. <i>Fascia N.</i>		DATE CARD STARTED

25

28 March 1946

TO : Director Labor Sub-Commission, A.O.C.

FROM: Regional Labor Office, Region V,
Major T. Fisher

1. Request authority to institute the following:
 - a. Register all labor for Region V.
 - b. Make it possible to create labor unions in Poggia Province.
2. Request A.O.C. to rule on the following:
 - a. Standard price for labor, ^{250 for} ~~200~~ horse-drawn carts.
 - b. Does the wage increase apply to family allowances? *for East*
1-10-12-13

Thomas R. Fisher

THOMAS R. FISHER,
Major,
Regional Director of Labor
Region V*note sent to Major Fisher**1 (a) B.A. American procedure**(b) OK - look every thing above ground**2 (a) bricks examined**(b) Yes.**5/4*

2794

24

✓

HEADQUARTERS
ARMED SERVICES COMMISSION
LAWYER SUB-COMMISSION
APG 304

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 441

Subject: Italian Army - Calling up of classes

Date: 20 3 44

To: 81st

From: AAI

Supplemental File: 4491

23 2703

~~10~~
Major General
J. H. ...
...

~~10~~
... the will probably
... that begins the will
... about as demand as
... other units. ...

0000000000

Copy Sec
Subject:- Supplies and Services for Advisory Council 4/11

H.Q. A.C.M.F. (Adm Sec),
C.M.F.

62/5/82.

Labour.

11 Mar 44.

Reference AFHQ signal CITE FMSUP 60560 dated 5 Mar 44,
copy attached.

1. It has been agreed that all domestic labour required by the Council will be provided by British Civil Labour Officers who will also be responsible for making all necessary payments. Rates of pay will be in accordance with scales laid down in this HQ Administrative Instruction No. 24.
2. Please make all necessary arrangements, with the civil labour office concerned.

Copy to:- HQ A.C.C.
8 Comd Pay Office.
G-4.
PA.

for *Atul*
Brigadier,
D.Q.M.G.

22

2792

749

O O F I.

U S CIPHER MESSAGE IN

SIGS TO 6132
ROUTINE
US SECRET

TO: ACTION FLAMBO INFO CG SOS NATONGA CG PBS

FROM: SCD CINC CITE FMSUP

60560

05

THE ADVISORY COUNCIL FOR ITALY ESTABLISHED BY THE MOSCOW CONFERENCE TO BE LOCATED IN NAPLES WILL REQUIRE CERTAIN NEEDS WHICH MAY BE SUPPLIED BY THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN ON AN EQUITABLE BASIS. AS AN INTERIM MEASURE AND UNTIL DETAILED INSTRUCTIONS ARE FURNISHED BY THIS HQ REQUESTS FOR ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT WILL BE REFERRED TO FLAMBO. THAT HQ UPON RECEIPT OF SUCH REQUEST WILL PLACE NECESSARY AND ESSENTIAL DEMANDS ON AN EQUITABLE BASIS TO THE COMMANDING GENERAL PBS AND BRIT AFECO SERVICES, ACP. COST OF SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT DELIVERED WILL BE CHARGED TO A SUSPENSE ACCOUNT, IF REPAYMENT FOR SUCH NOT MADE, UNTIL CHARGING UP IN ACCORDANCE WITH DIRECTIONS WHICH MAY BE RECEIVED FROM LONDON AND WASHINGTON CAN BE MADE.

SMC DISTRIBUTION ACTION: Q

INFO: G-4 Q(AE) ACC LO AF G(SD) 2 A

SMC FOR 061000/714.

12791

IMPOUNDING OF PUBLIC TAXIS

Memo for Lt Col Lane

1. A Deportation of Taxi Drivers was received by Lt. Col. Poletti in connection with the question of release of taxis now in the hands of Military Police following a round-up on 29 February 1944. Lt. Col. Poletti referred the deportation to the Chief Labor Officer, Region III for investigation and report.

2. On 29 February 1944, approximately 200 taxis were rounded up by Military Police. The drivers were interviewed by Police and of those, some 71 were held under arrest for further inquiry.

3. On Col. Poletti's intercession, the drivers were allowed bail, but later tried on charges as follows:

- (i) Driving without a licence
- (ii) Using military gas not duly supplied

On being found guilty on these two charges, they were fined 1000L each and condemned to an equal number of days of imprisonment as they had already served.

4. On payment of fine, drivers were set free, but taxis have not been returned to them. Up to date, taxis are parked in the open, at the Military Car Park near the Central Railway Station.

5. It is understood that these taxis will be released to their owners only when

- (i) A permit has been issued to the Driver by the Competent Italian Authorities, and
- (ii) the individual drivers disclose the name of the source of their supply of gas prior to being arrested.

6. It is thought that the question of regularizing these 'permits' is a legitimate condition but not that involving detailed information regarding the source of a gas supply. If each driver had bought his "gas" on the "black market" he would have done so as opportunity arose. There is no question of regular customers on the "black market".

7. It is asked: "Once the Judge has pronounced his sentence and this did not impose either confiscation of the taxis or a conditional release--why has this policy been adopted? It would appear that the Police are, perhaps unwittingly, overstepping their mark.

8. The following points are of some interest:-

- (i) The arrests were made two days before the publication in the Press of the order to obtain permits of circulation.
- (ii) The "gas" supplied to Taxi Drivers on a permit basis was and is issued from military sources. It is admitted that the allotment was in excess of what each driver was using so that it became the practice for Drivers to pass on to their colleagues any gas in excess of their requirements.
- (iii) These taxis have been and are still exposed to wind and rain. Considering that they represent the means of livelihood of the Taxi Drivers in question, it might be considered possible to take more care of them and place them under cover pending a decision to return same to their respective owners.
- (iv) It is not enough to give justice but those receiving it must be made to feel that they are getting justice. The provisions made by a Judge's decision should be the sole criterion for the solution of the present difficulties.

HEADQUARTERS
ARMED FORCES COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
APR 1944

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Civil Labor - Military Service

Date: 13.3.40

To: Labor - Col. Brown

From: Capt. Prothman

Documents Filed: 091.4612

2789

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
APO 394

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 418

Subject: Specialist Labor

Date: 4.3.44

To: Headquarters, District 2

From: Labor

Documents Filed: 091.418

2788
Q

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF
LABOR
WASHINGTON, D.C.
20301

24 February, 1944

SUBJECT: Civil Mobilization

TO : Secretary of War, The Director for Industry, Commerce & Labor

FROM : Capt. E. Solomons, Labor Relations Officer

REF: Memo prepared by Capt. E. Solomons on above subject

1. Both American and British armed services employing labor directly are beginning to experience certain difficulty in (a) retaining, or (b) obtaining both skilled and unskilled labor in connection with essential war work. It is envisaged that factors other than those at present affecting the labor market are likely to arise in the near future to exacerbate further these difficulties.

2. Working on the assumption that the Italian Government is prepared to lend its aid in all matters affecting the commonwealth effort, it is felt that legislation might be brought into being to ensure priority, in the labor field, to the armed forces. The same legislation would, of course, be enforced in respect of all other public and private services essential to the community, if and when the occasion demanded.

3. The Civil Mobilization Act (No. 40, 1942 No. 101) and its amendments (No. 102) has become inoperative in view of the essential part which the "Fascist Party" and the "Ministry of Corporations" were to play in the actual collective or individual call-up. A study of existing, though inoperative, laws shows that the adoption of certain amendments -- amendments only involving the transference of the executive responsibilities which were vested in the "Fascist Party" and the "Ministry of Corporations" to the "Labor Offices" now in operation -- should suffice to attain the immediate aim of (a) retaining workmen at their present essential war work, and (b) meeting present and future labor requirements (skilled and unskilled) for such essential work as is considered necessary for the prosecution of the war.

4. There appears to be no specific reason to enact a new law in this field. On the other hand, such a procedure should only delay the attainment of our present and urgent objective.

5. It is not at present considered likely that any large scale mobilization of civilians could ever be required, but that fact in itself does not constitute an argument why legislation should not be enacted to enable us to cope with that contingency should it ever arise. In Great Britain, Civil Mobilization of a more stringent nature than was contemplated by the inoperative existing Italian Law, has been in force since the beginning of the war.

Under the British law the competent authorities are vested with even wider powers than have ever been accorded, but it was none the less considered expedient to prepare for any possibility. It would appear that the enforcement of a Civil Mobilization Law in Italy would, under present conditions, be required solely to ascertain that,

1. The Armed Services do not continue to experience in the forward areas any difficulty in obtaining their immediate labor requirements;

2. The Armed Services do not lay themselves open to the loss of their skilled employees, through a free labor market in which unauthorized "black market" wages are being offered for certain skilled occupations;

3. The Armed Services do not continue to experience difficulty in obtaining their skilled and unskilled labor requirements in those rear areas where "black market" penalties in offering the average laborer a more remunerative and a less irksome means of earning a living than did his normal civilian occupation.

4. It should be possible to find an expedite formula to reauthorize the existing Civil Mobilization law simply by (a) amending, substantially, Article 14 and 15 in which are apportioned the responsibilities involved in the execution and enforcement of the law; (b) amending, formally, such articles as contain reference to the Fascist party and the Ministry of Corporations, by a process of substitutions as outlined by the amendments of Art. 14 and 15; (c) providing for penalties against any employer who knowingly entices from employment any "mobilized employee" on essential service.

5. His Excellency, the Minister of Labor, considers this question of Civil Mobilization as contingent on the juridical recognition of the Labor Office -- a matter which is still pending. The Labor Office could NOT, it is stated, be authorized to assume new responsibilities, under an amended "Civil Mobilization Law", until the Italian Government has issued a decree to confirm the Labor Organization and such powers as have been vested in it by the Allied Government. I am not aware at what stage legislation in this direction has arrived, but in view of the urgency of solving the present labor difficulties, I submit that attention might be given contemporaneously to either the desired amendments or the draft of a new law in respect of Civil Mobilization. If the Italian Government agrees in principle that the Labor Mobilization law might profitably be brought into operation in the common cause, and, furthermore, if the Italian Government can appreciate the urgency of making provisions without further delay, then I wish to submit that the most practical and most expedite procedure would be to provide for amendments to the existing law, even if steps are then taken to draft a new law to replace, in due course, the amended law.

22/10/44

A. G. G. G. G.
Captain.
U.S.A. III, Labor Sub-Commission

786

ARMY ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
(U. S. Contingent) (Provisional)
APO 392

411

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Civilian Labor Availability

Date: 26 Feb 44

To: Labor

From: Capt Tarry

Document Filed: 091-4321

785

(7)

M. Davis

IMMEDIATE
TELEPRINTER MESSAGE
IN

FOLIO NO 01201
22 FEB 44

FROM : MIAMI FROM DUCHESNE
TO : FLAMBO
INFO: AGENT FATIMA FOR QUINSMITH
DATE, NO : 0254

TOO 1345A
THI 1350A
TON 2130

YOUR RM 14130 DATE FLAMFOR 126. SEE MY SIGNAL 0241 OF 17 FEB TO YOU. SITUATION IS THAT ITALIAN ARMY STRENGTH ON THE MAINLAND HAS BEEN REDUCED BY DEMOBILISATION TO LESS THAN 170000 AND A CALL UP OF ILLEGAL ABSENTEES HAS BEEN ORDERED TO BRING STRENGTH BACK TO 170000. BROADLY SPEAKING CIVIL LABOUR MARKET WILL LOSE LESS THAN IT HAS ALREADY GAINED BUT AGREED SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS NECESSARY FOR ESSENTIAL TECHNICIANS EMPLOYED BY ALLIES. REQUEST AFTER MEETING TO 1700 HRS THURSDAY 24 FEBRUARY TO ENABLE DUCHESNE TO FLY FROM TARANTO. CAPT MINICO TO ATTEND. IS THERE ANY CHANCE OF INCREASED SHIPMENT FOR ITALIAN TROOPS FROM SARDINIA?

SD	5	1	JOINT
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PA TO BOB	1		
BCAO	1		
BOB	1		
A/G-BOB	2		
ADD	4		

ACC. 26.1

Days Long Ago

2004

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July 1965

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T.T. 2323A/22.
330

240

23 Feb
21

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6 FEB 84

/sk

6/26

SD 899/18857

2509154 FEB

2613004 FEB

IN CLEAR

NOT GIVEN

FLAMBO

SEEN	
Col. Bain	
at Col. Smith	
Major. Johnson	
Capt. Morse	
Capt. Seidman	

ACC NOTE 3 (2D) MAIN ACCT, MILIA, FEB, DISTRO,
DISTRO

In reply MILIA signal 0201 of 17 Feb. Ruthless application is unacceptable owing dislocation present civilian labour commitments. There is no objection to all men reporting but skilled men having reported should continue their present service subject to their having certificate. Details of issue of this certificate will be arranged by Labour Sub Committee of Local Resources Board. Unskilled men will be taken back into military service one class at a time at rate dependant on replacement by other Italian personnel.

DISTRO NOTES:

- 1 - AG
- 1 - DSG - info
- 1 - DMC - info
- 1 - Army Sub-Commission - info
- ✓ 1 - Labour Sub-Commission - info

2783

(15)

The L-3 War 10

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIANCE UNITED COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
REV. 3-54

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 611

Subject: Dr. Cino Malfitani

Date: 26.2.44

To: Commissioner Region IV

From: Labon

Document File: 091.453

182

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROLS COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
APO 394

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Specialist Labor

Date: 25.2.44

Re: Labor

From: Labor Officer - Region II

8781

Documents Filed: 091.418

13

HEADQUARTERS
LANDS COMMISSION
LANDS AND COMMISSION
APR 1944

General Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Specialist Labor

Date: 17-2-44

To: Headquarters No. 2 District

From: Labor

Documents Filed: 091.418 (Specialist Labor)

780
2

SEEN	
Cox, Ben	10/15
1st. Col. Smith	10/15
Major. Hancock	10/15
Capt. Moore	10/15
Capt. Schuna	10/15
Capt. Robertson	10/15
1st. Lieut. [illegible]	10/15
1st. Lieut. [illegible]	10/15

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Subject: [illegible]

The following is a complete list of all present AAG Civilian Labor Offices (Office of Allocation) established to date. Units requiring civilian labor, are asked to request it from the Labor Office nearest the place of work. If for any reason that office cannot fill the request, then try the next nearest one.

For procedure in requesting labor, refer to Bulletin No. 1, this Division, 17 December 1943.

Your cooperation in promptly reporting any serious malfunctions of these offices will be appreciated.

In areas where there is neither an AAG Labor Office nor a DDI (Detached) Labor Office, you can request labor through the local mayor.

Area	Area	Area
Alghero (Zone Office)	Pirossi Giovanni	Pirossi Giovanni 4
Alghero	Gallardi Biagio	Corso Umberto I, 134
Alghero di Napoli	Busco Giovanni	Diferchia 8,
Arzachena	Liguori Arturo	Via Arconci, 27
Balari	Collo Roberto	Gerbaldi 17, Averole
Balari	Geraldo Andrea	Luca 101, 19
Biadene	Barra Antonio	Corso Cavour
Biadene	Di Criscio Filippo	Via Umberto, 31
Biadene	Griffino Ernesto	Via Roma, 126
Biadene	Riccardo Luigi	Via Chiesa, 30
Biadene	Garrato Giuseppe	Via G. Marconi 9
Biadene	Chiofalo Salvatore	Via Cavour, 21
Biadene	Zanuso Antonio	Via Roma, 16
Biadene	Zanuso Umberto	Via G. Marconi, 2
Biadene	Diferchia Michele	Via G. Marconi, 17
Biadene	Ferraro Aldo	Via Miotto, 1
C. P. I.	Diferchia Angelo	
C. P. U.	Diferchia Alberto	
GR. 3. 1. 182	Ferraro Giovanni	pp. 78
S. M. L. C. P. O. V. T. E. R.	Via Roma	Giovanni Parente
S. M. L. L. 103	Crisma Gabriele	S. L. Capoterra
S. P. L. 103	Busco Giovanni	Via Costa
		Corso del Popolo

(11)

REFERENCES

Via Corrientes 1111

Vico I. Italia 68
Via Roma 67
Via Giannini 30
Via Roma 30
Via S. Giovanni 40
Via Appia, 32
Eduardo I. No. 1

Vietnam

Page Deleted 126

Via Pinasse Castello
Via Piazza Cimino 12
Via Vico 2 - Zifferi 2
Piazza Mercato
Via Piazza Garibaldi
Corso Umberto 498
Via Piazza Umberto 1, 5
Vico 1, S. Croce 2
Piazza Trieste e Trento
Via Piazza Stella
Via 25 Luglio

Via Lombrasa Vitale 18

Via Stazio, 5
Via Stupoli
Via Municipio
Corso Umberto 124
Viale. Emanuele 35
Corso 113
C. pozzolo 17
Via Cesare Saprono
Corso Umberto I, 104
Via Antonomini 12
Via Biagio Luzzi
Viale 118 78
Principale di S. Giovanni 23
Via Roma, 34
Via T. Viti 32
Via Dittena 21
Corso V. Emanuele III, 3
Corso Umberto I
Via T. Viti

OTI.VI.20

Voluntary: 1.00

References

FOOTNOTES

Glucose-6-phosphate

Fig. 2. *Continued*

SEALING OF GUTTERS

Idrocarburi aromatici

5000

Capt. Suenzer 54 yr.

Cresco 15-11 154

Vf: Schlegel
Vfm: Frater 2, hanz.
Vfn: none

VOLUME 1, JUNE 1971

Figure 1

Costs: \$5000-6000/decade

Set 3 to 00000000

Vittorio Corbo, 1985

VOLUME 5 NUMBER 3 2003

[illegible]

Portici
S. Giorgio e Gremano
L. Sine

DiCenzo, similar to

Autumn 14
 Two Tails
 Anna Clara

Deer Creek 145

VI. Inmate: 46
 VI. Register: 22
 Please Reel: 1

24P/2005

Exp. 11
S. S. 10, 11
Capt. Inf.
Labor Supply

2977

HEADQUARTERS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20315
APR 30 1944

Cross Reference Sheet

File:

411

Subject:

Permission to fly to Italy for Capt. F. Di Bella

Date:

16. 2. 44

To:

Whom it may concern

From:

R. M. Foster Air Commodore

Document File:

091.449. —

2776
10

HEADQUARTERS
ARMED SERVICES COMMISSION
LAFB HQ - WASHINGTON
APO 326

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Employment of Italian Civilians by the Italian Army

Date: 15 February 44

To: Col. V.H. Lowley, Chairman, Control of Wage Committee

From: Lafn

Document(s) Filed: 091.449

2775

9

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT - REGION III
LABOR DIVISION

15 February 1944.

SUBJECT: LABOR INFORMATION

TO: Col. Dain, AGC, Province

Why?

1. In answer to your request: we could not supply 2000 or even 1000 laborers for work in Naples on anything like short notice. Available supply lately has been very feeble. Given two weeks to fill such an order, I think we might be able to meet the 1000 mark. Under present conditions, 2000 in two weeks is not possible.

2. Similar information has already been given to AFHQ, in case this inquiry is from the same source.

FOR MR. DAIN: T.A. LEAH:

ERJ/cv

E.H. POTTER
L.H. POTTER
Capt. Inf.
Labor Supply

(8)

2774

HEADQUARTERS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC RESEARCH
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Cross Reference Sheet

File: 411

Subject: Specialist Labor

Date: 25 January 44

To: ALL/AMG Reg. II - AMG Reg. II - AMG L.O. - Labor

From: Divd. 112 District

Domestic File: 091.418 - Specialist Labor

773
5

URGENT Selective Priority of Labor

TO: Chairman, Labor and War Control Committee
of the Allied Force Local Resources (Allied) Board.

THROUGH: Colonel J. T. G. BPH, Director, Labor Sub-Committee D,
Allied Control Staff AFHQ.

FROM: Captain J. J. GPH, Labor Point and Officer,
Allied Labor Sub-Committee D.

Reference above subject.

1. The recommendation of the Committee to the Central Board in respect of selective priority of labor as listed in art. 4 of the charter of the first section is as follows:-

"That machinery etc-----"

2. The possible difficulty of retaining civil skilled personnel in the employment of Service establishments or of satisfying any eventual requirements in this line should be largely overcome with the introduction of a list of civilian war reserves:-

- (a) Boyles of both the and Gray Wage Scales in respect of certain skilled occupations.
- (b) Inter-provincial coordination of supply and demand in the Labor market, through the National Labor Office and the dependent Provincial Labor Offices.
- (c) Assessment and recognition of the existing Italian level of Labor Mobilization. (The Italian Labor Office will be responsible to Civilian Discipline in this respect)
- (d) The inclusion of essential civilian, in the aforementioned plan, to be taken against any employer who attempts to or actually entices away any workman who has been directed to perform a particular essential war job.
- (e) The inclusion in the aforementioned plan, of the right to order transference of labor from one province to another.

3. Review of the above plan is indicated inasmuch as both the and Gray Wage Scales have been revised in the light of the latest order No. 12, which in labor market. These wage scales were not subject to any increase when they were revised, and as there were fixed at a level for rising to disappear in the event of an increase in the cost of living. The increase in the cost of living is not only a factor in the increase in the cost of living, but also a factor in the increase in the cost of living.

10 January 1945

4/11

1. The recommendation of the Committee of the General Board in respect of the above is that the matter be referred to the Board of the First Division of the Ministry.

2. The recommendation of the Board is as follows:-

(a) The possible difficulty of retaining civil skilled personnel in the employment of the Service is a matter of importance in the event of any emergency in the future and it is suggested that the Board should consider the matter in the light of the following considerations:-

(i) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

(ii) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

(iii) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

(iv) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

(v) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

3. Deviation of Wage Factor This is indicated in the above mentioned report and may be noted that the matter has been referred to the Board of the First Division of the Ministry. The Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

In the light of the fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations, it is suggested that the Board should consider the matter in the light of the following considerations:-

(i) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

(ii) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

(iii) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

(iv) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

(v) The fact that the Board has been asked to consider the matter in the light of the above considerations.

6

6. Co-ordination of Labor Supply and Demand

Through a revision of certain provisions of the problem of giving recognition of certain skilled workers (particularly in the mechanical trades) is not solved, though it does remove an undesirable condition to those who are employed by the Services. In certain provinces, the supply will continue to be short of the demand, the existing situation will not allow a "labor black market", it will be advisable to go up to the situation by transferring available workers in as it stands to any other province where they are required. This can be achieved through a system of "redirection" from the regional labor offices to the Regional Labor Office which the office of co-ordination and general transference will decide. If it seems desirable to effect in order for reason of available--the excess of skilled labor being available in one other province, then it should become necessary to undertake co-ordination by registration, both for employed and unemployed workers.

7. Labor Mobilization Law

The existing Labor Mobilization Law (No. 21 of 1937, No. 1411 and 1412) is still in force but is operative in that a "National Party" and the "Ministero delle Corporazioni" (Ministry of Labor) have been empowered since an important part in the administration. In order to bring this law into operation amendments would be required as follows:-

- (i) The functions of the "Ministero" would be transferred to the "Ministero delle Corporazioni". It would be the responsibility of the Government to coordinate the national labor mobilization and the national labor offices.
- (ii) The functions of the "Ministero delle Corporazioni" would be vested in the Regional Labor Offices, with their dependent Labor Offices.
- (iii) The functions of the "Ministero delle Corporazioni" would be transferred to the "Ministero del Lavoro" through temporarily to be vested in the "Ministero del Lavoro" and the "Ministero".

8. Transference of Labor

There are many who believe that the "Ministero delle Corporazioni" would be brought in as an amendment to the existing law, it being obvious that this deterrent would remove the opportunity for workers to seek their job for "Black Market Wages".

9. Transference of Labor

In order to ensure that available workers in one province are made available to another province where there is a demand, it would be necessary to vest the Regional Labor Office with the power of transferring a worker from one locality to another. Moreover, in order to obtain an accurate assessment of available skilled labor

6. Labor Mobilization Plan

The existing labor mobilization plan for the 1941 and 1942 is still in force but inasmuch as that is a "draft" and the "Ministry of Labor" has not yet issued an order to the effect that it is to be put into effect, it is suggested that the existing plan be revised and a new plan be issued to the effect that it is to be put into effect.

(1) The Ministry of Labor would be transferred to the "Ministry of Labor" and the "Ministry of Labor" would be transferred to the "Ministry of Labor" and the "Ministry of Labor" would be transferred to the "Ministry of Labor".

7. Transference of Labor

In order to ensure that available workers in one province are made available to another province where there is a demand, it would be necessary to vest the Regional Labor Office with the power of transferring a worker from one locality to another. However, in order to obtain an accurate assessment of available workers, it would also be necessary to introduce some means of recording the unemployed and consequently a system of transference from one job to another to the Provincial Labor Office.

8. Transference of Labor

Both these measures are likely to be adopted for other reasons than the one here mentioned.

B. A draft of measures to be taken for labor mobilization, with a view to modification on the lines outlined above, is now being prepared by Mr. Carlos Lugo, Director of the Ministry of Labor. This draft will be tabled before the Labor and Mines Control Committee if so desired.

Editha Lugo

Director, Labor Relations Officer,
Ministry of Labor and Mines.

97/1/1/3

EX

COPY ⁴¹

File

7 February, 1944

Brigadier Lush.

As a basic document 10-21 is sound and no objection could be taken to its circulation.

It is, however, my opinion that all such proposed instructions should be cleared through this Sub-Commission in order that uniformity be preserved.

/s/ J. T. B. Bain
Colonel,
Labor Sub-Commission.

(7)

2770

EX

COPY

HEADQUARTERS
AND FIFTH ARMY
APO 464 US ARMY

22 Jan 44

MEMORANDUM TO SACs ON THE ORGANIZATION OF LABOR PROCUREMENT AND OF THE COLLOCAMENTI
(LABOR EXCHANGES)

1. The normal civilian method of obtaining labor and administering unemployment relief is through 'uffici di collocamenti', which generally exist in all Communes of over 2000 inhabitants.

Under the Fascist system these 'collocamenti' came directly under the Ministry of Corporations through the Confederations and Unions of Workers, and functioned as follows:

(a) Provincial offices forming part of the 'Unioni Provinciali dei Lavoratori' of Agriculture, Commerce, Industry, Credit and Insurance, control the operations of

(b) 'The offices in the large towns of each Province, which again were locally responsible for

(c) 'Collocamenti' in smaller Communes.

In the larger centers each group has its own offices, while in the smallest centers where purely 'collocamento' work is carried out, the groups are usually combined, the office being under the control of the Union most interested.

2. Due to the war, with increased employment, the importance of the 'Collocamenti' diminished and in areas near the front many of the smaller offices appear to have closed down, particularly in purely agricultural communes.

Following on any advance it has been found that very generally the personnel of these offices evacuated themselves or were removed by the Germans, and in some cases the offices were destroyed or damaged and could not be used.

As they were a Central Government organization the Podesta took little or no interest in them and in some cases have denied knowledge of their whereabouts or personnel.

3. In consequence of the above it has not been generally found possible to make use of the existing organization in the first instance, and action has been taken either by arranging with the Podestas of Communes to open labor offices in the Municipio for purely military requirements, or for units to set up their own organization without inviting civilian cooperation.

4. In view of the above, as it is not possible to reinstate the normal set up in most cases, it is considered that action should be taken as follows:

The organization for the procurement of labor should be divided into three phases:

2769

- (a) Preliminary organization by SAOs
- (b) Reorganization by Regions after publication of General Order No. 5
- (c) The transfer of control to the Regional Labor Offices subject to the supervision by ADC's Labor Division.

Reference above subparas

(a) The existence and location of "collocamenti" and their personnel should be checked, and the organization made to function. If, however, this is found to be impracticable, the Podesta should be approached at once and instructed to allocate personnel for the recruitment of labor for the Army and post notices advising the population of the location of the office and the services required. The military authorities should then be informed of the facilities, location and arrangements made for direct application for labor through the Podesta, and where possible they should be persuaded to draw labor from this source only.

In several instances attempts have been made by individual political parties to set up "collocamenti" with a view to gaining a political advantage. All such attempts should be promptly squashed. The essential duties of a "collocamento" in the first instance are:

- (i) Supply of labor to the services.
- (ii) Maintenance of lists of unemployed by categories.
- (iii) Contacts with social insurance institutes.
- (iv) Registration of unemployed with relation to payment of unemployment insurance, to insure that relief is not given to persons for whom suitable employment can be found.

(b) Provincial offices should first be erected independent from the Unioni dei Lavoratori which will be abolished by the publication of General Order No. 5, with suitable compression of staffs and telescoping of the different sections so as to operate with a minimum of section leaders. These should be under direct control of the Labor Division of Region. All groups of Agriculture, Commerce, Industry, and Credit and Insurance should be put under one chief. Zone offices should then be reopened, stripped of any syndical activities and reduced to purely "collocamento" work, the work of the various groups being combined in one office.

The smaller communal offices should then be installed in all Communes with employees working under the supervision of the Podesta, and paid by him the actual duties and technical control remaining however in the hands of the Chief of Zone.

Where suitable the former "collocamenti" and their personnel may be used, but otherwise their documents and furniture should be transferred to the Municipio, and the system operated from there.

(c) The transfer of control to the Regional Labor Office should be gradual, and will in any case depend on the military situation. Disciplinary

and financial responsibility should be transferred as soon as possible

Action as in sub-para (b) and (c) above is in accordance with procedure already adopted by AMG Region III with satisfactory results.

/s/ J. O. M. ASHLEY
J. O. M. ASHLEY,
Col., U of S.
for SCAO, AMG 3th ARMY.

DISTRIBUTION:

6 Per SCAO
1 for Legal CAGs
6 Labor
1 Finance
1 Public Safety
1 AMG ACMF (for information)
Region 3 (for information)
Region 4 (for information)

2767

(4)

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT - Region I
LABOR DIVISION

13 January 1944.

SUBJECT: RECAP OF REGION III LABOR SUPPLY

TO: CAPT. J.A. ROBERTSON, Eq. AMG. - Provincia

As you requested, the following is a summary of my remarks on Employment Offices in the 1/12 labor meeting:

LABOR SUPPLY:

- 1.- There is duplication of effort and procedure between D.A.D.I. and A.M.G. Labor Supply Offices. Recommend consolidation of the two, based on the facilities of the local Ufficio di Collocamento, for greater efficiency, and for economy in military personnel required to operate the labor supply service.
- 2.- There is division of responsibility in furnishing labor, and consequent duplication in listing and filling certain categories of workers. Centralization would be more efficient; the primary responsibility and final authority should be A.M.G.'s.
- 3.- The facilities in personnel, files and procedure afforded by existing Collocamento Offices should invariably be utilized by the Army in moving into new areas.
- 4.- Collocamento records, systems etc. may be revised as necessary (it usually is) for greater efficiency, but the responsibility for creating and recommending the new system should be left with the Italian staff. It is better procedure for us to specify our requirements and demand a solution, then approve a suitable system which will be satisfactory for future civilian needs as well as present Army requirements.
- 5.- This office, by delegating authority to the Italian Central Employment Office as necessary, has set up branch Collocamenti throughout Naples Province, with a specific zone assigned to each branch and a sub-office in each town of importance within each zone. Branches are responsible to the Ufficio Centrale; are instructed how to service labor requests made by Army units; compile accurate lists of workers by categories and by towns in three breakdowns: employed, unemployed and total. These lists are then revised weekly, and submitted as a current report to the Central Office. In this manner, we have been able to follow the policy of supplying workers from localities as near as possible to the place of work, and have also been able to reduce shortages of certain type of workers by locating them in other areas and transporting them to the work.

(4)

2767

Page no. 2

continued: Recap. of Reg. III Labor Supply

- 8.- The system of labor surveys is being extended to other provinces, and intensified within Naples province.

REGISTRY OF LABOR:

- 1.- Within Naples City, all civilian employers are being required to furnish lists by categories of all workers currently employed, by Jan. 15th, and to make subsequent status - and - discharge reports by nominative lists every month on the 15th. This will eventually give us a list of every employed or unemployed worker in Naples; Army shortages can, as a last resort, be filled by requisitioning workers from low priority civilian projects.

TRANSPORTATION

- 1.- One reason for shortages that have occurred in a few classes of skilled labor has been the lack of transportation. Formerly, about 110,000 laborers and skilled workers were employed in Naples proper; but of these, only about 30,000 lived within the city - the rest in suburban communities from which they commuted by train to work. Rail facilities on four principal lines have now been put back into operation; special weekly rail fare rates for workers identified by a prescribed certification have been arranged. These rates were published and circulated to all concerned including Army et al units employing civilian labor.

UNPAID WORKERS

- 1.- One of the unwelcome but necessary functions of Labor Supply is settling claims of workers who for a variety of reasons have not been paid by the Army units they worked for. Recommend that, for future procedure in other areas, the A.M.G. labor Officer should have authority at the start of

- a) Prescribe that all workers must be paid off in full, by the employing unit, on the last day of work.
- b) Require units who order labor but do not show up for it at the appointed hour to pay the workers for the time they've wasted waiting.
- c) Recall (thru Army channels) a payroll officer from any unit which has employed labor, neglected to pay them, and moved out of the area.

P/or

E. J. P. 112
E. J. P. 112
Capt. Inf.
Labor Supply

2765

URGENT.MOST SECRET.Subject: Deployment of Civil Labour in Corps Areas.C. S. O.,
Headquarters,
AMDOT,
PALMERO.HEADQUARTERS
79/46
29 AUG 1943

AMGOT

AL/4/261
27 August 43.

1. I attach copy of a memo from the Chief Engineer to the C.G.S., together with a copy of the C.G.S.'s note to this section. I am explaining to the C.E. and B.G.S. that there are liaison officers with the formations in the "BATOWN" operation and have shown the C.E. the General Instructions regarding labour as laid down in the Civil Supply Section of the AMDOT "Bible".
2. I am also forwarding copy of this correspondence to AMDOT HQ. 8 Army. I presume that you will take any action that you consider necessary regarding the provision of liaison officers with 5 Army.
3. I understand that it was the C.E., 30 Corps that referred this matter to the C.E. 15 Army Group and I suggest that an AMDOT representative from 8 Army contacts the C.E. 30 Corps regarding this matter. Please let me know by return if you wish me to take any further action.
4. I understand from Group Capt. Benson that Wing. Comd. Beer is the liaison officer with 13 Corps and that there are also liaison officers proceeding with the Divisions taking part in the "BATOWN" operations, so there should be no lack of liaison and co-ordination.

AMDOT Liaison,
15 Army Group Main,
FIELD.
HPT/JG.

B. L.
COLONEL,
S. S. O.

.....P.T.O.

R. Prot. 14

UFFICIO PROVINCIALE DEL LAVORO - PALERMO

AL SIG. COLONNELLO CHARLES POLETTI
UFFICIALE SUPERIORE ADDETTO AGLI AFFARI CIVILI
PALERMO

A.S.S. L'ON. Francesco Masotto Prefetto della Provincia
di Palermo

Oggetto - Andamento della mano d'opera.

Dal confronto fra il "riepilogo" statistico fornitomi dall'Ufficio provvisorio di registrazione e collocamento di Via Filippo Parlato per la settimana 11-16 corrente e l'analogo della settimana precedente, rilevo alcune indicazioni che credo utile far conoscere.

Notevole ripresa di lavoro in alcune categorie e segnatamente "industria" e "gente mare", cioè maggior numero di avviamenti e meno denunce di disoccupazione.

Ciò è dovuto a richieste da parte di ditte e di private impegnate in lavori pubblici e di reparti del Governo Militare Alleato per la gente di mare.

L'indice della disoccupazione resta sempre alto, ma ritengo non risponda da troppo alla realtà, perchè le assunzioni dirette effettuate da ditte e Comandi, non vengono controllate dall'Ufficio di registrazione e collocamento.

Il Commercio è completamente fermo.

L'Agricoltura presenta una diminuzione; per quest'ultima però bisogna tenere presente che le assunzioni al lavoro avvengono alla periferia della città ed in provincia, dove l'ufficio di via Parlato non ha dipendenze.

Quando l'Ufficio del Lavoro avrà istituito gli Uffici periferici, sarà possibile avere i dati relativi.

Palermo 21/10/1943

IL DIRETTORE

Ufficio Provinciale del Lavoro - Palermo

To: Colonel Charles Poletti

Superior Officer in Charge of Civil Affairs
Palermo

To: His Excellency Francesco Muscatello, Prefect of the Province
Palermo

Subject: State of employment

In comparing the statistical resume submitted by the Temporary Registration and Employment Office of Via Filippo Pandatore for the week of the 11-16th of this month, with the one of the previous week, several points have occurred to me, which I believe to be useful to point out.

Considerable resumption of work in some sections and especially "industry" and "shipping", that is, a greater number of hiring and less notices of dismissal.

This is due to requirements on the part of private building firms engaged in public works, and by departments of the Allied Military Government for shipping labor.

The unemployment curve registers still high, but in my estimation does not correspond too much to reality, because hiring effected directly by firms and commands is not under the control of the Employment and Registration Office.

Commerce is at a complete standstill.

Agriculture shows a decline; however, for this latter it must be remembered that hiring of labor is effected outside the city and in the countryside, where the

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Agriculture shows a decline; however, for this latter it must be remembered that hiring of labor is effected outside the city and in the countryside, where the Bureau of Via Pandatore has no branches.

When the labor office will have established its outlying offices, it will be possible to have proper data.

Palermo, 21/10/1940

The Director

/s/ A. Sellerio

UFFICIO PROVINCIALE DEL LAVORO
Piazza Giuseppe Verdi, 15
PALERMO

Palermo 20/10/1943

Prot. n° 3 Ris.

AL TEN. COL. CHARLES POLETTI
ALL'ON. FRANCESCO MUSOTTO

P A L E R M O

OGGETTO: Licenziamenti Via Parlatore
Assunzioni Ufficio Lavoro

In merito al primo argomento di cui all'oggetto, infermo che il 6 ottobre il Rag. Romano aveva fatto conoscere ai dipendenti dell'Ufficio di registrazione e collocamento di Via Filippo Parlatore che tutti dovevano considerarsi licenziati poichè l'Ufficio doveva essere soppresso e ricostituito.

Il giorno 15 c.m. confermai per lettera agli impiegati il loro totale licenziamento.

In merito al secondo argomento, dichiaro che terrò conto come è ovvio di capacità intellettuali, esperienza tecnica, moralità, oneri di famiglia.

Ritengo necessario pronunziarmi nei riguardi di altri punti più delicati.

1°) Nessuna carica e nessuno impiego delicato può essere attribuito a chi durante il regime passato abbia avuto posti direttivi o mansioni di concetto compromettenti.

2°) Cercare di assumere il personale ultimamente impiegato nell'Ufficio di Via Filippo Parlatore ove non ostino le ragioni dette sopra.

3°) A parità di condizioni dare la preferenza a chi ha sofferto per la causa della libertà.

Sicuro di risarcire la Vostra approvazione, saluto con deferenza.

IL DIRETTORE
(Prof. A. Sallerio)

AL TEN. COL. CHARLES POLETTI

ALL'On. FRANCESCO MUSOTTO

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IL DIRETTORE
(Prof. A. Sallerio)

Adel. 2761

Ufficio Provinciale del Lavoro.

Piazza Giuseppe Verdi, 15

Palermo

Palermo 20/10/1943

Caro M. S. R.

To: Lt. Col. Charles Potette

Hon. Francesco Muscat

Palermo

Subject: Dimissioni Via Parlatore

Honors Labour Office

In regard to the first above subject I wish to state that on October 6th Accountant Romani notified the staff of the Registration and Employment Office of Via Felippo Parlatore, that all should consider themselves discharged, as the Office would be dissolved and reorganised.

On the 15th of this month I confirmed by letter to the employees their wholesale discharge.

As regards the second point, I wish to state that I will obviously take into account intellectual capabilities, technical experience, morality, family obligations.

I also deem it necessary to explain myself in regard to other more delicate points.

1. No duty and no delicate function can be given to whoever during the past regime has held executive positions or duties of compromising character.

2. To attempt to re-employ the personnel previously employed in the office of Via Felippo Parlatore where the above mentioned

Subject: Dimissioni Via Parlatores
 Hirings below Office

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I also deem it necessary to explain myself in regard to other more delicate points.

1. No duty and no delicate function can be given to whoever during the past regime has held executive positions or duties of compromising character.

2. To attempt to renew the personnel previously employed in the office of Via Filippo Parlatores, where the above mentioned reasons do not conflict.

3. At equality of conditions to give preference to who has suffered for the cause of liberty.

Q. M. C. Porto 963 (Ord No. 63)
Revised July 28, 1929

LIST OF PAPERS

File under No. _____

Instructions.—When papers on a subject become numerous they will be numbered serially and brief entries made on this form.

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