

ACC 10000/146/499

091.4463

MILITARY SERVICE IN ITALIAN ARMY

FEB. - NOV. 1944

CE IN ITALIAN ARMY

Nov. 1944

FILE COPY

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 894
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION

JRB/rmw

TEL : 478904

22 Nov. 44

REF : 091.4463

SUBJECT: Conditions of employment of Italian Military
Naval & Air-Force Personnel & Civilians.

TO : Office of Chief of Staff

1. The enclosed document on "Conditions of Employment of Italian Military, Naval and Air Force Personnel and Civilians" has been examined by this Sub-Commission and also checked with Colonel Noakes of I.M.I.A. The instructions as outlined are satisfactory.

JUNIUS R. SMITH
Colonel, GAC
Acting Director
Labor Sub-Commission

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

APO 394

LABOR SUB-COMMISSION

JRS/raw

TEL : 473904 22 November 1944
REF : 091.4463
SUBJECT: Conditions of employment of Italian Military
Naval & Air-Force Personnel & Civilians.
TO : Economic Section

1. The enclosed document on "Conditions of Employment of Italian Military, Naval and Air Force Personnel and Civilians" has been examined by this Sub-Commission and also checked with Colonel Hoopes of M.A.I.A. The instructions as outlined are satisfactory.

JUNIOR R. SMITH
Colonel, GMC
Acting Director
Labor Sub-Commission

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HEADQUARTERS
MILITARY COMMISSION

AEO 394

G-1 Section Civilian Personnel

7 November 1944

Subject: Civilian Labor Exemption from Military Service.

To : See Distribution.

1. The Italian authorities have undertaken to provide, beyond previous commitments, units for employment with the Allied Forces. To the end that the organization of these units be facilitated it is essential that the military status of Italians now in Allied employ be scrutinized and stipulated conditions met with.

2. Applications for exemption from military service will only be granted when the services of the civilian employee is of such vital operational value as to transcend any use to which he might be put in the Armed Forces.

3. Applications for exemption will be submitted in triplicate by the Regional Commissioner or Director of Sub-Commission to HQ. AEO. G-1 Civilian Personnel. Civilians must not be sent to this HQ to make their own applications nor must they make out the forms. This must be done by the aforementioned officials.

4. Column 10 on the attached form is to be used by the Regional Commissioner or Director of Subcommission for his certified confirmation and description of the job in question.

5. Exemptions will be valid for only a period of three months from date of granting. Applications for granting of extension of exemption will be made in the same form but marked "RENEWAL".

6. Upon the release from employment of any civilian enjoying exemption Regional Commissioners and Directors of Sub-Commissions will notify this HQ and instruct the employee to report to the nearest Carabinieri Reale HQ for sending to the closest Italian Military District.

7. When an applicant's exemption is refused he may be employed until called up by Italian authorities.

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5. Exemptions will be valid for only a period of three months from date of granting. Applications for granting of extension of exemption will be made in the same form but marked "RENEWAL".

6. Upon the release from employment of any civilian enjoying exemption Regional Commissioners and Directors of Sub-Commissions will notify this HQ and instruct the employee to report to the nearest Carabinieri Headquarters for sending to the closest Italian Military District.

7. When an applicant's exemption is refused he may be employed until called up by Italian authorities.

8. All existing exemptions, regardless of validity, issued by this HQ prior to 1 October 1944 must be immediately returned to 3-1 Civilian Personnel for re-issuing or rejection and no certificate pre-dating 1 October 1944 will be valid unless subsequently endorsed.

9. Regional Commissioners and Directors of Sub-Commissions will submit a report to 3-1, Civilian Personnel by the first day of each month showing number of exempted personnel employed as of last day of preceding month, number from whom exemptions were withdrawn, number of extensions granted in the same period.

10. Original certificates of exemption with Italian HQ stamp will be kept on file at HQ AC 7-1 Civilian Personnel where they may be shown to an Allied Officer to Italian authorities when necessary. A "Certified True Copy" of each exemption will be sent to the person to whom it pertains.

11. Care must be exercised in filling out applications as errors will cause refusal of application.

R. T. Miller

R. T. MILLER
LT. COL. AGD
G-1(4)

Distribution: "A"

R. T. Under

R. T. UNDER
Lt. Col. ASD
G-1 (A)

Distribution: "A"

La b o u r 3/4
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SECRETMilitary Mission Italian Army
R O M E
S/AG/5

12 Oct 44

MILITARY MISSION ITALIAN ARMY

ADMINISTRATIVE INSTRUCTION No. 12

MAINTENANCE OF ITALIAN ARMED FORCES1. OBJECT.

The object of this instruction is to define the operating procedure necessary to implement the policy of the Combined Chiefs of Staff as set out in AFHQ letters AQ 400/103 D-0 dated 22 Sep 44 and AG 400/031 GDS-0 dated 6 October 1944 (effective for rations 16 Oct 44).

2. CLASSIFICATION OF ITALIAN ARMED FORCES.

(a) The Italian Armed Forces are divided into three classifications as under and will be referred to by the appropriate abbreviations.

(i) Italian Armed Forces under British Command - BR-ITI.

(ii) Italian Armed Forces under United States Command - US-ITI.

(iii) Italian Armed Forces under the command of the Theatre Commander through the Italian Government - ITI-ITI.

(b) The present division between the three classifications is given in outline at Appx 'A'. Detailed breakdowns will be published in WKIA monthly Order of Battle issued under ref. C/11.

3. MAINTENANCE POLICY.

(a) All Italian Armed Forces will receive the same basic scale of supplies and equipment necessary for subsistence. The correct scales are given as appendices to this letter. These items are chargeable to the ITALIAN Government.

(b) BR-ITIS and US-ITIS may receive such additional equipment as may be considered necessary in order to permit them to fulfill their allotted tasks. Such issues require the authority of AFHQ. Issues for US-ITIS are considered as a loan for

1. OBJECT.

The object of this instruction is to define the operating procedure necessary to implement the policy of the Combined Chiefs of Staff as set out in AFHQ letters AQ 400/105 D-0 dated 22 Sep 41 and AQ 400/631 GUS-C dated 6 October 1944 (effective for rations 16 Oct 44).

2. CLASSIFICATION OF ITALIAN ARMED FORCES.

(a) The Italian Armed Forces are divided into three classifications as under and will be referred to by the appropriate abbreviations.

(i) Italian Armed Forces under British Command - IR-ITI.

(ii) Italian Armed Forces under United States Command - US-ITL.

(iii) Italian Armed Forces under the command of the Theatre Commander through the Italian Government - ITI-ITI.

(b) The present division between the three classifications is given in outline at Appx 'A'. Detailed breakdowns will be published in MMIA monthly order of Battle issued under ref. 3/11.

3. MAINTENANCE POLICY.

(a) All Italian Armed Forces will receive the same basic scale of supplies and equipment necessary for subsistence. The correct scales are given as Appendices to this letter. These items are chargeable to the ITALIAN Government.

(b) IR-ITIS and US-ITIS may receive such additional equipment as may be considered necessary in order to permit them to fulfill their allotted tasks. Such issues require the authority of AFHQ for IR-ITIS or CS NAFHQUA for US-ITIS, are considered as a loan for the purpose of their specific task and are NOT chargeable to the ITALIAN Government except as laid down in Appx 'C'.

(c) Only personnel of the Armed Forces who are "In fact effective" will be supplied. An individual who is "In fact effective" is one who is a bona fide member of the Italian Armed Forces, either officer, non Commissioned officer, or other rank, duly enrolled or enlisted, subject to the laws of war and G.M.V. Convention, borne on the rolls of the Ministry concerned and actually performing the duty to which assigned as shown by the official strength return of the Ministry concerned and thereby assisting the Allied War effort.

4. RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAINTENANCE.

(a) The maintenance of IR-ITIS is a British responsibility.

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- (b) The maintenance of US-ITIS is a United States responsibility.
- (c) The maintenance of ITI-ITIS is the responsibility of the Italian Government supplemented to the extent required by the United States and United Kingdom as authorized by the Combined Chiefs of Staff. This commitment is divided between the U.S. and U.K. as under :-

Subsistence	- U.S.
Clothing	- Joint US/UK.
Medical	- UK.
Fuels	- UK.

5. RESPONSIBILITY OF M.M.I.A.

(a) The Military Mission ITALIAN Army is responsible to the Theatre Commander for the co-ordination and supervision of supply to all categories of the ITALIAN Armed Forces through the ITALIAN Ministries.

(b) When British or United States supplies are issued to ITI-ITIS in accordance with paragraph 4(c) above, the senior United States Army officer of MMIA will supervise the supply of subsistence. The Senior British officer and the senior United States Army Officer will jointly supervise the supply of clothing. The senior British officer will supervise the supply of medical items. The procedures for handling fuels (POL) is as prescribed in Appendix 'E'.

(c) The entire resources of the Italian Army are available to ITI-ITIS. Any surplus will be available through MMIA to US-ITIS and BR-ITIS. Headquarters MMIA will be responsible for control, issue and accounting of supplies so drawn from ITI-ITIS Depots.

6. RESPONSIBILITY OF ITALIAN WAR MINISTRY FOR BR-ITIS and US-ITIS.

The ITALIAN WAR MINISTRY is responsible for :

(a) Assisting, by use of ITI-ITIS forces, in the distribution of supply to US-ITIS and BR-ITIS categories of Italian Armed Forces, to the degree found necessary by the United States and British commanders concerned and in agreement with MMIA.

(b) Supplying such items of the authorized scales as are indicated as being an Italian responsibility.

(c) Supplying, as directed by MMIA, such other items as are not on the authorized scales but which are available from Italian sources and which will increase the efficiency of the troops.

Subsistence - U.S.
Clothing - Joint US/UK.
Medical - UK.
Fuels - UK.

5. RESPONSIBILITY OF M.E.I.A.

(a) The Military Mission ITALIAN Army is responsible to the Theatre Commander for the co-ordination and supervision of supply to all categories of the ITALIAN Armed Forces through the ITALIAN Ministries.

(b) When British or United States supplies are issued to ITI-ITIS in accordance with paragraph 4(c) above, the senior United States Army officer of MMIA will supervise the supply of subsistence. The Senior British officer and the senior United States Army Officer will jointly supervise the supply of clothing. The senior British officer will supervise the supply of medical items. The procedure for handling fuels (POL) is as prescribed in Appendix 'G'.

(c) The entire resources of the Italian Army are available to ITI-ITIS. Any supplies will be available through MMIA to US-ITIS and BR-ITIS. Headquarters MMIA will be responsible for control, issue and accounting of supplies so drawn from ITI-ITI Depots.

6. RESPONSIBILITY OF ITALIAN WAR MINISTRY FOR BR-ITIS and US-ITIS.

The ITALIAN WAR MINISTRY is responsible for :

(a) Assisting, by use of ITI-ITI forces, in the distribution of supply to US-ITI and BR-ITI categories of Italian Armed Forces, to the degree found necessary by the United States and British commanders concerned and in agreement with MMIA.

(b) Supplying such items of the authorised scales as are indicated as being an Italian responsibility.

(c) Supplying, as directed by MMIA, such other items as are not on the authorised scales but which are available from Italian sources and which will increase the efficiency of the tps. This includes items such as soap and cigarettes.

(d) Making the maximum contribution, as directed by MMIA in view of their ITI-ITI commitment, to the items on the authorised scales in order that the allied commitment may be the minimum possible.

7. RESPONSIBILITY OF ITALIAN WAR MINISTRY FOR ITI-ITIS.

(a) The Italian army is responsible, with certain minimum supervision by MMIA, for implementing and maintaining their own supply system in Italy, Sicily and Sardinia for the ITI-ITI category of the Italian army.

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- (b) The Italian Army will accept responsibility for all IPI-ITI supplies made available for its use. Acceptance will include positive assurance on the part of the Italian Army that the supplies received will be issued on the scales announced and used only for the purpose intended and that they will not be bartered, sold, or otherwise disposed of.
- (c) The Italian Army, through MMIA, will be responsible for arranging transportation necessary for the movement of all IPI-ITI supplies from the point of acceptance to warehouses and from warehouses to distribution or issue points. Essential transportation assistance will be furnished from the United States and British sources as agreed between the local commander and MMIA.
- (d) Shelter sufficient to house properly all IPI-ITI supplies received will be provided by the Italian Army. The location of all the points of storage, including those in which supplies of Italian origin are stored, will be reported to MMIA and the commander of the Base Section or District concerned.
- (e) Supplies will be warehoused in accordance with recognized procedure which will insure safety from theft, pilferage, weather, damage or loss from insects or vermin, and permit inventory and distribution with ease and efficiency. Local base section and district commanders and other commanders concerned will give due consideration to the needs for Italian depot storage and facilities in order to accomplish the above.
- (f) The Italian Army will be responsible for the distribution and issue of all IPI-ITI supplies on the scales and under the conditions contained in this instruction.
- (g) The Italian Army will provide sufficient organizations of the proper type and strength with appropriate equipment to perform efficiently and expeditiously the duties referred to above, based on the quantity of supplies furnished from time to time for use of the Italian armed forces. These have been adequately provided for in the IPI-ITI ceiling.
- (h) Personnel from MMIA are authorized to inspect, require inventories to be made as necessary, and otherwise satisfy themselves that all supplies turned over to the Italian Army are received, warehoused, accounted for and issued in accordance with the intent of this instruction.

8. METHODS OF SUPPLY.

- (a) BR-ITIS, US-ITIS or IPI-ITIS may be supplied from either British, United States or Italian Army Depots.

supplies from the point of acceptance to warehouses and from warehouses to distribution or issue points. Essential transportation assistance will be furnished from the United States and British sources as agreed between the local commander and MMIA.

(d) Shelter sufficient to house properly all III-ITI supplies received will be provided by the Italian Army. The location of all the points of storage, including those in which supplies of Italian origin are stored, will be reported to MMIA and the commander of the Base Section or District concerned.

(e) Supplies will be warehoused in accordance with recognized procedure which will insure safety from theft, pilferage, weather, damage or loss from insects or vermin, and permit inventory and distribution with ease and efficiency. Local base section and district commanders and other commanders concerned will give due consideration to the needs for Italian depot storage and facilities in order to accomplish the above.

(f) The Italian Army will be responsible for the distribution and issue of all III-ITI supplies on the scales and under the conditions contained in this instruction.

(g) The Italian Army will provide sufficient organizations of the proper type and strength with appropriate equipment to perform efficiently and expeditiously the duties referred to above, based on the quantity of supplies furnished from time to time for use of the Italian armed forces. These have been adequately provided for in the III-ITI ceiling.

(h) Personnel from MMIA are authorized to inspect, require inventories to be made as necessary, and otherwise satisfy themselves that all supplies turned over to the Italian Army are received, warehoused, accounted for and issued in accordance with the intent of this instruction.

8. METHODS OF SUPPLY.

(a) BR-ITIS, US-ITIS or III-ITIS may be supplied from either British, United States or Italian Army Depots.

(b) The correct adjustments, either by subsequent transfer of stocks or appropriate accountability, to enable the final responsibility for supply to be correctly recorded will be made in accordance with the following appendices:

Rations	-	Appx 'B'
Clothing - equipment	-	Appx 'C'
Medical	-	Appx 'D'
Fuel	-	Appx 'E'

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9. SUPPLY OF RATIONS.

(a) Ration Scale.

The ration scale is given at Appx 'F'. This single scale

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is applicable to ALL personnel of the Armed Forces and will NOT be modified, amended or changed in any way except on the specific order of AFHQ.

(b) Provision of Rations.

(1) The Allied portion of the ration will be supplied as under :-

US-ITIS - from United States sources.

BR-ITIS - from British sources.
Until sufficient Br supplies are available in the Theatre, the BR-ITIS may be supplied through MMIA controlled Italian Army sources under the appropriate Lease-Lend arrangements by agreement between MMIA and the Commander concerned.

ITI-ITIS - from U.S. stocks which will be transferred to Italian Depots under control of MMIA.

(11) The Italian produced portion of the ration will be found by the Italian Government for BR-ITIS, US-ITIS, and ITI-ITIS as under :-

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Provision</u>	<u>Availability</u>	<u>Movement</u>
BR-ITIS	ITALIAN	ITI DEPOT	BRITISH
US-ITIS	ITALIAN	ITI DEPOT	U.S.
ITI-ITI	ITALIAN	ITI DEPOT	ITALIAN

Br and US authorities will bid to HQ MMIA by the 10th of each month, in pounds weight for the commodities needed for the following month. MMIA will advise Br and US authorities concerned the most suitable points for the supplies to be collected and authorise the War Ministry to release accordingly.

When found to be more expeditious to do so, United States or British commanders may purchase available resources of these ration components for the Italian Ministries, and receive cash repayment therefor by submitting duly authorised and signed vouchers through MMIA.

(11) Accountancy for Rations.

Accountancy for rations is set out in Appx 'B'.

10. CLOTHING AND PERSONAL EQUIPMENT SUPPLY.

BR-ITIS - from British sources. Until sufficient Br supplies are available in the Theatre, the BR-ITIS may be supplied through MMIA, controlled Italian Army sources under the appropriate Lease-Lend arrangements by agreement between MMIA and the Commander concerned.

ITI-ITIS. - from U.S. stocks which will be transferred to Italian Depots under control of MMIA.

- (ii) The Italian produced portion of the ration will be found by the Italian Government for BR-ITIS, US-ITIS, and ITI-ITIS as under :-

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Provision</u>	<u>Availability</u>	<u>Movement</u>
BR-ITIS	ITALIAN	ITI DEPOT	BRITISH
US-ITIS	ITALIAN	ITI DEPOT	U.S.
ITI-ITI	ITALIAN	ITI DEPOT	ITALIAN

Br and US authorities will bid to HQ MMIA by the 10th of each month, in pounds weight for the commodities needed for the following month. MMIA will advise Br and US authorities concerned the most suitable points for the supplies to be collected and authorize the War Ministry to release accordingly.

When found to be more expeditious to do so, United States or British commanders may purchase available resources of these ration components for the Italian Ministries, and receive cash repayment therefor by submitting duly authorized and signed vouchers through MMIA.

(iii) Accountancy for Rations.

Accountancy for rations is set out in Appx 'B'.

10. CLOTHING AND PERSONAL EQUIPMENT SUPPLY.

- (a) Clothing and personal equipment - ITI-ITI.

ITI-ITIS will be clothed and equipped to the maximum extent from the resources of the Italian Army and will be aided by the provision of certain articles authorized by the Combined Chiefs of Staff and certain partworn articles handed over within the Theatre. Detailed procedure covering the use etc of partworn clothing is at Appx 'G'.

- (b) Clothing and personal equipment BR-ITI/US-ITI.

BR-ITI and US-ITI will be clothed by British Authorities and United States Authorities respectively, using the

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resources available to them, together with that made available by MMIA.

MMIA will make available to the British and United States Authorities the maximum possible amount of clothing and personal equipment from Italian sources after completion of their IPI-ITI commitment in IQ (a) above.

(c) Scale of clothing.

The authorized scale of clothing is at Appx 'H'.

(d) Accounting for clothing and personal equipment issued from Allied Depots.

Details for the accountancy covering the above items is at Appx 'C'.

II. MEDICAL SUPPLY.

(a) Responsibility for services.

The Italian Medical services will maintain adequate medical hospitals and services for ALL Italian Armed Forces of ALL classifications.

(b) Evacuation.

Evacuation will be wherever practicable to Italian hospitals.

(c) Scale of Supply of Medical Stores and Hospital Diet Items.

Scale of Medical stores and hospital diet items is given at Appx 'J'.

(d) Maintenance of Medical Personnel.

Maintenance of Italian Medical Service Personnel in hospitals for rations, clothing and medical stores will be the normal IPI-ITI procedure.

(e) Maintenance of Patients in Hospitals.

Maintenance of Italian Armed Force Patients in HOSPITALS or CONValescent CAMPS will be :

Evacuation Rationed by Medical stores

Notes

(c) Scale of clothing.

The authorized scale of clothing is at Appx 'H'.

(d) Accounting for clothing and personal equipment issued from Allied Depots.

Details for the accountability covering the above items is at Appx 'C'.

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(b) Evacuation.

Evacuation will be wherever practicable to Italian hospitals.

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Scale of Medical stores and hospital diet items is given at Appx 'J'.

(d) Maintenance of Medical Personnel.

Maintenance of Italian Medical Service personnel in hospitals for rations, clothing and medical stores will be the normal ITI-ITI procedure.

(e) Maintenance of Patients in Hospitals.

Maintenance of Italian Armed Force Patients in HOSPITALS or CONVALESCENT CAMPS will be:

Classification of patient	Rationed by	Medical stores and hospital diet items	Notes
(a)	(b)	(c)	
ITI-ITI	ITI-ITI	ITI-ITI	
BR-ITI	ITI-ITI	ITI-ITI	Rations (Col (b)) will be accounted for by MMIA and recovered from British Authorities.
US-ITI	ITI-ITI	ITI-ITI	Rations (Col (b)) will be accounted for by MMIA and recovered from US authorities.

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(f) Medical Stores for Units.

Provision of the Medical Stores required for M.I. Rooms or First Aid Stations in Units other than hospitals or convalescent camps will be :-

ITI-ITI units - ITI-ITI responsibility.

BR -ITI units - ITI-ITI responsibility.

US -ITI units - U.S. responsibility.

(g) Issue of Medical Stores.

(i) Medical stores will be issued only to Medical personnel.

(ii) Allied Depots or Units will issue to Italian hospitals only in emergency.

(h) Accounting for Medical Supplies Issued from Allied Depots.

If an emergency issue is made from an Allied Medical Depot or unit, accountability will be as set out in Appx 'D'.

12. SUPPLY OF ITALIAN NAVY.

(a) MMIA is designated as the Agency to supervise the bulk distribution of rations furnished by the British Government for the Italian Navy.

(b) Where no Italian Army depots under MMIA control are accessible, the issue of subsistence in accordance with Appx 'D' from United States Army or Navy or British Army stocks direct to Italian naval vessels is authorised to meet only minimum essential operational requirements of those Italian naval vessels operating from United States or British controlled ports. Replacement in kind will be made by MMIA, for the account of the Royal Navy, to United States Army or United States Navy, as applicable.

(c) U.S. authorities concerned will submit monthly to HQ MMIA, in respect of the preceding month, requests for repayment in kind, stating commodities and weights issued Italian Navy vessels or store units concerned and their individual aggregate nation strengths for the month in question.

Such requests for repayment will specify at what point repayment in kind is desired by the U.S. authorities.

(g) Issue of Medical Stores.

(1) Medical stores will be issued only to Medical personnel.

(11) Allied Depots or Units will issue to Italian hospitals only in emergency.

(h) Accounting for Medical Supplies Issued from Allied Depots.

If an emergency issue is made from an Allied Medical Depot or unit, accountability will be as set out in Appx 'D'.

12. SUPPLY OF ITALIAN N.V.V.

(a) MMIA is designated as the agency to supervise the bulk distribution of rations furnished by the British Government for the Italian Navy.

(b) Where no Italian Army depots under MMIA control are accessible, the issue of subsistence in accordance with Appx 'P' from United States Army or Navy or British Army stocks direct to Italian naval vessels is authorised to meet only minimum essential operational requirements of those Italian naval vessels operating from United States or British controlled ports. Replacement in kind will be made by MMIA, for the account of the Royal Navy, to United States Army or United States Navy, as applicable.

(c) U.S. authorities concerned will submit monthly to HQ MMIA, in respect of the preceding month, requests for repayment in kind, stating commodities and weights issued Italian Navy vessels or store units concerned and their individual aggregate ration strengths for the month in question.

Such requests for repayment will specify at what point repayment in kind is desired by the U.S. authorities.

13. SUPPLY OF FUEL.

(a) Coal or Coke.

Coal -- all coal and coke requirements for BR-ITI and US-ITI will be submitted through channels to the respective Army, Base Section, or District for supply. Coal and coke requirements for ITI-ITI will be submitted through Italian Army channels through MMIA for screening and allocation.

(b) Petroleum products.

See appx 'E'.

14. TRANSPORT.

- (a) Italian Army transportation will be allotted to all units in the Italian Army by MMIA in such manner as to afford the minimum use of Allied transportation.
- (b) The Italian Ministry of War is responsible for maintenance of all Italian Army transportation. The Allied commanders concerned may give such assistance as is desirable in the maintenance of the transportation of such units as are allocated to BR-ITIS or US-ITIS.
- (c) MMIA is charged with the general supervision of maintenance, use and manner of operation of all Italian military transport, except in the combat zone, and more particularly in respect to transport provided by or for the IRI-ITIS.
- (d) A separate Adm Instruction is being issued covering the control of all Italian MT.

15. ACK.

FJN/hh

DISTRIBUTION :

AFHQ (10)
 CG MATOUA (5)
 HQ LAI (10)
 CG Comzone MATOUA (10)
 C in C Med. (2)
 Com Nav NAM (2)
 HQ MAF (2)
 HQ AFSC/MTO (5)
 HQ Rear EIGHT ARMY (5)
 HQ Rear FIVE ARMY (5)
 HQ No.1 District (10)
 HQ ADV No.2 District (5)
 HQ No.3 District (10)
 HQ No.3 District Eastern Det (10)
 CG PBS (10)
 CG Allied Garrison Cardinia (5)
 CG Northern Base Section (5)
 CG Rome Allied Area Comd (5) (1 for AFLRS)
 C.O. Adriatic Base Depot Group (5)
 POWIT (2)
 POTALI (2)
 HQ ACC (20)
 Naval Sub Commission ACC (5)
 Air Forces Sub Commission ACC (5)
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E. J. W. W. W. W.
 Lt. Col.
 Military Mission Italian Army

maintenance, use and manner of operation of all Italian military transport, except in the combat zone, and more particularly in respect to transport provided by or for the IFI-ITIS.

(d) A separate A&S instruction is being issued covering the control of all Italian MT.

15. ACK.

PJM/hh

DISTRIBUTION :-

AFHQ (10)
 CG NATOUSA (5)
 HQ AAI (10)
 CG Comzone NATOUSA (10)
 C in C Med. (2)
 Com Nav NAW (2)
 HQ MAAF (2)
 HQ AFSC/NTC (5)
 HQ Rear EIGHT ARMY (5)
 HQ Rear FIVE ARMY (5)
 HQ No.1 District (10)
 HQ ADV No.2 District (5)
 HQ No.3 District (10)
 HQ No.3 District Eastern Det (10)
 CG PBS (10)
 CG Allied Garrison Gordinia (5)
 CG Northern Base Section (5)
 CG Rome Allied Area Comd (5) (1 for AFAS)
 C.O. Adriatic Base Depot Group (5)
 POWIT (2)
 FOTALI (2)
 HQ ACC (20)
 Naval Sub Commission ACC (5)
 Air Force Sub Commission ACC (5)
 SO, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55 BLU's
 ALL MHA LO's
 MHA Internal
 War Diary (2)
 File.

Lt.Col.

A.A. & Q.M.C.
 Military Mission Italian Army

0916

APPENDIX "A" to HMIA
Adm Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44.

ITALIAN ARMY

Category	Classification	
1.	(ITI-ITI) Administrative Installation	27,000
2.	(EH-ITI) Combat Formations	57,000
3.	Service Units under Allied Command	
	(a) (US-ITI) PES (Italian Command 212)	53,000
	(b) (US-ITI) Fifth Army (210 Division)	12,000
	(c) (US-ITI) AG Sardinia (203 Division)	9,000 (Note 1)
	(d) (US-ITI) Corsica	5,000
	Total US-ITI	79,000
	(a) (BR-ITI) British Command	93,000
4.	(ITI-ITI) A. A.	500
5.	(ITI-ITI) Internal Security Troops	
	(a) (ITI-ITI) ACC	3,000
	(b) (ITI-ITI) 22 Guard Bns X 800	17,600
	(c) (ITI-ITI) SIM	1,500
	(d) (ITI-ITI) 2 Divs Sicily (Sabauda and Acsta)	10,000
	(e) (ITI-ITI) 1 Div Sardinia (Calabria)	5,000
	(f) (ITI-ITI) 6 Regt Hq for Guard Bns X 40	240
	(ITI-ITI) PWB Radio Sardinia	50
	Miscellaneous Units	310
		37,700
6.	Reinforcements	
	(a) (US-ITI) for US-ITI Units	4,500
	(b) (BR-ITI) for BR-ITI Ser Units	4,800
	for BR-ITI Combat Formations	5,700
		10,500
	(c) (ITI-ITI) for ITI-ITI Units	3,700
		13,700
7.	(ITI-ITI) CC.RR.	313,000
		55,000
	Total Italian Army	368,000

(a) (US-ITI) PBS (Italian Command 212)	53,000
(b) (US-ITI) Fifth Army (210 Division)	12,000
(c) (US-ITI) AG Sardinia (205 Division)	9,000 (Note 1)
(d) (US-ITI) Corsica	5,000
Total US-ITI	79,000
(a) (BR-ITI) British Command	93,000
4. (ITI-ITI) A. A.	600
5. (ITI-ITI) Internal Security Troops	
(a) (ITI-ITI) ACC	3,000
(b) (ITI-ITI) 22 Guard Bns X 800	17,600
(c) (ITI-ITI) SIM	1,500
(d) (ITI-ITI) 2 Divs Sicily	
(e) (ITI-ITI) 1 Div Sardinia (Calabria)	10,000
(f) (ITI-ITI) 6 Regt Hq for Guard Bns	5,000
(ITI-ITI) PWB Radio Sardinia	240
Miscellaneous Units	50
	310
Total	37,700
6. Reinforcements	
(a) (US-ITI) for US-ITI Units	4,500
(b) (BR-ITI) for BR-ITI Ser Units 4,800	
for BR-ITI Combat formations	5,700
(c) (ITI-ITI) for IIT-ITI Units	10,500
	3,700
7. (ITI-ITI) CC.RR	
Total Italian Army	313,000
	55,000
	368,000
ITALIAN NAVY	
(BR-ITI) Under British Command	5759
	75,000

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APPENDIX "A" to MIA
Adm Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44. (Cont'd)

ITALIAN AIR FORCE

(BR-III) Tactical Air Force	22,000
(BR-III) Service Units under TAF	2,500
(US-III) Service Units under USAAF	<u>5,500</u>

31,000

Total Italian Armed Forces

474,000

Note 1-

Contemplated reassignment of 205 Division personnel
as follows on arrival mainland:

To PHS to increase total ceiling by 3,500 to 56,500
To USAAF (units remain as 205 Div.) 5,500

Total

9,000

5758

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Note 1-

Contemplated reassignment of 20th Division personnel as follows on arrival mainland:

To PPS to increase total calling by 3,500 to 56,500
 To USAAF (units remain as 20th Div.) 5,500

Total 9,000

APPENDIX "B" to MMLA
Adm Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44

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SUBSISTENCE (RATIONS) FROM ALLIED SOURCES.
ISSUE AND ACCOUNTANCY

a. ACTION BY ITALIAN UNIT. In order to draw rations, the Italian Armed Force Unit (Division, Regiment, Battalion, Company or Detachment) will submit to the issuing depot a ration issue note (Form 31/e-for specimen, see Appendix K) in triplicate. Normally this document will be submitted at least 48 hours in advance of the time the rations are to be drawn from the depot. The Italian unit will enter name of unit, dates of consumption, ration strength, total number of rations. The unit will adjust the total number of rations due in accordance with rations previously overdrawn or underdrawn according to the actual ration strength of the unit for the previous period. All three copies of the form will be signed by at least one officer; and if a second officer of the unit is available, he will countersign in the space provided.

b. ACTION BY ISSUING DEPOT

- (1) Enter voucher number in space provided. Vouchers will be serially numbered for each depot.
- (2) Enter depot name or designation in space provided.
- (3) Verify name of unit, period for consumption, and that the ration strength and total number of rations due seem reasonable on basis of previous indents (requirements).
- (4) Calculate quantity of each item due the unit and enter the proper name of the item and the amount, in pounds weight, in the spaces provided. The only items to be issued to Italian Armed Force Units from Allied sources, and the proper scale of issue, are shown in appendix F.

c. DELIVERY OF RATIONS. At the time of delivery of the rations to the Italian Unit, all copies of the ration issue note will be signed by the issuing depot officer and by the person taking delivery of the rations. The date the rations are actually delivered will be entered on all copies of the ration issue note.

d. DISPOSITION OF RATION ISSUE NOTES. The issuing agency will (1) send the original of official mail to Headquarters MMLA, APO 394; (2) retain one copy for its files; (3) deliver one copy to the unit on the time the rations are issued.

e. LOCAL BROWN COMMODITIES. Where local resource items are purchased locally by Allied Commanders on the basis of ultimate cash reimbursement by Ministry of War; the British and U.S. authorities of such purchases will forward to HQ MMLA each month, in respect of such purchases, a duplicate voucher, (in duplicate) showing

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APPENDIX "C" to NMIA
Adm Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44

1. CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

All clothing and equipment, except major items issued to an Italian unit from an Allied Issuing Agency, will be issued on Shipping Ticket Rally, or other vouchers which will be serially numbered and show the following information:

- (a) Date of issue
- (b) Authority for issue
- (c) Depot making issue
- (d) Unit to which issue was made
- (e) Item (use standard nomenclature)
- (f) Unit
- (g) Quantity
- (h) Price
- (i) Amount
- (j) Total amount
- (k) Signature of the receiving Italian Officer, and name typed or printed.

(1) Countersignature of the issuing agency

New items or equivalent thereof, the full list price will be used. Used or part worn items will be priced as directed by AFHQ for British items and C.O. Communications Zone, NATOUSA for U.S. items.

2. The original signed voucher will be sent to HQ NMIA as soon as possible after the issue is made. Issuing agency will retain one copy of the voucher, and one copy will be given to receiving unit at the time of issue.

3. Items of clothing and individual equipment issued in excess of the scales established by AFHQ are not to be charged to the Italian Government unless such issue has previously been approved by AFHQ for BR-ITI and Commanding General, NATOUSA for US-ITI, NMIA for ITI-ITI. Strict adherence to the scale is the responsibility of the issuing agency.

4. Items of equipment furnished to Italian units and in accordance with paragraph 3b of this Adm Instruction, necessary to perform an allotted task or mission, will be issued on a loan basis, and be turned to the issuing agency after the task or mission is completed. Memorandum receipt in duplicate will be obtained by issuing agency from the unit receiving the equipment. No charge will be made against the Italian Government for such issues, unless the equipment has not been returned within 15 days after the mission or task has been fulfilled. If the equipment has not been returned within that time the original signed memorandum receipt in detail as follows **5738** be forwarded to NMIA, and will be used as a debit voucher against the

- (b) Authority for issue
- (c) Depot making issue
- (d) Unit to which issue was made
- (e) Item (use standard nomenclature)
- (f) Unit
- (g) Quantity
- *(h) Price
- (i) Amount
- (j) Total amount
- (k) Signature of the receiving Italian Officer, and name typed or printed.
- (l) Countersignature of the issuing agency

*(h) Price

(i) Amount

(j) Total amount

(k) Signature of the receiving Italian Officer, and name typed or printed.

(l) Countersignature of the issuing agency

*New items or equivalent thereof, the full list price will be used. Used or part worn items will be priced as directed by AFHQ for British items and C.I. Communications Zone, MATCUSA for U.S. items.

2. The original signed voucher will be sent to HQ MIA as soon as possible after the issue is made. Issuing agency will retain one copy of the voucher, and one copy will be given to receiving unit at the time of issue.

3. Items of clothing and individual equipment issued in excess of the scales established by AFHQ are not to be charged to the Italian Government unless such issue has previously been approved by AFHQ for FR-III and Commanding General, MATCUSA for US-III, MIA for III-III. Strict adherence to the scale is the responsibility of the issuing agency.

4. Items of equipment furnished to Italian units and in accordance with paragraph 3b of this Add Instruction, necessary to perform an allotted task or mission, will be issued on a loan basis, and returned to the issuing agency after the task or mission is completed. Memorandum receipt in duplicate will be obtained by issuing agency from the unit receiving the equipment. No charge will be made against the Italian Government for such issue, unless the equipment has not been returned within 15 days after the mission or task has been fulfilled. If the equipment has not been returned within that period, the original signed memorandum receipt in detail as follows **3150** be forwarded to MIA, and will be used as a debit voucher against the Italian Government.

- (a) Date of issue
- (b) Authority for issue
- (c) Depot making issue
- (d) Unit to which issue was made
- (e) Item (use standard nomenclature)
- (f) Unit
- (g) Quantity
- *(h) Price

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APPENDIX "C" to MMIA
Adm Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44 (Cont'd)

- (i) Amount
- (j) Total amount
- (k) Signature of the receiving Italian Officer, with name typed or printed.
- (l) Countersignature of the issuing agency.

When items or equivalent thereof, the full list price will be used. Used or part worn items will be priced as directed by AFHQ for British items and C.G. Communications Zone, NATOUSA for U.S. items.

5. No vouchers on material loaned on memorandum receipt will be forwarded to MMIA for charge against the Italian Government until the parent organization of the issuing Italian unit has conducted an investigation of the circumstances. Memorandum receipts will be accompanied by supporting papers covering the investigation of the circumstances with the recommendations of the parent organization commander. Vouchers and supporting papers will be submitted to MMIA through AFHQ. The duplicate copy of the memorandum receipt will be used as a credit voucher to the stock record account of the issuing agency to drop the items from accountability. If, at a later date, the equipment is returned, it will be accepted by the issuing agency and receipt given therefor. Copy of this receipt will be sent to MMIA to be used as a credit voucher to the Italian Government account. Reference to the original memorandum receipt obtained at time of issue will be made on this receipt to enable MMIA to reconcile the two vouchers.

and C.G. Communications Zone, MATUSSA for U.S. items.

5. No vouchers on material loaned on memorandum receipt will be forwarded to MMIA for charge against the Italian Government until the parent organization of the using Italian unit has conducted an investigation of the circumstances. Memorandum receipts will be accompanied by supporting papers covering the investigation of the circumstances with the recommendations of the parent organization commander. Vouchers and supporting papers will be submitted to MMIA through AFHQ. The duplicate copy of the memorandum receipt will be used as a credit voucher to the stock record account of the issuing agency to drop the items from accountability. If, at a later date, the equipment is returned, it will be accepted by the issuing agency and receipt given therefor. Copy of this receipt will be sent to MMIA to be used as a credit voucher to the Italian Government account. Reference to the original memorandum receipt obtained at time of issue will be made on this receipt to enable MMIA to reconcile the two vouchers.

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APPENDIX "D" to MMIA
Adm Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44

MEDICAL SUPPLIES

1. An Italian Medical Officer will be present at the time of issue and sign voucher for items issued.
2. Voucher covering the issue will be serially numbered and will show the following information:
 - (a) Date of issue
 - (b) Authority for issue
 - (c) Depot making issue
 - (d) Unit to which issue was made
 - (e) Item (use standard nomenclature)
 - (f) Unit
 - (g) Quantity
 - (h) Price (Full list price will be used)
 - (i) Amount
 - (j) Total amount
 - (k) Signature of the receiving Italian Officer, with name printed or typed.
 - (l) Countersignature of the issuing agency.
3. The original signed voucher will be sent to HQ MMIA as soon as possible after the issue is made. Issuing agency will retain one copy of the voucher, and one copy will be given to receiving unit at the time of issue.
4. No non-expendable major items of Medical Equipment will be issued to an Italian Unit without specific authority of AFHQ.

- (b) Authority for issue
- (c) Depot making issue
- (d) Unit to which issue was made
- (e) Item (use standard nomenclature)
- (f) Unit
- (g) Quantity
- (h) Price (Full list price will be used)
- (i) Amount
- (j) Total amount
- (k) Signature of the receiving Italian Officer, with name printed or typed.
- (l) Countersignature of the issuing agency.

3. The original signed voucher will be sent to HQ MMIA as soon as possible after the issue is made. Issuing agency will retain one copy of the voucher, and one copy will be given to receiving unit at the time of issue.

4. No non-expendable major items of Medical Equipment will be issued to an Italian Unit without specific authority of AFHQ.

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APPENDIX "A" to AFMA Adm.
Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44

A. Italian Military Requirements for Petroleum Products

1. Italian formations serving with the Allied Armies will, if they are located in the Army areas, normally be supplied ex Rail/Road Head through their own maintenance channels. Italian army units serving with the Allied Armies in Army areas, and Italian units, and units allotted with Italians, which form a permanent part of the Allied Order of Battle, will be supplied as if they were Allied units, through the normal United States or British maintenance systems.

2. Italian army units not included in paragraph 1 above will be supplied with petroleum products as follows:

a. Requirements: MMIA will be responsible for the collection and submission to AFHQ Petroleum Section, Rome Allied Area Command, of requirements for the Italian army exclusive of those formations and units included in paragraph 1 above. These requirements will be submitted so as to reach AFHQ Petroleum Section, Rome Allied Area Command by the 15th of the month preceding that in which delivery is required and will specify geographical areas in which the units are located. The basis on which all of the above requirements are predicted will be set out in detail.

b. AFHQ Petroleum Section, RAAC, will make monthly allocations authorizing release of approved quantities of petroleum products from the CIP for Italian army account in the respective areas concerned.

c. The CIP will deliver to the Italian army on a contractual basis, charging only the distribution cost (including any imputed Government taxes) but not including the cost of the petroleum product.

B. Italian Naval and Air Forces Requirements

3. The Italian navy and air force will be issued such petroleum products as are not "common user" items, as directed by Commander-in-Chief Mediterranean and CINC Mediterranean Allied Air Forces, respectively. Such issues will be made direct from stocks under CINC Mediterranean and CINC MAF control and not through CIP. ("Common user" items are defined as such petroleum products as are included in the North African Oil State).

4. Aircraft of the Italian Air Force, under the operational control of CINC MAF will be issued with such petroleum products as they require, from stocks under the control of CINC MAF. Records of such issues will be maintained and transmitted monthly to AFHQ Petroleum Section, Rome Allied Area Command.

2. Italian army units not included in paragraph 1 above will be supplied with petroleum products as follows:

a. Requirements: MMIA will be responsible for the collection and submission to AFHQ Petroleum Section, Rome Allied Area Command, of requirements for the Italian army exclusive of those formations and units included in paragraph 1 above. These requirements will be submitted so as to reach AFHQ Petroleum Section, Rome Allied Area Command by the 15th of the month preceding that in which delivery is required and will specify geographical areas in which the units are located. The basis on which all of the above requirements are predicted will be set out in detail.

b. AFHQ Petroleum Section, RMAC, will make monthly allocations authorizing release of approved quantities of petroleum products from the CIP for Italian army account in the respective areas concerned.

c. The CIP will deliver to the Italian army on a contractual basis, charging only the distribution cost (including any imposed Government taxes) but not including the cost of the petroleum product.

B. Italian Naval and Air Force Requirements

3. The Italian navy and air force will be issued such petroleum products as are not "common user" items, as directed by Commander-in-Chief Mediterranean and Cinc Mediterranean Allied Air Forces, respectively. Such issues will be made direct from stocks under Cinc Mediterranean and Cinc MAAF control and not through CIP. ("Common user" items are defined as such Petroleum Products as are included in the North African Oil State).

4. Aircraft of the Italian Air Force, under the operational control of Cinc MAAF will be issued with such petroleum products as they require, from stocks under the control of Cinc MAAF. Records of such issues will be maintained and transmitted monthly to AFHQ Petroleum Section, Rome Allied Area Command.

5. Cinc Mediterranean and Cinc MAAF will advise AFHQ Petroleum Section, RMAC of the requirements of the Italian navy and air force of "common user" petroleum products other than those covered by paragraph 4 above. Such requirements will be submitted to AFHQ Petroleum Section, RMAC by the 15th of the month preceding that in which delivery is requested, and will specify geographical areas in which release is required. Approved quantities will be included in the allocations authorized for the Italian army, and will be released to CIP as in 2, above.

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Appex "E" (cont'd)

- 2 -

6. CIP will maintain separate records of quantities received from Allied stocks and issued to:

- a. civilian users
- b. the three categories of the Italian army
- c. Italian navy

d. Italian air force divided into that used by the Italian air force under British command, U.S. command, and Italian command, and will report such information monthly to AFHQ Petroleum Section, Rome Allied Area Command.

C. Transfer of Responsibility

7. Responsibilities established in this Appdx with respect to particular agencies, i.e., Allied Military Government, Allied Control Mediterranean Force, Headquarters ACC, etc., in the event of transfer of, or assumption of responsibility by another agency will automatically be included in the transfer or assumption.

air force under British command, U.S. command, and Italian command, and will report such information monthly to AFHQ Petroleum Section, Rome Allied Area Command.

C. Transfer of Responsibility

7. Responsibilities established in this Appendix with respect to particular agencies, i.e., Allied Military Government, Allied Central Mediterranean Force, Headquarters ACC, etc., in the event of transfer of, or assumption of responsibility by another agency will automatically be included in the transfer or assumption.

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APPENDIX "B" to MMIA Adm
Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44

RATION - SUBSISTENCE SCALE - ITALIAN ARMY

1. The following items of the Single Scale Italian ration will be furnished from Allied Sources:

Flour	12 oz.
Dried vegetables, ounces per ration	3 oz.
Meat, canned, or fish preserved	3 oz.
Cheese	1 oz.
Sugar	1 oz.
Macaroni	3 oz.
Rice	1 oz.
Vegetables, dehydrated	1 oz.
Catsup, or tomato paste	1 oz.
Coffee	1 oz.
Pepper	1/200
Matches, per 7 rations, box (small)	1 oz.
book, commercial type, 9a	2

2. The following items, to complete the ration, will be procured by the Italian Government for BR-IIIIS, US-IIIIS and ITI-IIIIS.

Fruit	4 oz.
Vegetables, fresh	8 oz.
Olive Oil	1 oz.
Nuts	1 oz.
Salt	1 oz.
Wine, litre	1/2

3. The total caloric value of the ration is 3230.

Cheese	1 oz.
Sugar	1 oz.
Macaroni	3 oz.
Rice	1 oz.
Vegetables, dehydrated	1 oz.
Catsup, or tomato paste	1 oz.
Coffee	1 oz.
Pepper	1/200
Matches, per 7 rations, box (small)	1 oz.
Book, commercial type, ea	2

2. The following items, to complete the ration, will be procured by the Italian Government for ER-ITIS, US-ITIS and ITI-ITIS.

Fruit	4 oz.
Vegetables, fresh	3 oz.
Olive Oil	1 oz.
Nuts	1 oz.
Salt	1 oz.
Wine, litre	1

3. The total caloric value of the ration is 3290.

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APPENDIX "G" to NMIA Adm
Instruction No. 13
of 12 Oct 44

Procedure for Utilization of Allied Military Clothing
for the Italian Army and Air Force

1. In order to eliminate the shipping into the theater of clothing from external sources for the Italian Army and Air Force, maximum use will be made of used clothing that is not suitable for further use of the Allied Armies.

2. All items of clothing and individual equipment on British scales or U.S. Tables of Equipment will be considered as available for the use of the Italian Army. Commanders of Communication Zones, Armies, the RAF, AAF/MTC, and Districts are responsible that items made available to the Italian Army and Air Force are carefully screened and are in such condition as to be beyond economical repair for further use of United States or British military personnel or prisoners of war of the Allied nations.

a. Within the capabilities of military repair installations directly under the commanders named above, items considered suitable for the Italian Army and Air Force may be repaired, if necessary, for the purpose of issue in accordance with Annex "H" to authorized Italian units of the command. Accounting will be as prescribed in this Adm Instruction.

b. Items in excess of the repair facilities and ability of the British Army or the United States Army, will be delivered to Italian Army ITI-ITI repair installations and will be charged to the Italian Government through NMIA. No further accounting is required. Upon completion of repair, disposition will be as follows:

- (1) Such items are to be utilized for clothing and equipping the ITI-ITI with the Italian Army.
- (2) Surplus items will then be made available by NMIA for clothing the BR-ITI and the US-ITI.

c. Distinctive buttons, insignia of rank, and all other insignia will be removed prior to transfer to Italian repair installations or depots.

d. NMIA is responsible that proper records are maintained by Italian repair installations and depots in order that the proper charges may be made to the Italian Government and a corresponding credit be given to the country of ownership. To the extent necessary to accomplish this, commanders will comply with the accounting and reporting procedure established by NMIA.

3. Supply, sale, donation, or transfer of military clothing to civilians is NOT authorized except when made available to ACC by NMIA. Items of clothing and shoes (boots) not suitable for the use of the

a. Within the capabilities of military repair installations directly under the commanders named above, items considered suitable for the Italian Army and Air Force may be repaired, if necessary, for the purpose of issue in accordance with Annex "B" to authorized Italian units of the command. Accountings will be as prescribed in this Adm Instruction.

b. Items in excess of the repair facilities and ability of the British Army or the United States Army, will be delivered to the Italian Army IIT-ITL repair installations and will be charged to the Italian Government through MMIA. No further accounting is required. Upon completion of repair, disposition will be as follows:

- (1) Such items are to be utilized for clothing and equipping the III-ITF with the Italian Army.
- (2) Surplus items will then be made available by MMIA for clothing the ER-ITF and the US-ITF.

c. Distinctive buttons, insignia of rank, and all other insignia will be removed prior to transfer to Italian repair installations or depots.

d. NMIA is responsible that proper records are maintained by Italian repair installations and depots in order that the proper charges may be made to the Italian Government and a corresponding credit be given to the country of ownership. To the extent necessary to accomplish this, commanders will comply with the accounting and reporting procedure established by NMIA.

3. Supply, sale, donation, or transfer of military clothing to civilians is NOT authorized except when made available to ACC by MMIA. Items of clothing and shoes (boots) not suitable for the use of the Italian Army will be transferred to ACC by MMIA. Outer clothing will be given back by ACC prior to issue to civilians.

4. Rags and scraps originating from clothing and equipment of the British or U.S. Army Depots will be offered to MMIA for the purpose of being disposed of as desired by the Italian Army. Should the rags and scraps not be disposed of as agreed by the Italian Army, the rags and scraps will be disposed of as agreed by commanders named in paragraph 2 above, and ACC.

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Appx H to MIA Adm
Instruction No. 12 of
12 Oct 44

CLOTHING SCALE, ITALIAN ARMY

1. The basic clothing and individual equipment scale for all categories of the Italian Army is as follows:

* Blouse, Battle dress or US equivalents	ea	1
* Trousers, Battle dress or US equivalents	ea	1
Shirt, cotton	ea	2
Belt, web, waist	ea	1
Drawers, wool	ea	2
Undershirt, wool or pullover	ea	2
(1 pullover equals 2 undershirts, wool)	ea	2
Towel	ea	1
Cap, field	ea	1
Overcoat, or Mackinaw	ea	1
Boots or shoes	ea	1
(2 yrs authorized in winter if supplies permit)	pr	1
Socks	pr	3
Anklets, or leggings (when required)	pr	1
Sewing Kit, Initial issue only	ea	1
Blankets, or comforter (1 comforter equals 2 blankets)	ea	2
Packcarrier (When required)	ea	1
Canteen (When required)	ea	1
Kess Kit (including fork, spoon and cup)	ea	1

2. Addition to the scale will be as approved by AFHQ for BR-ITI and Commanding General, MATOSIA for US-ITI. Addition to the scale for ITI-ITI will be as approved by MIA and dependent upon the available supply received.

3. Field Jackets, wool shirts, wool caps, wool trousers, overcoats, mackinaws, and battle dress will be dyed green prior to issue to the Italian Army and Italian Air Force.

* US Field Jacket, wool shirt, wool trousers = 1 Blouse ED and 1 Trousers ED.

* Blouse, Battle dress or US equivalents	ea	1
* Trousers, Battle dress or US equivalents	ea	1
Shirt, cotton	ea	2
Belt, web, waist	ea	1
Drawers, wool	ea	2
Undershirt, wool or pullover		
(1 pullover equals 2 undershirts, wool)	ea	2
Towel	ea	1
Cap, field	ea	1
Overcoat, or mackinaw	ea	1
Boots or shoes	ea	1
(2 prs authorized in winter if supplies permit)	pr	1
Socks	pr	3
Anklets, or leggings (when required)	pr	1
Sewing Kit, initial issue only	ea	1
Blankets, or comforter (1 comforter equals 2 blankets)	ea	2
Packcarrier (When required)	ea	1
Centeen (When required)	ea	1
Mess Kit (including fork, spoon and cup)	ea	1

2. Addition to the scale will be as approved by AFHQ for BR-ITI and Commanding General, WATOUA for US-ITI. Addition to the scale for ITI-ITI will be as approved by MIA and dependent upon the available supply received.

3. Field Jackets, wool shirts, wool caps, wool trousers, overcoats, mackinaws, and battle dress will be dyed green prior to issue to the Italian Army and Italian Air Force.

* US Field Jacket, wool shirt, wool trousers = 1 Blouse ED and 1 Trousers ED.

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Appx J to MMIA Adm
Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44

MEDICAL STORES FOR ITALIAN ARMED FORCES

SCALES1. Hospital Diet Items.

Milk	6,200 lbs)	
Rice	11,700 lbs)	
Semolina or equivalent	3,000 lbs)	Based on 13,000
Butter or margarine	10,400 lbs)	patients for 10
Meat Extract	520 lbs)	days.

2. Disinfectants and Miscellaneous Stores.

Water Sterilizing Powder	15 lbs)	
Anti Mosquito Cream	375 lbs)	
Toxate Remover Tablets	350)	
Fly catchers	480)	
Prepared rat bait	1 1/2 lb)	
AL 63	20 lbs)	
Blocks fumigating	4)	
Anti Mosquito Spray	20 Gal)	
Cresol	10 Gal)	
Methylated Spirits	5 Gal)	
Malarinol	30 Gal)	
Paris Green	14 lbs)	

Scale per 1,000 men per month.

3. Medical Stores.

Standard scale of provision is 40 tons per 100,000 personnel per month. Itemized list omitted.

Milk 6,200 lbs)
 Rice 11,700 lbs)
 Semolina or equivalent 3,000 lbs)
 Butter or margarine 10,400 lbs)
 Meat Extract 520 lbs)

Based on 13,000
 patients for 10
 days.

2. Disinfectants and Miscellaneous Stores.

Water Sterilizing Powder	15 lbs	
Anti Mosquito Cream	375 lbs	
Taste Remover Tablets	250	
Fly catchers	480	
Prepared rat bait	1 1/2 lb	
AL 63	20 lbs	
Bleeks fumigating	4	
Anti Mosquito Spray	20 gal	
Cresol	10 gal	
Methylated Spirits	5 gal	
Malariol	30 gal	
Paris Green	14 lbs	

Scales per 1,000
 men per month.

3. Medical Stores.

Standard scale of provision is 40 tons per 100,000
 personnel per month. Itemized list omitted.

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NOTE

This form (MMIA FORM ST/8) is provided by the ITALIAN ARMY for all Units.

Apex A to MOLA Adm
Instruction No. 12
of 12 Oct 44.

MMIA FORM ST/B

RATIONS ISSUE NOTE
BUONO DI PRELEVAMENTO

Voucher No. _____
of Unit demanding
No di Serie del
Reparto prelevante _____

Voucher No. _____
of Issuing Depot
No di Serie del
Magazzino cedente _____

Unit
Reparto _____

Rations for consumption from
Razioni da consumarsi dal _____

No. days
No giorni _____

to
al _____

Ration Strength
Porzi da Vettovagliare _____

Single Scale / Travelling
Tipo Unico da Viaggio _____

Hospital
Ospedale _____

Total Number Rations
Numero Totale Razioni _____

Single Scale / Travelling
Tipo Unico da Viaggio _____

Hospital
Ospedale _____

Depot
Magazzino _____

ITEM GENERE					
QUANTITY QUANTITATIVO					
ITEM GENERE					
QUANTITY QUANTITATIVO					
ITEM GENERE					
QUANTITY QUANTITATIVO					
ITEM					

Raparto _____
 Rations for consumption from _____ to _____ No. days
 Razioni da consumarsi dal _____ al _____ No. giorni
 Ration Strength _____ Travelling _____ Hospital
 Forza da Vettovagliare _____ Tipo Unico _____ da Viaggio _____ Ospedale
 Total Number Rations _____ Travelling _____ Hospital
 Numero Totale Razioni _____ Tipo Unico _____ da Viaggio _____ Ospedale
 Depot _____
 Magazzino _____

ITEM GENERE					
QUANTITY QUANTITATIVO					
ITEM GENERE					
QUANTITY QUANTITATIVO					
ITEM GENERE					
QUANTITY QUANTITATIVO					
ITEM GENERE					
QUANTITY QUANTITATIVO					

Signature of Officer _____ Firma di un Ufficiale
 of Unit Demanding _____ del Raparto Prelevante
 Counter Signature of Officer _____ Controfirma di un Ufficiale
 of Unit Demanding _____ del Raparto Prelevante
 Signature of Officer Depot _____ Firma del Conseggiatario
 of Unit Demanding _____ del Magazzino esigente
 Signature of Person taking _____ Firma di chi preleva
 delivery of rations _____ le razioni
 Date _____ Data di prelevamento
 Rations drawn _____ Gelle razioni

This copy to be retained by unit drawing rations
 Questa copia deve ritenuta dal raparto prelevante

3746

RESTRICTED

LABOUR

7209 4463

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

DISTNO DISTRESS FORIT TOTALE REGRAT RAT CHT BLACC

80/6

RAI MADH

A 567

OCT 6/1945

HEADQUARTERS
OCT 1945
A. C. C.

DATE: 1945

RESTRICTED. Returns required under para 6(A) RAI ADM INSTR NO. 52 for month of Sept not received. Nil returns required

ACC DIST

ACTION A-1 (1) (2)
" NAVY SC (2)
INFO - A/C
LABOUR
ECON
A-1 (8)
AIR SC
FILE (2)
FIGHT

5745

RESTRICTED

OCTOBER 6/1945

R-E-S-T-R-I-C-T-E-D

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
ECONOMIC SECTION

30 September 1944

MEMORANDUM TO ALL SUB-COMMISSIONS:

CIVILIAN LABOR - EXEMPTION FROM MILITARY SERVICE

1. For information and guidance the following is quoted from RAAC memo above subject, dated 26 Sep 44.

"1. Application for exemption from military service of Italian civilians employed by US units of Rome Allied Area Command will be considered only in the case of highly skilled technical labor.

"2. Application for exemption of exceptional cases will be made by the Commanding Officer of the employing unit in writing, to Commanding General, RAAC. Civilians will not be sent to this Headquarters in person for this purpose."

For the Acting Section Head:

LAD

L. D. DENSMORE
Col., Sig C, CSO
Economic Section

5744

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
E.C. & M.G. SECTION
APO 394

Labar
4491

REF : 360/23/CA.

20 September 44.

SUBJECT : Italian War Material.

TO : Regional Commissioners, Region I, Southern, IV, V, VI,
VIII, IX, Liguria, Piemonte, XI and XII.
S.C.A.Os. 5 & 8 Armies.

The following should be added to paragraph 2 (b) of my letter
No. 360/11/CA of 10th August 1944.,

" This does not however preclude the rights of Operational
Commanders to make such use of the items mentioned as may
be necessary for operational reasons. "

M S Lush
M.S. LUSH,
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

DISTRIBUTION:

Italian Minister of War .
H.Q. A.A.I.
Rome Area Command
"C" & Group 2 List "A"

5743

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
R.C. & M.G. SECTION
APO 394

10 August 1944

Ref : 360/11/CA

SUBJECT : Italian War Material etc.

TO : Regional Commissioners, Region I - IX & "Z"
Provincial Commissioner, Foggia Province
S.C.A.Os 5 & 8 Armies.

1. This constitutes a full authority for the Italian Armed Forces to collect all vehicles and other war material originally held on charge by them.

2. Attention is drawn to:

(a) AMIQ Circular 13 of 1 May 1944, which clearly states:

"Italian Material. All Italian material belonging to all arms and services of the Italian Ground Forces and in the possession of the Italians at the time of the armistice is considered as Italian material and, except as otherwise directed by this headquarters is reserved for the use of the Italian Army under the direction of the Army Sub-Commission, Allied Control Commission."

(b) A.A.I. letter 2030/12/Q2 dated 1 July 1944 of which the following are extracts:

"Cases have occurred (particularly in R.C.E and other newly occupied localities) where property, transport and materials belonging to the Italian Forces have been removed from them without proper authority and when the operational need for such action no longer existed."

"In future no buildings, real estate, transportation or other materials belonging to the Italian Armed Forces, or in the possession of effective units of the Italian Navy, Army or Air Force, will be occupied, requisitioned, seized or made use of without prior reference to this H.Q."

"The Italian Commanders concerned have been authorised to place notices on their property indicating its ownership. These notices will be respected."

3. Every assistance should be given to the Italian Armed Forces in

Italian Army
4491

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(b) A.A.I. letter 2030/12/92 dated 1 July 1944 of which the following are extracts:

"Cases have occurred (particularly in RCE and other newly occupied localities) where property, transport and materials belonging to the Italian Forces have been removed from them without proper authority and when the operational need for such action no longer existed."

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"The Italian Commanders concerned have been authorised to place notices on their property indicating its ownership. These notices will be respected."

3. Every assistance should be given to the Italian Armed Forces in their efforts to maintain themselves by the salvaging and collecting into Depots of war material scattered throughout the country.

4. When ownership of any material is in dispute the matter will immediately be referred to this HQ for investigation and final decision.

DISTRIBUTION:

Italian Minister of War.
H.Q., A.A.I.
Home Area Command.
"C" & Group 2 List "1"

M.S. Lusk.
H.S. LUSH,
Brigadier,
Executive Commissioner.

Subject : Civil Labour - exemptions.

Provincial Commissioner,
ACC, Salazar Province.

Reference minute 17 of fourth meeting of 94 Sub Area Labour
Sub Committee held on the 24 May 44.

If exemption from call up for military service of the 1920 -
1924 classes is not allowed to skilled workers employed by the Forces
in 94 Sub Area, the following numbers, already employed, will be
affected. (As employment figures vary from day to day, the following is
an approximation). Only important groups have been included.

Blacksmith	20	Masons	10
Cooks	50	Plumbers	10
Carpenters	75	Painters	5
Chef	75	Radio Mechanics	2
Clerks	250	Signwriters	40
Crane Drivers	20	Timekeepers	50
Draughtsmen	10	Turners	5
Driver mechanics	100	Typists	50
Electricians	20	Welders	10
Interpreters	25		

Steps are being taken now to recruit replacements of older
classes but I anticipate great difficulty.

As indicated in minute 17, there is no likelihood of the
Italian Government re-introducing a law whereby labour may be drafted
into national service. However the reorganisation of Labour Offices
on a sound basis and with definite instructions, which Major Albright
stated was envisaged by the new law, should be of great help in obtaining
the desired workers. Can anything be done to push this scheme forward?
In the meantime I am using Major Pettit and his organisation as best I
can but he still suffers from the vagueness of his position which would
be clarified by the new law.

I am sending copy of this letter to Major Albright.

Field,

5 Jan 44.

Bundy
Major, D.A.M.
2904 Civil Labour Unit

Copy to DDL, 3 District.

CC Branch 54 Sub Area.

CC Branch 54 Sub Area.

Blacksmith	10	Masons	10
Cooks	50	Plumbers	10
Carpenters	75	Painters	5
Chockers	75	Radio Mechanics	5
Clerks	250	Signwriters	40
Casino Drivers	20	Timekeepers	50
Drumlightmen	10	Turners	5
Driver Mechanics	100	Typists	50
Electricians	20	Welders	10
Interpreters	25		

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As indicated in minute 17, there is no likelihood of the Italian Government re-introducing a law whereby labour may be drafted into national service. However the reorganization of labour offices on a sound basis and with definite instructions, which Major Albright stated was envisaged by the new law, should be of great help in obtaining the desired workers. Can anything be done to push this scheme forward? In the meantime I am using Signor Petti and his organization as best I can but he still suffers from the vagueness of his position which would be clarified by the new law.

I am sending copy of this letter to Major Albright.

Field,
3 Jun 44.

Handwritten: Only Major, DATT
2904 Civil Labour Reg.

Copy to 353, 3 District.
224 Branch 24 Sub Area.
Major Albright 100 Near KC Labour Sub Commission.

Handwritten: Not information -
45
Sent M. Allington

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394

4491

18/MAY/44

SUBJECT : CIVILIAN EXEMPTION CARDS

TO : Col. J. T. R. Bain
Director, Labor Sub-Commission

1. Reference is made to your scratch sheet on attached letter dated 9/5/44, same subject, this office.

Region III has made no provisions on this problem save that of individual officers making individual requests for essential personnel. Very few requests have been made.

2. Attached also are copies of three communications dealing with the matter taken from our files.

John Giammarco
JOHN GIAMMARCO
1st Lt., C.A.C.,
Labor Sub-Commission

~~43~~

5740-749

RE AT PEN BASE SECT SIG MES CENT

25 FEB 44

RESTRICTED

ROUTINE

CG PBS, ACC, G) SD) MAIN ACMF, MMIA, DISTWO, DISTHREE

NONE FLAMBO

250900A

251025A

SD 899/188567

NONE

IN REPLY MMIA SIGNAL 0241 of 17 FEB. RUTHLESS APPLICATION IS UNACCEPTABLE
OWING DISLOCATION PRESENT CIVILIAN LABOUR COMMITMENTS. THERE IS NO OBJECTION
TO ALL MEN REPORTING BUT SKILLED MEN HAVING REPORTED SHOULD CONTINUE THEIR PRESENT
SERVICE SUBJECT TO THEIR HAVING CERTIFICATE. DETAILS OF ISSUE OF THIS CERTIFICATE
WILL BE ARRANGED BY LABOUR SUB COMMITTEE OF LOCAL RESOURCES BOARD. UNSKILLED MEN
WILL BE TAKEN BACK INTO MILITARY SERVICE ONE CLASS AT A TIME AT RATE DEPENDANT ON
REPLACEMENT BY OTHER ITALIAN PERSONNEL.

5739

C O P Y

SUBJECT : Civilian Labor - Availability.

Capt. W. E. DAVY
S/o Director of Labor,
Labor Sub-Commission,
H. Q., A.C.C.

Ref: S/C 1/2/
26th Feb. 1944

With reference to the attached and conversation,
Lt.Col SMITH - Capt. DAVY, of today.

The Italian Government have proposed to conscript
the 1919 to 1924 classes. It is considered that such a measure
would involve a large percentage of both skilled and unskilled
labor employed by the Allied Forces.

A scheme whereby this could be avoided is at present
being prepared by D.D.L., FLAMBO. The scheme will be based upon
the information given in the attached signal, and a copy will be
secured for the information of your office.

Capt.,
Staff-Captain.

WED/

5738

From mmia

TO : Flambo ACMF rBS Distwo Disthree
Info Mmia to Catanzaro

Orig. N. 0241

In order to meet man-power demands on them for ACMF programme the Ital.Army is calling up all men of 1920 to 1924 classes who are illegally absent. Request you publish in orders and cooperate in this object without which programme of Labour and Specialist units cannot be realized within the time factors demanded. Instruct Mmia Liaison officers to contact senior Carabinieri officers of their Italian Formations and keep me informed by weekly report of local progress of this callup.

5737

TRANSLATION ARTICLE IN 9 May 1944 ISSID OF RISORGIMENTO

It is stated that the exemptions from the Military Service for Italian Civilians employed with Allied Forces in Italy have been abolished by the latest orders of the Allied Command.

The Chief Officer of the "Peninsular Base Section" told us that it is an other acknowledgement by the Allied Forces of the increasing importance of the Italian Army and Navy and that this law is for eliminating an impediment to the Italian Command for recruiting of necessary personnel. The Italian Command of Campania has called to arms the 1923 class and it is forces that other classes will be called in the near future.

The Allied Commander of Naples has cancelled all exemptions already given to the civil employees of the Allied Forces and has ordered that nobody again requests exemptions.

The same order of the Allied authorities in the theatre of Italian operations concern 90% of the civil employees, this order demands the revision of all exemptions from the Military Service already given, and orders that no more exemptions will be requested except for specialists.

5736

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
LABOR SUB-COMMISSION
A.P.O. 394

9/MAY/44

SUBJECT : CIVILIAN EXEMPTION CARDS

TO : Col. J. T. R. Bain
Director, Labor Sub-Commission

1. Per your direction, I went to the Military Mission to The Italian Government (MMIA) and spoke with Lt. Col. N. L. Offenhauer, the Director, regarding the initiation of a feasible method of handling exempted AF civilian employees when they are called to the Italian Military Offices for enrollment.

2. The Colonel is appreciative of the problem and will proceed to advise General Basso, the Italian Army Liaison Officer, not to have the cards picked up but merely extract the necessary information

3. As to illegal absentees, Lt. Col. Offenhauer would like your expression on screening and making them subject to call. He feels that these men, although skilled, are not irreplaceable and could be easily substituted if the Allied Force affected were given sufficient notice.

4. Today's Risorgimento carried a statement issued by FBS that the latter's employees are not exempt. Lt. Col. J. R. Smith, of this office, feels this is an error and should be retracted. In any event, he is taking steps to have FBS operate in accordance with existing policy.

5. Attached are the papers you gave me on the subject matter.

John Giammarco
John Giammarco
1st Lt. CAC
Labor Sub-Comm

5735

From : Advanced Headquarters, No 214 Group, R.A.F. CMF.

To : D.A.D.L. Naples.

Date : 22nd, April, 1944.

Ref : 214G/ADV/916/1/Org.

CIVILIAN EXEMPTION CARDS

By special permission of the Italian Military Commander, Comando FF.AA. della Campania, Naples, this Headquarters, were authorised to issue exemption from Military Service Certificates, to skilled workers employed by the Royal Air Force Units in this area.

2. These certificates are now being collected from the individuals concerned, by the Military Authorities, leaving the skilled workman without any protection, and the Carabinieri in their normal way of doing things, are arresting our employees and taking them away for further investigation.
3. This state of affairs is obviously very unsatisfactory, and a great hindrance to the war effort, and it is requested, that, your office could suggest to the appropriate authority a more sensible method of calling up for Military Service.
4. Attached herewith, is a copy of a letter ref, 113MU/3012/PC, dated the 20th, April, 1944, from No 113 Maintenance Unit, giving a specific instance in connection with one of their workshops, but complaints are coming in from all directions.

T. W. GRIMSHAW. S/LDR.

for

Air Commodore,
Air Officer Commanding
No 214 Group, R/A.F. CMF.

Copies to:-

Allied Military Government.
Comando della Campania.
Labour and Wages Control Committee, Local Resources Board.
Officer Commanding, No 113 Maintenance Unit.

513A

By special permission of the Italian Military Commander, Comando FF.AA. della Campania, Naples, this Headquarters, were authorised to issue exemption from Military Service Certificates, to skilled workers employed by the Royal Air Force Units in this area.

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for

Air Commodore,
Air Officer Commanding
No 214 Group, R/A.F.C.M.

Copies to:-

Allied Military Government.
Comando della Campania.
Labour and Wages Control Committee, Local Resources Board.
Officer Commanding, No 113 Maintenance Unit.

573A

COPY

From: No 113 Maintenance Unit, R.A.F. CME

To : Advanced Headquarters, No 214 Group, R.A.F. CME

Date: 20th April, 1944

Ref : 113MU/3012/PC.

CIVILIAN EXEMPTION CARDS

When civilians report to their Military District, cards are taken away and attached to their papers, and they are informed they will hear in a few days whether exemption has been granted or not.

2. In the meantime the Carabinieri are stopping the, and they have no exemption card.

3. Herewith is a list of civilians in the Merlin Section affected. The same remarks apply to other sections.

<u>NO</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>
1262	VILLA Giuseppe	Corso Enrico De Nicola 67
1003	BATTIMILLO Antonio	V.S. Eframo Vecchio No 10 Napoli
1631	LIBERTINO Donato	Via Umberto No 389
1326	RUSO Sabato	V Vitt Emanuele No 81. Piscinola.
540	GIACOME Michele	V F.M. Briganti, No 34
1517	MONTE Gaetano	V del Littorio No 9 Napoli
1270	SARNATORA Rocco	V Vitt Emanuele No 3 112 Second
1856	LISTA Clemente	V Vecchia Miano No 1 Capodichino
857	MAIETTA Ciro	V Vecchia Miano No 6.

Signed

????????????????

for

Wing Commander, Commanding
No 113 Maintenance Unit.

5733

4. On the Mainland Allied forces have been 73,000 of the Italian Army under their command including 9,000 combat troops; the programme is to build this up to 124,000 including a combat division of 14,000.

The Italian Army is calling in all illegal absentees of the 1923 class plus all illegally absent motor drivers; it will continue one class at a time until all are in control.

5. With reference to Sardinia, shipping ceased but is now starting again. Practically no Italian Army troops have been brought across to the Mainland during the past month, but Italian warships are now re-commencing to transport ten thousand per month. Of the garrison in Sardinia 20,000 are working for the Allies. 2,000 Italian Yugoslav soldiers are in the process of transfer to Corsica per air-ship loads under the Allied garrison there.

6. In Sicily the HQ 12 Italian Corps commenced formation in Palermo in mid March. It is carrying out a census of the inclusive 1912 to 1924 age classes who are legally liable for service and will then ask for permission to call them up within the ration ceiling.

C. Air Sub-Commission, Air Commodore H.A.B. Bowen-Bascarter.

1. There has been a continuance of operational work in the war effort. The Fighter Wing has been employed in offensive sweeps with good results along the Dalmatian Coast under the operational control of the Desert Air Force. Long range fighters have been used to give escort to I.A.F. supply dropping aircraft over Yugoslavia. The Bomber Transport Wing has been employed in dropping supplies to Partisans and Italian troops in Jugoslavia and evacuating wounded. The Coastal Wing has carried out convoy escort duties, anti-submarine patrols and air-sea rescue flights. The number of sorties carried out by each of these to date has been 1,520 for the Fighter Wing, 1,380 for the Bomber-Transport Wing and 714 for the Coastal Wing.

2. With the advent of fine weather it is hoped to work up to an aggregate of 1,000 sorties per month. Between 1st and 6th April there have been 14 supply dropping sorties, of which 37 have been successful, and 54 tons net of supplies have been dropped.

3. The maintenance and equipment position is not satisfactory. There is no proper organisation for dealing with either. Energetic steps are now being taken to put these on a proper basis. The success of these steps will depend to a great extent on the payment of civilian firms working for the I.A.F. for work carried out since the armistice. At present the Italian Government is being extremely ill-attributed in making these payments, and some firms may have to close down temporarily for lack of funds.

4. A total of 10,285 I.A.F. personnel are now on loan to the Allied Air Forces. The U.S.A.A.F. has taken up by far the greater proportion of these. It is satisfactory to note that they are giving excellent service in all branches. Since future demands may prejudice the operational capacity of the I.A.F., it will be necessary in the future to reserve the right to recall those required for I.A.F. duties when this becomes essential. Technical personnel are urgently needed.

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C. Air Cui-Comandision, Air Comandore R.A.B. Bowen-Buonafide.

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2. With the advent of fine weather it is hoped to work up to an aggregate of 1,000 sorties per month. Between 1st and 6th April there have been 44 supply dropping sorties, of which 37 have been successful, and 31 tons net of supplies have been dropped.

3. The maintenance and equipment position is not satisfactory. There is no proper organization for dealing with either. Energetic steps are now being taken to put these on a proper basis. The success of these steps will depend to a great extent on the payment of civilian firms working for the I.A.F. for work carried out since the Armistice. At present the Italian Government is being extremely difficult in making these payments, and some firms may have to close down temporarily for lack of funds.

4. A total of 10,285 I.A.F. personnel are now on loan to the Allied Air Forces. The U.S.A.A.F. has taken up by far the greater proportion of these. It is satisfactory to note that they are giving excellent service in all branches. Since future demands may prejudice the operational capacity of the I.A.F., it will be necessary in the future to reserve the right to recall those required for I.A.F. duties when this becomes essential. Technical personnel are urgently needed. There are a number of highly skilled technicians in Sardinia and also in North Africa. It is important to get the maximum number of technical personnel that can be obtained from all sources.

5. Further in regard to maintenance, we must have full access to all salvaged Italian Air Force material. There is a need for stronger orders to prevent further requisitioning of Air Force equipment.

6. A total of 515 I.A.F. Arditi personnel have been trained as a "Commando" battalion equipped with rifles, automatic rifles, machine-guns, and light mortars. They should be fit to do a combat job very shortly.

7. It is believed it would help to give a little more publicity to the good work being done by the Italian Air Force.

D. Telecommunications & Posts Sub-Commission, Colonel J. L. Henderson.

1. Internal telegraph service has been restored in and between all ten provinces of the mainland and all provinces in Sicily. There is service in Sardinia too, but no outlet from Sardinia, except for official traffic.
2. Telephone calls are limited to urban calls except for officials.
3. Work being handled at present includes the following:
 - a. Extension of internal telegraph service to include Naples, Avellino, Benevento, up to rear Army boundary.
 - b. Resumption of civil calls within provincial boundaries up to the same line.
 - c. The question of resumption of external cable service has been raised.

d. Repair of the main Salerno - Reggio cable is proceeding; when complete, this will give official telephone service with Catanzaro, Reggio, etc., and with Acetina, Catania, and Palermo.

4. The internal and foreign mail service has been extended to include Naples and Avellino provinces up to the rear Army boundary. The extension into Benevento province is in hand. Other special services have been worked out for the Vatican, I.R.S.C., Italian Prisoners of War, and to Italians in occupied territory.

5. Other activities have included correspondence with Military Signals over freeing of circuits for Italian Government use, and restoration of Eilat and Coast Watching circuits; correspondence with civil censorship; analysing and submitting to Geographic Section proposed rates for telegraph, telephone and postal services, arranging for supplies of stamps from U. S. for Italian Government; supervising Allied Control Commission communications.

E. War Materials Disposal Sub-Commission, Colonel J. T. Bellars.

1. This Sub-Commission's work is with War Materials Disposal and War Factories.
2. In Sicily the turn over to the Italians of war materials in excess of Allied needs is progressing. As regards the Western half of the Island it is about 95% complete, and the Eastern half is not so far advanced. On the mainland and in Sardinia the turnover continues as the tactical situation permits.
3. From available statistics and reconnaissance it was found that in Sicily prior to Allied invasion there were 60 factories producing war materials or essentials thereof. Of these 60, twelve are now producing in whole or in part either directly or under Allied supervision or by service troops themselves. Twelve to fourteen were completely destroyed by war. The remainder are producing from nothing to very little--these are mostly small factories without raw materials.

- b. Resumption of civil calls within provincial boundaries up to the same line.
- c. The question of resumption of external cable service has been raised.
- d. Repair of the main Salerno - Reggio cable is progressing; when complete, this will give official telephone service with Catanzaro, Reggio, etc. and with Mesina, Catania, and Palermo.
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5. Other activities have included correspondence with Military Signals over freeing of circuits for Italian Government use, and restoration of Picat and Coast Watching circuits; correspondence with civil censorship; analyzing and submitting to Economic Section proposed rates for telegraph, telephone and postal services, arranging for supplies of stamps from U. S. for Italian Government; supervising Allied Control Commission communications.

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3. From available statistics and reconnaissance it was found that in Sicily prior to Allied invasion there were 60 factories producing war materials or essentials therefor. Of these 60, twelve are now producing in whole or in part either directly or under Allied supervision or by service troops themselves. Twelve to fourteen were completely destroyed by war. The remainder are producing from nothing to very little--these are mostly small factories without raw materials.
4. It was since the last Conference that this Sub-Commission has acquired the additional responsibility of War Factories. This term applies only to Italian manufacturing plants in three general categories.
 - a. Italian War Factories operated directly by or under direct supervision of Allied Forces.
 - b. Italian War Factories operated directly by or under direct supervision of the Italian War Ministry.
 - c. Italian War Factories (Auxiliaries) operating in the production of War Materials under supervision of Italian War Ministry.
5. On the mainland the factories are nearly all used for the maintenance and repair of our own materials and equipment. The use of these factories is satisfactory.

2. Public Relations Branch, Major L. Fielden.

1. The Public Relations Branch was officially established on April 4th, during January and February Major Fielden was the only PRC with ACC though there were five PRCs attached to Regions III, IV and Fifth Army AFG. Regional PRCs have now been abolished and the officers assigned to this branch at Headquarters ACC.
2. During March representatives of 43 newspapers or newspaper syndicates consulted this Public Relations Branch and were supplied with the information and services they required. Interviews were arranged with members of ACC as requested. Twenty-six press releases on various aspects of the Commission's work were handed out. A Press Conference was convened on March 10. Arrangements were worked out for supplying regular news to the papers controlled by the IFA. The Allied Publications Board on which the PRC sat as a representative of ACC was reorganized and Local Boards were set up to deal with applications to publish.
3. Owing partly to the reorganization of ACC and partly to the lull in the battle fronts a growing interest was shown by correspondents and this interest should soon be reflected in the Allied press.
4. A weekly resume to Regional Commissioners of ACC activities has been started in an attempt to bridge some of the present gaps in relationships. It is hoped to produce a regular ACC journal about the work of ACC, the need for it being found in the fact that there is a great deal of expert detail which is liable to get by-passed.
5. Major Fielden pointed out that the IFO is sometimes regarded as being without clearly defined functions. It is one of the main activities of this Branch to see that the press gets the correct information, improve information being one of the chief causes for abuse in the Allied press. In order to get an accurate and comprehensive picture of the whole work of ACC to the press it will help greatly if every scrap of news regarding developments is obtained quickly.
6. Public Relations work had been concentrated at Headquarters, but in the near future men will be sent out into the Regions to get in touch with the activities there.

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The afternoon session opened at 1450 hours.

5731

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1315

III. Address by Chief Commissioner, Lieutenant General Noel Mason MacFarlane.

General MacFarlane commented on the political situation as being brighter than at the time of the last Conference. Then there was the threat of a strike by parties of the Left with reference to the Prime Minister's speech. After several discussions with the leaders involved, they called off the strike and held a public meeting of protest instead.

The Communist Party changed its policy and agreed to work with the Government of Marshal Badoglio. There had been little change in the 6 parties otherwise. The main objection had been the King. The King had recently crystallized his present intentions and the reaction of the parties to his declaration is awaited. The question is whether the other Parties will follow the lead given by the Communist Party or hold out for further action from the King. The lead by the Communist Party is to be warmly welcomed by us. These parties have had no constitutional method of achieving their aims, which has kept the threat of strikes and disturbances before us.

The end in view is a broader-based government as the greater the representation of the people the more they will pull together for the common cause. With the present action of the Communist Party and the statement of the King we are much nearer the goal of broadening the base of the Government.

The Chief Commissioner greeted the Advisory Council members who were present. Now that these representatives are resident in Naples we shall have the benefit of their local advice in connection with political problems.

General MacFarlane expressed his regret at the departure of Colonel McCaffrey. Brigadier Duchesne and Air Commodore Foster. A welcome was given to Air Commodore Bowen-Eusecarlet, new Director of the Air Sub-Commission. There have been other changes in the high positions in A.C.C. Brigadiers Dunlop and Carr have changed positions. Colonel Kirkwood would take over the new Region VII. Displaced Persons Sub-Commission would be taken over by Colonel Pinlay.

A welcome was also given to General De Gevin, French Representative with the Commission.

We are now approaching our ultimate ceiling in officer personnel. This ceiling represents the number with which we must tackle the whole of Italy. It will not be increased no matter how far forward we go through Italy. There will be no reinforcements. This makes it necessary to get the country sorted out as we go forward and to ensure that the Italians are capable of taking over as we go forward. Then our own personnel can be taken from the rear areas to new fields. It is hoped that the changes and transfers of the past few months will now become considerably less; however, this does not mean that a person will be permitted to be "stuck" in a job, or in an undesirable location. To prevent this periodical reviews of appointments will be made.

There is still scope for improvement in contacts between Regions and Headquarters. It is desired that people should get out from Headquarters, and on the other hand, visitors from Regions will be welcomed here.

General MacFarlane reminded the Commissioners again of the way in which A.C.C. works. As we go forward we begin activities in territory with the A.C.C.s of the Armies. This is followed up by Regional Military Government and when the time is ripe, and the

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General MacFarlane reminded the Commissioners again of the way in which ACC works. As we go forward we begin activities in territory with the AMG of the Armies. This is followed up by Regional Military Government and when the time is ripe, and the Advisory Council approves, the territory is handed over to the Italians and ACC assumes advisory functions. It is essential to train the Italians, as we do not have the manpower to run the show. The time to clean up Fascism is during the AMG period. Things must be sorted out. Fascists must be sacked and the right Italians must be picked and trained while we are exercising military government. It is much more difficult to do this after becoming "advisory" and losing the executive rule. Once an Italian has been appointed by AMG, he cannot be removed without our consent. Unless the Italians can produce a man whom we feel is fit, they cannot replace our man. Therefore it is most important to train them during the AMG stage. If the right man cannot be found, then Headquarters should be advised at once. Marshal Badoglio has always cooperated when asked to provide a man.

The Regions will normally "stay put" when control passes to the Italian Government. Personnel will be reduced in numbers and functions will be advisory. This advisory job will become easy or difficult depending upon the executive period under AMG.

The Chief Commissioner stated that he did not think that Headquarters and the Regions are yet working as smoothly as they might. This is due very largely to lack of conception on the part of some people as to what is required, also lack of practical experience. On technical questions the Sub-Commissions will deal direct with Regions and provinces in the field. When it comes down to operational directives, these must go through Regional Commissioners. They must know what is going on in order to coordinate the work. Two things must be avoided; namely, (1) working too much in water-tight compartments and (2) delay in office procedure. The "pending" trays should be abolished.

In closing the Chief Commissioner remarked that probably all realize, from this Conference and the last one, the complexity and number of tasks which the organization must face. He expressed his appreciation for the good efforts and work done to solve these complex problems.

IV. REPORTS BY ECONOMIC SECTION.

A. Industry and Commerce Sub-Commission, Colonel W. Evans.

1. A stage of advancement from survey to actual rehabilitation has now been reached which necessitates co-ordination with Services for mutual integration of salvage program, cannibalisation and restoration.
2. A visiting Commission from C.C.C. emphasized the importance of relief of skilled labor shortage in US and UK. Shipping space is no longer the sole overriding consideration. Importation of raw materials is preferable to manufactured products. Cloth and leather, needles and sewing thread are needed from abroad.
3. Local Resources Boards have continued excellent cooperation from Local Resources Section, HQ.M.I (Adm. Ech) but it is clear that Local Boards in Sicily and Sardinia require definite policy directives to prevent confusion. Director and Joint Vice Chairmen are proceeding forthwith to Sicily for this purpose.
4. Some of the achievements can be enumerated as follows:
 - a. 78 industrial plants have now been surveyed including many of major importance and a report on heavy industries is now in the printers' hands.
 - b. Caustic soda is now actually here and cigarette paper is en route. Thus soap and tobacco industries are being reactivated.
 - c. The screening of the requisitions for the next six months entailed considerable work. The items numbered 1748 varying from sphygmometers to riveting hammers.
 - d. Export program is now being rapidly developed from Mainland.
 - e. Sulphur and coal program from Sicily and Sardinia respectively has been continued but coal output has been limited by AFHQ orders.
5. The various problems at present are:

a. Lack of transportation, especially the tire situation, is ⁴³⁰ The instructions issued by C.E.C. and MOCs for requisitioning tires have proved impossible

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- a. Lack of transportation, especially the tire situation, is ¹³⁰ The instructions issued by C.E.C. and MGS for requisitioning tires have proved impossible to observe in practice.

- b. There has been no quota of Regional personnel determined for Industry and Commerce functions. At Headquarters there is an acute shortage of translators, the services of the interpreters and translators pool being inadequate.

B. Labour Sub-Commission, Colonel J. R. Bain.

1. A final draft of a Royal Decree, which is in essence a Magna Carta for Italian labor, has been completed, and is now being submitted for acceptance. This is the combination of long months of experience and study with the Italian Government, Italian labor, and the results of ABC/ACC administration. This document, when issued, may well stand as a lasting monument of Allied Occupation, and should be broadcast to other nations in the Axis sphere as concrete evidence of our aims and purposes. This will be followed by a further decree giving trade unions a charter setting forth their rights, privileges and restrictions.

2. The past month has shown that too frequently we meet with non-cooperation. Problems have been handled at too low a level. It is of the utmost importance that the Labor Sub-Commission definitely and actually be recognized as the principal authority in all labor matters for all Italian Territory, so as to eliminate interference, and decisions made by various other agencies and departments without reference to, or clearance by, the Labor Sub-Commission. Too many problems have been handled which had been picked at and made "mine" previously. Field officers should keep us advised. In this connection, it is pointed out that there are no field officers in Sardinia, Region II, Fifth Army, Eighth Army, Displaced Persons, and Italian Refugee Branch.

3. It has become more apparent than ever, particularly since the Italian Government has been given jurisdiction over certain areas, that the responsibilities and problems of the Labor Sub-Commission have more than doubled, therefore another urgent request is made for increased personnel to handle this formidable task.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner emphasized the necessity of referring matters to the Labor Sub-Commission when labor plays a part in them, and all concerned were urged to make full use of this Sub-Commission's services. The lack of personnel is something which must be faced since we are held down to a ceiling. It will be seen what can be done about giving them more personnel in the field. One difficulty with the limited ceiling is that you cannot ensure having enough of the right people in the right places. In many cases the problem is not capable of being solved.

C. Agriculture Sub-Commission, Major W. A. Kertman.

1. The Italian Minister of Agriculture and the Director of Agriculture Sub-Commission conferred with Allied and Italian officials in Sicily, Apulia, Lucania, and Calabria in the interest of creating uniform agricultural organizations in the field to obtain maximum production at harvest and in assessing of wheat and other vital crops.

2. It has been endeavored to get a plan defined. The new Minister advised that a field check would be necessary before such a plan could be outlined. Such field checks have been completed in Regions I and II. The Minister at each place spoke to various agricultural officials and expressed to them what they must do with reference to organization. They have had instructions and pressure has been brought to bear, but we still have no defined plan in writing.

3. We do not have more than ten trained agricultural officers in the theatre. Also the Minister cannot locate competent men who are willing to accept responsibilities. We have suggested means to him, but he has refused to do anything about it. We have promises but no written results. The Agriculture Sub-Commission has the complete cooperation of the Ministry's staff except the Minister himself when it comes to action.

4. Another problem is transportation. No Italian agricultural official has a car in Sicily. The Minister was pushed on this question. The provision of at least 1 car to each Compartment Inspector and 2 cars to each Provincial Inspector is necessary.

5. Beginning April 15 Provincial officials will be making out a crop condition report. This will become a bi-monthly report. A revised forecast by 15 May

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5. Beginning April 15 Provincial officials will be making out a crop condition report. This will become a bi-monthly report. A revised forecast by 15 May will be on additional basis for completing plans to obtain maximum amassing of wheat and other crops.
6. Seed potato imports totaled about 37,000 tons, a large proportion of which arrived after latest safe planting date 15 March; about 2500 tons of late arrival had to be diverted to army ration; sterility due to long time on boat plus other reasons necessitated diverting an additional 1500 tons for food use. With these exceptions loss of seed has been extremely small in light of obstacles that were overcome to get seed in ground.
7. A survey of fishing conditions and needs to get a maximum harvest are being completed for all occupied territory including Sardinia; fishing supplies available from local resources are being distributed to areas which assure largest fish catch. Arrangements are in process of completion to assure tuna fishing operations in season along coastal waters of Italy and North Africa; approval has been obtained to

extend night fishing operations at several points along coasts of Italy and Gardinia. A fish marketing plan has gone into effect in Naples area which will minimize black market operations and result in more equitable distribution; etc. Close working relations have been established with Fisheries Section of Italian Ministry of Agriculture on the above and all other activities of the Division.

5. Fuel wood harvest operations in Fifth Army area about 10 miles from Cassino continue to provide for all needs of hospitals and other army purposes in forward areas. About 100 civilians are employed on this job. Steps have been taken to re-activate the Italian Royal Forestry Corps to assume responsibility for necessary forestry operations. Most of the personnel do not have forestry training. It seems to have been a typical Fascist organization.

D. Food Sub-Commission, Lt Col M. J. Lang.

1. The Food Sub-Commission is one of the younger subcommissions, whose principal job is to ensure that the people receive their daily bread. This has been achieved. The ration scale and miscellaneous food issues for April are higher and more varied than for any previous month. May issues are expected to be on a similar scale. Regarding distribution, May and June will be difficult months. Of ten cereal ships, nine will be grain ships and one only will be flour. Previously these ships have been mixed cargo. The program now, however, is different; of this fact the Regional Commissioners should be informed. With only two ports accepting bulk grain, we are faced with the problem of a tonnage of 65,000 tons. Also 500,000 quintal-size sacks will be needed to handle the grain. This complicates distribution and puts a strain on the men. Further in regard to the sack problem, the Food Sub-Commission has opened up recovering depots to resack flour and grain, which involves much work.

2. There is a pressing need to take into account local resources. We have planned to take care of the supplies, both wheat and cereal crops, to which Major Hartman has referred.

3. Regional Commissioners have spoken about regional resources and trade. Free trade should be encouraged but requires coordination and control. A civil supply Italian group is working closely with Minister Lucifero and by this means it is hoped to control the basic items of supplies of cereals and pulse crops of this country. Despite the changes in the Ministry of Agriculture definite progress has been made. Agriculture will provide the answer to many food problems and to the many requests for an increase in ration scale.

4. Another sore spot is ration cards and counterfeit cards. We are now actively engaged in pursuing a rationing enforcement policy. A plan was recommended to Regional Commissioners. An equal number of inspectors and Guardia di Finanza are employed. Shops for operation are selected at widely separated points. Inspectors are in shops during service hours. Inspectors and Guardia di Finanza are changed daily. Inspectors examine ration cards of all persons entering the shop. Inquiries are made for purposes of checking ownership. The following gives an indication of the success of the drive.

During first two days eight baker shops were taken under control. Forty-one false cards were found; 11 were found belonging to deceased persons; 13 other people who had left the district and the number of borrowed cards was 34. A copy of this scheme is being circulated to Regional Commissioners for use in their own

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2. Finance Sub-Commission, Colonel E. H. Foley.

1. During March steps have been taken to establish the Banca d'Italia as the central bank for the Italian Government in the liberated area. For King's Italy the branch at Salerno has been made acting head office, and the branches in Regions III, V and VI are managed from Naples. An officer of the Finance Sub-Commission has been appointed Liaison Officer to the Bank and has his office in the Salerno Branch. This integration has enabled us to finance the Italian Government's deficit out of the existing currency reserves of the Banca d'Italia. Since April 1, no advances of 44 lire currency are being made to the Italian Government or parastatal organizations and arrangements are now being made to finance provinces and communes out of bank funds. In fact the currency reserves of the central bank now stand at such a level that we are withdrawing 1.9 billion lire from the Banca d'Italia. This withdrawal is in the form of a partial repayment of the advances made to the Italian Government or its sub-divisions by ACC/AMC. Such advances total about 5 billion lire and the

payment is approximately 2/3 of this amount.

2. Colonial policy, while in Washington, arranged for the printing and preparation of new Italian Government currency. It is estimated that this currency will not be available for approximately six months from final approval of the design. When available, we can take steps in economic warfare and inflationary control.

3. Black market dealing in non-legal tender money has been developing. It is hoped to take effective action to stamp out this currency coming in and put a stop to violations of law involved in transactions in which it is implicated.

4. More drastic penalties are recommended when sentencing convicted forgers, as a number of cases involving forgery of LM lire currency are constantly coming to light. The volume of cases is not dangerous but should be checked.

5. The present economic situation of liberated Italy is chiefly characterized by an extreme shortage of foodstuffs with consequent high black market prices.

The largest single source of incomes in liberated Italy is the Italian Government's deficit, which is estimated to be 20 billion lire since 1 July 1943, and is now averaging over 3 billion lire per month. The monetary measures we are taking include an attempt to reduce the level of Italian Government spending, more drastic tax measures and a reduction in the size of the deficit by more Government borrowing from the people.

6. A Commission from Washington has visited here to see how records are being kept regarding imports. It is necessary to cost account supplies coming in. We must know what goods come in, country of origin and what disposition is made of them. The Regional Commissioners must help in this collection of supply accounting data. The Chief Accountant reports that the necessary information is very slow in forthcoming from the Regions.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner stressed the point made by Colonial Policy regarding the furnishing of proper information to Headquarters so that the show may run properly.

F. Public Works & Utilities Sub-Commission, Lt Col L. A. Jenny.

1. Work is progressing in regard to military highways but the lack of personnel and equipment is a handicap. Military authorities have asked that we extend and accelerate our organization and steps have been taken to accomplish this. Personnel will have to be increased and highway construction material must be imported from the United States. A plan has been put up to HQ AAI for review.

2. A program of procedure for utility rates was submitted and approved at a Special Economic Section meeting. Basic structure is not being altered.

3. Colonel Jenny mentioned the incident occurring in Reggio where a gas factory had to be shut down when their electricity supply was cut off. He explained that this rationing of electricity was an emergency measure brought about by a railroad's need for electricity. The decree for this rationing was not ready although the Minister had been pushed for it. Thus rationing was actually undertaken by us before the Decree became effective, and the demand was kept within the amount allotted.

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3. Colonel Jenny mentioned the incident occurring in Foggia where a pasta factory had to be shut down when their electricity supply was cut off. He explained that this rationing of electricity was an emergency measure brought about by a railroad's need for electricity. The decree for this rationing was not really although the Minister had been pushed for it. Thus rationing was actually undertaken by us before the Decree became effective, and the demand was kept within the amount allotted by the Local Resources Board. When the Decree was published in the Gazette, we found that it did not conform to the final draft which we had approved and which was stronger and more precise than the published form. After discussing this matter with the Legal Sub-Commission we requested the passage of a new Decree in the form approved by us and cancelling the one in effect now.

4. Studies are in progress in cooperation with the Ministries of Public Works and Merchant Marine, for raising sunken ships in various harbors so as to clear harbors and make use of the ships; and five million lire have been appropriated for this. Studies are also in progress for the rehabilitation of shipyards capable of building small wooden vessels from 200 to 500 tons.

5. Officers of this sub-Commission have visited Sicily and Sardinia and have studied PM & U conditions in these two Regions. Some changes are being contemplated in Sicily.

6. AOC has just been asked to study the question of taking over and operating various plants producing essential construction materials. The armed forces have taken over many plants and materials are taken to the front areas.

7. At the last meeting a statement was made that the situation so far as electrical current for Rome was concerned was favorable. Work for restoration has been assigned to EES. Financing the project and providing labor and food for workers was assigned to AOC.

8. Army and many AOC regional and provincial units have requisitioned automobiles and trucks belonging to the Italian engineer forces. This practice must cease. We are planning to issue special permits to them, with the cooperation of the armed forces, "freezing" their equipment so they can function.

9. A very large number of varied problems have been handled including repairs to buildings and building a "viewover" for the Volturno Building. Also the recent eruption of Vesuvius added to our tasks.

10. The Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission has a basic task to perform. It is composed of specialists in various fields but does not have enough men to handle the tasks that have been given to it to perform. A few more men are needed at headquarters. Regions II, III, V must have personnel. Region VIII needs electrical experts to go into Rome; about four more are needed immediately.

G. Transportation Sub-Commission, Colonel S. A. Ritch.

1. The military authorities still retain control of railways on the Mainland and in Sardinia. In Sicily the complete supervision of the whole of the railways became the responsibility of AOC as from 18 March, and it is a little early to assess the results. The volume of civil freight movement generally has increased as compared with the previous month.

2. Owing to a shortage of coal, locomotives and rolling stock, and the heavy priority requirements of Allied Forces, the railway facilities available for civil traffic are still barely sufficient to meet essential civil needs. No increase in civil passenger train services can yet be made.

3. 550 trucks have been made available since the last meeting, of which 150 are awaiting allocation. Will be handed over to the Italian Government in the near future. The 1001 G.I. Coy. (120 trucks) will be handed over to Region II fit for work in a few days.

4. Movements arranged through this sub-Commission for schooner transportation are increasing. The setting up of a more satisfactory organization for schooners is pending. A few schooners have been allocated to specific points for local civil movements. It is hoped to secure increased allotments for regular local movements, as soon as sufficient evidence of need is forthcoming.

H. Shipping Sub-Commission, Mr. Robert Nicol.

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9. A very large number of varied problems have been handled including repairs to buildings and building a "ricovero" for the Volturno Building. Also the recent eruption of Vesuvius added to our tasks.

10. The Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission has a basic task to perform. It is composed of specialists in various fields but does not have enough men to handle the tasks that have been given to it to perform. A few more men are needed at Headquarters. Regions II, III, V must have personnel. Region VIII needs electrical experts to go into Rome; about four more are needed immediately.

G. Transportation Sub-Commission, Colonel B. A. PITCH.

1. The military authorities still retain control of railways on the mainland and in Sardinia. In Sicily the complete supervision of the whole of the railways became the responsibility of AGC as from 18 March, and it is a little early to assess the results. The volume of civil freight movement generally has increased as compared with the previous month.

2. Owing to a shortage of coal, locomotives and rolling stock, and the heavy priority requirements of Allied Forces, the railway facilities available for civil traffic are still barely sufficient to meet essential civil needs. No increase in civil passenger train services can yet be made.

3. 550 trucks have been made available since the last meeting, of which 150 are awaiting allocation. Will be handed over to the Italian Government in the near future. The 1001 G.T. Coy. (120 trucks) will be handed over to Region II fit for work in a few days.

4. Movements arranged through this Sub-Commission for schooner transportation are increasing. The setting up of a more satisfactory organization for schooners is pending. A few schooners have been allocated to specific points for local civil movements. It is hoped to secure increased allotments for regular local movements, as soon as sufficient evidence of need is forthcoming.

H. Shipping Sub-Commission, Mr. Robert NICOL.

1. The registration of the schooners is proceeding in a more orderly and rapid manner than was anticipated. They are very limited in number. Upwards of 200 schooners are now registered, and a considerable number of these are employed under the direction of the Mediterranean Shipping Board Schooner Committee in work for the services of the Allied Nations.

2. It will now become increasingly difficult for this Schooner Committee to function unless the economic requirements of the area are presented once a month in practical form in order that the allocation of shipping may be made for its fulfillment.

3. The following is an illustration to show the necessity for producing the programme which is so earnestly desired. Since almost the total requirements of flour for the month of May are arriving from Australia in one large ship, in order to save our ocean going tonnage it is desirable that this ship should discharge at one port. Mr. Nicol together with his colleagues have acquired as to what contribution the Schooner Committee can make towards the distribution of this flour to its ultimate destination. A problem such as this can be quickly solved provided all parties perform their requisite parts.

4. The operation of other Italian ships has been a matter on which this Sub-Commission has been most closely engaged in conjunction with the Commander-in-Chief and our principals in Washington and London. The ships now being employed in useful service are the results of machinery which we have created. The Italian tonnage in service is as follows:

a. Inside the Mediterranean--passenger type 10338 G.R.T., cargo vessels 73,232 D.W.T. and tankers 46398 D.W.T.

b. Outside the Mediterranean--passenger type 24470 G.R.T., and cargo vessels 10323 D.W.T.

I. Acting Vice President of Economic Section, Colonel D. E. Adams (reporting in the absence of the Hon. Mr. Henry Grady).

1. The reports of the Sub-Commissions have given an overall picture of the activities. Although we feel at times that progress is slow, it is apparent from the reports already made that very substantial progress has been made in a comparatively short time.

2. This is impressive when we look back and realize that the General's first conference was held only a little over two months ago. That was the first time the Regions and Headquarters gathered together as one organization under one command with jurisdiction over all civil affairs activities in this theatre. On the economic side it has made possible rapid progress in making effective its program in connection with wage levels, prices, food rationing and distribution, accounting, requisitions for imports for essential requirements, and in the control of local resources.

3. ACC is now establishing itself with the various services as an important section of the Allied Forces in Italy; an agency that can be depended upon to handle the many problems involving civilian labor, local resources, including food, engineer and other materials; also the handling and distribution of food imports.

4. Looking ahead, there is a tremendous amount of work to be done. One job facing us right now is the food situation. The Combined Chiefs of Staff have indicated to us their expectation that, with the coming harvest, Italy must feed itself and no longer may expect the imports of food such as we have had in past months. The responsibility for effecting this policy is placed on ACC and, of course, the Italian Government must assume its proper responsibility in this connection and has already been approached on the matter. The possibility of Italy feeding itself has already been explored and the program for the collection and amassing of the grain, reduction in food and seed retentions, prices of wheat, etc. will be discussed with the Regional Commissioners while they are here. The necessity for feeding the Italian people from local resources is one of such general concern that all members of ACC should be acquainted with this policy of the Combined Chiefs of Staff.

The Economic Section and Regional Commissioners have a primary responsibility but will need the cooperation of all of ACC, particularly Public Health and Public Safety Sub-Commissions. Also all publicity releases will have to closely support this policy.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner commented that the Italian

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Comments by Chief Commissioners: The Chief Commissioner commented that the Italian Government is not giving the cooperation it should. This may be due in certain cases to political insecurity of certain Ministers. It will presumably show improvement with the coming of a broader-based and more secure government. We must realize however the manner in which the Italian Government came into being. Marshal Badoglio with but one clerk initiated this government. They did not bring experienced personnel from Rome. Thus we are dealing with an administrative machine which has been built up with difficulty. We must get everything possible out of them as rapidly and efficiently as possible. It is no surprise that they are not functioning as one would expect a government to function. That does not mean we should not try by all means and methods to get the 'goods' from them.

A recess was called at 1630 and the conference reopened at 1645.

REPORTS BY ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION.

A. Interior Sub-Commission. Colonel R. G. E. Spicer.

1. There has been the misconception that Interior Sub-Commission is bracketed with Public Health, whereas it deals with the Minister of the Interior outside the sphere of Public Health, Public Welfare and Public Safety. There is almost daily contact with Minister Reale or his staff. Multifarious matters concerning Prefects, Sindaci and other extraneous matters come up.

2. A course in local government was held between 16-22 March. Officers attended from HQ AGC and Regions I, II, III, and V. The interest shown was gratifying and the Interior staff learned much from the students. A second course is in progress.

3. Colonel Spicer with his staff officer has visited Benevento, Avellino, Campobasso, Caserta, San Vittore, and AM N.2. Corps Main HQ Liaison Officer. In each place the senior officer was interviewed and with his permission, whenever possible, the Prefects. It was a surprise to find that the Giunta Comunale is actually functioning in Region III and 5th Army areas, even north of the Volturno.

4. Captain R. R. Temple of the Sub-Commission has been on tour in Sardinia since late April.

5. Local Government on the lines approved by the Chief Commissioner is alive in Region III. The first meeting of the Giunta Provinciale Amministrativa in Salerno Province was attended by officers of the first course as guests. An immense amount of business was done and the citizen members sat for the first time. It is firmly believed that these appointments and opportunities are producing and will produce a better and real feeling of responsibility in the rehabilitation of their country by the men of the people as opposed to career officials, and will play no mean part in stabilizing affairs.

6. The Royal Decree in regard to the reconstitution of Local Government is still under discussion with the Minister of the Interior. The Legal Sub-Commission has been consulted and has advised certain amendments.

B. Public Safety Sub-Commission, Colonel P. C. Kirk.

1. Conferences of Regional and Public Safety Officers have been held and uniform policies adopted.

2. Relations for Public Safety organizations have been an important item.

3. Regional Commissioners, police and Public Safety officers are all interested in the clothing and equipping of the police.

4. Contact with the Carabinieri is daily.

5. There have been growing accounts of misconduct of Allied troops.

6. Replacement pools for Carabinieri have been established at Naples & Bari.

7. A tour of inspection is being conducted from a disciplinary point of view in the Guardia di Finanza.

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7. A tour of inspection is being conducted from a disciplinary point of view in the Guardia di Finanza.
8. Fire control and civil defence are still static.
9. Licensing is going forward with a uniform system.
10. A scheme for de-fascistization in AMG areas has been proposed and will be considered at the meeting tomorrow.

C. Public Health Sub-Commission, Brigadier G.S. Parkinson.

1. The Typhus Board was dispersed. A Hygiene Advisory Board has been set up. The first meeting has been held with discussions of venereal disease, malaria control and sanitation of towns and villages.
2. The Italian Government has been asked to set up a VD Department and to take more vigorous action in dealing with gimps and clandestine prostitution. More

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hospital beds have been provided for prostitutes. There has been a slight fall in the VD rate among troops in Region I.

3. Malaria control is headed by Colonel Russell of the Rockefeller Foundation. A malaria survey of Sardinia has been made, as well as of other known malaria areas. Meetings have been held to ensure uniformity of action and cooperation. We are trying to get the Italians to cooperate as much as possible.

4. The increased rations in hospitals have been much appreciated.

5. A veterinary survey of Sicily has been made which shows that the Italian veterinary service is getting back to peace conditions and that biologicals are being produced in quantity. Directives have been sent out on the immunization of live stock.

6. Medical supplies are coming in regularly and distribution is better. Additional storehouses have been set up in convenient places. More clothing was received and distributed. There is a shortage only of certain items rather than insufficient consignments of supplies.

7. There has been a certain amount of pilfering of Red Cross clothing. Investigations are being made. Drugs have also been stolen in hospitals.

8. Close liaison with the Italian Government has been maintained with the view of eventually setting up a Welfare Department to meet the requirements of the Italian people.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: General MacFarlane inquired regarding forage for army mules in Sardinia. It was not definitely known, but reported that forage had to be shipped from the mainland.

The Chief Commissioner commended the work of Colonel Russell and the Rockefeller Foundation Institute on the fine results brought forth in dealing with the typhus epidemic.

D. Legal Sub-Commission. Colonel G. R. Velez.

1. The Allied military courts have been requested to give to Regional Commissioners the right to review all cases of imprisonment. This is a most important duty, and it is hoped the Commissioners will do part of the reviewing themselves.

2. The Chief Legal Officer in a Region is a key man who can help the G.O.C. to administer justice. It is noted that a sentence in a country district may not be adequate in a place like Naples, thus good legal advice is necessary in the Regions. As a further aid a book will be distributed shortly, "Justice Without Tears" which will be void of technical language.

3. There are 26 legal officers on loan in Naples. 4000 cases were tried last month. It has been discussed with the Italian Government whereby they will take over more of the legal work in Naples, as these officers cannot be left in this city.

4. The policy of putting across what we desire through decrees has proven satisfactory. The Italian Government is to reproduce in a week to ten days some decrees which we want in occupied territories.

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5. The Italian Government has done useful work in getting a pool of judges as they come through the lines. A substantial number must be kept for Rome but we can help Brigadier Carr somewhat.

6. Fascist legislation has been reviewed. Many excellent laws were passed under Mussolini's regime. The bad Fascist laws are being weeded out.

7. A further directive from A.H.Q. is being awaited as to the requisitioning of Papal property. This is a very difficult question. Previous directives were very conflicting. As soon as instructions are forthcoming they will be embodied in a directive to the field.

2. Education Sub-Commission, Lt Col T. V. Smith.

1. The High school youth organization has shown splendid work and has been very active. A concert to raise funds to further their organization was held in Salerno.
2. An investigation has begun in universities to see what kind of standards are operating underneath the routine.
3. A survey of schools was instituted in Regions III and IV trying to get a picture of what was there when we came and what is now. It is under JMC. We are trying to be constructive in the Italian system.

3. Property Control Sub-Commission, Lt Col C. E. Harris.

1. In Region I the process of taking custody of all Allied property is nearly complete. Also this is true in Region IV.
2. We have reached an agreement with the Italian Government as to the steps necessary to legalize the activities of the Property Control Sub-Commission under Italian law.
3. A satisfactory agreement on the financial side of properties has been reached whereby the Italian Government will advance necessary funds where the income is insufficient. They also agreed to advance funds in cases where war damage had been caused to properties.

4. Monuments and Fine Arts Sub-Commission, Major D. T. de Wild.

1. The reorganization of personnel has been somewhat of a problem but it is hoped that it will be satisfactorily solved.
2. There was supervision of activities in the field which Sub-Commissions had undertaken. In Regions I, II and III there were a number of monuments and churches needing attention as a result of war damage. Work in Region I is finished and is practically finished in Region II; the difficult problems are in Region III. These are of two kinds: (1) Repair of churches bombed. In the last German raid a very famous Renaissance church was struck and partly demolished. Due to efficient cooperation with Italian officials, repairs were completed in two weeks. (2) Buildings such as the Royal Palace which suffered damage due to looting or mishandling by troops. A commission was established to take care of such items.

3. Action taken on the recommendations of the Collier report include the following:

- a. Care of National Museum, Royal Palace, San Martino, Pompei, etc.
- b. Preparation of draft regarding the protection of property of historical and educational importance in Italy; submission of it to HQ A.I. (Adm Ech); their issuance of it as administrative instruction No. 10.

c. The preparation of lists of protected monuments as required by the

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 - c. The preparation of lists of protected monuments as required by the Administrative Instruction No. 3, Lazio and Abruzzi now in hands of printer. South Italy follows immediately and also Tuscany.
 - d. The preparation of AEA publication on art in Italy.
 - e. Inspection trips to the most important areas were made by the Director and Deputy Director.
 - f. In regard to the future we are ready for action as the armies move forward.
 - g. This Sub-Commission came into being through the President of the United States and cultural sources in the U.S. and U.K. We are to give first aid to war damage where it happens but we are not just a sweeping up squad. It is our first duty to try to avoid there being damage to works of art.

H. Vice President of Administrative Section, The Rt Hon The Viscount Stansgate.

1. Lord Stansgate stated his belief that all profit greatly by the Conference. He expressed his desire to be more fully informed about the activities of the Economic Section since they are the backbone of the whole program.

2. Comment was made on the close contact which could be had with the Italian Ministries due to their advantageous location. We do know what is happening, even though we may know not what the man in the street thinks.

3. Lord Stansgate remarked that he would like to regard the Regional Commissioners as our "eyes and ears." It is necessary to hear from them more than just in the monthly reports. We need their impressions. The Headquarters is trying to build up the morale of the Italian people. The Regional Commissioners should fully inform the Sub-Commissions of the state of affairs as they note them. Lively daily contact is needed.

4. Reference was made to the fact that some directors object to the actions of Ministers in removing prefects. This is another item which should be brought to Headquarters attention.

5. Regarding visits to the field, 43 individuals have been in the field 165 days. We should be very glad to have men from the Regions in to visit Headquarters.

6. It is hoped that we may do something in the direct war effort. We must help the Anglo-Italian relationships and get the Italians' hearts into the war effort.

VI. Closing address by Deputy Chief Commissioner, Captain Ellery W. Stone, USNR.

Captain Stone stated his belief that it had been a very constructive meeting because many had had numerous critical things to say. This is a healthy sign. Since ACC was created to take the business of government off the shoulders of the C-in-C, if everything were running smoothly there would be no need for us.

Feeling the Italian people was the first big problem. When they are fed they can tackle the cultural and other problems. A comparison of the children to be seen during our first days in Italy with those of today will show what ACC has done of worth.

Cooperation and coordination is needed in the Sub-Commissions. The fault here has been one of the mission rather than commission. There is a need for greater personal contact between those whose problems are similar, and between ACC officers and their Italian opposites.

The work of de-Fascistization is coming along with a decree being passed for the punishing of Fascist crimes.

The Communist Party's stand for cooperation with the King and Marshal Badoglio gives us hope for a broader-based government.

The Conference adjourned at 1800 hours.

ROBERT E. DOE

MAJOR, A.C.D.

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Robert E. Doe
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 Major, A.G.D.
 Secretary General

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 5 - MGS, AFHQ

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
APO 394

RED/afc

SG 521

22 April 1944

MEMORANDUM TO: All Concerned

SUBJECT: Classification of Conference Minutes

The matters contained on pages 8 and 9 (Section II A, B, and C), Reports of the Navy, Army and Air Sub-Commissions, in the Minutes of the Monthly Conference of 14 April 1944 are classified as "SECRET" and will be so treated by all holders.

For the Chief Commissioner:

ROBERT E. DGE
Major, A.C.C.
Secretary General

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HEADQUARTERS ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
AFC 394

MONTHLY CONFERENCE

14 APRIL 1944

The Conference was opened at 0930 hours by the Chief Commissioner, Lieutenant General Sir Noel Mason MacFarlane, who welcomed the Regional Commissioners, guests, and members of the Advisory Council. General MacFarlane pointed out that the Commission is still suffering "growing pains" in the third month of its present incarnation, but stated that he is quite pleased with the manner in which the problems are being sorted out and tackled. Sincere appreciation was given for work well done, both in the Regions and at Headquarters, which show that the organization has begun to pull together as a team.

The Chief Commissioner commented that the Commission was a sort of "Cinderella" in its present position; some people had written considerable criticism of us. He stated that constructive criticism would be very gladly welcomed. A fitting end to the Cinderella story would be in the glass factory at Venice.

In closing the Chief Commissioner pointed out that the conferences gave the Commission a chance to get tabloid expression of problems and the ways ACC was trying to deal with them.

I. REPORTS BY REGIONAL CONTROL AND MILITARY GOVERNMENT SECTION.

A. Regional Commissioner, Region I (Sicily), Lt Col A. M. Hancock.

1. There has been considerable activity in the Region.
2. Marshal Badoglio visited Catania and Messina in order to institute Musotto as High Commissioner. His earnestness and sincerity impressed everyone wherever he went; it is thought he stands a good chance of becoming the "grand old man of Italy." Signor Roale was also a visitor to Sicily.
3. It is noted that the Separatist movement is not dead. Now that there is freedom of speech and press, it is necessary to frame a policy in regard to the future of this movement.
4. Dr. Fumo, Minister of telecommunications and Posts, visited the Island. Communication has been extended to the Mainland and is operating between all communes. Since 16 March Sicilian railways have been devoted to civilian transportation. Repair of railway between Catania - Messina and Messina - Palermo is recommended. This would relieve Messina from its semi-isolation.

5. Regarding the distribution of food, the black market supply is low. Allowments of wheat are erratic, since they are based on reports that 50% of the population grow their own, whereas only 17% are engaged in agriculture. It is recommended that the monthly allotment of wheat to Sicily be increased and price of bread raised, which would improve the present situation. The present low price is maintained by a subsidy which seems impossible to maintain because of lack of tax income. A slight rise in the price of bread would not entail hardship, and would enable the

724

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6. Crime and public safety show slight improvement in spite of several uprisings. A plan was made to Interior Sub-Commission to give juridical powers under Italian Government to Public Health, Public Welfare and Public Safety Institutions formed by AGC together with an assurance of continuation.

7. The collaboration of sub-commissions was requested to assure closer cohesion between Ministries and High Commissioner for Sicily. Ministries have been communicating direct with the prefects.

8. The Ministries have been duplicating public officials; that is, making appointments when AGC nominees were already in office, which is contrary to the terms of transfer.

9. The Italian press has been encouraging displaced nationals to register for eventual return to previous domicile in Tripolitania, Cirenaica, and North Africa.

10. A Royal Decree suspends for 1944 State exams for doctors, veterinary surgeons and other professions but allows candidates to practice. This was noted as a dangerous practice.

11. Sulphur exports to U.K. for the month have been 10,000 tons.

12. The first group of refugees numbering 1,034 reached Syracuse during the Easter period.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner referred to the question of central organization with High Commissioner stating that he had spoken to Marshal Badoglio who is in favor of carrying on as formerly with AMG. General MacFarlane also asked about the disturbance connected with French troops in Trapani. There was nothing further to report at the time on this matter.

3. Regional Commissioner, Region II (Southern Italy), Lt Col G. H. McCaffrey.

1. The situation is unsatisfactory. Popular opinion is still strongly with the Allies but against the Badoglio Government. The people will neither cooperate nor help; they only do so because of our support.

2. In Matera Province the prosecution of several cases was necessary in order to force the smassing of grain. Often instructions from the Ministries will vary thereby giving excuses for delay in work.

3. There are three groups of subversive Fascists in the Region, but it is believed they are being successfully dealt with by police and counter espionage agents.

4. The Minister of the Interior has undertaken to remove three AMG Prefects, and he has also shown his desire to reinstate Fascist Prefects.

5. Regarding de-Fascistization the following removals have been made: 13 in Bari, none since December in Brindisi, none in Lecce, 50 in Taranto. After much hard work in removing Fascists under AMG, the Ministries have been putting back in office one by one those removed under AMG. This is bringing complaints from the Italian population. The Fascist youth organization GIL is being revived, only it is now called GI.

6. Policing is in good order, there having been but few disturbances and no violent ones.

7. The 200 gram bread ration has been retained; medical supplies have been coming in good and hospitals functioning well.

8. While the refugee situation has been improving, Italian families object to more people being pushed in on them, and there is further objection from the refugees themselves as to their families being split up. Good reception centers are functioning in several provinces. Morale has rapidly improved.

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9. The crop situation looks very encouraging. The wheat crops should be favorable if proper rainfall is forthcoming. It is important to decide now on a policy in regard to harvesting of wheat.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner commented on the gloomy Fascist picture painted by Colonel McGaffrey by stating that it was the Advisory Council appointed by the Moscow Conference which suggested that the portion of Southern Italy should be handed back to Southern administration. It is AMG's job to make it run in the best possible way. General MacFarlane further pointed out that the Communist Party's acceptance of the Badoglio Government may help the present attitude toward this government by broadening its base.

Colonel McGaffrey, when asked what could be done to help this gloomy picture, said that the broadening of the base of the government as soon as possible and cleaning out of Fascists now in office would serve this end.

General MacFarlane then asked that all the Regional Commissioners should bring such cases to his attention immediately so that they might be taken up with Marshal Badoglio for consideration by the Italian Government to get the desired action.

C. Regional Commissioner, Region III (Campania), Lt Col G. Poletti.

1. ACC/AMG have been doing a very fine job with progress made in all fields. There have been no disturbances of any kind; even in politics there is no state of discontent. The policy of the Chief Commissioner to allow the Giunta party meetings has proven very valuable. The people now have the sense of being able to express themselves.

2. Cleaning up garbage has been facilitated by 60 trucks now working in Naples alone, which places the city in much better shape. Constant pressure is placed on the Italians to improve the situation. 5,000 drums have been obtained for distribution throughout the city for collecting refuse and garbage.

3. Satisfactory progress has been made in public works with improvements on roads, streets, side walks and sewers.

4. The most urgent problem is that of the "black market." A reorganization of distribution of AMG food has taken place and we are now using our own transport to take food from depots to district warehouses. The police have been strengthened; individually they now have a greater appreciation of their jobs. Some of the head racketeers have been pulled in and it is hoped to bring about prosecution and sentences speedily. "Out of bounds" signs which have been dealt out in cooperation with FBS have given good results. A price list which is restricted to essential goods is to be made up for the Italians. In the communes citizen squads have been started with efforts to make the people feel that honesty can be achieved.

5. A fishing agency has been established and 5 Italian commissioners appointed. Markets have been opened and prices for fish will be fixed. Fishermen are at present opposed to this action, because it will mean a lower price for fish.

6. An attempt has been made to improve transportation.

7. The "bottle" is still being fought against other regions. It is felt necessary at times to issue permits to persons so they may enter other regions to bring food into Naples. Attention of other Regional Commissioners was invited to the fact that there is quite a concentration of the population in Naples.

8. It is useful for the Italian Government to give some direction on agriculture and also on welfare. Will there be an unending system? Millions of lire are being spent on welfare. It is desired that a program be given.

9. Colonel Poletti believes the Fascists are being cleaned out, but states they require careful watching to keep them from coming back.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner explained that press 223 has been put on the Italian Government to get directives on agriculture, but such directives have been obtained. If no such directives are forthcoming in the very near future, measures will be brought to bear. The Agriculture Sub-Commission

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Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner explained that previously has been put on the Italian Government to get directives on agriculture, but such directives have been obtained. If no such directives are forthcoming in the very near future, severe pressure will be brought to bear. The Agricultural Sub-Commission also needs this cooperation.

General MacFarlane expressed his appreciation for the splendid work done by ACC together with FIS, No. 3 District and Pace Sub-Area in connection with the Vesuvius emergency operations. The job was rapidly and efficiently done.

D. Regional Commissioner, Region V (Morini & Garofalo), Colonel E. L. Whitley.

1. This Region was activated only about two months ago. This is the first report of activities.

2. The political situation is quite satisfactory, with political agitators causing only a little disturbance. The people in general stand by the turn of war; but the masses are apathetic, living from day to day. Some are seeking political advantage. One incident arose in which a political meeting of 9 March at Bari was called without notifying the Regional Commissioner. Through this occasion a vice-

sindaco lost his post. Another case was noted where Carabinieri were endeavoring to round up absentees without permission. Military police have assisted the Carabinieri greatly. It is found they have to be watched when on their own.

Activity of the Bonito Brothers has caused several political disturbances. There was one incident at Gargano when District 2 had cut off electricity without advising the people. When a pasta factory could not turn out its product the Bonito Brothers endeavored to organize a riot. Colonel Whitley asked that in the future notification be given of any intended cut-off of utilities to avoid recurrences.

3. Regarding the food situation new ration cards are being instituted. Supply of olive oil is inadequate. Meat prices are sky high. People in the agricultural areas are to be reduced to a proper quota. 90% of the communes have 80% of the people engaged in agriculture, or 72% are thus engaged.

4. Forestry is underway on the Gargano Peninsula. A company of New Zealanders is at present logging for military purposes. There is a forest guard party to see that regard is given to conservation.

5. Herds of deer have been destroyed by Air Corps units on hunting parties.

6. Potatoes are being planted; some are spoiling due to lack of transport. Grain planting has been completed to about 90%. It is planned to amass 40% in Foggia Province and 18 to 20% in Comopasso and other provinces. 20,000 sacks are needed as well as the necessary twine in order properly to amass the grain. Carg will need to be exercised by stencilling to see that the bags do not get into the black market.

7. Inland fisheries are being developed as well as the sea fishing industry throughout Foggia Province. A tariff is placed on fish exported to keep from robbing the local markets, since fish command a far higher price in other localities. Fishermen need nets and cordage. At present most of the fishing is carried on in sailing schooners. More people who have power schooners should be encouraged to enter into the fishing business.

E. Regional Commissioner, Region VI (Sardinia), Brigadier M. Carr,

1. The general situation is satisfactory. There is a lack of transportation and tires for vehicles. Too many Italian troops are still in Sardinia. Political situation is satisfactory.

2. Food situation has improved. Stocks of flour have enabled us to set up warehouses out in the provinces. The shortage of olive oil is very much felt. A consignment is on the way from the Madrid.

3. On the legal side, the civilian courts are to be reconstituted. Major Palmieri from AOC has been working on this project. 35 more judges are required. Over 5,000 cases are awaiting trial by military tribunals. The number is piling up. Detention prisons have been overcrowded. Situation has been improving somewhat.

4. With reference to industry and commerce, lack of transportation has been a severe handicap. No progress has been made in obtaining small vessels for inter-island trade. Six small schooners which are lying idle in port of Cagliari have been requested. Night fishing is to begin, and if this increases the fish intake

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5. Wheat is in good condition with but slight damage from cold. A need exists for sulphur and fertilizer.

6. Grano has increased, especially rubberies and thefts, full reports of which have been rendered.

7. Preliminary arrangements have been made for taking 10,000 refugees if there is an emergency.

8. Health situation is satisfactory. However there is an increase in prostitution and venereal disease. All available medical supplies have been distributed to the provinces and there have been complaints about shortages. It is hoped that situation has been dealt with.

A. The island of Sardinia is a small island in the Mediterranean Sea.

10. There is need for a policy in regard to amassing.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: General MacFarlane remarked that the Shipping Sub-Commission could let the Conference know about the six schooners at Carliari.

F. Eighth Army AMG, Gp. Captain C. E. Benson.

1. No political problems. AMG Eighth Army has been undergoing a period of reorganization. Adriatic Coast in Campobasso Province now divided in control. Provinces of Benevento and Naples are still under administrative control of Region III. Only operation orders from Army being AMG Eighth Army into the picture. The Northern Coast is severely handicapped as Allied Forces have not captured provincial capital.

2. Food situation is satisfactory. There is a railroad and food can be distributed by our own trucks. There is one tendency which has been noted on which help is needed from AOC; namely, warehouses have been threatened with requisitioning for billeting purposes. These warehouses will be needed at harvest-time for storage of crops.

3. No report can be given on health, disturbances or public safety. All is going along well.

4. In Campobasso Province the food supplies are going to be built up. Stocks in Aquila have been built up with food for one month for 40,000 people.

5. A new Prefect is needed in Campobasso Province.

6. With reference to transport, we are at present lucky to have 50 trucks which were handed over by the Army. When AMG moves on it will be difficult for Campobasso to feed itself. The availability of these trucks is vital.

7. There is nothing to report concerning Benevento and Naples Provinces except labor prices. It has been found difficult to get the necessary labor to work on bridges and roads which the Army requires because of the excessive prices in provinces.

8. The campaign against disease is a troublesome problem now. Places are being cleaned up, but we are desperately short of doctors.

G. Fifth Army AMG, Brigadier General E. E. Hume.

1. Some AMG personnel of Fifth Army were reassigned to Eighth Army accompanying the military units transferred from one army to the other.

2. Arrangements were made with Region III for their administration of those companies in the rear of Fifth Army area (between rear Corps and rear Army lines); this to include anti-malarial work.

3. The wholesale evacuation of civilian population from the Anzio-Nettuno Area was a considerable undertaking. Care has been taken to safeguard labor requirements and the cattle in the area.

4. Casualties of AMG personnel in the beachhead area have been: 3 officers

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 3. The wholesale evacuation of civilian population from the Anzio-Nettuno Area was a considerable undertaking. Care has been taken to safeguard labor requirements and the cattle in the area.
 4. Casualties of AAC personnel in the beachhead area have been: 3 officers wounded, one enlisted man disabled by wounds and shortly to be evacuated to the United States. Four Carabinieri were killed. Our supply depot was destroyed by shell fire and we have been bombed out of three separate headquarters.
 5. In regard to Carabinieri affairs it was again brought out that Carabinieri must be kept for Rome. The 200 Carabinieri taken, in spite of protests, for permanent assignment to Sicily, have been ready to depart for more than a fortnight, but are still without orders.
 6. It is suggested that some arrangement may be made whereby a part of the livestock (chiefly sheep) from the Anzio-Nettuno Area be brought out for use as food. The evacuation of the bulk of the civilian population greatly increased the problem of caring for these sheep. The Moslem troops of the French Expeditionary Corps are very desirous of having fresh mutton made available, and have their own facilities for slaughtering, etc.

7. Recent changes have reduced the commissioned personnel of the Fifth Army to about 25.

8. Movements within the Fifth Army area are being closely checked by military police. Civilians are evacuated from the most forward zone. Behind this is a second zone in which civilians are allowed to remain, but unauthorized movement between towns and villages is prohibited. In the rest of the Army area the 10 kilometer rule applies. In general civilians are not permitted to go north of the Volturno River. A special control officer at Capua issues passes in exceptional cases. All military personnel having official business in the forward areas should hold passes from their commanding officers stating the dates on which visits are authorized and for what purpose. The town of Sessa Arunca is out of bounds, except to pass holders.

9. A military court is sitting at Santa Maria to try cases of espionage and sabotage. So far 24 persons have been tried and 22 found guilty.

10. Food supply for Rome is to be taken forward in ships made available by G-4, Fifth Army, for the period of the Fifth Army's occupation of the city. We expect to unload all of the schooners in which we now have food stocks.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: General MacFarlane assumed General Hume that it is realized that Carabinieri are needed for Rome, and he expressed the hope that they will be returned promptly when Rome is reached.

H. Refugee Branch (Italians), Lt Col L. R. Mills.

1. From 1 March to 14 April it has been necessary to move 21,000 refugees from forward areas and disperse them in Southern Provinces. This included 11,000 from the beachhead. The refugees have been made up of 15-20% men, 30-35% women and 50% children. They have been moved by lorries or by LCI's and travel has been hard. Losses among the 21,000 were 5.

2. a. Whilst the majority during March went to Region II, some have gone to Region I and III. As few as possible are being sent to Region II this month or next, which will give them a chance to digest those already sent.

b. Regions II and III are having considerable difficulties in absorbing their quotas, due to the numbers and movements of troops in their areas. They will only be able to absorb maximum numbers in the future, by working in closest contact with sub-area commanders, who now know the general situation and have been directed by their district commanders to assist, and by house to house billeting.

c. Region I has set about this problem with far greater thoroughness than anywhere else. In conjunction with District I and IIB they have made extensive reception and dispersal plans for large numbers.

d. Movement by sea to Sicily commenced last week. 1,000 were embarked on the MARIGOT on April 5th and a further 750 on the 11th. The first voyage was made without difficulty.

3. Real troubles for refugees commence when they arrive in reception areas and are dispersed in camps. In general the Italian authorities have failed to look after these people, whose condition in certain places is deplorable. It is doubtful in the minds of Italian Ministers that this responsibility

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Comments by Chief Commissioner: General MacFarlane assured General Hume that it is realized that Carabinieri are needed for Rome, and he expressed the hope that they will be returned promptly when Rome is reached.

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3. Real troubles for refugees commence when they arrive in reception areas and are dispersed in camps. In general the Italian authorities have failed to look after these people, whose condition in certain places is deplorable. It is intended to leave no doubt in the minds of Italian Ministers that this responsibility is theirs. We recognize their difficulties, the main one being food, and intend to assist without allowing them to think that we are assuming their burden. People don't like refugees and it is very difficult to billet them. It is essential that they be kept off the lines of communication. The main requirement from the Italians is personal service. We are making it clear, that if their welfare committees will work, e.g. in setting up soup kitchens, we will make available food supplies which will give refugees a hot meal a day.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner stated that we are now doing our best to set the Italian Red Cross on its feet, which would help the refugee problem.

I. Displaced Persons Sub-Commission, Colonel R. G. Kirkwood.

1. This Sub-Commission deals with all displaced persons and refugees except Italians, mostly with Yugoslavs. The type of Yugoslav has changed during the last month or so--previously they were received from Belantia but are now coming through the German lines. The latter are mostly orphans, women with children and old men and women. Refugees are now in such a condition as to require more radical attention. 90 orphans were received on one ship alone. There are two orphan homes started at present.

2. Higher headquarters estimated that the Yugoslav refugee problem would cease. There were 4,500 per month in February and March. During the first week of April 2,000 were received. They are not kept in camps. We have moved 16,249 Yugoslavs to Middle East, and of those approximately 9,000 were moved during March.

3. Organization of Sub-Commission is still on insecure foundation.

4. Method of feeding, source of feeding and accommodation stores are problems.

5. There are two hospitals at present with 100 beds in each occupied all the time. Red Cross has rendered valuable welfare and nursing assistance. There has been some support from the army, but they have been taking personnel away. Yugoslavs, Greeks, Poles and Italian Army doctors are being trained to carry on the work.

6. With reference to accommodation stores, the AGO has set up no means of supplying. Army initially supplied these, but they are becoming less and less a source of supply and we will have to make our own arrangements. We have helped ourselves as much as possible but will need some assistance in the matter of material.

7. The ration is inadequate for small children, nursing mothers, etc. This is helped somewhat by hospital comforts. The army does not consider it their job, thus the Italian subsistence ration is all that they have to fall back on. This is a problem to be dealt with by AGO. The numbers are not great compared with the rations supplied to the army, therefore it is not a problem of taking food from the army.

8. It is believed that the refugees should be repatriated when possible and sent home, or they could be sent to other communities and given a chance to start life on a new footing.

Comments by Chief Commissioner: The Chief Commissioner asked whether there were able bodied Yugoslavs coming over who were capable of service in General Tito's Army. Colonel Kirkwood replied that such men were being trained and returned to Yugoslavia.

J. Executive Commissioner, Brigadier M. S. Lush.

1. The reports by Regional Control and Military Government Section were concluded by Brigadier Lush, who stated that the picture given at this Conference is better than the one given at the last. This was attributed to the fact that

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1. The reports by Regional Control and Military Government Section were concluded by Brigadier Lush, who stated that the picture given at this Conference is better than the one given at the last. This was attributed to the fact that the officers had obtained a grip of their jobs and also to the easing of the food situation. The grave difficulties are in regard to transportation, especially in distribution of food. The favorable crop forecast points to one ray of hope for the situation.

2. The problems in the forward areas at the moment are simpler than those in liberated Italy. Direct government is easier than advisory control. There is an inevitable slowing down when the Italian Government takes over. AMG with Allied officers in charge and with their resources can do much more than Italian officials who are acting under orders of a Government which itself is in no easy position and who find themselves in difficult circumstances. It is a difficult task for Regional Commissioners in liberated Italy, not only to prevent themselves entering too much into the executive form of government but also to persuade Italian officials not to lean on them too much. Italian officials must be encouraged to take initiative. The situation is easier in the Islands where there are High Commissioners than in the Mainland where Prefects are answerable directly to the Government.

ment.

3. Experiences gained in liberated Italy would be invaluable to us in forward areas. It would be a help in the future in handing over Regions to the Italian Government.

4. It is very necessary to maintain close and constant contact between Headquarters and Regional Commissioners. This is brought to the attention of heads of Sub-Commissions in all aspects of their work. Headquarters also ought to know what is happening in the Regions, particularly so in the case of the Administrative Section which deals with the local government problems.

5. The Chief Commissioner had decided that Region II would be divided into two parts. Calabria would form a new Region VII. Apulia and Lucania would comprise the new Region II.

6. 509 officers had been sent to other theatres. It is hoped that there will be no further calls for officers.

7. Lists of promotions for officers (both American and British) are to be submitted to the Chief Commissioner in the course of the next few days.

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A recess was called at 1125 and the Conference resumed at 1140.
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II. REPORTS BY INDEPENDENT SUB-COMMISSIONS.

A. Navy Sub-Commission, Commodore I. M. Palmer.

1. The Italian fleet during the last six months has employed 502 ships on patrol work and transporting troops from North Africa to Naples. All reports have been satisfactory. Particular praise is due to Italian sub-marines for running in food and supplies to troops during Agent operations, while under constant bombing. Most are now employed on training duties.

2. It has been asked why so many men have left the Italian Navy. At the present time Italian officers and men are relieving our personnel starting in Sicily and working North. We are asking that they relieve us of some of the work in the port of Naples. Admiral Morgan has asked the Minister for a detailed report, after which answers to personnel questions can be given.

3. There has been some ill feeling in regard to food and pay for those doing hard labor who feel they are not on the proper status. Colonel Bain of Labor Sub-Commission has promised aid in this matter.

4. Another problem is that the Italian Navy is getting short of clothing and boots. A supply has been requested.

B. Army Sub-Commission, Brigadier C. C. Duchesne.

Army Sub-Commission is now in the process of taking over the Army

6. 309 officers had been sent to other theatres. It is hoped that there will be no further calls for officers.

7. Lists of promotions for officers (both American and British) are to be submitted to the Chief Commissioner in the course of the next few days.

A recess was called at 1125 and the Conference resumed at 1140.

II. REPORTS BY INDEPENDENT SUB-COMMISSIONS.

A. Navy Sub-Commission, Commodore I. K. Palmer.

1. The Italian Fleet during the last six months has employed 502 ships on patrol work and transporting troops from North Africa to Naples. All reports have been satisfactory. Particular praise is due to Italian sub-marines for running in food and supplies to troops during Aegean operations, while under constant bombing. Most are now employed on training duties.

2. It has been asked why so many men have left the Italian Navy. At the present time Italian officers and men are relieving our personnel starting in Sicily and working North. We are asking that they relieve us of some of the work in the port of Naples. Admiral Morgan has asked the Minister for a detailed report, after which answers to personnel questions can be given.

3. There has been some ill feeling in regard to food and pay for those doing hard labor who feel they are not on the proper status. Colonel Bain of Labor Sub-Commission has promised aid in this matter.

4. Another problem is that the Italian Navy is getting short of clothing and boots. A supply has been requested.

B. Army Sub-Commission, Brigadier C. C. Duchesne.

1. Major General L. Browning is now in the process of taking over the Army Sub-Commission.

2. Ration ceiling was reviewed at conference between Chief Commissioner and Hq AAI on March 31; and recommendations for future strengths include Security Police and Fire Ede in addition to Carabinieri and Guardia di Finanza. If approved, this will raise the ration ceiling to 537,000, compared with current authority for 500,000 and actual present strength 480,000.

3. Since 25 March MIA has supervised the issue of all Allied supplies shipped direct for Italian Armed Forces to the Mainland. In Sardinia and Sicily the Allied Garrison is at present supervising these issues, and MIA is organizing the accounting through Hq AOC. We should like now to initiate liaison between MIA Supply Supervisors at the various ports and those of Food Sub-Commission. The supply situation has crystallized the question of how many troops are to stay in Sardinia and how many to come to the Mainland.

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
ECONOMIC SECTION
APO 394

GMS/sem

MS/7

8 May 44

4491

SUBJECT: Italian Army - Calling up of Classes.

TO : Agriculture Sub-commission Industry & Commerce Sub-commission
Finance Sub-commission Public Works & Utilities Sub-commission
Food Sub-commission Transportation Sub-commission
Labour Sub-commission Shipping Sub-commission

✓ 1. AAI/3074/A(0), 4 May 44, states that every available Italian called up for service with the Italian Army must be released and that authority for exemption should only be requested for skilled men whose continued employment is considered vitally and operationally necessary and is either within the Unit's War establishment or has been specially authorized.

2. Please act accordingly before approving any requests for exemption.

G. M. Sharp, Major R.A.

G. M. SHARP, MAJOR R.A.
S.E.O. 2, ECONOMIC SECTION

5720

SECRET

(As amended by HQ AAI ADM ECH, GMP
3074/A(0), 20 Mar 44)

SECRET

SUBJECT: Italian Army - calling up of classes

HQ AAI ADM ECH, GMP
3110/A(0)
17 Mar 44

1. In accordance with arrangements made with the Italian military authorities, illegal absentees of the following classes are being called up for military service in the Italian Army:-

1920, 1921, 1922, 1923 and 1924 classes.

2. A number of Italians eligible to be called up are at present employed as civilians with the Allied forces and in order to avoid undue dislocation of labour it has been decided to call up only one class at a time.

3. It is also appreciated that certain technical personnel employed as skilled labour may be more valuable to the war effort in continuing their present work for the Allies than in the Armed forces.

4. In such cases employing units etc. of services concerned may make application for exemption. These exemptions will be considered and decided by the undermentioned authorities whose decision will be final:

- (i) Comds of Districts, base sections or equivalent formations.
- (ii) POWIT, AAFSG/MTU and Adv HQ 214 Group RAF.

Any cases of dispute will be referred to 'A' Branch, HQ AAI (Adm Ech).

The exempting authority will complete Coln 9 of the pro-forma in respect of all personnel classified (a) or (b), indicating whether or not exemption has been granted and the pro-forma will be signed in such cases.

Where exemptions are authorized the employing unit will be informed and a certificate (see Annexure 'A') will be given to each exempted Italian as evidence for production to the Italian military authorities.

5. Italian PW employed by the Allied forces are not affected by this order.

6. In order that call up of these classes may be properly enforced and applied to all eligible Italians employed by the Allied forces, the attached pro-forma will be completed by all units employing Italian male nationals of the classes affected.

7. Pro-formas will be forwarded through the normal channels to HQ Army Corps and Districts who will despatch them to Colonel NEGROMI, Italian Liaison Officer, HQ AAI.

8. Pro-formas will show clearly:-

- (a) Skilled men to be retained and for whom exemption is required.
- (b) Unskilled men who are useful but who could be recalled to military service on replacement by other Italian personnel.

(c) In the case of personnel under (a) and (b) the nature of their present employment will be clearly stated.

(Illegible). Lt. Col.
for Major-General.
O.A.O.

TW/a ja

DISTRIBUTION:

1st Air Eighth Army
5 (US) Army
5 (US) Army (Br Inscr)
5 Corps
1 Dist
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3 Dist
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C-in-C Med
H. NAAF
HQ 2 NAAF
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ANG FUGLIA Province
List 'B'

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HQ AAI (25)
Force 133
ACG
G-4
LBS
War diary

5718

Annexure 'A' to AAI
3074/A(O) of 20 Mar 44

DICHLARAZIONE
(Certificate)

Al Comando del Distretto Militare di
(To the Command of the Military District of)

Si dichiara che il Sig. (Nome e cognome)
(This is to certify that) (Name)

della classe presta servizio presso (occupazione)
(is employed by) (occupation)

Si prega volerlo esonerare dal richiamo alle armi.
(It is requested that he be exempted from Military Service)

Bollo FF.AA. Campania
(Italian HQ Stamp)

Firmato
(Signed)

Napoli (date)
(date)

5717

PRO - FORM A

PARTICULARS OF ALL ITALIAN MALE PERSONNEL EMPLOYED
by.....(unit of HQ of formation)
and liable for Military Service

1. <u>SURNAME</u>	2. <u>CHRISTIAN NAME</u>	3. <u>MILITARY NO</u>	4. <u>MILITARY CLASS</u>	5. <u>NAME OF LAST UNIT WHICH SOLDIER SERVED</u>	6. <u>MILITARY DISTRICT TO WHICH SOLDIER BELONGS</u>	7. <u>CLASSIFY (a) or</u>
N 3						

Note :- Col 7 will be completed where applicable by inserting (a) or (b) denoting :-
(a) Skilled men to be retained and for whom exemption is required.
(b) Unskilled men who are useful but who could be recalled to Military Service on replacement.
Col 8 will only be completed in respect of personnel classified in col 7.

PRO - FORM A

PARTICULARS OF ALL ITALIAN MALE PERSONNEL EMPLOYED

by.....(unit of HQ of formation)
and liable for Military Service

<u>3.</u> <u>MILITARY</u> <u>NO</u>	<u>4.</u> <u>MILITARY</u> <u>CLASS</u>	<u>5.</u> <u>NAME OF LAST</u> <u>UNIT WHICH</u> <u>SOLDIER SERVED</u>	<u>6.</u> <u>MILITARY</u> <u>DISTRICT TO</u> <u>WHICH SOLDIER</u> <u>RELONGS</u>	<u>7.</u> <u>CLASSIFICATION</u> <u>(a) or (b)</u>	<u>8.</u> <u>NATURE</u> <u>OF</u> <u>PRESENT</u> <u>EMPLOYMENT</u>	<u>9.</u> <u>REMARKS</u>

Note applicable by inserting (a) or (b) denoting :-

to be retained and for whom exemption is required.

who are useful but who could be recalled to Military Service on replacement by other Italian personnel.
completed in respect of personnel classified in col 7.

SEEN	
Col. Ben	
LT. Col Smith	
Wing. Babcock	
Capt DAVEY	
Capt. Solcuna	
LT. GIAMMARCO	

Army-Officer's of Classes

ISLASAN ABSENTERS OF

1. In accordance with the Italian Military Service Authorities the following classes are being called up for military service in the Italian Army :-

1920, 1921, 1922, 1923 and 1924 classes.

2. A number of Italians eligible to be called up are at present employed as civilians with the Allied Forces and in order to avoid undue dislocation of labour it has been decided to call up only one class at a time.

3. It is also appreciated that certain technical personnel employed as skilled labour may be more valuable to the war effort in continuing their present work for the Allies than in the Armed Forces.

4. In such cases employing units etc. may make application for exemption of SERVICES CONCERNED. These exemptions will be considered by the ~~ARMED FORCES~~ **AND DECIDED BY THE UNDERMENTIONED AUTHORITIES WHOSE DECISION WILL BE FINAL.**

5. Italian PW employed by the Allied Forces are not affected by this order.

6. In order that call up of these classes may be properly enforced and applied to all eligible Italians employed by the Allied Forces, the attached pro-forma will be completed by all units employing Italian male nationals of the classes affected.

7. Pro-forma will be forwarded through the normal channels to HQ Armies Corps and Districts who will despatch them to Colonel NERONI, Italian Liaison Officer, HQ A.I.

8. Pro-formas will show clearly :-

(a) Skilled men to be retained and for whom exemption is required.

(b) Unskilled men who are useful but who could be recalled to military service in replacement by other Italian personnel.

(c) In the case of personnel under (a) and (b) the nature of their present employment will be clearly stated.

* (1) COMPS OF DISTRICTS, BASE SECTIONS OR EQUIVALENT

(2) FOWIT, AAFSC/MTO + ADV HQ 214 GROUP RAF

TH/12

DISTRIBUTION :-

Main Eighth Army.

5 (US) Army

5 (US) Army (Br. Inor)

5 Corps

1 Dist

Acc Dkt 115

Info Army 2
" " (Salerno)

for Major-General A.D.

HQ 1st Army Ech,
C.M.

30/10/40

17 Nov 44

Labom

Team Sec 5-712

5. It is also appreciated that certain technical personnel employed as skilled labour may be more valuable to the war effort in continuing their present work for the Armed Forces.

of Services rendered
into application for exemption
of units etc.

These **Exceptions** will be considered by the **ANB** **Board**, by the **ANB** **Board**.

FINAN: (1)

AUTHORITIES WHOSE REQUESTS ARE NOT OBTAINED BY THIS ORDER.

6. In order that each type of class employed by the Allied Forces, the Allies, and the Axis Forces, be covered by the Italian rules nationals applied to all eligible Italians employed by all units employing Italian rule nationals, the pro-forma will be completed by all units employing Italian rule nationals, or the classes affected.

7. Pro-formas will be forwarded through the nearest command to the Corps and Districts who will despatch them to Colonel HAWORTH, Italian Liaison Officer, HQ 441.

new members will have to be approved by the board of directors.

Unskilled men who are useful but who could be recruited men to be recruited Italian personnel.

conformity on requirements by either (A) and (B) the nature of their

(c) In the case of permanent present employment will be clearly stated.

— Shuchin Leal
for Major-General
C.A.G.

* (1) COMZS OF DISTRICTS, BASE SECTIONS OR EQUIV FORMATIONS
(2) FOWIT, RAFSC/MTO + ADV HQ V14 GROUP RAF

DISTRIBUTION :-

Latin Eighth Day

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{US} \\ \text{UK} \end{array} \right\} \text{ Army} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{US} \\ \text{UK} \end{array} \right\} \text{ (Er. Ind.)}$$

1125

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100

1

0-4-102

11

100

Mr. WOOD.

19. 2575

0101-704X

1

2

NOTES

Rec'd 20 Mar 44
310

Acc Dnt 115
Info Army 2
" " (Salem)
" " (L.O. P.O. Block)

C A B S

PARTICULARS OF ALL FULL-TIME MALE PERSONNEL EMPLOYED
by (unit of H₂ of formation)
and liable for Military Service

1. <u>SURNAME</u>	2. <u>CHRISTIAN NAME</u>	3. <u>MILITARY NO</u>	4. <u>MILITARY CLASS</u>	5. <u>NAME OF LAST UNIT WHICH SOLDIER SERVED</u>	6. <u>MILITARY DISTRICT TO WHICH SOLDIER BELONGS</u>	7. <u>CLASSIFICATION</u> (a) or

Note :- Col 7 will be completed where applicable by Inspector.

Note :- Col 7 will be completed where applicable by inserting (a) or (b) denoting :-
 (a) Skilled men to be retained and for whom exemption is required.
 (b) Unskilled men who are useful but who could be recalled to Military Service on replacement by others.
 Col 8 will only be completed in respect of personnel classified in col 7.

4112

785321

PRO - FORM

PARTICULARS OF ALL INDIAN MALE PERSONNEL EMPLOYED

by (unit of HQ of formation)
and liable for Military Service

3. <u>MILITARY</u> <u>NO</u>	4. <u>MILITARY</u> <u>CLASS</u>	5. <u>NAME OF LAST</u> <u>UNIT WHICH</u> <u>SOLDIER SERVED</u>	6. <u>MILITARY</u> <u>DISTRICT TO</u> <u>WHICH SOLDIER</u> <u>BELOUGS</u>	7. <u>CLASSIFICATION</u> (a) or (b)	8. <u>NATURE</u> <u>OF</u> <u>PRESENT</u> <u>EMPLOYMENT</u>	9. <u>REMARKS</u>

here applicable by inserting (a) or (b) denoting :-

be retained and for whom exemption is required.

are useful but who could be recalled to Military Service or replacement by other Italian personnel.
Completed in respect of personnel classified in col 7.

Completed in respect of personnel classified in col 7.

SECRET

FRANK A. ECH,
CLERK.

 $3072_8/A(0)$

20 Mar 44

1. The following amendments are made to this HQ 5410/A(0) dated 17 Mar 44.

(a) It is the intention that the calling up of Classes referred to shall apply only to illegal absentees :-
After "authorities" in para 1 insert
"illegal absentees of"

(b) Delete para 4 and substitute :-

"In such cases employing units etc of Services concerned may make application for exemption. These exemptions will be considered & decided by the undermentioned authorities:-

cannot candidates whose decision will be final;

- (10) County Districts, Base Sections or equivalent formations.
- (11) POWIN, AATSC/MTO and Adv No 214 Group Rat.

Any cases or disputes will be referred to the

The exempting authority will complete Coln 9 of the pro-forma in respect of all personnel classified (a) or (b), indicating whether or not exemption has been granted and the pro-forma will be returned in the cases.

Where exemptions are authorised the employing unit will be informed and a certificate (see Annexure 'A') will be given to each exempted Italian as evidence for production to the Italian Military Authorities.

TV/MT

DISTRIBUTION

Main Eighth Army
5 (US) Army
5 (US) Army (Br Incl)
5 Corps
1 Dist
2 Dist
3 Dist
FBS
C-in-C Med
HQ MAF
HQ 2 MAF

EFN	Col. Brown Lt. Col. Smith Mr. Jackson Mr. Johnson Mr. Jones
-----	---

No.

(c) Delete para 4 and substitute :-

"In such cases employing units etc of Services concerned may make application for exemption. These exemptions will be considered and decided by the undementioned authorities whose decision will be final:

- (i) Combs of Districts, Base Sections or equivalent formations.
- (ii) POWIT, LUTSC/MTO and Adv HQ 214 Group RA2.

Any cases of dispute will be referred to 'A' Branch, HQ IAI (Adm Ech).

The exempting authority will complete Column 9 of the pro-forma in respect of all personnel classified (a) or (b), indicating whether or not exemption has been granted and the pro-forma will be signed in such cases.

Where exceptions are authorized the employing unit will be informed and a certificate (see Annexure 'A') will be given to each exempted Italian as evidence for production to the Italian Military Authorities.

WILLIAM

NOTICE

Main Eighth Army
5 (US) Army
5 (US) Army (Br Inco)
5 Corps
1 Dist
2 Dist
3 Dist
PDS
C-in-C Med
HQ MAF
HQ 2 MAF
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Near Pol Base
AFM FCMH. Province
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 Force 133
 ACC (6)
 G-4
 INS
 War Diary

Mr. Thatcher. Private
Major-General,
C.A.C.

E.F.N.	
<i>C.L. Brown</i>	
<i>H. C. Smith</i>	
<i>M. J. Lee</i>	
<i>J. H. Edwards</i>	
<i>W. D. Setling</i>	

3175

Annexure 'A' to AIT
3074/1(0) of 20 Mar 14

DICHIARAZIONE
(Certificate)

1 Comando del Distretto Militare di
(To the Command of the Military District of)

Si dichiara che il Sig (Name e cognome)
(This is to certify that) (Name)

della classe presta servizio presso (occupazione)
(is employed by) (occupation)

Si prega volerlo esonerare dal richiamo alle armi.
(It is requested that he be exempted from Military Service)

Bollo RF. 14. Campania
(Italian HQ Stamp)

Firmato
(Signed)

Napoli (data)
(date)

21

Si dichiara che il Sig (Name e cognome)
(This is to certify that) (Name)

della classe presta servizio presso (occupazione)
(is employed by) (occupation)

Si prega volerlo esonerare dal richiamo alle armi.
(It is requested that he be exempted from Military Service)

Bollo RF. 44. Campania
(Italian HQ Stamp)

Firmato
(Signed)

Magli (date)
(date)

6712

4491

Econ Sect (44)
U2080

Subject: Calling Up of Classes

Army Sub Commission, ACC
Main HQ (IMIA)
LEQUILE (LECCCE)
AO/30
16 Mar 44

HQ Allied Control Commission

Labour ✓

The attached copy of our letter of even reference dated 1 March, is forwarded for your information.

cc/mm

SEEN	
Col. Bain	12/3
Col. Smith	12/3
Major [illegible]	12/3
Capt.	
Capt. [illegible]	

F. J. [illegible]
Brig
Army Sub Comm, ACC

5711

24 Mar
64

SUBJECT: Calling up of Classes,

Army Sub Commission, A.C.C.
Main HQ (MIA)
LEWIS (LECOS)
AQ/30
8 Mar 44

Ministry of War.

Copy to : C.M.R.E.
HQ, ACIF (AMTECH)
MIA LO WAMP
" " P. 2 District.
" " XXI Corps.
" " Army Eighth Army.
C.

1. I am directed to inform you that, in order to prevent undue dislocation of labour, the classes 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924 are to be called up one class at a time throughout the Mainland.

All classes should be registered at once and the 1920 class called up for Service. This HQ should be notified when this has been done and we will then mutually agree on the date for calling up the 1921 class.

2. It will be found that certain technical personnel will be more valuable to the War effort in their present work for the Allies than in the Armed Forces. In order to obtain a uniformity of decision as to which personnel should be exempted from the call-up it has been decided by HQ, ACIF (AMTECH) that the decision of the A.W.D.Q. Local Resources (ITALY) Board shall be final.

All applications by Allied services for exemption of personnel should be passed to the local MIA LO who will forward for the decision of the Local Resources Board.

Personnel whose status has been raised will not be removed from the Allied services until the decision of the Board has been made.

FUNTS.

Brigadier.
Army Sub Comm, A.C.C.
3710

" W. 2 District.
 " XXI Corps.
 " IX Eighth Army.
 C.

1. I am directed to inform you that, in order to prevent undue dislocation of labour, the classes 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924 are to be called up en masse at a time throughout the Mainland.

All classes should be registered at once and the 1920 class called up for Service. This HQ should be notified when this has been done and we will then mutually agree on the date for calling up the 1921 class.

2. It will be found that certain technical personnel will be more valuable to the War effort in their present work for the Allies than in the Armed Forces. In order to obtain a uniformity of decision as to which personnel should be exempted from the call-up it has been decided by HQ. AFM (AMEMB) that the decision of the A.F.H.Q. Local Resources (ITALY) Board shall be final.

All applications by Allied services for exemption of personnel should be passed to the Local HQ HQ who will forward for the decision of the Local Resources Board.

Personnel whose status has been raised will not be removed from the Allied services until the decision of the Board has been made.

RENTVS.

Brigadier.
 Army Sub Comm, A.C.C.

26

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION
Air Division

16 february 1944

To Whom it may concern: -

This is to certify that Capt. Francesco Di Bella of the Italian Air Force is authorized by the Air Division of the Allied Control Commission to the Italian Government to proceed to Sicily by air on duty in connection with the recovery of Italian Air Force specialists personnel who are destined to work for the Italian and Allied Air Forces.

He has been instructed to inform the Allied Authorities at Palermo of his mission and to work in accordance with their directives.

On arrival he should report to A.M.G. and regularize his papers.

R.M. Foster
Air Commodore
Air Division
Allied Control Commission

Question of Policy - Priority to be decided.

10

1709

0 6 2 8