

ACC 176/L-U/PWU

10000/150/490

10000/150/490

HOUSING
DEC. 1944-MAR. 1945

1Y6/L-U/PWU

HOUSING

REFERRED TO		DEALT WITH		REFERRED TO		DEALT WITH	
Folio No.	Name of Appointment Date	Initials	Date	Folio No.	Name of Appointment Date	Initials	Date
18	Director	20/2	20/2				
	Ad Thompson	20/2	20/2				

Opened 11 Sept 1944
 Closed 7-March 1945

Opened 11 Sept 1944
Closed 7-March 1945

176/L-U/PWU

THIS FOLDER
CONTAINS PAPERS
FROM REC. 1944
10 MAR. 1945
CATALOGUE.

10000 150/490

Tel. 4890) Ext. 320

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

LAJ/ram

March 7, 1945

176/PWU

SUBJECT: Reconstruction of Cassino

TO : Public Relations Branch - Allied Commission

1. The problem of reconstructing Cassino or providing shelter for the homeless of this community was undertaken at an early date after the liberation of Rome. Conferences were held during the month of August and it was realized that something would have to be done to provide immediate shelter for a certain portion of the population which could not be housed in any of the neighboring communities as the city itself was in such a state as to preclude reconstruction of any of the buildings therein.

2. On 28 August 1944 a plan was submitted by the Italian Government for building 120 two, three and four room living quarters grouped in houses containing from three to five such quarters. On 29 August 1944 that plan was approved by the Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission and the Italians were authorized to proceed with the project.

3. Actual construction of these houses was undertaken during the month of October 1944. The work was retarded very considerably during the winter months because of inclement weather. As an example in January it was possible to work on these buildings only during seven days of the month.

4. The building of these houses required the quarrying of stone and the manufacture of lime in nearby kilns. The Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission was asked to assist in numerous ways in obtaining materials, transport, blasting powder for the quarries, etc.

5. During the intervening period construction was started on a portion of this program providing for approximately 200 apartments. It was necessary to provide temporary living quarters for the workers and barracks of a temporary type were erected for that purpose.

3238

6. Italian officials had indicated at an early date that they wished to retain a certain portion of the destroyed town of Cassino as a national shrine and the portion against the hillside was selected by them. The remaining portion on the flat land south east of the mountain was considered as a feasible location for the reconstruction of a new town of Cassino under a new town plan. Studies had been under consideration for a long time by the Ministry of Public Works on the type of plan to be selected.
7. Several months ago plans were advanced for the clearing of the debris in the lower portion of the city so as to prepare that site for the future city and work was undertaken aggressively. The problem of clearing this debris entailed many difficulties primarily because of the prevalence of many mines throughout that area and the lack of proper or adequate mine detecting equipment. After some early losses of Italian personnel the Ministry of Public Works was able to obtain mine detectors and crews were trained for locating and eliminating mines from that territory. Their work was handicapped by the fact that there were considerable other pieces of iron or steel to be found throughout the debris and that this material reacted the same on the detectors as the mines would have done. Another difficulty arose in that bodies of Allied soldiers and others were found in the debris and the Allied Grave Registration authorities were requested to assist in this matter so as to properly take care of the bodies of Allied soldiers that may be found.
8. While the above was going on work was undertaken on the channeling of the Rapido River and the reconstruction of bridges and culverts with wider openings so as to prevent a recurrence of the flood which took place during the last week of October of last year where the entire low lands were inundated with the water rising from one to two feet over the main highway. This work was considered very essential not only for the purpose of draining the low lands but also as a malaria control measure.
9. Farmers were asked to cooperate in this work and to cover over shell holes on their lands so as to prevent the accumulation of water and to dig small ditches so as to clear other lower portions of land. 8237
10. Work was also undertaken on the rehabilitation of the road leading to the Monte Cassino Abbey as well as the clearing of some of the debris at the Abbey and the sorting of valuable documents, manuscripts, relics, etc. found in the ruins.

11. Looting within the ruins of Cassino was reported at an early date, in spite of the mine hazard, and Italian guards were placed over the ruins to protect whatever may have remained of value. A first-aid station was also established to look after workers injured in mine clearance or other activities.
12. Since the establishment of guards and the operation of the mine clearing units relatively few serious accidents have been reported.
13. The Polish Army erected a large cenotaph monument on the top of the mountain adjoining Monte Cassino as a monument to the Polish soldiers who lost their lives in this vicinity.
14. All through the above operations the Allied Commission, through the Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission was asked on frequent occasions to give advice and assistance and there has been close cooperation at all times between this Sub-Commission and the Ministry of Public Works.

L. A. JENNY
Colonel, C. E.
Director

3236

Ext. 270

DS/ce

M E M O .

22

6/3/45

FILE: 176/PWU.
SUBJECT: Cassino.
TO : Chief P.W.Div.
FROM : Housing.

The Ital. P.W.Min. under the advice and direction of the P.W. & U. S/C. of A.C. has performed the following work at Cassino in recent months:

1. Started construction of 23 new buildings containing approximately 200 apartments to house "Roofless" persons.
2. Set up 10 temporary Army (barracks type) buildings to house workmen and temporary Govt. offices.
3. Cleared debris (varying from 3 ft. to 10 ft. in depth) from the main streets, and while so doing recovered many bodies of Allied and Enemy soldiery, and removed hundreds of land mines.
4. Gone a long way toward completion of the repair of the Rapido river banks and channel (including other waterways and canals) the clearing of which will properly drain the flooded town areas and remove the malaria menace.
5. Co-operated with local farmers and land-owners in the filling of shell holes and mine craters, and in the clearing of drainage ditches.
6. Repaired the main roads leading to and through the town, including bridges and culverts in connection therewith.
7. Co-operated with the Abbot of Montecassino Abbey and furnished labour for sorting through the ruins to effect the recovery of valuable documents, manuscripts and relics.
8. Repaired the mountain road leading to the Abbey (into

passable condition) and assisted generally in the building of the various Military cemeteries (of which there are many located in the immediate neighborhood.

9. Posted guards over the ruins to prevent looting, and set up a first-aid station to look after workers injured in mine clearance accidents.
10. Prepared plans for setting aside a large portion of devastated Cassino into a National Monument, and for building a new town on the surrounding land; work on this new town will start upon its dedication on March 15, 1945.
11. During all this work there has been only a few serious accidents due to mine explosions.
12. The Polish Government (and Army) has erected a large Cenotaph Monument on the apex of one of the mountain spurs adjoining Montecassino.
13. The Allied Governments have helped not only with advice and direction, but with materials and transport facilities.

David Solomon 3234
DAVID SOLOMON
Housing - P.W. Div.
P.W. & U. S/C.

Tel. 489081 Ext. 270

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

DS/ram

file
21

176/PWU

26 January 1945

Subject: Cassino

To : Chief Public Works Division

Director for info. M. 27/1

1. In a talk today with Mr. Prezioso concerning Cassino he tells me the following:
2. A new and separate Genio Civile office (equivalent to a full Provincial office) will be set up for Cassino and surrounding territory.
3. Mine clearance hitherto solely under the War Department will now be entrusted under a Decree, presently being enacted upon, to the Genio Civile in localities where the work demands same. The Genio Civile will secure the assistance of qualified experts for this work.
4. To speed the filling of shell holes and bomb craters in open farm lands both to eliminate malaria hazard and to assist in land drainage and river bed clearance, another Decree is being passed to empower the Genio Civile to pay subsidies to the farmers for doing this work. Originally this work was done haphazardly by farmers without any Government control. This gives the Genio Civile the full control over this work and helps the farmers with money subsidies.
5. The clearance of the debris in Cassino will be speeded up and the finishing of approximately thirty experimental houses (ten now under way) will be rushed but all will be kept in a section of Cassino removed from and independent of the permanent new city plan.
6. The P. W. Minister and others have examined Cassino recently and have decided on the following program.
 - (a) The major portion of the city will probably be cleared of dangerous mines and debris and left as a monument.

8233

- (b) The suburbs and remaining portion of the city will have the houses repaired and streets changed to fit into a new city plan.
- (c) On land immediately adjacent to Cassino new quarters of the city will be built to compensate for the part left as a monument and all of the old houses repaired will be properly fitted into the complete new city plan.
- (d) This new plan will be offered for our comments and suggestions before it is put into effect.

David Solomon

DAVID SOLOMON
Housing - P. W. Division

3232

Tel. 489081 Ext. 320

20

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

LAI/ram

176/PWU

28 February 1945

SUBJECT: CASSINO

TO : Vice-President Economic Section
Attention Col. L. D. Denmore

1. On March 15 1945 there will be a grand celebration at Cassino. This celebration is called for the following purposes:

- (a) To either declare a certain area of Cassino to remain as a future shrine or to actually dedicate it.
- (b) To inaugurate the reconstruction of the lower or southernly portion of the town under a new town plan.
- (c) To visit the new development being built some distance west of the old town.
- (d) To visit the monastery preliminary to some decision being made by the proper authorities as to what can be done with it.

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2. I understand that at this ceremony outside of the Minister of Public Works and members of his staff and myself representing the Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission other officials will be present. The present plan is for the Prime Minister Bonomi and several other Ministers to be there. I was told today that it was understood that certain other Allied officials would be present.

3. Will you please advise me whether or not Admiral Stone and possibly General McKinley or yourself will be present at this ceremony. It will practically mean an all day affair as lunch will be served at the sight.

L. A. JENNY
Colonel, C. E.
Director

16 Feb.
St. Cal. Thompson

Called Industry and they have already
arranged to submit bids for power
through regular channels. Probably 19
won't get much for March as there is not
much improvement over February.

Noted M. 27th bbf
mr

3230

Col Lapper ^{work}

How about it?

M.13/2

A ~~bad~~ area
no generating plant
and serious breakdown
of Transmission.

work

Bids for Electric Power are made by
Industry, Sub Commission ^{work}

3229

RECEIVED
P.W. & U.S.C.A.C.
12 FEB 1945 176

FT/eg

10 February 1945

Ref. AO/5553/IND

SUBJECT : Brick plants, Perugia Province.

To : Capt. D.B. Roberts,
Industry Sub-CommissionFrom : Eng. Pidia Piattelli,
Industry Sub-Commission.

By Col Thompson W
Dis. discussion with
Col. Hopper and see
what can be done to assist,
as we need all the bricks
we can get. 12/2

1. Brick plants in Perugia Province have been inspected by Eng. Trovati (AMS IVth Ind.) and Eng. Piattelli, AG. HQ. Industry Sub-Commission during a 3 days' trip (February 6 - 8). A proposed brick plant at Pietrafitta and the Pietrafitta lignite mine have also been visited.

2. Plant names and data are shown in the accompanying sheet. Their location is indicated in the accompanying sketch map.

3. All plants visited could be restarted as soon as the weather permits (March-April) if the necessary electric power could be supplied. There are no serious fuel or transportation main problems, and all managers seem to have a truck or other means. The whole region is now rapidly repairing bridges, nearly all of which have been blown by the retreating German troops.

4. Apart from electric power (and we understand that this is a particular difficulty of the Province) the main problem is labor. All managers stated that no workman is willing to abandon the profitable black market activity to "slave" in a clay quarry for 100 Lire per day. A possible solution, as efficiently tried in the Brisarelli (Marsciano) plant, could be a factory mess, or canteen. The writer and Eng. Trovati had an occasion to talk to On. Francesco Curti, Director of the Province Labour Office (Ministry for Industry, Commerce and Labour) and advised **3228** get in touch with the plant managers at once.

5. The lignite mine at Pietrafitta is now taking 60 KW and fuel of apparently very good quality is consistently supplied to the various customers. The mine is operated by the *Alto Trasimeno*, a brick making concern.

connected with the mine management, is now building a big Hoffmann kiln near the mine, to use their low grade surplus lignite. The managers seem to be energetic and willing to start as early as possible. Since a thermo-electric power plant, built under the fascist regime near the lignite mine, has been completely wrecked by German dynamiting, there is a lot of salvage material (blowers, motors, etc.) to be used for the proposed brick plant. No doubt, however, that the production will be started during the 1945 campaign.

6. Separate reports for each plant will be prepared by Eng. Fratelli. If some of the plants visited can be provided with electric power and restarted in time, considerable impetus will be given to local reconstruction activities, in a region where there is good evidence of rapid recovery. The present policy of the Industry Section, Lazio-Marche Region, of concentrating on the Marciano plant to step up production, seems however not only justified, but also very reasonable, since no one of all plants visited can compare with this one for dimensions, technical means and methods, and, specially, initiative and personal activity from the managers.

7. Survey trips of this kind are certainly very useful to give a better insight of the situation and the occasion for stimulating local activity. Accommodation and transport for A.C. and A.S.C. personnel is, however, inadequate (as far as we could test in Perugia) and unless considerably improved might lead to noticeable waste of time and money.

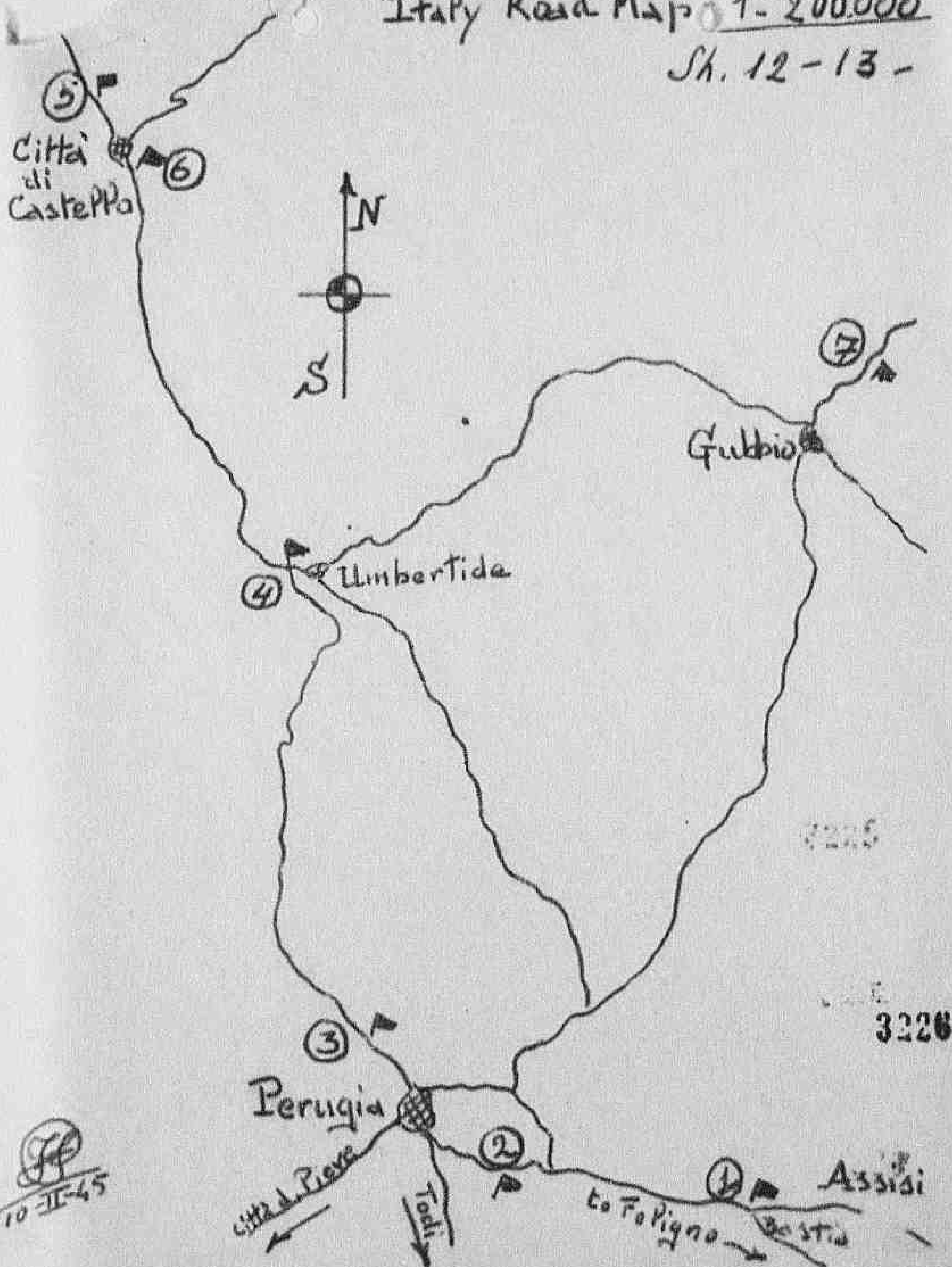
2 Incl. 1
as per para 2 above.

F. Fratelli
FRATELLI,
Engineer,
Industry Sub-Commission.

32276

Italy Road Map 1-200,000

Sh. 12-13-



10-II-45

BRICK PLANT'S NAME		LOCATION	COMMUNE	STATE AND TYPE	Production per day (total)	Bricks M/day
DAVE GALLETTI Ing.	<u>1</u>	BAUTIA	PERUGIA	Occupied by R.A.F. (1 Hoffmann)	12,000	6,000
FRINI (Ing. Galletti)	<u>2</u>	Ponte San Giovanni	PERUGIA (6 km.)	Lambrini Kila funct. day	25,000	6,000
FORNACE GALLETTI	<u>3</u>	S. SERIO	PERUGIA (3 km.)	1 Hoffmann funct. March	30,000	8,000
SALVATORE SPINELLI	<u>4</u>	UNBERTINO	UNBERTINO	small Hoffmann ready to work in Apr.	1,000,000/ year	700,000/ year
MASSETTI LUIGI	<u>5</u>	RIGNANO	CITTA' DI CASTELLO	Lambrini Kila very good cond.	12,000	5,000
HOFFMANN SANTINELLI	<u>6</u>	CITTA' DI CASTELLO	do	neglected (Hoffmann 14 ch)	1,500,000/ year	-
GUALTIERO PASOLI	<u>7</u>	Near GUBBIO	GUBBIO (5 km.)	1 Hoffmann 16 ch ready to start Apr.	1,500,000/ year	700,000/ year
BRIZIA RULLI PIO & FIGLI		BARONIANO	BARONIANO	Very good funct. 1 Hoffmann	16,700/ day	5,000

DATE AND TYPE	Production per day (total)	Bricks #/day	Marseilles tiles #/day	Coppi and Romano #/day	Hollow Bricks No./day	Presses No.	Tile Press No.
aided by R.A.P. (Hofmann)	12,000	6,000	no	no	6,000	2	no
Paul Kila st. May	25,000	6,000	2,000	diff.	diff.	1+1+1	1
Hofmann st. March	30,000	8,000	3,000	4,000	15,000	1+1	1
Hofmann to work in Apr.	1,000,000/ year	700,000/ year	40,000/ year	60,000/ year	100,000/ year	1	1
Paul Kila good cond.	12,000	5,000	800/1000	diff.	5,000	1	1 h.o.
Hofmann 14 ch)	1,500,000/ year	-	-	-	-	1	1
Hofmann 16 ch to start Apr.	1,500,000/ year	700,000/ year	no	130,000/ year	700,000/year	1+1	no
good funct. Hofmann	16,700/ day	5,000	3,700	2,000	6,000	1+1	2+1

3553

Yellow Bricks No./day	Pressed Br. No.	File Presses No.	Stock (raw) No.	Electric Power Required KW	Electric Power received now KW	Lignite Used Tons/No	Lignite from
6,000	2	no	no	40	no	195	Torgiano
diff	1+1+1	1	no	80	no	300	do
15,000	1+1	1	200,000	100	no	360	do
100,000/ year	1	1	no	30	no	1000 Tg/1000 Br.	Branson
5,000	1	1 h.o.	no	30	no connect. broke.	wood 3 T/Day	
-	1	1	no	30	no	1	Tuscany
700,000/year	1+1	no	200,000	80	no	120	Branson
6,000	1+1	2+1	in product.	140/160	as needed	0.5 to 1000 Br.	Castardo Pietrafitta Terzi etc.

3224

3224

Stock (raw) No.	Electric Power Required KW	Electric Power received now KW	Lignite Used Tons/No	Lignite from	Distance Km.	Workmen
no	40	no	195	Torgiano	15	40
no	60	no	300	do	8	80
200,000	100	no	360	do	12	120
no	30	no	1000 kg/1000 hr.	Brance	40	40
no	30	no connect. brak.	wood 3 T/Day			45
no	30	no	?	Tuscany	-	-
200,000	80	no	120	Brance	18	60
in product.	110/160	as needed	0,6 to 1000 hr.	Basterdo Pierafitta Terni etc.	according to road, of road	100/200

3224

3224

MC/efd

43612

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO UMBRIA REGION
(Engineering Division)
APO 394

18

RECEIVED
P.W. & U. DIVISION
20 FEB 1945 176

17th February 1945

TO : HQ.AC. P.W. & U. Sub-Commission

SUBJECT : Specimen house in Formia.- LITTORIA Province -

IN REPLY QUOTE : R4/ENG/101.339.

1. Attached hereto is copy of a letter from Genio Civile which I am sending for your information.
2. This refers to the project approved by you on the 19th October 1944 ref. M 172 for the expenditure of £. 1.111.341.=
3. The house was completed and ready for occupancy (22 persons) about the 10th January 1945.
4. The estimated cost was of £. 3.850/mq. — ?



A. S. Evans, Maj. RE
~~G. P. BOLICK, Col. F.A.~~
for Regional Engineer
Lazio-Umbria Region AMG

Enclosure: 1

Det Col Thompson

Ref 20/23223

Tel. 489081 Ext. 270

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

DS/ram

2 February 1945

176/PWC

SUBJECT: Casa Popolari - Rome

TO : Chief Public Works Division

Director

1. In connection with the attached translation from the newspaper "Italia Libera" which discussed the lack of repairs to many Casa Popolari apartment houses the writer interviewed Mr. Prezioso and Mr. Pinchera (Vice-Commissioner for Casa Popolari Rome Province) and also inspected the damaged buildings. Unquestionably many of these buildings damaged in varying degrees by air bombardment require immediate repairs to take care of "senza tetto" persons. These houses have suffered damage varying from shattered windows and plaster all the way to complete demolition of sections of buildings and my personal inspection revealed the families to be living in most cases devoid of elementary hygienic facilities, devoid of windows and in some cases of exterior walls, etc.

2. Mr. Prezioso assures me that projects are now being prepared by Public Works Ministry to repair these houses at once up to a cost of about 130 million lire.

3. Mr. Prezioso further states that special decrees are pending the passage of which will permit the use of Government funds not only for this repair work but for the finishing of a number of unfinished such Casa Popolari buildings.

4. My inspection revealed that these unfinished buildings are now from 50 to 90 percent finished and I believe they should be finished to house the "senza tetto" **3222**

5. Casa Popolari are basically institutions organized in each of 32 Provinces on a non-profit basis the rents supposedly paying the maintenance costs, administrative costs and interest and amortization on the financing (100% loans by institutions). The Government controlled these through certain regulatory legislation but apart from this legislation these organizations were autonomous. They maintained a central organization in Rome not to manage or direct the affairs of each Province but to act as a coordinating agency.

6. This central organization has been abolished and the affairs of all the Casa Popolari in all Provinces are temporarily handled by the Public Works Ministry. Mr. Prezioso states that once they are able to manage their own affairs they will be returned to their own management. The Government pays part of the interest on the mortgage loans and intends temporarily (through the pending Decree) paying all repair costs and furnishing the capital for finishing the unfinished buildings.

7. I am informed by the Vice-Commissioner Casa Popolari for Rome that as of the present date the Rome houses do not collect sufficient rent to pay any of the interest and amortization charges and that a moratorium on same is in effect.

8. My conclusion is that any thing done to repair the presently damaged houses and to complete the unfinished houses that are now more than 50 percent built will be to the advantage of the "senza tetto".

David Solomon

DAVID SOLOMON
Housing - P. W. Division

3221

Translation from "Italia Libera"

URGENT PROBLEMS

Works of Repair to Buildings of the Institute Case Popolari

About 8,000 rooms damaged serial bombings - An Estimate continuously increasing: from 90, to 140 to 200 Million.

As it is well known, the biggest part of the Institute Case Popolari, Buildings and in particular those lodging thousands and thousands of real workers' families are located in the various nearby zones. These zones at a time fortunately far back, have suffered the heaviest damages from the air bombings directed on vital communications centers used by the Germans. The Buildings of the Case Popolari weren't spared and damages more or less serious were verified at: Tibertino, Val Melaina Frenestino, Casilino, Magliana, Garbatella, Gordiani, Quattrocilo, S. Basilio, Appio and at Torre Galia. From a survey it results that, about 1000 rooms were destroyed, 4500 were heavily damaged and 5,500 slightly damaged.

Now, many months after the necessary works of repair are not completed yet, commenced. There are: walls to be raised, roofs and terraces to be repaired; ceilings, floors, and plumbing to be fixed; fixtures, partitions and glasses to be substituted. Necessary works did we say? It isn't enough. Works indispensable and most urgent, especially in a season as severe as this one.

After receiving requests and complaints from more than one source, we contacted the Executives of the Institute and ask them why the works weren't commenced yet? Why many families are left in houses without glasses and fixtures.

We were told that the Technical Office of the Institute some time ago, after carrying out the necessary surveys had prepared a project for the execution of the necessary repairs. And then? Well - the funds are not available.

A year ago the works amounted to about 90 million, but a new estimate was made and the figure bounced up to 140 million, and so the increased cost of materials and labor. Today the amount is already 200 Million and if something quick is not going to be done about it other conspicuous increases will be verified.

But we wait. We wait for the Ministry of Public Works to whose attention the Executives of the Institute brought more than once this grave situation for the granting of a loan.

Quick action is needed since we waited ever for long.

3220

Done

15-10-10 is well known, the biggest part of the Istituto Case Popolari. Buildings and in particular those lodging thousands and thousands of real workers' families are located in the various nearby zones. These zones at a time fortunately far back, have suffered the heaviest damages from the air bombings directed on vital communications centers used by the Germans. The Buildings of the Case Popolari weren't spared and damages were or less serious were verified at: Tibertino, Val Melaina Presestino, Casilino, Magliana, Garbatella, Gordiani, Quattrocchio, S. Basilio, Appio and at Torre Gallia. From a survey it results that, about 1000 rooms were destroyed, 1500 were heavily damaged and 5,500 slightly damaged.

Now, many months after the necessary works of repair are not completed yet, commenced. There are: walls to be raised, roofs and terraces to be repaired; ceilings, floors, and plumbing to be fixed; fixtures, partitions and glasses to be substituted. Necessary works did we say? It isn't enough. Works indispensable and most urgent, especially in a season as severe as this one.

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A year ago the works amounted to about 90 million, but a new estimate was made and the figure bounced up to 140 million, due to the increased cost of materials and labor. Today the amount is already 200 Million and if something quick is not going to be done about it other conspicuous increases will be verified.

But we wait. We wait for the Ministry of Public Works to whose attention the Executives of the Institute brought more than once this grave situation for the granting of a loan.

Quick action is needed since we waited even too long.

Dr. L. Thompson

*I had then translated. He has the
Latham contract prepared to see just
what the situation is and, important,
are there to be rebuilt for private property
or are there to be used to house workers?*

May 30/1

ISTITUTO AUTONOMO PER LE CASE POPOLARI
DELLA PROVINCIA DI ROMA

ALLEGATO N.2

SECONDO DALLI ALLOGGI E VANI DISTRUTTI E

DANNEGGIATI

PER OPERE ELLICHE

3219

GRUPPI	Alloggi e vani distrutti				Alloggi e vani gravemente danneggiati		
	Alloggi	vani	spesa	Costo dei vani distr.	Alloggi	Vani	Spesa
Guidonia	35	155	9.000.000	1.930.000	42	188	2.450.
Casilino II					8	23	725.
Casilino I°							
Casilino IV							
Tiburtino II	106	339	25.000.000	4.600.000	240	766	11.000.
Gordiani e Teano							
Borgata Prenestina							
Torre Gaia							
Castense							
Santa Saba							
Testaccio III							
Val Melaina	39	120	9.600.000	1.030.000	30	93	3.190.
Quarticciolo							
Garbatella	183	183	14.100.000	3.480.000	42	42	1.160.
Acqua Traversa							
S. Basilio							
Catia Lido							
Piumicino	7	23	1.500.000	170.000	14	36	1.100.
Catia Borgata							
	370	820	59.200.000	11.210.000	376	1148	19.525.

R I A S S U N T O

Spesa totale per la ricostruzione di n.	820	vani distrutti	L. ✓
" " " riparazione	1148	" gravemente danneggiati	" ✓
" " " " " "	4969	" lievemente danneggiati	" ✓

del istr.	Alloggi e vani gravemente danneggiati			Alloggi e vani lievemente danneggi.			Totale gener; di spesa
	Alloggi	Vani	Spesa totale	Alloggi	vani	Spesa totale	
9.000	42	186	2.450.000	160	736	6.430.000	17.880.000
	8	23	725.000	23	63	880.000	1.605.000
				4	18	155.000	155.000
				11	41	324.000	324.000
300.000	240	756	11.000.000	362	1156	11.100.000	47.100.000
				186	282	2.120.000	2.120.000
				87	218	1.110.000	1.110.000
				16	54	850.000	850.000
				85	299	4.050.000	4.050.000
				94	326	3.800.000	3.800.000
				6	20	280.000	280.000
30.000	30	93	3.190.000	38	117	1.460.000	14.250.000
				133	402	3.360.000	3.360.000
480.000	42	42	1.160.000	629	629	5.300.000	21.560.000
				1	3	25.000	25.000
				40	140	1.000.000	1/000.000
				81	323	2.800.000	2.800.000
170.000	14	36	1.100.000				2.600.000
				56	142	1.300.000	1.300.000
210.000	376	1148	19.625.000	2012	4969	47.354.000	✓ 126.179.000

RIASSUNTO

strutti	L. 59.200.000;	spesa media a vano	L. 72.195	40
avemente danneggiati	" 19.625.000;	" " "	" 17.094	25
avemente danneggiati	" 47.354.000;	" " "	" 9.530	10

126,179,000

RECEIVED
P.W. & U.S./C.A.C.

5 FEB 1945 176

A prosio del Piano Regolatore di Anzio e Nettuno

La contraddizione sembra gradita, mentre appare da *La Fata Espola*, l'abbandono del 26 gennaio corrente, la mancanza di un governo di sinistra, l'interferimento da parte di Autarkia e l'opposizione circa l'assenza di progetti per i piani regolatori di Sestione ed Aosta.

Si spera che, finalmente, questa iniziativa possa veramente dare l'impulso necessario alla sviluppo della vita culturale della città.

L'intervento delle Armate Alleate retro le due divisioni di Wehrmacht ad Anzio non avrebbe avuto senso, nel caso si temesse l'eventuale riuscita dell'attacco che i cecoslovacchi intrapresero nel 1947, di loro iniziativa, eppure alla troppo evidente che al suo verso si erano indirizzate le decisioni militari.

Arise e Veleiro dando
impulso a

Dopo lo sbarco negli Azzori, che si stabiliscono la storia «Terra di Pontal», le due antiche di terra, come tutto le azioni più forti del la guerra a terra che le due parti far, temendo che non le azioni più forti.

Dopo essere state obbligate a sfollare per luoghi più o meno remoti, le popolazioni si sono ritrovate in zone trattate o diserbate coltivate a grano, frumento o cereali. Il terreno agrario sottratto per le esigenze belliche, gli attratti per lavorare la terra, distrutti, le cause sono multiple e diversificate. Il porto privato degli americani costretti per il controllo economico, a quella che si può aggiungere che la vita è resa ancora maggiormente travolta per una totale assenza di organizzazione per i mezzi di trasporto, specialmente per il grano.

Fino ad oggi sono hanno fatto i
in rapporto, e come per
Azzurri per questa popolazione.
Inoltramente dell'anno risponde
che nulla di serio e di concreto è
stato fatto.

La Notomia della città di vino
e la vita del suo primario.

Solo da circa un mese, dopo aver
avuto dalla Direzione di Roma il
parere degli Alfani, Nenni si è
di un servizio anticomunismo per
l'Italia, fatto con mezzi non stati
ti ed insufficienti alle necessità dei
viaggiatori. Per raggiungere Roma
occorrono ore ed ore di viaggio, e
l'anticomunista non si spaventa per
Sennò.

Le strade di Nauru sono infinitamente più liete. L'aspetto è tutto sommato ancora totalmente pacifico, tanto vero che l'acqua non affluisce negli abitati i quali sono tutti.

Nettuno è forse l'unico città della Provincia di Roma che non riceva l'energia elettrica, ed è per questo che si è deciso di costruire una centrale elettrica a carbone. L'edificio costa poco più di

...e si diffuse affannosamente
fra difficoltà, come l'Uffizio
Tecnico del Comune partorisce al
suo archivio, dopo esse mesi, "una
bella" di poco meno ingombrante
diventando che di tal pila —
che pure esultava alle celebrazze
parcella decise di andare di lire
— nel approvati dall'Autorità Te-
nica, il conte di Numa e
della.

Invece la signora, tutte grandi e
piccole, anche se gravemente dis-
pregiate sono abbiate. Lei, per
quanto bello, molto rossa. An-
che si occupa di procurare loro qua-
lità, se pure, temporaneamente abbiate.
Per, si è forse in sponibile della
ella stessa, nessuno incontro alla
relativa, prima, di ritornare
di tali, tutti, il sospetto di chi,
in altri tempi, forse pure un po'
di vita e lavoro alle signorine, di
una e di Nettuno.

Questa potrebbe essere un'ottima
occasione per di nuovi esperimenti
quando le Associazioni non possono
perché cittadini in condizioni di
poter ripartire i propri fabbisogni
materiali, o almeno di agevolati in
tale situazione.

Ben venga, dunque, il nuovo
codice dei nostri liberi regolatori per An-
sio e Netuno se l'Austerità sarà il
spolia ai sopravvissuti ed a sinistra.
Il Ben venga il nuovo pieno regio-
latore se potrà presto conciliare e
facilitare la rinascita estrema delle
due città; ben venga se non
devrà rimanere soltanto la vana
esibizione di questo o di quel pro-
getto, in una sala del palazzo
sindacale di Via Quattro Fontane.

Parlare e scrivere di autori psichi-
regolati, quando i progetti non
venivano al via presso società di
galfini lucare, come si è lasciato
il nostro nella mente, quella
paralizzare nell'istima l'industria
privata, della ricostruzione e della
riparazione dei fabbricati. In tal
caso il prossimo lavoro sarebbe
stato in quel di Nettuno dove
si era fatto.

Nationality of the respondent

Roberto Ottolenghi

FROM "VOCE REPUBBLICANA" 3218 OF

Feb 4th 1945

0.42

~~To~~

11

W. L. Thompson

Un note a file

day 7/2

W

vi è stato anche incontro alla
industria privata di ricostruzione
di tali edifici, di proprietà di chi
in altri tempi, delle zone non po-
di vita e lavoro alla popolazione di
Aquila e di Nettuno.

Ci sembrerebbe essere arduo
parlare nei di piani regolatori
quando le autorità non pongano i
potenti cittadini in condizioni di
poter ripartire i propri fabbricati
invece di avere di agevolare la
fase ricostruttiva.

Non vengono, comunque, le norme
ed i nuovi piani regolatori per An-
zio e Nettuno se l'Autorità non di-
spone ad approvare ed a finanziar-
li. Ben venga il nuovo piano rego-
latore se darà presto consentimenti e
facilitare la scelta, sulla base delle
due città: ben venga se non
dovrà limitare soltanto la zona
edilizia di questo o di quel pro-
getto, in una sola del palazzo
principale di Via Quattro Fontane.

Partito è il lavoro di nuovi piani
regolatori, quando i progetti non
vengono al più presto approvati e
governo locale, come si è lasciato
il privato nella incertezza; signora
particolare nell'attesa, l'industria
edilizia, della ricostruzione e della
ripartizione dei fabbricati. In tal
caso il problema lavoro edilizio
avverrà lo stesso di Nettuno privo
di un tetto.

Nettuno, 27 gennaio 1945.
Roberto Ottolenghi

FROM ' VOCE REPUBBLICANA 3218

FEB 4th 1945

To Thompson
Sip
7/2

Sir, Translation attached
Sip
7/2

Quiter

l'attività, appunto alle troppe vite,
che si sofferma al punto dopo
diventa del fenomeno militare.

Anche a Nettuno hanno sofferto
molto sofferto e soffrono.

Dopo lo sbarco degli Alleati che
vi stabiliscono la guerra. "Tutta di
Ponte", se due cittadini si trova-
rono sotto le armi più terribili del-
la guerra attuale che in deposito fer-
mentato che non le dimora del fuso.

Dopo essere state obbligate a
sfollare per luoghi più o meno re-
mota, le popolazioni di loro ritorno
hanno trovato le abitazioni colpite,
spazi devastati o distrutti; si sono
trovati agrario scartato per le esigenze
belliche, gli attenti per lavorare la
terra distrutti; le case sono inabi-
tabili o demoliche; il porto privato
dagli elementi nemici; per il suo
regolare funzionamento; a questo si
aggiunge che la vita è una, ancora
maggiore gravosa per una loro
edilizia e spazzatura per i mezzi
di trasporto, specialmente per Roma.

Fino ad oggi non hanno fatto le
Autorità per queste popolazioni
l'indifferenza dell'ultimo rapporto
che nulla di tutto o di scarto è
stato fatto.

In Nettuno molti cittadini viro-
no la vita dell'uomo poliglotta.

Solo da circa un mese, dopo sette
anni dalla liberazione di Roma da
parte degli Alleati, Nettuno gode
di un servizio automobilistico per la
Capitale, fatto con mezzi non ele-
ti ed insufficienti alle necessità dei
viaggiatori. Per raggiungere Roma
occorre ora ed ora di viaggio, e
l'autocorona non è adatta per
l'autostrada.

Le strade di Nettuno sono infor-
mentabili per il fango. L'acqua,
dalla non viene ancora totalmente
rifornita, tanto vero che l'acqua
non affluisce negli abitati i quali
se sono privi.

Nettuno è forse l'unica città
nella Provincia di Roma che man-
ca ancora l'energia elettrica, ed il
carbone il quale costa prezzi pro-
bivi.

Malgrado che il Comune di Net-
tuno abbia a disposizione un Ue-
do Tevere, ammonta la prima
norma in Nettuno di un Ue-
do del Tevere. Appena non ce-
sano, una diocesi di vittime vi fa-
cono fra gli abitanti di un fabbri-
cato improvvisamente eretto. Na-
turamente nessuno aveva pensato a
disporre l'abitabilità del fabbrico-
ceto di Via Sordello ed a farlo
sgomberare a tempo da coloro che
ne rimangono vittime, per quando lo
stabile presentasse la sua delle fa-
cile un terribile acquisto dovuto ad
una e più persone.

Malgrado la popolazione non vi-
vo i fabbricati che danno a per-
la quale che esponente mette in
porro i suoi, mentre il popolo

(Translator O. Aquarone) February 1945

ABOUT

REHOUSING PROGRAM FOR ANZIO AND NETTUNO

DEVELOPMENT PLAN.

The news spread by the "Voce Reubblicana" of 26 Jan. inst. that the Authorities attention is, at last, engaged in a plan for Anzio's and Nettunia's Rehousing Program, have been much appreciated by the populations of the towns.

We hope that, before long, the rebuilding and the development of both towns will be increased and furthered by this initiative.

Surely the two small towns of Nettunia and Anzio deserve the Allies to take this matter in hand, considering the heroic resistance opposed by the citizens to those German troops which in September 1943 took the military garrison by surprise.

Anzio and Nettuno have suffered and are still suffering unlimitedly.

After the landing of the Allies which established therein their Bridgehead remained historical, the two towns had to undergo the most terrific bombardments of the actual war and were throughout devastated if not totally destroyed by them.

Having been forced to evacuate to more or less far off localities, the populations found on their return their fruitful cultivations devastated or destroyed, the farmland completely upset by the exigencies of war actions and all agrarian tools destroyed; the houses were demolished or inhabitable, the port deprived of the elements necessary for their functioning. Additionally daily life is made still harder by the want of any organization of transport-especially for Rome.

Up to the present day what has been done by the Authorities for these populations? We must sorrowfully reply: nothing earnest or really positive has been done!

In Nettuno many citizens live a primitive man's life. 7 Months after Rome's liberation by the Allies, namely only since a month ago does Nettunia enjoy a motor-service for the Capital, organized with improper means and inadequate to the requirements of travellers. Many and many hours does the journey to Rome last - if the motor-coach does not get out of gear on the way!

-2-

Nettuno's roads are unpracticable because of the mud. The waterwork is not yet completely rehabilitated, and water does not reach the premises which have none. Nettunia is perhaps the only province of Rome where there is no electric energy at all - and cactus carbyde has reached impossible prices!

In spite of the Technical Office at its disposal, in spite of the Genio Civile Office located in Nettunja, only some months ago there has been a dozen of victims owing to the collapse of a building. Naturally nobody had taken any concern to declare inhabitable that premise of Via Sargallo nor to having it cleared of those who later became victims of the dreadful accident - in spite of the building presenting a horrible breakage in the front-side, consequence of one or more big guns shot.

While the population dies under collapsing buildings or through the explosion of bombs still in the fields which are tilled again, while people starve and struggle painfully among countless difficulties - the Technical Office gives at last birth - after 6 months - to an "idea" of a development plan, forgetting that the Commune is fed up with such plans - which costed to the people dozens of thousand lire - never approved by the tutelary authorities.

Meanwhile the refined big and small cottages are inhabited by the "roofless people" - in spite of their being damaged, and no authority thinks of getting them elsewhere another dwellingplace - even if temporary - nor to favour the clearing of the cottages thus helping reconstruction of those buildings on part of their owners, which in past times had procured work and given life to Nettuno and Anzio's people.

It seems out of place to speak ourselves of development plans, while the Authorities do not put the private citizens in condition to be able to repair their own damaged buildings or at least assist them in this work of reconstruction.

Anyhow, welcome be these new plans for Anzio and Nettuno, if the Authorities are disposed to approve and finance them! Welcome be the new development plan, if it will be put into execution and if it will facilitate building renewal of both towns! Welcome to it if it will not be only a useless exhibition of project-makers in the princely palace of Via Fontane's halls!

3216

-3-

To speak about development plans before projects can possibly be realized - as it already happened- means only to leave the private owner in doubt, means to paralyze in a fruitless expectation all private initiative in reconstruction and repair of buildings. In this case next winter will find Nettuno's people still roofless!

Nettuno 27 January 1945

ROBERTO STOLINI!

3215

Tel. 489081 Ext. 270

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

DS/rem

176/PWU

26 January 1945

Subject: Cassino

To : Chief Public Works Division

1. In a talk today with Mr. Prezioso concerning Cassino he tells me the following:
2. A new and separate Genio Civile office (equivalent to a full Provincial office) will be set up for Cassino and surrounding territory.
3. Mine clearance hitherto solely under the War Department will now be entrusted under a Decree presently being enacted upon to the Genio Civile in localities where the work demands same. The Genio Civile will secure the assistance of qualified experts for this work.
4. To speed the filling of shell holes and bomb craters in open farm lands both to eliminate malarial hazard and to assist in land drainage and river bed clearance another Decree is being passed to empower the Genio Civile to pay subsidies to the farmers for doing this work. Originally this work was done haphazardly by farmers without any Government control. This gives the Genio Civile the full control over this work and helps the farmers with money subsidies.
5. The clearance of the debris in Cassino will be speeded up and the finishing of approximately thirty experimental houses (ten now under way) will be rushed but all will be kept in a section of Cassino removed from and independent of the permanent new city plan.
6. The P. W. Minister and others have examined Cassino recently and have decided on the following program.

- (a) The major portion of the city will probably be cleared of dangerous mines and debris and left as a monument.

3214

- (b) The suburbs and remaining portion of the city will have the houses repaired and streets changed to fit into a new city plan.
- (c) On land immediately adjacent to Cassino new quarters of the city will be built to compensate for the part left as a monument and all of the old houses repaired will be properly fitted into the complete new city plan.
- (d) This new plan will be offered for our comments and suggestions before it is put into effect.

DAVID SOLOMON
Housing - P. W. Division

39213

Tel. 489081, Ext. 319

14

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

RWS/rly

176/P&U

24 January 1945

Subject: New Housing, Terni.

To : Regional Commissioner, Lazio - Umbria,
(Att: Regional Engineer).

1. Form ACC/1 together with estimate and location map covering the erection of four new housing units at Terni are returned herewith without action in accordance with decisions reached in our discussion of 23 January 1945.

V.S. THOMPSON
Lt. Col. R.C.E.
Chief Public Wks. Div.

3212

Software II, order no. 4, 2nd ed. Jan. 1983.

Can you request the board to obtain and allot to INDUSTRY Region Iaxio & Uabria all old Nation Pina for conversion to roofing tiles. -

For example, a RARE FORT LUTHERTON sheet contains 526 fish scales & a sheet about 12 inch by 18 inch when flattened out. -

systems can provide 50,000 sq ft month provided they can use 400 sq ft per month and for 500,000 sq ft per month.

They inform me that there is difficulty in getting tins as it requires AFHQ authority to release them - Units contacted say they cannot hand over without authority as the tins go to Army Salvage for processing.

Carl W. Smith
Regional Engineer
Lazio Univariate Region AM3.
1-32112

Ed Thompson
I think this is very helpful
and should be fully explained.
The discussion with Indurston
and Salvage and try to pack
this to the westmost.

May 17/11

~~With people working
in the
1911~~

Capt. Wm. Bell Powers - Brig. Gen. - Col.

LATIO-UMBRIA REGION
INDUSTRY DIVISION

KCS/1b

20 Jan. 45

FACTORY VISIT

NAME : R.A.D.I.R.O.T.

ADDRESS : Roma, Via dei Campani, 83
and farm: Tenuta Lucrezia Romana, Lotto 10
Capannelle.

PRODUCT : Tin roofing tiles

DATE : 19 Jan. 45

SUBJECT : To implement decision to start production.

WHO SENT : Sig. Caruso (Proprietor)

BY WHOM : Majors Wilson - Kelly,
Ing. Malpeli, Eng. Division - tel. 243229
Ing. Migliardi, Genio Civile, Roma - tel. 491035

RESULT : The party first visited the farm where it was proposed to install plant for the production. There is an ample workroom into which some lathes, drills, etc. have already been moved. The only machine which could be used for this production however was an hand operated shearing machine. It was intimated that the press and power shears were expected in a few days.

There is ample storage for scrap tins in a cow stalls not at present in use, but access to the building will present a handling problem.

A visit to the Firm's Roma warehouse was then made and it was evident that working space was larger, but ill lit, and storage space lacking and access poor.

FURTHER ACTION :

1. The firm's decision to produce at the farm was upheld.
2. In view of the impending order by RAAC in-structing units to deliver thus the firm was instructed to put up direction signs forthwith and that under no circumstances would acceptance of deliveries be refused under penalty of cancella-

3210

: Tim roofing tiles

: 19 Jan. 45

: To implement decision to start production.

: Sig. Carcano (Proprietor)

: Majors Wilson - Kelly,

Ing. Malpelli, Eng. Division - tel. 843229

Ing. Migliardi, Genio Civile, Rome - tel. 491035

RESULT

The party first visited the farm where it was proposed to install plant for the production. There is an ample workroom into which some lathes, drills, etc. have already been moved. The only machine which could be used for this production however was a hand operated shearing machine. It was intimated that the press and power shears were expected in a few days.

There is ample storage for scrap time in a cow stalls not at present in use, but access to the building will present a handling problem.

A visit to the firm's Rome warehouse was then made and it was evident that working space was larger, but ill lit, and storage space lacking and access poor.

3219

FURTHER ACTION

1. The firm's decision to produce at the farm was upheld.
2. In view of the impending order by RAO in-structing units to deliver time the firm was instructed to put up direction signs forthwith and that under no circumstances would acceptance of deliveries be refused under penalty cancellation of the contract. These deliveries were to be expected from 22 Jan. onwards.
3. It was arranged that the Genio Civile will specify types and that output will only be released against their order. This authority will accept responsibility for the survey and control of the work and will agree a price with R.A.D.C.E.O.T.

/.

4. Sig. Curceno intimated that a labour force of 8 - 10 operatives and another gang for handling and selecting tires was visualized, and that housing accommodation would be provided on the farm.
5. It was agreed that the firm would inform this Division on Monday 28 Jan. as to their programme based on the expected date of arrival of the necessary machinery.

Elmer

K.O. WILLIAMS,
Major R.A.
Industry Division
Las Cruces Region

Copies to:

Industry D/O A.C.
PW and U S/G A.C. (attention Mr. Salomon) ✓
Engineering Division
File (2)

3209

Tel. 489081 Ext. 270

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

DG/ram

23 January 1945

176/PWU

Subject: List of Projects at Anzio and Nettuna;

To : Chief, Public Works Division:

1. Inspection of the records at Region IV Office discloses the following list of projects.
2. A.M.G. - Water repair (includes Nettuna)
1,000,000 lire - finished - Anzio
A.M.G. - Sewer repair - 580,000 lire - finished Anzio
A.M.G. - " " 250,000 " " Nettuna
A.M.G. - Demolition and debris removal - 407,000
plus 870,000 (2 projects) finished - Nettuna
3. After 15 October, 1944 (Ital. Govt. Control)
2 Demol. projects total 1,161,000 lire - 80% finished
as of 15 December 1944 - Nettuna
1 Demol. project total 995,000 lire - 88% finished
as of 15 December 1944 - Anzio
2 Demol. projects total 875,000 lire - no progress
report available - Anzio
Alter 11 barracks into apartments - 4,500,000 lire -
90% finished as of 15/12/44 - Anzio

4. Miscellaneous

The following projects were submitted direct by Provincial Genio Civile to Public Works Ministry, but A.M.G. regional office has as yet no reports on the disposition or progress of same.

Nettuna

- (a) November - Repair elementary school and clinic for medical treatment - 185,000 lire.
- (b) November - Repair road (between Nettuna and Anzio) - 200,000 lire

3208

- (c) December - Repair Housing for thirteen families - 450,000 lire.
- (d) December - Repair nine apartments 500,000 lire.
- (e) December - Repair apartments 430,650 lire.
- (f) December - Repair elementary school - 925,000 lire.

Anzio

- (g) December - Repair convent to be used as elementary school - 275,000 lire.
- (h) December - Demolish unsafe walls and clean debris - 680,000 lire.
- (i) December - Repair nine school rooms - 415,000 lire.

DAVID SOLOMON
Housing - P.W. Division

3206
3207

Rel. 489081 Ext. 339

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION DS/ram
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

176/PWU

20 January 1945

Subject: Funds for Housing Repairs

To : Regional Commissioner - Umbria-Lazio
Att'n: Regional Engineer

1. Recently your office informed us to the effect that housing repair and other work was held up due to lack of funds available to the Genio Civile.
2. Upon inquiry to Mr. Prezioso, Inspector General Genio Civile he sent us a note, a copy of which we enclose. The information on this enclosure seems to indicate that funds are available, at least in some Provinces.

V. S. THOMPSON
Lt. Col. R.C.E.
Chief Public Wks. Div.

Enclosure

3206

Translator O. Aquarone -20-1-

MEMO FOR MR. SOLOMON

Funds available in the royal treasuries on 17th January 1945.

1 - Cante Civile of Rome:

a) For leadings and for house repairs	L. 20,000.000,00
b) Clearings, demolitions and building repair (religious buildings)	" 20,000.000,00
c) Ports	" 5,000.000,00
d) Provincial and Commune roads	" 12,000.000,00
Total	L. 57.000.000,00

2) - Cante Civile Litterie:

a) Leadings and house repairs	L. 0,548.440,00
b) Other works	" 11,899.800,00
Total	L. 18.448.240,00

3- Cante Civile Presinone:

The Treasury of this Province being transferred to
Ruggi, the Chief Engineer will inquire there what the available
sums are and will give us the information about it.

anyhow, he stated that no work has been suspended for
lack of money.

Rome, 17 January 1945

The Inspector General

3205

File 176
10

APPUNTO PER IL SIG. ING. SOLOMON

Disponibilità fondi nelle R. Tesorerie al 17. gennaio 1945.

1- Genio Civile di Roma:

a) Alloggi e riparazioni case	£. 20.000.000,00
b) Sgomberi, demolizioni e riparazioni edifici di culto	" 20.000.000,00
c) Porti	" 5.000.000,00
d) Viabilità provinciale e comunale	" 12.000.000,00

Totale £. 57.000.000,00

2- Genio Civile Littoria:

a) Alloggi e riparazioni case	£. 6.548.440,00
b) Altri lavori	" 11.899.800,00

Totale £. 18.448.240,00

~~3204~~

3- Genio Civile di Frosinone:

Poichè la Tesoreria di quella Provincia trovasi a Fiumi,
l'Ingegnere Capo mi ha detto che dovranno farsi rilevare colà
le somme disponibili e me ne darà notizia.

Ad ogni modo ha affermato che nessun lavoro è sospeso per
mancanza di fondi.

1- Genio Civile di Roma:

a) Alloggi e riparazioni case	£. 20.000.000,00
b) Sgombri, demolizioni e riparazioni edifici di culto	" 20.000.000,00
c) Porti	" 5.000.000,00
d) Viabilità provinciale e comunale	" 12.000.000,00
Totale	£. 57.000.000,00

2- Genio Civile Littoria:

a) Alloggi e riparazioni case	£. 6.548.440,00
b) Altri lavori	" 11.899.800,00
Totale	£. 18.448.240,00

~~3206~~

3- Genio Civile di Frosinone:

Poichè la Tesoreria di quella Provincia trovasi a Fiumi, l'Ingegnere Capo mi ha detto che dovranno farsi rilevare colà le somme disponibili e me ne darà notizia.

Ad ogni modo ha affermato che nessun lavoro è sospeso per mancanza di fondi.

Roma, 17 gennaio 1945

L'ISPETTORE GENERALE

Finis

RECEIVED
PM. & U. S/C A.C.

15 JAN 1945 176

HEADQUARTERS

ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT

LADJO UMBRIA REGION

(Engineering Division)

APC 394

PTM/efid

002439

15 January 1945

TO : Lt. Colonel Findley - Regional Engineer

SUBJECT : Completion of specimen houses in Fermo

FILE N. : RA/ANG/120.

1. After making an inspection on 11 January 1945 of the specimen house at Fermo I hereby report that it is completed and ready for occupancy, accommodating 22 persons.

2. This specimen house has been built of stone salvaged from houses damaged beyond repair. Two of the most important features were the roofing tile and the lime which were manufactured about 500 meters from the building site. The house is structurally sound, well planned and above the type of house being erected by other contractors in other provinces. This house was completed in 15 working days.

3. Sometimes ago it has been decided by HQ. P.W.U. to build specimen houses so that actual costs may be checked, there by establishing a basis for checking estimates for future rehousing schemes.

4. The estimated approximate cost for this project is 1.11.341 lire and contract awarded on a cost plus basis of 10% net.

5. Genio Civile has not compiled the costs and expenditures as yet is expected to render a report on the 23 January 1945.

Peter F. Natale

Peter F. Natale,

2nd Lt. Corps of Engineers

Housing Officer

Copy to:

TO : Lt. Colonel Findlay - Regional Engineer

SUBJECT : Completion of specimen houses in Formia.

FILE N. : R4/2FG/120.

1. After making an inspection on 11 January 1945 of the specimen house at Formia, I hereby report that it is completed and ready for occupancy, accommodating 22 persons.

2. This specimen house has been built of stone salvaged from houses damaged beyond repair. Two of the most important features were the roofing tile and the lime which were manufactured about 500 meters from the building site. The house is structurally sound, well planned and above the type of house being erected by other contractors in other provinces. This house was completed in 15 working days.

3. Sometime ago it has been decided by HQ.P.W.U. to build specimen houses so that actual costs may be checked, thereby establishing a basis for checking estimates for future rehousing schemes.

4. The estimated approximate cost for this project is 1,111,341 lire and contract awarded on a cost plus basis of 10% net.

5. Genio Civile has not compiled the costs and expenditures as yet is expected to render a report on the 25 January 1945.

Copy to:

HQ. P.W.U. (Sub-Commissioners)

- Ispettore Generale Compartimentale del Genio Civile per il Lazio e Umbria - ROMA - Via Menzambano 10.

- Direttore Generale dell'Edilizia - Ministero del LL.PP.

This with final completed the work amounting to 60% completed.

G. P. Natale

12/2/1945

Peter F. Natale,
2nd Lt. Corps of Engineers
Housing Officer

223203

Lt. Col. Windley appears to have taken the proper steps since both matters are for the Provincial Commissioner. I feel that to talk to the Ministry about these matters would be out of line.

3202

Dr. Lanning 16/11

RECEIVED
P.W. & U S/C.A.C.
13 JAN 1945 176

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
ITALIC NEMERIA REGION
(Engineering Division)
APO 394

TO : Provincial Commissioner, PONTICORVO

FROM : Rehousing Cassino - Pontecorvo.

BY AIR MAIL QUOTE : 24/12/44/125.

13 January 1945

The work at the Experimental Houses 1 block of 6 houses at which is NOT progressing satisfactorily

(a) at Cassino - The contractor has NOT got any Gasoline or Diesel oil from FRODINGON Province in Nov or December and that is the source through which it should be issued.

The work cannot go on without fuel.

(b) at Pontecorvo - The work is suspended as after doing about 260,000 lire of work the MRS objected to the houses being built on their ground.

It is understood that all that is wanted to overcome the objection is a decree by the Prefect Requisitioning the ground but it has NOT been signed by him as the matter has been represented by THINE through the VAUGHAN.

Can you get these matters cleared up so that the work can go ahead in both places.

Copy to:

→ A.C.S.C. (P.W.)

Regional Engineer
Italic Nemia Region AND.
Lt. Col. R.E.

RECEIVED

By Col. Thompson
Engineer of the 1st
Army of the 1st
Army of the 1st

5. de CH7/gb

8

3200

File
Day

CURVET : Rehousing Cassino - Pontecorvo.

IN REPLY QUOTE : 14/11/80/120.

The work at the Experimental Houses 1 block of 6 houses at each is NOT progressing satisfactorily

- (a) at Cassino - The contractor has NOT got any Caroline or Diesel oil from PROVINCIA Province in Nov or December and that is the source through which it should be issued.

The work cannot go on without fuel.

- (b) at Pontecorvo - The work is suspended as after doing about 260,000 lire of work the ~~TIME~~ objected to the houses being built on their ground.

It is understood that all that is wanted to overcome the objection is a decree by the Prefect Requisitioning the ground but it has NOT been signed by him as the matter has been represented by the ~~TIME~~ through the ~~VACATION~~.

Can you get these matters cleared up so that the work can go ahead in both places.

Copy to:

→ P.C.E.C. (7.1.)

Dr Col Thompson

Suggest that Solomon discuss this with Lt Col. Trumbley and see if there is anything we can do at the Ministry to speed this.

Enclosure attached (18/11/80)

15/1

Regional Engineer
Lazio Emilia Region ASD.

Call

RECEIVED

13/11/80

21/11/80
12/11

File
12/11

The solution of the problem of roofless people implied by the attached letter and list obviously is a matter of Commune work under the pending Repair Decree and until it gets into operation I see nothing for us to do at this headquarters - particularly since I am familiar with the fact that there are many people requiring housing in the Region in question.

Solomon 16/1

3200

G.de CEF/GB
62927HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
Lazio UMBRIA REGION
(Engineering Division)
APO 394RECEIVED
P.W. & U.S./C.A.C.
13 JAN 1945 176

11 January 1945

TO : Regional Commissioner (2 copies)

SUBJECT : Devastated Areas
Homeless Persons

IN REPLY QUOTE: R4/RNO/120

1. Herewith returns from ROMA and VITERBO Provinces which supersede previous partial returns. - Please forward one copy to Devastated Areas A.C. H.Q.-

It will be noticed when comparing columns (1) and (3) that with few exceptions in undamaged towns they are identical. -

In calling for return column (3) was particularly emphasised to give the figure that could be housed "using billeting to the maximum possible" it is obvious this has been ignored and therefore it may be presumed that a proportion of people shown as homeless could be billeted in undamaged houses of other people.

Taking into consideration the overcrowded normal condition in this country this might be put at 20% in Viterbo and perhaps 5% in ROMA Province for short periods accepting increased danger of epidemics and also troubles of separation of families without means of communication and transport.

1. The summary of these submitted are attached.

Copy to:

→ H.Q. A.C. (P.W.)
F.N. (6)

Regional Engineer (Personal)

Regional Engineer
Lazio Umbria Region AMO.
Lt. Col. A.H.

3198

3190

HEADQUARTERS

13 JAN 1945

1. Herewith returns from KOMA and VITORBO Provinces which supersedes previous partial returns. - Please forward one copy to Devastated Areas A.C. E.Q.-

It will be noticed when comparing columns (1) and (3) that with few exceptions in undamaged towns they are identical. -

In calling for return column (3) was particularly emphasized to give the figure that could be housed "using billeting to the maximum possible" it is obvious this has been ignored and therefore it may be presumed that a proportion of people shown as roofless could be billeted in undamaged houses of other people.

Taking into consideration the overcrowded normal condition in this country this might be put at 20% in Vitorbo and perhaps 5% in KOMA Province for short periods accepting increased danger of epidemics and also troubles of separation of families without means of communication and transport.

2. The summary of these submitted are attached.

Copy to

H.A. A.C. (P.N.)

P.N. (S)

Regional Engineer (Personal)

7798

St. Col. E.E.

Regional Engineer
Istic Umbria Region A.M.C.

HEADQUARTERS

13 JAN 1945

Det Lt Thompson

I would suggest that
Salomon begin to look
into some of these problems
in this region

May 1945

News attached

16/1/45 (A)

6616

SUMMARY OF ROOFLESS PEOPLE RECEIVED UP TO 1ST JANUARY 1945.

	Littoria	Bracciano	Viterbo	Roma	Totals
Normal population	250,573	450,005	254,666	363,393	1,319,317
Present population	233,381	117,579	252,906	348,325	952,291
N° that can be housed in existing public buildings and private buildings too	169,827	22,565	245,619	382,117	720,428
N° of roofless people	50,994	95,014	10,166	66,949	223,123
N° that can be housed in public buildings which can be repaired	3,320	8,040	510	1,150	13,020
N° that can be housed in private buildings which can be repaired	12,510	20,000	3,058	27,055	63,623
Balance is provided for	35,364	66,974	4,033	68,949	175,320

NOTE: Except in TERRI town the problem is NOT a serious one in VITERBO, TERRI and IZVOGLIA in which the number is small. - VITERBO province is also a small problem, except for VITERBO and one other town. -

3198

SUMMARY OF ROOFLESS PEOPLE RECEIVED UP TO 1ST JANUARY 1945.

	Littoria	Brindone	Viterbo	Roma	Totals
	250,573	430,685	254,866	363,393	1,319,517
	233,321	117,579	252,906	348,125	952,201
In range too	119,827	22,563	245,619	282,117	720,128
	50,994	95,014	10,166	66,969	223,143
In open be	1,320	8,060	510	1,150	13,020
In open	12,510	20,000	1,698	27,055	63,263
	35,104	68,104	6,033	68,549	178,090

own the problem is NOT a serious one in SINTI, TERNI and PERUGIA in which the number of places damaged
 in province is also a small problem, except for VITERBO and one other town. -

3198

Tel. 489081 Ext. 270

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION
APO 394
Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

DS/ram

176/PWU

19 January 1945

Subject: Trip Report

To : Chief Public Works Division

1. In company with the Chief of Public Works, writer inspected the seven new buildings being erected at Genzano, and the one new building at Formia.
2. At Genzano the seven buildings (20 apartments) are about 85% finished - are progressing slowly (only 20 men working) but otherwise seem reasonably satisfactory.
3. The house at Formia is about 95% finished and appears very well built, with commodious rooms and exceptionally high ceilings. The notable difference between this house and others so far inspected is that the roof is built of tile spanning from rafter to rafter (in place of the usual sheathing or furring strips) and the under side of this tile forms the finished slanting ceiling of the rooms, thus giving the great height referred to. The wearing surface of the roof is a separate layer of roof tile.
4. The approximate cost (using figures given in Lt. Natale's report of 15 January 1945) is about \$1,390. per room, which in my opinion is exceedingly high for this simple class of work. The note in Lt. Natale's report that the roof tile was manufactured about 500 meters from the building site seems of no importance so far as this individual house is concerned, because he is merely referring to the fact that the tile was obtained from a nearby very large brick and tile manufacturing plant. This plant is not now in operation, but has a large stock of its miscellaneous products available for use. There is as yet no basis for comparing this housing operation with other experimental houses, cause none of the others are finished, nor are as yet any exact costs known.
5. Concerning the experimental house at Formia previously referred to the writer recommends that no further new houses of this type be built or considered until the Housing Repair Program is well under way.

6. In Formia there ~~are~~ two large plants for the manufacture of brick, roof tile, and other structural clay products. Both plants have suffered war damage, but a brief inspection of one would indicate that it and possibly the other, could be repaired and reactivated in four to five months, with a resulting large production of brick and roof tile.

7. It is recommended that these plants be put into operation as soon as possible, because their location is excellent in relation to the heavily damaged areas between Naples and Rome. The writer is discussing this today with Industry S/C (with Chief of Public Works permission).

DAVID SOLOMON
Housing - P. W. Division

33965

TELE. Ext. 339

DS/ram

5

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION

INTER OFFICE MEMO.

8 Jan 1945

REFERENCE : 176/PWU
SUBJECT : Trip Report of David Solomon - Cassino - 30 Dec. '44
TO : Director P.W.&U. Sub-Commission
FROM : Chief of P.W. Division

1. Mr. Solomon spoke to Inspector General Prezioso of the Genio Civile and Prezioso assured him that he would take the necessary steps with all Ministries concerned to see that (a) guards are placed to prevent looting; (b) a first aid post is established; (c) care is exercised by experts in connection with mine removals.

2. I am sending a letter, copy attached, covering this matter to the Regional Engineer.



V. S. THOMPSON
Lt-Colonel, R.C.E.
Chief Public Wks. Div.

Attachment
Copy of letter to
Reg. Eng.



3195

Tel. 489081 Ext. 139

HEADQUARTERS ALLIED COMMISSION DE/ram
APO 394

Public Works and Utilities Sub-Commission

176/PWU

8 January 1945

Subject: Work in Progress at Cassino

To : Regional Commissioner - Umbria-Lazio (Att'n
Regional Engineer)

1. Deputy Director, Lt. Col. Rhodes, R. E., and Mr. Solomon inspected the work at Cassino 30 December 1944 and report as follows:

2. The contractor is using ordinary labor for clearing debris from streets with very little expert precaution against "land mines" explosions. Pick and shovel method is being used to uncover streets which now are between two and four feet below the debris surface level.

3. Looting - Armed guards are required in the town and at the Abbey; reports are prevalent that serious looting occurs nightly in these totally deserted places. The Abbey ruin particularly contains manuscripts, books, relics and other items of vast historic and material values.

4. First Aid Post - There already has occurred a number of injuries to workers, and there exists grave danger of many more serious injuries, due to the prevalence of "mines" and other unexploded projectiles in the debris now being excavated. The nearest First Aid post is presently 20 kilometers distant.

5. Inspector General Prezioso of the Genio Civile was contacted and he promises that he will have these three matters of "mines", "looting", and "first aid post" properly attended to by the various Ministries concerned and we suggest that your staff follow through on these matters.

V. E. THOMPSON
Lt. Col. R.C.E.
Chief, Public Wks. Div.

3194

Mr Solomon

W/ folder with Reg. Exp

Please note Directors comments
to take up with Bureau (AS)

RM

5/1

3193

Director
Tel. 489081.

MEMORANDUM

Lt Col Thompson
See my notes p. 4
Reg 46. DS/rlv

176/PWU

3 January 1945

Subject: Report of Trip of 30 December 1944

To : Chief, P.W. Division: P.W. & U.S/C.

From : David Solomon - Housing P.W. Division

1. In company with the Deputy Director this S/C (Lt.Col. Rhodes R.E.), visited Cassino and observed the work of clearing streets etc.
2. The contractor and the Genio Civile representatives were contacted; they stated that the work under way will also include demolition of unsafe walls, and the clearing of river and canal channels. This will ameliorate the present semi-flood conditions and also decrease possible malarial incidence.
3. It was observed that no particular precautions against " land mine " dangers are being taken other than close personal (and apparently competent) supervision over the excavating crew by the contractors. Pick and shovel method is being used to uncover streets which now are between 2 and 4 feet below the debris surface level.
4. Many recovered " mines " were exhibited to us; likewise corpses of the Armed Forces members are being discovered rather frequently. These are reported upon immediately to Army authorities for necessary burial and recording action.
5. It appears that " mine " detectors would be useless due to the prevalence of metal throughout the debris. **3192**
6. The new building work (housing) was briefly observed and appears to be progressing reasonably satisfactorily.
7. The Monte Cassino Abbey ruins was inspected and the Padre in charge there pointed out masses of apparently valuable manuscripts and other items that may be partially recoverable.

- 2 -

8. The contractor made strong representations that the two following matters receive immediate attention from the proper authorities.

(a). Looting: X

Armed guards are required in the town and at the Abbey; reports are prevalent that serious looting occurs nightly in these totally deserted places. The Abbey ruin particularly contains manuscripts, books, relics and other items of vast historic and material values.

(b). First Aid Post: X

There already has occurred a number of injuries to workers, and there exists grave danger of many more serious injuries, due to the prevalence of "mines" and other unexploded projectiles in the debris now being excavated. The nearest First Aid post is presently 20 kilometers distant.

9. This report has been read and approved by Deputy Director Lt.Col. Rhodes R.E.

While the R.C. is interested this is an Italian show. Therefore the matter should be taken up with Reggiani & Preziosi, as both seem involved and then a note sent to R.C. finding on conditions formed and request made to Ministry representations, so he can follow up.

David Solomon
DAVID SOLOMON
Housing- P.W.Div.

3191

Director

Do you consider this significantly important to send to R.C.

M. 3/1

478704 - May. Washington ?

asker you to call him up

3190

There is a lot to be said for all countries
should do this. It is true.
It is true that the American
Government has the reputation of being a
big power and a leader - it is not only
the Germans but the whole world
is looking to us as well as we are in fact the
strongest thing as well as we are in fact the

class in order to train experts. All contractors should send their reports there.

The Germans have burned the fields and
 prospected thus the explosion of mines. But
 mines which are deeper - do not explode.
 The Germans took particular care in
 arranging things as well (as worse) as for the

3190

478764 - May. 1944 -
 "after you'll call him up"

13

0

3 - Genio Civil Office has already received the order to send mine experts on the place.

4 - The P.C. will begin now to intervene at once.
7 - Genio Civil has been authorized to collaborate with the Armed Forces and also to recover valuable documents and objects.

5 - "What are they doing?" -
(Will you have a copy of letter authorizing this?)

The Ministry (Mr. Tresor or him self) will at once give directions P.C. to be sent in the place. 3720

A First Aid post will be established in Cassino itself. The contractors should have a pharmacy first aid - but certainly also a doctor should be there. They will provide at once for this too.

Mr. P. will bring ^{apart} the letter by which they will at once give the necessary measures for military supply and for the mine experts to be appointed.

The British Engineer has established a post

- 3) The Genio Civile has already received directions to send mine experts on the place. The Corps of Engineer has established a special instruction class for the training of experts. The contractors are supposed to send their own experts to learn. It is true that "detectors" are useless on account of them not lying about the fields. The peasants are doing their best for instance they burned the fields thus provoking the explosion of surface mines. Certainly this is useless for deeper set mines. The Germans attached whole groups of mines by very fine wire: so that when a single one is found, by making explode this all the others do the same thus provoking useful accidents.
- 4) The Ministry will give directions for the R.I.C. to intervene at once and help providing the necessary burials of the corpses.
- 74) The Ministry will provide at once to send R.I.C. to Monte Cassino Abbey
- b) A First Aid post will be established in Gubbio itself.
- (Contractors are supposed to have a first-aid pharmacy box on the place, but certainly a doctor and real First Aid Post would be necessary.)

Ing. Prestoso will bring you copy of the letters which will be sent giving the necessary directions.

3189

176/2-40

O.de CEF/ed
3896
6/1854

HEADQUARTERS
ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT
LAZIO UMBRIA REGION
(Engineering Division)

APC 394

RECEIVED
P.W. & U.S./C.A.C.
24 NOV 1944 176

21 November 1944

TO : HQ. A.C. (P.W.) ✓

SUBJECT : Housing funds allotment 5 provinces

IN REPLY QUOTE : R4/ENG/120

Reference your 176 PWU dated 13 November para 3.

1. The position to date on Repairs to Dwelling Houses is:

Place	Allocated million lira	Projects already submitted
Frosinone	35	26
Littoria	10	27
Roma	30	4
Rieti	1	5
Viterbo	10	3
	86	65

The release only took place on 11th October and to the above has to be added all the projects under 500,000 approved by Genio Civile during November and total projects are likely to exceed total funds. -

My rough estimate for all repairs was 260 million and it is certain that such larger allocation will be necessary.

Please therefore press for further allocation to ensure that work is NOT delayed by Finance as has been the position up till 11th October and now is for LITTORIA.

2. I am informed by Ispettore Generale that although allocated 80 FUNDS have actually been released to him yet this also wants doing or work will suffer.

[Signature]
Lt.Col.R.E.
Regional Engineer
Lazio Umbria Region AMG.

Copy to:
HQ. Region Lazio Umbria
P.W.(P)

[Handwritten notes:]
I proceed to prepare for funds for housing on a temporary basis pending enactment of decree as to go on with the work
20/11

3188

TRANSLATION

" Authority " for the Reconstruction of Houses in Castell
Romani (Various Communes around Rome)

1. The " Authority " is aiming to reconstruct, even if, in other localities that part of the cities, which has been totally destroyed, or to repair the houses slightly damaged, lastly, to restore public utilities services, and the construction or reconstruction of those Public Buildings deemed extremely indispensable.

2. In order to rapidly give everybody a permanent, comfortable and hygienic place to live in, and to proceed on a wide scale, as it is necessary, also with the aim of reducing the expenditure, for providing adequately to the restoration of all public Utility services, old and new, it will be necessary to accumulate great sums, with loans, which the " Authority " will secure for the Communes, in Italy or abroad.

Each Commune will be responsible for his share.

3. If the State or Institutions, set up by the State will assist with grants for war damages, with reconstruction bonus, or with special credits, or lastly with tax exemption and facilitations of any sort, this would go to reduce the debts that the Communes will incur, as said in 2 above.

In the mean while the reconstruction would begin.

4. Authority's bonds will be issued in Italy for the collection of funds, that will be spent here, that is, for, the purchase of italian materials, and for paying of labor, and transport, bonds will be issued abroad for the import of materials; such as: steel, fixtures, steel cables, cast iron pipes, etc.

It seems that part of this materials could be obtained in Europe from the Allied Armies War stocks and part from America, England, or from the British Dominion, which are the principal producing countries. This way, the countries, which have destroyed our cities will have the opportunity of cooperating in the reconstruction of them.

5. The loans will have to be amortized in a 20 - 25 year period. Whoever wants to build himself a house or an apartment will take out a house-insurance policy and will pay an annual premium for the above said period. He will occupy the house

Let's ask the Germans to help too!

- 2 -

Translation

or apartment as soon as it is constructed, and it will become his property after the preestablished number of years, in case of invalidity, or the house will become immediate property of his family if the insured dies.

The landlord will therefore be eliminated. The yearly premium will be reduced by any State or State institution's grant, bonus, tax exemption, or any sort assistance. The premium will be further reduced by any contribution in favor of its beneficiaries, by Social Security Institutions, or by employers, in favor of their employees.

6. The expenditure for the restoration or reconstruction of public utilities or Public Bldgs., will instead be sustained directly by the Communes and paid with annual installments for the same period of 20 - 25 years.

7. The price of the house or apartment will be established for a temporary period and will be definitively determined within a period of six years.

Regarding the materials to be imported from abroad we propose to obtain a price on temporary basis and to be definitively established within a period of six years, when the market prices will be stabilized and undoubtedly lower.

Regarding the prices in lire we must consider that the insured pays the house in a period of 20 - 25 years, and due to the fact that the prices and wages will go up and the lira will lose its value the premiums in reality are diminishing each year.

That will be until the value of the lira will be stabilized. When the value of the lira will be stabilized the premiums, still to be paid, will be determined in relation with the value given to the lira.

The advantages brought about by these circumstances will also go, to reduce the yearly premium that the insured will have to pay.

8. To rapidly proceed as it is indispensable and before the request for Italian and foreign materials increases by the enormous number of requests by all Italian and foreign cities destroyed, it is necessary that these Communes with the "Authority's" establish immediately:

a). The plans for the reconstruction or reconstruction of

./.

Translation

- 3 -

of the Buildings.

- d). The type of house or apartments to be constructed.
- c). The public services to be reorganized.
- d). The public Buildings to be constructed or reconstructed.
- e). Materials that may be obtained locally and those to be imported.
- f). The total temporary cost and the house or apartment unit cost.

The " Authority " will in turn, based on such basic data provide for:

- a). Determining the insurance policy and its formalities and make the necessary arrangements with the insurance companies.
- b). Preparing the plans for issuing bonds in Italy and abroad.

Rome 4 October 1944.

3185

3186

RECEIVED
P.W. & U.S. AC
12 DEC 1944 204CONSORZIO PER LA RICOSTRUZIONE DEI CASTELLI ROMANI

1. Il Consorzio ha lo scopo di ricostruire, anche in località diverse, quella parte delle città che è stata completamente distrutta o di riparare le case distrutte solo in parte e, infine, di provvedere i servizi pubblici e la costruzione o ricostruzione di quegli edifici pubblici che sono strettamente indispensabili.

2. Per dare rapidamente a tutti un'abitazione permanente, comoda, sana, e per procedere in massa come è necessario, a fine anche di ridurre i costi, per provvedere organicamente a tutti i servizi pubblici vecchi e nuovi, occorre raccogliere gli ingenti mezzi necessari con prestiti, che il Consorzio, a nome e per conto dei Comuni e d'accordo con questi, concluderà in Italia e all'Estero.

Ogni Comune sarà responsabile per la sua parte.

3. Se lo Stato o enti creati dallo Stato interverranno con indennità di risarcimento dei danni di guerra oppure con concorsi di ricostruzione o con crediti speciali o, infine, con esenzioni e facilitazioni di ogni genere, ciò servirà a ridurre i debiti che i Comuni contraggono, come detto al n.2.

Intanto però si inizia la ricostruzione.

conds
4. I prestiti del Consorzio verranno emessi in Italia per raccogliere i fondi, che dovranno essere spesi qui, e cioè per l'acquisto di materiali italiani, per la mano d'opera, i trasporti; verranno emessi all'estero per i materiali da importare; ferro, infissi, cavi, condutture, ecc.

Sembra che parte di questi materiali possano essere ottenuti in Europa dagli stocks di guerra degli eserciti americano e inglese e parte dall'America e dall'Inghilterra o dai Domini inglesi, che

- 2 -

sono i principali paesi produttori. Così i paesi, che hanno compiuto la distruzione delle nostre città, hanno la possibilità di cooperare a ricostruire.

5. I prestiti dovranno essere ripagati in un termine di 20-25 anni.

Chi vuole costruirsi una casa o un appartamento, sottoscrive una polizza di assicurazione-casa e paga un premio annuale per il periodo suddetto. Egli occuperà la casa e l'appartamento non appena costruiti, e la casa o l'appartamento diverranno sua proprietà dopo il numero di anni stabilito oppure in caso di invalidità, oppure, infine, la casa o l'appartamento passeranno in proprietà immediata della famiglia se l'assicurato muore.

Il padrone di casa viene così abolito.

Il premio annuale verrà diminuito, come detto al n.3, da ogni indennità contributo credito speciale esenzione o facilitazione che venisse concessa dallo Stato o da enti appositi creati dallo Stato. Il premio potrà essere inoltre diminuito con contribuzioni al pagamento di questo da parte di istituti di previdenza infortuni ecc. a favore degli iscritti o da parte dei datori di lavoro a favore dei loro operai e impiegati.

6. La spesa per la rimessa in opera o la ricostruzione dei servizi pubblici o degli edifici pubblici verrà, invece, sostenuta direttamente dai Comuni e pagata con annualità nello stesso periodo di 20-25 anni.

7. A proposito del prezzo della casa o dell'appartamento occorre tener presente che questo verrà fissato da principio provvisoriamente e verrà stabilito definitivamente entro un periodo di sei anni.

Per quanto riguarda i materiali da ottenere dall'estero si propone infatti di ottenere che i prezzi vengano stabiliti solo provvisoriamente e fissati dentro un periodo di sei anni, quando ricominceranno a funzionare i mercati ed i prezzi assumeranno un livello normale e indubbiamente più basso.

- 3 -

Per quanto riguarda i prezzi in lire occorre considerare che l'assicurato paga la casa in un periodo di 20-25 anni e cioè, dato che prezzi salari stipendi crescono e la moneta perde valore, con annualità che sono in realtà ogni anno minori. Ciò è fino alla stabilizzazione della lira. Quando la lira verrà stabilizzata, le annualità, ancora da versare, verranno regolate in relazione al nuovo valore che verrà a questa attribuito.

I vantaggi che queste circostanze potranno determinare andranno anch'essi a riduzione del premio annuale da pagare dagli assicurati.

8. Per procedere rapidamente come è necessario e avanti che la domanda di materiali italiani ed esteri aumenti con la enorme richiesta da parte di tutti i paesi italiani ed esteri distrutti, è necessario che i Comuni, con la cooperazione del Consorzio, stabiliscano subito;

- a) i piani di ricostruzione o costruzione dei fabbricati;
- b) il tipo di case o di appartamenti da costruire;
- c) i servizi pubblici da riorganizzare;
- d) gli edifici pubblici da costruire o da ricostruire;
- e) i materiali necessari che possono essere ottenuti sul luogo e quelli che debbono essere invece importati dall'estero;
- f) il costo provvisorio complessivo ed il costo unitario per la casa o tipo di appartamento.

Il Consorzio da parte sua, in base a tali dati, provvederà a:

- a) stabilire la polizza di assicurazione e le condizioni di questa e concludere gli accordi necessari con le compagnie di assicurazione;
- b) preparare i prospetti e concludere i prestiti da emettere all'Estero.

Roma, 4 Ottobre 1944

COSTITUZIONE - SCOPO - DURATA

1.

È costituito un Consorzio denominato "Consorzio per la ricostruzione dei Castelli Romani", tra i seguenti Comuni:

Del Consorzio possono far parte gli altri Comuni della provincia di Roma che siano ammessi a parteciparvi con deliberazione del Consiglio direttivo.

2.

Il Consorzio è costituito a norma delle disposizioni di cui al tit. IV del vigente Testo Unico della legge comunale e provinciale, ed ha la sua sede legale ed amministrativa in Roma.

3.

Il Consorzio si propone lo scopo di provvedere - nel comune interesse dei Comuni consorziati - allo studio, alla predisposizione, all'attuazione dei piani tecnici e finanziari intesi alla ricostruzione degli edifici pubblici, privati, dei servizi pubblici distrutti o danneggiati dalla guerra.

Il Consorzio potrà fare quanto necessario per il raggiungimento dei su indicati scopi. In ispecie esso provvederà:

a) a promuovere da parte dei Comuni interessati lo studio e la scelta di tutti gli elementi necessari o comunque utili per la predisposizione e l'attuazione dei piani tecnici e finanziari per la ricostruzione;

b) a controllare i piani tecnici predisposti dai Comuni, in modo che essi aderiscono ai piani finanziari;

c) a procurare i mezzi finanziari anche con obbligazioni assunte o garantite dai Comuni, da ciascuno per quanto di suo interesse, e che saranno collocate in Italia o all'estero, e saranno rimborsabili in 20 o 25 anni;

d) all'approvvigionamento dei materiali, provenienti dall'estero o esistenti sul mercato, alla gestione diretta o controllata di imprese di trasporto, di produzione di cemento, di mattoni, di calce, di gesso, di vetro etc., perche si provveda, con il minor costo e quanto più rapidamente possibile all'opera di ricostruzione.

4.

Il Consorzio provvederà alla ricostruzione degli edifici privati con piani assicurativi e finanziari e con l'intervento di Istituti di credito e fondiari nonché di Istituti assicuratori. Il Consorzio curerà che i finanziamenti necessari alla ricostruzione siano rimborsati con i prezzi di speciali polizze di assicurazione case.

I contraenti avranno il possesso delle case o degli appartamenti, e ne acquisteranno la proprietà quando abbiano soddisfatto a tutti i pagamenti dovuti ai termini delle polizze, o immediatamente in caso di invalidità permanente ad assoluta. In caso di morte dell'assicurato, le case e gli appartamenti saranno trasferite in proprietà ai suoi eredi o beneficiari della polizza, senza ulteriori versamenti oltre i premi corrisposti dal deceduto.

Al pagamento dei premi di assicurazione saranno destinati ^{31.80} indennità di risarcimento dei danni di guerra dovute agli eventi di rito, ed ogni altro diritto dell'assicurato ad esso comunque dovuti da Istituti di previdenza o di assicurazione.

5.

La durata del Consorzio è stabilita in 30 anni salvo pro

d) all'approvvigionamento dei materiali, provenienti dall'estero o esistenti sul mercato, alla gestione diretta o controllata di imprese di trasporto, di produzione di cemento, di mattoni, di calce, di gesso, di vetro etc., perché si provveda, con il minor costo e quanto più rapidamente possibile all'opera di ricostruzione.

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Al pagamento dei premi di assicurazione saranno destinati ²¹⁶⁰ ~~3160~~ indennità di risarcimento dei danni di guerra dovute agli aventi diritto, ed ogni altro diritto dell'assicurato ad esso comunque dovuti da Istituti di previdenza o di assicurazione.

5.

La durata del Consorzio è stabilita in 30 anni salvo proroga di competenza dell'assemblea consorziale.

3.

ORGANI DEL CONSORZIO

6.

Sono organi del Consorzio:

- a) l'assemblea consorziale;
- b) il consiglio direttivo;
- c) il presidente;
- d) il segretario.

7.

L'assemblea è costituita dalla universalità dei soci. Ciascun Comune consorziato ha diritto ad uno o più rappresentanti secondo il suo concorso nelle spese consorziali. Ogni rappresentante ha diritto ad un voto.

8.

L'assemblea ordinaria si riunisce almeno due volte l'anno, nonché quando il consiglio direttivo ritenga utile di convocarla. Essa è presieduta dal presidente del consiglio direttivo ed ha i seguenti poteri:

- a) approva il bilancio preventivo che deve essere presentato entro e non oltre il 31 marzo di ogni anno;
- b) delibera sui piani delle operazioni tecniche e finanziarie;
- c) stabilisce il contributo consorziale dovuto da ciascun Comune, tenendo conto della popolazione, del contingente principale dell'ente, della posta fondiaria, di ogni elemento utile a determinare l'interesse concreto del consorzio;
- e) delibera sugli oneri e sulle spese che vincolino il bilancio per oltre cinque anni;

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- e) delibera sugli oneri e sulle spese che vincolino il bilancio per oltre cinque anni;

f) delibera su ogni altra materia assoggettata al suo esame dal consiglio direttivo.

9.

Il consiglio direttivo è costituito da cinque membri scelti tra i rappresentanti dei Comuni, che durano in carica tre anni e sono rieleggibili.

Ad esso sono conferiti tutti i poteri di amministrazione, che il presente statuto non attribuisce all'assemblea o al presidente. In specie:

- a) formula il bilancio preventivo;
- b) predispone i piani tecnico-finanziari e ne cura l'esecuzione;
- c) assume gli impegni che non siano di competenza dell'assemblea;
- d) forma l'organico degli impiegati;
- e) delibera sulle liti attive o passive e sulle transazioni, di valore eccedente le L.50.000, che può affidare ad arbitri di diritto e di equità.

10.

Il presidente rappresenta il Consorzio e ne ha la firma a tutti gli effetti. Convoca il consiglio direttivo almeno due volte al mese, lo presiede, ne regola il funzionamento. Nomina gli impiegati secondo l'organico formato dal consiglio direttivo, ha il potere di promuovere o di resistere in liti non eccedenti le L.50.000, nomina avvocati ~~3178~~ curatori anche per i rimedi straordinari della revocazione o della Cassazione.

11.

Le deliberazioni del consiglio direttivo sono adottate con l'intar-

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11.

Le deliberazioni del consiglio direttivo sono adottate con l'inter-

vento del segretario, il quale cura la redazione e la conservazione dei verbali delle adunanze delle assemblee consorziali, del consiglio direttivo, di ogni altro atto del Consorzio.

FINANZA E CONTABILITA'

12.

L'esercizio finanziario incomincia col 1 gennaio ed ha termine il 31 dicembre. Per la finanza, la contabilità, la vigilanza e la tutela governativa si applicano le norme stabilite per il Comune consorziato che conta il maggiore numero degli abitanti ai sensi dell'art. 165 della legge comunale e provinciale.

SCIoglimento E LIQUIDAZIONE

13.

Il Consorzio cessa di pieno diritto per la scadenza del termine della sua durata o per esaurimento del fine. Può cessare prima di tale termine ai sensi dell'art. 167 della legge soltanto se abbia adempiuto alle obbligazioni assunte nei confronti dei terzi.

14.

In caso di cessazione del Consorzio, il suo patrimonio è ripartito tra i singoli enti in proporzione del rispettivo contributo, salvo i diritti dei terzi.

DISPOSIZIONI GENERALI

15.

In tutti i casi non espressamente preveduti varranno le disposizioni della legge comunale e provinciale.

3177

direttivo, di ogni altro atto del Consorzio.

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DISPOSIZIONI GENERALI

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3177

COPY No 3

LETTORIA PROVINCE

3176

LITTORIA PROVINCE - CHART OF EXISTING CONDITIONS AS FOR 1 OCTOBER 1944

N°	COMUNE	Normal population	Present population	N° can be housed in existing public and private buildings to maxim.	N° of roof people
1	BASSIANO	2243	2460	2445	15
2	CASTELPORTE	11000	10000	4000	5030
3	ITRI	6700	6600	5800	800
4	FORMIA	16640	13600	8500	5100
5	GALLI	18332	15000	9150	5850
6	SESTO	3587	3587	3257	300
7	ROCCASALICE	1801	1801	1781	20
8	GRASSANO	16941	17100	15500	1600
9	SONDRIO	7500	7500	"	"
10	TERACINA	28500	28000	15000	7000
11	VENTOTENE	1200	1200	1000	200
12	CAMPOTERRE	1496	1200	1000	200
13	CISTERNA	6500	6500	"	5500
14	CORI	9000	9000	7000	2000
15	NORCIA	3846	3846	3846	"
16	RIIVERO	15300	15000	15200	"
17	MONTI DI S. GIACOMO	5028	5000	"	"
18	PROSSIDI	2389	2389	2389	"
19	ROCCAGORDA	3742	3742	3682	60
20	SABANIA	5200	5200	5200	"
21	S. FELICE CIRCEO	4588	4588	4588	"
22	SESTO	3960	4225	3925	300
23	SPERANZA	2650	2600	2534	60
24	TRIVICO SATURNIA	2527	2350	1000	1350
25	TRIVICO	5500	2600	"	2600
26	TRIVICO	16233	16233	13200	3033
27	LITTORIA	25000	28000	24000	4000
28	TRIVICO	16900	12000	8000	4000
29	PONTINIA	6670	7200	7200	"
		250973	233321	169827	50994

DIVISION AS FOR 3 OCTOBER 1944

Location	No can be housed in existing Public and Private buildings to which.	No of roofless people	No could be housed in Public buildings which can be repaired	No could be housed in Private buildings which can be repaired	Balance provided for
	2485	15	"	"	15
	4000	5000	"	2000	4000
	5800	800	"	100	700
	8500	5100	"	1500	3600
	9150	5850	3000	"	2850
	3257	300	"	150	150
	1751	20	"	20	"
	15300	1600	"	"	1600
	"	"	"	"	"
	15000	7000	"	2000	5000
	1000	200	"	"	200
	1000	200	"	"	200
	"	6500	"	"	6500
	7000	2000	120	240	1860
	3046	"	"	"	"
	15800	"	"	"	"
	"	"	"	"	"
	2389	"	"	"	"
	3582	60	"	"	60
	5200	"	"	"	"
	4558	"	"	"	"
	3925	300	100	"	200
	2534	60	"	"	60
	1000	1350	"	500	850
	"	2600	"	"	2600
	13200	3033	"	2500	533
	24000	5000	"	2500	1500
	8000	4000	100	1000	2900
	7200	"	"	"	"
	169827	50994	3320	12510	35186

Obtained from data
 Received from Capt. F.C. NEWTON

9	SORIANO	7500	7500	=	=
10	TERACIA	25500	23000	15000	7000
11	VERTIGINE	1200	1200	1000	200
12	CAMPOMARTE	1456	1200	1000	200
13	CISTERNA	6500	6500	=	5500
14	CORI	9000	9000	7000	2000
15	FORMIA	3846	3846	3046	=
16	PRIVERNO	15300	15000	15800	=
17	MONTI DI S. DIAGIO	5028	9000	=	=
18	ROSSI	2389	2389	2309	=
19	ROCCAGORGA	3742	3742	3602	60
20	SABUDIA	5400	5200	5200	=
21	S. FELICE CIRCEO	4588	4588	4588	=
22	S. MONTA	3960	4225	3925	300
23	SPERLONGA	2650	2600	2534	60
24	TRIVICO SATURNIA	2527	2350	1000	1350
25	VERULI	6500	2600	=	2600
26	FUNDI	16233	16233	13700	3033
27	LIVORNO	25000	28000	24000	4000
28	NETUNO	16500	12000	8000	4000
29	PONTINIA	6670	7200	7200	=
		250573	233321	169827	50994

2510

3010

u

15000	7000	2000	5000
7000	200	200	200
1000	200	200	200
"	5500	"	6500
7000	2000	240	1860
3046	"	"	"
15000	"	"	"
"	"	"	"
2385	"	"	"
3002	50	"	50
5200	"	"	"
4580	"	"	"
3923	300	100	200
2534	60	"	60
1000	1350	"	850
"	2600	"	2600
13200	3033	"	833
24006	4000	"	1300
8000	6000	100	2500
7200	"	"	"
169827	50594	3320	18510
			35324

Obtained from data
 Received from Capt. W. G. HYNOLDS
 Provincial Commissioner of
 Litteria Province

In accordance with our request
 No 24/410/120 dated 11th Sept. 66

f.o.s.

Henry

3167

COPY No 3

VITF-RBO PROI

3175

VITERBO PROVINCE

- CHANGE OF EXISTING HOUSING AS OF 15 OCTOBER 1964

No	C O M M U N E	Normal population	Present population	No can be housed in existing Public and Private buildings	No of roofless people
1	VITORIO LANO	2,800.—	2,450	2,450	"
2	TARQUINIA	9,500.—	9,500.	9,170.	330.
3	PI-ESANO	2,950.—	3,000.	2,950	50
4	CELTIC	835.—	835	820	15
5	ALBENA	4,500.—	4,300	4,100	200
6	BASSANO DI BUTHI	3,430.—	3,400	3,400	"
7	CASTEL S. PELLO	1,524.—	1,524	1,524	"
8	CARBONARA	2,300.—	2,300	2,200	100
9	C. PRINCA	4,178.—	4,178	3,930	248
10	CIVITACASTELLANA	9,768.—	9,700	9,358	300
11	CIVITELLA D'AGLIANO	3,000.—	3,000	3,000	"
12	GRAFFIGNANO	2,700.—	2,700	2,700	"
13	PANORSE	2,900.—	2,900	2,650	250
14	MONTALTO DI CASTRO	3,133.—	3,133	3,133	"
	TOT LS	53,519.—	52,921	51,125	1,798

EXISTING CAPACITY AS FOR 1 OCTOBER 1954

No. can be housed in existing Public and Private buildings	No. of roofless people	No. could be housed in Public buildings which can be repaired	No. could be housed in Private buildings which can be repaired.	Balance improvided for
2,450	"	"	"	"
2,170.	330.	150	80	190
2,550	50	"	"	"
820	16	"	15	"
4,100	200	"	120	80
3,400	"	"	"	"
1,524	"	"	"	"
2,200	100	"	"	100
1,930	248	"	"	148
9,548	200	"	70	130
3,000	"	"	"	"
2,700	"	"	"	"
2,250	350	"	"	350
3,133	"	"	"	"
51,105	1,794	150	521	1,298

7	CAPITAL M. LEO	1.574.000	1.574	2.200	100
8	CARBOPIERO	2.300.000	2.300	3.930	248
9	CAPRIGNA	4.178.000	4.178	9.988	300
10	CIVITACASTELLANA	9.768.000	9.700	3.000	"
11	CIVITELLA D'AGLIANO	3.000.000	3.000	8.700	"
12	GRASSANO	8.700.000	2.700	2.250	350
13	FARFANO	2.900.000	2.900	3.133	"
14	MONTALTO DI CASTRO	3.133.000	3.133		
TOTALS		53.518.000	52.921	53.155	1.794

1118

f.c.c.

by: [signature]

2.200	100	"	"	100
3.930	248	"	"	148
9.548	200	"	70	130
3.000	"	"	"	"
8.700	"	"	"	"
2.250	350	"	"	350
3.133	"	"	"	"
51.155	1.794	750	521	1.298

Obtained from data
Received from Capt. W.E. PHILLIPS
Provincial Commissioner of
Viterbo Province

In accordance with our request
Nº R4/ENG/120 dated 11th Sept. 44

f.c.e.
[Signature]

3168

FROSINONE

3174

n° ord.	C O M U N E	Popolazione normale	Popolazione presumibile durante l'inverno senza casa propria	Numero persone per le quali esiste alloggio in edifici pubblici e privati requisiti.
		a	b	c
29	COLLE S. MARCO	2.214	500	150
30	COLLENO MURCHIO	2.312	1.000	200
31	COSTORIA	2.352	3.000	600
32	FALVITANO	950	150	30
33	FANETTINO	15.916	3.000	1.000
34	FANETTINO	1.834	200	40
35	FUSCI	4.400	-	-
36	FONTANA LIRI	4.246	450	90
37	FORTICELLI	2.053	100	100
38	FROSINONE	18.447	8.500	1.700
39	FURCI	2.297	200	40
40	GIULIANO DI ROMA	3.021	300	150
41	GUARDINO	2.916	200	40
42	ISOLA LIRI	12.225	2.600	150
43	MONTI S. GIOVANNI CAMPANO	10.984	400	80
44	MOROLO	3.705	200	40
45	PALLANO	5.894	600	120
46	PANTANA	2.809	400	80
47	PATRICA	3.285	200	40
48	PERCOSOLDO	3.535	200	40
49	PICINISCO	2.529	700	140
50	PICO	3.876	1.000	200
51	PINDIMONTA S. GENESIO	3.335	1.100	230
52	PIGLIO	4.414	500	100
53	PIGNATELLO INTERMEDIO	2.572	1.000	200
54	POPI	5.213	400	80

Alazione presusibi durante l'inverno a casa propria	Numero persone per le quale esiste al- loggio in edifici pubblici e privati requisiti.	Numero persone non provvedute di alloggio	Numero persone che potrebbero trovare alloggio in edifici pubblici riparati	Numero persone che potrebbero trovare allog- gio in edifici privati riparati	Bilancio delle persone da pro- vedere di allog- gio.
b	c	d	e	f	g
800	150	640	15	200	375
1.000	200	800	60	200	500
3.000	500	2.400	240	700	1.450
150	30	120	15	30	75
5.000	1.000	4.000	400	1.000	2.100
200	40	160	15	40	105
"	"	"	"	"	"
450	90	360	35	100	"
100	100	"	"	"	"
5.500	1.700	5.800	680	2.000	4.120
200	40	160	15	40	105
300	150	140	65	200	375
200	40	160	15	40	105
2.500	150	2.450	100	100	2.150
400	80	320	35	200	85
200	40	160	15	40	105
600	120	480	50	120	310
400	80	320	30	80	210
200	40	160	15	40	105
200	40	160	15	40	105
700	140	560	55	140	365
1.000	200	800	80	200	520
1.100	220	880	90	400	390
500	100	400	40	100	250
1.000	200	800	80	200	520
400	80	320	35	100	195

36	FONTANA LIRE	4.246	450	90
37	FONTECHIARI	2.053	100	100
38	FROSINONE	18.447	8,500	1,700
39	FURCHE	2.897	200	40
40	GIULIANO DI ROMA	3.021	300	150
41	GUARDINO	2.915	200	40
42	ISOLA LIRE	12.225	2,400	150
43	MONTA S. GIOVANNI ORPANO	10.984	400	80
44	MONOLO	3.706	200	40
45	PALIANO	5.894	500	100
46	PASTENA	2.509	400	80
47	PATRINO	3.286	200	40
48	PIACENTINO	3.535	200	40
49	PICINISCO	2.529	700	140
50	PICO	3.875	1,000	200
51	PIMILONE S. GERARDO	3.336	1,100	220
52	PISLLO	4.414	500	100
53	PIGNATELLI INTERAMNA	2.672	1,000	200
54	POPI	5.215	400	80
55	PONTECORVO	15.437	12,000	2,400
56	RIFI	7.268	300	60
57	ROCCA D'ARCE	7.550	100	100
58	ROCCA	7.754	5,000	1,000
59	S. MAGGIORE S. GIUSEPPE	1.127	1,000	200
60	STICH TO V. L. CORINO	5.507	200	-
61	S. GIORGIO AL LIRE	2.704	200	80
62	S. GIOVANNI INC. PICO	4.716	2,200	500

-	-	-	-	-	-
450	20	350	35	100	-
100	100	-	-	-	-
8,500	1,700	5,800	680	2,000	4,120
200	40	150	15	40	105
350	150	540	65	200	375
200	40	150	15	40	105
2,500	150	2,450	180	150	2,150
400	80	320	35	200	85
200	40	150	15	40	105
100	120	480	50	120	310
400	80	320	30	80	210
200	40	150	15	40	105
200	40	150	15	40	105
700	140	560	55	140	365
1,000	280	800	80	200	520
1,100	280	580	90	400	390
300	100	400	40	100	250
1,000	200	800	80	200	520
400	80	320	35	100	195
12,000	2,400	2,500	950	1,200	7,540
300	50	240	40	500	-
120	120	-	-	-	-
5,000	1,000	4,000	4,000	1,000	2,500
1,000	200	800	80	100	520
200	-	200	-	200	-
200	20	180	-	180	-
2,500	500	5,000	500	500	1,300

3169

FROSINONE

3173

d'ord.	C O M U N E	Popolazione normale	Popolazione presunta durante l'inverno senza case proprie	N° delle persone per le quali esiste alloggio in edifici pubblici o privati requisiti	N° persone in vedute di al
		a	b	c	d
63	S. AMBROSIO SUL GARIBOLDIANO	1.458	500	100	400
64	S. ANDREA VALLE FREDDA	1.944	1.150	930	950
65	S. APOLLINARE	2.959	2.000	400	1.500
66	S. ELIA FINE A. PISO	5.881	4.500	2.950	1.500
67	S. EUTIMIO	2.444	900	180	750
68	S. VITTORIO NEL LARIO	2.458	1.100	100	1.000
69	S. MARCO	2.707	50	50	-
70	S. STEFANO	2.284	600	120	450
71	S. GIORGIO	3.856	100	120	-
72	S. ORA	20.841	2.000	400	1.500
73	S. STEFANO	2.352	210	40	170
74	S. PIRO	5.275	100	20	80
75	S. TALE	2.121	1.500	300	1.200
76	S. TORINO CAISTANI	924	50	50	-
77	S. TREVINO NEL LARIO	2.901	20	50	-
78	S. TROVATE	5.898	600	120	480
79	S. TRIVIGLIANO	1.257	100	100	-
80	S. V. LUDOVICA	4.170	2.000	400	1.500
81	S. V. LUDOVICA	1.550	1.500	300	1.200
82	S. V. LUDOVICA	3.134	2.000	400	1.400
83	S. V. LUDOVICA	10.258	1.500	300	1.200
84	S. VICALVI	13.378	500	100	400
85	S. VICO NEL LARIO	2.413	15	15	-
86	S. VILLA LITTA	1.722	450	90	360
87	S. VILLA S. GIOIA	2.530	500	100	400
88	S. VILLA S. ST. PANO	1.880	15	15	-
89	S. VITTORE	944	100	100	-

3

resuni l'in- pass	N° delle persone per le quali esiste al- loggio in edifici pubblici e privati requisiti	N° persone non prov- vedute di alloggio	N° persone che po- trebbero trovare alloggio in edifici pubblici riparati	N° persone che po- trebbero trovare al- loggio in edifici privati riparati	Bilancio delle persone da prov- vedere di allog- gio.
	a	d	e	f	g
	100	400	40	100	260
	210	970	95	200	635
	400	1.500	140	400	1.040
	1.540	1.540	300	600	640
	180	720	75	200	445
	100	1.000	200	200	400
	50	"	"	"	"
	180	480	50	120	210
	120	"	"	"	"
	400	1.600	140	600	840
	40	170	20	40	110
	20	80	10	20	50
	300	1.800	120	200	880
	50	"	"	"	"
	20	"	"	"	"
	120	480	50	200	330
	100	"	"	"	"
	400	1.600	140	400	1.040
	300	1.200	120	300	780
	400	1.400	140	400	1.040
	300	1.200	120	500	580
	100	400	40	200	160
	13	"	"	"	"
	90	360	40	100	270
	100	400	40	200	160
	13	"	"	"	"
	100	"	"	"	"

71	BOURGOCLA	3.856	120	120	-
72	BORA	20.841	2.000	400	1.000
73	STAMBOLOGLI	2.352	210	40	170
74	SUPINO	5.275	100	20	30
75	TRILLIS	2.121	1.500	300	1.800
76	TORRE CALET TI	924	50	50	-
77	TREVI NEL LAZIO	2.901	20	20	-
78	TORRICE	5.898	500	120	480
79	TRIVIGLIANO	2.257	100	100	-
80	V. LEONORA	4.170	2.000	400	1.000
81	V. LONARIC	1.558	1.500	300	1.200
82	V. LONOTONDA	3.134	2.000	400	1.000
83	VIROLI	18.258	1.500	300	1.200
84	VIGALVI	13.378	1.500	100	400
85	VICO NEL LAZIO	2.413	15	15	-
86	VILLA L. TIRA	1.722	450	90	360
87	VILLA S. LUCIA	2.538	500	100	400
88	VILL. S. STEFANO	1.880	15	15	-
89	VITICUSO	944	100	100	-
TOTALE		450.585	117.579	20.560	95.014

8518
8718

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Stamp: 25 Ottobre 1914

170	-	-	-	-
800	1.400	150	500	840
40	170	20	40	110
20	30	10	20	50
100	1.200	120	200	880
50	-	-	-	-
20	-	-	-	-
120	480	50	200	230
100	-	-	-	-
400	1.400	150	400	1.040
300	1.200	120	300	780
400	1.400	150	400	1.040
300	1.200	120	500	580
100	400	40	200	160
11	-	-	-	-
90	360	40	100	220
100	400	40	200	160
11	-	-	-	-
100	-	-	-	-
2.561	95.014	8.080	20.000	3170

L'INGEGNERE CARLO
(P.to Ugo Del Chicco)

Finghi, 25 Ottobre 1944

COPY No 3

PROSINONE PROVINCE

PROSINONE PROVINCE

3172

d'ord.	C O M U N E	Popolazione normale	Popolazione presu- bile durante l'inver- na senza case proprie	Numero persone per la quale esiste al- loggio in edifici pubblici e privati requisiti
		a	b	c
1	ACQUAFONDA TA	909	300	40
2	ACUTO	2.493	150	30
3	ALATRI	18.616	1.000	200
4	ALVITO	5.391	40	40
5	ANAGNINO	3.972	800	150
6	ANTICI	12.395	1.000	200
7	AQUINO	3.477	2.500	500
8	ARCE	8.124	500	100
9	AREARA	2.633	250	50
10	ARFIMO	10.564	300	50
11	ATINA	5.601	1.800	500
12	AUSONIA	3.641	1.500	300
13	BELMONTE CASTELLO	1.028	500	120
14	BOVILLI ERICA	7.439	500	100
15	BROCCO	2.049	200	40
16	CAMPOLI APPENNINO	1.873	150	30
17	CASALATTICO	1.130	200	200
18	CASALVIERI	4.198	150	30
19	CASSINO	20.064	20.064	*
20	CASTELLINI	2.907	75	75
21	CASTELNUOVO TABELLO	1.070	500	120
22	CASTROCELESTI	3.715	2.000	400
23	CASTRO DEI VOLSCI	3.759	150	30
24	CICCARE	15.119	2.500	500
25	CIFRANO	7.982	3.000	600
		6.602	1.000	600

Numero persone per la quale esiste al- loggio in edifici pubblici e privati requisiti	Numero persone non provvedute di alloggio	Numero persone che potrebbero trovare allog- gio in edifici pubblici ripa- rati.	Numero persone che potrebbero trovare allog- gio in edifici privati ripara- ti.	Bilancio delle persone da prov- vedere di allog- gio.
b	c	d	e	f
				g
		240	25	155
300	0	120	10	80
150	30	800	80	120
1.000	200	*	-	-
40	40	540	65	375
800	150	800	80	320
1.000	200	2.000	200	1.500
2.500	500	400	40	140
500	100	200	20	130
250	50	240	25	15
300	60	900	200	580
1.800	500	1.200	100	820
1.500	300	480	50	310
500	120	400	40	240
500	100	160	15	103
200	40	120	19	80
150	30	-	-	-
200	200	130	13	55
160	30	20.064	-	20.064
20.064	*	-	-	-
75	75	480	50	310
500	120	1.500	160	1.020
2.000	400	120	10	70
150	30	2.000	200	1.200
2.500	500	2.400	240	4.550
3.000	600	2.400	240	1.500
1.000	600			

8	ARCE	3.477	2.500	500
9	ARFANA	8.124	500	100
10	ARFANO	2.633	250	50
11	ATINA	10.564	300	50
12	AUSCHIA	5.601	1.800	900
13	BELMONTE CASTELLO	3.641	1.500	300
14	BOVILLI ERICA	1.038	500	120
15	BROCCO	7.639	500	100
16	CAMPOLI APPENNINO	2.049	200	40
17	CASALATTICO	1.872	150	30
18	CASALVIERI	1.130	200	200
19	CASSINO	4.798	150	30
20	CASTELLINI	20.064	20.064	-
21	CASTELNUOVO PER EO	2.907	75	75
22	CASTROCELE	1.070	500	150
23	CASTRO DEI VOLSCI	3.215	2.000	400
24	CECCANO	5.739	150	30
25	CEPRANO	15.139	2.500	500
26	CEVARO	7.982	3.000	500
27	COLFELICE	5.502	3.000	500
28	COLLEPIANO	2.012	200	40
		1.180	40	40

1918

2.500	500	2.000	200	300	320
500	100	400	40	200	150
250	50	200	20	50	130
300	50	240	25	200	15
1.800	900	900	200	200	580
1.500	300	1.200	120	250	820
500	120	480	50	120	310
500	100	400	40	120	240
200	40	150	15	40	105
150	30	120	19	30	80
200	200	"	"	"	"
140	30	130	15	50	55
20.054	"	20.054	"	"	20.054
75	75	"	"	"	"
500	120	480	50	120	310
2.000	400	1.500	150	500	1.040
150	30	120	10	40	70
2.500	500	2.000	200	500	1.200
3.000	500	2.400	240	600	4.560
3.000	500	2.400	240	500	1.560
200	40	150	15	40	105
40	40	"	"	"	"

3171

